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**Archaeological Excavation at
4-8 High Street, Tadcaster,
North Yorkshire**

Interim Report and Finds Assessments

April 1995



**West Yorkshire
Archaeology Service**

172 MAY 1995

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WYAS R235, 21st April 1995

**Archaeological Excavation at
4-8 High Street, Tadcaster
North Yorkshire**

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Archaeological Excavation at
4-8 High Street, Tadcaster

Interim Report

Excavations at 4-8 High Street, Tadcaster

Interim Report

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Excavations at High Street, Tadcaster, North Yorkshire.

Interim Report

Summary

The West Yorkshire Archaeology Service was contracted by Samuel Smith Old Brewery to carry out an excavation on the vacant plots of 4-8 High Street, Tadcaster, prior to redevelopment. Although the site had been disturbed by a cellar, the level of this disturbance was somewhat less than had been anticipated and was essentially confined to the central part of the area. Whilst the excavations found some evidence of prehistoric and Roman activity, the archaeological deposits dated principally to the medieval and early post-medieval periods. An early sequence of inter cutting medieval rubbish pits (one containing an infant burial) could be associated with medieval tenements that once fronted onto Kirkgate. A stone-lined garderobe (or cess pit), containing a rich sequence of medieval deposits, had been partially disturbed by the stone walled cellar of a post-medieval structure on the site. The majority of the finds came from the medieval features, particularly the stone-lined cess pit. Sub-samples of deposits from the latter suggest that they contain enormous potential for environmental analysis, having already yielded considerable quantities of animal bone and many other artefacts, including preserved textile and wood fragments. An assemblage of post-medieval thimbles, associated with the cellar phase, is also considered to be of significance.

1. Introduction (Fig. 1)

From the 22nd of February to the 19th of April 1994, West Yorkshire Archaeology Service was contracted by Samuel Smith Old Brewery to carry out an archaeological excavation at what was formerly 4-8 High Street Tadcaster. This excavation followed evaluation trial trenching which took place on the site from the 15th to 18th of February 1993 (Roberts and Staddon 1993). The site was located on the north side of High Street, to the west of Kirkgate, approximately 100m west of the River Wharfe (SE 48624322). It measured 15m by 12m and its south-eastern edge ran along the frontage of High Street. The eastern boundary was defined by the wall of the Midland Bank and the north-western limit and access point to the site was a former surgery on the edge of the car park to the north. A narrow footpath, connecting High Street to the car park, formed the western boundary. The aforementioned evaluation report, which forms part of the archive, gives a full account of the background and requirements for the excavation work and this will not be reiterated here.

2. Method of excavation

2.1 Topsoil stripping

The site was stripped of topsoil by a JCB excavator down to a brown soil which covered areas of the site not affected by cellaring and modern disturbance. At first it appeared that much of the site had been cut by post-medieval cellaring but medieval pottery was visible within the brown soil and some potential features were apparent before hand cleaning commenced. During the third week of the excavation, some of the cellar backfill and wall foundations were removed by a mini mechanical excavator. The cellar was located at the northern end of the building where the depth of demolition rubble was much greater and consequently was not fully excavated.

2.2 Modern disturbance

The central part of the site was completely truncated by the remnants of limestone foundations which formed a cellar that was backfilled with modern demolition rubble (see 3.2). Three

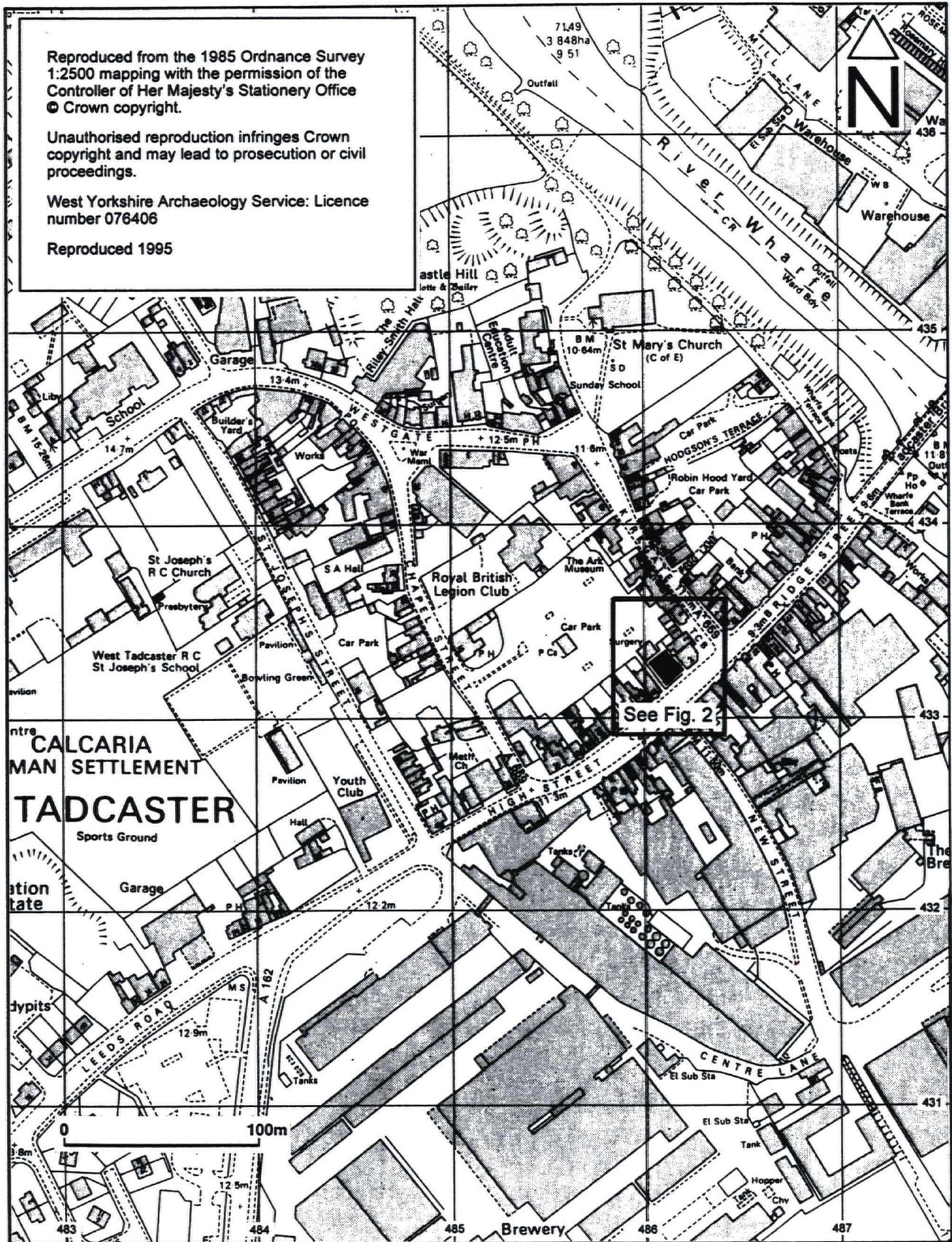


Fig. 1: Location plan

shops are known to have occupied the site in recent years: the Argyll fish and chip shop, a jewellers and a hairdressers. A further foundation, just visible in the extreme SW corner may have represented one of the former buildings occupied by the shops but was not investigated due to time limitations. Running on a N-S alignment, on the western side of the site, were known gas and water mains which ran from High Street to the SW corner of the former surgery. The two services were contained in a trench 1.80m wide. Other modern disturbances were much smaller and included a drain on the western side of the site and a few small pits and possible post holes containing modern finds.

2.3 Excavation and recording methodology

Following the mechanical removal of cellar fill and overburden all excavations were by hand. All deposits were at least sample excavated, whilst the fills of pits and post-holes were usually totally excavated. Plans and sections were drawn at scales of 1:20 and 1:10 respectively. Written context records were made in accordance with the WYAS recording manual (1989). Photographic records were made of all features of archaeological significance.

3. Interim report of excavation results (Fig. 2)

3.1 Excavated features

For the purpose of discussion the site can be spatially divided into the following areas:

- i) The post-medieval building (F2138) situated centrally to the site and represented by the cellar (See 2.2) and associated features including a stone tank (F2063) and well (F2030).
- ii) Medieval pits and post-holes that were visible in the north and west of the site seen to cut soil horizon 2072.
- iii) A tightly concentrated area of medieval pits cut by the southern cellar wall and cutting soil horizon 2062.
- iv) A second sequence of inter-cutting pits, some medieval and some of uncertain date, which were sealed by soil horizon 2062. One of these contained a child inhumation of possibly pre-medieval date.
- v) Possible boundary ditches and gullies which pre-date some of the pits and cellar wall.
- vi) The medieval stone-lined cess pit.

3.2 Post-medieval features

This section refers to the features mentioned in 3.1.i). These post-medieval features probably dated from the 17th century. The most apparent of these was the cellar structure (F2138). Its dimensions from the L-shaped remains were 5.8m by 4.6m and the cellar had been backfilled with modern rubble dating from the 1960s, when the properties on the site were demolished. The building was aligned parallel with present day High Street and was situated 8m from it. A doorway and stone steps from the SW corner of the building gave access to the cellar. To the south the depth of rubble was much shallower and a distinctive pink alluvial natural lay below the rubble.

In the west wall of the cellar there appeared to be a secondary doorway which led to a stone tank, F2063, which had been water sealed by clay packing in its foundation trench, F2061. A stone-lined well, F2030 lay 2 metres NW of the tank and was perhaps contemporary with the two aforementioned features. A small curved rectangular feature, F2032, was connected to the well which may have acted as a soak-away drain when water spillage occurred by the well. It would certainly have made sense to have a water supply close to the water tight tank, especially if it served some industrial process (brewing or dyeing perhaps).

3.3 Medieval and Earlier Features

3.3.1 *The features described in this section post-date layers 2062 and 2072 (Fig 2)*

This section refers to features mentioned in sections 3.1. ii and iii. They consisted mainly of pits and post-holes, ranging in date, on the basis of the pottery, from the 11th to 14th century and were visible in various parts of the site. To the north, situated between the stone tank and the well, was a fairly large but shallow oval pit, F2028. Six potential post-holes were excavated north of the cellar foundation and one (F2058) was cut by its northern edge. Some of the post-holes in this area were not clearly defined, possibly representing root disturbance. The southern cellar wall had cut through a series of inter-cutting pits, which contained bone, medieval pottery and other artifacts. A slight amount of modern disturbance had occurred here and one of the pits (F2034) was modern but clearly defined. A single small pit (F2097) was situated west of the inter-cutting pits and had also been cut by the wall foundation. Immediately to the south of the pits and up to the southern limit of excavation, no other features were clearly visible so the brown soil horizon (2062) was removed manually.

3.3.2 *The features described in this section pre-date layers 2062 and 2072 (Fig 3)*

After the removal of layer 2062 an earlier phase of inter-cutting pits and features was revealed. These mostly consisted of sub-circular pits of varying sizes and one narrow gully (F2132) which ran southwards to the limit of excavation. Finds were much scarcer than in the apparently later phase of pits (see 3.3.1). However, some medieval pottery was present in the primary fill (2119) of an oval shaped pit (F2120). A significant discovery was a crouched infant (neonate) inhumation in the fill (2105) of feature F2162, which initially appeared to be another sub-circular pit. Several flint fragments and a single sherd of Roman Samian ware were found in the fill of the 'grave' but these were possibly residual and are not totally reliable for dating purposes.

This southern area of site was fairly rich in flint but the fragments could not be pinpointed to any specific feature. Flint manufacture must have occurred somewhere close by and fragments must have found their way into some of the above features during their excavation and back filling.

After the excavation of the features to the north and west of the cellar no more were visible so the brown soil horizon was numbered 2072 and removed manually. This was similar to 2062 to the south but not physically connected. Two parallel north-south aligned ditches became visible, one to the east, which was excavated in two segments (F2078 and F2156) and the other to the west (F2168) which was excavated in one segment in the north-east corner of the site. It was not clear if they were contemporary as F2168 contained only Roman pottery, and F2078 contained medieval. The eastern ditch (F2078/F2156) was also cut by gully F2172 which may have been a wall foundation cut as some large fragments of limestone (2173) were present but had largely been robbed away. Further south this ditch had been cut by medieval pit (F2053). The western ditch F2168 was indistinct but could clearly be seen to run to the south and was cut by several features including the cellar wall and the well (Fig 2).

To the south-west of the cellar was a confused area of inter-cutting features which were never fully resolved due to time limitations. It appeared that a pit (F2083) had been cut by smaller features, probable post-holes, but the cut edges were vague and difficult to follow. It was just to the east of this pit that layers 2062 and 2072 were separated by the presence of a thin band of coarse natural sand which ran on the same alignment as the western cellar wall. After the removal of layer 2062, it became apparent that gully (F2132) had cut the natural sand which had separated 2062 and 2072, but its eastern edge was not visible until 2062 was removed as a spit.

3.3.3 *Pits and Gullies to the east of site (Fig 2)*

Six features were situated in this part of the site and were isolated from the rest by the gas and water mains trench. All these features were cut into natural coarse sand.

Situated in the extreme south-east corner were two narrow butt-ended gullies (F2088 and F2023) which formed a right angle. Both these shallow narrow gullies contained medieval

pottery and animal bone and may have represented the corner of a tenement division. Feature F2023 also cut feature F2116 to the south but only a few centimetres of this were visible. The two gullies had also cut a possible pit or F2089. This was visible in plan as a distinct grey/green sub-circular stain which was clearly cut by the two linear gullies. On excavation however, the two fills, 2014 and 2098, were very clean sterile silts with no inclusions and a single flint fragment was the only find in the upper fill. It was thought this feature represented a natural depression which had filled with silt during river flooding.

A similar feature (F2002) lay one meter to the east of F2089 and was partly concealed by the eastern baulk. Its fills of sterile silt contained few finds and inclusions apart from a single flint fragment.

To the north of F2002 lay a narrow gully F2001, oriented east-west, which contained medieval pottery and bone and was cut by the service trench and ran under the eastern baulk. As with the other two gullies to the south this may have been a land division. No other features were present north of F2001 and consequently this area was later used to tip spoil.

3.3.4 The stone-lined cess pit

A stone-lined cess pit had seemingly been cut by the cellar wall close to its SW corner. It was not entirely clear if the later pit fills were contemporary with the intrusive building. The discrete fills of the cess pit (fifteen in all) were mostly highly organic and were bulk sampled for sieving and analysis by specialists. A more accurate date may become clear when these samples and their contents are fully processed and analysed. Medieval pottery was recovered from several of the cess pit fills but not in any great quantity. One sherd of post-medieval pottery was recovered from one of the upper fills, though this is believed to be intrusive. Several small finds were recovered, including an iron knife with a preserved wooden handle (see 4.4).

4. Artefacts and Environmental Samples

4.1 Animal Bone

The largest finds category is that of animal bone which was made up of 973 fragments, 58 of which were recognised as fish bone. The bone was generally in good condition and was found in most of the medieval and post-medieval features fills with large quantities coming from some of the cess pit fills. An assessment is being carried out by David Berg of WYAS.

4.2 Pottery

The pottery finds were assessed and spot dated by Dr C.G. Cumperbach. The assemblage consisted of 763 sherds, the majority of which were dated as medieval, between the 11th and 14th century. However, some post-medieval pottery was recovered from the later features and Roman pottery was found from ditch segment fills 2157 (of F2168) and 2105 (of F2162). The remaining Roman pottery sherds were residual, coming from secure medieval contexts.

4.3 Flint

Sixty fragments and flakes of flint were recovered, the majority coming from the south end of the site. A general scatter of flint must have been disturbed when the pits were first excavated and backfilled. The flint was briefly inspected by Don Henson (Wakefield museum) who thought that the flints were Mesolithic, mostly consisting of waste flakes with retouch visible on some pieces. A full assessment is being carried out by Jeny Marriot of WYAS.

4.4 Metal objects

The metal artefacts included iron, copper alloy, lead objects. Most frequent was iron with 281 fragments and objects, though this figure may be slightly misleading as some objects had fragmented. The metalwork has been sent to Bradford University, Department of Archaeological Sciences, for x-ray analysis by Yannick Minvielle-Debat.

Fill (2009) of the construction cut for the stone tank (F2061) produced a hobnailed 'Witches boot' of probable 18th century date. Other objects included, a wood-handled knife from the cess pit fill, 2065 and a large iron cooking(?) pot fragmented and recovered from several of the cess pit fills. Rim fragments were clearly visible from the x-ray as was a copper rivet. The copper alloy assemblages consisted of 41 objects, the most significant of which was a cache of 11 thimbles found within the loose mortar (2139) of the cellar wall, F2138 and one seemingly within cess pit fill 2160, which lay immediately to the west of that wall. Though probably post-medieval the thimbles have been sent to Dr Penelope Rogers in York to be assessed. The remaining metal finds consisted of 3 lead objects. One strip from fill 2165 of the cess pit and two others from medieval pit fills.

4.5 Human Bone

The only human bone was the infant burial from, 2105, the fill of grave F2162 (see 3.3.2). This will eventually be analysed under the supervision of Dr Charlotte Roberts at Bradford University, in accordance with the conditions of the Home Office licence.

4.6 Miscellaneous Artefacts

Apart from some textile fragments from fill 2165 of the cess pit, the rest of the finds were largely post-medieval and consisted of glass, slag, shell, clay pipe, brick/tile, stone and coal. Some very modern plastic finds were discovered at the top of the well fill (2029). An assessment of these miscellaneous finds will be carried out by WYAS staff.

4.7 Environmental Samples

In all 59 environmental samples were taken but this was not done on a random basis. If a deposit contained a large amount of charcoal or looked highly organic it was sampled with a view to wet sieving in the WYAS laboratory and possible further assessment by a specialist. All the samples were taken with clean tools and deposited in clean large or A4 sized polythene bags coded with individual sample numbers. These were then stored in the WYAS cold store. By far the most promising of the samples were from the 15 cess pit fills, most of which were highly organic and contained a variety of inclusions from bone, seeds and textile fragments. It should be noted that 95% of the cess pit deposits were sampled. The samples are still undergoing assessments by the following specialist: Margaret Bastow (macrofossils); Penelope Rogers (textile); David Berg (animal bone).

5. Discussion

5.1 Although a fairly small site, the excavations at High Street, have demonstrated human activity from the Mesolithic through to the post-medieval period. Apart from the residual flints and Roman pottery, the site at this stage may tentatively be divided into the following phases or sequences of events (though there are sub-divisions within this).

5.2 The earliest of these phases seems to be the pit activity in the southern and western half of the site which probably represent refuse pits located at the bottom of burgage plots associated with medieval buildings known to have stood on Kirkgate, now some 20 metres to the east of site. Kirkgate is believed to have been the main market street in the early medieval town, which would have led south from the church and castle, to the main highway, to York and the bridge. The linear gullies and ditches may represent boundary divisions between the burgage plots, though stratigraphically they were not all contemporary and would have resulted from many seasons of activity on the land. The same could be said for the pits whereby, one refuse pit may have been used for a period before backfilling which would account for the two pit 'phases' to the south of site; pre layer 2062 and post-layer 2062. Even the excavation of a relatively small pit would have caused a great deal of soil scattering which would have sealed in earlier pits and features. The one linear feature which may well have been pre-medieval was feature F2168, the ditch segment excavated in the north-west of site which contained animal bone and only Roman pottery. The other was the child burial almost certainly of a pre-medieval date (see 3.3.2).

5.3 The contemporaneity of the stone-lined cess pit and the rubbish pits remains to be determined. The presence of a garderobe or cess pit does not necessarily demand the former existence of a medieval house on the site. Stone-lined privies have been found at the ends of medieval tenements (e.g. Tanners Row, Pontefract), a situation which would be consistent with the notion of plots running E-W from Kirkgate.

5.4 The second major phase of activity was the construction of the building central to site and the remnants of which were the cellar wall, F2138, and possible contemporary features (the cess pit, F2070, stone tank F2061 and the well, F2030). This building was probably constructed in the late 17th or 18th century and was built after High Street became the main thoroughfare. The cellar may well have been a later addition or extension. It certainly has two sub-phases, as evidenced by the new doorway giving access to the stone-lined tank. Although it was situated some way back from present day High Street (about 8 metres) it may have been a small industrial building/outhouse present in a back yard behind the main frontage of buildings.

6. Areas of Further interest

The archaeology on site is thought to be largely understood. However, there remain considerable archaeological deposits *in situ* down the western side of site which still need some clarification of their date and nature. Of particular interest is the date and orientation of the ditch (F2168), which produced Roman pottery from the excavated segment in the north west corner of the site, though did not appear to extend as far as the southern edge of site. Should the deposit along the western side of site be threatened by the eventual development proposal it would be desirable that an archaeological watching brief was carried out at the time of the necessary major ground disturbances.

Acknowledgements

Report: Charlie Morris BA (with contributions by Ian Roberts BSc MIFA)
Illustration: M. Fossick MAAIS

References

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Part 2:
Archaeological Excavation at
4-8 High Street, Tadcaster
Finds Assessment Reports

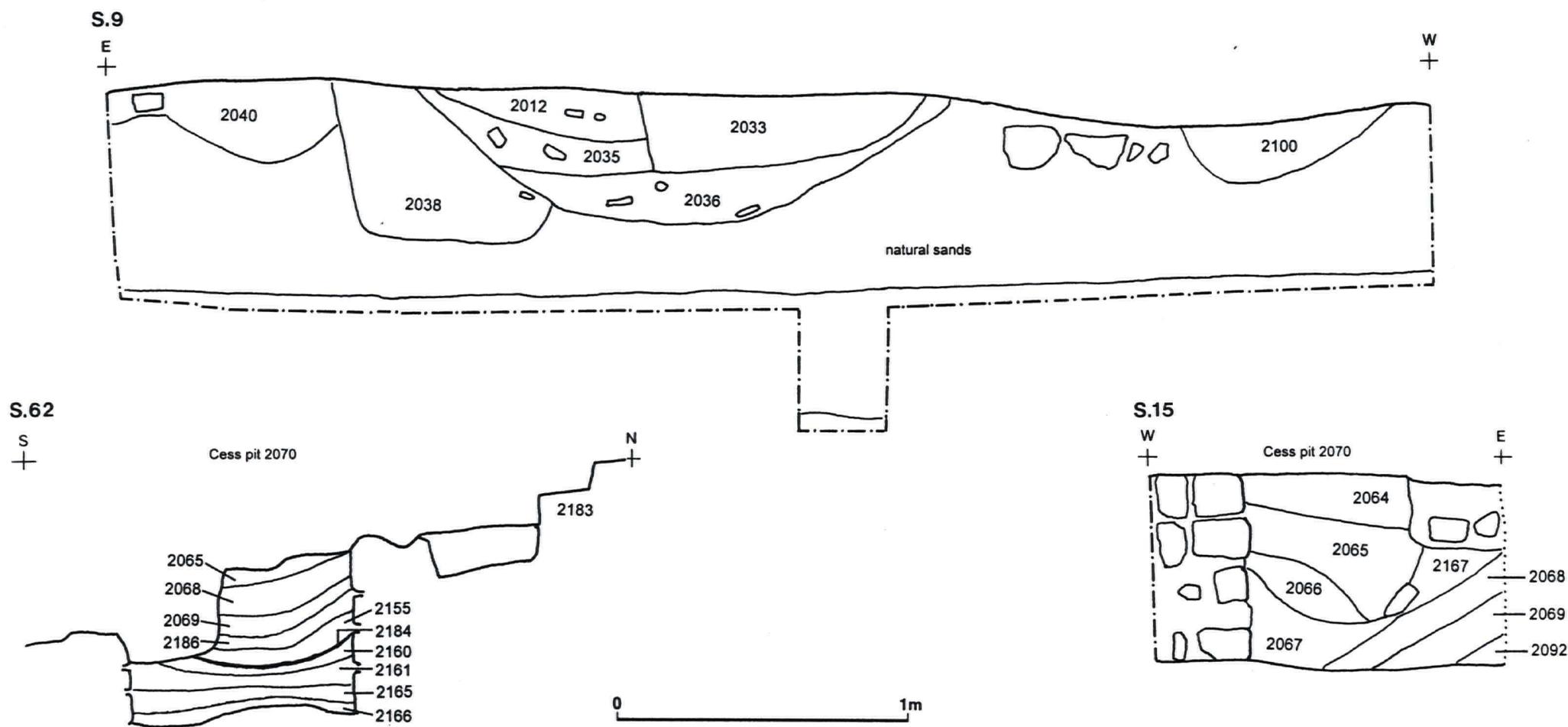


Fig. 3: Section detail showing the depth and nature of archaeological deposits south of the cellar and in the cess pit 2070.

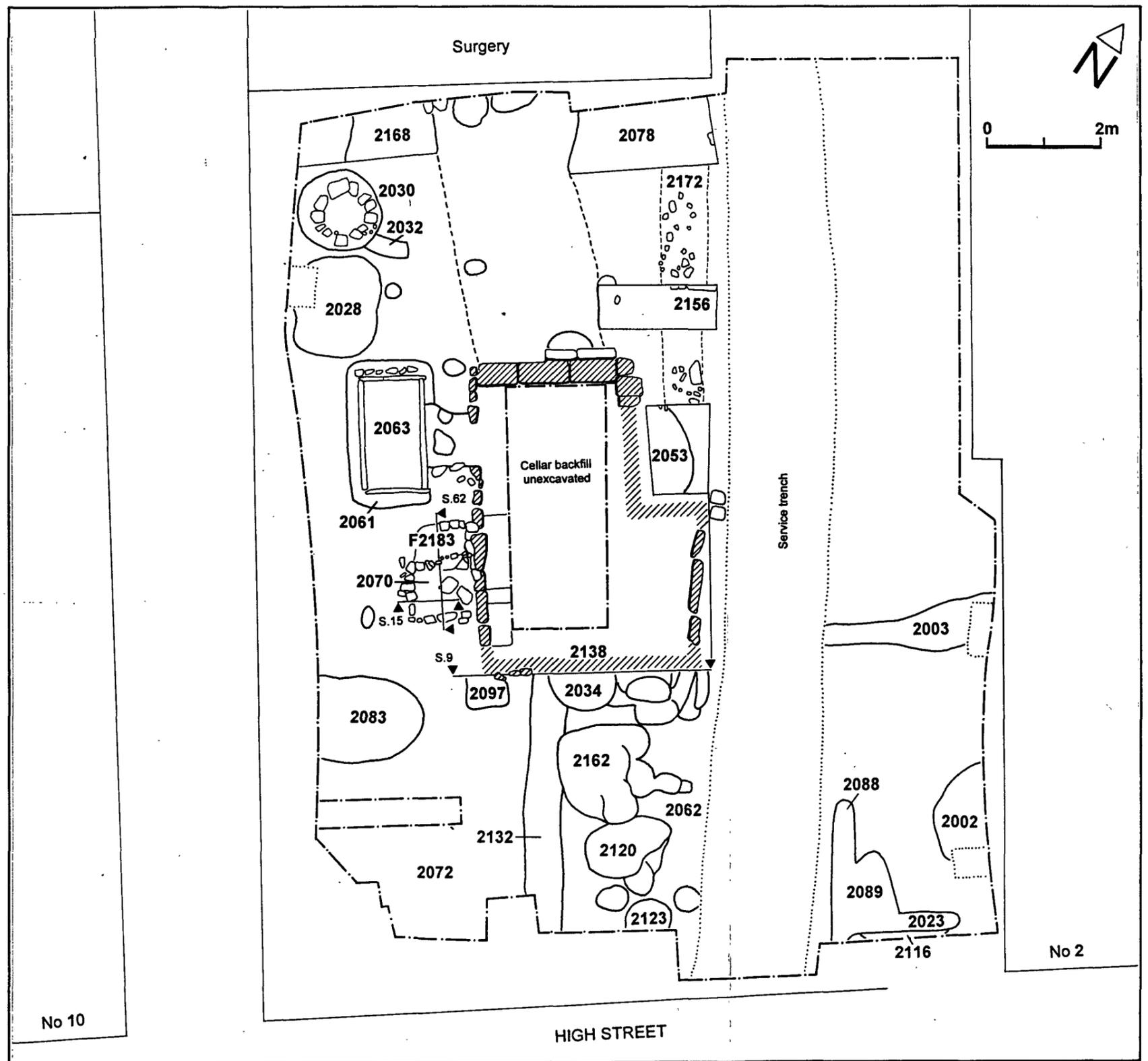


Fig. 2: Plan of archaeological features

Fig. 2

Part 2:
Archaeological Excavation at
4-8 High Street, Tadcaster
Finds Assessment Reports

Medieval Pottery from High Street, Tadcaster

Assessment Report

C.G. Cumberpatch BA PhD

The pottery recovered from an excavation in Tadcaster (North Yorkshire) was examined by the author on May 16th 1994. The intention was to assess the time required for a full analysis of the assemblages and to provide an overview of the date and nature of the group. The results of this work are presented in this report.

The group consisted of 636 sherds of pottery ranging in date from the Roman to the modern periods. As in the case of the Chapel Street site medieval pottery dominated the assemblage.

The Roman pottery

Roman pottery occurred in contexts 2076 (one sherd of grey ware), 2042, 2012 (a ring foot base) and 2105 (a chip of Samian ware). In addition context 2157 contained fourteen sherds of an unidentified soft orange sandy ware coated with a white slip. These are presumably Roman in date and were associated with two other unidentified sherds, one the rim of a small globular jar.

The Medieval pottery

The medieval pottery had a great deal in common with the group from Chapel Street, being dominated by Gritty wares. Gritty wares of the types present at Tadcaster appeared in the 11th century and continued to be manufactured until well into the 15th century. A number of changes in fabric and vessel form allow a closer degree of precision in dating, although generally the type poses problems when considered from a chronological point of view. While distinctions between Pimply wares, Hillam wares, Coarse Sandy wares and Gritty ware (the latter as defined by Brooks, 1987) are difficult to determine and substantiate, a distinction can be drawn between these types and the later Northern Gritty ware. It seems that this type replaces the earlier types during the 13th century, and persists until the early 15th century.

Splash Glazed ware supported a general date within the 11th to 12th century range although a number of contexts (2092, 2001 and 2155 contained later medieval (13th to 14th century) material. Contexts 2167, 2072 and 2011 included post-medieval sherds amongst the earlier types. Contexts 2167, 2139, 2009, 2080, 2031 and 2029 were largely or wholly early modern or later in character.

Regarding the specific question concerning the pottery from F2077 (contexts 2075 and 2076) and its connection with that from F2156 (context 2177), the comparison is difficult as the latter contained only a single sherd of buff Gritty ware while the former contained a total of 38 sherds, including a residual fragment of Roman grey ware. There is certainly no evidence to suggest that the two features do not fall into the same general date range (later 11th to 13th century), but whether such a range can be regarded as implying that they were contemporary must remain an open question.

Summary

The group of pottery described is broadly contemporary to that from Chapel Street. The preponderance of Gritty wares and the relatively small amount of Sandy wares in both assemblages is worthy of note and might imply that the groups resulted from the same kinds of refuse or debris, possibly originating from kitchens or low status domestic contexts.

The group from High Street is considerably less fragmented and abraded than that from Chapel Street, suggesting different histories of disposal and deposit formation.

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Acknowledgements are due to J.G. Watkins and M. Bartels for their assistance in the preparation of this report.

Costing for a full archive / publication report

Full reports on the two sites would consist of detailed catalogues of the material by context, discussion of the general character of the assemblages and of the significance of groups of contexts as defined by the excavator. The results would be presented in the form of catalogues, summary tables and a discussion. Recommendations for publication drawing would be included. A breakdown of the costs is given below.

Roman pottery analysis and report - ½ day @ £88.00 per day	=	£44.00
Medieval pottery analysis and report - 3 days @ £88.00 per day	=	£264.00
Illustration - contingency for 20 rim/base drawings	=	£176.00

£484.00 + VAT

Flint Assemblages from Chapel Street and High Street, Tadcaster

Assessment of Potential for Further Study

This material provides evidence for early prehistoric occupation of part of the second terrace of the River Wharfe at Tadcaster. The few diagnostic artefacts in the assemblage such as geometric microliths, point to a later Mesolithic date. The assemblage also contains large amounts of debitage, some of which is diagnostic (e.g. microburins, pyramid cores, microlith blanks). It is likely that the material excavated represents only a small part of a more extensive site.

Recent MPP work on lithic scatters has substantiated the previous view that the lowland Mesolithic is much under-represented in this region; few lowland sites are documented and none explored in detail (excavated). It is important that such sites are appraised and reported in an attempt to redress the balance and therefore the comprehensive recovery of Mesolithic material in a lowland context from even a partial site such as Tadcaster is significant.

A. Analysis and reporting of c. 280 flints from High St. and Chapel Street will comprise:

1. Listing of all material on database (c. 280 items) with individual contexts, descriptions etc.
2. Sources of raw material
3. Overall description and interpretations (including summary tables etc.)
4. Illustration (estimated maximum c.30 items, equivalent to one side A4)
5. Concluding discussion (location and context of assemblage)

Cost estimate for A = £336 + VAT (illustrations to be separately costed).

Chapel Street flint = £264 + VAT

High Street flint = £72 + VAT

B. Additional flint finds from Tadcaster

- i. Other finds have been reported, but quantities and whereabouts are unknown. As a preliminary estimate, allow 2 man days, including visits to Tadcaster and York to locate and report this material, assuming the quantity is very small.
- ii. Contingency: allow same sum as in part A should the amount of additional flint prove to be similar or greater. Any contingency expenditure to be agreed with WYAS.

Cost estimate for B (i) = £112 + VAT

Chapel Street component = £112 + VAT

High Street component nil

Grand total £448 + VAT

J.Marriott October 7th, 1994

The Small Finds from 4-8 High Street, Tadcaster

Assessment Report

1. Iron artefacts

A total of 281 iron fragments are recorded from the excavation, though over 200 of these seem to be derived from a single artefact, an iron 'cooking' vessel (SFs 1012-4), from what are considered to be medieval deposits in the fills of a stone-lined cess pit.

Most of the remaining objects were too fragmented and/or corroded to be diagnostic, though the majority were derived from modern and contaminated contexts. A mere handful of iron objects can be definitely ascribed to medieval provenances, though many of these are of indeterminate form.

The following artefacts from secure archaeological provenances are proposed, partly on the basis of preliminary x-ray analysis, for further study and recording.

Description	Ctx	SF	Prov. date
Key	2051	1007	medieval
Wood handled knife	2065	2065	medieval
Blade fragment	2068	1105	medieval
'Cooking' vessel	2069	1012-4	medieval
Handle?	2069	1100/4	medieval
Part of spur?	2069	1101	medieval
Part of spur?	2069	1102	medieval
Rowel (from spur)	2069	1103	medieval
Hobnailed boot	2009	2009	Post-medieval
Square headed nail	2092	1107	medieval
Pierced object	2139	1032	medieval

Only in the case of the composite knife (SF2065) is full conservation likely to be necessary. In the cases of SFs 1012-4, 2009, 2051 conservation work would be needed to clean for clarification of the form of the objects, stabilisation and partial reconstruction. For the remainder manual cleaning is unlikely to be rewarding as the objects appear to be entirely corroded, occurring merely as shadows on the x-rays. Additional x-rays may be rewarding in clarifying the forms of the objects for outline drawings, rather than illustrating them in their decayed state. All artefacts will be catalogued and illustrated in some way. In addition SFs 2065 and 2009 might be considered for photographic study.

2. Copper Alloy artefacts

Thirteen copper alloy artefacts were recovered from the excavations. Eleven of these are thimbles, assessed elsewhere, with the remainder being comprised of a pin from a supposed post-medieval context and a button from a medieval one. The button, its head and shank intact, is a biconvex form with some carbonised organic material (cloth or leather) still adhering to the front.

Description	Cxt	SF	Prov. date
Pin	2139	1037	Post-medieval
Button	2035	1126	medieval

Both artefacts will be catalogued, though only the button will warrant illustration and stabilisation.

3. Lead

Thirteen lead objects were recovered from the excavations, though only two of these are tangible artefacts from secure provenances. One of these is a fragment of sheet waste (SF2037), whilst the other is a roughly rectangular sheet (c 20cm by 7cm) from the lower fill of the medieval cess pit. The latter (SF1011) is covered in oranic matter and is pierced around its edges with both circular and rectangular holes (as revealed by x-ray). A certain amount of conservation work will be needed to clean and clarify the artefact prior to it being reported and illudtrated.

4. Stone

Twelve pieces of stone were recovered from the excvation, though only one degraded fragment of coarse stone (SF1125) was recovered from a medieval context. One remaining area of worn surface suggests it may be part of a quern stone. Further analysis is unlikely to resolve its function. However, the stone does not appear to be local and further analysis in the form of geological identification is proposed.

5. Glass

Out of 64 fragments of glass recovered from the excavations only two fragments were recovered from medieval deposits, the remainder being relatively modern pieces of bottle and window glass. The two pieces from medieval contexts (SF1121 and SF1066) are very small fragments of window glass with no diagnostic attributes for visual analysis, there being no evidence of edges, paint or lead came. Consequently, no further analysis is proposed.

6. Tobacco Pipes

Twenty one fragments of clay tobacco pipes were recovered from a number of modern, disturbed and unstratified contexts. Only one bowl fragment was present; a spurred variety dating to the latter part of the 18th century. No further analysis is warranted.

7. Brick and Ceramic Material

Fourteen artefacts and fragments of ceramic material were recovered from a variety of post-medieval/modern contexts. On the basis of their nature and provenance, none are considered to warrant further analysis.

Conclusion

With the exception of the thimbles, very few of the metal objects recovered to date from the excavated deposits are significant enough to warrant further research. In some cases conservation in the form of cleaning will be needed to facilitate proper analysis, though only in the cases of the well preserved knife with the wooden handle, from 2065, and the copper alloy button from 2035 is it felt that full conservation might be justified. From the other artefact categories assessed here, it is considered that only the one stone artefact will warrant limited further study to establish its source.

Small Finds from High Street, Tadcaster

Cost of further work (discounting the thimbles)

Catalogue reports - 16 artefacts	£360.00
Illustrations - 10 artefacts	£280.00
Photographic study - 2 artefacts	£28.00
Additional x-ray analysis	£30.00
Full conservation - 6 artefacts	£965.00 *
Related expenses and overheads	£50.00
Sub-total	£1713.00

The Thimbles and Textile Fragment

Analysis and catalogue reports	£144.00
Conservation	£527.00 *
Illustration	£423.75
Sub-total	£1094.75

Total (exclusive of VAT) £2,807.75

Contingency for a reporting further artefacts derived from soil samples (Assumes 30 artefacts may be derived from the cess pit fills)

Processing soil samples (as for animal bone)	£0.00
X-ray analysis	£60.00
Integration into archive	£48.00
Catalogue reports	£450.00
Illustration - 15 artefacts	£420.00
Full conservation - 10 artefacts	£1600.00 *
Total contingency (exclusive of VAT)	£2,578.00

* maximum

ASSESSMENT OF:

(i) TEXTILE (ii) THIMBLES FROM TADCASTER, HIGH STREET, THS 94

and

(iii) ORGANIC REMAINS (iv) THIMBLE FROM TADCASTER, CHAPEL STREET, TCS 94

P.Walton Rogers, Textile Research Associates

25 July 1994

Background

The following finds, with relevant contextual information, have been supplied by West Yorkshire Archaeology Service for an assessment:

Tadcaster High Street, THS 94

(i) **1 Textile:** sf 1015, context 2165

From the 13th/14th-century fill of a cess-pit

(ii) **11 Thimbles:**

Thimble: sf 1016, context 2160

From the 13th/14th-century fill of a cess-pit

(the object could have sunk down from the upper, 15th- or 16th-century, levels of the pit)

Thimbles: sfs 1017-1026, context 2139

From gaps in the mortar in a post-medieval cellar foundation, F2138

(the thimbles may have been inserted in the wall after the building had fallen derelict)

Tadcaster Chapel Street, TCS 94

(iii) **1 Organic remains:** from context 1010

(iv) **1 Thimble:** from context 1001

From unstratified deposit, cleaning area over site

Comment

Tadcaster High Street, THS 94

(i) **The textile** is poorly preserved, but has the appearance of plain-weave linen. This is a relatively common fabric-type, in use over a wide period of time. It will require little more than a catalogue entry recording technical details and a short paragraph of text.

(iii) **The thimble** from the cess-pit, sf 1016, is a large, shallow example with a high-domed top. Inside are the remains of a **textile lining**, which will require further investigation. The shape of this thimble and the arrangement of the indentations is typical of the late 14th to early 16th century (no thimbles have been found in this country dated earlier than 1350, although 13th-century examples are known from the continent). Investigative conservation may help to narrow this dating (see below, *Recommendations for Conservation*).

The thimbles from the cellar foundation include at least 8 children's thimbles, one especially tiny. All have the shallow, almost flat, top which is typical of post-medieval thimbles; and indentations on the body which have been knurled by machine, indicating that they were made after AD 1620. It is difficult to be more precise about the date until investigative conservation has been undertaken (see below), although the 'waffle' pattern on the top of thimble sf 1020 may indicate a date as late as the late 18th century.

In view of the small sizes of the thimbles, it may be worth investigating documentary evidence to see whether there has ever been a school nearby. Is there a local archivist who could help?

Tadcaster Chapel Street, TCS 94

(iii) *The organic remains* are black and poorly preserved, but some animal coat fibres have survived within the matrix. This is almost certainly the remains of an animal skin. It may be possible to identify the species of animal from these fibres.

(iv) *The thimble* from the top level of TCS 94 is a lightweight machine-made example and may well be relatively modern. It does not perhaps merit much attention in itself, but could be referred to in passing in the report on the THS thimbles.

Recommendations for conservation

(a) The textile from THS 94 required immediate conservation, undertaken as part of the assessment programme.

(b) The organic remains from TCS 94 should be dried and re-packaged after the fibres have been analysed.

(c) All thimbles will need stabilising before storage. In addition it is requested that investigative work should be carried out by the conservator in order to answer the following questions:

THS sf 1016:

- Is there a tonsure (area without indentations) on top?
- Can you confirm that the indentations form a spiral?
- Is there a maker's mark at the bottom of the spiral?
- Can you confirm that the thimble is cast in one piece?

THS sfs 1017-1026:-

- Is the cap made separately and then brazed to the body?
- Can the pattern of indentations on each cap be revealed?

TCS thimble:-

- Is the flange at the rim solid (cast) or rolled over (deep drawn)?

Illustration

We recommend that all 11 thimbles from THS are drawn.

They would also make a good group photograph.

No other illustrations are required

Programme of work

- | | |
|--|---------------------|
| 1. * Catalogue textile fragments, THS 94, sf 1015 | |
| * Catalogue textile inside thimble, THS 94, sf 1016 | |
| * Analyse fibres in organic material, TCS 94 | 3 hours |
| 2. * Conservation as described above | outside conservator |
| 3. * Catalogue all thimbles, TCS & THS | 4 hours |
| 4. * Research & write texts on: | |
| (i) textile, (ii) organic material (iii) THS 94 thimbles | 1 day |
| TOTAL | 2 days |

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL SCIENCES

HEAD OF DEPARTMENT
PROFESSOR A M POLLARD BA DPhil CChem MRSC MIFA FSA



UNIVERSITY OF
BRADFORD

Mr Ian Roberts
West Yorkshire Archaeology Service
14, St John's North
Wakefield
WF1 3QA

ESTIMATE

Tadcaster
Chapel Street, TCS 94 & High Street, THS 94

Cleaning and stabilisation of 12 copper alloy thimbles from the sites above :

Prior to cleaning, all the thimbles will be X-rayed. This may provide some clues about their method of manufacture.

The investigative cleaning will concentrate particularly in answering the questions asked by P. Walton Rogers from the Textile Research Associates. The thimbles will then be fully cleaned. The textile inside thimble sf 1016 will be preserved and recorded.

All thimbles will then be stabilised to ensure their long-term preservation either in storage or on display.

Cost of conservation : **£575 + VAT**
(includes X-rays, conservation record cards, materials and overheads)

Yannick Minvielle-Debat (Conservator)
25th October 1994

Conservation Direct Line: 0274 383543

UNIVERSITY OF BRADFORD WEST YORKSHIRE BD7 1DP UK
TEL 0274 383531/2 DIRECT LINE TELEX 51309 UNIBFD G FAX 0274 385190

MAKING
KNOWLEDGE
WORK

Tadcaster High Street Animal Bone Assessment

Summary

Excavations on the site of 4-8 High Street, Tadcaster, produced a total of 873 bone fragments, collected on site by hand, and approximately 106gm of bone retrieved from sub-sampling bulk soil samples. Bone was recovered from a number of archaeological features of medieval and post-medieval date. The animal bone represents domestic food refuse and is the result of secondary deposition. The only evidence for primary deposition comes from the remains of cats, rodents and amphibians in the cesspit. It is recommended that selected hand-collected bone, and bone from further wet sieving of some soil samples, receive detailed investigation, which, together with the results of the environmental analysis, may provide significant information of the environment within the medieval town.

Hand-collected bone

A total of 873 fragments of hand-collected bone were examined for this assessment. The bone was excavated from 63 contexts representing 34 discrete archaeological features (Table 1). The quantity of bone varied considerably between contexts, several produced only single fragments while cesspit fill 2165 contained at least 173 fragments belonging to several cats. No single context contained major bone deposits.

Pits produced the greatest proportion of bone, 43%, followed by the cesspit F2070 deposits, 27% and gullies, 11%. With the exception of several upper fills that contained modern material it is assumed, at this stage of the analysis, that the majority of deposits are of medieval date with the possibility of some upper fills being post-medieval.

Species identified from an initial scan of the hand-collected bone include: horse, cattle, sheep/goat, dog, cat, badger, domestic fowl, rat and possibly red deer. A large proportion of the bones derives from six or seven mature cats and at least one kitten from four layers within the cesspit F2070. Both juvenile and mature domestic animals are represented.

Approximately 50 bone fragments from a human infant inhumation were recovered from context 2105 and a single human tooth from cesspit fill 2067.

The assemblage has suffered from a variety of taphonomic processes that have degraded the potential information inherent in well-preserved animal bone. The high degree of butchery, typical of medieval domestic bone refuse, has produced a highly fragmented assemblage with relatively few elements sufficiently complete for metrical analysis. Some fragments show evidence of minor surface burning but many are heavily scorched to the core of the bone. Very few complete bones were recovered, except for small anatomical elements, such as phalanges and teeth, or small bird or rodent bones. A few ovicaprid metapodials that were complete when discarded have been badly chewed and gnawed by other animals, e.g. dogs, cats, pigs, therefore destroying at least one end of the bone.

Bone from the soil samples

Forty-five environmental samples were taken on site for processing at the West Yorkshire Archaeology Service laboratory. Sub-samples weighing 0.5kg from twenty-two of these samples were wet sieved through 1mm sieves and twenty-one produced animal bones; the remaining samples comprised mortar, wood, or charcoal, mixed or natural deposits later discarded, or samples dry-sieved for human bone. The quantity of bone recovered per sample

varied in weight from 0.1gm to 19.6gm. The total sample weight was 364.8kg of which the selected sub-samples weighed 13kg and produced 106gm of bone.

As with the weight of bone, the species represented also varied across samples. Detailed identifications have not been attempted at this stage but the main species are represented in the following percentage of samples:

Fish	77.0%
Rodent	50.0%
Bird	45.0%
Amphibian	36.0%
Cat	23.0%
Sheep/goat, pig, dog	23.0%
Cattle, horse	9.0%

Statement of potential

The bone from 4-8 High Street is similar in nature to that recovered from the Kirkgate evaluation Trench 9 excavated in 1993 (Roberts & Staddon 1993) and to the material recovered from the nearby Chapel Street site. There is no evidence from the hand-collected bone, the wet-sieved bone, or artefactual finds of worked bone or bone waste that might suggest the presence of craft industries such as skinning, fellmongering or horn working, on or near the site. There is very little evidence for the primary deposition of domestic waste, only cats may have been deposited in the cesspit as a primary deposit. Bone waste from domestic food animals is from secondary deposition of surface accumulations. This is clear from the amount of carnivore damaged bone and is also supported by some larger species, e.g. horse, being represented by only single bones within a context.

Some 589 fragments of bone from 22 contexts are worthy of further analysis. This selection is based purely on the quantity and quality of hand-collected bone from each context, that is, bone that has measurable, ageable or pathological attributes. This is a maximum number that may be reduced as further phasing evidence is acquired. Bones from mixed or modern deposits have been excluded from further analysis.

Thirteen environmental samples are recommended for further analysis for animal bone. This is a total sample weight of 265kg of which 6.5kg sub-samples have produced 82.6gm of bone. Therefore, the selected samples have potentially some 3kg of bone to be recovered.

The assemblage of bone from High Street is an important addition to the total bone recovered from the Tadcaster excavations and, along with other environmental evidence, can be expected to make a significant contribution to the interpretation and understanding of Tadcaster's history. Part of the analysis would be the comparison of results from the medieval cesspit and post-medieval levels with bone from other sites of similar date, and in particular from York (O'Connor 1984, 1986). Although it should be stated at this time that the low number of fragments from High Street may leave the significance of such comparisons open to question.

Possibly of greater importance than the interpretative conclusions of one analyst is the faunal archive that will add to existing and future archives from Tadcaster.

Reference

- O'Connor, T.P., 1984, *Selected Groups of Bones from Skeldergate and Walmgate*, CBA, Archaeology of York 15/1
- O'Connor, T.P., 1986, *Bones from Archaeological Deposits in York: an Overview of Results to 1986*, Ancient Monuments Laboratory Report 47/86
- Roberts, I. and Staddon, M., 1993, *High Street, Kirkgate, Tadcaster. Archaeological Evaluation Report*, West Yorkshire Archaeology Service, Report 158

Feature	Context	Type	Quantity
F2003	2001	GULLY	81
F2058	2007	PIT	15
F2061	2009	TRENCH	14
F2097	2011	PIT	24
F2037	2012	PIT	46
F2088	2015	GULLY	6
F2028	2017	PIT	7
F2082	2020	FILL	6
F2023	2022	GULLY	9
F2030	2029	WELL	1
F2030	2031	WELL	2
F2034	2033	PIT	12
F2037	2035	PIT	9
F2037	2036	PIT	36
F2037	2038	FILL	4
F2053	2049	PIT	5
F2053	2050	PIT	26
F2053	2051	PIT	2
F2053	2052	PIT	10
F2053	2056	PIT	52
F2070	2064	CESSPIT	2
F2070	2065	CESSPIT	1
Natural	2085	LAYER	49
F2187	2072	LAYER	18
F2077	2075	PIT	12
F2077	2076	PIT	10
F2078	2079	DITCH	11
F2096	2080	PIT	1
F2083	2084	PIT	6
F2132	2104	GULLY	1
F2162	2105	PIT	58
F2164	2107	FEATURE	7
F2120	2110	PIT	2
F2118	2112	POST HOLE	7
F2143	2117	PIT	26
F2120	2119	PIT	1
F2138	2139	WALL	20
F2145	2146	?PIT	1
F2151	2152	PIT	1
F2070	2155	CESSPIT	19
F2068	2157	DITCH	17
F2070	2161	CESSPIT	21
F2070	2165	CESSPIT	174
F2156	2177	DITCH	7
F2176	2178	?PIT	14
F2070	2186	CESSPIT	20
TOTAL			873

Table 1. High Street contexts with animal bone

Tadcaster High Street
Animal Bone Assessment
Cost Break-down for Further Analysis

1) Minimum: bone already recovered from sub-samples

Recording and database input of mammal bone	£280.66
Recording and database input of bird/fish bone	£337.50
Report and tables	£409.65
Materials and associated costs	£102.70
Total (exclusive of VAT)	£1,130.41

2) Additional: bone from unprocessed soil samples

Processing of remaining soil samples	£377.15
Recording and database input of mammal bone	£369.17
Recording and database input of bird/fish bone	£225.00
Report and tables	£273.10
Materials and associated costs	£124.00
Total (exclusive of VAT)	£1,368.32

Environmental Samples from Tadcaster Excavations

Assessment for Macrofossil Analysis

Forty nine samples were examined (19 from High Street and 30 from Chapel Street). With the exception of one sample from Chapel Street, all samples contained fragments of charcoal, but in many cases these were too small for identification. However, larger pieces of charcoal were present in a significant number of samples where identification should be possible.

Sixteen samples contained other botanical remains including carbonised cereal grains plus seeds, fruit stones and other non-carbonised remains. These samples have been marked with asterisks. Although preservation of non-carbonised plant remains is usually very poor in calcareous soil such as that at Tadcaster, it can occur in certain contexts such as waterlogged pits, ditches and latrines (for example at Castleford). Some of the pits at Tadcaster may fall into this category, but at this stage it is difficult to determine whether there were any dense concentrations of botanical remains.

Further investigations involving processing of larger quantities of material and careful examination for the presence of coprolites or patchy organic deposits may prove beneficial. It may also be worth processing trial samples for the presence of pollen and parasite ova.

Margaret E. Bastow

15 July 1994

Preliminary Examination of Pre-sorted Samples from High Street, Tadcaster

<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Finds</u>	
2004/1	Fill	Fragments of charcoal	P
2005/2	Fill	Fragments of charcoal/carbonised cereals	**
2012/5	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal	
2035/6	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal	P
2050/4	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal	P
2066/15	Cesspit	Fragments of charcoal	P
2067/16	Cesspit	Seeds, stems, charcoal	**
2068/27	Cesspit	Fragments of charcoal	P
2068/17	Cesspit	Charcoal/seeds	*
2069/34	Cesspit	Charcoal/plant remains	*
2076/3	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal/carbonised cereals	*
2155/36	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal/plant remains	*
2160/40	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal/plant remains	*
2161/41	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal/plant remains	*
2165/42	Pit fill	Fruit stone/seeds/plant remains	**
2166/43	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal/seeds	**
2167/26	Pit fill	Fragments of charcoal	P
2185/33	Cesspit	Fragments of charcoal	P
2186/32	Cesspit	Fragments of charcoal	P

* = denotes good samples

P = denotes poor condition

Preliminary report for Tadcaster excavations - costing

3/7/1994 Preliminary visit to Wakefield to examine samples

Time spent in laboratory - 7 hours at £12 per hour	£84.00
Travel to Wakefield (88 miles at 25p per mile)	£22.00
Preparing and typing report (4 hours at £12 per hour)	<u>£48.00</u>
Total	<u>£154.00</u>

Estimated cost for further investigation of Tadcaster samples

Examination of 32 samples for identification of charcoal (say 14 hours at £12)	£168.00
Processing of 16 samples for extraction of botanical remains, examination and identification of same (say 84 hours at £12)	£1008.00
Processing of selected samples for pollen and microscopic remains examination and identification of same (say 20 hours at £12)	£240.00
Preparation and typing of report (20 hours at £12)	£240.00
Use of electron microscope and photographic equipment at Leeds	£50.00
Travel to Wakefield and Leeds University	£180.00
Incidental expenses (eg. paper, phone calls etc)	<u>£15.00</u>
Total	<u>£1901.00</u>

Note

The estimates for further macrofossil analysis have been carried out for both the Chapel Street and the High Street excavations, at a total cost of £1901 + VAT. The greatest potential for further macrofossil analysis lies in the samples recovered from the High Street site. It is estimated that 80% of the total estimated cost would be required for the High Street samples.

Consequently, the estimated cost for further macrofossil analysis for the High Street samples is £1,521.80 + VAT.

Assessments for Further Analysis

Cost Summary

Finds Category	Analysis	Illustration	Conservation
Pottery	£308.00	£176.00	-
Flint	£72.00	-	-
Small Finds	£410.00	£338.00	£965.00 *
SF Contingency	£498.00	£420.00	£1660.00 *
Thimbles & Textile	£144.00	£423.75	£527.00 *
Animal bone	£1,130.41	-	-
Ab Contingency	£1,368.32	-	-
Macrofossils	£1,521.80	-	-
Totals (maximum)	£5,452.53	£1,357.75	£3,152.00
Totals (minimum)	£3,586.21	£937.75	£1492.00

Total minimum cost of further finds analysis and conservation: £6,015.96 + VAT

Total maximum cost of further finds analysis and conservation: £9,962.28 + VAT

Part 3:
Archaeological Excavation at
4-8 High Street, Tadcaster
Primary Archive Information

4-8 High Street, Tadcaster

Archive Inventory

Introduction

The following describes the contents of the archive resulting from the above excavation, carried out between the 22nd February and the 19th April 1994 by West Yorkshire Archaeology Service (WYAS).

The primary archive includes:

- 1) Site correspondence;
- 2) Desk top study and evaluation report;
- 3) Site diary/Small finds register/surveying records (1 book)
- 4) Photographic records (7 films of colour transparency and 10 films of monochrome)
- 5) Hand drawn 1:20 plans (25) and 1:10 sections and profiles (49);
- 6) Context sheets (2001-2187);
- 7) Site matrix;
- 8) Environmental samples and finds catalogue.

Copies of all records are presently held by WYAS, including any specialist reports commissioned. Copies of the primary and research archive will ultimately be deposited with Samuel Smith Old Brewery and the North Yorkshire Sites and Monuments Record. Details of the contents of 1-8 above are given below.

Explanatory notes regarding the archive inventory

1. Site Correspondence

All correspondence relating to negotiations between the client and WYAS presently remain with WYAS and all relevant correspondence will eventually be included in the archive.

2. Desk-top Study and Evaluation Reports

An archaeological desk-top appraisal and trial trench evaluation of 4-8 High Street, produced by WYAS in October 1993, was used as a basis for producing an archaeological specification for further excavation. Copies of both reports will be included within the present archive and may also be integrated into a final report.

3. Site Diary/Smallfinds Register/Survey Book

Notes and time sheets were maintained regarding day to day progress of work and were recorded within the site diary. These were largely duplicated within the computerised weekly breakdown of costs (compiled by D. Berg, WYAS) and supplied to the client.

The small finds register and site levels also made up part of the site diary.

4. Photographic records

Black and white print and colour slide photographs were taken of excavated features and individual shots were bracketed so that three frames of each feature were taken. This was in order to provide security copies and good images of each feature. Monochrome prints and a contact strip (for each film) were accepted as security copies of the original black and white negatives.

The simultaneous excavation of 4-8 High Street and 3-17 Chapel Street, where photographic equipment was shared, has resulted in a mixture of images from the two excavations upon each film. The individual film numbers which contain High Street material are as follows:

Colour	Black & White
2541	2545
2560	2556
2561	2557
2562	2559
2563	2564
2574	2595
2597	2618

Note: Frame numbers relevant to each feature are included on context sheets.

Photographic record sheets are stored within lever arch file 3 and contact sheets and transparencies in suitable hangers within a marked filing cabinet.

5. Plans and Sections

These include 7 pre-excavation, 9 post excavation plans, 9 discrete plans of individual features and 49 section and profile drawings. To access this material each individual drawing has been allocated a unique drawing number and the major pre-excavation and post-excavation plans also had a south west site grid coordinate. For example, drawing number 1, a pre-excavation plan, has a SW grid coordinate 100E/200N. The section and profile drawings were recorded on 16 separate sheets, 4 large (to be stored on hangers in a planning chest), and 12 small, stored within file. All the drawing numbers were recorded on the appropriate context sheets and a drawing sheet index also forms part of the archive.

6. Context Record Sheets

The standard WYAS context sheet was used to record cut features fills and deposits according to the WYAS Context Manual (1989). These also provide a cross reference for photographic and drawn section/plan records. Many context sheets also provide clarifying sketches. Security copies of all context sheets have been made and will be stored at a separate location.

A total of 187 contexts were allocated, the majority recording fills or cut features (most of which are of probable medieval date). Some post-medieval features did occur and one earlier (Roman/prehistoric) was also recorded. Full details of context information are provided as Appendix A.

The checked context sheets are stored in two blue ring-binder files, the first containing contexts 2001-2099, and the second contexts 2100-2187. The appropriate context register sheets are at the front of the above mentioned ring-binders.

7. Site Matrix

A site matrix has been prepared on an A2 (approx) sized sheet of permatrace. This has been completed to a preliminary phased stage and will need further phasing once specialist reports are completed. It will be stored alongside the large site plans in a hanging chest.

8. Environmental Samples and Finds

A strategy of environmental sampling was adopted for suitable deposits excavated. In total 59 samples were taken from the High Street site. Each sample was given a unique number and sealed in a large polythene bag marked with the sample and context numbers. Once the processing of the samples is completed more finds (especially bone) will need to be included in

the total number of finds (though these will essentially form part of the research archive). The Samples Register and Environmental Samples Catalogue also form part of the archive. To ensure good preservation the samples have been stored in the WYAS cold store until all processing is completed. All metalwork recovered has been kept in dry conditions of constant humidity. The finds recovered are quantified in summary below. The full finds catalogue by context is provided as Appendix B.

Category	no
Samples	59
Pottery Sherds	763
Animal bones	973
Fish bones	58
Human bone	50
Flint fragments	60
Iron objects	281
Lead objects	13
Copper alloy objects	13
Glass fragments	64
Slag	8
Organic fragments	25
Textile fragments	2
Shell	5
Clay pipe	21
Brick	14
Tile	29
Stone	12
Coal	2

C. Morris
August 1994

Part 3: Appendix A
Context Information

West Yorkshire Archaeology Service
TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2001	100/200	FILL OF GULLY	2003	2003	0.80	0.50	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
22109.00	204.60	u/s			2003		
Plans			Sections				
1 & 26			/				
Colour photos: /			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Single fill of U-shaped gully, 2003, aligned E-W and cut at either end by modern disturbance. Section dug close to east edge near modern disturbance but no evidence of contamination or mixing in fill. Dark brown fill clearly distinguishable from natural sand. Fill contained occasional small fragments of limestone c.0.5-2cm, charcoal in fragments up to c.2cm, 46 sherds of pottery, dated to the 13th-14th century, animal and fish bone. The length measurement is the length of the segment cut through the gully.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2002	110/200	CUT	/	0	0.56	0.44	0.36
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
110.50	202.80	2006			Nat		
Plans			Sections				
8, 16			6, 7				
Colour photos: 2541, 2574			B&W photos: 2545, 2564				
Description							
Circular feature dissected by edge of trench and modern brickwork, with steeply sloping sides and flat base. In plan the visible area of the feature forms a rough semi-circle. The feature cuts into natural which appears to be successive sandy, fluvial deposits with a pinky firm silty sand beneath that. The sandy deposits around the sides are less stable. The only finds from the feature was 1 flint in 2005, the upper fill. The dimensions indicated for the cut are in fact the dimensions when the feature was half-sectioned. When fully excavated the dimensions were length- 1.00 m, breadth- 1.25m. The character of this pit was different to the medieval features because of the fine fairly inclusion free fills and no medieval finds were present. Had similarities to F2089 a truncated feature immediately to the west.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2003	100/200	CUT OF GULLY	/	0	0.80	0.50	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
109.00	204.60	2001			Nat		
Plans			Sections				
			/				
Colour photos: /			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Cut of shallow U-shaped gully segment, aligned E-W. This feature was cut at the west end by modern disturbance and was truncated at the east end by the limit of excavation and cut into sandy natural. It contained a single fill, 2001, which was rich in finds, especially pottery and animal and fish bone. The length measurement was the length of the segment cut through the gully.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2004	110/200	FILL	2002	2002	1.00	1.32	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
110.50	202.80	u/s			2005		
Plans			Sections				
1			6, 7				
Colour photos: 2545			B&W photos: 2541				
Description							
Upper fill of truncated feature, semi-circular in plan, partly concealed by the wall of a building and cut by brick drain to the east at the limit of excavation. The fill was a fine greenish brown silty sand, fairly loose and crumbly and easily distinguished from the coarse gritty sand of the natural. It contained occasional fragments of limestone c.0.5-5cm and was otherwise sterile, apart from one flint flake. Soil sample 1.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2005	110/200	FILL	2002	2002	1.00	1.25	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
110.50	202.80	2004			2006		
Plans			Sections				
/			6, 7				
Colour photos: 2541			B&W photos: 2545				
Description							
This fill of F2002 was directly under the fill 2004 but could be distinguished from it in colour and texture with 2005 being coarser with larger particle size and frequent small pebbles (c.0.5cm). Soil sample 2.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2006	110/200	FILL	2002	2002	1.00	1.25	0.02
Easting	Northing				Above		
110.50	202.80				2002		
Plans				Sections			
/				6,7			
Colour photos:2541				B&W photos: 2545			
Description							
Fine densely packed primary fill of F2002, a fine sandy silt which stuck together but could not be rolled. It was differentiated from the sides and base of the cut by colour and texture. There were no finds or organic material.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2007	100/210	FILL OF PIT	2058	2058	0.22	0.75	0.13
Easting	Northing				Above		
103.80	210.00				2058		
Plans				Sections			
1,2				20			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Single fill of shallow pit F2058, a very dark brown/grey sandy silty clay with patches of lighter coloured sandy natural. Finds include 22 sherds of medieval pottery, some green glaze, bone fragments and one Fe object. The breadth measurement is that of the segment excavated.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2008	100/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2055	2055	0.41	0.36	0.24
Easting	Northing				Above		
101.65	209.65				2055		
Plans				Sections			
1,26				17			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Single dark brown loose fill of post-hole, undercut to the south and east. There was no evidence of a post pipe in plan or section. Contained quite an abundance of charcoal, 7 sherds of medieval pottery, 1 animal bone and 1 fish bone.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2009	100/200	FILL OF TRENCH	2061	2061	1.00	0.35	0.21
Easting	Northing				Above		
100.50	207.00				2060		
Plans				Sections			
1,4				21			
Colour photos:2562,2560				B&W photos: 2559			
Description							
A coarse silty clay fill of construction trench, F2061. This top of this fill contained a few pieces of modern porcelain but lower levels contained an abundance of medieval pottery, along with animal bone fragments and the fragmented remains of a shoe with hobnails, recognised as a possible 18th century 'witch' shoe by Bradford University. The fill also contained sporadic flecks and fragments of charcoal and small-medium sized irregularly shaped stones c.10-20mm. The length measurement is that of the segment excavated.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2010	100/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2054	2054	0.36	0.20	0.10
Easting	Northing				Above		
100.00	205.20				2054		
Plans				Sections			
1,4				18			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Single fill of post-hole containing no finds and little or no organic content. At the base of the fill on the eastern side was a large block of sub-angular limestone c.20cm on longest axis. This may have acted as a basal support for a post.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2011	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2097	2097	0.87	0.53	0.06
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.25	204.00	u/s			2100		
Plans				Sections			
1				33			
Colour photos:2563,2597				B&W photos: 2595			
Description							
Upper fill of sub-rectangular feature cut by wall of cellar to the north. This thin band of fill had silty texture and was easily differentiated from the sandy natural. Inclusions consisted of frequent flecks of limestone, charcoal and a very small number of small fragments of limestone and sandstone (c.0.5-2cm). The finds include 71 mixed sherds of post medieval and medieval pottery and bone.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2012	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2037	2037	0.76	0.65	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.15	203.80	2034			2035		
Plans				Sections			
1				9			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Top fill of pit F2037, cut to west by F2034. Length measurement is that of fill up to where cut by F2034, breadth measurement is that of part which was excavated. It was mainly very dark brown in colour and similar to 2075, the top fill of F2077 but 2012 contained much more charcoal. It was also quite a mixed fill with patches of fairly dark brown and slight yellowy green and contained limestone from flecks- angular stones c.23cm and large amounts of charcoal flecks. There are a number of finds including 35 sherds of medieval pottery, animal and fish bone and an Fe object. A bronze button (modern?) was found near the top of the fill. The primary fill of F2037 (2035) below 2012 seems to have been deposited purely on the eastern side of the pit with 2012 being deposited over the hole area of the pit. Soil sample							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2013	105/200	FILL	?	0	0.86	0.20	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.20	204.60	u/s			?		
Plans				Sections			
1				/			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Fill of small modern butt ended linear feature in centre of site which as machined away during cellar excavation.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2014	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2089	2089	0.86	0.60	0.11
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
108.80	200.20	2088			2098		
Plans				Sections			
1				28,30			
Colour photos:2563				B&W photos: 2556			
Description							
The upper fill of a truncated sub-circular pit in S-E corner of site. Origins of this feature were uncertain possibly natural caused by river floods which perhaps explained the very clean silty nature of this grey/green deposit. The inclusions were only occasional small gritty stone, and a single flint fragment was recovered, SF No. 1003. Truncation was by a N-S oriented medieval gully.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2015	105/200	FILL OF GULLY	2088	2088	2.10	0.42	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
108.40	201.00	2023			2088		
Plans				Sections			
1				30			
Colour photos:2563				B&W photos: 2556			
Description							
Upper fill of narrow butt ended gully in SE corner of site, oriented N-S and partially concealed by the southern baulk. It post dated an adjoining gully, F2023, running E-W, which formed an L-shape plan perhaps representing the corner of a boundary. It consisted of a brown sandy silt with some stone inclusions, a moderate number of small limestone fragments and the occasional small water worn pebble. It also included occasional charcoal flecks, 4 sherds of medieval pottery and bone fragments.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2016	100/200	FILL OF WELL	2030	2030	1.04	1.50	0.15
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	203.00	u/s			2029		
Plans			Sections				
2,5			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Upper fill of well in NW corner of site cut by two modern features and above the stone work of the well, 2031. Consisted of a mixed brown silty clay with frequent limestone fragments with no finds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2017	95/200	FILL OF PIT	2028	2028	1.48	1.70	0.22
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.60	211.00	2096			2028		
Plans			Sections				
4,5			29				
Colour photos:2560			B&W photos: 2559				
Description							
Single fill of pit cut by a modern feature, F2096, in the centre, a drain, F2094, in the west and F2026, F2024 and F2061 (the construction trench of the tank). Despite these disturbances the rest of the fill appeared to be undisturbed and secure. The fill continued under where F2096 cut it in the centre. Inclusions and finds consisted of, occasional charcoal flecks, frequent fragments of limestone c.0.5-20cm, a very small number of water worn stones c. 10cm, 44 sherds of pottery, bone, one Fe object and a residual flint fragment.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2018	100/210	FILL	2024	2024	0.44	0.37	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.60	211.10	u/s			2024		
Plans			Sections				
2			ONLY ON CONTEXT SHEET				
Colour photos:2560			B&W photos: 2559				
Description							
Single fill of sub circular feature which contained occasional small sub-angular fragments of sandstone c.0.5-5cm), fragments of brick, roof slates, and porcelain. Large amounts of coal inclusions gave it a dark brown/black colour. Fill was almost identical to the fill, 2027, of a second sub circular feature F2026 except that no pottery was found in 2027. Both of these features cut the earlier fill, 2017.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2019	100/210	FILL	/	0	0.30	0.16	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.80	211.00	u/s			2072		
Plans			Sections				
2			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Fill of natural feature removed with spit 2072. No clear shape to this feature visible initially in plan as a darker oval shaped brown silt. There were a few features similar to this in the northern area with no clear edge or inclusions in the fills which were also removed with spit 2072.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2020	100/210	FILL	2082	2082	0.70	0.45	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.00	211.45	u/s			2082		
Plans			Sections				
2			22				
Colour photos:2560			B&W photos: 2559				
Description							
Fill of feature, hard to distinguish from natural with unclear cut edges. The fill contained occasional sub-angular limestone fragments up to 10mm, occasional rounded sandstone pebbles up to 10mm, quite large amounts of charcoal flecks and 7 sherds of pottery. Only recorded at pre-excavation stage as an uncertain oval shaped feature and was removed with spit 2072.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2021	100/210	FILL	/	0	0.68	0.52	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
103.00	212.00	u/s			2072		
Plans			Sections				
2			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Silty fill of a natural depression, root disturbance, removed during the excavation of spit of 2072.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2022	105/195	FILL OF GULLY	2023	2023	2.14	0.38	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
109.00	199.50	u/s			2023		
Plans			Sections				
1, 35			28				
Colour photos:2574,2563			B&W photos: 2595,2564				
Description							
Only fill of gully F2023 oriented E-W in the SE corner of site which consisted of a mid grey sandy clay loam with frequent limestone fragments c.1-5cm and charcoal inclusions. Finds consisted of animal bone and 25 sherds of mediaval pottery. The cut, F2023, which it was contained in, formed a right angle with F2088 oriented N-S.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2023	105/195	CUT OF GULLY		0	2.14	0.38	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
109.00	199.50	2022			2015		
Plans			Sections				
1,35			28				
Colour photos:2563,2597,2574			B&W photos: 2556,2564				
Description							
Cut for narrow butt ended gully situated in the SE corner of site running E-W. It had steep to vertical sides and a fairly even flat base. It cut fill, 2015, of F.2088 an adjoining gully of similar proportions running N-S and fill 2115 of F2116, the top fill of a feature mostly concealed by the southern baulk. The fill, 2022, appeared to be medieval containing medieval pottery and animal bone.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2024	100/210	CUT OF PIT		0	0.44	0.37	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.60	211.10	2018			2017		
Plans			Sections				
2			/				
Colour photos:2560			B&W photos: 2559				
Description							
This shallow bowl-shaped cut was situated in the NW area of site and contained fill, 2018, probably modern. This feature was immediately adjacent to pit F2028 and cut its fill very slightly near the surface.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2025		FILL		2028	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
0.00	0.00						
Plans			Sections				
Colour photos:			B&W photos:				
Description							
Unused, the same as 2017.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2026	95/210	CUT		0	0.30	0.24	0.11
Easting	Northing		Below		Above		
99.60	211.50		2027		2017		

Plans

ONLY ON CONTEXT SHEET

Colour photos:2560

Description

Shallow bowl shaped cut with flat bottom which cut the fill of a medieval pit, F2028 situated in the NW corner of site. Cut F2024 was of a similar depth and shape and also cut F2028. The fills of these two similar features were also similar. Although there is no porcelain in the fill of F2026, the similarity of the cut and fills to F2024 which does contain modern porcelain would seem to imply that this feature is also modern.

Sections

ONLY ON CONTEXT SHEET

B&W photos: 2559

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2027	95/210	FILL	2026	2026	0.30	0.24	0.11
Easting	Northing		Below		Above		
99.60	211.50		u/s		2026		

Plans

ONLY ON CONTEXT SHEET

Colour photos:2560

Description

Single fill of shallow bowl shaped feature which consisted of an ashy, dark material containing fragments of brick, one fragment of slate and occasional sub angular fragments of limestone c.2-5cm and is clearly distinguishable from the surrounding fill, 2017. No pottery was found but otherwise the fill was very similar to 2018, the fill of F2024 (a modern feature to the east which also cut 2017, the fill of F2028).

Sections

ONLY ON CONTEXT SHEET

B&W photos: 2559

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2028	95/200	CUT OF PIT		0	2.00	1.60	0.22
Easting	Northing		Below		Above		
99.60	211.00		2017		2072		

Plans

2,5,59,71,72

Colour photos:2560

Description

Cut of fairly shallow ovoid feature situated at the NW end of site. U-shaped in section with sides initially steeply sloping with a break in the slope then a more gradual incline. There appeared to be a further small conical depression in the centre of the feature. This area underlay the modern feature F2094, a modern drain, which contained mixed medieval and modern pottery but this cut did not appear to extend so deeply despite differences in the exact identification of the edge. Two pieces of medieval pottery are the only finds in the conical depression.

Sections

29

B&W photos: 2559

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2029	100/210	FILL OF WELL	2030	2030	0.67	0.80	1.30
Easting	Northing		Below		Above		
100.00	212.40		u/s		2029		

Plans

2,5,59,71,72

Colour photos:2560

Description

Upper fill of stone lined well in NW corner of site; a mixed fill with lenses of dark ashy material, sand and darker silty fill all mixed with occasional slumped limestone blocks, frequent fragments of brick, tile and sandstone. The fill can be dated from the frequent occurrence of modern pottery sherds, for that reason it has also all been regarded as one fill. It was excavated to a depth of 0.9m and modern pottery sherds were found throughout. It was also augered a further 0.4m and still produced 19th and 20th century material. Therefore, the depth has been given as 1.30m, although it could be much deeper. The fill was very loose with many voids and evidence of modern root disturbance, although it was hard work getting the augur into the last 0.4m investigated, which may imply that it was more compact than the soil at the top of the fill. The most Modern find was Plastic and 28 sherds of modern pottery were yielded.

Sections

ONLY SKETCH ON CONTEXT SHEET

B&W photos: 2556

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2030	100/210	CUT OF WELL		0	1.44	1.50	0.50
Easting	Northing		Below		Above		
100.00	212.00		2031		2072		

Plans

2,5,59,71,72

Colour photos:2560

Description

The cut of a stone lined well which was situated in the NW corner of the site with vertical sides cut into the natural. The depth of the cut was unknown although it had been excavated to 0.5m and when the top 3 courses of stone lining were removed a neat circular cut with vertical sides was visible at that level. Investigation of the well fill has shown it to be at least 1.3m in depth and, therefore, it would be logical to presume that the cut of the well is as deep. (The well on Chapel Street Site was 6m deep).

Sections

/

B&W photos: 2556

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2031	100/210	LINING OF WELL	2030	2030	1.24	1.22	0.50
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	212.00	2029			2030		
Plans			Sections				
2,5,59,71,72			/				
Colour photos:2560			B&W photos: 2556				

Description

The limestone lining of a circular well cut in the NW corner of the site had been excavated to a depth of 0.5m and 3 courses of stone work were later removed to show the lining continued down. The lining was made up of fairly large limestone blocks. On the surface it appeared to have been repaired at a later date with brick cemented in and to the NW there was a sandy matrix of a different colour. There were also 4 sherds of post medieval pottery in the top part of the stone lining which had been repaired. Further down the lining appeared to be untouched and in its original form. This was dry stone with no mortar present apart from the above mentioned repair work on the top course of stones.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2032	100/210	CUT		0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
0.00	0.00						
Plans			Sections				

Colour photos:

B&W photos:

Description

Cut of short slightly curved rectangular feature, fill unrecorded. The feature was very shallow with steeply sloping sides and a flat bottom and was situated to the S/E of the well and butted onto the edge of the well cut.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2033	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2034	2034	0.75	0.75	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
103.80	203.80	u/s			2034		
Plans			Sections				
26			9,32				
Colour photos:2561,2563			B&W photos: 2557,2619				

Description

Single fill of modern pit had large amounts of limestone (flecks-c.30cm sub-angular stones), tile and brick (c.4mm-10cm) mortar, 2 sherds of modern pottery, charcoal flecks, bone and some wood. The breadth was that left after the cellar, which cut it, was machined away.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2034	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.75	0.75	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
103.80	203.80	2033			2012		
Plans			Sections				
26,35			9,32				
Colour photos:2563,2560,2561			B&W photos: 2556,2557				

Description

Cut of modern pit which cut the upper fill, 2012, of pit F2037. In profile it had steep, almost vertical sides to the east and more gently sloping sides to the south and west and a flat base. The single fill, 2033, contained modern pottery, tile and brick.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2035	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2037	2037	0.76	0.65	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.15	203.80	2012			2037		
Plans			Sections				
/			9				
Colour photos:2561			B&W photos: 2557				

Description

Primary fill of medieval pit, F2037, although initially there seemed to be another fill, 2036, underneath 2035. The two fills were recognised to be the same with only a dark lamination to differentiate between them. However, during excavation slight laminations were found in other parts of the fill and, therefore, were presumed to be a component of it rather than a division between two fills. Some flecks of limestone-angular stones c.12cm and charcoal were present and finds of 13 sherds of medieval pottery, some bone and a small sheet of lead (SF 1002). The amount of stone, charcoal and finds is less than the amount found in the upper fill, 2012, of this pit. The breadth measurement that left after part of the pit was machined away.
 Sample 6.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2036	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2037	2037	0.76	0.65	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.15	203.80	2012			2037		
Plans			Sections				
			9				
Colour photos:			B&W photos:				
Description							
This fill is the same as 2035 and therefore has been classed as one fill for reasons mentioned in the description section of the 2035 context sheet.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2037	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.76	0.65	0.40
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.15	203.80	2035			2075		
Plans			Sections				
26,35			9,32				
Colour photos:2560,2561,2563			B&W photos: 2556,2557				
Description							

Medieval pit immediately to the south of the cellar wall, which was one of a series of intercutting pits. The profile was of steeply sloping sides with a curved bowl shaped bottom. The fill, 2035 of this pit was cut by post medieval pit F2034. Cut F2037 then cut 2075, the upper fill of pit F2077. This pit (F2037) consisted of 2 fills, the primary fill 2035, which only filled up the eastern half sloping down to the centre and the later fill, 2012, which covered the whole area of the pit. Both fills contained medieval pottery, 2012 more than 2035.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2038	105/200	FILL	2039	2039	0.35	0.68	0.53
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.60	204.20	2102			2039		
Plans			Sections				
26			9				
Colour photos:2561			B&W photos: 2557				
Description							

Single fill of feature F2039 which was 0.53m deep and appeared to be one fill with very little colour or inclusion variation from top to bottom. The length and breadth are what is left of these measurements after the feature was cut by pits to the south and west and by the cellar to the north. Contained a moderate number of small stones, occasional flecks of charcoal, animal bone and four residual flint fragments.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2039	105/200	CUT		0	0.35	0.68	0.53
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.60	204.20	2038			2040		
Plans			Sections				
26			9				
Colour photos:2561			B&W photos: 2557				
Description							

Cut of small pit/gully, the fill of which, 2038, was cut by F2037 to the west. F2039 cut 2040, to the east, the fill of F2041. The profile was steep sided with a bowl shaped base.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2040	108/200	FILL OF GULLY	2041	2041	0.90	0.52	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.80	204.00	2039			2041		
Plans			Sections				
26			9				
Colour photos:2561			B&W photos: 2557				
Description							

Single fill of possible butt ended gully, cut by cellar, gully F2039 and slots F2126 and F2128. It contained a moderate amount of small stones, occasional flecks of charcoal and two flint fragments.

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2041	105/204	CUT OF GULLY		0	0.90	0.52	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.80	204.00	2040			2062		
Plans				Sections			
26				9			
Colour photos:2561				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Cut for small pit/butt end of gully with gently sloping sides and a u-shaped base. Its fill 2040, was cut by larger gully F.2039 immediately to the west. It butt ended 0.90m south of section 9 and was orientated N-S.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2042	105/200	LAYER	2126	2126	0.70	0.29	0.11
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
107.00	203.50	2181			2126		
Plans				Sections			
/				9,11			
Colour photos:2562,2561				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
A brown layer visible on the surface of section 11 (machine trench at its southern limit) and cut by modern pit F2181. It was only recorded in Section 11 as this section was not excavated due to truncation by gas main immediately to the east. However, one medieval pottery sherd was found and a single flint fragment.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2043	105/205	MODERN RUBBLE	2181	2181	0.00	0.88	0.32
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.20	205.80	u/s			2181		
Plans				Sections			
/				11			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Modern rubble visible as top layer at top of section 11 (West facing section of machine trench) within cut F2181. The rubble is made up of a general mix of modern bricks, mortar, plastic, wire cables etc. No length measurement given because this deposit had been cut by the gas main trench immediately to the east.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2044	105/205	LAYER	2182	0	0.00	0.35	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.10	206.40	2047			2045		
Plans				Sections			
/				11			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Small triangular deposit cut away by F2048 and F2043 and visible in Section 11 (West facing section of machine trench. It was only recorded in section because the gas main was immediately to the east.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2045	105/205	FILL/LAYER	2182	2182	0.00	0.80	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.10	206.40	2044			2182		
Plans				Sections			
/				11			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Fill/layer present below 2044 which contained occasional small stones and limestone fragments. It was only recorded in section because of the gas main to the east.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2046	105/205	FILL	2047	2047	0.00	1.60	0.30
Easting	Northing				Above		
106.15	207.20				2047		

Plans

/

Sections

11

Colour photos:2562

B&W photos: 2557

Description

Deposit of material only visible in Section 11 which appeared to be within a cut, F2047. Investigation was impossible due to the proximity of the gas and water mains immediately to the east. This deposit contained occasional small stones and limestone fragments and occasional charcoal flecks.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2047	105/205	CUT		0	1.60	0.00	0.30
Easting	Northing				Above		
106.15	207.30				2048		

Plans

/

Sections

11

Colour photos:2562

B&W photos: 2557

Description

Possible cut for feature only visible in Section 11 (west face of machine trench). It appeared to cut fills 2048 to the north and 2044 to the south. In the section the cut edge was shallow in the north and curved up to near vertical in the south. Further investigation was not possible because of the proximity of the gas and water main immediately to the east. This also accounts for no breadth measurement.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2048	105/205	FILL/LAYER		0	0.00	0.75	0.27
Easting	Northing				Above		
106.10	206.40				nat		

Plans

/

Sections

10,11

Colour photos:2562

B&W photos: 2557

Description

Layer of dark brown material cut by F2047 at its southern limit and F2053 to the north. This layer was visible in sections 10 and 11.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2049	105/205	FILL OF PIT	2053	2053	1.40	0.94	0.50
Easting	Northing				Above		
105.10	207.50				2052		

Plans

/

Sections

10,12,55,56

Colour photos:2562

B&W photos: 2557

Description

A lower fill of F2053 which contained a lens of mortar with a clear tip line curving in towards the centre of this truncated pit and was situated at the bottom of the fill between 2049 and 2052. Inclusions consisted of, occasional flecks of charcoal and small fragments of limestone c.1-10mm. Although on the surface 2056 was clearly differentiated from the natural, it was not at all clear in this fill where the cut edge was. The fill appears to merge with 2177, the upper fill of an earlier feature, F2156, with little distinction between the two, even during excavation -see section 12. After excavation the E-W section indicated a similar cut shape to Section 10 but without the pit fills shown on Section 55. Neither length or breadth measurements represent the full extent because of truncation by machine trench. Finds recovered consisted only of bone fragments and a sample of mortar taken as sample 7.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2050	105/205	FILL OF PIT	2053	2053	1.40	0.98	0.19
Easting	Northing				Above		
105.10	207.50				2051		

Plans

/

Sections

55,56,10,12

Colour photos:2562

B&W photos: 2557

Description

The fill directly above 2051, the primary fill of F2053. This was clearly differentiated from the natural, coarse sand leading to fine black/yellow sand around the edge. There was a clear distinction between this deposit and the fill of an earlier feature F2156. Soil sample 9 (taken from a mortar lens) and 11. Finds recovered were flint fragment (SF No. 1006), 2 sherds of medieval pottery, and animal bone.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2051	105/205	FILL OF PIT	2053	2053	1.40	0.94	0.14
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	207.50	2050			2053		
Plans				Sections			
/				10,12,5,56			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Primary fill of a pit, F2053, which was clearly distinguishable from the natural sides of yellow sand and the pink silt at the bottom of the feature and the fill 2177 which F2053 cut. Inclusions and finds consisted of frequent fragments of limestone varying in size from small to large c.5-20cm, pebbles, occasional to frequent flecks of charcoal, 5 pieces of pottery, bone fragments and two Fe objects. Sample, number 12.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2052	105/205	FILL OF PIT	2053	2053	1.40	0.94	0.12
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	207.50	2049			2050		
Plans				Sections			
/				10			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
A fill of F2053 was much more clearly defined than 2049 immediately above. It was quite thin and more vague on the N-S exposed section than on the E-W section. Mortar lenses were present above this fill and at the base, which were visible as clear tip lines. Inclusions consisted of limestone, very small pebbles and charcoal fragments. Finds of bone, including cow skull, 1 sherd of pottery and slag were found. Soil samples 10 and 8-(mortar).							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2053	105/205	CUT OF PIT		0	1.40	0.94	0.90
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	207.50	2051			2177		
Plans				Sections			
57				10,55,56			
Colour photos:2562,2617				B&W photos: 2557,2619			
Description							
Cut of apparently sub-circular feature only partially extant some of which was lost during excavation of the cellarge and had also been truncated by the gas main to the east. The feature was originally visible in plan on the surface (top fill 2056), but in the subsequent fill, 2049, it was impossible to determine the cut. The tip lines of deposits of mortar within the fills including the edges of fills seem to indicate that this feature cut the fill 2177 of F2156 and layer 2048. This is also clear in post excavation plan 57 in which the curved cut of the pit is visible below the bottom of F2157.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2054	100/205	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.36	0.24	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	205.20	2010			2072		
Plans				Sections			
4,19,73				18			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2559			
Description							
Near vertical sided very shallow ovoid post-hole with bowl-like base containing one fill, 2010 with no finds. It was initially half sectioned and drawn, then fully excavated, planned and photographed. It was later removed along with layer 2072, into which it was cut.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2055	95/211	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.41	0.36	0.24
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.65	209.65	2008			2072		
Plans				Sections			
1,26				17			
Colour photos:2562				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Cut of post-hole which was situated just to the west of the northern cellar wall. It had vertical sides and was undercut to the E and S (west side not excavated because post-hole half sectioned) and flat bottomed. The feature cut through layer 2072 and into sandy, pebbly natural. The single fill, of dark brown sandy loam, contained some medieval pottery and bone.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2056	105/205	FILL OF PIT	2053	2053	1.40	0.94	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	207.50	2172			2049		

Plans

26

Colour photos:2562

Description

Upper fill of truncated pit F2053 cut by the foundations of a wall, F2172, visible to the north and in sections 55 and 56 and containing a clay and stone fill. This fill and the cut of the pit were visible in plan before excavation. The central area was covered by a large area of rubble (see pre-excavation plan 12). Inclusions consisted of occasional to frequent small fragments of limestone, a mortar lens c.2-8cm deep and frequent charcoal flecks. Finds included 3 medieval pot sherds, four F.e. objects, slag and glass fragments and over fifty fragments of animal bone.

Sections

10,12

B&W photos: 2557

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2057	100/200	LAYER		0	0.00	1.05	0.27
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.55	205.10	u/s					

Plans

1,35

Colour photos:2561

Description

A brown sandy silt layer visible in Sections 13 (E facing) and 14 (North facing) This accounts for the breadth but not the length on the context sheet. The layer contained occasional small stones, flecks of charcoal and 2 pot sherds. Some of the deposit was removed as a general layer 2072.

Sections

13,14

B&W photos: 2557

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2058	100/210	CUT OF PIT		0	0.22	0.75	0.15
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
103.80	210.00	2007			2072		

Plans

2,26

Colour photos:2562

Description

Cut of shallow pit, filled by 2007, with shallow sloping sides cut through gritty sand in the eastern half and 2072 (the dark silty clay medieval soil layer in the western half of the site). The pit was cut by the cellar to the south leaving what seemed to be just over half of a circular pit.

Sections

20

B&W photos: 2557

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2059	100/210	NATURAL		0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	210.00						

Plans

Colour photos:

Description

This was given a number when section 20 was drawn but later proved to be natural.

Sections

20

B&W photos:

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2060	100/205	FILL	2061	2061	1.00	0.18	0.35
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.30	207.30	2009			2063		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2562,2560

Description

A dark grey clay packing which lay above the cut of the construction trench F2061. It was a pure clay with no visible inclusions and with a plastic consistence. The function of this deposit was to act as a sealing for the stone tank F2063 as it had been well packed around the stonework and joints.

Sections

21

B&W photos: 2559

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2061	100/205	CUT OF TRENCH		0	1.00	0.35	0.55
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.30	207.10	2063			2072		
Plans				Sections			
26,35				21			
Colour photos:2562,2560				B&W photos: 2559			
Description							
This steep sided cut with a flat base cut layer 2072 and formed the construction trench for 5 stone slabs, F2063. Although sectioned only in the south, this cut, by following the top fill 2009, could be seen to encompass the stone tank/bath on all 4 sides.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2062	100/195	LAYER		0	4.60	2.72	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.55	202.10	2041			2104		
Plans				Sections			
1				/			
Colour photos:GENERAL SHOTS				B&W photos: GENERAL SHOTS			
Description							
A general brown layer/soil horizon at the southern end of the site, given a number after the machine trenches were excavated. It was removed as a spit as features were not clear at this level. It was first recorded on Plan 1 and Plan 26 was drawn after its removal which revealed more features below. This deposit was thought to be similar or the same as 2072 but in fact 2062 was stratigraphically earlier in deposition than 2072. Inclusions were of moderate limestone fragments, charcoal flecks, occasional smaller water worn stones. Finds consisted of 4 pot sherds and three flint fragments SF's 1000,1001 and 1004. This layer was cut by F2041 and was above fills 2104, 2107, 2109, 2110 and 2129.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2063	100/205	STONE LINING	2061	0	2.15	1.24	0.70
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.50	208.50	2081			2061		
Plans				Sections			
1,26,35,36				21			
Colour photos:2562,2560				B&W photos: 2559,2624			
Description							
Five large sandstone slabs (A,B,C,D and E) all complete. The one forming the base was laid down first and the other four formed a rectangular tank/bath. The shorter slabs, A and C, had been worked at the ends to form tight fitting grooves for B and D. These longer slabs were slightly thicker than the shorter two. Although the inside contained rubble, all of which was removed by the JCB, a dark, possibly organic, residue was in evidence on both the internal base and its walls. Although most had been removed by the JCB, an amount considered sufficient for environmental sampling was extracted and this it is hoped will yield possible evidence for the tank's function. Along the base stone slab there appeared to be dark stainings running parallel N-S as well as others running E-W which possibly represented a wooden frame which had been situated at the bottom of the tank.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2064	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	1.60	0.57	0.17
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	u/s			2065		
Plans				Sections			
66				15			
Colour photos:2561,2626				B&W photos: 2557,2619			
Description							
The top fill of F2070 and F2136, cess pit, was first visible in south facing Section 15 of the machine trench. It consisted of a brown silty clay with stone inclusions, frequent limestone flecks and charcoal fragments and flecks. The organic composition of this deposit was not as high as the lower fills. The only finds were bone fragments. Soil sample 13.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2065	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.84	0.58	0.34
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2064			2066		
Plans				Sections			
/				15,62			
Colour photos:2561				B&W photos: 2557			
Description							
Fill of cess pit (F2070/F2136) slumping slightly from W-E in S facing section. Organic content was slightly higher than 2064 immediately above this deposit. The soil make up consisted of a rich brown silty clay containing mortar from the structure and frequent medium size stones. Finds included 1 pot sherd, bone fragments, 2 Fe objects (one a composite wood handled knife). Soil sample 14. (Due to a high organic content 95% of this deposit was sampled).							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2066	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.00	0.36	0.17
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2065			2167		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2561

Description

Fill of cess pit (F2070/F2136) slumped from the W-E and consisted of a yellowish sandy silt with very small gravelly pebbles. It was only visible in section 15 and appeared to be a smaller deposit present in the southern half of the cess pit. Sample 15 consisted of 95% of the entire deposit.

Sections

15

B&W photos: 2557

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2067	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.00	0.49	0.26
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2167			2068		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2561

Description

Fill of cesspit, F2070/F2136, a portion of which lay to the east in the upper half of Section 15 and was renumbered as a separate context, 2167. In Section 15 it appeared as a rich brown spongy organic deposit slumping from west to east. Sample 16 consisted of 95% of the deposit.

Sections

15

B&W photos: 2557

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2068	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.79	0.65	0.12
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2067			2186		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2561,2625

Description

Fill of cess pit F2070/F2136 which slumped in at approx 45 degrees from E-W and slumped slightly from N-S. This highly organic deposit contained few-frequent stones c.2-6cm and the finds consisted of a fragmented iron cooking pot S.F NO 1012, which was also present in fills 2069, 2185 and 2092. Samples 17 and 27 consisted of 95% of the deposit.

Sections

15,62

B&W photos: 2557,2623

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2069	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.79	0.53	0.15
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2185			2155		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2561, 2625

Description

Fill of cess pit, F2070/F2136. During excavation it was found that 2069 was in 3 distinct layers, which were re-numbered, 2069, 2185 and 2186. Finds consisted of Fe objects, including part of a large cooking vessel (SF 1012) which was also present in other contexts. Samples 18 and 34 consisted of 95% of this context due to the high organic content.

Sections

15, 62

B&W photos: 2557, 2623

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2070	100/205	WALL OF CESSPIT		0	1.10	1.20	0.92
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2166			nat		

Plans

41, 48, 66, 67

Colour photos:2561,2625,2626, 2617

Description

The drystone wall of the western and southern limits cess pit which was made up of large rectangular limestone blocks. The northern part of the wall was numbered F2036. Immediately to the east lay the cellar wall, F2038, which appeared to cut the cess pit. It was not clear if the pit was still used after the construction of the building, or if it had been derelict. Within the mortar (2139) of the cellar wall ten Cu thimbles were recovered as was one from cess pit fill, 2160, which was a lower deposit. This indicates that the fills of the cess pit must still have been soft enough for the thimble to sink to this level when the building was abandoned. Other finds from the cess pit ranged in date from the 14th to 17th century.

Sections

15, 68

B&W photos: 2557,2619,2623

Cess pit contained 16 fills, some very highly organic and await further investigation by a specialist. The upper fills of the pit (2064,2065,2066,2167,2067

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and 2068) probably date to the post medieval period, backed up by dating evidence, and the lower fills (2155,2184,2160,2161,2165 and 2166) are likely to be later medieval (13th-14th century) using pottery for dating.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2071	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2187	2187	0.95	0.00	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	203.50	2090			2187		
Plans				Sections			
/				23, 24			
Colour photos:2560,2625	GENERAL			B&W photos: 2623	GENERAL		

Description

Single fill of pit, F2187 which was cut by both F2090 and F2073. It contained occasional water worn stones c.6-20cm, and occasional limestone and charcoal flecks. Finds included bone fragments and three medieval pottery sherds. There is no breadth measurement because the only measurements available were on the section drawing.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2072	100/200	LAYER		0	7.50	4.50	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	205.00	2082			2178		
Plans				Sections			
2				/			
Colour photos:GENERAL	SHOTS			B&W photos: GENERAL	SHOTS		

Description

A general layer/brown soil horizon situated in the northern half and western side of the site. Some features were visible cutting through this layer, namely features 2082, 2097, 2174, 2183, 2028, 2030, 2054, 2055 and 2058. A 10cm spit was then removed over the entire area, 100/200-100/210. This revealed features 2178, 2091, 2074, 2146, 2148, 2179, 2173, 2157 and 2171, mainly in the northern area. In the S/W part of this layer it appeared to be a general sub-soil. Directly to the north of this S/W area a trial pit was excavated to a depth of c.80cm but no features were visible. 2072 appears to be a layer 30-40cm thick. The matrix proved that 2072 was a later soil deposition than 2062, a similar layer to the south of the site.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2073	95/200	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.00	0.20	0.35
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	203.75	2074			2071		
Plans				Sections			
/				24			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			

Description

This post-hole, which was partially concealed by the western baulk, had vertical sides tapering towards the bottom and a flat base. The single fill, 2074, contained no finds. A further post-hole, F2090 which had a similar shape and depth and was situated just to the south and had also cut pit fill 2071. There is no length measurement because the only measurements were gained from the section.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2074	95/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2073	2073	0.00	0.20	0.35
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	203.75	2072			2073		
Plans				Sections			
/				24			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			

Description

Fill of straight tapering sided posthole, F2073, visible in section at western limit of excavation. It contained occasional water worn pebbles c.2-6cm, was very rich in charcoal but there were no finds or visible evidence of a post-pipe. Dimensions gained from the section drawing as part of the feature was concealed by the baulk.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2075	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2077	2077	0.87	0.71	0.35
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	203.75	2037			2099		
Plans				Sections			
26				31			
Colour photos:2563				B&W photos: 2556			

Description

Upper fill of pit, F2077 which covered the whole of the area of this strange figure of eight shaped feature. The fill was firm and compacted, possibly due to drying out it became loose between the fingers. The inclusions consisted of frequent limestone and charcoal flecks and occasional limestone fragments up to 22cm across. Finds were made up of bone, one Fe fragment, glass and 16 sherds of medieval pottery.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2076	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2077	2077	0.87	0.71	0.45
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	203.75	2099			2077		

Plans / Sections 31
 Colour photos: 2565 B&W photos: 2556

Description

Primary fill of stepped pit, F2077 and like 2075 covered the whole of the area of the pit, including the step to the south implying that it belongs to the same feature. The depth of the fill above the step was 0.20m and above the bottom, 0.45m. This fill contained moderate flecks of limestone and larger fragments 6-12cm. Frequent charcoal flecks and fragments were present, some large lumps emitted liquid when squeezed. Finds consisted of 21 sherds of medieval pottery, 1 flint flake and bone fragments. Soil sample 3.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2077	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.87	0.71	0.80
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.10	203.75	2076			2101		

Plans 35 Sections 31
 Colour photos: 2563, 2597, 2560 B&W photos: 2556, 2595

Description

Cut of stepped pit, situated just to the south of the cellar wall, F2138, which cut fill 2101 of F2102, fill 2127 of F2128 and physically cuts fill 2038 of F2139. The pit also cuts through different forms of natural, yellowy green sand, gravel in yellowy green matrix and golden orange alluvium at the bottom. The shape of the pit in plan was ovoid (like a figure of eight) with steeply sloping to vertical sides. It had a flat bottom and a gently sloping step or ledge to the S-S/E of the pit which was filled with 2075 and 2076 as was the main area of the pit. A smaller feature (F2102) was situated immediately to the NW and its fill, 2101 was cut by F2077.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2078	105/210	CUT OF DITCH		0	1.06	2.40	0.58
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.20	213.70	2079			2085		

Plans 59 Sections 70
 Colour photos: 2620 B&W photos: 2624, 2623

Description

Cut of ditch segment probably of the same ditch as, F2156, a further segment excavated to the south. The ditch was oriented N-S and ran under the northern bank and was cut by the cellar wall to the south. In profile the western edge was sloping at about 45 degrees and the base was flat. The eastern edge was not intact due to truncation by the gas and water main. It contained a single fill, 2079, which was cut by F2180, wall foundations, probably the same as F2172 present in the segment to the south. The length and breadth measurements are those of the excavated segment.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2079	100/210	FILL OF DITCH	2078	2078	2.40	1.06	0.58
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.20	213.70	2180			2078		

Plans / Sections 70
 Colour photos: 2620 B&W photos: 2624, 2623

Description

Single fill of ditch segment, F2078, possibly the same fill as 2177, the upper fill of ditch segment F2156 to the south. Fill 2079 was cut by wall foundations F2180, just as 2177 was cut by wall foundations, F2172. Finds consisted of 29 medieval pot fragments and animal bone fragments.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2080	95/210	FILL OF PIT	2096	2096	0.00	0.60	0.21
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.60	210.60	u/s			2096		

Plans / Sections 29
 Colour photos: / B&W photos: /

Description

Fill of modern feature, F2096 which cut 2017, fill of F2028. It contained brick, slate, glass, Fe fragments and a mixture of modern and medieval pot. It was the result of the infilling of an earlier deposit with a mixed modern fill. Being in very close proximity to the drain cover F2094 and possibly associated to it, the fill contained a lot of broken earthen ware drain pipe. It was not very clear initially in plan and therefore it was not drawn so the length measurement cannot be calculated. It was only delineated by the extent of the spread of brick and modern pottery. It is obvious in section as the fill was much darker/black and ashy in texture.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2081	100/205	FILL OF TANK	2063	2063	1.99	1.04	0.50
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.50	208.50	u/s			2063		
Plans				Sections			
/				21			
Colour photos:2562, 2560				B&W photos: 2559, 2624			
Description							
The primary fill of stone tank/bath, F2063 which was dark coloured, black when wet. It was a residue on the base and sides of the tank, sporadic in its spread due to rubble clearance by the JCB and later weathering. It had an ashy/sooty texture and had very good staining qualities when wet. Further investigation from a specialist may resolve the nature of the process carried out in the tank. Soil sample 44.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2082	100/210	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.75	0.45	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.00	211.20	2020			2072		
Plans				Sections			
2				22			
Colour photos:2560				B&W photos: 2559			
Description							
Cut of large post-hole or small pit which cut through layer 2072 onto sandy silty natural at the northern end of the site with the base cut into sandy/gravelly natural. The sides were near vertical on the west and east sides and at 60 degrees on the south side. The edges however were not easy to follow, it may have represented a tree root or a feature with heavily collapsed sides.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2083	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	1.54	0.00	0.67
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	203.50	2084			nat		
Plans				Sections			
35				23			
Colour photos:2560,2625 GENERAL				B&W photos: 2623 GENERAL			
Description							
Cut of pit which was situated in the south west part of site and partially concealed by the western baulk. Due to this concealment the dimensions were gained from the drawn section. In profile it had steeply sloping sides and flat bottom and contained a single fill, 2084 which was cut by pit F2187.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2084	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2083	2083	1.54	0.00	0.67
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	203.50	2187			2083		
Plans				Sections			
/				23			
Colour photos:2560,2625 GENERAL				B&W photos: 2623 GENERAL			
Description							
Single fill of pit F2083 in S/W corner of site which was cut by F2187. Consisted of a brown sandy material with stone inclusions and contained finds of 6 bone fragments and 6 medieval pottery sherds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2085	105/210	NATURAL		0	2.40	1.06	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.20	213.70	2078			nat		
Plans				Sections			
/				/			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Sandy silty gravel found below ditch segment F2078, thought to be natural.							

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2086	95/200	CUT OF GULLY		0	1.48	0.00	0.14
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	203.00	2087			nat		
Plans				Sections			
/				24			
Colour photos:	2560 GENERAL			B&W photos:	2559,2624 GENERAL		
Description							
Cut of gully visible in the section at the western limit of excavation. For this reason there is no breadth measurement. Contained fills, the primary fill, 2087 and 2093.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2087	95/200	FILL OF GULLY	2086	2086	1.48	0.00	0.14
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	203.00	2093			2086		
Plans				Sections			
/				24			
Colour photos:	2560 GENERAL			B&W photos:	2559,2624 GENERAL		
Description							
Primary fill of gully F2086 in section 24 at western limit of excavation which contained occasional pea grit/gravel. The dimensions were gained from the section.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2088	105/200	CUT OF GULLY		0	2.10	0.42	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
108.40	201.00	2015			2014		
Plans				Sections			
1, 26,35				30			
Colour photos:	2563, 2597			B&W photos:	2556, 2595		
Description							
Cut of N-S oriented gully 2.10m long (to limit of excavation) and 0.42m wide. In profile the sides were steep to vertical and the base was fairly flat. It cut the top fill, 2014, of the pit/natural feature, F2089 and the natural, a very loose coarse sand. Its top fill, 2015, was cut by another gully, F2023, which in plan formed a right angle.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2089	105/200	CUT OF PIT		0	1.30	0.76	0.32
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
108.80	200.20	2098			nat		
Plans				Sections			
1, 26, 35				28, 30			
Colour photos:	2597, 2563			B&W photos:	2556, 2595		
Description							
Cut of pit, sub-circular in shape which was situated in the SE corner of site. It contained two fills, 2014 and 2098, both fairly sterile silt deposits. the upper of these, 2014 was stratigraphically cut by medieval gully F2088 and also physically cut by a similar gully F2023. The profile of was steep sided with a bowl shaped base. It is thought that this pit could have been either a natural feature, probably a small depression, filled up with silt during flooding, or an earlier pre-medieval feature. One flint flake, S.F. 1003, was recovered from the top fill 2014.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2090	95/200	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.20	0.22	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.75	203.25	2091			2071		
Plans				Sections			
27				23			
Colour photos:	/			B&W photos:	/		
Description							
Cut of a steep sided, flat bottomed assymetrical post-hole which contained a single fill, 2091 which yielded no finds. It was cut into 2071, possible pit fill.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2091	95/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2090	2090	0.20	0.22	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.75	203.25	2072			2090		
Plans				Sections			
27				23			
Colour photos: /				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Primary and only fill of post-hole, F2090 which contained extensive smears of charcoal and a large amount of yellow-grey clay. It was revealed in an attempted half section of F2083 and was not visible in plan. It contained one piece of limestone that may have represented packing.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2092	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.67	0.25	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.60	205.60	2069			2161		
Plans				Sections			
/				15,62			
Colour photos: 2561, 2625				B&W photos: 2623, 2557,			
Description							
Fill of cess pit immediately below fill, 2069, which sloped slightly but was not as steep as 2069. It consisted of three components originally thought to be mixed together but later fuller excavation showed that they could be differentiated as 3 fills, 2160, 2184 and 2155. At the earlier stage in excavation when the 3 fills were treated as a single fill, 2092, they were sampled together. At this earlier stage there seemed to be a first layer of plastic red/yellow clay with no inclusions (2155), a second layer of black, burnt charcoal fill (2184) and a third layer of white/cream limestone (2160) which contained the majority of fishbone, medieval pottery and other animal bone found in 2092. At this early stage none of the layers seemed to be continuous and seemed to be mixed components in one fill.							
When re-numbered the sequence of the three fills was, 2160, the earliest, then 2184, a layer of charcoal which could not be excavated without contamination and so for sampling purposes was included within the fill of 2160. The latest of these layers was 2155.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2093	95/200	FILL OF GULLY	2086	0	1.53	0.00	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	203.00	2071			2087		
Plans				Sections			
/				24			
Colour photos: 2560 GENERAL				B&W photos: 2559, 2624 GENERAL			
Description							
Fill of a gully, F2086, incomplete due to time limitations.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2094	95/210	CUT OF DRAIN		0	2.00	0.40	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	211.47	2095			2017		
Plans				Sections			
/				/			
Colour photos: /				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Cut of modern drainpipe and drain cover situated in the NW part of site and cut 2017, the fill of F2028 on its west side and so obscured the edge of this feature. The pipe curved southwards around an angle as shown on pre and post-ex plans.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2095	95/210	MAKEUP OF DRAIN	2094	2094	2.00	0.35	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.00	211.47	u/s			2094		
Plans				Sections			
/				/			
Colour photos: /				B&W photos: /			
Description							
The make up of a modern feature, F2094, a drain pipe and inspection cover/grating, which consisted of modern bricks and a ceramic drain pipe.							

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2096	95/210	CUT		0	0.00	0.60	0.21
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
99.60	210.60	2080			2017		
Plans			Sections				
/			29				
Colour photos: /			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Cut of area of modern disturbance within pit, F2028, which could possibly have been associated with F2094, a drain pipe and cover. The extent of this feature was not clear in plan but was distinguished during excavation and in section.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2097	100/200	CUT OF FEATURE		0	0.87	0.53	0.13
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.25	204.00	2100			2072		
Plans			Sections				
35, 26			33				
Colour photos: 2597, 2563			B&W photos: 2595				
Description							
Cut of fairly shallow feature truncated by the wall and fill of the modern cellarage, therefore, the original shape and extent of the feature is unknown. In plan the feature remnants were sub circular and in profile it steep sides curving out to a flat base. Its western limits cut layer, 2072, and the eastern side cut into the natural coarse sand. The feature was excavated in 2 stages. In section drawing 33 the first half was overcut and recorded as a fill due to the nature of the natural.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2098	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2089	2089	1.30	0.76	0.32
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
109.00	200.20	2014			2089		
Plans			Sections				
/			28, 30				
Colour photos: 2563			B&W photos: 2556				
Description							
Primary fill of a pit/natural feature, F2089 which consisted of a rich brown silt with few to no inclusions and no finds. It was visible in plan on the eastern limits the feature, slumping below the upper fill, 2014 which was much greener in colour.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2099	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2077	2077	0.60	0.07	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.15	204.05	2075			2076		
Plans			Sections				
/			31				
Colour photos: 2563			B&W photos: 2556				
Description							
A band of soil, probably redeposited alluvium, above 2076, the primary fill of F2077. It was found around the N - N/E edges of the pit lying directly on the cut. The fact that it did not encompass the whole of the pit indicates it cannot have been lining but simply redeposited alluvium.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2100	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2097	2097	0.87	0.53	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.25	204.00	2011			2097		
Plans			Sections				
/			33				
Colour photos: 2563, 2597			B&W photos: 2595				
Description							
Primary fill of sub-circular feature, F2097, which lay below upper fill 2011. Inclusions and finds consisted of charcoal, limestone and sandstone flecks, small pebbles c.0.5cm, fragments of limestone c.0.5-6cm and one pottery sherd.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2101	100/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2102	2102	0.37	0.20	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.55	203.80	2077			2102		
Plans				Sections			
/				/			
Colour photos: /				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Single fill of deep post-hole, F2102 which was physically cut by pits F2007 and F2037 and stratigraphically by F2077. This meant that the complete breadth and height measurements could not be worked out. The fill was very similar to the primary fill, 2076, of F2077 but had a brighter orange colour and more limestone inclusions. Smaller limestone fragments and charcoal flecks were also present, no finds were recovered.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2102	100/200	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.37	0.20	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.55	203.80	2101			2038		
Plans				Sections			
35				/			
Colour photos: 2597				B&W photos: 2556, 2595			
Description							
Cut of deep post-hole with quite gently sloping sides and curved, U-shaped bottom situated within series of pits just south of the cellar wall. It contained a single fill, 2101 which was cut by pit, F2077 and later pit, F2037.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2104	100/200	FILL OF GULLY	2132	2132	4.60	0.52	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
103.10	202.00	2062			2132		
Plans				Sections			
26				42			
Colour photos: 2626				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Single fill of narrow gully, F2132, which ran N-S and was cut by pit F2034 and cellar wall and also ran under the southern baulk. In plan this deposit showed up very clearly as its cut, F2132, had cut the natural sand making its western limits clearly visible. Few inclusions and finds were present consisting of a few small stones c.5cm or smaller and a single bone fragment.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2105	100/200	FILL OF GRAVE	2162	2162	1.70	1.00	0.47
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.00	203.00	2132			2162		
Plans				Sections			
26, 47 (NEONATE)				42			
Colour photos: 2617				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Single fill of sub-circular pit/grave, F2162, with unclear edges, which contained the articulated skeleton of a human baby, a neonate. A single sherd of decorated samian ware was found as well as two flint fragments. The dark brown mixed fill was similar to 2117, the fill of a feature directly to the north. This fill, 2105, was defined as being more to the west than fills 2117 and 2141. It is cut by F2133 and F2132 on its western edges. The similarities of the fills to each other and the natural made excavation extremely difficult. Soil sample taken from around the neonate was 24.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2106	100/210	FILL OF FEATURE	2133	2133	0.80	0.52	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	212.20	2164			2133		
Plans				Sections			
35				/			
Colour photos: /				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Single fill of rectangular feature, F2133 which was darker than the contexts on which it lay, 2177, 2105, 2142 and so was easily identified and excavated. It was cut by F2164 to the east.							
Four flint flakes were found and it was difficult to date as it was different in character to the medieval pit fills which generally had much more inclusions.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2107	100/200	FILL OF FEATURE	2164	2164	0.32	0.38	0.15
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.80	204.30	2062			2164		
Plans			Sections				
26, 35, 49, 52			40, 43				
Colour photos:2626			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Single fill of sub-oval feature, F2164, aligned N-S deeper in the south where it had a more rounded base. The fill was very similar to 2109 a loose mixed sand and clay which contained 1 flint fragment and 7 bone fragments.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2108	100/200	FILL	2162	2162	0.31	0.18	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.10	201.80	2062			2105		
Plans			Sections				
26			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
This originally looked like the upper fill of a small oval pit but when investigated more closely it was impossible to see this feature and therefore impossible to excavate. It was then regarded as a lens within the fill, 2105 of pit, F2162.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2109	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2144	2144	0.43	0.39	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.30	202.12	2062			2144		
Plans			Sections				
26			39				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Single fill of quite a deep and even sided, bowl shaped pit, F2144, which consisted of a loose sand and clay with few to no inclusions. Impossible to date this feature as no finds were present or any clue to indicate its use. Regarded as a small pit rather than a post-hole as nothing suggested its function was to support a post such as the presence of a post pipe.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2110	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2120	2120	1.61	1.26	0.45
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	201.00	2062			2119		
Plans			Sections				
26			38				
Colour photos:2617, 2618			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Upper fill of sub-circular pit, F2120, cut by F2130 to the south. It consisted of a sandy silt with very occasional inclusions of medium and small stones and flecks of charcoal. Finds consisted of 2 bone fragments, 1 tooth and 2 flint flakes, one SF 1008. Quite an abundance of flint was found in this part of the site but it was not possible to say that they were associated with any of the excavated features and were assumed to be residual. Primary fill 2119 which lay below this contained thirteen sherds of medieval pottery.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2111	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2120	2120	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.00	200.80	2062			2119		
Plans			Sections				
26			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Originally thought to be the upper fill of a sub-circular pit truncated by other features. When excavating F2120, it became apparent it was part of fill 2110.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2112	105/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2118	2118	0.48	0.41	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.62	200.00	u/s			2118		
Plans			Sections				
26							
Colour photos:			B&W photos:				
Description							
Single mixed fill of possible circular post-hole, F2118 which consisted of a mixed soil varying from a greyish brown to greyish yellow. The texture varied from silty clay to sand and the consistence varied from plastic to loose. It contained moderate sub-angular stones c.1-4cm and charcoal flecks. The finds included burnt bone, bone, slag, glass and 7 medieval pottery sherds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2113	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2134	2134	0.54	0.51	0.18
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.20	200.10	2130			2134		
Plans			Sections				
26			46				
Colour photos:2617, 2618			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Single fill of irregular shaped pit, F2134, which had a mixed colour varying from dark brown to grey/green to brownish yellow. The consistence varied from plastic to loose and inclusions consisted of few angular to sub-angular stones c.1-6cm and no finds were recovered.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2114	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2123	2123	0.78	0.42	0.23
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.70	200.00	2134			2122		
Plans			Sections				
26			45				
Colour photos:2617, 2618			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Upper fill of sub-circular pit, F2123, at southern end of site and partially concealed by the southern baulk. Consisted of a mid brown loose fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sub-angular stones c.1-4cm and four flint flakes which were the only finds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2115	105/195	FILL OF PIT	2116	2116	1.60	0.10	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
109.00	199.40	2023			2116		
Plans			Sections				
26, 35			/				
Colour photos:2597			B&W photos: 2595				
Description							
Upper fill of possible pit which was largely concealed by the southern baulk and also truncated by gully, F2023. It consisted of a grey sandy silt loam with charcoal inclusions and occasional small fragments of limestone. No finds were recovered, possibly due to the small volume excavated. The soil make up was similar to the adjoining and cutting medieval feature, F2023, so this deposit was presumed to be of a similar or later date. No section was drawn as so little of the feature was visible.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2116	105/195	CUT OF PIT		0	1.60	0.10	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
109.00	199.40	2115			nat		
Plans			Sections				
26, 35			/				
Colour photos:2597			B&W photos: 2595				
Description							
Cut of probable pit in extreme S/E corner of site, 90% of which was concealed under the southern baulk. Its fill, 2115, was cut by F2022 to the north.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2117	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2143	2143	0.70	0.50	0.54
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.35	203.10	2133			2143		

Plans
52

Sections
50, 51

Colour photos:2626

B&W photos: 2619

Description

Single fill of pit, F2143, which was similar to fills 2105 and 2141. During excavation they were hard to separate, only becoming visible when the cuts were defined. To the south this deposit was cut by F2133. The fill was a slightly darker brown than the natural sand, contained a little clay and although compact was slightly sticky when wet. Finds consisted of a single flint and 26 bone fragments.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2118	105/200	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.48	0.41	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.60	200.00	2112			nat		

Plans
35

Sections
37

Colour photos:2617

B&W photos: 2618

Description

Cut of shallow circular pos-thole or small pit with steep to gently sloping sides and a flat bottom. It was situated just to the north of the southern baulk and was filled by, 2112. The gas and water main just cut the eastern edge.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2119	100/200	FILL OF PIT	2120	2120	1.61	0.51	0.11
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	201.00	2110			2120		

Plans
/

Sections
38

Colour photos:/

B&W photos: /

Description

Primary fill of pit F2120, thought at first to be natural, but it did follow a bowl shaped cut. It contained very few inclusions in a green coloured silty sand. Finds consisted of 13 medieval pottery sherds, one fragment of animal bone and one flint fragment.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2120	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	1.61	0.94	0.38
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	201.00	2119			2141		

Plans

Sections

Colour photos:

B&W photos:

Description

This pit, situated in the southern half of the site, was sub circular in plan and its profile was of medium to steep sloping sides and flattish bottom. It had two fills, the upper incorporating fill 2111. Finds from lower fill 2119 included thirteen sherds of medieval pottery.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2121	100/205	FILL OF STRUCT	2183	2183	0.58	0.19	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	u/s			2183		

Plans
41

Sections
/

Colour photos:/

B&W photos: /

Description

Modern fill of structure, F2183 which contained small stones c.2-6cm, modern pottery and glass.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2122	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2123	2123	0.66	0.42	0.07
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.00	200.00	2114			2124		
Plans				Sections			
/				45			
Colour photos:2617, 2618				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Fill of pit F2123 which contained no finds or inclusions. This fill, 2124 and 2125 beneath it could all possibly have been naturally deposited although they did show possible tipping from the east.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2123	105/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.78	0.42	0.32
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.90	200.00	2125			nat		
Plans				Sections			
35				45			
Colour photos:2617, 2618				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Cut of pit with medium sloping sides and curved U-shaped bottom. It was cut by by F2134 and F2130, although only F2134 cut it stratigraphically. The feature F2123 continued under the southern baulk and therefore the breadth measurement is not complete. The pit had 4 fills, the bottom 3 may have been naturally deposited, although they all follow a slope from the east which may indicate tipping. If these fills were natural this would mean that the cut was very shallow and less symmetrical. The upper deposit, 2114 was definitely a fill of the pit.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2124	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2123	2123	0.58	0.52	0.05
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.00	200.00	2122			2125		
Plans				Sections			
/				45			
Colour photos:2617, 2618				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Second fill of pit F2123 which may have been a natural deposit along with the fills above(2122) and below (2125). However they may also indicate fills which have been tipped from the east. This fill was less plastic and more sandy than those either side of it.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2125	105/200	FILL OF PIT	2123	2123	0.51	0.42	0.05
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.00	200.00	2124			2123		
Plans				Sections			
/				45			
Colour photos:2617, 2618				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Primary fill of pit, F2123, which like the two upper fills it may have been tipped in from the east or may have been a natural deposit (the river would have flooded from the east, this could have been a silted up depression). The deposit was very clean with few to no inclusions and no finds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2126	105/200	CUT OF GULLY		0	0.80	0.20	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
107.00	203.50	2042			2040		
Plans				Sections			
35, 49, 52				/			
Colour photos:2626				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Cut of narrow N-S aligned linear feature situated immediately to the south and cut by the cellar wall, F2038, with rounded butt end to the south. It had gentle sloping sides to the east, steep sides to the west and an irregular base. It ran parallel to F2128, another small gully of a similar size. The gully's fill, 2042, was seen in the eastern machine trench, Section 11 and at the east end of Section 9.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2127	105/200	FILL OF GULLY	2128	2128	0.90	0.35	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.75	203.50	2077			2128		
Plans			Sections				
/			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Single fill of gully F2128 cutting fill 2040 of F2041 and cut by F2077. It consisted of a hard sand and clay with few to no inclusions and no finds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2128	105/200	CUT OF GULLY		0	0.90	0.35	0.10
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.75	203.50	2127			2040		
Plans			Sections				
35, 49, 52			/				
Colour photos:2626			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Cut of N-S aligned narrow gully cut by cellar wall, F2038 and machine trenches to the north and F2077 to the south. It cut fill 2040 of F2041, an earlier gully on a similar alignment.							
The sides of the cut were concave and the base was irregular and pitted. It ran parallel to F2126, a gully of similar shape and size immediately to the east. It had a single fill, 2127, which contained no inclusions or finds.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2129	105/210	FILL OF PIT	2130	2130	0.71	0.56	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.50	210.00	2062			2130		
Plans			Sections				
/			46				
Colour photos:2617, 2618			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Single reddish quite plastic fill of circular pit, F2130, which contained a moderate amount of stones c.1-4cm, charcoal and lenses of a darker material. Although two flint fragments were present this deposit was thought to be medieval as its cut, F2130, cut fill, 2110, of F2120, which contained thirteen medieval pot fragments.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2130	105/210	CUT OF PIT		0	0.71	0.56	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.50	210.00	2129			2110		
Plans			Sections				
35			46				
Colour photos:2617, 2618			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Cut of circular pit at southern end of site which cut the top fill, 2110, of F2120 to the north, fill, 2113, of F2134 to the south and physically cuts, 2114, of F2123 which was stratigraphically cut by F2134. It had shallow sloping sides leading to a flat bottom and contained one fill, 2129.							
Dated as medieval as F2120 (which pre dated this feature) contained medieval pottery in its fill 2119.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2131	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.54	0.51	0.18
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.20	200.10	2113			2114		
Plans			Sections				
Colour photos:			B&W photos:				
Description							
Duplication of 2034.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2132	100/200	CUT OF GULLY		0	4.60	0.52	0.16
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
103.10	202.00	2104			2105		
Plans				Sections			
49, 52, 35				42			
Colour photos:2626				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Cut of N-S aligned linear feature situated in the southern end of site just to the west of the pits, cut by the southern end of the cellar foundation and partially concealed by the southern bank. The profile of the gully was steep at the eastern side but a more gentle to the west with a bowl shaped base. It was cut into the natural sand/gravel and through fill 2105, of the grave/pit, F2162.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2133	100/210	CUT OF FEATURE		0	0.80	0.52	0.20
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.40	212.40	2106			2105		
Plans				Sections			
35, 49, 52				42, 51			
Colour photos:2626				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Cut of pit, in a confused area of tightly packed intercutting features, which was rectangular in plan and had a profile of deep vertical sides to the south, east and west but a gentle slope to the north. It cut through fills 2105, 2117 and 2141. Contained a single fill 2106 in which four flint fragments were found.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2134	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.54	0.51	0.18
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.20	200.10	2113			2114		
Plans				Sections			
35				46			
Colour photos:2617, 2618				B&W photos: 2619			
Description							
Cut of small sub circular pit situated in the southern end of the site. In profile it had with quite shallow sloping sides and a flat bottom and contained a single mixed fill 2113. This pit truncated the fill, 2114, of pit F2123.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2135	100/200	NAT.COAL		0	0.44	0.35	0.02
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.50	201.25	2120			nat		
Plans				Sections			
/				/			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Naturally deposited coal patch below the gravel into which pit, F2120 was cut and above sand. The layer continued under what was presumed to be the edge of the pit. Although it was considered as natural a sample 23 was taken.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2136	100/205	STONE STRUCTURE		0	1.20	0.80	0.67
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2072			nat		
Plans				Sections			
41, 48, 67				62, 69			
Colour photos:2617, 2626				B&W photos: 2618, 2619			
Description							
Large dressed blocks of stone which formed the northern wall of the cess pit. The western and southern walls were, F2070. As with, F2070, the wall had been constructed dry stone fashion with large blocks of limestone to form a rectangular stone cess pit. To the east the cellar wall, F2038, appeared to have cut the cess pit, though it was not clear if this was incorporated with the building or if the cess pit was out of use when the building was constructed. It would have been feasible for the cess pit to continue its use, perhaps the cess pit dates from the medieval period and was incorporated into the 16th or 17th century building? The sixteen fills of the cess pit were mostly highly organic and contained finds from the medieval and post medieval period, with dates ranging from 14th to 17th century. There was also an abundance of animal bone including several cat skeletons. It should be noted that 95% of the entire cess pit fills were sampled due to their high organic content.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2137	100/205	MORTAR	2183	0	1.20	0.80	0.67
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2121			2072		
Plans			Sections				
41, 48			62				
Colour photos:2617, 2626			B&W photos: 2618, 2619				
Description							
A light brown mortar consolidating the stonework, F2183, north of the cess pit, F2070/F2036. In the upper courses of the stonework brick fragments, rubble etc, were present. Sample 22.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2138	100/205	STONE STRUCTURE		0	5.00	0.30	1.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	206.00	u/s			2011		
Plans			Sections				
41, 48, 66, 67, 35			55, 69				
Colour photos:2617,2625,2626			B&W photos: 2623,2619,2624				
Description							
A stone wall of well dressed limestone of the remnants of the cellar wall. In plan the wall formed an L-shape, the longest stretch, to the west measured 5.5 metres and was 30cm wide. The southern end was 4m and turned N-S for 3m before turning in 1m to form the L-shape (see post ex plan). Excavation by hand of a portion of the cellar backfill, revealed the cellar steps which were situated in the SW corner of the building. These were not fully excavated because of health and safety requirements. Another feature was what appeared to be a doorway leading to the stone tank, F2063, which was clearly visible as a break in the wall in the NW corner.							
As the cellar wall cut fill, 2011, of a pit to the south of F2097, and this pit cut through layer 2072, the medieval soil horizon, the cellar wall was later than F2136/F2070 (The cess pit) which showed no evidence of a construction trench cutting through layer 2072 and was, therefore, presumed to be earlier in date and the wall was a later addition added on and bonded with the mortar, 2163.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2139	100/205	MORTAR	2138	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	206.00						
Plans			Sections				
/			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Mortar of a hard consistence bonding the stonework of the wall, F2138, running N-S on the western side of the site. Note that it was different to the mortar bonding the stone wall, F2138, with the garderobe stonework, F2136. Ten copper alloy thimbles were recovered from the mortar with S.F.No.s 1017-1026. A sample of the mortar was taken, sample number 38.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2140	100/200	FILL	2183	2183	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	u/s			2183		
Plans			Sections				
/			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Intrusive/modern gravel fill in the gap in the wall/mortar of the stonework, F2183, which was the same as deposit 2121. Sample 25.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2141	100/200	FILL OF PIT?	2142	2142	0.65	0.60	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	202.00	2133			2142		
Plans			Sections				
49, 52			51				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
This fill was very similar to fills, 2105 and 2177 a dark brown mixed sand and clay with few inclusions and no finds. At the pre-ex stage it was classified as 2105 but through excavation it was revealed to be a unique and seperate fill of pit, F2142. It was cut by both F2133 and F2164. One of a series of fills of confused intercutting features.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2142	100/200	CUT OF PIT?		0	0.65	0.60	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.30	202.00	2141			nat		

Plans

35, 49, 52

Colour photos:2626 GENERAL

Sections

51

B&W photos: 2619 GENERAL

Description

The cut of oval/sub-circular feature, presumed to be a small pit, situated centrally amongst the confusion of features in the southern end of the site. In profile it had gentle concave sides that rounded out to form the base. It had a single fill, 2141 in which no finds were recovered.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2143	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.70	0.50	0.54
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.35	203.10	2117			nat		

Plans

52

Colour photos:2626

Sections

50, 51

B&W photos: 2619

Description

Only part of this cut was definitely identified in the east and south. It was suggested that the base of the cut could be seen to the west but not to the north. The remaining shape in plan is sub-circular with a profile of convex sides with a seemingly rounded base. The relationships to F2142 and F2162 remained unclear as the relationships had been destroyed in excavation.

The area was originally identified in pre-ex as having one fill, 2105. This was probably 3 features, each seen only in part. 2105 was reduced to the east and is now defined as the fill of the grave/pit, F2162. The fill, 2117, contained one flint flake and twenty seven bone fragments.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2144	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.43	0.39	0.28
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.30	202.12	2109			nat		

Plans

35, 49, 52

Colour photos:2617

Sections

39

B&W photos: 2619

Description

This cut, situated amongst the packed area of features in the southern area of site, was circular in plan with a profile of steep concave sides breaking to form a flattish base and was cut into natural sand and gravel. No finds were present in its fill 2109 and there was no evidence of a post pipe.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2145	100/210	CUT OF PIT?		0	0.43	0.34	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.00	214.20	2146			nat		

Plans

59

Colour photos:2626

Sections

54

B&W photos: 2623

Description

Cut of probable sub-circular feature partially excavated which was partly concealed by the northern baulk. This feature became visible after the removal of layer, 2072, the brown soil horizon which covered the whole of the northern end of the site. The excavated area showed a semi-circular cut, with a profile of steeply sloping sides and a concave base. It was cut into a reddish brown sandy layer/natural containing grit and limestone fragments. It contained a single fill, 2146, from which one bone fragment and two sherds of medieval pot were recovered. A similar feature F2147 was situated immediately to the east.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2146	100/210	FILL OF PIT?	2145	2145	0.43	0.34	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.00	214.20	2072			2145		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2626

Sections

54

B&W photos: 2623

Description

Single fill of feature, F2145 which was a dark reddish brown and distinguished from the natural by colour (darker brown) and texture. The finds recovered were one pottery base sherd, one piece of animal mandible including some dentition in place and the inclusions consisted of frequent flecks and lumps of charcoal, occasional small pebbles c.6-20mm and small fragments of limestone. This feature and fill were not on the pre-ex plan because they were only apparent after the removal of the spit of 2072 across the northern area of the site.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2147	100/210	CUT OF PIT?		0	0.88	0.18	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.60	214.30	2148			nat		
Plans			Sections				
59			54				
Colour photos:2626			B&W photos: 2623				

Description

Cut of sub circular feature partially concealed by the northern baulk and just a few centimetres east of F2145. The surviving part showed a narrow cut in plan curving from the baulk. In profile it had steeply sloping sides with a curving base and sloped upwards slightly to the eastern end. There were a number of fragments of limestone at the base of the feature c.0.05m. It contained a single fill, 2148 in which four medieval pot sherds were found. The feature was cut in to natural, a slight reddish sandy material.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2148	100/210	FILL OF PIT?	2147	2147	0.88	0.18	0.25
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
102.60	214.30	2072			2147		
Plans			Sections				
/			54				
Colour photos:2626			B&W photos: 2623				

Description

Only fill of long narrow (in section), truncated feature F2147, at the extreme northern end of site. It was clearly distinguishable from the firm, sandy red/brown natural in colour (dark brown) and texture (loamy, softer). It contained 4 fragments of pottery found in the baulk but clearly from the feature. It also contained occasional small pebbles, frequent flecks of charcoal and occasional fragments of limestone.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2149	100/205	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.20	0.30	0.24
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.40	208.80	2150			nat		
Plans			Sections				
35			58				
Colour photos:2618, 2626			B&W photos: 2623				

Description

A steep sided circular cut into the natural (In this part of the site, sand) with a bowl-shaped base. It was distinguished as such by its obvious fill colour difference (Black as opposed to sandy brown). The cut was difficult to fully discern due to the fragility of the sides, but it was believed that a satisfactory point was reached, time pressures did not help. Although the dark fill was not of a type seen elsewhere on site in post-hole cuts, it is thought that the shape and depth are indicative of such though no post pipe was visible. It was situated just to the east of the stone tank F2063 and a slightly larger feature, F2151, was situated a few centimetres to the south. Both these features cuts were visible at the same depth as the base of the stone tank much deeper than most of the other features on site.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2150	100/205	FILL OF P.HOLE	2149	2149	0.20	0.30	0.24
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.40	208.80	u/s			2149		
Plans			Sections				
/			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				

Description

Single fill of posthole, F2149, was a dark coloured ashy grit with the texture of sand. It was moist and dirty leaving a dark staining on hands. It contained small to medium sized waterworn pebbles, occasional charcoal fragments and no finds. Sample 37.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2151	100/205	CUT OF PIT		0	0.51	0.52	0.29
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.40	208.30	2153			nat		
Plans			Sections				
35			58				
Colour photos:2618, 2626			B&W photos: 2623				

Description

A complex little area to dig in, this cut was only really discerned when a definite surface changed in soil colour/texture was chased down reaching a fine silty primary fill of an orange colour, beneath which was the natural sand. This fill was followed upwards (being the only means by which to excavate effectively), a circular shallow cut feature was revealed, a probable pit. In profile The pit was steep sided on the western edge with more sloping sides on the others and flat based.

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2152	100/205	FILL OF PIT	2151	2151	0.51	0.52	0.27
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.40	208.30	u/s			2153		

Plans

/

Sections

/

Colour photos: /

B&W photos: /

Description

A dark brown/black fill which lay on top of fill, 2153, which was discernable as a fill by its obvious colour difference to that of the surrounding natural sand. It contained small-medium sized, mostly waterworn pebbles and stones c.10-40mm, plaster fragments and the occasional charcoal fragment. Finds within this fill were not numerous but included 3 medieval pottery body sherds and a bone fragment. Sample 37.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2153	100/205	FILL OF PIT	2151	2151	0.51	0.52	0.02
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.40	208.30	2152			2151		

Plans

/

Sections

/

Colour photos: /

B&W photos: /

Description

A thin but quite distinctive primary fill of feature F2151. Consisted of an orange/brown silty textured material lying on top of the sandy natural. Contained no inclusions or finds.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2154	100/205	NATURAL	2136	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2121					

Plans

/

Sections

/

Colour photos: /

B&W photos: /

Description

A very loose brown sandy fill lying below the modern fill, 2121, of the stonework, F2183, which eventually proved to be natural. natural.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2155	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.54	0.58	0.08
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.60	205.60	2069			2184		

Plans

/

Sections

62

Colour photos: 2625

B&W photos: 2623

Description

This layer was originally believed to be a component of fill, 2092, but further excavation showed it to be a discreet deposit. Later excavation showed 2092 to be divided into 3 separate contexts, 2160, 2184 and 2155. A fill of the cess pit F2070/F2136 this deposit was a dark red brown sticky organic layer which contained very few inclusions apart from charcoal which made up the complete deposit of 2184, the fill immediately below. Finds included one Fe object, bone fragments (including cat and black rat), and five medieval pottery sherds. Two samples, 20 and 36, consisted of approx 90% of the deposit. Further finds from the samples are a certainty.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2156	105/210	CUT OF DITCH		0	0.80	2.00	0.60
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.40	210.60	2169			nat		

Plans

59

Sections

60,61,55,56

Colour photos: 2626

B&W photos: 2619, 2623

Description

Segment of stepped ditch situated just to the north of the eastern side of the cellar wall, F2138. In profile from the west the side was gently sloping to a flat base which then ran 0.55m before shallowly stepping down again to another flat base. This then led to a more vertical side on the east. Two fills occupied the cut, 2169 the primary fill, which was present to the top of the second step and 2177 which filled the rest of the ditch and was also cut by a later gully F2172. To the south of the segment of ditch there was possible evidence of another step, at the top. The other half of the ditch was not excavated. This ditch was very likely to have been the same as the ditch in a segment to the north, F2078 which contained a fill, 2079, which was similar to 2177, the upper fill of F2156. F2156 was cut by pit F2053 to the S/E and by wall foundations, F2172, to the east.

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2157	100/210	FILL OF DITCH	2168	2168	0.90	2.33	0.76
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	214.00	2072			2168		
Plans				Sections			
59				65			
Colour photos:2625				B&W photos: 2623			
Description							
Single fill of ditch cut, F2168 which consisted of a sandy clay, plastic when moist, at the base it became slightly more sandy but with no definite horizon visible. It contained frequent water worn pebbles up to 10cm across, moderate amounts of small to medium limestone fragments c.5-12cm, moderate amounts of charcoal flecks, 16 Roman pottery sherds, animal bone and 1 flint. It is difficult to say if the Roman pottery was residual or if F2168 was a Roman ditch running N-S across the western most side of the site.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2158	100/200	FILL OF P.HOLE	2159	2159	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	202.50	?			2159		
Plans				Sections			
/				57			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Fill of post-hole, F2159, which was not fully investigated due to time limitations.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2159	100/200	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	202.50	2158			2072		
Plans				Sections			
/				/			
Colour photos:/				B&W photos: /			
Description							
Cut of post-hole with fill, 2158, which cut layer, 2072. There was no other information on the context sheet due to time limitations.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2160	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.94	0.65	0.09
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2184			2161		
Plans				Sections			
/				62			
Colour photos:2625				B&W photos: 2623			
Description							
A thin fill within cess pit, F2136/F2070. It was similar to 2155 but divided from it by the charcoal band, 2184, and was slightly more silty. Excavation showed that this was part of what was formerly seen as 2092 but was subsequently divided into 3 separate and distinctive fills, 2160, 2184 and 2155. This fill was relatively homogenous and contained charcoal and a copper alloy thimble with the S.F.No. 1016. Samples 19 and 40, consisted of 90% of the entire deposit.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2161	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.94	0.78	0.09
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2160			2165		
Plans				Sections			
/				62			
Colour photos:2625				B&W photos: 2623			
Description							
A thick rather mottled organic fill of cess pit F2070/F2136, which was made up of a mottled grey/brown clay silt material. It contained a occasional charcoal fragments, mortar and limestone fragments and a high organic content (seeds were visible during excavation). Some animal bone was recovered which was later identified as cat. Sample 41, consisted of 90% of the deposit.							

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2162	100/200	CUT OF GRAVE		0	0.00	1.00	0.27
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.00	202.50	2105			nat		
Plans			Sections				
52,49,35			42				
Colour photos:2617			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
Although parts of the edges of feature were lost through truncation by other features, it seems that F2162 was sub-circular/sub-ovoid in plan. In profile it had a steep side to the west, partially truncated by gully, F2132, and a gentle slope to the east, partially truncated by F2133. It was similar and associated with F2143 and F2142 but the relationships were not clearly established. The fill, 2105, contained skeletal remains of a very young (neonate) human baby along with some flint fragments and one sherd of decorated Roman samian ware. It is likely that this pit represents the grave of pre-medieval infant.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2163	100/205	MORTAR	2136	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.95	206.00	u/s					
Plans			Sections				
/			/				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				
Description							
Mortar of a softer and looser consistence to that of 2139 which bonded the stone wall, F2138, with the stonework, F2183. Sample 39.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2164	100/200	CUT OF PIT?		0	0.32	0.38	0.15
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.80	204.30	2107			2106		
Plans			Sections				
35,49,52			40,43				
Colour photos:2617			B&W photos: 2619				
Description							
N-S aligned sub-oval feature which was situated amongst the concentration of intercutting features in the southern half of the site. The side and base were gently sloping to the north and the base became more rounded and the side steeper to the south. Contained a single fill, 2107 from which bone and flint fragments were recovered. It cut fill 2106 of F2133, to the north and 2141, fill of F2142 to the south.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2165	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.94	0.77	0.07
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2161			2166		
Plans			Sections				
/			62				
Colour photos:2625			B&W photos: 2623				
Description							
A very mixed fill of cess pit F2070/F2136 which had a very high organic content. Finds included textile fragments (S.F.No. 1015), a sheet of lead (S.F.No. 1011), 5 cat skulls and frequent bone fragments. Sample 43 consisted of 90% of the deposit and will produce more finds, especially bone during processing.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2166	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.94	0.79	0.05
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2165			2070		
Plans			Sections				
/			62				
Colour photos:2625			B&W photos: 2623				
Description							
The primary fill of the cess pit F2070/F2136 which consisted of a much cleaner less organic material with few inclusions and no finds. At the base of the cess pit below and partially within this deposit were two large limestone slabs c.20-30cm, almost squarish, oriented N/W-S/E. This fill appeared to lie on the natural sand as the bottom of the cess pit. Sample 43.							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2167	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.20	0.28	0.18
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2066			2067		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2561

Sections

15

B&W photos: 2557

Description

This fill of cess pit, F2070/F2136 was previously thought of as part of fill, 2067, but further excavation separated the two into different contexts. Samples 21 and 26 consisted of 90% of the deposit.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2168	100/210	CUT OF DITCH		0	0.90	2.33	0.76
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	214.00	2157			nat		

Plans

59, 72

Colour photos:2625

Sections

65

B&W photos: 2623

Description

Cut of ditch, excavated as a segment, in N/W corner of the site filled with 2157 and oriented N-S. In plan it was just possible to see the edge of the fill, 2157 running off southwards just to the east of the well and cut by the northern cellar wall, F2138. As this was not totally clear excavation of a further segment to the south would have been desirable if time had allowed.

In profile the edge on the eastern side was steep and then near vertical to the base and to the west there was a step which flattened out to the limit of excavation. The base was consistently flat across the whole of the ditch. The single fill, 2157 contained sixteen sherds of Roman pottery right at the base of the fill, animal bone and a single flint fragment. It may have been that this was a Roman ditch unless the pottery was residual, but it can not be said with any certainty.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2169	105/210	FILL OF DITCH	2156	2156	0.80	0.88	0.18
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.80	210.60	2177			2156		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2626

Sections

60,61,55,56

B&W photos: 2619,2623

Description

Primary fill of ditch segment, F2156, which had been deposited in the part of the cut where it stepped down at the bottom with sloping sides onto a flattish bottom. It contained a moderate amount of stones c.1-6cm and few other inclusions with no finds present. There was no evidence of this fill apparent in section 65 to the south.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2170	100/210	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.34	0.16	0.13
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.40	211.10	2171			nat		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2626

Sections

60

B&W photos: 2623

Description

Cut of steep to vertical sided post-hole with a flat bottom sloping with the deeper end to the east. It was situated at the northern end of the site and became visible during the excavation of ditch segment F2156 in the south facing section. It contained a single fill, 2171, and was cut into gravel. As the post-hole was only noticed after the ditch segment, F2156 was overcut on the final afternoon of excavation, it does not appear on the post-ex plan and its breadth cannot be given accurately.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2171	100/210	FILL OF P.HOLE	2170	2170	0.34	0.16	0.13
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
104.40	211.10	2072			2170		

Plans

/

Colour photos:2626

Sections

60

B&W photos: 2623

Description

Single fill of posthole, F2070, which contained very few small stones and no finds. It was only discovered when ditch segment, F2156, had been overcut.

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2172	105/210	CUT OF WALL		0	0.78	0.99	0.21
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.00	210.60	2173			2177		

Plans

/

Sections

60,61

Colour photos:2626

B&W photos: 2619, 2623

Description

Cut of wall foundations with a single fill, 2173 which became visible in the south facing section during excavation of ditch segment F2156. Some of the stones present within fill 2173 were also visible running N-S north of the ditch segment. The shape varied between shallow to steeply sloping sides leading to a flat to U shaped bottom. It was presumed to be the cut of foundations for a small wall, if this is the case it has been robbed of much of its stone at a later date. The foundations cut fill, 2177, of ditch segment, F2156. This cut could be the same as the cut of wall foundations, F2180, further north which also cut a ditch segment, F2079, which was thought to be the same as f2156, which F2172 cut.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2173	105/210	FILL	2172	2172	0.70	0.76	0.18
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.00	210.60	2072			2172		

Plans

35,59

Sections

60,61,55,56

Colour photos:2626

B&W photos: 2619,2623

Description

Single fill of possible wall foundations which consisted of a grey brown silty clay containing moderate large stones in some areas and occasional in others, possibly caused by stone robbing. Other inclusions were frequent charcoal and limestone flecks and stones c.0.5-15cm. Probably the same as 2179, the fill of wall foundations, F2180 to the north.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2174	105/210	CUT OF POSTHOLE		0	0.24	0.14	0.23
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.40	211.06	2175			2072		

Plans

/

Sections

60

Colour photos:2626

B&W photos: 2623, 2619

Description

Almost vertical sided feature with flat bottom and a modern fill, 2175, which was visible in the south facing section of ditch segment F2156 on the eastern side and cut the fill, 2173, of a small wall foundation, F2172.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2175	105/210	FILL OF P.HOLE	2174	2174	0.24	0.14	0.23
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.40	211.06	u/s			2174		

Plans

/

Sections

60

Colour photos:2626

B&W photos: 2619, 2623

Description

Single modern fill of posthole, F2174 which contained frequent stone c.1-12cm, tile c.3-15cm, some charcoal. No finds were kept from this modern feature.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2176	100/200	CUT OF PIT?		0	2.20	2.20	0.35
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.73	203.30	2178			nat		

Plans

?

Sections

57,63,64

Colour photos:/

B&W photos: /

Description

A large roughly circular cut in the natural which appeared to cut another circular feature immediately to the west, although it was not clear from the section. In section 64 the feature, F2090, of drawing 23 appears to be the feature showing in the top right corner. This feature was unfinished in excavation but can be integrated in the site matrix.

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2177	105/210	FILL OF DITCH	2156	2156	0.80	2.10	0.45
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.40	210.60	2053			2169		
Plans			Sections				
/			60, 61				
Colour photos:2626			B&W photos: 2619, 2623				

Description

The upper fill of a stepped ditch, F2156. The same number was given to the fill of 2 ditch segments because they appeared to be the same. In the northern segment the fill was cut by wall foundations, F2172, and in the southern segment it was cut by pit, F2053. It was seen as equivalent to 2079, the fill of a ditch segment, F2078, further to the north. This was also cut by wall foundations, F2180. The soil consistence was quite loose and there was a much greater volume of soil compared to the primary fill, 2169. Inclusions and finds consisted of moderate stone fragments c.1-15cm, limestone and charcoal flecks, bone and 1 sherd of medieval pottery.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2178	100/200	FILL OF PIT?	2176	2176	2.20	2.20	0.35
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.73	203.30	2072			2176		
Plans			Sections				
/			57,63,64				
Colour photos:/			B&W photos: /				

Description

Fill of pit F2176 which was fully excavated or recorded due to time limitations. (Refer to section drawing numbers 57, 63 and 64).

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2179	105/210	FILL OF WALL	2180	2180	1.05	0.32	0.27
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.87	214.10	2072			2180		
Plans			Sections				
/			70				
Colour photos:2620 GENERAL			B&W photos: 2623, 2624 GENERAL				

Description

Single fill of possible wall footing, F2180 which contained occasional large blocks of limestone comparable with those on the surface to the south as shown on the post-ex plan 70 of the area. This fill appeared to be equivalent to the same as fill 2173 to the south. A continuation of the wall/fill could also be seen in section 55. Inclusions consisted of frequent small stones less than 10cm, pebbles, large lumps of sandstone up to 30cm across on the surface, part of the wall make up, and frequent charcoal flecks.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2180	105/210	CUT OF WALL		0	1.05	0.32	0.27
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
105.87	214.10	2179			2079		
Plans			Sections				
59			70				
Colour photos:2620 GENERAL			B&W photos: 2623, 2624 GENERAL				

Description

Cut of a linear feature running N-S from the limit of excavation at the north end of the site to the cellarge where it was truncated (see post-ex plans and section 55). The feature was not shown on pre-ex plans. It was cut into 2072, the medieval soil horizon at the north end of the site and then into 2079, the fill of ditch segment, F2078. The cut was concave at the bottom with sloping sides. This apparent cut for wall footings had been seen as equivalent to the cut for wall footings to the south, F2172. F2172 also cut the fill, 2177 of a ditch segment, F2156 and contained a fill similar to 2179, the single fill of, F2180. Thus, they can be presumed to be the same.

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2181	105/205	CUT OF PIT		0	0.00	0.88	0.32
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.40	205.30	2043			2042		
Plans			Sections				
/			11				
Colour photos:2562			B&W photos: 2557				

Description

Cut of a possible pit with sloping sides with a medium slope and a flattish to U-shaped bottom which was only visible in the west facing section of the machine trench (Section 11). The fill, 2043, consisted of modern rubble. This feature was not excavated because of the presence of the gas and water main directly to the east.

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TADCASTER HIGH STREET - CONTEXT CATALOGUE

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2182	105/205	CUT OF PIT?		0	0.00	0.80	0.15
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
106.40	205.40	2045			nat		
Plans			Sections				
/			11				
Colour photos:2562			B&W photos: 2557				
Description							
Slight evidence of a possible pit with quite shallow sloping sides and a flat bottom which was filled by 2045 cut by the cellarage and cut natural. The pit was not excavated due to a gas main directly to the east and was only visible in Section 11, the west facing section of the machine trench.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2183	100/205	STONEWORK		0	1.06	1.04	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.60	206.85	2072			nat		
Plans			Sections				
Colour photos:2625,2626,2617,2561			B&W photos: 2623,2557,2619				
Description							
Stonework/foundation present directly to the north of F2136, the northern wall of the cess pit. In the first instance, it was thought that F2183 was a garderobe, the entrance for waste to drop into the cess pit. However, after excavation this proved not to be the case. A slot was present filled by 2121, a post-medieval deposit, and below this was natural, so once this fill and stonework were removed it became clear that the boundaries of the cess pit were, F2136 to the north, F2070 to the west and south and F2138 to the east. It is not totally clear what the purpose of the slot was. It may have been a beam support associated with the cess pit.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2184	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.54	0.70	0.02
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.60	205.60	2155			2160		
Plans			Sections				
/			62				
Colour photos:2625			B&W photos: 2623				
Description							
This along with fills 2155 (above) and 2160 (below) were originally categorised as one fill, 2092 (now defunct). After later excavation it was shown that these were 3 separate fills. This context, 2184, was a thin layer of charcoal synonymous with a probable fire residue deposition. N.B. Due to time limitations and the difficulty of sampling this context, it was decided to place this sample within that of 2160, sample 40.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2185	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.70	0.53	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2186			2069		
Plans			Sections				
/			15, 62				
Colour photos:2561			B&W photos: 2557, 2623				
Description							
Highly organic fill of cess pit, F2070/F2136. During excavation this fill was found to be a separate component of what was previously 2069. It was a red brown material between 2 green fills, 2069 and 2186, both of which were also highly organic. The Fe cooking pot partly in this layer has the S.F.No. 1012 which was also present in 2096, 2069 and 2068. Samples 29, 30 and 33 consisted of 90% of the deposit.							

Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2186	100/205	FILL OF CESSPIT	2070	2070	0.79	0.53	0.00
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
101.00	205.60	2068			2185		
Plans			Sections				
/			15, 62				
Colour photos:2561, 2623			B&W photos: 2557				
Description							
Highly organic fill of cess pit, F2070/F2136 which consisted of a distinctive greenish brown clay like material. During excavation this fill was found to be a separate layer within what was formerly thought to be a single layer, 2069. Finds consisted of bone fragments and a thin band of wood was identified running through this context sampled as number 28. Additional soil sample was 32. (The depth of this context is unknown because the only depth measurement was taken when 2069, 2185 and 2186 were thought to be one context).							

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Context	Sub-division	Type	Part of	Fill of	Length	Breadth	Depth
2187	100/200	CUT OF PIT		0	0.95	0.00	0.30
Easting	Northing	Below			Above		
100.00	203.50	2071			2093		
Plans				Sections			
/				23,24			
Colour photos: /				B&W photos: /			
Description							
The cut of a pit with a single fill, 2071. Not fully excavated or recorded due to time limitations.							

Part 3: Appendix B
Finds Catalogue

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
913		1287	1	Blade?
		Total	1	
US		0	34	Bone
903		0	3	Bone
906		0	4	Bone
907		0	16	Bone
908		0	18	Bone
911		0	4	Bone
913		0	1	Bone
914		0	2	Bone
2001	F2003	0	15	Bone
2001	F2003	0	37	Bone
2001	F2003	0	9	Bone
2001	F2003	0	20	Bone
2007	F2058	0	15	Bone
2009	F2061	0	14	Bone
2011	F2097	0	24	Bone
2012	F2037	0	34	Bone
2012	F2037	0	12	Bone
2015	F2088	0	5	Bone
2015	F2088	0	1	Bone
2017	F2028	0	3	Bone
2017	F2028	0	2	Bone
2017	F2028	0	2	Bone
2020	F2082	0	6	Bone
2022	F2023	0	2	Bone
2022	F2023	0	7	Bone
2029	F2030	0	1	Bone
2031	F2030	0	2	Bone
2033	F2034	0	12	Bone
2035	F2037	0	9	Bone
2036	F2037	0	31	Bone
2036	F2037	0	5	Bone
2038	F2037	0	4	Bone
2049	F2053	0	5	Bone
2050	F2053	0	21	Bone
2050	F2053	0	5	Bone
2051	F2053	0	2	Bone
2052	F2053	0	10	Bone
2056	F2053	0	52	Bone
2064	F2070	0	2	Bone
2065	F2070	0	1	Bone
2071	F2187	0	18	Bone
2072		0	18	Bone
2075	F2077	0	2	Bone
2075	F2077	0	5	Bone
2075	F2077	0	5	Bone
2076	F2077	0	10	Bone
2079	F2078	0	11	Bone
2080	F2096	0	1	Bone
2084	F2083	0	6	Bone
2085		0	49	Bone
2104	F2132	0	1	Bone
2105	F2162	1027	50	Bone
2105	F2162	0	8	Bone
2107	F2164	0	7	Bone
2110	F2120	0	2	Bone
2112	F2118	0	7	Bone
2117	F2143	0	26	Bone

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
2119	F2120	0	1	Bone
2139	F2138	0	20	Bone
2146	F2145	0	1	Bone
2152	F2151	0	1	Bone
2155	F2070	0	1	Bone
2155	F2070	0	18	Bone
2157	F2068	0	17	Bone
2161	F2070	0	21	Bone
2165	F2070	0	173	Bone
2165	F2070	0	1	Bone
2177	F2156	0	7	Bone
2178	F2176	0	14	Bone
2186	F2070	0	20	Bone
Total			973	
<hr/>				
US		1226	1	Brick
US		1227	1	Brick
US		1228	1	Brick
US		1229	1	Brick
US		1230	1	Brick
US		1231	1	Brick
913		1219	1	Brick fragment
913		1220	1	Brick fragment
913		1221	1	Brick fragment
2029	F2030	1263	1	Brick
2033	F2034	1136	1	Brick
2033	F2034	1264	1	Brick
2033	F2034	1265	1	Brick
2138		1045	1	Brick
Total			14	
<hr/>				
913		1282	1	Buckle
Total			1	
<hr/>				
913		1218	1	Ceramic marble
2029	F2030	1182	1	Ceramic jar (Modern)
Total			2	
<hr/>				
2092	F2070	0	1	Charcoal/coal (Same as 2155)
2155	F2070	0	1	Charcoal/coal (Same as 2092 charcoal)
Total			2	
<hr/>				
US		1224	1	Clay pipe
US		1225	1	Clay pipe
913		1204	1	Clay pipe
913		1205	1	Clay pipe
913		1206	1	Clay pipe
913		1207	1	Clay pipe
913		1090	1	Clay pipe
2029	F2030	1175	1	Clay pipe
2031	F2030	0	3	Clay pipe
2031	F2030	1155	1	Clay pipe
2031	F2030	1156	1	Clay pipe
2031	F2030	1157	1	Clay pipe
2033	F2034	1138	1	Clay pipe
2080	F2096	1093	1	Clay pipe
2139	F2138	1044	1	Clay marble
2139	F2138	1033	1	Clay pipe
2139	F2138	1034	1	Clay pipe
2139	F2138	1035	1	Clay pipe
2139	F2138	1036	1	Clay pipe

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number Total	n 21	Description
2031	F2030	0	1	Coal
2080	F2096	0	1	Coal
		Total	2	
2035	F2037	1126	1	Cu alloy button
2139	F2138	1017	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1037	1	Cu alloy pin
2139	F2138	1018	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1019	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1020	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1021	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1022	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1023	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1024	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1025	1	Cu alloy thimble
2139	F2138	1026	1	Cu alloy thimble
2160	F2070	1016	1	Cu alloy thimble
		Total	13	
2004	F2002	1	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag) Dry sieve
2005	F2002	2	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag) Dry sieve
2012	F2037	5	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2035	F2037	6	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2049	F2053	7	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag) Mortar
2050	F2053	9	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag) Mortar
2050	F2053	11	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2051	F2053	12	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2052	F2053	8	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag)
2052	F2053	10	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2064	F2070	13	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2065	F2070	14	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2066	F2070	15	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2067	F2070	16	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2068	F2070	17	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2068	F2070	27	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2069	F2070	18	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag) mixed 2069,2185,2186
2069	F2070	34	0	Environ sample (2xlge bag) incl. organics
2076	F2077	3	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2081	F2063	44	0	Environ sample (1xA4,1/2xlge bags) Dry sieve
2092	F2070	4	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag) mixed 2160,2184,2155
2092	F2070	31	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag) incl. 2160,2184,2155
2105	F2162	24	0	Environ sample (2xlge bag) around baby. Dry sieve
2135	F2120	23	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag) Natural
2137	F2183	22	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag) Mortar
2139	F2138	38	0	Environ sample (1/2xA4 bag) Mortar
2140	F2136	25	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag) Intrusive deposit
2150	F2149	37	0	Environ sample (1xA4 bag)
2154	F2136	35	0	Environ sample (2xlge bag) Natural
2155	F2070	0	10	Environ sample: Organic matter
2155	F2070	20	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag) Charcoal lens
2155	F2070	36	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2160	F2070	19	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2160	F2070	40	0	Environ sample (1xlge) incl. fill 2184
2161	F2070	41	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)
2163	F2138	39	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2165	F2070	0	34	Environ sample: Pupae cases
2165	F2070	0	15	Environ sample: Organic matter
2165	F2070	42	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag) incl. textile, cats
2166	F2070	43	0	Environ sample (1xlge bag)

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
2167	F2070	21	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2167	F2070	26	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
2185	F2070	29	0	Environ sample (small amount) incl. organics
2185	F2070	30	0	Environ sample (small amount) incl corrosion
2185	F2070	33	0	Environ sample (2xlge bag) incl. organics
2186	F2070	28	0	Environ sample (small amount) Wood
2186	F2070	32	0	Environ sample (1/2xlge bag)
Total			59	
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2165	F2070	1015	2	Fabric
Total			2	
<hr/>				
US		1244	1	Fe object
US		1245	1	Fe object
US		1246	1	Fe object
908		1222	1	Fe object (nail)
913		1279	1	Fe nail
913		1280	1	Fe nail
913		1281	1	Fe nail
913		1283	1	Fe object
913		1284	1	Fe nail
913		1285	1	Fe nail
2007	F2058	1190	1	Fe object
2009	F2061	0	30	Fe object
2012	F2037	1188	1	Fe object
2017	F2028	1184	1	Fe object
2017	F2028	1185	1	Fe object
2029	F2030	1178	1	Fe object (nail)
2029	F2030	1176	1	Fe paraffin/oil lamp
2029	F2030	1177	1	Fe paraffin/oil lamp (also sf1176)
2033	F2034	1137	1	Fe object
2035	F2037	1127	1	Fe object
2036	F2037	1124	1	Fe object
2036	F2037	1261	1	Fe object
2051	F2053	1007	1	Fe object
2051	F2053	1113	2	Fe object
2056	F2053	1110	1	Fe object
2056	F2053	1109	1	Fe object
2056	F2053	1111	1	Fe object
2065	F2070	1107	1	Fe object
2065	F2070	1106	1	Fe object and wood (Knife?)
2068	F2070	1012	50	Fe cooking pot (Also 2096)
2068	F2070	1105	1	Fe object and wood
2069	F2070	1013	60	Fe cooking pot
2069	F2070	1100	1	Fe object
2069	F2070	1101	1	Fe object
2069	F2070	1102	1	Fe object
2069	F2070	1103	1	Fe object
2069	F2070	1104	1	Fe object
2075	F2077	1098	1	Fe object
2092	F2070	1091	1	Fe object (Same as 2155 Fe object)
2096		1012	50	Fe cooking pot (Same as 2068)
2139	F2138	1032	3	Fe object
2155	F2070	1031	1	Fe object (Same as 2092 Fe object)
2185	F2070	1014	50	Fe cooking pot
Total			281	
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US		1256	1	Flint flake
US		1258	1	Flint
US		1257	1	Flint
US		1259	1	Flint

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
US		1260	1	Flint
2001	F2003	1192	1	Flint flake
2004	F2002	1191	1	Flint flake
2014	F2089	1003	1	Flint flake
2017	F2028	1186	1	Flint flake
2038	F2037	1117	1	Flint flake
2038	F2037	1118	1	Flint
2038	F2037	1119	1	Flint
2038	F2037	1120	1	Flint
2040	F2041	1115	1	Flint flake
2040	F2041	1116	1	Flint
2042	F2126	1114	1	Flint flake
2050	F2053	1006	1	Flint flake
2062	F2130	1001	1	Flint flake
2062	F2130	1000	1	Flint flake
2062	F2130	1004	1	Flint flake
2062	F2130	1270	1	Flint
2072		1099	1	Flint flake
2076	F2077	1096	1	Flint flake
2080	F2096	1092	1	Flint flake
2105	F2162	1082	1	Flint flake
2105	F2162	1009	1	Flint flake
2105	F2162	1083	1	Flint
2105	F2162	1084	1	Flint
2105	F2162	1085	1	Flint
2105	F2162	1086	1	Flint
2105	F2162	1087	1	Flint
2105	F2162	1088	1	Flint
2105	F2162	1089	1	Flint
2106	F2133	1076	1	Flint flake
2106	F2133	1077	1	Flint
2106	F2133	1078	1	Flint
2106	F2133	1079	1	Flint
2107	F2164	1075	1	Flint flake
2110	F2120	1069	1	Flint flake
2110	F2120	1008	1	Flint flake
2110	F2120	1070	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1071	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1072	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1073	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1074	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1266	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1267	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1268	1	Flint
2110	F2120	1269	1	Flint
2114		1062	1	Flint flake
2114		1063	1	Flint
2114		1064	1	Flint
2114		1065	1	Flint
2117	F2143	1061	1	Flint flake
2119	F2120	1058	1	Flint flake
2119	F2120	1059	1	Flint
2119	F2120	1060	1	Flint
2129		1046	1	Flint flake
2129		1047	1	Flint
2157	F2168	1029	1	Flint flake
		Total	60	

US		1247	1	Glass (modern)
US		1232	1	Glass
US		1248	1	Glass

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
US		1249	1	Glass
US		1250	1	Glass
US		1251	1	Glass
US		1252	1	Glass
US		1253	1	Glass
US		1254	1	Glass
US		1255	1	Glass
US		1233	1	Glass
US		1234	1	Glass
US		1235	1	Glass
US		1236	1	Glass
US		1237	1	Glass
US		1238	1	Glass
US		1239	1	Glass
US		1240	1	Glass
US		1241	1	Glass
913		1208	1	Glass
913		1209	1	Glass
913		1210	1	Glass
913		1211	1	Glass
913		1212	1	Glass
913		1213	1	Glass
913		1214	1	Glass
913		1215	1	Glass
913		1216	1	Glass
913		1217	1	Glass
913		1290	1	Glass
913		1291	1	Glass
2011	F2097	1189	1	Glass (modern)
2012	F2037	1187	1	Glass (modern)
2029	F2030	1183	1	Glass bottle (modern)
2029	F2030	1179	1	Glass (modern)
2029	F2030	1180	1	Glass
2029	F2030	1181	1	Glass
2033	F2034	1139	1	Glass (modern)
2033	F2034	1140	1	Glass
2033	F2034	1141	1	Glass
2033	F2034	1142	1	Glass
2033	F2034	1143	1	Glass
2033	F2034	1129	1	Glass?
2033	F2034	1133	1	Glass?
2033	F2034	1134	1	Glass?
2033	F2034	1135	1	Glass?
2036	F2037	1121	1	Glass
2056	F2053	1108	1	Glass (droplet)
2075	F2077	1097	1	Glass (modern)
2112	F2118	1066	1	Glass
2121		1048	1	Glass
2121		1049	1	Glass
2121		1050	1	Glass
2121		1051	1	Glass
2121		1052	1	Glass
2121		1053	1	Glass
2121		1054	1	Glass
2121		1055	1	Glass
2121		1056	1	Glass
2121		1057	1	Glass
2139	F2138	1042	1	Glass
2139	F2138	1040	1	Glass bead
2139	F2138	1043	1	Glass
2139	F2138	1041	1	Glass bead

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number Total	n 64	Description
US		0	16	Misc. Post medieval
2036	F2037	1123	1	Misc. Post medieval
		Total	17	
913		1288	1	Nail
913		1289	1	Nail
		Total	2	
913		1193	1	Pb object
913		1194	1	Pb object
913		1195	1	Pb object
913		1196	1	Pb object
913		1197	1	Pb object
913		1198	1	Pb object
913		1199	1	Pb object
913		1200	1	Pb object
913		1201	1	Pb object
913		1202	1	Pb object
913		1203	1	Pb object
2035	F2037	1002	1	Pb object
2165	F2070	1011	1	Pb sheet with organics
		Total	13	
913		1271	1	Pin
913		1272	1	Pin
913		1273	1	Pin
913		1274	1	Pin
913		1275	1	Pin
913		1276	1	Pin
913		1277	1	Pin
913		1278	1	Pin
2139	F2138	1038	1	Pin
2139	F2138	1039	1	Pin
		Total	10	
2033	F2034	1131	1	Plastic (modern)
		Total	1	
US		0	91	Pot sherd (Misc.)
US		0	3	Pot sherd
907		0	42	Pot sherd
908		0	23	Pot sherd (most from one vessel)
909		0	47	Pot sherd (same as 908)
911		0	7	Pot sherd
913		0	1	Pot sherd
914		0	3	Pot sherd
2001	F2003	0	46	Pot sherd
2007	F2058	0	22	Pot sherd
2008	F2055	0	7	Pot sherd
2009	F2061	0	50	Pot sherd
2011	F2097	0	71	Pot sherd
2012	F2037	0	35	Pot sherd
2015	F2088	0	4	Pot sherd
2017	F2028	0	44	Pot sherd
2020	F2082	0	7	Pot sherd
2022	F2023	0	25	Pot sherd
2029	F2030	0	28	Pot sherd
2031	F2030	0	4	Pot sherd
2033	F2034	0	2	Pot sherd

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
2033	F2034	1130	1	Pot sherd
2035	F2037	0	8	Pot sherd
2036	F2037	0	5	Pot sherd
2042	F2126	0	1	Pot sherd
2050	F2053	0	2	Pot sherd
2051	F2053	0	5	Pot sherd
2052	F2053	0	1	Pot sherd
2056	F2053	0	3	Pot sherd
2057		0	2	Pot sherd
2062	F2130	0	4	Pot sherd
2065	F2070	0	1	Pot sherd
2071	F2187	0	3	Pot sherd
2072		0	6	Pot sherd
2075	F2077	0	16	Pot sherd
2076	F2077	0	21	Pot sherd
2079	F2078	0	29	Pot sherd
2080	F2096	0	24	Pot sherd (Misc.)
2084	F2083	0	6	Pot sherd
2085		0	1	Pot sherd
2092	F2070	0	6	Pot sherd
2100	F2097	0	1	Pot sherd
2105	F2162	0	1	Pot sherd (samian)
2112	F2118	0	7	Pot sherd
2119	F2120	0	13	Pot sherd
2139	F2138	0	2	Pot sherd
2146	F2145	0	2	Pot sherd
2148	F2147	0	4	Pot sherd
2152	F2151	0	3	Pot sherd
2155	F2070	0	5	Pot sherd
2157	F2168	0	16	Pot sherd
2167	F2070	0	1	Pot sherd
2177	F2156	0	1	Pot sherd
			Total	763
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913		1286	1	Scissors?
			Total	1
<hr/>				
2139	F2138	0	5	Shell
			Total	5
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2035	F2037	0	1	Slag
2052	F2053	0	1	Slag
2056	F2053	0	5	Slag
2112	F2118	0	1	Slag
			Total	8
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US		1242	1	Stone
US		1243	1	Stone
903		1223	1	Stone (worked)
2035	F2037	1125	1	Stone (possible quern stone)
2036	F2037	1122	1	Stone
2076	F2077	1094	1	Stone
2076	F2077	1095	1	Stone
2105	F2162	1080	1	Stone (sandstone)
2105	F2162	1081	1	Stone
2110	F2120	1067	1	Stone (sandstone)
2110	F2121	1068	1	Stone
2178	F2176	1028	1	Stone
			Total	12
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2029	F2030	1262	1	Tile

Tadcaster High Street Finds Catalogue

Context	Feature	SF Number	n	Description
2031	F2030	1158	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1159	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1160	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1161	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1162	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1163	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1164	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1165	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1166	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1167	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1168	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1169	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1170	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1171	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1172	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1173	1	Tile/brick
2031	F2030	1174	1	Tile/brick
2033	F2034	0	8	Tile and plaster
2033	F2034	1128	1	Tile?
2033	F2034	1132	1	Tile?
2157	F2068	1030	1	Tile
		Total	29	
US		0	1	Wood (Modern root)
		Total	1	