# **DOCUMENT VERIFICATION**

# OLDCHURCH HOSPITAL, ROMFORD LONDON BOROUGH OF HAVERING PHASE 1

# **EVALUATION**

# **Quality Control**

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Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd Unit 54 Brockley Cross Business Centre 96 Endwell Road London SE4 2PD Summary of an Archaeological Evaluation at Oldchurch Hospital, Romford, London Borough of Havering, Phase 1

Site Code: OWH 06

Central National Grid Reference: TQ 5092 8813

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This summary report details the results of Phase 1 of an archaeological evaluation undertaken by Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd of land at Oldchurch Hospital, Romford, London Borough of Havering.
- 1.2 Fieldwork was conducted between the 7<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> of August 2006 and was commissioned by Sally Dicks on behalf of CgMs Consulting. The evaluation was supervised by Richard Humphrey and assisted by Mike Bazeley.
- 1.3 Four trenches were dug as part of the first phase of archaeological investigation on the site. In three of the trenches, topsoil was removed to reveal subsoil containing modern material. These overlay naturally deposited brickearth and in turn, natural sandy gravels. In the other trench, tarmac was removed to reveal modern made ground and again, naturally deposited brickearth and gravels.

# 2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 The archaeological background is summarised in the Desk Based Assessment (Chadwick & Dicks 2004a).

## 3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL SEQUENCE

3.1 The proposal to excavate three trenches each measuring 20m x 2m as set out in the method statement (Chadwick & Dicks 2004b), had to be modified due to restrictions imposed by existing services. Trench 1 had an additional 10m from Trench 2 added to it and Trench 3 was split in half due to known service locations, to become Trenches 3 and 4. A mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless grading bucket was used to excavate each trench.

#### 3.2 Trench 1

Trench 1 measured approximately 25m long by 2m wide and was aligned north-south. This was 5m shorter than the proposed 30m length due to the positioning of cabins on the site.

Topsoil was removed at a height of 15.81m OD. Below this sat a layer of grey-brown sandy silt [3], containing modern redbrick fragments at a height of 15.77m OD. This was removed to reveal natural brickearth [4] at 15.61m OD. Below this was a layer of natural sandy gravels [5] at 15.30m OD.

A slot was dug through a possible ditch feature [2], but this revealed no dating evidence and was most likely a variation in natural deposits.

#### 3.3 Trench 2

Trench 2 measured 10m x 2m and was aligned north south. Tarmac was removed at a height of 15.98m OD. Below this were layers of modern levelling material [6] and [7].

Naturally occurring brickearth deposits [8] were observed at a height of 15.33m OD. Below this was natural gravel [9] at a height of 15.29m OD.

Running along the eastern limit of excavation was a modern drain. An east west running service was also encountered near the southern end of the trench.

# 3.4 Trench 3

Trench 3 measured 10m x 2m and was aligned east west. Topsoil was removed at a height of 16.08m OD.

Below this sat grey-brown gravelly-silt [10] that contained modern material such as redbrick and asphalt.

Below this was a layer of naturally deposited brickearth, [11], at a height of 15.51m OD.

Several service trenches, assumed to be live, were dug through this layer.

#### 3.5 Trench 4

Trench 4 measured 10m x 2m and was aligned east west. Topsoil was removed at a height of 16.18m OD. Below this were an additional four layers of levelling material, each containing modern redbrick and some charcoal and ash lenses.

At a height of 15.68m OD, a layer of dark grey brown clayey-silt [16], containing ceramic building material and modern asphalt was also removed. Although this most likely represents another phase of modern landscaping of the site, an isolated find of a clay pipe fragment was recorded.

Below this layer was naturally occurring brickearth [17] and gravel [18] at heights of 15.53m OD and 15.32m OD.

A service trench ran north south towards the western end of the trench.

# 4 CONCLUSIONS

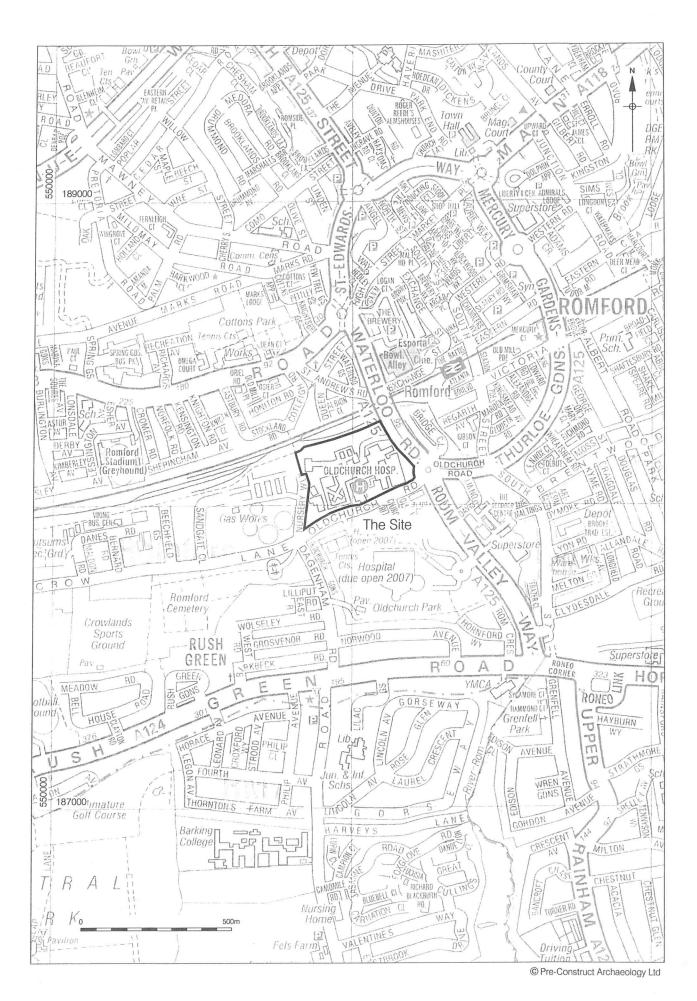
- 4.1 Naturally occurring brickearth was observed in all four trenches at heights ranging from 15.61m OD to 15.33m OD. Natural gravel was recorded at 15.32 to 15.29m OD.
- 4.2 No archaeological features were observed in all four trenches. An east-west running feature seen in Trench 1 most likely represents a variation in natural deposits.

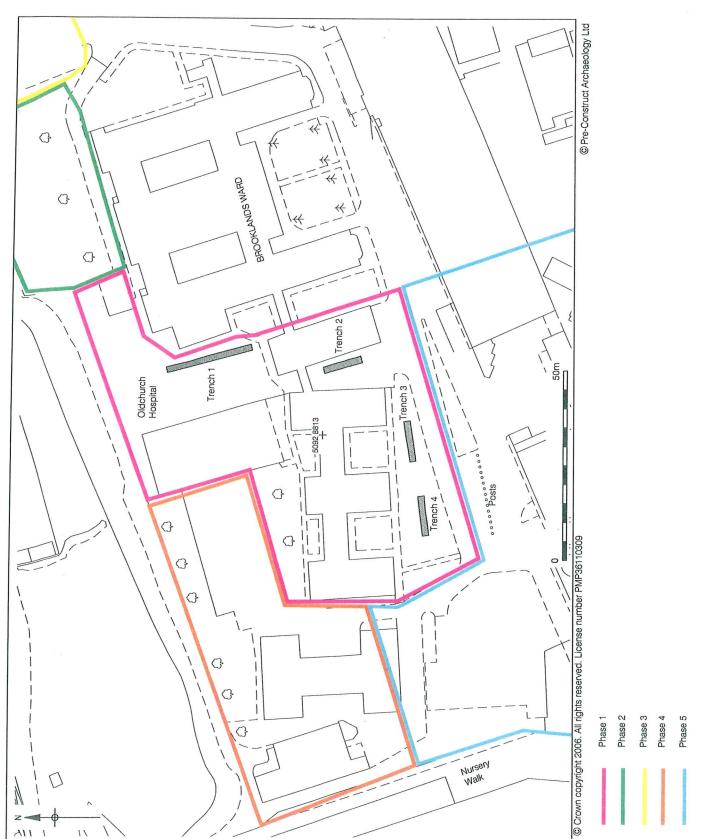
## 5 BIBLIOGRAPHY

Chadwick, P. & Dicks, S.,

2004a 'An Archaeological Desk Based Assessment of Oldchurch Hospital, Romford, Essex.' CgMs Consulting, Unpublished report.

2004b 'Written Scheme of Investigation for a Field Evaluation Oldchurch Hospital, Romford, Essex.' CgMs Consulting, Unpublished report.





## APPENDIX 1: OASIS FORM

## OASIS ID: preconst1-17240

Project details

Phase 1 of an Archaeological Investigation of Oldfield Hospital, Project name

Romford

Short description of

the project

This summary report details the results of an archaeological evaluation undertaken by Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd of land at Oldchurch Hospital, Romford, London Borough of Havering. Fieldwork was conducted between the 7th and 9th of August 2006 and was commissioned by Sally Dicks on behalf of CgMs Consulting. The evaluation was supervised by Richard Humphrey and assisted by Mike Bazeley. Four trenches were dug as part of the first phase of archaeological investigation on the site. In three of the trenches, topsoil was removed to reveal subsoil containing modern material. These overlay naturally deposited brickearth and in turn, natural sandy gravels. In the other trench, tarmac was removed to reveal modern made ground and again, naturally deposited brickearth and gravels.

No archaeology was recorded.

Project dates

Start: 07-08-2006 End: 09-08-2006

Previous/future work No / Yes

Any associated

project reference

codes

OHW06 - Sitecode

Type of project

Field evaluation

Site status

Local Authority Designated Archaeological Area

Current Land use

Community Service 1 - Community Buildings

Methods &

techniques

'Sample Trenches'

Development type

Large/ medium scale extensions to existing structures (e.g. church,

school, hospitals, law courts, etc.)

Prompt

Direction from Local Planning Authority - PPG16

Position in the planning process After full determination (eg. As a condition)

Project location

Country

England

Site location

GREATER LONDON HAVERING ROMFORD Oldchurch Hospital

Postcode

RM7 OBE

Study area

7.60 Hectares

National grid

TQ 510 881 Point

reference

Height OD

Min: 15.29m Max: 15.61m

Project creators

Name of Organisation Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd

Project brief originator

CgMs Consulting

Summary of an Archaeological Evaluation at Oldchurch Hospital, Romford, London Borough of Havering, Phase 1 ©Pre-Construct Archaeology August 2006

Project design

originator

CgMs Consulting

Project

Tim Bradley / Chris Mayo

director/manager

Project supervisor

Richard Humphrey

Sponsor or funding

body

Barking, Havering and Redbridge NHS Trust

Project archives

Physical Archive

Exists?

No

Digital Archive

Exists?

No

Paper Archive

recipient

LAARC

Project

bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

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