

## Archaeological Intelligence.

It is proposed to publish (by subscription, 12s. per annum) under the direction of the Rev. W. Staunton, Mr. Bloxam, Mr. Greaves, Mr. Hoskyns, of Wroxhall Abbey, and other local antiquaries, a quarterly periodical devoted to the furtherance of the study of ANTIQUITIES in WARWICKSHIRE, a county rich in remains of every period. It will comprise notices of ecclesiastical, military, and domestic architecture, including a continuation of the series of "Warwickshire Churches," in which some valuable monographs have been produced under the auspices of the Warwickshire Archaeological Society. With these subjects will be combined family history, reprints of rare tracts or illustrations of local and personal history, matters in which the stores of the "Staunton Collections" are so rich, notices of antiquarian discoveries, &c. Those persons who desire to encourage this undertaking are requested to communicate with Messrs. Cooke, Warwick, the publishers, or with the editor, Mr. G. Robinson, Leamington.

Mr. SAMPSON, announces for immediate issue, collections illustrative of the history of the county of York, entitled "BIBLIOTHECA TOPOGRAPHICA EBORACENSIS;" to be issued in quarterly volumes, illustrated with maps, plates, and woodcuts. No copies of this series will be printed for general circulation, the publication being limited to subscribers. A detailed prospectus may be obtained from the publisher, 13, Coney-street, York.

Several memorials of the important collections of Art brought together in the MANCHESTER EXHIBITION are in preparation, and will speedily be issued to subscribers. The catalogue of the paintings has been undertaken by Mr. GEORGE SCHARF, jun., Secretary to the National Portrait Commission, 29, Great George-street, Westminster. The exemplification of the productions of the earlier schools of painting, which formed one of the most important features of the exhibition, was achieved through Mr. Scharf's indefatigable exertions, and his critical knowledge of the works of the ancient masters must render the volume which he proposes to publish indispensable to the student of Art. Mr. J. B. WARING has issued an important series of illustrations of the precious works of Decorative Art which were brought together under his direction; and Mr. W. CHAFFERS announces a Descriptive Catalogue, with illustrations, as a record of all the contributions of the Mediæval and Renaissance periods, as regards enamel, fictile manufactures, glass, goldsmith's work, sculptures in ivory, wood, &c., armour, and personal ornaments, including the Soulages collection, the Goodrich Court Armoury, and the remarkable antiquities from the Faussett collection, contributed by Mr. Mayer.

A selection of portraits of Mary Queen of Scots has been produced by Messrs. Colnaghi, Pall Mall East, by the aid of photography, from the collection exhibited by the Institute in June last. The skill of MM. Caldesi and Montecchi has been eminently successful in this difficult

undertaking. The series, dedicated to the PRINCE CONSORT, the Patron of the Institute, comprises fifteen subjects, with a frontispiece, representing the most choice and authentic relics of Mary Stuart,—her gold rosary, in possession of Mr. Howard, of Corby Castle, her silver bell, and other precious objects contributed by Mr. Bruce of Kennet. Amongst the portraits will be found the miniatures from the private collection of Her Majesty; the full length portraitures from Windsor Castle and Hampton Court; that formerly belonging to the late Mr. Frazer Tytler, by whom it was regarded as the painting presented by the Queen of Scots to Queen Elizabeth; the small full-length portrait from the Prince Consort's collection at Osborne House; the charming sketches in crayons by Janet, belonging to Dr. Wellesley; with other portraits of Mary Stuart, exhibited by the Duke of Newcastle, Mr. Botfield, and Mr. Long.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Institute will be held at Bath under the patronage of His Royal Highness the Prince Consort. President, The Lord Talbot de Malahide; President of the Historical Section, Sir John Boileau, Bart., V.P.S.A.; President of the Architectural Section, A. J. B. Hope, Esq., M.P.; President of the Section of Antiquities, Sir Walter C. Trevelyan, Bart., F.S.A. It is proposed to make excursions to Glastonbury and Malmesbury Abbeys, and to other interesting antiquities in the neighbourhood.

a great number never before described, and contains nearly ten thousand pennies, half-pennies, and farthings, issued in sixteen hundred cities, towns, and villages in England, Wales, and Ireland. The descriptions are arranged alphabetically, under the counties, and under the towns in each county; they are accompanied with numerous notes relating to the issue of tokens, family history, etc. A copious index of names and towns is added, which will be found to possess great interest for the topographer and antiquary."

It is obvious that in an Inventory of this extent the addition of any extensive commentary of notes, local or historical, such as the pleasant antiquarian jottings with which Mr. Burn illustrated the contents of the "Beaufoy Cabinet," would have rendered the work inconveniently voluminous. Such a Commentary might indeed form a second volume of equal size, and of very great interest. For instance, we turned to the "Poores halfe-peny of Croyland," amongst the Tokens of Lincolnshire, in the hope to find a record of the curious coat which it bears,—three knives in pale and three whips in fess. We were indebted to our late friend Mr. Willson, so deeply conversant with the antiquities of his county, for pointing out the significance of this device on the Crowland tokens which he exhibited in the Temporary Museum at our Meeting in Lincoln. In these ancient arms of the Abbey, where St. Bartholomew was held in special veneration, the knives, symbols of his cruel martyrdom by flaying, are found combined with the scourges of St. Guthlac, the founder, used possibly in his ascetic exercises. Mr. Willson exhibited on the same occasion, specimens of the Croyland knives, presented in olden times to visitors on St. Bartholomew's day. This local usage seems scarcely to have ceased at the Dissolution. We advert to these particulars by no means to complain of any deficiency in the author's description of this token, but to exemplify the curious information associated with many of these diminutive pieces, and the advantage which must accrue in many branches of archaeological investigation from the laborious undertaking achieved by Mr. Boyne. How much were it to be desired that some antiquary of equal ability and industry should supply another *desideratum*,—the classified description of counters and jetons found or used in Great Britain. Snelling's work gives a very imperfect notion of their variety and interest amongst the minor accessories to archæology and history. How well has their value been demonstrated in foreign countries by M. de Fontenay, M. Rossignol, of Dijon, and other recent writers on this neglected subject.

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WE have the pleasure of announcing the publication of the First Part of Mr. PARWORTH'S Dictionary of Coats of Arms. The Subscribers may look for the Second Part in December. The Plan, which is carefully detailed in the Introduction, is in substance, this: The arms are arranged in alphabetical order by the charges named first in blazoning them. What may appear to be exceptions are explained in that Introduction. A reference to the first page of that portion of the work, and an occasional glance at the tabular scheme at p. 6, showing how the larger heads are subdivided, will, we doubt not, soon enable persons at all conversant with heraldry, to use this Alphabetical Ordinary with facility, and even others will with a

little pains, be able to avail themselves of it. The utility of this volume will be an inducement to all archaeologists to make themselves in some degree acquainted with the subject. As in common dictionaries, when through a varying orthography, or through ignorance, a word cannot be found where it is first sought, a further search is requisite; so also here, if the coat admits of more than one mode of blazoning it, or we know not how it should be blazoned, a reference to more than one head may be necessary.

Since every fifty additional subscribers will, according to the terms of publication, reduce the price and shorten the time for the completion of the work, we would urge those that have subscribed to use their best endeavours to augment the subscription list. It is very desirable that the whole work should be in our hands as early as possible. All communications on the subject should be addressed to Mr. J. W. Papworth, 14A, Great Marlborough Street, London.

We adverted briefly on a former occasion to the proposal submitted to the Treasury early in the last year by the Master of the Rolls, for the publication of the Chronicles and Memorials of Great Britain and Ireland during the Middle Ages. As many of our readers may not be fully aware of the important character and extent of the undertaking, which received the full sanction of H. M. Treasury, it may be acceptable to them to be informed of the progress already made, as also of the arrangements which promise to ensure the uninterrupted continuation of this highly valuable series.

The Master of the Rolls suggested that these Materials for National History should be selected for publication under competent Editors, without reference to Periodical or Chronological arrangement, and without mutilation or abridgment. He inferred that, by an expenditure of 3000*l.* per annum, continued for ten years, and the production of about twelve volumes annually, the greater part of unedited matter, worthy of publication, would be completed. He also recommended that the Works should be published in royal 8vo., separately, as they were finished; the responsibility of the task resting upon the several Editors, who were to be chosen by the Master of the Rolls, with the sanction of the Treasury. Each Editor to give an account of the MSS. employed by him, of their age and peculiarities, a brief account of the life and times of the author, and any remarks necessary to explain the chronology, together with such notes only as might be necessary to establish the correctness of the text, the only illustration suggested being a facsimile of the MS. adopted.

Eight volumes have been already published: these consist of Capgrave's Chronicle of England, edited by the Rev. F. C. Hingeston;—Chronicon Monasterii de Abingdon, Vol. 1, edited by the Rev. J. Stevenson;—John Capgrave's *Historia de Inclytis Henricis Omnibus*, by Rev. F. C. Hingeston;—Thomas de Walden's *Fasciculi Zizaniorum*, by the Rev. W. W. Shirley;—*La Vie de St. Edouard le Confesseur, en vers François; Vita Beati Edwardi Regis et Confessoris*; and *Vita Edwardi Regis qui apud Westmonasterium Requiescit*, by the Rev. H. R. Luard;—the Scottish Metrical Chronicle, by Mr. W. Turnbull;—*Historia Monasterii S. Augustini Cantuariensis*, by the Rev. C. Hardwick;—*Monumenta Franciscana*, comprising the Annals of Thomas de Eccleston de adventu fratrum Minorum in Anglia, *Adæ de Marisco*, and the *Registrum fratrum minorum Londoniæ*, by the Rev. J. S. Brewer. The facsimiles, lithographed in colours, are admirable.

Amongst the works in immediate preparation may be enumerated the following important *desiderata* in our Historical literature. 1. Ricardi de Cirencestria Speculum Historiale de Gestis Regum Angliæ (A.D. 447—1066), edited by the Rev. J. E. B. Mayor. 2. Chronicon Monasterii de Abingdon, vol. ii.; edited by the Rev. J. Stevenson. 3. The Reprasser of over much Blaming of the Clergy; by Reginald Pecock, sometime Bishop of Chichester; edited by the Rev. C. Babington. 4. Memorials of Henry VII., Bernardi Andreæ Tholosatis de Vita Regis Henrici VII. Historia, necnon alia quædam ad eundem Regem spectantia; edited by Mr. J. Gairdner. 5. Memorials of Henry V., comprising—Vita Henrici V. Roberto Redmanno auctore;—Versus in laudem Regis Henrici V.;—Elmhami Liber metricus de Henrico V.; edited by Mr. C. A. Cole. 6. Memoriales Londonienses, scilicet Liber Albus necnon Liber Custumarum in archivis Guyhaldæ asservati; edited by Mr. H. T. Riley. 7. Eulogium Historiarum sive Temporis, Chronicon ab orbe condito usque ad A.D. 1366, a monacho quodam Malmesbiriensi exaratum, vol. i.: edited by Mr. F. S. Haydon. 8. The Buik of the Chronicles of Scotland; vols. ii. and iii.; edited by Mr. W. B. Turnbull. 9. The Anglo Saxon Chronicle, edited by Mr. B. Thorpe. 10. Le Livre de Reis de Brittanie; edited by Mr. J. Glover. 11. Descriptive Catalogue of MSS. relating to the early History of Great Britain; edited by Mr. T. Duffus Hardy. The publication of these volumes may be expected within the ensuing twelve months. The following works are also in progress. 1. Bartholomæi de Cotton, monachi Norwicensis, Historia Anglicana (A.D. 449—1295); edited by Mr. H. R. Luard. 2. Historia minor Matthæi Paris; edited by Sir F. Madden. 3. Chronica Johannis de Oxenedes; edited by Sir H. Ellis. 4. Recueil des Croniques et anciennes istories de la Grant Bretagne à present nomme Engleterre, par Jehan de Waurin; edited by Mr. W. Hardy. 5. The Wars of the Danes in Ireland, written in the Irish language; edited by the Rev. Dr. Todd. 6. The Brut y Tywysogion, or Chronicle of the Princes of Wales, and the Annales Cambriæ; edited by the Rev. J. Williams. 7. The Opus Tertium and Opus Minus of Roger Bacon; edited by the Rev. J. S. Brewer. 8. Collection of Political Poems from the accession of Edward III. to the reign of Henry VIII.; edited by Mr. Thomas Wright. 9. Collection of Royal and Historical Letters during the reigns of Henry IV., Henry V. and Henry VI.; edited by the Rev. F. C. Hingeston.

Mr. ROBERT FERGUSON, already well known to us through his investigations of the traces of the Northmen in Cumberland and Westmoreland, (London, Longman & Co., 1856), has recently published a volume to which we desire to invite attention; it is entitled—"English Surnames, and their place in the Teutonic Family." Our readers will not fail to recall the impulse which our lamented friend Mr. Kemble gave to the investigation of personal names; all who appreciate the evidence which they frequently supply, must study with satisfaction his talented dissertation on the "Names of the Anglo-Saxons," published in the Transactions of our Society at the Winchester Meeting. Mr. M. A. Lower, whose name is so familiar to us in connexion with researches into Family Nomenclature, announces a new work on the subject to be produced by Subscription, entitled—"Patronymica Britannica, a Dictionary of Family Names." Subscribers should forward their names without delay to the author at Lewes.

John bore *azure*, a chevron *or*: the azure is represented on his shield by a clear blue vitrified colour, introduced above and below the chevron, by means of two separate plates of copper, which presented casements or shallow cavities in which the enamel was fused, as in the *champlevé* work of the earlier productions of Limoges. The mixed yellow metal of which sepulchral brasses were formed would not bear the requisite degree of heat. The later figure, of which the accompanying woodcut gives a faithful representation, had possibly been ornamented in like manner, but no trace of the vitrified colour now remains.

The volume closes with Genealogical and Heraldic Memoranda relating to Surrey, comprising pedigrees and achievements of Digges of Reigate, and Carew of Beddington. We are indebted to Mr. W. H. Hart and Mr. J. Jackson Howard for this commencement of a very valuable Section of materials for local history.

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On a former occasion (see page 198, *ante*) we called the attention of our readers to the satisfactory progress of the series of Historical materials, in course of publication by authority of the Government.

The "*Rerum Britannicarum Mediæ Ævi Scriptores*," are not, however, the only boon for which the student of History is indebted to the discrimination and judgment of the Master of the Rolls. The facilities at length afforded to the historian through the Calendars of State Papers, published under his direction, and with the sanction of H. M. Secretary of State for the Home Department, cannot be too highly appreciated. They comprise the Domestic Series during a most important period. The Calendars of the reigns of Edward VI., Mary, and Elizabeth, 1547—80, have been edited by Mr. R. Lemon; the reign of James I., forming two volumes, 1603—18, has been edited by Mrs. M. A. Green; and the reign of Charles I. has been produced under the charge of Mr. Bruce. Each volume (in royal 8vo., price 15s.) has a copious index of Persons, Places and Subjects, so that reference to ascertain what information is to be found on these matters can be made with the greatest facility. A very desirable continuation of this Series of English State Papers has recently been completed by Mr. Markham J. Thorpe, consisting of State Papers relating to Scotland, from the reign of Henry VIII. to the accession of James I., with the correspondence relating to Mary Queen of Scots during her detention in England.

The Rev. HERBERT HAINES, (Paddock House, Gloucester), will shortly issue to the Subscribers his Manual for the Study of Monumental Brasses, with an extensive list of the examples remaining in the British Isles, based on that compiled by the Rev. C. R. Manning, which has long been out of print. The price of the volume, containing numerous illustrations, will not exceed twelve shillings to Subscribers.

During the last session of Parliament, a Bill for the remedy of the evils arising from the law of "*Treasure Trove*," was presented in the House of Lords by our President, Lord Talbot de Malahide, and ordered to be printed. In Scotland the question of *Treasure Trove*, as we are gratified to learn, seems rapidly approaching a satisfactory settlement. The Commissioners of Supply, who are chiefly the landed proprietors, recently consented in nearly

every county, at their half-yearly meetings, to make common cause with the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, responding to the Society's appeal by passing resolutions to the effect that Government should deal with this subject for the interests of Archæological science. At the Treasury no disinclination was apparently exhibited to accede to these united representations: communication was instituted with the Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer for Scotland, who is charged with the administration of the law in question; and from the reasonable manner in which he has hitherto, so far as its nature allowed, directed its execution, combined with what we hope may be regarded as the favourable feeling of the Treasury, there is little doubt that an enlightened and practically beneficial alteration will speedily be arranged. The chief anticipated results of such a change, are the recognition of a right on the part of the finder of ancient objects to their full value, and the modification of the law in such a manner as to render it of scientific utility by securing, as far as possible, the deposit of all casually discovered relics in the Museum of National Antiquities at Edinburgh. This institution is now constituted in a form which will shortly become worthy of its designation. The collection of which it consists, formed, during the greater part of a century, by the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, was transferred some years ago to the Treasury for the public behoof, simply on the condition that it should be accommodated and maintained as a government establishment. At length, after various delays, this arrangement is completed. A handsome suite of rooms, formerly occupied by the National Gallery in the Royal Institution at Edinburgh, has been allotted for the Antiquarian Museum, with a grant of £2030 for necessary fittings, and an allowance of £300 a year for the expenses of the establishment. Cases and wall-presses are already in course of construction, and in a few months the Scottish Society's valuable collection will be transferred to the new depository with certain extensive additions which have recently been presented. With a representative institution of this nature, presided over by the Society which originally nurtured it, and to which the right of custody has been preserved, Scottish Archæology will possess a central rallying point capable of producing, if adequately sustained and developed, as there is every reason to hope, all the fruits which organised co-operation is calculated to secure.

The provisions of the Bill "for the Amendment of the Law relating to Treasure Trove," presented by Lord Talbot, are as follows:—That if any person find property falling under the description of Treasure Trove, he shall without delay deposit the same with some Justice of the Peace, on pain of forfeiture of claim to compensation (hereafter to be mentioned), and of being deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. The Justice shall make inquiry into the circumstances of finding the treasure, and forward the treasure to the Commissioners of H. M. Treasury, who shall forthwith take measures to ascertain its value, by submitting it to the Curator of Antiquities at the British Museum, the President of the Society of Antiquaries, and other equally competent persons. That regard shall be had to the antiquarian value, as well as to the intrinsic worth of the objects discovered; and that, when such value is ascertained, the Commissioners shall remit to the finder the amount thereof. The Commissioners shall, with the sanction of Her Majesty, deposit such treasure in the British Museum, or in such national, provincial, or other public museum as they think fit. There are also clauses regarding settlement of disputes as to the person entitled to compensation as

finder of any treasure; the power to search for treasure suspected to be secreted, and to seize the same, &c. The Bill presented by Lord Talbot, it must be observed, does not apply to Scotland. It may appear desirable, in dealing with this difficult question, which we hope may ultimately be brought to a satisfactory adjustment, that, to obviate the discouragement of archæological investigations, suitable provision should be made by which persons, either the owner of the soil, or those authorised by the owner to undertake antiquarian excavations, may be entitled to the possession of any Treasure Trove which might thus be brought to light.

The Rev. Dr. COLLINGWOOD BRUCE has announced a third edition of his *Historical and Topographical description of the Roman Wall*, for which he has made extensive preparations, and which will contain about two hundred woodcut illustrations, with several lithographic views, in addition to those previously given in his valuable work on the great Northern Barrier. The results of the survey of the wall, undertaken by direction of the Duke of Northumberland, and accounts of excavations at Bremenium, Borecovicus, and other places, will be given. A few copies will be printed in folio, to range with Horsley's *Britannia Romana*. For these immediate application is requisite, the number of copies being very limited. The Publishers are John Russell Smith, Soho Square, London; and Messrs. Pigg, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Mr. B. B. WOODWARD, F.S.A., announces, as shortly to be published, Part I. of his *General History of HAMPSHIRE*, a county which has hitherto received so little attention from topographical writers. It will form three volumes, quarto: to be published in monthly parts. Those persons who take an interest in this undertaking, or who may be disposed to contribute any local information, are requested to communicate with the author, 20, Eton Villas, Haverstock Hill. Mr. Woodward will also speedily produce (by subscription) the *History and Antiquities of Bungay in Suffolk*; with notices of the surrounding parishes; to form one volume, demy octavo, illustrated with maps and views.

The Rev. Dr. HUME, of Liverpool, Secretary of the Historic Society of Lancashire, whose interesting Memoir, communicated at the Meeting of the Institute in Lincoln, called the attention of the antiquary to the curious character of the relics of all periods brought to light at Hoylake, will very shortly issue to the subscribers his detailed work on those remarkable discoveries, with representations of the principal objects. An extensive assemblage of these remains were contributed to the Museum of the Institute at the Chester Meeting by Mr. Mayer, Dr. Hume, and other local collectors.

The Rev. J. GRAVES, author of the *History of the Cathedral Church of Kilkenny*, has prepared for publication the *Taxations and Values of Benefices in the Diocese of Ossory*, from the thirteenth to the seventeenth century: with *Memoirs of the Bishops of that See*, and of the *Dignitaries of the Church of St. Canice*. Subscribers' names are received by the author, Kilkenny, or Messrs. Mc Glashan, Upper Sackville Street, Dublin.

by the importance of the inscribed tablet, and some valuable criticisms were offered on the period to which it belongs. Mr. Scarth has given a Memoir on the subject in the Proceedings of the Somerset Archaeological Society, during the year 1854, p. 135.

The General concluding Meeting was then held; Lord TALBOT DE MALAHIDE presiding. The usual expressions of acknowledgment were voted to the local authorities, to all institutions and persons through whose friendly co-operation the successful results of the Meeting had been ensured, especially to the Mayor and Corporation, to the liberal contributors to the Museum, and to the Local Committee. A vote of thanks having been proposed by the Mayor to the Noble President, the proceedings terminated.

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The Central Committee desire to acknowledge the following Donations received on occasion of the Bath Meeting. The Mayor of Bath, 2*l.* 2*s.*; Sir John P. Boileau, Bart., 5*l.*; Dr. Guest, Master of Caius College, 5*l.*, Right Rev. Bishop Carr, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Dr. Watson, 2*l.* 10*s.*; Mr. B. Watson, 2*l.* 10*s.*; Rev. H. M. Scarth, 2*l.* 2*s.*; Mr. W. Long, 2*l.* 2*s.*; Mr. Markland, 2*l.* 2*s.*; Mr. Brymer, 2*l.* 2*s.*; Mr. H. D. Skrine, 2*l.* 2*s.*; Mr. J. S. Soden, 2*l.*; Mr. W. H. Blaauw, 2*l.*; Mr. A. W. Franks, 2*l.*; Mr. Albert Way, 2*l.*; Rev. J. F. Moor, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Col. Oliver, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. C. J. Vigne, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. G. Robins, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Rev. T. Bathurst Deane, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. E. Hunt, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. Bartrum, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. F. Murch, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. W. Thompson, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Rev. C. R. Davy, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Mr. Knyfton, 1*l.*; Mr. H. Godwin, 1*l.*; Mr. H. R. Ricardo, 1*l.*; Mr. W. H. Breton, 10*s.*; Mr. W. Sandford, 10*s.*; Miss Fenton, 10*s.*; Mr. J. E. Gill, 10*s.*; Rev. H. Calverley, 10*s.*; Rev. E. J. C., 10*s.*; Rev. J. Wood, 10*s.*

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WE announce with satisfaction that it has been determined to make a complete investigation of the site of the extensive Roman city of URICONIUM, Wroxeter, in Shropshire. Many of our readers, who were present at the Meeting in Shrewsbury in 1856, will recall the striking features of the position on the elevated banks of the Severn, the massive columns, the curious vestiges of structures of more than ordinary importance, and especially the portion of a building of large dimensions, remarkable as an example of Roman construction, and marking the site of some great public edifice of which the remains have never been excavated. Several inscriptions have been found at Wroxeter, and are preserved in the Library of King Edward's School at Shrewsbury. There remain doubtless other valuable memorials of this description hitherto concealed among the debris. The interesting memoir on the vestiges of this ancient city, read at the Shrewsbury Meeting by the Rev. H. M. Scarth, will not be forgotten. The Duke of Cleveland, on whose estates the remains are situated, has given consent that excavations should be made; and at a meeting of the Shropshire and North Wales Antiquarian Society, held at Shrewsbury, Nov. 11, *ult.*, it was proposed by the President, Beriah Botfield, Esq., M.P., seconded by the Earl of Powis, that a subscription be entered into for making excavations at Wroxeter, and that all objects discovered be placed in the

Museum of the Society at Shrewsbury. Mr. Botfield offered a contribution of fifty guineas, and many other subscriptions have been received. It is hoped that sufficient funds may be raised to enable the Society to carry out a thorough examination of *Uriconium*, and it is requested that persons disposed to aid this desirable object should forward their subscriptions to the Hon. Secretary to the Excavations' Committee at Shrewsbury, Henry Johnson, Esq., M.D., from whom a map of the site and a statement of the project may be obtained.

We have to announce with pleasure the production of the second Part of Mr. J. W. PAPWORTH'S Ordinary of Arms, to which we invited attention on a former occasion. (See p. 196, in this volume.) A third portion will speedily be issued to the subscribers; and it were much to be desired that more liberal encouragement of so useful a publication might enable the author to accelerate the completion of his laborious undertaking. Subscribers' names are received by the Author, 14 A, Great Marlborough Street, London.

The Rev. BEALE POSTE, of Bydews Place, Maidstone, announces (by subscription, price 6s.) a Report of Discoveries at St. Faith's Church, in that town, illustrated by several plates. The volume will contain also an account of antiquities of various periods, British, Roman, and Saxon, chiefly connected with Maidstone.

The recent completion of a first portion of the work undertaken by the Society of ANTIQUARIES OF NEWCASTLE, the continuation of Hodgson's History of Northumberland,<sup>1</sup> will speedily be followed by the production of the History of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. We have learned with satisfaction that this important chapter of Northern Topography, for which a mass of valuable material has been brought together since the publication of Brand's History, has been entrusted to very able hands. Among evidences of the extended range of Antiquarian research, and the more judicious mode of treating the combined facts of local history, since the compilation of those memorials of Newcastle by Brand, we may cite the valuable Memoirs on the state of Newcastle during the Saxon Period, and the Trade of Newcastle previous to the reign of Henry III., for which the Institute has been indebted to Mr. J. Hodgson Hinde. They will be found in the first volume of the Memoirs contributed at the Meeting of the Institute in Northumberland, lately published by Mr. G. Bell.

A novel application of the PHOTOGRAPHIC ART to the illustration of subjects of Archæological interest has been announced for publication by Mr. Lovell Reeve, Henrietta Street, Covent Garden. It consists of ninety stereographs of Druidical remains, examples of Ecclesiastical and Military Architecture, Wayside Crosses, Monuments, &c., in Brittany, with a narrative of a tour by the Rev. J. M. Jephson, F.S.A.

It is proposed that the ANNUAL MEETING of the Institute at Carlisle, under the patronage of the Earl of Carlisle, Lord Muncaster, High Sheriff of the County, Lord Brougham, the Lord Bishop of Carlisle, and other persons of distinction and influence, shall commence on July 26. The programme will shortly be issued.

<sup>1</sup> History of Northumberland: the General History of the County, containing the Roman and Saxon Periods, with

a narrative of events from the Conquest to the Accession of the House of Hanover. Newcastle. T. & J. Pigg. 4to.