Devon County Council Historic Environment Record

Civil Parish & District: Ipplepen, Teignbridge	National Grid Reference: SX 8346 6655	Number:
Subject: Archaeological monitoring and recording Ipplepen, Devon.	g at Trevone, Church Path	Photo attached: Y
Planning Application no: 13/03282/FUL	Recipient muser n/a	um:
OASIS ID: oakforda1-178380	Museum Refere n/a	ence no:
Contractor's reference number/code: OA1165	Dates fieldwork 18-02-2014	undertaken:

Background

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Oakford Archaeology in February 2014 during work at Trevone, Church Path, Ipplepen, Devon (SX 8346 6655). The site (Fig. 1) lies in an area of archaeological potential close to the medieval priory, located in the vicinity of the parish church of St Andrews. Archaeological investigations on the site of the medical centre (HER Event No. EDV4740) to the west revealed the presence of a medieval building and evidence that the graveyard was more extensive than was previously thought. The work was therefore required by Devon County Historic Environment Team (DCHET) under a condition attached to the grant of planning permission (13/03282/FUL).

Description of the works

A watching brief was maintained during works associated with the construction of an extension to the existing building. A small foundation trench for the extension, 0.6m in width and measuring 9.6m in length, was excavated.

The groundworks (Fig. 2) exposed a mid red clay natural subsoil (103) with occasional shillet inclusions. This was in turn overlain by a 0.3m thick mid reddish brown clay subsoil (102) underneath a 0.3m thick dark brown topsoil (101).

Conclusion:

No deposits, features or dating evidence indicative of archaeological activity was found. The lack of pottery and lithics from the site, despite examination of spoil heaps, further indicates that the site is archaeologically sterile. This is the only report on these works.

OASIS entry

A project archive will not be produced (as agreed with Stephen Reed, Archaeologist, DCHET, 17th February 2014). A summary of the archaeological investigations has been submitted to the on-line archaeological database OASIS (Online Access to the Index of archaeological InterventionS).

Recorder:	Date sent to HER:	
MFR Steinmetzer (Oakford Archaeology)		

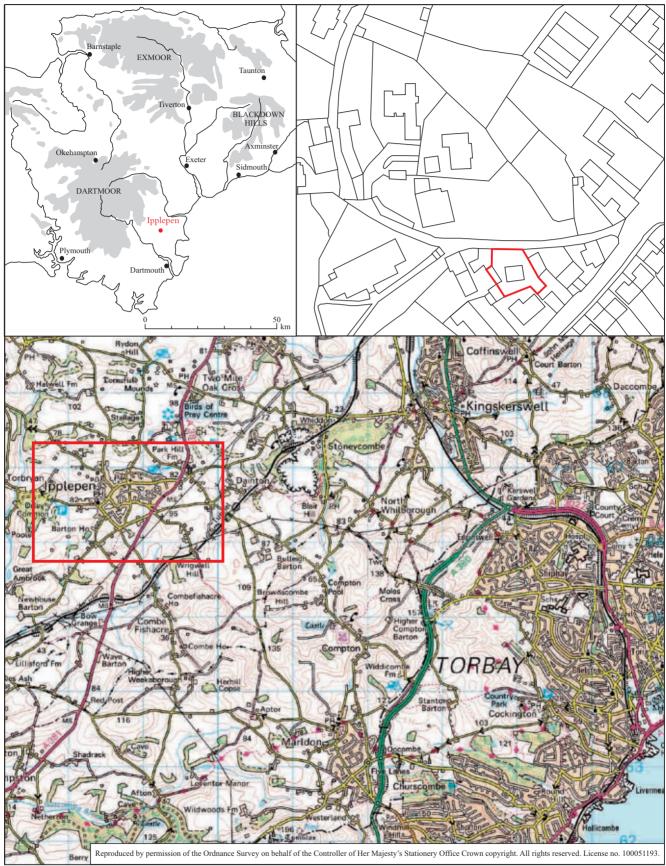


Fig. 1 Location of site

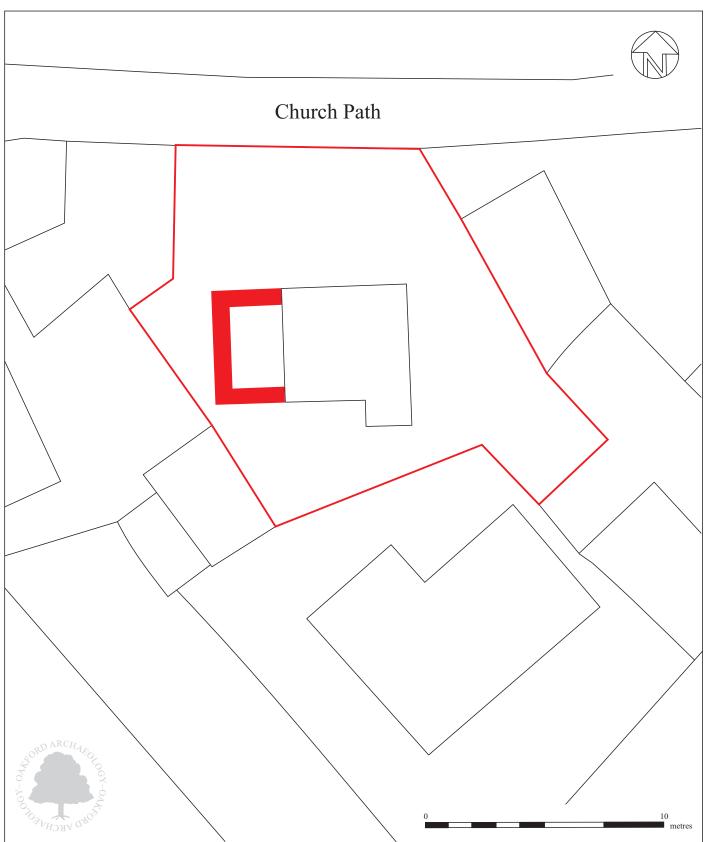


Fig. 2 Location of observations.

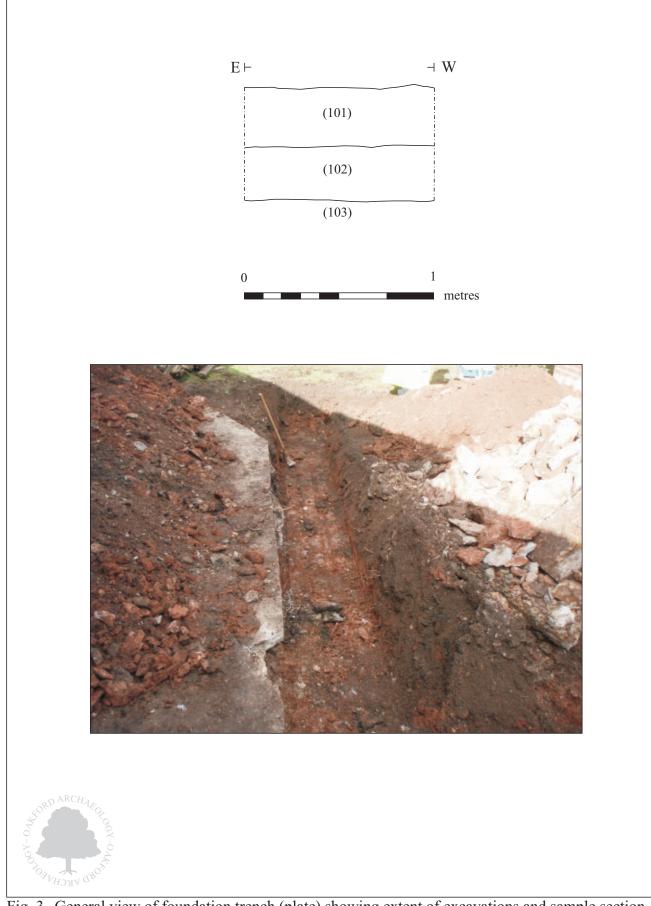


Fig. 3 General view of foundation trench (plate) showing extent of excavations and sample section through deposit sequence (above).