DISCOVERY
and
EXCAVATION
in
SCOTLAND

1984

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DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION

IN

SCOTLAND

1984

EDWINA V W PROUDFOOT, Editor

An Annual Survey of Scottish Archaeological Discoveries, Excavations, Surveys, Publications

Published by

COUNCIL FOR BRITISH ARCHAEOLOGY SCOTLAND

Contributions should be sent to Mrs E Proudfoot, Hon Editor, *Discovery & Excavation in Scotland*, The University, St. Andrews, Fife, KY16 9AL

NOTES FOR CONTRIBUTORS

- 1 Contributions should be brief statements of work undertaken not interim reports,
- 2 Each item of a contribution should be on a separate page, typed and double spaced.
- 3 Two copies of each contribution are required.
- 4 Final date for submission remains OCTOBER 31, but contributions may be forwarded at any time.
- 5 The Editor reserves the right to shorten contributions.
- 6 The Editor cannot enter into correspondence with Contributors.
- 7 All correspondence related to published items should be addressed to the Contributor.
- 8 Contributions should be sent to Mrs E V W Proudfoot, Hon Editor, Discovery and Excavation in Scotland, The University, St. Andrews, Fife.

	EBSSKFBFFF	 	,

Please use the following format

REGION

DISTRICT

SITE NAME (Parish)

Name of Contributor

Type of site or find

NGR (2 letters, 6 figures) Report

Sponsor: SDD(AM), Society etc., where appropriate

Name and Address of Contributor

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EDITORIAL

For several years the Editor has commented on the number of known surveys and excavations which are not reported to Discovery and Excavation in Scotland for a variety of reasons. Although the deadline is October 31, contributions may be forwarded at any time for inclusion in the next issue, and an encouraging number of people are sending entries in throughout the year. However, this valuable research tool is still being ignored by a considerable number of archaeologists. It is not always that they can't find time to write a short account, since they send similar contributions to other journals and sometimes even write longer articles. The list of unreported work given here is not complete, but it does give an indication of how much is missing.

- 1 Berwickshire Eyemouth Fort Excavation D Caldwell.
- 2 Argyll Eilean an Duin Broch Rescue Excavation M Nicke.
- 3 Borders Archaeology Project P Dixon.
- 4 Angus Archaeology Project D Pollock.
- 5 Highland Fort William Dail na Garaidh Bronze Hoard Site and Excavation - R Gourlay, J Barratt.
 - Orkney Westness, Rousay L Kallaand.
- 7 Orkney Pool J Hunter.
- 8 R Clyde, near Erskine Bridge, Crannog Survey Bill Hanson.
- 9 Central Strageath Roman Fort Excavation John Wilkes/Bill Hanson.

Apart from major work such as these projects, many smaller projects are not reported. Nor is a good deal of museum fieldwork.

In view of the time taken to bring projects to full publication such omissions are particularly distressing, and it should be remembered that a note in *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland* may be the only access to recent archaeological work for many other archaeologists, local society members, the general public, and, for example, scientists, historians or geographers.

In spite of the above comments a substantial volume of survey and excavation is reported. Most encouraging are the societies and individuals who have undertaken work in the past but previously did not realise the value of a note in *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland* to publicise this research. Recently several individuals and groups/societies have asked about including their survey work, for example. These pages are unsuited to a full record, but a summary will always be published and the Editor is willing to help prepare this if necessary. It is hoped that this will also provide the stimulus and encouragement to prepare surveys, etc., for fuller publication elsewhere.

A minor clarification is needed about the term *sponsor*. A sponsor need only be acknowledged where a society or body has undertaken a project or actually provided financial or other assistance, but where only one name will appear as contributor. This is simply a means of acknowledging funding or other assistance from trusts, SDD(AM) or other sources.

Thanks are again due to J Davidson for checking the accuracy of grid references and parishes, assisted this year by Ian Fleming. They report that grid references have caused much less trouble this year than in the past, but that parishes have clearly become a problem to many contributors. We are most grateful that this checking procedure is continuing under the auspices of NMRS

EDWINA V W PROUDFOOT - Editor

BERWICKSHIRE DISTRICT

MARYGOLDHILL/DRAKEMIRE (Bunkle and Preston p)

P Strong

Earthwork, Bank and Segmented Ditch

destroying part of the burial ground.

NT 804 605 Excavation on this recently ploughed out site established that the line of the NS bank and ditch predated the double rampart and ditch which surrounds the Marygoldhill plantation enclosure. This later ditch was found to be cut to a depth of 3m into the natural rock. Three circular 1m by 1m rock-cut pits and three sectors of the segmented rock-cut ditch which composed a continuous 30m length of the NS monument were sectioned and excavated showing possible post-pipes within each of the three pits. Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

HIRSEL (Coldstream p)

R J Cramp

Prehistoric, Romano British Occupation, Medieval Church, Burials NT 830 406 A fifth and final season on this site concentrated on the excavation of the church and a further section of the surrounding cemetery. The church developed from a single cell structure 4.65m by 4.45m (internally). Subsequently this was modified by the addition of an apse and a strengthened west end. An addition of a nave 11.20m by 4.54m (internally) enlarged the church and at a subsequent date the west end was strengthened

What appears to be a small bell-casting pit was discovered cutting the primary floor of the extended nave. The last phase of occupation of the church, clate 14th to early 16th century, was domestic.

A further 69 burials were excavated bringing the total to 345. Most were in dug graves but some children were buried in short cists and there was one long cist. This cut part of a ditch which is one of the earlier features on this site. Evidence for disturbed prehistoric and Romano-British occupation took the form of pottery and a few post holes and slots.

Sponsors: Douglas & Angus Estates, Hunter Trust, Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Society of Antiquaries of London, Durham University.

FAST CASTLE (Coldingham p)

K L Mitchell

Courtyard Excavation

NT 861 710 Discovery Excav Scot, 1975, 16; 1976, 122; 1977, 9; 1978, 1; 1979, 1; 1980, 1; 1981, 1; 1982, 1.

An attempt was made during this season to complete the excavation within the inner lower courtyard, however this was not completely achieved. Work continued on the removal of ash, clay and rubble strata. Bedrock was uncovered over an area of approximately 8 square metres at a depth of 5.8 metres. Finds included a variety of animal bone, pottery, iron slag, an iron key (9cm in length), a lead-filled bone handle 8cm in length) and a sandstone oil lamp.

Sponsor: Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society

ROXBURGH DISTRICT

THE CATRAIL (Cavers p)

P Strong

Linear Earthwork

NT 501 036 to 513 026 Eleven sections and two horizontal areas were opened over the length of this bank and ditch within the Stennishope forestry plantation for the purpose of examining the morphology of the monument and obtaining samples of buried soils, buried soil profiles and ditch sediments for dating analysis. The bank which had been placed on the N side of the

BORDERS

ditch was found to be of single phase construction, earth built and with a core or foundation of turfs. The ditch in some places had been recut and the upcast material from it dumped on the S side in discrete piles. In the central sector the bank was constructed of quarried stone rubble from the rock-cut ditch.

Linear monuments were also sectioned at the following locations:

ROXBURGH

NT 5345 0530 to NT 5418 0505 Browns Hill (Hobkirk p) Crom Rig (Teviothead p) NT 4241 0549 to NT 4271 0539 NT 4241 0549 to NT 4271 0539 NT 8098 1453 to NT 8104 1465 NT 8072 1453 to NT 8104 1473 NT 8108 1436 to NT 8114 1448 Callaw Cairn I (Hownam p)
Callaw Cairn II (Hownam p) Callaw Cairn III (Hownam p) Dirks Knowe (Hownam p) NT 8031 1594 to NT 8044 1591 Callaw Hope (Hownam p) NT 8136 1366 to NT 8140 1365 Hare Hill 'A' (Hobkirk/Cavers p) NT 5205 0730 to NT 5285 0715 Hare Hill 'B' (Hobkirk/Cavers p) NT 5254 0711 to NT 5283 0687 Blacklaw (Bedrule p) NT 6220 1840 to NT 6190 1850 Swinnie (Southdean p) NT 6185 1725 to NT 6235 1685 Lanton Craig (Jedburgh p) NT 6293 2078 to NT 6329 2075 BERWICKSHIRE Redpath 'A' (Longformacus p) NT 6802 5924 to NT 6824 5902 Redpath 'B' (Longformacus p) NT 6815 5935 to NT 6822 5918

ROXBURGH Stob Rig (Yetholm p) NT 8498 2715 to NT 8521 2740 NT 8508 2712 to NT 8535 2757 NT 8497 2717 to NT 8501 2717 Humbleton Sike (Yetholm p) Green Humbleton (Yetholm p)

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

BLACK LAW (Bedrule p)

J Rideout

Ring Bank

NT 618 188 Small ring bank c 1.5m wide, c 0.5m high and c 8m in diameter. Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

DUNION HILL (Bedrule p)

Fort, Houses, Walls

NT 626 191 In March 1984, during a pre-excavation survey of a supposed unenclosd platform settlement, a trial trench uncovered the remains of a stone faced earthen rampart, c 2.5m thick, below the house platforms. Existing aerial photographs show this to be a further line of defence of the fort previously thought to be entirely destroyed by quarrying. In May and June 1984 three more areas were opened to expose five house platforms. The houses were stone walled measuring from c 6.0m to c9.5 m in diameter internally within walls c 1.0m to c 1.8m thick. Only the largest house had ar internal post ring. Four of the houses had annular internal paving, the fifth was totally paved; similar patterns of paving have been noted in earlier excavations at this fort Discovery Excav Scot 1962 p.56). Walls, surviving as rubble banks, partly enclosed several houses and pairs of of houses. A roadway surfaced with small rounded stones ran diagonally across the hill-slope with the houses on both sides of it. Finds included spindle whorls, small stone balls, stone discs and chipped stone tools.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

CESSFORD CASTLE (Eckford p)

Chipped Stone Core

NT 738 238 A core of jasper was found on the ground surface immediately

to the E of the tower by Miss K Kucharska.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

TWEEDALE DISTRICT

SOUTH HILL HEAD (Peebles p)

I Ralston & W Watt

Ring Ditch House

NT 221 417 Ring-ditch house to E of summit of South Hill Head and N of, and downslope from, RCAHMS *Peebles-shire*, No. 205. Diameter approximately 8m.

CENTRAL REGION

STIRLING DISTRICT

SURVEY

H MacFadzean
The Scottish Stone Age: Implement find-sites in Lanarkshire, Ayrshire,
Bute, Fife, Stirlingshire, Wigtownshire, from 1967-1984. A series of
reports, unpublished, prepared by Mr MacFadzean disousses his findings.

Although the reports submitted to *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland* were already condensed, they could not be published in full here, because of their length, and because they covered such a wide geographical area. Each reported find has been recorded in summary form, under the appropriate District heading in this volume. The full report has been forwarded to *NMRS*, and is also available from the author.

DUMYAT HILL (Logie p)

Andesite Flake

NS 834 978 Large struck flake of andesite from outcrop.

ABBRY CRAIG, CAUSEWAYHEAD (Logie p)

Andesite Flake

NS 810 957 A utilised struck flake of andesite, from Dumyat outcrop, found in rabbit scrape behind Wallace Monument.

PORT OF MENTEITH

F Newall, W Lonie, M Allan

Roman Road Surveys

NN 568 018 to NN 567 015 to NN 566 012 N of Malling

NN 562 004 to NN 565 007 E of Malling (Discovery Excav Scot, 1983, 3) NS 563 990 to NS 559 985 to NS 557 982 S of Malling (Discovery Excav Scot, 1973, 41)

W of Offerance, drainage cut through peat, section through road. Route possibly continues via E Gartfarran and Turner.

NETHER GLENNY

F Newall, R Morris

Cup Marked Rocks

NN 561 016 2 Cups.

NN 561 018 to NN 562 018 Groups of 2, 3 and 2 Cups.

NN 565 021 Large and small Cups.

MONDOWIE

Turf Walled Structures

NN 559 019 On the summit of a ridge WNW of Mondowie a roughly circular platform, 5.64m across both axes, with a faint 2.4m wide depression to W, and 1.83m wide to E. A slightly lower interior is 3.2m across. Some 50m to SW is a sub-circular hollow with entrance to S and 5.49m by 4.9m, lightly

CENTRAL/DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY

walled, and a short distance to W a small oval platform, similar to the first, with hollowed but raised floor, and 4.58m by 3.66m.

This report has been summarised, but the complete version has been forwarded to NMRS. Also available from authors.

DOUNE (Kilmaddock p)

G Maxwell

Roman Fort

NN 727 012 Aerial reconnaissance in 1983 located a Roman Fort on Castle Hill between the town and the Castle of Doune overlooking a convenient crossing-place on the River Teith. Final excavation has confirmed that the Fort was guarded on the E by a triple-ditch system whose terminals curved inwards in a form characteristic of Flavian structures elsewhere in N Britain. Its size is probably not more than 2.6ha within the ditches, but the position of the western defences has still to be confirmed. The site, which appears to have undergone a single period of occupation, may indicate the place at which the main Roman road from the isthmus to the north crossed into Caledonia.

Sponsor: RCAHMS

GILLIES HILL (St. Ninians p) Fort

J Rideout

NS 768 917 The fort is threatened by quarrying for roadstone. In September 1984 a trial trench, 39m long and 4m wide, was opened across the defences in the south sector. Three stone faced ramparts survive. The innermost, Rampart I, was c 3.0m thick rising to a height of c 0.8m with facing on the outside only. Rampart II, c 5m out from Rampart I, was less well preserved with only traces of facing. The core material was c 2.4m thick and c 0.2m high. Rampart III, c 3.0m thick and c 0.6m high, was faced on both sides with stone quarried from in front of Rampart II. Material for the construction of the rampart cores had been obtained by surface quarrying of the surrounding soil, exposing the bedrock. Overlying the bedrock within the fort was a layer of occupation debris containing pottery, including the upper half of a decorated vessel. A substantial part of a large coarse vessel was found in the core of Rampart II. Other finds include a small crucible and most of a well made stone bracelet.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

GLENBANK (Ardoch p)

G Maxwell

Roman Fortlet

NN 812 057 Trial excavation in 1983 confirmed the presence of a small post identified during aerial survey, on the SW side of the Roman road and immediately SE of the ruined farm steading of Glenbank. It measures approximately 33m by 29m within double ditches, and the filling of one of the ditch terminals on the NE side of the single entrance, which gives on to the road, suggests that the work was deliberately dismantled. No closely datable artefacts were recovered, but the site is presumably contemporary with the fortlet at Kaims Castle which it so closely resembles in plan and dimensions and from which it is almost exactly six Roman miles distant. Sponsor: RCAHMS

DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY REGION

WIGTOWN DISTRICT

WHITHORN, Bruce Street (Whithorn p)
Vallum, Graves, Buildings, Middens, Cultivation Remains

P Hill

NX 444 402 Excavations to assess the archaeological potential of the field immediately to the S of the Priory Museum revealed deep stratified deposits representing an accumulation from an Early Christian Period to the present. Four trenches (each 5m by 5m) were opened. Features revealed include slots and postholes pertaining to a multiphase timber roundhouse; paving and slots associated with B ware; a drain, graves, pits and postholes associated with E ware and Germanic glass; a vallum abutted by a midden associated with Anglian artifacts including Northumbrian coins of the 8th and 9th centuries; a waterlogged stake-walled building (possibly pre-12th century); graves, a posthole, paving and burnt soil associated with an Anglo-Norse belt buckle of the 10th or 11th century, graves associated with Early-Medieval pottery and drains, structural remains and cultivation furrows associated with Post-Medieval and recent artifacts. A full interim report has been prepared.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

STRANRAER, Stair Park (Inch p)

H, M and D MacFadzean

NX 068 606 Flint Core, Utilised Flake

LUCE BAY, Torrs Warren (Old Luce p) NX 141 559 and NX 135 555 Utilised and waste flakes.

KIRKCOLM (Kirkcolm p)

NX 035 680 Chert core.

NX 031 675 Flint, agate implements, core.

LOCH RYAN (Leswalt p)

NX 045 626 Flint core.

STRANRAER, S OF LOCH RYAN (Inch p)

NX 070 612 Flint core.

Summary, cf p 3.

GLENQUICKEN MOOR (Kirkmabreck p)

F, F and D NEWALL

W F Cormack

Roman Road Surveys

Corse of Slakes Road Examined

NX 501 587 Near Billy Diamond's Bridge

NX 521 583 Englishman's Bridge

NX 526 589 Boundary Dyke

NX 528 591 Glenquicken Moor

NX 526 592 Crossed by Dyke

NX 518 599 Near ruined steading.

NX 528 589

Turf enclosures, the best preserved being 6.5m in diameter. Round house 8.5m diameter, recessed into hillside, turf and NX 527 594

stone walled.

NX 522 592 Roughly rectangular enclosure, 17.7m long. Wall spread 3.7m.

This is a summary version of the report. Full report sent to NMRS. Also available from authors.

BARHOBBLE (Mochrum p)

Dark Age Site, Possible. NX 310 494 Postulated as the possible source of 10th/11th century crossfragments at nearby Airylick and House of Elrig, etc. (cf TDGNHAS Vol.128

p.52) - preliminary excavations by the contributor and J G Scott disclosed a substantial enclosure of cashel wall around a D-shaped area about 0.2 ha in extent. Associated are a tanged iron knife, and sherds of possible

DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY

dark age type, stone pounders, remains of a shell midden and living site. Inside the enclosure are the lower courses of a stone and clay mortared building internally 10m by 4.5m and oriented E and W. Topsoil finds indicate secular use in recent centuries.

AIRYLICK (Mochrum p)

Flint Implement

NX 317 507 A thumbnail scraper 22mm in diameter found after forestry ploughing by J Patterson, Loch Head. No associated finds or structure. With finder,

KILFILLAN (Sorbie p)

Mesolithic Site

NX 469 466 About 15 flints, some patinated, found on this ploughed up church site situated on a low knoll rising out of carse clays.

KIRKMADRINE (Sorbie p)

Sun Dial

NX 475 482 A circular scratch dial with central hole for gnomon appears on a stone about 3m E of the blocked up south doorway of this ruined church (Inv. No. 418) on the outside.

LOCH DEE (Minigaff p)

T Affleck

Mesolithic Flint and Chert Artifacts

 ${\tt NX}\ 472\ 790$ $\,$ Trapezoid flint microlith, tanged chert bladelet, and flint debitage.

CLATTERINGSHAWS LOCH (Minigaff p)

Mesolithic Site

NX 531 778 On small partially-eroded hillock exposed by low loch level, significant scatter of flint and chert lithics along with fire spots.

STEWARTRY DISTRICT

KIRKGUNEON PARTSH Mesolithic Site

R Cunningham

NX 846 666 A ploughed-out elliptical scatter of darkened sandstone fragments and charcoal, forming a shallow platform (c 5m in diameter) beside an old stream course. Trial pit and surface finds including chert, worked flint and charcoal (now at Dumfries museum). A number of similar sites possibly occur in the same locality.

ANNANDALE & NITHSDALE DISTRICT

BARNHILL (Beattock p)

G Maxwell

Roman Temporary Camp and Fortlet

NT 807 028 The opportunity was taken to investigate the relationship of two Roman sites recorded on aerial photographs: a small enclosure precisely 100 Roman feet square, probably a Roman fortlet, and a temporary camp some 11ha in extent, situated on the left bank of the Evan Water, immediately to the W of the Roman road. Trial excavation confirmed that, as was suspected, the presumed fortlet was earlier, its ditch having been cut away by the NE angle of the camp. It was not possible to form an estimate of the interval separating the periods of use of the two structures.

Sponsor: RCAHMS

FIFE REGION

DUNFERMLINE DISTRICT

INCHCOLM ABBEY (Aberdour p)

J Wordsworth

Building Remains

NT 189 826 Excavation in advance of a drain trench showed that the N wall of the 13th century chapter house belonged to an earlier building lying to the N. To the S fragmentary walls suggested buildings lying to the S of the chapter house and E of the gateway.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

KIRKCALDY DISTRICT

KINGHORN PARISH CHURCH (Kinghorn p)

E Proudfoot

Gravestone

NT 272 871 A recently discovered inscription to John Boswell, 1575, has been noted on one of the Boswell gravestones in the crypt. Several other stones were recognised in the area of the crypt now partly built over, but it has not yet been possible to identify any inscriptions on these.

EASTER BALBEGGIE FARM (Dysart p)

Wayside Marker

NT 293 962 The cast iron wayside marker which formerly stood opposite Pratman's Garage has been relocated after 10 years, and is to be reinstated. The marker indicates distances between Burntisland and Newport.

WEMYSS CAVES (Wemyss p)

Bones

NT 348 974 Eroding along the beach in the vicinity of Jonathan's Cave are deposits of animal bones and shells.

BALFARG RIDING SCHOOL (Markinch p)

G J Barclay

Neolithic and Early Bronze Age Ceremonial Complex

NO 284 031 Two seasons of work were undertaken on this ceremonial complex in 1984. A new posthole of the timber structure described last year was found. Structural analysis of the plan would seem to indicate that it could not have been a roofed building; it is likely that it was an open enclosure containing a number of free-standing structures, one of which was rebuilt. The ditched enclosure in which it lay can probably be identified as a further henge. A line of postholes containing AOC Beaker was found running away to the west from the enclosure. In addition 5 new sites were found:

- 1 A second timber structure very similar to that found in 1983.
- 2 A circular ditched enclosure 15m in diameter: the ditch had been deliberately backfilled in part, finally being sealed with a mound of stones along its top. This mound was incorporated in 3.
- 3 A ring cairn 13.2m in internal diameter with a substantial inner kerb of sandstone slabs.
- & A second ring cairn 10m in diameter within the space enclosed by 3.
- 5 A further cairn only one third of which survived, subsequently built against the north edge of 3, with a halo of stones surrounding the kerb. The kerbed area would have been about 10m in diameter. Two cremation deposits were found in the cairn material. A cist had been dug in

through the cairn: it contained a food vessel, a disc jet necklace and some bone and tooth fragments. A second cist, containing only one Beaker sherd and 3 fragments of burnt bone, was found close by; it could not be stratigraphically related to the cairn.

The cairns covered a fossil topsoil in which late Neolithic pottery and flint was found. Sherds of round based Neolithic ware were found in a pit to the south of the enclosure excavated last year.

The Balfarg Riding School Site, the Balfarg henge and Balbirnie Stone Circle can now be clearly seen merely as elements in an area of the landscape given over to ceremonial activity for almost 2,000 years. Recent salvage work to the south of Balbirnie Stone Circle has revealed further activity there. It seems likely that the whole of the promonotory defined by the Coul/Balbirnie Burn and an un-named burn to the south had been extensively used. It is hoped that further work will take place in 1985. Copies of the fourth interim report are available from the excavator.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

DOWN LAW (Kettle p)

E Proudfoot

Fort

NO~343~071 A palisade trench was clearly visible this summer inside the defences, NW of the entrance and elsewhere along the inside of the rampart.

NORTH EAST FIFE DISTRICT

AERIAL RECONNAISSANCE

C Martin

University of St Andrews Aerial Archaeology Unit This unit, which is funded by a grant from the MacRobert Trusts, completed 15 hours of flying during the summer of 1984. Work was concentrated in Fife and E Lothian, although sites in Strathearn, Strathmore and the E Borders were also elxamined. An archive which currently consists of 650 prints with a supporting collection of coloured slides will be available for consultation from mid 1985. Prospective users should contact Dr Colin Martin at the Department of Scottish History, University of St Andrews.

MASSENEY BRAES (Largo p)

E Proudfoot

Quernstone

NO 412 025 Half of a quernstone eroded out of a small cairn at the E end of the Masseney Braes Iron Age Cemetery. The stone is of sandstone, badly broken. Maximum diameter 700mm: 110mm thick. Maximum diameter of perforation 70mm. Now with FAI.

CARDY HOUSE (Largo p)

Sinker or Thatch Weight

NO 423 027 An oval sandstone, with small hourglass perforation (unworn), is kept at Cardy House, but its provenance is unknown. Dimensions 160mm by 125mm by 68mm thick. Perforation, maximum 40mm, minimum 14mm.

PEATTIESHILL FARM (Largo p)

Polished Flint Axe

NO 439 083 Polished axe of yellow flint. Perfect condition. Found in grass field. At present with NMAS for recording.

Bomb Crater

 $NO\ 439\ 083$. A bomb crater of 2nd World War origin is located in the same field as flint axe was found in.

ST ANDREWS BAY, EAST SANDS (St Andrews & St Leonards p) H, M, D MacFadzean Flint, Agate, Cores, Implements

NO 518 164 to NO 519 162 Several agate and flint implements and cores. Also gun flint.

BOARHILLS (Kingsbarns p)

Flint Flake

NO 579 141 Utilised flint flake on track leading from shore to Hillhead.

ROCK & SPINDLE (St Andrews & St Leonards p)

Carnelian Flake

NO 541 156 Carnelian flake, worked, from shingle.

Summary, of p 3.

ST ANDREWS (St Andrews & St Leonards p)

L Ross

North Street, Old Cinema House

Medieval Occupation

NO 509 168 An excavation for the Scottish Urban Archaeological Trust inside the standing Old Cinema House, January ~ February 1984 revealed a sequence of well stratified deposits 1.5m deep, spanning late 13th to 19th centuries. Parts of two plots fronting North Street were excavated to natural. Notable features include a clay-lined tanning pit, a well, a structure and hearth and a furnace, all of 14th century date. Finds include a wide range of local white gritty pottery, a gilded penannular brooch, an enamelled bronze horse pendant and an iron barrel padlock.

Sponsors: SUAT, SDD(AM)

ST MARY'S, KIRKHILL (St Andrews & St Leonards p)
Bones, Worked Stones.

E Proudfoot

NO 515 166 Human bones were disturbed when a new gas main was laid near the remains of St Mary on the Rock. Worked stones from a medieval house and one fragment of a column, possibly from the Cathedral, were found when a wall was dismantled also during the fitting of the gas main. Location unknown.

GRAMPIAN REGION

KINCARDINE & DEESIDE DISTRICT

DALWHING FARM (Aboyne & Glentanar p)

G F Steele

Axes, Arrowheads

NO 50 97 Found by farmer, including 1 leaf-shaped arrowhead, 3 barbed-and-tanged arrowheads, 2 polished stone axes, 1 spindle whorl decorated on top surface by incised rings, 1 loom weight, 1 sharpening stone

Photographs and details with contributor. Artefacts with Helen Smith, Darroch, Ballater Road, Aboyne.

CORRICHIE BURN (Banchory-Ternan p)

I A G Shepherd

Boundary Stone

NJ 708 023 Reported by OS, per J L Davidson, a rectilinear granite slab standing 4m N of Corrichie Burn and c 30m downstream from its confluence with the Cross Burn. Overall dimensions: 1.02m tall, 0.43m wide and from 28cm to 15cm thick. The S face bears the capital letters S A B, the S set above the others; the N face bears C A G, the C similarly located, and the date 1734.

GRAMPIAN

INVERBERVIE, 4 Cowgate (Bervie p)

Gunleen

NO 831 727 An oblong red sandstone slab, c 0.8m by 0.35m, with two simple pistol loops, c 9cm in diameter, each surrounded by a simple roll moulding. Found in renovation work concealed in cottage wall. In possession of Mr Coupar, 4 Cowgate, Inverbervie.

STONEHAVEN, The Cross (Dunnottar p)

Human Bones

NO 876 854 The remains of a long grave, oriented c N S, which had been previously disturbed, were discovered in road works.

BEATTIE LODGE (Laurencekirk p)

Cairn

NO 718 707 During construction of the Laurencekirk By-Pass, the low circular feature noted by the RCAHMS (S Kincardine List, No 11) as a possible cairn was removed under archaeological supervision. It proved to have been a round cairn, c 9m in diameter and 0.9m high, overlying a central pyre-pit and two peripheral cremation deposits, one in a cordoned cinerary urn, the other containing a larged barbed and tanged projectile point. Finds to Aberdeen Art Gallery and Museums.

BURNSIDE WOOD (Maryculter p)

Field System

NO 856 976 In dense whin at c 95 m OD, a series of low stony banks and clearance heaps, covering an area c 120m E-W by c 55m N-S. Sponsor: Grampian Regional Council

CAPO (Fettercairn p)

A Gibson

NO 624 673 The excavation of features exposed during gravel quarrying revealed two turf-revetted stone-paved corn-drying kilns. Both kilns had been abandoned after accidental fires. One revealed many charred timbers, probably part of a rack supporting the grain while the other contained a large deposit of carbonised cereal seeds. Early medieval pottery was recovered from the filling of one kiln.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU BERRYHILLOCK (St Cyrus p)

J R Sherriff

Flat Axe

NO 762 686 30-40 years ago an EBA flat axe measuring 128mm by 65mm by 12mm was found on Berryhillock Farm. It is now in the possession of Mr Stewart, Murton Farm, Forfar.

GORDON DISTRICT

TAP O'NORTH (Rhynie p)

I Ralston

Fort

 ${
m NJ}$ 484 293 Samples of vitrified rock were taken from the main enclosure by Professor R Kazmann for analysis at Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, USA.

MILLSTONEHILL E (Oyne p)

M Davidson, I Ralston

Cairns

NJ 695 208 and 697 204 $\,$ Two round cairns, the former c 9m, the latter c 15m in diameter. Both are c 0.9m high.

BLAIRDAFF (Monymusk p)

Hut Circle and Hut Circle, possible

NJ $697\ 178$ and $697\ 176$ One c 14m in diameter, the second now ploughed and spread to c 19m in diameter.

MAINS OF WATERTON (Ellon p)

J Sneddon, I Ralston

Flint Artefacts

NJ 987 301 Mr J Sneddon and family have collected approximately 300 flints from cattle tracks below the S facing crags to the S of Mains of Waterton farmhouse. It is likely that some of this material is derived from above the crags by slumping. Finds include two barbed-and-tanged arrowheads (20 mm and 25mm long) and four cores of grey flint. Material with finder.

TILLYTARMONT (Cairnie p)

I A G Shephérd

Pictish Stones

NJ 533 472 The two most recently discovered stones (Discovery Excav Scot 1972, 1), Tillytarmont Nos 4 and 5, have been moved from Dykehead Farm (NJ 520 468) to Little Craigherbs, Whitehills, Banff and Buchan (NJ 652 647).

The building at North Tillytarmont into which Tillytarmont No 1 had been built (NJ 529 464) has been demolished. It is hoped to move this stone to a museum.

BRANDSBUTT, INVERURIE (Inverurie p)

Various Antiquities

NJ 760 224 In addition to the confirmation of the existence of a stone circle within this development and its subsequent safeguarding (*Proc Soc Antiq Scot*, 113 (1983)), monitoring during house construction revealed the following features.

- 1 A pit, 1.6m long by 0.75m max wide by c 0.25m deep, containing mid brown clayey soil, some fire-cracked stones and several sherds of possible cinerary urn.
- 2 An isolated cremation deposit, in a small pit c 25cm in diameter, containing an unburnt flint flake.
- 3 The upper and lower stones of a rotary query. The upper stone is c 38cm in diameter and has a central perforation and a handle hole; the lower stone is between 41cm and 45cm in diameter and c 35mm thick.
- 4 A heavy stone mortar with a deep sub-conical bowl.
- 5 A small deposit of charred barley grains.
- 6 A quantity of coarse medieval pot sherds and some slag.

Finds to Inverurie Museum. Full details in Grampian Regional Council Sites and Monuments Record.

BAIRNIE HILLOCK (Belhelvie p)

Round Cairn/Barrow

NJ 962 162 The small cairn occupying a prominent knoll on the edge of a meltwater channel was excavated owing to its continuing erosion by stock. A two-phase monument was revealed, consisting of a low but substantial circular cairn, c 14m in diameter and 0.8m high, built on a burnt old land surface on which a small quantity of cremated bone and flint flakes had been scattered. This cairn was subsequently enlarged by the insertion of a food vessel cremation and the addition of a barrow up to 1.2m high of burnt turf and sandy subsoil.

Sponsor: Grampian Regional Council

KINTORE (Kintore p)
Roman Marching Camp

A N Shepherd

GRAMPIAN

NJ 787 166 Exploratory excavation on the line of the N side of the marching camp was carried out in advance of development, revealing a V-shaped ditch c 3.25m broad by 1.4m deep.

A watching brief was carried out simultaneously on the remainder of the field, revealing a sub-rectangular pit c 1.4m by 0.9m by 0.45m deep. It was filled with layers of burnt material and partially covered by five largish stones (average 0.4m by 0.25m by 015m). No diagnostic finds were associated.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

SANDS OF FORVIE (Slains p)

K Sabine & I Ralston

NK 012 266 Continued sand deflation has revealed an arc of stones, c 7m in radius, approximately 2m SE of kerb-cairn B (Discovery Excav Scot, 1980, 10). It is likely that much of the new feature remains buried under an eroding dune.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

BLAIRDAFF (Chapel of Garioch p)

M Davidson & I Ralston

Hut Circle and Hut Circle, Possible.

NJ 697 178 and 697 176 One c 14m in diameter, the second now ploughed and spread to c 19m in diameter.

MORAY DISTRICT

ST. GILES CHURCH (Elgin p)

I A G Shepherd

Bones

NJ 215 628 Human remains have been discovered in a service trench on the S exterior of the building and beneath the floorboards in the centre of

Sponsor: Grampian Regional Council

AUCHINDOUN CASTLE (Mortlach p)

J Wordsworth

Vaulted Chamber, Coin.

NJ 348 374 Clearance of the ground and first floor levels of the main tower revealed a vaulted chamber 2m long by 1.4m wide and 1.7m deep set below ground level. No dating evidence was available, though stylistically it was similar to the vaulted cellars at ground level. A coin found in the small chamber on the first floor suggested a reflooring in the middle of the 17th century.

BLACK WATER (Cabrach p) Shielings

I A G Shepherd

NJ 353 305 On a gently sloping, S facing hillside at 350m OD, the stone footings of a longhouse c 11m by 5m stand within a low turf-banked en-closure, c 18m square. Approximately 20m downslope are the remains of a rectilinear building, c 5m by 7m.

Sponsor: Grampian Regional Council

AERIAL RECONNAISSANCE

BELLIE (Bellie p)

G D B Jones, I Keillor

Roman Marching Camp

NJ 355 611 Northern well-rounded corner clearly visible of camp originally discovered by J K St Joseph; also long linear crop mark running SW to NE in same field.

THOMSHILL (Birnie p)

Rectangular Enclosure, Probably Roman.

NJ 210 573 Possible entrances near middles of two adjacent sides noted. Other two sides not visible. Area of enclosure estimated to be one hectare.

PADDOCKHAUGH (Birnie p)

Settlement

NJ 207 586 Trapezoidal settlement with field system.

Many more sites noted in Moray but they have not all yet been examined on the ground and correlated with their grid references. Further information available from I Keillor.

FORRES (Forres p)

I Keillor

Roman Coin

NJ 035 590 Roman coin dug up in Forres garden in October 1984. Finder showed it to curator of Forres Museum but refused permission for it to be examined or photographed. present location, unknown.

BANFF & BUCHAN DISTRICT

HOWFORD (Strichen p)

M Greig & J Inglis

Cremation Pit

NJ 953 547 A newly cut vertical embankment revealed the partial remains of a cremation pit about 1m below the present surface. The pit, 0.9m wide by 0.4m deep, contained cremated bone accompanied by burnt flints and 5 pieces of knob-shaped fired clay, possibly pin heads. These are perforated at the narrower end, and are 15 to 20 mm long. Sponsor: SDD(AM)

N ALDIE & STONYHILL (Cruden p)

J Sneddon & I Ralston

NK 068 414 and various locations in NK 07 41 Mr J Sneddon and family have a substantial collection of flint material made from the W half of the Moss on the Hill of Longhaven. This area is capped by the Buchan flint gravels, and surface flint is locally abundant. Finds include cores. Material with finder.

ABERDEEN CITY DISTRICT

BORROWSTONE (Newhills p)

I A G Shepherd

Short Cists

NJ 851 078 Three short cists were found during quarrying of a sandy knoll, bringing to six the total of cists from this quarry (Discovery Excav Scot 1977, 4; Discovery Excav Scot 1980, 9).

Cist 4, which was constructed of a variety of small slabs, had been previously disturbed. It contained the stain of a crouched inhumation, lying on its right side, its head to the W and facing S, fragments of a Northern beaker and two flint flakes.

 Cist 5, 1m by 0.85m internally, had been well made from four large slabs of mica schist. Of the inhumation, only one femur and the skull, at the E end, survived. The grave goods comprised: one complete N2(L) beaker; seven barbed and tanged arrowheads (bifacial flint points) of superb workmanship; three unilaterally edge retouched flint flakes; two other flint flakes; a possible strike-a-light; two quartz flakes and a flaked quartz nodule.

GRAMPIAN/HTGHLAND

<code>Cist 6, 1.lm</code> by 0.7m internally, was built of massive granite and schist slabs. It contained a well preserved and robust skeleton lying on the paved floor on its left side, head to E and facing S. The grave goods comprised: sherds of an N2(L) beaker; a fine greenstone wristguard with four bronze rivets (lying on the right forearm on a pad of organic material); a bone pulley ring; one unilaterally edge retouched flake; four other flint flakes and a quartz pebble. Lying over the forearms was a c 2mm thick, 12cm length of what may prove on analysis to be a sinew (?Bowstring). Sponsor: Grampian Regional Council

NAIRN DISTRICT

EASTER GALCANTRAY (Cawdor p)

G D B Jones, I Keillor

Cropmark

NH 808 483 On south bank of river Nairn, straight cropmark with gap in middle and suggestion of two more sides, truncated by river, at right angles to main mark.

HIGHLAND REGION

LOCHABER DISTRICT

ISLE OF RHUM (Small Isles p) C R Wickham-Jones, N Sharples, A Clarke Farm Fields, Kinloch.

Microlithic Scatter

NM 403 998 In the spring of 1984 excavations were carried out to investigate the nature and extent of a rich lithic scatter uncovered during ploughing by the Nature Conservancy Council the previous year. Using a stratified random sample the ploughsoil across the field was sampled and five areas were examined in greater detail.

This revealed a dense spread of lithic material across the SE corner of the field. Very few finds were made in the rest of the field. As the scatter continues outside the field boundary no exact size for the site can be given but a minimum area of 4,500 sq m would be appropriate. The density of lithic debris is as high as 1,800 pieces per square metre towards the centre of the concentration and it tails off very abruptly at the edges.

The majority of the assemblage is made of Rhum Bloodstone, available from the W coast of the island. Platform and scalar cores, regular flakes and blades are present. Some scrapers and edge retouched pieces were recovered although the majority of the retouched assemblage comprises microliths, mainly backed blades and crescents. One complete and six fragmentary leaf shaped points, several coarse stone tools, mainly with bashed or bevelled ends, and two pieces of worked pumice were found. Although no organic remains were preserved, quantities of carbonised hazelnut shell were found.

Because ploughing of the field has, until now, been very shallow, evidence of several features has survived. The most interesting of those examined proved to be a complex of intercutting pits and hollows with a rich fill, including many artifacts set into a loamy soil. Isolated stake holes were also uncovered.

The site lies between 10m to 15m OD, within a small hollow opening to the sea at the SE. Recent research has shown the postglacial shore line for Rhum to be about 8m OD. Other bloodstone scatters have been recorded on the island. (RCAHMS; Archaeol Sites and Mons of Scot; 1983; 20; Rhum;

Nos 10-14), and whilst there are a number of previously unknown scatters were found:

NM 423 987 Port-na-Caranean

NM 420 974 Caves Bay

NM 406 999 Buail'-a-ghoirtein, four scatters to the SE of, and possibly associated with, the excavated site.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

ROSS & CROMARTY DISTRICT

KNOCK FARRIL (Fodderty p)

I Ralston

NH 504 585 Samples of vitrified rock were taken from the main enclosure by Professor R Kazmann for analysis at Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, USA.

AERIAL RECONNAISSANCE

PORTMAHOMACK (Tarbat p)

G D B Jones, I Keillor

Enclosure

Fort.

NH 915 840 Large irregular enclosure centred on harbour and extending beyond parish kirk.

INVERNESS DISTRICT

OREAG A' CHLACHAN (Dores, Daviot and Dunlichity p)

D W Ross

Pre-Afforestation Survey

NH 640 329 Field system, 2ha area. Clearance, banks and lynchet.

NH 647 332 Cairn 5.2m diameter.

NH 642 326 Stone (part fallen).

NH 648 323 Hut circle, 5.4m internal diameter. Clearance cairns nearby.

NH 648 323 Cairn 4.5m internal diameter. Slab 1.3m long near centre.

NH 649 324 Hut circle 6.5m internal diameter.

NH 641 324 Stones (2), one split and leaning, another fallen, on alignment with cairn 30m to NE.

NH 651 327 Hut circle 7.0m internal diameter.

NH 651 327 Hut circle 14.5m overall diameter.

NH 650 326 Hut circle 9.5m internal diameter.

NH 650 330 Field system (2). Two small areas, one with small approximately 20m 'fields'.

NH 652 332 Field systems (2). High terraces (up to 360m OD) with cairns and walling.

Full report and plans have been lodged with NMRS and Inverness Museum. Sponsor: SDD(AM)

CROY (Croy & Dalcross p)

G D B Jones, I Keillor

Parallel Banks

NH 799 483 Banks in wood on west side of Croy/Cantray road found, after excavation, not to be Roman. Believed to have been used in connection with deer herding. Place name evidence supports this belief.

SUTHERLAND DISTRICT

CARNLIATH (Golspie p)

P Love

HIGHLAND/LOTHIAN

Broch

NC 870 013 During a short trial within the Guardianship area the 1972 spoil tip was removed from the E side of the broch and the easterly approach passage was partially cleared. In the latter a well-preserved stepped paving was revealed, flanked and partially overlain by a wall of drystone masonry edged with several courses of dressed blocks. The excavated area has since been consolidated.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

CAITHNESS DISTRICT

FRESWICK LINKS (Canisbay p)

C Batey

Surveys
ND 376 676 (Area) Surveys were undertaken, including the examination for artefacts of the very rich eroding midden deposits and continuity of the contour survey of the site. Pollen samples from the links and three cores were taken from the peat deposits in the immediate vicinity. In addition, a number of samples of grass tempered pottery from differing archaeological

contexts were collected for thermoluminescence dating. Sponsor: Durham University, SDD(AM)

CANISBAY PARISH SURVEY

ND 35 71 (Area) A survey was undertaken in the area immediately to the west of the area already examined by Batey et al in Canisbay Parish. The area is delimited by the A9 to the east and the A836 to the north. A total of about 35 sites have been identified in the small area so far examined, ranging from an almost destroyed broch to as yet, unidentifiable grassy mounds. (Batey et al 1984. Caithness Coastal Survey 1980-82: Dunnet Head to Ousdale. University of Durham, Department of Archaeology Occasional Paper No. 3.

Sponsor: Durham University, RCAHMS.

LOTHIAN REGION

CITY OF EDINBURGH DISTRICT

GOGAR (Ratho p) Roman Temporary Camp G Maxwell

NT 176 718 Excavation in advance of construction work for the Edinburgh outer ring-road necessitated a further examination of the Roman camp lying immediately to the NW of Gogar Green. Sections cut through the E side, where the ditch was dry in tenacious clay, produced v-shaped profiles little more than 1m wide and 0.5m deep. On the E half of the N side, however, the subsoil was a soft sand and the ditch was both deeper and wider, the lowest portion being the typical vertically-sided slot; at the bottom of one section three small fragments of a Roman coarse ware vessel were found. The dimensions of the camp are now seen to be 300m from N to S by about 250m transversely.

Sponsor: RCAHMS

CRAMOND, Glebe Road (Edinburgh p)

C Hoy

Post Medieval Wall

NT 189 769 An area of buried wall in the garden at the above address was found to extend to a depth of 1.5m below the surface of the modern roadway. Attached were iron fixtures for hanging a door or a gate.

Sponsor: Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society

CRAMOND ROMAN FORT (Edinburgh p)

C Hoy

Road

NT 192 768 Discovery Excav Scot, 1978, 15; 1979, 18; 1980, 20; 1982, 16; 1983,).

Excavations continued west of the road. Added to the 2nd and 3rd century coins from this site was a denarius of Vaspasian.

Sponsor: Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society

CRAMOND ROMAN FORT (Edinburgh p) Rampart

N Holmes

NT 189 768 Foundation trenches dug for the construction of a new house in an area which was formerly part of the garden of 45 Cramond Glebe Road exposed and cut through part of the SW corner of the rampart bank of the Roman Fort, confirming its position as on the published plan. The bank appeared to consist of homogeneous yellowish-brown clay, much as described in the report on the excavations in the 1950s, but in contrast to the stretch of the E rampart excavated in 1977, which was of turf, with the outlines of individual turfs clearly visible. The foundation trenches were not cut sufficiently deeply for the Roman ground surface to be exposed, and no trace of the rampart facing wall was exposed in situ, with the possible exception of one large boulder. Quantities of loose masonry, all apparently unworked, may have come from the wall core. Britannia V (1974), 163-224; Discovery Excav Scot 1977, 14.

Sponsor: City of Edinburgh

MIDLOTHIAN DISTRICT

RULLION GREEN (Glencorse p)

T Watkins

Prehistoric Cremation Cemetery

NT 221 622 A second season of excavation at Rullion Green was carried out in 1984. The purpose of the excavation was the investigation of two more of the ditched and embanked circles in order to obtain a better sample of the homogeneity and variation among the circles. At the same time parts of the perimeter of the circle excavated in 1948 by Dr Robert Stevenson (cf Scott Archaeol Forum 1972) were re-opened in the hope that his excavations could be better understood in the broader context of the larger sample dug in 1983 and 1984.

Circles B, C and H were examined and a relationship between B and H established. Similarly, when Circle A was excavated, its relationship with its close neighbour Circle H was also revealed. A short sounding was extended from the area of excavation which enclosed Circle A in order to gain some information on the other circle which bordered Circle A, namely Circle G; once again a structural relationship between the two circles emerged.

Each circle of the six now opened consisted originally of a slight outer bank (roughly 10m in diameter), a ditch and an inner bank (approximately 5m across). Like Circles F and C of 1963, Circles A and B had a smooth surface in the interior, which underlay the inner bank; at their centres amounts of cremated bone had been deposited on the surface. Once again there were indications of a complex sequence of structural activities in building the banks and digging and refilling the ditches. The final act had been the filling of the interior area and the 'cloaking' of the outer flank of the inner bank and the top of the ditch.

The central cremation deposits were uncontained and unaccompanied. Small amounts of charcoal were recovered in a variety of locations. Two pieces of furnace waste and more than sixty pieces of flint were the only artefacts

LOTHTAN

found. Among the flints there is a number of well-produced, readily identifiable retouched tools.

It is surely no coincidence that every circle investigated can be shown to be structurally integrated with its neighbour. Last season a particularly close bond was seen to exist between Circles C and F. Circle G was found to have been already in place when Circle A was built, for the outer bank of the former was overlapped by that of the latter. When Circle H was built, Circles B and A were already there, and an attempt was made to squeeze in the new circle, whose outer bank seems to have overlain the outer bank of both its neighbours. In addition it was apparently found necessary to flatten the perimeter of the ditch of Circle A where it came closest to each of its neighbours. One reason for the close grouping of the dozen or so circles which comprise the site would thus seem to have been the desire to relate each circle to one (or more) which was already there. In the light of these discoveries it seems probable that Circles B and C were also structurally related, and that the vehicle track has broken that link in recent years.

A single radiocarbon determination has been obtained from material collected in 1983. Charcoal found with the cremated bone deposited at the centre of Circle F was used, and a date of 585 ± 105 be was returned (GU-1755). It is hoped to obtain more radiocarbon dates from samples from the circles excavated in 1984 in order to confirm the interesting single date already to hand, which suggests that the site should be placed in the 'difficult' transition period at the end of the bronze and the beginning of the iron ages.

This is a summary and a fuller report is available from the author and has been forwarded to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NMRS}}$

Sponsor: Edinburgh University

ELGINHAUGH (Dalkeith p)

G Maxwell

Roman Fort

NT 321 674 Supervision of the cutting of a non-archaeological assay trench in Englishman's Field, immediately to the N of the Roman Fort at Elginhaugh, brought to light a hitherto unknown ditch system, probably part of the annexe. Apparently of W-section the ditch measured about 7.5m wide and 2.0m in maximum depth. Above a considerable depth of what appeared to be natural silt there lay a concreted mass of occupation debris containing numerous small fragments of rusted iron and charcoal, as well as several sherds of Roman pottery; the deposit probably represents the rubbish of the fort annexe swept into the enclosing ditch at the end of the occupation. Together with numerous cropmarkings detected on aerial photographs in 1983 and 1984, on the N, W and S of the fort, the find indicates how far Roman structures may extend into the surrounding fields.

WEST LOTHIAN DISTRICT

LINLITHGOW, Nether Parkley (Linlithgow p)

W Lindsay

Carmelite Friary

NT 003 765 The earliest occupation was of pre-medieval date and consisted of several gullies and a large number of post-pits, but no obvious plans of structures were identified. Sherds of coarse and of burnished hand-made pottery were recovered from associated levels.

Early medieval use of the site was demonstrated by the presence of a number of truncated ditches which have been interpreted as being property boun-

daries. A chapel, c 20.60m by 8.20m may have been in existence in the late 13th century and continued in use till the end of the 14th century.

In 1401 the chapel and surrounding land were gifted to the Carmelites for the construction of a friary. In the main, only foundation walling of friary buildings survived, but it was clear that the original chapel had been extended eastwards and adapted to form the c 36.40m long friary church during the early 15th century. In its final form it housed three altars. Primary friary activities included the construction of a well and latrine to the west of the church.

The eastern range seems to have been built by the mid 15th century. The single building occupied an area of c 17.40m by 7.00m and was divided into four rooms. In one of these, believed to be the chapter-house, painted mortar wall facings survived together with the impressions of flooring joists. The most southerly room had the remnants of a fireplace in the south wall and may have acted as a kitchen prior to the construction of the south range and as a parlour after the erection of the same. At this time a building located to the W of the church is also likely to have been constructed. It measured c 7.50m by 5.00m and may have been the friar's or visitors' accommodation although no fireplace was located as might have been expected in a building used for such purposes. The west range may also have been built during this period although little suggestive of its presence was discovered.

The south range had been severely robbed but was seen to have been constructed against the SW corner of the east range. Only the east end of the c 6m wide building was excavated for c 16.20m. However, two rooms and part of another were identified. The largest was c 9.80m long and had a fireplace in its southern wall. In a late phase it had a slightly raised platform and possibly a canopy at its eastern end. The room must have been the refectory.

Apart from the creation of a level surface no refinements seem to have been undertaken in the area of the cloister. Over 200 graves relating to pre-friary, friary and the post-friary periods were excavated in various areas over the site.

Much of the friary complex appears to have survived relatively intact until the late 1560s with parts of the south and east ranges continuing to be used up to that date. However, soon after this the ranges were systematically demolished and robbed of building materials until in 1624, the place of the Carmelite Friars' was ultimately sold for 6 shillings and 8 pence.

A large and varied assemblage of finds was recovered from the archaeological horizons, many of which are coin dated.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

ORKNEY ISLANDS AREA

CHURCH KNOWE (Rousay p)

J Marwick

Chapel Site, Inhumation Burials, Cremations.

HY 396 278 A low mound in a field known locally as Kirk Brae was excavated in 1983 as part of a Community Programme local history project. The mound proved to be a natural deposit of boulder clay, but had served as a focus for funerary activity apparently in both prehistoric and later times. All features recorded were plough-damaged and only those originally cut into the subsoil survived.

Of five putatively Christian extended inhumations in dug graves, four were

oriented EW, one NS. Trial trenching did not reveal any traces of an enclosure, nor were any structural remains uncovered, other than a narrow, curving slot pre-dating at least two of the inhumations. This can only tentatively be associated with the remains of three cremations (two contained in extremely coarse pottery vessels set in small pits, the other in a small fire-reddened hollow in the natural clay) and with a circular pit, 0.4m diameter, containing a 'sooty' deposit.

The finds, which included worked flint, flat-headed iron rivets/nails, mortar and much modern material all came from the ploughsoil,

Sponsors: Rousay, Egilsay and Wyre Community Council, MSC, Orkney Islands Council.

EAST BROCH OF BURRAY (Burray p) Broch

D S Lynn, B Bell

ND 490 988 One piece of well-made potter (probably Pictish) was recovered from rubble in the cliff section NE of the Broch Tower and is now in Tankerness House Museum (Acc No THM 1984.213) along with a full report on all past finds from the site.

Sponsor: NOSAS

BRETTANESS (Rousay p)

J Marwick

Crannog, Domestic Site, Possible Chapel. HY 397 332 Exploratory excavations des

HY 397 332 Exploratory excavations designed to investigate a site traditionally identified as that of a chapel have revealed that the peninsula lying on the E shore of Wasbister loch is largely man-made. A mount of occupation debris and structural remains, approximately 30m diameter and 1.7m high, overlies a masonry platform set on a dumped mound of rubble stones, today underwater. Limited area excavation has been undertaken to establish the major stratigraphical relationships and to particularly concentrate on the later phases, represented by structures tentatively ascribed to the later 'Pictish' and medieval periods.

A single line of sizeable wall-footings, running EW and associated with a spread of building stone rubble and lime plaster could be seen as ecclesiastical in the absence of any medieval or later domestic refuse. At the W end of the mount, substantial curving drystone walls may be related to the primary use of the site. Secondary cellular buildings, apparently partially corbelled, were succeeded by structures of which only ephemeral traces remain due to severe and repeated robbing. One, however, with flagged floor and walls faced into earlier rubble, survived in part to be re-used when a kiln was constructed (of orthostats, lined with clay). The samples taken.

Finds include Iron Age and 'Pictish' pottery, iron slag, hipped bone pins, a variety of domestic objects of whalebone, small crucibles and a mould fragment.

Sponsors: Rousay, Egilsay and Wyre Community Council, MSC, Orkney Islands council.

SKAILL (Rousay p)

C E Lowe

Old Parish Church, Medieval Fortification, Architectural Fragments. HY 3735 3017 and HY 3737 3019 Full survey of church and adjacent medieval fortification known as The Wirk undertaken. Full extent of observable medieval fabric of present church identified and recorded. Western gallery identified as later insertion. E wall of tower of The Wirk shown to have been constructed above scarcement level prior to erection of tower proper, largely negating idea of The Wirk as a freestanding defensible bell tower of medieval Scandinavian type as suggested by Dietrichson and Meyer

(Monumenta Orcadica, 1906, 29). Elevations, plans and photographic record compiled. Seventy three architectural fragments of 13th century character recorded in walls of church, in churchyard walls, in nearby field walls and loose in vicinity of site.

Full report lodged with SDD(AM) - NMHS, Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Orkney Heritage Society.

Sponsors: Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Hunter Archaeological Trust.

TRUMLAND HOUSE (Fousay p)

Architectural Fragments

HY 4285 2777 Known collections of architectural fragments built into ornamental arch and loose on garden terrace recorded. New collection discovered built into rockery inside walled garden. One hundred and nine fragments recorded in total. Stylistically related to fragments still at Skail (HY 3735 3018). Collection includes chamfered window sills/lintels, arch sections and segments of composite rear arch. 'Lost' font from chapel on island of Wyre, referred to by Craven (History of the Church in Orkney 1662-1688, 1893, 76), relocated on garden terrace at Trumland.

Full report lodged with SDD(AM); NMRS, Society of Antiquaries of Scotland; Orkney Heritage Society.

Sponsors: Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Hunter Archaeological Trust.

EYNHALLOW (Rousay p)

Architectural Fragments

HY 3590 2883 Inventory made of architectural fragments at church. Forty six pieces recorded in total. Majority now located in a pile in SE room of adjacent building complex; others built into secondary work at church and three small fragments noted in walls of presumed monastic complex. Undertaken in conjunction with survey at Skaill (HY 3735 3018) and Trumland (HY 4285 2777).

Full report lodged with SDD(AM); NMRS Society of Antiquaries of Scotland; Orkney Heritage Society.

Sponsors: Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Hunter Archaeological Trust.

KNOWE OF SKEA (Westray p)

D S Lynn, B Bell

Settlement

HY 441 418 Two fragments if Iron Age pottery were recovered from a mixture of burnt stone, animal bone and limpet shell in one of a series of exposures on the southern tip of the mound. No structural features were observed. The pottery is in Tankerness House museum (Acc No THM 1984.212). Sponsor: NoSAS

POINT OF COTT (Westray p)

J Barber

Chambered Cairn

HY 465 474 The chambered cairn at Point of Cott was believed to be a stalled cairn of 7 or more compartments. Excavation of the cairn, its chambers, and areas outwith the cairn, revealed that in fact the site consists of 2 distinct elements.

At the south end a relatively standard stalled cairn of 4 compartments was discovered. Burial deposits (human bone, animal bone and pottery) were discovered on the floors of the first 3 stalls, and an unusual double cistlike arrangement occupied the floor of the fourth and northern-most compartment. These deposits were sealed by collapsed chamber and cairn material inter-mixed with which were human and animal bone, amongst the latter there being the talons of large birds of pray.

At the north end of the site a separate and apparently earlier structure

ORKNEY/STRATHCLYDE

was located. The exact nature of this structure has not yet been fully resolved, particularly since it was largely destroyed in the process of its incorporation into the cairn of the chambered tomb.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

STRATHCLYDE REGION

ARGYLL & BUTE DISTRICT

GLENCALLUM BAY (Kingarth p)
NS 112 524 Flint scraper.

H. M and D MacFadzean

ST BLANE'S CHURCH, near (Kingarth p)

NS 099 534 Scrapers, gravers, borers, core implements, microliths of agate. In situ. Fresh condition.

MULL, ACHADH A' CHARN (Kilninian & Kilmore p)

M M Douglas

 $NM\ 476\ 398$ Pottery sherds dated 18th and 19th century. Earliest piece, rim sherd of large brown earthenware dish with cream slip decoration.

Collection donated to NMAS by pupils of Ulva Primary School.

ISLAY - NEWTON (Kilarrow & Kilmary p)
Barrow Cemetery, Possible.

R P J McCullagh

NF 341 628 Three penannular crop-marks from a group of 17 putative barrows were excavated in advance of road improvement scheme. The crop-marks lie on the edge of the upper of three glacial gravel terraces. All three were penannular ditched enclosures (8-9m diameter) and contained rectangular pits (2m by 0.8m; 0.8m deep) aligned SW, two of the ditches were interrupted on the W, the third on the E. The central pits contained neither skeletal material nor artefacts, though the central one did have small schist slabs set upright at each end. The form of the remaining unexcavated cropmarks appears to match this layout, with many clearly containing rectangular central pits.

Other features include fence-line slots forming an elongated grid which pre-dates the ring ditches. These features probably relate to thin linear crop marks which occur across most of the crop marked terrace. Numerous stake and post holes were revealed but no intelligible pattern was obtained. Three large pits belong to a pre ring-ditch period. The largest (4m by 3m; 1.5m deep) contained a stone built platform, filling half of the pit. Its evertical face was aligned on the short axis of the pit and at the foot of this facade a small patch of burnt material was found. The pit had been back-filled with clean gravel and turves. The other two contained abundant charcoal, and was filled with fire-cracked rubble, the other contained about 30% of a late Neolithic carinated bowl. Most of the features on the summit of the ridge had to varying degrees been affected by iron-panning processes, the approximate date of which may be confirmed by matching a relic Forest Brown earth soil, sealed beneath pod olised layers, to a deep peat pollen profile taken from an adjacent bog.

Worked flint had been found in almost every context and it seems likely that in constructing the main feature an earlier flint rich site had been disturbed. On the next terrace down a circular crop mark on the line of the road was found to relate to a deep series of charred deposits, the base layer of which surrounded a stone lined hearth. These deposits contain many hundreds of flakes of all shapes, including various blade forms

(varying from c 10cm down to 2mm - 3mm in length). Hammers, stones, (?) bones and flint cores were also abundant. Though no finished flint tools were found it seems reasonable to interpret this as a manufacturing site. The deposits were very rich in charred botanical remains amongst which fragments of hazel nutshell predominated.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

KILCALMONELL PARISH

I W Purvis

Cup Marked Boulder

NR 745 544 Flat boulder approximately 6 ft by 5 ft amidst outcrop rock and about 250 ft above sea level with open views to the west. About 30 cup marks, 10 of which are deeper than the rest. In the centre of the stone is a large cup about 7 inches in diameter and about 12 inches deep.

KILDONAN DUN (Campbeltown p) E J Peltenburg, L Barnetson, M Turner NR 780 277 Excavations were conducted in the primary levels which Dr H Fairhurst, the original excavator of this dun, had left intact in its southern quadrant, and in the midden outside the walls of the dun. Our aims were to obtain samples from its earliest levels (Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 112, 1982, 207-8) and data relevant to the economy and environment of duns in Kintyre. Charcoal-rich primary deposits yielded charcoals suitable for identification and dating as well as a good but small selection of faunal remains, predominantly cattle and pig. The midden produced molluscan shells and fish and mammal bones. Additional evidence was obtained for the history of the site, since the yellow clay of level 8, prior to Kildonan I (Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 73, 1938-9, 190-1) proved to lie over a stone paving and a pit that was cut into pre-existing deposits.

TAYVALLICH (N Knapdale p)

I Morton

Cup Marked Boulder

NR 721 852 Approximately 65 cups on boulder at 200 ft OD on the west slope of Learg Mhor. Ranging from 2 ins to 3 ins diameter and from 0.5 to 0.75 in in depth.

Cup and Ring Marked Boulder

NR 722 850 On boulder one metre north of turf dyke running east-west across ridge and south of small rock shelter. Ring 6 ins outer diameter by 2½ ins inner diameter. One definite and other possible cups on same surface.

Sponsor: Nat Hist and Antiq Soc of Mid Argyll.

LOCHGAIR (Kilmichael Glassary p)

P Fane Gladwin

Long Cairn

NR 919 916 In open grass near edge of thick forestry plantation, remains of a possible long cairn close to the crest line, approximately 12m by 8m. Approximate axis NE/SW. Cairn has been much robbed of stones which seem likely to have been used for the construction of a nearby fank. No indication of a burial chamber, but a considerable hollow appears to have been dug into the NW side of the cairn.

MINARD (Kilmichael Glassary p)

Megalith

NR 974 950 The standing stone at this place which has been leaning against a fallen tree trunk since 1968 has now been restored to an upright position. Excavation round the base of the stone yielded 4 lumps of fractured quartz, of 6cm average length. These were left in place. 5 large and 8 small 'jamming' stones found in the pit were used again to secure the base of the stone, which is now believed to be in its original alignment. Present

STRATHCLYDE

height 1.81m above surface level.

Sponsor: Nat Hist & Antiq Soc of Mid Argyll

CARSAIG (N Knapdale p)

A Moffat: A Kahane

Quernstone

NR 727 877 In a shallow gully parallel to and c 15m inland from stoney coast incompletely excavated quernstone of epidiorite, 1.29m in diameter, varying in thickness from 10cm to 17cm, 10cm wide channel pecked out round rockfast side. Irregular small hole on topside, off centre.

GLENMOINE (Kilmartin p)

S Carmichael; A Kahane

Cup Marks

NM 828 000 On flattish top of a boulder (c 1.20m by 0.5m) about 5m W of W wall of Glenmoine sheepfold among pine trees, approximately 20 cups of which 2 have single rings.

Sponsor: Nat Hist & Antiq Soc of Mid Argyll

TAYNISH TAYVALLICH (N Knapdale p)

E Rennie

Recessed Platforms

NR 731 849 Two recessed platforms on the hillside and a circular stone foundation by the lochside (*Discovery Excav Scot*, 1974, 15) were partially excavated by representatives of five of the six Argyll archaeological and historical Societies.

The two platforms - 1 stone fronted, and 1 earth banked - showed traces of having been used for charcoal burning. On the earth banked platform a primary level, below the charcoal hearth floor, may show evidence of use and thus of the platform's construction, before its use by the colliers. The circular stone floor - 8.5m in diameter, and enclosed to the rear by a curved stone bank and in front by a curved stone revetment - showed clear indication of having contained charcoal and probable indication of the production of charcoal.

OBAN, GLENSHELLACH (Kilmore & Kilbride p)

K D Connock

Ossuary Cave

NM 8550 2890 A mechanical digger revealed a hitherto unrecorded cave containing human bones. A rescue excávation undertaken at the request of the SDD(AM) recovered a substantial quantity of disarticulated bones and much environmental material, including fish bones and marine molluscs. A possible Bronze Age date is suggested by a small flint arrowhead from the deposits. Further details prior to publication may be obtained from the reporter.

Sponsor: Lorn Archaeological & Historical Society; SDD(AM).

TAYNUILT (Glenorchy & Innishail p)

Kiln

NN 0088 3222 On the shore of Loch Etive a structure was partly exposed by high tides and gales at the end of 1983. As the site was seriously threatened with further damage a rescue excavation was undertaken. This revealed, built into the shingle bank just above normal high water level, a substantial circular drystone structure 2m in diameter and with a cobbled floor. The interior had been subjected to intense heat which had caused cracking of a number of the stones, suggesting use as a kiln. A V-shaped flue (possible) opening was covered with a thick alkaline deposit mingled with reddish ash, but this did not extend into the interior and there was no other residual material on the floor which might indicate a specific use. No secure dating evidence was found.

Sponsor: Lorn Archaeological & Historical Society

CITY OF GLASGOW DISTRICT

GLASGOW, St. James Road, (Glasgow p)

J H McBrien

Structural Remains, Old Road, Ditch.

Excavation has recommenced close to the site of the town's NS 601 656 North Port prior to major road development. The first year's work (up to July 1983) revealed a number of substantial sandstone structures with associated outbuildings, dating from the 17th to the 19th century. Some of these front on to an old street alignment of well-laid cobbles of 19th century date, superceding a series of earlier roughly cobbled surfaces. Underlying all this were robbed out structural remains and associated cobbling. A large ditch, possibly of medieval date, bisects the site EW, the line of which survives as a modern property boundary. Finds include pottery from the 13th to the 19th century, while there are indications of good orgnaic preservation in the progressively deeper deposits to N and W.

Sponsor: SUAT, MSC.

GLASGOW, High Street, College Goods Yard (Glasgow p)

J B Kerr

Foundations, Pits, Drain, Sherd.

NS 598 650 Excavation has been carried out in advance of a housing development on the site of the former British Rail College Goods yard on the eastern side of High Street. The construction in 1878 of the basement of the station had removed archaeological deposits from a large part of the area, but in the south-west corner of the site a large number of medieval and post-medieval features survived. These included the stone foundations of 17th and 18th century backland buildings. Evidence for wooden structures, and a large number of cess and rubbish pits. The line of the Old, or 'Stinking' Vennel was indicated by a 19th century drain which bisected the site, but the associated structural evidence was limited to a rectangular stone and clay lined pit, probably the cellar of a post-medieval building which has left no other trace. Preservation of organic materials was poor, but large quantities of pottery were recovered dating from the 13th to the 19th century.

Sponsors: SUAT, MSC.

EAST KILBRIDE DISTRICT

SPY WOOD (Cambusland p) Rig and Furrow

I Marshall

NS 665 575 to NS 673 575 Two field plots containing rig and furrow (a) the first c 150m by 60m contains extensive rig 55m by 3m by 0.3m high. The rig runs SW NE, the higher SW plot edge being defined by a turf bank, carrying a possible trackway which descends to (b) a second plot, triangular in area, defined by a stony bank on two sides and containing 5 rigs from 12m by 4m by 0.5m high to 5m by 4m by 0.5m high. Possible clearance cairns on the E of this plot.

CROOKEDSHIELDS FARM (Cambuslang p)

Rig and Furrow

Triangular field plot, delimited by a turf bank on the NW NS 652 575 and NE - 30m by 2m by 0.8m high and 36m by 1m by 0.5m, respectively. trace of a bank survives on the S where the plot falls to a field ditch.

Within are two substantial rigs, running NE SW, 17m by 4m by 0.5m high and 12m by 5m by 0.5m high.

CLYDESDALE DISTRICT

HALLBAR TOWER (Carluke p) Latrine, Enclosure Wall

E Archer

NS 839 471 Work was resumed on the latrine area to find out if the stone lined channel stretched down as far as the burn. During the excavation of this area it was noticed that the channel had been cut across in the Victorian period so that a water pipe could be led into the tower. The section surviving for this point had its capstones on but in a comparatively short distance the channel came to an abrupt halt.

Few finds were made, and were chiefly of the Victorian era.

Several small pieces of late medieval pottery were found as well as some window glass. The window glass may be of the seventeenth or eighteenth century and was probably knocked out when extensive repairs were made at Hallbar Tower in the last century.

The area near the enclosure wall was also attended to. It became apparent during the course of excavation the part of the area within the enclosure wall was for a lean to building. Some footings were located of what could have been an end wall and the discovery of some pieces of coal has led to the speculation that it was probably used as a coal store.

The other main discovery is that the enclosure wall has two phases. It has not been possible to date these.

CORRAMORE (Lesmahagow p)

Cist

 $NS\ 865\ 407$. Apart from a few fragments of calcined bone, no further finds were made during the year's work.

A trench was extended out from the kerbing of the cairn, but nothing of any significance was found. During the investigation of the edge of the cairn a pit was discovered, but nothing was found in it. The only possibility could be that it once held a timber. However, as yet the true function of the pit is difficult to ascertain.

A new trench has been opened round the cist but as yet nothing of significance has been found.

Sponsor: Lanark & District Archaeological Society

CASTLEDYKES (Carstairs p) ?
Prehistoric, Roman, Medieval Finds

E Archer, M Brown

NS 928 442 Several prehistoric flints have been found during the course of field walking. These are made of grey chert.

A number of pieces of Roman pottery have been found, including coarse ware, amphora and Samian ware. In the main, these pieces appear to belong to the Antonine period. Several silver denarii were found; these were one of Vespasian as Caesar and the other was of the Emperor Antonine Pius. A bronze coin was also discovered, this was an AE3 of the Emperor Procopius 365 - 366 AB. Apart from the pottery and coins, a large lead weight was found. It is reckoned that this was used for the Roman survey instrument - the Groma.

The most interesting find of the Medieval period was a silver penny minted for Edward I in Dublin.

These items are in the possession of the Lanark & District Archaeological Society.

LANARK, 5 Ridgepark Drive

Wall

NS 877 441 The Lanark & District Archaeological Society were asked by Mr Roy Mason of 5 Ridgepark Drive to investigate a wall found during the course of work in the garden. This wall has been looked for for a couple of years and it is an earth bonded wall 50cms across and so far about 15 metres long. No evidence has been found as yet for a return to the wall, so it seems unlikely to be a building.

Several stake holes have been located near this wall, but as yet their purpose is undefined. The wall is dated to the late Middle Ages, by the fragments of Medieval pottery found in close proximity to it. Also a small number of nails of this period have been found,

Sponsor: Lanark & District Archaeological Society

COVINGTON DOVECOT (Covington and Thankerton p) Dovecot

T Ward

NS 975 399 The inside of this beehive dovecot was cleared of 1.5m of soil and stones. Only a depression in the sub-strata was found showing a central pole had been installed to give access to the nests. The dovecot is being restored by Biggar Museum Trust.

WINDGATE HOUSE (Lamington and Wandel)

Bastle House

NT 016 271 This ruin is now interpreted as a Bastle House. Excavation of the west side has revealed a midden deposit containing a quantity of bone, mainly sheep, also a knife, spur, nails and pottery. This deposit would have been thrown from the house through a window. The window frame stones found also have holes cut for iron bars. On the east side, four prehistoric potsherds having cross hatch decoration and several pieces of worked chert were found. This indicates an earlier occupation of the site. The ruin is now being repaired by volunteers of Biggar Museum Trust. Finds lodged in Biggar Museum.

Sponsor: Lanark & District Archaeological Society

BOGHALL CASTLE (Biggar p)

E Archer, T Ward

Castle

NT 040 370 Excavation work has now finished at Boghall Castle. Before it finished some work was undertaken on the NE tower. It was found that the back of the tower had been extensively restored in 1911. During the course of this restoration work, the restorers had just built on to rubble. This became apparent during the excavation work. Sometime during the seventeench century an addition was made to the rear of the tower. One idea put forward was that this work represented a series of steps. However, it was not possible to prove this. It was hoped that the excavation would reveal the curtain wall on the W and SE sides of the tower but in both areas it had been effectively robbed.

Few finds were made apart from a couple of nails, a few pieces of seventeenth century pipes and some late medieval pottery. Also a number of pieces of Victorian pottery were found as the area had been well disturbed. Sponsors: Bigar Museum Trust and Biggar High School

'LANARK, 38 BROOMGATE (Lanark p)

NS 880 436 The Lanark & District Archaeological Society were invited to investigate the interior of 38 Broomgate, Lanark, by Program Construction, Ltd. The property was of interest, having been a house for the headmaster of Lanark Grammar School in the early nineteenth century. It was used for a while as Poorhouse.

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The ground floor was divided into two by a corridor and excavation took place in the northernmost room. The earliest evidence of occupation came from a pit, one metre south of the fireplace. In the fill of this pit were found several pieces of charcoal, some lead, several pieces of nails, some late medieval pottery and a late medieval lock. The lock was later found to have had the key with it. Possibly these finds indicate the presence of an earlier building on the site.

Near the east wall of the property a number of items were found, including a half penny of George II 1745, and it seems reasonable to suggest that the present building on the site goes back to the eighteenth century.

A gully was found running parallel to-the east wall, and in it was found Victorian rubbish. Possibly this was left during alterations made to convert the house into a Poorhouse.

Several pits were dug in the back garden, but no Medieval levels were encountered.

BROADFIELD FARM (Wandel p) Chert Flakes, Cores NS 990 335 H, M and D MacFadzean

LAMINGTON QUARRY (Wandel p) Chert, Flint Flakes NS 988 334

THANKERTON (Covington p)
Scraper, Core of Agate, Chert Flake.
NS 982 377
Summary cfp.3.

CUMNOCK & DOON VALLEY DISTRICT

S OF MUIRKIRK (Muirkirk p) Flint Microlith NS 700 242

GREENOCK WATER (Muirkirk p) Flint Core NS 699 305

GLENMUIRSHAW (Auchinleck p)
Agate Implements, Waste Flakes, Chipping Floor.
NS 706 204

LOCH DOON (Dalmellington p)
Mesolithic Flint, Chert, Agate Blades, Cores, Flakes.
NS 483 004

R AYR W OF MUIRKIRK (Muirkirk p) Small Bifacial Implement NS 641 270 Summary, of p3

CUNNINGHAME DISTRICT

TARBERT HILL (West Kilbride p)

E M Patterson

Rig and Furrow

NS 211 471 Just S of West Kilbride, Tarbert Hill is a prominent landmark rising to 136m. The top of the hill is thinly covered by drift and a near-level area N of the actual summit has been cultivated in spite of the exposed nature of the site. Examination of a vertical aerial photograph shows 2.1ha of rig and furrow, and this was confirmed on the ground. The site is grassed; gorse is extending into it from the flanks of the hill. This patterned area contains 4 smaller areas in which the rig and furrow has a different trend, boundaries are irregular and undefined. From N to S: (1) 0.4ha, N 20°E, (2) 1.4ha, N 140°E, (3) 0.2ha, N 50°E and (4) 0.1ha, N 170°E. Spacing is about 4.5m throughout. The features are subdued. The area is believed to have been cultivated during World World II.

Just south of the summit of the hill a serpentine track crosses the hill from W to E, and may have led towards a vanished tower house, Tarbert Castle, which stood 0.5km to the E near the farm Meadowhead. Intervening fields bear no sign of the track. 'Tarbart' is shown on Moll's map of 1725, and 'Tarbett ruins' on Armstrong's map of 1775.

PORTENCROSS (West Kilbride p)

Rig and Furrow

NS 176 488 Aerial photographs of the coast at Portencross show rig and furrow markings in four sites on the raised beach, east and south west of the 14th century tower house, Portencross Castle:

- Between B7048 road and shore, 250m SSW of castle. Area 1.7ha. Trend N 45° E.
- (2) Field 100m E of castle, on E side of B7048 road. Area 0.3ha. Trend NS.
- (3) 150m E of castle. Area 0.15ha. Trend EW.
- (4) 240m SW of castle. Area 0.15ha. Trend N 55° E.

Spacings approximately 4.5m throughout. Field examination shows markings much subdued, probably due to later cultivation.

LARGS, Holmwood Shore (Largs p)

Tidal Fish Trap

NS 193 613 On the narrow, boulder-strewn shore between the A78 road and LWM there is a well-preserved fish trap of rectangular or 'box' plan. The trap consists of linear walls of beach boulders, and measures 50m by 15m, with the long axis parallel to the shoreline. The builders have largely cleared the trap area but left a few large boulders in situ, probably because of the effort needed to move them. Smaller boulders within the trap have probably been derived from the long wall by storm wave damage.

ARRAN, Thundergay (Kilmory p) Flint Flake

A Johnstone

NR 889 467 Found amongst stones at edge of path, worn through peat, an oval (38mm by 25mm) pale brown flint flake, worked on 0.75 of its perimeter to form a scraper. Retained by finder.

EASTWOOD DISTRICT

ROMAN ROAD SURVEY (Eaglesham p) F Newall, W Lonie, H Sinclair S of Myres farm route of road confirmed. Passes to Myers, NS 566 465 to NS 566 468. Thence to carrot Burn, with section at NS 565 474 (of Discovery Excav Scot, 1976, 21, 53).

STRATHCLYDE

Structures recorded between Carrot Burn and Dunwan damaged by forestry drains (cf Discovery Excav Scot 1976, 54).

Old Road

N of Greenhill Cottage. From NS 543 506 continues to deserted long house at NS 539 507. From NS 539 509 it continues to S of E Moorhouse, NS 538 513.

This is a summary of report received. Editor has forwarded full report to NMRS. Also available from authors.

MIDDLETON (Mearns p)

T C Welsh

Cairns and Enclosures

NS 489 542 In this locality, and east towards the homestead, a number of cairns, one 8m diameter, an earthwork across a spur 6m to 10m broad, and enclosure traces.

Double Walled Homestead

NS 494 542 On a nearly level shoulder, between gullies, overlooking Walton Burn, a double walled enclosure, with a single walled enclosure off-centre within. The overall diameter is 30m to 35m, enclosing a level area 19m across. The gap between the inner and outer walls is 1m to 1.5m, the outer being the more substantial and lying on a slope of 1m across the site, while the inner wall is built up on NW to create a level interior. An enclosure 16m diameter over 3m wall partly overlies the inner wall. The remaining space is sub-divided by a radial bank. The site is similar to the double walled enclosure at Bonnytonmoor, Eaglesham (Discovery Excav Scot 1974, 55), but more substantial.

Platform and Remains

NS 495 545 On a rocky knoll, overlooked by a steep slope, a platform with remains of L-plan building in NW angle. The platform is 14m deep and 20m long N to S. A wall 2m wide along the W edge is supported by massive rocks resting on bedrock.

DOD HILL (Mearns p)

Cist and Cairn Remains

NS 494 536 Cist 3.7m by 1.5m overall, and several upright stones in the tapering end of a stony area 35m long, 19m to 9m wide, possibly remains of a long cairn. At the wide end are a number of structural outlines, one forming a cell 6m by 4.5m. The site has been disturbed by plantation ditches.

SOUTH WALTON (Mearns p)

Farmstead and Enclosure

NS 495 547 On a knoll, within a partial circuit of two banks 10m apart, each 3m broad, an area about 20m across. Incorporated in outer bank, a turf walled foundation 18m by 8m wide.

LANC " (Mearns p)

Posting Tower Foundation

On a rocky knoll, a rectangular foundation 16m by 12m over thickness of 2m to 5m, internally 11m by 4m, entered on W. Foundations adjoining for 9m on N. Ditch on W and S sides, steep on E.

CRAIGTON (Mearns p)

Mound

NS 504 551 A mound similar to those at Barrance (Discovery Excav Scot 1982, 27) and Damflat (Discovery Excav Scot 1983, 30), on W bank of Brock Burn, in a large flood plain. The mound is 33m N to S, but only 22m wide

due to stream erosion, and is about 2m high.

DUNCARNOCK (Mearns p)

Foundations on Artificial Island

NS 505 556 On the edge of a marshy area, a circular island 24m across, reached by a short causeway 7m from a knoll, features an L-plan foundation. The long sides are 11m E to W and 14m N to S, and the arms of the foundation are 5m broad. Also a hut foundation 4.5m by 6.5m over 1.5m wall.

LANGTON (Mearns p)

Datestone

NS 501 541 A lintel taken from a dismantled byre and incorporated in a modern fireplace bears the date 1610 and a monogram of B, M and H.

EAST KILBRIDE DISTRICT

CASTLE HILL (East Kilbride p)

Causeway

NS 589 562 The series of ramps on the N side of the hill appear to be of recent construction, possibly used to remove the stones from the ruins described by Ure in 1791. Fragments of a causeway 9m wide were noted on S side, with traces of foundations, possibly indicating a gatehouse. Contrary to Ure Castle Hill cannot have been the predecessor of The Peel, NS 593 561, as it was under different ownership (Stewart of Minto from 1490, previously Semple). The historical evidence suggests an early castle here.

HIGH ALDERSTOCKS FARM (E Kilbride p)

I Marshall

Turf Enclosures, Field Bank.

NS 608 449 Above High Alderstocks Farm on a S facing slope rough pasture (a) a turf enclosure 8m by 7m with walls 0.1m high and possible opposed entrances, (b) a turf enclosure 8m to the NE of the above, 19m by17m with walls 0.5m high and (c) a stone and turf bank 3m by 1m high, runs from the area of the present farm to a small stream c 200m to the W, delimiting the area in which the above structures occur.

DRUMREEVOUGH (E Kilbride p)

Clearance Cairn, Possible.

NS 624 442 Clearance cairn 3m diameter, 0.5 high.

LITTLE CALDER BURN (Avondale p)

Sub-Rectangular Structure, Enclosure.

NS 646 441 Sub-rectangular cairn of vegetation-covered stone, 7m⁻by 2m by 0.3m high, on river terrace to the E of Little Calder Burn. From the N edge an enclosure bank 1m by 0.5m of stone and turf extends for 16m.

AVONDALE PARISH

H, M and MacFadzean

- NS 716 440 Flint, chert, quartz cores, flakes.
- NS 711 431 Chert, quartzite cores, flakes.
- NS 687 425 Agate graver-cum-scraper.
- NS 667 411 Chert, flint flakes, Burin (possible) spindle whorl, base of yellow-glazed grey-ware vessed with ripple decoration.
- NS 663 409 (Area) Flint, agate, chert, etc., implements, possibly mesolithic. Others heavily rolled.
- NS 648 387 Agate, chert, etc., implements, possibly mesolithic. Massive chert scraper. Perforated sandstone pebble; stone spindle whorl.
- NS 627 365 Agate, chert microliths. Other implements, cores.

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NS 612 346 Retouched agate microlith.

NS 607 338 Broken retouched agate implement.

NS 644 375 Chert core. Crude flint implement. 5 sherds medieval pottery.

NS 645 372 Flint core.

NS 651 348 3 chert cores. Flint flake.

NS 626 344 Retouched chert scraper, rolled.

NS 678 337 (Area) Mesolithic site.

NS 639 378 Implements and waste flakes.

NS 697 444 2 quartzose cores.

NS 686 434 Fire-cracked flint core.

 $\overline{\text{Full}}$ details of this summarised report with NMRS. Also available from author.

INVERCLYDE DISTRICT

MATHERNOCK FARM (Kilmacolm p)

F Newall

Quernstone, Cupped Boulder.

NS~324~711 From wall of outhouse Mr Alan Hick recovered a cupped greygreen grit boulder, and the upper bun-shaped stone of rotary query.

POMILLAN (Kilmacolm p)

Medieval Sherds

NS 346 670 From Pomillan Garden Mr Duncan MacKinnon recovered 2 fragments of olive green glazed, hard fired grey ware strap handles, with single finger groove.

KILBARCHAN (Renfrew p)

Cup Marked Rock

NS 379 640 Cup marked outcrop.

LOCH THOM (Inverkip p)

F Newall, T Russell

Roman Road

NS 253 714 to NS 257 722 Due to drought the water of Loch Thom reached its lowest recorded level. The course of the Roman road was traced across the loch bed as a cambered mound of small metal on clay, overlying peat. Substantial stretches of the compacted small metal in clay, sandwiched centrally in peat are now exposed along the SW side of the loch.

Round Houses

NS 264 727 Close to the Roman road at the NE corner of Loch Thom is a round house 12.19m by 11.89m. Wave action has exposed possible threshold slabs on the SE and a line of inner kerbing suggests that this is Mid Bronze Age of Martin Glen type (Western Naturalist, 9, 15-22).

Some 30.5m to the E a disturbed circular arrangement of boulders may indicate the wall of a second house.

KILMARNOCK & LOUDON DISTRICT

W OF R AVON (Loudon p)

H, M and D MacFadzean

NS 611 347 (area) Flint, agate, chert cores and flakes from track on river terrace.

GALSTON PARISH

 ${\tt NS}~578~365$ $\,$ Agate implements, perforated limestone ball, c ${\tt 30mm}$ diameter, perforation ${\tt 6mm}$ diameter.

BURN ANNE (Galston p)

NS 520 353 Core and struck flakes.

NS 520 356 Agate microlith.

SE OF LOUDON HILL (Loudon p)

NS 613 368 Agate microlith, high-backed chert side scraper.

Summary, cf p.3.

KYLE & CARRICK DISTRICT

Flint, Agate Cores, Flakes.

H MacFadzean

NS 314 194 Doonfoot: flint core, flake, agate implement.

NS 298 188 Doonfoot: nosed implement in agate.

NS 286 188 Heads of Ayr: scraper, notched agate flake.

NS 269 180 W of Bracken Brae: agate burin.

FINNARTS BAY (Ballantrae p)

NX 052 725 Flint core, waste flakes and implements.

Summary, cf p 3.

DAILLY, MAYBOLE, KIRKOSWALD PARISHES

F Newall, W Lonie

ROMAN ROAD SURVEY - SUMMARY

Doon-Clyde Estuary (cf Discovery Excav Scot, 1974, 24)

From S of High Newlands road and crop marks indicate the route, noted at NS 270 047, Kirk Hill, to shoulder Craigens Hill, NS 261 047 and W of E Threave Farm, NS 249 044. Crossed by turf dykes at NS 256 046 and NS 254 046, continues N of N Threave to Long Hill, Pirley Hill, possibly to 0ld Girvan Road, and from Dunnymuck Hill, E of Dipple and S of loch beyond. E of High Newlands traced by NS 274 048 to moorland to Drumachrean Cairn to NS 279 052 to section at NS 279 055. Another section at NS 280 056 the route continues along the S side of Lochspouts road then to N at NS 283 060 and on to Ghaist Glen, to Sunny Brae, NS 287 063, to NS 291 064, and thence to Burncrook Burn, NS 293 065.

NW of Patna the route goes past a disused shaft and hollow track - from NS 391 125 to NS 392 125 to NS 395 126, Kirkmichael parish.

E OF E THREAVE (Kirkoswald p)

Circular Enclosure

NS 249 044 Enclosure 13.1m by 12.2m enclosed in fort walls. Entrance on E.

W OF LOCHSPOUTS (Kirkoswald p)

Corn Kiln

NS 284 059 Short keyhole type corn kiln.

This is a summary of the survey. Full report forwarded by Editor to NMRS. Also available from authors.

LOCH DOON STARR 1 (Straiton p)

T Affleck

Mesolithic Site

NX 483 939 A trial excavation was carried out at this site on a partly water-eroded ridge adjacent to the present low loch shoreline. The site was indicated by a dense concentration of surface lithic finds.

The stratified flint and chert material recovered includes retouched and utilised blades and flakes, triangle and bladelet microliths, cores and a quantity of debitage. Of note is the large number of snapped blade tips

STRATHCLYDE

Areas of burning were recorded, and charcoal was noted at all levels.

Whilst evidence definitely indicates final occupation before the initiation of local peat formation, there are also indications of occupation at lower. Although eroded to some degree, it has been shown that earlier levels. this site is worthy of further excavation.

Sponsors: Glasgow Archaeological Society and Dumfries & Galloway Natural History & Antiquarian Society.

LOCH DOON (Dalmellington p)

T Affleck

Mesolithic Flint and Chert Artifacts.

NS 482 016 Significant scatter of blades, scrapers, microliths and debitage on low water-level shore.

MOTHERWELL DISTRICT

HARTHILL (Shotts p)

M Brooks, J Rideout

Well

During building work at the old Royal Bank of Scotland in Harthill a well was discovered beneath the present structure. The well, approximately 4m in depth was drained and the sediments at the bottom.were excavated. No precise dating for the well was obtained but it seemed to be relatively recent in date, probably from the nineteenth century.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

RENFREW DISTRICT

LAWMARNOCK (Kilbarchan p)

P Newall

Cup Marked Rock

An outcrop group of rocks, E side of Lawmarnock road, SE of Laigh Auchensale, carries a number of small reduced cups.

BAROCHAN HILL (Houston p)

L J F Keppie, F Newall

Roman Fort

NS 413 690 A two-week excavation at a Flavian site previously investigated in 1972 (see Discovery Excav Scot 1972, 35f) established the position of the S and E gates, which were both single-portal, with a timber tower above. A single trench in the interior suggested two building phases. Observation of the ditch system on the E slope of the Hill in drought conditions allowed the overall dimensions of the fort to be established at c 1.44ha (3.55 acres); to the E of the fort was an annexe defended by a single ditch. Finds from the excavation included a stamped amphora handle. Sponsors: Hunterian Museum; Glasgow Archaeological Society.

STRATHKELVIN DISTRICT

AUCHENDAVY FARM (Kirkintilloch p)

LJF Keppie, JJ Walker

Roman Fort

The rampart and ditches of this unexcavated Antonine Wall fort, clearly visible on the E and N sides, were plotted by ground survey, which suggested that the fort measured c 108m NS by c 96m EW, giving an area of 1.03ha (2.54 acres). A causeway was observed crossing the Antonine Ditch to reach the fort's N gate, and the line of the via praetoria (visible as a faint ridge) was plotted from the N gate to the presumed site of the Headquarters building.

TAYSIDE REGION

ANGUS DISTRICT

INVERQUHARITY (Kirriemuir p)

G Maxwell

Roman Fort and Temporary Camp.

NO 40 55 Clearer cropmarkings recorded during aerial survey showed that the *clavicula* noticed last year (*Discovery Excav Scot 1983*, 32-3) to the SE of the fort belonged to a small temporary camp of 'Stracathro' type, about 6 acres (2.4ha) in area. A section dug across the SE side revealed a V-profile ditch about 1.8m wide and 0.9m deep.

Sponsor: RCAHMS

SURVEY

R Sherriff

An archaeological field survey of groups of small cairns and field systems in Angus District in 1984 resulted in the discovery of several new sites not previously reported in *Discovery & Excavation Scotland*.

BALHALL (Menmuir p)

Small Cairns and Field Systems

NO 504 642 On a SE-NE aligned ridge 800m W of Balhall Lodge there are the remains of at least 10 probably prehistoric fields defined by linear banks measuring up to 85m long and set about 20m apart. The banks share the area with 49 small cairns up to 5m diameter and a small rectangular building and length of thicker bank overlie the earlier banks.

NO 503 640 to NO 506 640 $\,$ 200m S of the ridge containing the last entry is a terrace on which there is an as yet unsurveyed group of small cairns measuring up to 7m in diameter. There is also one large barrow measuring over 15m in diameter.

TULLO HILL (Fern p)

Field System

NO 496 644 Survey of the group of 43 small cairns on Tullo Hill (Discovery Excav Scot 1982, 31), resulted in the discovery that the group partly lie within an area of 4 parallel fields defined by low stony banks up to 140m long and 15m apart.

NEWBIGGING (Lethnot & Navar p)

Rectangular Building

NO 542 696 $\,$ 700m N of Newbigging are the remains of a plough-damaged rectangular building represented by 0.3m high turf-covered wall footings.

WHITE CATERTHUN (Menmuir p)

Enclosure

NO 547 660 The remains of an oval enclosure lying within the ramparts of the hill fort were first recorded on RCAHMS aerial photographs. Surface remains consist of a shallow trench up to 0.7m wide defining an area measuring 39m EW by 35m NS.

Sponsors: RCAHMS, Soc Antiq Scot.

WEMYSS FARM (Rescobie p)

Cup and Ring Marked Boulder

NO 491 519 In 1983 a sandstone block measuring 0.93m by 0.72m by 0.41m was ploughed up on Wemyss Farm, Forfar. In 1984 the farmer recognised 17-

22 cup marks, two of which are ringed, and reported the find.

MAINS OF BALGAVIES (Aberlemno p)

Flint Industry

NO 530 511 Within a restricted area on the N shore of Balgavies Loch, Mr David Henry, Mains of Balgavies has in recent years found a number of flint tools and waste material. Tools found are -1 knife, 15 scrapers of various types and two unfinished arrowheads. 430 waste products include, flint, chalcedony, agate and jasper.

Cup and Ring Marked Boulder

NO 531 511 A cup and ring marked boulder found by Mr Henry in stone clearance measures 1.04m by 0.60m by 0.50m thick. The sandstone boulder bears 7 circular cup marks, one of which is ringed, one oval cup mark measuring 140mm by 55mm and several lengths of incised channel.

Cupped Stone

NO 5350 5129 A sandstone boulder measuring 145mm by 120mm by 70mm thick has a cup shaped depression in its upper surface. The cup measures 60mm in diameter and the stone was dug up in a garden by David Henry and is presently in his possession.

Short Cist

NO 540 516 A short cist aligned EW and measuring 1.17m by 0.91m and 0.74m deep was covered by a capstone measuring c 2m by 1.75m by 0.35m thick. The contents consisted of the poorly preserved remains of an adult inhumation lying on a floor of laid small pebbles.

Cup Marked Boulder

NO 529 512 A cup marked boulder discovered by Mr Henry on a stone clearance heap measures 1.51m by 0.73m by 0.17m. It has 7 cup marks on its weathered surface and 2 cup marks and a possible length of channel on its unweathered surface. It is clear from the shape and condition of the stone that it must have originally stoon erect.

TURIN HILL (Rescobie p)

Cup and Cup and Ring Markings

NO 522 537 About 700m E of the summit of Turin Hill is a natural exposure of intermittent bedrock on which there are three distinct groups of rock carvings. The easterly has 9 cups, one of which is ringed, the centre has 7 cups one of which is ringed and the western has 2 large cup marks. Found by D Henry, Mains of Balgavies and recorded by J R Sherriff, April, 1984.

Possible Cup Marked Stone

NO 519 539 On a fence line there is a rounded boulder measuring 1.60 m by 1.05m which has a possible cup mark 70mm diameter on its upper surface. The stone also has a 0.94m diameter line of peck marks indicating use as a mill stone quarry.

Cairn

NO 518 540 $\,$ A cairn measuring 9m in diameter by 1m high and composed of rounded boulders lies 550m NE of the summit of Turin Hill.

WEST MAINS OF TURIN (Aberlemno p)

Cup and Ring Marked Stones

NO 51 53 Four previously unrecorded cup and cup and ring marked monuments on Turin Hill were recorded in 1984.

NO 5132 5372 Outcrop containing 2 cups, one of which is ringed.

NO 5134 5350 Boulder with 6 cups and 1 cup and ring.

NO 5134 5350 Boulder with 3 cups.

NO 5155 5356 Outcrop containing 2 cups.

GARLOWBANK (Kirriemuir p)

Spindle Whorls

NO 403 547 In about 1980 2 spindle whorls were found on the fields of Garlowbank. The first 112mm in diameter is broken and has an hour-glass perforation, whilst the other is a simple perforated disc 28mm in diameter. In possession of farmer at Garlowbank.

MURTON FARM (Forfar p)

Short Cist

NO 493 514 A short cist excavated on Murton Farm measured 0.55m by 0.55m and 0.33m deep and contained a cremation and a flint knife.

CORNESCORN FARM (Edzell p)

Rig and Furrow

NO 565 736 $\,$ Traces of rig and furrow have been noted immediately S and E of the known deserted settlement.

AUCHMULL (Edzell p)

Small Cairns and Deserted Settlement

NO 583 741 In a small wood 400m SSW of Auchmull on the west side of the main road there are the remains of a group of 7 or 8 small cairns measuring up to 4.5m in diameter and 0.8m high. A larger cairn 12.5m diameter may be represented by a circular mass of small stones and boulders. 6 rectangular buildings represented by 1m wide wall footings measure up 10.2m by 4.3m.

HILL OF EDZELL (Edzell p)

Rig and Furrow

NO 580 708 $\,$ Two plots of rig and furrow have been noted on the N side of the Hill of Edzell.,

ARBROATH BURGH

Medieval Grave

NO 639 403 Digging operations at the site of a new sewage pumping station on the foreshore resulted in the destruction of a long cist burial. The adult inhumation lay in a cist formed of sandstone slabs and only 0.4m of the E end of the EW orientated grave survived.

MONTROSE BURGH

Stone Object

NO 719 583 A waterworn stone measuring 160mm by 45mm by 15mm appears to have been used as a whetstone. Now in Montrose Museum.

NO 720 576 Material recovered from a private garden in recent years has included 19th century pottery, discarded metal work, including brass buttons and a Charles I turner which has been donated to Montrose Museum.

CITY OF DUNDEE DISTRICT

DUNDEE CITY & PARISH

CRESCENT LANE/PRINCES STREET

L M Thoms

Well

NO 408 309 Domestic draw well of dry stone construction, probably 19th century domestic discovered very close to the well previously reported

TAYSIDE

(Discovery Excav Scot, 1983, 36). Now destroyed.

Murravgate.

NO 404 305 A watching brief was maintained during the redevelopment of two sites (former La Scala Cinema site, and rear of former Woolworth Store) on the NW side of Murraygate, within the medieval area of the City. No finds earlier than the late 18th century were recorded.

Mains Castle

NO 411 330 As part of the restoration of the castle a great deal of overburden material has been removed from the south side of the castle. A considerable amount of pottery has been recovered mostly dating to the late 19th - early 20th century. As yet, there is no firm evidence for the construction of a south range of buildings. Finds are in Dundee Museum.

EGLISMONICHTY/ELSMONECHTIE (Dundee p) Site of Chapel

G W H Mecham

NO. 477 325 What appears to be the internal NW angle of the pre-reformation chapel, razed c 1765, was found after removal of topsoil during building operations in 1983, 20m NW of the site marked on the OS map; the remains consisted of a band of stone fragments c lm wide, intermittent over c 15m, lying due EW, and, at 85° to this, less than Im of wall-face of undressed stone 1 to 2 courses high, built dry. (NSA xi (1845), 541-2; Discovery Excav Scot 1962, 2).

PERTH & KINROSS DISTRICT

PERTHSHIRE

M Stewart

The following is a summary of items recorded between 1822 and 1829 in the *Perthshire Courier*. Finds appear to be previously unrecorded. Grid references have been provided by OS. Formerly in Perthshire the first two are now in Central Region, Stirling District. The rest are Tayside Region, Perth & Kinross District.

STOCKBRIDGE FARM, near Kippendavie Estate, 1 mile W of Dunblane (Dunblane & Lecropt p)

NN 768 018 Four urns in a tumulus. 8.3.1822

DUNBLANE, 1 mile south of. (Dunblane & Lecropt p)

NN 78 00 Urn under flagstones, 6ft by 5ft by 3ft. 16.7.1829.

HERRIOTSTOUN (Logicalmond p)

NN 988 298 Urn with earth and ashes, under a stone. Urn 18ins high, 12ins diameter. Near a 10ft standing stone. 22.2.1827.

BUCHANTY, field of Fingal or Rinanoch Field (Fowlis Wester p)

NN 93 28 Four Roman urns. 3.1.1829.

CURRIELEY FARM (Auchtergaven p)

NO 019 314 Three stone coffins 25.12.1828.

BLOOMHILL FARM (Forteviot p) (now marked *Broomhill* - site of Roman camp - on map.

NO 041 172 Hadrian gold coin 3.9.1829.

WESTER DRUMATHERTY (Caputh p)

G Maxwell, J K St Joseph

Inchtuthill Quarry Roads

NO 115 411 Further investigation of the Roman roads examined last year (Discovery-Excav Scot 1983, 37) revealed a little more about the course and nature of a channel about 1.0m wide and 1.0m deep. It now seems less likely that it served as a roadside ditch or, as had latterly been thought, as a water channel; at one point, where air photographs suggested that

it changed alignment slightly, excavation revealed that it crossed an earlier sub-rectangular depression, apparently the site of a house, with trodden earth floor. No artefacts were recovered from the latter structure, but a core of brown chert was recovered from the field-surface in its immediate vicinity.

Sponsor: RCAHMS

RATTRAY/BLAIRGOWRIE

A G Reid

Flat Axe

NO 14NE 24NW A bronze flat axe was found in a raspberry field near Blair-gowrie some years ago, and no exact provenance can be given. It is now in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.337.

KINROSS BURGH (Kinross p)

Inscribed Stones

NO 11 02 Two carved stones from a demolished house in the burgh. Both are of sandstone, one bearing 'God's Providence is my Inheritance', and the other being a broken lintel inscribed 'WB AI 1699'. This is believed to be Wm Bailey, a silversmith of the late seventeenth/early eighteenth century. Now in Kinross Museum Acc No K.1983,87, K1983,88.

DUN KNOCK WOOD (Dunning p)

Socketed Axe

NO 02 14 A Bronze socketed axe with cord decoration around the socket was found in a field to the east of Dun Knock wood in 1981. The axe is now in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.336.

METHVEN WOOD (Methven p)

Pallisade Enclosure

NO 057 259 The pottery sherds from the excavation of the pallisade enclosure at Almondbank *Discovery Excav Scot 1980*, 41) and a copy of the archive have been deposited in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.548 - 1983.549.

STORMONTFIELD (Scone p)

Flint Arrowhead

NO 109 298 A leaf shaped arrowhead of light flint with a broken point, and 3.5cm long was found in a garden at Stormontfield. The item is in the possession of the finder.

MARLEE LOCH (Clunie p)

Flanged Axe

NO 14 43 A bronze flanged axehead found in ploughed land near Marlee Loch and declared Treasure Trove, is now in Perth Museum, Acc No 1984.327.

POTTIE CHAPEL (Dron p)

Graveyard

NO 164 151 Two grave slabs, and archive relating to the excavation of Pottie Chapel, Glenfarg, by members of the PSNS Archaeology Section reported in *Discovery Excav Scot 1978*, 32 have now been deposited in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.752-755.

Sponsor: Perthshire Society of Natural Sciences, Archaeology Section.

ELCHO (Rhynd p)

Nunnery

NO 141 217 The finds and archive from the excavation at Elcho Nunnery have now been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1983 700-747, 756 and 763-67. Sponsor: Perthshire Society of Natural Sciences, Archaeology Section.

TAYSIDE

BRIDGEND (Kinnoull p)

Implement

NO 122 237 An encrusted iron implement found in the excavation recorded in $\it Discovery\ Excav\ Scot\ 1975$, 43 has now been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1984.356.

UPPER MUIRHALL (Kinnoull p)

Short Cist

NO 145 240 A slab built cist was discovered by ploughing on this farm, still covered by a single large capstone. The cist is oriented NW SE and measured 0.59m by 0.96m and lies on the 150m contour line. The fill was of undisturbed local soil and the cist was built on bedrock, the eastern short end slab having stone packing under the south corner to level it. Of the burial only traces of the leg bones and twenty eight teeth were recovered. A complete beaker of ccarse buff pink fabric with three zones of cross-hatch and incised decoration was found on its side in the NW corner. The underside is also marked with double impressed lines forming a cross. The finds are in Perth Museum Acc No 1984.641.

NETHERMUIR OF PITTENDREICH (Lethendy p)

Flints

NO 158 411 Three stone and nine flint flakes from Nethermuir Farm have been added to the nine previously reported, *Discovery Excav Scot 1982*, 33. Perth Museum Acc Nos 1983.670 1-9 and 1984.326 1-12.

BARTON HILL (Kinnaird p)

Motte

NO 243 286 Further finds from the excavation, *Discovery Excav Scot 1972*, 56 have been added to the material in Perth Museum Acc No 1984.393-417.

ALYTH (Alyth p)

Loom Weight

NO 248 483 A stone net or loom weight found some years ago on the site of a housing development in Alyth has been donated to the Museum Acc No A1984.543.

LOCH RANNOCH (Fortingall p)

Bloomery Waste

NN445 504 to NN606 599 Iron slag, ore and furnace fragments from the investigation of bloomery sites around Loch Rannoch, *Proc Soc Antiq Scot*, vol 102, 1969-70 have been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1984.448.

ABERFELDY (Dull p)

Quernstone

NN 853 488 A fine rotary quernstone of mica-schist found below Tom Ghiubhais hill fort at Aberfeldy has been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1984.623.

MAINS OF MURTHLY (Logierait p)

Flint Scraper

NN 878 493 A scraper of dark brown flint 3cm long and 3cm wide worked on three edges was found in a ploughed field at Mains of Murthly at Aber-feldy. The flint is in the possession of the finder.

PARKNEUK (Crieff p)

Roman Road

NN 916 185 Archive relating to the section excavation across the Roman road has now been deposited in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.750.

Sponsor: Perthshire Society of Natural Sciences, Archaeology Section.

FENDOCH (Fowlis Wester p)

Quernstone

NN 915 285 Half of a rotary quernstone found during ploughing near Fendoch Roman fort has been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1984,418.

CASTLE MAINS (Auchterarder p)

Pottery Sherds

NN 943 131 Four sherds of a white chalky fabric found in a field behind Auchterarder school, and tentatively identified as mortaria. Donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1983.1 1-4.

NR AUCHTERARDER (Auchterarder p)

Flint Blade/Scraper

NN 96 13 A blade/scraper of dark grey flint was found in moved topsoil during the construction of the Auchterarder by-pass. The flint is 5cm long, 2cm wide and worked on three edges. The flint is in the possession of the finder.

CASTLE CRAIG (Auchterarder p)

Hillfort

NN 975 128 Finds from the excavation at Pairney Farm, included pottery sherds, a fragment of a jet armlet, cremated bone and a copy of the archive have been deposited in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.550-552.

ABERCAIRNY (Fowlis Wester p) Cist, Corn Drying Kilns.

A Gibson, J Rideout

NN 904 224 A knoll in a field on Abercairny Estate is to be levelled. During topsoil stripping of the knoll in December 1983 a cist was discovered after its capstone had been removed. The cist, c 1.2m long, c 0.6m wide and c 0.35m deep internally, was built in a large pit cut into the top of the knoll. Animal burrowing had destroyed most of the cist floor and had filled the cist with soil. The remains of a skeleton, accompanied by a jet necklace and a flint scraper, were recovered from the burrows and cist fill.

In January 1984 the rest of the topsoil was removed and the area was examined to look for further burials and to assess the nature of the knoll. The knoll proved to be of natural origin and no more burials were found. A corn drying kiln was found cut into the foot of the knoll. Excavated in February 1984 it comprised a circular chamber c 1.5m in diameter and a flue c 2m long. The lower part of the chamber was stone walled to a height of c 0.7m and the upper part was composed of turf. Carbonised grain was found in the flue.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

CITY OF PERTH DISTRICT

CANAL CRESCENT (Perth p)

D Bowler

Silt, Sherds

NO 116 234 In September 1983, a trench 10m by 2m was dug on the south side of Canal Crescent, in a car park opposite the telephone exchange, just outside the supposed line of the town ditch. About 1.8m of garden soil and silt was observed, and some scraps of medieval pottery.

Sponsors: SUAT, MSC

BAPTIST CHURCH, TAY STREET (Perth p)

Harbour Works

NO 120 233 Trial excavations were carried out in August 1984, after the Baptist Church was damaged by fire and demolished. The site lies just outside the Burgh defences, at the mouth of the town ditch, close to the Greyfriars Monastery. Three machine trenches were dug to locate the canal mouth and harbour shown on Rutherford's town plan of 1774. The harbour works, consisting of sandstone blocks and rubble, faced with a sandstone wall, were found c-2.1m below ground, and continued to at least 2.8m below ground. It was not possible to dig below these structures into waterlogged deposits, but late medieval pottery was found further back from the river, at a depth of 0.8m.

Sponsors: SUAT, SDD(AM)

53-73 KINNOULL STREET (Perth p)

Dominican Friary, Foundations, Glass, Plaster, Coins, Figurine, Cemetery,

NO 117 239 Excavations were carried out from November 1983 to February 1984. Foundations of two stone buildings were excavated, one of them a cellar or undercroft, 2.5m deep. Demolition material, including fragments of stained glass and wall plaster. Also found were 14th and 15th century pottery, 15th century coins, 13th century jettons, and fragments of a terracotta figurine in the local fabric. All these things appear to be related to the Dominican Friary. The associated graveyard produced at least 42 burials. These overlay two large U-profile ditches of unknown use. Sponsors: SUAT, MSC, SDD(AM)

BLACKFRIARS HOUSE, NORTH PORT (Perth p)

Pits, Ditches, Cultivated Soils.

NO 116 238 Excavation in advance of office extension by the North of Scotland Hydro-Electric Board revealed a complex of pits, ditches and cultivated soils, oriented to respect the alignment of North Port, and dated from the 13th century to the 16th century. These features lie in the backlands of an early northern suburb of the burgh. The absence of burials sets a limit on the eastward extent of the Blackfriars cemetery. No evidence of the castle was found, perhaps due to the limited area excavated. Early modern finds included some interesting architectural terracottas.

Sponsors: SUAT, SDD(AM)

SMEATON'S BRIDGE TO FRIARTON

A G Reid

D Bowler, D Hall

Sherds, glass.

NO 120 238/117 219 A watching brief was carried out on a Scottish Gas Pipeline from Smeaton's Bridge to Friarton. Finds consisted mostly of nine-teenth century sherds from glass and stoneware bottles of local firms, and one half clay pipe bowl of eighteenth century date. These are now in Perth Museum Acc No 1983.431-435.

45 CANAL STREET

Finds, Archive.

NO 118 234 Finds and a selected archive from the excavations at 45 Canal Street, *Discovery Excav Scot 1979*, 42 have been transferred to Perth Museum Acc No 1984.581 - 1984.601.

Sponsor: SDD(AM)

WESTERN ISLES AREA

LEWIS

GALSTON (Barvas p) Grave, Skeleton.

M MacRae, M Ponting, G R Curtis

NB 437 594 Coastal erosion exposed 2 stone structures close together, one containing a skeleton, in upper part of NNW facing sand dune. The grave was 1.6m by 0.35 by 0.24/0.3m high internally, oriented approximately EW with an upright slab at each end and side walls partly of upright slabs and partly built of 2 or 3 courses, all set on sterile yellow sand. It was covered with 6 overlapping thin stone slabs, overlain by 0.4m clean sand; 0.2m. of small beach work pebbles; 0.5m further clean sand; 0.25m kitchen midden; and 1.0m dune sand and turf. Due to the erosion it was not certain whether the grave had been dug through these layers or constructed before their deposition, but the latter seems more likely.

The skeleton was that of a young adult male, possibly left-handed and unused to heavy work. It lay supine, the head at W end. It was nearly complete and well preserved due to the alkaline shell sand, and was covered by the recent ingress of loose clean sand. No grave goods were found.

The adjacent structure was built of roughly squared stones and boulders, set at a slightly higher level than the grave, and covered by a layer of small beach worn quartz cobbles, and layers of sand and midden.

There are other structures appearing in the erosion face further NE and SW.

Reports are held by the contributors, the Procurator Fiscal, and SDD(AM). The skeleton is to be examined by Dr R Dickie,

ACHMORE (Lochs p)

Stone Circle

NB 317 292 Peat column samples were taken for prospective pollen and C14 analyses. Some broken parts of fallen megaliths were re-assembled. (cf Discovery Excav Scot 1981, 80: 1983, 39.

GARENIN (Uig p)

Circular Feature

NB 191 451 Circular feature is shown on the 1898 Edition of the 6" OS This site is on ground sloping rather steeply to ENE and having a low sloping rock ridge falling away almost immediately to seaward. It is nearer to the N summit cairn of Aird Mhor than to the NNW SSE gully associated with Giodh an Dubh Sgeir. The area has some turf and very shallow peat, areas of glaciated bare rock, and scatterings of small and medium boulders, some over 2m long. No feature, natural or man made, of any archaeological significance was seen and there was no indication that there had ever been stone settings on this site. It must be concluded that the feature shown on the 6" OS map is erroneous. It is possible that the surveyor placed the feature on the wrong headland, but this was not examined. Traditionally, this area is known locally as the Covenanters' Field.

LOCH MOR BARVAS (Barvas p) M Ponting, M MacRae, E Collinson, L Jones Structural Remains

NB 348 505 Erosion of the site has caused complete loss of partial turf cover. Low loch level allowed planning of area 28m by 30m revealing complex nature of structure(s). (cf Discovery Excav Scot 1979, 46).

SOUTH SHAWBOST (Barvas p)

M Ponting, M Macrae, G R Curtis

Stone Circle

Investigation of associated rectangular stone setting 1.25m by 0.85m overall dimensions, revealed 4 slabs set on edge with peat filled

WESTERN ISLES

interior (cf Discovery Excav Scot 1983. 39).

SKIGERSTA (Barvas p)

Pottery in Stone setting

NB 54 60 A broken pot, base diameter 140mm, in a stone setting was found during peat cutting by Mr Angus Maclean and reported by Mrs M C Henderson. A roundish stone 0.30m by 0.27m lay on 4 smaller stones with the pottery inside. There was no sign of a pit cut in the peat. The top stone was 0.50m below present surface level.

ARNOL (Barvas p)

Erosion Material

NB.302 493 Further erosion by man, sheep and the sea. Finds include more Iron Age pottery; a comb made from an antler 185mm long in unworn condition with 10 perfect times and only one broken; a pot lid made from a stone with wear on the perimeter, diameter 84mm, thickness 11mm (cf Discovery Excav Scot 1983, 39).

GALSON (Barvas p)

P & S Topping

Sherds

NB 436 594 A total of 38 sherds were found along the eroding sand dune face between the road that leads to the shore and the mouth of the South Galson river. The site was excavated in 1923, (Proc Soc Antiq Scot LVIII, 1923-4, 185-203) revealing four pear shaped cells connected by a long passage. It is possible that the recovered sherds relate to midden associated with this structure. Rim, grass marked, finger tip, finger nail, decorated sherds and many body sherds of various fabrics were found. They have been deposited in NMAS.

Full report sent to NMRS. Also available from authors.

DUN SCURRIVAL (Barra p)

Sherds

NF 695 081 Four brown and black pottery sherds found in rabbit scrapes $20m^4$ outside the eastern wall of the 'dun'. The sherds bear no distinguishing features, but are perhaps contemporary with the fort. Deposited in the NMAS.

N UIST

CEARDACH RUADH, BALESHARE (N Uist p)

J Barber

Midden and Stone Structures

NF 776 615 The site was initially cored to establish the horizontal extent of the midden exposed in the sand dune section by erosion. Humus-stained sand and midden deposits were found up to 100 metres from the beach and for at least 50m along its length. The midden face was straightened, drawn and sampled. The partial remains of a drystone circular structure and other stone structures were found. On either side, the midden was about 3m in depth beneath 1m of clean sand. A second midden was found beneath the first, separated from it by about 0.5m of clean sand.

CNOC RAINEACH, NEWTON FERRY (N Uist p)

Midden

NF 899 782 A midden was traced up to 40 m from the beach and for a length of over 100m. A section cut across the exposed midden face revealed dark stained sand and midden deposits to a depth of about 1.5m. Possible stone wall foundations seen within the eroded debris were of post-medieval date.

HOUGHARRY

Midden

NF 697 709 and NF 697 711 The midden exposures on the eastern side of the long sandy bay at Hougharry were recorded and cored. One midden was found to extend about 20m from the site of a possible dun on the extreme northern tip of the headland. Another midden was identified further south and was more extensive. This was traced up to 80m from the beach line and for a length of about 100m. This site was not excavated.

SOUTH GLENDALE (S Wist p)

Midden

NF 798 143 Coring produced midden deposits in a limited area about 50m by 30m in the SE of a grass plateau being eroded by the sea. These deposits were examined and found to be fragmentary. Although Beaker pottery had been found on the site it seems probable that as at Newtonferry the features observed were of post-medieval date.

CNOC MOR, HORNISH POINT (S Wist p)

Midden and Stone Structures

NF 758 470 Coring revealed that midden deposits extended up to 20m inland and over a length of at least 60m along the exposed sand face. Its depth was about 3m. Excavation uncovered a series of superimposed drystone built structures, one of which had a sub-floor stone drain and radial walls, characteristic of a wheelhouse.

Sponsor: SDD(AM) - CEU

S UIST

L KILDENAN (S Uist p)

F Wildgoose

Shell Midden

NF 725 283 Exposed among shifting sand dunes 100m inland from present beach a shell midden approximately 60m by 35m, upstanding about 1m. Surface finds of flint and quartzite tools and worked bone. Two apparent circular stone structures and other stone alignments with two possible hearths. Some robbing of midden material appears to be taking place for use in repairing nearby tracks.

Sponsor: Lorn Archaeological & Historical Society.

LATE ENTRIES

STRATHCLYDE REGION

ARGYLL & BUTE DISTRICT

JURA

GLEN GARRISDALE

M Brabin

Cave, Occupation Debris.

NR 647 968 The cave is approximately 25ft above high water and has two entrances, one facing W and the other facing N.

The floor at the northern most entrance and extending southwards into the cave is covered with limpet and winkle shells mixed in black earth. The removal of a cubic foot of earth produced a large number of fragmented and charred bones, together with densely packed shells. An apparently mesolithic flint core, a small piece of folded bronze sheeting and an iron nail were found.

CENTRAL REGION

STIRLING DISTRICT

BUCHLYVIE (Drymen/Port of Menteith p)

L Main

Post Medieval Pottery and Glass Bottles NS 566 971 to NS 583 970 A variety of post medieval material, including two jugs: the larger is green glazed and is probably Throsk Ware; the smaller jug is brown glazed. All found in the River Forth near Buchlyvie. Now in Stirling Smith Art Gallery and Museum.

BLAIRDRUMMOND (Kincardine in Menteith p) P, S, E Ross & L Main NS 732 995 A severely damaged short cist was identified during quarrying to the north of Blairdrummond House in an area of fluvio-glacial sand and gravel near the River Teith. Salvage excavation produced human skeletal remains and fragments of a beaker. The estimated size of the cist, externally, based on the various slab sizes is 1.5m long, 65cm wide and 45cm deep.

Slabs which probably came from a second cist were identified nearby in a previously quarried area. On one face of the largest slab, probably the cap stone, a shallow groove 12.5cm by 14cm wide ran parallel to the three surviving edges. This slab was originally 1.1m square and 12cm thick. This groove would have held the cap stone in place on the side and end slabs of the cist.

BARBUSH (Dunblane & Lecropt p) Slab-Lined Pit

L Main

NN 783 021 Disturbed during quarrying, an oval pit lined with small slabs and covered by several layers of small flagstones which appear to have collapsed towards the centre. The base of the pit was also flagged. Externally, at the top, the pit measured 2.0m by 1.5m, internally at the base 1.5m \times 1.0m. The pit was empty and no finds were made. It may be an Iron Age grave.

BANNOCKBURN (St. Ninians p)

Stone with Hollow

NS 817902 A dressed stone, square with the corners cut across giving an octagonal shape, measuring $64 \, \mathrm{cm}$ across and $43 \, \mathrm{cm}$ deep. The central depression on the upper surface measures $34 \, \mathrm{cm}$ across and $27 \, \mathrm{cm}$ deep. At the

edge of the field.

STIRLING, THE GUILD HALL

Walling

NS 791 936 During works to stabilise the Town Wall in the vicinity of the Guild Hall, Stirling, three phases of walling were recorded. The latest and most substantial of these was 67cm wide and 2.3m long. Due to the restricted nature of the contractor's trench these walls were recorded in isolation. No finds were made.

FALKIRK DISTRICT

FALKIRK, Hemper Ave (Falkirk p)

D F Devereux

NS 892 795 Trial excavations were carried out to determine the W and S limits of the Roman site excavated in 1980 by L J F Keppie and J F Murray (Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 111, 248-262). In both areas examined, recent land-scaping has buried the former ground surface under approximately 1.00m of overburden. In the W trial a lightly cobbled surface of c 19th date overlay undisturbed top soil containing post-medieval pottery. There were no Roman finds. Similarly, stratigraphy was observed in the southern trial but, in addition, the north bank of the East Burn was located. A layer immediately over the natural bank of the burn contained early post-medieval pottery and a coin of Charles I. The absence of Roman structures or finds suggest that the site was more or less contained within the limits of the 1980 excavation.

BONNYBRIDGE INDUSTRIAL ESTATE (Bonnybridge p) Antonine Wall Ditch

Cobbled Surface, Post-Medieval Pottery, Coin.

D F Devereux

NS 822 797 in the redevelopment of this site a drain trench cut the upper fill of the Antonine Wall Ditch. Both the N and S sides of the ditch were visible at depths of, respectively, 0.90m and 1.40m below modern ground surface and between these the upper 0.60m of the fill was visible.

Allowing for the angle of cut, the width of the Ditch here was 9.00m, with the sides sloping at a 30° angle to the horizontal. The uniform nature of the fill suggested deliberate infilling, probably immediately prior to the initial development of the site in 1900. There was no evidence of the wall itself. The central line of the ditch is approximately 7.00m north of the line suggested by the Ordnance Survey (first edition).

Roman Road Survey: Castlecary Area (Falkirk p)

T M Allan
NS 791 777 to NS 791 775

Very low mound, mostly stoney to the probe, about
5 paces wide, with, about midway, a slight bend to S.

STRATHCLYDE REGION

CLYDESDALE DISTRICT

Roman Road Survey : Castledykes to Loudon Hill

Two possible lengths have been noted, and a third has been confirmed.

NS 902 444 to NS 900 443 Cambered mound. Continuation of line westwards to NS 895 442 visible on air photographs F22540 RAF 1292 21/4/54 0125-7.

NS 832 432 to NS 830 435 Continuous flat, intermittently stony shelf, pointing straight to the site suggested by the RCAHMS (Lanarkshire, 139) for the crossing of the Nethan.

NS 819 449 to NS 817 451 Terrace, 9m wide, alongside a field boundary

TAYSIDE REGION

PERTH & KINROSS DISTRICT FENDOCH (Fowlis Wester p)

Possible Roman Fortlet

T M Allan

NN 911 278 A possible Roman fortlet has been noted, measuring 28 by 24 paces. The site is 0.6 miles SW of the fort, which is visible from it; it is 0.4 miles SSE of the Roman signal station at the mouth of the Sma Glen.

BORDERS REGION

ROXBURGH DISTRICT

JEDBURGH ABBEY (Jedburgh p)

J H Lewis, G J Ewart

Medieval Abbey : Conventual Buildings

NT 651 205 Following the partial excavation of 1936-7 and the trial trenching of 1983 (Discovery Excav Scot 1983), during the summer of 1984 most of the abbey's claustral area was excavated, including: the cloister garth; East Range; West Range; frater; and extensive trenches beyond those ranges.

The East Range at the excavated level comprised: slype/parlour; chapter house of at least three phases with associated floor levels and burials; two apartments of unknown functions (although one may have included the foundations of the day stair); a quadripartite-vaulted undercroft of two bays EW and at least two bays NS, the northern two bays divided by a secondary partition wall; and possibly the reredorter beneath an extant 19th century house. The house straddled a stone-lined 19th century lade whose course may have echoed that of the monastic great drain.

Beyond the East Range were: the monastic graveyard; two phases of an extended chapter house; wall foundations and associated metalled surface thought to be pre-Augustinian, and a ditch cutting through the early metalling. The ditch apparently acted as a sewer at some stage and was backfilled in the 12th century presumably to allow the construction of the East Range. Further south, down an alluvial terrace, were the poorly constructed walls of a building, or buildings, of uncertain date. To the SW and S of the frater were kitchens and other domestic apartments as well as at least two timber buildings of medieval age.

S of the frater were the substantial remains of a building described by RCAHMS Roxburgh 1 (1956, 206) as the undercroft of the infirmary but which may have been the abbots' lodging. Beyond, the ground adjacent to the Jed Water had been made up in medieval times but had been consolidated with only limited success.

Several post-monastic dwellings were evident in the vicinity of the East Range and part of the 18th/19th century manse was located to the west of the cloister garth.

GRAMPIAN REGION

ABERDEEN CITY DISTRICT

THE SLACKS (Dyce p) Hut Circle

J Inglis, J Hay

NJ 841 144 During field survey a single hut circle was observed lying 20m SE from the centre of the well known round cairn. Both hut and cairn lie in an area of extensive field clearance following the 50m contour of the Slacks and neighbouring Kirk Hill.

The circle appears to be composed of stones and averages 10m in diameter, walls up to 0.6m high, and there is marked hollowing of the interior. It has been damaged along its NS axis by ploughing prior to afforestation some 30 years ago.

A plane table survey of the site was prepared and is lodged in the Anthropological Museum, University of Aberdeen, where a number of surface finds from the area are also housed.

GORDON DISTRICT

LOCH BUILG (Kirkmichael p)

Crannog

NJ 187 042 Due to exceptionally dry conditions a probable crannog was noticed at the north end of this loch. Lying some 12m from the NE shore. Apparently connected to the lochside by a ruinous causeway, submerged some 40cm below the loch surface, and running from the SE quadrant of the islet, which was approximately 5m in diameter.

BANFF AND BUCHAN DISTRICT

MAINS OF CORSEGIGHT (New Deer p) Mould

J Inglis

NJ 845 499 Another old red sandstone mould, with a single matrix, has been found in the same field as one reported previously (Discovery Excav Scot 1982). Now in Anthropological Museum, University of Aberdeen. ABDUA 15947.

HIGHLAND REGION

ROSS & CROMARTY DISTRICT

DINGWALL PARISH

C Hunt

Bronze Hoard or Part-Hoard

Presented by Mrs Lyn Borchard of Natal to the Anthropological Museum, University of Aberdeen, bronzes including two socketed axes, bracelet, necklet, sunflower pin-head. The putative hoard was discovered prior to 1851 by a farmer who emigrated to South Africa in that year. The precise location of the find is unknown but must be assumed to have been within the area of the western end of the Moray Firth and may have been in Dingwall district where the farmer was born and from where he sailed in 1851. The bronzes invite comparison with the contents of other Late Bronze Age hoards, especially Braes of Gight and Wester Ord, and help confirm links between NE Scotland and continental Europeal Hallstatt cultures of the late 6th century BC.

ROYAL COMMISSION ON THE ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL MONUMENTS OF SCOTLAND (INCLUDING THE NATIONAL MONUMENTS RECORD OF SCOTLAND)

National Archaeological Survey

Ground Survey

Lists of Archaeological Sites and Monuments were issued for Rhum (Lochaber District, Highland), North Kincardine (Kincardine and Deeside District, Grampian) and Medieval and Later Central Angus (Angus District, Tayside). Lists for Eday and Stronsay (Orkney Islands) and Rinns of Galloway (Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway) are in preparation.

In addition to routine surveys carried out in <u>List</u> areas for OS mapping-purposes a large-scale plan was made of the important fermtoun at Davington (Annandale and Eskdale District, Dumfries and Galloway). 35 sites were visited as part of the OS map-revision programme.

2. Aerial Survey

The main summer flying season again produced excellent results; more than 800 sites were photographed, of which about half were recorded for the first time. These included many unenclosed settlements and several multivallate sites in E Fife; presumed souterrains with structural details showing; henges, cursus-type structures, enclosed and unenclosed settlements in the SW; and important new information about the Roman military occupation of Scotland.

A catalogue of sites recorded in 1982 was issued in May 1984 and preparation of the 1983 material for publication has begun.

A micro-computer based AP transformation and plotting system was installed to facilitate the production of a wide range of scale drawings of sites from oblique aerial photographs.

3. Industrial Monuments Survey

The main effort went into the preparation of a publication illustrating the importance and variety of the industrial sites recorded by the Commission during the past 30 years, and about half this book is now in draft. Close liaison in current recording was also maintained with the Scottish Industrial Archaeology Survey (University of Strathclyde).

Systematic Topographic Survey

Volume 5 (Islay, Jura and Colonsay) of the <u>Inventory of Argyll</u> is expected to appear before the end of 1984. Field survey continued for volume 6 (Mid Argyll and Knapdale). Work on prehistoric sites is now approaching completion and good progress was made in the architectural survey.

Threatened Buildings etc.

During the period October 1983-September 1984 146 notifications to demolish listed buildings (excluding those in Category C) and 48 notifications of applications to demolish unlisted buildings in Conservation Areas were received. During the same period 57 applications are known to have been granted Listed Building Consent (a higher figure than in recent years). Many other buildings were reported to be at risk through progressive decay, vandalism and other agencies. Notification was also received of numerous proposals to alter or restore listed buildings. The total number of statutory and non-statutory surveys initiated was 214 (including some covering groups of buildings), the more important of which were as follows:

Borders

Fisher's Tower, Darnick
Mouth Bridge, Duns
17-20 Chapel Street, Eyemouth
Hutton Castle
Kalemouth Suspension Bridge (near
Roxburgh)
Marlfield
Stable block, Little Fordel, Melrose

Newton Don

Central

Museum Hall, Bridge of Allan Strude Mill, Alva Craigend Limekilns, Cambusbarron Murrayshill Limekilns, Cambusbarron Carron Ironworks Grahamston Station, Falkirk 105-111 High Street, Falkirk Gartmore House Logie Villa (near Stirling) Redneck Dovecot, Port of Menteith Muirmill Farm (Carron Valley)

Dumfries and Galloway

Archbank Farm, Moffat Beattock Bridge Hotel Duchess Bridge, Langholm Horsemill, West Gallaberry Farm Balsarroch

Fife

Thornbank Farm, Blebocraigs
Collessie Schoolhouse
Denmylne Castle
68-76 High Street, Dunfermline
Heatherinch (by Ladybank)
7 Cuinzie Neuk, Kinghorn
28-32 Nethergate, Kinghorn
Bennochy Works, Kirkcaldy
Raith House, Kirkcaldy
Scottish Linoleum Works, Kirkcaldy
Whyte House, Kirkcaldy
Earlshall, Leuchars
Mount Meiville Farm
Roscobie Limeworks (near Dunfermline)
Argyle Brewery, St Andrews

Grampian

13 Bon-Accord Square, Aberdeen 36-50 Castle Street, Aberdeen (several items) 40-41 Castle Street, Aberdeen (supplementary) 42-44 Castle Street, Aberdeen (supplementary) 4 Castle Terrace, Aberdeen (supplementary)

6 Castle Terrace, Aberdeen (supplementary) Charlotte Street/St Andrew Street, Aberdeen Trinity Church, Crown Street, Aberdeen Devanha House, 14 Devanha Gardens, 33-39 Don Street, Aberdeen 16 Golden Square, Aberdeen The Green/Carmelite Street/Hadden Street, Aberdeen Persley Bridge, Aberdeen 8-42 St Swithin Street, Aberdeen Tolbooth, Aberdeen 118 Union Street, Aberdeen 231 Union Street, Aberdeen Galloway and Sykes, 361-365 Union Street, Aberdeen St Peter's Church, Victoria Road, Aberdeen Aboyne Station Boharm (Cauldwell) Castle Elgin Station Fountain, Fraserburgh 20 Deveron Street, Huntly Whinmills, Lumphanan 9 Distillery Road, Oldmeldrum Wine Well, Peterhead

Highland

Ardross Castle
Aviemore Engine Shed
Melgrave Bridge, Corrieyairack
Bridge over Allt Feith a' Mhoraire,
Corrieyairack
Dingwall Station
'Craigmore', High Street, Grantown-on-Spey
9-13 Ardconnel Terrace, Inverness
Eriboll Limeworks, Loch Eriboll
Loth Church
Skelbo Castle
Ardross Hotel, South Bonar
Strathpeffer Station
Wyvis Lodge

Lothian

98-102 High Street, Dalkeith
1-5 London Road, Dalkeith
Cottages, Craighead, Dirleton
Main Street, East Calder (well)
12-17 Atholl Crescent Lane, Edinburgh
24 Bellfield Street, Edinburgh
10 Bernard Street, Edinburgh
Aitken's Auction Rooms, Broughton
Street, Edinburgh
26 Broughton Street, Edinburgh
Mural paintings, Library, Edinburgh

Dental Hospital, Chambers Street, Edinburgh Fettes College Dormitories, Edinburgh 7 Frederick Street, Edinburgh 'The Vaults', 87 Giles Street, Edinburgh 26 Glen Street, Edinburgh 83 Great King Street, Edinburgh Haymarket Station, Edinburgh (supplementary) St Giles' Church, High Street, Edinburgh (details) 35-37 High Street, Corstorphine, Edinburgh Castle House, 27 High Street, Kirkliston, Edinburgh Cameo Cinema, Home Street, Edinburgh John Kerr Memorial Church, Edinburgh Leith Central Station, Edinburgh S.C.W.S., Links Place, Edinburgh 'Loan House', 12 The Loan, South Queensferry, Edinburgh Caley Cinema, Lothian Road, Edinburgh St Peter's Church, Lutton Place, Edinburgh 9-39 Mitchell Street, 5-7 Elbe Street, Edinburgh 21 Moray Place, Edinburgh 25 North West Circus Place, Edinburgh Pilrig House, Edinburgh 23 Regent Terrace, Edinburgh (back extension) St Andrew's and St George's Church, Edinburgh St Colm's Church, Edinburgh St Paul's Church, St Leonard's Street, Edinburgh 20-20A Gullan's Close, St Mary's Street, Edinburgh Spylaw House, Edinburgh Swanston Farmhouse, Edinburgh Warriston Cottage, Warriston Cemetery, Edinburgh Waverley Bridge parapets, Edinburgh Waverley Station, Edinburgh (supplementary) 18-30 West Nicolson Street, Edinburgh 18-84 West Port, Edinburgh 18 Windsor Place, Edinburgh Woodhall House, Edinburgh Kingscavil Cottage, Linlithgow Mains Maltings, Linlithgow Old Toll House, Deans, Livingston 13-27 High Street, 12 Millhill, Musselburgh

21A North High Street, Musselburgh

Roslin Castle

Strathclyde

Arden House, South Lodge Ascog Church, Bute Ascog House, Bute Chapel Park, 16 Ewenfield Road, Ayr Avr Station Corn Exchange, High Street, Biggar 19 Main Street, Coatbridge 30-38 Sunnyside Road, Coatbridge Craigmore (Argyll), public w.c. Polnoon Castle, Eaglesham St Bride's Church, East Kilbride Ederline Burial Ground Old Ederline House, Ford Wills Factory, Alexandra Parade, Glasgow 348-366 Argyle Street, 1-5 West Campbell Street, Glasgow 998-1004 Argyle Street, 183-209 Kent Road, Glasgow (supplementary) 152 Bath Street, Glasgow 120 Blythswood Street, 173 Bath Street, Glasgow Central Station (platform canopies), Glasgow St Barnabas' Church, Craigpark, Leverndale Hospital, Crookston Road, Glasgow St Martin's Church, Crosshill, Glasgow Golfhill Drive Church, Glasgow Gordon Park Estate, Glasgow Homoepathic Hospital, 221 Hamilton Road, Glasgow 36 Jamaica Street, Glasgow 60-96 Jamaica Street, 2-12 Broomielaw, Glasgow 15 Julian Avenue, Glasgow 25 Lancaster Crescent Lane, Glasgow 12-20 London Road, Glasgow 71-81 Main Street, Rutherglen, Glasgow 239-243 Maxwell Road, 63-89 Kenmure Street, Glasgow 2-6 Oswald Street, 48-52 Broomielaw, 47-51 Oswald Street, Glasgow Tenements, Roystonhill, Glasgow Auldhouse, 40 Thornliebank Road, Glasgow Townhead Parish Church, Glasgow Blackfriars Church and Manse, Westercraigs, Glasgow 205 West George Street, Glasgow 207-209 West George Street, Glasgow 210-216 West George Street, Glasgow

48-58 West Regent Street, Glasgow

Former Slaughterhouse, Shieling Hill, Hamilton Hunterston Castle India Tyre Factory, Inchinnan Warehouse, Strand Street/Dunlop Street, Kilmarnock 33-53 Main Street, Kilsyth 32-48 High Street, Lanark Viaduct, Larkhall Arnburn, by Luss Campsie Glen Hotel, Milton of Campsie Machrimore Steading, Mull of Kintyre Balgray House, Newton Mearns Oban Station Anchor Works, Paisley Ferguslie Works, Paisley Gilmour Street Station, Paisley West Church, Rothesay Viaduct, Stonehouse Strathleven House (stables, cottage)

Vale of Leven Industrial Estate

Tayside

Drummonie House, Bridge of Earn Carbet Castle, Broughty Ferry, Dundee Bowbridge Works, Thistle Street, Dundee Baptist Church, Manor Street, Forfar Chapelbank, Gask Ballindean House, Inchture Methven Castle (E wing) 10 Castle Place, Montrose 11-13 Chapel Place, Montrose 190 High Street ('The Retreat'), Montrose Newport-on-Tay, fountain Perth Baptist Church

Western Isles

St Kilda, Village

National Monuments Record of Scotland

'Cessford', 17 Crosbie Road, Troon

In January the Record was transferred to more spacious premises at 6-7 Coates Place, about 200 yds from its previous location at 54 Melville Street, Edinburgh EH3 7HF, which remains in RCAMS occupation; the postal address and telephone number (031-225-5994) are unchanged.

During the period October 1983-September 1984 the number of personal users totalled 2456 and there were 3083 written and telephone enquiries. were issued on loan from the photographic library and 18,528 photocopies were supplied. Receipts from the sale of photographs and from reproduction fees amounted to £4664.

The Recording Section began the major task of amalgamating the NMRS records with those recently transferred from the OS and preparations were made for the installation of a computer system to facilitate information handling.

Map Revision

Work included the provision of the following information to the OS:

- (a) Large Scale Maps: 69 Antiquity models issued
- (b) Small Scale Maps: 37 Pathfinder maps (1:25,000) updated
 - 9 Landranger maps (1:50,000) prepared for OS fieldwork
 - 7 Landranger maps updated following OS fieldwork, involving the addition of 341 sites.

Accessions

These comprised 11,110 photographs, 978 prints and drawings, 275 reports and MSS and 816 books and periodicals, including 426 transferred from the OS. Several large collections of OS maps have recently been transferred to NMRS from the OS and elsewhere and a catalogue of current map holdings is in preparation.

The principal accessions were as follows:

REPORTS, MANUSCRIPTS ETC.

Prehistoric and Roman

- 1. Note of the excavation of the enclosure at Drumkilbo, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region. (CEU per Mr P Strong).
- 2. Letter and map of the well at Achamore, Gigha, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region. (BBC Engineers per Dr N Fojut).
- 3. Various reports of the excavations and field survey at Birsay, Orkney, 1976-80. (VESAR project per Mr C D Morris).
- 4. Notebook of Mr A O Curle containing miscellaneous notes, 1931-34. (Mrs C Curle).
- 5. Aperture cards containing microfilm of 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 Antiquity Model maps of Scotland. (NMR, England, per Mr A Aberg).
- 6. An archaeological survey and report of features at Newbigging Farm, Widewall, White Sands of Breckon, Yell, Shetland, by D Fraser, 1983. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Dr N Fojut).
- 7. Interim report on the excavation of an enclosure at Balfarg Riding School, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region, 1983. (CEU per Mr G J Barclay).
- 8. Correspondence, notes, plan, photographs and colour slides of the excavation at the broch of Carn Liath, Golspie, Sutherland District, Highland Region, by Dr J X W P Corcoran, 1972, and a summary report by Mr P Love. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Dr N Fojut).
- 9. Notes and dyeline map of a field survey at Parks of Aldic, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, 1980. (Dr G Whittington).
- 10. Catalogues of aerial photographs taken in 1980 and 1981 and a collection of photographs. (Aberdeen Archaeological Survey).
- 11. Reports and plans of the excavation of 'small sites' at Birsay, Orkney, 1976-82. (VESAR project per Mr C D Morris).
- 12. Reports on the survey at Skaill, Sandwick, Orkney, 1978-81. (Mr C D Morris).
- 13. Interim report on the second season of archaeological investigation of the settlement at Tuquoy, Orkney, 1982-3. (Miss O M Owen).
- 14. Report on a survey of mounds at Point of Buckquoy, Orkney, 1982. (Mr C D Morris).
- 15. Interim report on the field survey in the Bowmont Valley, Roxburgh District, Borders Region, 1984. (Mr R J Mercer).
- 16. Preliminary report on the excavations at Cross Geo, Clibberswick, Unst, Shetland, by S Butler, 1983. (Mr J Price).
- 17. Third interim report on the excavation of an enclosure at Balfarg Riding School, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region, 1984. (CEU per Mr G J Barclay).
- 18. Reports on the excavation and survey at Freswick Links, Caithness District, Highland Region, 1982-84. (VESAR project per Mr C D Morris).
- 19. Report on an enclosure at Clack Mhic Leoid, Western Isles, by J W Dickson, 1984. (Mr J W Dickson).

- 20. Reports on early prehistoric stone tools and find sites in Scotland, 1981-84. (Mr H McFadzean).
- 21. Report on the sites and monuments of Cava, Rysa Little and Switha, Orkney, by S J Dockrill, J R Hunter and J I McKinley, 1984. (Mr S J Dockrill).
- 22. Field notebooks, record cards, plans, negatives and annotated maps of the Caithness Coastal Survey, Caithness District, Highland Region, 1980-82. (Miss C Batey).
- 23. Draft report, drawing and photograph of rock carving at Westertown, Angus District, Tayside Region, 1978. (Mr G J Barclay).

The following items were copied while on temporary deposit

24. Volume of archaeological papers, with annotations, by Mr ${\tt J}$ M Corrie, 1912-34. (Miss P Corrie).

Medieval and Later

- 25. Site notes, plan and negatives of the excavation at Castle Street, Forfar, Angus District, Tayside Region, 1979. (Urban Archaeology Unit).
- 26. Sale particulars and plans of the Estate of Rowallan, Kilmarnock and Loudoun District, Stratholyde Region, March 1900. (Purchased).
- 27. Description of the ceiling of the Eight Winds over the staircase at the House of Falkland, North East Fife, Fife Region, by Andrew W Lyons, 1898. (Glasgow Archaeological Society per Glasgow Museum and Art Gallery).
- 28. Two albums comprising photographs, newspaper cuttings and samples relating to the Hebrides. Western Isles, 1950-63. (Miss W Shand).
- 29. A dissertation on the building history of Balcaskie House, North East Fife District, Fife Region, including measured sketch plans and details, 1983. (Mr D Cope).
- 30. Further reports on the excavations at the chapel and monastic site of Brough of Deerness, Orkney, 1975-79. (Mr C D Morris).
- 31. Report on a stone arch found at the corner of Watergate and Buttquoy Place, Kirkwail, Orkney, 1984. (Miss B Smith).
- 32. Notebooks and colour slides of the excavations at Freswick Castle, Caithness District, Highland Region, 1979. (Miss C Batey).
- 33. Two scrap books of newspaper cuttings compiled by the Ancient Monuments Department, Ministry of Works, relating to work carried out on ancient monuments and historic buildings between 1932-55. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Dr D J Breeze).
- 34. Research files, correspondence, photocopies of plans and list of the works of David Rhind, 1808-83. (Mr I Gow).
- 35. Excavation and specialist reports, context and matrix indexes, photographic record, plans and miscellaneous material of the excavation at Canal Street, Perth, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, 1978-9. (SUAT per Miss L Blanchard).

- 36. Draft reports, site notebooks, correspondence, plans, negatives and colour slides, relating to the excavation of cropmarks at Huntingtower, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, 1977. (Mr G J Barclay).
- 37. Further reports on the survey and excavation at the chapel and early Christian settlement at Brough of Birsay, Orkney, 1974-81. (VESAR project per Mr C D Morris).
- 38. Report and photographs of St Cathan's Well, Achamore, Gigha, Argyll and Bute District, Stratholyde Region, 1983. (Dr N Fojut).

The following items were copied while on temporary deposit

- 39. Sale catalogue of the Lands, Lordship and Barony of Fyvie, Banff and Buchan District, Grampian Region, 1885. The catalogue includes a set of floor plans by James Russel Mackenzie. (Sir Andrew Forbes Leith per Mr H Gordon Slade).
- 40. Surviving papers of the Edinburgh and Leith Master Painters Association including Minute Books, 1858-1911, and lists of standard prices. (Edinburgh and Leith Decorators Association).
- 41. Fragmentary specifications and contracts for Carlowrie Castle, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, 1848-54. (Mr and Mrs W M Marshall).

PRINTS AND DRAWINGS

Prehistoric and Roman

- 42. Plans, negatives and colour-slides of the Caithness Coastal Survey, 1982. (Miss C Batey).
- 43. Physical and distribution map of the Parish of Deerness, Orkney, relating to the survey of the parish of Deerness, by Mr K Steedman, 1982. (Miss C Batey).
- 44. Plans, negatives, colour prints and a report on the excavations at the chambered cairn at Tresness, Sanday, Orkney, by Miss B Smith, 1983. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Dr N Fojut).
- 45. Plans, photographs, notes and report on the excavation of long cists at Gullane, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, 1968. (Miss A. S. Henshall).
- 46. Plans, sitebooks, photographs, colour slides, card indexes, and draft reports of excavations of a henge and barrow at North Mains, Strathallan, 1979, and a cropmark site at Huntingtower, 1977, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region. A cairn at Pitcairn, North East Fife District, Fife Region, 1977, and a palisaded settlement at Myrehead, Falkirk District, Central Region, 1981-82. (CEU per Mr G J Barclay).
- 47. Plans of the settlement at Beachview, Orkney, 1978-80. (Miss C Batey).
- 48. Plans of the chambered cairn at Quanterness, Orkney, 1973-74. (Professor A C Renfrew).
- 49. Plans and report on the excavation of a disturbed inhumation at Stain, Keiss, Caithness District, Highland Region, 1983. (Miss C Batey).
- 50. Feature sheets, negatives, photographs, colour slides, site notebooks and

miscellaneous excavation material from the excavation of a cairn at Pitcairn, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region, 1977. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr G J Barclay).

51. Drawings prepared to illustrate publications on Jarlshof, 1956, and Clickhimin, 1968, Shetland, and articles on Medieval Floor Tiles and an Irish Millstone Cross, 1952-53. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr T Borthwick).

Medieval and Later

- 52. Plans, photographs, correspondence, colour slides and site notebooks from the excavations at Kelso Abbey, Roxburgh District, Borders Region, 1971 and 1975-76. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr C J Tabraham).
- 53. Two albums of pencil sketches of architectural subjects in Tayside Region by David M Walker, 1967, drawn as an aide-memoire for listing purposes. (Mr D M Walker).
- 54. Photographic copy of an estate plan of Greenbank House, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, including a vignette of plans and elevations of the house as existing. Surveyed by Robert Allason, junn., 1772. (National Trust for Scotland).
- 55. Dyeline copies of survey plans of C and A Modes, 33-38 Princes Street, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, designed by Messrs North and Partners in the late 1950s. (Leach Rhodes and Walker).
- 56. Ink perspective view of St Luke's Parish Church, East Fettes Avenue, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by P MacGregregor Chalmers, 1907. (General Trustees of the Church of Scotland).
- 57. Mid 19th-century lithographed plans and perspective view of Inchrye Abbey, North East Fife District, Fife Region, and a plan of the estate by R H Nimmo, lithographer. (Purchased).
- 58. A brown and wash drawing of Blackfriars Wynd by Daniel Somerville, 1825, and an unattributed pencil drawing of Portobello, 1841, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Purchased).
- 59. Dyeline with colour wash, of a perspective view from the south of the Gogarburn Institution, City of Edinburgh District. Lothian Region, by Stewart Kaye, c. 1930. (Purchased).
- 60. Plan of the choir of Iona Abbey, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, by Dr Honeyman, and two photographs of Iona Abbey, 1905. (Glasgow Archaeological Society per Glasgow Museum and Art Gallery).
- 61. Colour photographs of watercolours of Seton Church, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, and Stirling Castle, Stirling District, Central Region, by Peter de Wint, 1839, Mary Queen of Scots' Bedchamber at Holyroodhouse, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by his wife Harriet de Wint, 1839, and a view of Portree, Skye and Lochalsh District, Highland Region, attributed to Peter de Wint, 1845. (Mr R M Pryor).
- 62. Coloured exhibition panel for the proposed renovation of houses in Cathedral Street and The Cross, Dunkeld, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, by George Hay, 1954. A survey of Bank Street, Gafashiels, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, by John H Reid, 1963, together with a

series of mounted boards to illustrate different colour schemes intended for the elevations. (Mr J H Reid).

- 63. Collection of etchings, watercolours and prints of Scottish subjects by A H Mottram, 1920-35. (Purchased).
- 64. Coloured feuing plan for a new street at Dalkeith, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, by William Burn and David Bryce, 1848. (Purchased).
- 65. Plans for a farm steading at Glencorse Mains, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, by James Tait, builder, 1891. (Purchased).
- 66. Two pen and wash drawings of an elevation of a design for a country house, c. 1830. (Purchased).
- 67. Dyeline copies of a measured survey of Balcaskie House, North East Fife District, Fife Region, by D Cope, 1983. (Mr D Cope).
- 68. Six pencil and wash drawings including views of Greyfriars Church, Stirling, Stirling District, Central Region, and Falkland Palace, North East Fife District, Fife Region, by A N Paterson, 1880s. (Purchased).
- 69. Watercolour perspective for an addition to Dunrobin Castle, Sutherland District, Highland Region, c. 1840. (Purchased).
- 70. Drawings of small finds from the excavation at Kildruminy Castle, Gordon District, Grampian Region, by Dr Michael Apted, 1952-62. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr T Borthwick).
- 71. Plans, negatives, colour slides, day books, and draft and specialist reports of the excavation at lona Abbey, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, 1979. (CEU per Mr J W Barber).
- 72. Plans, negatives and colour slides of the excavation at St Mholuaidh Church, Europie, Lewis, Western Isles, 1977. (CEU per Mr J W Barber).
- 73. Plans, negatives, colour slides, draft reports and correspondence of the excavation of a cross-base at Kilnave Church, Islay, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, 1981. (CEU per Mr J W Barber).
- 74. Drawings and plans prepared for publication to illustrate articles on Scottish Medieval pottery and glass, 1969-74, including pottery found at Coldingham Priory, Berwickshire District, Borders Region, Glenluce Abbey, Wigtown District, Dunfries and Galloway Region, Innerpeffray Church, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, and Linlithgow Palace, West Lothian District, Lothian Region. (Ancient Monuments, SDD per Mr T Borthwick).
- 75. Drawing prepared for publication of a fragment of a stone-carving of early Christian date in the Cathedral Museum, St Andrews, North-East Fife District, Fife Region, 1976-77. (Ancient Monuments, SDD per Mr T Borthwick).
- 76. Drawings, negatives, photographs and site notebooks of the excavations at Dunfermline Abbey, Dunfermline District, Fife Region. (Mr G J Barclay).
- 77. Drawings prepared for publication, and negatives of St John's Cross, Iona, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, 1974. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr T Borthwick).

- 78. Drawings prepared for publication of an article on the excavations at Threave Castle, Kirkcudbright District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1974-78 and 1981. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr T Borthwick).
- 79. Dyeline copies of plans and elevations of Riddell House, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, prepared after a fire in 1948. (Aitken and Turnbull).
- 80. Plan of a Burying Ground under the East End of Glasgow Cathedral, Glasgow, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, by John Herbertson, junior, 1809. (Purchased).
- 81. Photostat negatives of Dean of Guild plans for the Tweedmouth Memorial Church, 1896, and the Nurses Home, Northern Infirmary, Inverness, Inverness District, Highland Region, by Ross and Macbeth, 1898, and the extension to the Infirmary by A Ross and Son, 1919. (Mr. E. Meldrum).
- 82. Five dyeline copies of plans for St Brycedale Free Church, Kirkcaldy, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region, by Matthews and Mackenzie. 1876. (Director of Planning, Kirkcaldy District Council).
- 83. Three sheets of a measured survey of Culross Palace, Dunfermline District, Fife Region, paper dated 1948. (Mr J Soutar).
- 84. Collection of plans for Gasworks in Scotland, including Millport, Cumbrae, Cunningham District, Strathclyde Region, 1914-57, Dunoon, Argyll and Bute. District, Strathclyde Region, 1928-66, Aberdeen, City of Aberdeen District, Grampian Region, 1913-60, and Newton Stewart, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1913-68. (Scottish Gas per Mr J Keith).
- 85. Eight drawings bound in a small folio for East Warriston House, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, prepared for Andrew Bonar, 3 August 1808. (Mrs 2 M Ashford).
- 86. Watercolour perspective view of the interior of Trinity Church of Scotland, Crown Street, Aberdeen, City of Aberdeen District, Grampian Region, showing the colour scheme for the redecoration of the church by Smith and Walton Ltd, 1950s. (Anon).
- 87. Plans for additions to Gartmore House, Stirling District, Central Region, by Thoms and Wilkie, 1910. (John H White Partnership per Historic Buildings Division, SDD).
- 88. Miscellaneous collection of plans, mostly for drainage and ventilation, for the Ferguslie Works, Paisley, Renfrew District, Strathclyde Region, 1950s. (Anon).
- 89. Exhibition drawing of Larkfield House, Trinity, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by Hippolyte Blanc, exhibited in the RSA in 1900. (Purchased).
- 90. Exhibition drawing of Abden House, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by Thomas Davies, c. 1880. (Purchased).
- 91. Sepia topographical view of the interior of Lady Glenorchy's Church, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by William Douglas, 1844. (Purchased).

92. Collection of drawings dating from the late 18th century to mid 19th century relating to Aldbar Castle and Estate, Angus District, Tayside Region, including plans for additions to the castle, designs for the garden and stables, and a design for a painted ceiling in the Drawing Room by Alexander Ross. (Purchased).

The following items were copied while on temporary deposit

- 93. Collection of drawings of buildings in Tain, Ross and Cromarty District, Highland Region, including plans for St Duthus Church, 1881, and the Carnegie Free Library, 1902, by A Maitland and Sons, and the Public Shambles, 1884. (Tain Museum per Mrs R Mackenzie).
- 94. Plans, elevations and section for the 1st Church of Christ Scientist, Inverleith Row, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by Ramsay Traquair, 1910.- (Building Control, City of Edinburgh District Council).
- 95. Five plans and elevations for an addition to Olrig House, Caithness District, Highland Region, by David Bryce, 1859. (Mr. J. Morris).
- 96. Collection of drawings relating to Arniston House, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, including plans for an addition by John Adam, c. 1762, late 18th-century designs for bridges near Purveshill, and plans for alterations to the Oak Room by David Cousin, 1861. A folio of estate plans including a plan of Arniston Enclosure by D Dundas, 1732, and unsigned plans of the estate for 1726 and 1791, and a plan of the estate of Braidwood, Temple, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, by James Turnbull, 1768. (Mrs A Dundas-Bekker per SRO).
- 97. Plans of the Lazaretto at Inverkeithing Ness, Dunfermline District, Fife Region, by James Craig, 1771, an elevation of the Melville Column, St Andrew Square, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by William Burn, 1820, and of a church proposed for the east end of Princes Street, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (City of Edinburgh District Council).
- 98. Folio of plans for Daniel Stewart's Hospital (School), City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by David Rhind, 1848. (The Merchant Company of Edinburgh).
- 99. Two colour-washed measured drawings of Traquair House, Tweeddale District, Borders Region, by R A C Simpson and K S Fox, 1928. (Mr James Simpson).
- 100. Pen and wash drawing of Barony House (Lasswade Cottage), Midlothian District, Lothian Region, attributed to John Clerk of Eldin, c. 1810, and a watercolour of the house as existing by P M Cran, c. 1912. (Sir John Clerk, Bt, per Simpson and Brown).
- 101. Pencil sketch of Cumstoun House, Stewartry District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by David Maitland of Dundrennan, before a fire in 1872. (Mrs Maitland).
- 102. Watercolour topographical view of Falside Castle, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, by Robert Sanderson, 1890. (Mr D J Black).
- 103. Two 19th-century lithographs of Cullen House and Delgatie Castle, Banff and Buchan District, Grampian Region. Printed by J Henderson, Banff. (Mr H M Colvin).

- 104. Bound volume of contract drawings for George Watson's Hospital, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, designed by William Adam, 1738. (The Company of Merchants of the City of Edinburgh).
- 105. 19th-century lithograph of Kennet House, Clackmannan District, Central Region, drawn by W Downing Bruce. (Miss K Richardson).
- 106. Three watercolour drawings of the drawing-room, dining-room and library, East Warriston House, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by Margaret C Bonar, painted between 1842 and 1850, and a photocopy of a rubbing of a footprint of W B (William Bonar), 1825, found on a roof tile. (Mrs Z M Ashford).
- 107. Collection of plans for Dumfries House, Cumnock and Doon Valley District, Strathclyde Region, including the Contract Drawings signed by John, Robert and James Adam, 1754, and plans for alterations and additions to the house, and a design for the garden, by Robert Weir Schultz, 1894-1905. (The Marquess of Bute per SRO).
- 108. Andrew Ednie collection comprising Student's drawings made while at the Rowand Anderson School of Applied Art, and Diploma drawings and fragmentary designs from his work as a furniture designer and decorator, <u>c.</u> 1895-1915. (Glasgow Museums and Art Galleries).
- 109. Plans of the Craigentinny Mausoleum, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by David Rhind, included in a Deed of Transfer, 1860. (Episcopal Church of Scotland).
- 110. Contract drawings for the Head Office of the Commercial Bank of Scotland, 14 George Street, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by David Rhind, 1846-50. (Dick Peddie and McKay).
- 111. Exhibition drawings of the Commercial Bank of Scotland, 14 George Street, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by David Rhind, <u>c.</u> 1848. (Royal Bank of Scotland).
- 112. Early 19th-century topographical view of Elphinstone Tower, Dunmore, Falkirk District, Central Region. (The Earl of Dunmore per Simpson and Brown).
- 113. Drawings of designs for Dougalstoun House, Bearsden and Milngavic District, Strathclyde Region, by John Burnet, 1873, and John Baird and James Thomson, 1875. (Strathclyde Regional Archives per SRO).

PHOTOGRAPHS

Prehistoric and Roman

- 114. Colour slide of an aerial view of the broch at Suisgill, Sutherland District, Highland Region, taken in 1982. (CEU per Mr M Brooks).
- 115. Colour slides of the excavation at the chapel at Deerness, Orkney, 1975-79. (Miss C Batey).
- 116. Negatives of the excavation of the fort at Cairngryffe Hill, Crawford, Clydesdale District, Strathclyde Region, by V G Childe, 1939. (Institute of Archaeology, University of London).
- 117. Photographs and drawings of the finds from the excavation at the Brough of

- Birsay, Orkney, excavated by Mrs C Curle, 1937-80. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr T Borthwick).
- 118. Colour slides of the excavation of a standing stone at Ballymeanoch, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, 1977. (CEU per Mr J W Barber).
- 139. Negatives, photographs and colour slides of the excavation of a cist at Ruchlaw Mains, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, 1981. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr P J Ashmore).
- 120. Negatives, photographs, colour slides and draft report of the excavation of a cup-and-ring marked standing stone at Newbigging, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, 1981. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr G J Barclay).
- 121. Colour slides and computer plotted plans of the landscape complex at Tofts Ness, Sanday, Orkney, 1983. (Mr S J Dockrill).
- 122. Further negatives and aerial photographs of surveys at Skaill, Sandwick, Orkney, 1977-78 and 1982. (Mr C D Morris).
- 123. Aerial photographs of sites in the west of Scotland, 1983. (Dr W G Hanson).
- 124. Aerial photographs of Scottish sites by J K St Joseph. (Royal Commission on Historic Monuments, England).

Medieval and Later

- 125. Early 20th-century photograph of a Jubilee or Coronation arch at the west end of Princes Street, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Purchased).
- 126. Thirty glass slides dating from the 1860s of subjects in Fife and Kinross, including views of the Schoolhouse, Guardbridge, North East Fife District, Fife Region. (Mrs D Lye).
- 127. Albums of negatives of buildings in Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, dating from 1926-30. (Purchased).
- 128. Negatives taken by Sir John Summerson recording his visit as a journalist with The Architect and Building News to the preview of the 1938 Glasgow Exhibition in Bellahouston Park, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region. (Sir John Summerson per Mr Neil Baxter).
- 129. Six photographs of Balwearie Mill, Datic Mill and Hole Mill, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region, 1950s. (The late Mr A Kidd per Professor Gordon Donaldson).
- 130. Six colour photographs of Burnbank School, 50 Anderson Street, City of Glasgow District, Stratholyde Region, taken before and after the fire which destroyed the building in August 1983. (Ian Robertson and Partners).
- 131. 19th-century collotype photograph of Edinburgh Castle, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Mr Neil Bonham per Mr D McLees).
- 132. Collection of glass slides of sites in the Hebrides, Western Isles, including the Islands of Barra and St Kilda, c. 1930. (Miss W A Shand).
- 133. Late 19th-century glass negatives of the interior of Darnick Tower,

- Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region. (Mr W G Scott).
- 134. Seven late 19th-century glass slides by George Washington Wilson of views of Lamlash and Whiting Bay, Arran, and Millport, Cumbrae, Cunninghame District. Strathclyde Region. (Anon).
- 135. Eleven boxes of early 20th-century glass negatives taken by Alex A Inglis, Edinburgh, including views of the interior of Holyroodhouse, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, and of buildings designed by Sir Robert Lorimer and Leslie Grahame-MacDougall. (Purchased).
- 136. Three photographs of Fetteresso Castle, Kincardine and Deeside District, Grampian Region, c. 1900. (Purchased).
- 137. Two photographs of Inveresk Village, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, c. 1910. (Miss Renton).
- 138. Collection of photographs of Dryburgh Abbey and Melrose Abbey, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, taken at the time the buildings were taken into guardianship, c. 1920. (Mr H Gordon-Slade).
- 139. Photographs of general views of Glencoe and Oban, Argyll District, Strathclyde Region, c. 1880. (Carnegie Library, Ayr).
- 140. Seven colour prints of the Café Royal, West Register Street, Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, 1970s. (Mr A Monteath).
- 141. Album of late 19th-century photographs taken by Valentine of Dundee, including general views of Auchterarder, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, North Berwick, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, and Kirkcaldy, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region. (Archive Department, Central Regional Archives).
- 142. Nine sepia photographs of a set of twenty-three photographs of College Wynd, Hastie's Wynd, Horse Wynd, and the Gaelic Chapel, Argyle Square, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, photographed during demolition prior to the formation of Chambers Street in 1872. (Purchased).
- 143. Fourteen sepia photographs, completing the set of twenty-three photographs (see previous entry), of the College Wynd area, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, taken for Sir William Chambers, <u>c.</u> 1872. (Mr A S Chambers per Mr D Shackleton).
- 144. Album of late 19th-century photographs, mostly by George Washington Wilson, of buildings on the Duke of Sutherland's estates, including Loch More Lodge, Lochinver Village and the Culag Hotel, Scourie Lodge and Dunrobin Castle, Sutherland District, Highland Region. (Purchased).
- 145. Negatives, photographs, colour slides and draft reports of the excavation of an 18th-century corn-drying kiln at Barbush, Stirling District, Central Region, 1981. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Mr G J Barclay).
- 146. Negatives, photographs, drawings and site notebooks of the excavation at Lochmaben Castle, Nithsdale District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1968-72. (Mr A D 5 MacDonald and Mr L R Laing per Mr C J Tabraham).
- 147. Miscellaneous collection of glass slides made for lectures by Stewart Cruden, including views of Iona Abbey, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde

- Region, and Brough of Deerness, and Skara Brae, Orkney. (Ancient Monuments, SDD, per Dr D J Breeze).
- 148. Collection of colour slides of buildings in Borders Region, 1970s. (Mr B Tait per Mr R Scott).
- 149. Photographs of the roof details of Ansteads, Midlem, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, 1937, taken before and after renovation. (Mr C J Tabraham).
- 150. Collection of photographs including views of Somerville Street, Burntisland, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region, before and after redevelopment in 1959. (Dr Andor Gomme).
- 151. Two late 19th-century stereoscopic photographs of Holyroodhouse, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Purchased).
- 152. Photographs of Strathyre Station, Stirling District, Central Region, and Munro's Knitwear Factory, Restairig, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, c. 1900.
- 153. Miscellaneous collection of 19th-century photographs including views of Dunbar Castle, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, Balmoral Castle, Kincardine and Deeside District, Grampian Region, and a photographic montage of the Market Cross, High Street, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, superimposed against a photograph of the Edinburgh City Chambers. (Purchased).
- 154. Volume of photographs illustrating the work of William Williamson, architect in Kirkcaldy, born (871, including views of the Burgh Buildings, Station Hotel and The Croft, Kirkcaldy, Kirkcaldy District, Fife Region. (Purchased).
- 155. Album of late 19th-century photographs mostly by George Washington Wilson and Valentine of Dundee, including views of Stranzaer, Wigtown District, Moffat, Annandale and Eskdale District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, and the Observatory, Ben Nevis, Lochaber District, Highland Region, 1885. (Purchased).
- 156. Late 19th-century photographs of Redhall House, and the Building Store at Leith Docks, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Purchased).
- 157. Two negatives and prints of Garscadden House and Gateway, Glasgow, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, 1903. (Mrs R Fyfe per National Monuments Record, England).
- 158. Two copy photographs of George Heriot's Hospital, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, and St Andrew's Cathedral, St Andrews, North-East Fife District, Fife Region, by Henry Fox Talbot, c. 1844. (Christies).
- 159. Two postcards of Cruggleton Church and the sculptured stones at Whithorn Priory, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1920s. (Mr G Stell).

The following items have been copied while on temporary deposit

160. Late 19th-century photographs of the house and garden at Lawrence Park, Falkirk District, Central Region. (Mrs 3 Newell).

- 161. Photograph of Kilgraston House, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, taken after the fire in April 1872, when the house was being gutted for rebuilding. (Sister Healy).
- 162. Two late 19th-century albums containing photographs of country houses in Dumfries and Galloway Region, including exterior and interior views of Cumstoun House, Wigtown District. (Mrs Maitland of Cumstoun).
- 163. Six photographs of the exterior and interior of Old St Paul's Episcopal Church, Aberdeen, City of Aberdeen District, Grampian Region, taken before demolition in 1866. (The Diocesan Office of Aberdeen per Mr T Clarke).
- 164. 19th-century photographs of Failford Mill and Village, Kyle and Carrick District, Strathclyde Region. (Carnegie Library, Ayr).
- 165. Photographs of the exterior of East Warriston House and garden, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, 1927. (Mrs Z M Ashford).
- 166. Thirteen photographs of Inversilort House and Glenshian House, Lochaber District, Highland Region, c. 1900. (Mr I Thornber).
- 167. Album of photographs of Morningside and District, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, taken by Edgar Evans, David Deuchar and others, c. 1900. (Mr Peter Carmichael).
- 168. Postcard of Cairnbaan Store, Cairnbaan, Argyll District, Stratholyde Region, 1905. (Mr G Stell).
- 169. Five 19th-century stereoscopic photographs of Oban, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, Inverness, Inverness District, and Cromarty Lighthouse, Ross and Cromarty District, Highland Region. (Purchased).
- 170. Miscellaneous late 19th- and early 20th-century photographs of Kincardine-on-Forth, Dunfermline District, Fife Region. (Kincardine-on-Forth Local History Society).

A Scottish Bibliography for 1984

This section has been compiled by Anne O'Connor and D.V. Clarke

GENERAL

British Archaeological Abstracts

- London, 1984 Counc Brit Archaeol, £15

Council for British Archaeology Report no. 34 London, 1984 Counc Brit Archaeol, £3.75

Newsletter and Calendar of Excavations London, 1984 Counc Brit Archaeol, £5.50

Bibliography of Scotland, 1982

- Edinburgh, 1983 Nat Lib Scot, £10

List of articles on Scottish history published in 1983 Graham, T W Scot Hist Rev 63(2), 1984, 174-83

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Morgan, R Reading, 1984 Reading Univ Inst Agric Hist/Brit Agric Hist Soc, £5

The special collections in Aberdeen University Library Anderson-Smith, M Aberdeen Univ Rev 50(3), 1984, 265-87

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National Museum of Antiquities of Scotland : 29th report by the Board of Trustees 1982-83

Edinburgh, 1984 HMSO, £4.80

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Cheape, H et al Edinburgh, 1984 Nat Mus Antiq Scot/HMSO, £5.95

Developing the National Museum Country Life Archive Fenton, A Scot Mus News, Feb-March 1984, 2-3

The historical influences on an agricultural museum
Cheape, H Acta Museurum Agriculturae, 17(1-2), 1983-84, 21-30

The Burrell Collection
- Scot Art Rev, 16(1), 1984

Ancient Monuments Board for Scotland. 30th Annual report. 1983
- Edinburgh, 1984 HMSO, £1.75

Historic Building Council for Scotland. Report for 1982-83
- Edinburgh, 1984 HMSO, £6.15

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CONTRIBUTORS to this issue of DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND are listed below. Comments or queries should be addressed to the contributors.

Affleck, T, The Old Bank House, Moniaive, Dumfries

Allan, M. 127 Broomhill Rd, Aberdeen

Archer, E. 18 Hope St. Lanark

Barber, J, SDD(AM) - CEU

Parclay, G J, SDD(AM)

Barneston, L, c/o Peltenburg

Batey, C, Dept of Archaeology, University of Durham

Bell, B, NoSAS

Bowler, D, SUAT

Brabin, M, School House, Stoke-in-Teignhead, Newton Abbot, Devon

Brooks, M. SDD(AM) - CEU

Brown, M. c/o Archer

Carmichael, Mrs S. Torranbeag, Ford, Argyll

Clark, A, NMAS - Artefact Unit

Connock, K D, Tir-nan-Og, Taynuilt, Argyll

Collinson, E, c/o Ponting

Cormack, W F, 16 Dryffe Rd, Lockerbie, Dumfries

Cramp, Prof R, Dept of Archaeology, University of Durham

Cunningham, R, Cowar, Dalbeattie

Curtis, G R, 4 Braid Mount Rise, Edinburgh

Davidson, M, c/o Ralston

Devereux, D F, Falkirk Museum, 15 Orchard St, Falkirk

Douglas, Mrs M, Ulva Primary School, Ulva Ferry, Mull

Ewart, G J, SDD(AM)

Fane Gladwin, P. Braigh Varr, Minard, Argyll

Gibson, A, SDD(AM) - CEU

Greig, Mrs M, SDD(AM)

Hay, J, c/o Inglis J

Hall, D, SUAT

Hill, P, SDD(AM) - CEU

Holmes, N, Lady Stair's House Museum, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh

Hoy, C, c/o Storbridge

Hunt, C, Anthropological Museum, University of Aberdeen

Inglis, J, c/o Greig, M

Johnstone, A, 7 Glasgow Rd, Kilmarnock

Jones, Prof G B D, c/o Keillor

Jones, L. c/o Ponting

Kahane, Mrs A, Kilchoan Lodge, Polltalloch, Kilmartin

Keillor, I, 80 Duncan Drive, Elgin

Keppie, L J F, Hunterian Museum, University of Glasgow

Kerr, J B, SUAT

Lewis, J H, SDD(AM)

Lindsay, W. SDD(AM)

Lonie, W, 11 Dean Pl, Newstead

Love, P, SDD(AM)

Lowe, C. Dept of Archaeology, University of Durham

Lynn, D S, NoSAS

McCullagh, R, SDD(AM) - CEU

MacFadzean, H, M & D, 11 Dunster Rd, Causewayhead, Stirling

MacBrien, J, SUAT

MacRae, M, c/o Ponting
Main, L, Planning Dept, Central Regional Council, Stirling
Marshall, I, 20 Calderwood Rd, Rutherglen
Martin, C, Maritime Archaeology, University of St Andrews
Marwick, J, Rousay, Egilsay & Wyre Community Council, Orkney
Maxwell, G, RCAHMS
Mechan, G, 25 Cedar Rd, Broughty Ferry
Mitchell, K L, c/o Strobridge
Moffat, A, Torbreck, Ford, Argyll
Morris, R, Quarter, Carruth Drive, Kilmacolm

NMAS - Artefact Unit, 5 Coates Place, Edinburgh NoSAS, Nisthouse, Harray, Orkney Newall F 21 Ranfunky Rd Bridge of Wair

Newall, F, 21 Ranfurly Rd, Bridge of Weir

Morton, I, Flat 4, Blarbuie Rd, Lochgilphead

Patterson, E M, 25 Caldwell Rd, W Kilbride
Peltenburg, E, Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh
Ponting, M, Olcote, New Park, Callanish, Lewis
Proudfoot, E, Fife Archaeological Index, University of St Andrews
Purvis, I W, Tornaveen, Clachan, by Tarbert

RCAHMS, 54 Melville St, Edinburgh
Ralston, I, Dept of Geography, University of Aberdeen
Reid, A G, Museum & Art Gallery, George St, Perth
Rennie, Miss_LE, Upper Netherby, Kirn, Dunoon
Rideout, J, SDD(AM) - CEU
Ross, D W, SDD(AM)
Ross, L, SUAT
Russell, T, c/o Newall
Ross, P, S & E, c/o Main

St Joseph, J K, c/o Maxwell

SDD(AM), 3-11 Melville St, Edinburgh
SDD(AM) - CEU, 3-11 Melville St, Edinburgh
Shepherd, A N, SDD(AM)
Shepherd, I A G, Dept of Planning, Woodhill Ho, Ashgrove Rd, W Aberdeen
Sabine, K, c/o Ralston
Sherriff, J, Montrose Museum
Sharples, N, NMAS - Artefact Unit
Sinclair, H, c/o Newall
Sneddon, J, c/o Ralston
Steele, G F, Queen Mother Library, University of Aberdeen
Stewart, M, 4 Dupplin Terrace, Perth
Strobridge, J, Edin Arch Field Soc, 59 Melville St, Edinburgh
SUAT, 4 Kinnoull St, Perth

Topping, P & S, Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh Turner, M, c/o Peltenburg Thoms, L M, Art Gallery & Museum, Albert Sq, Dundee

Walker, J, c/o Keppie
Ward, T, 4 James Sq, Biggar
Watkins, T, Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh
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