

# NORTHAMPTONSHIRE ARCHAEOLOGY

***ST JOHN'S STREET,  
HOLBEACH, LINCOLNSHIRE  
AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF  
JANUARY - MARCH 2003***



EVENT L14267 SOURCE L18813 L18814

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**NORTHAMPTONSHIRE ARCHAEOLOGY  
NORTHAMPTONSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL**

**APRIL 2003**

**MUSEUM ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002.233**

**SITE CODE: HSJO2**

**NGR: TF 360 240 360 247**

**PLANNING APPLICATION NUMBER: HO9/0256/01**

**ST JOHN'S STREET,  
HOLBEACH, LINCOLNSHIRE  
AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF  
JANUARY - MARCH 2003**

Conservation  
Services

24 APR 2003

Highways & Planning  
Directorate

**SITE ADDRESS:**

SAINT JOHNS STREET, HOLBEACH,  
LINCOLNSHIRE

**SITE CODE:**

HSJO2

**ACCESSION NUMBER:**

2002.233

**ORIGINATING BODY:**

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE  
ARCHAEOLOGY,  
NORTHAMPTONSHIRE COUNTY  
COUNCIL

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**ST JOHN'S STREET, HOLBEACH, LINCOLNSHIRE**

**AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF**

**JANUARY 2003**

*Abstract*

*An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Northamptonshire Archaeology during groundworks in advance of residential development on land at St John's Street, Holbeach, Lincolnshire. It confirmed that archaeological deposits discovered in a previous evaluation lay at a depth of 0.9m. The groundworks therefore did not disturb any significant archaeological remains.*

**1 INTRODUCTION**

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Northamptonshire Archaeology during January 2003 on land at St John's Street, Holbeach, Lincolnshire, (NGR TF 360 240; Fig 1). The work was undertaken to a specification submitted to Lincolnshire County Conservation Service on the 12<sup>th</sup> August 2002, and approved.

The purpose of the watching brief was to monitor the groundworks to ensure that they conformed to the mitigation strategy and to identify and record any archaeological deposits encountered during the course of the groundworks.

**2 BACKGROUND**

**2.1 Topography and Location**

The site lies on level ground occupying an area approximately 25m by 30m within the centre of modern Holbeach and fronts onto St Johns Street. The underlying geology comprises marine silts interspersed with river formed roddens, which have produced gleyic brown calcareous soils (New 2001). Beneath these deposits lie marine alluvium which seal solid Upper Jurassic clay.

## 2.2 *Archaeological and Historical*

A desk-based assessment (New 2001) indicated that the site lies close to Holbeach town centre in an area that would have had an important commercial position both in the medieval and post medieval periods. The earliest detailed map of Holbeach, dated 1828 was produced following the re-organisation of the town after the diversion of the River Holbeach.

The antiquarian William Stukeley (1687 – 1765) drew a map, dated 1703 which shows the development lying close to the site of his birthplace. However this map may not be regarded as entirely accurate (New 2001).

The sites and monuments record show that little archaeological work has been conducted in this part of the town. However an archaeological evaluation was undertaken by Northamptonshire Archaeology (Lloyd and Soden 2001) on the site prior to development work. This identified a number of pits containing pottery datable to the 15<sup>th</sup> century, along with some waterlogged remains. These were buried at a depth of 900mm below ground level.

## 3

### **FIELDWORK**

In order to mitigate any adverse effects on archaeological deposits, Lincolnshire County Conservation Service recommended the construction of the dwellings on raft foundations above archaeological levels. This entailed the levelling of the site to a formation level no deeper than 400mm below existing ground level.

A tracked Kubota mini-digger fitted with a toothless ditching bucket was used to remove the overburden to formation level. The overburden comprised a grey/black silty sand containing considerable amounts of modern brick and tile and post-medieval pottery. In the western half of the site the earlier evaluation trench was encountered. This was re-excavated and then lined with geo-textile and backfilled with stone following the agreed methodology.

Upon completion of the levelling the excavation of a service trench was observed in the north – eastern half of the site. This was 600mm wide and was excavated to a maximum depth of 750mm. The stratigraphy comprised a grey/black silty sand extending the full depth of the trench. This contained modern brick and tile fragments along with sherds of post-medieval

pottery. Along the base of the trench a grey/brown subsoil was occasionally revealed which contained sherds of post-medieval pottery.

4

**CONCLUSIONS**

The watching brief confirmed the results of the earlier evaluation by showing that significant archaeological deposits lay at a depth of 900mm below ground level prior to groundworks. As a result the groundworks for the new development have not disturbed any significant archaeological deposits.

5

**ARCHIVE**

The archive comprising 10 colour slides and 7 black and white negative contacts along with 5 watching brief forms will be deposited with the City and County Museum, Lincoln.

**REFERENCES**

New, D, 2001 *An archaeological desk based assessment on a proposed housing development on land off St John's Street, Holbeach, Lincolnshire (Revised)*, Soke Archaeological Services

Lloyd, R, & Soden, I, 2002 *An Archaeological Evaluation on land at St John's Street, Holbeach*, Northamptonshire Archaeology Reports



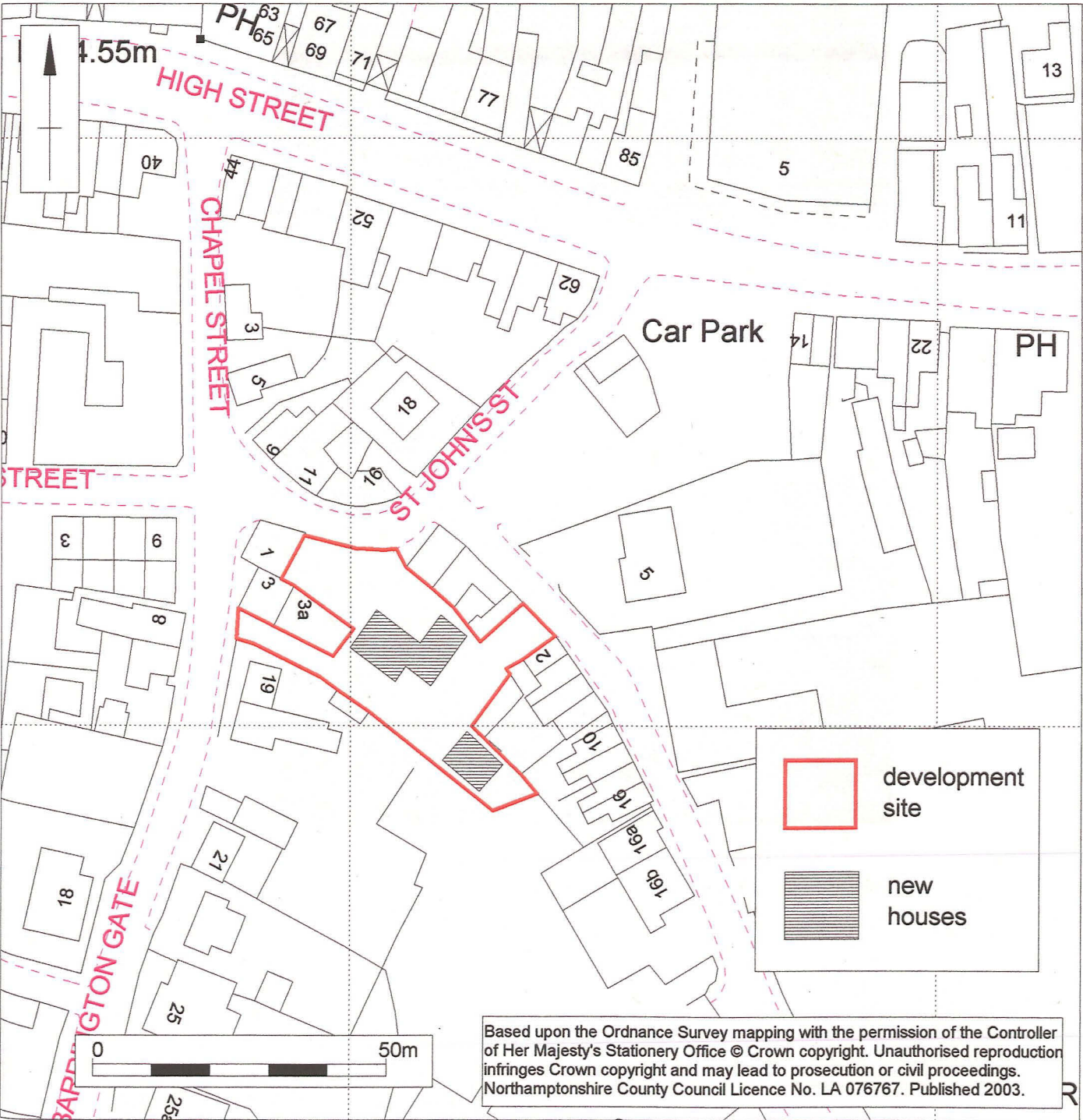
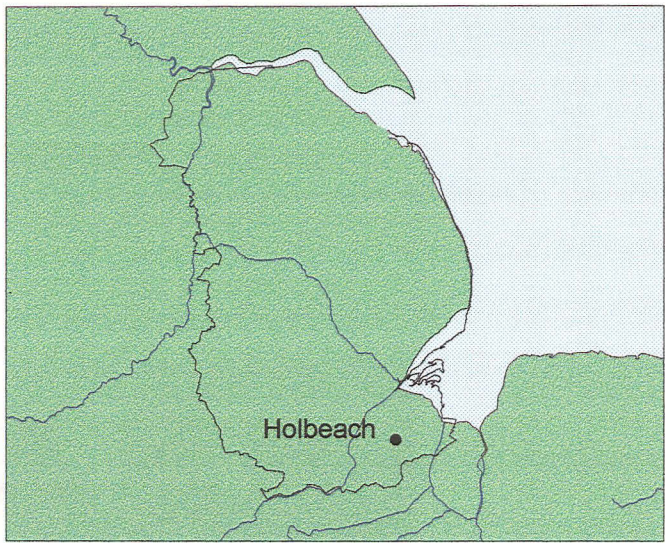
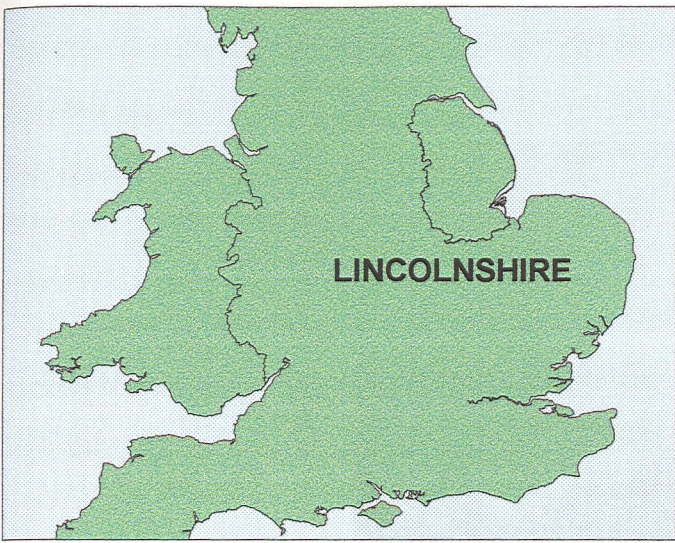


Fig 1





Plate 1 General view of site during reduction of ground level, looking south



Plate 2 General view of site during reduction of levels, looking west