Assessment of the Post-Roman pottery and ceramic building material from Elloughton, East Yorkshire (OSA01 WB33)

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Two fragments of pottery and three fragments of ceramic building material of post-Roman date were recovered from the excavation of a Romano-British settlement at Elloughton, East Yorkshire (OSA01 WB33). All come from topsoil and are probably all of late medieval date.

Description

Medieval Tile (MTIL)

Three abraded pieces of flat roof tile were recovered from context 1000. All have fabrics which are paralleled at the medieval settlement at Wawne (OSA02 EX02) and they have been given the same subfabric numbers here. They are: CBM2 – quartz/mica silt, CBM2 – calcareous body, CBM5 – calcareous body with added quartz sand. A late or early post-medieval date is likely, based on the comparison with Wawne.

Medieval Pottery

Two fragments of pottery were recovered from context 1000. One is a Humber ware jug or jar and the other a Dutch Red Earthenware cauldron. Both of these types date to the late medieval period, from the middle of the 14th to the early 16th century.

Assessment

These finds are evidence for some activity on the site in the late medieval period, probably related to agriculture. The size and condition of the fragments is consistent with their having been included in manure and then incorporated into ploughsoil.

Appendix One

Context	class	cname	subfabric	SumOfNosh	NoV	Weight Description
1000	СВМ	MTIL	WAWNE CBM3	1	1	8 VABR
1000	СВМ	MTIL	WAWNE CBM4	1	1	3 VABR
1000	СВМ	MTIL	WAWNE CBM5	1	1	2 VABR
1000	CERA	DUTR	MICACEOUS BODY;A RQ >1.0MM;S ROUNDED FINEGRAINED WHITE SST >1.0MM	1	1	18
1000	CERA	HUM		1	1	11