Archaeological Evaluation Mains of Murie, Errol, PERTH AND KINROSS

ER07



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ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION MAINS OF MURIE, ERROL, PERTH

ER07

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Frontpiece: Trench 08 showing ditch feature

Illustration 1: Site location plan Illustration 2: Trenches and Development Locations Illustration 3: Access Road for Watching Brief Illustration 4: Ditch feature Trench 01 and 08 Illustration 5: Image, Ditch Feature Trench 01 Illustration 6: Image, Ditch Fill Trench 01 Illustration 7: Features in Trench 02 Illustration 8: Image, Trench 02 Sondage 1 Illustration 9: Image, Trench 02 Sondage 2 Illustration 10: Image, Trench 08 Continuation of Ditch

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ABSTRACT

Alder Archaeology Ltd was commissioned to undertake an archaeological evaluation (site code ER07) at Mains of Murie Farm, Errol, Perth (NGR NO 2337 2191), in advance of the erection of a grain store. The site was considered to have good archaeological potential as it is located adjacent to Scheduled Monument Mains of Murie unenclosed prehistoric settlement (SM 7218). Two other Scheduled Monuments (7299 and 7217) representing prehistoric settlement are also located in the immediate vicinity. The brief was to evaluate 10% of the development area for the new grain store. In total eight trenches were excavated and recorded. The work was undertaken during the period 4th and 5th of May 2017 in hot sunny weather conditions.

Archaeological features cut into the natural subsoil were found only in trenches 01, 08 and 02. These features are likely to be associated with the unenclosed settlement (SM 7218). No positive dating evidence was found in their fills.

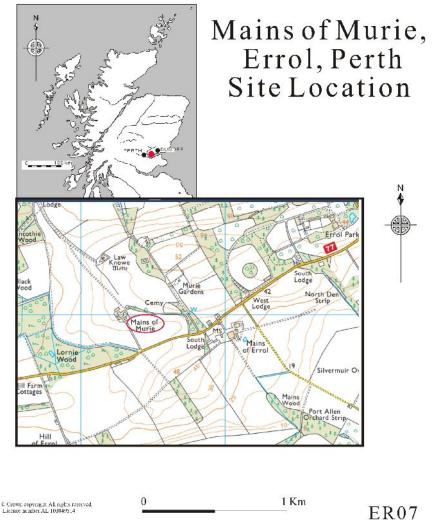
In trench 01 a ditch, 1.5m across the top and 0.50m across the base was revealed. This feature had a depth of 0.54m and contained three fill deposits. The course of the ditch was further investigated with the excavation of a smaller, parallel trial trench, 08. In trench 02 a large cut feature with a curved SW edge was found at the NE end of the trench. A sondage in the interior of the cut revealed two distinct fills and a possible cobble floor. At the curved edge of the feature a further sondage found a stepped edge having a total depth of 0.42m with a step 0.26m wide.

Alder Archaeology recommends that, in mitigation, a strategy should be developed to preserve the surviving remains either in situ or by record.

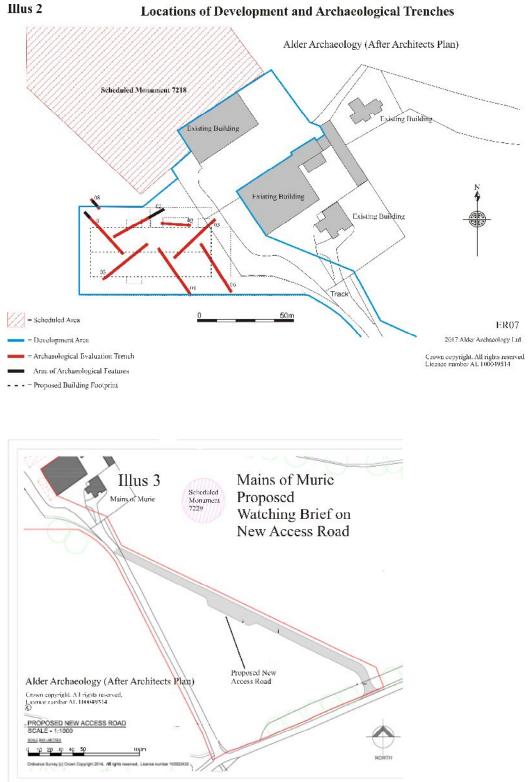
A watching brief on a new vehicular access route will also be required when groundworks for this part of the development commence.

The work was entirely funded by the developer.

Illus 1



Alder Archaeology Ltd June 2017



1 Background

1.1 Introduction

Alder Archaeology was commissioned by Errol Enterprises Ltd to undertake an archaeological evaluation on the site of the proposed erection of a grain store and a watching brief on a new access route at Mains of Murie, Errol, Perth, PH2 7TG. The work was designed to satisfy the archaeological condition on development application reference 17/00097/ FLL. The proposed development site for the grain store is part of a ploughed field adjacent to and on the SW side of Mains of Murie farm centred on NGR NO 2337 2191. The evaluation (site code ER07) was undertaken during the period 4th and 5th May 2017 in warm sunny conditions. The requirement was to evaluate 10% of the available area, that is 380m². This was accomplished with excavation of 6.5 trenches 30 X 2m. In the event an additional trench measuring 8 X 2m was excavated to investigate a ditch feature found in trench 01. Special attention was paid to the possibility of finding prehistoric settlement remains associated with Scheduled Monument Mains of Murie unenclosed settlement (SM 7218) which lies directly on the N side of Mains of Murie farm and directly N of the development site. Archaeological features cut into the natural subsoil were found in trenches 01, 08 and 02 which were considered likely to be associated with the unenclosed settlement (SM 7218). No positive dating evidence was found in the fills of these features. No archaeological features were found in the remaining trenches.

A watching brief will be required on a new vehicular access route on the SE side of Mains of Murie when groundworks for this part of the development commence.

1.2 Aims and Objectives

The main aim of this evaluation was to establish the presence/absence, date, character and quality of any archaeological remains surviving within the development area. Of importance were any remains that were considered to be prehistoric and related to the Mains of Murie unenclosed settlement. The results of this evaluation will be used to inform future mitigation strategies for the proposed development.

1.3 Reporting

The present document has been prepared as the final report on this evaluation. Copies will be sent to the client, Historic Environment Scotland and Perth and Kinross Historic Environment Record.

1.4 Planning and Curatorial Issues

The evaluation is part of a programme of archaeological work designed to satisfy the outstanding archaeological condition on the planning consent for Planning Application 17/0009/FLL.

Further work will be required in the form of a watching brief when groundworks commence on a new vehicular access route. Reporting for the future watching brief will either be in the form of an addendum to this report or a separate report depending upon the progress of the development.

Terms of Reference regarding the archaeological input into this development were supplied by Perth and Kinross Heritage Trust. A Written Scheme of Investigation was supplied by Alder Archaeology Ltd and approve by PKHT.

1.5 Acknowledgements

We wish to thank Richard Henderson of Savills and Sarah Malone of Perth and Kinross Heritage Trust for their assistance and guidance throughout this part of the project. The evaluation was fully funded by Errol Enterprises Ltd.

2 Details of Work

2.1 The Site (Illus 1, 2 and 3)

The site lies approximately 1³/₄ Km to the SW of Errol on the shoulder of a gravel ridge at 40m OSD. The development comprises an area of new build 3,800m² on the W side of Mains of Murie farmstead which required the evaluation of 10% of the available area. In addition the construction of a new access route 6,904m² on the SE side of the farm will require a watching brief when construction begins.

2.2 Archaeological Potential

The development site lies within an area that is considered to be highly archaeologically sensitive. The development area is located immediately adjacent to and to the S of Scheduled Monument Mains of Murie unenclosed settlement (7218). The monument comprises an unenclosed settlement of prehistoric date, visible as a series of cropmarks on oblique aerial photographs. The aerial photographs show crescent-shaped cropmarks and a series of overlapping disc-shaped cropmarks, which are characteristic of the remains of timber roundhouses of the later prehistoric period. Further, less regularly-shaped cropmarks around these principal features appear to represent the remains of associated structures. There are also two additional Scheduled Monuments located in close proximity to the proposed development area. These are Mains of Murie, ring-ditch (7229), 90m E of the development site and Mains of Murie, enclosure (7217), 280m W of the development site. Taken together, these features represent the remains of a substantial later prehistoric settlement. It was considered that there was good potential for archaeological remains associated with the prehistoric settlement to have survived within the development area.

Evaluation of the site of the development area found archaeology in trenches 01, 08 and 02. The archaeology represented a ditch feature (trench 01 that continued into trench 08) and a large cut feature (trench 02) with a curved SW edge. Both features were considered to be prehistoric in date although no positive dating evidence was recovered.

2.3 Archaeological Method

For the evaluation 6 trenches each measuring 2 x 30m and one 2 X 15m were excavated giving an investigation totalling 10% of the available area. A further trench measuring 8 X 2m was placed so as to intercept and investigate the continuation of the ditch feature found in trench 01. All trenches were excavated with a JCB sitemaster type of machine equipped with a ditching bucket. Archaeological features were hand cleaned, investigated by sondages, and recorded. The trenches were located both by EDM and a hand held GPS.

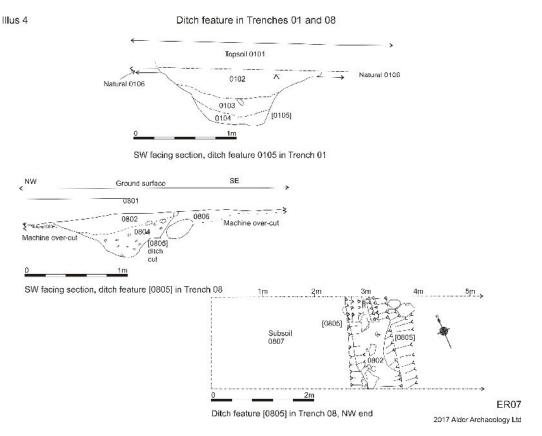
2.4 Results of Investigations

Trench 01 (ditch feature)

Trench 01 was 30m in length and 2m wide and aligned NW-SE. Topsoil 0101 was a sandy loam averaging 0.30m in thickness. Natural comprised orange brown sandy gravel with abundant pebbles and occasional larger rounded stone.

At the NW end of trench 01 a ditch feature (cut 0105) was located crossing the trench in NE-SW direction. The ditch was 0.54m deep, it had gently sloping sides with a top width of 1.5m and a flattish base, 0.50m wide. The ditch contained three fills; 0102, the top fill, was a dark brown sandy loam 0.54m thick. The mid fill, 0103, contained more sand than the top fill and was 0.16m thick. The bottom or primary fill (0104) was orange brown loamy silt and gravelly sand, similar to the natural deposit. There were no associated finds or any other dating evidence. The function of the ditch was not ascertained, it may have been for drainage or a boundary ditch. To further investigate the course of the ditch another trench 08 was dug parallel to trench 01 and 6m to the NE (see trench 08).

At 10m from the trench NW end a machine cut sondage 1.30m wide and 1.20m deep was made into the natural deposits forming the floor of the trench. The sondage verified the gravelly nature of the natural to that depth. No further archaeological features were found in the remainder of this trench.





Illlus 5: Trench 01 ditch feature view SE



Illus 6: Trench 01 ditch fill detail view E

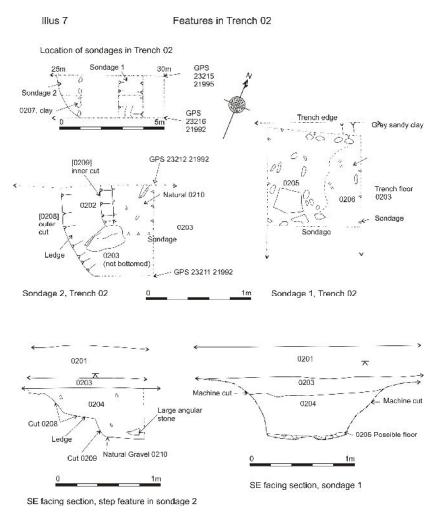
Trench 02 (large cut feature with curved edge)

Trench 02 was 30m in length, 2m wide and aligned NE-SW. Tosoil was 0.30m in depth and natural deposits comprised sandy gravel. At 3.50m from the trench SW end three split boulders (0203) were located the centre of the trench on the surface of the natural. The boulders appeared to be natural and in situ.

The N end of the trench contained a large cut feature which a curved S edge located within the last 5m of the trench NE end. The N edge of the feature and its other sides lay beyond the trench edges.

To investigate the feature a sondage (sondage 1) measuring 0.50 X 0.50m was excavated by machine and cleaned by hand 3m to the NE of the curved S edge of the feature. The sondage revealed an upper fill of mid-brown sandy gravelly loam 0.18m thick (0203) and a lower fill, 0.38m thick, of sandy gravel with abundant small pebbles (0204). Below (0203) was a deposit of cobbles and fragmented stone within light brown clayey silt, (0205) which may have been a natural deposit forming the 'floor' of the feature. A sample was taken of the fill (not processed). No dating evidence or finds were recovered from this sondage.

A further sondage (sondage 2), 0.80m wide and 0.90m long was made at the curved edge of the feature. Here the cut (0208) for the edge of the feature was revealed. The cut formed a curved stepped edge with a total depth of 0.42m, the step or ledge had a width of 0.26m. No finds were recovered although some charcoal was found in the fill and a sample (not processed) of the fill was taken. Alder considers that this represents the site of a prehistoric feature, possibly a round house. A sondage 1.20m wide was excavated into the natural deposit, 15.5m to the NE of the trench SW end, which verified the gravelly nature of natural to a depth of 0.85m. No further archaeological features were found in this trench.



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Illus 8: Trench 02, sondage 1, fill and possible floor, view NW



Illus 9: Trench 02, sondage 2, stepped edge, view NW

Trench 03

Trench 03 was 30m in length and 2m wide and aligned NE-SW. Topsoil was 0.32-0.35m in depth over natural deposits (0303) of gravelly sand with occasional large cobbles/small boulders. A shallow sondage, 0.54m deep was made at the NE end of the trench which verified the natural (0302). At 5m from the trench NE end a deposit of natural in situ hard clay, (0304), 0.40m wide crossed the trench. No archaeological features or deposits were found in this trench.

Trench 04

Trench 04 was 30m in length, 2m in width and aligned NW-SE. It sloped gently downhill in a SE direction. Topsoil 0401 ranged from 0.28m to 0.36m in depth the deepest part being at the downhill end. At 17.20m from the trench NW end a 1.5m wide and 1.05m deep sondage was excavated to verify the gravelly natural. The bottom of the sondage encountered pink clay below gravel (0402) which was not bottomed but was at least 0.30m thick with some cobble sized stones over the clay.

Trench 05

Trench 05 was aligned NE-SW and was 30m in length and 2m in width. At the NE end it extended 5m into hard standing at the field edge. Topsoil (0501) had a maximum depth of 0.37m. Natural deposits comprised sandy gravel (0502). At 0.25m from the trench SW end the trench extended into the hard standing at the field edge. The hard standing material comprised building demolition rubble (0503) to a depth of 0.70-0.76m, sloping down towards the field edge. Within the rubble were abundant tree roots. Below the hard standing rubble was the former topsoil (0501), 0.27m thick. The maximum depth to the trench floor from the surface of the hard standing was 0.90m. No archaeological features or deposits were found in this trench.

Trench 06

Trench 06 was 30m in length, 2m wide and aligned NW-SE. The trench sloped gently downhill to the SE. Topsoil (0601) ranged from 0.33-0.36m in depth over sandy gravel natural (0602). Between 1m and 15m at the trench NW end excavation was difficult due the large number of natural in situ large stones/small boulders compacted into the top of the natural subsoil. At 13.50m from the trench NW end a 1.20m wide and 0.80m deep sondage was excavated. At the bottom of the sondage was a natural deposit of pinky brown clay (0603). No archaeological features or deposits were found in this trench.

Trench 07

Trench 07 was 15m in length, 0.2m wide and aligned E-W. It was located over the grain dryer motor site, as construction here was to extend deeper than the foundations for the main building. Top soil (0701) was 0.29-0.37m thick over natural sandy gravel (0702). A sondage 1.5m from the trench W end revealed only natural sandy gravel to a depth of 0.80m. No archaeological features or deposits were found in this trench.

Trench 08 (ditch feature continued)

Trench 08 was located 5.6m to the NE of trench 01 and aligned parallel with it. It was 7.5m in length and aligned NW-SE. Topsoil (0801) was 0.20-0.30m thick over natural sandy gravel (0807). This trench intercepted the projected course of the ditch feature found in trench 01. In trench 08 the ditch feature (cut 0805) was much narrower at

0.80-1m in width at the top and 0.46m across the bottom with an overall depth of 0.44m. It had a more rounded base. An upper fill (0802) of brown clay sand silt contained several large stones and fragmented stone (0803) dispersed haphazardly along the centre line. The reason for the alignment of stones (0803) was not ascertained, they appeared more random than structural, possibly they were just discarded field stones thrown into the backfill. A lower fill (0804) below (0802) comprised compacted orange brown clayey sandy silt, with abundant pebbles and stone fragments which was sampled (not processed). There were no finds or dating evidence in the fills. There were no archaeological features in the remainder of the trench.



Illus 10: Trench 08 Continuation of Ditch feature found in trench 01 showing large stones in centre of fill, view NE

3 Interpretation

3.1 Interpretation of Archaeological Features

Trench 01 and 08

Trench 01 revealed a ditch feature the projected continuation of which was intercepted in trench 08. No dating evidence was recovered and the original function of this ditch was not ascertained. Such ditches could function as field boundaries or drainage ditches.

Trench 02

Trench 02 revealed a much larger feature confined to the last 5m at the NE end of the trench and an unknown extent beyond the limits of the trench. This feature was semicircular at its SW edge with a stepped cut at the edge. It may have also had a 'cobbled' floor. Tentatively such a cut feature could be the remains of a roundhouse. Only further work exposing the extent of the feature and excavation could determine more precisely its function.

4 Conclusions and Recommendations

4.1 Conclusions

Alder Archaeology concludes that the evaluation revealed significant archaeology in the form of a ditch feature and a larger cut feature possibly the remains of a timber roundhouse. In the absence of positive dating evidence it was considered that these features are most likely to be associated with the Scheduled Monument Mains of Murie unenclosed settlement (7218) which lies to the N and virtually adjacent to the proposed development area.

4.2 Recommendations for Further Work

Alder Archaeology recommends that to mitigate the impact of the development upon the archaeology, a strategy should be developed to preserve the surviving remains identified in trenches 01, 08 and 02, either in situ (to remain undisturbed) or by record (excavation). The final decision with regard to further work rests with Perth and Kinross Heritage Trust.

Note that a watching brief is required on the groundworks for the new access route on the SE side of Mains of Murie.

5 Bibliography

Alder Archaeology Mains of Murie, Errol, Perth Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief Written Scheme of Investigation (Revised Trench Locations, 27 April 2017) April 2017

Perth and Kinross Heritage Trust *Terms of Reference for Archaeological Evaluation Mains of Murie Farm, Errol, Perth* April 2017

Appendix 1 Context Register

No:	Description
	Trench 01
0101	Topsoil, sandy silt loam, mid brown, 0.30m thick, loose field ploughsoil
0102	Deposit, mid to dk brown sandy loam, max 0.54m thick, top fill of ditch
0103	Deposit, mid to dk brown loamy sand, max 0.17m thick, mid fill of ditch
0104	Deposit, orangey brown loamy silt, similar to natural, lower or primary fill of ditch
0105	Cut, for ditch as recorded in SW facing section, staggered sides, moderate to steep with flattish bottom, 0.54m across bottom, 1.37m across the top, 0.54m deep
0106	Deposit, natural orange brown/yellow brown course sand, gravel and small-medium pebbles
	Trench 02
0201	Topsoil, sandy silt loam 0.30m thick, loose field ploughsoil
0202	Stone, natural in situ, shattered or split stone in mid trench, 3.5m from SW trench edge, natural stone exposed embedded in surface of natural
0203	Deposit, mid brown sandy gravelly loam, 0.10-0.18m thick top fill of feature, in cut, 0209 over 0204
0204	Deposit, major fill of dk brown loamy sandy gravel, abundant pebbles, one large angular stone, 0.38-0.44m thick, fill of cut 0209, below deposit 0203, lower fill o f large cut feature, seen in sondage into feature and also sondage on curved edge of feature.
0205	Deposit, cobbles and stone fragments, light brown clayey silt below between stones, possibly a floor surface or possibly natural, at least 0.04m thick but not excavated
0206	Deposit, grey sandy clay, over 0205 seen at bottom of sondage, element of fill 0203 and 0204 0205 in cut
0207	Deposit, grey pink clay, interrupted line of clay crossing trench, over 0203, to the NE of curved edge of feature (cut 0208), not excavated
0208	Cut, complicated cut forming outer curved edge of large feature, the cut formes a curved stepped edge with a total depth of 0.42m, the step or ledge had a width of 0.26m
0209	Cut, steep sided lower part of cut for stepped curved edge, 0.20m high
0210	Natural deposit, light orange brown sand and sandy gravel below topsoil 0201 and also seen in sondage at curved edge of feature, below 0204
	Trench 03
0301	Topsoil 0.32-0.35m thick, over 0303

0302	Natural, large rounded stones in gravel shown in shallow sondage below 0303	
0303	Natural, firm sandy gravel, occasional large stone, forming trench floor below topsoil	
0304	Natural band of hard clay showing on surface of trench floor	
	Trench 04	
0401	Topsoil 0.29-0.34m thick, over 0402	
0402	Natural, gravel forming floor of trench below topsoil, 0401	
0403	Natural deposit of friable silty clay, light pink brown, some cobbles over this clay, not bottomed but at least 0.30m thick at 0.45m below trench floor, below gravel 0402, recorded in sondage	
	Trench 05	
0501	Topsoil, 0.30-0.37 thick, over 0502	
0502	Natural sandy gravel, forming floor of trench below topsoil, 0501	
0503	Deposit, mixed stone, demolition rubble, brick, some large roots in this material, makeup for hard standing on the NE edge of the field by the existing farm buildings, 0.70-0.76m thick, trench extends 5m into this deposit	
	Trench 06	
0601	Topspoil0.33-0.38m thick over 0602	
0602	Natural, sandy gravel, with abundant large stones and occasional boulder compacted into gravel	
0603	Natural, pink brown silty clay, at depth of 0.80m below site surface	
	Trench 07	
0701	Topsoil 0.29-0.37 thick over natural 0702	
0702	Natural sandy gravel	
	Trench 08	
0801	Topsoil, loose sandy silt loam, 0.20-0.30m thick	
0802	Deposit, mid brown clay sand silt, 0.08-0.16m thick, thicker to NW, upper fill of ditch feature cut 0805	
0803	Deposit of stones and stone fragments up to 0.30m long and 0.12m wide and cobbles, arranged along centre line of upper fill 0802, possible slippage from wall or just redeposited	
0804	Deposit, lower fill of ditch deposits, mid-brown orange, clay sandy silt, pebbles, compacted, redeposited subsoil, max 0.30m thick	
0805	Cut, for ditch feature, aligned NNE-SSW, 1.20m width at top and 0.46m at base, shallow sloping sides rounded bottom, stepped E side	
0806	Natural deposit, light pink grey clay, in base of 0805, underlying subsoil, revealed in machine	

	overcuts on either side of the ditch cut 0805
0807	Natural deposit orange sand and gravel with some large stone

Appendix 2 Photographic Register

Image No	Description	View
01	Starting trench 01	SE
02	Starting trench 01	SE
03-07	Working in trench 01	SE
08-09	General working in trench 01	W, SE
10-11	Laying out trench 02	NE
12	Starting trench 02	NE
13-14	Ditch feature 0102 part excavated	SE
15	Ditch feature 0102 part excavated	NE
16-18	Ditch feature 0102 part excavated	SE, NE, SE
19	Ditch feature 0102 part excavated	SE
20	General of excavations trench 01 and trench 02	S
21	Trench 02 excavated	NE
22-26	Trench 03 laying out and starting and finished	NE
27-32	Trench 04 starting and finishing	SE
33-34	Trench 05 starting	NE
35-37	Trench 02, context 0203 large cut feature sondage	NW
38-39	Trench 02, sondage floor	NW
40	Trench 05 excavated	NE
41-43	Trench 06 start	SE
44-46	Trench 02, clay 0207	SE
47	Trench 06 excavated	SE
48-52	Trench 07 start to finish of excavation	SW
53-55	General of site	W, W, NW

56-60	Trench 08 ditch feature 0802	NE,SE
61-62	Trench 08 ditch feature 0802 ranging rods aligned with feature in trench 01	SW
63-65	Trench 08 general with ditch feature	SE
66	Trench 08 general with ditch feature	NE
67-68	Trench 08 general with ditch feature part excavated	SE
69-69	Trench 08 general with ditch feature part excavated	NE
70-74	Trench 02 sondage at curved end of feature 0203	NW
75-76	Trench 02 sondage at curved end of feature 0203	NE
77	Trench 02 sondage at curved end of feature 0203	NW
78	Trench 02 sondage at curved end of feature 0203	NE

Appendix 3 Drawing Register

Sheet No.	Description	Scale
1	Plans at 1:100 of trenches 01 and 02. Trench 01 section: 1:20 SW facing section of ditch feature cut 0105. Trench 02, SE facing section and plan both at 1:20 machine sondage cut with fills 0203 and 0204; SE facing section and plan both at 1:20 of cuts 0208 and 0209.	1:100 and 1:20
2	Plans at 1:100 of trenches 03-07	1:100 and
3	Plan 1:100 of trench 08; plan of ditch feature 1:20; section of ditch feature 1:10	1:100,1:20 and 1:10

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	Perth and Kinross
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME:	Mains of Murie, Errol, Perth Archaeological Evaluation
PROJECT CODE:	ER07
PARISH:	Errol
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Ray Cachart
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	Alder Archaeology Ltd
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Archaeological Evaluation
NMRS NO(S):	N/A
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	Prehistoric ditch and large uncertain feature possible roundhouse
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	Ditch and Possible Round House
NGR (2 letters, 8 or 10 figures)	NO 2337 2191
START DATE (this season)	4 th May 2017
END DATE (this season)	5 th May 2017
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. DES ref.)	None on this site
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	 Alder Archaeology Ltd was commissioned to undertake an archaeological evaluation (site code ER07) at Mains of Murie Farm, Errol, Perth (NGR NO 2337 2191), in advance of the erection of a grain store. The site was considered to have good archaeological potential as it is located adjacent to Scheduled Monument Mains of Murie unenclosed settlement (SM 7218). Two other Scheduled Monuments (7299 and 7217) representing prehistoric settlement are also located in the immediate vicinity. The brief was to evaluate 10% of the development area for the new grain store. In total eight trenches were excavated and recorded. The work was undertaken during the period 4th and 5th of May 2017 in hot sunny weather conditions. Archaeological features cut into the natural subsoil were found only in trenches 01, 08 and 02. These features are likely to be associated with the unenclosed settlement (SM 7218). No positive dating evidence was found in the fills of these features. In trench 01 a ditch 1.5m across the top and 0.50m across the base was revealed. This feature had a depth of 0.54m and contained three fill deposits. The course of the ditch was further investigated with the excavation of a smaller, parallel trial trench, 08. In trench 02 a large cut feature with a curved SW edge was found at the NE end of the trench. A sondage in the interior of the cut revealed two distinct fills and a possible cobble floor. At the curved edge of the feature a further sondage found a stepped edge having a total depth of 0.42m with a step 0.26m wide. Alder Archaeology recommends that, in mitigation, a strategy should be developed to preserve the surviving remains either in situ or by record. A watching brief on a new vehicular access route will also be required when groundworks for this part of the development commence.
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	Uncertain but Watching Brief on New Access Road
CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRS:	

Appendix 4 Discovery & Excavation in Scotland Entry

SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Developer
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	Alder Archaeology Ltd, 55 South Methven Street, Perth PH1 5NX
EMAIL ADDRESS:	director@alderarchaeology.co.uk
ARCHIVE LOCATION (intended/deposited)	HES (intended)