



---

# LAND AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE: PHASES 1 & 2

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION



Report Number: 1081

October - December 2014

---



**LAND AT STOWBRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM,  
CAMBRIDGESHIRE**

**ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION**

Prepared on behalf of:

Mr Kier Petherick  
F C Palmer & Sons  
Green End  
Ely  
Cambridgeshire  
CB6 3LF

By:  
Dan McConnell BSc (Hons)

Britannia Archaeology Ltd  
**115 Osprey Drive,  
Stowmarket, Suffolk,  
IP14 5UX**  
T: 01449 763034

[info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
[www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

Registered in England and Wales: 7874460

<b>Site Code</b>	ECB 4304	<b>NGR</b>	TL 5170 7150
<b>Planning Ref.</b>	1400839ESF	<b>OASIS</b>	britanni1-193109
<b>Approved By:</b>	MCA	<b>Date</b>	January 2015



## CONTENTS

<b>Abstract</b>		<b>Page 4</b>
<b>1.0 Introduction</b>		<b>Page 5</b>
<b>2.0 Site Description</b>		<b>Page 5</b>
<b>3.0 Planning Policies</b>		<b>Page 6</b>
<b>4.0 Archaeological Background</b>		<b>Page 6</b>
<b>5.0 Project Aims</b>		<b>Page 9</b>
<b>6.0 Project Objectives</b>		<b>Page 9</b>
<b>7.0 Fieldwork Methodology</b>		<b>Page 9</b>
<b>8.0 Description of Results - Evaluation</b>		<b>Page 10</b>
<b>9.0 Deposit Model</b>		<b>Page 17</b>
<b>10.0 Conclusion and Discussion</b>		<b>Page 19</b>
<b>11.0 Specialist Assessments</b>		<b>Page 20</b>
<b>11.1 Timber Species Identification</b>		<b>Page 20</b>
<b>11.2 Pottery</b>		<b>Page 20</b>
<b>12.0 Recommendations</b>		<b>Page 20</b>
<b>13.0 Project Archive &amp; Deposition</b>		<b>Page 21</b>
<b>14.0 Acknowledgments</b>		<b>Page 21</b>
<b>Bibliography</b>		<b>Page 22</b>
<b>Appendix 1</b>	<b>Deposit Tables and Feature Descriptions</b>	<b>Page 24</b>
<b>Appendix 2</b>	<b>Concordance of Finds</b>	<b>Page 37</b>
<b>Appendix 4</b>	<b>OASIS Sheet</b>	<b>Page 38</b>
<b>Figure 1</b>	<b>Site Location Plan</b>	<b>1:10000</b>
<b>Figure 2</b>	<b>CHER Data Plan</b>	<b>1:20000</b>
<b>Figure 3</b>	<b>CHER Data Plan</b>	<b>1:20000</b>
<b>Figure 4</b>	<b>Trench Location Plan – South Field</b>	<b>1:2500</b>
<b>Figure 5</b>	<b>Trench Location Plan – North Field</b>	<b>1:2500</b>
<b>Figure 6</b>	<b>Trench Plan – South Field over 1886 OS Map</b>	<b>1:2500</b>
<b>Figure 7</b>	<b>Trench Plan – North Field over 1886 OS Map</b>	<b>1:2500</b>
<b>Figure 8</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 9</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 10</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 11</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 12</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 13</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 14</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 15</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 16</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 17</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 18</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 19</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>
<b>Figure 20</b>	<b>Trench Plans, Sections &amp; Photographs</b>	<b>Various</b>



## **Abstract**

*In October through December 2014 Britannia Archaeology Ltd (BA) undertook an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land at Stowbridge Farm, Stretham, Cambridgeshire (NGR: TL 5170 7150) to comply with planning permission for the construction of a 20MW solar farm. The works comprised the excavation of 25 trial trenches split between two phases of work: Phase 1 within the South Field (Fig. 4) comprised 10 trenches and Phase 2 within the North Field (Fig. 5) comprised 11 trenches. The Brief required the work to provide an adequate sample of the area to be affected by the construction of the solar farm facility, and in particular to provide a deposit model for the site.*

*Background research for the project indicated that the site had a potential for prehistoric and Roman archaeology; in particular archaeology relating to the early Bronze Age ad hoc timber track way discovered during archaeological evaluation earlier in 2014 to the south of the current Phase 1 evaluation area (Adams, 2014).*

*The evaluation yielded a reasonably preserved stratigraphic fen sequence within the southern field that had escaped post-medieval plough truncation. This sequence showed various inundation and drought conditions within the area during the fen formation.*

*The remainder of the investigation area had been severely plough truncated during the post-medieval and modern periods. However ditching, tree removal and marl pitting gave an insight into this period of fen land-reclamation and land-use post-fen drainage.*





## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In October through December 2014 Britannia Archaeology Ltd (BA) undertook an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land at Stowbridge Farm, Stretham, Cambridgeshire (NGR: TL 5170 7150) in response to a design brief issued by Cambridgeshire County Council Historic Environment Team (CCC HET) (Gdaniec, K. dated 14<sup>th</sup> October 2014). The work was commissioned as a condition of planning application reference 1400839ESF, in advance of the construction of a 20MW solar farm and associated works (Fig. 1).

The works comprised the excavation of 26 trial trenches measuring 30.00 x 2.00m (non-inclusive of trench extensions). The Brief required the work to provide an adequate coverage of the areas to be effected by the construction of the solar farm (see Figs 1, 4 and 5).

## 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The site covers two fields (North Field and South Field) to the east of Chittering farm and south of Stow Bridge Farm on the southern edge of the parish of Stretham (Fig. 1). Both fields are currently used for agricultural cultivation. South Field forms a rectangular parcel of land covering 24.5ha and North Field covers 14.5ha.

The South Field is bounded by a concrete track and tall trees to the north, a large (c 5m high) lake bund to the west, an existing solar farm to the south and agricultural field adjacent to the railway embankment. The North Field site is bounded to the north by a concrete track and open agricultural fields, to the east by the railway embankment and to the south and west by tall trees and thick hedges (Healey, C. 2014).

The site lies at a height of approximately 3m AOD. The bedrock geology for South Field is described as Gault Formation, mudstone, a sedimentary bedrock formed during the Cretaceous period. These rocks were formed in shallow seas with mainly siliciclastic sediments deposited as mud, silt, sand and gravel (BGS, 2014). North Field differs and lies above Woburn Sands Formation Sandstone, a sedimentary bedrock formed approximately 100 to 125 million years ago in the Cretaceous Period when the local environment was dominated by shallow seas.

Superficial deposits for South are described as Quaternary Peat deposits, formed by the accumulation of plant remains in anaerobic conditions such as swamps or bogs (BGS, 2014). North Field is located on River Terrace Deposits comprising sand and gravel. These formed up to 3 million years ago in the Quaternary Period when the local environment was dominated by rivers.

The deposits in North Field are known to have formed ridges favourable to occupation activity in prehistory.



### 3.0 PLANNING POLICIES

The archaeological investigation is to be carried out on the recommendation of the local planning authority, following guidance laid down by the *National Planning and Policy Framework* (NPPF, DCLD 2012) which replaces *Planning Policy Statement 5: Planning for the Historic Environment* (PPS5, DCLG 2010). The relevant local planning policy is the *East Cambridgeshire Local Plan (Draft 2013-14)*, specifically Policy ENV12 (Listed Buildings), Policy ENV13 (Locally Listed Buildings) and Policy ENV14 (Sites of archaeological interest).

### 4.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND (Figs. 2 & 3)

The following archaeological background is taken from data supplied by the Cambridgeshire Historic Environment Record (CHER) office and a Heritage Statement prepared by Minerva Heritage (Healey, C. 2014).

The background includes a detailed search of the Cambridgeshire Historic Environment Record (CHER) (2.5km search centred on the site), English Heritage PastScape ([www.pastscape.org.uk](http://www.pastscape.org.uk)), and the Archaeological Data Service ([www.ads.ahds.ac.uk](http://www.ads.ahds.ac.uk)) (ADS). GIS spatial data has been used to determine the precise proximity of existing archaeological finds and sites to the proposed development.

There are 102 monument entries and 15 archaeological events within and just outside the 2.5km search radius. Two listed building entries were also returned within the search area. Where possible, the preferred CHER reference has been provided.

None of the CHER records are located within the bounds of the investigation areas.

#### Prehistoric Period (750000BC – 43 AD)

Fen margin sites are known to have been particularly favourable to prehistoric settlement activity, especially in areas where dryer sand and gravel ridges extended into the marsh environment.

32 sites of either prehistoric or which involve a prehistoric element are recorded in the study area. The prehistoric sites generally comprise findspots or artefact scatters, the majority of which date to the Neolithic period. Four of these (06904, 06893, 06897 and 06914) identify Neolithic axes located close to the proposed site, just to the north of South Field and north-west of North Field. Two further records (MCB17020 and MCB17021) record artefact scatters immediately west of North Field in a similar location to the axes and include flint blades, cores and debitage associated with flint tool production dating to the late Neolithic and early Bronze Age. A further scatter of flint tools (MCB16990) is located to the north between the site and Stow Bridge Farm.



Neolithic findspots are also noted slightly further away to the south-west (06889, 06936, 06888 and 06887), which when taken in context with the above, form a rough line of identified sites running from north of the site to 1.5km to the south-west. A recent evaluation close to the southern point of this extended line identified a short, *ad hoc*, early Bronze Age timber 'causeway' at North Fen (Adams, M. 2014).

An evaluation was undertaken immediately west of South Field by the Cambridge Archaeological Unit in 2008 (ECB2865) and identified a single prehistoric pit and a possible prehistoric buried soil (MCB17865).

During July 2014 an evaluation was undertaken by Britannia Archaeology to the south of the current investigation area. The evaluation partially uncovered an *ad-hoc* Bronze Age timber track way contemporary with fen deposits.

Later prehistoric records tend to be located to the north of the proposed site on the other side of the River Great Ouse. These also tend to be mixed up with Roman material.

The distribution of prehistoric sites suggests significant Neolithic and early Bronze Age activity in the vicinity of the proposed site. Later prehistoric activity tends to be located further away, perhaps suggesting a hiatus in occupation between the Bronze Age and later Iron Age.

### **Roman Period (AD 43– 409)**

Romano-British settlement of the Fens in the Roman period is well known and drainage in the area during this period has been observed at Haddenham and Willingham Mere (Waller 1994).

The overwhelming majority of records returned in the search area date to the Roman Period. 43 monuments are recorded including two settlements (05670 and 1012359) and two villa complexes (10525 and CB257). The settlement at Chittering Hill (1012359) and the villa complex at Tiled House Farm (CB257) are designated Scheduled Monuments.

The two settlements lie along the course of a Roman Road (05724), Akeman Street, which ran between Roman settlements at Cambridge and Ely (now mainly the route of the A10). The villa complexes lie to the west of this and were likely linked by minor roads to Akeman Street.

The majority of findspots are located to the north and west of the site and are probably associated with the two villa complexes, although Cropmarks to the north between the River Great Ouse and Stretham may suggest a further settlement, accounting for the large number of finds.



No Roman finds or settlement activity is noted on the proposed site itself, however Cropmarks identified in the Heritage Statement may relate to outlying field systems from either of the villa complexes (Fig. 2).

### **Anglo-Saxon and Medieval Periods (AD 409 – 1540)**

Archaeological evidence for these periods is largely absent from the study area. Abandonment of drainage systems in the Early Medieval period led to increasingly flooded fenland with settlement resorting to higher ground. Stretham, to the north of the site, is the nearest Anglo-Saxon settlement.

Two CHER records (06927 and 06951) date to the Anglo-Saxon period and are located around 1.2km east of North Field. A possible pre-conquest (Norman) 'hut' site is suggested at 06927, although no evidence has been identified on aerial photographs and a only single fragment of daub has been recovered from the field. A seax and various tools were recovered at 06951.

The medieval records (06891, 06934 and 00332) relate to isolated findspots of pottery and a sword, all of which lie some distance from the site. Further to the south, Denny Abbey offers the most significant settlement activity of note, although Stretham is recorded in Domesday and bailiff accounts from the 13<sup>th</sup> century indicate that fen reclamation was well under way along the southern edge of the village (Healey. 2014).

### **Post-Medieval and Modern Periods (AD 1540 - Present)**

The landscape on and around the site has changed considerably during these periods, thanks to the Fen drainage begun in the medieval period.

The most significant records from this period relate to the Fen drainage, especially the Stretham Pumping Engine which is a Scheduled Monument (CB60) and housed in a Grade II\* listed building (49490). In 1630 the Earl of Bedford employed the Dutch engineer Vermuyden to drain the southern Fenland in order to create land for agriculture and the early wind pumping stations (06913, 06890, 06892, 06885 and 06921) were replaced in the 19<sup>th</sup> century with more efficient steam engines. It was a main pumping station for the Waterbeach Level and is the last example in existence.

Two records locate WWII pill boxes (MCB16407 and CB15083) which covered road and river approaches to Stretham.





## 5.0 PROJECT AIMS

The CCC HET brief states that the evaluation should aim to determine, the location, extent, date, character, condition, significance and quality of any surviving archaeological remains liable to be threatened by the proposed development. (Gdaniec, K. Brief, Section 3.1 – 3.8).

The brief also states that the project will need to consider the following objectives:

- The characterisation of the sequence, and patterns of the accumulation of palaeo-environmental/geoarchaeological deposits across the development area, including the depth and lateral extent of major stratigraphic units, and the character of any potential land surfaces/buried soils within or pre-dating these sediments.
- Identify significant variations in the deposition sequences indicative of localised features, particularly in relation topographic variation and the presence of features such as palaeo-channels.
- Identify the location and extent of any waterlogged organic deposits and where appropriate and practical, to retrieve suitable samples in order to assess the potential for the preservation of environmental remains and material for scientific dating.
- Clarify the relationship between sediment sequences and other deposit types, including periods of 'soil', peat growth, and archaeological remains.
- To focus academically upon the high potential for this site to produce palaeoenvironmental evidence, with the potential to inform on our understanding of past environments, palaeo-climates, sea-level changes and human interaction.
- To make the results of the investigation available through suitable reporting.

## 6.0 PROJECT OBJECTIVES

Research objectives for the project are in line with those laid out in *Research and Archaeology Revisited: a revised framework for the East of England*, East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 24 (Medlycott, 2011).

## 7.0 FIELDWORK METHODOLOGY

A Leica Viva Smart Rover GS08 differential global positioning system (DGPS) was used to accurately set-out the evaluation trenches. These were located in suitable positions across the site to properly evaluate the potential archaeology. The trenches were excavated using a 14 tonne 360° mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless ditching bucket under the control of a qualified professional archaeologist (Fig. 4). Topsoil and subsoil layers were removed carefully down to the first archaeological horizon, thereafter all excavation was undertaken by hand (Figs 4 & 5).





Topographic survey, trench edges, section locations and archaeological and natural feature survey points were accurately recorded using the DGPS to produce a pre and post-excavation plan tied into the Ordnance Survey National Grid. The archaeology was preserved by record using pro-forma sheets, plan and section drawings and appropriate photographic records, as agreed in the Written Scheme of Investigation (Adams, 2014). All features, finds and samples were given unique context numbers assigned during the recording phases on site.

## **8.0 DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS – TRIAL TRENCH EVALUATION (Figs. 1, 4 – 20)**

Archaeological features and deposits are described below in trench order. Detailed information on all features and deposits can be found at Appendix 1.

The trenches were located at intervals within the areas likely to be disturbed during the proposed works (Figs. 4 & 5). They were all excavated where possible to a depth that exposed the full stratigraphic sequence down to the natural geological deposits.

The natural geological deposits were encountered between 0.57 to -2.42m AOD across the southern field, and between 0.53 to -0.90m AOD across the northern field.

A relatively well preserved sequence of fen and inundation stratigraphy was present in the southern field (especially within the southern, central and eastern areas) with a less well preserved sequence in the northern portion of the southern field, and across the entire of the northern field; this is probably due to a combination of a change in elevation combined with damage from modern agricultural activity.

### **8.1 Trench 1 (Fig. 8)**

Trench 1 was located in the north western corner of the south field on higher ground. The topography was level throughout the trench. The trench was aligned west to east and rests at 0.98m AOD at its northern end.

The trench was reasonably shallow and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of plough truncation and soil erosion with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying natural sub-soil 1001 throughout the trench.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.2 Trench 2 (Fig. 8)**

Trench 2 was located in the north east corner of the south field. It was aligned NNW to SSE and was at 0.64m AOD at its NNW end and 0.24m AOD at its SSE end. The trench was of reasonable depth and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of significant plough truncation. Overlaying the natural sub-soil 1001, a thin alluvial layer 1004 was present at the NNW end of the trench with desiccated peat deposit 1003 resting above this



capped by a silty peat deposit 1002. All three of these deposits were heavily plough truncated with lenses of each appearing throughout the trench although virtually absent due to truncation in the SSE end of the trench.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.3 Trench 3 (Fig. 8)**

Trench 3 was located in the centre west of the site in the south field. It was aligned north to south and was at 0.02m AOD at its northern end and 0.36m AOD at its southern end. The trench was shallow and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of significant plough truncation and soil erosion with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying natural sub-soil 1001 throughout the trench.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.4 Trench 4 (Fig. 9)**

Trench 4 was located in the centre of the site in the south field. It was aligned NNW to SSE and was at -0.03m AOD at its NNW end and -0.13m AOD at its SSE end. The trench was shallow and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of significant plough truncation and soil erosion with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying natural sub-soil 1001 throughout the trench.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.5 Trench 5 (Fig. 9)**

Trench 5 was located in the eastern bounds of the site in the south field. It was aligned WSW to ENE and was at -0.94m AOD at its WSW end and -0.75m AOD at its ENE end. The trench was of reasonable depth and although the upper stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of plough truncation a good stratigraphic sequence was preserved beneath plough soil 1000.

At the trenches ENE end plough soil 1000 directly overlaid natural sub-soil 1001. Moving toward the WSW end of the trench, natural sub-soil 1001 dropped away. Overlaying natural sub-soil 1001 was alluvial deposit 1004. Above 1004 was fen flood deposit 1005 containing large fallen tree fragments 1013. Overlaying 1004 was desiccated peat deposit 1003.

As mentioned above, naturally fallen tree fragments 1013 were present medially within the trench extending WSW within fen flood deposit 1005. Species identification shows these to be Ash (Bamforth, 2015. This report). No other archaeological finds or features were present within the trench.



### **8.6 Trench 6 (Fig. 10)**

Trench 6 was located at the western bounds of the site in the southern field and joined Trench 7 at its western end. It was aligned east to west and was at -0.50m AOD at its eastern end and -0.44m AOD at its western end. The trench was shallow and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of significant plough truncation and soil erosion with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying natural sub-soil 1001 throughout the trench.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.7 Trench 7 (Fig. 10)**

Trench 7 was located at the western bounds of the site in the southern field and joined Trench 6 at its northern end. It was aligned north to south and was at -0.46m AOD at its southern end. The trench was shallow and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of significant plough truncation and soil erosion with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying natural sub-soil 1001 throughout the trench.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.8 Trench 8 (Fig. 11)**

Trench 8 was located within the central portion of the site in the south field. It was aligned north to south and was at -0.92m AOD at its northern end and -0.89m AOD at its southern end. The trench was of reasonable depth and the stratigraphic sequence showed alluvial deposit 1004 overlaying natural sub-soil 1001. Alluvial deposit 1004 was sealed by desiccated peat deposit 1003, above which silty peat deposit 1002 was in turn sealed by plough soil 1000.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.9 Trench 9 (Fig. 11)**

Trench 9 was located in the eastern area of the site in the southern field. It was aligned WSW to ENE and was at -1.64m AOD at its ENE end and -1.51m AOD at its WSW end. The trench was of reasonable depth and the stratigraphic sequence showed evidence of plough truncation. Despite truncation, at the trenches ENE end alluvial deposit 1004 overlaid natural sub-soil 1001. Overlaying 1004 was fen flood deposit 1005 in turn capped by plough soil 1000.

The WSW end of the trench had a slightly differing stratigraphic sequence, with alluvial deposit 1004 overlaying natural sub-soil 1001. Desiccated peat deposit 1003 overlaid 1004 and was in turn sealed by plough soil 1000.

No archaeological features or finds were present.



### **8.10 Trench 10 (Fig. 12)**

Trench 10 was located in the western central area of the site in the southern field. It was aligned north to south and was at -0.67m AOD at its northern end and -0.74m AOD at its southern end. The trench was deep and the stratigraphic sequence showed some evidence of plough truncation within its upper deposits. At the trenches northern end, alluvial deposit 1004 overlaid natural sub-soil 1001. Above 1004 was desiccated peat deposit 1003 sealed in turn by silty peat deposit 1002. 1002 was overlain by plough-soil 1000.

At the trenches southern end (similar to the northern end) natural sub-soil 1001 was overlain by alluvial deposit 1004 which in turn was overlain by desiccated peat deposit 1003. However silty peat deposit 1002 was absent and replaced by fen flood deposit 1005 overlaying 1003. 1005 was overlain by plough-soil 1000.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.11 Trench 11 (Fig. 12)**

Trench 11 was located in the southern central area of the site in the southern field. It was aligned north to south and was at -0.89m AOD at its northern end and -1.02m AOD at its southern end. The trench was reasonably deep and the stratigraphic sequence showed some evidence of plough truncation within its upper deposits: in particular at its northern end. At the trenches northern end, alluvial deposit 1004 overlaid natural sub-soil 1001. Above 1004 was fen flood deposit 1005 sealed in turn by wind-blown marl deposit 1012. 1012 was overlain by silty peat deposit 1002 which in turn was overlain by plough-soil 1000.

The trenches southern end had an almost identical deposit model bar the absence of silty peat deposit 1002 whose absence is likely due to plough truncation.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.12 Trench 12 (Fig. 13)**

Trench 12 was located within the eastern portion of the site in the south field. It was aligned NE to SW and was at -0.67m AOD at its NE end and -2.01m AOD at its SE end. The trench was fairly shallow and showed evidence of plough truncation. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with alluvial deposit 1004 overlaying natural sub-soil 1001. 1004 was in turn overlain by silty peat deposit 1002 which was sealed by plough soil 1000.

Trench 12 was extended towards the east medially in order to ascertain the full extent of its single archaeological feature; tree-bole 1006. 1006 was irregular in plan (see Fig. 13) with steep often undercutting edges and an undulating base. Its primary fill 1007 contained a small piece of 18<sup>th</sup> – 19<sup>th</sup> century pottery, and secondary fill 1008 contained frequent large non-worked wood fragments.





### **8.13 Trench 13 (Fig. 14)**

Trench 13 was located within the south western portion of the site in the south field. It was aligned east to west and was at -0.34m AOD at its eastern end and -0.40m AOD at its western end. The trench was of reasonable depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with alluvial deposit 1004 overlaying natural sub-soil 1001. 1004 was in turn overlain by desiccated peat deposit 1003 which was sealed by plough soil 1000.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.14 Trench 14 (Fig. 14)**

Trench 14 was located within the central southern portion of the site in the south field. It was aligned ESE to WNW and was at -0.38m AOD at its ESE end and -0.42m AOD at its WNW end. The trench was of reasonable depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with alluvial deposit 1004 overlaying natural sub-soil 1001. 1004 was in turn overlain by desiccated peat deposit 1003 which was sealed by plough soil 1000.

A single ditch feature 1009 bisected the trench. Linear in plan it ran north to south, and contained two fills; primary fill 1011 was a silty clay and was overlain by secondary fill 1010 a humic silty clay.

### **8.15 Trench 15 (Fig. 15)**

Trench 15 was located within the south eastern portion of the site in the south field. It was aligned ENE to WSW and was at -0.36m AOD at its ENE end and -0.31m AOD at its WSW end. The trench was of reasonable depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with alluvial deposit 1004 overlaying natural sub-soil 1001. 1004 was in turn overlain by desiccated peat deposit 1003 which was sealed by wind blown marl deposit 1012. Plough soil 1000 overlaid the sequence.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.16 Trench 16 (Fig. 15)**

Trench 16 was located within the south western portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned north to south and was at 0.53m AOD at its northern end. The trench was fairly shallow showed evidence of plough truncation and soil erosion. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying natural sub-soil 1030.

A total of eleven marl extraction pits were present within the trench, running in a north to south alignment at regular intervals. Five of these pits (feature numbers 1016, 1018, 1020, 1022 and 1024) were archaeologically sampled in order to ascertain form and





function. These pits averaged out at 2.20 x 0.90 x 0.18m (length x width x depth) and contained a single loose silty peat fill (1017, 1019, 1021, 1023 and 1025 respectively).

#### **8.17 Trench 17 (Fig. 16)**

Trench 17 was located within the southern portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned NE to SW and was at 0.21m AOD at its NE end. A north to south aligned trench extension was machined at its SW portion in order to investigate marl pits discovered within its bounds. The trench was of reasonable depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with alluvial deposit 1031 overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030. Sealing 1031 was desiccated peat deposit 1032 which in turn was overlain by plough soil 1000.

Four marl extraction pits were uncovered within the trench running in a north to south alignment, two of which (1033 and 1035) were archaeologically sampled. These pits averaged 2.00 x 0.90 x 0.11m (length x width x depth) and contained a single loose peaty fill (1034 and 1036 respectively).

#### **8.18 Trench 18 (Fig. 17)**

Trench 18 was located within the south east portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned north to south and was at -0.46m AOD at its north end. The trench was of reasonable depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

#### **8.19 Trench 19 (Fig. 17)**

Trench 19 was located within the east portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned east to west and was at -0.27m AOD at its west end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

#### **8.20 Trench 20 (Fig. 17)**

Trench 20 was located within the north east portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned north to south and was at -0.22m AOD at its north end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

No archaeological features or finds were present.



### **8.21 Trench 21 (Fig. 18)**

Trench 21 was located within the centre of the site in the north field. It was aligned east to west and was at 0.26m AOD at its west end and 0.23m at its east end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

Two archaeological features were present within the trench. Ditch 1026 was a linear feature found medially in the trench running in a north to south alignment. It contained a single firm silty peat fill.

Gully 1028 appeared (outside the northern bounds of the trench) to run into ditch 1026. Linear in plan the gully was aligned in a north west to south east alignment and contained a single firm silty clay fill.

### **8.22 Trench 22 (Fig. 19)**

Trench 22 was located within the western portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned NE to SW and was at 0.76m AOD at its NE end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

A single archaeological feature was present at the SW end of the trench. Ditch 1037 was only partially within the trench, running on an east to west alignment it was linear in plan. It contained a single loose silty peat fill; 1038.

### **8.23 Trench 23 (Fig. 19)**

Trench 23 was located within the north western central area of the site in the north field. It was aligned ENE to WSW and was at 0.57m AOD at its WSW end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

### **8.24 Trench 24 (Fig. 19)**

Trench 24 was located within the northern central portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned north to south and was at 0.24m AOD at its north end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

No archaeological features or finds were present.



### 8.25 Trench 25 (Fig. 20)

Trench 25 was located within the north area of the site in the north field. It was aligned NW to SE and was at 0.27m AOD at its NW end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

A single archaeological feature was present at the trenches SE end. Ditch 1039 was only partially within the trench bounds. It contained a single firm sandy silt fill (1040) from which an 18<sup>th</sup> to 19<sup>th</sup> century brick fragment was recovered.

### 8.26 Trench 26 (Fig. 20)

Trench 26 was located within the northern western portion of the site in the north field. It was aligned NE to SW and was at 0.84m AOD at its NE end. The trench was of shallow depth. The stratigraphic sequence was consistent across the trench, with plough soil 1000 directly overlaying the natural sub-soil 1030.

No archaeological features or finds were present.

## 9.0 DEPOSIT MODEL

Although few archaeological features of note were found during the evaluation, of particular interest is the deposit model encountered predominantly within the southern field.

A marked change of deposit model occurs within the north and western areas of the south field (Trenches 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7) and the majority of the trenches within the northern field (bar Trench 17) in symbiosis with the elevation heights of these areas when compared to other trenches. These two areas seem to form a topographic ridge leading away from the lower ground encountered in the bulk of the southern field. The stratigraphic sequence encountered in these trenches (Trenches 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 16 and Trenches 18 through 26) shows a relatively thin loose peaty plough soil (1000) directly overlaying a silty clay gravel and marl rich natural sub-soil (1001 in the south field and 1030 in the north field). The high humic content of 1000 suggests that prior to modern industrial scale agricultural practices, stratigraphic fen deposits overlaying natural sub-soils 1001 and 1030 were likely present in all trenches and have been incorporated due to ploughing activity within plough soil 1000. Evidence of this can be clearly seen in both Trenches 2 and 17 where stratigraphically intact intermittent lenses of fen and alluvial deposits were observed (alluvial deposit 1004, desiccated peat deposit 1003 and silty peat deposit 1002).

A grey/brown silty clay 'alluvial' deposit containing river-washed flint pebbles (1004) was found sealing natural sub-soil 1001 across Trenches 8 through 15 and the western end of Trench 5. The accumulation of this deposit seems to fit with a lower topographic location of the trenching in comparison to the trenches located on the topographic ridge. This



deposit may have formed within the landscape prior to any fen accumulation, and may be evidence of a reasonably sized lake present within this area of the site possibly formed during the retreating Anglian Glaciation period. However, this deposit may also have formed as an interface layer between 1001/1030 and the fen deposits above due to atmocline and lithocline water movements and the impermeable nature of the natural sub-soils beneath.

Fen flood deposit 1005, a light grey/brown silty layer with frequent marl and organic fragments, including bi-valve shells, occurs within Trenches 5, 9, 10 and 11 above alluvial deposit 1004. In-situ fallen tree trunks and branches 1013 in the western end of Trench 5 occur within this deposit. This is suggestive of frequent and prolonged episodic water inundation from topogenous and soligenous sources allowing a cycle of floral establishment growing within an acrotelmic layer until inundation wherein the trees become unstable and fall, and alongside other flora start the process of humification and form the permanently waterlogged catotelmic layer.

Above deposit 1005 is desiccated peat layer 1003. A mid orange/brown loose humic peat, this layer was occasionally fibrous in nature. Found in Trenches 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14 and 15 this layer was possibly formed (due to its semi-fibrous nature) during a period of rapid growth of the peat formation as part of the acrotelm layer (especially within the southern portion of Trench 10 wherein 1003 appears stratigraphically below flood deposit 1005). However this layer also appeared detached from the peat blanket beneath, and due to its composition of heavily desiccated humic fragments it is suggestive of long periodic dry episodes resulting in erosion within this particular part of the peat formation sequence. This can also be seen in the wind blown marl layer 1012 (see below).

Above desiccated peat layer 1003 in Trench 15 and above fen flood deposit 1005 in Trench 11 is a mid grey/brown loose silty sand with frequent marl and organic fragments (1012). As can be seen in layer 1003 above, this deposit seems to be the result of a large scale erosion of the surrounding peat blanket due to hydrological change in the area. The presence of marl within this deposit also suggests that the erosion was severe enough in places that the surrounding areas natural sub-soil were also wind eroded and accumulated in large lens deposits such as can be seen in Trenches 11 and 15.

Beneath plough-soil 1000 and sealing other fen deposits in Trenches 8, 10 and 12 was dark brown/black silty peat layer 1002. This seems to occur in trenches located in a lower topographic basin surviving only due to a lack of plough truncation. 1002 seems to indicate that after the erosional processes forming layers 1003 and 1012 the area was again subject to hydrological change allowing for re-vegetation of the area and the formation of the peat process to restart. Unlike fen flood deposit 1005, 1002 seems to have formed through a much more balanced hydrological regime, with a more constant water level in place allowing for a less dramatic and more standard peat formation process.

Plough soil 1000 sealed the entire of both the south and north fields. A dark black/brown loose peaty silt, this soil is comprised of elements of the layers beneath. Ploughing in the





modern period has truncated and mixed the fen deposits beneath into this humic rich plough soil. Small and large fragments of colloquially termed 'bog oak' was found within this layer, dragged up from the peat deposits beneath.

## 10.0 CONCLUSION AND DISCUSSION

The deposit model found within the southern field is generally indicative of a slow forming topogenous and soligenous peat fen fed by a landscape of ephemeral water channels and atmocline rainwater. Various stages of hydrological change can be seen in the deposits suggestive of substantial vegetation growth, episodic flooding causing the collapse of flora and incorporation into the fen, drought and erosion, and re-vegetation allowing for further more stable peat formation. Modern plough truncation and soil erosion due to topographical difference in the two fields has removed the majority of the fen deposits in both areas, with the southern fields deposit model only surviving due to a lower elevation. Further evidence of this can be seen in the survival of fen deposits within Trench 17 in the northern field in comparison to the other nearby trenching.

Human interaction within the area investigated was limited to the post-medieval and modern periods unlike the small Bronze Age causeway discovered in archaeological evaluation to the south of the current investigation area (Adams, 2014).

Re-organisation and reclamation of the fen appears to have started within the 18<sup>th</sup>-19<sup>th</sup> centuries. Evidence of this can be seen in tree-bole 1006 uncovered within Trench 12. 1006 shows the 'grubbing out' of a substantial tree root system with large pieces of 'bog oak' being thrown into the backfill (1008). This tree root system was probably removed in order to make the agricultural field it was found in easier to plough.

Field boundary ditches and gullies found within Trenches 14 (1009), 21 (1026 and 1028), 22 (1037), and Trench 25 (1039) appear to match with boundaries found on the 1st Edition Ordnance Survey Map 1886 (Sheets XXXV.NW & XXX.SW) and show a phase of division of this part of the fen into structured agricultural areas post-fen drainage (see Figs. 6 & 7). The 18<sup>th</sup> to 19<sup>th</sup> century brick and ferrous spring fragment found within ditch 1039 support this date.

Marl pits were discovered within Trench 16 (1016, 1018, 1020, 1022 and 1024) and Trench 17 (1033 and 1035). At regular intervals orientated north-south these are evidence of an agricultural practice used in order to condition the soil and to neutralise the acids within the peat-rich soils. Although no dateable evidence was found within these pits it can be assumed that they date to the post-medieval/modern agricultural period.





## **11.0 SPECIALIST ASSESSMENTS**

### **11.1 TIMBER SPECIES IDENTIFICATION 1013**

By M. Bamforth

Ash (*Fraxinus excelsior*) – slow grown.

Ash can tolerate damp soils and is often found growing amongst oak. Often utilised for handles and tools (Gale and Cutler 2000).

The wood sub-sample was sectioned along three planes (transverse, radial and tangential) according to standardised procedures (Gale & Cutler 2000). These were subsequently examined using a compound microscope with magnification ranging from 40x to 400x. Diagnostic features were noted and identifications were made using a wood atlas (Schoch et al. 2004 and Hather 2000) and modern reference material (author's own).

Gale, R. and Cutler, D., 2000. *Plants in Archaeology*. Otley, Westbury Publishing.

Hather, J.G., 2000. *The Identification of the Northern European Woods- A guide for archaeologists and conservators*. London. Archetype Publications.

Schoch, W., Heller, I., Schweingruber, F.H., Kienast, F., 2004. *Wood anatomy of central European*

### **11.2 POTTERY**

By Richenda Goffin

A single sherd of late slipped red ware jar was collected from pit fill 1007. This fragment dates from the 18<sup>th</sup> to 19<sup>th</sup> centuries.

A single fragment of white fired clay Lale Brick was collected from ditch fill 1040 and has a 18<sup>th</sup> to 19<sup>th</sup> century date.

## **12.0 RECOMMENDATIONS**

The area around Trenches 5 and 8 through 15 show a reasonably intact fen stratigraphic sequence albeit truncated by agricultural activity within its upper sequence and disturbed within its lower stratigraphy by deep ploughing. The absence of archaeological evidence within these trenches and the poor preservation of any deposits within the remaining



trenches due to truncation from ploughing and soil erosion reveal a poor potential for preservation and presence of archaeological features within the site bounds. Further work within the area of investigation is unlikely to prove useful.

Any further recommendations of work should be made by the Cambridgeshire Historic Environment Team.

### **13.0 PROJECT ARCHIVE AND DEPOSITION**

A full archive will be prepared for all work undertaken in accordance with guidance from the *Selection, Retention and Dispersion of Archaeological Collections*, Archaeological Society for Museum Archaeologists, 1993. Deposition will be with the Cambridgeshire County Council Archaeology Store subject to agreement with the legal landowner where finds are concerned and in accordance with *Deposition of Archaeological Archives in the Cambridgeshire County Council Archaeology Store*, 2004.

The archive will be quantified, ordered, indexed, cross-referenced and checked for internal consistency. The material will be catalogued, labelled and packaged for transfer and storage in accordance with the guidelines set out in the United Kingdom Institute for Conservation's *Conservation Guidelines No.2* and the Archaeological Archives Forum's *Archaeological Archives, A guide to best practice, compilation, transfer and curation* (Brown, 2007).

### **14.0 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Britannia Archaeology would like to thank Mr Kier Petherick for commissioning the project and for his help throughout. We would also like to thank Kasia Gdaniec at Cambridgeshire County Council Historic Environment Team for the time, advice and assistance she has provided throughout the project.



## BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Adams, M. 2014. *Land at North Fen Farm, Chittering Drove, Waterbeach, Cambridgeshire. Archaeological Evaluation*. Grey Lit. Britannia Archaeology Report No. 1065.
- Brown, D.H. 2007. *Archaeological Archives. A guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation*; Archaeological Archives Forum.
- Brown, N. And Glazebrook, J. 2000. *Research and Archaeology: a Framework for the Eastern Counties, 2. research agenda and strategy*; East Anglian Archaeol. Occ. Paper 8.
- Barringer, C. (ed.) 1984. *Aspects of East Anglian Prehistory: 20 Years after Rainbird Clarke*. Norwich.
- Brown, A.E. (ed.) 1995. *Roman Small Towns in Eastern England and Beyond*. Oxbow Monograph 52. Oxford.
- Department for Communities and Local Government, 2012. *National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)*
- Gurney, D. 2003. *Standards for Field Archaeology in the East of England*; East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 14.
- Hall, D. 2012. *The Fenland Project, No.10: Cambridgeshire Survey, Isle of Ely and Wisbech*. East Anglian archaeology 79
- Institute for Archaeologists. 2010. *Code of Conduct*.
- Institute for Archaeologists. October 2008. *Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation*.
- Institute for Archaeologists, 2008. *Standard and Guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials*, Institute for Archaeologists.
- Medlycott. 2011. *Research and Archaeology Revisited: a revised framework for the East of England*; East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 24.
- Mills, A D. 2003. *Oxford Dictionary of British Place Names*. OUP
- Minerva Heritage. 2014. *Land at Middle Common, Stow Bridge Farm, Green End, Stretham, Cambridgeshire, CB6 3LF*. Unpublished Heritage Assessment.
- Reynolds, T. 1794. *Iter Britanniarum or that part of the Itinerary of Antoninus Which Relates to Britain*. Cambridge
- South Cambridgeshire Local Development Framework; Development Control Policies (Adopted January 2007)*.
- Waller, M. 1994. *The Fenland Project, Number 9: Flandrian Environmental*



*Change in Fenland*. East Anglian Archaeology 70.

**Websites:**

The British Geological Survey (Natural Environment Research Council) – Geology of Britain Viewer - [www.bgs.ac.uk/opengeoscience/home.html?Accordion2=1#maps](http://www.bgs.ac.uk/opengeoscience/home.html?Accordion2=1#maps)

English Heritage PastScape [www.pastscape.org.uk](http://www.pastscape.org.uk)

Archaeological Data Service (ADS) [www.ads.ahds.ac.uk](http://www.ads.ahds.ac.uk)

English Heritage National List for England  
[www.english-heritage.org.uk/professional/protection/process/national-heritage-list-for-england](http://www.english-heritage.org.uk/professional/protection/process/national-heritage-list-for-england)

DEFRA Magic <http://magic.defra.gov.uk/website/magic>



## APPENDIX 1 DEPOSIT TABLES AND FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS

### TRENCH 1

#### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
1	W-E	0.98m	DP. 1
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
1A	W Side	S Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.41m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.41m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height AOD	Shot No
1	W-E	0.96m	DP. 2
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
1B	E Side	N Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.39m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.39m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

### TRENCH 2

#### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
2	NNW-SSE	0.64m	DP. 5
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
2A	NNW Side	NE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.42m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.42 - 0.51m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1003	0.51 - 0.58m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.58 - 0.62m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.62m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height AOD	Shot No
2	NNW-SSE	0.24m	DP. 7
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
2B	SSE Side	SW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.54m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.54 - 0.59m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1001	0.59m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	





### TRENCH 3

#### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
3	N-S	0.02m	DP. 11
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
3A	S Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.32m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.32m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
3	N-S	0.36m	DP. 13
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
3B	N Side	W Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.38m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.38m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

### TRENCH 4

#### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
4	NNW-SSE	-0.03m	DP. 16
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
4A	NNW Side	WSW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.36m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.36m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
4	NNW-SSE	-0.13m	DP. 18
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
4B	SSE Side	ENE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.29m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.29m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	



## TRENCH 5

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
5	WSW-ENE	-0.94m	DP. 22
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
5A	W Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.35m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1003	0.35 - 0.50	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1005	0.50 - 0.56m	Fen Flood Deposit. Light grey/brown, firm silty marl with occasional small organic fragments.	
1004	0.56m+	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
5	WSW-ENE	-0.75m	DP. 23
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
5B	E Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.33m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.33m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /g (sherds or number)	Other
1013	Fallen unworked timber (10.00+ x 2.00+ x 0.25m)	1005	-	-	-	-

## TRENCH 6

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
6	E-W	-0.50m	DP. 45
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
6A	E Side	S Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.38m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.38m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
6	E-W	-0.44m	DP. 46
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
6B	W Side	S Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.33m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.33m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	



## TRENCH 7

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
7	N-S	-0.46m	DP. 59
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
7A	S Side	W Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.38m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1001	0.38m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

## TRENCH 8

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
8	N-S	-0.89m	DP. 42
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
8A	S Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.23m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.23 - 0.39m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1003	0.39 - 0.63m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.63 - 0.87m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.87m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
8	N-S	-0.92m	DP. 43
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
8B	N Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.27m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.27 - 0.43m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1003	0.43 - 0.61m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.61 - 0.85m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.85m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	



## TRENCH 9

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
9	WSW-ENE	-1.64m	DP. 26
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
9A	E Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.33m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1005	0.33 - 0.47m	Fen Flood Deposit. Light grey/brown, firm silty marl with occasional small organic fragments.	
1004	0.47 - 0.65m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.65m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
9	WSW-ENE	-1.51m	DP. 27
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
9B	W Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.36m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1003	0.36 - 0.57m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.57 - 0.73m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.73m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

## TRENCH 10

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
10	N-S	-0.66m	DP. 39
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
10A	N Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.23m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.23 - 0.38m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1003	0.38 - 0.50m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.50 - 0.68m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.68m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
10	N-S	-0.74m	DP. 40
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
10B	S Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.24m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1005	0.24 - 0.65m	Fen Flood Deposit. Light grey/brown, firm silty marl with occasional small organic fragments.	
1003	0.65 - 0.76m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.76 - 1.10m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	1.10m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	





## TRENCH 11

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
11	N-S	-1.02m	DP. 47
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
11A	S Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.34m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1012	0.34 - 0.42m	Wind Blown Marl Deposit. Mid grey/brown loose silty/sand with frequent small grey marl fragments.	
1005	0.42 - 0.59m	Fen Flood Deposit. Light grey/brown, firm silty marl with occasional small organic fragments.	
1004	0.59 - 0.68m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.68m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
11	N-S	-0.89m	DP. 48
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
11B	N Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.27m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.27 - 0.36m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1012	0.36 - 0.44m	Wind Blown Marl Deposit. Mid grey/brown loose silty/sand with frequent small grey marl fragments.	
1005	0.44 - 0.57m	Fen Flood Deposit. Light grey/brown, firm silty marl with occasional small organic fragments.	
1004	0.57 - 0.74m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.74m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

## TRENCH 12

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
12	NE-SW	-2.01m	DP. 29
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
12A	S Side	NW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.32m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.40 - 0.36m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1004	0.36 - 0.41m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.41m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	



Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
12	NE-SW	-0.67m	DP. 30
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
12B	N Side	NW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.30m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1002	0.30 - 0.32m	Silty peat deposit. Dark brown/black loose silty organic peat.	
1004	0.32 - 0.40m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.40m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /g (sherds or number)
1006	Tree bole (2.26+ x 2.10 x 0.45m) Sub-circular irregular in plan, irregular steep sides, concave base	1007	Primary fill. Dark grey/brown loose silty clay with occasional sub-angular flint pebbles	18 <sup>th</sup> - 19 <sup>th</sup> century AD	18(1) Late slipped red ware jar fragment.
		1008	Secondary fill. Dark brown/black firm silty clay with frequent rough angular wood fragments	-	-

## TRENCH 13

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
13	W-E	-0.34m	DP. 36
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
13A	W Side	N Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.40m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1003	0.40 - 0.52m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.52 - 0.76m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.76m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
13	W-E	-0.40m	DP. 37
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
13B	E Side	N Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.26m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1003	0.26 - 0.64m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.64 - 0.85m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.85m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	



## TRENCH 14

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
14	WNW-ESE	-0.38m	DP. 31
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
14A	E Side	NNE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.29m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1003	0.29 - 0.48m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.48 - 0.57m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.57m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
14	WNW-ESE	-0.42m	DP. 32
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
14B	W Side	NNE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.32m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1003	0.32 - 0.48m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.48 - 0.76m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.76m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /q (sherds or number)
1009	Ditch (1.80+ x 1.70 x 0.76m) Linear in plan, steep concave 45° sides, concave base	1010	Secondary fill. Dark brown/black firm humic silty clay	-	-
		1011	Primary fill. Light brown/grey firm silty clay	-	-

## TRENCH 15

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
15	WSW-ENE	-0.36m	DP. 49
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
15A	E Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.40m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1012	0.40 - 0.42m	Wind Blown Marl Deposit. Mid grey/brown loose silty/sand with frequent small grey marl fragments.	
1003	0.42 - 0.45m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.45 - 0.56m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.56m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	



Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
15	WSW-ENE	-0.31m	DP. 50
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
15B	W Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.38m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1012	0.38 - 0.42m	Wind Blown Marl Deposit. Mid grey/brown loose silty/sand with frequent small grey marl fragments.	
1003	0.42 - 0.52m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1004	0.52 - 0.68m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1001	0.68m+	Natural sub-soil. Mid grey/green, firm silty/clay with patches of mid firm orange/brown sandy gravels.	

## TRENCH 16

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
16	N-S	0.53m	DP. 78
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
16	N Side	W Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.40m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.40m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /g (sherds or number)
1016	Marl pit (2.10 x 0.85 x 0.10m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1017	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-
1018	Marl pit (2.20 x 0.84 x 0.22m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1019	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-
1020	Marl pit (2.20 x 0.94 x 0.16m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1021	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-
1022	Marl pit (2.20 x 0.90 x 0.18m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1023	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-
1024	Marl pit (2.04 x 0.91 x 0.18m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1025	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-





## TRENCH 17

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
17	NE-SW	-0.21m	DP. 84
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
17	N Side	SE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.43m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1032	0.34 - 0.55m	Desiccated peat deposit. Mid orange/brown loose organic peat.	
1031	0.55 - 0.58m	Alluvial deposit. Mid grey/brown compact silty/clay with occasional sub-angular river-washed flint pebbles.	
1030	0.58m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /q (sherds or number)
1033	Marl pit (2.26 x 0.99 x 0.11m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1034	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-
1035	Marl pit (1.88 x 0.85 x 0.11m) Oval in plan, steep sides, flat base	1036	Dark brown, loose silty peat	-	-

## TRENCH 18

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
18	N-S	-0.46m	88
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
18	N Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.44m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.44m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

## TRENCH 19

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
19	E-W	-0.27m	DP. 90
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
19	W Side	N Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.34m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.34m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	



## TRENCH 20

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
20	N-S	-0.22m	-
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
20	N Side	NNW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.36m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.36m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

## TRENCH 21

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
21	E-W	0.26m	DP. 94
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
21A	W Side	S Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.33m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.33m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
21	E-W	0.23m	-
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
21B	E Side	S Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.38m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.38m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /g (sherds or number)
1026	Ditch (1.80+ x 2.40 x 1.20+m) Linear in plan, steep 80° sides, not fully excavated.	1027	Dark grey/black, firm silty peat	-	-
1028	Gully (1.80+ x 0.50 x 0.17m) Linear in plan, sloping 25° sides, concave base	1029	Dark brown, firm silty clay with frequent peat fragments	-	-



## TRENCH 22

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
22	NE-SW	0.76m	DP. 99
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
22	NE Side	NW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.35m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.35m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /q (sherds or number)
1037	Ditch (1.80+ x 0.46+ x 0.27m) Linear in plan, steep 80° sides, not fully excavated.	1038	Dark grey/brown, loose silty peat	-	-

## TRENCH 23

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
23	ENE-WSW	0.57m	DP. 96
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
23	W Side	NNE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.36m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.36m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

## TRENCH 24

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
24	N-S	0.24m	DP. 94
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
24	N Side	E Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.36m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.36m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	



## TRENCH 25

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
25	NW-SE	0.27m	DP. 101
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
25	NW Side	NE Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.38m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.38m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	

Feature Context	Feature Type & Description (m)	Layer/Fill Context	Layer/Fill Description	Spot Date	Finds /q (sherds or number)
1039	Ditch (1.80+ x 1.90+ x 1.21+m) Linear in plan, concave 45° sides, not fully excavated.	1040	Dark grey/black, firm sandy silt with occasional sub-angular gravel	18 <sup>th</sup> - 19 <sup>th</sup> century	150 (1) Lale brick white fired clay fragment.  554 (1) Fe spring fragment.

## TRENCH 26

### Deposit Tables

Trench No	Orientation	Height OD	Shot No
26	NE-SW	0.84m	DP. 103
Sample Section No	Location	Facing	
26	SW Side	NW Facing	
Context No	Depth	Deposit Description	
1000	0.00 - 0.31m	Plough Soil. Dark black/brown, loose peaty plough soil.	
1030	0.31m+	Natural. Light orange/brown firm silty sand gravel with frequent marl patches.	





## APPENDIX 2      CONCORDANCE OF FINDS

FEATURE CONTEXT	FEATURE TYPE	LAYER/FILL CONTEXT	LAYER/FILL DESCRIPTION	SPOT DATE	POTTERY /g(sherds)	CBM /g(number)	OTHER /g(number)
1006	Pit	1007	Pit Fill	18 - 19C	18(1)		
1039	Ditch	1040	Infill	18 - 19C		150(1)	Metal Spring 554(1)



## APPENDIX 5 OASIS SHEET (Copied from OASIS page)

OASIS FORM - Print view

# OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

[List of Projects](#) | [Manage Projects](#) | [Search Projects](#) | [New project](#) | [Change your details](#) | [HER coverage](#) | [Change country](#) | [Log out](#)

[Printable version](#)

OASIS ID: **britannia1-193109**

### Project details

Project name	Stow Bridge Farm, Stretham, Cambridgeshire
Short description of the project	In October through December 2014 Britannia Archaeology Ltd (BA) undertook an archaeological trial trench evaluation on land at Stowbridge Farm, Stretham, Cambridgeshire (NGR: TL 5170 7150) to comply with planning permission for the construction of a 20MW solar farm. The works comprised the excavation of 25 trial trenches split between two phases of work: Phase 1 within the South Field (Fig. 4) comprised 10 trenches and Phase 2 within the North Field (Fig. 5) comprised 11 trenches. The site had a potential for prehistoric and Roman archaeology; in particular archaeology relating to the early Bronze Age ad hoc timber track way discovered during archaeological evaluation earlier in 2014 to the south of the current Phase 1 evaluation area (Adams, 2014). The evaluation yielded a reasonably preserved stratigraphic fen sequence within the southern field that had escaped post-medieval plough truncation. This sequence showed various inundation and drought conditions within the area during the fen formation. The remainder of the investigation area had been severely plough truncated during the post-medieval and modern periods. However ditching, tree removal and marl pitting gave an insight into this period of fen land-reclamation and land-use post-fen drainage.
Project dates	Start: 27-10-2014 End: 12-12-2014
Previous/future work	Yes / No
Any associated project reference codes	ECB 4304 - HER event no.
Any associated project reference codes	P1083 - Contracting Unit No.
Type of project	Field evaluation
Site status	None
Current Land use	Cultivated Land 3 - Operations to a depth more than 0.25m
Monument type	MARL PITS Post Medieval
Monument type	STRATIFIED FEN DEPOSITS Bronze Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Post Medieval
Methods & techniques	""Sample Trenches""
Development type	Service infrastructure (e.g. sewage works, reservoir, pumping station, etc.)
Development type	Solar Farm

file:///C:/Users/Matt/Desktop/OASIS%20FORM%20-%20Print%20view.htm[27/02/2015 16:00:48]



OASIS FORM - Print view

Prompt Planning condition

**Project location**

Country England  
Site location CAMBRIDGESHIRE EAST CAMBRIDGESHIRE STRETHAM Stow Bridge Farm  
Postcode CB6 3FT  
Study area 37.00 Hectares  
Site coordinates TL 518 716 52.32105949 0.227525015487 52 19 15 N 000 13 39 E Point  
Height OD / Depth Min: 2.00m Max: 3.00m

**Project creators**

Name of Organisation Britannia Archaeology Ltd  
Project brief originator Local Authority Archaeologist and/or Planning Authority/advisory body  
Project design originator Matthew Adams  
Project director/manager Matthew Adams  
Project director/manager Dan McConnell  
Project supervisor Dan McConnell  
Type of sponsor/funding body Developer  
Name of sponsor/funding body F C Palmer & Sons Ltd

**Project archives**

Physical Archive recipient CCCAS  
Physical Archive ID ECB 4304  
Physical Contents "Ceramics"  
Digital Archive recipient CCCAS  
Digital Archive ID ECB 4304  
Digital Contents "none"  
Digital Media available "Images raster / digital photography", "Survey", "Text"  
Paper Archive recipient CCCAS  
Paper Archive ID ECB 4304

file:///C:/Users/Matt/Desktop/OASIS%20FORM%20-%20Print%20view.htm[27/02/2015 16:00:48]



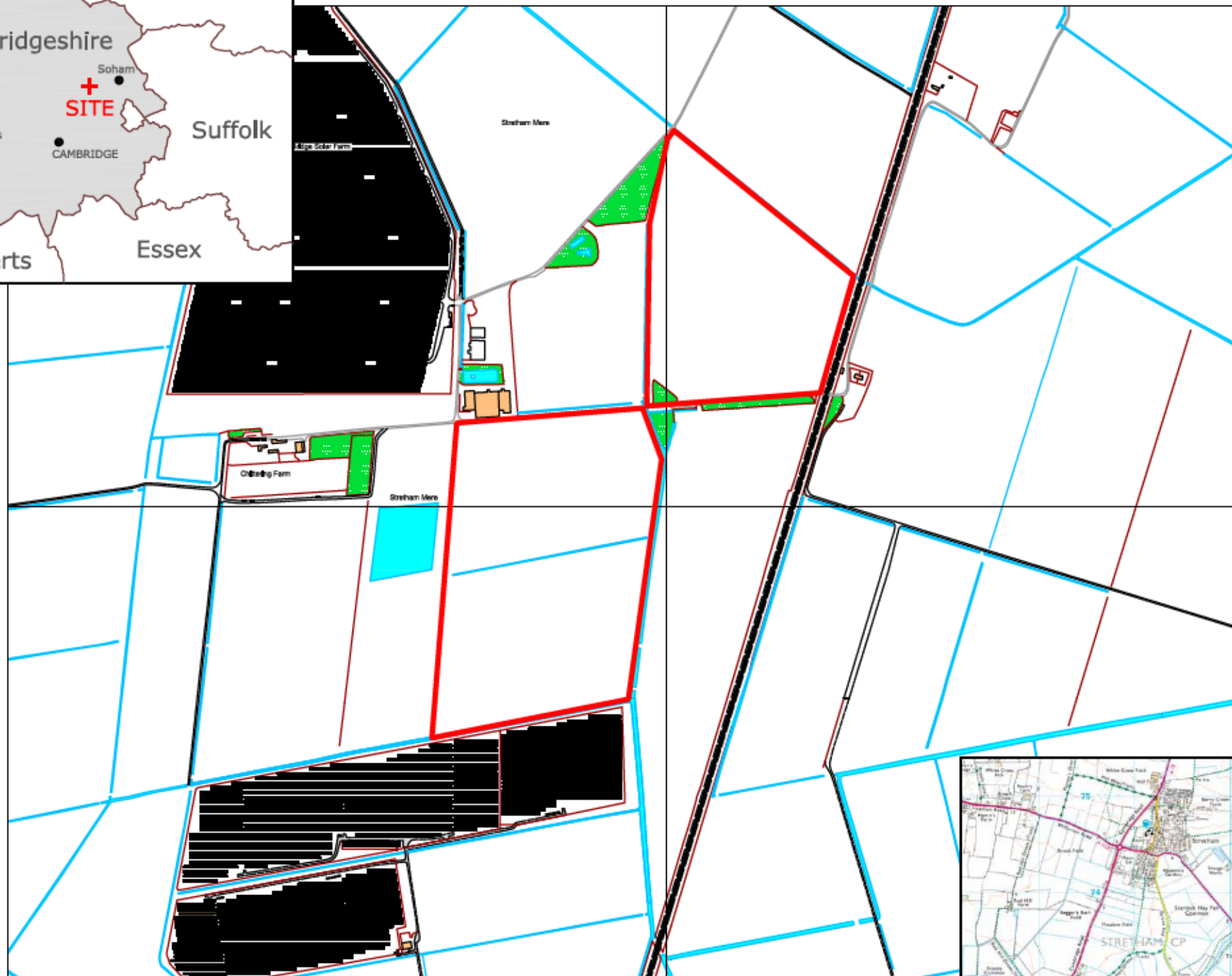
OASIS FORM - Print view

Paper Contents	"none"
Paper Media available	"Context sheet","Drawing","Microfilm","Notebook - Excavation"," Research"," General Notes","Photograph","Plan","Report","Section","Unpublished Text"
<b>Project bibliography 1</b>	
Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	Land at Stow Bridge Farm, Stretham, Cambridgeshire: Phases 1 and 2 - Archaeological Evaluation
Author(s)/Editor(s)	McConnell, D
Other bibliographic details	R1081
Date	2015
Issuer or publisher	Britannia Arcaheology Ltd
Place of issue or publication	Stowmarket
Description	A4 thermal bound report with pull out A3 figures
URL	<a href="http://www.britannia-archaeology.com">http://www.britannia-archaeology.com</a>
Entered by	Matt Adams ( <a href="mailto:matt@britannia-archaeology.com">matt@britannia-archaeology.com</a> )
Entered on	27 February 2015

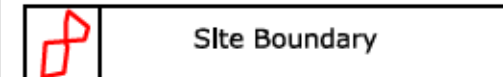
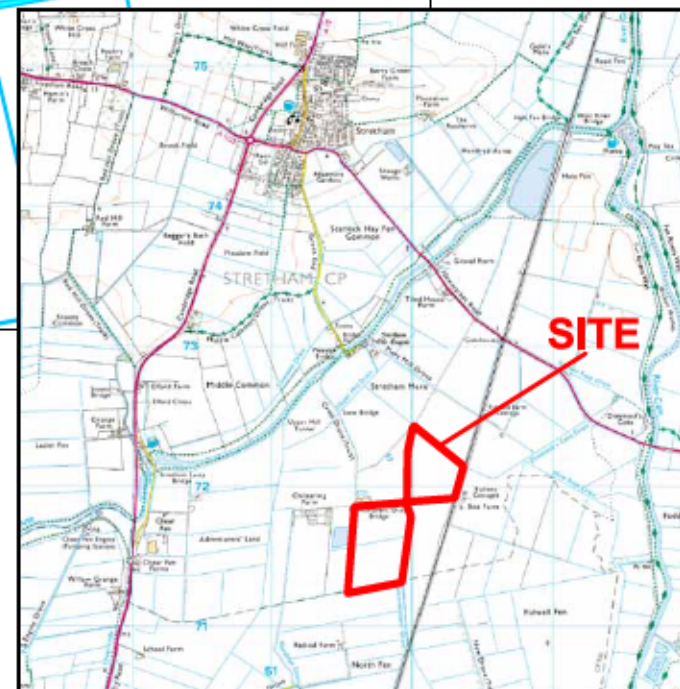
**OASIS:** Please e-mail [English Heritage](#) for OASIS help and advice  
© ADS 1996-2012 Created by Jo Gilham and Jen Mitcham, email Last modified Wednesday 9 May 2012  
Cite only: <http://www.oasis.ac.uk/form/print.cfm> for this page

file:///C:/Users/Matt/Desktop/OASIS%20FORM%20-%20Print%20view.htm[27/02/2015 16:00:48]





552000



NGR: 551840 271760 P. NUMBER: 1083

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: SITE LOCATION PLAN

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

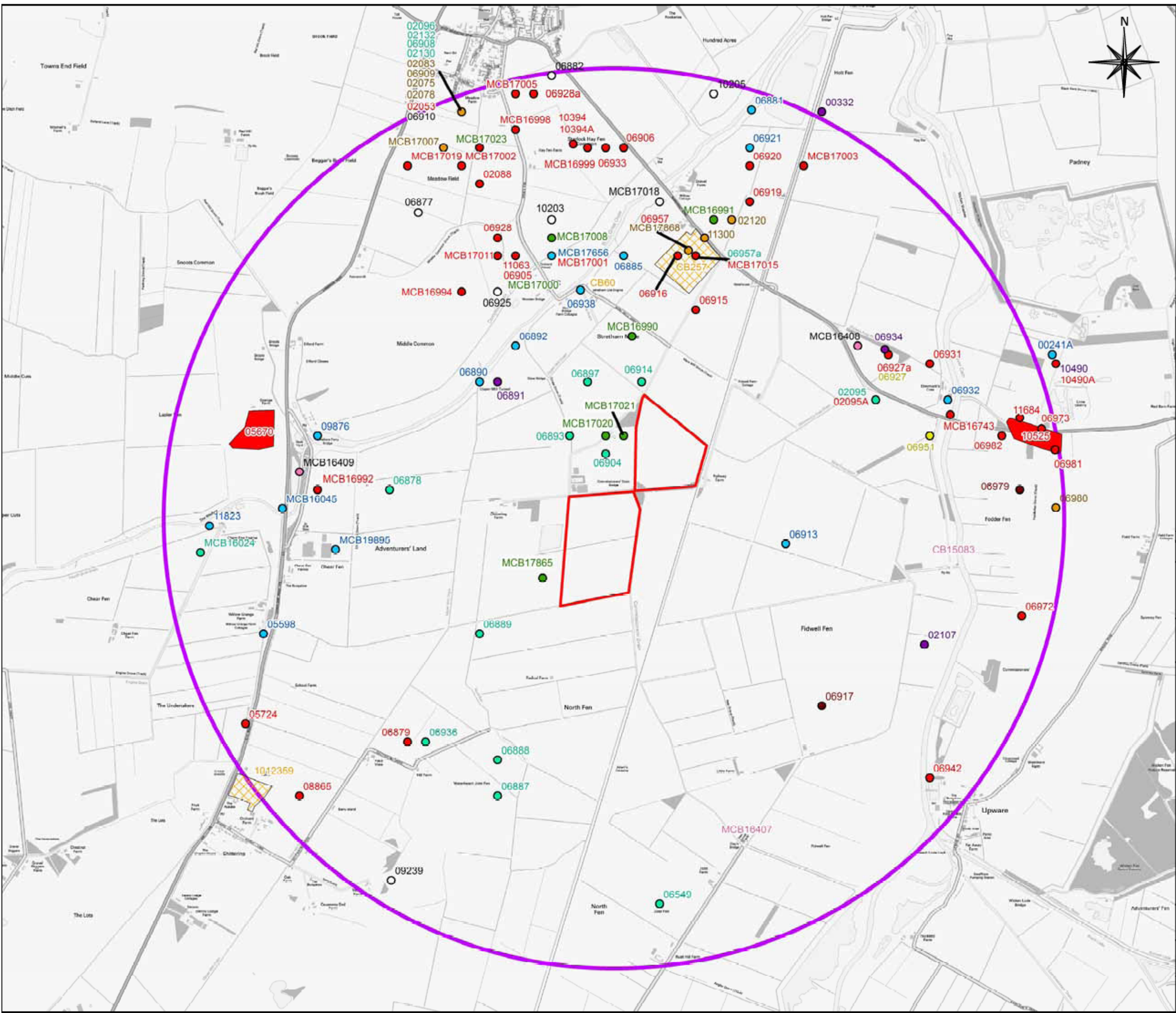
SCALE: 1:10000 0 400

PLOT: A3 APPROVED: MCA VERSION: 01

DATE: JAN 2015 AUTHOR: DPM FIGURE: 01

Reproduced on plans supplied by the client from the Ordnance Survey map with the permission of the controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. Licence number 100052662. © CROWN COPYRIGHT.





	HER Search Area
	Scheduled Monument
	Undated Monument Record
	Post-Medieval Monument Record
	Medieval Monument Record
	Saxon Monument Record
	Roman Monument Area
	Roman Monument Record
	Prehistoric Monument Record
	Early Neolithic to Late Bronze Age Monument Record
	Neolithic Monument Record
	Mesolithic Monument Record
	Site Boundary

NGR: 551840 271760 P. NUMBER: 1083

PROJECT:  
PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW  
BRIDGE FARM, STRETTHAM,  
CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT:  
FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION:  
CHER DATA - MONUMENTS RECORDS  
& SCHEDULED MONUMENTS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

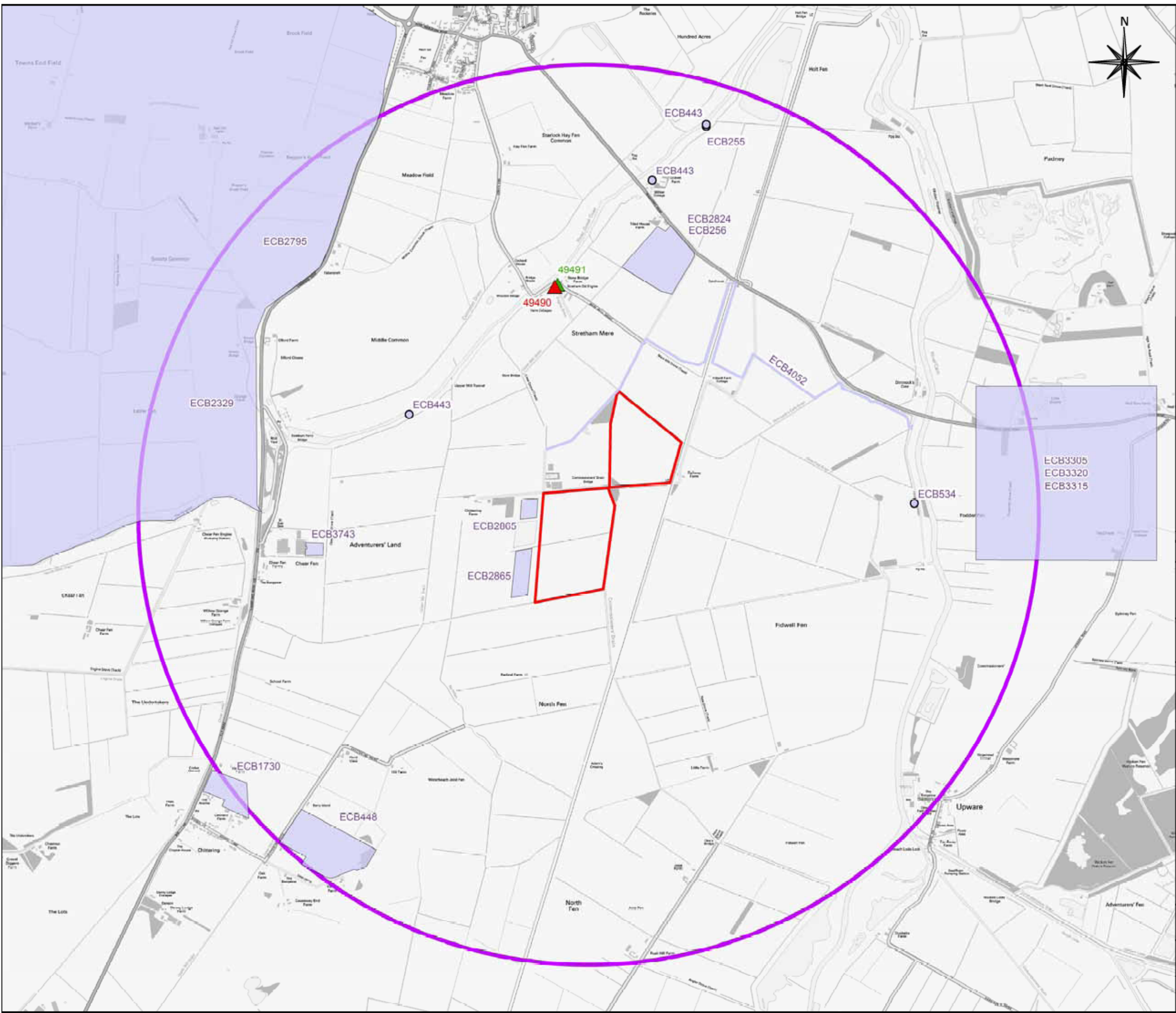


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE: 1:20000

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 02





	HER Search Area
	Grade II*
	Grade II
	Archaeology Site
	Archaeology Site Area
	Site Boundary

NGR: 551840 271760 P. NUMBER: 1083

PROJECT:  
PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW  
BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM,  
CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT:  
FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION:  
CHER DATA - PREVIOUS  
ARCHAEOLOGICAL WORK & LISTED  
BUILDINGS

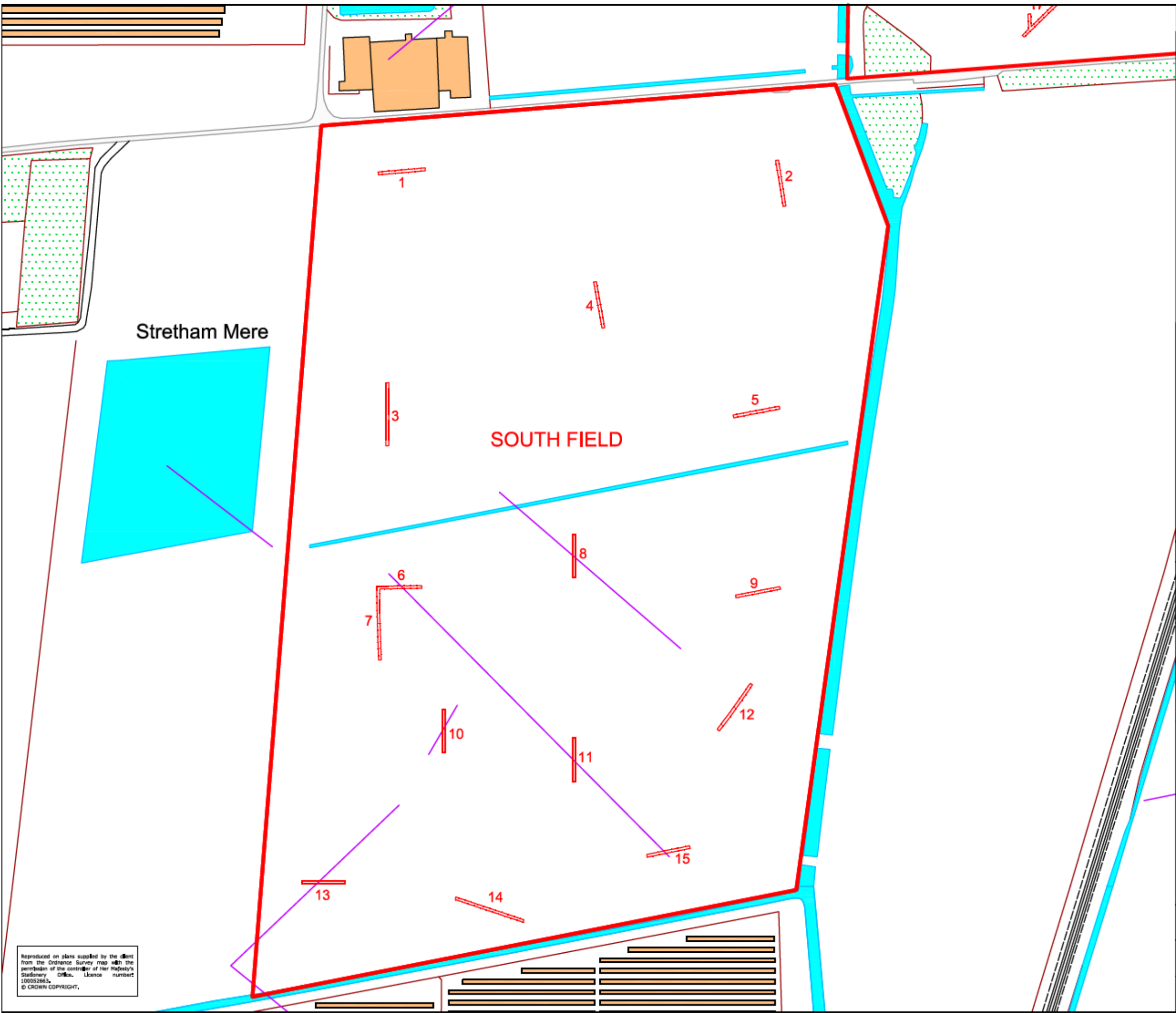
**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**






115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE: 1:20000

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 03



	Cropmark Projection
	Proposed Trial Trench
	Site Boundary

NGR:	551840 271760	P. NUMBER:	1083
------	---------------	------------	------

PROJECT:  
**PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW  
 BRIDGE FARM , STRETHAM,  
 CAMBRIDGESHIRE**

CLIENT:  
**FC PALMER & SONS LTD**

DESCRIPTION:  
**TRENCH LOCATION PLAN  
 SOUTH FIELD - PHASE 1**

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
 IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:	0	100m
<b>1:2500</b>		

PLOT:	APPROVED:	VERSION:
<b>A3</b>	<b>MCA</b>	<b>01</b>

DATE:	AUTHOR:	FIGURE:
<b>JAN 2015</b>	<b>DPM</b>	<b>4</b>



Reproduced on plans supplied by the client from the Ordnance Survey map with the permission of the controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. Licence number: 100052663. © CROWN COPYRIGHT.



Stretham Mere



NORTH FIELD

	Cropmark Projection
	Proposed Trial Trench
	Site Boundary

NGR: 551840 271760	P. NUMBER: 1083
-----------------------	--------------------

PROJECT:  
PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW  
BRIDGE FARM , STRETHAM,  
CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT:  
FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION:  
TRENCH LOCATION PLAN  
NORTH FIELD - PHASE 2

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



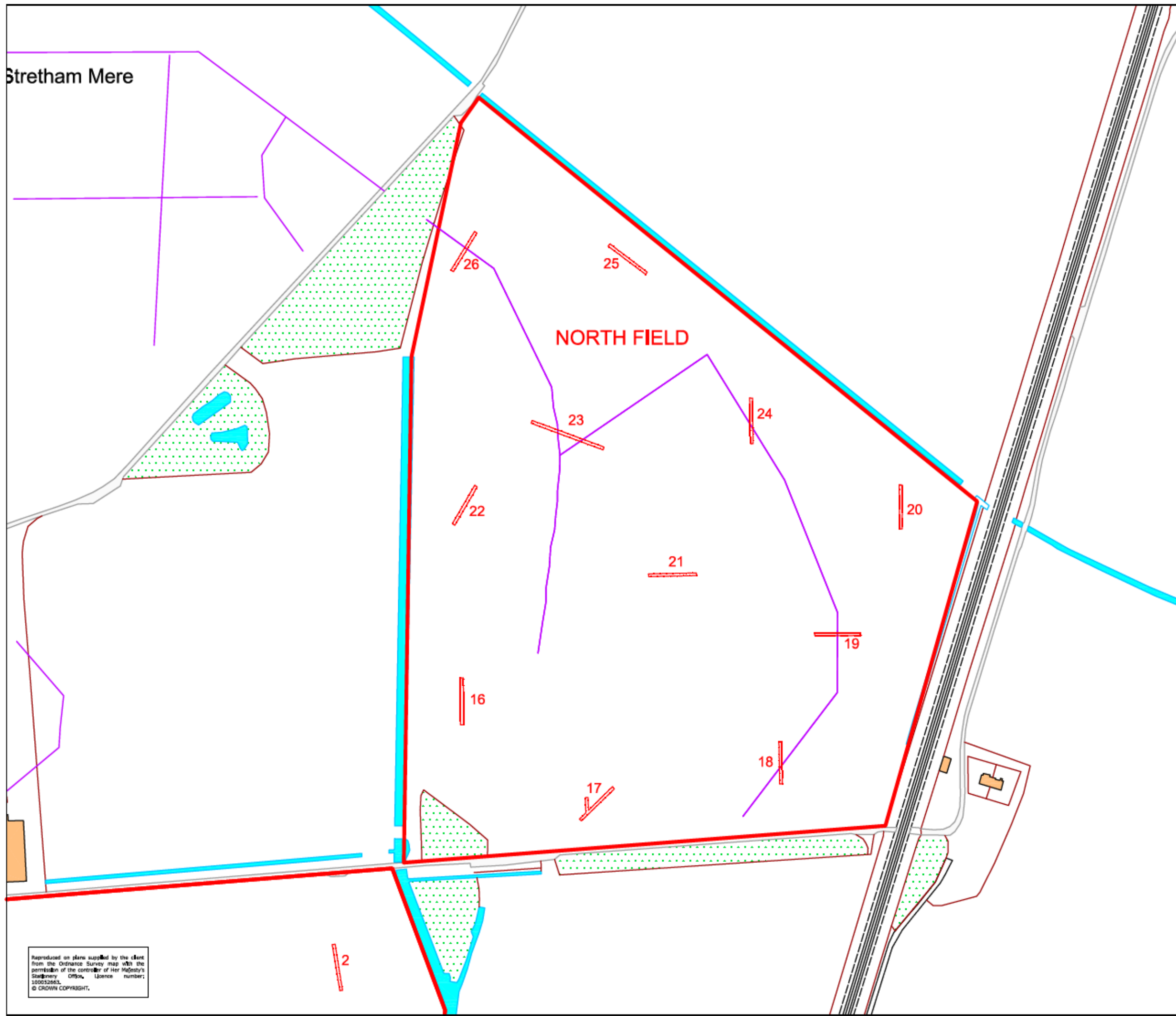
115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE: 1:2500	
------------------	---

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
-------------	------------------	----------------




DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 5
-------------------	----------------	--------------

Reproduced on plans supplied by the client  
from the Ordnance Survey map with the  
permission of the controller of Her Majesty's  
Stationery Office. Licence number:  
10002263.  
© CROWN COPYRIGHT.







	Feature
	Proposed Trial Trench
	Site Boundary

NGR: 551840 271760	P. NUMBER: 1083
-----------------------	--------------------

PROJECT:  
PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW  
BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM,  
CAMBRIDGESHIRE


CLIENT:  
FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION:  
TRENCH LOCATION PLAN OVER 1886  
1ST Ed. ORDNANCE SURVEY  
SOUTH FIELD - PHASE 1

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

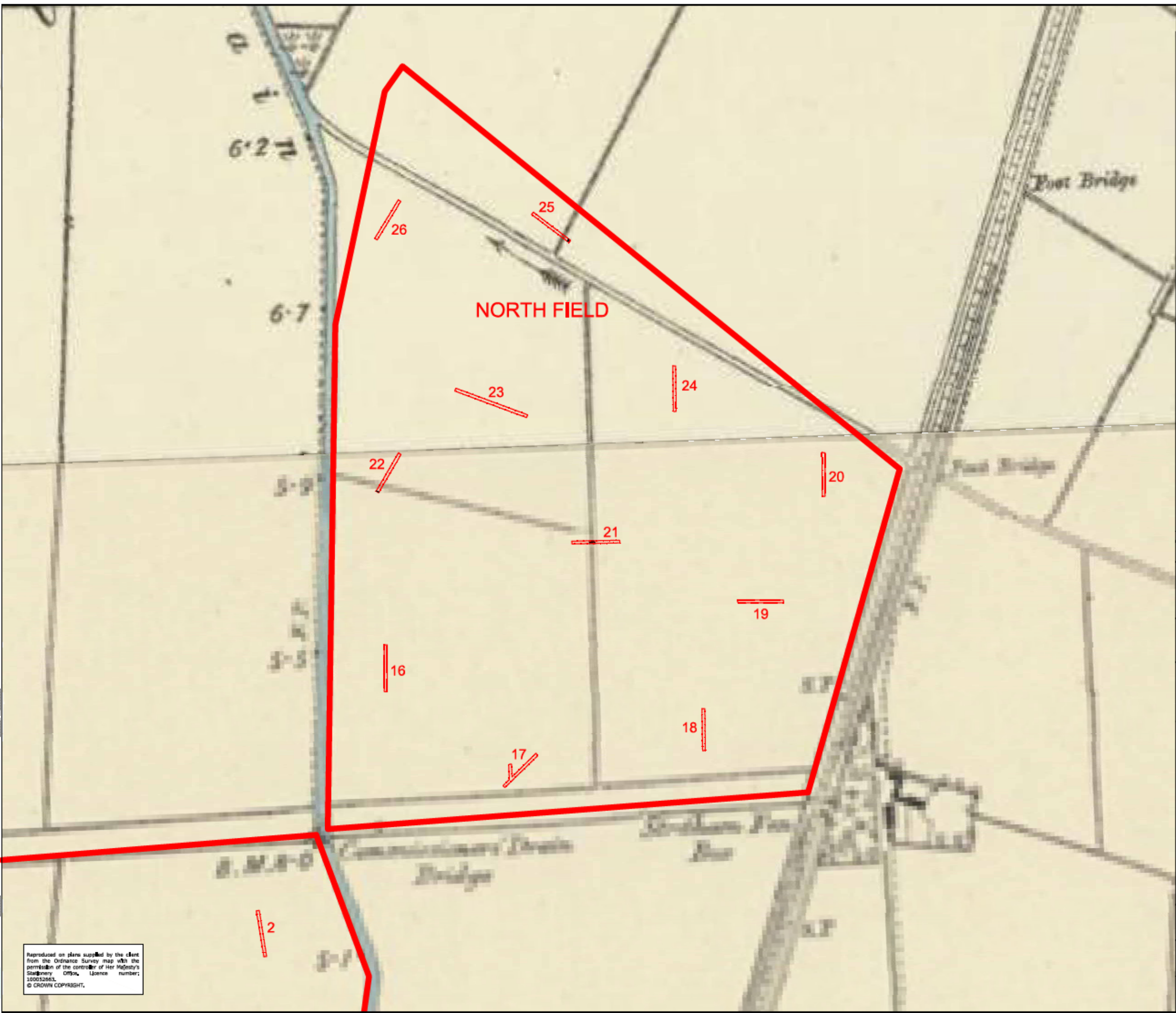





115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE: 1:2500	
------------------	---

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 6

Reproduced on plans supplied by the client from the Ordnance Survey map with the permission of the controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. Licence number: 100022663.  
© CROWN COPYRIGHT.



	Feature
	Proposed Trial Trench
	Site Boundary

NGR: 551840 271760	P. NUMBER: 1083
-----------------------	--------------------

PROJECT:  
PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW  
BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM,  
CAMBRIDGESHIRE


CLIENT:  
FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION:  
TRENCH LOCATION PLAN OVER 1886  
1ST Ed. ORDNANCE SURVEY  
NORTH FIELD - PHASE 2

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK  
IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE: 1:2500	
------------------	---

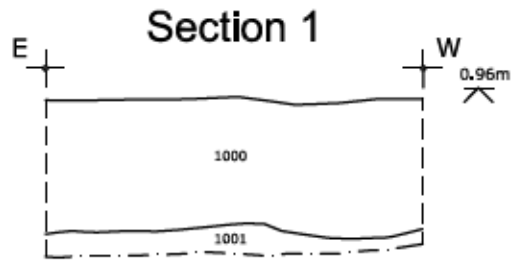
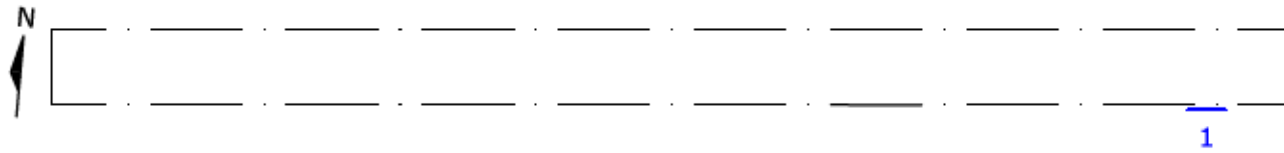
PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
-------------	------------------	----------------

DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 7
-------------------	----------------	--------------

Reproduced on plans supplied by the client from the Ordnance Survey map with the permission of the controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. Licence number: 10002263.  
© CROWN COPYRIGHT.

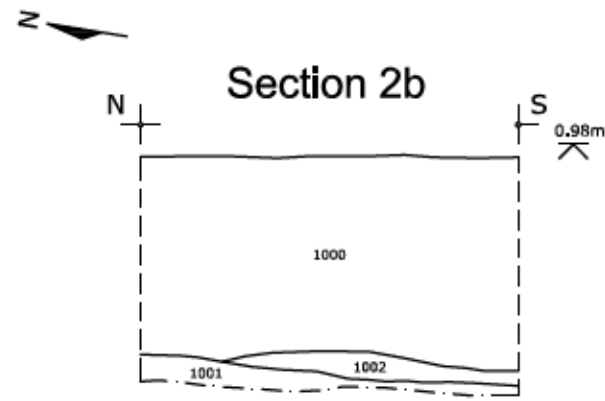
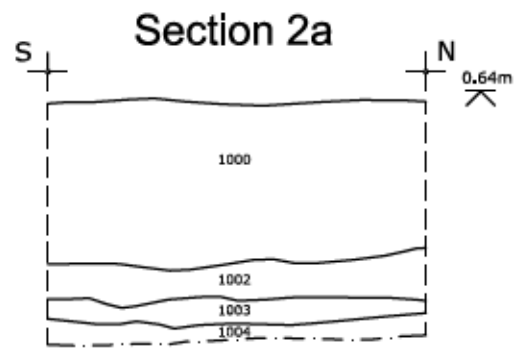
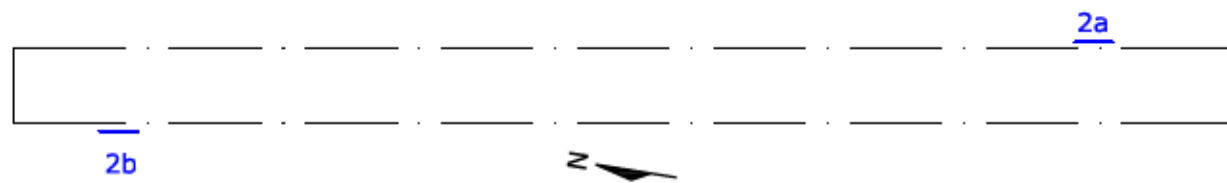


### Trench 1



DP 2 - Section 1 - View S

### Trench 2

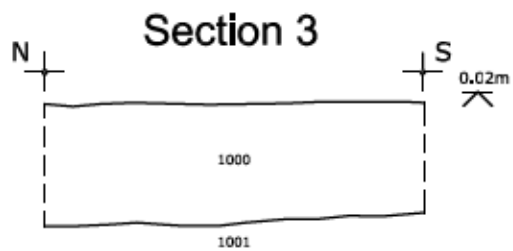
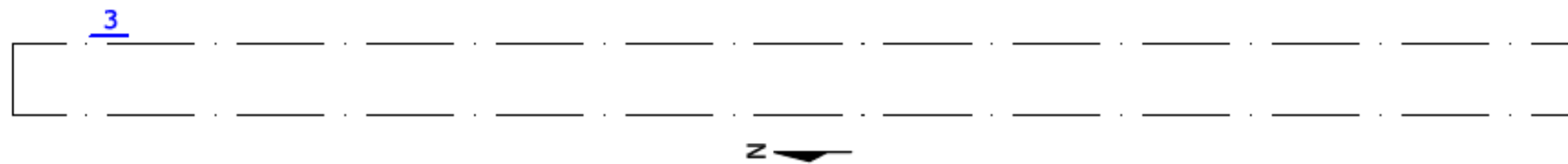


DP 5 - Section 2a - View E



DP 7 - Section 2b - View W

### Trench 3



DP 13 - Section 3 - View E

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760 REPORT NUMBER: 1083

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW RIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

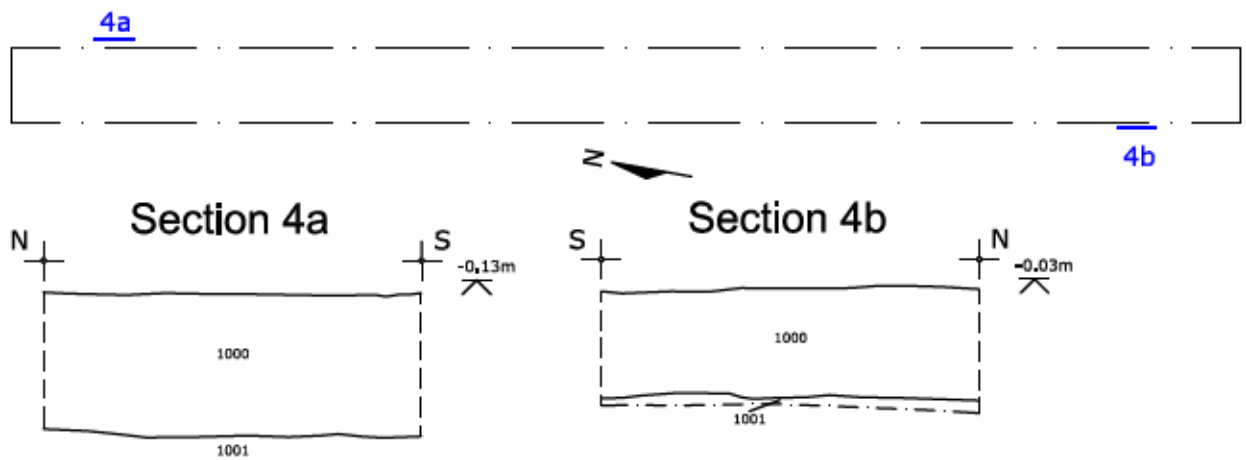


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:  
 PLANS 1:200   
 SECTION 1:20

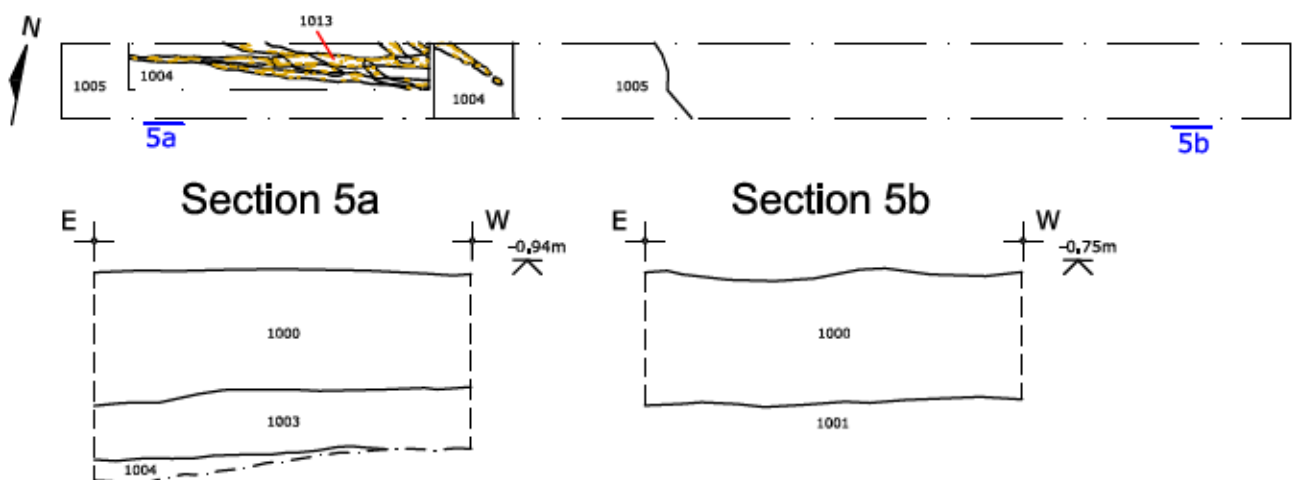
PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 8

Trench 4



DP 16 - Section 4a - View E

Trench 5

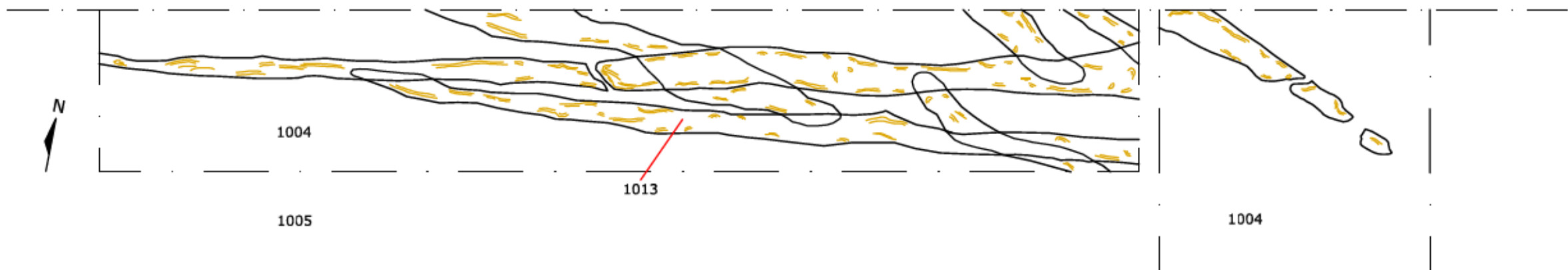


DP 22 - Section 5a - View S



DP 52 - Fallen Timber 1013 - View W

Trench 5: Plan of Fallen Timber 1013



	Timber Bark
	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1083
--------------------	---------------------

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW RIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

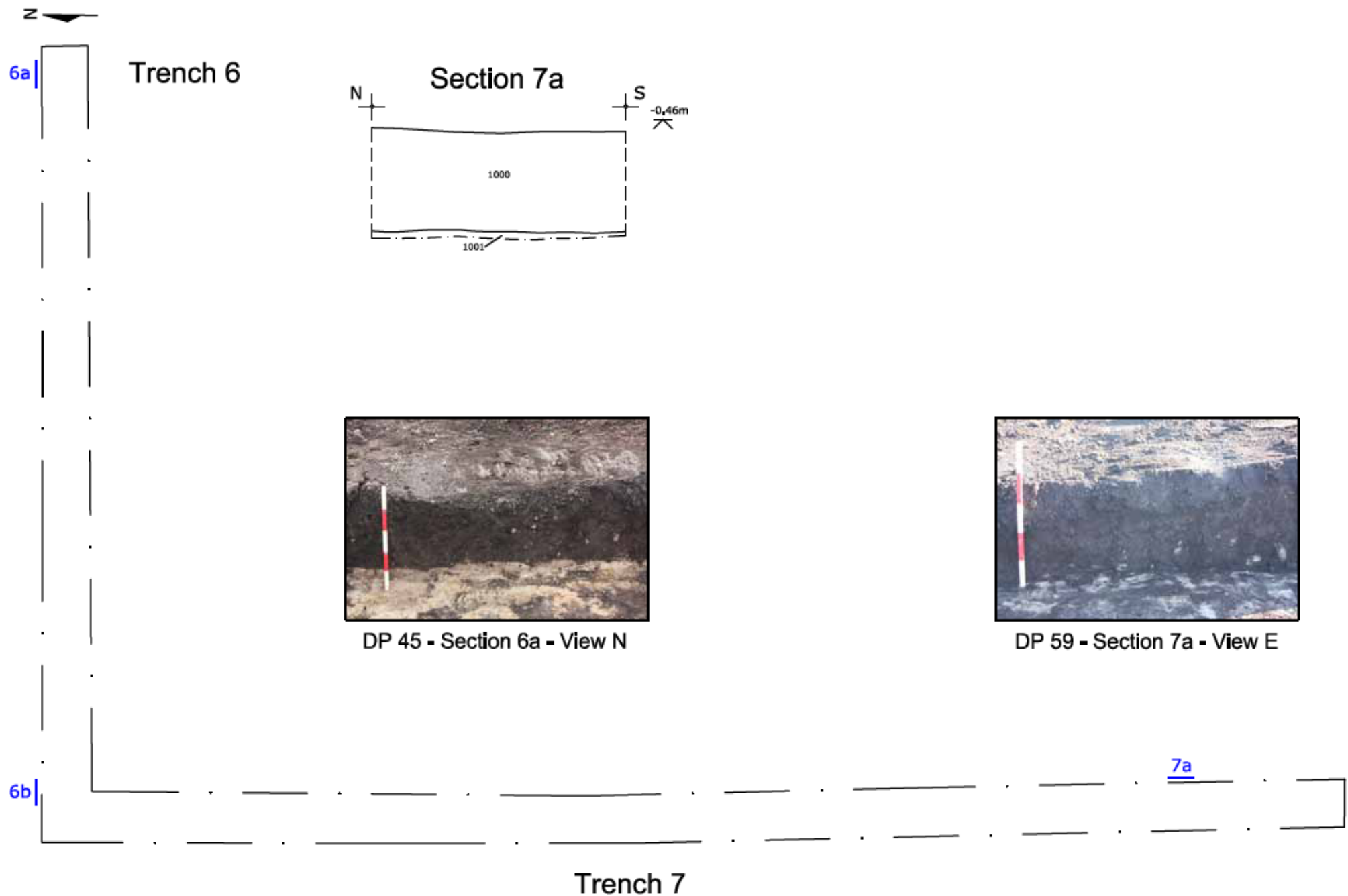
BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD



115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: Info@britannia-archaeology.com  
 W: www.britannia-archaeology.com

SCALE:	0 10m	
PLANS 1:200		
SECTION 1:20	0 1m	

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 9



DP 45 - Section 6a - View N



DP 59 - Section 7a - View E

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1084
--------------------	---------------------

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



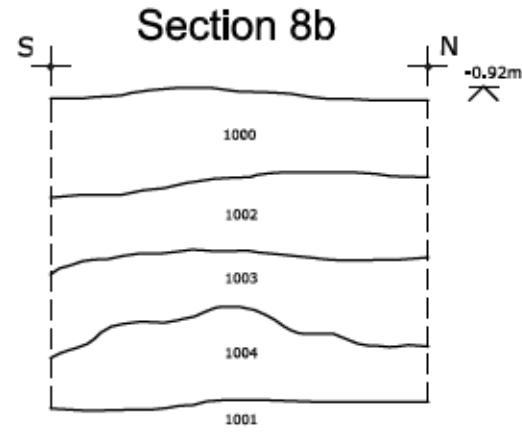
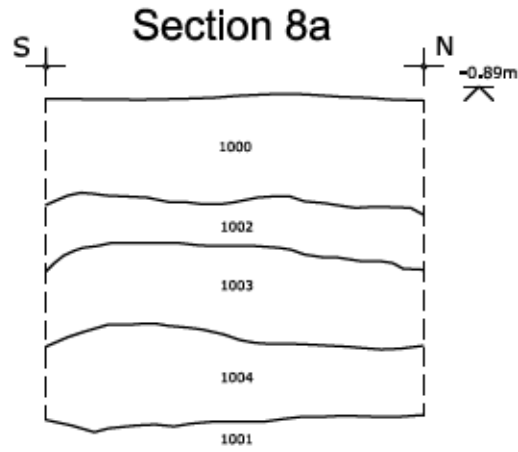
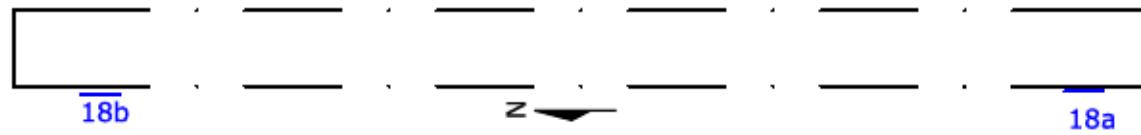
115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: info@britannia-archaeology.com  
W: www.britannia-archaeology.com

SCALE:	
PLANS 1:200	
SECTION 1:20	

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 10



### Trench 8

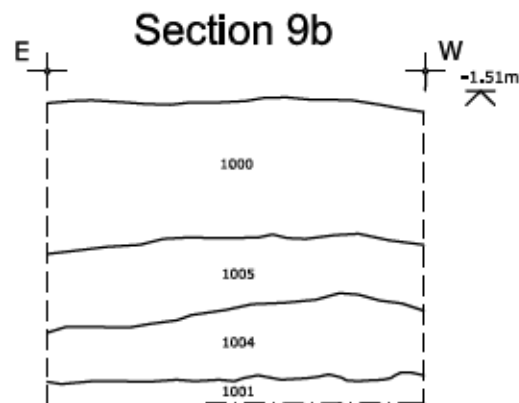
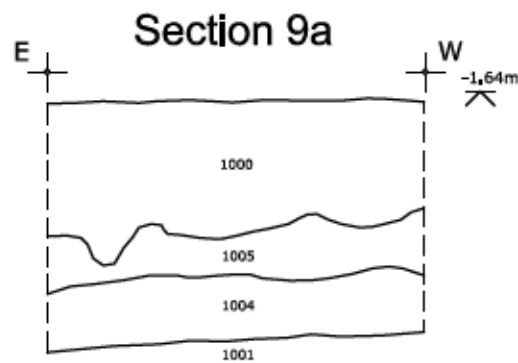
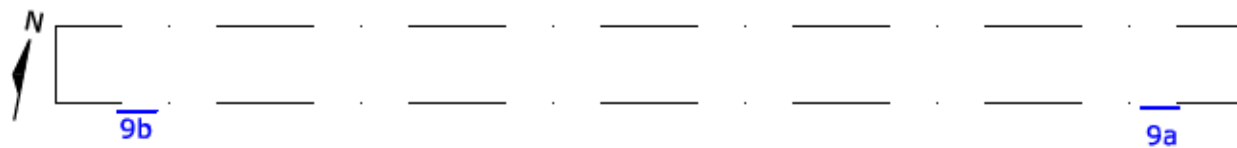


DP 42 - Section 8a - View W



DP 44 - Section 8b - View W

### Trench 9



DP 26 - Section 9a - View S



DP 27 - Section 9b - View S

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760 REPORT NUMBER: 1084

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD

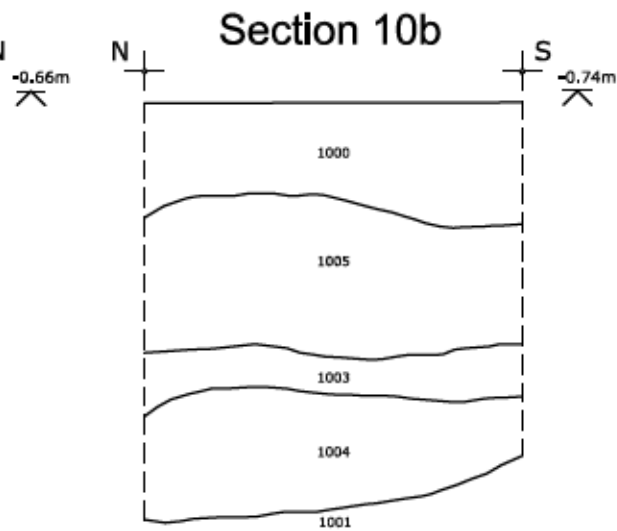
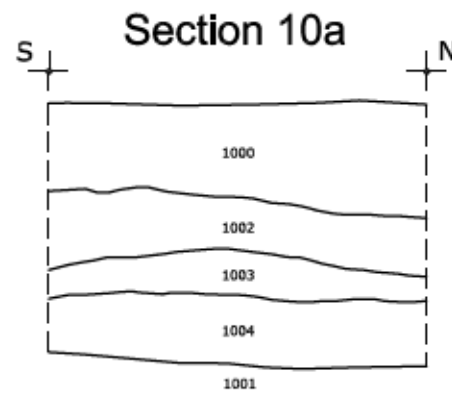
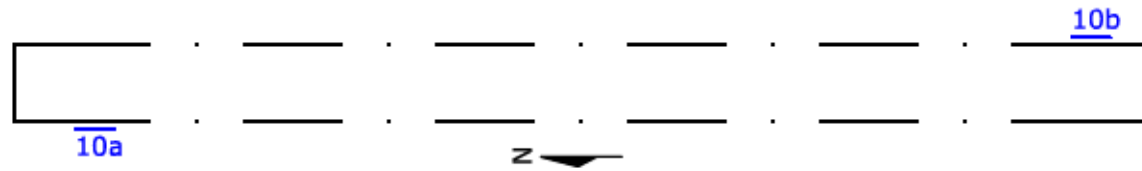


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
T: 01449 763034  
E: Info@britannia-archaeology.com  
W: www.britannia-archaeology.com

SCALE:  
PLANS 1:200   
SECTION 1:20

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 11

### Trench 10

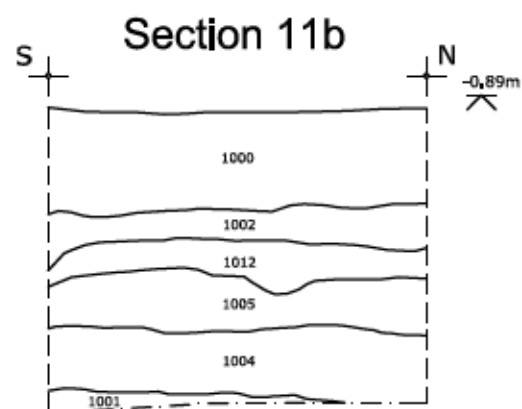
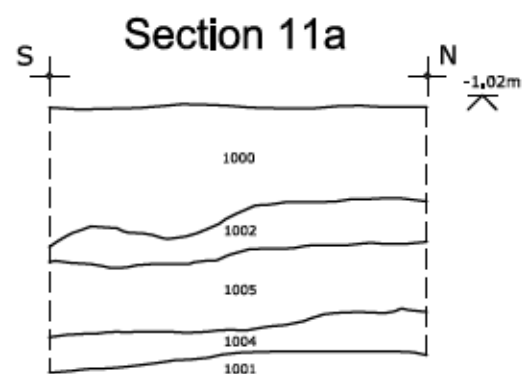
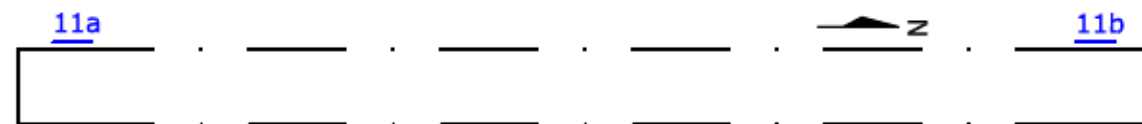


DP 39 - Section 10a - View E



DP 40 - Section 10b - View E

### Trench 11



DP 47 - Section 11a - View W



DP 48 - Section 11b - View W

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1084
-----------------------	------------------------

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

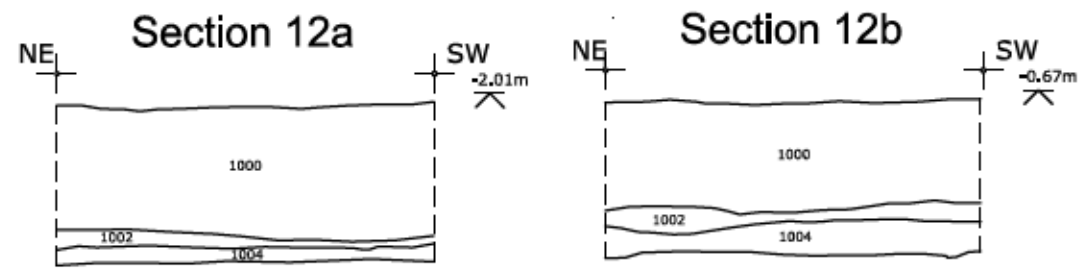
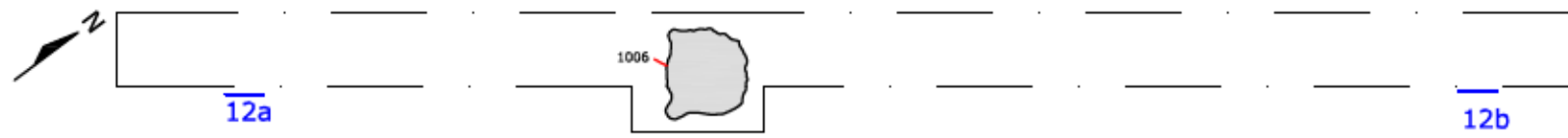


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:	0	10m
PLANS 1:200		
SECTION 1:20	0	1m

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 12

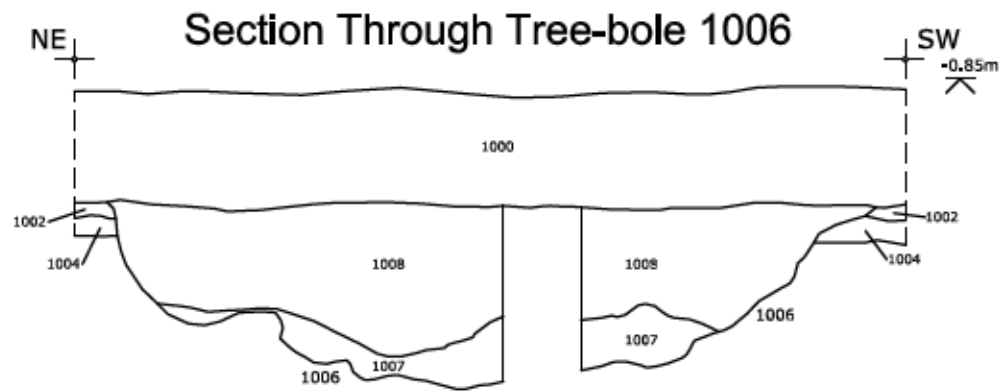
### Trench 12



DP 29 - Section 12a - View NW



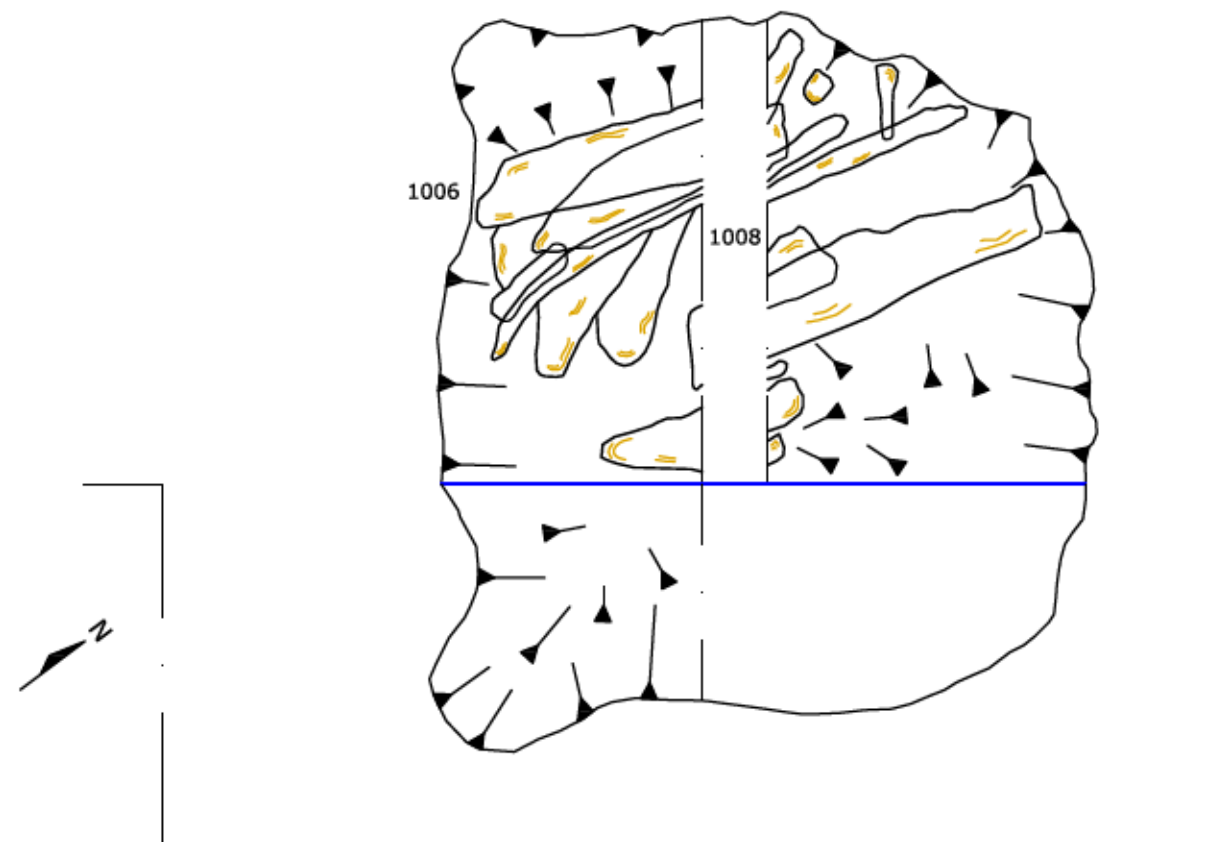
DP 30 - Section 12b - View NW



Trench 12: Plan of Tree-bole 1006



DP 64 - Tree-bole 1006 - View SE



	Timber Bark
	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1084
--------------------	---------------------

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX

T: 01449 763034

E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)

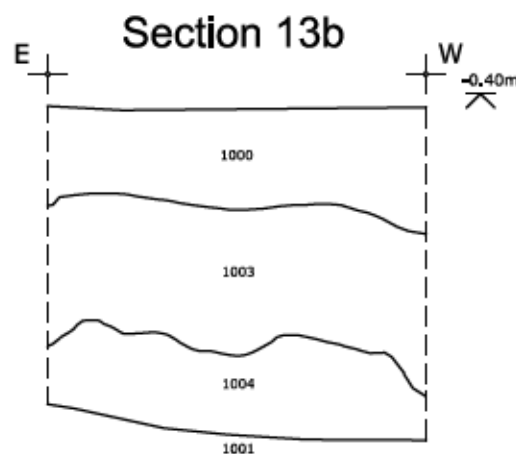
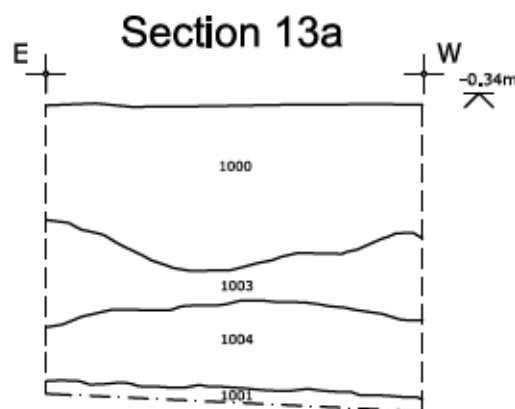
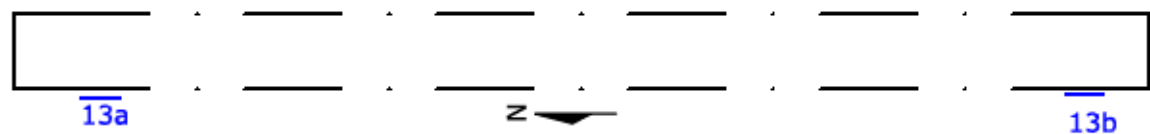
W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:	0	10m
PLANS		
1:200		
SECTION	0	1m
1:20		

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 13



### Trench 13

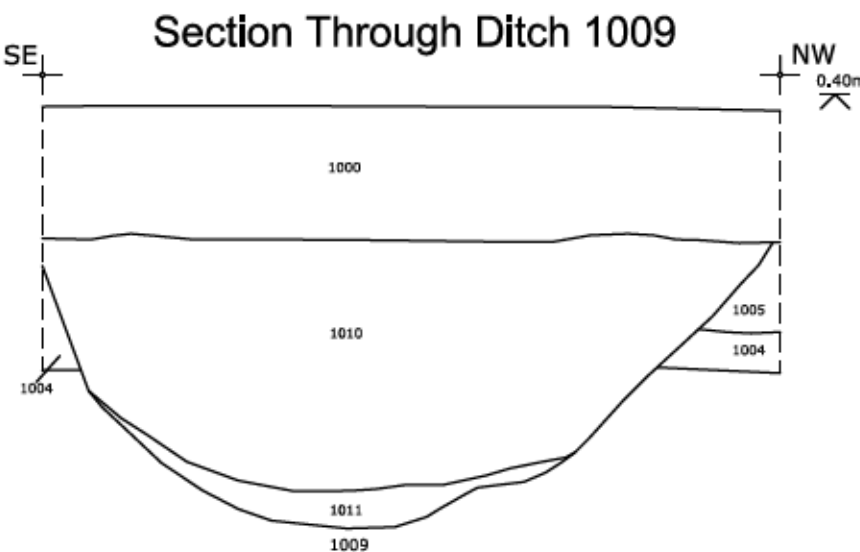
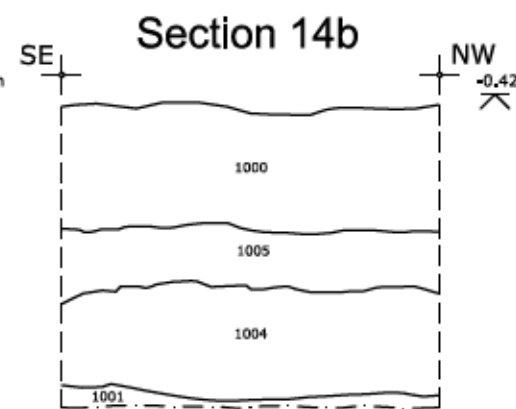
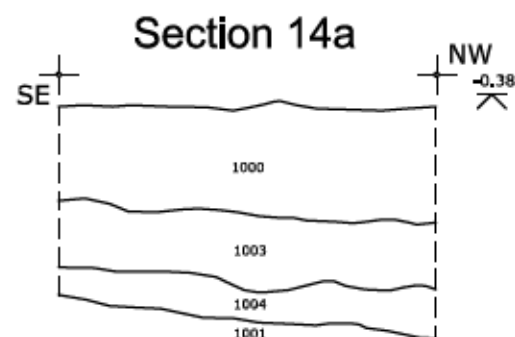
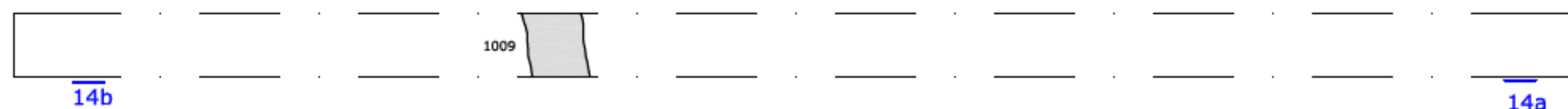


DP 36 - Section 13a - View W



DP 37 - Section 13b - View W

### Trench 14



DP 31 - Section 14a - View SW



DP 32 - Section 14b - View SW



DP 34 - Ditch 1009 - View SW

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1084
--------------------	---------------------

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

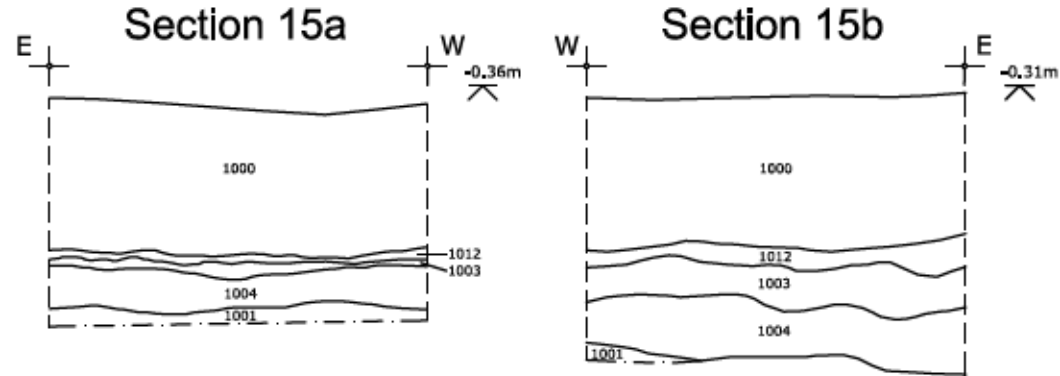
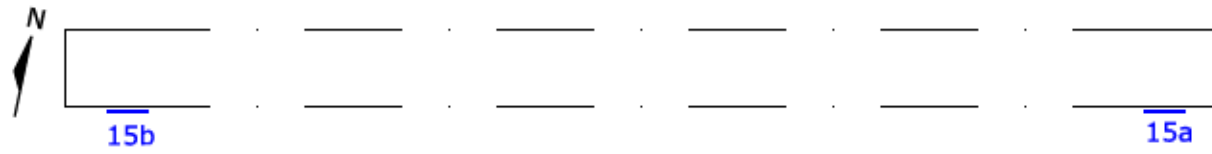


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: Info@britannia-archaeology.com  
 W: www.britannia-archaeology.com

SCALE:	0	10m
PLANS 1:200		
SECTION 1:20	0	1m

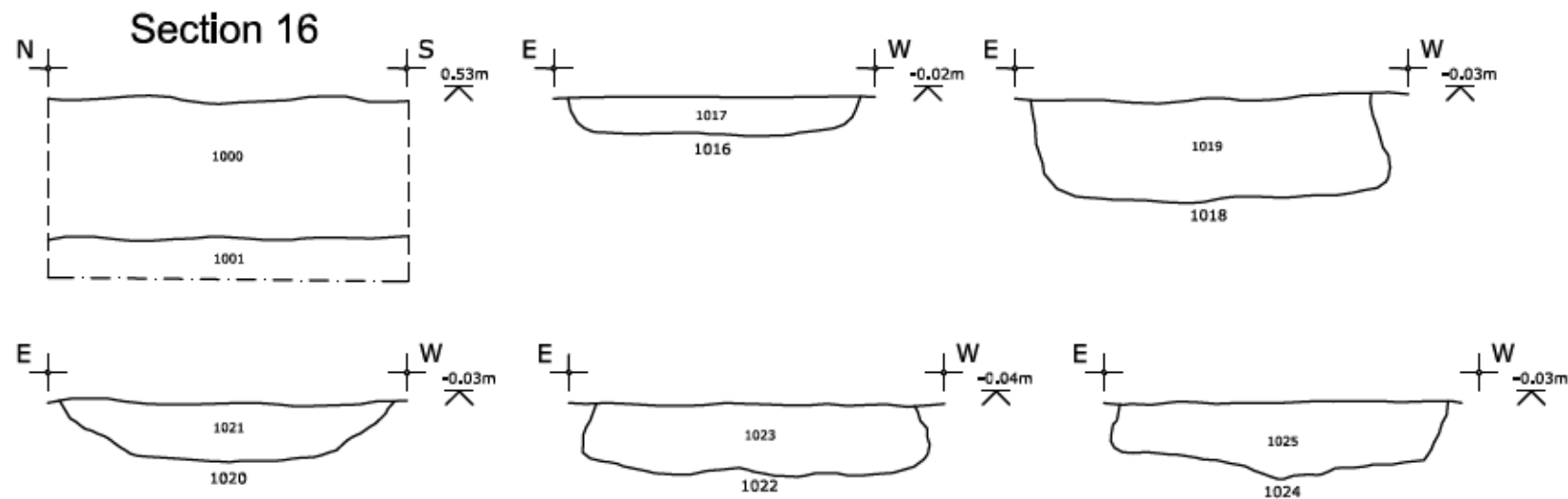
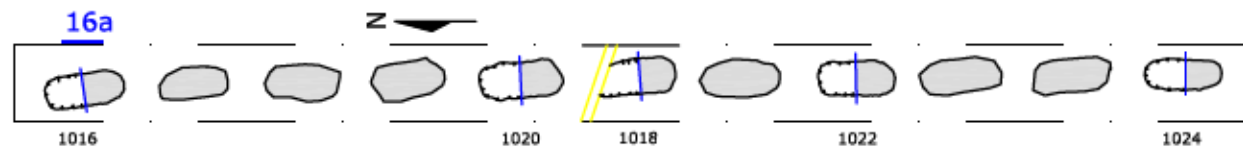
PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 14

### Trench 15



DP 49 - Section 15a - View S

### Trench 16



DP 78 - Section 16 - View E



DP 76 - Marl Pit 1022 - View S

	Land Drain
	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1084
PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE	
CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD	
DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS	

### BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD

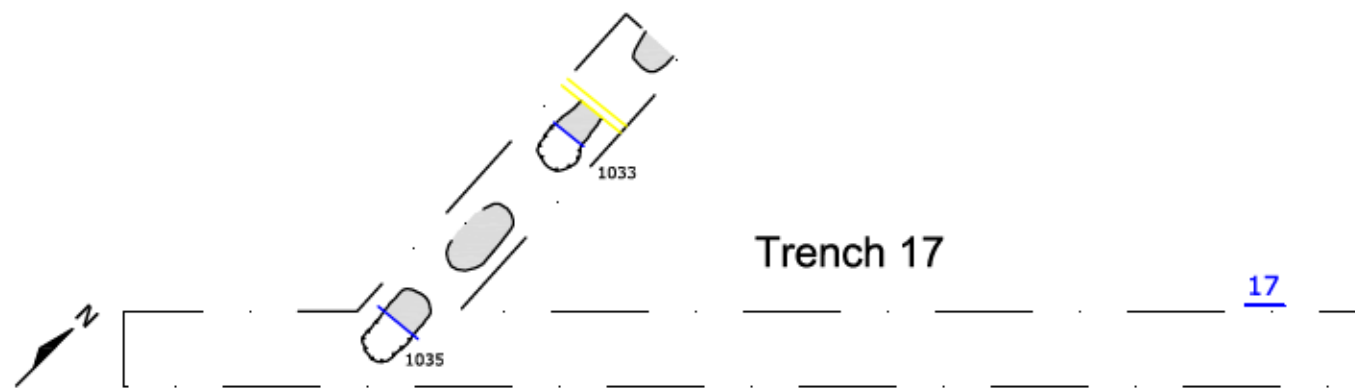


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: Info@britannia-archaeology.com  
 W: www.britannia-archaeology.com

SCALE:	0	10m
PLANS 1:200		
SECTION 1:20	0	1m

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 15

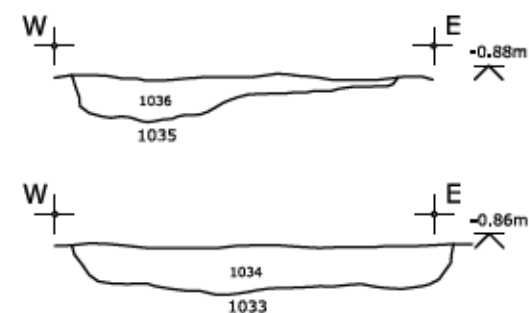
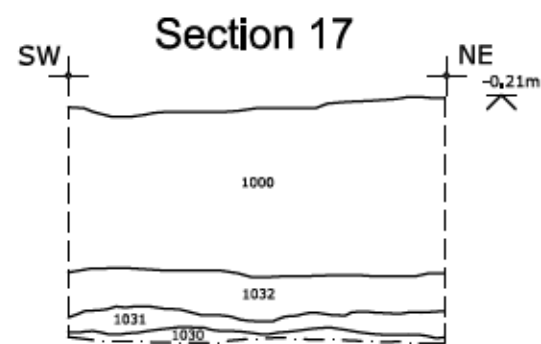




DP 84 - Section 17 - View NW



DP 86 - Marl Pits 1035 (foreground) and 1035 (background) - View N



	Land Drain
	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760 REPORT NUMBER: 1084

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



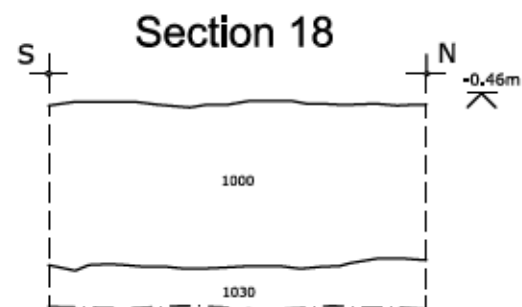
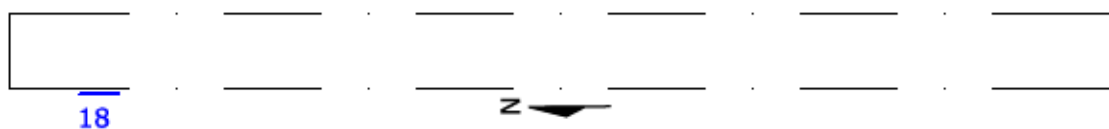
115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:  
 PLANS 1:200

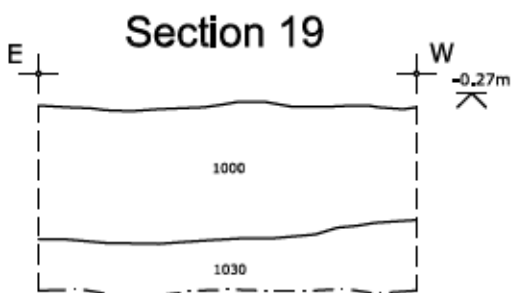
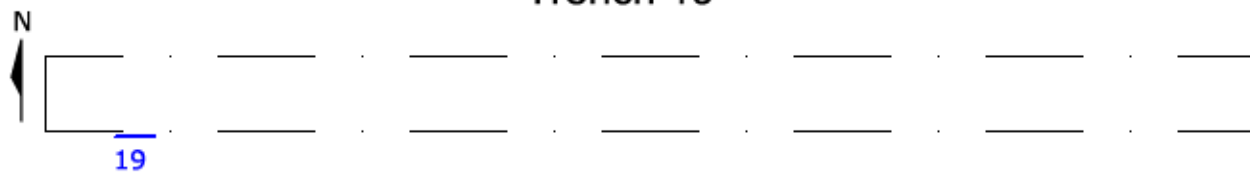
SECTION 1:20

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 16

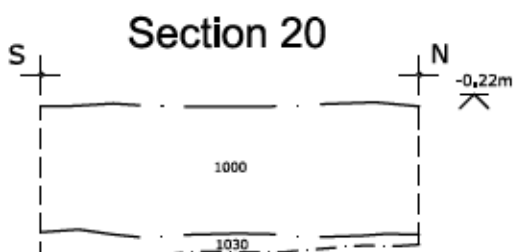
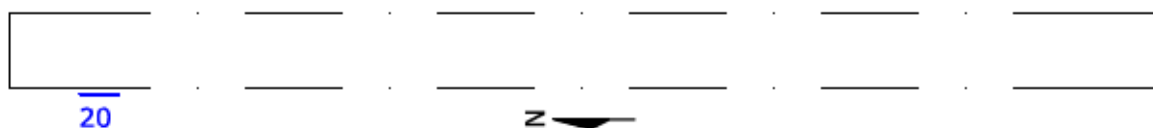
### Trench 18



### Trench 19



### Trench 20



DP 88 - Section 18 - View W



DP 90 - Section 19 - View S

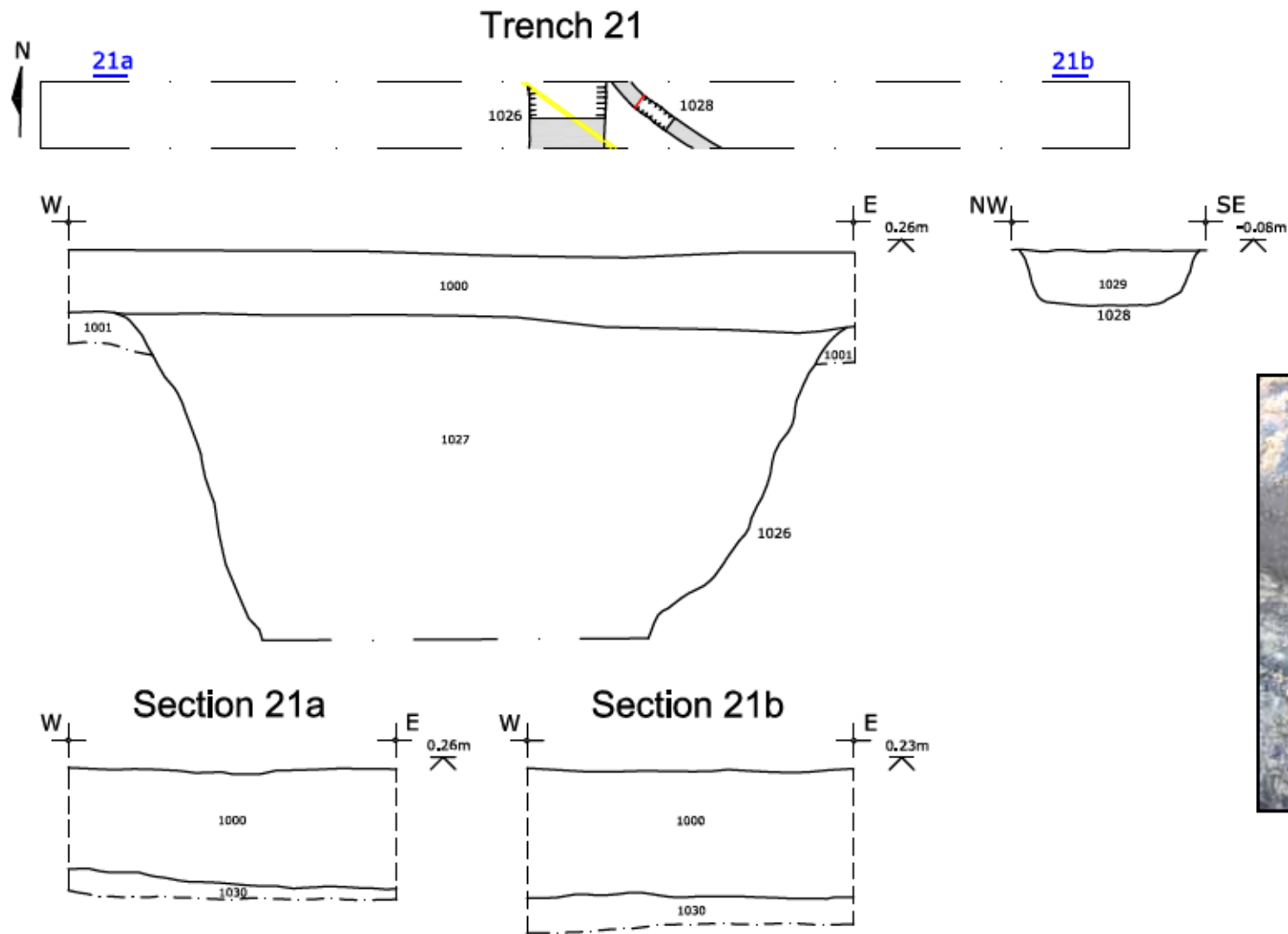
	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760	REPORT NUMBER: 1084
PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE	
CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD	
DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS	
<b>BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD</b>  115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX T: 01449 763034 E: Info@brtannia-archaeology.com W: www.brtannia-archaeology.com	

SCALE:	0	10m
PLANS 1:200		
SECTION 1:20	0	1m

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 17





DP 82 - Ditch 1026 - View N



DP 83 - Gully 1028 - View NW



DP 94 - Section 21a - View N

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760 REPORT NUMBER: 1084

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

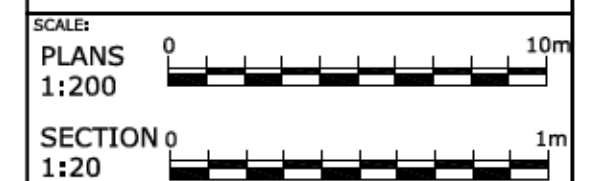
CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

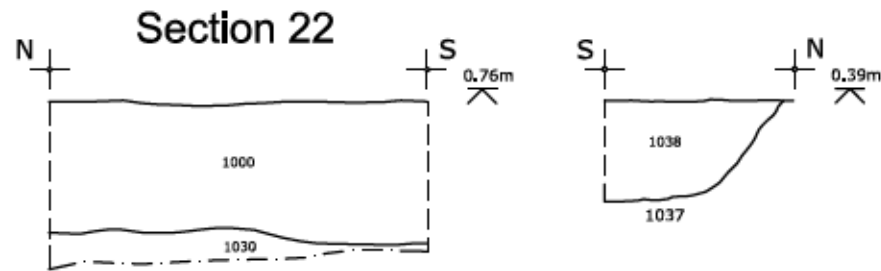
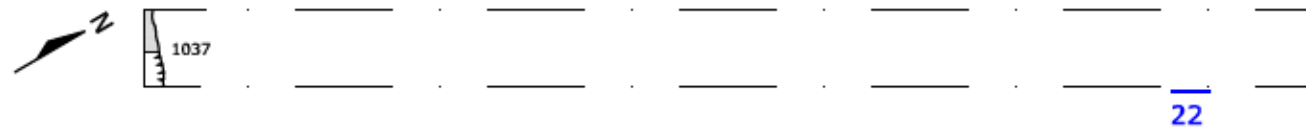


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)



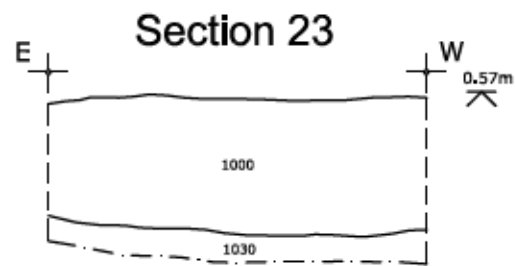
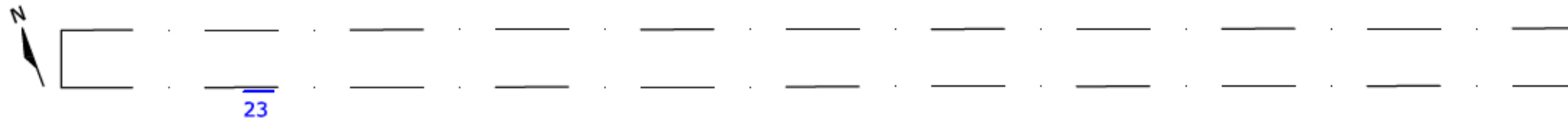
PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 18

### Trench 22



DP 99 - Section 22 - View NW

### Trench 23

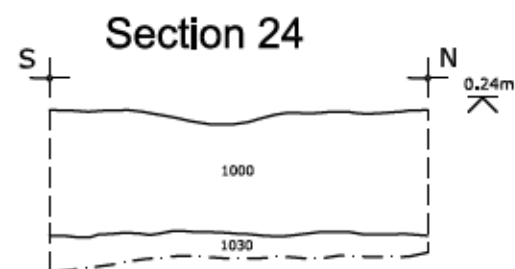
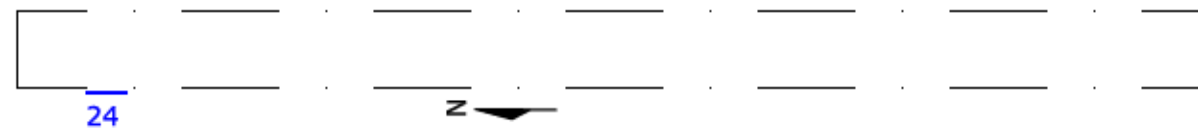


DP 94 - Section 21a - View N



DP 96 - Section 23 - View SW

### Trench 24



DP 94 - Section 24 - View W

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760      REPORT NUMBER: 1084

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**

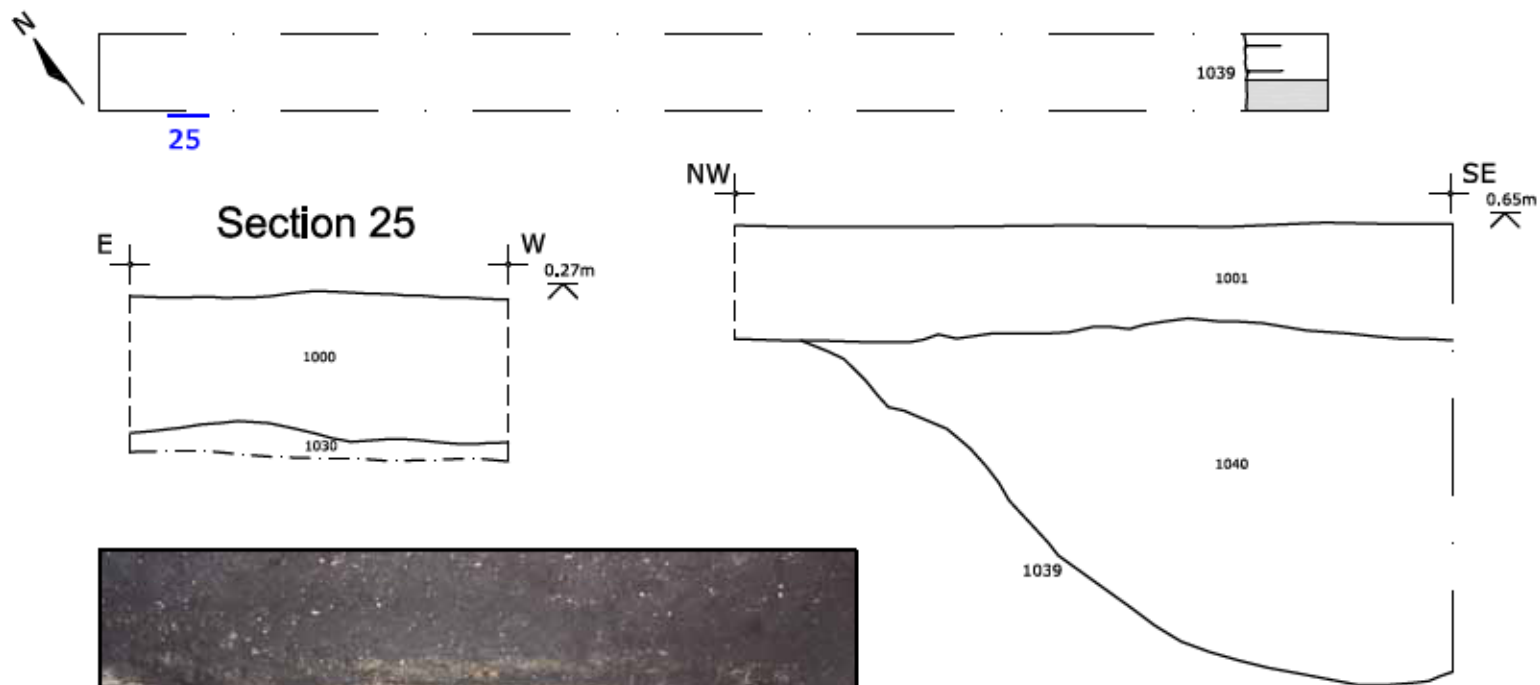


115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:  
 PLANS 1:200   
 SECTION 1:20

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 19

### Trench 25

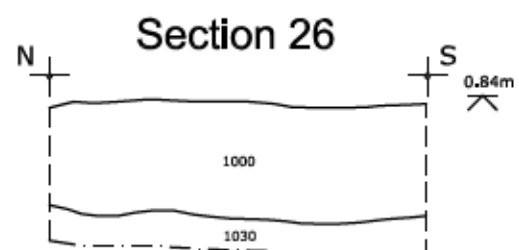
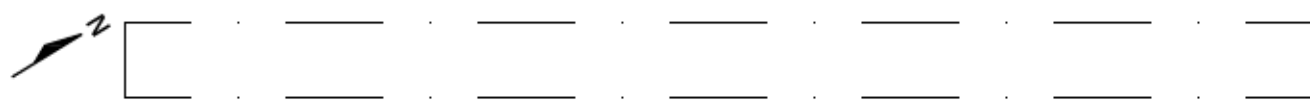


DP 101 - Section 25 - View SW



DP 104 - Ditch 1039 - View NE

### Trench 26



DP 103 - Section 26 - View SE

	Feature
	Section Number
	Trench Extent

NGR: 551840 271760      REPORT NUMBER: 1084

PROJECT: PROPOSED SOLAR SITE AT STOW BRIDGE FARM, STRETHAM, CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CLIENT: FC PALMER & SONS LTD

DESCRIPTION: TRENCHES - PLANS, SECTIONS & PHOTOGRAPHS

**BRITANNIA ARCHAEOLOGY LTD**



115 OSPREY DRIVE, STOWMARKET, SUFFOLK IP14 5UX  
 T: 01449 763034  
 E: [Info@britannia-archaeology.com](mailto:Info@britannia-archaeology.com)  
 W: [www.britannia-archaeology.com](http://www.britannia-archaeology.com)

SCALE:  
 PLANS 1:200   
 SECTION 1:20

PLOT: A3	APPROVED: MCA	VERSION: 01
DATE: JAN 2015	AUTHOR: DPM	FIGURE: 20