REMARKS UPON THE WORTHIES OF DEVON.

By G. T. CLARK, Esq.

The county of Devon has long been, and still continues to be, rich in worthy sons. "Each county," says Fuller, "is innated with a particular genius, inclining the natives thereof to be dexterous, some in one profession, some in another; one carrying away the credit for soldiers, another for learning, another for lawyers, another for divines." To which Prince quietly adds, "How might I bid you take notice, and without vanity too, that such is the genius of Devon, it seems equally propense and inclinable to all." Nor is Prince's suggestion beyond the truth, for Devon has produced eminent sons in nearly every course by which men win honourable distinction, and in at least as great numbers and of as high a quality as any other county of equal area.

It has happened, moreover, that these worthies have been recorded with more than usual care, and in consequence the men of Devon, thus made aware of how much they have to be proud, have been remarkable for that love of their county which has been exhibited by most great Englishmen, and has in them given point and individuality to the larger and

broader virtue of patriotism.

The Worthies of Devon have been fortunate in their biographer. Prince, whatever may be the literary merits of his work, has made them celebrated both within and beyond their county. He is a thorough Devon man, proud with the pride of Robert Courtenay, whose very brief epitaph at Ford especially stated that he was "Devoniensis." He dwells with transparent pride and affection upon the good qualities of his subjects, placing them ever in the fairest points of view, and he is so catholic and liberal in his spirit that, far from wishing to exclude any legitimate son of Devon, he now and then trespasses upon the not ill-stocked

¹ Read at the Annual Meeting at Exeter, July 29, 1873.

preserves of Somerset and Cornwall, and claims for his county sons whom a closer research would have forced him to surrender. On the whole, with all his faults—and some he certainly has—he well deserves the panegyric of his friend Pearse, the vicar of Dean-Prior, who says,

"You've done the work, Sir, but you can't be paid, Until amongst these Worthies you are laid: Then future ages will unjustly do, To write of Worthies, and to leave out you."

Sir William Pole, whose portrait appeared at the Exeter Exhibition, and whose volume is well known, was rather a genealogist than a biographer. His book stands unrivalled as a succinct and correct account of the descent of Devon families and estates, and but few counties could have afforded equal materials for its construction. Lysons, writing almost in our own day, has availed himself mainly of these two well-known and copious sources, and has given in his "Magna Britannia" an excellent account of Devon in all its aspects.

From these and various later sources have been collected 461 names of natives, or reputed natives of Devon, more or less distinguished. Of these, 112 have been learned in the law; 94 have been divines; 59 soldiers; 41 scholars, some of whom were also divines, but more distinguished for general literature than for divinity; 29 have been sailors or naval adventurers; 22 statesmen; 20 founders of considerable charities; 20 physicians; 20 painters; 17 poets; 13 great merchants; 11 men of science; and 3 musicians.

To reduce these figures into a form more convenient for comparison, it may be added that out of the whole list there have been, in round numbers, 24 per cent. of lawyers; 21 per cent. divines; 13 per cent. soldiers; 9 per cent. scholars; 6 per cent. naval adventurers; 5 per cent. statesmen; 4 per cent. founders, physicians, painters, and poets; 3 per cent. of merchants, and men of science; and short of 1 per cent. of musicians.

The distribution of these worthies in point of time is as follows:—2 of them, or under $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., lived before the year 1000; 3, or above $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., in the eleventh century; 14, or 3 per cent., in the twelfth; 27, or 6 per cent., in the thirteenth; 32, or 7 per cent., in the fourteenth; 43, or above 9 per cent., in the fifteenth; 78, or 17 per cent., in the

sixteenth; 132, or $28\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., in the seventeenth; 78, or above 16 per cent., in the eighteenth; and 47, or 11 per

cent., in the nineteenth or present century.

Then as to the periods in which particular branches of knowledge were most cultivated. All who are mentioned before A.D. 1000 are divines; whereas the men of science only occur in the three latest centuries; the musicians in the seventeenth and eighteenth; the merchants mainly in the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth; and the poets nearly in the four last centuries. The physicians commence with the sixteenth; and the founders range from the twelfth to the seventeenth centuries, the only public donation in the nineteenth being of pictures, and exceptional. The painters belong to the four latter centuries; the statesmen are chiefly in the seventeenth. Of the 29 sailors or naval adventurers, 19 belonged to the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries: while the scholars, including authors in general, though more widely distributed, are thickest in the three last centuries. The soldiers swarm in the fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, and seventeenth centuries; the divines are strongest in the sixteenth and seventeenth; and the lawyers, ranging from the twelfth to the nineteenth, reach their maximum in the seventeenth century. In law, divinity, statesmanship, foundations, and mercantile enterprise the seventeenth century takes the lead. Naval adventure was at its height in Devon in the sixteenth century.

The causes of this distribution will in many cases be found in the circumstances of the kingdom, and, were the figures drawn from a wider area, would afford the material for an interesting chapter in its history. The position of Devon upon the sea, and its possession of the port of Plymouth, may well account for its celebrity in naval affairs, but there seems no special circumstance to explain the enormous preponderance of lawyers, not a few of whom were among the greatest in their profession, and of whom nearly 65 per cent. have attained to its highest honours. To account for this unusual success it has been said that, until the accession of the House of Stuart, London was more the metropolis of the West than of the whole country, and the honours of the law being to be won only in the metropolis, the competition was unduly restricted. How this really is has not been made clear, but certain it is

that Devon has for from six to eight centuries been a Judge-producing county, and the tendency in that direction has been strong enough to bear transplantation; for though the fathers of Sir Thomas Littleton and Lord Hatherley had left the county, the local bent prevailed, and their sons both followed the law, and with what success is well known. The late Baron Channell, though not born in Devon,

came of a Bideford family.

It is remarkable how few great merchants Devon has produced. Its long seaboard, and tendencies to naval adventure, might have been expected to attract into that channel some of the energy which has never been wanting in the county; but for some reason, not yet assigned, few of its sons have risen in trade or commerce. Much of the spirit of commerce indeed lay at the root of the public support given to Raleigh and his fellows, and their great but thrifty mistress did not disdain to derive money profits from their discoveries, but the great sailors themselves were cast rather in the heroic than the mercantile mould.

Devon has produced a fair share of soldiers, though but one great military commander. She could count many brave sons in the days when every gentleman was a soldier, and every great noble by his office a leader, and in the Irish wars of Elizabeth and James many Devonians won wealth and distinction. Under Charles she was well represented by Sir Bevil Granville, and her military fame culminated in the next generation in the person of Marlborough. Monk, a soldier, though scarcely a great one, was also from Devon.

To medicine, with its attendant sciences of anatomy and physiology, Devon has not largely contributed, and probably those "silent," though no longer "inglorious arts," were never better represented than by a son of Devon at Oxford at the present day. A Devon man would no doubt allege the healthiness of the climate as unfavourable to the

study of disease.

Next, let us pass a little in detail the consideration of some of the worthies,

"Whose names, recorded on th' historic page, May court the notice of a future age."

And first of the soldiers, at the head of whom long stood the members of the House of Coutenay, one of the few families now extant in the male line which has matched with Plantagenet. The men of the Powderham branch of Courtenay were hereditary soldiers, discharging the duties and attaining to the honours of chivalry. They raised and commanded the forces of Devon and Cornwall, served frequently in Scotland and in France, and marched to battle with a personal retinue of 80 men-at-arms and as many archers. "By sea and land," says Gibbon, "they fought under the standards of the Edwards and the Henries; their names are conspicuous in battles, in tournaments, and in the original lists of the Order of the Garter. Three brothers shared the Spanish victory of the Black Prince. In the quarrel of the two Roses the Earls of Devon adhered to the House of Lancaster; three brothers successively died, either in the field or on the scaffold,"—and one, the head of the elder line, attended his kinsman, Henry VIII., to the Field of the Cloth of Gold, and there broke a lance against the French monarch.

Among the soldiers is also to be named James Lord Audley, distinguished not less for the headlong valour which broke the lines of France upon the field of Poictiers, than for the wide-handed liberality which led him to share both the military glory and the material reward with the squires who had served him so well. From Devon also came Monthermer, who won almost at spear's point his wife, and that wife a daughter of Edward III.; Sir John and Sir Thomas Carew, who figured among the heroes of Crecy and Agincourt; Sir George Cary, Lord-Deputy of Ireland in most turbulent times; and Sir Bevil Granville, one of a race of very considerable men belonging equally to Devon and Cornwall, and whose history, and death at Lansdown, have given him a high place in our greatest internal struggle. In our times the military reputation of Devon has been upheld by Sir Walter Raleigh Gilbert, no less distinguished by land than was his collateral ancestor Sir Humphrey, three centuries ago, by sea.

Although the absolute number of Devonians who have risen to naval renown be not very great, it has included many men of great mark and of the heroic type, and almost all rose in the great reign of the Virgin Queen. To that age are to be attributed Sir John Davies, the early and successful explorer of the coasts of Greenland, and the dis-

coverer of "Davies' Straits;" Cock, "Solus Cockus, in sua inter medios hostes navicula, cum laude periit," who fell whilst winning a peculiarly brilliant victory over the Spaniards, running his pinnace in amidst their larger carracks, and whose fame is embodied in the Latin eulogy of Camden. Fuller, who also records his gallant end, observes that "he wishes for his pen no higher preferment than to be permitted to draw the curtain about those who have died in the bed of honour." There was also Oxenham, whose exploits on the great Isthmus and at Panama made his name as dreaded by the Spaniards as that of any adventurer on the Western Main, and upon whom they took a bloody revenge; Sir Richard Granville, Elizabeth's great Vice-Admiral, ancestor of Sir Bevil, and descendant of the South Wales conqueror, and in every way worthy of them both, and who, like Nelson, fell on his own element in the hour of victory. Among them also was Sir Humphrey Gilbert, the founder of Newfoundland, not less known as a bold and successful commander than as an hydrographer, mathematician, and skilful seaman. There was also Sir John Hawkins, who took knighthood at the hand of Lord Howard of Effingham, for his services in destroying the scattered remnants of the great Armada, and Sir Richard Hawkins, his son, so celebrated for his exploits in the South Seas. Sir Francis Drake was also a member of a Devon family in many ways distinguished. He completed the discoveries of Magellan, crossed the isthmus between the American continents, and first, among Englishmen, circumnavigated the globe. Besides these, and many less-known men, there was the greatest of them all, Sir Walter Raleigh, the glory and the shame of his country—sailor, scholar, and historian, not merely the chief of the worthies of Devon, but in the very first rank among those of England herself.

Many of these eminent men were nearly related. The three Gilberts—John, Sir Humphrey, and Adrian—were brothers, by the mother, of Sir Walter Raleigh, and were also related to the Granvilles, Fortescues, and Drakes. These relationships are set forth in a valuable and well-known paper by Sir William Drake in the "Archæologia" for 1850.² Robert Blake, sometimes called a Devon worthy, was born

over the border at Bridgewater.

² See also a memoir of Sir Francis Drake by Dr. Drake, in Arch. Journ. xxx., p. 358.

At the head of her divines, Devon has been wont to boast Boniface of Crediton, Archbishop of Mentz, Saint, and the Apostle of Germany; Willibald, his nephew, Bishop of Eystadt; Burchard, also a saint, Bishop of Wurzburg, and reputed brother to Swithun of watery memory; and Frederick, Bishop of Utrecht, a contemporary and also a saint, whose day is kept on the 18th of July. These all flourished in the eighth century, since when canonised saints have been less frequent in Devon; and, indeed, it must be confessed that the evidence in favour of their Crediton or even Devon birth is of too questionable character to allow of

their inclusion in any critical Devon lists.

But if never, or only no longer, a "terra sanctorum," Devon has not been wanting in divines and scholars, of whom a host of names are preserved: some who, like Stephen Langton, are remembered for a combination of high offices with remarkable personal qualities; others, like Archbishop Courtenay, owned their elevation to a great name or an illustrious ancestry; others again, whose piety was rather of an architectural character, are remembered mainly for their works of magnificence in the cathedral and parish churches of the diocese. Such were Bishop Walter Bronscombe, the founder of the present structure of the cathedral in the thirteenth century; Bishop Walter de Stapeldon, who commenced, and Bishop John Grandison, who completed,

the choir in the fourteenth century.

Others again were schoolmen, poets, and grammarians, as well as divines; such as John Garland in the eleventh, Roger the Cistercian, in the twelfth centuries, and Gilbert Foliot, of Tamerton-Foliot, Bishop of London, whose spirited rejoinder to the Prince of Darkness is on record, and who is remembered also for his opposition to a less shadowy enemy in Thomas a Becket. There is also Richard Fitz Ralph, Archbishop of Armagh, an author in his day; Ash, otherwise Fraxinus, the learned friend of Giraldus Cambrensis; Cutcliffe, or "de rupe cissa," one of whose ingenious apologues is preserved by Fox the martyrologist; Babington, Bishop of Llandaff and Worcester, whose learned commentary on the Pentateuch still holds a place—"non sine pulvere" -in theological libraries; Joseph Glanville, author of the well-known book on apparitions; and Gale, whose "Court of the Gentiles" is a monument of learning and industry. Others again there were who owe their fame to their early enlightenment in the new doctrine, as Britte, a scholar at the feet of Wickliffe; John Cardmaker, better known as Taylor, an Exeter man, who died for the faith at the stake in Smithfield in 1555, and Agnes Priest, the sole Devonshire martyr under Queen Mary, who met the same painful end at Exeter in 1558.

Then, among the post-Reformation divines, came Bridgeman, Bishop of Chester, the father of Sir Orlando, the learned C. J. of the Common Pleas; Rainolds, one of the most learned, moderate, and liberal of the divines of the Church of England after the Restoration, a period when moderation was most needed and least found; Richard Hooker, "the judicious Hooker," whom to have produced would alone have given Devon an honoured place in theology; and finally, that true champion of the Church of England against Rome on the one hand, and Geneva on the other, Bishop Jewel, of whom it was happily written by old Fuller,—

"Sweetness, both of tongue and pen,
Insight, both in books and men,
Hopes in woe and fears in weal,
Humble knowledge, sprightly zeal;
A lib'ral heart and free from gall;
Close to friend and true to all;
Height of courage in Truth's duel
Are the stones which made this Jewel;
Let him who would be truly blest
Wear such jewel in his breast."

Even after such an array of learning, orthodoxy, and moderation in piety, no apology is due for mentioning Dr. John Foster, the opponent of Tindal, an eminent dissenter, of whom Pope says—

"Let modest Foster, if he will, excel Ten Metropolitans in preaching well;"

And finally mention has to be made of a celebrated enthusiast who in the last century produced a considerable effect upon the mind of a large number of votaries, Johanna Southcote, a Devon, if not an Exeter, woman.

Although in the latter two centuries Devon has considerably fallen off in the study of divinity, two of her sons at least should be mentioned who belonged to that profession.

Henry Beeke, Dean of Bristol, professor of poetry at Oxford, a man of very extensive and varied information, was much consulted by the ministers of the day on their larger measures of finance. He was the son of a Vicar of Kings Teignton. Contemporary with Dean Beeke was another Devon divine, Bishop Coplestone, who was certainly in general as well as in theological learning, in moderation, and in attachment to the Church in which he was a prelate, inferior to no one of his predecessors.

The poets of Devon are scarcely equal to many other classes of her Worthies. Even Philips, the bard of Pomona, and who sings of cyder, was a Hereford, not a Devon, man; and though Herrick held a Devon living, and derived his inspiration from the Devon air, he was born in and belonged to the squirearchy of that county of whom a poet has

said,-

"The gentry bleat as though their native sheep Transfused a sheepishness into their story."

Nicholas Rowe, on the other hand, was of a Devon family, but by the accident of his birth a Bedfordshire man. Devon, however, has not been without her poets. William Brown, in the sixteenth century, wrote pastoral verses, and many of the divines sacrificed to the muses in a ponderous sort of way. Devon, moreover, produced the author of "The Beggar's Opera," John Gay,

"In wit a man, simplicity a child,"

and Augustus Toplady, author of "Rock of Ages," was of

this county.

Descending to the present century, it will be remembered that poetry was one of the distinctions of that many-sided man of genius, Samuel Taylor Coleridge. Nor should be unnoticed the name of Winthrop Mackworth Praed.

Perhaps the preponderance of the Law has been fatal to poetry, for the great Devon lawyers seem to have been essentially prosaic, unacquainted with the muse, and they have not, therefore, like Sir William Blackstone, even been

able to bid adieu to her in verse.

The statesmen of Devon, though not a numerous body, include some well-remembered names. Archbishop Baldwin, Abbot of Ford, the patron of Giraldus Cambrensis, and himself a man of learning, well deserves the name of statesman, since he took an active part in the promotion and direction of that movement towards the East, the traces of which are still extant in our arts, and it may be in our literature. The Archbishop, moreover, shared as well as promoted the movement, and was himself a Crusader. Nicholas de Moels appears in the twelfth century as an Ambassador, and Bishop Grandison in the thirteenth, and in the fourteenth Bishop Brentingham. In the fifteenth, John Lord Dinham held the office of Lord High Treasurer. Later on, Sir William Petre held a considerable position under Queen Mary, as did, in the century following, Sir George Cary, George Carew Earl of Totnes, author of "Pacata Hibernia;" Sir Thomas Edmonds, Sir George Chudleigh, and Thomas Lord Clifford of Chudleigh. Sir Arthur Chichester also was Lord-Deputy of Ireland under James I., and a great authority for the affairs of that country; nor should be omitted the name of Sir Edward Seymour, of Berry Pomeroy, speaker of the Long Parliament in 1672, and through a long public career the consistent advocate of civil liberty. Truly is he designated on his monument as—

"A friend to his Prince, a servant to his country."

But the civilian of whom the county of Devon, and specially the city of Exeter, has most reason to be proud as a statesman of the older type, and both a scholar and a promoter of scholarship, is Sir Thomas Bodley, the elder of three celebrated brothers of Exeter birth, of whom Lawrence was a divine, and Sir Josias a soldier in Ireland. The great Queen employed Sir Thomas in various important affairs in Holland and Germany, and his attachment to learning and care for its continuance have caused his name and fame to be bound up with that great seat of learning to the prosperity of which he largely contributed. Of later years the county has not been strong in statesmen, but a list of the members of that profession distinguished in the service of their country would be incomplete that omitted to mention the present Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Devon has produced two speakers of the House of Commons, Serjeant Sir John Glanville and Sir Edward Seymour. Of the twenty physicians, one occurred in the sixteenth, seven in the seventeenth, nine in the eighteenth, and three in the

present century. Of the earlier ones, Sir Simon Baskerville had some reputation. Dr. John Shebbeare's title to fame is a whimsical one. He received a pension from the Crown on the same occasion with Johnson, and it was said that the minister had pensioned a he-bear and a she-bear. Sir George Baker and Sir Francis Milman were both men of eminence in the days of George III., and Mr. Saunders is said to have much improved the operation for cataract. Dr. Brocklesby was not born actually in Devon, but at Minehead.

Of founders of charities and schools, Devon has produced a fair number, of whom, however, only about a dozen seem to deserve special commemoration. Notwithstanding the avarice of former trustees and the shears of modern commissioners, many of these good works still survive. At the head of the founders is Bishop Stapeldon, to whom is due Stapeldon Inn, or Exeter College, the fruitful nurse of

many generations of Devon men.

Bishop Stapeldon, who with his brother Sir Richard was murdered by a brutal mob in London for adhering to the cause of Edward II., 1326, was a very noteworthy man. He filled the office of Lord High Treasurer, and as such was the earliest keeper of the Public Records who attempted creditably to discharge that duty. Those who know how difficult it is for men engaged in public life to attend to any matter which does not absolutely press for settlement, and who are aware to what an extent the records of the realm have been neglected by very many of their several keepers, will appreciate the labour in this department of Bishop Stapeldon. He arranged and classified such of these documents as were under his direct charge, and left behind him a calendar still known and valued, and which was printed by Sir F. Palgrave for the Record Commission. When these records were moved from Westminster, Mr. Burtt, with that feeling for his office which forms so bright a feature in his character, drew up a notice of those upon which the Bishop's labours had been chiefly bestowed, which was at that time printed.3 But Bishop Stapeldon deserves more than this, and no one is more competent than Mr. Burtt to collect the scattered details of his life and works. His brother had a licence from Edward III. to found a Carthusian monastery in Devon, which, however, he had not time to execute.

³ See "The Gentleman's Magazine, October, 1859," p. 336.

Nicholas Wadham, the founder of Wadham College in 1613, was of a Devon family, and probably born in the

county.

Science is a plant of modern growth, at least in its applied form. Here Devon can boast of four sons, all eminent. Newcomen, who did so much for the Cornish steamengine; General Mudge, one of a very remarkable family at Plymouth, the first Director of the Ordnance Survey; Dean Buckland, one of the founders of the modern school of Geology; and Babbage, best remembered for his labours upon the calculating machine. Sir William Snow Harris, who has done so much to perfect the precautions against lightning, is also a Devonshire man.

The fine arts, including music and painting, are represented in Devon by 23 votaries. Matthew Locke, celebrated for his glees, for his employment, the first in England, of music in aid of the drama, and for having written the first English work on the principles of thorough bass, was of Devon; as was Loosemore, who built the fine organ which still adorns the Cathedral; and Jackson, so long celebrated for the skill with which he played upon it, but whose fame

as a musician was not confined to the West.

Devon can number 20 painters, some of them of considerable merit, and one who, with Hogarth and Gainsborough, may claim the very first place in that branch of art in England. Both Reynolds and his master, Thomas Hudson, were Devon men, as was Northcote, the biographer of Reynolds. Opie came from Cornwall, beyond the border, but Haydon, with whose struggles for fame all must sympathise, was of Plymouth; as was Hayman, an historic painter of some repute in his day. Ozias Humphrey, Cosway, and Cross were all miniature painters. Prout was the first water-colourist of his time. Samuel Cook is worthy to be named with him; and, more recently, Devon has produced Sir Charles Eastlake. It should also be mentioned that the Rev. William Holwell, better known as Holwell-Carr, of Exeter College, and remembered for his noble bequest to the nation of the pictures which are preserved in the National Gallery, was either a Devonshire man or of Devon extraction. Holwells were of Thorne-Hipping, and Mr. Holwell-Carr's great-grandfather was an eminent physician at Exeter.

But the intellectual bede-roll of Devon is not yet ex-

hausted. Great as are the names of Hooker and Jewell among divines, Bodley among the favourers of literature, Reynolds in painting, Babbage in science, and Raleigh among the writers and actors of history, these names are rivalled by those of some of the great lawyers of the county who have upheld its reputation from remote times down to the present day. Her earliest Judges, indeed, belong to a period when the "curia regis" was the single court of justice, and the Justiciarius Angliæ, far superior to the Chancellor, sat as the representative of and next in rank to the Sovereign, in whose absence he was "ex officio" regent of the kingdom. At that time the study, or at any rate the administration, of the common law of the land was scarcely a distinct profession, and the Justices were usually men of high rank, prelates or nobles, of general knowledge and high character, irrespective of their judicial functions. Such were Bluet, Bishop of Lincoln, "Justiciarius totius Angliæ," in 1123; William, Archdeacon of Totnes, in 1189; William, Lord Briwer, Baron of the Exchequer in 1221, and a great monastic patron, founding two colleges, a priory, and a hospital, besides building Bridgewater Bridge and Castle, and making good that port.

Of this class also were Henry Tracy, Baron of the Exchequer in 1261, and Hugh Courtenay, afterwards Earl of Devon, a Justice itinerant in 1330; men evidently selected rather for their personal qualities and rank than for their legal training. By degrees, mixed up with these, there appear men who had practised at the bar, and were for that reason raised to the bench, a custom never prevailing in France, where the Judges were a separate class or rather caste from the bar, to the great injury of both branches of the profession. Probably of this legal character were the Furneaux, of whom Alan, Henry, William, and Simon were Justiciaries in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries; John de Reigny in 1225, Sir Henry de Bathonia in 1238, Sir Henry Englefield in 1260, Gilbert de Knovil and William Martin in the fourteenth century, and Sir William Huddersfield, the last who is called a Justiciary, and who flourished about

1486.

Bracton, who in 1267 was Archdeacon of Totnes, was, notwithstanding his ecclesiastical rank, the earliest really distinguished lawyer, the first sage of the law. He was

author of the volume "De legibus et consuetudinibus Angliæ," which is, says Foss, "a finished and systematic performance, giving a complete view of the law, with all its titles, as it stood when the work was written." Bracton has always been called a Devonshire man, but the manor of Bratton, whence he derived his name, is just within the border of Somerset, and his tomb and effigy are in Minehead Church.

Of these Justiciaries there are on record 12, beside a "Justiciarius totius Angliæ." They range through the twelfth, thirteenth, and fourteenth centuries, one occurring in the fifteenth. Under the arrangement introduced by Henry III., by which the causes were apportioned between distinct courts, a crowd of Devonians rose to high office. Thus there have been, down to the present day, 2 Lord Chancellors, 7 Chief Judges of the King's Bench, 9 Chiefs of the Common Pleas, and 2 Chief Barons of the Exchequer. There have been, also, 9 ordinary Judges of the King's Bench, 9 of the Common Pleas, and 5 Barons of the Exchequer, a Lord Justice, 3 Lord Keepers or Commissioners of the Great Seal, a Master of the Rolls, a Chancellor of the Exchequer, Judges of the Privy Council, 2 Irish Chief Justices, a Chief Justice of Ceylon, 4 Attorneys, and 3 Solicitors-general. Devon has also provided two Speakers and a Lord High Treasurer; in all 77 persons, a very unusual proportion out of the 112 lawyers who appear in the list of Worthies.

Among the Judges of the fourteenth century occur the names of Sir William Herle, 1329; Sir John Stowford, 1391; Sir John Cary, 1370; Sir John Wadham, 1388; Edward Stafford, Bishop of Exeter and Lord Keeper in

1396.

In the fifteenth century came Sir John Fortescue, Lord Chief Justice and Lord Chancellor, author of the celebrated treatise "De laudibus legum Angliæ," represented by Selden as "the first treatise that entered minutely into the history of our legal institutions, and described the professional education and habits of the period." Sir John's brother Henry was Lord Chief Justice of Ireland, and the other members of his family who attained judicial rank were Lewis Fortescue, William Fortescue, and Fortescue-Aland, Lord Fortescue.

Among the Judges in the same century were Sir John Hill in 1400, and at the same period Sir John Hody and

Sir William Hankford, both Lord Chief Justices of the King's Bench, and for each of whom is claimed the honour of having committed Henry V., when Prince of Wales, for contempt of court; Hals, 1424; Juyn, 1439; Henry Fortescue, 1440; Tresilian, a solitary instance of a Judge executed for high treason; Sir William Hody, 1440; Huddersfield, the last Justiciary, 1486; and Tremaile, 1488.

In the sixteenth century followed Sir Lewis Pollard, 1514; Lewis Fortescue, 1542; Sir John Whyddon, 1554, who is said to have laid aside the mule upon which the Judges usually rode, and to have introduced the custom of riding down to Westminster on horseback. He is also said to have sat in armour when engaged in trying the northern rebels at Scarborough. There were also Sir John Southcote, 1560, and Sir John Glanvill, 1598, reputed the first who rose from the lower branch of the profession to be a

Judge.

The seventeenth century was in Devon prolific both in eminent lawyers and eminent divines, producing of the former 28, of the latter 34. Among the lawyers were Sir William Periam, 1603; and in 1612 the learned Sir John Doderidge, to confer upon whom his Master's degree the Vice-Chancellor of Oxford came to London, an unheard-of honour, and whose effigy still adorns the cathedral. His father was an eminent merchant of Barnstaple, his nephew Recorder of Exeter, and their male line was represented by the eminent Nonconformist divine, Philip Doddridge, in the last century. In 1649 lived Sir Thomas Gates, and Henry Rolle, Chief Justice; and, in 1667, Sir Orlando Bridgeman, Chief Justice and Lord Keeper, son of Bridgeman Bishop of Chester, and whose descendants are Earls of Bradford. The two latest Judges of the century were Henry Pollexfen and George Treby, Chief Justices of the Common Pleas in 1689 and 1692. The eighteenth century produced 8 Judges, of whom Peter, Lord King, an Exeter man, and Charles Pratt, Earl Camden, were Chancellors. The others were Baron Hatsell, 1702; the elder Pratt, 1716; and Sir Francis Buller, 1794.

In the present century are to be mentioned Sir Vicary Gibbs, Chief Justice of the Common Pleas; Robert Lord Gifford, Master of the Rolls, and Lord Justice J. L. Knight-Bruce. Sir William Follett, prematurely cut off, promised to equal the greatest in the profession; and there are those

still living, enough both in numbers and distinction, to show that the legal reputation of the county is by no means upon the wane.

Class. Century.

Acland, Sir John. Acland. ,, Arthur. Exeter. 17 M.D. 17 ,,

M. 18 John. Exeter.

N.A. 17 Adams, Wm.

- D. 11 Ælphage. Plymouth. D. 10 Alphred, Bp. of Crediton.
- Sch. 12 Ash, alias Fraxinus, Simon. Probably of Ash-Raph.
- Ashley, Herbert, Dn. of Norwich. Plymouth. D. 17 Atwell, Hugh, M.D. Kenton or Exeter. M.D.

16 14 S. Audley, James Lord.

Sc. 19 Babbage, Chas. Totnes School.

D. 16 Babington, Gervase, Bp. of Worcester. Ottery St. Mary.

N.A. 17

Bagg, Sir Jas., Kt.
Baker, Rev. Thos., Geometer. Bishops Nympton. Sc. 17

Baker, Sir Geo., Bt., M.D., Physn. to Geo. III. Loventon. M.D. 18

12 Baldwin, Archbp. of Canterbury. Exeter.

L. 17 Ball, Sir Peter, Kt., Atty.-Gen. to Q. Eliz., Rec. of Exeter. Mamhead.

D. 14 Bampton, Sir John de, D.D. Bampton.

M.D. 17 Barber, Wm. Barnstaple.

P. 16 Barclay, Alex., Author of the "Ship of Fools." Ottery St. Mary (?)

D. 17 Barkham, John, D.D., Author. Exeter.

S. 17 Barry, Robert.

M.D. 17 Baskerville, Sir Simon, Kt. Exeter.

Basset, Col. Arthur. Heanton Punchardon. Bathonia, Sir Hy. de, J. of K. B. North Tawton. 17 L.

13 M.D. 18

Battie, Wm., M.D., Author. Modbury. Bawceyn, Sir Stephen, Kt. Yarbury. 13 \mathbf{S}

S. 15 Beaufort, Thos., D. of Exeter. A leader at Agincourt.

16 Beaumont, Hy. Honiton.

Beeke, Hy, D.D., Dn. of Bristol, Prof. of Poetry, Oxford. King's-Teignton. D. 19

N.A. 17 Berry, Adml. Sir John. Molland. Bidgood, John, M.D. Rockbeare. M.D. 17

D. 19 Bidlake, John, D.D. Poems and sermons. Plymouth.

13 Blondy, Richd., Bp. of Exon. Exeter. D.

Bluet, Robt., Bp. of Linc., Just. tots. Angliæ. Holcombe-L. 12 Rogus.

S. 17 Bluet, Col. Francis. Holcombe-Rogus.

F. 16 Blundel, Peter. Tiverton. St. 16 Bodley, Sir Thomas. Exeter.

D. 16 Bodley, Lawrence. Exeter. S. 16

Bodley, Sir Jonas. Exeter. Boefe, Wm., Sergt.-at-Law. L. 15 Sch. Bogan, Zachary. Gatcombe. 17

Class. Century.

15 Bonville, Sir Wm. Exeter. Bonville, Wm., Lord, Yorkist leader in Devon. Shute. 15 S. Sch Bowring, Sir John, Kt. Larkbear. Bracton, Hy. Archd., of Barum, J. of K. B. Bratton. 13 L. Brentingham, Thos., Bp. of Exon., L. H. Treasurer. St. 14 Brewer, Wm. Lord, Justiciary. Tor-Brewer. 13 L. 13 Wm., Bp. of Exon. D. Bridgeman, John, Bp. of Exon. D. 17 L. 17 Sir O., C. J. C. P., Lord Keeper. Exeter. Brice, Andrew. Exeter. Britte, Walter. Stottescombe. Sch. 18 Sch. 14 D. 13 Bronscombe, Walter, Bp. of Exon. Exeter. Browne, Wm., Pastoral poet. Tavistock. Ρ. 16 L. 19 Bruce, Sir James L., Knight, V. Chan, and Lord Justice. Fairlinch. 16 Bruton, Robert. L. 16 Bryan, Guy Lord. S. Sch. 18 Bryant, Jacob, Mythologist. Plymouth. Sc. 19 Buckland, Wm., D.D., Prof. of Geology, Oxford. Dn. of Westm. Sch. 18 Budgell, Eustace. Exeter. F. 15 Budokeshed, Robt. Budokeshed. Buller, Sir Francis, J. of C. P. Downe. L. 18 L. 15 Burgoyne, Wm., Rec. of Exeter. Burton, John, D.D. Wernworthy. Bury, John. Tiverton. D. 17 D. 17 Q. Capern, Edward. Tiverton. 19 S. Carew, Sir John. Mohun's Ottery. 14 S. Sir Thomas. 16 S. 14 ,, S. 16 Sir Peter, Irish service. Mohun's Ottery. ,, S. 16 Sir Gawen. ,, ,, St. 17 Geo., E. of Totnes. D. 16 Carpenter, John, Religious author. Northleigh. Sev. 17 Nathaniel, B.D., Philosopher and author. Northleigh. F. 19 Carr, Rev. W. Holwell, Donor of pictures to the N. Gallery. P. 19 Carrington, —, Poet. L. 14 Cary, Sir John, B. of Exch. Cockington. St. 17 Sir Geo., Ld. Deputy of Ireland. Cockington. ,, D. 15 John or James, Bp. of Exon. " S. 15 Sir Wm. Beheaded by Ed. IV. " L. 17 Robert. Clovelly. ,, Geo., D.D., Dn. of Exeter. Clovelly. Sir Geo. Killed in Ireland. D. 17 ,, S. 17 " Sch. 17 Robert, D.D., Author. Cockington. S. 16 Champernowne, Sir Arthur. Modbury. D. Chard, Thos., D.D., Abbot of Ford. Trueys-Hays. 16 D. Chardon, John, Bp. of Down and Conor.

Chaunter, John the, Bp. of Exon.

Chichester, Robt., Bp. of Exon.

D.

D.

16

12

15

L,

Densell, Richd.

Class. Century. St. 17 Chichester, Sir Arthur, Ld. Chichester, Ld. Deputy. Ralegh. Chilcot, Robt. Tiverton. 17 M. Chudleigh, John. Died in Magellan's Straits. N.A. 16 Sir George, Atty.-Gen., L. H. Treasurer. Ash-St. 17 Reigny, Ashton. James, Col. Killed at taking of Dartmouth. Sir James. Killed at Ostend. S. 17 S. 18 Churchill, John, D. of Marlborough. Ash. S. 18 Clifford, Thos. Ld., L. H. Treasurer. Chudleigh. St. 17 Cocke, Capt. "Cockus Anglus." Plymouth. N.A. 16 Sc. 18 Colby, Col., Ord. surveyor. P. 19 Coleridge, Sam. Taylor. Hartley. Sch. 19 L. 19 Sir John Taylor, J. K. B. ,, 19 L. Lord, C. J. C. P. M. 17 Colleton, Sir John, Bt. Exeter. L. 19 Collier, Sir Robt., J. of P. Council. Conant, John, D.D., Rector of Exeter Coll. Bicton. D. 17 Conybeare, John, D.D., Bp. of Bristol. D. 18 17 Cook, John. Kembury. M. Saml., Painter in water-colours. Pr. 19 19 Coplestone, Edwd., D.D., Bp. of Llandaff. Offwell. D. Cory, John, Actor and dramatist. Barnstaple. Sch 18 Cosway, Richd., Miniature painter. Pr. 19 17 Cotton, Edw., D.D. Whimple. D. Courtenay, Hugh, J. itinerant, E. of Devon. 14 L. S. 14 Sir Hugh. A Founder of the Garter. ,, D. 14 Wm., Archbp. of Canterbury. Exminster. ,, Sir Piers, K.G. S. 14 ,, D. 15 Richd., Bp. of Norwich. Powderham. " Hugh, E. of Devon. Lancastrian leader in Devon. S. 15 ,, Sir Hugh, who led the Devon Lancastrians to S. 15 ,, Tewkesbury. D. 15 Peter, Bp. of Winton. Powderham. 11 Edward, E. of Devon. Raised Perkin Warbeck's 15 S. ,, siege of Exeter. Thos., 6th E. of Devon. Beheaded after Towton. S. 15 ,, S. 16 Sir Peter. Leader against the Western rising. Cowell, Dr. John. Yarnesborough. L. 17 S. 15 Crocker, Sir John. Lineham. 18 Cross, -Pr. Cruwys, Sir Robt. Cruwys-Morchard. 14 S. Cutcliffe, John. Dammage. Sch 17 L. 14 Daubernon, John. M. 16 Davie, John. Southbrook. 17 Edmund. Canon-Teign. M.D. N.A. 16 Davies, Capt. H. T. Merland. Davies, Capt. John. Sandridge. N.A. 16 S. 16 Davils, Capt. Henry. Served in Ireland. Merland. F. 16 Dennis, Sir Thos. Holcombe-Burnel.

Class. Century. D. 13 Devon, Richd. Devonius, Johs. de la Ford, Abbt. of Ford, Author. 13 D. Dinham, John Lord, L. H. Treasurer. Nutwell. S. 15 M. 16 Doderidge, Richd. Barnstaple. Sir John, J.K.B. Barnstaple. L. 17 L. 17 John, M.P., Recorder of Barnstaple. Sc. 18 Donn, Abraham. Mathematical author. Bideford. Sc. 18 Benj. Downe, John, B.D., Author. Holworthy. 17 D. Downham, -. Newton St. Cyres. P. 18 S. 16 Drake, Sir Bernard. Ash. Sir Francis. Tavistock. N.A. 16 F. 17 Robert. Sprat-Hays. ", Adml. Sir Sam., Bt. Shared in Rodney's action. Drew, Edwd., Sergt.-at-Law. Sharpham. N.A. 18 17 L. Duck, Nich., Sergt.-at-Law, Rec. of Exeter. Heavitree. L 17 N.A. 19 Duckworth, Adml. Sir Thos., Bt. Topsham. Sch 18 Dunn, Saml., Author. Crediton. L. 18 Dunning, John, Lord Ashburton, Sol.-Gen. Ashburton. Duntz, John. Exeter. Durfey, Tom., Dramatist. Exeter. M. 18 P. 17 Sch. 19 Dymond, Jonathan, Author. Exeter. D. 10 Eadulph, Bishop. Eastlake, Sir Chas. Lock, P.R.A., Plymouth. Pr. 19 St. 17 Edmonds, Sir Thos., Kt., Ambassador. Plymouth. 13 L. Englefield, Wm. de, Justiciary. Sch. 13 Exeter, Walter de. " Wm., D.D., Author. Fishacre, Richard. Fishacre. Fitz, John. Fitzford. 14 Sch. Sch. 13 Fitz, John. Fitzford. Fitz-Ralph, Wm. Exeter. L. 15 , Wm. Exeter. Richd., Archbp. of Armagh. F. 12 D. 14 Flavel, Rev. John, Presby. Minister. Dartmouth. D. 17 F. 17 Flory, John. S. 15 Floyer, Wm. Floyers-Hay. Follet, Sir Wm. W., Atty. Gen. Foliot, Gilbert, Bp. of London. Tamerton-Foliot. L. 19 12 D. D. 13 Ford, John de, Author. " John, Dramatist. Ilmington. P. 16 St. 17 Sir Henry. Bagtor. D. 18 Forster, Nathl., D.D., Editor of Plato. Plymstock. S. 14 Fortescue, Sir John, Captor of Meaux. L. 15 Sir John, C. J. of K. B., Lord Chancellor. North ,, Hinsh. L. 15 Hy., C. J. of Ireland. " L. 16 Lewis, Bn. of Exch. ,, St. 17 Sir John, Ch. of Exch. and Duchy of Lancaster. ,, L. 18 Aland, C. J. C. P., Lord Fortescue of Credan. " L, Wm., Master of the Rolls. Buckland Filleigh. 18 ,, L. 18 Wm., J. C. P. ,,

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Class. Century.
D. 17 Foster, John, D.D., Writer against Tindal. Exeter.
S. 16 Franceis, Sir Wm. Killed in a fray with rebels at Bishop's
               Clist.
Sch.
       19
            Froude, Jas. Anthony, Historian. Dartington.
            Fulford, Sir Wm. Fulford.
       14
L.
                     Sir Baldwin. Beheaded after Towton.
S.
        15
                     Col. Fran. Garrisoned his house for Ch. I.
S.
        17
            Furneaux, Alan de, Justiciary.
L.
       12
L.
       12
                        Hy. de, Justiciary.
                  ,,
                        Wm. de, Justiciary.
L.
        13
                 "
        13
                        Simon de, Justiciary.
L.
                        Dr. Philip. Letters on Religious Liberty.
D.
        18
            Gale, Theoph. "Court of the Gentiles." Kings Teignton.
Sch
        17
        17
             Gandy, John, D.D.
D.
Pr.
        17
                     James. Exeter.
                ,,
        18
                    Wm. Exeter or Plymouth.
Pr.
Sch.
        11
             Garland, John, Author.
N.A.
        17
             Gates, Sir Thos., Gov. of Virginia. Colyton.
             " Thos., Bn. of Exch. Gay, John. Barnstaple.
L.
        17
P.
        17
             Gee, John, Controversialist.
D.
        17
F.
        13
             Gervais, Walter. Exeter.
             Gibbs, Sir Vicary, C. J. C. P.
L.
        19
             Giffard, Hardinge, C. J. of Ceylon.
        19
L.
S.
        17
                      Col. John. Brightleigh.
             Gifford, Robt., Lord, Master of the Rolls, C. J. C. P.
        18
L.
Pr.
        19
                      Wm., Satirist and Critic. Ashburton.
        16
             Gilbert, Sir Humphrey. Greenway.
N.A.
S.
        19
                     Sir Walter Raleigh, Bt.
        17
             Giles, Sir Edward. Bowdon.
S.
             Glanvil, Sir John, J. of C. P. Tavistock.
        16
L.
                      Sir John, Sergt.-at-Law, Speaker.
L.
        17
                                                          Tavistock.
        17
                      Joseph, Author. Plymouth.
D.
M.
        17
             Gould, Jas. Staverton.
St.
        14
             Grandison, John, Bp. of Exon.
 F.
        14
             Granville, Sir Theobald. Bideford.
        17
St.
                        Sir Bevill. Killed at Lansdowne.
                 ,,
N.A.
        16
                        Sir Richd. Discoverer of Virginia.
                 ,,
                        Sir Richd., the King's General in the West.
        17
S.
                 ,,
 S.
        16
                        Sir Richard, Marshal of Calais.
                 ,,
                        Sir Roger. Lost in the "Mary Rose." Sir Richard, Vice-Adml. Killed at sea.
 N.A.
        16
                 ,,
 S.
        16
             Graves, Adml. Sir Thos.
 N.A.
        18
 N.A.
        18
                      Adml. Thos., Lord Graves.
             Greenway, John.
 M.
        16
              Grendon, Simon. Exeter.
F.
        15
             Gundrey, Nathl., J. of C. P. Axminster.
        18
L.
             Hallet, Joseph, Author. Exeter.
        17
 D.
 M.D.
        19
             Harvey, Dr. Geo., Author. Plymouth.
        18
             Hatsel, Henry, Bn. of Exch.
L.
N.A.
        16
             Hawkins, Capt. Wm. Plymouth.
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Class. Century. Hawkins, Sir John. 16 N.A. Sir Richd. Plymouth. N.A. 17 Hawley, John. Dartmouth. M. 14 Haydon John, Bencher of L. Inn. Woodbury. L. 16 18 Benj. Robt. Exeter. Pr. Pr. 18 Hayman, Francis. Exeter. 17 Heale, Warwick, Sergt.-at-Law. L. 18 Heath, John, J. of C. P. "Benj., Town Clerk. Exeter. L. 18 T. 16 T. Heale, Sir John, Sergt.-at-Law. 17 L. " Elizeus. Worston. Herle, Sir Wm., C. J. of C. P. L. 14 Hakewill, Wm., Learned lawyer and author. Exeter. L. 17 George, D.D., Archd. of Surrey, Author. Exeter. D. 17 Wm., Bp. of Exon. D. 17 Hals, John, J. of K. B. 15 L. L. 17 Hall, John, King's Sergt. Hallet, Joseph. Exeter. D. 17 Halse, John, Bp. of L. and Cov. Kenedon. D. 15 15 Hankford, Sir Wm., C. J. of K. B. L. Harding, Thos., D.D. Combmartin. Sch. 16 16 Harris, John, Sergt.-at-Law. Hayne. L. 17 L. Sir Thos., Sergt.-at-Law. S. 19 Sir Wm. Snow. Plymouth. Hervey, Jas., Author of the "Meditations." Bideford. D. 18 L. 15 Hill, John, J. of K. B. Hills-Court. Robert, J. of C. P. L. 15 Hilliard, Nicholas. Exeter. Pr. 16 Hody, Sir John, C. J. of K. B. Brixham. 15 L. L. 15 Sir Wm., C. B. of Exch. Holland, John, 2d D. of Exeter. Dartington. S. 15 Henry, 3d D. of Exeter. Wounded at Barnet. S. 15 M.D. 18 Holwel, Wm. Exeter. Hooker, John, Chamberlain of Exeter. Sch. 16 D. 16 Richd., Master of the Temple. D. 19 Hole, Rev. Richd. Exeter. Sch. 17 Holland, Jos., Herald and antiquary. L. 18 Hooper, Sir Nich. D. 17 Hopkins, Ezekiel, Bp. of Raphoe, Author. Crediton. Ρ. 17 Charles, Dramatist. Humphrey, Ozias, Miniature painter. Honiton. Pr. 18 Huddesfield, Sir Wm., Justiciary. Honiton. L. 15 Pr. 18 Hudson, Thos., the Master of Reynolds. Pr. 19 Hughes, Arthur. Maker. D. 17 Hunt, Nich., Author. Hurst, Wm. Exeter. Huxham, Dr., of Plymouth. Halberton. F. 16 M.D. 18 16 Hyndestone, Wm., Sergt.-at-Law. M.D. Isaac, S. Exeter. 17 D. 12 Iscanus, Barthl., Bp. of Exon., Author. Exeter. Ρ. 13 Joseph, Exeter,

19

19

M.D.

Class. Century. Sch. Izack, Richard. Exeter. 17 Mu. Jackson, Wm., Composer and organist. Exeter. 18 D 16 Jewell, John, Bp. of Sarum. Berry-Nerber. Juyn, Sir John, C. J. of K. B. L. 15 L. 19 Karslake, Sir John, Atty.-Gen. S. 15 Karswell, Sir Wm. Hach. Keats, Admiral Sir R. E. Bideford. N.A. 18 Kempthorne, Adml. Sir John. Ugborough. 17 N.A. M. 18 Kennaway, John. S. 18 Sir John, Bt. Indian warfare. Kennicot, Benj., D.D., Hebraist. Totnes. D. 18 L. 18 King, Peter, Lord King, Ld. Chancellor. Exeter. Sch. Kingsley, Rev. Chs. Holne. 19 F. 16 Kirkham, Sir John. Blagdon. D. 19 Kitto, John, DD., Plymouth. L. 14 Knovil, Gilb. de, Justiciary. Langton, Steph., Archbp. of Canterbury and Cardinal. 13 D. Lavington, Dr. Samuel. Sermons. Bideford. Lempriere, Jos., D.D., Classical Author. Newton St. D. 19 Sch. 19 Petrock. Lethbridge, Christ. Walston. ,, John. Woolborough. F. 17 Sc. 18 Livingus, Bp. of Devon. 11 D. Locke, Matthew, Composer. Long, Gilbert. Exeter. Mu. 17 M. 13 13 John. M. D. 17 Thos., Controversial Theologian. Sc. 17 Lovelace, Jacob. Exeter. Mu. 17 Loosemore, John. Built the Exeter organ. Bishop's Nympton. N.A. 19 Louis, Adml. Sir Thos., Bt. " Adml. Sir John. Luck, Robt., Poet. N.A. 19 P. 18 14 L. Lusket, Wm. de. Lyde, Geo. Loventon. D. 17 Lye, Rev. Edward. Anglo-Saxon Dict. Totnes. Sch 18 D. Manton, Thos., D.D. Colyton. 17 Martin, Wm., Justiciary. L. 14 N.A. 16 Capt. John. A companion of Drake. " L. 17 Richd. " L. 17 Wm., Rec. of Exeter. Exeter. Sch. 18 Martyn, Thos., Author of Survey of Devon. Ashburton. Sch. 18 " Wm., Historian. Malet, Sir Baldwin, Sol.-Gen. L. 16 L. 17 Maynard, Sir John, Sergt.-at-Law, Comr. of Gt. Seal. Tavistock. D. 17 Mayne, Jasper, D.D., Archd. of Chichester, Author. Hatherleigh. Sch. 19 Merivale, Charles, B.D. Sch

John Herman, Author.

Milman, Sir Fr., Bt. Levaton.

Class. Century. Moels, Nich. de, Amb. to France. St. 13 Mohun, Reginald. Dunster. 13 F. Monk, Geo., D. of Albemarle. S. 17 Monthermer, Ralph, Lord M. Stockenham. S. 14 Thos., Lord M. Killed in a sea-fight. S. 14 17 L. Moore, John. 16 Moreman, John, D. of Exeter, Author. Hartland. D. 17 Morice, Sir Wm., Sec. of State. Exeter. St. 16 Morris, John. D. 18 Mudge, Rev. Zachary. Author. Abbotsham. D. M.D. John. Plymouth. 18 18 Thos, Chronometer maker. Sc. ,, Sc. 19 General, Ordnance surveyor. Sch. 16 Morven, D. Sc. 18 Newcomen, Thos. Dartmouth. Newte, Richard. Tiverton. D. 17 Newton, Richard, C. J. of C. P. 15 L. 18 Northcote, Jas. Plymouth. Pr. St 19 Sir Stafford, Bt. Pynes. Ockley, Simon. "Hist. of the Saracens." Exeter. Sch. 17 Oxenham, Capt. John. South Tawton. N.A. 16 Parr, Richard, Biog. of Usher. D. 17 Parsons, -. Plymouth. Sch. 19 18 Patch, Thos. Exeter. Pr. M.D. 18 Patch, John., Surgeon. Exeter. Periam, Sir Wm., C. B. of Exch. Exeter. ,, Sir John, Benefactor to Exeter Coll. Exeter. 17 L. 17 F. 16 Petre, Sir Wm. Tor-Newton. St. Sch 16 Pole, Sir Wm., Antiquary. Shute. 16 Pollard, Sir Lewis, J. of C. P. King's Nympton. L. 17 Pollexfen, Hy., C. J. of C. P. Shorforde. L Pomeroy, Sir Henry. Berry-Pomeroy. , Sir Thos. A leader in the rising for religion. S. 12 12 S. Praed, Winthorp M. P. 19 L. 18 Pratt, Sir John. C. J. of K. B. Kings Mill, Tı. 18 Chs., Earl Camden, Ld. Chancellor. 17 L. Prideaux, Sir Edmd., Comr. of Gt. Seal. Souldon. L. 17 John, Sergt.-at-Law. 17 John, Bp. of Worcester, Author. Stowford. D. D. 16 Priest, Agnes, Sole martyr under Q. Mary in Devon. Sch. Prince, Rev. John, Biographer. 18 Pr. 18 Prout, Saml., Water-colourist. Plymouth. D. 13 Pulleine, Robert. Exeter. D. Quick, John, Author. Plymouth. 17 Rainolds, Thos., D.D., Bis. of Corpus Ch., Oxf., Dn. of D. 16 Lincoln. Pinhoe. D. 16 John, D.D. L. 13 Raleigh, Wm., Bp. of Winton and Justiciary. N.A. 16 Sir Walter. Hays. S. Reynell, Richard, Author. East Ogwell. 16 Richard, Bt., C. J. of K. B. in Ireland. Ford. L. 16

150 REMARKS UPON THE WORTHIES OF DEVON. Class. Century. Reynell, Sir Richard. St. 17 " Edward, Author. East Ogwell. Reynolds, John, Pres. of Corpus Ch., Oxf. Pinhoe. D. . 17 D. 17 " John, Editor of "Pomponius Mela." Exeter. Sch. 18 Pr. 18 Sir Joshua, P.R.A. Ridgeway, Thos., E. of Londonderry. S. 17 Risdon, Thos., Badleigh.
"Tristram, Antiquary. L. 16 L. 17 Reigny, John, Justiciary. Hemston.
Ridley, Wm.
Roger the Cistercian, Author. 13 L. P. 17 D. 12 Rogers, —, Proto-Martyr. D. 16 Rolle, Hy., C. J. of K. B. Heanton-Sacheville. L. 17 Rosier, John, Atty. of C. Bench. Roswell, Wm., Solicitor to Q. Eliz. L. 17 L. 16 Rowe, John, Sergt.-at-Law. Totnes. Rundle, Thos., Bp. of Derry. Newton Abbot. L. 16 D. 18 Saunders, John Cunningham, Oculist. Exeter. M.D. 18 St. 17 Seymour, Sir Edward, Speaker. Berry-Pomeroy. Shebbeare, Dr. John. Bideford. M.D. 18 Sheldon, Wm., Anatomist. Comb Raleigh.
Shower, Sir Barth., Reporter. Exeter.
.. John. M.D. 19 L. 17 D. 17 " John. Shute, John. Collumpton. Pr. 16 Slanning, Sir Mich. Killed at the siege of Bristol. Bick-S. 17 Smith, Sir Montague, J. C. P. 19 L. Southcombe, Lewis. Nonjuror.
,, —. Medical Treatise. 17 D. M.D. 17 Southcote, John, J. of K. B. L. 16 " Johanna, Enthusiast. D. 18 S. 19 Speke, John H. Orleigh. Sprat, Thos., D.D., Bp. of Rochester, Author. Fallaton. Stanbury, John, Bp. of Hereford, Author. Churchill. Sch. 17 D. 15 Sch. 14 Stapeldon, Walter, Bp. of Exon. Annery. Stevens, John, M.D. Exeter. F. 15 Stone, Nicholas. Sculptor and Painter. Pr. 17 Stouford, Sir John, J. of C. P. West Doone. 14 L. Strode, Wm., M.P. One of the five members demanded by St. 17

17 Strode, Wm., D.D., Author. Plympton. D.

S. 16

Stuckley, Thos. Stafford, Edward, Bp. of Exon., Ld. Keeper. L. 14 D. 16 Taylor, alias Cardmaker, John, Martyr. Exeter. 18 Thomson, Rev. Geo., Author. Barnstaple. P. Tindal, Matthew, D.D., Author. Beer-Ferrers.
Toplady, Rev. Aug. "Rock of Ages." Broad-Hembury.
Towgood, Micaiah, Author. Axminster.
Tozer, Hy., B.D. North Tawton.
Tracy, Hy. de, Bn. of Exch. D. 18

L. 18

L. 18

17 D. Ď. 13

Treby, Geo., C. J. of C. P. Plympton. L. 17

Century.

15 Tremaile, Thos., J. of K. B. L.

- 16 Tremain, Richard. Collacombe. D.
- 14 Tresilian, Sir Robert, C. J. of K. B. L. N.A. 18 Trowbridge, Adml. Sir Thos. Asher.
- D. 16 Tucker, Wm., D.D., Dn. of Lichfield, Author. Exeter.

19 Turner, John. Mallard. Pr.

Upton, Nich. Canon Law. Author. 15 T. 14 Wadham, Sir John, J. of C. P. Edge. L. F. 17 Wadham, Nich., Founder of Wadham Coll.

Walker, Saml., Author. Exeter. D. 18

- John, D.D. "Sufferings of Clergy." Exeter. Sch. 18
- D. 18 Wesley, Rev. Saml. Tiverton.
- D. 14 Westcote, John. Westcote.

L. 13 Whiting, Nich.

L. 16 Whiddon, Sir John, J. of K. B. Chagford.

Williams, W. Peere. Cadhay. L. 18

12 William, Archd. of Totnes, Justiciary. L.

14 Wikes, Wm. Tı.

- N.A. 15 Wilford, Wm. Celebrated for his raids on the Breton Coasts.
- Wolcoté, Capt. Jas., R.N. At the taking of Berbice. Wolcot, Dr. John. "Peter Pindar." Dodbrooke. N.A. 19 Ρ. 19
- Wollocombe, Robert, Author. Wollocombe. Sch. 17

F. 15 Wynard, Wm., Rec. of Exeter.

P. 17 Yalden, Thos. Exeter.

- St. 19 Yonge, Sir Wm., Bt., Sec. at War. " Sir Geo., Bt., Sec. at War. St. 19
- M.D. 18 Young, Jas., Correspondent of Sir Hans Sloane. Plymouth,

		Before 1000.	11th Century.	12th Century.	13th Century.	14th Century.	15th Century.	16th Century.	17th Century.	18th Century.	19th Century.	Total.	Per cent. of each Profession.
Lawyers	L.			4	8	13	18	15	28	17	9	112	24.505
Divines	D.	2	2	5	9	4	5	16	34	11	6	94	20.531
Soldiers	S.			2	2	8	15	14	13	3	2	59	12.805
Scholars	Sch.		1	1	. 2	3		4	10	11	9	41	8.611
Sailors	N.A.						1	13	6	4	5	29	6.182
Statesmen	St.	•••		1	1	2		2	13		3	22	4.836
Founders	F.			1	2	1	4	5	6		1	20	4.417
Physicians	M.D.	•••						1	7	9	3	20	4.417
Painters and													
Sculptors	Pr.	•••						2	2	10	6	20	3.975
Poets	P.				1			3	5	3	5	17	3.534
Merchants	M.	•••			2	. 1		3	4	3		13	2.871
Men of Science	Sc.								2	6	3	11	2.651
Musicians	Mu.	***			•••		•••		2	1		3	0.651
		2	3	14	27	32	43	78	132	78	52	461	100.000
Percentages of Worthies in each Century.		0.452	0.663	3.091	5.960	7.065	9.493	17:328	28.530	16.304	11.114	100.000	

Additions to the "Worthies of Devon."

Serie, Str. Portner Painter, in Devon before 1775. \
Stephene, Educati E., A.B.A., Scalpton b. Rester, 13th Scalence.

Ball, —, History Painter, b. Plymouth, 19th century. Bennett, Wm. Mineard, Miniature Painter, b. Exeter, d. 1858, æt. 80. Bidlake, —, D.D., Scholar, Master of Plymouth Grammar School, 19th century.

Brockedon, Wm. B., Painter, b. Totnes, 1787, d. 1854, æt. 67. Clack, Richard Augustus, Portrait Painter, b. Devon, d. after 1856. Condy, Nichs. Matthews, Painter, b. Plymouth, d. 1851, æt. 52.

Courtenay, Rt. Honbl. Ths. Pereg., M.P., Author of "Life of Sir W. Temple," and other works, b. 1782, d. 1841.

Courtenay, Reginald, Bishop of Jamaica, b. 1813, Author, son of the preceding.

Cousins, Samuel, R.A., Engraver, b. Exeter, 1801.

Crosse, Richard, Miniature Painter, b. Devon, d. 1810, æt. 65.

Crouch, John, Painter, b. Kingsbridge, 1751, d. 1821. Davy, Robert, Portrait Painter, b. Collumpton, d. 1793.

Downman, John, Portrait and Subject Painter, b. Devon, d. 1824.

Durant, Susan, Sculptor, b. Devon, d. 1873.

Elford, Sir Wr., Bart., Amateur Painter, b. Devon, d. 1837, at. 90.

Ezekiel, ----, Engraver, b. Exeter, 19th century. Foster, Charles, Architect, b. Collumpton, 1792, d. 1867.

Hart, Samuel, Engraver, b. Plymouth, 18th century.

Hart, Solomon Alexander, Painter, b. Plymouth, 1806, living, 1875, son of the preceding.

Hilliard, Lawrence, Miniature Painter, son of Nicholas H., living 1634.

Hosking, William, Architect, b. Buckfastleigh, 1800, d. 1861.

Jenkins, Thomas, History Painter, b. Devon, d. 1798.

Johns, A. B., Landscape Painter, b. Plymouth, 19th century.

Kendal, John, Architect, d. Exeter, 1829.

King, John, History and Portrait Painter, b. Dartmouth, 1788, d. 1847.

Knighton, Sir William, Bart., M.D., b. Devon.

Leahy, James, Portrait and Miniature Painter, b. Exeter, 1773, d. 1865.

Lee, —, Architect, pupil of the elder Hardwick, 18th century.

Lee, Frederick Richard, B.A., Painter, b. Barnstaple, 1798, son of the

Lee, ——, Architect, employed at Eggesford, brother of the preceding. Mogford, Thomas, Portrait Painter, b. Devon, d. 1868.

Payne, William, Water-colour Painter, of Plymouth, 1786, d. 1813. Rendel, James Meadows, Civil Engineer, of Plymouth, d. 1856, æt. 57.

Reynell, Thomas, Portrait Painter, b. Chudleigh, 1718, d. 1788.

Reynolds, Frances, Miniature Painter, b. Plympton, 1729, d. 1807. Sister to the President.

Roberts, James, Engraver, b. Devon, 1725, d. after 1761.

Rogers, Philip Hutchings, Marine and Landscape Painter, b. Plymouth 1794, d. 1853.

Score, Wm., Portrait Painter, b. Devon, before 1778.

Stephens, Edward B., A.R.A., Sculptor, b. Exeter, 19th century. Traies, William, Landscape Painter, b. Crediton, 1789, d. 1872.

Williams, T. H., Water-colour Painter, of Plymouth, living 1814.

The Rev. John Josias Conybeare, Professor of Poetry and of Anglo-Saxon at Oxford, and the Rev. William Daniel Conybeare, Dean of Llandaff, eminent as an early geologist and as a theologian, were grandsons of Bishop Conybeare, and of Devonshire descent, though born in London.

had the hard Augustus, Planta Character to Dates de altre 1856

Condy, Michael Montage, Printer & Princett, A. 1844, ex-Courtespy, DC theols, the voc., M.P. Annue Rosell.

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G. T. C.