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Environmental Impact Assessment

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Historic Building Recording

Site & Landscape Survey

Geophysical Survey

7c Devon Place, Edinburgh Archaeological Evaluation

Report no. 2012

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7c, Devon Place, Edinburgh

Archaeological Evaluation

Report No. 2012

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

This report presents the results of an archaeological evaluation undertaken by CFA Archaeology Ltd (CFA) in January and February 2012 at the site of a proposed residential development at 7c Devon Place, Haymarket, Edinburgh (NGR: NT 23577 73101, Fig. 1). The work was commissioned by Taylor Wimpey.

A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) dated 13 January 2012 was produced by CFA and approved by the City of Edinburgh Council Archaeology Service (CECAS).

1.1 Background

The area to be evaluated lay to the immediate north of the former goods yards and sidings constructed for Haymarket Station during the middle of the 19th century, and Haymarket Mill, a corn mill, to the north-east of the development area. The site appears to have been largely open and cultivated (Roy 1747-55; Laurie, 1763; Kirkwood, 1817) until the mid 19th century following the establishment of the South Coates Cabinet Works (Ordnance Survey 1st Edition, 1853; Fig. 2a). The Cabinet Works continued to expand throughout the 19th and early 20th centuries (Figs. 2b - 2f), and some of the buildings shown on the Ordnance Survey 1933 Edition (Fig.7) appear to be still upstanding on Ordnance Survey aerial photographs (1944-50, aerial photograph mosaics). Several large modern warehouses aligned north to south are visible overlaying the majority of the development area on Google images (GoogleTM) from 2005, although none are now upstanding.

1.2 Aims and Objectives

The project's aims and objectives were:

- to evaluate the development area to establish the presence/absence, extent, condition, character, quality and date of any archaeological features or deposits within the proposed development area through trial trenching evaluation; and,
- to establish the significance and vulnerability of any archaeological features to the proposed development

2. WORKING METHODS

2.1 General

CFA Archaeology Ltd follows the Institute for Archaeologists' Code of Conduct, Standards and Guidance (2010).

2.2 Evaluation

All trenches were excavated using a JCB mechanical excavator equipped with a smooth-bladed ditching bucket under constant archaeological supervision. Any further excavation required to fulfil the objectives of the evaluation was carried out by hand.

All excavation and on-site recording was carried out according to standard CFA procedures, principally by drawing, by photography and by completing standard CFA record forms.

Trench positions were surveyed using industry standard surveying equipment and trenches were backfilled at the end of each working day.

3. ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

3.1 General

Ten trenches (Figs.1 & 3) of varying dimensions (covering 398m² in total, or 7.8% of the development site) were excavated across the development area. Several areas were not available for evaluation due to the presence of live services or where service runs were visible on the surface but their status was unknown and ground gas testing stations. A high boundary wall ran along the southern side of the site so trenching avoided this area to prevent undermining of the wall. A summary list of all the trenches is contained in Appendix 1.

Numbers in bold in the following text refer to contexts, a full list of which is contained in Appendix 2.

Modern overburden of crushed rubble (**001**) was removed from all trenches across the site, to varying depth, and concrete surfacing and modern pipes, some of which were concrete-encased, were found cutting across several trenches. Earlier deposits generally consisted of a black sandy silt/sooty layer containing burnt rubbish material and brick rubble which overlay a compact grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions. Natural subsoil, a compact mid-reddish orange to yellow-orange sandy clay grading to clay-sand was found to underlie this deposit in all trenches (Fig. 10).

The remains of brick walls were found in Trenches 2-3 and 7, cutting through the soil deposits and into natural (Fig. 11). Quarried sandstone rubble drains were found cutting through the grey deposit in some trenches, and earlier field clearance rubble drains and horseshoe shaped red clay pipe drains were found underlying the grey deposit, cut directly into natural.

The remains of a possible masonry wall foundation (Fig. 12), consisting of two mortared cut yellow sandstone slabs (**035**), were found overlying natural in Trench 5, and a possible shallow furrow (**007**) was identified running across the western end of Trench 2 (Fig. 13). No other features of archaeological significance were identified during the evaluation.

3.2 Trench Summary

Trench 1

Trench 1 was orientated E-W and measured 0.9m-1.8m in depth. Deposits consisted of a rubble layer (**001**) of loose grey sandy silt with stone and brick rubble of depth 0.5m which overlay a compact sooty grey-black sandy silt (**002**) with stone and brick inclusions, of depth 0.17m. This overlay a deposit of mid-dark orange brown sandy clay (**003**), of depth 0.45m which overlay natural subsoil (**004**) a mid-brownish orange mottled yellow sandy clay. A slab of concrete, 0.1m thick was found under (**003**) and overlying natural (**004**) at the eastern end of the trench.

Trench 2

Trench 2 was orientated E-W and measured 0.7m-1.8m in depth. The deposits in the western end of the trench consisted of the rubble layer **(001)** of depth 0.25m-0.3m, which overlay a compact grey-black sooty deposit **(005)**, of depth 0.4m-0.5m. This deposit overlay an orangey brown sandy clay **(006)** of depth 0.15m, which overlay natural **(004)**. A shallow linear feature **(007)** aligned NW-SE and measuring 2.4m wide by 0.1m deep was identified 7.5m from the western end of the trench, cut into the natural soil. It was filled with **(008)**, a compact stoney mid-brownish grey sandy clay. This may represent the remains of a furrow from pre-mid-19th century agricultural activity. Indeed, three field drains, **(045-047)**, a horseshoe-shaped ceramic drain, a field stone rubble drain and a quarried stone rubble drain were also identified, cut into the natural subsoil and following the same alignment as the linear feature **(007)**.

A modern concrete encased pipe was identified running across the trench at 14m from the west end of the trench. From the pipe towards the east of the trench the deposits were slightly different from those at the western end of the trench. Here **(001)** overlay three sections of brick wall with concrete foundations **(017-019)**. The walls were aligned N-S and measured on average 0.5m wide by 0.8m high, with foundations measuring 0.9m wide by 0.3m high. A cut **(018)** was identified for the western-most wall **(017)** which measured 0.9m wide by 1.1m deep with vertical sides and a flat bottom. The walls cut through several deposits down to natural. These consisted of a deposit of black charcoal and sandy silt **(011)** of depth 0.24m which overlay a thin deposit of compact mid orange sandy silt and gravel **(009/012)** of depth 0.2m and a yellow-white sandy silt with crushed mortar and stone **(014)** 0.1m deep. These overlay a compact mid-dark brownish grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions **(010/015)**, which overlay natural **(004)**.

The eastern most end of the trench consisted of only rubble **(001)** to a depth of 1.8m overlying reddish orange clay natural and wall **(019)**.

Trench 3

Trench 3 was aligned E-W and measured 1m-1.25m in depth. A 0.35m thick rubble deposit **(001)**, overlay **(024)**, a layer of tarmac and hardcore levelling material, which was only present in the central part of the trench for a length of 4m. This overlay a rubble and Type 1 make-up deposit **(022/026)**, 0.25m-0.6m deep, which overlay **(023)**, a compact dark grey black silty clay, 0.7m-0.9m which overlay natural **(004)**.

A cement-encased pipe was identified running across the trench, and overlain by **(022)**. Three brick walls **(049, 050 & 052)**, and a possible concrete manhole **(051)** were identified under **(001)** at a depth of 0.1m-0.3m, cut into the natural and appeared to be overlain by the other deposits and layers within the trench. A quarried sandstone rubble drain **(027)**, possible related to a rubble sump feature **(053)** were identified at the western end of the trench, overlain by **(023)**.

Trench 4

Trench 4 was aligned E-W and measured 1.2m-1m in depth. A 0.4m thick deposit of rubble (001) overlay a 0.3m thick deposit of Type 1 make-up (028). This overlay a compact dark grey black silty clay with brick fragment inclusions (029) of depth 0.3-0.4m, which overlay natural (004).

Two modern concrete encased pipes, one cutting across the trench and one running along the southern edge of the trench, were identified under (028). Three angular rubble field drains (055-057) and a horseshoe-shaped ceramic drain (054), aligned NE-SW, were identified underlying (029) and cut into the natural.

Trench 5

Trench 5 was orientated E-W and measured 0.8m in depth. A 0.4m thick deposit of rubble (001) overlay a dark black sandy silt with brick rubble and burnt material inclusions (031) of depth 0.3m, which overlay a compact mid-dark brownish-grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions and occasional small brick fragments (032) of depth 0.2m-0.4m. This deposit overlay natural (004).

The corner of a concrete and brick feature (058) was identified at the western terminal end of the trench. A modern refuse pit (034) underlay (031) and cut through (032) and the natural. It was filled with black burnt material and rubble and crushed mortar (033). Four rubble field drains (059-061 & 063) and a ceramic field drain (062) aligned NW-SE were also identified. All but (063) underlay (032); this drain was a quarried sandstone drain and was cut through (032).

The possible remains of a sandstone wall foundation (035) were identified underlying (032) at the eastern terminal end of the trench. The masonry sat within a possible shallow foundation cut (079) which ran along the western side of the masonry, and measured 0.08m wide by 0.05m deep. It was filled with a dark grey black sandy silt (080). The masonry feature measured 1m x 0.6m x 0.2m high, and consisted of two cut, lime-mortared, yellow sandstone blocks, aligned NNW-SSE. The blocks appeared to continue into the southern section of the trench, although sandstone rubble overlay them in section. They did not continue further north.

Trench 6

Trench 6 was orientated E-W and measured 1.4m-1.2m in depth. A 0.6m-1.4m deep deposit of rubble (001) overlay a deposit of dark black sandy clay with brick rubble and burnt material (030) of depth 0.6m. This overlay natural (004) in the western end of the trench but the rubble deposit (001) overlay natural directly in the eastern end.

Trench 7

Trench 7 was orientated E-W and measured 1.2m-1.65m in depth. A 0.35m-0.55m thick deposit of rubble (001) overlay a 0.3m-0.4m thick deposit of Type 1 make-up (036). This overlay a dark black sandy silt with brick rubble and burnt material inclusions (037) of depth 0.2m-0.35m, which overlay a compact mid-dark brownish-

grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions and occasional small brick fragments (038) of depth 0.3m. This deposit overlay natural (004).

A modern linear cut (066) filled with Type 1 (036) cut through (037 & 038) and the natural (004). A brick wall (065) was identified at the eastern terminal end of the trench, cut through (037 & 038) and the natural (004). It was overlain by (001) and abutted by Type 1 (036). Two quarried sandstone rubble field drains (064 & 068), aligned N-S were cut through (038) and the natural. Three field stone rubble drains (065, 067 & 081) aligned N-S, underlay (038) and cut the natural.

Trench 8

Trench 8 was orientated NE-SW and measured 0.5m-1.2m. A 0.1m-0.2m thick deposit of rubble (001) overlay a 0.3m-0.4m deep deposit of Type 1 make-up (039). This overlay a dark black sandy silt with brick rubble and burnt material inclusions (040) of depth 0.2m, which overlay a compact mid-dark brownish-grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions and occasional small brick fragments (078) of depth 0.3m-0.4m. This deposit overlay natural (004).

A modern linear cut (077) filled with Type 1 (039) cut through (040 & 078) and the natural (004). Three ceramic field drains (070-072), aligned N-S underlay (078) and cut the natural (004).

Trench 9

Trench 9 was orientated E-W and measured 0.8m-0.75m deep. A 0.2m-0.3m thick deposit of rubble (001) and type 1 make-up (041), 0.6m deep, overlay a dark grey-black sandy silt with burnt material and brick inclusions (042) of depth 0.45m, which overlay natural (004).

A modern cut (075) cut through (041 & 042) and into natural (004). A horseshoe-shaped ceramic field drain (073) aligned NW-SE underlay (042) and cut the natural (004).

Trench 10

Trench 10 was orientated NW-SE and measured 1.2m-0.8m. A 0.15m-0.4m thick deposit of rubble and Type 1 make-up (001) overlay a deposit of loose black silty sand with coal ash (043) of depth 0.3m-0.6m. This overlay a deposit of compact mid-dark brownish-grey sandy clay silt with charcoal flecks (044) of depth 0.35m, which overlay natural (004).

A modern concrete encased pipe ran across the trench, cut through (043 & 044), and a quarried sandstone rubble drain (076), aligned NW-SE ran along the trench, cut through (044) and natural.

4. CONCLUSION

Ten trenches were excavated, covering 398m² (7.8% of the development area).

Modern overburden deposits of crushed rubble were removed from across the site to reveal generally one or two deposits of earlier made ground. The remains of modern brick and concrete walls were found in three trenches to the west of the site.

The remains of a possible masonry wall foundation in Trench 5 and brick wall foundations in Trenches 2 & 3 may relate to 19th and 20th century buildings that were once present on the site and associated with the South Coates Cabinet Works. If these features do relate to the works it proves that there is only very minimal and localised survival as the trench layout evaluated the location of all of the buildings relating to the Cabinet Works and no other remains were identified.

Two phases of drainage system were identified: a more recent system represented by quarried sandstone rubble drains found cutting through the lowest made ground deposit, and an earlier phase represented by field clearance rubble drains and ceramic drains, found beneath this deposit and cut directly into natural. A possible shallow furrow was identified running across the western end of Trench 2. The earlier system of drains and the furrow are likely to be evidence of the agricultural use of the site prior to its development.

Based on the results of the evaluation CFA recommend that no further work is required on the site, however, the responsibility for deciding the scope of further work required lies solely with the City of Edinburgh Council Archaeology Service (CECAS).

The project archive, comprising all CFA record sheets, maps and reports, will be deposited with the National Monuments Record of Scotland (NMRS) and copies of reports will be lodged with the City of Edinburgh Council Sites and Monuments Record.

A summary statement of the results of this evaluation will be submitted for publication in *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland* (Appendix 5) and the project will also be reported on through *OASIS Scotland*.

5. REFERENCES

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Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition map (1877) *Edinburghshire Sheet 003.07*, 25 inches to one mile

Ordnance Survey 3rd Edition map (1908) *Edinburghshire Sheet 003.07*, 25 inches to one mile

Ordnance Survey 4th Edition map (1914) *Edinburghshire Sheet 003.07*, 25 inches to one mile

Ordnance Survey 5th Edition map (1933) *Edinburghshire Sheet 003.07*, 25 inches to one mile

Ordnance Survey Town Plan of Edinburgh (1877) *Sheet 38A*

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APPENDIX 1: Evaluation Trench Summary Table

Trench No.	Dimensions (m)	Total Area (m2)	Trench Depth (m)	Topsoil Depth (m)	Comments/Contexts
1	30x1.5	45	E: 0.90 W:1.80	E: 0.50 W: 0.50	Upper deposit (001) overlying (002) (0.15m) overlying (003) (0.35m) overlying natural (004) . Natural: mid-brownish orange mottled yellow sandy clay
2	35x1.5	52.5	E: 1.30-1.80 W:0.70	E: 0.25 W: 0.30	W end of trench to area of concrete encased pipe, c.16m-18m from W end of trench: Upper deposit (001) (0.30m) overlying (005) (0.55m) overlying (006) (0.10.-0.20m) overlying natural (004). From 18m from W end of trench to first wall section, upper deposit (001) overlying (009) (0.10-0.20m) overlying (010) (0.60m) overlying natural (004). Between Wall sections 1 and 2 upper deposit (001) overlying (011) (0.25m) overlying (012/009) (0.20m), overlying (014) (0.10m) overlying (015/010) (0.20m), overlying natural (004). Between wall sections 2 and 3: upper deposit (001) onto modern pipe. After wall section 3, deposit is made entirely of (001)/type 1 onto natural (1.8m). Natural: mid-orange sandy clay Trench contains agricultural feature, 3 wall sections, 2 ceramic drainage pipes and 2 stone drains.
3	35x1.5	52.5	E: 1.00 W: 1.25	E: 0.30 W: 0.35	Upper deposit (001) (0.35-0.30m) overlying (024) (0.3m) overlying (022/026) (0.25m-0.6m) overlying (023) (0.7-0.9m) overlying natural. Natural: mid brownish orange sandy clay. Trench contains: 3 brick wall sections, a possible rubble drain sump and a rubble drain.
4	35x1.5	52.5	E: 1.20 W: 1.00	E: 0.40 W: 0.35	Upper deposit I (001) (0.35-0.40m) overlying (028) (0.30m) overlying (029) (0.30-0.40m) overlying natural. Natural: mid-orange sandy gravelly clay Trench contains a concrete pipe, a concrete linear feature, 3 rubble stone field drains and a ceramic field drain.

Trench No.	Dimensions (m)	Total Area (m2)	Trench Depth (m)	Topsoil Depth (m)	Comments/Contexts
5	25x1.5	37.5	0.80m	0.40m	Upper deposit (001) (0.40m) overlying (031) (0.25-0.30m), overlying (032) (0.20-0.40m), overlying natural. Natural: mid-reddish orange sandy clay Trench contains a modern refuse pit, a sandstone block building foundation segment and 2 stone and one ceramic field drain.
6	10x1.5	15	E: 1.4 W: 1.2	E: 1.4 W: 0.60	Upper deposit (001) (0.60-1.4m) overlying (030) (0.0-0.80m) overlying natural. Natural: mid-orange sandy clay
7	25x1.5	37.5	E: 1.20 W: 1.65	E: 0.35 W: 0.55	Topsoil (001)(0.55-0.35m) overlying (036)(0.30-0.40m) overlying (037)(0.20-0.35m) overlying (038)(0.25-0.30m) overlying natural. Natural: mid orange sandy clay Trench contains 4 stone field drains and a modern cut.
8	35x1.5	52.5	NE: 0.55 SW: 1.20	NE: 0.10 SW: 0.20	Upper deposit (001) (0.10-0.20m) overlying (039) (0.25-0.30m) overlying (040)(0.20m) overlying (078) (0.3-0.4m) overlying natural. Mid-orange sandy clay Trench contains 3 ceramic field drains.
9	25x1.5	37.5	E: 0.80 W: 0.75	E: 0.20 W: 0.30	Upper deposit (001)(0.20-0.30m) overlying (041)(0.60) overlying (042)0.40-0.45m) overlying natural. Mid reddish orange sandy clay Trench contains a modern pit and ceramic field drain.
10	10x1.5	15	NW: 1.2 SE: 0.8	NW: 0.40 SE: 0.15	Upper deposit (001) (0.15-0.40m) overlying (043) (0.30m-0.60m) overlying (044) (0.35m) Natural: mid-light yellow sandy clay Trench contains one stone field drain.
TOTAL	265 x1.5	398	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

APPENDIX 2: Context Register

Context No.	Description
001	Grey/brown sandy silt with abundant stone (<5cm), fragmented pink brick and plant matter inclusions. Present at uppermost strata of all trenches.
002	Grey/black sandy silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and stick consistency. Tr.1
003	Buff /brown sandy clay with small angular stone inclusions (<5cm) inclusions. Tr.1

Context No.	Description
004	Natural: Buff/brown /grey sandy clay with small stone inclusions (<3cm). Overlain by concrete slab in SW (2.5x2.0m).All trenches
005	Grey/black sandy silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and Sticky consistency. See (002) Tr.2
006	Buff /brown sandy clay with small angular stone inclusions (<5cm) inclusions. See (003) Tr.2
007	Feature Cut (Agricultural). 2.40m wide into Natural. Tr. 2. Possible furrow.
008	Fill of (007). Medium Brown/Grey sandy clay (006). Tr.2
009	Buff-orange sandy silt from 18m to Wall Section 1 under (001) comprised of compact gravel. Tr. 2
010	Compact mid-dark brownish grey sandy clay silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and sticky consistency from 17m to Wall Section 2 under (009). Compact. See (002) and (005). Tr.2
011	Black sandy silt with possible charcoal or overlying tarmac staining between Wall sections 1 and 2. Underlying (001).Tr.2
012	Buff/brown/sandy silt with abundant stone inclusions (<5cm) between Wall Sections 1 and 2 underlying (011) . Tr.2.
013	Discarded
014	Light brown/white sandy silt with angular stone inclusions (<10cm) underlying (012) with rusty lens. Tr.2
015	Mid-dark brownish-grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions and occasional small brick fragments under (014) and overlying natural. Tr.2
016	Wall Section 1 Cut Tr. 2
017	Wall Section 1 (Brick and Concrete Mortar on Concrete Foundation) Tr. 2
018	Wall Section 2Cut Tr.2
019	Wall Section 2 (~Brick and Concrete Mortar on Concrete Foundation) Tr. 2
020	Wall Section 3. Tr. 2
021	Fill of (016) cut mixed redeposited (010) and (009). Tr. 2.
022	Green/grey base comprised of sandy gravel and larger quarried levelling stone inclusions, brick pile inclusion toward Western extremity. Tr. 3.
023	Grey/black sandy silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and sticky consistency. Tr. 3.
024	Discrete black tarmac overlying green/grey type 1 base comprised of sandy gravel and larger quarried levelling stone. Tr.3.
025	Crushed quartz lens. Tr. 3.
026	Mix of (022) and (024). Tr. 3.
027	Rubble layer of quarried stone. Likely a longitudinally scalped field drain. Tr. 3.
028	Green/grey base comprised of sandy gravel and larger quarried levelling stone. Likely stained by intermittent overlying of degraded tarmac. Heavily mixed with overlying rubble (001). Tr.4.
029	Grey/black sandy silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and Sticky consistency. Closer to Eastern area. See (002) and (005). Tr. 4.
030	Dark black sandy clay with burnt material 0.6m deep localised in Northern section under 001. Tr. 6.
031	Black sandy clay and brick and mortar rubble underlying (001) of 0.30-0.40m . Tr.5.
032	Medium brown/grey compact charcoal flecked clay silt of 0.20m thickness overlying wall and cut through by modern pit over NE subsoil. Tr. 5.
033	Fill of modern pit (034) comprising mortar, brick rubble, black burnt material, c. 0.50m deep exposed as semi-circular feature. Tr. 5.
034	Modern rubbish pit cut, 5m diameter, 1.4m wide and 0.50m deep. Tr. 5.
035	Wall foundation fragment comprised of 2 yellow cut sandstone blocks and lime mortar overlying natural running south and truncating before reaching north section. C. 0.20m high and 0.70m wide and 0.60m long. Tr. 5.
036	Green/grey base comprised of sandy gravel and larger quarried levelling stone.

Context No.	Description
	Likely stained by intermittent overlying of degraded tarmac. Heavily mixed with overlying rubble (001). Tr. 7.
037	Black (sooty) sandy silt heavily intermixed with burnt material or heavily degraded tarmac. Percolated into (038). Tr. 7.
038	Compact mid-dark brownish grey sandy clay silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and sticky consistency. Tr. 7.
039	Green/grey base comprised of sandy gravel and larger quarried levelling stone. Likely stained by intermittent overlying of degraded tarmac. Heavily mixed with overlying rubble (001). Tr. 8.
040	Grey/black sandy silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and sticky consistency. Tr. 8.
041	Green/grey base comprised of sandy gravel and larger quarried levelling stone. Likely stained by intermittent overlying of degraded tarmac. Heavily mixed with overlying rubble (001). Tr. 9
042	Grey/black sandy silt (possible soot or overlying tarmac residue) lens with small stone (<5cm) and fragmented brick inclusions. Compact and sticky consistency. Tr.9.
043	Loose black silty sand and coal ash 0.30-0.60m. Tr. 10.
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071	Drain (Ceramic). Tr. 8.
072	Drain (Ceramic). Tr. 8.
073	Drain (Ceramic). Tr. 9
074	Fill of [075] is (001). Tr. 9.
075	Modern Pit cut from (001) through to Natural. Tr. 9.
076	Drain (Quarried Stone). Tr. 10.
077	Modern linear cut through (037) and (038) and natural (004). Filled with type 1 makeup. Tr. 8
078	Mid-dark brownish-grey sandy clay silt with charcoal inclusions and occasional small brick fragments under (040) and overlying natural. Tr.8
079	Possible shallow 'cut' for sandstone masonry (035), running along western edge of

Context No.	Description
	sandstone. 0.08m wide by 0.05m deep, only cut into natural
080	Fill of (079). Dark grey black sandy silt.
081	Drain (Field stone). Tr, 7

APPENDIX 3: Photographic Register

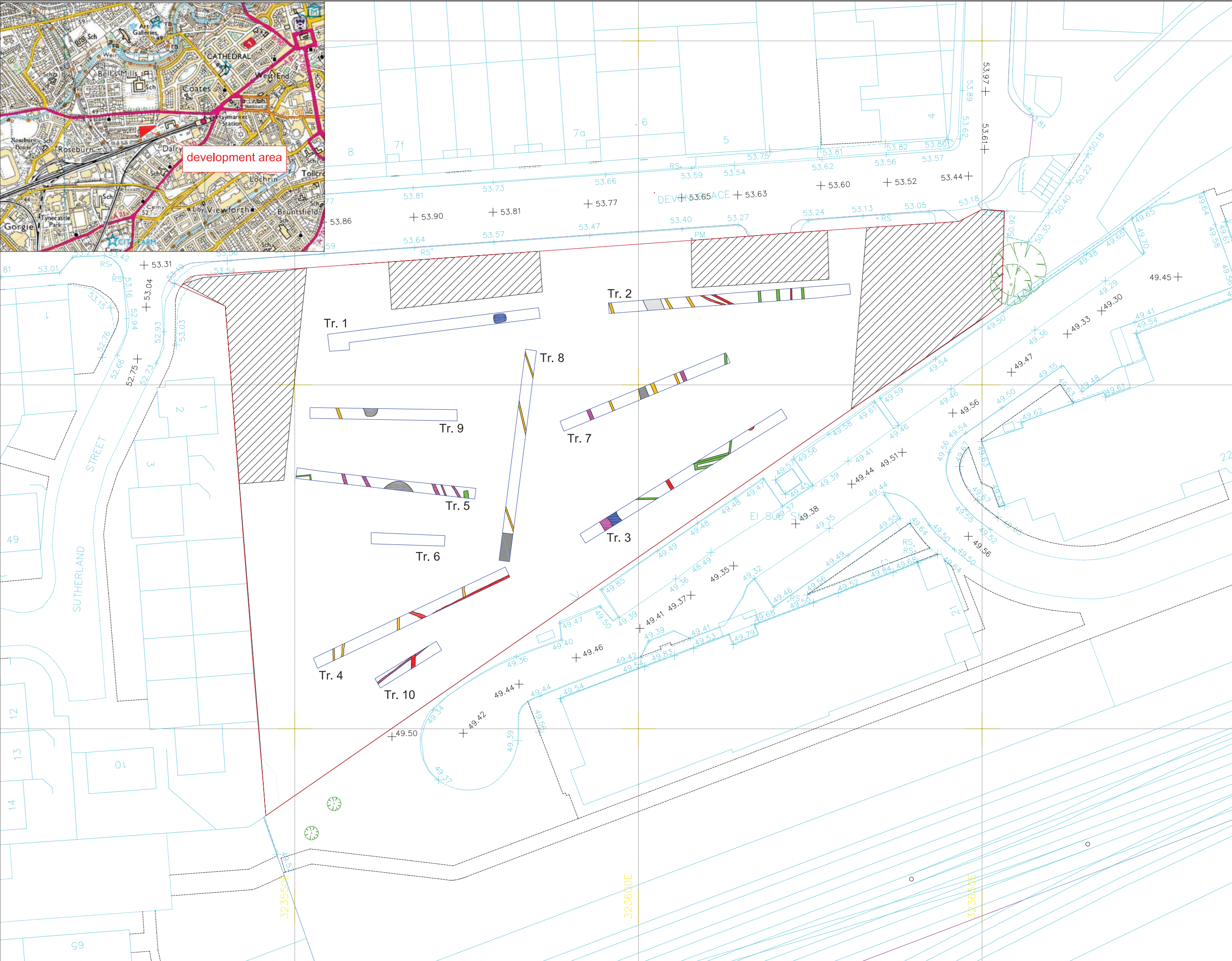
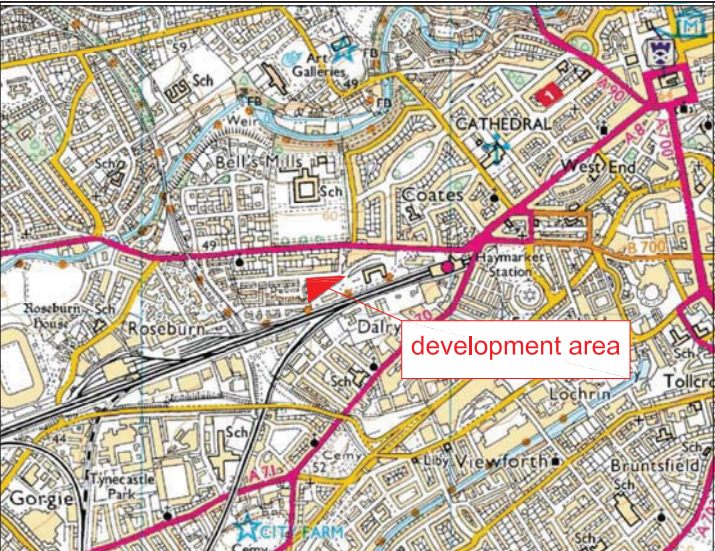
Number	Description	From	Conditions
001	General Site Shot-General	SW	Sunny
002	General Site Shot-General	NW	Sunny
003	General Site Shot-General	E	Sunny
004	Tr.1-General Post-Ex	W	O/C
005	Tr.1-Section-South Facing	S	O/C
006	Tr.2-Eastern Terminus	W	O/C
007	Tr.2-Eastern Terminus Section	S	O/C
008	Tr.2-General Post-Ex	W	O/C
009	Tr.2-Western Section	S	O/C
010	Tr.2-Central Section	S	O/C
011	Tr.2-Central Section w/ Wall 1 Cut	S	Low Sun
012	Tr.2-Central Section w/ Wall 1 Cut	S	Low Sun
013	Tr.3-General Post-Ex	E	O/C
014	Tr.3-Eastern Walls in Plan	N	O/C
015	Tr.3-Eastern Half in Plan	W	O/C
016	Tr.3-Western Half in Plan	E	O/C
017	Tr.3-Western Hydrology Feature in Section	S	O/C
018	Tr.3-Central Section w/ Wall 3 and Strata	S	O/C
019	Tr.3-Central Eastern Section w/ Cement Pipe/Strata	S	O/C
020	Tr.3-Wall 3 Foundation abutting Natural	E	O/C
021	Tr.3-Wall 3 Foundation abutting Natural	E	O/C
022	Tr.4-General Post-Ex	E	O/C
023	Tr.4-Section-South Facing	S	O/C
024	Tr.6-General Post-Ex	W	O/C
025	Tr.6-Section-South Facing	S	O/C
026	Tr.5-Section-North Facing-Showing Modern Cut	N	O/C
027	Tr.5-Section-North Facing-Showing Earlier Foundation	N	Low Light
028	T.5-Earlier Foundation (Mortared Sandstone Blocks)	NNE	Low Light
029	Tr.5-General Post-Ex	E	Low Light
030	Tr.5-General Post-Ex	E	Low Light
031	Tr.7-General Post-Ex	E	Shade/Sunny
032	Tr.7-Section-South Facing	S	Shade/Sunny
033	Tr.8-General Post-Ex	SW	Sunny
034	Tr.8-Section-Southeast Facing	SE	O/C
035	Tr.9-General Post-Ex	E	Sunny
036	Tr.9-Section-South Facing	S	Sunny
037	Tr.10-General Post-Ex	E	Sunny
038	Tr.10-Section-South Facing	S	Sunny
039	Post-Ex-General Shot	NW	Sunny
040	Post-Ex-General Shot	NW	Sunny
041	Post-Ex-General Shot	NW	Sunny
042	Post-Ex-General Shot	NW	Sunny

APPENDIX 4: Drawing Register

Number	Description	Section/Plan	Scale
1	Tr.1 Post-Ex	P	1:100
2	Tr.1 Schematic	S	1:10
3	Tr.2 Post-Ex	P	1:100
4	Tr.2 SSE Facing through possible agricultural feature [007]	S	1:20
5	Tr.2 S Facing through to Wall 2	S	1:20
6	Tr.3 Post-Ex	P	1:50
7	Tr.3 S Facing	S	1:50
8	Tr.4 Post-Ex	P	1:100
9	Tr.4 S Facing	S	1:10
10	Tr.7 Post-Ex	P	1:100
11	Tr.7 S Facing	S	1:10
12	Tr.5 Post-Ex	P	1:50
13	Tr.8 Post-Ex	P	1:100
14	Tr.8 SE Facing	S	1:10
15	Tr.9 Post-Ex	P	1:100
16	Tr.9 N Facing	S	1:10
17	Tr.10 Post-Ex	P	1:100
18	Tr.5 N Facing at Modern Cut [034]	S	1:20
19	Tr.5 N Facing-at Wall [035]	S	1:20

APPENDIX 5: Discovery & Excavation in Scotland Entry

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	City of Edinburgh
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME:	7c, Devon Place
PROJECT CODE:	DEVO
PARISH:	Edinburgh
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Helena Gray
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	CFA Archaeology Ltd
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Evaluation
NMRS NO(S):	None
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	Buildings
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	None
NGR (2 letters, 10 figures)	NT 23577 73101
START DATE (this season)	January 2012
END DATE (this season)	February 2012
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. DES ref.)	N/A
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	<p>A trial trenching evaluation was undertaken by CFA archaeology in land at 7c Devon Place in advance of a proposed residential development. Ten trenches were excavated, amounting to 398m² (7.8%) of the development site.</p> <p>The remains of a possible masonry wall foundation in Trench 5 and brick wall foundations in Trenches 2 & 3 may relate to 19th and 20th century buildings that were once present on the site and associated with the South Coates Cabinet Works. If these features do relate to the works it proves that there is only very minimal and localised survival as the trench layout evaluated the location of all of the buildings relating to the Cabinet Works and no other remains were identified.</p> <p>No other features of archaeological significance were identified during the evaluation.</p>
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	None
CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRS:	-
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Taylor Wimpey
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	The Old Engine House, Eskmills Park, Musselburgh, EH21 7PQ
EMAIL ADDRESS:	cfa@cfa-archaeology.co.uk
ARCHIVE LOCATION (intended/deposited)	<p>National Monuments Record of Scotland (archive)</p> <p>City of Edinburgh Council Sites and Monuments Record (report)</p>



Key:

- services
- evaluation trench
- development boundary
- concrete
- modern pipe
- wall
- ceramic or field stone rubble drain
- sandstone rubble drain
- possible furrow
- modern cut

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w: www.cfa-archaeology.co.uk

Fig. No:	1	Revision:	A
Title: Site location and location of evaluation trenches			
Project: 7c Devon Place, Edinburgh			
Client: Taylor Wimpey			
Scale at A3: 1:500			
Drawn by: GC	Checked: LW	Report No: 2012	

Key:
 development area

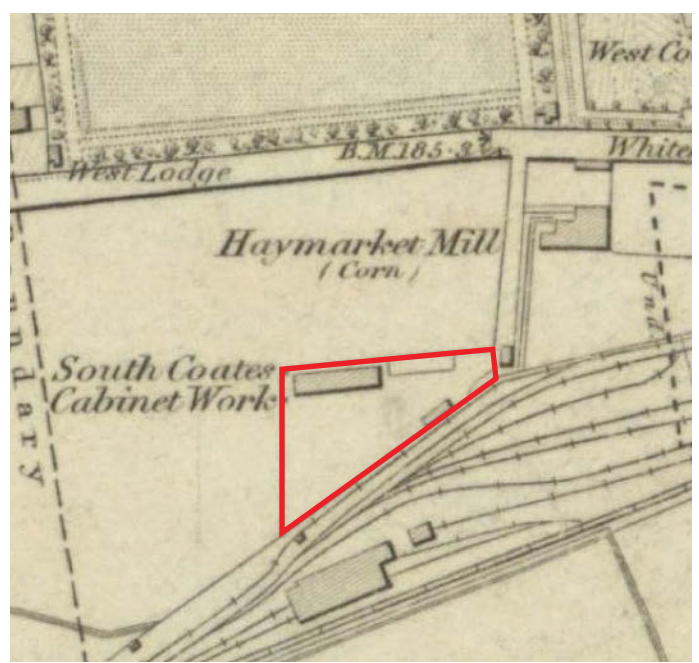


Fig. 2a Extract of map by Ordnance Survey, 1853

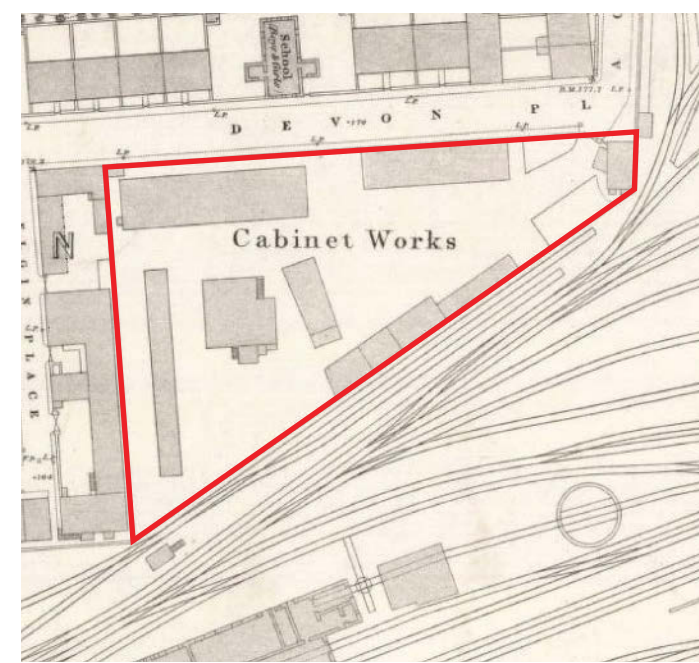


Fig. 2b Extract of map by Ordnance Survey, 1877

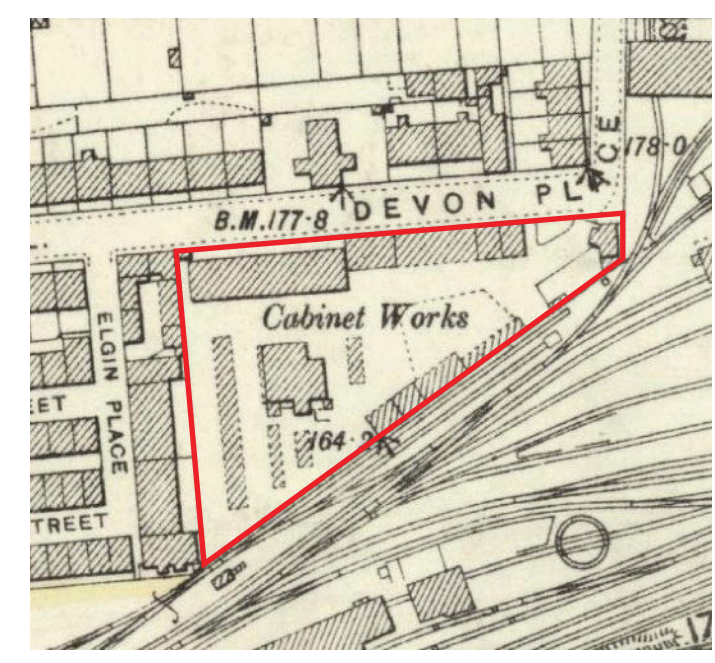


Fig. 2c Extract of map by Ordnance Survey, 1896

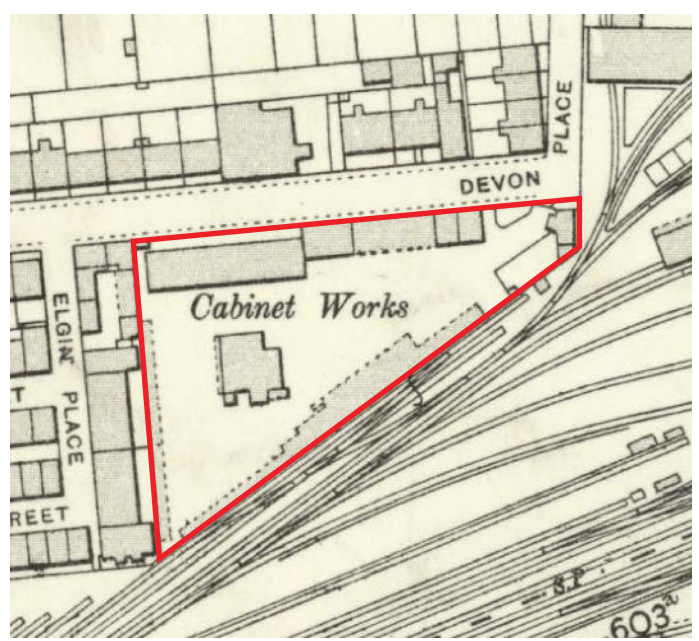


Fig. 2d Extract of map by Ordnance Survey, 1908

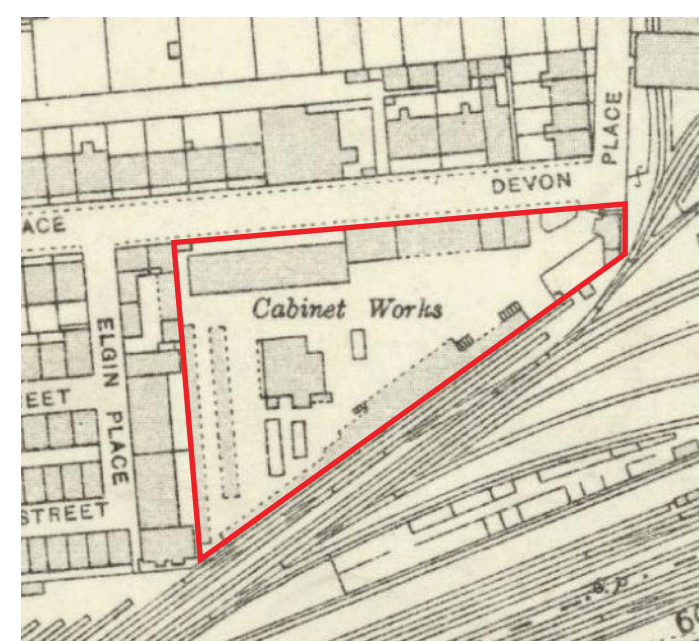


Fig. 2e Extract of map by Ordnance Survey, 1914

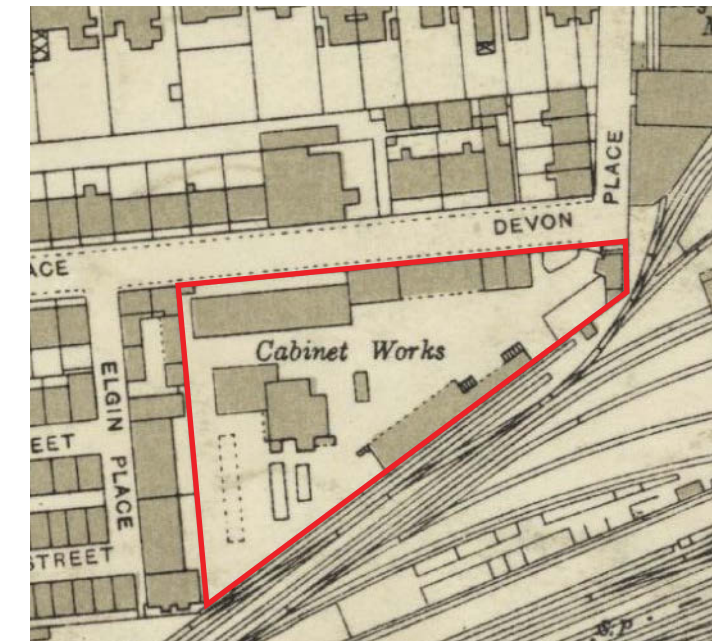
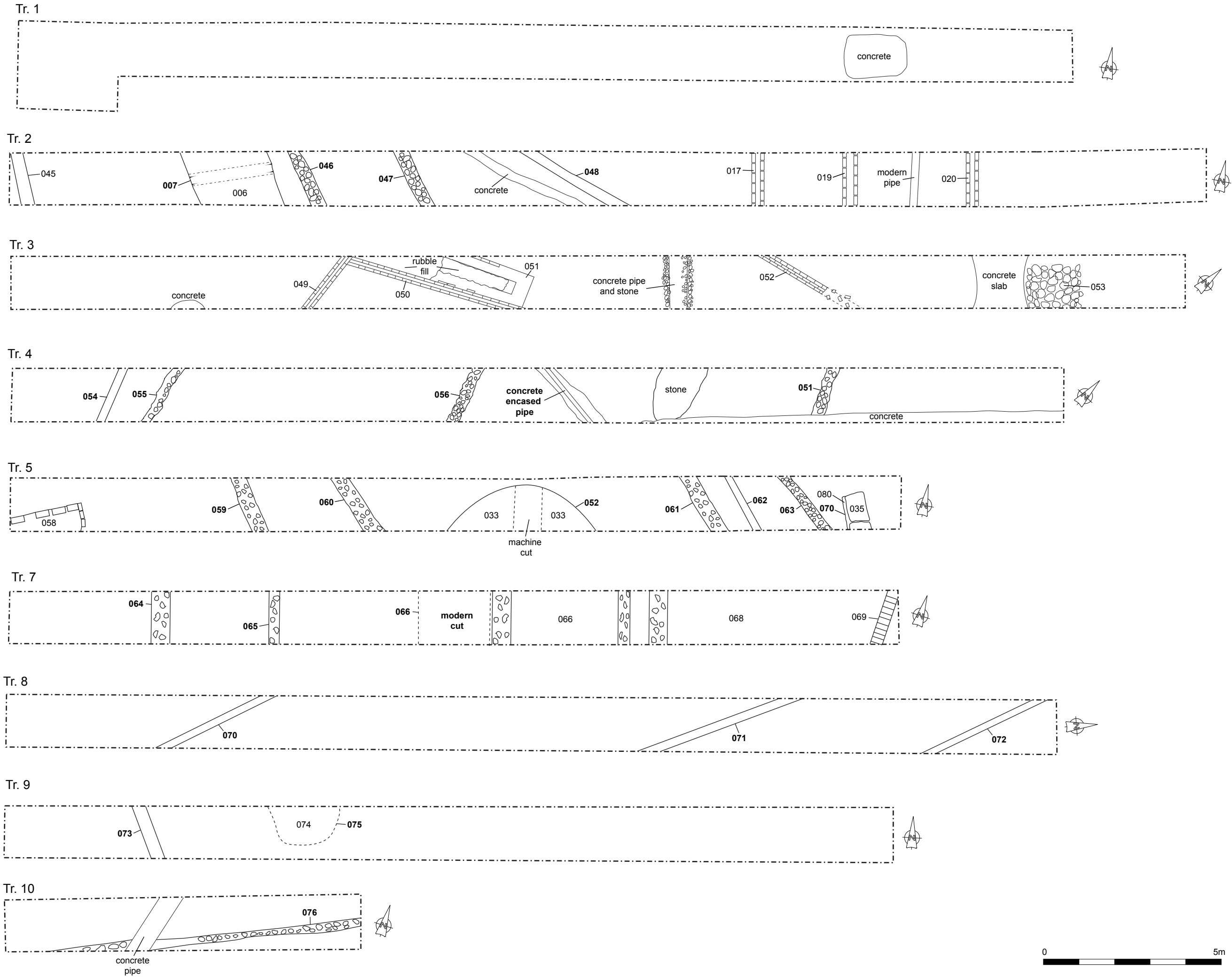


Fig. 2f Extract of map by Ordnance Survey, 1933



Key:



CFA
ARCHAEOLOGY LTD

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w: www.cfa-archaeology.co.uk

Fig. No:	3	Revision:	A
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Title:
Trench plans

Project:
7c Devon Place, Edinburgh

Scale at A3:
1:100

Client:
Taylor Wimpey

Drawn by:	Checked by:	Report No:
GC	LW	2012



Fig. 4 General shot of development area from the north-west



Fig. 5 General shot of Tr. 7 from the east



Fig. 6 Wall 052, Tr. 3 from the east



Fig. 7 Wall 017 cutting through soil deposits in Tr. 2, from the south-east



Fig. 8 Tr. 5 with mortared sandstone fragment 035 in the foreground, from the south-east



Fig. 9 Tr. 2 with possible furrow 007 in the foreground

Key: