## THE PLASTER, MORTAR AND DAUB by S. Smithson

The total number of fragments discovered were as follows: faced plaster, 283+; mortar, 68+; daub, 3.

The Daub
The three fragments were found in the following contexts: F688, Phase 2; F1095, Phase 2; and F1210, Phase 1.

The Mortar
There were three areas with suspected floors of mortar:

1. A/13 (the pentice). A mortar floor with impressions of tiles. two tile fragments were found in situ (SF181 \& 182, F589, Phase 4/2, Group 21).
2. A/1 (the hall). A hard mortar floor with no trace of tiles (F838, Phase 3/3, Group 8).
3. $\mathrm{A} / 7$ and $\mathrm{A} / 11$ (the later and earlier chapels). Tiles were discovered in layers within both the earlier structure, A/7 (F144, 214, 385), and the later structure, A/11 (F145, Phase 4/1, Group 26; F116 \& 121, Phase 5, Group 23); a mortar floor was also associated with the latter (F169, Phase 4/1, Group 26).

The Plaster
Only three fragments were painted (red, no discernible design). These were found as follows: A/1 (F549, Phase 5) - 2 fragments A/11 (F125, Phase 5) - 1 fragment Faced plaster was also found in the rooms/structures shown in Table 1, which may indicate that walls were plastered in an earlier phase in the same room. The in situ plaster was on the inside faces of rooms at the east end of the hall, $\mathrm{A} / 1$.

Table 1. To show distribution of plaster within rooms, by phase.
Room Layers No. of Plastered plaster frags. before phase:

| A/1, A/3 "overlying" |  |  | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F63, 64 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5 |
| A/1 | F542, 549, | $66+$ | 5 |
|  | 588,610 |  |  |
| A/1 | F593, 622 | 13 | $4 / 2$ |
| A/1 | F626 | 2 | $3 / 3$ |
| A/3 | F582, 584 | 5 | 5 |


| A/3 | F554 | 10 | $3 / 3-4 / 2$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A/4 | F599 | 13 | 5 |
| A/9 | F500, 512 | 5 | 5 |
| A/9 | F536 | in situ plaster | $3 / 1$ |
| A/10 | F19, 37, 132 | 99 | 5 |
| A/10 | F55 | in situ plaster | $3 / 1$ |
| A/11 | F116, 125 | 10 | 5 |
| A/14 | F586 | 1 | 5 |
| F | F616 | 2 | 5 |
| H | F417 | 1 | $4 / 2$ |

