

LINDSEY ARCHAEOLOGICAL SERVICES

Proposed Medical Centre, Station Rd Long Sutton, Lincs. Archaeological Watching Brief

LCNCC Accn N°.: 2003.88 Sit Code: LSMC03

NGR: TF 4292 2390 4284

+284 2298

Planning Application: H11/0857/02

Report

for

James Totty Partnership

by

Richard Pullen MA PIFA

Conservation Services

2 2 JUL 2003

Highways & Planning Directorate

LAS Report No. 667

July 2003

25 WEST PARADE · LINCOLN · LN1 1NW

TELEPHONE 01522 544554 · FACSIMILE 01522 522211 · EMAIL las@linarch.co.uk

Lindsey Archaeological Services LLP Registered in England and Wales No. OC304247
Registered address 25 West Parade · Lincoln · LN1 1NW

NEGATIVE

New Medical Centre, Long Sutton, Lincs. Watching Brief

Contents

List of Figures	i
List of Plates	ii
Summary	1
Introduction	1
Site Location and Description	1
Planning Background	1
Archaeological Background	1
Aims and Objectives	2
Method	2
Results	2
Conclusion	2
Figures	
Plates	

List of Figures

Fig.1 Long Sutton location plan (inset C based on the Ordnance Survey 1:25,000 map explorer series N°. 249). Crown Copyright, reproduced with the permission of the Controller of HMSO. LAS Licence N°. AL 100002165.

- Fig. 2 Site location plan (from a drawing supplied by James Totty Partnership)
- Fig. 3 Floor plan of the new medical centre showing modern disturbance encountered whilst excavating foundation trenches (from a drawing supplied by James Totty Partnership)

List of Plates

- Pl. 1 General view of the site looking south east
- Pl. 2 Looking south at partially completed footings
- Pl. 3 General shot showing stratigraphy of site
- Pl. 4 General post excavation view of the site, looking west

Proposed Medical Centre, Station Road Long Sutton, Lincs. Archaeological Watching Brief LCNCC Accn No.: 2003.88 Site Code: LSMC03

> NGR: TF 4292 2390 Planning Application: H11/0857/0-2

Summary

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken during the machine excavation of foundation trenches on a parcel of land off Station Road, Long Sutton, Lincs. The stratigraphic make-up of the site consisted solely of modern industrial overburden and demolition debris directly sealing natural silt deposits. No archaeological features were observed and the only find recovered from the entire site was a single fragment of late 19th century earthenware pottery. The watching brief concluded that there is no evidence for any human activity pre-dating the 19th century on the observed area of the site.

Introduction

In March 2003 Lindsey Archaeological Services were commissioned by the James Totty Partnership to undertake an archaeological watching brief in accordance with the general requirements set out in the *Standard Brief for Archaeological Projects in Lincolnshire* (Lincolnshire County Council Archaeology Section, August 1998).

Site Location and Description

The village of Long Sutton is situated close to the border between Lincolnshire and Norfolk. At the time of excavation the site was a level surface of tarmac and rough hardcore, approximately 300m south of the parish church. The development area consists of a parcel of land located at about 3.50m A.O.D. that was until recently part of a railway depot.

Planning Background

Planning permission H11/0857/02 has been granted for the construction of a new medical centre off Station Road, Long Sutton. Condition 8 of the South Holland District Council Planning Permission document states that a recognised archaeologist should monitor all below ground works during the development.

Archaeological Background

There is no evidence for any prehistoric material from the area around Long Sutton. Two coins of Romano-British date have been found in West Street approximately 100m from the proposed development. Long Sutton is mentioned in the Domesday Survey of 1086 and is probably Saxon in origin. The church lies at the south eastern end of West Street. The site lies close to the centre of the

south eastern end of West Street. The site lies close to the centre of the shrunken medieval village, on the eastern side of the main street. During works undertaken in the Market Place in 1974 post medieval pottery was recovered.

Aims and Objectives

The aims of the watching brief were to identify, characterise and record any archaeological remains that may have been disturbed by the groundworks phase of the development.

Method

Excavation of the foundation trenches was started on the 2nd April 2003. A JCB excavator using a 500mm toothed bucket opened the footings to an overall depth of 600mm from the present ground surface and 500m in width. All machining was monitored by a fully qualified and experienced archaeologist. A full photographic record was maintained during the work.

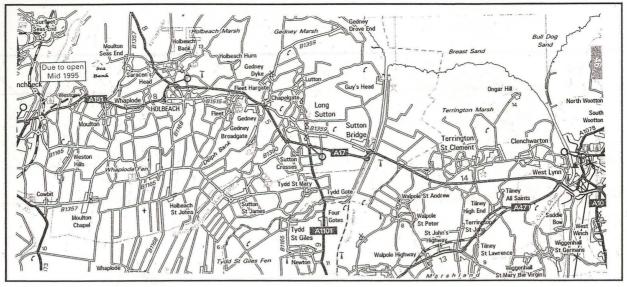
Results

The upper layers of the site were recorded together as modern deposits 100 and had a depth of between 0.30m and 0.50m from the present ground surface. The layers making up 100 consisted of modern building footings, railway lines, drains and general demolition debris. The modern disturbance directly overlay a layer of natural, undisturbed dark grey/brown silty clay 101. Concrete drainage ducts and two large dumps of modern hardcore were noted cutting into layer 101. No archaeological features pre-dating the 19th century had been cut into 101 and no archaeological material or finds were recovered with the exception of a single rim sherd of brown glazed 19th century earthenware pottery found in 100.

Conclusion

The archaeological watching brief revealed no evidence for any human activity pre-dating the 19th century in the excavated portion of the site. The entire trenched area can be simply characterised as undisturbed natural silting underlying 19th century industrial development in the form of a railway goods yard and associated buildings.

Richard Pullen M.A. PIFA Lindsey Archaeological Services 09th July 2003 THE FIGURES



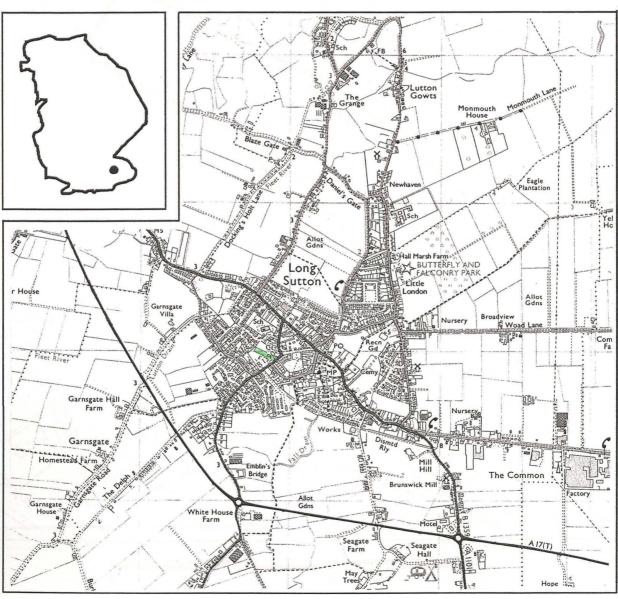


Fig.1 Long Sutton location plan (inset C based on the Ordnance Survey 1:25,000 map explorer series N° . 249). Crown Copyright, reproduced with the permission of the Controller of HMSO. LAS Licence N° . AL 100002165.

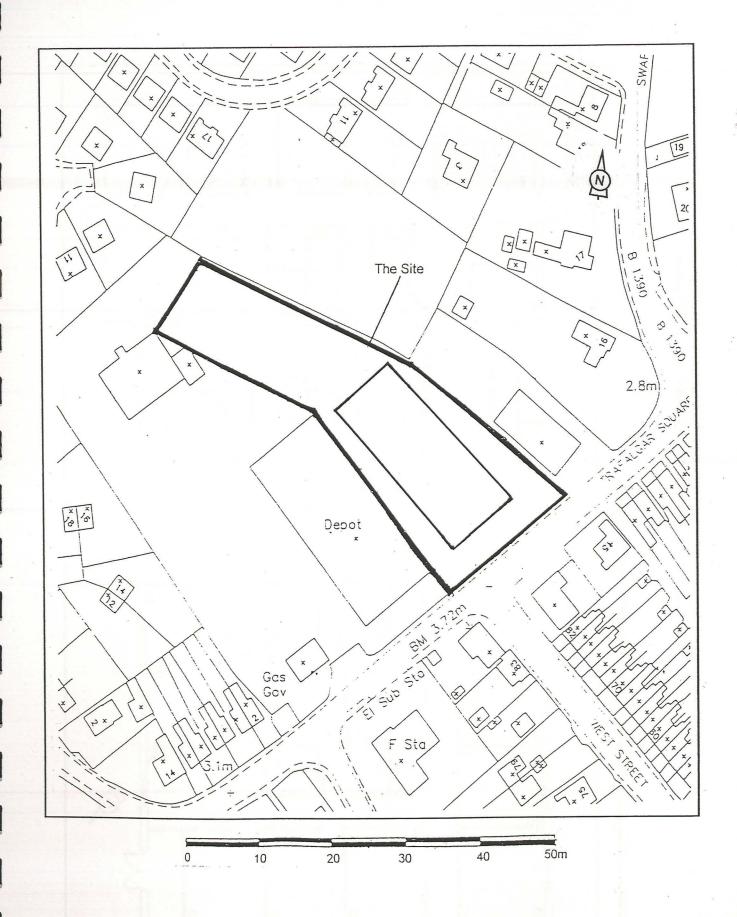


Fig. 2 Site location plan (from a drawing supplied by James Totty Partnership)

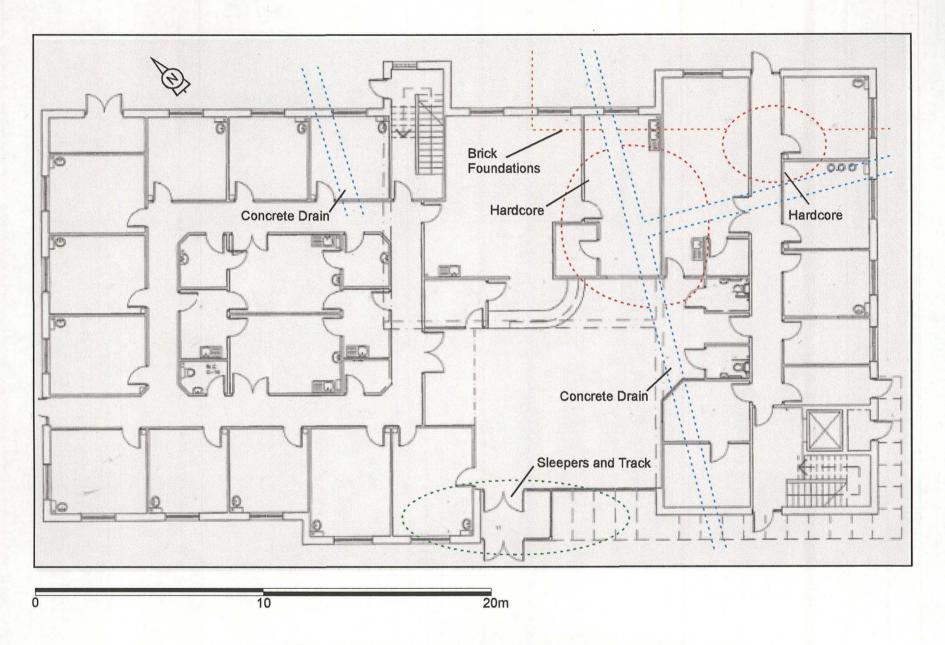
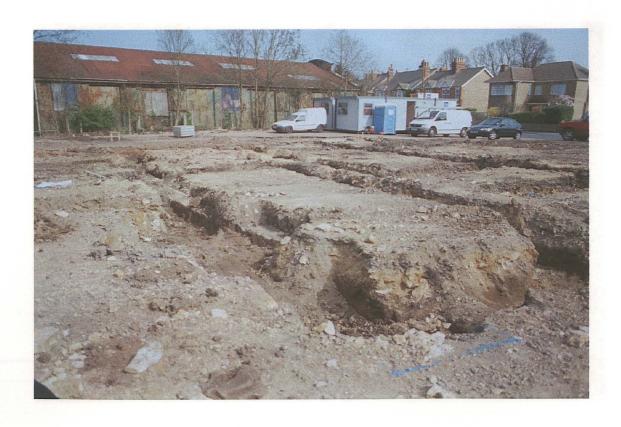


Fig. 3 Foundation plan of the new Medical Centre showing modern disturbance encountered during ground works (from a drawing suppliedby James Totty Partnership)

THE PLATES



Pl.1 General view of the site, looking south



Pl. 2 Looking west at partially completed footings



Fig. 3 General view showing stratigrapy of the site, looking south



Fig. 4 General post excavation view of the site, looking south west