

The Heraldic Stained Glass at Hassop Hall, co. Derby.

By A. P. SHAW, B.A., LL.B.

PART II.

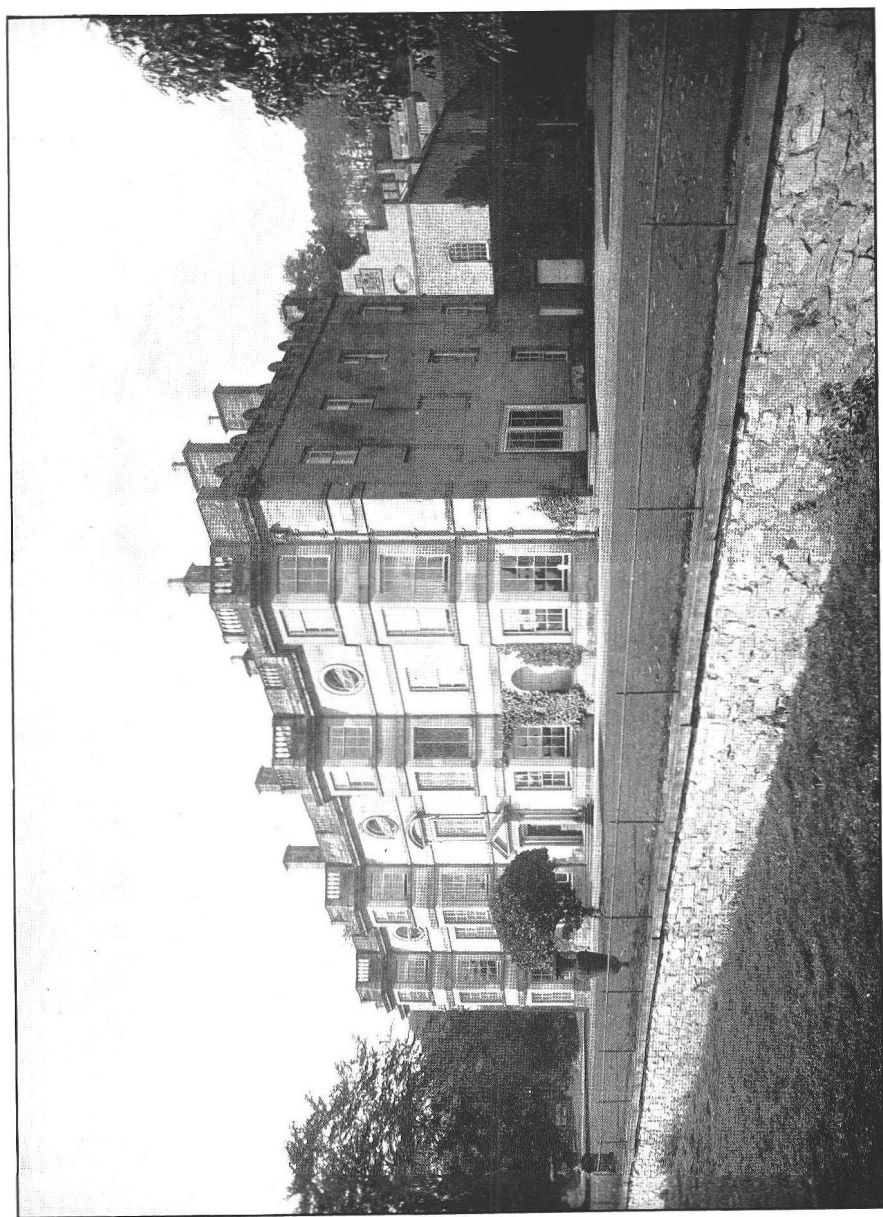


BEFORE continuing my description of the remaining heraldic glass at Hassop, I should like to transcribe the greater portion of a highly interesting letter I have received from Mr. Henry A. Rye, of Bakewell, with respect to the church at Warkworth. I have his permission to do so, and desire to thank him for it.

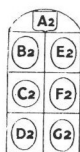
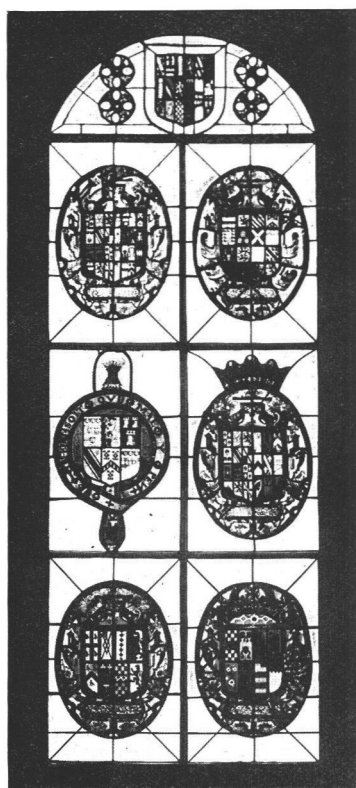
He says: "As a boy I knew Warkworth well, and in the year 1864 I made rubbings of the brasses of 'dñā Amabilla ūx nup dñi Thome Strange milit pus conjunx dñi Johis Chetewode.' Also of 'Johñ Chetewode le lils de S. Johñ Chetewode chī.'

"These were all that remained after the fearful desecration under the name of repairs that took place in 1841. Dalby, the builder in Banbury, was said to have buried three others under a flagstone in the nave.

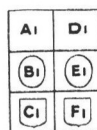
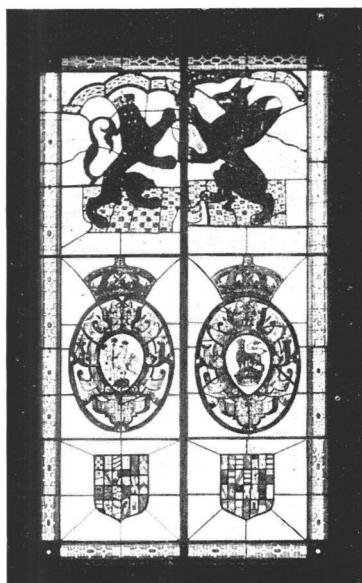
"I think it was in 1868 I heard that Warkworth was again under restoration, and walked over and found them taking out the deal pews that had replaced the fine oak benches in 1841. Under the floor, covered with verdigris, I found two out of the three missing brasses, cleaned them, and took them up to the vicarage. I made rubbings of them. One was of 'Margie la file de Sir Johñ Chetwode chī femē a Johñ Brounyng esquier'; the other, 'Will̄ Ludsthorp



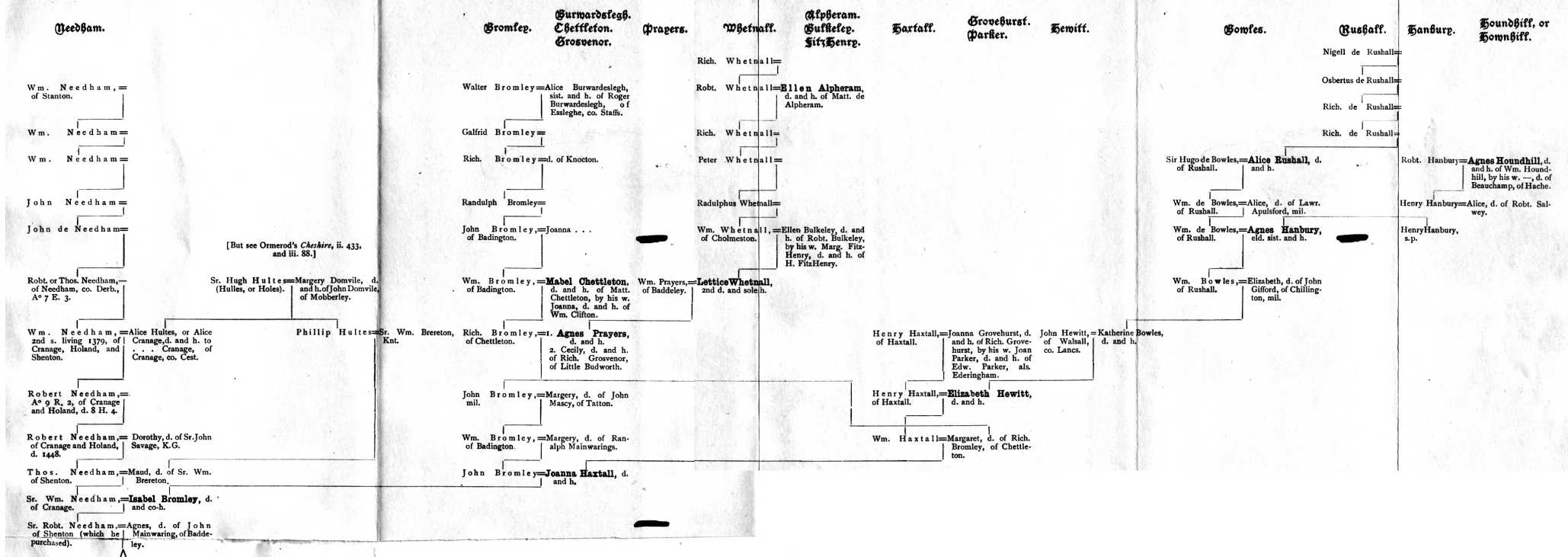
DINING ROOM.



STAIRCASE WINDOW.



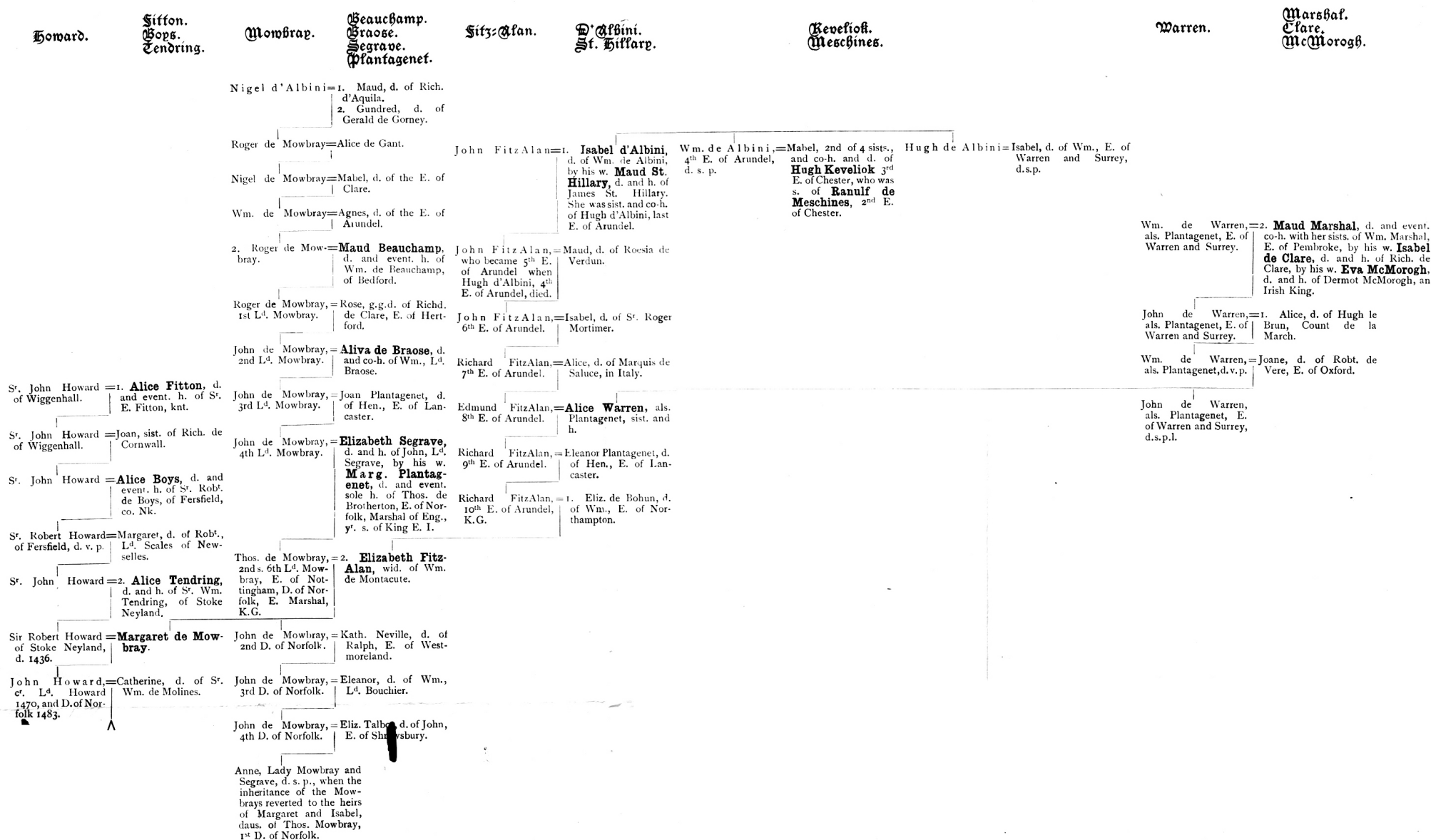
C. 1. Arms of Needham, of Cranage and Shenton.



F. 1. Arms of Hastings, Earls of Huntingdon.

[illegible]

A. 2. Arms of John Howard, Duke of Norfolk.



B. 2. Arms of Drury.

Drury.	Freshill. Saxham.	Brudenell.	Grove. Raan. Blakett.	Bulstrode.	Knyff.	Wyat.	Thorne.	Wm. Speling of Horton.
Henry Drury = Cath. Freshill, d. (or John). and h. of St. Rich. Freshill.				Richard Bulstrode = Alice Knyff.	John Knyff = Isabella Wyatt, of Chalvey, co. Bucks. eventual h. of her bro. Rich. Wyatt, who mar. Alice —.	Thomas at Thorne = Joan Speling, d. and h.		
Nicholas Drury = Saxham, d. and h. of Saxham.		Wm. Brudenell of Aynho.	= Agnes de la Grove, d. and h. of Thos. de la Grove by his w. Alice Raan, d. and h. of Walt de Raan, by his w. Margery Blakett, d. and eventual h. of John Blakett of Castleton and Saltford, co. Ox.	Robert Bulstrode =	Thos. Knyff = Margery at Thorne, d. and h.			
Roger Drury = Naunton, d. and h. of Naunton.		Wm. Brudenell	= Agnes Bulstrode, = John de als Agnes Shob- ington. Chopinden or Shobing- ton.		Rich. Knyff = Lettice, d. of . . . Smarte.			
Nicholas Drury = Joanna, d. of Heath.		Edmund Brudenell	= 2. Philippa, d. of Philip Englefield of Finchingfield, co. Ex. 1. Agnes, d. and h. of Thos. Dipden.	Wm. de Chopinden, als. Bulstrode.				
Roger Drury = Cecilia, d. of John Denston.		Drue Brudenell	= Hellen or Elianor, d. of John Broughton of Todding- ton, co. Beds.					
Robert Drury = Ann, d. of Wm. Cal- thorpe.		Edmund Brudenell of Chalfont St. Peter's.	= Jane, d. of Rich. Hawkins of London.					
St. Robt. Drury, Knt. = Elizabeth Brudenell.								
St. Wm. Drury = Margaret, d. of Thos. Ld. Wentworth.								
Jane Drury, w. of Rich. Chetwood, Esq., of Oxford- shire,	Anne Drury, w. of Robt. Hartwell, Esq., of Northamptonshire.							

C. 2. Arms of Sir William Cecil,
Lord Burghley.

Cecil. Heckington. Winston. Caerlion.
Walcott.

Ivo de Winston=Joane Caerlion,
Ld. of Trewyn. d. and h. of
Howell Caerlion.

Gilbert Winston=Isabel Vallance, d.
Ld. of Winston. and co-h. of Wm.
Vallance.

John Winston=Joan Cecil, d. and
of Winston and h. of Reginald
Langaren. Cecil, of Pen-
clough, co. Monm.

Gilbert Winston=. . . d. of John
Abrahall [Abrell],
Knt.

Sir Thos. Sitsilt=Margaret Winston,
of Alterennes, d. and h.
Knt.

Philip Sitsilt=Margaret, d. of Sir
eld. s. John Philips, Knt.

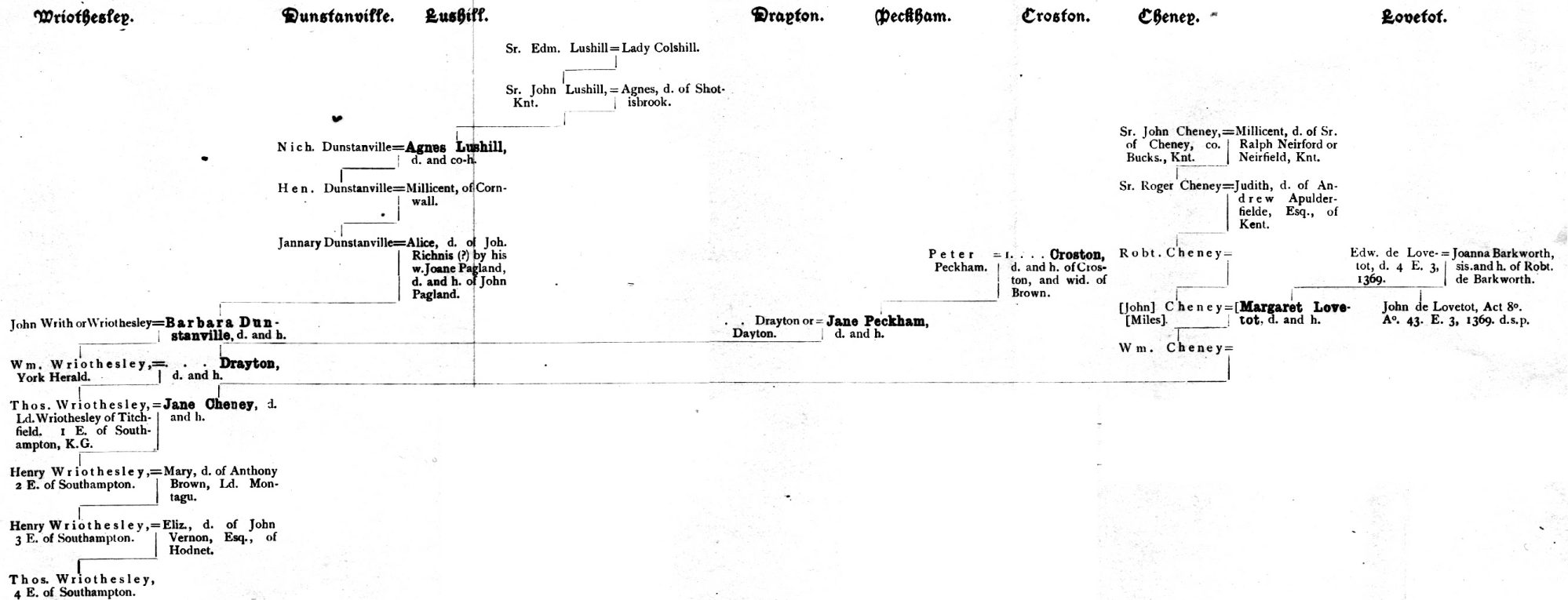
Rich. Sitsilt=Maud Vaughan, d. and
Ld. of Alter- h. of W. P. Vaughan,
ennes, s. and h. of Tylyglas, by his w.
1508. Wenlian Barry, d. and
co-h. of Sir Thos. Barry.

David Cyssell=1. Alice Dickons, d.
of Stamford, and h. of John
Esq. Buried Dickons, of Stamford,
there 1541. co. Linc.

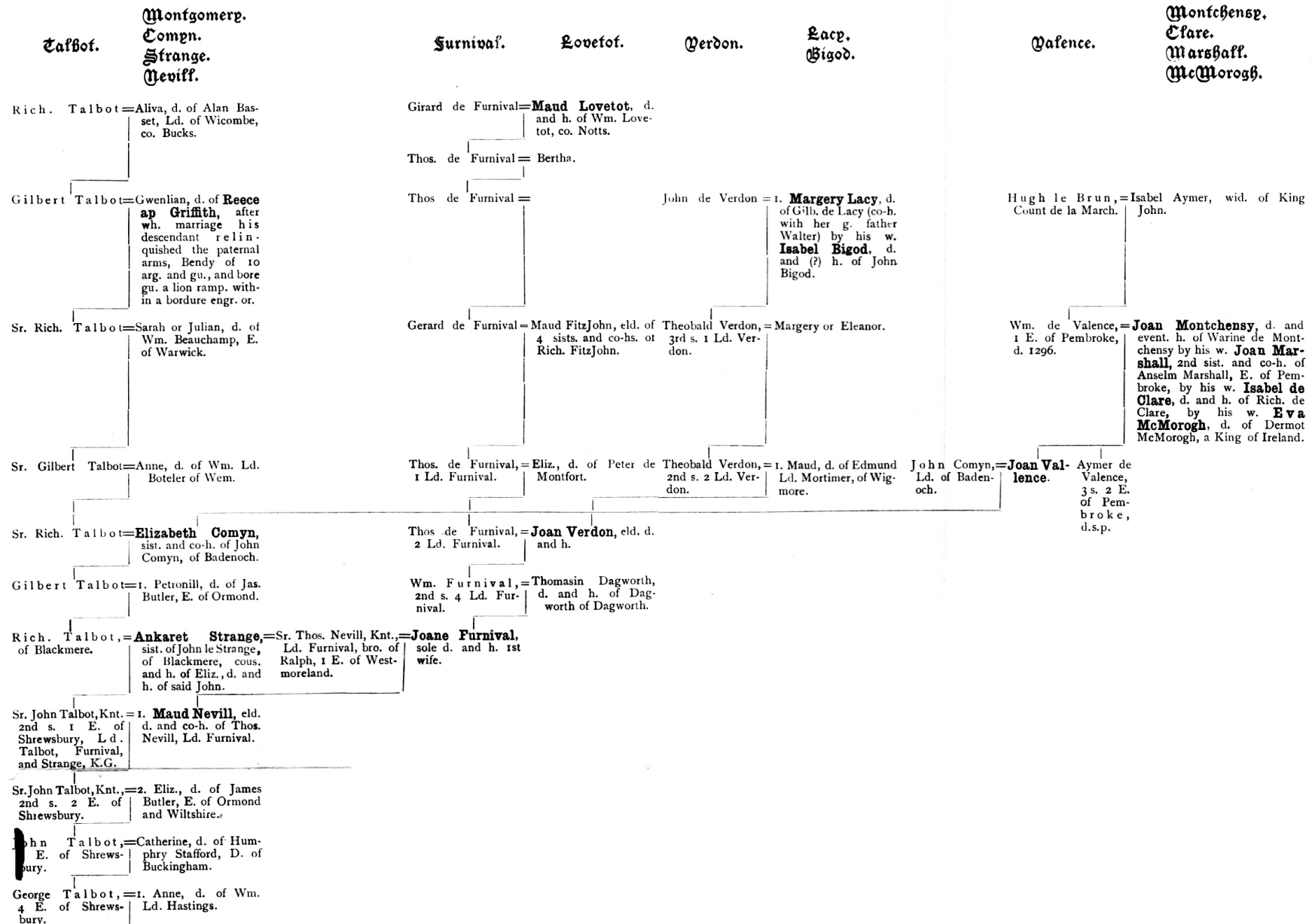
Rich. Cyssell=Jane Heckington,
of Burghley, co. d. and co-h. of Wm.
Northampton, Heckington, of
d. 1552. Bourne, co. Linc., by
his w. Alice Wal-
cott, d. and h. of
Rich. Walcott, of
Walcott.

Sir Wm. Cecil,
Ld. Burghley,
K.G.

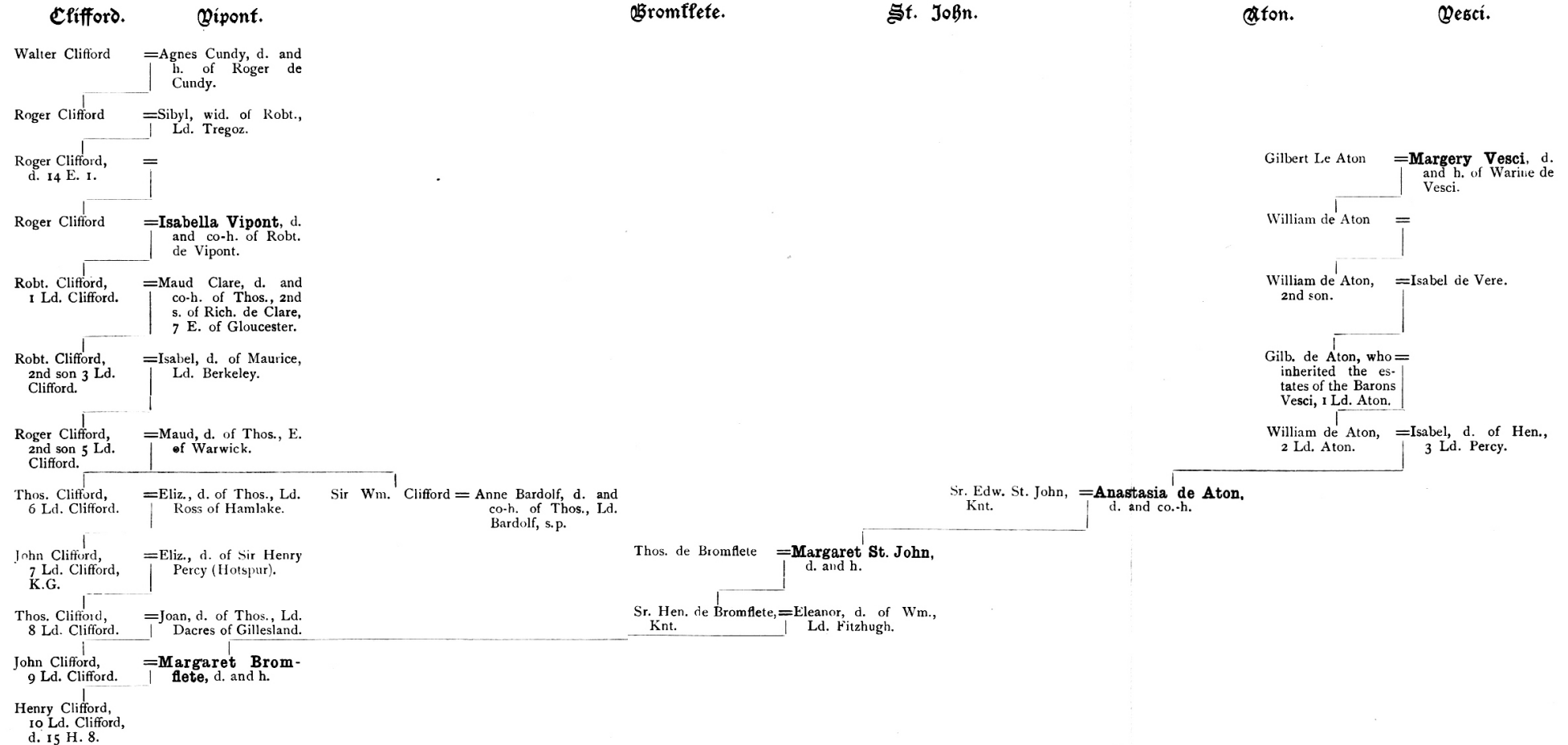
D. 2. Arms of Wriothesley. Earls of Southampton.



E. 2. Arms of Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury.



G. 2. Arms of Clifford, Lords Clifford.

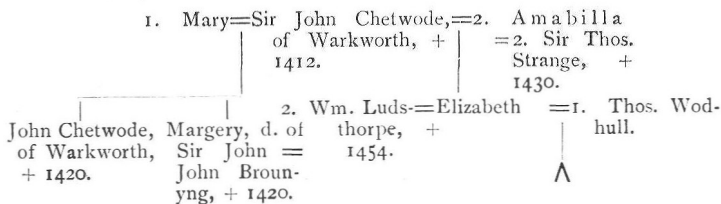


armiger qui cepit in uxōr dñam Elizabethm filiam Johis Chitwode.' The other brass, of Sir John Chetwode, who died 1412, I believe was never found.

"A Mr. Falkner, of Deddington, near Banbury, had a rubbing made before the repairs of 1841. I believe his museum went to Oxford at the death of his son.

"Warkworth was to Banbury the same as Hassop was to Bakewell—the only church for the Roman Catholics. After the destruction of Warkworth House the Roman church was built in Banbury. There was a high raised causeway, flagged, it was said, by the Roman Catholics, along Warkworth lane to enable them to go to mass when the floods were out. There is something rather curious about the inscription on the brass of Will̄ Ludsthorpe. It goes on: 'Johis Chitwode milit. ac dñam de Wodehill et de Warkeworth.' Does it not make Wm. Ludsthorpe, who died 1454, her second husband?"

Mr. Rye adds the following pedigree:—



THE SMALL WINDOW IN THE DINING-ROOM.

A 1.

Description ... On a tessellated pavement a large lion ramp. guard. or, crowned with a royal crown of the same.

Remarks ... This is probably, as also D 1, one of the supporters of a shield.

B 1.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval, ensigned by a crown, within a crimson cap, composed of a circle of gold, richly jewelled; on the

edge 4 crosses patées, between as many fleurs-de-lis, each separated by a strawberry leaf, and from the two centre crosses an arch, surmounted by a ball and cross or, the whole adorned with pearls—a dove rising argent beaked and legged or armed gules, crowned with a royal crown, holding in the right claw a sceptre, topped with a fleur-de-lis, above which is a royal crown; its left claw is placed on a tree stump, erased, holding down a branch of roses, gules and argent leaved ppr.

Remarks ... Perhaps refers to the marriage of Henry VII., by which the House of York and Lancaster, the white roses and the red, were united.

C 1.

Authorities ... For the Chetwode coat, those quoted under letter I., Part 1, in vol. xxxi., page 208. Playfair's *British Family Antiquities*, v. 19. *Harleian MSS.*, 1174, fo. 41; 1196, fo. 33; 1507, 4204, fo. 115. Ormerod's *Cheshire*, ii., 127, 216, 433; iii., 88, 371. *Harleian Society's Publications*, xviii., 184; xix., 61; xxviii., 71-76; xxix., 371-2, 450, 454. Burke's *Armory*. Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Description ... Party per pale.

Dexter side:

- 1.—Chequy argent and gules (Vaux and others; see Papworth, p. 371).
- 2.—Az. a lion ramp. arg., in base a cres. or. (Crew.)

- 3.—Arg. 3 chevs. sa. (Archdecon.)
About a third cut off the side.
- 4.—Az. a plate betw. 3 crescents or.
(Rey.) 'There is only half this coat,
and that upside down.
- 5.—Arg. on a bend cottised gu. 3 cres. or.
(Rowley.)
- 6.—Quarterly arg. and sa.; on 2 and 3
a stag's head cabossed or, over all
a bendlet of the last. (Henhull.)
- 7.—Or 3 cres. gules. (Hockley.) Upside
down.
- 8.—Or a fess betw. 3 mascles gu.
(Oakley.) Upside down.
- 9.—Quarterly arg. and gu., 4 crosses
patées counterchanged. (Chetwode.)
- 10.—Fretty or and sa., a fess erm.; on a
chief arg., 3 leopards' heads gu.
(Okeley.)
- 11.—Arg. a lion ramp. gu., armed and
langued az. (Lyons.)
- 12.—Blank.

Sinister side :

- 1.—Arg. a bend engr. az.; in the sinister
chief point, a stag's head cabossed
sa. (Needham.)
- 2.—Quarterly, per fess indented gu. and
or. (Bromley.)
- 3.—Sa. a chev. engr. betw. 3 owls arg.
(Hewit.)
- 4.—Or, on a chief indented az. 2 bezants.
(For Lathom.)
- 5.—Quarterly, gules and sable; in 2 and
3 a fleur-de-lis arg.; over all a
bendlet of the last. (Hextall.)

- 6.—Arg. on a chev. gu. 3 bezants.
(Chetilton.)
7.—Gu. a scythe in pale arg. (Praers.)
8.—Arg. a garb vert. (.)
9.—Gu. a bend engr. betw. 2 garbs or.
(Walworth.)

Remarks ... This is a Chetwode coat impaling a Needham. Dorothy Needham (of Shavington, co. Cest.) was one of the two wives of Richard Chetwode, miles, living 1603. B 2 gives the same Chetwode coat impaling Drury, the other marriage of this same Richard Chetwode. See the Chetwode pedigree, letter I., Part I, where one marriage only is given.¹ The whole achievement occurs again. See D 4.

Dexter side :

No. 1 should be : Quarterly argent and gules 4 crosses patées counterchanged. (Chetwode.) This quarrel has been accidentally placed where the paternal coat of Cary ought to be. See letter C., Part I.

No. 3 should be : Purp. a lion ramp. or. (Soundes.)

No. 12 should be : Arg. a cross gu. ; over all a bendlet az. (Newnham.)

Sinister side :

Ormerod, in his *Cheshire*, iii., 371, gives the quarterings as : 1, Needham ; 2, Bromley ; 3, Hextall ; 4, Praers ; 5, Wettenhall ; 6, Bulkeley ; 7 (?) Grosvenor ; 8, Chetelton ; 9, Clifton ; 10, Knockton ; but vol. xxviii. of the *Harleian Society's Publications*, pp. 71-76, shows the quarterings as :

¹ Vol. xxxi., p. 208, of this *Journal*.

1, Needham; 2, Bromley; 3, Hextall;
 4, Bromley; 5, Chetleton; 6, Clifton;
 7, Praers; 8, Wettenhall; 9, Bulkeley;
 10, Allstaneston; 11, Chetelton; 12,
 Clifton; 13, Burwardeslegh.

There appears to be a doubt about the paternity of the Alice who married Wm. Needham, who was living in 1379. Most of the authorities give her as the daughter and heir of Cranage, of Cranage, co. Chester. As the following Needhams were of Cranage, it is reasonable to suppose this is correct. The father of this Needham is given as Thomas Needham, of Needham, co. Derby., who had two sons, William and Thomas. Thomas is stated to be the elder, and this William (who married Alice) the younger. See *Harleian MSS.*, 4204, fo. 115.

But *Harleian MS.* 1174, fo. 41a, gives William's wife Alice as a "Hultes" (*i.e.*, Hulse, Holes, Hulses, Hulsey, Hulley, all of which appear to be variants of the same name—the first three certainly are), together with the pedigree, as given on the appended sheet. On the other hand, it states that William Needham's father was *Robert* Needham. Whether there were two William Needhams, or whether William Needham married two Alices, I do not know, nor is it within the scope of this article to enquire further. I give the reader the references, and if he wishes to pursue the subject he can easily do so. I advise him to take a magnifying glass for the *MSS.* cited.

This is a blazon of various arms appearing on the pedigree, but not in the window :

Hulse.—Arg. 3 piles in point sable.

Domville.—Az. a lion ramp. arg. collared gules.

Mobberley.—Arg. two chevs. gules, on a canton of the second a cross-crosslet fitché or.

Cranage.—Arg. on a chev. gu. betw. 3 torteauxes, as many mullets of the field.

Bulkley.—Sa. on a chevron betw. 3 bulls' heads cabossed arg., as many mullets gules.

Alpheram.—Az. 3 eagles displayed or.

Rushall.—Arg. a lion ramp. sa. within a bordure engrailed of the last.

Bowles.—Or 3 beacons sa. enflamed ppr.

Hanbury.—Sa. a chev. or. In a chief a lion passant of the second.

Houndhill.—Or 6 talbots az. 3, 2, 1.

Whetnall.—Vert. a cross engrailed ermine.

Grosvenor.—Gules a bend or.

Clifton.—Arg. on a fess sa. betw. 6 fleurs-de-lis gules 3 cross crosslets or.

Parker.—Arg. a chev. sa. betw. 3 bucks' heads cabossed gules.

No. 1 should be arg. a bend engr. az. betw. *two* stags' heads, etc.

No. 4 is the Lathom coat, missing in D., Part 1.¹ In the last-named achievement the Lathom coat is replaced by an Eyre. A tracing of this No. 4 was taken and superimposed on the Derby coat, when it was seen that a portion of the quarrel

¹ Vol. xxxi., p. 199, of this Journal.

had been cut off, thus making 2 bezants instead of 3. To complete the proof, the inescutcheon of the Derby coat covers a portion of the Lathom, making the quarrel shorter at that point.

No. 9.—Why a Walworth coat should appear I have not been able to discover.

D 1.

Description ... On a tessellated pavement a griffin segreant gu. armed and langued az.

Remarks ... Probably one of the supporters of a shield.

E 1.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval surmounted by a royal crown, etc. (as in B 1), a lion statant guardant, royally crowned, armed, and langued gules, standing on a royal crown.

F 1.

Authorities ... *Additional MSS.*, 5506.
Harleian MSS., 1393, fo. 23.
 Hoare's *Wiltshire*, I., ii., 91-4.
 Collins' *Peerage* (Brydges), vi., 646.
 Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*, 442.
 "G. E. C.'s" *Peerage*.
 Burke's *Armory*.

Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Description ... 1.—Arg. a maunche sa. (Hastings.)
 2.—Gu. a fess betw. 3 shelldrakes arg. (Herle.)
 3.—Arg. 2 bars or. (This appears not to belong to the achievement.)
 4.—Per pale indented gu. and az. a chev. or. (Heytesbury.)

- 5.—Az. 3 garbs arg. bound about gu. A chief or. (Peverell.)
- 6.—Arg. 3 frogs erect sa. (Botreaux.)
- 7.—Arg. 2 bars gu. in chief 3 torteaux. (Moels.)
- 8.—Or 3 torteaux a label of 3 points az., each point charged with 3 bezants. (Courtenay.)
- 9.—Arg. a fess gu. flaunched in chief and in base of the last. (Appears not to belong to this achievement.)
- 10.—Arg. a bend sinister vert. (Also appears not to belong to this achievement.)
- 11.—Barry of 6 ermine and gu. (Hussey.)
- 12.—Arg. a griffin segreant sa. armed and langued az. (Botreaux.)
- 13.—Paly of 6 or and gu. (Molines.)
- 14.—Sa. on a chief arg. 3 loz. gu. (Molines.)
- 15.—Arg. a bend sa. a label of 3 points or. (Saintlow.)
- 16.—Or a lion ramp. az. crowned or armed and langued gu. (Redvers.)
- 17.—The upper half only, which is mascally or and gu. (Pogeys.)
- 18.—Gu. a saltire arg., a label gobony arg. and az. (Nevill.)
- 19.—Arg. a pile az. (Appears not to be part of this achievement.)
- 20.—Quarterly a saltire engrailed or and sa. counterchanged. (Pole.)
- 21.—Blank.
- 22.—Filled with ornamental glass.
- 23.—Chequy or and az. a chev. erm. (Warwick.)
- 24.—Arg. 3 loz. conjoined in fess gu. (Montagu.)

- 25.—Or an eagle displayed vert. beaked and membered gules. (Monthermer.)
 26.—England within a bordure arg. (Holland.)
 The base of this coat is filled in with ornamental glass.
 27.—Filled in with ornamental glass.
 28.—Quarterly 1 and 4, quarterly arg. and gu., over all a bend sa. (Despencer.)
 2 and 3 or 3 chev. gu. (Clare.)

Remarks ... This coat is given in *Additional MSS.*, 5504, fo. 90b, as follows: 1, Hastings; 2, Herle; 3, Hungerford; 4, Heitesbury; 5, Peverell; 6, Botreaux; 7, Moleis; 8, Cornwall; 9, Cobham; 10, Courtenay; 11, Hussey; 12, Botreaux; 13, Molins; 14, Molins; 15, Saintlow; 16, Clivedon; 17, Pogys; 18, Mauduit; 19, Clarence; 20, Poole; 21, Neville; 22, Beauchamp; 23, Warwick; 24, Montague; 25, Monthermer; 26, Kent; 27, Wake; 28, Spencer; 29, Clare.

Some of the above coats not blazoned above are:

Cornwall.—Erm. a lion ramp. gu. crowned arg. on a bordure engrailed sa. 8 bezants.

Cobham.—Gu. on a chev. arg. 3 cinque-foils az.

Mauduit.—Paly dancettée or and gu.

Clarence.—Quarterly France and England, a label arg. pointed gu.

Beauchamp.—Gu. a fess betw. 6 cross-crosslets or.

Wake.—Or two bars gu. in chief 3 torteaux.
 No. 3 should be: Sa. 2 bars arg. in chief 3 plates. (Hungerford.)

No. 4 should be vert instead of azure.

No. 8 should be plates instead of bezants.

Nos. 9 and 10 may be meant for Cornwall and Cobham, though the latter would be incorrect.

No. 12 should be a griffin segreant gules, not sable.

No. 13 should be paly-wavy, not paly.

No. 15 should be a label gules, not or.

No. 17 should be arg and gu., not or and gu.

Nos. 19 to 22 should no doubt be Mauduit, Clarence, Pole, Beauchamp.

No. 27 should be Wake.

A great amount of information is to be found on this pedigree in Hoare's *Wiltshire*, where quoted above. He states (I., ii., 89) that the Hungerford coat was originally that of the family of St. John. He also explains that the family of Botreaux had two coats, as given here. But he does not say anything about the two coats of the Molines. I will quote from him (p. 94) for the benefit of those readers who have not access to his history.

“ In right of this marriage ” [Mary Hungerford with Edward, second Lord Hastings]
 “ the Marquess of Hastings . . . adds twenty-one quarterings to his paternal shield, viz. : 1, Hungerford or FitzJohn ; 2, Heytesbury ; 3, Hussey ; 4, Peverell ; which brings in 5, Cornwall ; 6, Cobham ; 7, Courtenay ; which brings in 8, Redvers ; 9, Moels ; 10, 11, 12, all Botreaux ; introducing 13, St. Loe ; which brings in 14, Cheverell ; 15, Clyvedon ; and 16, Thweng, with Daubeney in a canton ; which brings in 17, Brus ; which brings in 18, Lancaster ;

19, Moleyns; which brings in 20, Mauduit, of Fonthill and Somerford; and 21, Pogeis, of Stoke Pogeis.

"The above has been given as the heraldic bearing of Lady Mary, heiress of the house of Hungerford, yet a reference to the pedigrees from which these quarterings are derived show that some other very interesting ones might have been admitted, such as Sap, brought in by Redvers; Baron Newmarch, Preux, and Lovel, by Moels; Bolhay, by Peverell; Corbet and Waleran, by Botreaux; Bacoun, by Molins, etc."

THE WINDOW ON THE STAIRCASE.

A 2.

Authorities ... Banks' *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*, ii., 372, 504.

Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*, 98, 386, 485.

Burke's *Armory*.

Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Harleian MSS., 1411, 4259.

"G. E. C.'s" *Peerage of England*, vi., 45.

Description ... Shield by itself at the top of the window:

- 1.—Gu. a bend betw. 6 cross-crosslets fitchées arg. (Howard.) Upside down.
- 2.—Barry of 4 sa. and erm. on a chief of the last a pale of the first. (For Boys.) The quarrel is broken. The lower half on its side.
- 3.—Filled in with ornamental glass.
- 4.—Gu. a lion ramp. arg. langued az. (Mowbray.)
- 5.—Arg. 3 bendlets gu. (Bottingham.)

- 6.—Quarterly gules and or, a bend sinister of the first. (For Beauchamp of Bedford.)
- 7.—Filled in with ornamental glass.
- 8.—Gu. 2 bends or (or arg.).
- 9.—Sa. a lion ramp. arg. langued and armed gu. ducally cr. or. (Segrave.)
- 10.—England, a label of 3 points arg. (Brotherton.)
- 11.—Filled in with ornamental glass.
- 12.—Filled in with ornamental glass.
- 13.—Az. 3 garbs or. (Meschines.)
- 14.—Az. a hind's head erased arg. (Hugh Keveliok.)
- 15.—Chequy or and az. (Warren.)
- 16.—Gu. 6 loz. conjoined in bend or. (Marshal.)
- 17.—Arg. on a chief az. 3 crosses patées fitchées of the field. (Clare.)
- 18.—Sable 3 garbs arg. (McMorogh.)

Remarks ... I cannot tell what exactly these missing coats are. *Harleian MS.* 4259 gives a full description of Howard quarterings—apparently inaccurate. Perhaps this achievement was originally accurate. It may have been: 1, *Howard*; 2, *Tendring* (az. a fess betw. two chevrons arg.); 3, *Boys* (erm. a cross sa.); 4, *Fitton* (arg. on a bend az. 3 garbs or); 5, *Mowbray*; 6, *FitzAlan* (gu. a lion ramp. or); 7, *Warren*; 8, *Marshal*; 9, *Clare*; 10, *McMorogh*; 11, *D'Albini* (gules a lion ramp. or, armed and langued az.); 12, *Hugh Keveliok*; 13, *Meschines*; 14, *St. Hillary* (arg. on a chief az. 2 saltires or); 15, *Segrave*; 16, *Brotherton*; 17, *Braose*

(az. semée of cross-crosslets, a lion ramp. or armed and langued gu.); 18, *Beauchamp of Bedford*.

Nigel d'Albini, the original ancestor of the Mowbrays, married twice. His first wife was Maud, daughter of Richard de Aquila, married by him with permission of Pope Paschall, her husband, Robert de Mowbray, Earl of Northumberland, being then alive in prison. D'Albini had been previously granted de Mowbray's lands by the king. He was divorced from her, and married a second time, as stated, having no children by this first marriage.

No. 6 would be correctly viewed from outside. It has been placed front to back during the removal of the glass.

In *Harleian MS.* 4259 quoted above, the Mowbray coat is given:

- 1.—*Mowbray*.
- 2.—Argent 3 bends gules. (Bottringham.)
- 3.—Paly of 6 or and az. (Gorney.)
- 4.—Az. 3 spears in bend or headed arg.
(*Hamon*.)
- 5.—*Beauchamp of Bedford*.
- 6.—*Mowbray*.

B 2.

Authorities ... For the Chetwode coat, those quoted under letter I., Part I., in vol. xxxi.

For Drury, etc., Berry's *Essex Genealogies*, 72.

Harleian MSS., 1154, fo. 68-70; 1174, fo. 161; 1393, fo. 24; 1417, fo. 119, 129b.

British Museum MSS., 5524, fo. 75b; 5855, fo. 248.

Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Baronetage*, 169.

Burke's *General Armory*.

Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Thoresby's *Ducatus Leodiniensis*, 151.

Harleian Society's Publications, ii., 143.

Collins' *Peerage* (Brydges), ix., 487.

Lipscombe's *Buckinghamshire*, ii., 447-8; iii., 238; iv., 502.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval per pale :

Dexter side :

- 1.—Quarterly arg. and gu. 4 crosses patées counterchanged. (Chetwode.)
- 2.—Az. a lion ramp. arg., in base a crescent or. (Crew.)
- 3.—Purpure a lion ramp. or langued gules. (Soundes.)
- 4.—Az. a plate betw. 3 crescents or. (Rey.)
- 5.—Arg. on a bend cottised gu. 3 crescents or. (Rowley.)
- 6.—Quarterly arg. and sa., 2 and 3 charged with a stag's head cabossed or. Over all a bendlet of the last. (Henhull.)
- 7.—Or 3 crescents gu. (Hockley.)
- 8.—Or a fess betw. 3 mascles gu. (Oakley.)
- 9.—Quarterly arg. and gu. 4 crosses patées counterchanged. (Chetwode.)
- 10.—Sa. fretty or a fesse erm., on a chief arg. 3 leopards' heads gu. (Okeley.)
- 11.—Arg. a lion ramp. gu. armed and langued az. (Lyons.)
- 12.—Arg. a cross gu., over all a bendlet az. (Newnham.)

Sinister side (differenced by a crescent):

- 1.—Arg. on a chief sa. 2 estoiles of the field. (Drury.)
- 2.—Sa. 6 cinquefoils arg. 3, 2, and 1. (Freschill.)
- 3.—Arg. 6 cross-crosslets fitchées gu. 3, 2, and 1, a chief indented az. (Saxham.)
- 4.—Arg. a chev. gu. betw. 3 morions az., points of caps to sinister side. (Brudenell.)
- 5.—Erm. on a chev. gu. 3 escallops or. (At Grove.)
- 6.—Gyronny of 8 or and sa. (Raans.)
- 7.—Sa. a bend cottised betw. 6 cross-crosslets fitchées or. (Blakett.)
- 8.—Sa. a stag's head cabossed arg. attired or, betw. the attires a cross patée fitchée of the third, through the nostrils an arrow of the last feathered of the second. (Bulstrode.)
- 9.—Paly of 6 arg. and az., on a chief sa. two swords in saltire of the first, hilts or. (Knyffe.)
- 10.—Per fess sa. and arg., a horse barnacle of the second. (Wyat.)
- 11.—Arg. a barnacle gules. (Barnack.)
- 12.—Sa. 3 fusils conjoined in fess arg. (Thorne.)
- 13.—Arg. 4 cinquefoils gu. 1, 2, 1, on a canton sa. a mullet or. (.)
- 14.—Arg. a fess dancettée gu. in chief 3 leopards' faces sa. (Pulteney.)
- 15.—Arg. a chev. gu. betw. 3 squirrels sa. (Shobington.)

16.—Arg. on a chief vert 2 mullets or.
(Drury.)

Remarks ... The Chetwode coat is fully described in Part 1, at letter I., in vol. xxxi. With regard to the Brudenells, Bulstrodes, Knyffes, and Shobingtons, I cannot do better than quote what is stated by Lipscombe in his *History of Buckinghamshire*. In vol. iii., p. 238, he says: "The manor of Brudenells was acquired by Wm. Brudenell, of Amersham, by his marriage with Agnes, daughter and heir of Robt. Bulstrode, Esq., son of Richard Bulstrode, Esq., of Hedgerley Bulstrode, by Agnes, his wife, daughter and heir of Thomas Knyffe. In another account, Agnes is represented to have been the daughter and heir of Richard Bulstrode, by *Margaret*, daughter and heir of Thomas Knyfe; in a third statement, that Wm. Brudenell, who acquired this addition to the estates of his family, was of Upton, that Agnes was the daughter of Robert, son of Richard Bulstrode, by Alice, daughter and heir of Richard Knyffe, of Chalvey [*Harleian MSS.*, No. 1391] (by Lettice, daughter of . . . Smarte); and in another, that Wm. Brudenell, therein denominated of Upton, co. Bucks., was the *second husband* of Agnes, daughter and heir of Robert Bulstrode, son of Richard, by Alice, daughter and heir of Richard Knyfe; that the last-named Richard was the son of Thomas, son of *John Knyfe*, Lord of Chalvey (in the *Harleian MSS.* erroneously written *Halvey*); that the former husband of the said Agnes Bulstrode was John

Shobingdon, *alias* Bulstrode; which latter account, making allowance for the errors in the orthography of the manuscript in the Harleian collection, seems to bear marks of authenticity, John Shobingdon, elsewhere called *Chopendon*, being obviously (from a careful review of the descendants of the heiress as well as her ancestry) the representative of those ancient Bulstrodes which gave rise to the story as related in the account of the Hedgerley Bulstrodes."

In vol. iv., p. 502, he says: "The manor of Hedgerley came into the possession of the Bulstrode family, for Rich. Bulstrode, Esq., held it in 1473. . . . Robert Bulstrode, Esq., his son and heir, succeeded to this estate, and married Alice, daughter and heir of Thomas Knyffe, by whom he had issue a daughter and sole heir, Agnes, who carried the estates in marriage to her two husbands, Wm. Brudenell and John de Chopinden. This manor descended to William, her son and heir, the issue of her second marriage with John de Chopinden, and the said William took the name of Bulstrode; but it appears that Edmund Brudenell, Esq., son of Wm. Brudenell, first husband of the said Agnes, in his will (7th October, 36 Henry VI.), bequeathed to Drue Brudenell, his son . . . the manor of Hugeley (Hedgerley) . . .; remainder to Henry Brudenell, his uncle, in tail; remainder to Peter Brudenell, of Aynho, in tail; remainder to Wm. Bulstrode (before-mentioned), his brother, in tail; remainder to his own right heirs for ever;

and bequeathing to Philippa, his second wife (daughter of Philip Englefield, of Fressingfield, in Essex), this manor for life; making John Cheney, his wife Philippa, Rich. Bulstrode, and Robt. Parsons his exors.’’

With regard to the marriage of Drue Brudenell with Hellen or Elianor, daughter of John Broughton, of Toddington, co. Beds., the usual pedigrees give John Broughton a son, who died aged five, and two daughters, namely, Anne, who was the second wife of Sir Thomas Cheyney, and Catherine, wife of William, Lord Howard of Effingham. Toddington went to the Cheyneys and came from the Pevers. Whether there was a third daughter, or whether this Hellen was a daughter by another marriage, I cannot discover. But perhaps there is some mistake.

C 2.

Authorities ... Burke's *Armory*.

Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Harleian Society's Publications, xxi., 179.

Berry's *Hertfordshire Genealogies*, 208.

Additional MSS., 5504, fo. 120.

Description ... Within a garter, surmounted by a crest on a wreath arg. and az., a sheaf of nineteen arrows, eighteen in saltire and one in pale, or, feathered and surmounted by a kerchief of the second, bound about gu.

1.—Barry of 10 arg. and az. 6 escutcheons sa. 3, 2, 1, each charged with a lion ramp. of the first, langued gules. (Cecil.)

- 2.—Per pale gu. and az. a lion ramp. arg.
langued az., ducally cr. or, supporting
a tree eradicated vert. (Winston.)
- 3.—Sa. a bezant betw. 3 towers arg.
(Caerleon.)
- 4.—Arg. on a bend cottised gu. 3 cinquefoils
or. (Heckington.)
- 5.—Arg. a chev. betw. 3 chess rooks ermines.
(Walcott.)
- 6.—Same as 1.

Remarks ... *Harleian Society's Publications*, xxi., 179,
give the Winston coat with other quarterings
—Williams, Gwathroyd; and an unnamed
one, viz., sa. a lion ramp. arg.

The Cecil crest is given by Burke as: Six
arrows in saltire or, barbed and flighted
arg., girt together with a belt gu., buckled
and garnished gold; over the arrows a
morion cap ppr.

D 2.

Authorities ... Burke's *Armory*.
Papworth's *Ordinary*.
Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*.
Banks' *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*.
"G. E. C.'s" *Peerage of England*.
Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica, ii.,
134-5.
Additional MSS., 5504, fo. 92; 6705.
Harleian MSS., 807, fo. 27; 1110, fo. 67b;
1529, fo. 28.

Thoroton's *Nottinghamshire*, i., 63.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval:

- 1.—Az. a cross or betw. 4 falcons close arg.
(Wriothesley.)

- 2.—Arg. a fret within a bordure engrailed gules, on a canton of the last a lion passant or. (Dunstanville.)
- 3.—Arg. a pale fusilly gules, a bordure sable bézantée. (Lushill.)
- 4.—Per pale indented gules and az. a lion ramp. or. (Drayton.)
- 5.—Arg. a chevron betw. 3 martlets sa., a crescent for difference. (Croston.)
- 6.—Sa. a chev. betw. 3 cross-crosslets fitchées arg. (Peckham.)
- 7.—Chequy of or and az. a fesse gules fretty erm. (Cheney.)
- 8.—Arg. a lion party per fess gu. and sa., armed and langued azure. (Lovetot.)

Remarks ... This has been a most difficult coat, and I should say that if the evidence were sifted, the pedigree I give would be largely wrong. I only quote from my references, as I have stated before.

As regards the Cheney family bringing in Lovetot, I have bracketed the doubtful marriage, because although the appearance of the Lovetot coat, and the date, and the blank to suit the marriage are all present, yet after searching all the Cheney pedigrees I can find, both printed and manuscript, at the British Museum, I can come across no single one which identifies this John Cheney as the father of Wm. Cheney, the father of Jane. So that portion of the pedigree sheet is a conjecture, though a probable one.

E 2.

Authorities ... *Additional MSS.*, 5504, fo. 85.

Harleian MSS., 1160, 1174.

Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*.

Burke's *Armory*.

Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Collins' *Peerage* (Brydges), iii., 1.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval:

- 1.—Barry of 4 arg. and or. Inserted glass.
- 2.—Az. a lion ramp. or langued and armed gu., all within a bordure of the second. (Montgomery.)
- 3.—Bendy of 10 arg. and gu. (Talbot de Angli.)
- 4.—Gules, a chev. betw. 10 crosses patées 4, 2, 1, 2, 1 (all within a bordure of the second). (Berkeley, with a bordure which is probably accidental.)
- 5.—Barry of 10 arg. and az. 10 martlets gu. 3, 2, 2, 2, 1. (Valence.)
- 6.—Or 3 escutcheons barry of 7 vair and gu. (Montchensy.) Upside down.
- 7.—Gules on a saltire arg., a martlet sa. (Nevill.)
- 8.—Arg. on a chief az. 3 crosses patées fitchées of the field. (Clare.)
- 9.—Sa. 3 garbs arg. (McMorogh.)
- 10.—Arg. 2 lions passant in pale gu. langued and armed az. (Strange.)
- 11.—Blank.
- 12.—Arg. a bend betw. 6 martlets gu. (Furnival.)
- 13.—Or a fret gu. (Verdon.)
- 14.—Or a fess gu. (Lacy.)
- 15.—Per pale or and vert a lion ramp. gu. (Bigod.)
- 16.—Arg. a lion ramp. party per fess gu. and sa. langued and armed az. (Lovetot.)

Remarks ... The grandson of George Talbot, fourth Earl of Shrewsbury, was George Talbot (sixth Earl), who married, first, Gertrude, daughter of Thomas Manners, Earl of Rutland; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of John Hardwick, of Hardwick, widow of Sir William Cavendish, better known to most of my readers as "Bess of Hardwick."

No. 1 should be Talbot of Normandy (gules, a lion ramp. within a bordure engrailed or). These arms, as stated on the pedigree, were adopted by the descendants of Gilbert Talbot and the daughter of Reece ap Griffith.

No. 2 are the arms of Robert de Montgomery, *alias* De Belesme, Earl of Shrewsbury from 1098 to 1102. They are no doubt used to commemorate his connection with the title.

No. 3 are the original Talbot arms, described as "Talbot de Angli." Though dropped for the paternal coat, as stated above, they still appear as a quartering.

No. 4 should be Comyn (gules 3 garbs within a double tressure flory counter flory or). The quarrel has been put in from elsewhere.

No. 11 should be Marshall (gules 5 lozenges conjoined in bend or).

Additional MSS., 5504, fo. 85, agrees with this coat. It gives the quarterings as follows:

- 1, Montgomery; 2, Talbot de Normandy;
- 3, Talbot de Angli; 4, Comin; 5, Valence;
- 6, Montchensy; 7, Nevill; 8, Fitz Osbert;
- 9, Strongbow; 10, Strange; 11, Marshall;
- 12, Furnivall; 13, Verdon; 14, Lacy;
- 15, Bygod; 16, Lovetofte.

F 2.

Authorities ... Those of Part 1, I.

Those of Part 2, C 1.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval, surmounted by an earl's coronet, per pale :

Dexter side :

- 1.—Quarterly arg. and gu. 4 crosses patées counterchanged. (Chetwode.)
- 2.—Az. a lion ramp. arg. in base a crescent or. (Crew.)
- 3.—Purpure, a lion ramp. or, langued and armed gu. (Soundes.)
- 4.—Az. a plate betw. 3 crescents or. (Rey.)
Upside down.
- 5.—Arg. on a bend cottised gu. 3 crescents or. (Rowley.)
- 6.—Quarterly arg. and sa., 2 and 3 charged with a stag's head cabossed or, over all a bendlet of the last. (Enhull.)
- 7.—Or 3 crescents gu. (Hockley.)
- 8.—Or a fess betw. 3 mascles gu. (Oakley.)
Upside down.
- 9.—Same as 1.
- 10.—Arg. on a chev. sa. 3 quatrefoils or. (Eyre.)
- 11.—Arg. a lion ramp. gu. langued and armed az. (Lyons.)
- 12.—Arg. a cross gu., over all a bendlet az. (Newnham.)

Sinister side :

- 1.—Arg. a bend engr. az. betw. 2 stags' heads cabossed sa. (Needham.)
- 2.—Quarterly per fess indented gu. and or. (Bromley.)
- 3.—Sa. a chev. engr. betw. 3 owls arg. (Hewit.)

4.—Arg. on a chev. gu. 3 bezants.
(Chetleton.)

5.—Quarterly gu. and sa., in 2 and 3 a fleur-de-lis arg., over all a bendlet of the last. (Hextall.)

6.—Per fess indented az. and arg.
()

7.—Gu. a scythe in pale arg. (Praers.)

8.—Or, in chief 2 wings conjoined in lure sa. Non-heraldic inserted glass.

9.—Gu. a bend engr. betw. 2 garbs or.
(Walworth.)

Remarks ... This achievement has been fully discussed above. (C 1.)

Here No. 10 (Dexter side) should be: Fretty or and sa. a fess erm. on a chief arg. 3 leopards' heads gu. (Okeley.)

An Eyre coat is also put in wrongly (as here) in the Derby escutcheon in the bow window, where it replaces Lathom. See Part 1, letter D., No. 2, and Part 2, letter C 1, sinister side No. 4.

No. 8 (sinister side) should apparently be: Arg. a garb vert.

G 2.

Authorities ... Burke's *Armory*.

Papworth's *Ordinary*.

Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*.

Harleian MSS., 1160; 1407, fo. 123; 5504.

Banks' *Dormant and Extinct Peerage*.

Description ... Within an ornamental oval, in which has been included a royal crown, with the mount and cross cut off:

1.—Chequy or and az. a fess gules.
(Clifford.)

- 2.—Azure, 3 spurs or. (“Augmentation.”)
- 3.—Sa. a bend flory counter-flory or. (Bromflete.)
- 4.—Or a cross sable. (Vesci.)
- 5.—Vert 3 flintstones arg. (Flint.)
- 6.—Gules 6 annulets or 3, 2, 1. (Vipont.)
- 7.—Barry of 7 or and az. on a canton gu. a cross flory arg. (Aton.)
- 8.—Arg. on a chief indented gu., an annulet or betw. two pellets, each charged with a mullet of the last. (St. John.)

Remarks ... No. 2.—*Harleian MSS.*, 1160, gives the whole coat as above, with the exception of No. 2, when the spurs appear as millrinds. There is apparently no mediæval coat with spurs for charges.

Additional MSS., 5504, agrees with the above, except that instead of spurs or millrinds an unknown charge is shown. After an earnest search through the usual books of reference, I am quite unable to make out what is intended. There are three of the above, 2 and 1.

In both these references this coat is described as “Augmentation.” I have so far been unable to discover if this description is correct.

No. 5 is stated in Burke’s *Armory* to be “granted by Clifford.” I cannot trace the marriage or other origin of the coat.

LIST OF ACHIEVEMENTS IN HASSOP WINDOWS.

A.—*Sackville*, Barons Buckhurst, and Earls and Dukes of Dorset.

B.—*Russell*, Earls of Bedford.

- C.—*Cary*, Barons Hunsdon.
 D.—*Stanley*, Earls of Derby.
 E.—*Clinton*, Earl of Huntingdon.
 F.—*Vere*, Earls of Oxford.
 G.—*Herbert*, Earls of Pembroke.
 I.—*Chetwode* of Warkworth.
 J.—*Radclyffe*, Earls of Sussex.
 L.—*Percy*, Earls of Northumberland.
 M.—*Grey*, Barons Grey of Wilton.
 N.—*Seymour*, Earl of Hertford.
 O.—*Bouchier*, Earl of Bath.
 P.—*Hatton*, Barons Hatton of Kirby.
 Q.—*Paulet*, Dukes of Bolton.
 R.—*Manners*, Earls of Rutland.
 C 1.—*Chetwode* of Warkworth impaling *Needham* of Shenton.
 F 1.—*Hastings*, Earls of Huntingdon.
 A 2.—*Howard*, Dukes of Norfolk.
 B 2.—*Chetwode* of Warkworth impaling *Drury*.
 C 2.—*Cecil*, Lord Burghley.
 D 2.—*Wriothesley*, Earls of Southampton.
 E 2.—*Talbot*, Earls of Shrewsbury.
 G 2.—*Clifford*, Barons Clifford.

Omission in part 1, letter O.—Remarks No. 2 should be :
 Gules, billetty or, a fess arg. (Louvaine.)