



Archaeology  
Data Service

# ADS Case study: Where is our Data: Reaching for the clouds

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*07/12/2022*

## Disaster



## OAIS

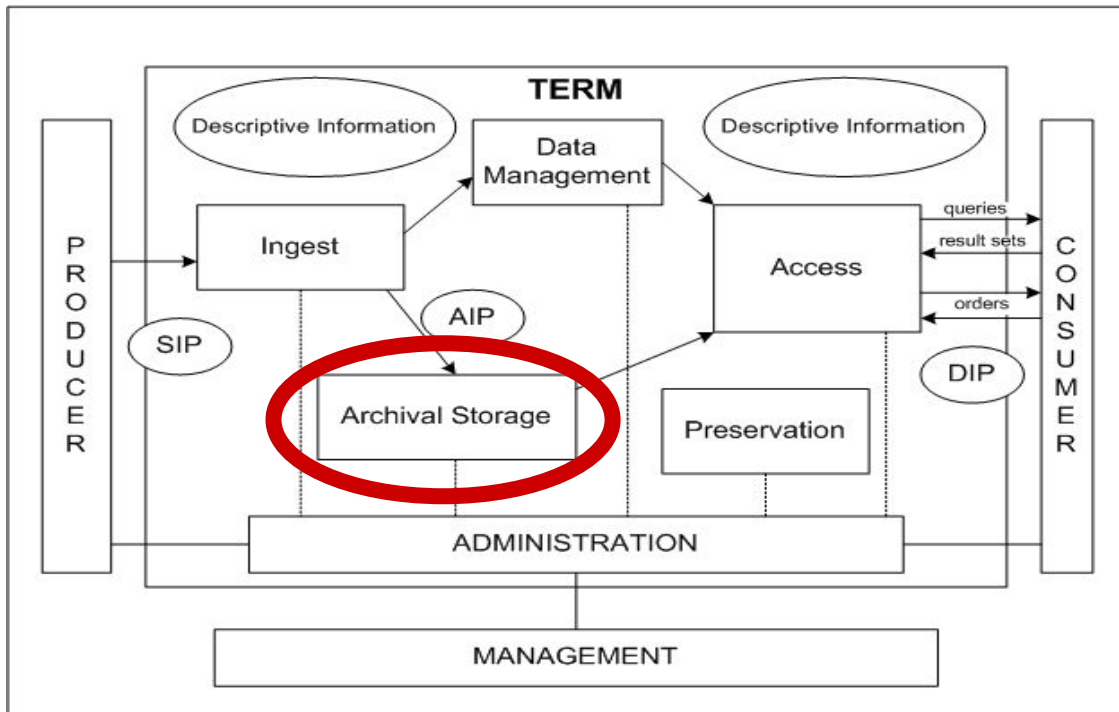
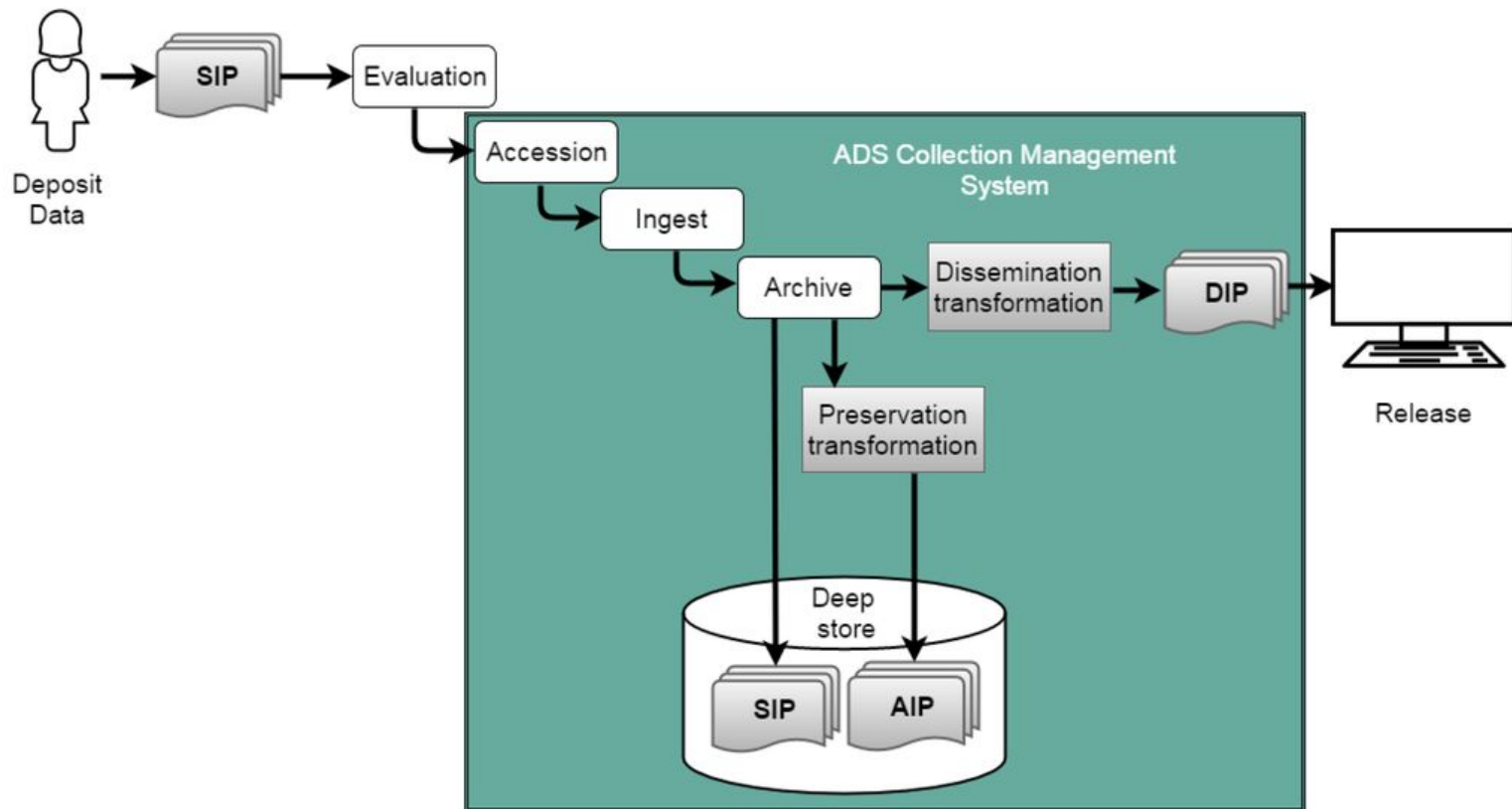


Fig. 1. Major functions of the OAIS Reference Model from Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS), CCSDS 650.0-W-1, Producer-Archive Interface Methodology Abstract Standard, (OAIS), White Book, Issue 1, Draft Recommendation for Space Data System Standards.



**Over 30 terabytes**  
**Over 4 million files**

The image features a solid dark green background. In the center-left, the text "Over 30 terabytes" and "Over 4 million files" is displayed in a large, bold, white sans-serif font. At the bottom of the image, there is a decorative graphic consisting of a light green line that meanders across the width, with several semi-transparent, darker green shapes layered behind it, creating a sense of depth and movement.

## Stage 1: on site backup

- i) Who is responsible for the backup?
- ii) How often does the backup take place?
- iii) Where is the backup?
- iv) What is the backup?
- v) How long is the backup kept?
- vi) How do we get the backup back?
- vii) When do we know we need to get the backup!?

## Stage 1: on site backup

i) Who is responsible for the backup?

***Named member of staff (Paul Young) and a named lead in ITS***

ii) How often does the backup take place?

***Every night***

iii) Where is the backup?

***In a secure UoY ITS store***

## Stage 1: on site backup

iv) What is the backup?

***Magnetic tape***

v) How long is the backup kept?

***90 days***

vi) How do we get the backup back?

***Email request to ITS***



## Stage 1: on site backup

vii) When do we know we need to get the backup!?

### ***Information Security Risk Assessment***

Review all the ways in which we can lose data – threats but also internal mistakes and oversights.

### ***Policy for data integrity (Kieron!)***

Named responsibility for checksums and fixity values

How often? How is this run etc.

**One backup is  
never enough.**

The image features a solid dark green background. In the lower half, there is a light green, semi-transparent wavy line that resembles a stylized mountain range or a fluctuating data line. The text "One backup is never enough." is written in a bold, white, sans-serif font, positioned in the upper left quadrant of the image.



## Off-site storage

***This is, effectively, a third copy of the AIP***

Has to be independent of our main File Store and Backup

Has to be reliable

Has to be affordable – costs have to be clearly understood

Have to be able to get data back quickly – no hidden barriers.

## Cloud storage – Amazon Web Services

***ALWAYS A RISK!***

### ***Advantages***

Quick

Cheap

Scaleable / different options for use of APIs

“Too big to fail”



## Cloud storage – Amazon Web Services

***ALWAYS A RISK!***

### ***Disadvantages***

Lack of clarity over exactly *where* data is

Lack of clarity over what data is stored on

Verifying local (AWS) integrity of files is in their hands...

“Too big to fail”



## Cloud storage – Amazon Web Services

### **ADS:**

All data stored in Republic of Ireland

- Data subject to EU legislation (inc. GDPR)
- Not in the UK (disaster...)

Use of 'deep glacier' tier of storage: most economic for infrequent access

Use of non-public buckets (restrict access)

Cost modeller: allows me to understand what we're spending and what we're likely to spend



## Summary

There is no one-size-fits-all solution!

Key requirements are:

- You have a named responsibility!!!
- This person (or people) have time
- There's a clear schedule and workflow that everyone can follow
- There are always risks with using a cloud-based service, but it does work.  
Just check the details!





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# Thankyou!

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