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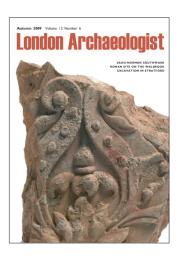
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This architectural terracotta with candelabra ornament offers a preview of the significant finds from the 2006 excavations at St George's Church, Southwark, to be published in 2010.

Excavation of the pier bases of the early 16th-century phase of the church revealed 110 fragments of moulded terracotta reused as hardcore. These terracottas are believed to be derived from building materials discarded during the construction (*c.* 1518–22) of the nearby London residence of Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk. This residence, known as Suffolk Place, was demolished in 1557–8.

The various finds of terracottas made *ex situ* between *c.* 1887 and 2006 in Southwark are the main source of evidence for one the key sites for the early use of architectural terracotta in Tudor England.

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