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Project: River Wey Flood Plain Replacement Scheme

Title: Archaeological Desk-Based Study

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M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY
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M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY

1. INTRODUCTION

Amenity bunds are proposed as part of the M25 widening work between junctions 10 and 11. The bund on the floodplain of the River Wey will reduce the capacity of the floodplain to store floodwater and it is therefore proposed to lower locally the level of the floodplain to restore the loss of the storage capacity (see Figs. 1 and 3). These works are termed collectively "the proposed scheme" in the present report.

Construction of the proposed replacement areas will entail the removal of the natural floodplain alluvium and any archaeological remains that it may contain to a depth about 1.6m below the present ground level over an area of approximately 2 hectares. The bund will cover areas of undisturbed floodplain. The Department of Transport (DoT) have asked WS Atkins Consultants Ltd (WSA) to carry out a detailed assessment of the archaeological impact of the proposed Scheme. This report is a Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment as described in DoT Design Manual for Roads and Bridges 1993, Volume II, Section 3, Part 2. Historic buildings have not been considered as they have been addressed in previous reports prepared by WSA.

2. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The objective of the report is to present the findings of the archaeological desk-based study. It aims, where possible, were,

- to investigate, using existing documentary and cartographic information, the archaeological potential of the site of the proposed Scheme.

- to use the information collated to assess the impact of the proposed Scheme on any known or potential archaeological remains.
- to make recommendations based on the results of the study for further investigation which may be required to assess more fully the archaeological potential of the site and the impact of the proposed Scheme.

3. SITE LOCATION

The site of the proposed Scheme lies in the parish of Byfleet in Surrey. It occupies approximately 2 hectares of land on the west side of the M25 between junctions 10 and 11, about 0.5km north of the sewage works at Wisley. The site is situated between Murray's Bridge and Broad Ditch which is the former course of the River Wey (see Figs. 1 & 2).

4. METHODOLOGY

This study has reviewed historical, documentary, cartographic and photographic evidence concerning the area to be affected by the proposed Scheme, and in order to place the archaeology in its local context, it was necessary for the study to cover a wider area than the actual site itself which only covers approximately two hectares of land (see Fig. 2).

An assessment was made of the known archaeology of the area by examining existing archaeological information, principally the Sites and Monuments Record (SMR) for the County of Surrey held at (SCC's) offices in Kingston-Upon-Thames and entries in the National Archaeological Record (NAR) from the Royal Commission on the Historical Monuments of England (RCHME).

Historical maps were consulted at the Surrey Record Office, who hold large scale (25 inches to one mile) Ordnance Survey maps going back to the second edition published in 1896. They also hold the 1841 tithe map of the parish of Byfleet.

Background studies of the history and archaeology of the area were carried out at the Surrey Record Office by consulting the Victoria County History (VCH) for Surrey, the Surrey Archaeological Collections, (SyAC, the journal of the Surrey Archaeological Society) and information on the parish of Byfleet in books and pamphlets.

Aerial photographs were viewed at the RCHME offices in Swindon. Due to time constraints for the work only the oblique photographs were examined as it was not possible to obtain the vertical photographic coverage in time. Cropmarks were identified on the aerial photographs that are not recorded on the SMR or NAR.

A preliminary walk-over survey was conducted to look for any obvious archaeological features and Made Ground in the field where the proposed Scheme is situated. A note was made of any visible services in the field which include overhead power cables, a sewer with a manhole cover and troughs fed by piped water. The walk-over survey was carried out in January 1994, following a period of flooding, in very wet and far from ideal conditions.

For each archaeological site or find spot a site record sheet has been prepared which records the basic information about the site or find (see Appendix A). The location of the known archaeological sites and finds have been plotted on a 1:10,000 map as Fig. 2.

The report includes assessments of the archaeological potential of the site and preliminary assessment of the impact of the Scheme on any archaeological remains present. Recommendations are made for further work.

The preliminary results of the study and recommendations for further work were discussed with Surrey County Council's County Archaeologist (Dr D G Bird) during the drafting of this report.

5. GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY

The proposed Scheme lies on the floodplain of the River Wey. The land is relatively flat and is subject to flooding. At present the field in which the proposed Scheme is situated is grassed and used as pasture for horses. The field contains trees which appear to be the remains of former field boundaries.

The Geological Survey of Great Britain's geological map for Surrey, (sheet 285) and the British Regional Geology for London and the Thames Valley indicate that the geology of the site comprises Recent Alluvium, possibly underlain by river gravels. The floodplain is bounded immediately to the north of the site by the Taplow Terrace river gravels and at a somewhat greater distance to the south by a lower terrace of River Gravel.

Borehole and trial pit logs from ground investigations for the original construction of the M25 and its for proposed widening indicate that at the northern end of the site of the proposed Scheme Made Ground overlying the Alluvium. The landowner, Mrs McIntyre, informed WSA that the Made Ground is the remains of a burnt down and demolished factory that was dumped in the field in the late 1950's.

6. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

Prehistoric Period

Modern man arrived in Britain about 40,000 years ago bringing with him a range of flint tools marking the start of the Upper Palaeolithic period. As in most of Britain, evidence of Upper Palaeolithic hunter-gatherers in Surrey comes from only a small number isolated finds of flintwork (Ellaby, 1987). A late Palaeolithic flint point was found at Church Road in Byfleet (WSA Site No. 2).

Hunter-gatherers of the succeeding of the Mesolithic period (10,000 to 4,000 BC) appear to have had some sort of semi-permanent occupation in Surrey. Their settlements appear to have been concentrated on well drained sand and gravel sites

with a source of water nearby (Ellaby, 1987). Therefore it is not surprising that a Mesolithic axe (WSA Site No. 22) was found close to Broad Ditch, the former course of the River Wey. It has to be remembered, however, that sites of this period on the gravel terraces that may have been eroded or submerged beneath Alluvium (Ellaby, 1987).

The Neolithic is distinguished from the Mesolithic by the change of economy from hunting and gathering to farming and a settled way of life. Neolithic flints and pottery have been recovered adjacent to the River Wey at the Wisley Sewage Works and on the opposite bank (WSA Sites No. 4 & 15). The archaeological evidence for the Neolithic period (4000-1800 BC) in Surrey is described by Field & Cotton (1987) as rather disappointing, there being only a few field monuments or excavated sites of significance. However, an important assemblage of Neolithic settlement and ritual (religious) sites has been recently recognised in NW Surrey, only a few kms north of the present area of interest. These sites include henge monuments at Walton on Thames & Staines (possibly two in number), a cursus with a possible henge monument near Heathrow and a number of settlements.

Information on for the Bronze Age (1800-700 BC) in Surrey, as in the Neolithic, is mainly from stray artefact finds. However, the range of artefact types is increased by the introduction of bronze metallurgy, an expansion of potting traditions and elaborate flint and stone working (Needham, 1987). A few sites of mid to late Bronze Age date occur in the lower Wey valley. The late Bronze Age offers more substantial evidence for settlement with sites situated along the river, for example at Byfleet a small group of domestic material including pottery and loomweights was found (WSA Site No. 34).

The fortified enclosure of settlements by earthworks and the introduction of the use of iron are major features of the Iron Age (Hanworth, 1987). Occupation of the Wey valley in the Iron Age is indicated by pottery and settlement on the site of Wisley Sewage Works (Needham, 1987), (WSA Site No. 2).

It is clear that prehistoric settlements in the area was concentrated on the dryer and lighter soils of the various river terraces of the Thames and its tributaries, such as the Wey. This trend continues into the following Romano-British period.

Romano-British Period

There are probably more Romano-British sites on the Surrey county Sites and Monuments Record than for any other period. Despite this, little is known about many aspects of the period in Surrey as the evidence is biased towards towns, villas and roads which distort the picture considerably. Within the framework provided by the new Roman towns and roads, life in the countryside probably continued much as it did in the preceding Iron Age (Bird, 1987). The parish of Byfleet was located between two major Roman roads (London to Silchester and London to Chichester) and Cook (1993) suggest that this may account for the comparative lack of remains compared to other areas.

Anglo-Saxon Period

Anglo-Saxon settlement in Surrey began in the earlier part of the 5th century AD but it was not until well on into the 6th century that it extended beyond a limited area in the north of the county (Poulton, 1987). The Anglo-Saxon place name Biflet (Byfleet) means "by the stream" (Cook, 1993). The earliest documentary reference to the area is dated to 727 AD when Frithwald a local ruler under the king of Mercia granted the manor of Byfleet to Chertsey Abbey (VCH, 1911). One of the last acts of Edward the Confessor in 1066 AD was to bestow the crown lands of Windsor (including Byfleet) to the Abbey of Westminster (Stevens, 1953), the land being worth four pounds and had a church and mill on it (Domesday Book, cited by VCH, 1911).

Medieval Period

William the Conqueror acquired the crown lands of Windsor (including Byfleet) by an exchange of land with the Abbey of Westminster. Stevens (1953) states Byfleet Manor became a royal manor and hunting lodge and remained so for the next 750

years. The land attached to the manor house (WSA Site No. 11) became known as Byfleet Park (VCH, 1911). The area remained rural throughout this period, with small villages such as Byfleet and Wisley, each of which has a medieval church.

Post Medieval Period

The Wey Navigation was opened in 1653 (VCH, 1911). Its route follows the edge of the Taplow Terrace some 100m west of the site of the Scheme. By this time Byfleet was completely farmed, most of the land being arable though large stretches of common land remained. This layout was altered by the eighteenth and nineteenth century enclosures by which common rights were abolished and land not already enclosed was parcelled out among the existing landowners (Cook, 1993). By the end of the nineteenth century urban growth started to develop in Byfleet, but did not affect the site of the proposed Scheme which is today essentially rural.

7. SUMMARY OF THE ARCHAEOLOGY OF THE STUDY AREA

Thirty-seven archaeological sites and find spots have been identified in the area around the site of the proposed Scheme, ranging from the late Palaeolithic up to the nineteenth century (see Fig. 2). These are summarised in the following paragraphs: fuller details are given on the site record sheets in Appendix A.

The earliest evidence of man's presence in the Byfleet area comes from a late Palaeolithic flint found on Brewey Lane in Byfleet (WSA site No. 19). Two Mesolithic finds have been made. Flint cores were found on high ground at Clearmont (WSA site No. 24) and more significantly a nine centimetre long flint tranche axe was found close to Broad Ditch immediately adjacent to the site of the proposed Scheme (WSA site No. 22).

For the Neolithic period, once again individual artefacts are the main evidence for occupation in the area. Flint and stone implements were found on the east bank of the River Wey opposite the Wisley Sewage Works (WSA Site No. 4). A flint leaf shaped arrowhead was during gardening by the wall of St Mary's Church, Byfleet

(WSA Site No. 18) and a flint scraper was found in the rear-garden of a house on Hart Road, Byfleet (WSA Site No. 33). Neolithic pottery has also been found on the site of the Wisley Sewage Works (WSA Site No. 15).

Bronze Age pottery, a loomweight and some stone blocks, representing domestic type material were found on a market garden located between Sanway Road, Byfleet and the M25 (WSA Site No. 34). It is also thought that there was a Bronze Age phase of occupation of the settlement site at Wisley Sewage Works which was later occupied in the Iron Age (WSA Site No. 2).

Both the Scheduled Ancient Monuments within the study area are thought to be Bronze Age: the bell barrow (WSA Site No. 7) on Cockcrow Hill, Wisley and the nearby bowl barrow (WSA Site No. 8). About 50m to the north of these two barrows there is a mound in an area of old gravel workings, which may possibly be a third barrow (WSA Site No. 6).

The settlement site found in 1923 during the construction of filter beds at Wisley Sewage Works (WSA Site No. 2 and 15) appears to have had not only a Neolithic and Bronze Age date but Iron Age as well: the main period of Iron Age occupation is thought to have probably been between 150 to 50 BC. A bronze artefact of first century BC (Iron Age) date was discovered during the laying of a sewer in 1937 along Winern Glebe, Byfleet (WSA Site No. 14).

In addition to these dated prehistoric finds there are several other finds that could possibly be prehistoric, but whose dating is uncertain. Pottery described only as prehistoric was found on the east bank of the River Wey opposite the Wisley Sewage Works (WSA Site No. 16). It is also possible that a dug-out canoe found in the old bed of the River Wey about 1.5km downstream of the site of the proposed Scheme could be of prehistoric date (WSA Site No. 3).

Despite the lack of known Roman roads and farms, there is more evidence for this period than any preceding it. A Roman pottery kiln was destroyed during the enlargement of Wisley Sewage Works in 1904 (WSA Site No. 1). Also in Wisley,

a Roman cremation in an urn with two empty accessory vessels was found on a bed of charcoal in a mound, near which were four cremation pits containing charcoal and burnt human bone (WSA Site No. 5). On the east side of the M25 close to the site of the proposed Scheme sand digging to the south of Byfleet Rectory revealed a small Romano-British occupation site of first century AD date (WSA Site No. 9). The material found consisted solely of pottery, burnt flints (pot boilers) and charcoal found in a series of rubbish pits. Though of Roman date the evidence is of a native (Romano-British) settlement little affected by Romanisation. Pottery from this period was found with some iron slag on the east bank of the River Wey opposite Wisley Sewage Works (WSA Site No. 36).

The later Roman period is represented by coin finds. In Byfleet (Site No. WSA 14), sixteen coins dating between AD 238 - 378 and two fragments of pottery lamp were found during sewer laying in 1937. A coin minted in Rome (AD 241 - 243) was found on a path near Wisley Sewage Works (WSA Site No. 20) and a late third century AD coin minted in Alexandria was found on the bank of the River Wey (WSA Site No. 21).

A medieval settlement east of Wisley Sewage Works was excavated in 1978 (WSA Site No. 17). The evidence consisted of occupation features, a hearth, ditch, floor surface and pottery. Shell tempered pottery from the site was dated to the eleventh century and other finds were dated to the twelfth to fourteenth centuries. Medieval pottery was also found close to a building called pheasants or pleasants adjacent to the M25 northeast of Wisley village (WSA Site No. 35). There are medieval churches in Wisley (WSA Site No. 32) and in Byfleet (WSA Site No. 10). Byfleet Manor House (WSA Site No. 11) is medieval in origin but the present building was constructed in the 17th century.

Mrs McIntyre, the present landowner has informed WSA that about four years ago during the construction of a sewer across the field in which the proposed Scheme is located, workmen came across pieces of old worked wood close to Broad Ditch (WSA Site No. 37). The pieces were inspected by Ann Watson from the Surrey Archaeological Society who thought they may have been from a prehistoric sluice

gate. However, subsequent radiocarbon dating has shown the wood to be of Saxon date (Pers Comm. Dr D G Bird, County Archaeologist). Although definitely not brush wood, the pieces could be driftwood that floated downstream to this spot.

A number of post-medieval buildings that are no longer standing have been identified from Ordnance Survey maps in the immediate vicinity of the site of the proposed Scheme. Close to the site of the proposed Scheme, (WSA Site No. 31) is a complex of (? farm) buildings which OS maps show were demolished sometime between 1870 and 1912 (see Figs. 5 and 6). This site is now covered by the M25. A building called Hollybush (WSA Site No. 30) is shown by the Ordnance Survey maps to have been constructed between 1870 and 1912. The site of the building is within a field recorded as Hollybush Meadow in 1841 (see Fig. 7) and is at the the boundary of the site of the proposed Scheme. WSA's visit to the site in January 1993 showed that it is no longer standing: it was demolished sometime after 1934 (see Fig. 4).

Five sites were identified as cropmarks on aerial photographs held by RCHME. On either side of Dodd's Lane on the west side of the Wey Navigation (WSA Site No. 25 A & B) linear cropmarks were visible possibly forming a ditched enclosure or field system. A U-shaped cropmark visible close to Broad Ditch (WSA Site No. 26) could well be part of an old river channel. Linear cropmarks (WSA Site No. 27) aligned northeast/southwest is visible close to the site of the Scheme. Linear cropmarks were also visible on the east bank of the River Wey opposite Wisley Sewage works (WSA Site No. 28). It was also possible to see, as cropmarks, the foundations of a building in the Recreation Ground, Byfleet (WSA Site No. 29).

Two pieces of wood were recovered from the River Wey during construction of the M25 (WSA Site No. 23). One piece was a stake with notches, the other was a piece tree trunk which appeared to have been deliberately split down the middle. Both pieces had evidently been buried for some time, but no firm dating was possible.

8. PRESENT CONDITION OF THE SITE

The reconnaissance walkover survey of the field in which the proposed Scheme is located revealed that it is currently grassed and used as pasture for the grazing of horses. Due to exceptionally heavy rainfall and its low lying nature the ground surface was extremely soft with pools of water up to about 300mm deep, which were the remains of recent flooding. At the northern end of the field there are two troughs fed by piped water, a manhole cover for a sewer and overhead electricity cables supported on pylon (see Fig. 3).

Within the field it was possible to see the remains of former field boundaries which survive as very low banks with occasional mature trees. These boundaries correspond to those shown on the old Ordnance Survey maps (see Figs. 4 to 6) and the Byfleet tithe map of 1841 (see Fig. 7) on which they appear to be the boundaries of the fields labelled 59, 60 and 61. The names of the fields at or adjacent to the site of the proposed Scheme are recorded in the Apportionment of Rent Charge in Lieu of Tithes in the parish of Byfleet in the County of Surrey (the tithe award) as Hollybush Meadow (58) Little Wet Meadow (59), Wet Meadow (60), Wet Meadow (61) and Merry Worth (76). The site has retained its wet character to the present day as shown by the patches of reeds currently growing in the field.

An area of Made Ground is present in the northern part of the field in which the Scheme is located (see Fig 3). It appears to comprise the imported remains of a demolished factory and form a deposit some 1 to 2m thick placed on the original ground surface of the floodplain.

9. ASSESSMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL POTENTIAL OF THE SITE

Within the immediate vicinity of the site of the proposed Scheme there are a significant number of archaeological sites and findspots which suggest that the area has been occupied by man, albeit to varying degrees, since the late Palaeolithic. No major discoveries have been made actually on the site of the proposed Scheme. However there have been a number of important finds immediately adjacent to the site

which suggest that the potential for the occurrence of archaeological remains is quite high.

A Mesolithic flint axe (WSA Site No.22) was found adjacent to the small area that will be lowered to replace the floodplain (see Fig. 2). Although in the majority of cases Mesolithic sites in Surrey are situated on well drained soils, it is possible that the Alluvium at the site could conceal or contain a Mesolithic remains.

Close to site of the scheme but now on the east side of the M25, evidence of Romano-British occupation was uncovered during sand digging in the 1930's (WSA Site No. 9). The full extent of the site is not known but there is the possibility that it could have continued to the west beneath the M25. This means that some of it could have survived to the west side of the motorway.

Mrs McIntyre, the landowner, informed WSA that during the installation of a sewer about four years ago workmen recovered pieces of worked waterlogged wood (WSA Site No. 37). They were later radiocarbon dated to the Saxon Period. The survival of this wood and other examples nearby, including the dug-out canoe(s) 1.5km downstream (WSA Site No. 3) indicates that there is a high potential for the survival of waterlogged organic remains in the Alluvium. The borehole and trial pit logs also indicate that there are peaty deposits within the Alluvium. Peaty layers are important as they have a high potential for the survival of palaeo-environmental information and possibly prehistoric remains.

Undated linear cropmarks identified from aerial photographs (WSA site No. 27) lie at the southern end of the Scheme suggest that former field boundaries or drainage ditches may survive as sub-surface features.

Apart from the construction of Hollybush (WSA Site No. 30) in the late nineteenth or early twentieth century the site has remained essentially open and rural which increases the chances of survival of archaeological remains. The Alluvium may also protect any sites that it buried and obscure them from view especially on aerial photographs.

10. IMPACT OF THE PROPOSED SCHEME

As part of the work for the widening of the M25 between Junctions 10 and 11, a 3m high amenity bund will be constructed on the west side of the motorway between Parvis Road Bridge and Broad Ditch. Part of the bund is to be constructed on the River Wey floodplain and, as this would reduce the volume of floodplain available for storage of flood water, the National Rivers Authority have requested that the lost volume be replaced in the adjacent field. This is to be achieved by lowering the ground level of approximately 2 hectares of land (see Fig. 3). The work will involve the stripping and storing of 150mm of topsoil and 300mm of subsoil, and then excavating to a maximum depth of 1.6m. Following this 300mm of subsoil and 300mm of topsoil will be replaced to landscape the excavation. In addition a pollution control pond will be constructed adjacent to Broad Ditch. It will involve excavation to a depth of about 1m. The bund itself can be considered to be non-destructive as this will be built by the piling up of earth and does not involve any excavation, however any archaeological remains would be permanently buried beneath it, and to some extent compressed due to the increase in overburden pressure.

Trial pit and borehole logs show that at the northern end of the field in which the proposed Scheme is located there is clayey Made Ground varying in thickness between 1 and 2m approximately (see Fig. 3). Apparently it is the remains of a demolished factory dumped in the field in the 1950's. The dumping of the material that forms the Made Ground has raised the ground level approximately a metre or so higher than the rest of the field where old field boundaries survive.

The thickness of the Alluvium is known only in the northern part of the site of the proposed Scheme where it varies between about 0.6 and 1.4m. Excavation to a depth of up to 1.6m below ground level to form the floodplain replacement area would mean that any archaeological remains surviving within the alluvium or possibly sealed below it could be destroyed.

11. RECOMMENDATIONS

Due to their buried and often invisible nature, the presence or absence of any archaeological remains in the ground cannot generally be determined by an archaeological desk study alone. Whilst there is a reasonable body of archaeological information for the study area, the information for the site of the proposed Scheme is more limited. The uncertainty over the survival of archaeological remains that could actually be affected by the scheme precludes a full assessment of its impact and further work to determine the extent of any surviving archaeological remains is therefore recommended as described below:

It is recommended that a detailed archaeological field evaluation be conducted in the areas where the ground level is to be reduced to replace the floodplain capacity and in the area where the pollution control pond is to be installed.

The field evaluation should be carried out by archaeological trial trenching. Due to the high level of the watertable in this area it is likely that pumping equipment would be required during trenching. A geophysical survey could assist in positioning the trial trenches to best effect. However, such a survey may prove of limited value on Alluvium, especially in very wet conditions.

The high potential for the survival of waterlogged organic and environmental evidence means that the evaluation should include an appropriate strategy for the sampling and analysis of such remains.

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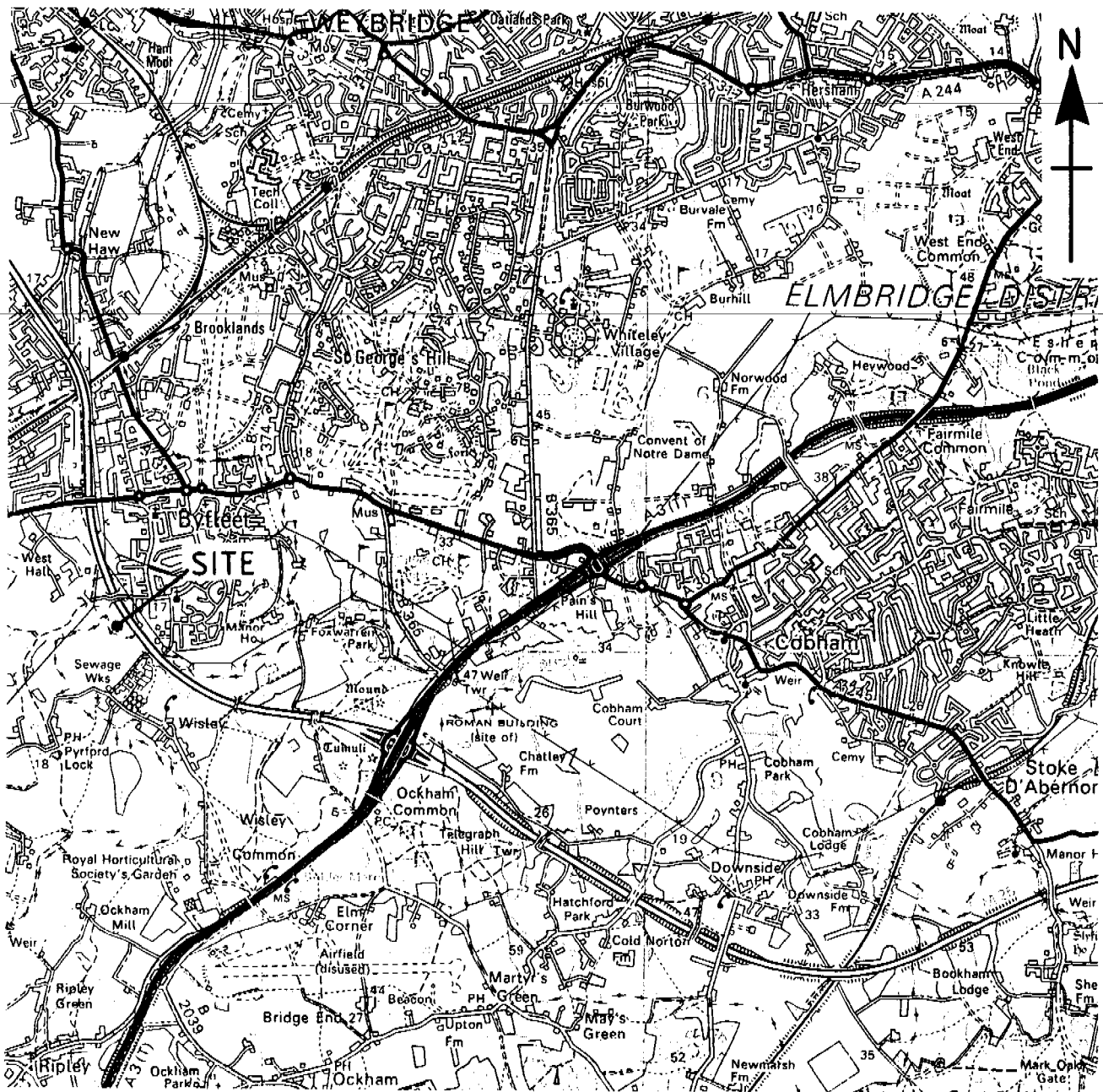
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Project M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11, RIVER WEY
FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME,
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY

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1:50,000

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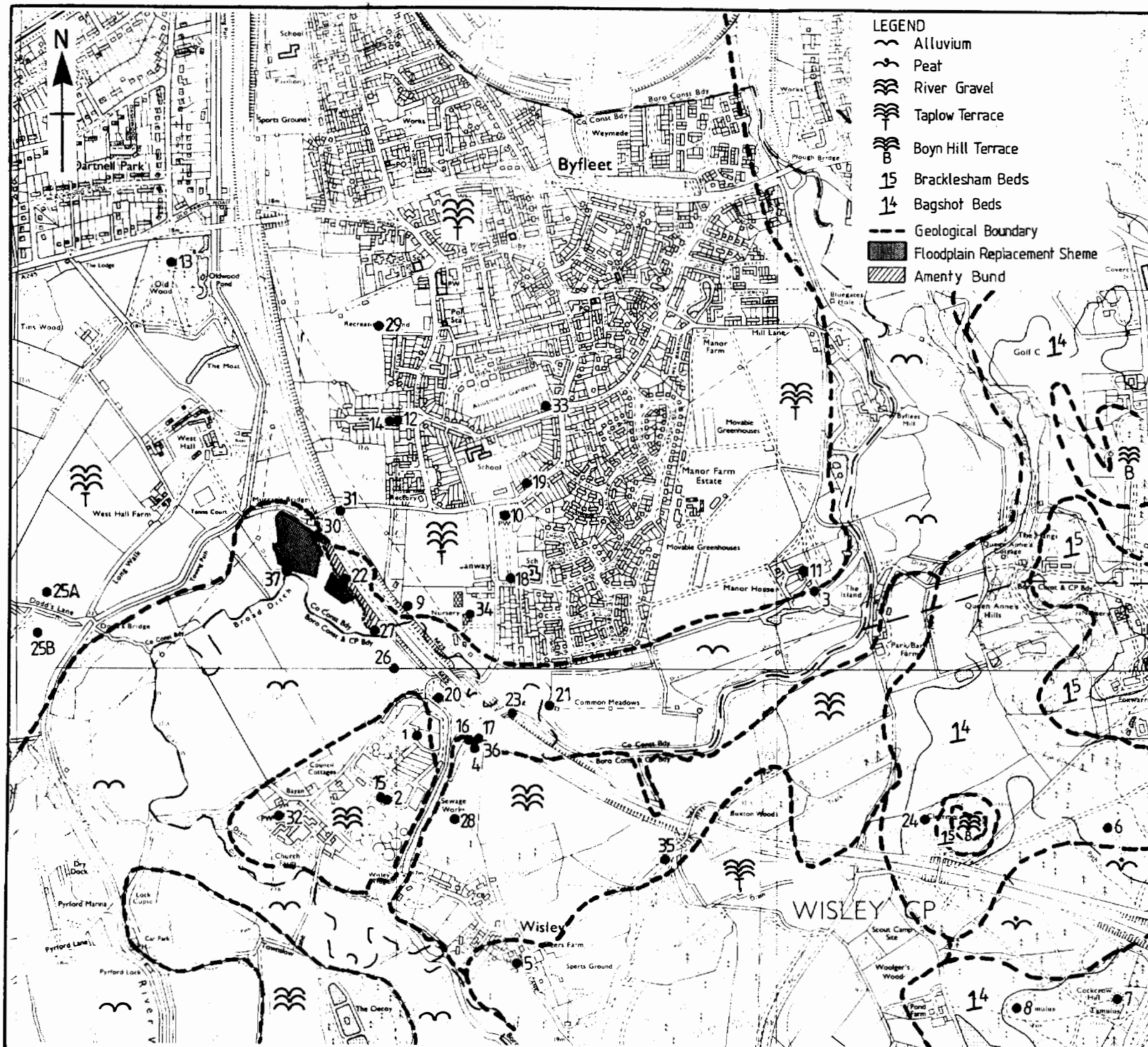
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Date 24/1/94

Authorised
Date

Title
SITE LOCATION MAP

Job No.
C6846/GEO.92049

Figure 1



LEGEND

- Alluvium
- Peat
- River Gravel
- Taplow Terrace
- Boyn Hill Terrace
- Bracklesham Beds
- Bagshot Beds
- Geological Boundary
- Floodplain Replacement Scheme
- Amenty Bund

WSA Site No

1. Site of pottery kiln (Romano-British)
2. Occupation site (Bronze Age/Iron Age)
3. Dug-out canoe (date unknown)
4. Flint/stone implements (Neolithic)
5. Cremation burial (Romano-British)
6. Barrow (date unknown)
7. Barrow with cremation (date unknown)
8. Round barrow (date unknown)
9. Occupation site (Romano-British)
10. St Mary's Church (Medieval)
11. Byfleet Manor House (17th Century)
12. Coins/pottery (Romano-British)
13. Icehouse (Post-Medieval)
14. Bronze artefact (Iron Age)
15. Pottery (Neolithic)
16. Pottery (Prehistoric)
17. Occupation site (Medieval)
18. Flint arrowhead (Neolithic)
19. Flint (Late Paleolithic)
20. Coin (Romano-British)
21. Coin (Romano-British)
22. Flint axe (Mesolithic)
23. Worked wood (date unknown)
24. Flint cores (Mesolithic)
25. Cropmarks (date unknown)
26. Cropmarks (date unknown)
27. Cropmarks (date unknown)
28. Cropmarks (date unknown)
29. Cropmark of building (date unknown)
30. Building (Post-Medieval, 19th Century)
31. Building (Post-Medieval)
32. Church (Norman)
33. Flint scraper (Neolithic)
34. Pottery/loomweight (Bronze Age)
35. Pottery (Medieval)
36. Pottery/iron slag (Romano-British)
37. Waterlogged wood (Saxon)

ORIGINAL AT A3

WS/Atkins

Project

M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY

Title

DISTRIBUTION OF KNOWN ARCHAEOLOGICAL
SITES AND GEOLOGY

Scale

1:10,000

Drawn

TJM

Checked

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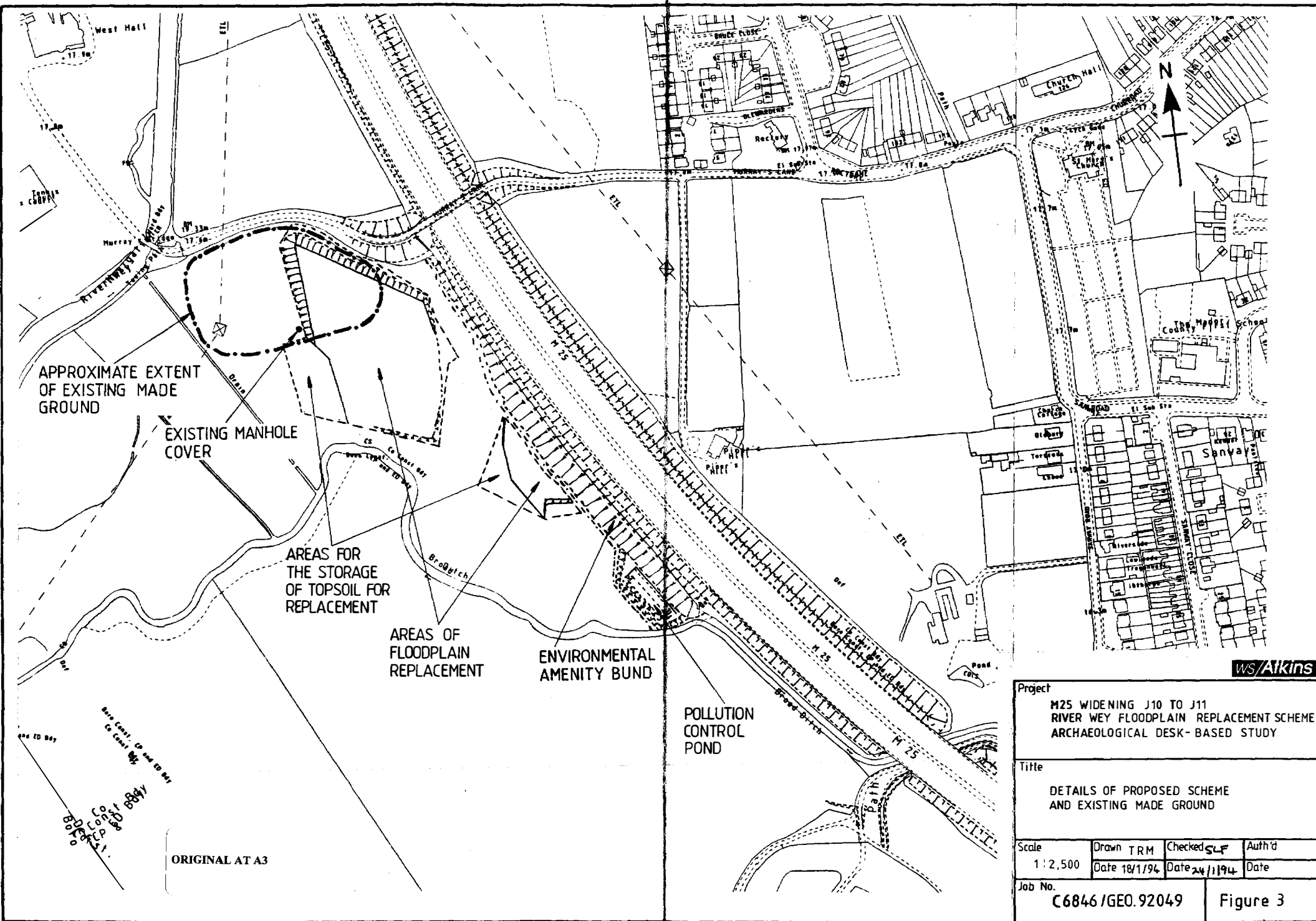
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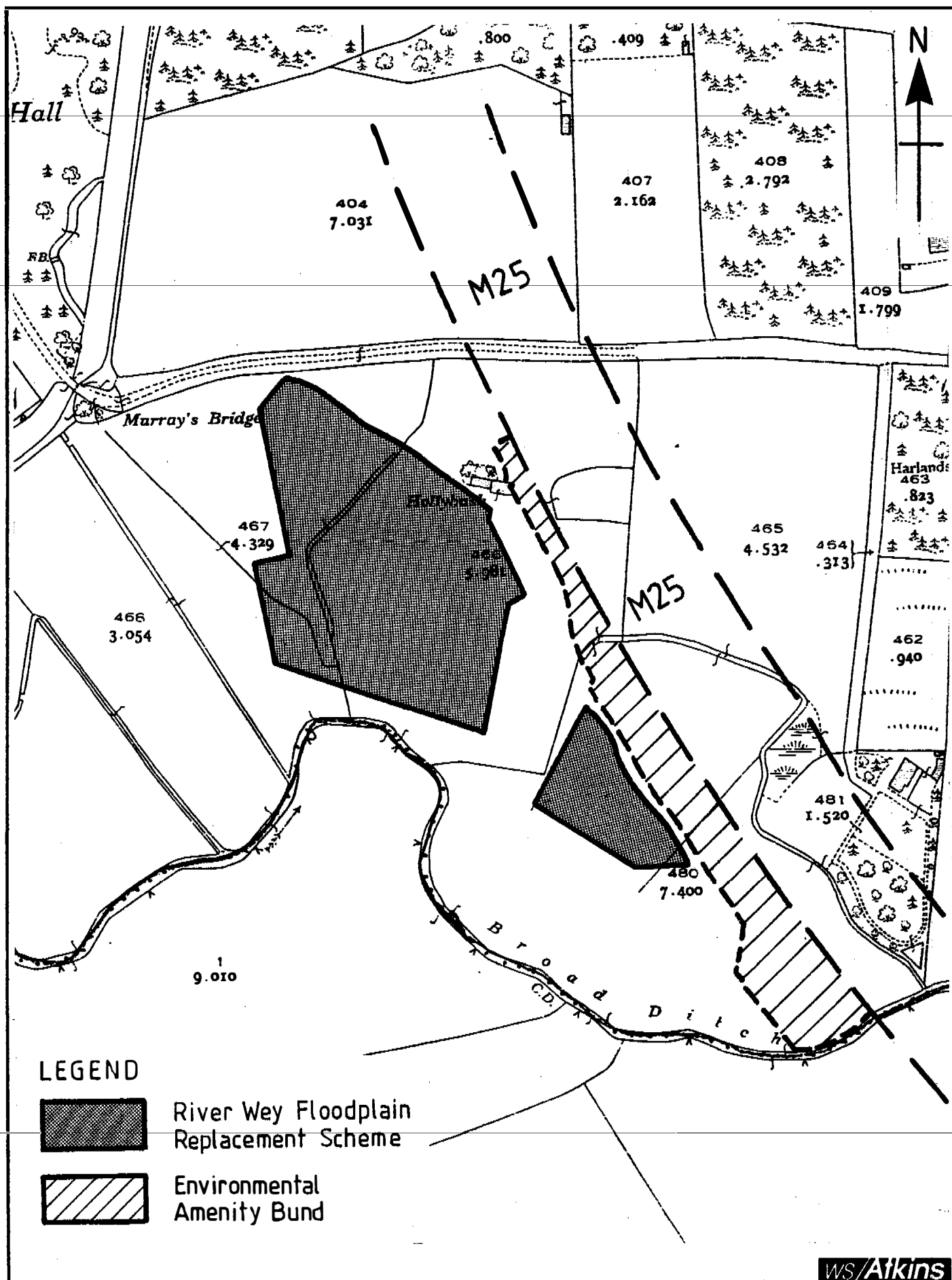
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Figure 2



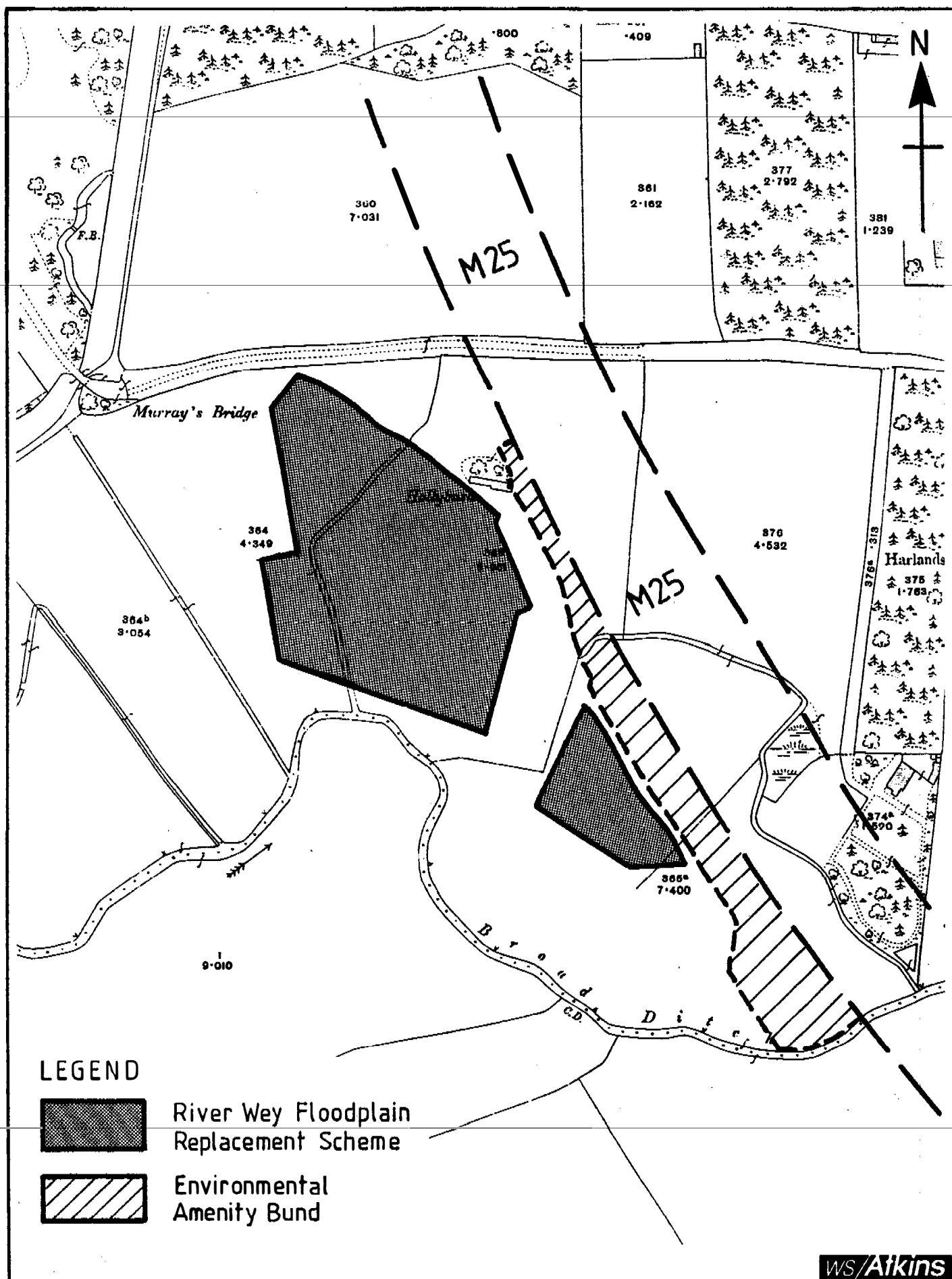
WS Atkins

Project			
M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11 RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY			
Title			
DETAILS OF PROPOSED SCHEME AND EXISTING MADE GROUND			
Scale	Drawn TRM	Checked SLF	Auth'd
1:2,500	Date 18/1/94	Date 24/1/94	Date
Job No.			Figure 3
C6846/GEO.92049			



Project M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11 RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY		Scale ~ 1:2,500	Drawn TRM Date 19/1/94	Checked GCF Date 24/1/94	Authorised Date
Title OS 25" SHEET XVII.7 REVISED 1934, PUBLISHED 1936		Job No. C6846/GEO.92049		Figure 4	

WS/Aikins



LEGEND



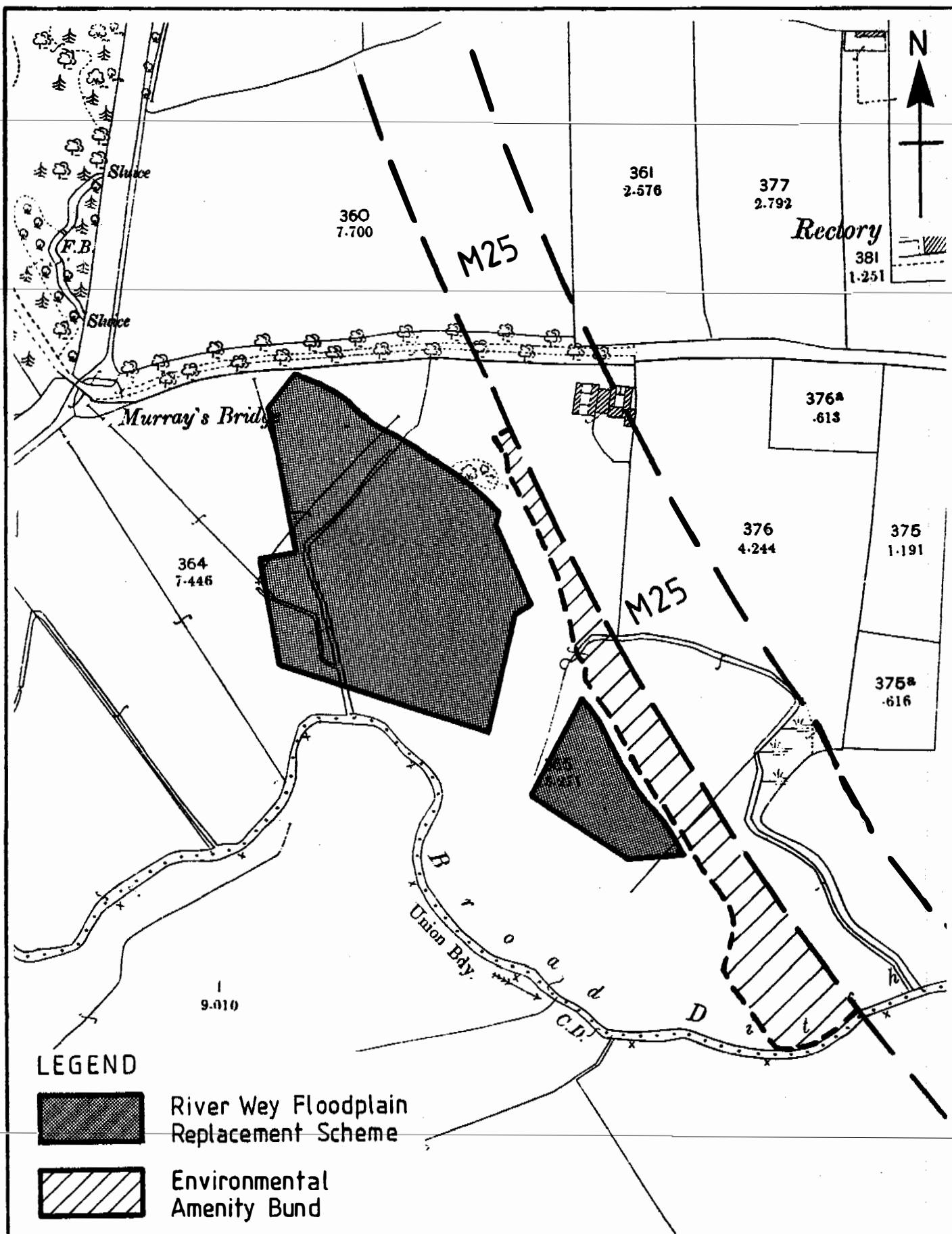
River Way Floodplain Replacement Scheme



Environmental Amenity Bund

WS/Atkins

Project	M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11 RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY	Scale ~ 1:2,500	Drawn	TRM	Checked	CLF	Authorised
			Date	19/1/94	Date	24/1/94	Date
Title	OS 25" SHEET XVII.7 REVISED 1912, PUBLISHED 1914	Job No. C6846/GEO.92049			Figure 5		



Project M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY

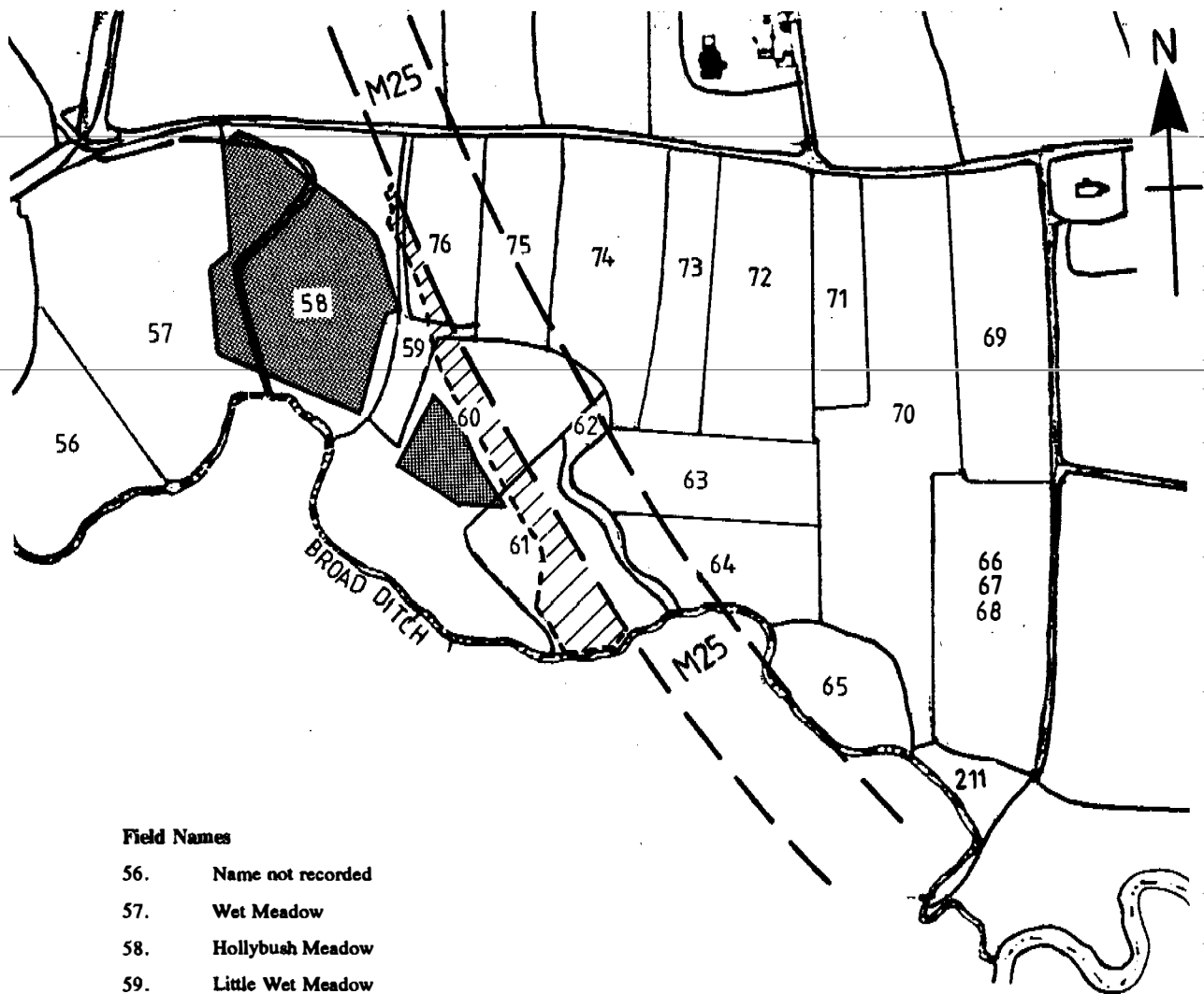
Title OS 25" SHEET XVII.7
REVISED 1894, PUBLISHED 1896

Scale 1:2,500	Drawn TRM Date 19/1/94	Checked SLF Date 24/1/94	Authorised Date
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Job No.
C6846/GEO.92049

Figure 6



WS/Aikins



Field Names

- 56. Name not recorded
- 57. Wet Meadow
- 58. Hollybush Meadow
- 59. Little Wet Meadow
- 60. Wet Meadow
- 61. Wet Meadow
- 62. Rew in Wet Meadow
- 63. Pipers Hill
- 64. Pipers Hill
- 65. Pipers Hill
- 66. Piece in Wisley Prae
- 67. Piece in Wisley Prae
- 68. Piece in Wisley Prae
- 69. Three acres by the church
- 70. Field by the church
- 71. The Great Acre
- 72. Pipers Hill 5 Acres
- 73. Name not recorded
- 74. Parsonage Hill Acres
- 76. Merry Worth
- 211. Pipers Hill Piece in cornfield

LEGEND

-  River Wey Floodplain Replacement Scheme
-  Environmental Amenity Bund

WS/Aikins

Project	M25 WIDENING J10 TO J11 RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY	Scale	Drawn TRM	Checked SLP	Authorised
		Unknown	Date 19/1/94	Date 24/1/94	Date
Title	A PLAN OF THE TITHEABLE LAND IN THE PARISH OF BYFLEET IN THE COUNTY OF SURREY, 1841	Job No. C6846/GEO.92049		Figure 7	

APPENDIX A

SITE RECORD SHEETS

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 1
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1,10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0605 5983
8. CC SMR No. 483
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 1
11. Classification Pottery kiln, site of
12. Period Romano - British
13. Description
Romano-British pottery kiln; destroyed during enlargement of sewage works in 1904
14. Sources of Information: Primary
E Gardner, 1912, SyAC, VOL 25, 131-132
The Archaeological Implications of gravel extraction in NW Surrey,
D Longley, SAS Research Vol. 3, 1976, 24-27, Ref R58
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
O.S 6" 1961
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Moderate; short note in journal only
17. Drift Geology River Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 550m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 2
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0597 5965
8. CC SMR No. 484
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 2
11. Classification Prehistoric Settlement Site
12. Period Iron Age
13. Description
First discoveries made in 1912 and 1918. In 1922-23 the actual site of the village was found. It consisted of a series of dwellings, floor surfaces, kilns and pottery. Main period of occupation 150-50 BC. (See WSA Site No. 15)
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Notes and particulars of Ancient British Village discovered from 1912 to 1923 by A Choate, Appendix A; Byfleet: a village of England, L R Stevens, 1953.
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
OS, Southern Britain in the Iron Age
OS 6" 1961
Ant J, 4, 1924, 40-45, R A Smith
PPS, 11, 1945, 32-38 AWG Lowther
The archaeological implications of gravel extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley, Ros Vol 3, SAS, 1976, 24-27, ref N48
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, excavated and well reported site
17. Drift Geology River Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project - Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 3
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0710 6020
8. CC SMR No. 485
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 3
11. Classification Dug-out canoe
12. Period Unknown, presumably prehistoric
13. Description
Dug out canoe found in 1907 in the bed of the River Wey. Apparently a second canoe was found nearby, but it was destroyed. The first is now in Weybridge Museum.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC, 24, 1911, 53, E Gardner
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
OS 6" 1961
SyAC, 25, 1912, 132, E Gardner
VHC Surrey 3, 1911, 378
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find
17. Drift Geology Alluvium
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 1.40km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 4
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0619 5977
8. CC SMR No. 486
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 4
11. Classification Flint/stone implements
12. Period Neolithic
13. Description
Neolithic flint implements and sandstone weapons found 1907-1912 by Mr Howard.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC, 24, 1991,153
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Survey, D Longley, SAS, 1976 Res Vol 3, 24-27, Ref N49
OS 6" 1961
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 5
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ O5 NE
7. NGR 0632 5922
8. CC SMR No. 487
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ O5 NE 5
11. Classification Cremation Burial
12. Period Roman
13. Description
Cremation in urn with 2 empty accessory vessels found in a mound on bed of charcoal in 1911.
Nearby were four cremation pits 8'x4' containing charcoal and calcined human remains.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
OS 6" 1961
SyAC, 24, 1911, 53 E Gardner
SyAC, 25, 1912, 131, Romano-British Remains, E Gardner
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 1.25km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 6
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0788 5958
8. CC SMR No. 488
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Barrow?
12. Period Unknown
13. Description
Grinsell suggests this site is probably bowl barrow, though as mound is in an area of old gravel working this interpretation is open to question
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC 42, 1934, 41, L V Grinsell
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The archaeological implications of gravel extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley,
Res Vol 3, SAS 1976, 24-27, Ref B78
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Moderate, site described 1934, only short mention in journal
17. Drift Geology - Absent, lies on Bagshot Beds
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 2.30 km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 7
2. Site Name Cockcrow Hill
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0790 5915
8. CC SMR No. 489
9. SAM No. 20156
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 7
11. Classification Bell Barrow ("Tumulus")
12. Period Bronze Age
13. Description Presumably
Bell barrow 42.0m in diameter by 3.3m high. Excavation in 1911 revealed unaccompanied cremation
2' below the top of the mound.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC, 40, 1932, 50, 61, L. V Grinsell
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
OS 6" 1961
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley, Res Vol 3, 1976,
24-27
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, has scheduled monument description as well as references
17. Drift Geology - Absent, site lies on Bagshot Beds
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 2.50 km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 8
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0763 5910
8. CC SMR No. 493
9. SAM No. 20157
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 11
11. Classification Round Barrow ("Tumulus")
12. Period Presumably Bronze Age
13. Description Possible round barrow 30m in diameter, 1.0m high
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC, 42, 1934, 42, L.V Grinsell
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
OS 6" 1961
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, has scheduled monument description as well as references
17. Drift Geology - Absent, site lies on Bagshot Beds
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 2.25 km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 9
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0603 6016
8. CC SMR No. 650
9. SAM No. No scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 06 SE 1
11. Classification Occupation Site
12. Period Romano-British
13. Description
In 1936 sand digging in a meadow south of Old Byfleet Rectory revealed a small Romano-British occupation site c. 50-110 AD. Material consisted of pottery, calcined flints and charcoal in pits. Native (Belgic) site.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC, Vol 46, 1938, 131-6, 142, A.W. G Lowther
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Surrey, (D Longley),
Res Vol 3, SAS, 24-27, Ref R15
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, excavated site
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 200m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
Settlement could extend into the site of the proposed scheme west side of M25.
23. Recommendations for further work
Field evaluation required

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 10
2. Site Name St Mary's Church
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0629 6040
8. CC SMR No. 671
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 06 SE 3
11. Classification Church
12. Period Medieval (c1310 with additions)
13. Description
Church with nave and chancel c1310 and timber bell turret.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Schedule of Surrey Antiquities, 1913, 12, P Johnston
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley,
Res Vol 3, SAS, 1976, 25-27, Ref PC 11
OS 25" Second Edition 1896, 1916, 1936
OS 6" 1961
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, well documented history
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 500m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 11
2. Site Name Byfleet Manor
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0712 6028
8. CC SMR No. 739
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 06 SE 29
11. Classification Manor House
12. Period 17th century
13. Description
Manor House formerly Byfleet Park (Royal Hunting Lodge), Built in 1686, incorporating parts of an older building details from Subterranean "passage" (a drain) leading to River Wey.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
None
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
Buildings of England (Surrey), 107, N Pevsner
OS 6" 1961
VCH, Vol 3, Surrey
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, well documented history
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 1.3km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 12
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0712 6028
8. CC SMR No. 742
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 06 SE 33
11. Classification Coins/pottery
12. Period Romano-British
13. Description
16 coins (238-378 AD) and 2 fragments of pottery lamp (handle and spout) found during laying of sewer in 1937. Coins came from section of a sewer trench several yards long. See WSA Site No 14.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Oral, E.P. Griffin, finder of coins and pottery
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley, Res Vol 3, SAS, 1976, 24-27, Ref R21.
British Museum classification report
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find; coins classified by British Museum
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 450m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 13
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0540 6107
8. CC SMR No. 1897
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Icehouse
12. Period Post Medieval?
13. Description
Marked on OS map as Icehouse disused
14. Sources of Information: Primary
OS 1/2500 1973
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Moderate; only recorded on OS map, no other information available.
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 1km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 14
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 05999 60657
8. CC SMR No. 2384
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Bronze artefact
12. Period Late Iron Age
13. Description
1st century BC bronze, possibly Celtic - Iberian found in 1937 during laying of sewer in Byfleet. See WSA Site No 12.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Oral - E.P Griffin, Finder of artefact.
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley, Res Vol 3, SAS, 1976, 24-27 Ref I13
British Museum classification report
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find, classified by British Museum
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 400m
21. Importance value of sites within projects boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 15
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 5997 0565
8. CC SMR No. 2641
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE2
11. Classification Pottery
12. Period Neolithic
13. Description
Sherds of Neolithic pottery recovered on Iron Age occupation site excavated by A Choate in 1992-23 during construction of filter beds at Wisley Sewage Works (See WSA Site No 2)
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Notes and Particulars of Ancient British Village Discovered from 1912 to 1923, A Choate, Appendix A, Byfleet: a Village of England, L R Stevens
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
Ant. J,4, 1924, 40-45, R A Smith
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, excavated site
17. Drift Geology River gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 16
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ O5 NE
7. NGR 0617 5980
8. CC SMR No. 2808
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Pottery (redeposited)
12. Period Prehistoric
13. Description
Prehistoric pottery located in redeposited (? imported) soil. Trial excavations 1977, Excavation in 1978.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
M O'Connell, Wisley Excavations in 1978, SY AC 74, 1982
Archive-Guildford Museum
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
SAS, Bulletin, 155, March 1979
SyAC, 72, 1980, 234
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, excavated site
17. Drift Geology River Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 17
2. Site Name ■
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ O5 NE
7. NGR 0617 5980
8. CC SMR No. 2809
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Occupation Site
12. Period Medieval ■
13. Description
Occupation site adjacent to Broad Ditch. May be mill site. A mill is known to have existed in 1086 and have remained in use until 14th century. Area is called Mill Land in 1841 tithe map. Excavations found hearth, ditch, occupation surface and 11th century shell tempered pottery.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
M O'Connell, Wisley Excavations in 1978, SY AC, 74, 1982
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
SAS, Bulletin, 155, March 1979
SyAC 72, 1980, 234
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, excavated site
17. Drift Geology River Gravels/Alluvium
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 18
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet TQ 06 SE 1:10,000
7. NGR 0629 6033
8. CC SMR No. 3180
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 06 SE 51
11. Classification Arrowhead
12. Period Neolithic
13. Description
Leafshaped arrowhead found by wall of St Mary's Church
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Weybridge Museum, accession no 547, 1968
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find, now held at Weybridge Museum
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 550m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 19
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0637 6049
8. CC SMR No. 3181
9. SAM No. Not Scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Flint
12. Period Late palaeolithic
13. Description
Late Paleolithic flint point with retouched edge found at 16 Church Road, Byfleet.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Weybridge Museum acc No. 299, 1975
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find, find held at Weybridge Museum
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 600m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 20
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0610 5990
8. CC SMR No. 3223
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Roman Coin
12. Period Romano-British
13. Description
3rd Century Roman coin, bronze Dupondis of Gordian III (AD 241-3) minted in Rome
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Finder - Mr J Francis, 1 Sanway Close, Byfleet
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
SAS Bulletin, 155, March 1979, A Watson
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find
17. Drift Geology Alluvium
19. Land use/ground cover (date) -
20. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
21. Proximity to site of project
Approx 600m
22. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
23. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
25. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

- | | | |
|-----|---|---|
| 1. | WSA Site No. | 21 |
| 2. | Site Name | - |
| 3. | County | Surrey |
| 4. | District | Woking |
| 5. | Parish | Byfleet |
| 6. | Map Sheet | 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE |
| 7. | NGR | 0640 5990 |
| 8. | CC SMR No. | 3224 |
| 9. | SAM No. | Not scheduled |
| 10. | NMR No. | Not recorded |
| 11. | Classification | Coin |
| 12. | Period | Romano-British |
| 13. | Description | Late 3rd Century coin, a Billion Tetradrachm minted in Alexandria |
| 14. | Sources of Information: Primary | Finder - Mr Woodruff, Sanway Road, Byfleet |
| 15. | Sources of Information: Secondary | SAS Bulletin, 155, March 1979, A Watson |
| 16. | Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement | Good, reported find |
| 17. | Drift Geology | Alluvium |
| 18. | Land use/ground cover (date) - | |
| 19. | Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions - | |
| 20. | Proximity to site of project | Approx 750m |
| 21. | Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional) | Not within project boundary |
| 22. | Impact of project (preliminary) | None |
| 23. | Recommendations for further work | None |

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 22
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0590 6020
8. CC SMR No. 3226
9. SAM No. Not Scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Axe/Adze
12. Period Mesolithic
13. Description
Nine centimeter long flint tranchet axe found on market garden at Sanway Road, Byfleet. SMR suggests it may have been imported with topsoil from Wisley Sewage works.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SAS Bulletin, 159, Aug 1979, N Cox
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good but provenance of axe is uncertain
17. Drift Geology Alluvium/Taplow Gravels. Market garden was probably on Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) - Pasture for horses/grass (1993)
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions - 17.1.93/SLF/Cold, light rain
20. Proximity to site of project
Very close (reported find spot less than 10m)
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Moderate, unstratified find

22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None, but note that location of find spot not accurately known
23. Recommendations for further work
Field evaluation required

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 23
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TWOS NE
7. NGR 0630 5990
8. CC SMR No. 3501
9. SAM No. Not Scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Worked wood
12. Period Unknown
13. Description
Two pieces of wood recovered from the River Wey during construction of M25. These were a stake with notches and a deliberately split tree trunk.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
SyAC, Vol 75, 1984, 265
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find but date of wood unknown
17. Drift Geology Alluvium
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 750m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 24
2. Site Name ■
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0740 5960
8. CC SMR No. 3502
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Flint cores
12. Period Mesolithic
13. Description

Five Mesolithic flint cores found at Clearmont/Wisley common.

14. Sources of Information: Primary

A Gazetteer of Mesolithic sites in England and Wales, CBA Research Report 20, 288

15. Sources of Information: Secondary

None

-
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement

Good, reported find

17. Drift Geology Absent; site lies on Bagshot Beds

18. Land use/ground cover (date) -

19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -

20. Proximity to site of project

Approx 1.8km

21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)

Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary)

None

23. Recommendations for further work

None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 25 A
2. Site Name -
3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0508 6020
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Cropmarks
12. Period Unknown
13. Description
Linear cropmarks in fields on north side of Dodd's Lane, possibly ditched enclosure/field system (See WSA Site No 25B)
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Aerial photos - RCHME NMR SF 1772/NMF SF 967
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, visible cropmark
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 25 B
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0506 6009
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Cropmarks
12. Period Unknown
13. Description
Linear cropmarks in fields south of Dodd's Lane, possibly continuation of ditched enclosure/field system in field on north side of Dodd's Lane. (see WSA Site No. 25A)
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Aerial photos - RCHME NMR SF 1772/NMF SF 967
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, visible cropmark
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

- | | | |
|-----|---|--|
| 1. | WSA Site No. | 26 |
| 2. | Site Name | - |
| 3. | County | Surrey |
| 4. | District | Guildford |
| 5. | Parish | Wisley |
| 6. | Map Sheet | 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE |
| 7. | NGR | 0599 0600 |
| 8. | CC SMR No. | Not recorded |
| 9. | SAM No. | Not scheduled |
| 10. | NMR No. | Not recorded |
| 11. | Classification | Cropmark, probably geological |
| 12. | Period | Unknown |
| 13. | Description | U shaped feature, probably cut off meander of Broad Ditch (former course of the River Wey) |
| 14. | Sources of Information: Primary | Aerial photos - RCHME NMR SF 1772 |
| 15. | Sources of Information: Secondary | None |
| 16. | Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement | Good, visible cropmark |
| 17. | Drift Geology | Alluvium |
| 18. | Land use/ground cover (date) | - |
| 19. | Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions | - |
| 20. | Proximity to site of project | Approx 200m |
| 21. | Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional) | Not within project boundary |
| 22. | Impact of project (preliminary) | None |
| 23. | Recommendations for further work | None |

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 27
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0595 6010
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Cropmarks
12. Period Unknown
13. Description
Linear features orientated NE-SW, possibly drains or field boundaries. It is likely that they were partially destroyed by construction of M25.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Aerial photos - RCHME NMR SF 1772
15. Sources of Information: Secondary - None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, visible cropmark
17. Drift Geology Alluvium/Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
On site
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Moderate due to uncertain nature within area of the scheme.
22. Impact of project (preliminary)

23. Recommendations for further work
Field evaluation required.

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 28
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 06015 59700
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Cropmark
12. Period Unknown
13. Description
Linear cropmarks in field immediately adjacent to Wisley Sewage Works on east bank of the River Wey. There is the possibility that one feature is the corner of an enclosure. There are also many pit like features.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Aerial photos - RCHME NMR SF 1763
15. Sources of Information: Secondary - None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, visible cropmark
17. Drift Geology River Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 800m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 29
2. Site Name ■
3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0594 6090
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Cropmark
12. Period Unknown
13. Description

Building visible in recreation ground. Not shown on 19th Century/20th Century OS maps.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Aerial photos - RCHME NMRSF 1772
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None

16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, visible cropmark
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 600m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

- | | | |
|-----|---|--|
| 1. | WSA Site No. | 30 |
| 2. | Site Name | Hollybush |
| 3. | County | Surrey |
| 4. | District | Woking |
| 5. | Parish | Byfleet |
| 6. | Map Sheet | TQ 06 SE |
| 7. | NGR | 0580 6035 |
| 8. | CC SMR No. | Not recorded |
| 9. | SAM No. | Not scheduled |
| 10. | NMR No. | Not recorded |
| 11. | Classification | Dwelling |
| 12. | Period | Post-medieval (19th Century) |
| 13. | Description | Building visible on 25" OS maps published 1914, 1936 & 1961. No longer standing, possibly destroyed by the construction of the M25 |
| 14. | Sources of Information: Primary | OS Survey 25" sheet XV117 1914/1936
OS Survey 1:10,560 TQ 06 SE 1961 |
| 15. | Sources of Information: Secondary | None |
| 16. | Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement | Good, visible on OS maps |
| 17. | Drift Geology | Alluvium |
| 18. | Land use/ground cover (date) | Pasture 17/1/93 |
| 19. | Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions | 19/1/94/SLF/Cold, Light rain |
| 20. | Proximity to site of project | Approx 600m |
| 21. | Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional) | Probably not within boundary |
| 22. | Impact of project (preliminary) | None, building demolished |
| 23. | Recommendations for further work | None |

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 31
2. Site Name "

3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0585 6040
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Buildings
12. Period Post Medieval (19th Century?)
13. Description
Complex of buildings visible on 1894 revision of 25" OS map which are no longer standing by time of next revision (1912).
14. Sources of Information: Primary
OS 25" XVII 3 published 1896
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Moderate, visible on OS map but no other information is available.
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 100m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None, demolished and site now covered by M25
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 32
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0569 5961
8. CC SMR No. 499
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 17
11. Classification Church
12. Period Norman - (with additions)
13. Description
Norman church, 17th Century porch.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
OS 6" 1961
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Archaeological Implications of Gravel Extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley, Res Vol 3, SAS, 1976, 24-27, Ref PC49
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Moderate, visible on OS map but no other information available.
17. Drift Geology River Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 33
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet 1:10,000 TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0569 5961
8. CC SMR No. 672
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. TQ 05 NE 6
11. Classification Flint scraper
12. Period Neolithic
13. Description
Neolithic flint scraper found on the Brewery Lane allotments, Byfleet.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Presented to Weybridge Museum by Mr E.J Startin, date of accession unknown.
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The archaeological implications of gravel extraction in NW Surrey, D Longley, Res Vol 3, SAS, 1976, 24-27, Ref N13
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
17. Drift Geology Taplow gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 750m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary
22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None

23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 34
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Woking
5. Parish Byfleet
6. Map Sheet TQ 06 SE
7. NGR 0624 6014
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Pottery/Loomweight
12. Period Bronze Age
13. Description
Small group of domestic type material that came from a market garden in Byfleet. Composed of a number of pottery sherds, a pyramidal loomweight and blocks of stone. Now held in Guildford Museum.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Held in Guildford Museum
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
The Bronze Age, Needham, The Archaeology of Surrey to 1540, ed. J. Bird and D.G. Bird, 1987
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Good, reported find though not recorded on SMR
17. Drift Geology Taplow Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 0.5km
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary) - None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

- | | | |
|-----|--|---|
| 1. | WSA Site No. | 35 |
| 2. | Site Name | - |
| 3. | County | Surrey |
| 4. | District | Guildford |
| 5. | Parish | Wisley |
| 6. | Map Sheet | TQ 05 NE |
| 7. | NGR | 0670 5950 |
| 8. | CC SMR No. | Not recorded |
| 9. | SAM No. | Not Scheduled |
| 10. | NMR No. | Not recorded |
| 11. | Classification | Pottery |
| 12. | Period | Medieval |
| 13. | Description | Medieval pottery found in fieldwork by Ann Watson near the site of a cottage called "Pheasants" or "Pleasants". |
| 14. | Sources of Information: Primary | Archaeology in Surrey, 1976-1978, SyAC, Vol 72, 1980 |
| 15. | Sources of Information: Secondary | None |
| 16. | Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement | Moderate, brief reference only |
| 17. | Drift Geology | River Gravels |
| 18. | Land use/ground cover (date) | - |
| 19. | Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions | - |
| 20. | Proximity to site of project | Approx 1.25km |
| 21. | Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional) | Not within project boundary |
| 22. | Impact of project (preliminary) | None |
| 23. | Recommendations for further work | None |

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

1. WSA Site No. 36
2. Site Name -

3. County Surrey
4. District Guildford
5. Parish Wisley
6. Map Sheet TQ 05 NE
7. NGR 0620 5980
8. CC SMR No. Not recorded
9. SAM No. Not Scheduled
10. NMR No. Not recorded
11. Classification Pottery/Iron Slag
12. Period Romano-British
13. Description
Two sherds of pottery of Romano-British date, a few small pieces of iron slag and some flint tempered pottery.
14. Sources of Information: Primary
Ann Watson fieldwork, Archaeology in Surrey 1976-78, SyAC, Vol 72, 1980
15. Sources of Information: Secondary
None
16. Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement
Moderate, only brief reference to finds
17. Drift Geology River Gravels
18. Land use/ground cover (date) -
19. Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions -
20. Proximity to site of project
Approx 700m
21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Not within project boundary

22. Impact of project (preliminary)
None
23. Recommendations for further work
None

**M25 WIDENING J10 TO 11
RIVER WEY FLOODPLAIN REPLACEMENT SCHEME
ARCHAEOLOGICAL DESK-BASED STUDY**

SITE RECORD SHEET

- | | | |
|-----|---|---|
| 1. | WSA Site No. | 37 |
| 2. | Site Name | - |
| 3. | County | Surrey |
| 4. | District | Woking |
| 5. | Parish | Byfleet |
| 6. | Map Sheet | TQ 06 SE |
| 7. | NGR | 0575 6025 (Approx) |
| 8. | CC SMR No. | Not recorded |
| 9. | SAM No. | Not Scheduled |
| 10. | NMR No. | Not recorded |
| 11. | Classification | Worked wood |
| 12. | Period | Saxon |
| 13. | Description | <p>Pieces of wood which were found during the installation of a sewer that runs underneath Broad Ditch about four years ago (1989/90). Considered to be possibly part of a prehistoric sluice gate found about 3m down, according to Ann Watson of the Surrey Archaeological Society who inspected the wood and apparently took it away for preservation and dating by C14. The County Archaeologist confirmed that waterlogged wood had been found at least 1m down and a C14 date was carried out, which dated the wood to the Saxon period. The wood was definitely part of a structure, one piece was at least 6 feet long with rectangular holes cut into it. Definitely not brushwood but could be driftwood.</p> |
| 14. | Sources of Information: Primary | <p>Oral - Mrs McIntyre, Landowner, 17/1/93</p> <p>Oral - Dr David Bird, County Archaeologist, 21/1/93.</p> |
| 15. | Sources of Information: Secondary | None |
| 16. | Quality of Information and Reasons for judgement | Moderate, not recorded on SMR, oral references only. |
| 17. | Drift Geology | Alluvium |
| 18. | Land use/ground cover (date) - Pasture for horses/grass/17/1/93 | |
| 19. | Inspected: date/by whom/weather conditions - 17/1/93/SLF/Cold, light rain | |
| 20. | Proximity to site of project | |
| | Approx 10m | |

Continued/...

21. Importance value of sites within project boundary (provisional)
Moderate to high, found close to site of the Scheme. It indicates that other waterlogged materials, including in situ structures, may survive.
22. Impact of project of site within project boundary (preliminary).
None at reported site of the find. However other organic waterlogged remains could survive nearby.
23. Recommendations for further work
Field evaluation and environmental sampling in areas threatened by the Scheme.