Site Name: Eyhorne Street

Summary: Channel Tunnel Rail Link Watching Brief, Project Area 420: Fieldwork Event code: ARC 420/ 68+100 to 68+500

District: Mid-Kent CC	Parish: Hollingbourne
Period(s):	
1. Early prehistoric	3. Post-medieval
2. Later prehistoric	
NGR Easting: TQ 8440	NGR Northing: 5430
Type of Recording: Evaluation	Watching Brief Field Walking
(Delete) Exeavation	Geophysical Survey Measured Survey
Date of Recording: (From)	(To)
Unit Undertaking Recording: Oxford Archaeologic	cal Unit

Summary of Fieldwork Results:

A 440m length of the CTRL at Eyhorne Street was designated as a targeted watching brief area and excavated in three stages as areas were threatened by construction works.

A series of poorly defined intercutting pits were tentatively dated to the Mesolithic period on the basis of a few pieces of flint. However, these finds are likely to be residual and the features are perhaps more likely to be contemporary with the Neolithic features described below. A pit containing sherds of late Neolithic Grooved Ware pottery was excavated. The fill also contained small traces of burnt bone but not in sufficient quantity to be interpreted as a cremation with any certainty.

An 8m wide shallow hollow was excavated, which may also date to the later Neolithic period. A house hollow is one possible interpretation. Three gullies, possibly dating to the late Neolithic period, were also investigated. Two were curving but their irregular plan did not suggest a structural function. Finds from these features were sparse and could be residual.

Two distinct areas contained concentrations of stake holes, cut into what was interpreted as a buried soil. No dating was recovered from any of these features, but the suggested date for the buried soil is Bronze Age.

A number of irregular features were excavated and interpreted as tree throws holes, although some contained flint finds possibly dating to the Bronze Age.

Five middle to late Iron Age pits were excavated on the higher ground to the west of the later Neolithic archaeology. One of the pits contained concentrations of pottery and animal bone. Large pottery groups were recovered from three further pits while a fifth was heavily truncated and contained few finds.

A post-medieval field boundary ditch was excavated on the higher ground to the east.

Location of Archive / Finds: OAU

Bibliography:

Summary Compiler: Paul Murray/ Stuart Foreman Date: 10/2/00