Stonefield Place, Inverurie, Aberdeenshire, AB51 4ZD





Cameron Archaeology

24 November 2010

Stonefield Place, Inverurie, Aberdeenshire, AB51 4ZD

SUMMARY

Cameron Archaeology carried out an archaeological evaluation at Stonefield Place, Inverurie. Eight trenches were excavated totalling 7% of the available area. No significant archaeological remains were identified and no finds recovered.

CONTENTS

| 1 | Introduction | 3 |
|-----|-------------------------------|----|
| 2 | Archaeological background | 4 |
| 3 | The archaeological evaluation | 5 |
| 4 | Archive | 9 |
| 5 | References | 9 |
| App | pendix 1 Photographs | 11 |
| App | pendix 2 Contexts | 13 |

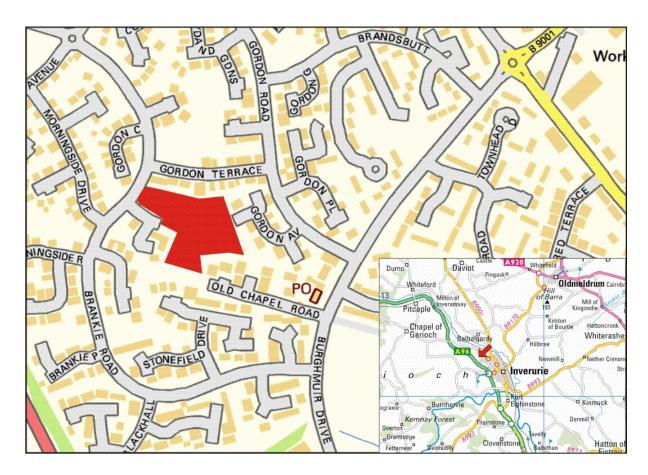
ILLUSTRATIONS

| Cover | Top Site from the west; bottom drystone dyke facing south | |
|-------|---|---|
| III 1 | Location plan | 3 |
| III 2 | Plan showing trenches, features and disturbed areas | 5 |
| III 3 | Trench 2 showing scarping and surface laid in recent past | 6 |
| III 4 | Trench 4 facing west | 6 |
| III 5 | Trench 3 showing modern rubbish | 7 |
| III 6 | Remains of drystone dyke facing south-east | 7 |
| III 7 | Trench 7 facing east showing clean natural subsoil | 8 |
| III 8 | Mounding of topsoil around area of trenches 8a-c | 8 |

1 INTRODUCTION

This report details an archaeological evaluation which took place at Stonefield Place, Inverurie, Aberdeenshire, AB51 4ZD. The site is in Inverurie parish, the NGR for the site is NJ 76028 22300 and it lies at 85-90m OD. The work was commissioned by Grant McGillivray, Aberdeenshire Council and the work relates to Aberdeenshire Council Planning reference G/APP/2010/3060 for the construction of new council housing.

The evaluation took place on 18-19 November 2010 and was carried out in the context of Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) Planning Advice Note 42 (PAN 42) and Scottish Historic Environment Policy (SHEP), which state that archaeological remains should be regarded as part of the environment to be protected and managed.



III 1 Location plan (Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2010).

2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

50m north of the current site lies the Scheduled Ancient Monument the Brandsbutt Stone (NJ72SE 23), an Ogham inscribed Pictish stone. The Brandsbutt Class I stone is decorated with a crescent and V-rod and a serpent and Z-rod symbol, both incised, as well as being marked by a line of Ogham which are certainly contemporary with the symbols. In 1984 monitoring during house construction (NJ72SE 111) revealed that the Brandsbutt stone had been part of a stone circle. The excavation uncovered a pit, 1.6m long by 0.75m max wide by c.0.25m deep, containing mid brown clayey soil, some fire-cracked stones and several sherds of possible cinerary urn, an isolated cremation deposit, in a small pit c. 25cm in diameter, containing an unburnt flint flake. Other finds included the upper and lower stones of a rotary quern, a heavy stone mortar, with a deep sub-conical bowl, a small deposit of charred barley grains and a quantity of coarse medieval pot sherds and some slag. The finds were deposited to Inverurie Museum (Shepherd 1984a, 630-4; Shepherd 1984b, 11).

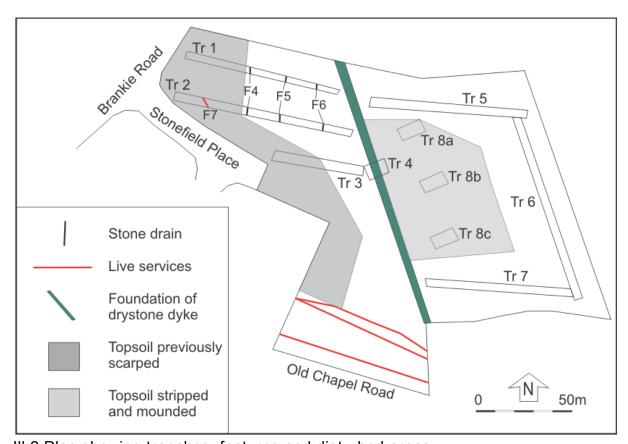
Other sites in the vicinity include sand and gravel workings (NJ72SE 267; NJ 7615 2253) is depicted on the 2nd Edition OS map (Aberdeenshire, 1901, sheet liv.NE) and its site now lies within a modern housing development. The farmstead of Brandsbutt (NJ72SE 283; NJ 7605 2246) is depicted on the 1st Edition OS map Aberdeenshire, sheet LIV, 1869) but has since been demolished. A possible ring-ditch at Highfield (NJ72SE 167; NJ 7570 2242) is recorded as a cropmark on a vertical aerial photograph on a slight NEfacing spur in arable ground at an altitude of 95m OD (NMRS, MS/712/87). Another oval cropmark (NJ72SE 166; NJ 7561 2214) is on a gentle E-facing slope in arable ground at an altitude of 100m OD. It may be of agricultural origin.

3 THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

Eight trenches (totalling 7%) were excavated in the available area (III 2). Known services (electric and water/sewage) at the south of the site were avoided and a cut for possible BT cables at the west of Trench 2 was avoided.

The west side of the site had been scarped to natural subsoil presumably when the houses and roads were built in the 1980s. A surface of compacted gravel had been laid at the west end of trenches 1 and 2 presumably as a compound for the works. Most of Trench 3 was backfilled with builder's rubble including unused concrete kerbing and sweet and crisp wrappers. The area around Trenches 8a-c was covered with mounds up to 1m high; small trenches in this area revealed that in the past the topsoil had been stripped from this area and mounded.

The area had been fields and was divided by a drystone dyke (F8), the foundation of which survives on the site. This was photographed and Trench 4 cut through this feature to record the foundation which was found to be poorly preserved. Stone drains in Trenches 1 and 2 (F4-6) were 25cm wide cuts into the natural subsoil filled with stones. Trenches 5, 6 and 7 at the east of the site had a shallow (0.15m deep) ploughsoil but no archaeological features were identified.



III 2 Plan showing trenches, features and disturbed areas



III 3 Trench 2 west end showing scarping and surface laid in recent past



III 4 Trench 2 facing west



III 5 Trench 3 showing modern rubbish just above the scarped natural subsoil



III 6 Remains of drystone dyke facing south-east



III 7 Trench 7 facing east showing clean natural subsoil and shallow ploughsoil



III 8 Mounding of topsoil around area of trenches 8a-c

4 ARCHIVE

The site archive will be lodged with RCAHMS.

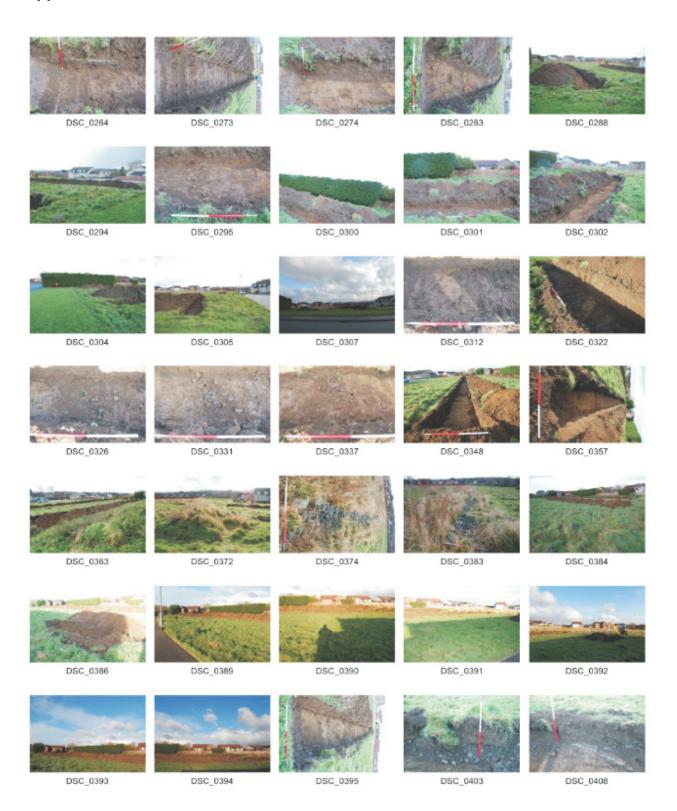
5 REFERENCES

Shepherd, I A G (1984a) 'A Grampian stone circle confirmed', *Proc Soc Antiq Scot*, *vol.113*, 630-4.

Shepherd, I A G (1984b) 'Brandsbutt, Inverurie: various antiquities', *Discovery Excav Scot*, 11.

Cameron Archaeology
45 View Terrace
Aberdeen
AB25 2RS
01224 643020
07581 181057
cameronarch@btinternet.com
www.cameronarchaeology.com
Company registration no 372223 (Scotland)
VAT registration no 990 4373 00

Appendix 1 PHOTOGRAPHS





LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

| Photo no | Trench | Description | Facing |
|----------|--------|---|--------|
| | | West end showing scarping of natural subsoil and platform or | |
| DSC0264 | 2 | compound surface | N |
| DSC0273 | 2 | From west end of trench | E |
| DSC0274 | 1 | West end showing scarping of natural subsoil and platform or compound surface | N |
| DSC0283 | 1 | From west end of trench | E |
| DSC0288 | 1, 2 | Location | E |
| DSC0294 | 1, 2 | Location | SE |
| DSC0295 | 1 | F4 | N |
| DSC0300 | 1 | Location | NW |
| DSC0301 | 1 | Location | N |
| DSC0302 | 1 | Location | NE |
| DSC0304 | 1, 2 | West end | N |
| DSC0305 | 2 | Location | E |
| DSC0307 | | Location of trenches 1 and 2 from Brankie Road | Е |
| DSC0312 | 2 | F7 | N |
| DSC0322 | 2 | F7 | NW |
| DSC0326 | 2 | F4 | N |
| DSC0331 | 2 | F5 | N |
| DSC0337 | 2 | F6 | N |
| DSC0348 | 2 | From east end | W |

| DSC0357 | 1 | From east end | W |
|----------|------|--|-----|
| DSC0363 | 1, 2 | From NE | SW |
| DSC0372 | | Mounding Trench 8 area | S |
| DSC0374 | | Drystone dyke | S |
| DSC0383 | | Drystone dyke | S |
| DSC0384 | 1, 2 | From SE | NW |
| DSC0386 | 3 | W end | |
| DSC0389 | 1, 2 | From SE | NW |
| DSC0390 | 1, 2 | Location | N |
| DSC0391 | 1, 2 | Location | NNE |
| DSC0392 | 3 | Location | NE |
| DSC0393 | 1, 2 | From SE | NW |
| DSC0394 | 1, 2 | From S | N |
| DSC0395 | 3 | From W | E |
| DSC0403 | 3 | Scarping down to natural subsoil level | N |
| DSC0408 | 3 | Crisp wrapper just above subsoil | N |
| DSC0414 | 3 | From east end | W |
| DSC0420 | 4 | Location | E |
| DSC0425 | 4 | Location | E |
| DSC0431 | 4 | Section through dyke foundation | N |
| DSC0446 | 3 | Location (left) | W |
| DSC0462 | 5 | Location | E |
| DSC0468 | 5, 6 | Junction 5 (right) 6 (left) | W |
| DSC0475 | 6 | Location | S |
| DSC0490 | 6,7 | Trench 6 (right) trench 7 (left) | NW |
| DSC0500 | 6, 7 | Trench 6 (right) trench 7 (left) | NW |
| DSC0506 | 7 | Location | SE |
| DSC0510 | 7 | Location | Е |
| DSCF9065 | 3 | Concrete kerbing | N |
| DSCF9066 | 3 | Detail of large earthfast boulder | N |
| DSCF9074 | 8 | Mounding around trenches 8a, 8b, 8c | WNW |
| DSCF9075 | 8 | Mounding around trenches 8a, 8b, 8c | W |
| DSCF9075 | 8 | Mounding around trenches 8a, 8b, 8c | NW |
| DSCF9077 | 8 | Mounding around trenches 8a, 8b, 8c | E |

APPENDIX 2 CONTEXTS

| Context | Trench | Description |
|---------|------------|--|
| 1 | 1, 2, 3 | Loose dark grey loam redeposited soil |
| 2 | 1, 2, 3 | Gravel surface laid when houses built 1980s for compound/surface |
| 3 | 1, 2, 3 | Ploughsoil at east end trenches 1-3 |
| 4 | 1, 2 | 25cm wide cut into natural subsoil filled with stones - stone drain |
| 5 | 1, 2 | 25cm wide cut into natural subsoil filled with stones - stone drain |
| 6 | 1, 2 | 25cm wide cut into natural subsoil filled with stones - stone drain |
| 7 | 2 | 15cm wide cut into natural - service trench |
| 8 | 4 | Drystone dyke across site NW-SE |
| 9 | 4, 5, 6, 7 | Undisturbed topsoil 15cm deep |
| 10 | 8 | Topsoil stripped and mounded presumably in 1980s when houses being built |