Infernal Traffic: Excavation of a Liberated African Graveyard in Rupert's Valley, St Helena

Appendix D1 Structural Catalogue

Natural features and deposits

The uppermost context (2000) overlay the whole site, covering the grave cuts. This deposit comprised a loose and friable layer of mid to dark grey-brown sandy clay-loam. The inclusions were variable, ranging from 10 to 40% angular to sub-angular stone from 10mm to 200mm, with occasional weathered boulders present, up to 1m in diameter. In places a very fine humic layer existed above deposit 2000, though this was limited in depth to 0.1m and in extent to a few square metres. The depth of deposit 2000 varied across the site from 0.1m to 2.5m. This deposit comprises material that post-dates the cemetery.

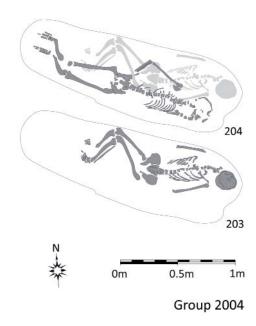
The lowest deposit excavated (2001) comprised a moderately compact to loose and friable mid greybrown sandy clay-loam. This underlay deposit 2000 with a very diffuse, broken and ridged boundary. The inclusions were variable, ranging from 10 to 30% angular and sub-angular stone from 10mm to 300mm in diameter. The deposit extended to the deepest excavated sections at 3m below the boundary with 2000. This deposit represents the eroded 19th-century ground surface, and all graves were cut from its upper surface.

The excavation area is bounded to the west by cut [2071]. This cut extends for 110m, forming the edge of the upper terrace and truncating a number of grave groups. The slope profile of this cut varies from vertical to 45°.

This group comprised: Cut [2002], Fill (2003) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 203 a prime adult (probably male); and 204 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut was aligned E–W and was 1800mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The fill was a loose and friable dark greybrown sandy clay-loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

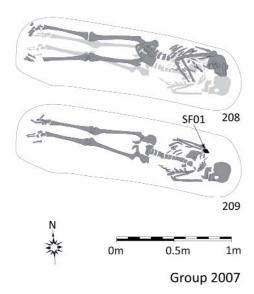


Group 2007

This group comprised: Cut [2005], Fill (2006) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 209 a mature adult (probably male); and 208 a young adult male.

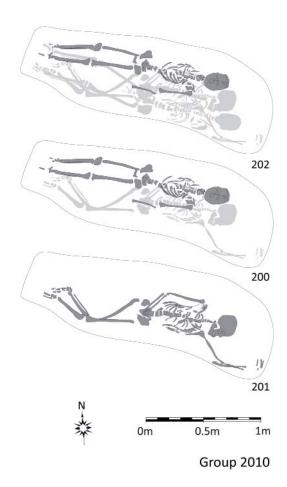
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 640mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1770mm long and 540mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy clay-loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 250mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a lozenge shaped metal tag (SF01) from the right shoulder of Skeleton 209.



This group comprised: Cut [2008], Fill (2009) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 201 a young adult male; 200 an adolescent (probably male) and 202 an adolescent (probably female).

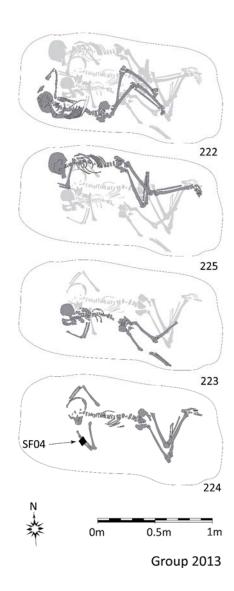
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 530mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1890mm long and 870mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy clay-loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter and 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2011], Fill (2012) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 224 an older child of unknown sex; 223 a young child of unknown sex; 225 an older child of unknown sex; and 222 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west. Its depth below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000) was not recorded. The cut was 1800mm long and 730mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a lozenge-shaped metal tag (SF04) associated with either Skeleton 223 or 224.



This group comprised: Cut [2014], Fill (2015) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 214 a young adult male; 211 a mature adult male; and 210 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 660mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1950mm long and 630mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

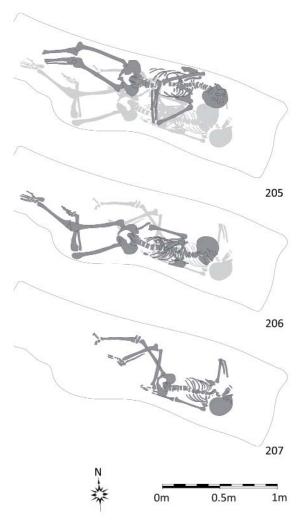
210 211 211 N 0m 0.5m 1m

Group 2016

Group 2019

This group comprised: Cut [2017], Fill (2018) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 207 an adolescent of unknown sex; 206 a young adult male; and 205 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 730mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1870mm long and 1090mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy clay-loam, containing no major inclusions. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.



Group 2019

This group comprised: Cut[2020], Fill(2021) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west. Its depth below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000) was not recorded. The cut was 1780mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy clay-loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

Group 2025

This group comprised: Cut [2023], Fill (2024) and one inhumation: 212 an older child of unknown sex.

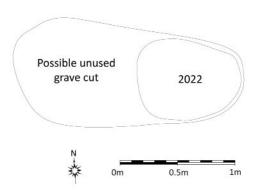
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 640mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1860mm long and 640mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy clay-loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

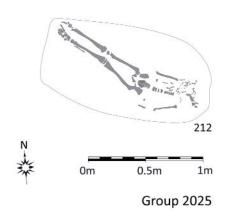
Group 2028

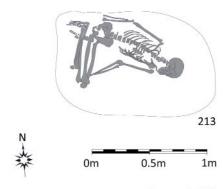
This group comprised: Cut [2026], Fill (2027) and one inhumation: 213 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 930mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1860mm long and 900mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter.



Group 2022





Group 2028

This group comprised: Cut [2030], Fill (2029) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 216 an older child of unknown sex; and 215 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1880mm long and 740mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 30% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.

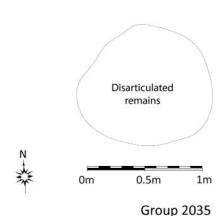
No artefacts were associated with this group.

215 216 N Om 0.5m 1m Group 2031

Group 2035

This group comprised: Cut[2032], Fill(2034) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

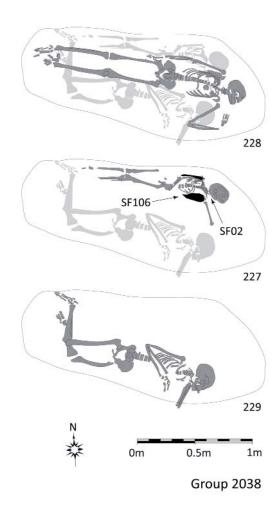
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular sub circular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1100mm long and 930mm at its widest point. The fill was a medium loose mid brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2036], Fill (2037) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 229 a young adult male; 227 an older child of unknown sex; and 228 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1735mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.

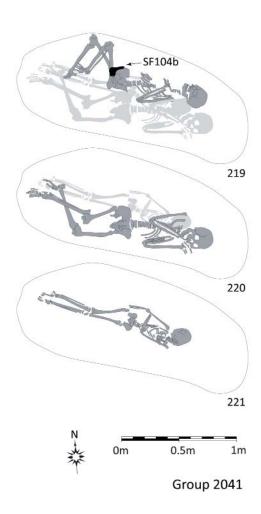
Artefacts found within this group comprised: a single shell button (SF02) from the throat and a coarse textile (SF106) from the chest, both from Skeleton 227.



This group comprised: Cut [2039], Fill (2040) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 221 an older child of unknown sex; 220 a prime adult male; and 219 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1880mm long and 740mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of textile (SF104b) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 219.

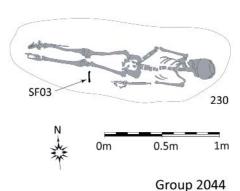


Group 2044

This group comprised: Cut [2042], Fill (2043) and one inhumation: 230 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1735mm long and 610mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey sandy loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

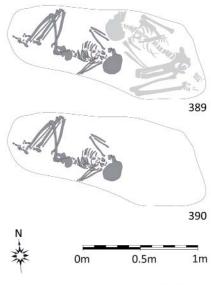
Artefacts found within this group comprised: an iron fastener (SF03) adjacent to the left femur of Skeleton 230.



This group comprised: Cut [2045], Fill (2046) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 390 an older child of unknown sex; and 389 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 560mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1760mm long and 630mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown silty sand, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

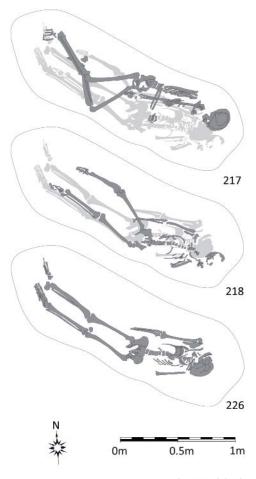


Group 2047

Group 2050

This group comprised: Cut [2048], Fill (2049) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 226 a young adult male; 218 a prime adult male; and 217 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

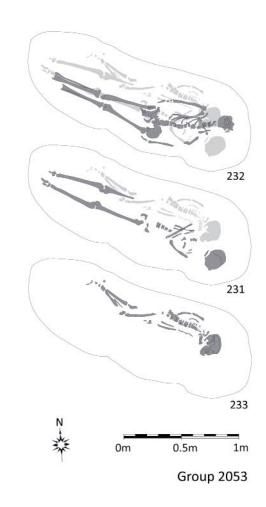


Group 2050

This group comprised: Cut [2051], Fill (2052) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 233 a prime adult male; 231 an older child of unknown sex; and 232 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1944mm long and 640mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 250mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

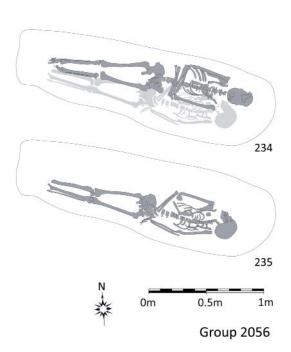
No artefacts were associated with this group.



Group 2056

This group comprised: Cut [2054], Fill (2055) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 235 a prime adult male and 234 a prime adult male.

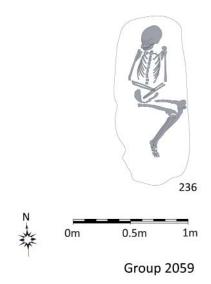
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 700mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1950mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2057], Fill (2058) and one inhumation: 236 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 490mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1480mm long and 830mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose mid brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.



Group 2064

This group comprised: Cut [2062], Fill (2063) and one inhumation: 423 a mature adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 520mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1340mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown silty sand, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 250mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

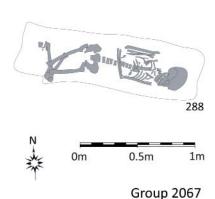
423 0m 0.5m 1m

Group 2064

Group 2067

This group comprised: Cut [2065], Fill (2066) and one inhumation: 288 a young adult (probably male).

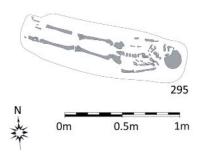
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 490mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1440mm long and 400mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy clay-loam, containing 30% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter and 25% roots.



This group comprised: Cut [2068], Fill (2069) and one inhumation: 295 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 540mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 10% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



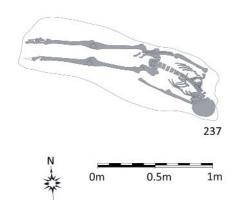
Group 2070

Group 2076

This group comprised: Cut [2074], Fill (2075) and one inhumation: 237 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 460mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1920mm long and 580mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

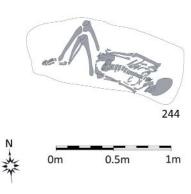


Group 2076

Group 2079

This group comprised: Cut [2077], Fill (2078) and one inhumation: 244 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 580mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1630mm long and 610mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

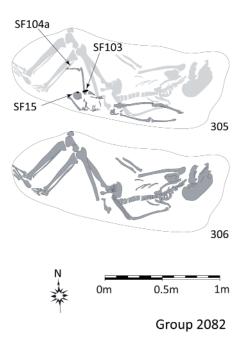


Group 2079

This group comprised: Cut [2080], Fill (2081) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 306 a prime adult male and 305 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1685mm long and 645mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy silt, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: glass beads from the neck (SF15) and wrist (SF104a), and a square metal tag (SF103) from behind the head, all associated with Skeleton 305.

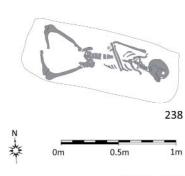


Group 2085

This group comprised: Cut [2083], Fill (2084) and one inhumation: 238 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1550mm long and 550mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

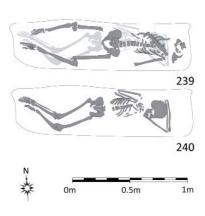


Group 2085

Group 2088

This group comprised: Cut [2086], Fill (2087) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 240 a mature adult male; and 239 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 520mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1580mm long and 480mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2088

This group comprised: Cut [2089], Fill (2090) and one inhumation: 241 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 400mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid red-grey sandy clay-loam, containing 40% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

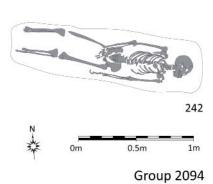
241 N Om 0.5m 1m Group 2091

Group 2094

This group comprised: Cut [2092], Fill (2093) and one inhumation: 242 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 340mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

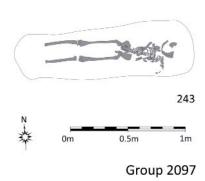
No artefacts were associated with this group.



Group 2097

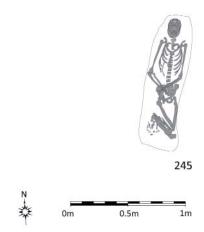
This group comprised: Cut [2095], Fill (2096) and one inhumation: 243 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid red-grey sandy clay-loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2100], Fill (2101) and one inhumation: 245 a prime adult male. The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was flat and level and 700mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1310mm long and 480mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

No artefacts were associated with this group.



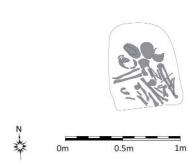
Group 2102

Group 2105

This group comprised: Cut [2103], Fill (2104) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was flat and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 700mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

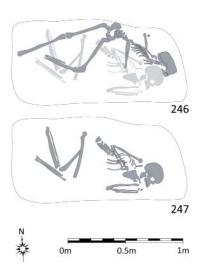


Group 2105

Group 2108

This group comprised: Cut [2106], Fill (2107) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 247 a prime adult (probably male); and 246 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy silt, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2108

This group comprised: Cut [2109], Fill (2110) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular sub circular, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was flat. Its depth below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000) was not recorded. The cut was 870mm long and 730mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy silt, containing 5% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Small undiagnostic metal fragments (SF05) and fragments of clay pipe (SF06) were associated with the fill of this group.

Disarticulated remains Om 0.5m 1m

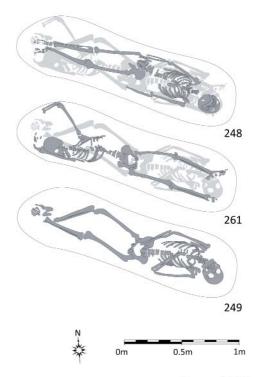
Group 2111

Group 2114

This group comprised: Cut [2112], Fill (2113) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 249 a prime adult male; 261 a young adult (probably female); and 248 a mature adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 580mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 550mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 5% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

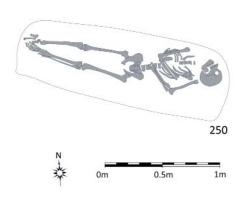


Group 2114

Group 2117

This group comprised: Cut [2115], Fill (2116) and one inhumation: 250 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 900mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 10% roots.

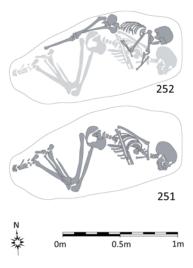


Group 2117

This group comprised: Cut [2118], Fill (2119) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 251 a prime adult male; and 252 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1480mm long and 790mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



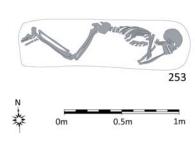
Group 2120

Group 2123

This group comprised: Cut [2121], Fill (2122) and one inhumation: 253 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 370mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1320mm long and 450mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

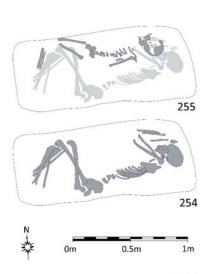


Group 2123

Group 2126

This group comprised: Cut [2124], Fill (2125) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 254 a prime adult male; and 255 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 15% roots.

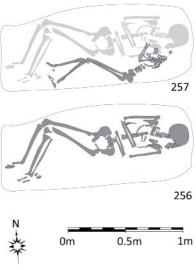


Group 2126

This group comprised: Cut [2127], Fill (2128) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 256 a mature adult female; and 257 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 440mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1780mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

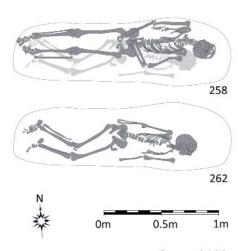


Group 2129

Group 2132

This group comprised: Cut [2130], Fill (2131) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 262 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 258 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 530mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1680mm long and 660mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown silty sand, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

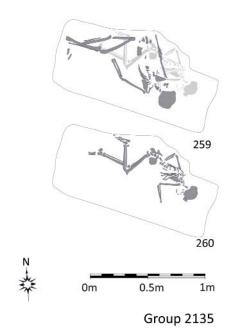


Group 2132

This group comprised: Cut [2133], Fill (2134) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 260 an older child of unknown sex; and 259 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1340mm long and 630mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 5% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

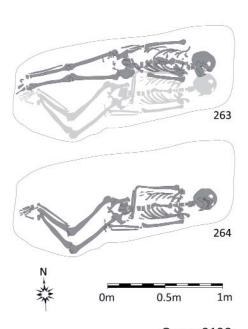
No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2138

This group comprised: Cut [2136], Fill (2137) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 264 a young adult male; and 263 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 560mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2220mm long and 670mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter and 20% roots.

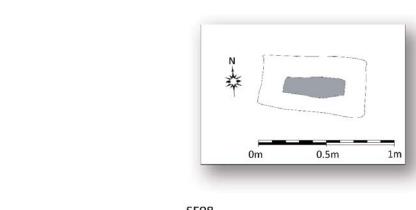


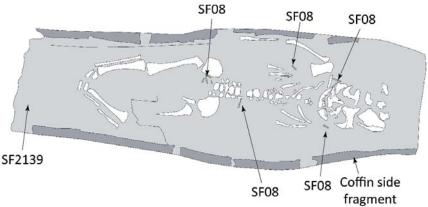
Group 2138

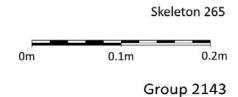
This group comprised: Cut [2140], Fill (2141) and one inhumation: 265 a foetus of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular sub circular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 120mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 10% roots.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a timber coffin (SF2139) and five copper alloy pins (SF08) from the head, chest and pelvis of Skeleton 265.



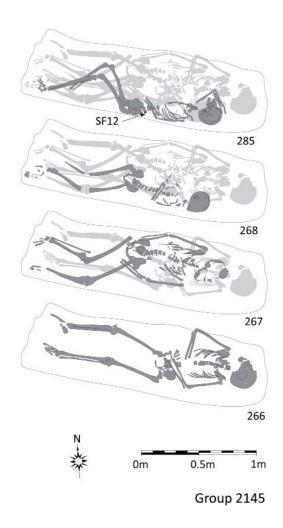




This group comprised: Cut [2143], Fill (2144) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 266 a young adult male; 267 a prime adult male; 268 an older child of unknown sex; and 285 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

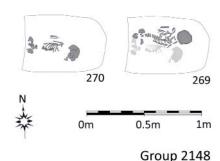
Artefacts found within this group comprised: a lead projectile (SF12) from below the abdomen of Skeleton 285.



Group 2148

This group comprised: Cut [2146], Fill (2147) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 270 a young child of unknown sex; and 269 a young child of unknown sex.

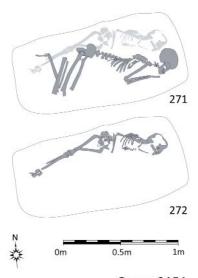
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 160mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1280mm long and 660mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 35% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2149], Fill (2150) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 272 an older child of unknown sex; and 271 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1480mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



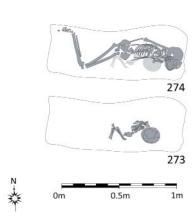
Group 2151

Group 2154

This group comprised: Cut [2152], Fill (2153) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 273 an older child of unknown sex; and 274 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was sub Oval narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1200mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

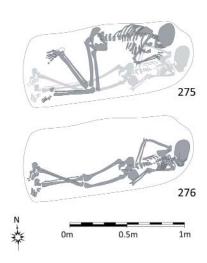


Group 2154

Group 2157

This group comprised: Cut [2155], Fill (2156) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 276 a young adult male; and 275 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 230mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown silt, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2157

This group comprised: Cut [2158], Fill (2159) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 277 a prime adult male; and 278 a prime adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1650mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a non human bone (SF09) from within the pelvis of Skeleton 277 and a fragment of textile (SF10) from the pelvis of Skeleton 278.

SF10 278 N Om Om O.5m 1m

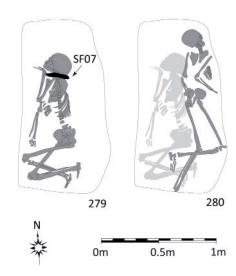
Group 2160

Group 2163

This group comprised: Cut [2161], Fill (2162) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 279 a mature adult female; and 280 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 320mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1440mm long and 640mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 45% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: glass and shell beads (SF07) from the neck of Skeleton 279.

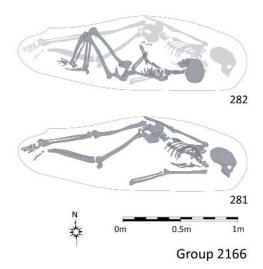


Group 2163

This group comprised: Cut [2164], Fill (2165) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 281 a young adult male; and 282 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1825mm long and 558mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

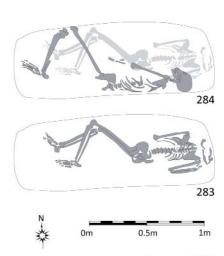


Group 2169

This group comprised: Cut [2167], Fill (2168) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 283 an adolescent male; and 284 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1670mm long and 850mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable mid grey-brown silt, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 5% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

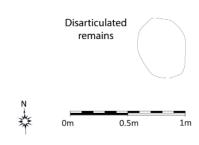


Group 2169

Group 2172

This group comprised: Cut [2170], Fill (2171) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was subcircular, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was dished and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 520mm long and 440mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy silt, containing no major inclusions.



Group 2172

This group comprised: Cut [2174], Fill (2175) and one inhumation: 286 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1322mm long and 570mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy silt, containing 35% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2179

This group comprised: Cut [2177], Fill (2178) and one inhumation: 287 a prime adult male.

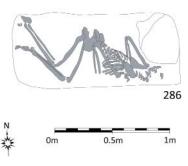
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

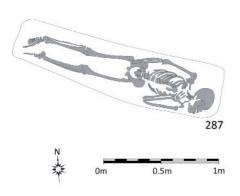
Group 2183

This group comprised: Cut [2181], Fill (2182) and one inhumation: 289 a prime adult male.

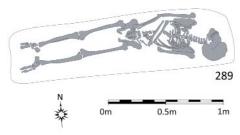
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 380mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1840mm long and 750mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2176



Group 2179

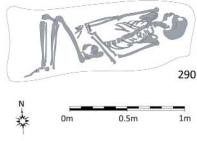


Group 2183

This group comprised: Cut [2184], Fill (2185) and one inhumation: 290 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 420mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1550mm long and 590mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



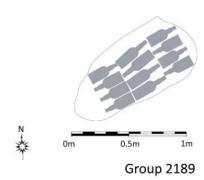
Group 2186

Group 2189

This group comprised: Cut [2187] and Fill (2188).

The cut was aligned E–W and was 1200mm long and 450mm at its widest point. The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the East and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1200mm long and 450mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light greybrown sandy silt, containing no major inclusions.

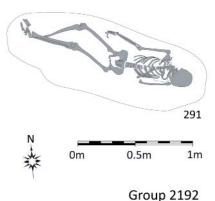
Artefacts found within this group comprised: thirty two dark glass bottles from within fill 2188.



Group 2192

This group comprised: Cut [2190], Fill (2191) and one inhumation: 291 a young adult male.

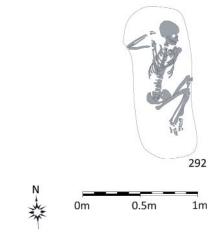
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 700mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1740mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty clay, containing no major inclusions.



This group comprised: Cut [2193], Fill (2194) and one inhumation: 292 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 810mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 610mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



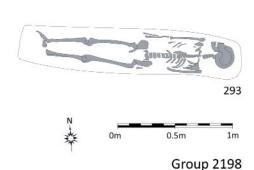
Group 2195

Group 2198

This group comprised: Cut [2196], Fill (2197) and one inhumation: 293 an adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 750mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 450mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

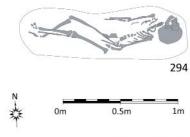
No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2201

This group comprised: Cut [2199], Fill (2200) and one inhumation: 294 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1320mm long and 420mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 30% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.



Group 2201

This group comprised: Cut [2202], Fill (2203) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 296 a mature adult (probably male); and 297 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

297 296 N Om 0.5m 1m

Group 2204

Group 2207

This group comprised: Cut [2205], Fill (2206) and one inhumation: 298 an adolescent (probably male).

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

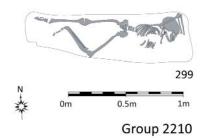
Artefacts found within this group comprised: a button (SF13) from above the upper chest of Skeleton 298.

298 0m 0.5m 1m Group 2207

Group 2210

This group comprised: Cut [2208], Fill (2209) and one inhumation: 299 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the E and 520mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1480mm long and 660mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.



This group comprised: Cut [2211], Fill (2212) and one inhumation: 300 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 780mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1570mm long and 560mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter and 15% roots.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of textile (SF25) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 300.

Group 2218

This group comprised: Cut [2216], Fill (2217) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 302 an older child of unknown sex; and 301 a young adult male.

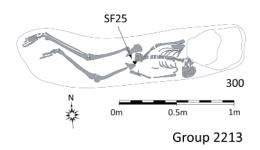
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

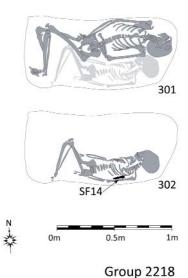
Artefacts found within this group comprised: an iron fixing (SF14) found above the left arm of Skeleton 302.

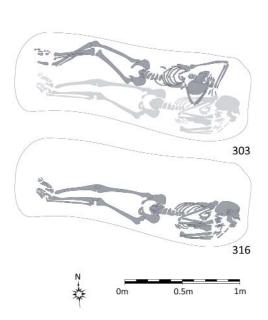
Group 2221

This group comprised: Cut [2219], Fill (2220) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 316 a young adult male; and 303 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2100mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular gravel 2mm to 10mm in diameter.







Group 2221

This group comprised: Cut [2222], Fill (2223) and one inhumation: 304 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level. Its depth below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000) was not recorded. The cut was 1600mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter and 10% roots.

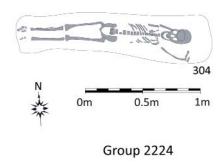
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

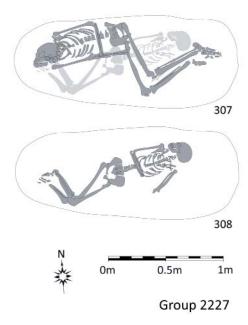
Group 2227

This group comprised: Cut [2225], Fill (2226) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 308 a prime adult female; and 307 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

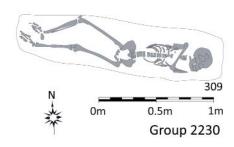




Group 2230

This group comprised: Cut [2228], Fill (2229) and one inhumation: 309 an adolescent of unknown sex.

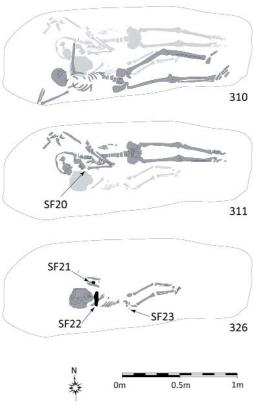
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the east and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1660mm long and 410mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2231], Fill (2232) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 326 a young child of unknown sex; 311 an older child of unknown sex; and 310 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2130mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: an iron band (SF20) adjacent to the neck of Skeleton 311; an iron band (SF21) found at the right wrist of Skeleton 326; a necklace of beads and a tusk (SF22) at the neck of Skeleton 326 and a single blue glass bead (SF23) adjacent to the right pelvis of Skeleton 326.

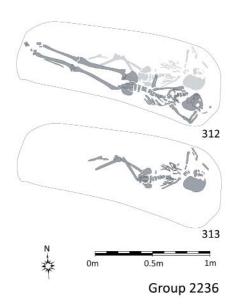


Group 2233

Group 2236

This group comprised: Cut [2234], Fill (2235) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 313 a young child of unknown sex; and 312 an adolescent of unknown sex.

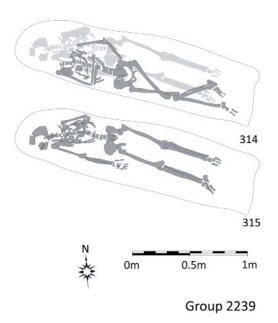
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the East and 630mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 680mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2237], Fill (2238) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 315 a prime adult female; and 314 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 290mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2020mm long and 520mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

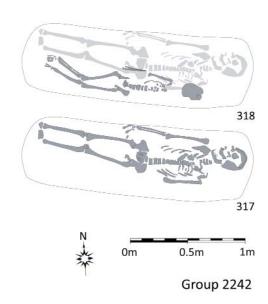


Group 2242

This group comprised: Cut [2240], Fill (2241) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 317 a young adult male; and 318 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 10% roots.

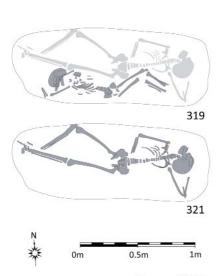
No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2245

This group comprised: Cut [2243], Fill (2244) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 321 a young child of unknown sex; and 319 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1850mm long and 580mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.



Group 2245

This group comprised: Cut [2246], Fill (2247) and one inhumation: 320 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the east and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1460mm long and 480mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 15% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2251

This group comprised: Cut [2249], Fill (2250) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 323 a young adult male; and 322 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 540mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1890mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.

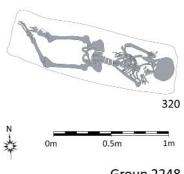
Artefacts found within this group comprised: glass ampoules (SF16) found in the top 50mm of grave fill 2250 and a circular metal tag (SF19) found behind the neck of Skeleton 322.

Group 2254

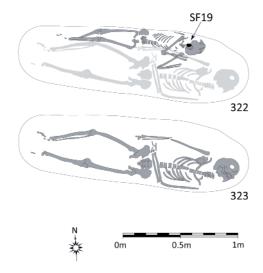
This group comprised: Cut [2252], Fill (2253) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 325 a young adult male; and 324 a mature adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 250mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1550mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

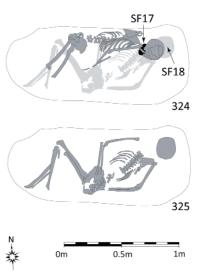
Artefacts found within this group comprised: red glass beads (SF17) found at the neck and a small non-human bone (SF18) found above the head, both associated with Skeleton 324.



Group 2248



Group 2251

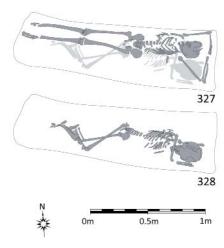


Group 2254

This group comprised: Cut [2255], Fill (2256) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 328 an older child of unknown sex; and 327 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 550mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1920mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown silt, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



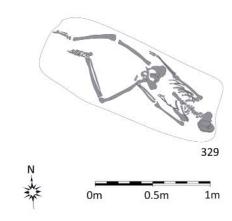
Group 2257

Group 2260

This group comprised: Cut [2258], Fill (2259) and one inhumation: 329 a prime adult male.

The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1530mm long and 620mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown silt, containing no major inclusions.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

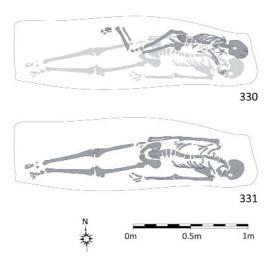


Group 2260

Group 2264

This group comprised: Cut [2262], Fill (2263) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 331 a young adult male; and 330 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 90mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.



Group 2264

This group comprised: Cut [2265], Fill (2266) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 333 a young adult male; and 332 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the East and 750mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2270

This group comprised: Cut [2268], Fill (2269) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 334 a prime adult male; and 335 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 610mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter and 10% roots.

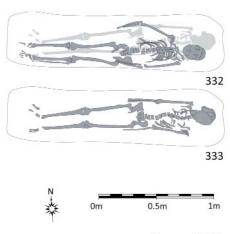
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2273

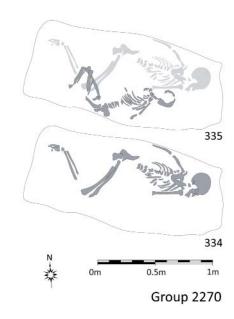
This group comprised: Cut [2271], Fill (2272) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 337 a prime adult male; and 336 an older child of unknown sex.

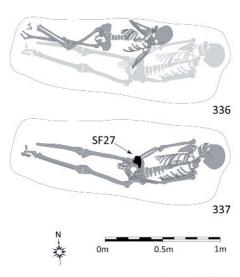
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1860mm long and 810mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 35% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of coarse textile (SF27) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 337.



Group 2267



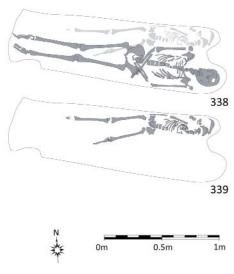


Group 2273

This group comprised: Cut [2274], Fill (2275) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 339 an older child of unknown sex; and 338 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 520mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1810mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



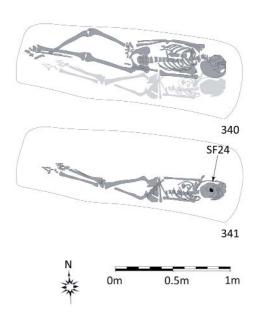
Group 2276

Group 2279

This group comprised: Cut [2277], Fill (2278) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 341 an older child of unknown sex; and 340 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 460mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 480mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 45% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of textile (SF24) from behind the head of Skeleton 341.

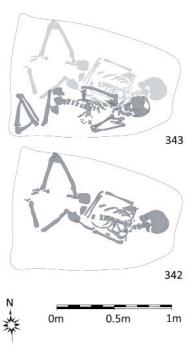


Group 2279

This group comprised: Cut [2280], Fill (2281) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 342 a mature adult male; and 343 a mature adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the east and 610mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1520mm long and 890mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

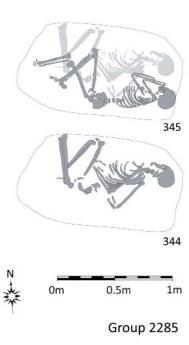


Group 2282

Group 2285

This group comprised: Cut [2283], Fill (2284) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 344 a young adult male; and 345 an older child of unknown sex.

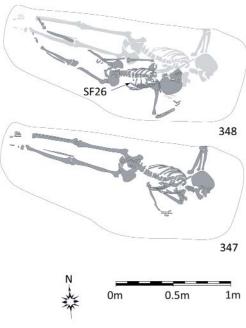
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2289], Fill (2290) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 347 a mature adult female; and 348 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1940mm long and 760mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid red-grey sandy loam, containing 40% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a lead projectile (SF26) from the grave fill below Skeleton 348.

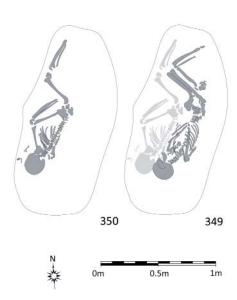


Group 2291

Group 2294

This group comprised: Cut [2292], Fill (2293) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 350 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 349 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 420mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 35% angular and sub-angular gravel 2mm to 10mm in diameter and 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.

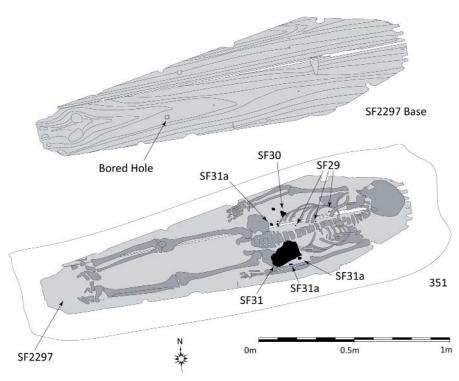


Group 2294

This group comprised: Cut [2295], Fill (2296) and one inhumation: 351 an adolescent presumed to be male on the basis of his clothing.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 550mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2950mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a timber coffin (SF2297), 11 bone buttons (SF29) from above the chest; fragments of organic material (SF30) from the right pelvis; fragments of a cotton garment (SF31) from the pelvis and copper alloy buttons (SF31a) adjacent to SF31; all were associated with Skeleton 351.



Group 2298

This group comprised: Cut [2300] and Fill (2301) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular sub-circular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 100mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 400mm long and 350mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid greybrown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

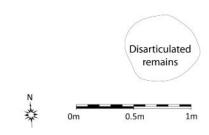
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2305

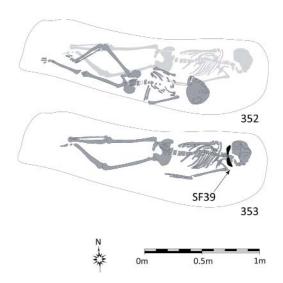
This group comprised: Cut [2303], Fill (2304) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 353 a prime adult (probably male); and 352 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 620mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1970mm long and 640mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: glass beads (SF39) from the neck of Skeleton 353.



Group 2302

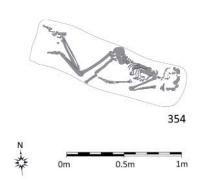


Group 2308

This group comprised: Cut [2306], Fill (2307) and one inhumation: 354 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 100mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1250mm long and 350mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy silt, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2308

Group 2305

This group comprised: Cut [2309], Fill (2310) and one inhumation: 355 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

355 N Om 0.5m 1m

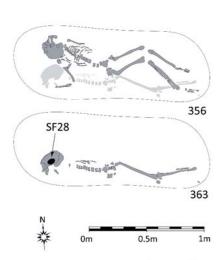
Group 2311

Group 2314

This group comprised: Cut [2312], Fill (2313) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 363 an older child of unknown sex; and 356 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 580mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 570mm at its widest point. The fill was a compacted mid brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a circular metal tag (SF28) from above the skull of Skeleton 363.

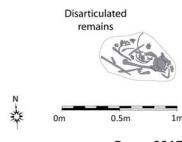


Group 2314

Group 2317

This group comprised: Cut [2315], Fill (2316) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular sub circular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 180mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 780mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

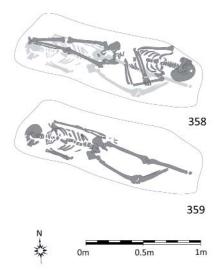


Group 2317

This group comprised: Cut [2318], Fill (2319) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 359 a prime adult male; and 358 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1690mm long and 520mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



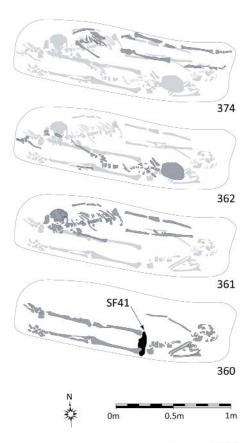
Group 2320

Group 2323

This group comprised: Cut [2321], Fill (2322) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 360 a young adult (probably male); 361 an older child of unknown sex; 362 an older child of unknown sex; and 374 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1760mm long and 660mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable mid grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 10% roots.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of coarse textile (SF41) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 360.



Group 2323

This group comprised: Cut [2324], Fill (2325) and one inhumation: 369 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2050mm long and 730mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy silt, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a clay pipe (SF32) from within Fill 2325.

369 1m 0.5m

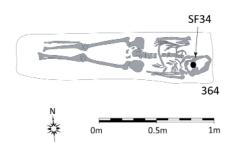
Group 2326

Group 2329

This group comprised: Cut [2327], Fill (2328) and one inhumation: 364 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1560mm long and 380mm at its widest point. The fill was a light grey-brown sandy silt, containing no major inclusions.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a fragmented metal tag (SF34) from below the skull of Skeleton 364.



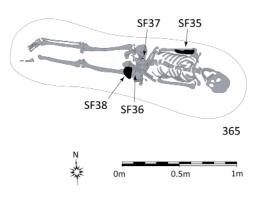
Group 2329

Group 2332

This group comprised: Cut [2330], Fill (2331) and one inhumation: 365 a prime adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 820mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1950mm long and 830mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of fine textile (SF35) from the right arm; a small non-human bone (SF36) from within the pelvis; fragments of plaited braids (SF37) from above the pelvis and seven glass beads (SF38) from adjacent to the left pelvis; all were associated with Skeleton 365.

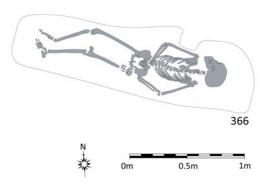


Group 2332

This group comprised: Cut [2333], Fill (2334) and one inhumation: 366 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 580mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2050mm long and 540mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 5% angular and sub-angular stones 100mm to 250mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



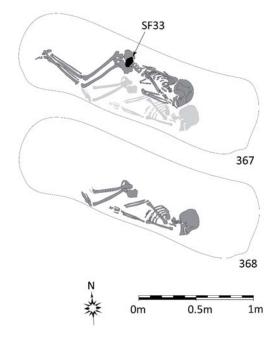
Group 2335

Group 2338

This group comprised: Cut [2336], Fill (2337) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 368 an older child of unknown sex; and 367 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 660mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1810mm long and 540mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey silty sand, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of ferrous and non-ferrous metal (SF33) from the fill (2337) above the pelvis of Skeleton 367.

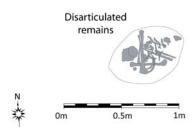


Group 2338

Group 2341

This group comprised: Cut [2339], Fill (2340) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was sub-circular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was dished and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 800mm long and 620mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey silty sand, containing no major inclusions.

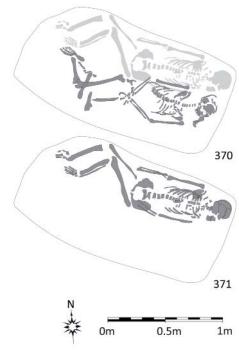


Group 2341

This group comprised: Cut [2342], Fill (2343) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 371 an adolescent (probably male); and 370 a prime adult (probably male).

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 380mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1720mm long and 730mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 40% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

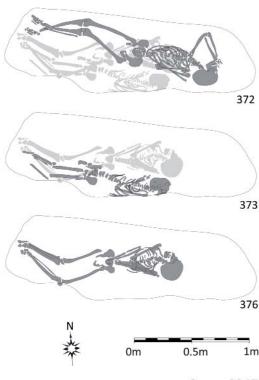


Group 2344

Group 2347

This group comprised: Cut [2345], Fill (2346) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 376 an older child of unknown sex; 373 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 372 a prime adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1910mm long and 490mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 10% angular and sub-angular stones 50mm to 150mm in diameter.

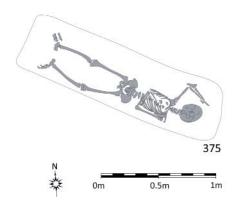


Group 2347

This group comprised: Cut [2348], Fill (2349) and one inhumation: 375 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 750mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

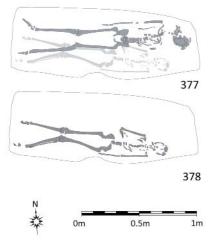


Group 2350

Group 2353

This group comprised: Cut [2351], Fill (2352) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 378 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 377 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 550mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.



Group 2353

This group comprised: Cut [2354], Fill (2355) and one inhumation: 379 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 340mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1840mm long and 560mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a length of braided human hair (SF44) from the skull of Skeleton 379.

379 0m 0.5m 1m

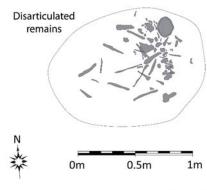
Group 2356

Group 2359

This group comprised: Cut[2357], Fill(2358) and a deposit of fragmentary disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was subcircular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 1000mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown silt, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

The group cuts burial group 2383, disturbing the inhumations within it.

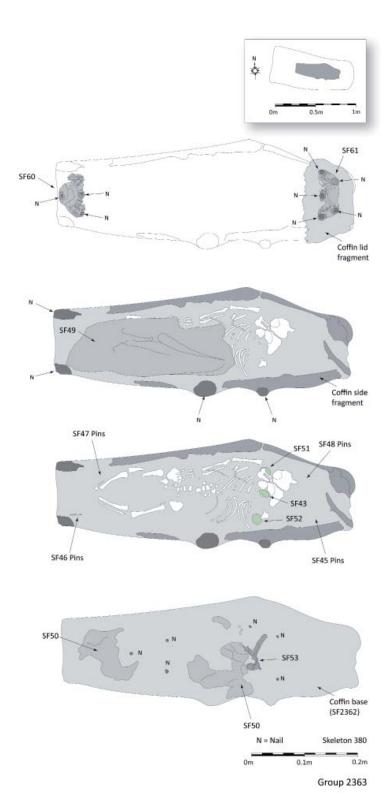


Group 2359

This group comprised: Cut [2360], Fill (2361) and one inhumation: 380 a neonate of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 900mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1300mm long and 900mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown silt, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

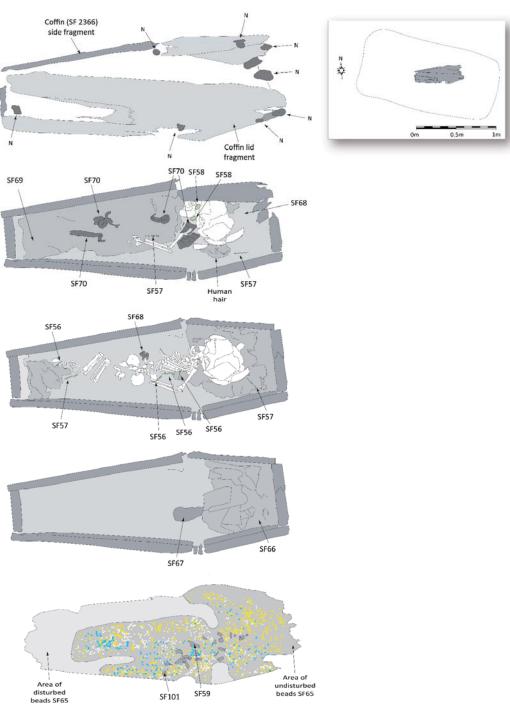
Artefacts found within this group comprised: a coin (SF43) from the left eye socket, another (SF51) from the right eye socket, and a final coin (SF52) from adjacent to the skull; a series of copper alloy pins from the south-east quadrant (SF45), from the south-west quadrant (SF46), from the north-west quadrant (SF47) and from the northeast quadrant (SF48); textile fragments covering the lower part of the skeleton (SF49), from below the skeleton (SF50), and a fine ribbon (SF53) from close to the skull; a timber coffin (SF2362) and two metal coffin fittings (SF60 west end) (SF61 east end); all were associated with Skeleton 380.



This group comprised: Cut [2364], Fill (2365) and one inhumation: 381 a neonate of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 1000mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1100mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular gravel 2mm to 10mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a series of copper alloy pins – large pins (SF56) and small pins (SF57) – from the periphery of the skeleton; two coins (SF58) from the eye sockets; an iron object (SF59) from below the skeleton; a mat of glass beads (SF65) from the base of the coffin; a wadded pillow (SF66) from beneath the skull; fragments of leather footwear (SF67) from the left side of the head; finely woven ribbons (SF70) from under the chin, above the chest and pelvis; a textile covering (SF68) from above the head and another (SF69) from above the skeleton; wood shavings (SF101) from within the coffin and finally the coffin itself (SF2366); all were associated with Skeleton 381.



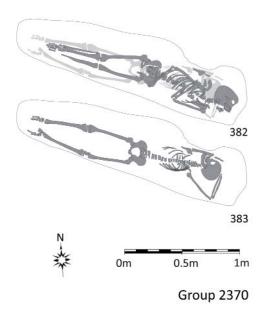
N = Nail Skeleton 381
0m 0.1m 0.2m

Group 2367

This group comprised: Cut [2368], Fill (2369) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 383 an adolescent (probably female); and 382 a young adult of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 750mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1910mm long and 490mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

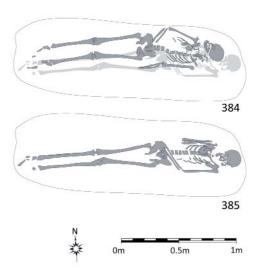
No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2373

This group comprised: Cut [2371], Fill (2372) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 385 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 384 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 800mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2200mm long and 730mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

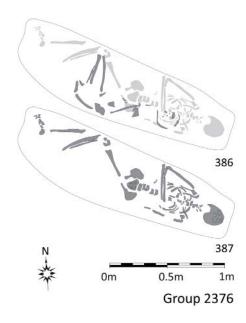


Group 2373

This group comprised: Cut [2374], Fill (2375) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 387 a young adult male; and 386 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1700mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a compacted mid brown sandy loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

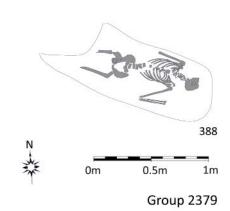


Group 2379

This group comprised: Cut [2377], Fill (2378) and one inhumation: 388 an older child of unknown sex.

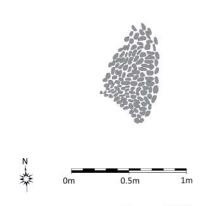
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 120mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1520mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2380

This group comprised an area of basalt beach cobbles from 50mm to 120mm, set with their longest axis running vertically and their second longest axis oriented down the slope to a point to the south-west. The cobbles were set close against one another in a fine yellow-brown silty clay matrix and levelled so their highest point formed a plane with a fall of 1 in 5 to the south-west. The eastern edge formed a gentle curve and was constructed from cobbles used with their long axis running along the curve's perimeter. The area was 900mm along its N–S axis and 600mm along its E–W axis.



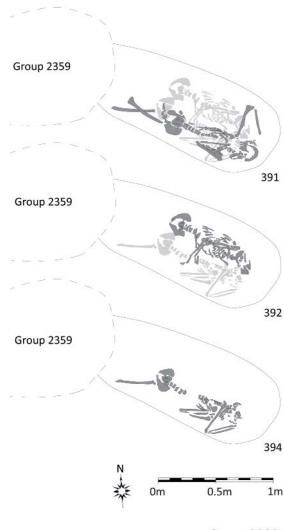
Group 2380

This group comprised: Cut [2381], Fill (2382) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 394 a prime adult male; 392 a prime adult male; and 391 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 700mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown silty sand, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

The group is cut by group (2357) (Cut [2355]) – a pit containing a deposit of disarticulated human remains. This resulted in the disturbance of the lower legs of all three burials within group 2383.

No artefacts were associated with this group.

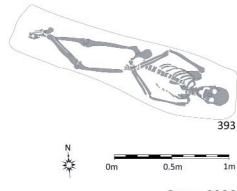


Group 2383

Group 2386

This group comprised: Cut [2384], Fill (2385) and one inhumation: 393 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 650mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2386

This group comprised: Cut [2387], Fill (2388) and one inhumation: 395 a young adult probably female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1680mm long and 720mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



This group comprised: Cut [2390], Fill (2391) and one inhumation: 396 an adolescent male.

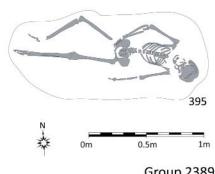
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1850mm long and 750mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 40% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

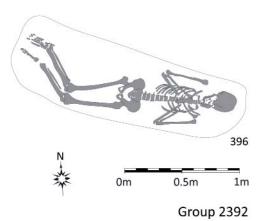
Group 2395

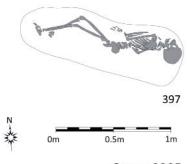
This group comprised: Cut [2393], Fill (2394) and one inhumation: 397 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 5% roots.



Group 2389





Group 2395

This group comprised: Cut [2396], Fill (2397) and one inhumation: 398 an adolescent male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 700mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark brown sandy loam, containing 15% roots and 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

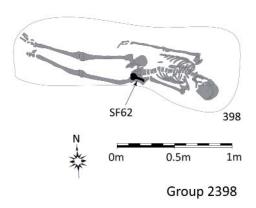
Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of coarse textile (SF62) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 398

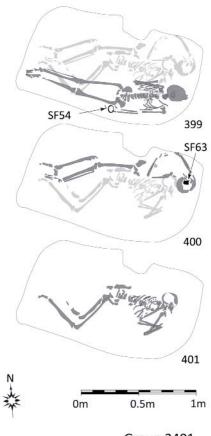
Group 2401

This group comprised: Cut [2399], Fill (2400) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 401 an older child of unknown sex; 400 an older child of unknown sex; and 399 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a heavy copper alloy bracelet (SF54) from the left wrist of Skeleton 399 and a square metal tag (SF63) from below the skull of Skeleton 400.



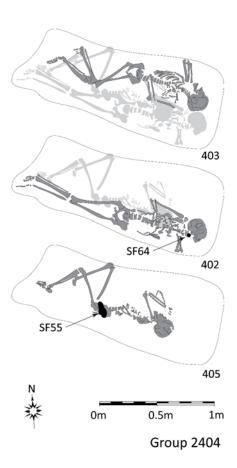


Group 2401

This group comprised: Cut [2402], Fill (2403) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 405 an older child of unknown sex; 402 an adolescent (probably female); and 403 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 550mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 250mm in diameter.

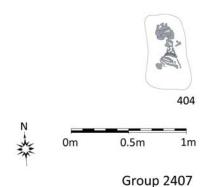
Artefacts found within this group comprised: a fragment of coarse textile (SF55) from the pelvis of Skeleton 405 and a glass bead (SF64) from the grave fill (2403) close to Skeleton 402.



Group 2407

This group comprised: Cut [2405], Fill (2406) and one inhumation: 404 a young child of unknown sex.

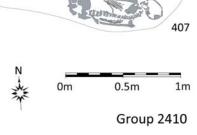
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 590mm long and 310mm at its widest point. The fill was a compacted mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.



This group comprised: Cut [2408], Fill (2409) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 407 an older child of unknown sex; and 406 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 260mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 5% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



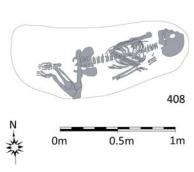
406

Group 2413

This group comprised: Cut [2411], Fill (2412) and one inhumation: 408 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 780mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1820mm long and 870mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



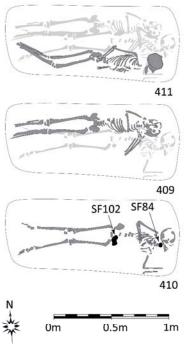
Group 2413

Group 2416

This group comprised: Cut [2414], Fill (2415) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 410 an older child of unknown sex; 409 an older child of unknown sex; and 411 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1380mm long and 570mm at its widest point. The fill was a friable mid brown silty sand, containing no major inclusions.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a circular metal tag (SF84) from below the neck and fragments of textile (SF102) from below the pelvis, both associated with Skeleton 410.



Group 2416

This group comprised: Cut [2417], Fill (2418) and one inhumation: 412 a young adult (probably male).

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 710mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1920mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a curved fragment of metal (SF71) found close to the neck of Skeleton 412.

Group 2422

This group comprised: Cut [2420], Fill (2421) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular sub circular, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 650mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 1200mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark brown silty clay, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter.

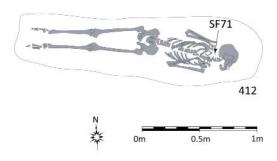
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2425

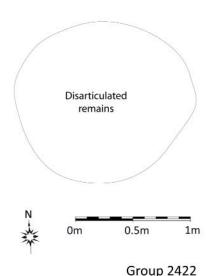
This group comprised: Cut[2423], Fill(2424) and a deposit of partially fragmentary disarticulated human remains.

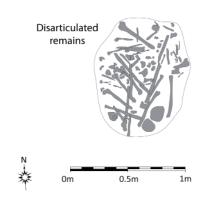
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was sub circular, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was dished and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1050mm long and 820mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark brown silty clay, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter.

The group cuts burial group 2458, disturbing the inhumations within it.



Group 2419



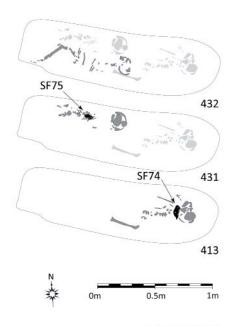


Group 2425

This group comprised: Cut [2426], Fill (2427) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 413 an older child of unknown sex; 431 an older child of unknown sex; and 432 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1860mm long and 430mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 200mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: blue glass beads (SF74) from below the neck of Skeleton 413 and fragments of textile (SF75) from above and below the chest of Skeleton 431.



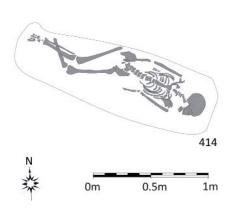
Group 2428

Group 2431

This group comprised: Cut [2429], Fill (2430) and one inhumation: 414 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 800mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2100mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 25% roots.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: two fragments of clay pipe (SF72 and SF73) from within fill 2430.

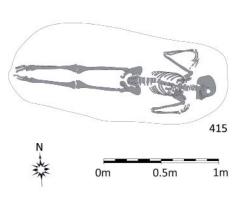


Group 2431

Group 2434

This group comprised: Cut [2432], Fill (2433) and one inhumation: 415 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1730mm long and 720mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.



Group 2434

This group comprised: Cut [2435], Fill (2436) and one inhumation: 416 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid greybrown loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 10% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2438

This group comprised: Cut [2440], Fill (2439) and one inhumation: 417 an older child of unknown sex.

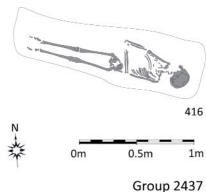
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 400mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

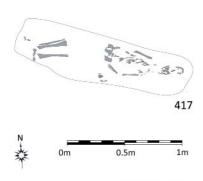
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2443

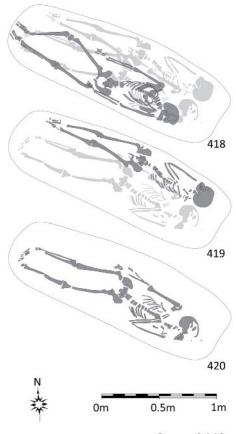
This group comprised: Cut [2441], Fill (2442) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 420 a prime adult male; 419 a young adult (probably female); and 418 an adolescent (probably female).

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1810mm long and 640mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid greybrown sandy silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 5% angular and sub-angular stones 50mm to 200mm in diameter.





Group 2438



Group 2443

This group comprised: Cut [2446], Fill (2445) and one inhumation: 421 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid red-grey silty sand, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2449

This group comprised: Cut [2447], Fill (2448) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 422 a mature adult female; and 424 a young child of unknown sex.

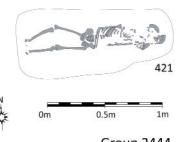
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1150mm long and 830mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: eight glass beads (SF77) from below the head of Skeleton 424.

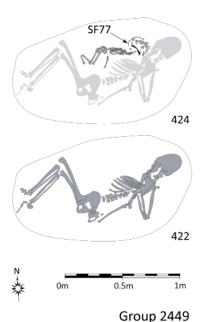
Group 2450

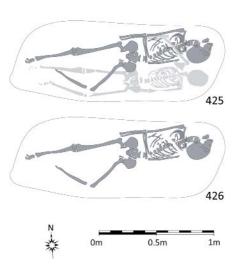
This group comprised: Cut [2452], Fill (2451) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 426 an older child of unknown sex; and 425 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 620mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1920mm long and 770mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 300mm in diameter.



Group 2444



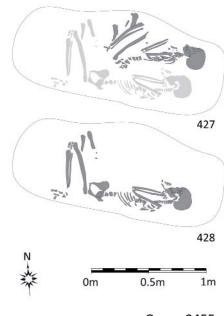


Group 2450

This group comprised: Cut [2453], Fill (2454) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 428 a young adult (probably male); and 427 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1650mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown clay sandy silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: an iron fixing (SF76) from Fill 2454.



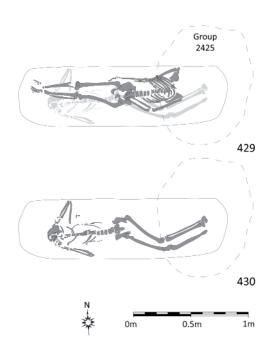
Group 2455

Group 2458

This group comprised: Cut [2456], Fill (2457) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 430 a prime adult male; and 429 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 650mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 5% roots.

This group is cut by charnel pit, Group 2425.



Group 2458

This group comprised: Cut [2459], Fill (2460) and one inhumation: 433 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1300mm long and 550mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown clay sandy silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2464

This group comprised: Cut [2462], Fill (2463) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 435 a prime adult female and 434 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 5% roots.

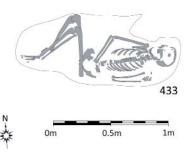
Artefacts found within this group comprised: human hair (SF105) from the skull of Skeleton 435.

Group 2467

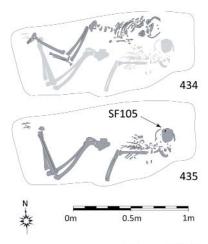
This group comprised: Cut [2465], Fill (2466) and one inhumation: 436 a young adult male.

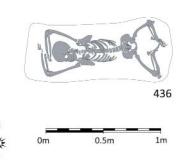
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1650mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



Group 2461





Group 2467

Group 2464

This group comprised: Cut [2468], Fill (2469) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 437 a young adult male; and 438 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 5% angular and sub-angular stones 50mm to 200mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: glass beads (SF78) from below the neck of Skeleton 438 and fragments of coarse textile (SF80) from below the skull of Skeleton 437.

Group 2471

This group comprised: Cut [2473], Fill (2472) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 440 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 441 a mature adult male.

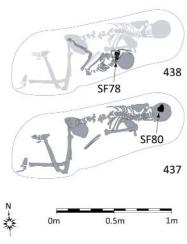
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 200mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1300mm long and 630mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of textile (SF79) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 441.

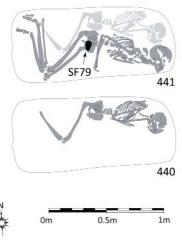
Group 2474

This group comprised: Cut [2476], Fill (2475) and one inhumation: 439 a young child of unknown sex.

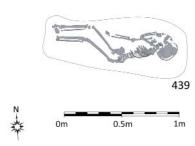
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1140mm long and 440mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2470



Group 2471



Group 2474

This group comprised: Cut [2478], Fill (2479) and one inhumation: 442 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 500mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown sandy silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a short length of twisted fibres (SF81) from above the pelvis of Skeleton 442 and a fragment of timber (SF82) from Fill (2479).

442 1m

SF81

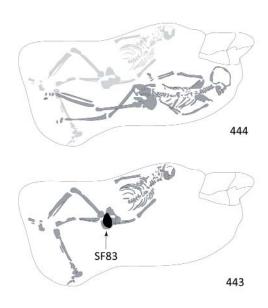
Group 2477

Group 2482

This group comprised: Cut [2480], Fill (2481) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 443 an older child of unknown sex; and 444 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1560mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of textile (SF83) from below the pelvis of Skeleton 443.



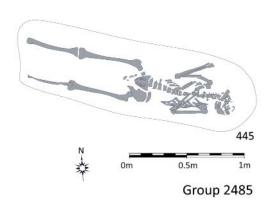
Group 2482

0.5m

Group 2485

This group comprised: Cut [2483], Fill (2484) and one inhumation: 445 a mature adult male.

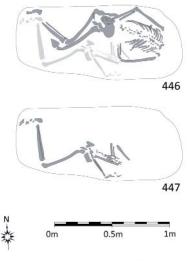
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E-W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 50mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 40% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.



This group comprised: Cut [2486], Fill (2487) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 447 an older child of unknown sex; and 446 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 250mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 5% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

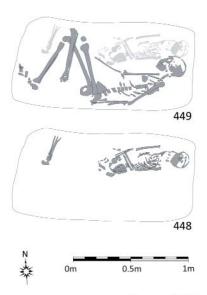


Group 2488

Group 2491

This group comprised: Cut [2489], Fill (2490) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 448 an older child of unknown sex; and 449 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 270mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1770mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 10% roots. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial.

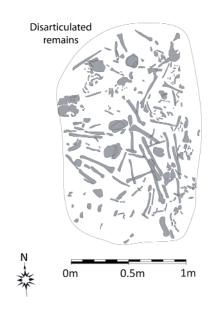


Group 2491

This group comprised: Cut [2492], Fill (2493) and a deposit of disarticulated human remains.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was flat and level and 690mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2200mm long and 1200mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the fill.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.



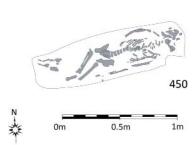
Group 2494

Group 2495

This group comprised: Cut [2497], Fill (2496) and one inhumation: 450 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 250mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

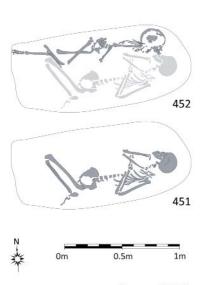


Group 2495

Group 2498

This group comprised: Cut [2500], Fill (2499) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 451 an adolescent female; and 452 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2498

This group comprised: Cut [2501], Fill (2502) and one inhumation: 456 an older child of unknown sex.

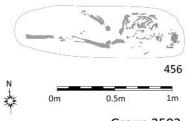
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 5% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

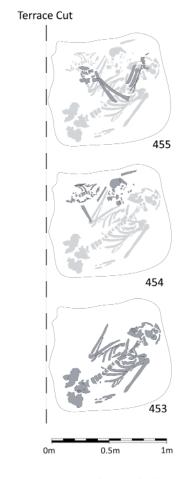
Group 2504

This group comprised: Cut [2506], Fill (2505) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 453 a prime adult male; 454 an older child of unknown sex; and 455 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 980mm long and 820mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable light grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter. The group was truncated to the west by the terracing.



Group 2503

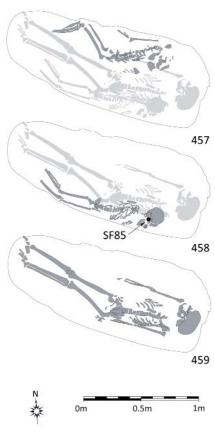


Group 2504

This group comprised: Cut [2507], Fill (2508) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 459 a prime adult male; 458 an older child of unknown sex; and 457 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 660mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1880mm long and 850mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter and 5% angular and sub-angular stones 100mm to 300mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: a circular metal tag (SF85) from below the skull of Skeleton 458.

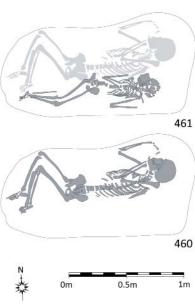


Group 2509

Group 2510

This group comprised: Cut [2512], Fill (2511) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 460 a young adult male; and 461 an older child of unknown sex.

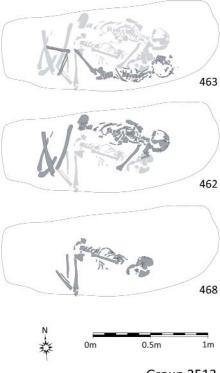
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 580mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 750mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid brown sandy loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.



Group 2510

This group comprised: Cut [2515], Fill (2514) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 468 an older child of unknown sex; 462 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 463 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 450mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 2000mm long and 800mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter and 10% roots.

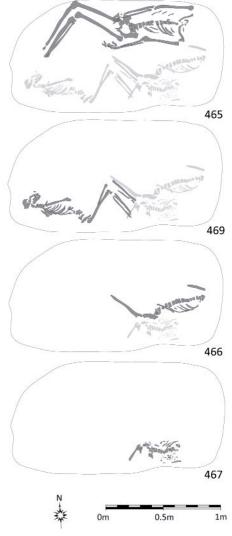


Group 2513

This group comprised: Cut [2516], Fill (2517) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 467 a young child of unknown sex; 466 an adolescent of unknown sex; 469 an older child of unknown sex; and 465 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and sloping to the west and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1900mm long and 1000mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. A thin layer of calcium carbonate was present at the base of the grave cut.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

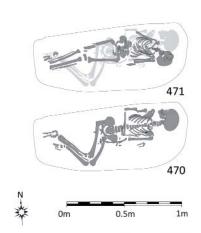


Group 2518

Group 2521

This group comprised: Cut [2519], Fill (2520) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 470 an older child of unknown sex; and 471 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 800mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1700mm long and 950mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

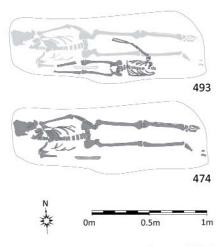


Group 2521

This group comprised: Cut [2522], Fill (2523) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 474 a mature adult male; and 493 a young child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the east and 250mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1540mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a compacted mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

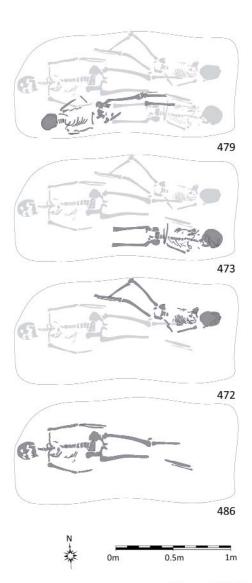


Group 2524

Group 2527

This group comprised: Cut [2525], Fill (2526) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 486 a prime adult male; 472 an older child of unknown sex; 473 an older child of unknown sex; and 479 an older child of unknown sex.

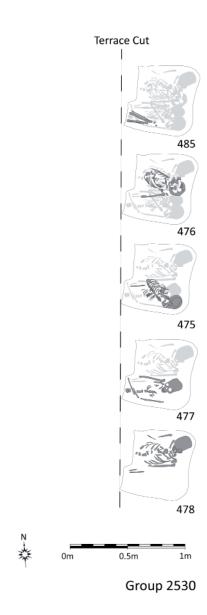
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1970mm long and 860mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter. Considerable numbers of fly pupae were present within the burial



Group 2527

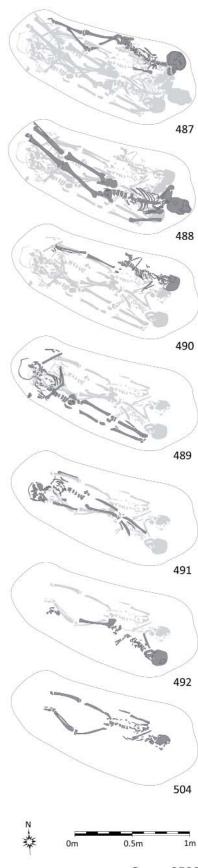
This group comprised: Cut [2528], Fill (2529) and five inhumations, in order of deposition: 478 a prime adult male; 477 a young adult (probably female); 475 an adolescent of unknown sex; 476 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 485 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 678mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid greybrown loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 10% roots. The group was truncated to the west by the terrace.



This group comprised: Cut [2531], Fill (2532) and seven inhumations, in order of deposition: 504 an older child of unknown sex; 492 an older child of unknown sex; 491 an older child of unknown sex; 489 an older child of unknown sex; 488 a prime adult male; and 487 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 600mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1720mm long and 700mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable light grey-brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.



Group 2533

This group comprised: Cut [2534], Fill (2535) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 480 a prime adult male; and 481 an older child of unknown sex.

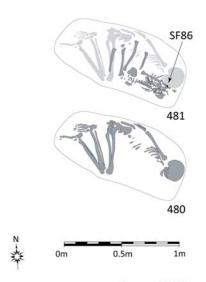
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the east and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1200mm long and 580mm at its widest point. The fill was a compacted mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of copper alloy (SF86) from close to the neck of Skeleton 481.

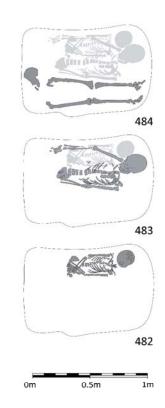
Group 2539

This group comprised: Cut [2537], Fill (2538) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 483 a young adult male; 482 an older child of unknown sex; and 484 a prime adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1160mm long and 750mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable sandy loam, containing 30% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter. This group was truncated to the west by the terrace.



Group 2536



Group 2539

This group comprised: Cut [2540], Fill (2541) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 494 an older child of unknown sex; and 495 an adolescent male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1000mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 5% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter. This group was truncated to the west by the terrace.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

495 494 0m 0.5m 1m

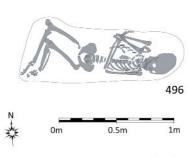
Group 2542

Group 2545

This group comprised: Cut [2543], Fill (2544) and one inhumation: 496 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 550mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid red-grey sandy loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter and 15% roots.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

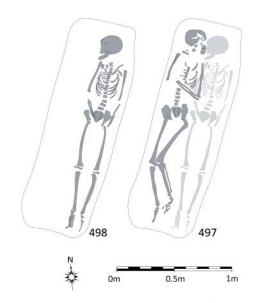


Group 2545

Group 2548

This group comprised: Cut [2546], Fill (2547) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 498 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 497 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned N–S. The base of the cut was flat and level and 400mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1800mm long and 570mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark brown sandy loam, containing 20% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter.



Group 2548

This group comprised: Cut [2551], Fill (2550) and one inhumation: 499 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 360mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose mid brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

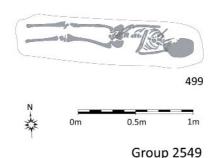
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

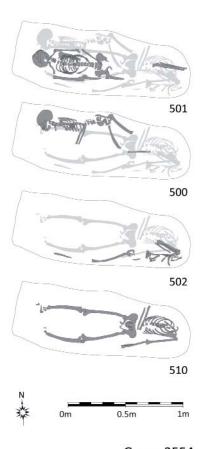
Group 2554

This group comprised: Cut [2552], Fill (2553) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 510 an adolescent of unknown sex; 502 a prime adult male; 500 a prime adult male; and 501 an adolescent of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear narrowing to the west, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 370mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1680mm long and 580mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown sandy loam, containing 30% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of coarse fabric (SF90) from within Fill 2552.





Group 2554

This group comprised: Cut [2555], Fill (2556) and one inhumation: 503 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 270mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1500mm long and 370mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid greybrown loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

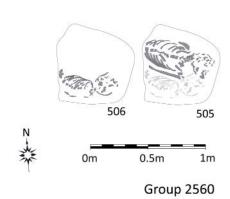
503 N Om 0.5m 1m Group 2557

Group 2560

This group comprised: Cut [2558], Fill (2559) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 506 an older child of unknown sex; and 505 a prime adult (probably male).

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 200mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 500mm long and 650mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 150mm in diameter. This group was truncated to the west by the terrace.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

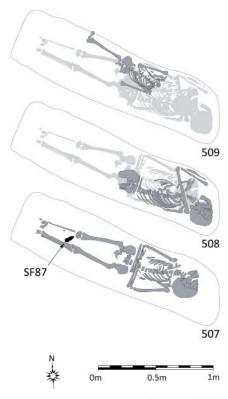


Group 2563

This group comprised: Cut [2561], Fill (2562) and three inhumations, in order of deposition: 507 an adolescent of unknown sex; 508 a young adult male; and 509 an older child of unknown sex.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1750mm long and 480mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: an iron fixing (SF87) from between the lower legs of Skeleton 507.

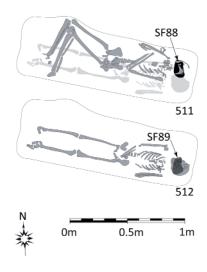


Group 2563

This group comprised: Cut [2564], Fill (2565) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 512 an older child of unknown sex; and 511 an adolescent (probably male).

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 360mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1420mm long and 440mm at its widest point. The fill was a dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing no major inclusions.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of coarse textile (SF88) from below the skull of Skeleton 511 and similar fragments (SF89) from below the skull of Skeleton 512.



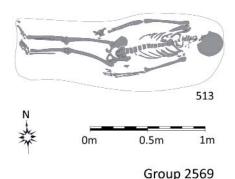
Group 2566

Group 2569

This group comprised: Cut [2567], Fill (2568) and one inhumation: 513 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 350mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1600mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid brown loam, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

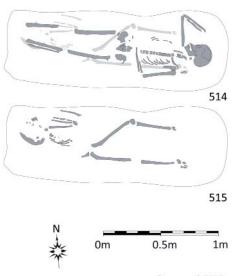


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Group 2570

This group comprised: Cut [2572], Fill (2571) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 515 an older child of unknown sex; and 514 an adult male.

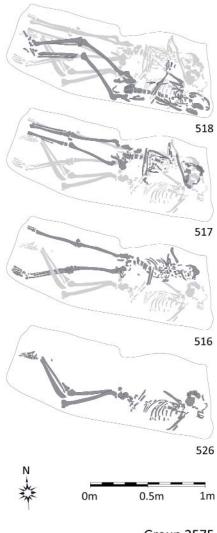
The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 240mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1700mm long and 630mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid brown silty sand, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2570

This group comprised: Cut [2573], Fill (2574) and four inhumations, in order of deposition: 526 a young adult probably male; 516 an older child of unknown sex; 517 an adolescent of unknown sex; and 518 a young adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 560mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1660mm long and 600mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid greybrown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

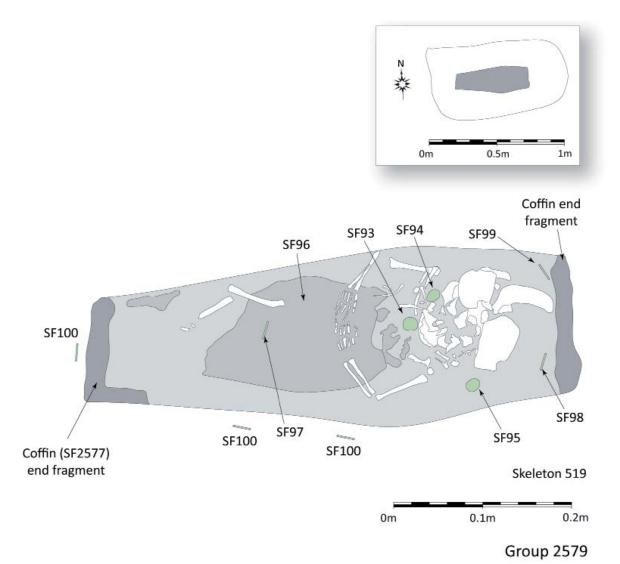


Group 2575

This group comprised: Cut [2576], Fill (2578) and one inhumation: 519 a neonate of unknown sex.

The base of the cut was flat and sloping to the west and 320mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1040mm long and 450mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

Artefacts found within this group comprised: two coins (SF93 and SF94) from below the head; one coin (SF95) from the left side of the head; three copper alloy pins (SF97, SF98 and SF99) from within the coffin; three copper alloy pins (SF100) from outside of the coffin; fragments of finely woven cloth (SF96) covering the skeleton below the neck; and timber coffin (SF2577). All were associated with Skeleton 519.



This group comprised: Cut [2580], Fill (2581) and one inhumation: 520 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and concave and 120mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1100mm long and 340mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable mid grey-brown loam, containing 10% angular and subangular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2585

This group comprised: Cut [2583], Fill (2584) and one inhumation: 521 a prime adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1450mm long and 500mm at its widest point. The fill was a loose and friable dark grey-brown sandy loam, containing 5% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.

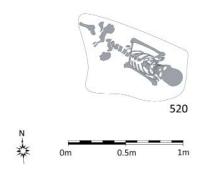
No artefacts were found associated with this group.

Group 2588

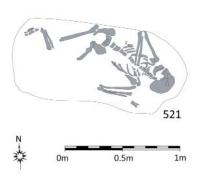
This group comprised: Cut [2586], Fill (2587) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 523 an older child of unknown sex; and 522 an adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 100mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 650mm long and 460mm at its widest point. The fill was a compacted dark brown sandy loam, containing 10% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

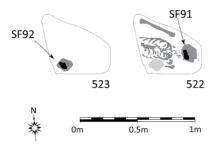
Artefacts found within this group comprised: fragments of coarse textile (SF91) from below the skull of Skeleton 522 and similar fragments (SF92) from below the skull of Skeleton 523.



Group 2582



Group 2585

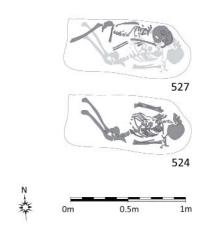


Group 2588

This group comprised: Cut [2589], Fill (2590) and two inhumations, in order of deposition: 527 an older child of unknown sex; and 524 a mature adult female.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was flat and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1200mm long and 450mm at its widest point. The fill was a firm and friable dark grey-brown silt, containing 15% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 50mm in diameter.

No artefacts were found associated with this group.

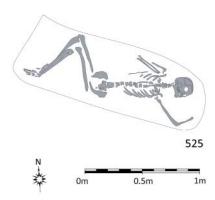


Group 2591

Group 2594

This group comprised: Cut [2592], Fill (2593) and one inhumation: 525 a young adult male.

The cut, dug into the alluvial natural (2001), was irregular rectilinear, with its longest side aligned E–W. The base of the cut was uneven and level and 300mm below the horizon between the undisturbed natural (2001) and the alluvial deposit (2000). The cut was 1400mm long and 560mm at its widest point. The fill was a mid grey-brown loam, containing 25% angular and sub-angular stones 10mm to 100mm in diameter.



Group 2594