

Archaeological Watching Brief
Newlands Farm
Newlands Road
East Kilbride
SOUTH LANARKSHIRE
EK01



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**ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF
NEWLANDS FARM
EAST KILBRIDE**

EK01

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Illustration 1: Site location plan

Illustration 2: Newlands Farm site plan, including new finds and drainage

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ABSTRACT

GK Design Ltd, on behalf of Abbey Construction Ltd, commissioned Alder Archaeology to undertake an archaeological watching brief on the site of a new build single dwelling house development at Newlands Farm, East Kilbride. The development site was formerly occupied by a single storey cottage- constructed 1853- and associated byre, both demolished to make way for the new build, the site measuring 30m x 25m (NB- this refers to the actual area of development, the entire property being considerably larger) and centred on NGR NS 60515 52387. The work (site code EK01) was undertaken in two stages, the first on 26th-27th August 2015 in generally very wet weather conditions and the second on 8th-9th September 2015 in generally overcast weather conditions. The requirement was to monitor ground-breaking works covering the full area of development. The remains of a leather shoe or boot, of probable Victorian date, were recovered from the foundations of the demolished byre, together with a small quantity of roundwood sticks. This may have been an intentional deposition rather than casual loss. No other remains of archaeological interest were encountered.

1 Background

1.1 Introduction

GK Design Ltd, on behalf of Abbey Construction Ltd, commissioned Alder Archaeology to undertake an archaeological watching brief on the site of a new build single dwelling house development at Newlands Farm, East Kilbride. The development site was formerly occupied by a single storey cottage and associated byre, both demolished to make way for the new build, the site measuring 30m x 25m (NB- this refers to the actual area of development, the entire property being considerably larger) and centred on NGR NS 60515 52387. The work (site code EK01) was undertaken in two stages, the first on 26th-27th August 2015 in generally very wet weather conditions and the second on 8th-9th September 2015 in generally overcast weather conditions. The requirement was to monitor ground-breaking works covering the full area of development.

The work was designed to satisfy the archaeological condition on development application reference EK/13/0008.

1.2 Aims and Objectives

The main aim of this investigation was to establish the presence/absence, date, character and quality of any archaeological remains surviving within the development area.

1.3 Reporting

The present document has been prepared as the final report on this watching brief. Copies will be sent to the client, The Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland and West of Scotland Archaeology Service.

1.4 Planning and Curatorial Issues

This watching brief was designed to satisfy the outstanding archaeological condition on the planning consent for this development.

1.5 Acknowledgements

We wish to thank Mr Brian McCole of Abbey Construction Ltd and Mr Gordon Kerr of GK Design Ltd for their assistance and guidance throughout this project. Abbey Construction Ltd funded this watching brief.

2 Details of Work

2.1 The Site (Illus 1)

The site occupied a rectangle of land aligned approximately northeast-southwest on the southern edge of a steep gully, to the immediate west of Newlands Road, the demolished cottage having been number 1 on this road. A gentle camber with its crest approximately along the east-west diagonal became a steeper slope in the northeast corner of the site, where a concrete drive had been installed to connect with the road (a difference of 1-1.5m between the crest and the corner). Aside from the footprints of the

buildings, the land had formerly been occupied by a garden, including small lawn areas to east and west of the cottage and a flower bed on the extreme eastern edge alongside the pavement. At the time of the watching brief, much of the grassed area was stripped of turf in preparation for the new build, while the ground surface within the building footprints was composed predominantly of levelled demolition rubble in a mixed dust/silt matrix. West of the development area itself, a connected series of modern, corrugated roof barns had been demolished to make way for a site compound; aerial photographs show these to have been connected with the cottage and byre via an area of hard standing.

2.2 Archaeological Potential

The single storey cottage was constructed in 1853 (according to a date stone), while the accompanying byre was of unknown origin but presumed to be of similar age. Not directly affected by the development and left standing outwith the site, a small, rectangular, single storey outbuilding of yellow sandstone with a steeply pitched grey slate roof remained to the northeast of the byre footprint; this may have been of an earlier date of construction than the demolished buildings. While these structures were not themselves covered by the present watching brief, map evidence from Roy (c.1775) and Pont (16th Century) suggested that a farmstead had existed on or near the site since at least the early post-Medieval period. It was possible that subterranean remains representing past settlement on the site might be exposed during the development works.

2.3 Archaeological Method

All ground disturbance was closely monitored by an archaeologist. These included the excavation of foundation and drainage trenches by a JCB excavator equipped with buckets of various widths. Excavation was monitored to the base of the trench (0.6m – 1m below the present ground surface to formation level, 0.8m-1.5m wide), while archaeological features thus exposed were hand-cleaned, measured, located and recorded photographically. Records were also made of exposed stratigraphy using standard methodology.

2.4 Results of Investigations

In general, very few finds of any period were noted during the watching brief. Small quantities of porcelain of predominantly 20th Century date comprised the majority of finds. Across much of the site, the stripped ground surface lay over either deposits of demolition debris or undisturbed natural subsoil, with no deposits of plough soil or garden soil indicating cultivation or occupation. The exception to this was soil 107, in the northeast corner of the site, which containing occasional charcoal flecks may have represented a relict garden deposit, but contained no artefacts. In the northern half of the site, several remains (106, 108, 111, 112, 207) representing the wall foundations of the demolished byre were encountered within both new founds and drainage trenches; sandstone boulders and fragments deriving from the building fabric of the byre were also encountered (102, 104, 203).

Located at NS 60509 52397 in the northwest corner of the site and within wall founds 111, 0.62m below the present ground surface, a leather shoe (115) was exposed within a humic silt (116) which also contained several roundwood twigs. The presence of the shoe may be explained as an accidental loss during construction, but having a rather

pointed toe and lacking hobnails it did not appear to have been a work boot. It may alternatively have been placed within the foundations deliberately, according to a practice once widespread in Europe in which such deposits may have been held to offer protection against evil spirits or bring good luck. The presence of the twigs, of unworked hazel or birch, may be related to this belief, both trees being associated with such protection in folklore. The shoe remains consisted of the majority of the sole (of approximately size 7) with a fragment of the upper including a single eyehole. It could not be securely dated but appeared consistent with known types of Victorian dress shoe or boot, notwithstanding its fragmentary condition.

Two field drains (118, 121) of stone box construction were encountered in the southern half of the site, both on an approximately east-west alignment and extending across the full width of the new build at depths of between 0.3m – 0.6m below the stripped ground surface and descending into otherwise undisturbed natural subsoil (117, 120). Drain 118 was exposed at NS 60505 52382, with 121 lying 4.5m to the south. A deposit of fragmented sandstone rubble (122) lay immediately above both drains and beneath unstripped turf and topsoil (119) in the southwest corner; this appeared to represent rebuilding of the ground surface. The presence of the drains suggested that prior to the construction of the cottage, no surface structures had been present over this part of the site. Extensive deposits of boulder clay across much of the site and indicated that it may not have been well drained, prior to the excavation of drains 118 and 121. The absence of identifiable plough soil or garden soil supported this inference.

A septic tank (208) was partially exposed 2.2m west of the new build foundations. This extended to a drained depth of at least 1.5m (not entered) below the present ground surface and was of unknown extent but likely to have occupied a substantial part of the western edge of the site. A drain on the east side of the tank previously connected it with the cottage.

3 Conclusions and Recommendations

No positive evidence of settlement prior to the construction of the Victorian cottage and byre was exposed during the watching brief. It should be noted, however, that this construction is itself likely to have effectively obliterated older remains within the building footprints themselves. This observation also applies to the septic tank, which previously served the cottage. The field drains exposed suggested that earlier settlement had probably not been present in the southern part of the site. No finds of early post Medieval date were encountered anywhere within the development area.

3.1 Recommendations for Further Work

Alder Archaeology considers that the watching brief on these works was successfully completed and does not recommend further work in connection with this development. However, the final decision ultimately rests with Paul Robbins of WoSAS, as the local area archaeologist for South Lanarkshire.

Appendix 1 Photographic Register

<i>Image No</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>View</i>
0001-0008	Location shots, pre-excavation	E, NE, NW, N
0009-0013	Scraped surface 101	NE, S, E
0014	Working shot, machine at SW corner of site	S
0015-0018	Working shot, excavation of founds trench, NE corner of site	E
0019-0022	Stone 102, in founds trench	E, NE, SE
0023	Location shot, stone 102	E
0024	Wall 106, alongside found trench/stone 102	E
0025-0026	Work/location shots, trench in northeast corner	E
0027	Mixed deposit 107 in founds trench	E
0028	Working shot, founds trench, northeast corner	E
0029	Soil 105	W
0030-0031	Wall 108 (byre) in north facing section of founds trench	S
0032	Mixed deposit 107 in founds trench	E
0033	Deposit 107 in NE facing section of founds trench	SW
0034-0035	Working shot, founds trench in west of site	SE
0036	Demolition material in founds trench	E
0037-0039	Clay silt 110 in founds trench base, west of site	E
0040	Working shot, founds trench in west of site	S
0041	Soil 110 in south-southwest facing section of founds trench	NNE
0042-0044	Soil 110 in founds trench base, west of site	SE
0045	Rubble in founds trench, centre of site	E
0046-0047	Working shots, byre wall 111 in founds trench, centre of site	S
0048-050	Working shots, rubble in founds trench	E, S
0051-0052	Working shots, founds trench in centre of site	S
0053-054	Founds trench, centre of site	S
0055-0057	Working shots, founds trench in centre of site	S

0058-0060	Ceramic drain pipe in founds trench in centre of site	S
0061-0064	Working/location shots, founds trenches in centre of site	SW, S, SE
0065-0067	Ceramic drain pipe in founds trench in centre of site	SE
0068	Wall 108, in southwest facing section of founds trench, northeast corner of site	NE
0069	Working shot, founds trench in southeast corner of site	SW
0070	Soil 110 in northwest facing section of founds trench, southeast corner of site	SE
0071	Soil 110 in base of founds trench, southwest , southeast corner of site	E
0072	Working shot, founds trench in southeast corner of site	S
0073	Location shot, site from southwest corner	NE
0074-0075	Location shot, founds trenches in centre of site	S
0076	Sample section, southeast facing section of founds trench, northwest corner of site	NW
0077-0078	Wall 111 in founds trench, northwest corner of site	E, W
0079-0080	Demolition rubble in east facing section of founds trench, southeast corner of site	W
0081-0083	Wall 112 in northeast facing section of founds trench, northwest corner of site	SE
0084	Location shot, wall 112	E
0085-0086	Boulder clay 114 in north facing section of founds trench	S
0087-0088	Working shots, founds trench in centre of site	S
0089-0090	Location shot, founds trenches in northern half of site	NE
0091	Working shot, founds trench in centre of site	S
0092	Location shot, founds trench in centre of site	E
0093-0096	Sample section, boulder clay (114) in founds trench, southwest corner of site	S
0097-0098	Date stone from demolished cottage, "1853"	NE
0099-0100	Location shots, outbuilding (from farm) outside northern boundary of site	NW, N
0101	Location shot, site from southwest corner	NE
0102	Location shot, north end of site	E
0103	Location shot, site from northwest corner	S
0104-0107	Shoe 115, in situ	SSW, NW

0108-0109	Wall 112, in west facing section of founds trench, west of site	E
0110-0111	Subsoil 117, in founds trench	SW
0112	Location/working shot, site from northwest corner	S
0113-0114	Working shot, founds trench in centre of site	S
0115-0119	Field drain 118, in east and west facing sections of founds trench	SW, W, E
0120	Working shot, founds trenches in centre of site	S
0121-0122	Rubble in founds trench, centre of site	SW
0123	Working shot, founds trench in centre of site	S
0124	Location shot, founds trenches and outbuilding from south end of site	N
0125	Working shot, founds trench in southwest corner of site	W
0126-0127	Boulder clay 120 in northwest facing section of founds trench	SE
0128-0129	Working shots, south end of site	SE
0130	Location shot, site from west side	E
0131-0132	Field drain 121, in southeast facing section of founds trench	NW
0176-0177	Location shots, site with founds in place	NE
0178	Location shot, line of drain track	NW
0179	Location shot, manholes in northeast corner of site, with track	N
0180-0181	Working shot, stripping tarmac, north end of site	N, NW
0182-0184	Working shots, digging connection with manholes, with rubble deposit	NE
0185-0186	Working/location shots, plastic drainpipe 204 in drain track	NE
0187	Working shot, digging track with rubble deposit	NW
0188-0189	Ceramic drain pipe and stone dump 205 in north facing section of drain trench	S
0190	Working shot, east end of drain trench	W
0191-0192	Natural incline of slope beyond built up area (made ground), outside site	N
0193-0194	Rubble in drain track	W
0195	Location/working shot, east end of drain trench	E
0196-0197	Sample section, made ground in south facing section of drain trench	N
0198-0203	Working/location shot, plastic water pipe across drain track	N, NW, W

0204-0206	Location shot, line of drain track along north edge of site	E
0207	Location shot, line of drain track along west edge of site	S
0208	Location shot, part-backfilled east end of drain trench, drains in place	E
0209-0210	Sample sections, north facing section of drain trench	S
0211-0214	Location shots, plastic water pipe across drain trench	SW
0215-0218	Subsoil 117 in drain trench base	S
0219	Rubble in drain trench	W
0220	Working shot, drain trench, northwest corner of site	W
0221	Working/location shot, drains in trench	E
0222	Working/location shot, line of drain track on west edge of site	S
0223	Working/location shot, drain trench along north edge of site	E
0224-0225	Working shots, drain trench along west edge of site	S
0226-0227	Wall 207 in south facing section of drain trench	N
0228-0229	Septic tank 208	W, SW
0230	Location shot, line of drain track along south edge of site	E
0231	Location shot, line of drain track along east edge of site	N
0232-0233	Working shot, drain trench along west edge of site	S
0234	Sample section, west facing section of drain trench, west edge of site	E
02350237	Working shots, drain trench, west edge of site	S
0238-0240	Boulder void in drain trench, west edge of site	E
0241	Ceramic drain pipe (broken) in drain trench, west edge of site	S
0242	Remington house brick in drain trench, west edge of site	S
0243	Ceramic drain pipe (broken) in drain trench, west edge of site	S
0244-0245	North facing section of foul water trench, west edge of site	S
0246	Location shot, foul water trench, west edge of site	E
0247-0248	Location shot, part-backfilled drain trench, west edge of site, pipes in place	NE
0249	Working shot, drain trench, west edge of site	S
0250	Sample section, west facing section of drain track, west edge of site	E

0251-0252	Location shot, part backfilled drain track, west edge of site, drain pipes in place	S
0253	Working shot, drain trench, southwest corner of site	S
0254-0256	Subsoil 117, above field drain 121 (not reached) in drain trench, southwest corner of site	E
0257-0258	Kerb 209, southwest corner of site	NE
0259-0260	Location shot, part backfilled drain track, west edge of site (drain pipes in place)	N, NE

Appendix 2 Context Register

<i>No:</i>	<i>Description</i>
101	Redeposited topsoil, admixed mid-brown sandy silt and rubble fragments, demolition layer redeposited as made ground, moderately compact, c.30% stone fragments, 0.2m thick (average), present in north and centre of site
102	Flat sandstone block in northeast corner of site within new founds trench, outlier of rubble 104, 0.3m below stripped ground surface
103	Tarmac and concrete surface (present ground surface) on north and northeast edges of site, 0.1-0.15m thick
104	Sandstone rubble fragments and boulders occasionally present within or beneath 101 within footprint of demolished byre
105	Grey clay-sand in founds trench to west of and beneath block 102 and beneath 101, moderately compact, c.10% stone fragments, 0.3m thick (average), oil contamination apparent.
106	Sandstone wall founds, north wall of byre, southeast-northwest alignment along north edge of site within drain trench, 0.1m below tarmac 101 to base of trench (minimum depth 0.9m), composed of sandstone slabs up to 2m x 0.5m x 0.3m, no trace of mortar- foundations of wall.
107	Mottled clay-sand-gravel mix in base of founds trench within byre footprint (0.6m below present ground surface to formation level), dark grey, moderately compact, occasional charcoal flecks and shale fragments. No pottery, probably not ploughsoil but possibly occupational.
108	East wall of byre in north-south founds trench, northeast corner of site, adjoining 106 to the east, same dimensions
109	Lens of black tarmac powder 0.4m below present ground surface in far northeast corner of site, 0.11m thick, beneath 101
110	Dense mid/dark-grey clay silt beneath 101 in north-centre of site, west of 105 and 107. Similar to 105, but denser, occasional fragments of shale, occasional large (up to 0.8m diameter) sandstone boulders, to base of trench. Boulder clay.
111	Sandstone wall founds, south wall of byre, parallel with 106 and 4.8m to south, running diagonally across founds trench in northeast corner of site, 0.9m thick to base of trench.

112	West end of wall 111 on west side of site, in north facing section of founds trench
113	Light brown/yellow clay-sand replacing 101 in centre of site, beneath former cottage footprint, moderately compact, few inclusions, appeared undisturbed- possible natural subsoil beneath demolished building
114	Blue-grey boulder clay beneath 101/113 in centre and southwest of site, undisturbed natural subsoil to base of trench
115	Leather shoe (sole, with fragment of upper), size 7 men's boot, pointed toe, no hobnails- dress rather than work boot, in trench base in northwest corner of site, within wall 112 at 0.6m below present ground surface 6.4m from western edge of site, 6.7m from north edge, within humic silt 116
116	Humic silt lens within wall founds 112, containing shoe 115 and fragments of roundwood twigs, charcoal and single sherd of white porcelain, moderately loose, decayed organic matter
117	Coarse yellow/brown sand, occasional sub-rounded pebbles, moderately compact, undisturbed natural subsoil beneath turf 119 in southwest corner
118	Field drain on east-west alignment close to mid-point of westernmost founds trench, stone rubble box construction, 0.3m beneath present ground surface (top) to 0.55m (base)
119	Unstripped turf and topsoil in southwest corner of site, 0.1m thick (average)
120	Yellow-green boulder clay immediately beneath 101 along south edge of site, to base of trench (1m depth), undisturbed natural subsoil
121	Field drain in southwest corner of site, on east-west alignment 4.5m to south of 118, stone rubble box construction, 0.3-0.6m below present ground surface
122	Sandstone rubble fragments, slate fragments beneath 119 in east facing section of founds trench, southwest corner of site- landscaping/ground rebuild over field drains
	Drain contexts
201	Tarmac over drive area in northeast corner of site, 0.1m thick
202	Rubble, gravel, clinker mix forming hardcore under tarmac, recently deposited around manholes in northeast corner of site and containing plastic drain 204
203	Occasional large (c.1m) boulders, demolition rubble beneath 202
204	Plastic drain pipe 0.5m below present ground surface on southeast-northwest alignment 2m from manholes in new drain track (fragments of ceramic pipe indicate earlier drain)
205	Yellow sandstone fragments beneath 202, stone dump levelling for tarmac/concrete drive surface
206	Ceramic drain pipe within 205 in north facing section of new drain trench, 3m from manhole at 0.6m depth
207	West (back) wall of byre in corner of north an west drain trenches on northwest-southeast alignment, 0.15m below 201 to base of trench
208	Septic tank, brick and concrete construction, partially exposed 2.2m west of new build founds, drained depth at least 1.5m (not entered), ie, beneath trench base (0.7m at this point), full area unknown

209	Concrete kerb in southwest corner of site, edge of former drive/entrance
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Appendix 3 Drawing Register

<i>Sheet No.</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Scale</i>
1	Site notes, Aug 2015, with location sketches	1:100
2	Site notes, Sept 2015, with location sketches	1:100

Appendix 4 Finds Register

<i>Context</i>	<i>Material Type</i>	<i>Details</i>
101	Porcelain	1x sherd willow-print 19 th /20 th C, plate or saucer
101	Ceramic tile	3 x sherds porcelain-coated red ceramic wall tile, bathroom or kitchen
101	Plaster	1 x fragment white-painted wall plaster
110	Porcelain	1 x sherd green & orange- painted white porcelain, 19 th /20 th C, plate
110	Ceramic	1 x rim sherd white-glazed redware, 19 th /20 th C, plate
110	Ceramic	1 x sherd brown-glazed redware, 20 th C, bowl or plate
110	Slate	1 x fragment burnt slate
115	Leather	Leather shoe/boot, sole and fragment of upper, pointed toe, single remaining eyehole, no hobnails, men's dress shoe/boot, size 7, Victorian
116	Porcelain	1 x sherd plain white porcelain, 19 th / 20 th C, tea cup

Appendix 5 Discovery & Excavation in Scotland Entry

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	South Lanarkshire
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME:	Newlands Farm, East Kilbride
PROJECT CODE:	EK01
PARISH:	?
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR(S):	C Fyles
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	Alder Archaeology Ltd
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Watching Brief
RCAHMS NO(S):	None
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	Former farm buildings (demolished)
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	Leather shoe (Victorian)
NGR (2 letters, 8 or 10 figures)	Site centred on NS 60515 52387
START DATE	26/08/2015
END DATE	09/09/2015
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. <i>DES</i> ref.)	None
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	GK Design Ltd, on behalf of Abbey Construction Ltd, commissioned Alder Archaeology to undertake an archaeological watching brief on the site of a new build single dwelling house development at Newlands Farm, East Kilbride. The development site was formerly occupied by a single storey cottage- constructed 1853- and associated byre, both demolished to make way for the new build, the site measuring 30m x 25m (NB- this refers to the actual area of development, the entire property being considerably larger). The work was undertaken in two stages, the first on 26 th -27 th August 2015 in generally very wet weather conditions and the second on 8 th -9 th September 2015 in generally overcast weather conditions. The requirement was to monitor ground-breaking works covering the full area of development. The remains of a leather shoe or boot, of probable Victorian date, were recovered from the foundations of the demolished byre, together with a small quantity of roundwood sticks. This may have been an intentional deposition rather than casual loss. No other remains of archaeological interest were encountered.
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	None
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Abbey Construction Ltd
CAPTIONS FOR ILLUSTRS	-
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	Alder Archaeology Ltd, 55 South Methven Street, Perth PH1 5NX

ARCHIVE LOCATION (intended)	RCAHMS (intended)
EMAIL ADDRESS:	director@alderarchaeology.co.uk

Appendix 6 Standard Terms of Reference for all Fieldwork

6.1 Recording Methodology

Alder Archaeology employs a Single Context Recording System that allows full cross-referencing of stratigraphy, finds and environmental samples, as well as site-wide phasing. All features will be planned at scale 1:20, and sections drawn at scale 1:10. Sections and profiles will be drawn and all features will be photographed with metric scale included. Environmental samples will be taken from archaeologically significant contexts, if the analysis of these samples would aid significantly in the interpretation of any features identified.

6.2 Human Remains

If human remains are encountered they will be left in situ and the local police will be informed. If removal is required this will take place in compliance with Historic Scotland's Policy Paper *The Treatment of Human Remains in Archaeology*.

6.3 Products and Reporting

A Data Structure Report will normally be prepared within a period agreed within the Written Scheme of Investigation/ Project Design, after the completion of the fieldwork. This forms the basic level of reporting. Further reporting may be required on the basis of discoveries made during excavations.

A copy of the report and the project archive will be deposited in the NMRS. Further copies will be sent to the client, LAAO and others, as appropriate.

6.4 Artefacts

Finds of objects will be subject to the Scots Laws of Treasure Trove and *Bona Vacantia*. We will report such finds, if recovered, with supporting documentation to the Secretariat of the Treasure Trove Panel for disposal to the appropriate museum.

6.5 Discovery and Excavation in Scotland

A brief summary of the results will be submitted to *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland*.

6.6 General Conditions and Health and Safety

We adhere to the Code of Conduct of the Institute for Archaeologists.

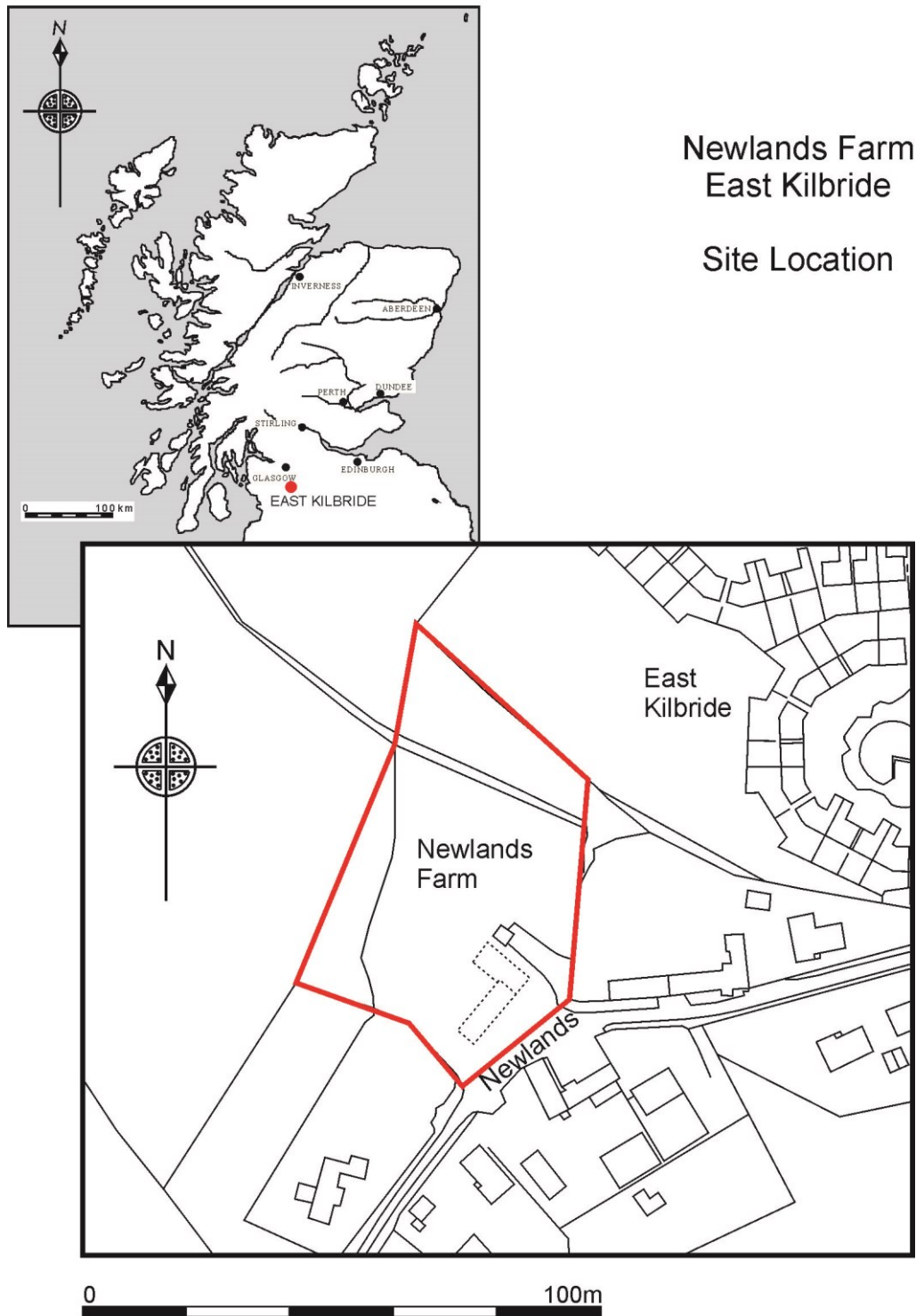
Alder Archaeology Ltd has public liability insurance of £2,000,000. Details of this can be provided on request.

We operate a strict health and safety policy and conforms to the Health and Safety at Work Act. We undertakes Risk Assessments on all fieldwork carried out.

Alder Archaeology representatives will at all times wear protective footwear, high visibility clothing and other appropriate clothing. Hard hats will be worn if there is active plant on site or at all times if the site is deemed a hard hat area.

If lightly contaminated deposits are uncovered disposable boiler suits and gloves will be worn. A source of clean water will be made available for staff to clean hands with. If the health risk posed by site contamination is felt to be too high all further archaeological work will stop in that area.

Illus 1

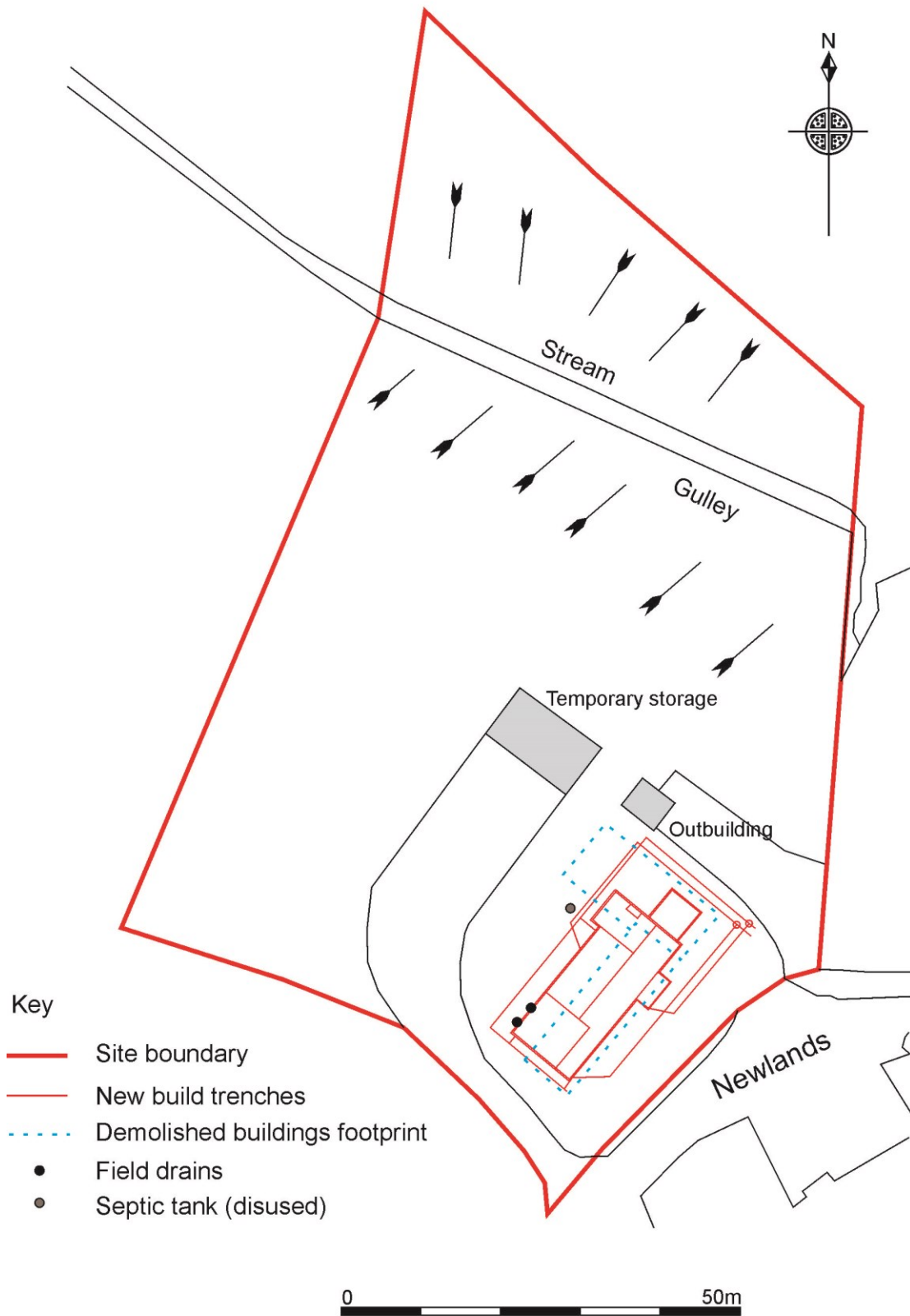


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Illus 2 Newlands Farm site plan, including new finds and drainage



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