

# Staffordshire Hoard Research Report 19

# XRF Study of Silver Objects from the Staffordshire Hoard

Appendix 3

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2015

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#### Appendix 3. Individual object sheets

#### K13 and K995

Object Type Hilt-plate
Date range Late 6th - early 7th
Relation to other objects None

Decoration Gilding ✓ Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front and the inside of both fragments of the hilt-plate. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of both fragments.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K13	Front	5	Average	99.7	34.1	2.1	0.9	0.0	0.2	49.6	13.1
	FIOIIL	5	StDev		13.4	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	15.1	0.9
K13	Inside	5	Average	99.0	89.4	5.1	1.5	0.1	1.3	2.2	0.4
	Illside	3	StDev		0.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2
K995	Front	6	Average	98.9	69.6	3.3	1.2	0.2	0.7	12.3	12.7
	FIOIIL	0	StDev		15.0	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	13.1	7.5
K995	Inside	5	Average	95.4	85.5	4.2	1.5	0.1	1.1	2.8	4.8
	Inside	5	StDev		10.3	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.8	10.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
Object	analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
K179	5	Average	91.3	5.1	0.2	0.2	1.3	1.9	99.9	
KITS	5	StDev	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1		
K552	5	Average	92.5	3.3	0.6	0.2	1.1	2.3	99.9	
K552	5	StDev	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 91-93 wt% silver and 3-5.5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy.

Analysed February 2015

Object Type Hilt-guard Date range 630-675AD

**Relation to other objects** Possibly K136

pommel

**Decoration** Gilding

Other

Niello ✓

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the top gilded surface of the hilt-guard and also the gilded edge. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Gilded top surface	4	Average	98.9	37.5	1.5	1.1	0.1	0.7	44.5	14.6
Glided top surface	4	StDev		9.3	1.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	7.4	3.6
Edge	4	Average	98.0	87.7	5.7	1.7	0.6	1.7	2.5	0.1
Euge	4	StDev		0.3	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study\* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
7	Average	86.3	7.6	1.0	0.5	2.2	2.4	90.4	8-10% Fe
1	StDev	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 85-87 wt% silver and 7-8 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. The presence of traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Object Type Niello mount Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects None

 Decoration
 Gilding
 ✓
 Niello
 ✓

 Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the niello mount and also on four pins. Subsurface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	100.0	96.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.7	0.0
FIOIIL	4	StDev		0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Pins	4	Average	99.8	85.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.5	10.8	2.7
FIIIS	4	StDev		4.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.4	1.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

o of lyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
1	Average	96.8	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.6	99.4	0.3-1% Hg
4	StDev	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding on the pins, and border. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 96-97 wt% silver and 1-1.5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

#### XRF analysis of K138 and K593

Object Type Hilt-plate

**Date range** Late 6th - early 7th **Relation to other objects** None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the hilt-plate in areas of gilding and areas with no observable gilding present, as well as the inside. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of both fragments.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
1/400	Front		Average	99.5	26.5	1.1	0.9	0.0	0.2	58.3	13.0
K138	gilding	3	StDev		3.4	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	3.6	0.4
K138	Front	3	Average	97.0	68.3	9.9	1.6	0.8	1.5	14.3	3.6
K130	FIORE	3	StDev		13.1	4.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	14.5	4.1
K138	Inside	4	Average	96.4	65.5	29.0	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.7	0.3
KIJO	Iliside	4	StDev		10.2	11.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.1
K593	Front	3	Average	100.0	27.1	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.1	58.7	12.6
K090	gilding	٥	StDev		6.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	6.0	0.6
K593	Front	3	Average	96.9	79.2	13.9	1.6	0.9	1.8	2.4	0.2
K393	FIORE	3	StDev		4.3	4.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1
VEO2	Incido	4	Average	98.3	80.4	13.2	1.5	0.7	1.4	2.5	0.3
K593	Inside	4	StDev		5.6	5.8	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K138	4	Average	78.1	17.1	0.4	1.0	1.3	2.1	97.6	2-3% Fe
KISO	4	StDev	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2		
K593	5	Average	86.7	7.2	1.3	0.7	1.6	2.5	100.0	
K393	)	StDev	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 78-87 wt% silver and 7-18 wt% copper, with a clear difference between the two fragments. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. The iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Analysed February 2015

**Object Type** C-tubing **Date range** 

Relation to other objects

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the c-tubing. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	100.0	17.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	71.4	11.1
FIOIIL	5	StDev		8.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	6.4	2.5

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
5	Average	93.5	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.9	99.9	
5	StDev	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 93-94 wt% silver and 5-6 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy.

## XRF analysis of K179 and K552

Object Type Hilt-plate

Date range Late 6th - early 7th

Relation to other objects None

Decoration

Gilding Other

Niello

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front and the inside of both fragments of hilt-plate. Subsurface analysis was carried out on the inside.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K179	Front	4	Average	99.1	87.5	6.8	1.2	0.9	1.5	2.1	0.0
	FIOIIL	4	StDev		2.0	2.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0
K179	Inside	5	Average	97.0	86.5	8.4	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.0
	ITISIUE	5	StDev		2.5	2.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0
K552	Front	5	Average	93.5	89.1	5.6	1.2	8.0	1.2	2.1	0.0
	FIOIIL	5	StDev		1.5	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
K552	Inside	5	Average	96.4	85.7	8.2	1.5	1.0	1.5	2.1	0.0
	IIISIUE	3	StDev		1.6	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K179	5	Average	87.9	8.4	0.0	1.0	1.2	1.5	100.0	
KITS	5	StDev	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
K552	4	Average	85.9	8.8	0.2	1.3	1.8	2.0	100.0	
N352	4	StDev	1.8	1.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object suggested that the hilt-plate had not been gilded. The subsurface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 84-88 wt% silver and 7-9 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy.

Analysed February 2015

**Object Type** Helmet tray **Date range** 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects Helmet fittings

Decoration (

Gilding Other

Niello

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the inside of the tray. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back of K1734 part of K235.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	6	Average	99.6	92.3	4.4	0.6	0.0	0.5	1.9	0.3
Front	0	StDev		1.5	1.3	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
10	Average	92.9	4.3	0.3	0.0	0.5	2.0	99.7	0.2-0.3% Hg
10	StDev	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 92-94 wt% silver and 4-5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

#### XRF analysis of K239 and K1029

Object Type Hilt-plate Date range 620-650

Relation to other objects None

Decoration Gilding Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front and the inside of the hilt-plate. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of both fragments.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K239	Front	5	Average	92.4	83.1	5.2	2.9	8.0	1.8	6.2	0.0
	FIOIIL	5	StDev		1.3	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.0
K239	Inside	5	Average	93.8	77.1	13.7	2.3	8.0	1.9	4.2	0.0
	Iliside	5	StDev		6.7	8.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.0
K1029	Front	5	Average	87.7	78.5	11.4	2.4	0.6	1.7	5.4	0.0
	FIOIIL	5	StDev		4.0	3.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.0
K1029	Inside	5	Average	94.3	61.5	32.1	1.8	1.1	1.4	2.1	0.0
	Iliside	5	StDev		2.7	3.8	0.3	0.3	0.1	1.0	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K239	5	Average	80.6	12.2	0.7	8.0	1.6	4.0	99.2	0.7-0.8% Fe
K239	5	StDev	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0		
K1029	3	Average	78.8	13.8	1.1	0.8	1.5	4.0	98.9	0.9-1.3% Fe
K 1029	3	StDev	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately78-81 wt% silver and 12-14 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some zinc, lead and gold, and traces of tin in the alloy. The presence of of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Analysed February 2015

Object Type Niello mount Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects None

 Decoration
 Gilding
 ✓
 Niello
 ✓

 Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front and the gilded border of the niello mount. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	E	Average	99.3	95.6	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.6	0.2
Front	5	StDev		0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Gilded	E	Average	100.0	6.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	82.3	11.2
border	5	StDev		2.4	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
0	Average	96.9	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.1	99.9	
8	StDev	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding on the border. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 96-97 wt% silver. The analysis also revealed the presence of some copper and gold, with traces of lead, in the alloy.

## XRF analysis of K248 for the silver project

**Object Type** Hilt-plate

**Date range** Late 6th - early 7th **Relation to other objects** None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the hilt-plate in areas of gilding and areas with no observable gilding present, as well as the inside. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of the fragment.



Object	Area	No of		Total*	Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Hg
	analysed	analyses			(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
K248	Front	3	Average	98.1	27.6	1.0	8.0	0.0	0.2	58.9	11.5
N240	gilding	3	StDev		36.3	1.5	0.8	0.0	0.3	44.8	5.9
K249	Front	2	Average	57.7	36.0	6.8	1.2	0.1	0.7	49.6	5.6
K248	Front	3	StDev		31.4	8.3	1.2	0.2	0.9	38.9	3.3
V249	Incido	E	Average	99.1	88.4	2.4	1.4	0.0	0.5	2.0	5.3
K248	Inside	5	StDev		1.3	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.8	1.3

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
V249	5	Average	90.2	6.2	1.0	0.0	1.2	1.4	99.3	0.5-0.9% Hg
K248	5	StDev	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The inside of the hilt-plate fragments had elevated gold and some mercury present suggesting contamination from the gilding process. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 90-91 wt% silver and 6-7 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

Analysed February 2015

Object Type Unknown Date range

Relation to other objects None

DecorationGildingNielloOther

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the object. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	6	Average	95.5	95.3	3.4	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.5	0.0
FIOIIL	0	StDev		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
Ī	2	Average	98.9	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	99.1	0.6-1.4% Fe
	3	StDev	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 98-99.5 wt% silver with only small quantities of copper, tin, lead and gold in the alloy. The presence of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Object Type Pommel

**Date range** Late 6th - early 7th **Relation to other objects** None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other | Niello | Garnet

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front gilding, the border around the garnet and the beaded wire on the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front gilding	4	Average	91.9	75.3	6.7	0.6	0.5	8.0	10.7	5.4
Front gilding	4	StDev		19.2	2.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	16.0	5.4
Dorder around garnet	2	Average	96.1	47.8	3.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	48.3	0.5
Border around garnet	3	StDev		5.9	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	8.1	0.4
Dooded wire	2	Average	94.8	51.7	4.7	0.4	0.2	0.3	37.2	5.5
Beaded wire	3	StDev		28.0	4.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	29.3	4.8

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
E	Average	84.8	11.3	0.4	8.0	1.1	1.6	99.5	0-0.6% Fe
5	StDev	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The border around the garnet was a gold alloy whereas the beaded wire had high quantities of mercury so may have been a silver alloy that has been gilded. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 84-86 wt% silver and 11-12 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

#### XRF analysis of K290, K744, K904, K1112 and K1185

Object Type Pommel Date range 630-675 AD

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello ✓

Other Glass, gold panels

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on a range of components on this pommel, particularly on the surface of the sword ring, shoulder and main body. Sub-surface analysis was also carried out on the inside of the different components.



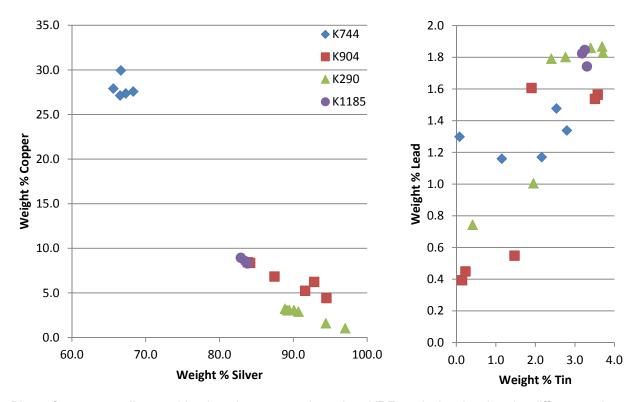
Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K744	Decorative panel	4	Average	97.3	29.5	2.9	0.9	0.0	0.2	56.9	9.6
11/44	Decorative parier	4	StDev		4.7	2.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.5
K904	Shoulder gilding	4	Average	99.6	22.4	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.1	66.2	10.0
11904	Shoulder gliding	4	StDev		5.9	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	6.6	0.2
K1185	Pody gilding	4	Average	99.1	26.9	1.4	0.9	0.0	0.2	59.6	11.0
KIIOO	Body gilding	4	StDev		4.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	5.2	0.6
K1112	Triangle silver	6	Average	94.4	90.9	6.4	0.7	0.1	0.5	1.1	0.3
KIIIZ	mangle slivel	0	StDev		4.9	4.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.1	0.4
K1112	Twisted wire	4	Average	97.0	77.8	5.8	4.2	0.1	1.8	3.4	6.9
KIIIZ	i wisted wife	4	StDev		12.4	0.9	2.6	0.1	0.3	3.1	6.1
K290	Gilding sword ring	6	Average	100.0	25.1	0.6	1.3	0.0	0.1	60.7	12.2
11290	Gliding Sword fing	0	StDev		2.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.9
K290	Eropt award ring	4	Average	73.5	81.5	5.6	1.8	0.2	1.2	7.9	1.8
N290	Front sword ring	4	StDev		12.2	5.4	1.5	0.2	0.9	11.0	2.2

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K744	5	Average	66.9	28.0	1.7	8.0	1.3	1.3	99.5	0.5-0.9% Fe
Decorative panel	5	StDev	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		
K904 Shoulder	6	Average	87.0	7.5	2.3	0.6	1.3	1.3	95.7	3-4% Fe
N904 Shoulder	0	StDev	4.2	1.1	1.6	0.4	0.6	0.6		
K1185 Main body	3	Average	83.4	8.6	3.2	0.9	1.8	2.1	97.6	1.2-1.5% Fe
K 1 100 Mail Dody	3	StDev	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		
K290 Sword ring	7	Average	91.4	2.6	2.6	0.3	1.6	1.5	99.6	0-0.5% Fe
K290 Sword filig	1	StDev	3.1	0.9	1.2	0.2	0.5	0.4		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

#### XRF study of silver objects from the Staffordshire Hoard



Plots of copper *vs* silver and lead *vs* tin contents, based on XRF analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface analyses.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The internal decorative panel of the pommel appears to have been constructed from a different, copper rich, alloy to that of the main body, shoulder and sword ring. The sub-surface analysis of the main body, shoulder and ring suggested an alloy with approximately 83-92 wt% silver and 2-9 wt% copper. Whereas the decorative panel had a silver content of c. 66-68 wt% and a copper content of c. 27-29 wt% The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

#### XRF analysis of K242, K1385 and K1623

Object Type Pommel Date range 630-675 AD

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello ✓

Other Glass, garnet, gold panels

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the sword ring, shoulder and main body. Analysis was also undertaken on the inside of the shoulder and the main body. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of the different components.



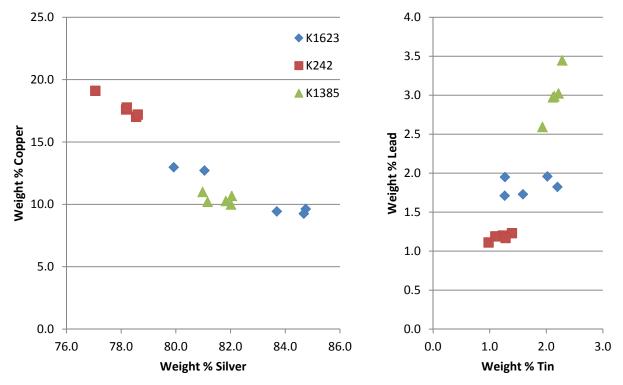
Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K1623	Sword ring	4	Average	98.9	10.3	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.2	74.4	13.5
	base		StDev		3.2	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	4.8	3.0
K242	Shoulder	4	Average	98.3	81.1	9.5	2.1	0.4	1.8	2.5	2.6
	outside		StDev		2.1	2.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.5	1.6
K242	Shoulder	4	Average	99.6	71.7	9.5	1.3	0.3	1.1	2.0	14.1
	inside		StDev		3.2	2.9	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.2
K1385	Gilding	4	Average	94.9	14.4	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.1	72.5	11.5
	main body		StDev		8.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.1	8.5	0.4
K1385	Inside	4	Average	99.4	81.8	8.1	2.0	0.5	2.1	2.4	3.1
	main body		StDev		2.7	1.8	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	2.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
Object	analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
K1623	5	Average	82.8	10.8	1.7	0.6	1.8	2.3	98.8	0.5-1.3% Fe
Sword ring	5	StDev	2.2	1.9	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1		
K242	5	Average	78.2	17.7	1.2	0.3	1.2	1.4	99.1	0.8-1% Fe
Shoulder	5	StDev	0.6	0.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0		
K1385	5	Average	81.6	10.4	2.1	0.6	3.0	2.3	98.1	0.2-0.3% Hg,
Main body	5	StDev	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1		1.4-1.9% Fe

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

#### XRF study of silver objects from the Staffordshire Hoard



Plots of copper vs silver and lead vs tin contents, based on XRF analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface and surface analyses.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The inside of the shoulder and main body had elevated gold and some mercury present suggesting contamination from the gilding process. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

The shoulder of the pommel appeared to have been constructed from a different alloy to that of the main body and sword ring. The sub-surface analysis of the main body and ring suggested an alloy with approximately 81-83 wt% silver and 10-11 wt% copper. Whereas the shoulder had a silver content of c. 78 wt% and a copper content of c. 17.7 wt% The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold, and traces of zinc in the alloy.

Traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Object Type Pommel Date range 630-675 AD

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding

Niello

Other

Gold panel, garnet and punched decoration

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	99.9	23.0	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.2	63.3	12.5
FIOIIL	5	StDev		17.9	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	17.8	1.2

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
Б	Average	90.4	4.8	0.6	0.6	1.7	1.9	99.8	0.1-0.2% Hg
5	StDev	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 90-91 wt% silver and 4-5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

**Object Type** Hilt-collar **Date range** 

Relation to other objects None

Decoration Gilding ✓ Niello ?
Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the gilded hilt-collar. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	6	Average	69.7	51.9	3.1	0.5	0.0	0.2	37.5	6.8
FIOIIL	0	StDev		15.9	1.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	13.6	2.3

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study\* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
4	Average	96.7	1.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.7	100.0	
4	StDev	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 96-98 wt% silver and 1-2 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of traces of tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy.

**Object Type** Sword pyramid **Date range** 

Date range

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding

Niello

Other

Gold panels, garnet

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front beaded wires of the sword pyramid. Subsurface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Body beaded wire	5	Average	83.0	82.3	6.5	3.3	0.6	2.6	4.7	0.0
Body beaded wife	5	StDev		3.2	2.2	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.8	0.0
Small beaded wire	5	Average	87.8	29.8	3.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	66.9	0.0
Small beaueu wife	5	StDev		5.9	0.8	0.2	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
-	Average	86.6	7.2	1.2	0.5	2.1	2.4	100.0	
5	StDev	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object suggests that the main body was not gilded. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 85-88 wt% silver and 6-8 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy.

#### XRF analysis of K304 and K160

Object Type Hilt-collar

Date range Late 6th - early 7th

Relation to other objects Pommel K39/K1007

Decoration

Gilding Other

Niello ✓

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front and base of each of the hilt-collars. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base of K304.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K304	Front	4	Average	98.4	40.7	2.0	0.6	0.1	0.3	46.5	9.8
N304	FIOIIL	4	StDev		11.7	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	10.9	1.2
K304	Page	3	Average	80.1	84.4	11.1	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.4	0.5
N304	Base	3	StDev		6.1	5.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3
K160	Front	4	Average	99.5	19.9	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.1	65.7	13.3
KIOU	FIOIIL	4	StDev		7.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.1	6.9	1.1
K160	Base	4	Average	63.2	93.2	4.2	0.9	0.3	0.4	8.0	0.2
KIOU	Dase	4	StDev		6.7	6.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

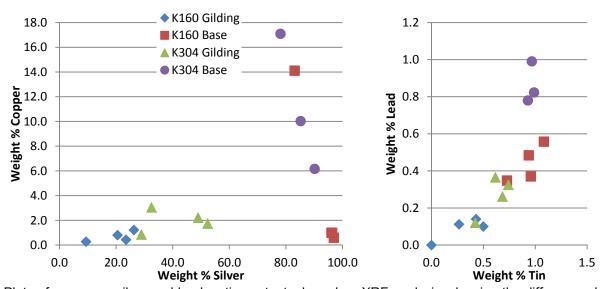
No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	91.5	5.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.0	98.6	0.1-0.2% Hg,
5	StDev	1.0	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0		0.4-0.7% Fe

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. When the surface analyses results for K160 and K304 are compared there are some clear differences in the alloys used. Particularly when lead and tin are plotted. However the surface results are likely to be influenced by corrosion products present on the surface. Both the un-gilded base results had large quantities of chlorine and iron on the surface.

The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 91-92 wt% silver and 5-6 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. The presence of traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products. Some mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process or contamination from the corrosion products rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

#### XRF study of silver objects from the Staffordshire Hoard



Plots of copper *vs* silver and lead *vs* tin contents, based on XRF analysis, showing the differences between K160 and K304 surface analyses.

**Object Type** Pommel

Date rangeLate 6th - early 7thRelation to other objectsNone

Decoration Gilding Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front base sheet, cap and the wires of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Base sheet	5	Average	99.6	93.5	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.9	8.0	0.0
Dase sileet	5	StDev		0.4	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Con	E	Average	92.8	93.4	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.0	0.0
Сар	5	StDev		1.9	1.8	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Wires	6	Average	97.3	94.8	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.0	0.0
VVIIES	6	StDev		0.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	94.6	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.7	100.0	
5	StDev	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

No mercury gilding was present on the surface of the pommel. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 94-95 wt% silver and 3-4 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy. The copper alloy core is a leaded tin-bronze.

#### XRF analysis of K310 and K620

Object Type Niello mount Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding

Niello ✓

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front, back and on the gilded beaded wire of K310. Analysis was also undertaken on the back of K620 which is most likely a fragment from the other part of an object that makes up the pair of mounts. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back of K310.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K310	Front	5	Average	99.9	96.3	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	2.1	0.0
			StDev		0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
K310	Beaded wire	5	Average	99.2	26.8	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	60.6	12.1
			StDev		11.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	9.7	1.6
K310	Back	4	Average	84.3	96.3	8.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	2.3	0.2
			StDev		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
K620	Back	4	Average	97.9	95.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.9	0.0
			StDev		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
E	Average	97.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.8	100.0	
5	StDev	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis of K310 carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the front surface of the object confirmed the absence of mercury gilding except for on the beaded wire. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 97-98 wt% silver. The analysis also revealed the presence of some copper, lead and gold in the alloy. Fragment K620 had a very similar composition so was most likely made in the same workshop with the same or similar alloy.

#### XRF analysis of K363 and K397

Object Type Helmet fitting Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects Helmet fittings

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of K363. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on two parts of the same object K363 and K397.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	99.6	16.9	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	73.7	8.7
FIOIIL	5	StDev		7.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	6.4	0.7

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
	analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
Kasa	4	Average	93.9	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.5	98.9	0.8-1.3% Hg
K363	4	StDev	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2		
K207	5	Average	94.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.6	99.3	0.2-1.4% Hg
K397	5	StDev	0.6	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 93-95 wt% silver and 3-5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

**Object Type** Hilt-collar **Date range** 

Relation to other objects None

 Decoration
 Gilding
 ✓
 Niello
 ✓

 Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilding on the front of the hilt-collar. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Gilded front	5	Average	88.3	59.3	2.9	0.0	0.6	0.4	32.2	4.6
Glided Horit	5	StDev		15.1	3.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	16.1	2.2

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
2	Average	95.2	2.1	0.1	1.0	0.3	1.3	99.7	
3	StDev	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 95-96 wt% silver and 2-2.5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Analysis of the copper alloy core revealed a leaded tin-bronze.

Object Type Pommel

Date range Late 6th - early 7th

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding Some Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the incised lines and the front of the pommel. Subsurface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	96.7	94.8	3.2	0.3	0.0	0.6	1.1	0.0
FIOIIL	4	StDev		0.5	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Incised gilding	4	Average	99.9	27.3	1.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	61.8	9.4
incised gliding	4	StDev		4.8	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.9

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
L	anaiyses		(70)	(70)	(70)	(70)	(70)	(70)		Notes
Ī	4	Average	98.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	99.6	
	4	StDev	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \*The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object suggests that the main body of the pommel was not mercury gilded, but that the incised decoration was gilded. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 98-99 wt% silver. The analysis also revealed the presence of some copper, lead and gold in the alloy.

**Object Type** Sword ring **Date range** 

Relation to other objects Possibly K711

 Decoration
 Gilding
 Niello

 Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the base and ring. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Ring	4	Average	96.0	70.3	16.1	2.8	0.7	5.0	5.1	0.0
King	4	StDev		5.5	7.2	0.3	0.2	1.2	0.5	0.0
Base	4	Average	97.7	68.5	16.0	2.9	0.8	6.4	5.4	0.0
Dase	4	StDev		1.5	1.4	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	71.9	15.5	2.3	0.8	3.9	5.6	99.1	0.7-0.9 Fe
5	StDev	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 71-73 wt% silver and 15-16 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. The presence of traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Object Type Helmet crest Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects Helmet fittings

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the crest. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	100.0	14.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	73.1	12.6
FIOIIL	4	StDev		3.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.6	1.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
4	Average	95.8	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	100.0	
4	StDev	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 95-96 wt% silver and 2-3 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy.

**Object Type** Pommel

**Date range** Late 6th - early 7th **Relation to other objects** None

**Decoration** Gilding

Other Niello

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	98.3	84.9	9.9	0.6	0.3	1.0	3.3	0.0
FIOIIL	5	StDev		5.4	5.4	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
5	Average	83.5	10.9	0.5	0.4	1.3	3.4	99.6	0-0.5% Fe
5	StDev	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirms that the pommel was not mercury gilded. The subsurface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 83-84 wt% silver and 10-12 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Object Type Hilt-fitting Date range

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello ✓ Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the hilt-fitting. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	99.0	75.5	3.3	0.2	0.0	0.7	16.7	3.6
FIOIIL	5	StDev		8.2	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	7.2	1.4

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
4	Average	88.1	5.3	0.0	0.0	8.0	5.8	96.0	3-4% Hg
4	StDev	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 87-89 wt% silver and 5-6 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

Object Type Pommel

Last 3<sup>rd</sup> of 6<sup>th</sup> Century Date range Relation to other objects None

Other

Decoration

Gilding

Niello

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	99.4	38.2	1.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	50.4	9.8
FIOIIL	4	StDev		4.8	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	5.7	0.5

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. StDev equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
5	Average	94.7	3.1	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.8	95.5	1.5-3.5% Fe
5	StDev	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hq, Fe or Cl noted. StDev equates to standard deviation. The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 94-96 wt% silver and 2-4 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy. The presence of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Object Type 14mm ribbed strip

**Date range** 600-650

Relation to other objects Helmet fittings?

Decoration

Gilding Niello Niello

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the strip. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	99.8	12.7	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	76.3	10.5
FIOIIL	4	StDev		1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
5	Average	94.1	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	99.4	0.5-0.7% Hg
5	StDev	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 94 wt% silver and 4-5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

**Object Type** Silver bracket **Date range** 

out on the base.

Relation to other objects None

Decoration Gilding Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the bracket. Sub-surface analysis was carried



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	87.9	93.3	2.1	2.0	0.0	1.2	1.4	0.0
FIOIIL	5	StDev		0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
6	Average	95.2	1.3	1.4	0.0	1.0	1.1	100.0	
O	StDev	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object suggests that the bracket was not mercury gilded. The subsurface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 95-96 wt% silver and 1-1.5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy.

Object Type Hilt-fitting Date range

Relation to other objects None

Decoration Gilding ✓ Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front and back of the hilt-fitting, and also on the pins. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	98.2	31.3	1.3	0.5	0.0	0.4	54.9	11.6
FIOIIL	5	StDev		17.7	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.2	17.3	1.5
Pins	3	Average	81.0	79.1	1.8	0.9	0.2	1.0	13.6	3.4
LIIIS	3	StDev		21.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.5	17.6	4.5
Back	5	Average	98.6	73.6	2.6	0.5	0.0	0.7	9.5	13.1
Dack	5	StDev		4.8	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.2	4.1	1.9

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
1	Average	88.1	6.2	0.3	0.3	1.5	3.6	95.2	0-0.5% Fe,
4	StDev	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3		3-5.5%Hg

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The back of the hilt-fitting had elevated gold and mercury present suggesting contamination from the gilding process. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 87-89 wt% silver and 6-7 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy. The presence of traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

**Object Type** Pommel

**Date range** Late 6th - early 7th **Relation to other objects** None

Decoration Gilding Niello Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Base sheet	5	Average	99.2	75.2	8.9	9.2	0.5	3.7	2.5	0.0
Dase sileet	5	StDev		0.6	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	82.1	5.4	7.5	0.4	2.7	1.9	100.0	
5	StDev	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object suggested that the pommel had not been mercury gilded. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 81.5-82.5 wt% silver and 5-6 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of tin, lead, gold and some zinc in the alloy.

Object Type Buckle Date range

Relation to other objects None

 Decoration
 Gilding
 Niello

 Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the buckle and also the twisted wires. Subsurface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	93.7	86.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	11.8	0.0
FIOIIL	4	StDev		13.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.2	0.0
Twisted wire	4	Average	98.6	29.6	3.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	66.4	0.2
i wisted wife	4	StDev		3.5	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
Ī	5	Average	96.7	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.7	100.0	
	5	StDev	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object showed that there was no mercury gilding present, the inlaid wires on the buckle are a gold alloy. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 96-97 wt% silver and 2-3 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of traces of lead and gold in the alloy.

#### XRF analysis of K1007 and K39

 Object Type Date range
 Pommel Late 6th - early 7th

 Relation to other objects
 None

 Decoration
 Gilding Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base of K39 and K1007.

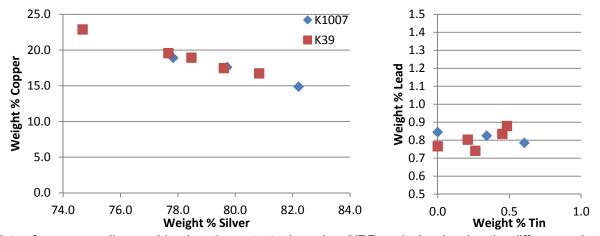


Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	84.7	81.6	6.5	1.0	0.7	1.0	7.1	2.1
FIOIIL	5	StDev		6.9	3.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	4.2	1.3

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	78.3	19.1	0.3	0.7	8.0	8.0	91.4	6-12% Hg
5	StDev	2.3	2.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0		
3	Average	80.0	17.1	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.9	99.4	0.3-0.6% Hg
3	StDev	2.2	2.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.



Plots of copper *vs* silver and lead *vs* tin contents, based on XRF analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface analyses.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 75-82 wt% silver and 15-22 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

**Object Type** Hilt-collar **Date range** 

Relation to other objects None

 Decoration
 Gilding
 ✓
 Niello
 ✓

 Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilding on the front of the hilt-collar. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Gilded front	5	Average	99.8	59.7	2.3	1.2	0.3	0.4	20.2	15.9
Glided Horit	5	StDev		8.5	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	9.7	3.3

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
5	Average	88.6	4.5	1.9	0.6	1.7	2.7	99.7	
5	StDev	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 88-90 wt% silver and 4-5 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy.

Analysed May 2015

**Object Type** C-tubing **Date range** 

Relation to other objects

DecorationGildingNielloOther

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the c-tubing. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	99.2	96.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.9	0.0
FIOR	4	StDev		0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	95.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.8	100.0	
3	StDev	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. \* The value given for the total is the unnormalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the absence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 95-96 wt% silver and 1-2 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy.

**Object Type** Fragment of hilt-collar **Date range** Late 6th - early 7th

Relation to other objects K63 hilt-guard?

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the fragment. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Gilded front	4	Average	96.3	78.3	1.7	1.6	0.2	8.0	7.8	9.6
Glided Ironit	4	StDev		5.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	4.3	1.9

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
0	Average	86.8	6.6	1.7	0.6	1.6	2.7	97.3	1.5-3% Fe
8	StDev	3.6	4.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 83-91 wt% silver and 2-10 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. The presence of traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Analysed May 2015

Object Type 5mm ribbed strip

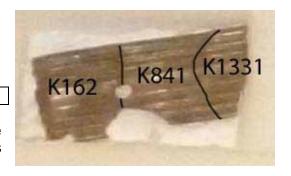
**Date range** 600-650

Relation to other objects Helmet fittings?

Decoration

Gilding ✓ Other Niello

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the strip. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	98.5	48.3	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.1	37.8	12.8
FIOIIL	4	StDev		6.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	5.1	1.1

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
analyses		,	,	·	` '	` '	, ,		Notes
6	Average	94.2	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.7	99.8	
0	StDev	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 94-94.5 wt% silver and 3-4 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy.

**Object Type** Pommel Date range Relation to other objects None Decoration Gilding Niello Other Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface

analysis was carried out on the base.

Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	99.9	82.2	7.3	2.5	0.9	1.6	5.5	0.0
FIOIIL	5	StDev		2.1	1.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. StDev equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	83.6	6.3	2.4	8.0	1.6	5.3	100.0	
3	StDev	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. StDev equates to standard deviation. The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 83-84 wt% silver and 6-7 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy.

Analysed May 2015

#### XRF analysis of K1448 and K762

Object Type Pommel Date range 630-675 AD

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ N

Gilding ✓ Niello Other Glass, gold panels

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the sword ring and main body. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of the sword ring and main body.

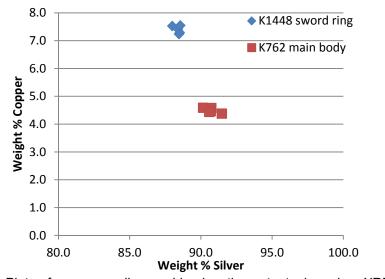


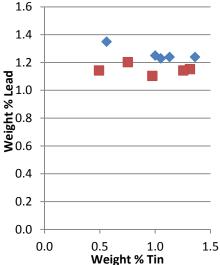
Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K1448	Sword ring	4	Average	100.0	32.9	1.9	0.7	0.0	0.3	55.4	8.8
			StDev		7.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.3	8.3	0.9
K762	Main body	4	Average	99.3	29.7	1.5	0.7	0.0	0.3	57.0	10.8
			StDev		14.9	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	14.2	1.2

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
Cajoot	analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
K1623	5	Average	88.4	7.4	1.0	0.0	1.3	1.9	100.0	
Sword ring	5	StDev	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0		
K1385	5	Average	90.8	4.5	1.0	0.1	1.1	2.5	99.7	
Main body	3	StDev	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.





Plots of copper *vs* silver and lead *vs* tin contents, based on XRF analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface analyses.

#### XRF study of silver objects from the Staffordshire Hoard

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 88-92 wt% silver and 4-8 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy. The presence of traces of iron in the subsurface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

#### XRF analysis of K1493 and K1534

Object Type Hilt-plate Date range 620-650

Relation to other objects None

DecorationGildingNielloOther

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front and the inside of the hilt-plate. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of both fragments.



Object	Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
K1493	Front	4	Average	89.4	86.4	7.3	2.2	0.5	1.5	2.1	0.0
	FIORE	4	StDev		3.2	3.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
K1493	Inside	5	Average	89.1	84.6	8.2	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.9	0.0
	ITISIUE	5	StDev		1.1	1.6	0.2	1.3	0.3	0.1	0.0
K1534	Front	5	Average	89.7	86.2	7.9	2.1	0.5	1.4	1.9	0.0
	FIORE	5	StDev		2.2	2.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0
K1534	Inside	5	Average	98.1	82.8	12.2	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.3	0.0
	ITISIUE	5	StDev		5.3	5.1	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K1493	6	Average	87.1	7.4	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.8	99.3	0.5-0.8% Fe
K1493	0	StDev	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1		
K1534	4	Average	84.4	10.5	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.5	99.9	
K 1554	4	StDev	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 84-88 wt% silver and 7-11 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Traces of iron in the sub-surface results, even after successive scrapes, suggests that the prepared area may still be influenced by some corrosion products.

Analysed February 2015

### XRF analysis of K1509 and K453

Object Type Helmet cheek piece

Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects Helmet fittings

Decoration

Gilding Niello V

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of K453. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back of K1509 and K453.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	99.6	15.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	74.1	9.8
FIOIIL	5	StDev		2.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.2

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K453	4	Average	62.6	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	34.9	94.3	4-7% Hg
N455	4	StDev	7.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	8.4		
K1509	6	Average	95.6	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.8	99.3	0.5-0.8% Hg
K1509	0	StDev	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 95-96 wt% silver and 3-4 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in both subsurface areas, but particularly K453. This is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy, and may explain the elevated gold result for K453.

Object Type 8mm ribbed strip

Date range

Relation to other objects

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ N

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the gilded front of the strip. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	100.0	32.8	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.0	56.2	9.9
FIOIIL	4	StDev		0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.3

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of		Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Total*	
analyses		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		Notes
5	Average	94.0	3.9	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.1	99.8	0.1-0.2% Hg
5	StDev	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 93.5-94.5 wt% silver and 3.5-4 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, zinc, lead and gold in the alloy. Traces of mercury were also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

Object Type Pommel Date range 625-650 AD

Relation to other objects None

Decoration Gilding Niello Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the pommel. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the base.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	5	Average	94.9	63.8	31.2	1.5	0.0	0.9	2.6	0.0
FIORE	5	StDev		11.3	13.1	0.3	0.0	0.3	1.6	0.0

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
6	Average	76.6	17.8	0.7	0.0	1.3	3.6	100.0	
Ь	StDev	1.9	2.4	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.4		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object suggests that the pommel was not mercury gilded. The subsurface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 76-78 wt% silver and 15-20 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy.

Object Type Niello mount Date range 600-650 AD

Relation to other objects None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello ✓

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front and on the gilded border, as well as three pins. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the back.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Total*	Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Hg (%)
Front	4	Average	99.1	98.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0
FIOIIL		StDev		0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1
Gilded border	4	Average	100.0	16.9	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	69.8	12.8
Gilded bolder		StDev		4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.5
Pins	2	Average	98.3	77.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	16.4	5.5
FILIS	3	StDev		7.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.2	1.9

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. *StDev* equates to standard deviation

No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
5	Average	98.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.9	99.9	
5	StDev	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the front surface of the object confirmed the absence of mercury gilding except for the border and pins. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 97.5-98.5 wt% silver. The analysis also revealed the presence of some lead and gold, with traces of copper, in the alloy.

### XRF analysis of K1823a and K1823b for the silver project

**Object Type** Hilt-plate

**Date range** Late 6th - early 7th **Relation to other objects** None

**Decoration** Gilding ✓ Niello

Other

Surface XRF analysis was undertaken on the front of the hilt-plate in areas of gilding and areas with no observable gilding present, as well as the inside. Sub-surface analysis was carried out on the inside of both fragments.



Object	Area	No of		Total*	Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	Pb	Au	Hg
	analysed	analyses			(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
K1922a	Eront	5	Average	99.8	4.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	87.7	8.0
K1023a	K1823a Front		StDev		1.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.4
K1823a	Inside	5	Average	99.7	79.9	1.5	1.2	0.0	0.4	6.8	10.2
N 1023a	ITISIUE	5	StDev		9.4	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.2	5.8	4.5
K1823b	Front	3	Average	100.0	9.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	79.8	10.5
gilding	gilding	3	StDev		8.8	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	12.5	3.3
V1000h	Front	3	Average	99.9	9.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	81.4	8.7
K1823b			StDev		5.8	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	7.4	1.4
K1823b	Incido	- E	Average	100.0	79.2	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.4	6.8	11.1
K 1023D	Inside	5	StDev		7.3	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	4.7	3.4

The results from the surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements, without iron and chlorine. StDev equates to standard deviation

Object	No of analyses		Ag (%)	Cu (%)	Sn (%)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Au (%)	Total*	Notes
K1823a	4	Average	91.5	5.3	0.8	0.0	1.1	1.3	99.6	0.3-0.5% Hg
		StDev	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0		
K1823b	5	Average	91.1	5.6	0.5	0.0	1.2	1.6	99.3	0.5-0.8% Hg
		StDev	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2		

The results from the sub-surface XRF analysis carried as part of the silver study, the results have been normalised but the presence of Hg, Fe or Cl noted. *StDev* equates to standard deviation. \* The value given for the total is the un-normalised sum of the elements Ag, Cu, Sn, Zn, Pb and Au.

Analysis of the surface of the object confirmed the presence of mercury gilding. The inside of the hilt-plate fragments had elevated gold and some mercury present suggesting contamination from the gilding process. The sub-surface analysis suggested an alloy with approximately 90.5-92.5 wt% silver and 5-6 wt% copper. The analysis also revealed the presence of some tin, lead and gold in the alloy. Mercury was also detected in the subsurface area, and this is likely to have been absorbed during the gilding process rather than a deliberate addition to the alloy.

Analysed February 2015



# Staffordshire Hoard Research Reports

Staffordshire Hoard Research Reports were produced by the project

## Contextualising Metal-Detected Discoveries: Staffordshire Anglo-Saxon Hoard

Historic England Project 5892

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