The following charter is one of a large collection of similar documents and of private letters relating to the estates and family of the Verneys, still preserved at Claydon House, their ancient seat. The charter seems to have come into the possession of the family as one of the title deeds of the manor of Pendele or Pendley in the parish of Tring, which was the inheritance of Margaret Whittingham, who married John Verney in the reign of Edward IV, and was by him ancestress of Edmond Verney, who sold the manor in the reign of Elizabeth. It has been selected for publication on account of the strong local interest which attaches to it, for it contains the names of very many persons and places, mostly of and in the Hundred of Dacorum in Herts, and near to Tring. Had this document been known to Chauncy or Clutterbuck it would have enabled those industrious writers to give a far more perfect account of the descent of landed property in that division of their county.

Earl Richard, as Lord of the Honour of Berkhampsted, was chief lord of a sort of cape of the county of Hertford, about five miles broad at the base, and which extends to the north-west about eight miles into Buckinghamshire. Berkhampsted Castle stands at the base of this district, the parishes of Puttenham and Long Marston at its apex, and the town of Tring is included within it.

Mainly within this area a certain Rafe de Geyton had acquired divers lands by charters from their owners, and as they were all also within the Honour of Berkhamstead he brought their charters, six in number, before the over-lord for his confirmation, which, with the recitation of each of them, is here given.

Richard Plantagenet Earl of Cornwall and Poictou, better known to posterity by his later title of King of the Romans, was the younger son of King John and brother of Henry III. He was born in 1209, and only eight years old at his brother's accession, by whom nine years later he was created Earl of Cornwall and Poictou. He was for a time heir to the throne, and always exercised great influence in the affairs of the kingdom. In the earlier part of the reign he sided with the Mareschals, and took up arms in their cause, marrying Isabel, daughter of the elder William Earl of Pembroke and widow of the Earl of Gloucester. He was a far wiser man than his brother, who seems to have consulted him on many occasions, although they were often at variance. No doubt his weight was much augmented by his

1 Probably of Gayton near Blisworth, where a family bearing the local surname was flourishing in the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries. There are fine effigies of Philip de Gayton (died 1316) and his wife Scholastica, and a diminutive figure of a child, in Gayton Church.
immense wealth, a part of which he squandered in bribes to the German electors. To the Castle and Honour of Berkhamstead, the caput of his Hertfordshire possessions, he attached great importance, excepting the castle from the estates settled by him in dower on Sauchia of Provence. Wallingford, however, whence the charter is dated, was his chief seat, where he lived with great splendour.

The charter bears date the year before he became King of the Romans. In his latter days Earl Richard took part with the king, and commanded at Lewes, where he was made prisoner. Subsequently, after the surrender of Kenilworth, his counsels, in conjunction with those of Prince Edward, compelled Henry to be merciful, and laid the foundation of the good order by which the new reign was ushered in.

The Earl died at Berkhamstead April 2, 1272, a little before his brother, Henry, his eldest son, died either before or just after him, childless, and Edward, his successor, died also childless in 1300, when the titles became extinct.

The charter contains thirty-nine lines, and is written upon a skin of parchment eighteen and a half inches broad by seventeen and three-quarter inches long, polled at the top and folded at the bottom to carry the cord of the suspended seal. It is written in a clear hand, with good black ink, with the usual abbreviations, which are here, for the most part, expanded. It is quite perfect, save that in the twentieth line a strip of the membrane, about five inches long and a quarter of an inch wide, has been cut out, and is replaced by a slightly larger strip, which is neatly sewn in all round. Although this inserted strip is blank, the top of the letters of the following line run into it, and it is pretty evident that the whole defect is as old as the charter, and was caused by the clerk having made some blunder in the writing which he could not erase, and for the sake of which he did not care to begin his work over again. Probably the Earl's chancery clerks found their own parchment.

The seal is imperfect, but what remains is well cut and clear. It has been circular, three and one-eighth inches in diameter, of dark reddish wax, and about one-third of its most important part remains.

On the upper side, that which corresponds with the face of the charter, is a knight on horseback galloping to the proper left. He wears a loose plaited surcoat, girdled at the waist, and with the skirt flowing freely backwards, shewing the right leg from the knee in armour, apparently mail, with a prick-spur. The right arm, in mail, is extended backwards, and holds upright a long straight sword. Above the upper edge of the surcoat is seen the throat, closely fitted with mail, and on the head a flat-topped helmet. The left arm is covered by a heater shield, which conceals the breast and bears a rampant lion, with probably a border. The saddle is raised before and behind, and the two girths cross saltire fashion under the horse's belly. Over the knight's right shoulder is a narrow embossed belt, for sword or dagger. The horse is cut with great freedom, and does not appear to be in armour. The legend is: "SIGIL[LUM RICARID COMITIS CORNU]BIR."

Upon the obverse is a large, bold heater shield, about two inches high, bearing a lion rampant within a plain border, charged with fourteen roundels. Round and behind the shield is scroll work of an early
English character. The legend, in place of the usual cross, commences with a crescent "SIG[ILLVM] RICARDI COMITIS[CORN]UHIE."

The seal is formed upon two plaited silk cords, either gilt or made with gold thread. The upper bend passes through four holes in the parchment, the lower ends are unravelled as tassels. A not very accurate engraving of Richard’s seal is given by Sandford.

It is remarkable that Richard did not bear the arms of England, but took those of Poictou, “Argent, a lion rampant gules, crowned or,” which he placed within “a border sable, bezantee,” derived from the old Earls of Cornwall, and thus, as was not unusual, represented both his earldoms on his shield.

The present writer, not being familiar with the district, has failed to identify many of the persons and places named in the several charters. Almost all belong to the district, but most of the persons are tenants of the Earl, not tenants in capite, and consequently do not appear in the inquisitions or other records of the realm. Many of the places were those of private estates or farms, not of manors or parishes, and have been lost, and unfortunately there is no inquisition extant giving Earl Richard’s estates at his death, and in which most of these local names would have appeared. What have been recovered have been found in Chauncy and Clutterbuck, in the Close, Patent, and Hundred Rolls, in the Testa de Nevile, and in similar records of the reign of Henry III. No doubt a further search on the spot, into parish terriers and estate maps, would shew many more of these names.—

"OMNIBUS ad quos presens scriptum pervenerit, Ricardus Comes Cornubie et Pictavie, salutem, noverit universitas vestra nos inspexisse cartam quam Galfridus de Lucy fecit Radulfo de Geyton in hec verba.

"SCIANT presentes et futuri quod ego Galfridus de Lucy dedi concessi et hac presenti carta mea confirmavi Radulfo de Geyton, pro homagio et servicio suo, unam virgatam terre et dimidiam et unam acram prati et dimidiam, in feodo meo de Wygenton; scilicet, illam terram quam Willielmus Basset, quondam de antecessoris meis, tenuit in Wygenton; et predictum pratum sicut prescriptum est in Lolleseye; habend: et tenend: de me et heredibus meis sibi et heredibus suis aut suis assignatis, exceptis viris religiosis et Judeis, bene et integre, pacifice, cum suis pertinenciis, reddendo inde annuatim ipse et heredes sui mihi et heredibus meis sex solidos et octo denarios ad quatuor terminos anni, scilicet ad Festum Beate Marie in m....o, viginti denarios, et ad Nativitatem Sancti Baptistae, viginti denarios, et ad Festum Sancti Michaelis, viginti denarios, et ad Nativitatem Domini, viginti denarios, pro omni seculari servicio, salvo forinseco domini regis, quantum pertinet ad tantam terram in eodem manerio, pro hac autem donatione concessione et carte mee confirmacione dedit in manibus dictus Radulius viginti marcis in Gersinnam.

"Et quia ego Galfridus de Lucy et heredes mei dictam terram et prenominatum pratum dicto Radulfo et heredibus suis sicut predictum est contra omnes nominewarantizare debemus, hanc cartam sigilli mei impressione roboravi, hiis testibus, Johanne de Merston, Roberto fratre suo, Iuliano de Chenduit, Symone de Bisevile, Will’mo de Audebur’, Will’mo de Wederore, Alexandro de Wygenton, Waltero de Beledon, Rad: de Nevile, et aliis.

"INSPEXIMUS et cartam quam Sylvester de la Grave fecit predicto Radulfo in hec verba."
"Sciunt presentes et futuri quod ego Sylvest: de la Grave dedi concessi et hac presenti carta mea confirmavi Radulfo de Geyton pro homagio et servicio suo totam terram meam quam habui vel habere potui in villa de Picheleston apud Yseleye cum omnibus suis pertinentiis in aliquo retenemento. Habend: et tenend: sidem Radulfo et heredibus suis vel cuicunque eam dare vel assignare voluerit de me et hereditibus meis, libere quiete integre et plenarie, imperpetuum. Reddendo inde annuatim pro me et hereditibus meis capitalibus dominis feodi illius, quattuor solidos et sex denarios ad tres terminos anni, scilicet ad Festum S'ti Andree octodecim denarios et ad Festum S'ti Marie in m. . . . octodecim denarios et ad Festum S'ti Petri ad vincula octodecim denarios, pro omni servicio, salvo forensecio servicio, et ego Sylvest: et heredes mei warrantabimus predicto Radulfo et hereditibus suis vel ejus assignatis totam predictam terram cum omnibus pertinentiis suis contra omnes gentes imperpetuum. Pro hac autem donacione et presentia carte mee confirmacione dedit mihi predictus Radulphus novem marcas argentii in Gersinnam, et ut hec mea donacio concessio et carte mee confirmacio rata et stabilis imperpetuuni pleverit sigilli mei appositione eam roboravi. Hiis testibus Rad: Marescal':, Rob'to de Dalinghen: Rad': de Eston, Will'mo de Wylbesnade, Henrico de Dagenhale, Simone de Daneville, Adamo de Daneville, Will'mo de Audeburi, Rad: de Bratton clerico, et aliis.

"IUSPEXISHJS et eartam quam Frater Albanus Martel milicie Templi in Anglia minister fecit predicto Rad': in hec verba.

"OMNIBUS et fidilibus ad quos presens scriptum pervenerit Frater Albanus Martel milicie Templi in Anglia minister humilis salutem in domino. Sciatis quod nos de communi consilio et assensu capitali nostri in Pasch: apud Dinesle concessimus et hac presenti carta confirmavimus Rad': de Geyton et hereditibus suis totam terram illam in villa de Pandele quod appellatur la inlande, cum toto Grascrofto et Pinnokeshulle, et cum omnibus alis pertinentiis suis, et illud messuagium quod fuit Alfredi de Woderore cum crofta que pertinet ad idem messuagium, et croftam illam que appellatur Clerke's croft, similiter croftam illam quam appellatur Mustelecsroft, et croftam illam que appellatur la Stane, et totum, assartum in villa de Audeburi, quod est inter terram que fuit Will'mi filii Hugonis de la Grave ex una parte et les Hores ex altera similiter pasturam illam que jacet inter dictum fossatum quod est in superiori parte et viam que appellatur Pottersweyey ex inferiori parte et vocatur pastura illa Saywedune et incipit a fine de Godwinstune et durat usque la Wyngate et de la Wyngate versus vallem usque ad pruam spinam, et de prua spina descendendo usque ad viam que appellatur Pottersweyey videlicet usque ad illam locum ubi via que appellatur Mulusweyey intrat in viam que appellatur Pottersweyey et pratum illud quod est de quatuor acriis in Lullesey et jacet inter aquam de Lullesey et pratum de Wingrave et circuitur ex omni parte de prato de Wengrave, et preterea totum jus quod habuimus de dono Hawysie de Bovill in communi bosco ubi Abbas de la Feveresham et dominus Galfrid: de Lucy communicantur; concessimus et eidem Rad: et heredibus suis quietum de pannagio in bosco de Audeburi quum dedit nobis predicta Hawisia, et preterea decem solidos de dimidia hyda terre in villa de Chetendon que fuit Radulfi de Chetendon et homagium de terra Ricardi filii
Will'mi Meynardi, et duos solidos et corpus suum et consuetudines cum tota sequela sua de terra Bartholomei de Beininden, duos solidos et quatuor denarios et corpus suum et consuetudines cum tota sequela sua de terra Hugonis Grom, sexdecim denarios et corpus suum et consuetudines cum tota sequela sua et totam terram illum quam appellatur Edithecrofite quam Willmus de Wederore tenuit, et totam terram illum quam Alfredus de Wederore tenuit, et totam terram quam Alfredus Juvenis tenuit, et totam terram quam Willmus de Bonteslye tenuit, que terre jacent inter dominacium antiquum et terras hominum de Pendele, et dimidiam virgatam terre quam Rad: de Bonteslye tenuit et corpus suum et sequelam suam, que siclicet omnia predicta tenementa habemus ex dono predicte Hawisie. Habenda et tenenda predicto Rad: et heredibus suis cum omnibus pert's, libere quieta et integre; reddendo inde annuatim domui nostre quinque solidos ad duos anni terminos scilicet duos solidos et sex denarios ad festum S'ti Mich's et duos solidos et sex denarios ad Pasch: Florum: et nos omnia predicta predicto Rad: et heredibus suis warantizabimus. Hiis testibus, domino Galfrido de Lucy, Rad: de Glanvile, Rad: marescal, Radulfo milite de Pichelestorn, G:: milite de ejusdem ville, Gregorio de Lembur', Alano de Hydra, Symone de Frangleye, Roberto de Marisco, Alex: filio Fulcher, Samuele de Wygenton, Johanne de Merston, et aliiis

"INSPEXIMUS et cartam quam Ricardus Maresc: fecit predicto Radulfo in hec verba.

"SCIANT presentes et futuri quod ego Ricardus Marescal' dedi concessi et hac presenti carta mea confirmavi Domino Radulfo de Geyton et heredibus suis vel cui dare vel assignare voluerit et quando, totam terram meam quam habui in villa de Magna Linford, in dominicis et redditibus in homagiis serviis releviis et escetiis in pratis et pasturis in viis et semitiis in boscis et planis et omnibus alis dicte terre pertinentibus, vel que dicte terre pertinere possint pro homaggio et serviciuo suo et pro sexaginta marcas argentii quas mihi pro manibus dedit: tenend: et habend: de me et heredibus meis sibi et heredibus suis vel aut dare vel assignare voluerit et quando in feodo et hereditate, libere quieta bene et in pace; reddendo ipse annuatim mihi et heredibus meis septem denarios, videlicet ad paschiam, pro omni seculari consuetudine secta curie evictiones et demandas salvo forinseco serviciuo domini regis quando scutagium evenerit, scilicet quantum pertinet ad terciam partem unius feodi militis do proprio feodo de Morteyn; et ego predictus Ric: Maresc: et heredes mei warantizabimus acquietabimus et per predictum serviciuum defendemus predicto Rad: de Geyton et heredibus suis et eorum assignatis totam predictam terram cum omnibus suis pertinentiis nominatis et non nominatis contra omnes homines et feminas in perpetuum: et ut hoc mea donacio concessio warantizatio et presentis carte mee confirmacio firma semper permaneat et stabilis eam sigilli mei impressione roboravi. Hiis testibus, Domino Stephano de Chenduit, Ivone de Picheleston, ... orante de Pichelestorn, Ric: de Molend', Will'mo de Audebur', Will'mo filio Philippi, Willmo filio Willmi Thuriet, et aliiis.

"INSPEXIMUS et cartam quam Rogerus filius Ricardi de Dunesle fecit predicto Rad: in hec verba.

"SCIANT presentes et futuri quod ego Rogerus filius Ricardi de Dunesley dedi concessi et hac presenti carta mea confirmavi Rad: de
Geytone et hereditibus suis pro servicio suo, dimidiam virgatum terre cum capitali mesuagio in Dunesle in parochia de Trengae, similiter cum capitali mesuagio in Dunesle similiter cum capite illius acre terre que jacet inter mesuagium predictum et mesuagium Radulfi Clerici de Dunesley et se habitat versus magnam viam in Dunesle, et etiam unam denarium reddites quam recipere solembam de Ricardo Coco de Dunesle de feodo predicti Radulfi, sine aliquo retenemento mihi vel hereditibus meis de se vel hereditibus suis: habend: et tenend: sibi et hereditibus suis vel assignatis, libere quiete bene integre plenarie in pace et honorifice, in viis semiis pratis pasceuis et pasturis et in omnibus locis, faciendo ipse Radulfs et heredes sui vel assignati capitali domino debitem servicium; pro hac autem donacione concessione et presentis carte mee confirmacione dedit mihi predictus Radulfs sex marcas et octo solidos et octo Denarios pre manibus; et ego supradictus Rogerus et heredes mei vel assignati predictam dimidiam virgatum terre cum capitali mesuagio et capita acra et denariis redditus predicto Radulfo et hereditibus suis vel assignatis contra omnes homines et feminas inperpetuum warrantzatibus; et ut hec mea donacio firma sit et stabilis huic presenti carte sigillum meum apposui. Hiiis testibus, Johanne Blundel, Thoma de Huntendon, Will'mo de Wedebore, Johanne Forestario de Trengae, Will'mo de Audeburi, Will'mo Coco, Johanne de Dove, Will'mo de Hamel, Ada Serviente de Pendele, Waltero Clerico de Wygenton, et aliis.

**INSPEXIMUS et cartam quam Ricardus de Habinton fecit predicto Radulfo in hce verba.**

**SCIANT presentes et futuri quod ego Ricardus de Habinton dedi concessi et hab presenti carta mea confirmavi Radulfo de Geyton pro homagio et servicio suo totam terram meam quam Gilbertus calvus advunculus meus tenuit in Seybroc, in Pitcheleston, in Chetendon, cum omnibus pert's ad predictam pertinentibus: tenend: et habend: de me et hereditibus meis dicto Rad: et heredibus suis vel assignatis sex solidos et octo denarios, scilicet ad festum St'e Marie in M.. tres solidos et quatuor denarios, et ad festum S'ti Michaelis tres solidos et quatuor denarios, et mihi et hereditibus meis vel meis assignatis unum par cyroctearum pro omni servicio, salvis duobus solidis solvendis pro quoilibet scutagium quam scutagium currit per preceptum domini regis; et ego predictus Ricardus de Habinton et heredes mei vel mei assignati warrantzatibus per predictum servicium dicto Radulfo et hereditibus suis vel suis assignatis totam predictam terram cum omnibus suis pertinenciis contra omnes homines et feminas: pro hac autem donacione et concessione et warrantacione dedit mihi predictus Radulfs quinquaginta marcas argenti et ut hec mea donacio et concessio et warrantacion rata sit et stabilis presenti scripto sigillum meum apposui. Hiiis testibus, Gileberto Greinvile, Johanne de Merston, Will'mo de Bello Campo, Nicholao Burdun, Militibus; Waltoro de Belenden, Roberto de Merston, Will'mo de Wederore, Will'mo de Audeburi, Will'mo de Hamele, et aliis.

**NOS vero dictas donaciones et confirmaciones ratas et gratas habentes eas predicto Radulfo hereditibus et assignatis suis quibuscumque, exceptis viris religiosis, pro nobis et hereditibus nostris confirmatibus; habendas et tenendas prout predicte ante evidentius et plenius protestantur; in cujus rei testimonium presenti scripto sigillum meum
Original Documents.

apposuimus. His testibus, Stephano de Chenduit, Rogero de Amari, Will’mo Russell, Milone de Belio Campo, Will’mo de M’le, Roberto de Esthall, Will’mo Blundel, Will’mo Thuriet, et alis. Datum apud Walingeford septimo die Julii anno gracie millesimo ducentesimo quinquagesimo sexto.”

It will be seen that the charter commences and concludes with Earl Richard’s confirmation of the contents to Ralph de Geyton, styled in one place Dominus, whom, however, he does not directly address. Of the Earl’s witnesses, Stephen de Chenduit was the head of a family who had long held Charwelton and Middleton-Chenduit, corrupted into Cheyney, in Northamptonshire, and were tenants of the Honour of Berkhamsted. Hulian or Julian de Chenduit granted his manor of Ashridge with Pilston to Edmund Earl of Cornwall. In 1215 King John ordered the Constable of Berkhamsted to give to Rafe Chenduit seizin of his lands. The Amari family held lands under Wallingford, as did the Russells, in the fee of Mortaine, in Northamptonshire. Roger Amari held half a fee in Thornbury of the Earl of Warwick. Miles de Beauchamp held land at Lavenden, Bucks. Blundel was from Devon, and received from the elder Richard, Henry III’s uncle, lands at Binstardeley, co. Northampton, which passed to his brother Robert as "Scutellarius" in the reign of Henry III. William Blundel is described as “Cancellarius domini comitis.”

The Earl’s part of the charter is very brief, and is confined to the introduction and conclusion, and a line introducing each of the six recited charters, to which his confirmation was necessary as over-lord of the Honour of Berkhamsted. All are in favour of Geyton. Geoffrey de Lucy, the first grantor, conveys lands in Wygenton, and a meadow in Lollesey. He was a Baron of the realm, of Newington in Kent, the son and father of other Geoffsries, the first and last Barons. He died 12th Edward I. They held Wygenton, and in Bucks lands in Chetendon. They also gave name to the manor of Lucy’s in Little Gaddesden, which they conveyed to Earl Edmund when he founded a religious house at Ashridge. Wygenton is a parish and manor near Tring. Lollesey was near Albury. The Merstons of Merston, Beds, were local gentry. The Belendens were tenants of Feversham Abbey in Herts. Wm. Basset was probably of Adestoke, Bucks.

Pitcheleston or “torn” and Yseley, in the second charter, are, the one a parish, now Pichelestown or Pitston, and the other a manor. De la Grace occurs at Chalfont St. Giles and in Gloucestershire. Alban or Alan Martel, who grants the third charter, was in 1224 Master of the Temple in England, and Dinsley was one of their Preceptors. Of persons, Ralph de Glanville was a Crevequer tenant, and the Hydes were an old family in Albury. The places named are probably in Tring parish. Chetendon or Cheddington, and Audeburi, Al- or Aldbury are parishes and manors near Berkhamsted. Wengrave is Wingrave, a manor in the Honour, but near Aylesbury. Richard Mareschal, who grants the fourth charter, was of Great Linford near Newport Pagnel, as was Ralph, who was ordered in 1223 to hold Berkhamsted Castle. Rafe Chenduit was conjoined with him.

Dunesle or Dunsley, the land granted by the fifth charter, was in Tring. De Hamele held lands in Herts under Feversham Abbey. Of the persons in the last charter, Nicholas Burdun held Kings Teignton in Devon, and lands in Wilts, Gloucester, and Northampton. He was probably connected with Richard’s earldom of Cornwall.