



Data reuse, digital literacy and the Roman Rural Settlement Project: Structured deposition in Roman Britain

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TRAC Webinar Series - 7th March 2023

Survey

<u>https://york.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_9n7ML6qwl1XpbKu</u>

'To better understand the level of data literacy of the audience for this webinar and ascertain their level of engagement with the Roman Rural Settlement Project archive.'

- Anonymised information.
- All personal information kept in line with the <u>ADS</u>
 <u>Privacy Policy</u> and will be destroyed after a period of 12 months.
- None of the questions are mandatory.





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FAIR Data



Wilkinson, M., Dumontier, M., Aalbersberg, I. *et al.* The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship. *Sci Data* 3, 160018 (2016). <u>https://doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18</u>





FAIR Data in (archaeological) practice

Findable Use of persistent identifiers (e.g. DOI, ORCID), Appropriate metadata, data available via searchable resources.

Accessible Free and open access, long term preservation.

Interoperable Use of standardized vocabularies (e.g. FISH, Getty Thesaurus), References with and between publications.

<u>Reusable</u> Issued with a data licence, necessary descriptive and contextual information for reuse.

Credit: Ainsley Seago



Digital archive / Data repository

- To collect, store and preserve digital data.
- Ensure that each archive is accompanied by rich metadata (data that provides info on data).
- Catalogue archives using provide persistent identifiers.
- Standardised practices for collection, preservation, etc.
- Different repositories for different usage, geographic location, data type (i.e. <u>ADS</u>, <u>tDAR</u>, <u>Zenodo</u>).







As part of your own research have you ever deposited data in an online repository?





Encouraging data sharing - carrot and the stick

Why share and archive data?

- Professional standards (CIfA)
- Publicly funded research ethical responsibility to archive data in open access format [archaeology is destructive!]
- Its increasing becoming a requirement for grant funders (including UKRI and ERC)!
- Reproducibility the ability to test archaeological arguments and explanations.
- Avoids duplication of effort saves time and money.
- Advances research and innovation.
- Encourages collaboration.





The Archaeology Data Service

- Accredited digital archive for UK heritage data
- Founded in 1996 27 years of experience
- Based at the University of York
- Data from UK-based projects
- Data from Industry and Higher Education.
- Archive over 3.5 million unique digital objects
- ...In 312 unique formats
- Linked open data Ariadne Portal
- For more information see our <u>Annual Reports</u>



Have you ever used any resources offered by the Archaeology Data Service?







ADS: Data Access and Reuse



Data access and reuse

FAIR data Identifying copyright Data reuse case studies

Digital Object Identifiers (DOI)

Data access and reuse

All resources archived with the ADS are <u>Open Access</u>, and delivered through our website to facilitate reuse by the heritage sector and wider community.

The ADS is committed to recording and presenting the (re)use of data deposited with us. Every object (i.e. file) download is recoded via <u>Matomo</u>, formerly Piwik, a free and open source web analytics application. We only store the download action itself (the file identifier and date of download), and do not record or keep the IP address the download request came from.

Each Archive has a designated page called 'Usage Statistics' where numbers of Downloads can be viewed and accessed, for an example see the page for the <u>Rural Settlement of Roman Britain archive</u>.

https://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/help-guidance/data-reuse/



So everyone will reuse the data we hold,

IF YOU BUILD IT, THEY L



Data reuse

- Research suggests low levels of data sharing and low levels of data reuse (Huggett <u>2016</u>, <u>2017</u>, <u>2019</u>, Sobotkova <u>2018</u>)
 - Has closely examined archives held by the ADS
 - Ethical and legal obligation to archive archaeological data but no one taking it out!
 - Physical archives and non-archaeological archives suffer similar reuse problems.
 - Key question what are we using this data for? (education, research)
- ADS Digital Data Reuse Awards 2015 <u>found it difficult to attract entries</u>
- Reuse cases difficult to find use of Digital Object Identifiers [Note: PLEASE USE DOI's]
- Example The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain



The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain

- Collaborative project between University of Reading, Cotswold Archaeology and Archaeology Data Service from 2012-18.
- Funded by The Leverhulme Trust and Historic England.
- Database for the <u>excavated evidence for the rural</u> <u>settlement of Roman Britain</u>.
- Both traditional publications and unpublished 'grey literature' from developer-funded excavations.
- Outputs: 3 x volumes (now open access) and interface and datasets available via ADS (<u>Britannia Monograph Series</u>)



Have you ever viewed the Roman Rural Settlement Project online resource?







- Special map interface
- Filter by site type, date, evidence (incl small finds, coins, animal bone, environmental remains)
- Links to grey literature reports held on ADS (through OASIS)



University of York legal statements | ADS terms and conditions | Cookies

Martyn Allen, Nathan Blick, Tom Brindle, Tim Evans, Michael Fulford, Neil Holbrook, Lisa Lodwick, Julian D Richards, Alex Smith (2018) The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain: an online resource [data-set]. York: Archaeology Data Service [distributor] https://doi.org/10.5284/1030449

The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain: an online resource

Martyn Allen, Nathan Blick, Tom Brindle, Tim Evans, Michael Fulford, Neil Holbrook, Julian D Richards, Alex Smith, 2015 (updated 2016)

Home Map About this map



Data Download

- All database tables (csv format)
- All accompanying metadata
- Database relationship diagram (how each database tables relates to one another)

The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain: an online resource

Downloads

Martyn Allen, Nathan Blick, Tom Brindle, Tim Evans, Michael Fulford, Neil Holbrook, Lisa Lodwick, Julian D Richards, Alex Smith, 2015. (updated 2018) https://doi.org/10.5284/1030449. How to cite using this DOI

Rural cottlement of Roman Britain - database

Introduction Overview Downloads Query Man Metadata Usage Statistics

Data copyright @ University of Reading unless otherwise stated

This work is licensed under the ADS Terms of Lise and Access





Primary contact Prof Michael Fulford Professor of Archaeology School of Archaeology, Geography and Environmental Science University of Reading Whiteknights PO Box 218 Reading RG6 6AA England Tel: 0118 3788048 Send e-mail enquiry Resource identifiers ADS Collection: 1352 DOI:https://doi.org/10.5284/1030449 How to cite using this DOI

> University of Reading

Dtabase metadata (ddl) Database metadata (fanual ageing conversion tables)		CSV CSV	31 Kb 1 Kb

_kup_general_environment	CSV	1 Kb
_lkup_non-domestic_structures	CSV	1 Kb
_lkup_site_type_minor	CSV	1 Kb
_lkup_site_type_mjor	CSV	1 Kb
rrs_associd	CSV	131 Kb
rrs_brooch_data	CSV 3	273 Kb
rrs_burial_data	CSV :	802 Kb
rrs_coins_data	CSV :	355 Kb
rrs_core_data	CSV 4	415 Kb
rrs_faunal_ageing_data	CSV :	377 Kb
rrs_faunal_ageing_data_phase	CSV	20 Kb
rrs_general_environment	CSV	10 Kb
rrs_geology	CSV	127 Kb
rrs_grey_literature	CSV 3	386 Kb
rrs_non_domestic_structures	CSV	31 Kb
rrs_other_finds	CSV 1	.44 Mb
rrs_plans	CSV	116 Kb
rrs_plant_data	CSV	661 Kb
rrs_plant_data_phase	CSV	24 Kb
rrs_pottery_data	CSV 1	.03 Mb
rrs_publications	CSV	518 Kb
rrs_site_data	CSV 3	48 Mb
rrs_site_t_major	CSV	124 Kb
rrs_site_t_minor	CSV	126 Kt
rrs_zooarch_data	CSV	838 Kt
rrs_zooarch_data_phase	CSV	71 Kt

Martyn Allen, Nathan Blick, Tom Brindle, Tim Evans, Michael Fulford, Neil Holbrook, Lisa Lodwick, Julian D Richards, Alex Smith (2018) The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain: an online resource [data-set]. York: Archaeology Data Service [distributor] https://doi.org/10.5284/1030449



Data Reuse - The Roman Rural Settlement Project

Usage Statistics



Statistics start from May 2011 but if the values are zero to start with they are not shown. Zero values after the start of use for the archive are shown.





Data Reuse - The Roman Rural Settlement Project

Citation Statistics [dataset]

Searched multiple datasets - Google Scholar, Web of Science

- Total number of citations = <u>29</u>
- Unknown (couldn't access publications) = 2
- False citations (not relevant/misuse of DOI) = 2
- Citations for project (general) =10
- Citations from authors of project = 5
- Citations for reuse of data = <u>10</u> (3 from doctoral research)





Not all projects are visible.....

Data Reuse - The Roman Rural Settlement Project

Latin Now

- Dr Alex Mullen (PI) University of Nottingham
- European Research Council (ERC) funded project 2017 to present
- Interdisciplinary project linking sociolinguistics, epigraphy and archaeology to write social history
- Collates data from multiple projects (RIB online, PAS) including Roman Rural Settlement Project - Beta version available



Have you ever downloaded data from the Roman Rural Settlement Project online resource?





Have you ever used data from the Roman Rural Settlement Project as part of your own research?









Why Reuse data?

- Archaeological investigation in inherently destructive.
- Data collection is time consuming, costly and (sometimes) boring!
- To provide a baseline or context for your own research.
- To improve your own skills through exposure to other data collection methods, tools and analysis.
- Reusing past datasets can help focus research on gaps.
- Greater ability to draw from multiple sources will enable researchers to answer more complex questions.

In your own research work, have you used secondary research data from an online repository that was collected by other researchers?







Barriers to Data Reuse

- Extent to which data reuse is accepted as legitimate research (primary vs secondary data collection)
- Not explicitly stated how data was collected or what research assumptions/definitions were made (Trust!)
- Data reuse may take longer then data creation (Sobotkova 2018)
- Communicating existence of datasets
- Communicating benefits of data reuse
- Digital literacy skills to reuse data for alternative purposes (Garstki 2018)

Sobotkova, A. (2018). Sociotechnical Obstacles to Archaeological Data Reuse. Advances in Archaeological Practice, 6(2), 117-124. <u>https://doi.org/10.1017/aap.2017.37</u>





Addressing Data Reuse

TEtrARCHs: Transforming data rE-use in ARCHaeology

"will experiment with approaches to collecting archaeological data and using that data for storytelling in ways that are meaningful for <u>diverse audiences</u>. Our experiments will help both those who preserve our heritage and the huge range of citizens across Europe who value it."



https://www.tetrarchs.org/



Digital literacy

- Defined as "the ability to communicate about, understand and use digital tools"
- Crucial to expanding use of open access data in archaeology (Cook et al 2018)
- Technological change occurs too quickly Training programmes need to be designed to address deficit in normal curricula
- Training needs: communicate location of useful datasets, instruct how to use archived data, instruct how to use specific software, provide training resources for others to use.
- Gartski 2022: Appendices lots of useful training resources and information.

Garstki, K., 2022. Teaching for Data Reuse and Working toward Digital Literacy in Archaeology. Adv. Archaeol. Pract. 10, 177–186. <u>https://doi.org/10.1017/aap.2022.3</u>

As part of your undergraduate or postgraduate degree have you ever undertaken any formal training for database creation and/or data management?





Have you ever undertaken any formal training in how to navigate data repositories and/or to how to access or use archived data?







Method: Excel or R....

- Better tool for data wrangling
- R reproducible workflow and version control, especially when combined with Github.
- Higher citation rate for publications with code as supplementary data

https://www.jumpingrivers.com/blog/comparing-r-excel-data-wrangling/

Schmidt, S.C. and Marwick, B., 2020. Tool-Driven Revolutions in Archaeological Science. Journal of Computer Applications in Archaeology, 3(1), pp.18–32. DOI: http://doi.org/10.5334/jcaa.29

"FINAL".doc





^CFINAL.doc

FINAL_rev.2.doc





FINAL_rev.6.COMMENTS.doc

FINAL_rev.8.comments5. CORRECTIONS.doc



WWW. PHDCOMICS. COM

What software do you usually use to create and analyse research databases?







Structured deposition in Rural Roman Settlement

- Gap analysis what was analysed/published in original research?
- Limited investigation as part of original project (p275-277)
- Concentration of disarticulated human remains in Central Belt (area defined by RRSP)
- Evidence of cont burial tradition from Late Iron Age (excarnation).
- Evidence sub-divided by phase even distribution from LIA to Late Roman period.
- In contrast to conventional view is that disarticulated remains less abundant after conquest.
- WARNING Demonstrable purposes only! Not fully completed or fledged research at this stage!





Structured deposition in Rural Roman Settlement

Distribution of excavated sites with evidence for disarticulated human bone





BRITANNIA MONOGRAPH SERIES NO. 31 PUBLISHED BY THE SOCIETY FOR THE PROMOTION OF ROMAN STUDIES



Structured deposition in Rural Roman Settlement

D

Database entity relationship diagram

Instructions for use:

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7704647





Structured deposition in Rural Roman Settlement

Insp_reuse - R File Edit Code	studio View Pats Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help		
0 - 0	🗕 🚰 📲 🔚 🚔 🕐 Go to file/function 🛛 🛛 📅 🔹 Addins 🔹		
@ rrsp	join.R* × 🔍 reuse presentation.Rmd* ×		-6
1 2 3 4	<pre>#set dependencies library(dplyr) #import data</pre>	un 🔁	F 🖓 💽 Source 🔹 🛎
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<pre>burial<-read.csv("data/rrs_burial_data.csv") core<-read.csv("data/rrs_core_data.csv") site<-read.csv("data/rrs_site_data.csv") #join data and filter out non-burial data rrsp_burial<-full_join(core, site) %>% full_join(., burial) %>%</pre>		
13 14 15	<pre>#number of entries nrow(rrsp_burial) #sympath data</pre>		
16 17 18	<pre>#export data write.csv(rrsp_burial, "data/rrsp_burial.csv")</pre>		

R code to import and join RRSP data

- Straightforward to rejoin data.
- Using dplyr and ggplot packages to produce visualisations.
- Use R-Markdown to create reproducible framework.
- Burial n=1484
- Disarticulated n=449



England and Wales

Disarticulated remains per region







Central Belt
Central Belt



Disarticulated remains per settlement type





Disarticulated remains per settlement size



Central Belt

Central Belt



Disarticulated remains per settlement type and size









150 -100 -Count 50 -0 -1st century BC -1st century AD -Date 3rd century AD 4th century AD

Date of site per century for sites with disarticulated remains



Date of site per century for sites with disarticulated remains





Structured deposition in Rural Roman Settlement Summary and future research



- BRITANNIA MONOGRAPH SERIES NO. 11 PUBLISHED BY THE SOCHTY FOR THE PROMOTION OF ROMAN STUDIES 3318
- Preliminary analysis but demonstrates untapped potential for dataset.
- Clear geographic differences in distribution.
- Possible preference in location of remains (river valley) association with watery contexts.
- Early date for many sites that containing disarticulated remains.
- Future work:
 - Deeper analysis of settlement form and size
 - Compare results with other regions (including those areas where possible tradition is under represented).
 - Compare disarticulated remains against other evidence for structured deposition (pottery, animal remains etc).





Call to Action

- Consider archiving your datasets with suitable depository (such as the ADS)
- Examine opportunities for reusing data archives held by the ADS.
- Tell us if you have reused ADS data!
- Undertake training in data management and data analysis.



Open Access Archaeology Fund

Set up in our shared 20th anniversary year, ADS and Internet Archaeology launched the Open Access Archaeology Fund, with the specific aim of supporting the publishing and archiving costs of researchers who have no means of institutional support.

https://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/about/the-open-access-fund/

Other ADS archives for the Roman period

<u>Small finds</u>

Brooches in Iron Age and Roman Britain Database (https://doi.org/10.5284/1101996) funded by Oxbow Books

Contains details of all Iron age and Roman Brooches examined by the late Don Macreth, synthesised in his seminal publication Brooches in Iron Age and Roman Britain, published in 2011 by Oxbow Books.

Downloads available:

- All data from Iron Age and Roman brooches database.
- NGR data from the Brooches database.
- Text serial list.
- Abbreviations document.

BROOCHES IN LATE IRON AGE AND ROMAN BRITAIN



Other ADS archives for the Roman period

<u>Pottery</u>

Kay Hartley Mortarium Archive Project (<u>https://doi.org/10.5284/1090785</u>) funded by Historic England

The preserved data of an archive compiled, since 1956, by Kay Hartley, a leading international scholar in mortarium studies, covering all aspects of her mortarium studies.

Downloads available:

- Potter distribution and potter stamp die datasets.
- Scanned stamp rubbings of potter dies.
- Query interface of all data.
- Bibliography.



Other ADS archives for the Roman period

Geospatial / geophysical survey

Silchester Mapping Project 2005-10 (<u>https://doi.org/10.5284/1038434</u>) funded by University of Reading.

Archive for a project that draws together all fieldwork undertaken from 18th century to 2013 as well as new extensive geophysical survey.

Downloads available:

- GIS data (shapefiles) for different features of the Roman town (e..g town walls, upstanding earthworks).
- Data from geophysical survey of town (gradiometry, interpretation of results).
- Introduction to the archive.

SILCHESTER:CHANGING VISIONS OF A ROMAN TOWN

INTEGRATING GEOPHYSICS AND ARCHAEOLOGY: THE RESULTS OF THE SILCHESTER MAPPING PROJECT 2005–10

OHN CREIGHTON with ROBERT FRY



BRITANNIA MONOGRAPH SERIES No. 28 Published by the Society for the Promotion of Roman Studie: 2016

https://doi.org/10.5284/1090308

Training in data management digital archives, FAIR data, digital skills



DATA CARPENTRY

BUILDING COMMUNITIES TEACHING UNIVERSAL DATA LITERACY

https://datacarpentry.org/

Archaeological publications with accompanying R code

https://github.com/benmarwic k/ctv-archaeology#publicatio ns-that-include-r-code

https://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/help-guidance/continuing-professional-development/

Github repository

<u> https://github.com/nickyjgarland/trac_data_reuse</u>

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7704647



Available via Creative Commons licence - modification and reuse

Contents:

- Presentation (recording available via Youtube will link to repo too)
- R code for data analysis structured deposition
- Instructions for using Roman Rural Settlement Project data from the ADS archives
- Survey questions
- Summary of survey results (To be added)



Thank you!

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@ADS_Update

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