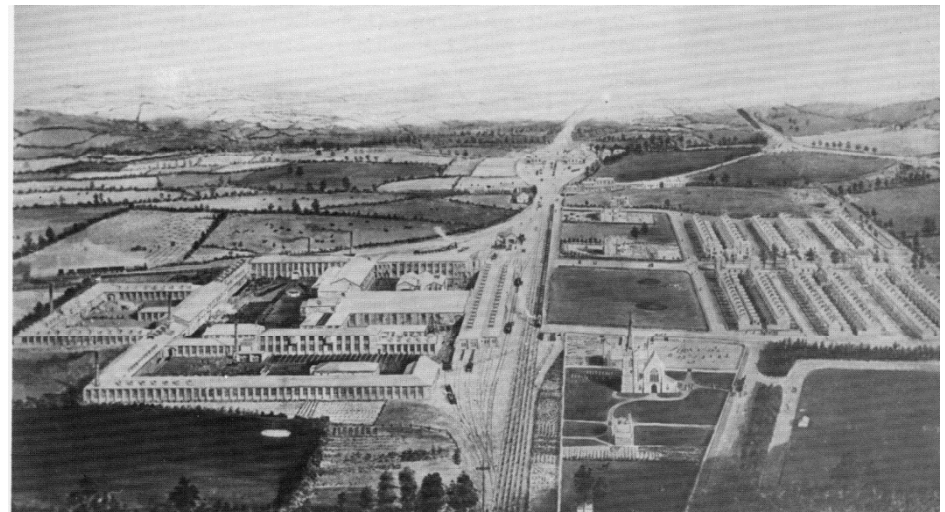


The Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Landscape Characterisation Project



Tom Sunley



What is historic landscape characterisation (HLC)?

Technical description:

- HLC is an archaeological method used to define and map the historic/archaeological dimension of the present day landscape.

But basically HLC is:

- An examination of the historic and archaeological processes which have influenced the form and use of the modern landscape.



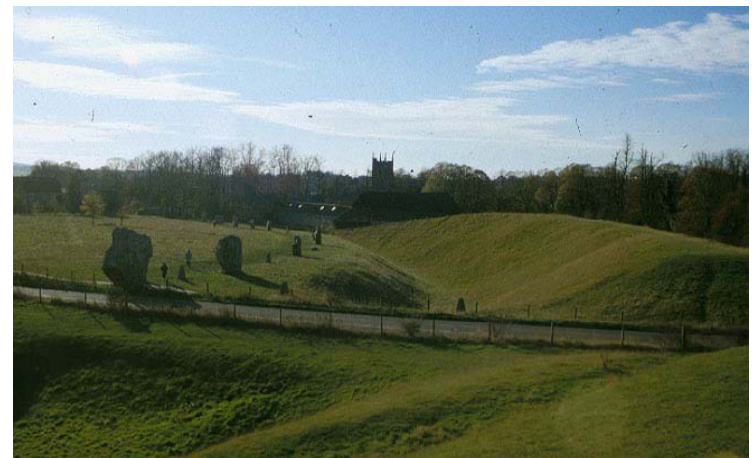
Why is HLC important?

- It is a holistic study of the landscape which does not focus only on sites, finds and structures.
- It allows an understanding of the evolution of the landscape to be built up.
- HLC identifies the characteristics that make each place special and distinct.
- By interpreting the current landscape, HLC allows us to make informed decisions regarding the landscape of the future.

What can HLC data be used for?

HLC can play a key role in:

- Strategic planning and development.
- Shaping the regional and local archaeology research frameworks.
- The conservation and management of heritage sites and landscapes.
- Academic research and local study.
- Community engagement.

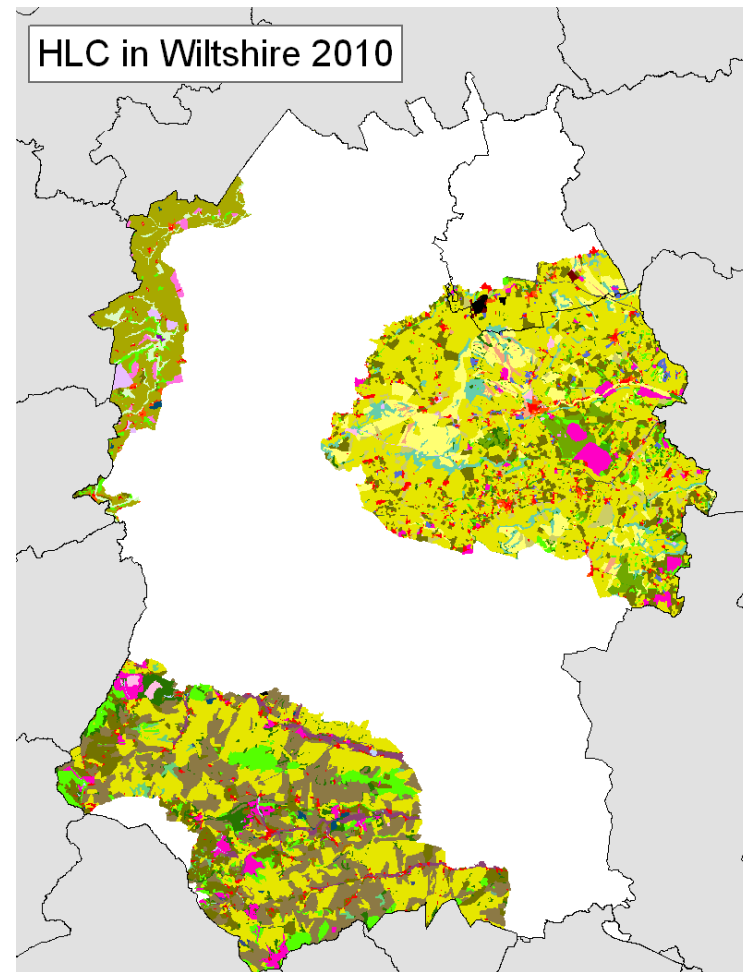
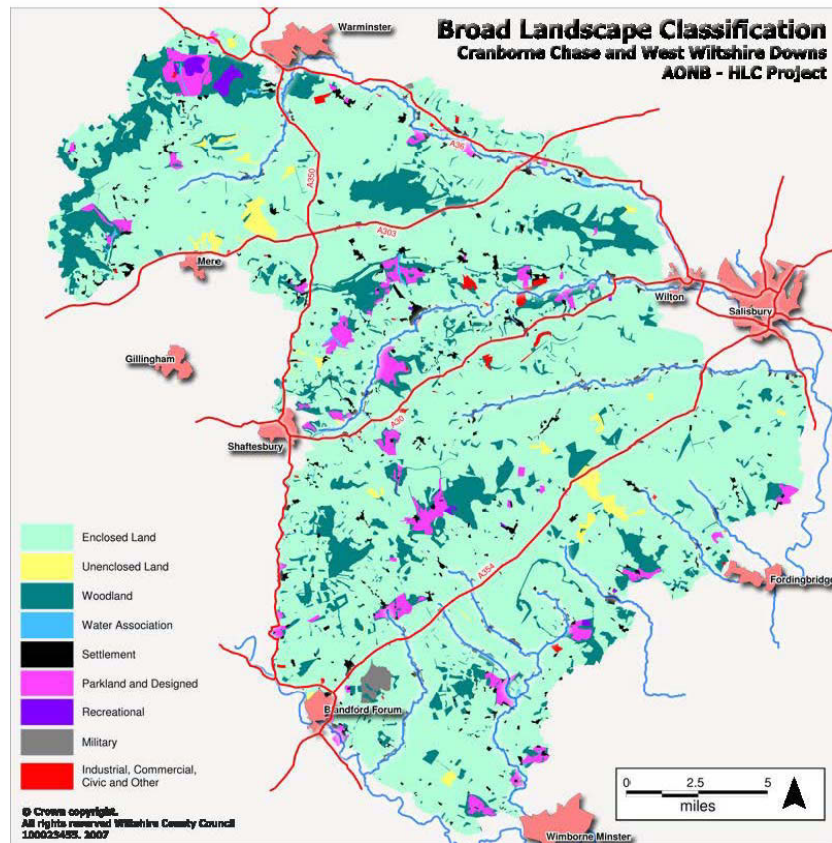




Project aims

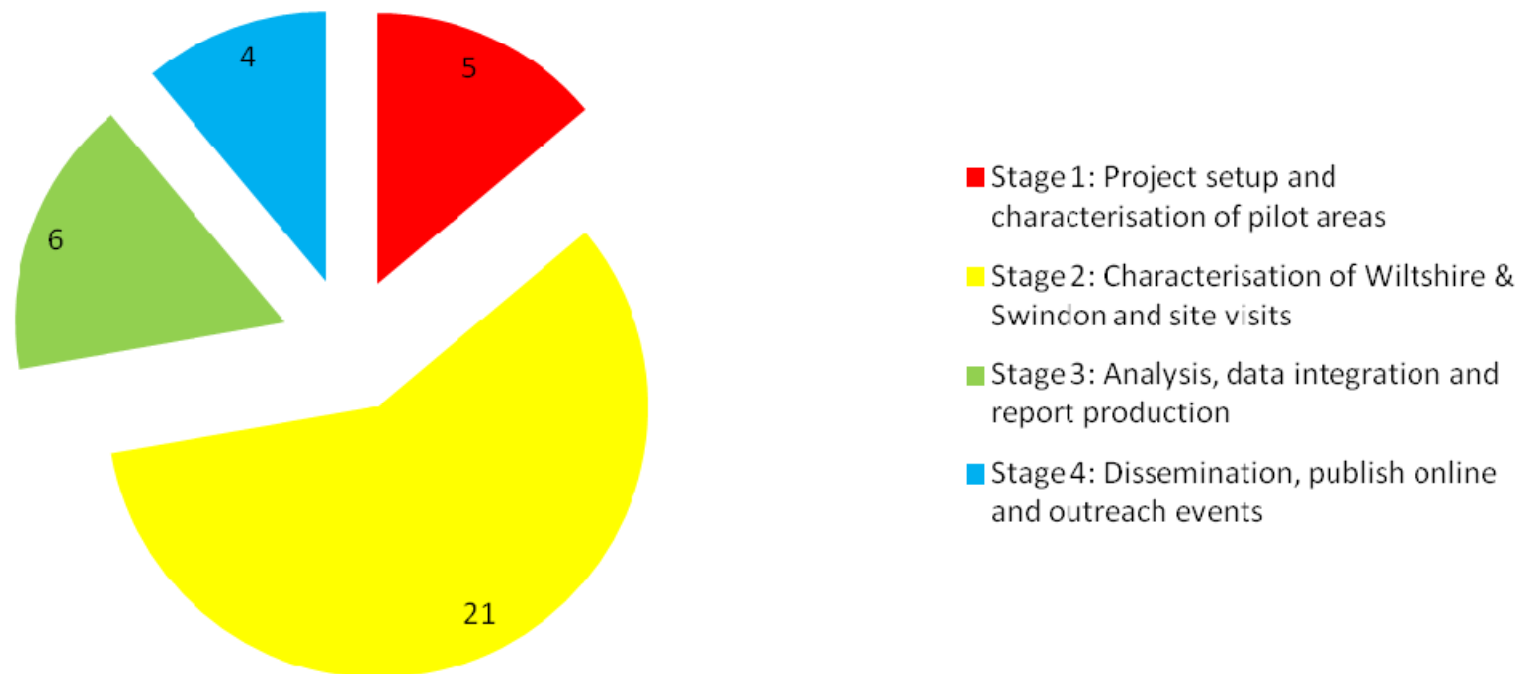
- To characterise and analyse the entire landscape of Wiltshire and Swindon (c.350,000ha).
- To integrate with existing HLC data for the Cranborne Chase/West Wiltshire Downs and North Wessex Downs AONBs.
- To create:
 - GIS dataset.
 - Hardcopy/electronic report.
 - Project website.
 - Outreach materials/events.

AONB HLC Data

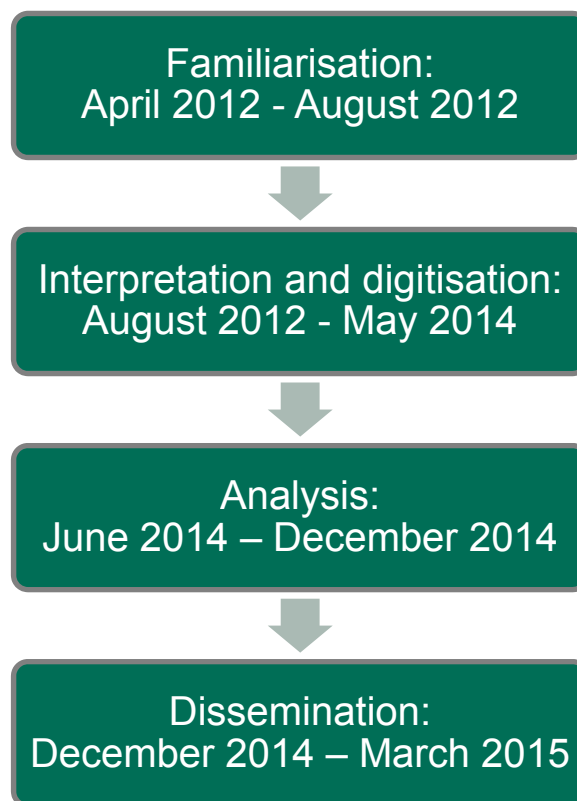


Project Stages

Time allocated to task in HLC Project (months)



Project timescale



Also including:

- 3 Stakeholder meetings.
- 3 Project Team meetings.
- Meetings with EH Assurance Officer.



Who are the Project Stakeholders?

Diverse range of interested parties including:

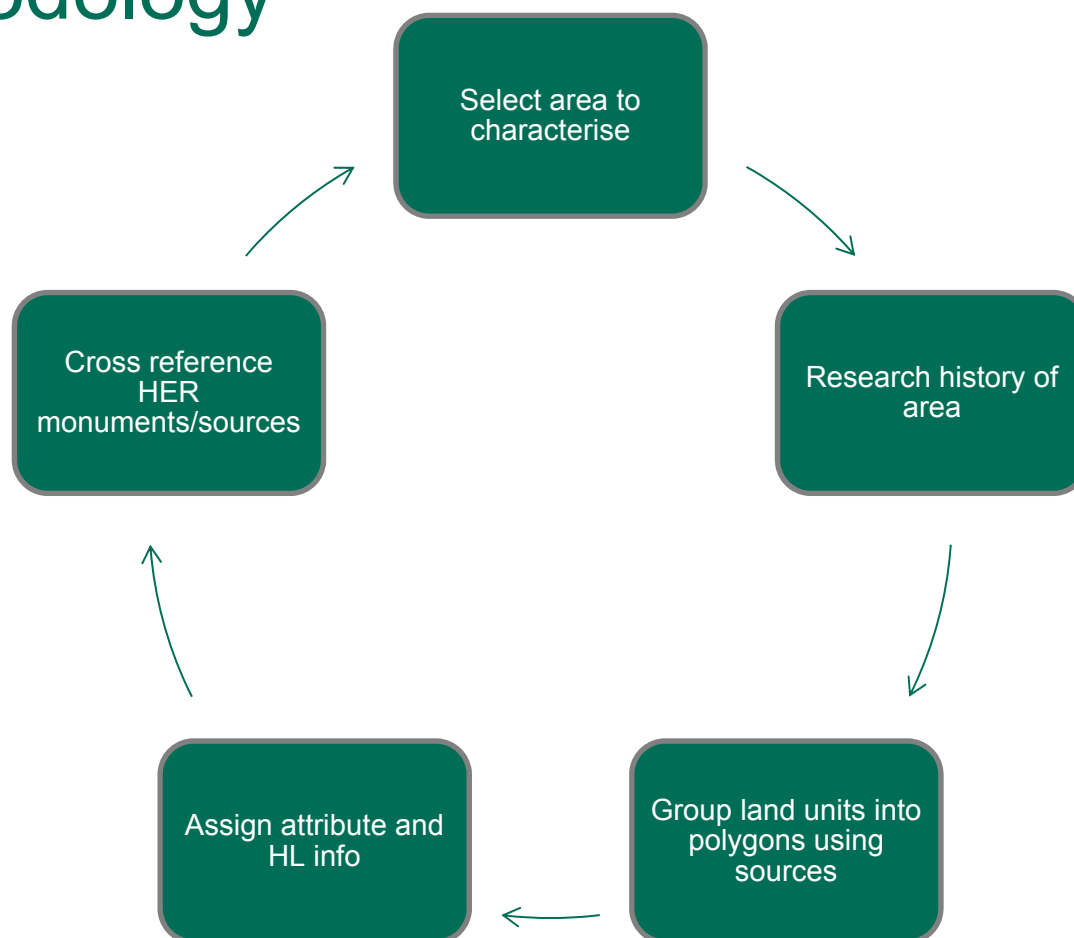
- English Heritage.
- Natural England.
- National Trust.
- Wiltshire Council.
- Swindon Borough Council.
- Cranborne Chase, North Wessex Downs and Cotswold AONBs.
- MOD.

Sources

- Modern OS maps.
- 2001 aerial photographs.
- OS 1st edition 6" map.
- Margary (1818) 1st ed. 1" maps.



Methodology



HLC Data

- **14 Broad HLC Types**
E.g. Fields and enclosed land

- **132 HLC Types**
E.g. Parliamentary enclosures

- **15 Attribute categories**
E.g. Internal morphology and boundary morphology



HLC Broad Types

- Enclosed land.
- Unimproved land.
- Woodland.
- Orchard and horticulture
- Water and valley floor.
- Rural settlement.
- Urban settlement
- Ornamental
- Recreation.
- Industrial and extractive.
- Communications.
- Military.
- Civic
- Commercial.



HLC Database

exeGesIS SDM HBSMR v3

Historic Landscape Character HXG9

Broad Type: Fields
HLC Type: Planned clearance/ assartment
Name: Fields west of Park Wood

Full Type Code: F-39
Confidence: Probable

Configuration: Broad Types / HLC Types Attributes HLC Rules

Description Attributes Previous Types Monuments Sources

HLC Description

Summary: Area of fields to the east of Talgarth, adjacent to Park Wood.

Period of Origin of Current HLC Type

Unknown	From	Conf	To	Conf	From Period	To Period	User defined
<input type="checkbox"/>	1066 AD	<input type="checkbox"/>	1900 AD	<input type="checkbox"/>	Medieval	Victorian	<input type="checkbox"/>

Period: Medieval to Victorian - 1066 AD to 1900 AD

Description: Field pattern comprises small and large rectilinear fields that appear to have been created through woodland clearance. Park Wood borders to the east.

Centroid NGR: Centroid SO 1618 3409 (MBR: 1081m by 1658m) **Map:** SO135E **Area (Ha):** 103.52

Photo Library: **Associated Files:** **Map:** XY

- Same software as used by Wiltshire HER.

- Database links to GIS mapping.

- Wealth of information recorded for each HLC 'polygon'.



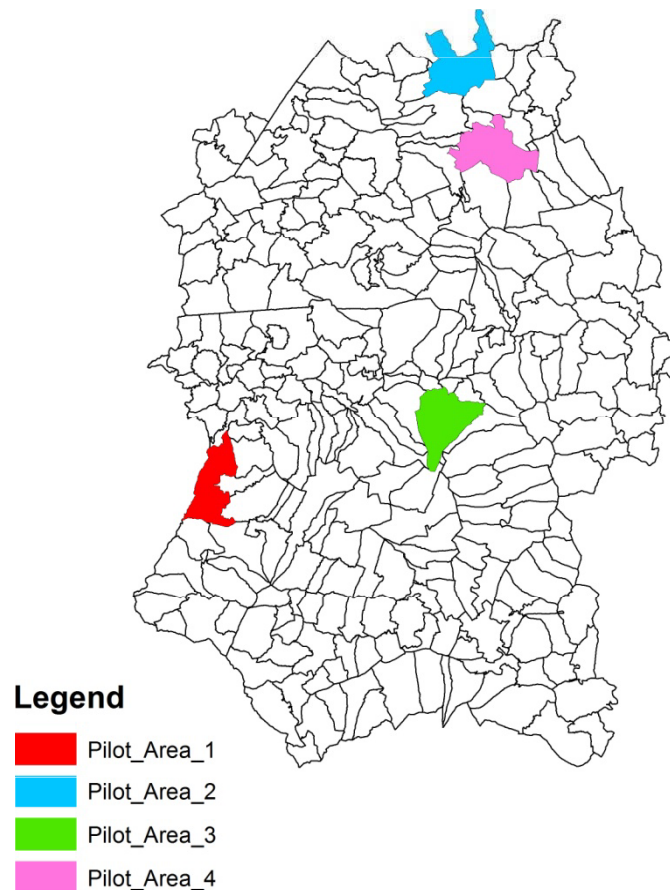
Special areas of study

The overall project methodology may need adaptation to record special areas of the county:

- Salisbury Plain Training Area (SPTA).
- Avebury and Stonehenge World Heritage Site (WHS).
- Urban centres (e.g. Swindon).

HLC Pilot areas

1. Corsley, Chapmanslade and Dilton Marsh.
2. Cricklade, Latton and Marston Maisey.
3. Chirton, Marden, Wilsford, Charlton and Rushall.
4. Swindon Old Town and New Town.



Project Progress

In order to see how the project is progressing you can:

- Check the project webpage that will be hosted on the History Centre Website (<http://www.wshc.eu/>).
 - *Review documents, mapping and the 'Totaliser'.*
- Contact me by email (Thomas.Sunley@wiltshire.gov.uk) or telephone (01249 705526).

Thank you for listening and any questions?

