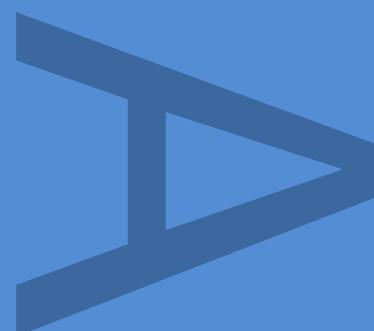


LAND OFF RANELAGH
ROAD, HAVANT,
HAMPSHIRE, PO9 1NR

ARCHAEOLOGICAL
EVALUATION REPORT

REPORT NO: R11911

NOVEMBER 2014



PRE-CONSTRUCT ARCHAEOLOGY

**LAND OFF RANELAGH ROAD, HAVANT, HAMPSHIRE, PO9 1NR:
ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION REPORT**

Local Planning Authority: Havant Borough Council

Planning Reference: APP/12/00772

Site Code: RRHH14

Central NGR: E470818 N106252

Commissioning Client: Foreman Homes Ltd

Written/Researched by: Kari Bower

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November 2014

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DOCUMENT VERIFICATION

Land Off Ranelagh Road, Havant, Hampshire, P09 1NR: An Archaeological Evaluation Report

Quality Control: Report Reference: R11911

Pre-Construct Archaeology Limited Project Code			
	Name & Title	Signature	Date
Text Prepared by:	K Bower		03/11/2014
Graphics Prepared by:	J Simonson		29/10/2014
Graphics Checked by:	J Brown		29/10/2014
Project Manager Sign-off:	P McCulloch		10/11/2014

Revision No.	Date	Checked	Approved

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Figure 6: Representative Sections from Trenches 1, 3, 5, 10, 18 & 25

1 ABSTRACT

Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd was appointed by Foreman Homes Ltd (the Client) to undertake an archaeological evaluation on land off Ranelagh Road, Havant, Hampshire, centred at NGR 470818 106252. The site is the subject of a proposed residential development for which planning permission (Planning Ref APP/12/00772) has been granted by Havant Borough Council, the Local Planning Authority (LPA).

This report sets out the results of the evaluation which was carried out between the 29th of September and 6th of October 2014. The archaeological evaluation was carried out broadly in keeping with the Written Scheme of Investigation, although Trenches 14 and 20 were not opened due to the site perimeter fencing running through their proposed location and trenches 12 and 13 were obstructed by ongoing demolition activities. Nonetheless, the evaluation appears to have provided good coverage of the northern and western parts of the site not previously built on.

One certain archaeological feature was identified in Trench 8. The curved linear ditch contained two sherds of Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age pottery and may represent a small enclosure. Evidence of settlement in this period is relatively rare within the Hampshire Basin, in contrast to funerary remains, and this curved linear feature could conceivably relate to either.

It is concluded that the open western and northern parts of the site have been subject to truncation and disturbance, probably the result of brickearth extraction, and that any archaeological potential has largely been removed by this. However, a small 'island' of undisturbed ground appears to have survived at the western end of the site. In this area Trench 8 appears to demonstrate that a small area of archaeological potential survives, which is characterised by a linear archaeological feature of probably Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age date. In view of the likely impact of the proposed development it is recommended that a further stage of archaeological work is undertaken, in mitigation. The aim of this would be to investigate the linear feature further, along with any other archaeological resources that may survive, in a controlled investigation limited to the area around Trench 8.

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Project Background

- 2.1.1 Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd (PCA) was been appointed by Foreman Homes Ltd (the Client) to undertake an archaeological evaluation on land off Ranelagh Road, Havant, Hampshire, (**Figure 1**), hereafter 'the site' (centred at NGR 470818 106252). The site is the subject of a proposed residential development for which planning permission (Planning Ref APP/12/00772) has been granted by Havant Borough Council, the Local Planning Authority (LPA).
- 2.1.2 The evaluation forms part of a staged approach to understanding and addressing the archaeological implications of the proposed development secured by conditions 36-38 of planning permission. The evaluation was informed by an archaeological desk-based assessment (SOU 2012) and was carried out in accordance with a Written Scheme of Investigation (PCA 2014) submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority pursuant to Condition 36, acting on the advice of the Hampshire County Archaeological Officer (CAO).
- 2.1.3 This report sets out the results of the evaluation and has been prepared in accordance with the Institute for Archaeologists standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation (IfA 2008) and Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (English Heritage, 2006).
- 2.1.4 The evaluation was carried out between the 29th of September and 6th of October 2014.

2.2 Location, Topography and Geology

- 2.2.1 The site, an area of approximately 2.25ha, is located immediately to the south of Ranelagh Road and approximately 1km west of Havant town centre. The south-west part of the site is open ground and the northern part of the site has recently been allotments. The eastern part of the site has recently contained a number of buildings. The site is relatively low-lying and a number of springs are known in its vicinity; the course of the Hermitage Stream runs north-south some 50m west of the site
- 2.2.2 The site lies at approximately 6m above Ordnance Datum and is generally level. Spot heights close to the site indicate a general fall from north to south in the area.
- 2.2.3 The British Geological Survey shows that the study site lies over undifferentiated river terrace deposits of sand, silt and clay overlying Chalk.

2.3 Archaeological and Historical Background

- 2.3.1 The Desk-based Assessment (SAU 2012) provided a comprehensive study of the archaeological and historical background to the site, which is not repeated here. The assessment summarised the archaeological potential of the site as follows: *'No archaeological finds or sites are known from within the site but this probably relates to a lack of disturbance in the last 150 years. The area around the development site has produced archaeological finds from the prehistoric period onwards, including evidence of activity dating from the*

Mesolithic, Neolithic, Bronze Age, Iron Age, Romano-British and medieval periods. Given the presence of scattered prehistoric and later finds in the surrounding area, and of a medieval well close to the site, the potential for archaeologically significant remains to be present is considered to be high. Any surviving remains are likely to be of local and possibly of regional significance'.

3 AIM

3.1 Archaeological Evaluation

- 3.1.1 The aim of the archaeological evaluation was to determine the presence or absence of archaeological resources within the site and, where present, determine their nature, extent, date, condition and significance, taking account of their potential to contain biological and palaeo-environmental remains.
- 3.1.2 This report on the results of the evaluation aims to provide the results of the evaluation and a context for archaeological resources that were identified. It is intended to provide sufficient information so that the future treatment of any archaeological resources identified, in respect of the proposed development and conditions 36 and 38 of planning permission, can be determined in consultation with the Local Planning Authority and the Hampshire County Archaeological Officer (CAO).

4 METHODOLOGY

- 4.1.1 A unique site code has been allocated by PCA: **RRHH14**. This was be used on all site records and other components of the archive of the evaluation.
- 4.1.2 Of the proposed 25no 20m X 1.8m trenches, 21 were opened (**Figure 2**). Four (nos. 12, 13, 14 and 20) were obstructed by the site perimeter fencing or activities associated with ongoing demolition of buildings in the eastern part of the site. The trenches were located using a GPS device to ensure their pre-determined location was achieved accurately. The trenches were mechanically excavated using a 360° tracked excavator fitted with a 1.8m wide toothless blade bucket and were closely monitored by the supervising PCA archaeologist. Machine excavated spoil and the exposed surfaces were regularly scanned for the presence and collection of artefacts. This included hand cleaning of potential features and surfaces, where necessary, to determine their size and nature, so that machine excavation could proceed.
- 4.1.3 Following the machine excavation of the evaluation trenches, appropriate sections were hand cleaned and drawn at a scale of 1:10. A digital photographic record of all trenches was made using a high resolution digital camera. Recording was undertaken using PCA's recording system. This has been developed using the Site Manual of the Museum of London Archaeology Service (MoLAS 1994).
- 4.1.4 On the completion of all site work all 21 evaluation trenches were backfilled. Subsequently, the area surrounding Trench 8 was fenced off to protect potential archaeological resources in its vicinity.

5 RESULTS

5.1 Introduction

5.1.1 The following section provides a summary of the evaluation results and is based upon the site archive. Trench and context summaries are provided in **Appendix 1**. A sample of drawn representative sections are provided on **Figures 3-6** and **Plates 1-20** provide representative images of trenches across the site. The site archive is currently held at PCA's Winchester office.

5.2 Evaluation Trenches

5.2.1 A single archaeological feature was recorded in In Trench 8. This was a linear feature [42], which was cut into the superficial natural deposits (**Figure 3, Plates 2 & 3**). It appeared to curve, running north to south and then to the south-east, was 0.9m wide and 0.6m deep. The feature was steep sided and had a rounded base. Two small sherds of pottery and a number of un-diagnostic worked flint flakes and burnt flint fragments were recovered from its fill [41]. The pottery sherds are in a coarse flint tempered fabric, unevenly fired, and would appear to be of Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age date. East of [42] was a small, round and very shallow feature [44]; its fill [43] contained no artefacts.

5.2.2 Trenches 2, 3 (**Figure 6**), 4, 5 (**Figure 6**) and 6 all contained a relatively shallow sequence that consisted of a layer of topsoil capping superficial natural geology (characterised by brick earth and clay with flint). The natural deposits were encountered at a mean/average depth 0.32m Below Ground Level (BGL). No significant archaeological features or deposits were identified in any of these trenches.

5.2.3 Trenches 1 (**Figure 6**), 8, 9, 10 (**Figure 6**), 11, 15, 16 (**Figure 4**), 17, 18 (**Figure 6**), 21, 22 (**Figure 5**) and 23 demonstrated a sequence that consisted of topsoil, subsoil and superficial natural geology. Subsoil deposits were encountered at an average below ground depth of 0.19m, with the natural geology being encountered 0.43m BGL. Trenches 16, 18 and 22 contained linear cuts that appear to relate to the site's use as a quarry in the 19th century.

5.2.4 A substantial amount of 19th/20th century disturbance was identified in trenches 19, 24 and 25 (**Figure 6**). Layers of modern made ground were identified in these trenches, capping superficial natural deposits. This suggests that there has been a significant amount of disturbance in this area of the site.

6 DISCUSSION

6.1 Evaluation Trenching

- 6.1.1 The archaeological evaluation was carried out broadly in keeping with the Written Scheme of Investigation, although Trenches 14 and 20 were not opened due to the site perimeter fencing running through their proposed location and trenches 12 and 13 were obstructed by ongoing demolition activities. Nonetheless, the evaluation appears to have provided good coverage of the northern and western parts of the site not previously built on.
- 6.1.2 One certain archaeological feature was identified in Trench 8. The curved linear ditch [42] contained two sherds of Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age pottery and may represent a small enclosure. Evidence of settlement in this period is relatively rare within the Hampshire Basin, in contrast to funerary remains, and this curved linear feature could conceivably relate to either. In either case, the feature would appear to represent activity in a landscape where resource exploitation may have been confined to marginal estuarine and coastal activities and evidence for this is of some significance.
- 6.1.3 The absence of an upper brickearth layer in trenches 1 to 6, 8 and 9, 15 and 16, 21 and 22 is probably the result of extraction whilst the site was in use as a quarry in the 19th century, activity further evidenced by cuts noted in trenches 16, 18 and 22.
- 6.1.4 No other evidence for human activity which predated the 19th century was identified within the other trenches.

6.2 Conclusion

- 6.2.1 It is concluded that the open western and northern parts of the site have been subject to truncation and disturbance, probably the result of brickearth extraction, and that any archaeological potential has largely been removed by this. However, a small 'island' of undisturbed ground appears to have survived at the western end of the site. In this area Trench 8 appears to demonstrate that a small area of archaeological potential survives, which is characterised by a linear archaeological feature of probably Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age date. In view of the likely impact of the proposed development it is recommended that a further stage of archaeological work is undertaken, in mitigation. The aim of this would be to investigate the linear feature further, along with any other archaeological resources that may survive, in a controlled investigation limited to the area around Trench 8.

7 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 7.1 PCA would like to thank Foreman Homes Ltd for commissioning the evaluation. The advice of David Hopkins, Hampshire County Archaeological Officer, is also duly acknowledged. The author would also like to thank John Kaines and Thomas Hayes for their site work, Paul McCulloch for project managing the site and editing this report and Jennifer Simonson for preparing the illustrations. The author would also like to thank the groundwork contractor Readypower for their help and co-operation during the course of the evaluation.

8 BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Southampton Archaeology Unit, 2012, Land off of Ranelagh Road, Havant, Hampshire, PO9 1NR, Archaeological Desk-based Assessment, Ref. 1094

APPENDIX 1: TRENCH SUMMARY TABLE

Trench No.	Section No.	Context	Type and Date	Depth [max] BGL [m]
1	1	30	Topsoil	0m – 0.22m
		31	Subsoil	0.22m – 0.57m
		50	Natural brickearth	0.57m – beyond LOE of trench
2	2	29	Topsoil	0m - 0.28m
		50	Natural brickearth	0.28m – beyond LOE of trench
3	3	25	Topsoil	0m – 0.21m
		50	Natural brickearth	0.21m – beyond LOE of trench
4	4	26	Topsoil	0m – 0.28m
		50	Natural brickearth	0.28m – beyond LOE of trench
5	5	27	Topsoil	0m – 0.39m
		50	Natural brickearth	0.28m – beyond LOE of trench
6	6	28	Topsoil	0m – 0.45m
		50	Natural brickearth	0.45m – beyond LOE of trench
7	Not investigated due to presence of Utilities			
8	8a	40	Topsoil	0m – 0.15m
	8b	41	Fill	0.30m – 1.20m
		42	Cut	0.30m – 1.20m
	8c	43	Fill	0.65m – 0.75m
		44	Cut	0.65m – 0.75m
	8a	45	Upper brickearth (Natural 1)	0.30m – beyond LOE of trench
		51	Subsoil	0.15m – 0.30m

9	9	23	Topsoil	0m – 0.10m
		24	Subsoil	0.10m - 0.25m
		49	Upper brickearth (Natural 1)	0.25m – beyond LOE of trench
10	10	3	Natural	0.46m – beyond LOE of trench
		21	Topsoil	0m – 0.27m
		22	Subsoil	0.27m – 0.46m
11	11	3	Natural	0.56m – beyond LOE of trench
		17	Topsoil	0m - 0.24m
		18	Subsoil	0.24m – 0.56m
12	Not investigated - obstructed by demolition activities			
13	Not investigated - hard standing in use			
14	Not investigated – obstructed by western perimeter fence			
15	15	3	Natural clay with flints	0.75m - beyond LOE of trench
		46	Topsoil	0.15m – 0.33m
		47	Subsoil	0.33m – 0.75m
		48	Upper brickearth (Natural 1)	0.75m - beyond LOE of trench
16	16	3	Natural clay with flints	0.33m - below LOE of trench
		36	Topsoil	0m – 0.20m
		37	Subsoil	0.20m – 0.33m
		38	Quarry cut	0.24m – below LOE of trench
		39	Backfill of cut [38]	0.24m – below LOE of trench

17	17	3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.31m - beyond LOE of trench base
		19	Topsoil	0m – 0.21m
		20	Subsoil	0.21m – 0.31m
18	18	3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.62m - beyond LOE of trench base
		13	Topsoil	0.06m – 0.18m
		14	Made ground	0.18m – 0.60m
		15	Topsoil	0m – 0.11m
		16	19 th century backfill	0.11m – 0.62m
19	19	1	Made ground	0m – 0.21m
		2	Made ground	0.21m – 0.72m
		3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.72m - beyond LOE of trench base
20	Not excavated – obstructed by western perimeter fence			
21	21	3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.70m - beyond LOE of trench base
		54	Topsoil	0m – 0.10m
		55	Subsoil	0.10m – 0.26m
		56	Natural Brickearth (Natural 1)	0.26m – 0.70m
22	22	3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.76m - beyond LOE of trench base
		33	Subsoil	0.10m – 0.31m
		34	Cut	0.10m – 0.76m
		35	Fill	0.10m – 0.76m

23	23	3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.44m - beyond LOE of trench base
		11	Topsoil	0m - 0.21m
		12	Subsoil	0.21m – 0.44m
24	24	3	Natural (clay with flints)	0.57m - beyond LOE of trench base
		9	Topsoil	0m - 0.23m
		10	20 th century made ground	0.23m – 0.57m
25	25	3	Natural (clay with flints)	1.16m - beyond LOE of trench base
		4	Topsoil	0m – 0.19m
		5	20 th century made ground	0.19m - 0.60m
		6	20 th century made ground	0.60m – 0.81m
		7	20 th century made ground	0.81m – 1.05m
		8	20 th century made ground	1.05m – 1.16m

APPENDIX 2: PLATES



Plate 1: Trench 7 heavily truncated by modern utilities and truncations, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (25))



Plate 2: Overview of trench 8, looking west (RRHH14 D1 (20))



Plate 3: Section through linear feature [42] in trench 8, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (49))



Plate 4: Section 8a in trench 8, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (45))



Plate 5: Overview of trench 16, looking west (RRHH14 D1 (21))



Plate 6: Section in trench 16, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (23))



Plate 7: Overview of trench 22, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (43))

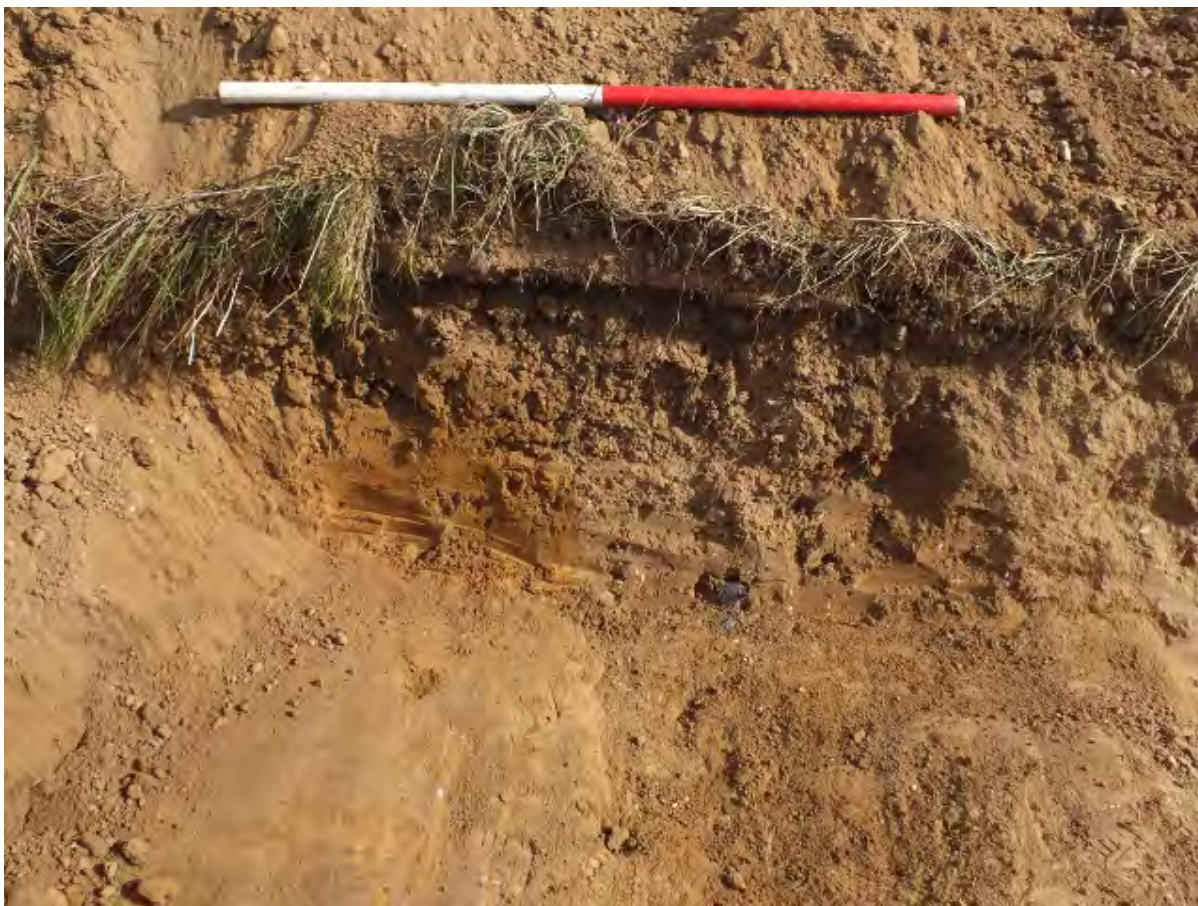


Plate 8: Section in trench 22, looking north-east (RRHH14 D1 (44))



Plate 9: Overview of trench 22, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (43))



Plate 10: Section in trench 1, looking north-east (RRHH14 D1 (42))



Plate 11: Overview of trench 3, looking south-east (RRHH14 D1 (26))



Plate 12: Section in trench 3, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (29))



Plate 13: Overview of trench 5, looking south-east (RRHH14 D1 (28))



Plate 14: Section in trench 5, looking south-east (RRHH14 D1 (32))



Plate 15: Overview of trench 10, looking south-east (RRHH14 D1 (17))



Plate 16: Section in trench 10, looking north-east (RRHH14 D1 (16))



Plate 17: Overview of trench 18, looking south-east (RRHH14 D1 (1))



Plate 18: Section in trench 18, looking north-east (RRHH14 D1 (2))



Plate 19: Overview of trench 25, looking south-east (RRHH14 D1 (5))



Plate 20: Section in trench 25, looking south (RRHH14 D1 (2))

APPENDIX 3: OASIS FORM

OASIS ID: preconst1-193776

Project details

Project name	LAND OFF RANELAGH ROAD, HAVANT, HAMPSHIRE, PO9 1NR: AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION REPORT
Short description of the project	<p>Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd (PCA) was appointed by Jacobs Foreman Developments Ltd to undertake an archaeological evaluation on the land off Ranelagh Road, Havant, Hampshire, PO9 1NR (Figure 1).The archaeological investigation was conducted in respect of a planning application proposing a residential development on the site and the results of the evaluation were required to inform determination of the archaeological implications of the proposed development. This report details the results and working methods of the archaeological evaluation, which comprised the excavation of twenty evaluation trenches. Work was undertaken between the 29th of September and the 6th of October 2014. The evaluation has confirmed that the site has undergone extensive quarrying activity dating to the 19th century, which had removed the upper brickearth layer [52] from trenches 10 and 11, 17 to 19 and 23 to 25 is the result of 19th century site stripping whilst the site was in used as a brickearth quarry noted in trenches 8, 15 and 16, 21 and 22. The only archaeological features present on site was a curved linear [42] recorded at 0.45m BGL (6.16m aOD) and small pit [44] in Trench 8, which have been interpreted as a Bronze Age field boundary. Trench 9 also contained pre-historic worked flint fragments retrieved towards the top of the upper brickearth layer [52]. No other evidence for human activity predating the 19th century quarrying activity and recent use of the site as a stable and allotments was identified within the other 20 investigated trenches.</p>
Project dates	Start: 29-09-2014 End: 06-10-2014
Previous/future work	No / No
Any associated project reference codes	RRHH14 - Sitecode
Type of project	Field evaluation
Site status	None

Current Land use	Other 1 - Allotment
Current Land use	Grassland Heathland 3 - Disturbed
Monument type	ALLOTMENT Modern
Significant Finds	POTTERY Bronze Age
Significant Finds	FLAKE Bronze Age
Methods & techniques	"Targeted Trenches"
Development type	Housing estate
Prompt	Direction from Local Planning Authority - Direction 4
Position in the planning process	After full determination (e.g. as a condition)

Project location

Country	England
Site location	HAMPSHIRE HAVANT HAYLING ISLAND LAND OFF RANELAGH ROAD
Postcode	PO9 1NR
Study area	2.50 Hectares
Site coordinates	SU 470798 106278 50.8926579245 -1.33053308924 50 53 33 N 001 19 49 W Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation	PCA West
Project brief originator	Local Planning Authority (with/without advice from County/District Archaeologist)
Project design originator	Paul McCulloch
Project director/manager	Paul McCulloch

Project supervisor Kari Bower

Type of sponsor/funding body Construction/housing

Name of sponsor/funding body Foreman Homes Ltd

Project archives

Physical Archive recipient Hampshire Museums and Archives Service

Physical Archive ID RRHH14

Physical Contents "Ceramics", "Worked stone/lithics"

Digital Archive recipient Hampshire Museums and Archives Service

Digital Archive ID RRHH14

Digital Media available "GIS", "Images raster / digital photography", "Survey", "Text"

Paper Archive recipient Hampshire Museums and Archives Service

Paper Archive ID RRHH14

Paper Media available "Context sheet", "Drawing", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Section"

Project bibliography 1

Publication type Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

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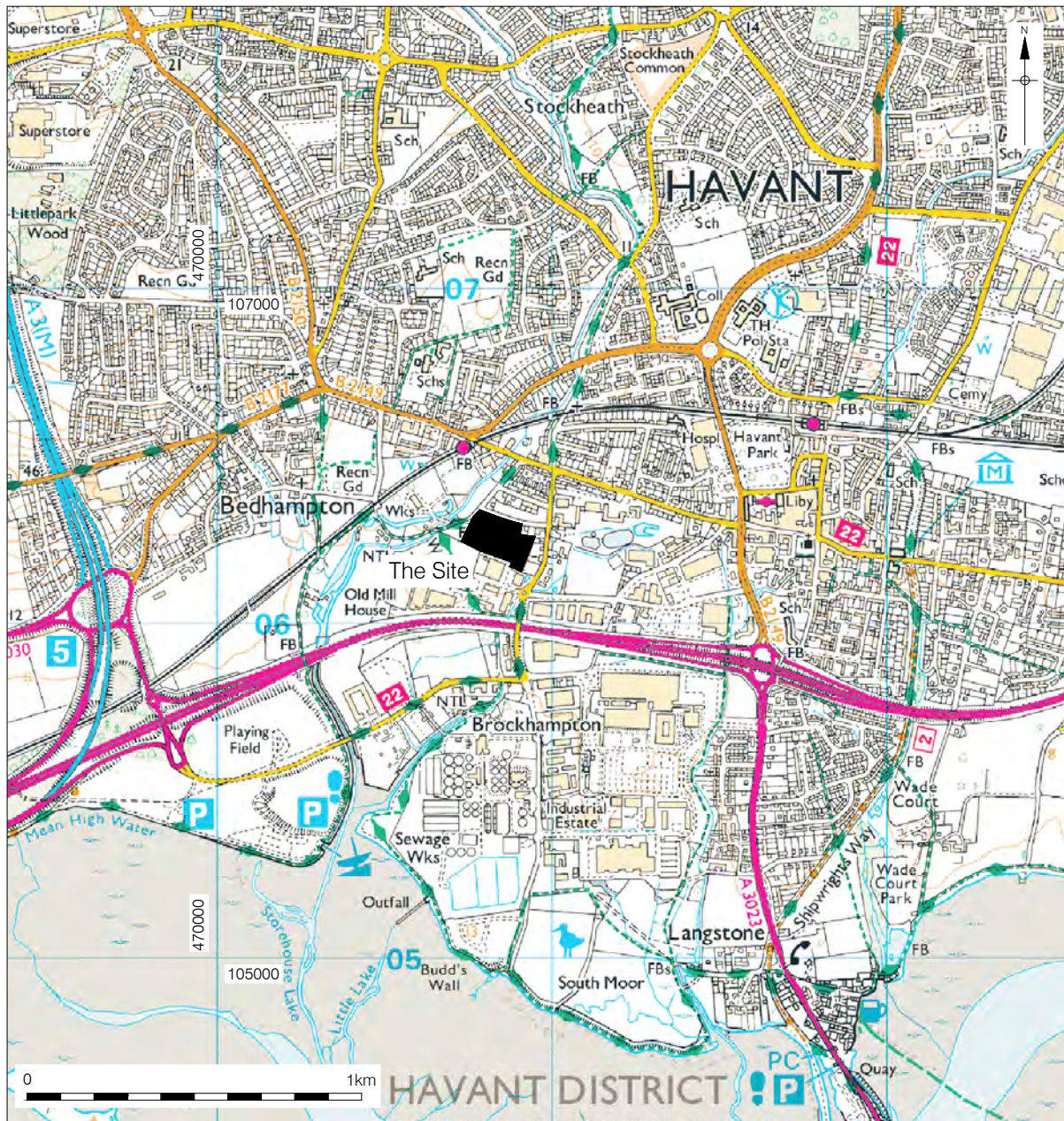
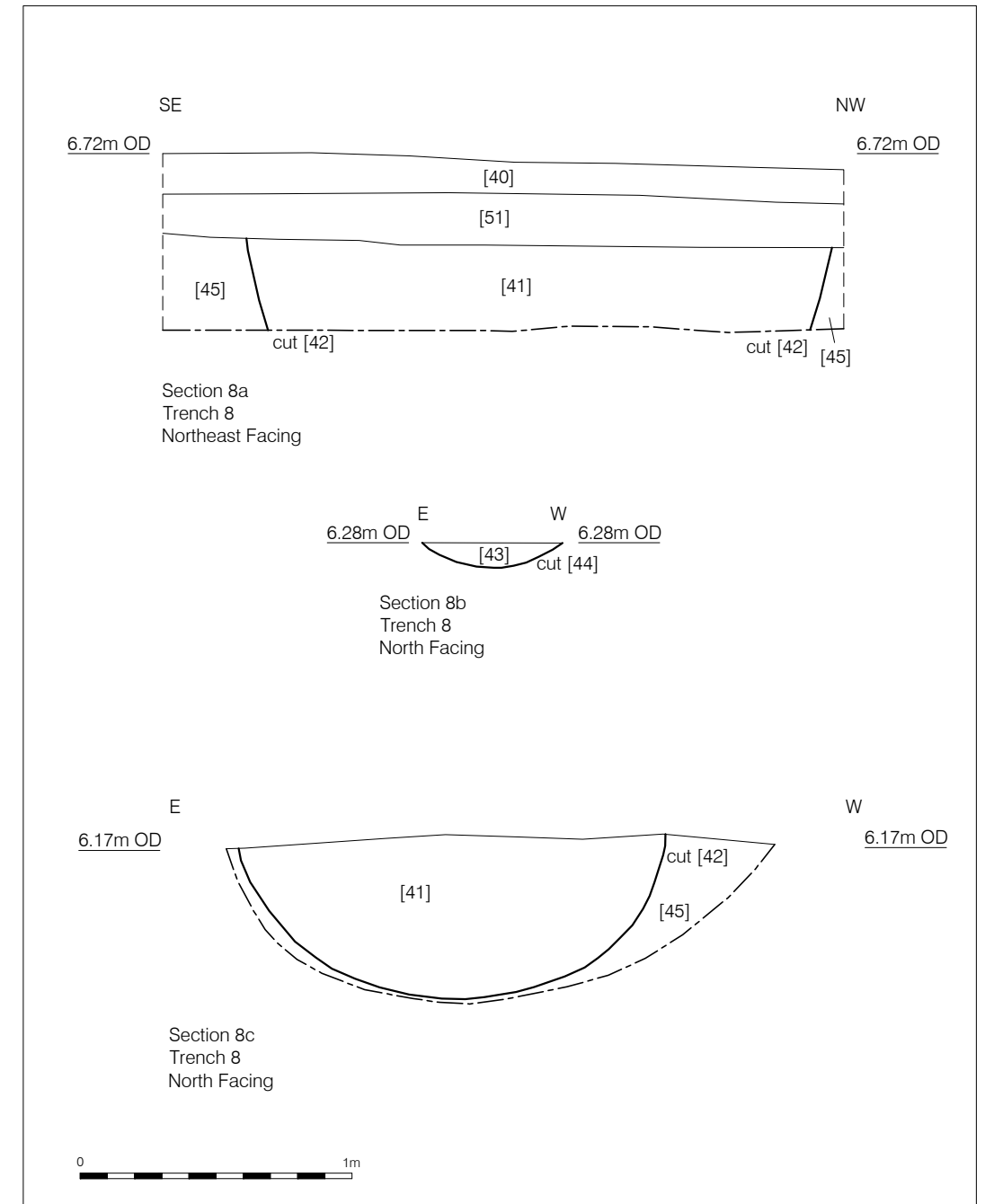
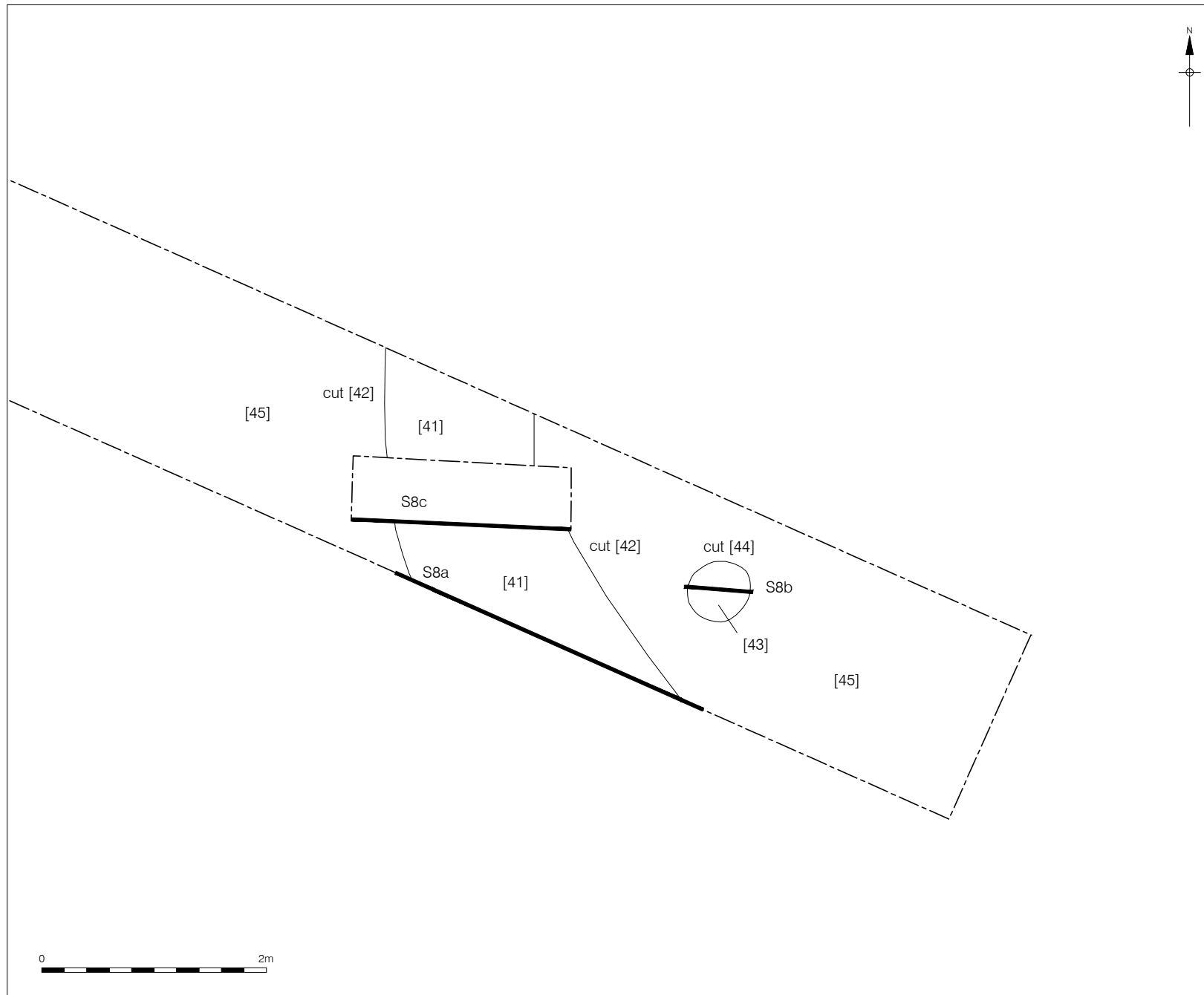


Figure 1
 Site Location
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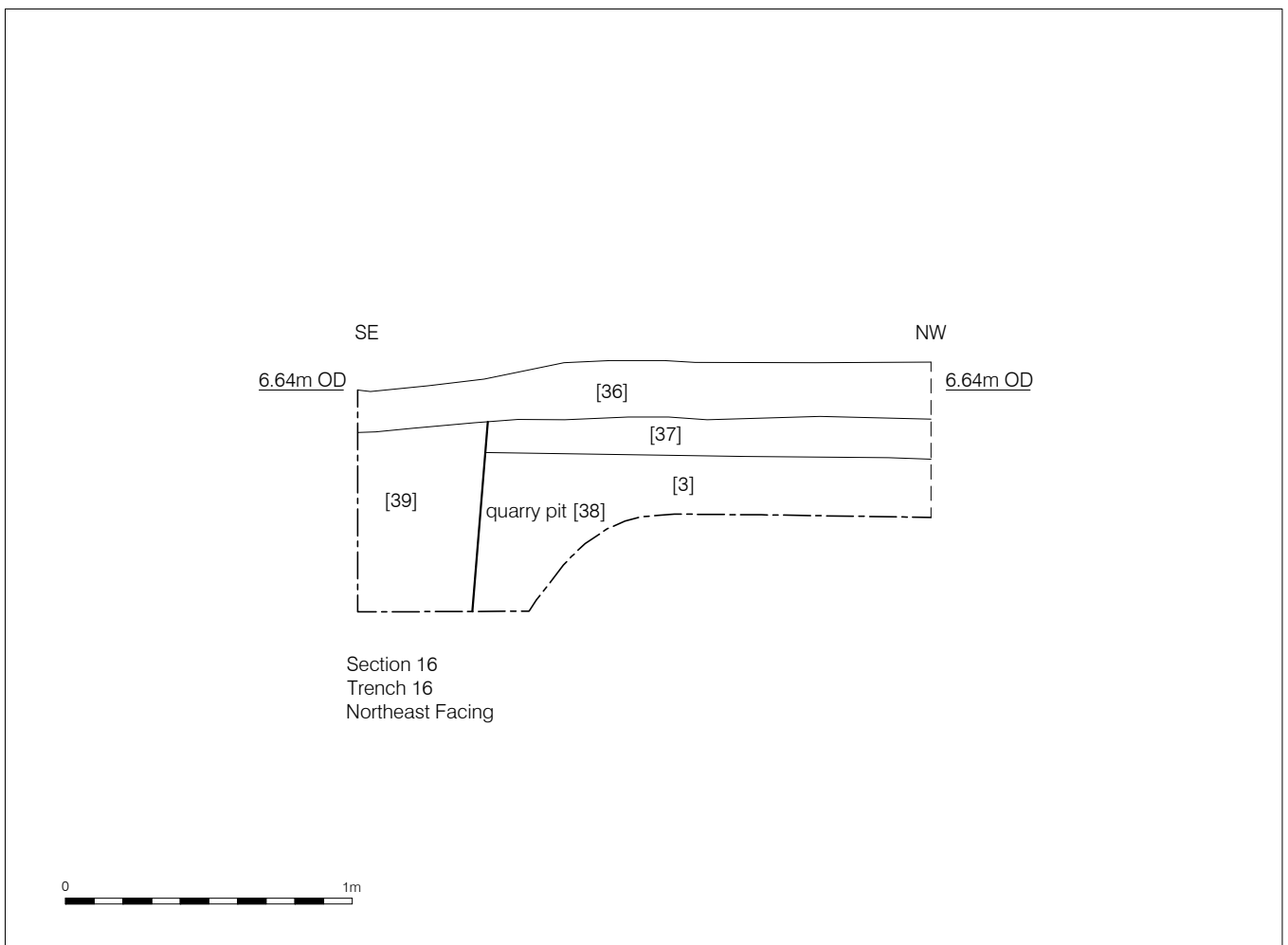
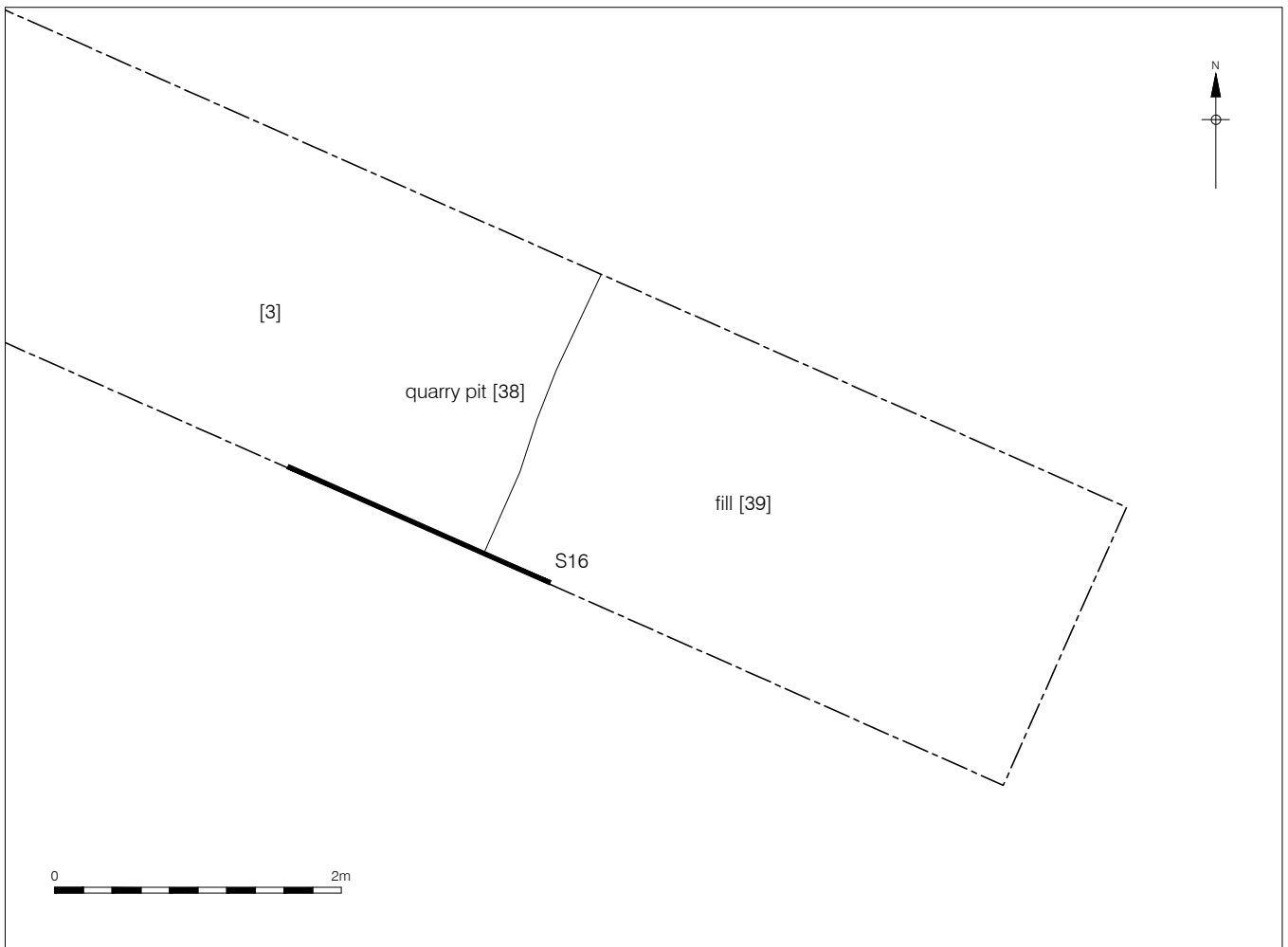


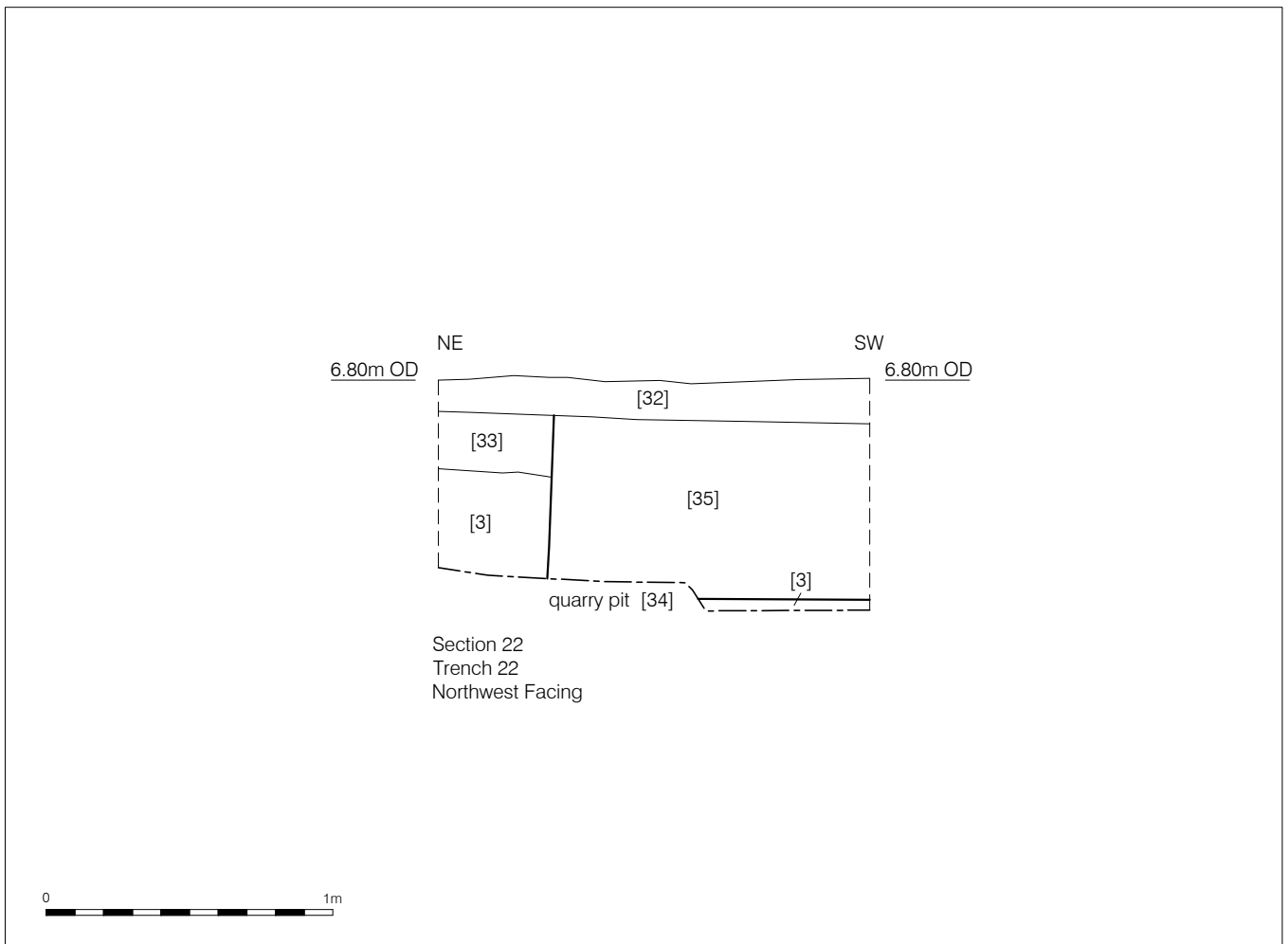
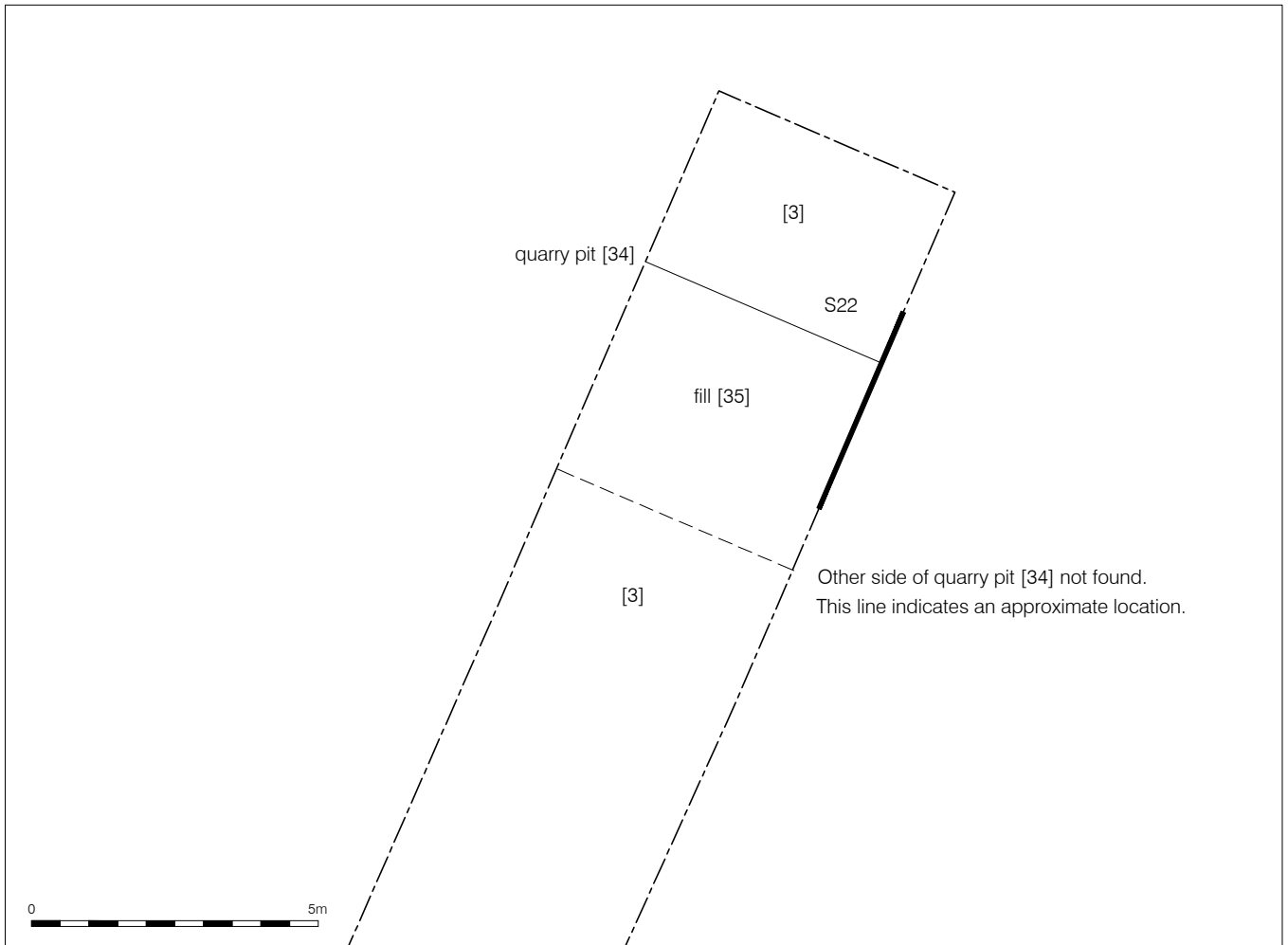
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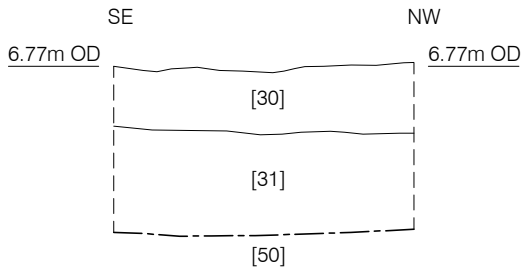


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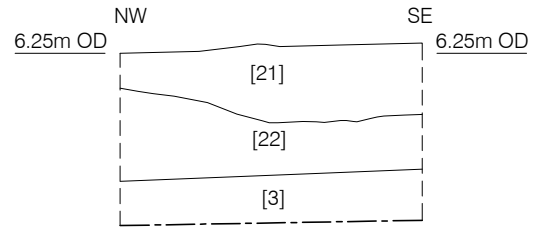
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Trench 8 - Plan & Section
Plan 1:50 and Section 1:25 at A3



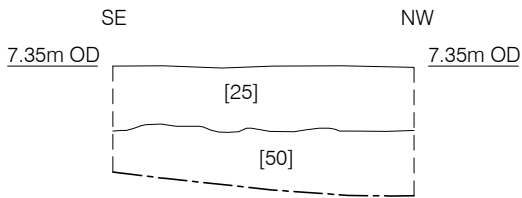




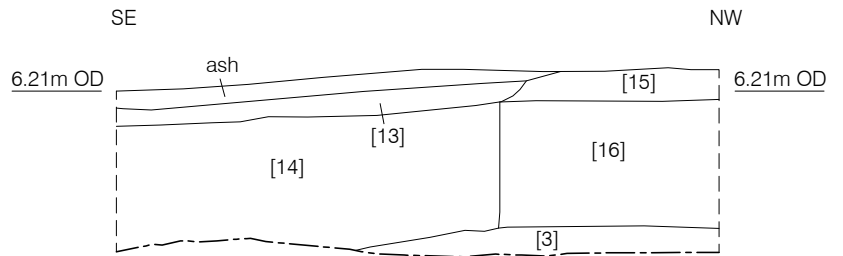
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Trench 1
Northeast Facing



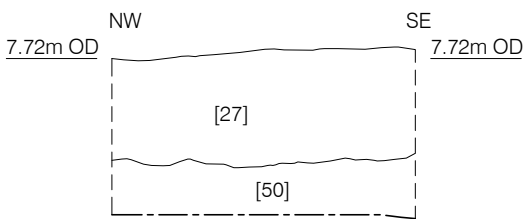
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Trench 10
Southwest Facing



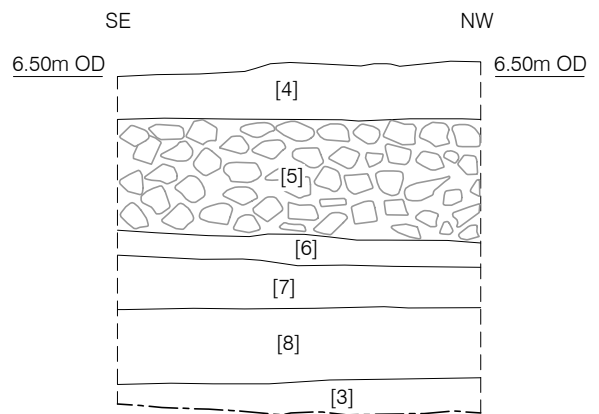
Section 3
Trench 3
Northeast Facing



Section 18
Trench 18
Northeast Facing



Section 5
Trench 5
Southwest Facing



Section 25
Trench 25
Northeast Facing

0 1m
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Figure 6
Representative Sections from Trenches 1, 3, 5, 10, 18 & 25
1:25 at A4

PCA

PCA SOUTH

UNIT 54
BROCKLEY CROSS BUSINESS CENTRE
96 ENDWELL ROAD
BROCKLEY
LONDON SE4 2PD
TEL: 020 7732 3925 / 020 7639 9091
FAX: 020 7639 9588
EMAIL: info@pre-construct.com

PCA NORTH

UNIT 19A
TURSDALE BUSINESS PARK
DURHAM DH6 5PG
TEL: 0191 377 1111
FAX: 0191 377 0101
EMAIL: info.north@pre-construct.com

PCA CENTRAL

THE GRANARY, RECTORY FARM
BREWERY ROAD, PAMPISFORD
CAMBRIDGESHIRE CB22 3EN
TEL: 01223 845 522
FAX: 01223 845 522
EMAIL: info.central@pre-construct.com

PCA WEST

BLOCK 4
CHILCOMB HOUSE
CHILCOMB LANE
WINCHESTER
HAMPSHIRE SO23 8RB
TEL: 01962 849 549
EMAIL: info.west@pre-construct.com

PCA MIDLANDS

17-19 KETTERING RD
LITTLE BOWDEN
MARKET HARBOROUGH
LEICESTERSHIRE LE16 8AN
TEL: 01858 468 333
EMAIL: info.midlands@pre-construct.com

