

Westwood Village: Land off Manston Court Road and Haine Road, Margate, Thanet, Kent

Evaluation Report

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Summary

An archaeological evaluation was conducted by Canterbury Archaeological Trust on land off Manston Court Road and Haine Road, Margate, Thanet, Kent, between 18 September and 10 November 2017. The evaluation was commissioned by WYG Environment Transport on behalf of Greenacre (Thanet) Limited in preparation of a proposed planning application for a large scale residential led-development referred to as Westwood Village. This report presents results of the evaluation which comprised machine excavation of 90 trenches, each measuring 50m by 2.2m trenches, and representing an approximate 3% sample of the total proposed development area which covers an area of approximately 38ha. The evaluation was conducted to assess the potential, character and extent of any buried archaeological features and follows on from a desk-based assessment (WYG 2017a) and geophysical survey (Headland 2017).

Archaeological features were recorded in 64 (71%) of 90 trenches. This comprised 269 archaeological features investigated in 235 hand-excavated interventions. Features comprised 157 ditches/linear features, 42 pits, 19 post-holes, 9 sunken featured buildings, 9 trackways, 23 quarry pits, 9 other undifferentiated features and 1 agricultural feature. The identified archaeological features corresponded well with previously known heritage assets and geophysical anomalies, with the focus of activity concentrated on a west-facing slope overlooking a dry valley.

Six chronological periods were represented spanning the later prehistoric, late Iron Age to early Roman, later Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods. Prehistoric features included a double ring ditch, boundary ditches and a post-hole. Three boundary ditches were attributed to the transitional late Iron Age to early Roman period.

The greatest concentration of dated archaeological features were attributed to the early and later Roman periods. Evidence included boundary ditches forming enclosures surrounding possible settlement activity, and boundaries demarcating trackways, sunken featured buildings, refuse pits and chalk extraction or quarry pits.

No Anglo-Saxon or early medieval activity was identified within the proposed development area. The earliest post-Roman activity was dated to the later eleventh century, with the focus of medieval occupation dated to the thirteenth to fourteenth centuries. These comprised three potential rectilinear enclosures, including one particularly wide and deep enclosure ditch located in the south of the proposed development area. Excavation immediately north of the proposed development area at Starr Lane had previously identified a focus of medieval activity comprising: enclosure ditches and sunken featured buildings with combined bakehouses/ brewhouses and/or kitchens. Several potential sunken featured buildings within the proposed development area remain undated, including one with a potential oven or hearth, and these might prove to be contemporary with the Starr Lane material.

Post-medieval activity was limited to one ditch, one pit, an agricultural feature, and two quarry pits, one with an associated access via a trackway.

Recovery of artefacts from investigated archaeological features was moderate/low, with dateable finds limited to only 70 (26%) of 269 features. Finds included pottery, ceramic building material, worked flint, burnt flint, and metalworking residues. During the evaluation, a metal detectorists survey of machine removed spoil by KAMSU recovered some 2466 metal finds collectively weighing nearly 48kg. Recovered registered finds included some 153 diagnostic finds, including 1 late Iron Age, 11 Roman and 1 medieval coin, along with other metal and non-metal finds.

Preservation of environmental data was influenced by calcareous soil conditions with good potential to obtain significant data on diet and economy. Charred plant remains were common in many features, animal bone was in moderate to poor condition, and evidence for consumption of marine fish and shellfish was recovered.

The evaluation has confirmed and supplements previous desk based and geophysical survey work in informing on the archaeological potential within the proposed development area. The proposed development lies within a historic agrarian landscape with some evidence for associated settlement. The proposed development has a high potential to impact on heritage resources of local, and some regional significance, without the implementation of appropriate mitigation measures.

Acknowledgments

This project was commissioned by WYG Environment Transport Limited on behalf of Greenacre (Thanet) Limited.

The Project was managed by Jon Rady, Operations Manager.

Fieldwork was directed by Richard Helm, Senior Project Manager, with Ian Anderson, Paul Armour, Kirsty Bone, George Carstairs, Matt Charlwood, Richard Helm, Will Hewson, Ross Lane, Julie Martin, Laura Mcardle, Frances Morgan, Adrian Murphy, Åsa Perhson, James Revell, Dale Robertson, Jess Twyman, and Juan Paulo Vásquez-Rodríguez,

The Kent Archaeological Metal Detector Support Unit (KAMSU) undertook a metal detectorist survey during the archaeological evaluation works, directed by Trevor Lowdell, with Reg Bell, Yvonne Bell, Jacq le Breton, Joan Castle, Phil Castle, John Cooper, Terrence Fell, Syd Hallybone, Trevor Heyworth, Simon Hilton, Keith Kerley, Patrick Lennon, Kevin Mantle, Collin Reader, George Rollison, Wendy Thompson, David Villanueva, and Vivienne Wilson.

Finds processing was undertaken by Michele Johnson, Ester Lunardon, Jaqui Mathews and Jo Stephenson. Pottery was spot-dated by Andrew Savage and registered finds were identified by Andrew Richardson. Environmental samples were processed by Alex Vokes and assessed by Enid Alison.

This report was compiled by Laura O'Shea-Walker and Richard Helm. Site drawings were digitised by Matt Charlwood. Report illustrations are by Peter Atkinson.

Thanks are extended to Rebecca Enlander who acted as Archaeological Consultant on behalf of WYG.

The evaluation was monitored by Wendy Rogers, Senior Archaeological Officer, Heritage Conservation, Kent County Council (KCC).

1 Introduction

1.1 Project background

- 1.1.1 Archaeological evaluation was conducted between 18 September and 10 November 2017 by the Canterbury Archaeological Trust Ltd (CAT) on land off Haine Road and Manston Court Road, Margate, Thanet (NGR 635535 167365). The evaluation was commissioned by WYG Environment Transport Limited on behalf of Greenacre (Thanet) Limited, as part of a planning application for a large scale residential-led development, referred to as Westwood Village. The proposal is to include for residential and employment areas, mixed commercial space, a local centre and primary school, associated access, and hard and soft landscaping.
- 1.1.2 This report presents the results of the evaluation, which comprised excavation of 90 trenches encapsulating a total area of approximately 10,350m² and representing an approximate 3% sample of the proposed development area (PDA).
- 1.1.3 The evaluation was conducted to assess the potential, character, significance and extent of any buried archaeological features and remains within the PDA. The results will be used to inform the Local Planning Authority of the requirement for, and scale of any further archaeological evaluation or mitigation, if required.
- 1.1.4 The evaluation was conducted in accordance with a written scheme of investigation (WSI) submitted by WYG (WYG 2017b) and approved by Kent County Council (KCC). CAT is a registered organisation with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) and operate to all CIfA by-laws, standards and policy statements.

1.2 Location, topography and geology

- 1.2.1 The proposed development area (PDA) is located southwest of Westwood Cross Shopping Centre, Thanet, Kent. The PDA covers an area of approximately 38 ha, and is bound to the north by Manston Court Road, to the east by Haine Road, and to the southeast by Coldswood Road. The south-west and west extents of the PDA are unbound and comprise open agricultural land.
- 1.2.2 The PDA is presently utilised for mixed arable cultivation (potato and cauliflower crops at the time of evaluation).
- 1.2.3 The ground level varied from approximately 52m above Ordnance Datum (OD) along the eastern edge of the PDA, dropping to between 36m OD and 40m OD along the base of a north to south aligned dry-valley which extends along the centre of the PDA, and rising to 48m OD along the western edge of the PDA.
- 1.2.4 Underlying solid geology comprised a Cretaceous sedimentary bedrock belonging to the Margate Chalk Member, partially overlain by remnant sedimentary sand, silt and clay of the Thanet Formation surviving intermittently along the east side of the PDA. This was overlain by a superficial deposit of Head clay and silt (NERC 2017).

1.3 Heritage potential

- 1.3.1 A desk-based assessment of the PDA has been produced by WYG (2017a). No designated heritage assets are located within the PDA. However, some 206 non-designated heritage assets are located within the PDA and immediate setting, as well as 96 previous archaeological events. Relevant non-designated heritage assets and archaeological events are listed below with reference to the Kent Historic Environment Record (Kent HER) number:
- Potential prehistoric and/or Anglo-Saxon funerary monuments represented by cropmark features, include two double concentric ring ditches (Kent HER MKE91349 and MKE7633), a large enclosure/ring ditch with potential secondary Anglo-Saxon inhumation burials (Kent HER MKE7666), and two potential ring ditches (Kent HER MKE7667 and MKE7684);
 - Romano-British occupation include a building and enclosure (Kent HER MKE7755), partially excavated in 1980, and a potential pond (Kent HER MKE7754), located immediately west of the PDA;

- Other undated cropmark features, probably spanning prehistoric through to medieval periods, comprise potential trackways, pits, linear features and sunken featured buildings (Kent HER MKE7684 and MKE7685).
 - Iron Age pits (Kent HER MKE78656) and a Romano-British ditch (Kent HER MKE78657) were recorded in the northeast of the PDA during archaeological monitoring work of installation of the Fleet and Haine Hospital pipeline in 2003 (Kent HER EKE11864). Further evidence for Romano-British activity was excavated as part of the Margate to Weatherlees Hill Wastewater Works pipeline (Kent HER MKE97608-10 and event EKE9327) and included a small Romano-British casket cremation cemetery located immediately south of the PDA at Coldswood Road and Romano-British field system, ditches, post-holes and pits (Kent HER MKE21074).
 - Find spots for Iron Age silver coins are recorded from the central area of the PDA (Kent HER MKE74031 and MKE74291), and Romano-British coins and bronzes have been found immediately west of the PDA by metal detectorists (MKE7755).
 - Part of a ditch forming a medieval enclosure (Kent HER MKE7665) was excavated immediately west of the PDA during monitoring of the Fleet to Haine Hospital pipeline (Kent HER event EKE11864). A rectangular enclosure visible as a cropmark in the northeast portion of the PDA may relate to a series of medieval enclosures previously excavated immediately northeast at Starr Lane (MKE97610 and MKE20599). Features included evidence for sunken featured buildings with combined bakehouses/brewhouses and/or kitchens.
- 1.3.2 A full list of non-designated heritage assets and archaeological events, and an archaeological and historical narrative of the PDA and heritage setting are provided in the desk-based assessment (WYG 2017a). The findings presented within the desk-based assessment were consulted by CAT prior to commencement of the evaluation fieldwork.
- 1.3.3 The desk-based assessment (WYG 2017a) determined that the PDA contained heritage assets of low to medium heritage value (where low heritage value equated with non-designated heritage assets of local importance and medium with designated or non-designated heritage assets of regional importance). The proposed development was determined to have a potential for a substantial negative impact upon any archaeological remains present within the PDA.
- 1.3.4 As part of the assessment it was recommended that a geophysical survey be conducted across the PDA as part of the present application. The geophysical survey was conducted by Headland Archaeology (UK) Limited in May 2017. The results of the geophysical survey, which comprised of magnetometer survey of the entire PDA have confirmed and enhanced the existing heritage record. Two significant areas of archaeological activity were identified (AAA2 and AAA3) within the PDA, and these correlate very closely with the cropmark features recorded in the Kent HER. Geophysical anomalies are listed in accordance with Headland Archaeology reference numbers (Headland 2017).
- 1.3.5 The geophysical survey results also indicated a correlation between archaeological features and underlying geological conditions, with few anomalies identified in areas of superficial Head deposits (Headland 2017). This might suggest that the archaeological potential within the PDA could be greater than identified by the survey and Kent HER results alone (WYG 2017b).

2 Project aims, objectives and methodology

2.1 Aims and objectives

2.1.1 The project followed the aims, objectives and methodology as set out in the approved WSI (WYG 2017b).

2.1.2 The overall aim of the archaeological evaluation was to evaluate both the geophysical anomalies and areas of poorer resolution/blank area, which may be masking previously unrecorded archaeological remains, and to identify previously unrecorded archaeological remains, including presence/absence, form, date, survival and significance, within the PDA. The results of the evaluation would be used to confirm areas where there are no significant archaeological remains on the site, or to identify selected areas of archaeological interest requiring the attention of further archaeological excavation/monitoring or preservation in situ.

2.1.3 Specific aims of the evaluation were as follows:

- There are a number of ring ditches and potential ring ditches recorded within the PDA, visible both as cropmarks and anomalies identified during the geophysical survey. Several trenches have been positioned to explore the presence, character, preservation and significance of these features, specifically trenches 6, 9, 34-37 and 50.
- There are several enclosures and potentially related trackways recorded within the PDA, visible both as cropmarks and anomalies identified during the geophysical survey. Several trenches have been positioned to explore the presence, character, preservation and significance of these features, as well as establishing the presence of internal/ related features such as pits and post holes.
 - ❖ Cropmark features associated with MKE7684 were refined by the geophysics results include at least three enclosures (E2-5, Headland 2017) and two trackways (TR1-2, Headland 2017), as well as features within the interior of the enclosures, which could represent large pits or structures.
 - ❖ Enclosures 2-8 will be investigated by trenches 3, 4, 12 and 17; 6, 8, and 11; 6, 7 and 9; 20, 22-23; 30; 67-69; and, 65 and 66 respectively.
 - ❖ Trackways 1-3 will be investigated by trenches 6 and 11; 8; and 30-32 respectively.
- The geophysics survey identified two previously unknown potential enclosures within the southeast of the PDA. The character, extent and significance of these features will be explored through trenches 82, 83, 86 and 87.
- Excavations at Star Lane identified a series of medieval remains including a probable medieval bakehouse. The aim of trenches in this part of the site (e.g. trenches 51 to 60) is to establish the presence/continuation and extent of medieval structures and enclosures identified at Star Lane within the northeast portion of the PDA, associated with HER record MKE78396.
- Two further sets of features were identified within the PDA along the line of the Manston Road watermain: MKE78657, a Roman ditch, and MKE78656, Iron Age pits. Trenches 2 and 52 have been located to assess the continuation of these features within the PDA.
- The results of the evaluation trenching is also anticipated to contribute to broad themes highlighted by the various SERF research agenda period discussions, including:
 - ❖ Late Neolithic and Early Bronze Age round barrows and funerary practices, including ritual aspects of funerary practices/ treatment of the dead.
 - ❖ Middle Bronze Age/Iron Age transition and evolution of settlement.
 - ❖ Romano-British transition from preceding period, settlement evidence, economy and funerary practices.
 - ❖ Romano-British/Anglo-Saxon transition and Anglo-Saxon material culture and urbanisation.

- ❖ Medieval period industry including workshops and processes, as well as social structure (as reflected in settlements, buildings, material culture for instance).

2.1.4 Specific objectives of the archaeological evaluation was to:

- Excavate archaeological evaluation trenches as identified in the WSI;
- Identify any archaeological features and deposits of interest;
- Excavate and record identified archaeological features and deposits, at an appropriate level, in order to characterise their form, character, survival and significance;
- While a full post-excavation assessment is not required at this stage, sufficient post-excavation assessment should be undertaken to confidently interpret archaeological features identified during site works, and to assess recovered artefacts and samples to identify the potential scope for detailed analysis in any future mitigation;
- Report the results of the archaeological work and any post-excavation assessment and place them within their local and regional context;
- Identify the potential extent and nature of archaeological remains within the development site and whether a further programme of archaeological mitigation will be required; and
- Compile and deposit a site archive at a suitable repository.

2.2 Methodology

2.2.1 The evaluation was conducted in accordance to an approved WSI (WYG 2017b), and followed the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists Code of Conduct (CIfA 2014a), Standard and guidance: for archaeological field evaluation (CIfA 2014b), and the Kent County Council Manual of Specifications Part B Evaluation – trial trenching requirements (KCC 2017).

Evaluation fieldwork

2.2.2 A total of 90 evaluation trenches, each measuring 50m by 2.2m were excavated. This comprised 88 trenches (1-87 and 90) located in accordance with a trench layout as set out in the WSI (WYG 2017b), and two contingency trenches (88 and 89) located following the outcome of a site meeting held between WYG and KCC. In addition, three trenches (7, 43 and 67) were extended in area to better establish the full extents of exposed archaeological features.

2.2.3 Trenches were set out using a differential GPS (Leica Viva GS16). Prior to excavation utility plans were consulted and all trenches area scanned using a cable avoidance tool. Trenches were excavated using a 20-tonne mechanical excavator fitted with a flat-bladed bucket to the level of archaeological deposits or natural geology.

2.2.4 All exposed archaeological remains were cleaned by hand, photographed, and mapped. Features and deposits were sample excavated to sufficiently characterise and date in accordance with the objectives of the WSI. Recording of contexts was undertaken using pro-forma CAT trench and context recording sheets. Single-context plans were hand drawn on A3 drafting film at a scale of 1:20. Sections were drawn at a scale of 1:20. All hand drawn plans and sections were tied to Ordnance Survey National Grid and Ordnance Datum using the differential GPS and an overall site plan digitally produced.

2.2.5 A full digital SLR photographic record was maintained of all trenches and identified archaeological features and deposits, with a graduated metric scale for reference.

2.2.6 Artefacts were retrieved by context. Finds processing was undertaken concurrently with excavation to provide spot dating of significant contexts. Artefacts requiring conservation were stabilised during excavation.

2.2.7 Bulk soil samples were taken from archaeological deposits and features under advisement from a qualified environmental archaeologist, following discussion of the date and quantity of artefacts and environmental evidence present.

Project Archive and data processing

- 2.2.8** The project archive has been prepared in accordance with the *United Kingdom Institute for Conservation Guidelines for the preparation of excavation archives for long term storage* (UKIC 1990), *Standards in the museum care of archaeological collections* (Museums and Galleries Commission 1992b) and the *Selection, Retention and Dispersal of Archaeological Collections: guidelines for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland* (The Society of Museum Archaeologists 1993).
- 2.2.9** The project archive is presently held at the office of the Canterbury Archaeological Trust (92a Broad Street, Canterbury, Kent CT1 2LU), The project record sheets have been checked and collated. Hand drawn plans and sections have been scanned and digitised using AutoCAD 2018. Photographic records have been catalogued and cross-referenced with trench records.
- 2.2.10** All retained artefacts recovered during the project have been processed, catalogued and packaged in accordance with the United Kingdom Institute for Conservation Guidelines (UKIC 1990). The finds have all been washed and marked where appropriate.
- 2.2.11** Bulk finds are contained by context in polybags and stored within 'standard' (17×12×9' with 4' deep lift off lid, capacity 0.03 cubic metres) or 'half sized' (17×12×4' with 4' deep lift off lid, capacity 0.015 cubic metres) brass wire-stitched museum boxes (1900 micron double kraft-lined, pH 6.5–8) supplied by the Ryder Box Co.
- 2.2.12** Registered finds (including all metal finds) are stored in sealable plastic containers, with silica gel and a humidity indicator strip, as required.
- 2.2.13** A digital copy of the project archive has been compiled using the CAT Integrated Archaeological Database (IADB), a secure password protected online resource available at:
http://iadb.canterburytrust.co.uk/portal_main.php?DB=CAT.

2.3 Health, Safety and Welfare

- 2.3.1** Health, Safety and Welfare followed the CAT Company Health, Safety and Welfare Policy (CAT 2017a) and a project specific Risk Assessment and Method Statement (CAT 2017b) approved by WYG on behalf of Greenacre (Thanet) Limited.

3 Fieldwork results

3.1 Overview

3.1.1 Archaeological remains were recorded in 64 (71%) of 90 excavated trenches. This comprised a total of 269 archaeological features and 1,031 individual context records. Archaeological features comprised 157 ditches/linear features, 42 pits, 19 post-holes, 9 potential sunken featured buildings, 9 potential trackways, 23 chalk extraction or quarry pits, 9 other or undifferentiated features, and 1 agricultural feature. No archaeological remains were identified in Tr 1, 2, 4, 5, 17, 26, 27, 29, 33, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 47, 54, 55, 59, 60, 61, 64, 71, 72, 73, 79, and 90 (Table 1).

Table 1. Count of context records and archaeological features by trench

Trench	Contexts	Ditch/linear	Pit	Post-hole	Quarry	SFB	Trackway	Agricultural	Other	Total
1	3									
2	4									
3	6	1								1
4	4									
5	4									
6	18	5	1		1					7
7	36	1	4		1	3				9
8	19	2	1			1				4
9	10	2								2
10	15	1	1	1					1	4
11	18	6	1					1		8
12	20	1	1	1	2		1			6
13	5	1								1
14	9	2		1						3
15	17	4			2					6
16	10		1							1
17	3									
18	5	1								1
19	22	2	4						1	7
20	14	3			1	1				5
21	19	4	2							6
22	19	2	2						2	6
23	9	1			1					2
24	7	1								1
25	7				1				1	2
26	3									
27	3									
28	14	1		2		1				4
29	4									
30	36	5		7					2	14
31	30	10					1			11
32	26	7					1			8
33	3									
34	22	2	1							3
35	21	5								5
36	11		1		2					3
37	19		2	1	2					5
38	11			3						3
39	3									
40	3									
41	4									
42	3									
43	29	8	1							9
44	3									
45	6	1								1
46	10	2	2							4
47	6								1	1
48	8	1								1
49	10	3								3
50	8	2								2
51	10	2	1							3
52	5	1								1
53	5	1								1
54	4									

Trench	Contexts	Ditch/linear	Pit	Post-hole	Quarry	SFB	Trackway	Agricultural	Other	Total
55	3									
56	6	1								1
57	7	1								1
58	5	1								1
59	3									
60	4									
61	6									
62	5	1								1
63	11	2	2							4
64	3									
65	20	2			2		1			5
66	21	3			1					4
67	45	5	3		2	2				12
68	24	9				1				10
69	27	2	2	1	2					7
70	27	2	2	1	1					6
71	3									
72	3									
73	3									
74	5	1								1
75	6	1					1			2
76	18	2	1		2		1			6
77	18	3		1			2		1	7
78	23	3	2				1			6
79	4									
80	7	1	1							2
81	5	1								1
82	18	4								4
83	11	2	2							4
84	5	1								1
85	11	4								4
86	12	2	1							3
87	8	2								2
88	18	7								7
89	9	3								3
90	4									
Total	1031	157	42	19	23	9	9	1	9	269

3.1.2 Identified archaeological features were investigated in 235 hand-excavated interventions.

3.1.3 Recovery of dateable artefacts enabled 70 (26%) of 269 archaeological features to be dated to 6 chronological periods spanning the later prehistoric to post-medieval/modern periods.

3.1.4 A count of archaeological features from each trench by period is summarised in Table 2.

Table 2. Count of archaeological features by period

Trench	Prehistoric	Late Iron Age/early Roman	Early Roman	Late Roman	Medieval	Post-medieval	Undated	Total
1								
2								
3					1			1
4								
5								
6			3				4	7
7			2	6			1	9
8			3				1	4
9		1					1	2
10							4	4
11				1		1	6	8
12					1	2	3	6
13							1	1
14							3	3

Trench	Prehistoric	Late Iron Age/early Roman	Early Roman	Late Roman	Medieval	Post-medieval	Undated	Total
15						2	4	6
16							1	1
17								
18							1	1
19							7	7
20							5	5
21			2				4	6
22					2		4	6
23					1		1	2
24							1	1
25							2	2
26								
27								
28							4	4
29								
30			2		1		11	14
31							11	11
32							8	8
33								
34	2						1	3
35	4						1	5
36							3	3
37							5	5
38							3	3
39								
40								
41								
42								
43			2				7	9
44								
45							1	1
46		1				2	1	4
47							1	1
48							1	1
49							3	3
50							2	2
51							3	3
52							1	1
53							1	1
54								
55								
56							1	1
57							1	1
58							1	1
59								
60								
61								
62							1	1
63							4	4
64								
65			3				2	5
66	1		3					4
67	1	1	1	1	1		7	12
68	1		2				7	10
69			2				5	7
70	1		1	2			2	6
71								

Trench	Prehistoric	Late Iron Age/early Roman	Early Roman	Late Roman	Medieval	Post-medieval	Undated	Total
72								
73								
74							1	1
75							2	2
76	1						5	6
77					1		6	7
78	1						5	6
79								
80							2	2
81							1	1
82							4	4
83							4	4
84							1	1
85	1						3	4
86					1		2	3
87					2			2
88							7	7
89							3	3
90								
Grand Total	13	3	26	10	11	7	199	269

3.1.5 A description of archaeological features by period is presented below. Archaeological contexts have been assessed and sorted into hierarchical sets and groups.

3.1.6 Supporting specialist reports are included in Appendices 1–2. A full context register by trench is provided in Appendix 3.

3.2 General stratigraphy

G1 Geology

3.2.1 Geological deposits were exposed in all trenches. Observed geological deposits conformed to the British Geological Survey (NERC 2017) and geophysical survey (Headland 2017) data, and comprised Margate Formation Chalk, overlain by remnant Thanet Bed and superficial Head deposits.

3.2.2 The depth at which geological deposits were encountered varied across the PDA, from as shallow as 0.10m (Tr57), directly onto Margate Chalk Formation exposed along the valley slope, to a depth of 0.82m (Tr3) above Head deposits within the valley bottom.

G2 Geomorphological features

3.2.3 Several potential ditch/linear features might represent natural erosional channels within the Margate Chalk Formation generated by surface water runoff down the valley slope. This was recorded for ditch/linear features 3012 (Tr30); 3109, 3113 (Tr31); 3223, 3225 (Tr32); 6204 (Tr62); and 8804, 8811, 8813 and 8817 (Tr88). All ten features were characterised by irregular sides and bases, and had sterile fills.

G3 Colluvium

3.2.4 A colluvial deposit, formed as a result of weathering and downslope soil movement, was recorded above both Margate Chalk Formation and Head deposits on the lower slopes and base of the dry valley (Tr 1, 2, 3, 4, 16, 17, 18, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 33, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 47, and 48).

3.2.5 Dating of colluvial deposits to determine deposition rate and whether this process was episodic based on climate and landuse change, was not sufficiently established. Two sherds of late prehistoric pottery and four worked and one burnt flint was recovered from an intervention in colluvial deposit 4703 (Tr 47), and one sherd of Roman pottery and two sherds of late medieval pottery were recovered from an intervention in deposit 3803 (Tr 38).

3.2.6 The earliest dated archaeological feature truncating a colluvial deposit was late medieval ditch 305 (Tr3). Further undated archaeological features truncated colluvial deposits in Tr16, 18, 22, 25, 28, 38, 47, 48.

3.2.7 No archaeological features were identified below colluvial deposits.

G4 Subsoils/topsoil

3.2.8 All archaeological remains, colluvial deposits and geology were overlain by a subsoil, comprising a mid-yellow brown to orange brown sand silt to silt clay deposit. This varied in thickness between 0.04m (Tr4 and Tr11) and 0.70m (Tr64). No subsoil was recorded in Tr5, 6, 74, 80, 82.

3.2.9 Subsoils were overlain by a mid to dark grey brown cultivated loamy clay, which varied in thickness between 0.10m (Tr9) and 0.50m (Tr22 and Tr38).

3.3 Period 1: Later prehistoric (c 3500-120 BC)

3.3.1 A total 13 later prehistoric features, potentially of Neolithic, Bronze Age and Iron Age date, were recorded within Tr34, 35, 47, 66, 67, 68, 70, 76, 78 and 85. These comprised 11 ditch/linear features 1 trackway and 1 post-hole.

G5 Double ring-ditch

3.3.2 Six ditch segments 3403 and 3405 (Tr 34) and 3506, 3510, 3516 and 3520 (Tr35) represent elements of a double ring ditch, located on an west-facing sloping, overlooking the southern end of the dry valley. The ring ditch had a visible maximum external diameter of 29.9m and maximum internal diameter of 17.01m. The inner ditch (3403, 3510 and 3520) measured up to 2.7m wide by 1.3m depth. The outer ditch (3405, 3506 and 3516) measured up to 2.8m wide by 1.4m depth. No contemporary internal/external features were identified. A later undated pit 3404 cut ditches 3403 and 3405 (Tr 34), and later undated linear 3512 truncated ditch 3520 (Tr 35). The double ring ditch potentially represented a prehistoric burial mound or barrow, and equates with archaeological anomaly RD2 identified during geophysical survey (Headland 2017, 4).

G6 Ditch/linear features

3.3.3 Prehistoric linear features, potentially representing field or boundary ditches, comprised a N-S aligned ditch 6617 (Tr66), three E-W aligned ditches 6712 (Tr 67), 6811 (Tr68) and 8506 (Tr85), and a NE-SW ditch 7615 (Tr76). Ditches varied between 0.7m and 1.44m wide and between 0.18m and 0.56m depth.

3.3.4 These features appear to be constrained to the eastern part of the PDA, on the upper west facing valley slope overlooking the double ring ditch.

G7 Trackway

3.3.5 A linear feature 7810 (Tr78), aligned WNW-ESE, was particularly broad, measuring 2.8m wide, and shallow, 0.2m deep, and might represent part of a sunken lane or trackway, rather than a field ditch. The trackway potentially followed the natural topography along the 50m OD contour.

G8 Post-hole

3.3.6 A single post-hole 7019 (Tr70) was tentatively dated to the later prehistoric period. The post-hole, which measured 0.82m long by 0.53m wide and 0.2m deep, contained three sherds of prehistoric pottery.

3.4 Period 2: Late Iron Age to early Roman (c 120 BC-AD 43)

3.4.1 A total 3 archaeological features were dated to the transitional later Iron Age/early Roman period, recorded in Tr9, 46 and 67. All 3 features comprised ditches.

G9 Ditch/linear features

3.4.2 A NE-SW aligned ditch 904 (Tr9), 2.8m wide by 0.98m depth, was potentially associated with parallel undated ditch 903, 1.2m wide by 0.28m depth, and situated 2.85m to the south. Five sherds of late Iron Age/early Roman pottery were recovered from the fill of ditch 904. Both ditch 904 and 903 are possibly associated with a possible archaeological anomaly RD1 identified by crop mark and geophysical survey (Headland 2017), and suspected to be a potential ring ditch.

3.4.3 Ditch 4606 (Tr46) measured 0.97m wide by 0.28m depth, and was aligned E-W. A single sherd of late first century BC to early first century AD pottery was recovered from the fill.

3.4.4 Ditch 6739 (Tr67) measured 1.24m wide by 0.5m depth, and was aligned E-W. The ditch truncated undated features 6741 and 6743, representing an earlier ditch/linear feature and pit, respectively. An assemblage of 60 sherds of pottery, dated to the mid first century BC to early first century AD, was recovered from ditch 6739.

3.5 Period 3: Early Roman (c AD 43-200)

3.5.1 Some 26 features have been dated to the early Roman period, recorded in Tr6, 7, 8, 21, 30, 43, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69 and 70. Archaeological features comprised 13 ditch/linear features, 5 pits, 1 post-hole, 2 sunken featured buildings (SFBs) and 5 quarries. It is probable that this represents both a continuation of activity dated to the transitional later Iron Age/early Roman period, and an intensification of land use across the PDA.

G10 Ditches/linear features

3.5.2 Thirteen ditch/linear features were dated to the early Roman period (604 (Tr6), 715 (Tr7), 804 (Tr8), 2110 (Tr21), 3004 (Tr30) 4316 and 4324 (Tr43), 6508 and 6514 (Tr65), 6613 and 6615 (Tr66), 6807 and 6817 (Tr68)). The ditches varied between 0.76-3.49m wide and 0.35-0.65m depth.

3.5.3 Ditches 604 (Tr6), 715 (Tr7) and 3004 (Tr30) correspond with archaeological anomalies located by geophysical survey (Headland 2017).

3.5.4 Ditch 604 (Tr6) bounds the western edge of a N-S aligned track or drove way, approximately 4.5m wide, bounded to the east by undated parallel ditches 614, 615, 616 and 617. The geophysical anomalies can be traced southward, the western edge continue as ditch 1105, dated to the later Roman period, and the eastern edge by undated ditch 1107 (Tr11).

3.5.5 Ditch 715 (Tr7) forms southern bounds of a potential rectilinear enclosure surrounding settlement activity.

3.5.6 Ditch 3004 (Tr30) bounds the northern edge of a NE-SW aligned track or drove way, identified as a geophysical anomaly TR3 (Headland 2017). The trackway continues SW, represented by undated ditches 3119 and 3107 (Tr31) and 3216 and 3221 (Tr32). The surface of the trackway is represented by an undated gravel metalling 3116 (Tr31) and 3218 (Tr32). The NE extent potentially aligns with undated ditch 8815 (Tr88).

G11 Refuse pits/post-holes

3.5.7 Five pits, 607 (Tr6), 814 (Tr8), 2107 (Tr21), 6728 (Tr67), and 6917 (Tr69), and a post-hole 3020 (Tr 30), were dated to the early Roman period and represent potential occupation evidence focused along the west-facing slope of the dry valley between the 40m and 52m OD contour. Bulk environmental samples processed from pit 814 and 2107 indicate domestic food processing refuse including bone, avian eggshell, marine shellfish, charred plant and cereal remains. Evidence for potential craft industries was also identified, comprising metalworking waste (hammerscale), and textile production (a conical ceramic spindle whorl (SF46) recovered from pit 6728).

3.5.8 Post-hole 3020 (Tr30) was located south-east of boundary ditch 3004. The post-hole might be associated with undated post-hole/features 3016, 3018, 3022, 3031, 3032, 3033 and 30335.

G12 Sunken featured buildings

3.5.9 Two sunken featured buildings (SFBs) were dated to the early Roman period. SFB 729 (Tr7) was situated adjacent to two later Roman SFBs (727/735 and 732/6733), and potentially contained within the enclosure boundary defined by ditch 715 (Tr7). SFB 807 (Tr8) was situated between refuse pit 814 and ditch 804 (Tr8).

3.5.10 The full dimensions of both SFBs were not exposed. The visible maximum width varied between 3.8-4.6m. Both SFBs had shallow, flat floors, 0.11m and 0.33m depth. A structural post-hole survived on the east side of SFB 807. No in situ surfaces survived. Finds included 31 sherds of pottery dated to mid to

late second century AD from SFB 729 and 8 sherds of pottery dated mid to late first century AD, along with animal bone and daub from SFB 807.

G13 Quarry pits

- 3.5.11 Five large pits (610 (Tr6), 6510 (Tr65), 6604/6606/6611 (Tr66), 6911 (Tr69), 7023 (Tr70)), dated to the early Roman period, were interpreted as potential chalk extraction or quarry pits.
- 3.5.12 Pit extents were not fully exposed within evaluation trenches, but visible maximum extents measured between 8.4m (6510) to 30.12m (6604/6606/6611). All of the pits cut into the surface of the Margate Formation Chalk, with observed depths varying between 0.36m (610) to 0.78m (6510).
- 3.5.13 Quarry pit 6604/6606/6611 potentially extended northwards to encapsulate presently undated quarry pit 6505.

3.6 Late Roman (c AD 200-410)

- 3.6.1 A total of 10 archaeological features were dated to the later Roman period, recorded in Tr7, 11, 67 and 70. Archaeological features comprised 2 ditches, 4 pits, 2 SFBs and 2 quarry pits.

G14 ditches

- 3.6.2 Two ditches 1105 (Tr11) and 7022 (Tr70) were dated to the later Roman period.
- 3.6.3 Ditch 1105 measured up to 3.65m wide, by 0.71m depth, potentially represented a recut of an early Roman boundary ditch demarcating the western side of a N-S aligned trackway, and is likely associated with an intercutting group of parallel undated boundary ditches 1109, 1115, 1117 situated 0.45m to the west, and undated ditch 1107 situated 2.6m to the east. Ditch 7022 measured 1.86m wide by 0.81m deep, and truncated the northern edge of quarry pit 7023.

G15 Pits

- 3.6.4 Four pits 719, 720 and 722 (Tr7), and 7012 (Tr70) were dated to the late Roman period. Pits 719, 720 and 722 represented an intercutting group, truncating early Roman ditch 715 (Tr7). Pit 720 contained an ashy basal deposit (718) rich in charred cereal grains (environmental sample <4>), as well as pottery,, animal bone, marine shell, daub, and iron nail and iron hobnail, and a silver coin of mid fourth century AD date (SF8107).
- 3.6.5 Pit 7012 (Tr70) corresponded with an archaeological anomaly identified during geophysical survey (Headland 2017), also contained charred cereal remains, though less well preserved (environmental sample <13>), along with a particularly rich assemblage of finds, including pottery, fragments of tile and opus signinum mortar, daub, animal bone, marine shell, iron nails, hobnails, and glass.

G16 Sunken featured buildings

- 3.6.6 Two SFBs 727/735 and 732/733 (Tr7), were situated adjacent to an earlier Roman SFB 729. SFB 732 measured 6.49m long by 0.18m depth, and had a single post-hole located at its north end. SFB 727/735 measured 4.34m wide by 0.44m, and had two post-holes located on its north and south-sides respectively.
- 3.6.7 Both SFBs contained late Roman pottery dated to the late third to fourth century, with SFB 727/735 also containing pottery dated to the fourth to early fifth century AD. Fragments of red and white painted plaster were recovered from SFB 727/735.

G17 Quarry pits

- 3.6.8 Two quarry pits, 707/713 (Tr7) and 6710 (Tr67), were dated to the later Roman period. Quarry pit 707/713 (Tr7) was situated south of SFB 727/735 and north of pits 719, 720 and 722. The quarry measured 5.48m wide and cut through the Margate Formation Chalk to a depth of 0.95m. Quarry pit 6710 (Tr67) potentially measured up to 12.84m wide, appearing to extend across the route of a potential trackway defined as a geophysical anomaly (TR3, Headland 2017), and cut into the Margate Formation Chalk to a depth of at least 0.73m.

3.7 Medieval (c AD 1050-1550)

- 3.7.1 A total of 11 archaeological features were dateable to the medieval period, recorded in Tr3, 12, 22, 23, 30, 38, 67, 77, 86, and 87. Archaeological features comprised 9 ditches/linear features, 1 pit and 1 quarry pit.

G18 Ditches/linear features

- 3.7.2 A total of 9 ditches/linear features, 305 (Tr3), 1216 (Tr12), 2206 (Tr22), 3028 (Tr30), 6704 (Tr67), 7712 (Tr77), 8603/8609 (Tr86), 8704 and 8707 (Tr87) were dated to the medieval period. With exception of ditch 8704, 8707 and 8603/8609, ditches varied between 1.3-2.9m wide and between 0.22-0.86m depth.
- 3.7.3 Ditch 8704, 8707 (Tr87) and 8603/8609 (Tr86) formed the north-east corner of a substantial rectangular enclosure previously identified as a geophysical anomaly (D2, Headland 2017). The ditch measured up to 7.7m wide and was excavated to a depth of up to 0.98m without reaching the base. Pottery from this feature was dated to the thirteenth to fourteenth century AD.
- 3.7.4 Ditch 305 (Tr3) and ditch 1216 (Tr12) potentially relate to a rectangular enclosure (E2) previously identified as a geophysical anomaly (E2, Headland 20017).
- 3.7.5 Ditch 3028 (Tr30) corresponds with an enclosure previously identified as a geophysical anomaly (E6, Headland 2017), the north side of which was represented by undated ditch 3010 (Tr30).

G19 Pit

- 3.7.6 Pit 2212 (Tr22) was sub-rectangular and measured 2.22m long by 0.97m wide, and 0.08m depth. The south side was truncated by an undated post-hole 2210. The function of this feature was indefinite, and might represent the remnants of a medieval SFB rather than pit. Dating is tentative, based on a single sherd of eleventh to twelfth century AD pottery.

G21 Quarry pit

- 3.7.7 Quarry pit 2308 (Tr23) had a maximum visible extent of 12.33m and cut through the Margate Formation Chalk to a depth of 0.90m. Pottery from the upper fill was dated to the thirteenth to fourteenth century AD.

3.8 Post-medieval/modern (c 1550-present)

- 3.8.1 A total of 7 archaeological features could be dated to the post-medieval to modern period, recorded in Tr11, 12, 15 and 46. These comprised 1 agricultural feature, 1 ditch, 1 pit, 3 quarry pits and 1 trackway.

G22 Agricultural feature

- 3.8.2 Agricultural feature 1119 (Tr11) comprised a series of striations into the Margate Formation Chalk, forming regular cross hatch pattern at 1.6m to 2.9m intervals at the SW end of the trench.

G23 Ditch/linear feature

- 3.8.3 Ditch/linear feature 4609 (Tr46) was aligned E-W and measured 0.23m wide by 0.16m depth. The fill contained 5 fragments of post-medieval tile.

G24 Pit

- 3.8.4 A single pit 4604 (Tr46) was dated to the post-medieval/modern period. The pit measured 0.62m in diameter by 0.43m depth and contained 1 sherd of eighteenth to nineteenth century pottery, a clay pipe stem and a fragment of glass.

G25 Quarry pits

- 3.8.5 Three quarry pits were dated to the post-medieval to modern period.
- 3.8.6 Quarry pit 1205/1208 (Tr12) had a visible width of 9.78m and cut the Margate Formation Chalk to a depth of 1.09m. Trackway 1210 (Tr12) formed a shallow hollow extending into quarry pit 1205/1208

and is likely integral to the quarry providing cart access to the workings. Pottery of fifteenth to sixteenth century date was recovered from the quarry backfill.

- 3.8.7 Quarry pit 1512 and 1514 (Tr15) had a visible width of 17.12m, but was not excavated to its full depth. The feature was previously identified as a geophysical anomaly (Q1, Headland 2017).

3.9 Undated archaeological features

- 3.9.1 A total of 199 archaeological features could not be attributed to a chronological period due to an absence of dateable artefacts. Undated features comprised 118 ditch/linear features, 31 pits, 17 post-holes, 12 quarry pits, 5 SFBs, 7 trackways, 1 agricultural, and 8 other or undifferentiated features.

G26 Ditches/linear features

- 3.9.2 A total 118 ditch/linear features could not be dated. Several might be provisionally attributed to chronological periods on the basis of association with dateable adjacent features and identified geophysical anomalies.
- 3.9.3 Ditches 614, 615, 616, and 617 (Tr6), and 1107, 1109, 1115 and 1117 (Tr11) align with a geophysical anomaly defining a potential N-S trackway (TR1, Headland 2017) and might be considered contemporary with early Roman ditch 604 (Tr6) and later Roman ditch 1105 (Tr11).
- 3.9.4 Ditch 816 (Tr8) can be seen to align with a geophysical anomaly defining a potential Roman enclosure ditch (E3, Headland 2017), early Roman ditch 715 (Tr7), and adjoining early/late Roman trackway (TR1, Headland 2017).
- 3.9.5 Ditch 6304 (Tr63) is potentially a continuation to the NE of early Roman ditch 6510 (Tr65).
- 3.9.6 Ditches 3119 and 3107 (Tr31) and 3216 and 3221 (Tr32), and ditch 8815 (Tr88) potentially represent boundary ditches demarcating an NE-SW aligned early Roman trackway, represented by geophysical anomalies TR3 (Headland 2017) and early Roman ditch 3004 (Tr30).
- 3.9.7 Ditch 3010 (Tr30) is potentially a continuation of medieval ditch 3028 (Tr30), representing geophysical anomaly enclosure E5 (Headland 2017).

G27 Pits/post-holes

- 3.9.8 Some 31 pits and 17 post-holes could not be dated. No spatial patterns could be discerned in the distribution of pits, and there were no clear structural alignments between post-holes.

G28 Sunken featured buildings

- 3.9.9 Five potential SFBs could not be dated.
- 3.9.10 SFB 2013 (Tr20) had a visible width of 4.1m and depth of 0.2m, cut into the Margate Formation Chalk.
- 3.9.11 SFB 2806 (Tr28) had a visible width of 3.94m wide and depth of 0.18m cut into the Margate Formation Chalk, and had two associated post-holes.
- 3.9.12 SFB 6718 (Tr67) measured 4.62m long by 2.0m wide, and had a redeposited chalk floor laid onto geological Head deposit, and an internal oven or hearth surviving at its SE end. The hearth measured 0.88m long by 0.44m wide.
- 3.9.13 SFB 6733 (Tr67) was located 4m south of SFB 6718 and had a visible width of 5.6m, its north edge truncated by pit 6729, which had been dated to the early Roman period.
- 3.9.14 SFB 6805 had a visible width of 3.71m and depth of 0.15m, cut into the Margate Formation Chalk. The SFB had a potential beam slot 0.11m wide by 0.06m deep, cut into its base and extending along the SE edge.

G29 Quarry pits

- 3.9.15 Twelve chalk extraction or quarry pits could not be dated.

G30 Trackways

- 3.9.16 Seven trackway segments could not be dated.

- 3.9.17** Trackway 3116 (Tr31) and 3218 (Tr32) both comprised of shallow hollows cut into the Margate Formation Chalk, and overlain by flint gravel deposits interpreted as purposefully laid metallings. Both surfaces lay between correspond with geophysical anomaly TR3 (Headland 2017) and are potentially early Roman in date.
- 3.9.18** Trackway 6518 (Tr65) formed a comparable shallow hollow cut into the Head deposit and overlain by flint gravel metalling, and is likely to represent a continuation of the trackway to the north-east, represented by geophysical anomaly TR3 (Headland 2017).
- 3.9.19** Trackways 7503 (Tr75), 7605 (Tr76) and 7714 (Tr77) correspond with geophysical anomaly FT1 associated with an historic trackway shown on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map published in 1873 (Headland 2017).

G31 Other features

- 3.9.20** Nine features of uncertain function or form could not be dated.

4 Conclusion

- 4.1.1 The evaluation identified significant buried archaeological remains surviving within the PDA.
- 4.1.2 Six chronological periods were represented spanning the later prehistoric, late Iron Age to early Roman, later Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods.
- 4.1.3 Prehistoric features included a double ring ditch, boundary ditches and a post-hole. Three boundary ditches were attributed to the transitional late Iron Age to early Roman period.
- 4.1.4 The greatest concentration of dated archaeological features were attributed to the early and later Roman periods. Evidence included boundary ditches forming enclosures surrounding possible settlement activity, and boundaries demarcating trackways, sunken featured buildings, refuse pits and chalk extraction or quarry pits.
- 4.1.5 No Anglo-Saxon or early medieval activity was identified within the PDA. The earliest post-Roman activity was dated to the later eleventh century, with the focus of medieval occupation dated to the thirteenth to fourteenth centuries. These comprised three potential rectilinear enclosures, including one particularly wide and deep enclosure ditch located in the south of the PDA. Excavation immediately north of the PDA at Starr Lane had previously identified a focus of medieval activity comprising enclosure ditches and sunken featured buildings with combined bakehouses/ brewhouses and/or kitchens. Several potential sunken featured buildings within the PDA remain undated, including one with a potential oven or hearth, and these might prove to be contemporary.
- 4.1.6 Post-medieval activity was limited to one ditch, one pit, an agricultural feature, and two quarry pits, one with an associated access via a trackway.
- 4.1.7 Recovery of artefacts from investigated archaeological features was moderate/low, with dateable finds limited to only 70 (26%) of 269 features. Finds included pottery, ceramic building material, worked flint, burnt flint, and metalworking residues. During the evaluation, a metal detectorists survey of machine removed spoil by KAMSU recovered some 2466 metal finds collectively weighing nearly 48kg. Recovered registered finds included some 153 diagnostic finds, including 1 late Iron Age, 11 Roman and 1 medieval coin, along with other metal and non-metal finds.
- 4.1.8 Preservation of environmental data was influenced by calcareous soil conditions with good potential to obtain significant data on diet and economy. Charred plant remains were common in many features, animal bone was in moderate to poor condition, and evidence for consumption of marine fish and shellfish was recovered.
- 4.1.9 The evaluation has confirmed and supplements the results from previous desk based and geophysical survey work in informing on the archaeological potential within the PDA. The proposed development lies within a historic agrarian landscape with some evidence for associated settlement. The proposed development has a high potential to impact on heritage resources of local, and regional significance. Appropriate mitigation will be required prior to implementation of any groundworks.
- 4.2 **Confidence Rating**
- 4.2.1 The evaluation was sufficiently resourced and conducted under good weather conditions. Appropriate duration was given to enable archaeological features to 'weather out' following initial machine excavation.
- 4.2.2 The evaluation is considered to have satisfactorily determined the presence/absence of the archaeological resource within the PDA and to have provided sufficient data on the character, form, extent and date.

5 References

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Appendix 1. Finds data

By Andrew Richardson and Andrew Savage

5.1 Introduction

- 5.1.1** A large number of artefacts were recovered during the evaluation, both as a result of sample excavation and by the accompanying metal detector survey. The recovered finds were subdivided into three broad groups; a number of finds, including a selection from the metal detector survey, were individually registered, either on-site or during finds processing. These objects (or in a few cases multiple objects) were assigned a unique number (prefixed SF) and entered in the Integrated Archaeological Database (IADB). These records predominantly relate to metal finds, including coins.
- 5.1.2** Material recovered in bulk such as pottery, ceramic building material, animal bone and flint was entered collectively by context into the IADB (prefixed BF). Finally, a large group of mainly modern or undiagnostic objects recovered during the metal detector survey was counted and weighed by material, but was not deemed of sufficient analytical worth to merit entry in the IADB.
- 5.1.3** All the registered finds were examined individually, preliminarily identified, and then assessed by material group. Assessment was undertaken in cognisance of the procedures of assessment as set out in MAP 2 (English Heritage 1991), to provide both a quantification of the assemblage and a qualitative overview of its potential for further analysis.
- 5.1.4** This report is ordered according to material (e.g. ‘copper alloy objects’ or ‘iron objects’) and within those material groups by functional category where possible. A statement on the conservation of items in each material group is also included.

5.2 Bulk Finds

By Andrew Richardson

- 5.2.1** Table 3 provides a summary quantification of the bulk finds recovered during the evaluation. As can be seen, the largest single material type, both by count and by weight, was pottery, accounting for roughly half the assemblage. The pottery is discussed separately by Andrew Savage.
- 5.2.2** The remaining bulk finds include a range of ceramic building material, including Roman and medieval/post-medieval tile, daub and opus signinum (Roman concrete) and painted wall plaster (also likely to be Roman). The collective presence of Roman tile, concrete and painted wall plaster, albeit in relatively small quantities, implies the presence of a significant Roman structure or structures in the near vicinity, perhaps the Roman building excavated immediately west of the PDA (Kent HER MKE7755).
- 5.2.3** Significant quantities of animal bone and shell (including marine shell such as oyster and mussel) were recovered. This material is only likely to merit analysis where it is from discrete archaeological contexts, but the recovery of these quantities during evaluation means that further fieldwork is likely to yield considerable further amounts of biofacts (see Appendix 2). In addition to data on economy and subsistence, the potential for the recovery of other information on site use, including data on disposal practises and nature of settlement activity should also be considered, as was indicated for example by the recovery of a potential votive or placed semi-articulated cattle skeleton laid above an ash-rich deposit in later Roman pit 720 (Tr7).

Table 3. Quantification of bulk finds

Material/Type	Records	Count (objects/fragments)	Weight (g)	Notes
Pottery	141	1295	15705	Plus 12x records from samples (not counted)
CBM: Tile	14	32	950	
CBM: Daub	33	158	2076	Plus 3x records from samples (not counted)
CBM: Other	5	29	89	Includes Opus Signinum and painted plaster
Animal Bone	52	886	5430	
Shell	47	303	2063	Includes Land and Marine shell. 1x record from samples (not counted)

Material/Type	Records	Count (objects/fragments)	Weight (g)	Notes
Clay Pipe	2	2	2	Tobacco pipe
Burnt Flint	6	56	1902	Plus 1x record from samples (not counted)
Worked Flint	46	86	1015	Plus 1x record from samples (not counted)
Stone	14	61	806	
Glass	5	5	20	Mostly from vessels
Metal Working	6	10	365	Plus 3x records from samples (not counted)
Other	4	28	91	Includes Geological Objects and burnt material
Total	375	2951	30514	

5.2.4 In addition, quantities of worked and burnt flint, the majority of which is likely to be of prehistoric date, were recovered, along with small amounts of other worked stone, post-medieval clay tobacco pipe, glass and metalworking debris and residues.

5.3 The pottery

By Andrew Savage

5.3.1 Approximately 1295 sherds of pottery, weighing 15,705g were recovered from 110 contexts. Only 3 contexts, 708, 2404, and 6910 yielded more than 50 sherds.

5.3.2 The pottery was examined briefly, by eye, for the purposes of spot-dating.

Condition:

5.3.3 Variable. Mostly small to medium sized sherds, but including larger, fresher sherds of both early and late Roman date from some contexts.

Provenance:

5.3.4 A wide range of local and imported fabric types have been identified. Although a number of Roman fineware imports were identified, the coarsewares of all periods would appear to have been almost exclusively, although not entirely made either locally or elsewhere in East Kent (at Canterbury, for example in the Roman and medieval periods). The Roman finewares include imports from the continent as well as wares from north Kent and other Romano-British sources. Various of these wares are discussed below. The pottery is entirely characteristic of domestic occupation.

Chronology:

5.3.5 Although the pottery recovered ranges in date from the prehistoric period to the eighteenth or nineteenth centuries, the vast majority of it belongs to the Roman period, and it is particularly striking that material of post-medieval date is almost absent.

Prehistoric: 54 sherds from 16 contexts.

5.3.6 Most of this material is flint-tempered and most may be late Iron Age in date, although this remains to be confirmed. It represents coarsewares and on that basis most if not all of it is likely to have been made locally. A majority was found in contexts dated as mid-first century AD or later on the basis of accompanying ceramics. Contexts yielding only prehistoric sherds (20 in total) were 4703, 6616, 6810, 7018, 7613 and 78/Z, and of these 7018 (3 sherds) and 78/Z (9 sherds) were tentatively identified as perhaps being earlier than the others.

Roman: 1139 sherds from 85 contexts.

5.3.7 In this discussion 'Roman' includes later Iron Age 'Belgic' material, most of which, here is likely to belong to the first century AD. The pottery recovered comprises a range of fabric and form types, both coarse and fine, mostly sand or grog-tempered, all of which are well known in East Kent, and which include continental imports.

5.3.8 Although the pottery may broadly reflect the full span of Roman occupation, there is relatively little mid-Roman material, most of it appearing to represent the first, and possibly the fourth centuries, with a

quantitative emphasis on the former, especially given that many of the later Roman deposits also contain earlier, residual material.

- 5.3.9 Much of the early pottery from the site comprises local coarsewares which might either pre-date or post-date the Roman conquest (these largely being 'Belgic' grog-tempered ware and a fine-grained 'silty' fabric colloquially known as 'Thanet Dry'). Contexts which yielded these fabrics but no additional 'romanised' wares have generally been dated as mid-first century AD, being of likely late pre-conquest or early post-conquest date.
- 5.3.10 Early imports comprise early Gaulish white flagon- and possibly beaker-wares, *terra nigra*, *terra rubra* and central Gaulish micaceous *terra nigra*. The latter fabrics represent several pre- and post-conquest platter types: CAM1 which can be late Augustan, CAM14 which spans the conquest-period and CAM16, which is exclusively post-conquest.
- 5.3.11 Later first to second and second to third century material includes quantities of fine reduced Upchurch-type ware, Canterbury reduced and oxidised sandywares, black- burnished wares, and harder-fired grog-tempered and sand-tempered wares characteristic of these periods in East Kent. South and central gaulish samian was identified as well as a few sherds representing south Spanish Dressel 20 olive oil amphorae.
- 5.3.12 Most of the late Roman pottery (defined here as falling into a late third to fourth/very early fifth century date range) was recovered from trenches 7, 67 and 70. Contexts of this date are characterised in particular by the presence of late Roman grog-tempered ware and Oxfordshire red-brown colour-coated and Parchment wares, fabrics which became increasingly dominant in East Kent during the course of the fourth century. Contexts yielding high proportions of these wares, and therefore presumed to be late, include 704, 708, 723, and 724. Other late imports identified, in addition to Oxfordshire types, were Argonne ware (NE Gaulish), Alice Holt ware (SE English) and Eifelkeramik (from the Eifel region of the Rhineland). All of these types are at least occasionally encountered in late Roman deposits in SE England and thus none are unexpected here.

Post-Roman. 79 sherds from 15 contexts.

- 5.3.13 The earliest conclusively post-Roman pottery is a single sherd of coarse sandyware from context 2211, probably from a cooking-pot. The sherd has been assigned a possible eleventh to twelfth century date. Additionally, a single small sherd of hand-made reduced sandyware from context 6706 must be mentioned, as it is possible that it is early to mid-Saxon in date. It could equally, however, be of late Iron Age 'Belgic' type. The pottery accompanying this sherd is mixed, comprising 'Belgic', early to mid-Roman and probable late Roman material.
- 5.3.14 The latest pottery comprised 5 post-medieval sherds from contexts 600, 1203 and 4603. The remainder, 73 sherds from contexts 304, 1209, 1215, 2202, 2205, 2306, 3026, 3803, 6603, 7716 and 8703, were all dated within a twelfth to fourteenth century range.
- 5.3.15 The medieval material appears to mostly represent cooking-pots with the addition of a few jugs. Fabrics are largely coarse sandywares, sometimes with the addition of some shell (the latter a trait which appears to largely die out locally in the early thirteenth century). Most if not all of this material is likely to be of East Kent origin, much of it resembling Canterbury Tyler Hill ware.

5.4 Registered finds

By Andrew Richardson

- 5.4.1 A summary quantification of the registered finds assemblage by material type is presented in Table 4 below. The majority of these were retrieved during the metal detector survey. As a result, the assemblage mainly consists of metal finds (iron, copper alloy, lead, silver, pewter), along with a few non-metal objects. In addition to artefacts, a number of copper alloy and silver coins were recovered.
- 5.4.2 Only finds that were of pre-modern date or that were deemed to be intrinsically significant were registered. These have been individually registered and entered in the IADB. The majority of finds recovered during the metal detector survey were not considered worth individually registered, and a summary of these is presented below. However, those finds that were registered range in date from the

late Iron Age to post-medieval periods. As can be seen from Table 2, the majority of the assemblage comprises coins, or artefacts of copper alloy or iron. They are briefly discussed by material type below.

Table 4. Quantitative summary of Registered Finds

Material/Type	Records	Count (objects/fragments)	Weight (g)	Notes
Coinage	26	27	114	Copper alloy and silver
Iron	65	108	1290	
Copper alloy	36	37	142	
Lead	12	14	81	
Other metal	5	5	17	Pewter, possibly aluminium
Non-metal	9	9	1097	
Total	153	198	2741	

Coinage

- 5.4.3 A total of 27 coins recovered during the metal detector survey were registered. Three were of silver, the rest copper alloy. The earliest coin, SF9041 from Tr11, is a bronze unit of late Iron Age (c first century BC to early first century AD) date. The assemblage includes 11 Roman coins, ranging in date from the mid second century (SF9025 from Tr30, a coin of Antoninus Pius minted in AD 154-5), to the late fourth century (SF9046 from Tr7, a nummus of Valens minted in Arles between AD 375-8). Most of the Roman coins date to the late third to mid-fourth century AD.
- 5.4.4 The only medieval coin recovered during the survey was a single long cross silver penny of Edward I (SF9069 from Tr47), minted in London between AD 1282-9. Post-medieval coinage was represented by coins of Elizabeth I (SF9021), Charles II (SF9067) and a range of other eighteenth to early twentieth century issues.

Finds of copper alloy

- 5.4.5 A total of 37 copper alloy artefacts or fragments (excluding numismatic finds, discussed separately above) recovered during the metal detector survey were registered. This small assemblage comprises dress accessories (buttons, buckles, brooches, a strap-end, a possible ear-ring), thimbles, a toy cannon, and several fittings and fixings (studs, rivets, a hook).
- 5.4.6 Three of the finds are of probable Roman date; brooches SF9020 and SF9042, and possibly buckle SF9030. Finds of medieval date include buckles SF9035 and SF9077, brooch pin SF9008, strap-end SF9016 and the suspension loop from a purse bar (SF9018).

Finds of iron

- 5.4.7 The 108 objects and fragments of iron include nails (making up the majority of the assemblage) but also hobnails (likely to be of Roman date), hooks, a possible knife (SF41), part of a lock (SF9058), studs, plate fragments, and a number of currently unidentified objects. The latter would require X-raying to further identify them.

Finds of lead

- 5.4.8 The 14 lead (or lead alloy) finds recovered include 8 items of ammunition (2 bullets and 6 round shot of varying calibre). SF9007 appears to be a lead bag or cloth seal. Like the ammunition, this is of post-medieval or early modern date. In contrast, SF9010 is part of a circular medieval seal matrix, with the surviving fragment of its legend visible as the letters STEP, possibly part of the personal name 'Stephan'?

Other metal finds

- 5.4.9 A small number of other metal finds include a small (probably toy) padlock and 2 fragments of spoons, probably of pewter, and a button, probably of aluminium.

Non-metal registered finds

5.4.10 The non-metal registered finds include 2 ceramic spindle whorls (SF46 and SF9073), glass fragments, and worked stone, the latter including 3 fragments of quern (SF9098).

5.5 Non-registered finds from metal detector survey

5.5.1 In addition to the individually registered finds discussed above, quantities of undiagnostic and/or modern finds were recovered from each trench. The quantity and weight by material has been recorded for each trench in an Excel spreadsheet. Table 5 provides a summary quantification of this material.

Table 5. Summary quantification of non-registered finds recovered by metal detector survey.

Material	Quantity	Weight (g)
Aluminium and/or stainless steel	160	799.70
Iron	1496	41943
Copper alloy	534	2578.70
Lead	254	2380.60
Other material	22	158.90
Total	2466	47860.90

5.5.2 As can be seen, overall nearly 2500 non-registered objects or fragments, collectively weighing nearly 48kg, were recovered during the metal detector survey, in addition to the much smaller quantity of diagnostic finds that were registered either on site or during subsequent inspection. The recovery of such quantities of non-diagnostic and modern metalwork, particularly iron, is very characteristic of intense metal detector surveys. The analytical value of such material, recovered from cultivated (and therefore mixed) horizons, is typically extremely limited and therefore no further work is recommended on the material quantified in Table 5, and indeed this part of the assemblage could be safely discarded in due course.

5.5.3 The trenches which yielded the most material by weight (i.e., over 1kg) were Tr7, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 34, 61, 65, 67, 76, 85 and 89.

5.6 Conclusion

5.6.1 Collectively, the finds assemblage recovered during the evaluation provides clear evidence of prehistoric, Roman, medieval and early post-medieval activity on the site. Some of this assemblage merits further detailed assessment and analysis, and any further fieldwork should be expected to generate considerable further quantities of dateable, diagnostic material culture of most periods.

Appendix 2. Environmental data

By Enid Allison

5.7 Introduction

- 5.7.1 Twenty bulk samples (BS/GBA samples *sensu* Dobney *et al.* (1992)) were taken from features provisionally dated to the prehistoric and Roman periods during the archaeological evaluation, the majority representing Roman activity. All were processed for the purposes of this report. Soils on the site were 'dry' and chalky which limits the potential for preservation of some categories of biological remains.
- 5.7.2 This report provides a basic record of the remains recovered from the samples, and highlights the potential of some remains to produce data relating to human occupation and activity in the area.

5.8 Methods

- 5.8.1 Individual sample volumes were 7–33 litres (see Table 1). Each sample was processed in its entirety after being soaked overnight in water containing washing soda (sodium carbonate), using standard techniques of wet-sieving with flotation for recovery of biological material (Kenward *et al.* 1980). Flots were collected on 0.5mm mesh, and heavy residues on nested 2mm and 1mm sieves. All fractions were air-dried.
- 5.8.2 The dried residue fractions >2mm have been sorted in their entirety for animal and plant remains and cultural material. Artefacts have been passed to the Finds Department for recording and storage. Burnt flint and heat-affected clay was weighed and discarded. The fine residue fractions (>1mm) have not been systematically examined at this stage, other than to check several for the efficiency of flotation.
- 5.8.3 The dried flots were briefly scanned under a low power stereoscopic microscope (x10) to ascertain their contents. Abundance of remains was recorded semi-quantitatively on a four-point scale as: occasional +, moderate (approximately 4-10 items) ++, frequent +++, and abundant ++++ (see Table 1).

5.9 Results

General comments

- 5.9.1 The remains noted in the >2mm residue and flot of each sample are summarised in Table 1. Fine recent roots were frequent in most flots. Small numbers of uncharred seeds in some samples indicate movement of modern material down the soil profile as a result of bioturbation. This is a common occurrence, particularly on calcareous soils. A very limited range of taxa is involved and in most cases there is no difficulty in distinguishing the seeds from ancient charred material. Small numbers of clearly recent invertebrate remains (earthworm egg capsules, millipedes, centipedes, beetles, fly puparia) were also noted in some samples. These categories are not mentioned further below but details from individual samples are shown in Table 1.

Charred plant remains and charcoal

- 5.9.2 Charred plant remains are frequent to abundant in the majority of the flots with assemblages dominated by cereal grains and chaff. Chaff appears to be well-preserved throughout, but grain is generally moderately-preserved, a particular exception being a large assemblage of well-preserved material in the base of cut [720]. Weed seeds are moderately frequent in some samples and occasional fragments of hazelnut shell and fruit stone were noted. Small to moderate amounts of fine charcoal were recovered. Charred small roundwood was abundant in context 706, the primary fill of [707].

Bone

- 5.9.3 Bones of large mammals, ?bird, microvertebrates and fish were recovered. The large mammal and ?bird bone is poorly preserved being highly fragmented, considerably eroded and root-etched, and only a few fragments are potentially identifiable. Small numbers of fragments are burnt. The microvertebrate (rodent, amphibian) remains are very fragile but in a much less eroded state than the bone of larger species, perhaps suggesting a more recent origin. Fish bones, and in one case scales, were noted in four samples.

Eggshell

- 5.9.4 Fragments of avian eggshell were noted in several samples.

Marine mollusc shell

- 5.9.5 Marine mollusc shell is common in many of the features. Species represented in the samples are mussel, oyster, limpet, cockle, variegated scallop, periwinkle, common whelk, and red whelk. Barnacle carapace plates and bryzoan fragments which are likely to have been transported to the site attached to shellfish were also noted in several samples.

Terrestrial snails

- 5.9.6 Snail shells were recorded from all the sample flots. *Caecilioides acicula* was common in most of them but it burrows to depths of well over a metre and is frequently intrusive in archaeological deposits. It is also suspected of being a relatively recent introduction. The score for abundance of snails in Table 1 does not include this species. Most samples include species such as *Pupilla muscorum* and *Vallonia costata*, both characteristic of dry open places, particularly short-turfed grassland (Davies 2008, 175-6), but others include species suggestive of longer grassland and shaded conditions.

5.10 Conclusions

- 5.10.1 Most of the deposits sampled during the evaluation produced a range of biological remains relating to Roman settlement. Charred plant remains are common in many features and have a high potential for further work. Any future archaeological work on the site should include a sampling strategy aimed at the recovery of representative assemblages from the full range of features and deposits. The charred plant assemblages will provide evidence relating to diet, crop production, processing and storage, the nature of settlement, and local land use. They will also provide a comparison with assemblages from the Roman settlement at Monkton-Mount Pleasant (Pelling 2008) and contribute to data on the agricultural history of the area.
- 5.10.2 All animal bone recovered during the evaluation, either by hand-collection or from samples, is in a moderate to poor condition which will hinder identification and limit the metrical data that can be obtained. However, the very small amount of bone recovered from the samples does include small numbers of fish bones. It is likely that a bone assemblage of a least moderate size, such as that from Monkton-Mount Pleasant (Bendrey 2008), will be recovered if more extensive archaeological work is carried out on the site. This is likely to have a significant potential to provide information on diet and economy, site-use, disposal practices, and the nature of settlement.
- 5.10.3 A variety of shellfish was consumed within the Roman settlement. Material recovered from samples is likely to provide a better overall picture of shellfish consumption than hand-collected shells which tend to consist mainly of relatively complete specimens of large species such as oyster and whelk.
- 5.10.4 Unless wells or other deep features with waterlogged preservation are located during any subsequent mitigation works, the snail assemblages from ditches or other features filled by natural or semi-natural processes are the only remains that have potential to produce localized palaeoecological data. For example, it may be possible to determine whether hedgerows were present adjacent to trackway or enclosure ditches. The usefulness of any analysis would depend on obtaining dates for the deposits. Snail assemblages from heavily man-influenced features, such as pits, generally have a poor potential for analysis because of problems of residuality, intrusion and re-working.

5.11 References

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Table 6. Material recovered from bulk environmental samples

Context	Sample	Description	Litres washed	>2mm Residue (kg)	Contents >2mm residue (other than chalk and flint)	Flot (ml)	Contents flot
705	<1>	Secondary fill of feature [707]	9	1.2	Oyster fragment 2g; mussel fragments 1g; terrestrial snail fragments ++	80	Charcoal +, charred plant remains (cereal grain +, chaff +, seeds +); terrestrial snails (including <i>Carychium tridentatum</i> , <i>Trucatellina</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Vallonia excentrica</i> , <i>Cochlicopa</i> , Clausiliidae, Helicidae) +++; modern centipede; modern roots +++
706	<2>	Primary fill of feature [707]	8	1.2	Pot sherds 7g; mussel fragments 2g; oyster fragments <1g; terrestrial snail fragments ++	100	Charcoal +, charred cereal grain +; uncharred seeds +; terrestrial snails (including <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Cochlicopa</i>) +++; modern plant material +; modern roots +++
711	<3>	Fill of quarry feature [713]	24	2.1	Burnt flint (3 pieces) 178g; flint flake (x1); heat-affected clay fragments with chalk inclusions 102g; pot sherds 11g; mammal bone fragments (some burnt) 5g; amphibian vertebra (x1); oyster fragments 2g; mussel fragments <1g; limpet fragments <1g; cockle fragment <1g	700	10% SCANNED Charcoal ++++; small charred twig fragments ++++; charred plant remains (moderately to poorly preserved cereal grain +, chaff ++, fruitstone fragments +); terrestrial snails (including <i>Ena obscura</i> , <i>Vertigo</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i>) ++; modern roots +
718	<4>	Charcoal/ash layer in base of cut [720]	16	1.8	Heat-affected clay fragments with chalk inclusions 58g; pot sherds 148g; coin; poorly preserved indeterminate mammal bone fragments 2g; poorly preserved oyster fragments 4g; trace mussel	400	10% SCANNED Charcoal +++; charred plant remains (well-preserved cereal grain +, chaff +, seeds +); terrestrial snails (including <i>Vertigo</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i>) ++; modern roots ++++; modern ash key +
724	<5>	Fill of cut [727], possibly a Roman building	12	1.75	Heat-affected clay fragments with chalk inclusions 31g; pot sherds 27g; mammal bone fragments (some burnt) 15g; eggshell +; mussel fragments 5g; red whelk fragments 4g; oyster fragment <1g; cockle fragment <1g; periwinkle fragment <1g; small bivalve fragment	125	50% SCANNED Charcoal ++; charred plant remains (cereal grain +, cereal/grass stem node +); uncharred seeds +; terrestrial snails (including Clausiliidae, <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Vallonia excentrica</i> , <i>Vertigo</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Carychium tridentatum</i>) +++ ; modern roots ++++
813	<1>	Fill of large steep-sided refuse pit [814]	8	3.2	Pot sherds (x3) 34g; trace hammerstone/small Fe fragment; eggshell +; oyster valves and fragments 72g; mussel fragments 4g; common whelk fragments <1g;	75	Charcoal ++; charred twig fragments +; charred plant remains (poorly preserved cereal grains ++, chaff ++); terrestrial snails ++; modern roots +++
818	<2>	Fill of large steep-sided refuse pit [814]	8	1.8	Pot sherds 59g (mainly one large sherd); oyster valve and fragments 32g; mussel fragments 7g; limpet fragment <1g; terrestrial snail fragments +	80	Charcoal ++; charred plant remains (charred cereal grains ++, chaff +, cereal/grass stem nodes +); uncharred seeds +; terrestrial snails ++; modern beetle elytron +; modern roots +++
1213	-	Fill of cut [1214]	15	7.8	Large >2mm residue almost entirely chalk; tiny traces heat-affected clay, clinker and flake hammerstone; traces mussel, cockle and limpet shell; terrestrial snail shell fragments +; slug plate (x1)	150	Charcoal +; poorly preserved charred plant remains including cereal grains ++; uncharred seeds +; terrestrial snails (including <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i> , Helicidae) ++; modern millipede +; coal and clinkered material +; modern roots ++++

Context	Sample	Description	Litres washed	>2mm Residue (kg)	Contents >2mm residue (other than chalk and flint)	Flot (ml)	Contents flot
2105	<1>	Fill of square steep-sided pit [2107]	17	2.9	Pot sherds 7g; large mammal tooth (x1) and indeterminate bone fragments 27g; oyster valves and fragments 634g; mussel fragments 375g; limpet shells and fragments 7g; varigated scallop fragments <1g; small bivalve <x1),?other marine mollusc fragment; barnacle carapace plates +	60	Charcoal +; charred plant remains (moderately to poorly preserved cereal grain +, chaff +, seeds +); terrestrial snails other than <i>C. acicula</i> (including <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Pomatias elgans</i> , <i>Vallonia excentrica</i> , <i>Vertigo</i>) ++; modern millipede +; modern fly puparia ++; modern beetle elytron +; modern roots ++
2211	<16>	Fill of irregularly-shaped shallow pit [2212], possibly a structure	16	2.1	Pot sherd (x1) 2g; heat-affected.burnt clay 1200g; slag (one piece with heat-affected clay adhering) 27g; Fe fragment 3g; oyster valve and fragments 24g; mussel fragments 3g; limpet fragments 3g	150	Charcoal ++; clinker-like material +++; fine hammerstone (flake and spheroidal) ++; poorly preserved charred cereal grains +; other clinkered charred ?plant remains ++; uncharred seeds (presumed recent) +; terrestrial snails other than <i>C. acicula</i> (including <i>Vallonia excentrica</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i>) +; modern millipede; modern roots ++
3007	<7>	Upper fill of V-shaped, flat-based trackway/enclosure ditch [3010]	18	4.3	Mussel fragments 5g; terrestrial snail shells and fragments +++	75	Charcoal +; charred cereal grain +; terrestrial snails (<i>Helix aspersa</i> , <i>Helicella itala</i> , <i>Cepaea</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vallonia</i> , <i>Vertigo</i> , <i>Acanthinula aculeata</i> , <i>Lauria cylindrica</i> , <i>Carychium tridentatum</i>) ++++; modern roots ++; modern cereal/grass stems +
3013	<8>	Fill of [3014], possibly a natural deposit but daub was present on top of it	7	1.6	Periwinkle 3g; mussel fragments <1g	50	Charcoal +; charred plant remains (moderately to poorly preserved cereal grains +, chaff +, seeds +); uncharred seeds +; terrestrial snails +; modern roots ++
3214	<6>	Upper fill of ditch [3216] beside partly metallated trackway	13	1	Traces of mussel and periwinkle shell; terrestrial snail fragments ++	70	Traces charcoal and charred plant remains (broken cereal grain, hazelnut shell or fruitstone fragment); terrestrial snails (including Clausiliidae, <i>Carychium tridentatum</i> , <i>Cochlicopa</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vertigo</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Vallonia excentrica</i>) ++++; modern roots +++
3419	<9>	Lower fill of prehistoric outer ring ditch	18	2.7	>2mm residue almost entirely chalk; terrestrial snail shell fragments +	125	Calcareous root channels 0.5 - 2mm ++++; charcoal +; charred cereal grain +; uncharred plant remains (presumed recent) +; terrestrial snails (including <i>Discus rotundatus</i>) ++; modern beetle sclerite +; modern roots +
4309	<14>	Dump deposit in pit/ditch terminus [4310] with common daub and charcoal flecks	10	1.1	Burnt and fire-reddened flint 426g; heat-affected clay 15g	60	Heat-affected clay +++; charcoal +++; charred cereal grain +; uncharred seeds (presumed recent) +; earthworm egg capsule +; earthworm granules +; terrestrial snails other than <i>C. acicula</i> (including <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Vertigo</i>); modern roots ++
6705/ 6706	<10>	Upper fills of [6710], possible enclosure or boundary ditch	33	1.85	Pot sherds (x2) 40g; daub or very rough ceramic fragments (x3) 14g; heat-affected clay 29g; Fe fragment 1g; mammal fragments (1 burnt) 5g; micromammal +; amphibian +; fish vertebrae (x2); fish scale (x1); mussel fragments 81g; common whelk fragments 1g; cockle fragments <1g; varigated scallop fragment <1g; oyster valve and fragments 14g; tiny winkle; barnacle carapace plates +; terrestrial snail fragments +	175	Heat-affected clay/earth ++; charcoal ++; charred plant remains (moderately preserved cereal grain +, chaff +, seeds +); uncharred seeds (presumed recent) +; terrestrial snails (including <i>Ena obscura</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Vertigo</i> , <i>Helicidae</i>) +++; modern roots ++

Context	Sample	Description	Litres washed	>2mm Residue (kg)	Contents >2mm residue (other than chalk and flint)	Flot (ml)	Contents flot
6920	<15>	Backfill of quarry [6911]	14	2.5	?Poor quality pot sherds 9g; trace ? Fe waste; mammal fragments (some burnt) 2g; micromammal +; ?bird bone fragments +; tiny trace fish; eggshell +; mussel fragments (occasional fragments ?burnt) 153g; oyster valves and fragments 106g; cockle fragments (one burnt) 2g; periwinkle fragment 1g; barnacle carapace plates ++	100	Charcoal ++; charred plant remains (moderately preserved cereal grain +++++, chaff +++, seeds ++, hazelnut shell +); uncharred seeds (presumed recent) +; earthworm granules +; terrestrial snails (including <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i>) +++++; bryozoan fragments from shellfish +; modern roots +
7004	<11>	Uppermost fill of linear ?pit/ditch [7012]	18	1.8	Pot sherd (x1) 3g; Fe hob nail (x1) 2g; indeterminate mammal fragments 7g; microvertebrate +; oyster fragments 18g; mussel fragments 3g; limpet fragment <1g; terrestrial snail shell fragments ++	100	Charcoal +; charred plant remains (variably preserved cereal grain ++, chaff ++, seeds +); earthworm granules +; terrestrial snails (including Clausiliidae, <i>Carychium tridentatum</i> , <i>Cochlicopa lubrica</i> , <i>Pupilla muscorum</i> , <i>Vallonia costata</i>) +++++; coal, clinker and reddish slag +; modern roots +
7005	<12>	Second fill of linear pit/ditch [7012]	22	1.4	Pot sherds 12g; Fe object (?fish hook); mammal fragments 3g; micromammal +; amphibian +; fish vertebra (small species); mussel fragments 14g; oyster fragments 1g; terrestrial snail fragments ++	150	Charcoal ++; charred plant remains (moderately preserved cereal grain +++, chaff ++, ?grass seeds +); uncharred seeds (presumed recent) +; earthworm granules +; terrestrial snails (including <i>Vallonia costata</i> , <i>Cochlicopa lubrica</i> , <i>Carychium tridentatum</i> , <i>Cepaea</i>) +++++; slug plate +; modern roots +
7009	<13>	One of lower fills of linear pit/ditch [7012] with common charcoal, daub and clay flecks	15	1.5	Pot sherds 80g; tiny fragments heat-affected clay 2g; Fe hob nails 3g; ?slag and hammerscale 2g; mammal fragments 4g; micromammal +; amphibian +; indeterminate fish +; oyster valve and fragments 31g; mussel fragments 6g; cockle fragments 1g; terrestrial snails +	175	Charcoal ++; charred plant remains (moderately to poorly preserved cereal grain +++, chaff ++, seeds +, ?pulses/large seeds +); earthworm granules +; terrestrial snails (including Clausiliidae, <i>Cochlicopa lubrica</i>) ++; modern roots +

Appendix 3. Trench registers

TR1		Orientation	NE-SE	L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date		
100	Topsoil	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay.	0.20-0.26				
101	Subsoil	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Possibly colluvium?	0.06-0.09				
102	Geology	Chalk. Variable, but mostly off-white chalk, heavily weathered and with frequent small to large flints.				0.20-0.36	
Summary		No archaeological remains					

TR2		Orientation	NE-SE	L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date		
200	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay.	0.28-0.36				
201	Subsoil	Mid orange brown silty clay with chalk fragments.	0.06-0.26				
202	Geology	Chalk.				0.36	
203	Colluvium	Mid orange brown silty clay with chalk fragments. Very similar to subsoil 201.	0.54+			0.42-0.54	
Summary		No archaeological remains					

TR3		Orientation	NE-SE	L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date		
300	Topsoil	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay.	0.30-0.40				
301	Subsoil	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay with small chalk fragments and flints.	0.20-0.51				
302	Colluvium	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Very clean/sterile.				0.82-0.85	
303	Void						
304	Fill	Light brown very firm and compact silty clay with frequent flint and chalk inclusions. Fill of 305.	0.64+				13th-14th Century AD
305	Ditch	Only partially excavated. 0.65m wide slot excavated against south trench edge to 1.20m safety limit (from surface). Both edges of ditch exposed, but not base.	0.64+				
Summary		Late medieval	Ditch	305			

TR4		Orientation	N-S	L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date		
400	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown moderate silty clay.	0.31-0.32				
401	Subsoil	Mid orange brown silty clay with small chalk fragments.	0.04				
402	Geology	Chalk (one small patch at centre of trench).				0.33-0.47	
403	Colluvium	Mid orange brown silty clay with chalk fragments. Forms main deposit within base of trench. N.B. May be present in north end section, as it is easily mistaken for 401.	0.07+			0.22-0.51	
Summary		No archaeological remains					

TR5	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
500	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown moderate silty clay.	0.23–0.28		
501	Void				
502	Geology	Chalk		0.24-0.28	
503	Colluvium	Mid orange brown silty clay.		0.23	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR6	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
600	Topsoil	Grey brown moderate loamy clay. Abundant small chalk and common medium flint.	0.24–0.30		
601	Void				
602	Geology			0.20-0.36	
603	Fill	Brown grey moderate finely grained silty clay. Abundant small chalk. Common medium and large flints, and medium chalk. Fill of 604. Below 611, above 605.	0.14+		
604	Ditch	Steep sides. Flat base.	0.62		
605	Fill	Light grey moderate finely grained silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Rare medium flints. Fill of 604. Below 603.	0.36		
606	Fill	Brown, slightly orange, moderate silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Rare medium flint. Fill of 607. Below 600, above 608.	0.3		1st century AD
607	Pit	Very steep sides. Excavated to 0.40m depth.	0.40+		
608	Fill	Mottled grey and brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Fill of 607. Below 606.	0.20+		
609	Fill	Grey brown moderate silty clay. Common small chalk lumps. Fill of 610.	0.34		1st - 2nd century AD
610	Quarry	Full depth and width not revealed. NW side slopes down gradually.			
611	Fill	Brown grey moderate silty clay. Common small chalk. Fill of 604. Below 600, above 603. Cut by 607.	0.13		
612	Fill	Grey brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small chalk. Fill of 610.	0.28		
613	Fill	Grey firm silty clay. Abundant small chalk, rare medium flint. Full depth not revealed. Fill of 610.	0.44+		
614	Ditch	Cut of N-S linear, 0.78m wide			
615	Ditch	Cut of N-S linear, 0.70m wide			
616	Ditch	Cut of N-S linear, 0.63m wide			
617	Ditch	Cut of N-S linear, 0.34m wide			
Summary	Early Roman	Pit	607		
	Early Roman	Trackway	610		
	Undated	Ditch	604		
	Undated	Ditch	614		
	Undated	Ditch	615		
	Undated	Ditch	616		
	Undated	Ditch	617		

TR7	Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	Extension: 5m x 5m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
700	Topsoil	Dark grey brown sandy clay silt.	0.28			
701	Subsoil	No visible subsoil.				
702	Geology	Chalk with pockets of slightly yellow brown silty clay.		0.28		

TR7	Orientation	N-S	L 50m	W 2.2m	Extension: 5m x 5m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
703	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown firm silty clay. Moderate-frequent chalk nodules. Fill of 719.			Late 4th - early 5th century AD
704	Fill	Light brown white compact chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint nodules. Fill of 720.			Late 4th - early 5th century AD
705	Fill	Light-mid brown friable silty clay. Abundant chalk, common small-medium flint. Secondary fill of feature 707.	0.13-0.32		
706	Fill	Light brown compact silty clay. Abundant chalk and rare small to medium flint. Primary fill of feature 707.	0.46-0.50		Mid 3rd - 4th/early 5th century AD
707	Quarry				
708	Fill	Light-mid brown friable silty clay. Abundant chalk and flint. Fill of 713.	0.40-0.44		Mid 4th - early 5th century AD
709	Fill	Light yellow white compact chalk. Fill of 713.	0.28-0.30		
710	Fill	Light brown compact silty clay. Abundant chalk. Common flint. Fill of 713.	0.22-0.24		
711	Fill	Dark grey brown friable silty clay. Fill of 713.	0.06-0.08		Late 1st - mid 2nd century AD
712	Fill	Mid brown compact silty clay. Fill of 713.	0.22		
713	Quarry	Steep sided. Not bottomed. 1.88m width.	1.04+		
714	Fill	Light brown silty clay. Common chalk lumps. Fill of 715.			1st - mid 3rd century AD
715	Ditch	V shaped profile.			
716	Fill	Mid yellow brown silt. Common small chalk lumps. Fill of 717.	0.22		
717	Pit	Shallow. 0.75m width, 1.08m length.	0.22		
718	Fill	Very dark grey loose silty. Abundant carbon. Primary fill of 720.			Late 3rd - early 5th century AD
719	Pit	Truncated. 1.12m width.	0.4		
720	Pit	Squarish pit (initially interpreted as a grave). Truncated. 0.80 width.	0.65		
721	Fill	Mid brown compact silt. Common small chalk lumps. Fill of 722.			Late 3rd - 4th/early 5th century AD
722	Feature	Heavily truncated.			
723	Fill	Orange brown friable silty clay. Rare flint. Common chalk. Fill of 727.			4th - early 5th century AD
724	Fill	Dark grey brown friable silty clay. Common carbon. Fill of 727.			
725	Fill	Light brown compact chalk. Fill of 727.			
726	Fill	Light yellow brown friable silty clay. Common chalk. Rare flint. Fill of 727.			Mid 2nd - 3rd century AD
727	SFB	Possible Roman building? Equivalent to 735.			
728	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown firm sandy clay silt. Frequent chalk nodules. Fill of 729.			mid - late 2nd century AD
729	SFB	Gentle V-shape, shallow and even. Surface of chalk is degraded. Possible building.			
730	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown firm sandy clay silt. Frequent chalk nodules. Fill of 733.			Late 3rd - 4th century AD
731	Fill	Mid grey brown firm sandy clay silt. Frequent chalk nodules. Fill of 732.			
732	Post-hole				
733	SFB	Possible building.			
734	Fill	Mid red brown silty clay. Fill of 735.			Mid 2nd - 3rd century AD
735	SFB	Equivalent to 727.			
Summary	Early Roman	SFB	729		
	Early Roman	Ditch	715		
	Late Roman	Quarry	707		
	Late Roman	Pit	719		

TR7	Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	Extension: 5m x 5m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
	Late Roman	Pit	720			
	Late Roman	Pit	722			
	Late Roman	SFB	727			
	Late Roman	SFB	732			
	Undated	Pit	717			

TR8	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
800	Topsoil	Brown grey friable silty clay. Plough soil.		0.26-0.30		
801	Subsoil	Light brown firm silty clay. Common chalk fragments.		0.07-0.08		
802	Geology	Degraded plough-disturbed chalk.			0.22-0.38	
803	Fill	Dark brown grey compact silty clay. Fill of 804.				Mid - late 1st century AD
804	Gully	Shallow. 0.75m width, 1.08m length.				
805	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Common chalk. Fill of 807. Similar to 801.				
806	Fill	Light grey brown firm silty clay. Moderate chalk and flints. Fill of 807.				Mid - late 1st century AD
807	SFB	Shallow square feature. Possible SFB.				
808	Fill	Fill of 814 - no description given				pre-Flavian
809	Fill	Light orange brown silty clay. Fill of 814.				
810	Fill	Thin chalk fragments. Fill of 814.				Mid - late 1st century AD
811	Fill	Dark grey firm charcoal/ash. Fill of 814.				
812	Fill	Compacted small-medium chalk fragments. Fill of 814.				
813	Fill	Thin deposit of charcoal/ash. Fill of 814.				Mid 1st century AD
814	Pit	Large, steep-sided domestic refuse pit. 1.06m depth.		1.06		
815	Fill	Light grey brown firm silty clay. Fill of 816.				
816	Ditch	Field boundary ditch. Not bottomed.		0.64+		
817	Fill	Dark orange brown firm silty clay. Fill of 814.				
818	Fill	Yellow brown compact clay silt with moderate chalk and charcoal. Fill of 814.				pre-Flavian
Summary	Early Roman	Gully	804			
	Early Roman	SFB	807			
	Early Roman	Pit	814			
	Undated	Ditch	816			

TR9	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
900	Topsoil	Dark grey brown moderate silty clay.		0.10-0.21		
901	Subsoil	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay.		0.18-0.63		
902	Geology	Chalk.			0.29-0.84	
903	Ditch	Shallow (at SE end). Sloping sides and uneven base. 1.35m width.				
904	Ditch	Wide V shape at top, very steep sides at base. Flat bottom. Deep.				
905	Fill	Light brown silty clay with chalk fragments throughout. Upper fill of 904.		0.3		Late 1st century BC - mid 1st century AD
906	Fill	Light brown silty clay with abundant chalk fragments. Secondary fill of 904.		0.28		
907	Fill	Mid brown sticky and compact silty clay with chalk fragments. Basal fill of 904.		0.1		
908	Fill	Light brown silty clay with chalk fragments. Fill of 903.		0.24		

TR9	Orientation	NW-SE		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
909	Fill	Mid brown silty clay at NW end of trench. Uniform backfill / quarrying deposit? Similar to 901 (subsoil).		0.66		c. AD 270-290	
Summary	Late Iron Age/early Roman Undated	Ditch	904				
	Undated	Ditch	903				

TR10	Orientation	E-W		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
1000	Topsoil	Grey brown friable sandy silty clay.		0.24-0.28			
1001	Subsoil	Orange firm sandy clay. Common small and medium gravel. Not evident at south end of trench.		0.32+			
1002	Geology	Fragmented compacted chalk. Common medium and large flints. Abundant large and very large pockets of light brown and grey chalk silty clay. Not evident at north end.		0.27+	0.34-0.45		
1003	Fill	Brown moderate silty clay. Common medium gravel and small chalk. Fill of 1004.					
1004	Feature	Gradual sloping sides to gradual break of slope at base. Flat base. 1.84m width.		0.4			
1005	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Common flint, rare small chalk. Fill of 1007.		0.22			
1006	Fill	Light yellow brown silty clay. Rare flint. Abundant chalk. Fill of 1007.		0.12			
1007	Feature	1.80m width.					
1008	Fill	Light brown firm clay. Fill of 1010.		0.13			
1009	Fill	Dark brown firm clay. Fill of 1010.		0.17			
1010	Pit/post-hole	Steep sides and concave base. 0.55m diameter.		0.32			
1011	Fill	Orange brown firm sandy clay. Rare medium gravel. Fill of 1014.					
1012	Fill	Brown firm sandy clay. Common small and medium chalk lumps. Rare medium gravel. Fill of 1014.					
1013	Fill	Brown firm sandy clay. Fill of 1014.					
1014	Pit	East extent goes beyond LOE. Vertical south side. West and north sides slope gradually. 0.80+ width, 1.17m length.		0.48			
Summary	Undated	Feature	1004				
	Undated	Ditch	1007				
	Undated	Post-hole	1010				
	Undated	Pit	1014				

TR11	Orientation	NE-SW		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
1100	Topsoil	Dark grey brown clay. Ploughsoil.		0.28-0.30			
1101	Subsoil	Light brown firm silty clay. Common chalk.		0.04			
1102	Geology	Plough-scarred compact chalk with moderate small and medium flints.			0.24-0.34		
1103	Fill	Light grey brown firm silty clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 1105.				Late 3rd - 4th century AD	
1104	Fill	Mid orange brown loose silty clay. Common small chalk. Fill of 1105.					
1105	Ditch	NE to SW alignment.					
1106	Fill	Dark grey brown firm silty clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 1107.					
1107	Ditch	NE to SW alignment. Steep sides.					
1108	Fill	Dark brown firm silty clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 1109.					
1109	Ditch	N-S alignment. Possibly related to 1105.					
1110	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Fill of 1111.					

TR11	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1111	Ditch					
1112	Fill	Compact silty clay and chalk rubble. Fill of 1113.				
1113	Feature	Possible grave? Not excavated.				
1114	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Fill of 1115.				
1115	Ditch					
1116	Fill	Fill of 1117. Cut by 1115.				
1117	Ditch					
1118	Fill	Fill of 1119.				
1119	Horticultural feature	Regular linear scouring.				Post-medieval/modern

Summary				
	Late Roman	Ditch	1105	
	Post-medieval	Horticultural	1119	
	Undated	Ditch	1107	
	Undated	Ditch	1109	
	Undated	Ditch	1111	
	Undated	Pit	1113	
	Undated	Ditch	1115	
	Undated	Ditch	1117	

TR12	Orientation	ESE-WNW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1200	Topsoil	Grey brown moderate loamy clay. Abundant small chalk.		0.30–0.50		
1201	Subsoil	Light brown firm silty finely grained clay. Abundant small chalk.		0.23		
1202	Geology	Chalk			0.28-0.68	
1203	Fill	Light brown firm silty finely grained clay. Abundant small chalk. Common medium chalk. Fill of 1205.		0.24–0.30		15th - 16th century AD
1204	Fill	Brown white friable powdered chalk and silty clay 50%: small and medium chalk 50%. Slopes up over west edge of 1205.		0.24–0.40		
1205	Feature	West side only revealed. Sharp cut at top, very steep, uneven break at bottom. Flat base, slopes down gradually eastward.		0.47		
1206	Fill	Light brown moderate silty clay. Fill of 1205.		0.14		
1207	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Rare medium flint. Fill of 1208.		0.32		
1208	Quarry	Possible edge of quarry. West side only revealed. Slopes down gradually.		0.32		
1209	Fill	Light brown moderate silty clay 75%: small and medium chalk 25%. Fill of 1210.				Post-medieval
1210	Sunken way	Sunken trackway aligned NW-SE. NE edge cut away by 1208.		0.3		
1211	Fill	Light brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Fill of 1212.				
1212	Post-hole	Located at north corner of 1214.				
1213	Fill	Fill of 1214.				
1214	Feature	Square/rectangular in shape.				
1215	Fill	Light brown moderate silty clay 75%: small and medium chalk 25%. Fill of 1216.				12th - 13th century AD
1216	Ditch	Remains of ditch. Aligned NW-SE.		0.22		
1217	Fill	Light grey brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small chalk. Common medium chalk. Fill of 1210.		0.28		
1218	Fill	Light brown firm finely grained clay. Common small and medium chalk. Fill of 1205.		0.11–0.25		
1219	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Fill of 1205.		0.22		

TR12	Orientation	ESE-WNW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
Summary	Early medieval	Ditch	1216			
	Post-medieval	Quarry	1205			
	Post-medieval	Trackway	1210			
	Undated	Quarry	1208			
	Undated	Post-hole	1212			
	Undated	Pit	1214			

TR13	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1300	Topsoil	Mid-dark yellow grey brown loose-moderate silty clay.		0.24–0.26		
1301	Subsoil	Mid orange brown silty clay. Occasional chalk flecks and sub-angular and rounded flints		0.10–0.18		
1302	Geology	Mid orange brown silty clay with occasional small flint, sub-angular nodules and chalk outcrops.			0.28-0.47	
1303	Fill	Mid orange grey brown firm silty clay. Moderate chalk flecking, occasional shell. Moderate bioturbation. Fill of 1304.		0.4		
1304	Ditch	Short V shaped even sides, down to a slightly uneven but flat base (mostly chalk). Partially truncated by machine. 3.16m width.		0.4		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	1304			

TR14	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1400	Topsoil	Mid grey brown friable sandy silt. Roots and sub-angular flints.		0.28–0.36		
1401	Subsoil	Light red brown firm sandy clay. Abundant sub-angular flints.		0.14–0.21		
1402	Geology	Grey white chalk and mid red brown sandy clay.			0.23-0.47	
1403	Ditch	Shallow U shaped ditch with flat base, cut at southern extent.		0.19		
1404	Fill	Firm mid red brown sandy clay. Rooting and small sub-angular flints. Fill of 1403. Cut by pit 1405.		0.19		
1405	Pit	Moderate U shaped, sub-circular pit with concave base. Cuts 1407 at north extent.		0.27		
1406	Fill	Light red brown with whitish chalk mottling firm sandy clay. Sub-angular flints and sporadic rooting. Fill of 1405.		0.27		
1407	Ditch	E-W ditch. Steep sided ditch with flat base, slightly concave sides. 0.55m width.		0.28		
1408	Fill	Light red yellow sandy silt. Rooting and chalk fragments. Fill of 1407.		0.28		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	1403			
	Undated	Post-hole	1405			
	Undated	Ditch	1407			

TR15	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1500	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown loose-moderate silty clay.		0.18–0.24		
1501	Subsoil	Light-mid orange brown firm silty clay. Occasional-moderate chalk flecks.		0.22		

TR15		Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1502	Geology	Light-mid orange brown silty clay with outcrops of chalk.			0.45	
1503	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown silty clay with moderate chalk flecking. Fill of 1505.		0.44		
1504	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay. Occasional chalk flecking. Fill of linear 1505.		0.36		
1505	Ditch	1.63m width.		0.78		
1506	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay. Occasional-moderate chalk flecking. Fill of 1507.				
1507	Ditch					
1508	Fill	Mid-dark yellow brown silty clay. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flints. Occasional chalk flecks. Fill of 1510.				
1509	Fill	Marine shell deposit. Fill of 1510.				
1510	Ditch	Aligned SE-NW.				
1511	Fill	Fill of 1512				
1512	Feature	Quarry				
1513	Fill	Redeposited chalk. Fill of 1514.		0.24		
1514	Quarry	Quarry				
1515	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay. Occasional-moderate chalk nodules. Fill of 1516.		0.12		
1516	Ditch	Aligned approximately NE-SW.		0.12		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	1505			
	Undated	Ditch	1507			
	Undated	Ditch	1510			
	Undated	Quarry	1512			
	Undated	Quarry	1514			
	Undated	Ditch	1516			

TR16		Orientation	N-S	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1600	Topsoil	Grey brown moderate loamy clay. Rare medium pebbles.		0.28–0.31		
1601	Subsoil	Grey brown firm silty clay. Common small and medium chalk.		0.14–0.18		
1602	Geology	Chalk. Rare medium and large sub-angular and rounded flints.			0.34-0.51	
1603	Fill	Light grey brown moderate finely grained silty clay. Rare medium flints. Full extent uncertain, identical to surrounding material. Fill of 1604.				
1604	Feature	Could not be detected due to fill 1603 being identical to surrounding material. Extent suggested by presence of burnt flints and daub. Irregular oval. 0.68m width, 0.82m length.		0.14		
1605	Colluvium	Orange brown moderate finely grained clay. Hill wash material, covers entire trench.		0.40–0.55		
1606	Colluvium	Orange brown moderate finely grained clay. Common large and very large patches of light brown, slightly green, finely grained clay. Hill wash material.		0.40–0.47		
1607	Layer	Dark orange brown moderate sandy clay. Common medium pebbles.		0.04		
1608	Fill	Orange brown firm clay. Possibly part of deposit 1606. Fill of 1609.				
1609	Feature	Irregular-shaped voids in surface of chalk. Variable depths. Contained identical fills 1608.		0.14–0.18		
Summary	Undated	Pit	1604			

TR17	Orientation	E-W	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1700	Topsoil	Dark grey brown loose silty clay. Occasional chalk flecks.	0.32-0.40		
1701	Subsoil	Mid orange brown loose silty clay. Frequent chalk flecks and rare flint. Reworked loess.	0.07-0.10		
1702	Colluvium	Orange brown moderate finely grained clay.		0.35-0.52	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR18	Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1800	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey moderate-firm silty clay. Occasional-moderate chalk nodules. Occasional angular and sub-angular flint.	0.32–0.40		
1801	Subsoil	Mid orange brown firm silty clay. Moderate chalk nodules.	0.28+		
1802	Geology	Mixed: chalk with flint nodules and orange brown silty clay colluvium.		0.40-0.60	
1803	Fill	Mid orange brown silty clay. Moderate to frequent chalk nodules.	0.14		
1804	Ditch	Aligned NW–SE. V shaped profile. Weathered, uneven, slightly concave base, uneven in places. 0.46m width, 2.40m+ length.	0.14		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	1804		

TR19	Orientation	ENE-WSW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
1900	Topsoil	Mid-dark yellow brown friable loam silt. Occasional small sub-angular and rounded flint gravel and pebbles. Occasional small chalk. Rare small pieces of CBM, glass and occasional potatoes.	0.22–0.23		
1901	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown firm-friable silt loam. Absent in parts of trench. Frequent small chalk pieces. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.12		
1902	Geology	Chalk: quite degraded with patches of light yellow white silty chalk and plough scars.		0.23-0.34	
1903	Fill	Mid yellow brown friable silt loam. Frequent chalk pieces and occasional sub-angular and rounded flint pebbles. Uppermost fill, very similar to subsoil. 1m baulk on west side of ditch may go up to meet topsoil as no subsoil that side. On east side relationship uncertain as too similar to approximately 7cm of subsoil. Fill of 1906.	0.22		
1904	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm silt loam. Similar to other ditch fills. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint pebbles. Frequent small chalk pieces and flecking. Fill of 1906.	0.07		
1905	Fill	Basal fill. Fill of 1906.	0.1		
1906	Ditch	Aligned ESE–WNW. Moderately wide V shaped ditch with variable base. Possibly follows on to ditch 2006. 0.85m width, 9m+ length.	0.33		
1907	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm-friable silt loam. Frequent small chalk pieces. Rare sub-angular flint pebbles. Fill of 1909.	0.15		

TR19		Orientation	ENE-WSW	L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
1908	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm sandy clay silt. Frequent small chalk pieces and flecking, rare small sub-angular and rounded flint. Fill of 1909.		0.06			
1909	Pit	Sub rounded pit, partially under baulk. Steep-concave sides and flat-concave base. Fill very similar to subsoil, but on west side appears to cut at least some subsoil/chalk. 0.40m+ width, 0.60m length.		0.21			
1910	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm-friable silt loam. Rare large sub-angular flints.					
1911	Feature	Likely a subsoil depression. Irregular sub-rounded in plan. May be related to nearby pit 1909. Very shallow and irregular. 0.50m width.		0.09			
1912	Fill	Mid yellow brown friable silt loam. Frequent chalk. Fill of 1913.					
1913	Ditch	Aligned NNE-SSW. 1.20m width, 2.20m+ length. Unexcavated.					
1914	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm-friable silt loam. Very similar to subsoil, gradually becomes very slightly darker/more brown. Uppermost fill of 1917.		0.3			
1915	Fill	Mid grey brown friable loamy silt. Occasional small pieces of chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint gravel. Rare small carbon flecking. Fill of 1917.		0.14			
1916	Fill	Mid grey brown friable-loose loamy silt. Frequent small chalk. Fill of 1917.		0.12			
1917	Feature	Large area/depression which appears to gradually slope downwards, possibly a shallow quarry? Or possible depression which has silted up washing other features in section away from baulk. May have been start of pit or ditch where it is deeper. 9.30m+ width.		0.5			
1918	Fill	Mid yellowish brown firm-friable loam silt. Fill of 1919.		0.12			
1919	Feature	Small shallow irregular possible feature, more likely caused by plough action. 0.75m width, 1m length.		0.12			
1920	Fill	Mid yellowish brown firm-friable loam silt. Fill of 1921.					
1921	Feature	Unexcavated. Likely to be a depression of subsoil or disturbance from plough, similar to 1919. 1m+ width, 3.20m length.					

Summary	Undated	Ditch	1906
	Undated	Pit	1909
	Undated	Pit	1911
	Undated	Ditch	1913
	Undated	Feature	1917
	Undated	Pit	1919
	Undated	Pit	1921

TR20		Orientation	NE-SW	L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
2000	Topsoil	Mid brown fairly loose silt. Common medium flint.		0.24–0.36			
2001	Subsoil	Mid orange brown compact clay silt. Common small chalk.		0.2			
2002	Geology	Degraded chalk rubble and mid brown white fine silt. Abundant medium chalk. Common medium flint.		0.28	0.40-0.44		
2003	Geology	Chalk.			0.62		

TR20	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2004	Quarry	Large quarry which extends beyond trench boundaries at WSW end.		0.64+		
2005	Fill	Mid orange brown compact clay silt. Rare medium flint. Abundant small chalk. Fill of 2004.		0.64+		
2006	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown silt. Common chalk rubble. Fill of 2007.		0.2		
2007	Ditch	Bottom of ditch cut into striated chalk. Edges a bit erratic. E-W aligned. Equivalent to 1906.		0.2		
2008	Fill	Mid brown loose silt. Abundant small chalk. Rare medium flint. Fill of 2009.		0.45–0.50		
2009	Ditch	U-shaped profile. Associated with ditch 2011. Relationship between the two not established. 1m width.		0.45–0.50		
2010	Fill	Mid brown loose silt. Abundant small chalk. Fill of 2011.		0.26–0.30		
2011	Ditch	Shallow ditch. NNW-SSE aligned. Associated with ditch 2009. 0.80m width.		0.26–0.30		
2012	Fill	Fairly loose mid brown silt. Common small to medium chalk. Rare medium flint. Fill of 2013.		0.2		
2013	SFB	Possible cut of SFB, but more likely to be geological depression in chalk.		0.2		
Summary	Undated	Quarry	2004			
	Undated	Ditch	2007			
	Undated	Ditch	2009			
	Undated	Ditch	2011			
	Undated	SFB	2013			

TR21	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2100	Topsoil	Dark grey brown ploughsoil.		0.29–0.30		
2101	Subsoil	Orange brown firm silt clay.		0.16–0.28		
2102	Geology	Broken/fractured chalk with flints.			0.40-0.58	
2103	Fill	Mid brown compact silt clay. Common chalk and oyster shell. Fill of 2107.		0.08–0.35		Late 1st- 2nd Century AD
2104	Fill	Grey brown firm silty clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 2107.		0.19–0.26		
2105	Fill	Dark grey silt/ash. Common mussel and oyster shell. Fill of 2107.		0.04–0.07		Mid 1st Century AD?
2106	Fill	Dark brown firm silt clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 2107.		0.38		Mid 1st-2nd Century AD?
2107	Pit	Square with steep sides. Cuts chalk. 1.74m width.		0.72–0.82		
2108	Fill	Mid brown firm silt clay. Common flints and chalk fragments. Fill of 2110.		0.48		
2109	Fill	Light grey firm chalk and silt. Common flints and chalk. Fill of 2110.		0.25		Mid 1st Century AD?
2110	Ditch	Wide, shallow ditch. 3.75m width. Hollow way?		0.48		
2111	Fill	Light greyish brown silt clay. Fill of 2112.				
2112	Ditch/gully	Narrow feature. Unexcavated. 0.50m width.				
2113	Fill	Mix of chalk fragments and brown silt clay. Fill of 2114.				
2114	Pit	Possibly geological.				
2115	Fill	Mid orange brown firm silt clay. Common flints and chalk fragments. Fill of 2116.				
2116	Ditch	Unexcavated.				
2117	Fill	Mid brown firm silt clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 2118.				
2118	Ditch	Possible wide ditch.				
Summary	Early Roman	Pit	2107			
	Early Roman	Ditch	2110			
	Undated	Gully	2112			

TR21	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
	Undated	Pit	2114			
	Undated	Ditch	2116			
	Undated	Ditch	2118			
TR22	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2200	Topsoil	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay.		0.35–0.50		
2201	Subsoil	Mid orange brown silty clay. Occasional small chalk flecks.		0.20–0.50		
2202	Geology	Chalk and light brown moderate silty clay.			0.65-1.00	
2203	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Occasional chalk and flints. Upper fill of 2206.		0.45		Mid 12-13th Century AD
2204	Fill	Mid brown sticky silty clay. Frequent chalk fragments. Fill of 2206.		0.24		
2205	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Abundant chalk fragments. Basal fill of 2206.		0.28		13th-14th Century AD?
2206	Ditch	Flat base. Steep variable sides.		0.86		
2207	Fill	Light brown silty clay. Frequent chalk fragments. Fill of 2208.		0.06		
2208	Feature	Very shallow feature with shallow sloping edge in chalk.		0.06		
2209	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Frequent chalk. Fill of 2210.		0.1		
2210	Pit	Sub-oval shallow pit, steep sides, flat base.		0.1		
2211	Fill	Orange brown silty clay. Occasional flints. Fill of 2212.		0.09		11th-12th Century AD
2212	Pit	Possible structure? Irregular shaped pit.		0.09		
2213	Fill	Orange brown silty clay. Small chalk flecks. Fill of 2214.		0.54		
2214	Ditch	Flat based shallow cut with steep sloping sides.		0.54		
2215	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Frequent-abundant chalk fragments. Upper fill of 2217.		0.3		
2216	Fill	Compact chalk fragments with some light brown silty clay. Lower fill of 2217.		0.26		
2217	Quarry	Edge of quarry? Shallow cut into chalk. Steep edge, flat base.		0.3		
2218	Colluvium	Orange brown moderate silty clay. Clean.		0.14		
Summary	Late medieval	Ditch	2206			
	Undated	Feature	2208			
	Undated	Pit	2210			
	Early medieval	Pit	2212			
	Undated	Ditch	2214			
	Undated	Feature	2217			
TR23	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2300	Topsoil	Mid-dark brown friable silty clay (ploughed/agricultural soil).		0.12–0.33		
2301	Subsoil	Light orange brown fairly compact silty clay.				
2302	Geology	Chalk and orange brown friable clay.			0.24-0.35	
2303	Fill	Chalk and light yellow brown compact silty clay. Occasional flint. Basal fill of 2304.		0.12		
2304	Ditch	Possibly geological. E-W aligned.		0.54		
2305	Fill	Light brown compact clayey silt. Rare carbon and shell. Common flint and chalk. Fill of 2304.		0.46		
2306	Fill	Light brown compact clayey silt. Common specks of chalk. Upper fill of 2308.		0.84		13th-14th Century AD?
2307	Fill	Light yellow brown compact silty clay. Primary fill of 2308.		0.09		

TR23	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2308	Quarry	Possible quarry? Traced for approx 13m		0.91		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	2304			
	Late medieval		Quarry	2308		

TR24	Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2400	Topsoil	Mid grey brown moderate sandy clay silt. Occasional chalk flecks and small to large flints.		0.22–0.30		
2401	Subsoil	Mid orange brown moderate sandy clay silt. Occasional chalk flecks. In central area only.		0.16		
2402	Geology	Chalk. Intercut by narrow palaeochannels filled with colluvium (2403).			0.31-0.60	
2403	Colluvium	Mid orange and red brown sandy clay silt (loess).		0.06–0.22		
2404	Fill	Mid red brown loose sandy clay silt. Rare small to large angular flints and small rounded flint pebbles. Occasional chalk flecks and lumps. Fill of 2406.		0.69		
2405	Fill	Light red brown clay silt with 30% degraded chalk. Slumping of eroded edges of ditch. Primary fill of 2406.		0.05–0.11		
2406	Ditch	East-West aligned. 2.75m width.		0.69		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	2406			

TR25	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2500	Topsoil	Light brown grey sandy silt loam. Small sub-rounded and angular flints.		0.31		
2501	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown silty clay. Infrequent sub-rounded flints.		0.59		
2502	Colluvium	Light brown grey silty clay with sub-angular flints.			0.68-0.93	
2503	Quarry	Irregular, very diffuse, cut into geology. Sample excavated to establish extent.		0.37+		
2504	Fill	Mid red brown soft silty sand with organic, black mottling. Equated with 2501 and 2506. Fill of 2503.		0.37+		
2505	Quarry	Arbitrary quarry feature. Moderate slope and concave base.		0.41+		
2506	Fill	Mid red brown friable silty sand with organic material and chalk flecking. Fill of 2505.		0.41+		
Summary	Undated	Quarry	2503			
	Undated	Quarry	2505			

TR26	Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2600	Topsoil	Light brown grey sandy silt loam. Small sub-angular flints.		0.24-0.27		
2601	Subsoil	Light yellow brown clay silt.		0.21-0.36		
2602	Colluvium	Firm light yellow brown silty clay. Very clean/sterile.			0.44	
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR27	Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2700	Topsoil	Mid red brown fairly loose silt. Very rare medium flint.	0.3		
2701	Subsoil				
2702	Colluvium	Brown red compact silt - colluvium?. Very rare medium flints and chalk.		0.28-0.32	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR28	Orientation	NNW-SSE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2800	Topsoil	Dark brown firm silty clay.	0.30-0.40		
2801	Subsoil	Orange brown firm silty clay. Possible colluvium.	0.16-0.26		
2802	Geology	Disturbed chalk with pockets of orange brown clay.		0.68-0.78	
2803	Fill	Chalk fragments and flints. Fill of 2804.			
2804	Ditch	Possibly geological.			
2805	Fill	Orange brown clay. Common chalk and burnt daub. Fill of 2806.			
2806	Feature	Sub-rectangular feature.			
2807	Layer	Dark grey brown firm silty clay. Not present at end of trench. Below topsoil.			
2808	Layer	Orange brown soft silty clay. Common small chalk fragments. Above 2802.			
2809	Layer	Orange brown clay. Common chalk nodules. Possible demolition rubble from building? Sits above 2805.			
2810	Fill	Yellow orange brown firm silty clay. Occasional chalk nodules. Some bioturbation. Fill of 2811.			
2811	Post-hole	Vertical-sided with flat base. Located towards south edge of feature. 0.26m x 0.28m.			
2812	Fill	Chalk with orange brown silty clay. Fill of 2813.			
2813	Post-hole	Steep-sided with concave base. 0.20m+ x 0.30m.			
Summary	Undated	Ditch	2804		
	Undated	SFB	2806		
	Undated	Post-hole	2811		
	Undated	Post-hole	2813		

TR29	Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
2900	Topsoil	Mid brown fairly loose silt. Common small chalk and rare medium flint.	0.28-0.34		
2901	Subsoil	Light compact yellow brown silt. Common small chalk. Colluvium.	0.05-0.17		
2902	Geology	Chalk		0.32-0.38	
2903	Colluvium	Light yellow brown fairly loose/soft silt.			
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR30	Orientation	NNE-SSW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3000	Topsoil	Dark grey brown firm humic sandy silty clay.	0.22-0.36		
3001	Subsoil	Light brown friable sandy silty clay with chalk.	0.05-0.22		
3002	Geology	Chalk.		0.38-0.40	

TR30	Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3003	Fill	Mid brown friable silty clay. Common chalk flecks and lumps. Occasional flints and pebbles. Fill of 3004.	0.33-0.35		Late 1st century AD
3004	Ditch	Aligned NE/SW. 1.35m width.	0.32+		
3005	Fill	Mid brown friable silty clay. Common chalk flecks and small lumps. Rare flint. Fill of 3006.	0.15+		
3006	Ditch	Curvilinear with a terminus in plan, but when excavated it looked like a geological feature, possibly a tree throw with root runs cutting the chalk. 0.80-1.05m width.	0.24		
3007	Fill	Mid brown compact silt. Common small chalk. Upper fill of 3010.	0.24		
3008	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Abundant small chalk. Common medium-large flints. Fill of 3010.	0.42-0.66		
3009	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Common small chalk. Lower fill of 3010.	0.7		
3010	Ditch	V shaped with a flat base. Also on south side of trackway. Forms an enclosure with ditch 3028. 1.48m width, 2.08m+ length.	1.1		
3011	Fill	Degraded chalk mixed with brown compact silt.			
3012	Ditch?	Likely geological as no edges found and featureless. Possible water channel?			
3013	Fill	Mid yellow brown loose silt and compact silty degraded chalk. Fill of 3014.			
3014	Feature	Possibly geological. E-W aligned. 0.60-1.06m width.	0.12-0.18		
3015	Fill	Mid yellow brown loose silt and compact chalk rubble. Fill of 3016.			
3016	Feature	Sub-circular depression in the chalk. Approx 0.70m width.	0.2		
3017	Fill	Mid yellow brown loose silt and compact chalk rubble. Fill of 3018.			
3018	Feature	L-shaped geological depression in the chalk.	0.04-0.18		
3019	Fill	Mid yellow brown loose silt and compact chalk rubble. Fill of 3020.			Early Roman
3020	Feature	Irregular feature. One quarter excavated. Possible post-hole. Probably geological.			
3021	Fill	Mid yellow brown fairly loose silt. Fill of 3022.			
3022	Feature	Sub-oval shallow feature. 0.38m width, 0.60m length.	0.08		
3023	Fill	Mid yellow brown silt. Common small chalk. Probably geological. Fill of 3031. Not excavated.			
3024	Fill	Mid yellow brown silt. Common small chalk. Probably geological. Fill of 3032. Not excavated.			
3025	Fill	Mid red brown soft silty clay. Rare flint and burnt clay. Not excavated. Fill of 3033.			
3026	Fill	Mid light brown moderate compact silt. Common small chalk and medium flint. Upper fill of 3028.	0.4		12th-13th Century AD
3027	Fill	Light-mid brown moderate compact silt. Abundant small-medium chalk. Lower fill of 3028.	0.16		1st century AD
3028	Ditch	Ditch or possible beam-slot. Flat bottomed. Forms the return of enclosure 3010, but looks like a small version of it. 0.50m width. Cuts 3029.	0.45-0.56		
3029	Fill	Mid yellow brown silt. Common small chalk. Possibly geological. Fill of 3030. Cut by 3028.	0.15		

TR30	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3030	Feature	Irregular blob in alignment with 3028. Geological feature. 1.10-1.50m width.		0.1		
3031	Feature	Probably geological. Not excavated. 0.30m width, 0.50m length.				
3032	Feature	Probably geological. Not excavated. 0.30m width, 0.60m length.				
3033	Feature	Not excavated. Seems to have an edge. 0.90m width, 1.70m length.				
3034	Fill	Not excavated. Extends west beyond trench edge. Shape resembles an SFB. Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Abundant small chalk and common medium-large flint. Fill of 3035.				
3035	Feature	Not excavated. SFB? 1.10m width, 5.60m length.				
Summary	Early Roman	Ditch	3004			
	Early Roman	Post-hole	3020			
	Early medieval	Ditch	3028			
	Undated	Gully	3006			
	Undated	Ditch	3010			
	Undated	Ditch?	3012			
	Undated	Post-hole	3014			
	Undated	Post-hole	3016			
	Undated	Post-hole	3018			
	Undated	Post-hole	3022			
	Undated	Post-hole	3031			
	Undated	Post-hole	3032			
	Undated	Feature	3033			
	Undated	Feature	3035			

TR31	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3100	Topsoil	Mid grey brown loose silt. Common medium flint.		0.22-0.24		
3101	Subsoil	Light-mid red brown compact silt. Common medium flint and small-medium chalk.		0.16-0.20		
3102	Geology	Chalk			0.36-0.43	
3103	Fill	Light red grey brown compact silt. Common medium flint and small chalk.		0.12-0.12		
3104	Ditch	Shallow ditch or geological feature. ENE-WSW chalk striations in base and in alignment. 1m width.		0.12-0.12		
3105	Fill	Light red brown compact silt. Abundant small chalk. Rare large flint. Upper fill of 3107.		0.35		
3106	Fill	Redeposited chalk and light yellow brown compact silt. Very abundant chalk. Lower fill of 3108.		0.18		
3107	Ditch	Wide V shaped profile. Aligned WSW-ENE. 1.1m width.		0.53		
3108	Fill	Light red brown compact silt. Common small chalk and medium flint. Fill of 3109.				
3109	Ditch?	Geological chalk striation. 0.5m width.		0.18		
3110	Fill	Light-mid red brown compact silt. Rare small chalk and medium flint. Fill of 3111.		0.3		
3111	Ditch?	Geological chalk striation. 0.30m width.		0.3		
3112	Fill	Light-mid red brown compact silt. Rare small chalk and medium flint. Fill of 3113.				
3113	Ditch?	Geological chalk striation. 0.25m width.		0.17-0.20		
3114	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Common small chalk covering metalling 3115.				
3115	Metalling	Metalling on trackway. 1-2 courses of rounded and sub-angular flints. Also in trench 32.		0.06		
3116	Trackway	Shallow. 2.10m width.		0.1		

TR31	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3117	Feature	Shallow depression abutting trackway 3116. Might be the same feature.				
3118	Fill	Light-mid red brown compact silt. Common small chalk and rare large-medium flint. Fill of 3119.		0.10-0.13		
3119	Feature	Geological chalk striation. 0.60m width.		0.10-0.13		
3120	Fill	Mid red brown compact silt. Abundant small chalk and rare medium flint. Fill of 3121.				
3121	Feature	Cut of probable geological striation. N-S alignment. Could be a shallow ditch-type feature. Uneven base. Connects with 3123. 0.80m width.		0.15		
3122	Fill	Light brown compact chalky silt. Abundant small chalk.				
3123	Feature	Probably geological chalk striation. ESE-WNW.		0.14-0.16		
3124	Fill	Mid red brown compact silt. Common small chalk and rare medium flint. Fill of 3125. 0.40m width.				
3125	Feature	Cut of geological chalk striation. E-W aligned. 0.25-0.50m width.		0.04-0.28		
3126	Fill	Mid red brown compact silt. Common small chalk and rare medium flint. Fill of 3127.				
3127	Feature	Two crossing geological striations in the chalk. Fairly shallow.		0.17		
3128	Layer	Mixed layer of subsoil and degraded chalk forming horizon between subsoil and bedrock.		0.10+		
3129	Fill	Light-mid red brown compact silt and abundant chalk. Fill of 3117.				
Summary	Undated	Ditch	3104			
	Undated	Ditch	3107			
	Undated	Ditch?	3109			
	Undated	Ditch?	3111			
	Undated	Ditch?	3113			
	Undated	Trackway	3116			
	Undated	Ditch	3119			
	Undated	Ditch	3121			
	Undated	Ditch	3123			
	Undated	Ditch	3125			
	Undated	Ditch	3127			

TR32	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3200	Topsoil	Mid yellow brown compact silt. Rare medium flint. Small chalk.		0.28-0.30		
3201	Subsoil	Light orange brown compact silt. Common medium chalk.		0.02-0.04		
3202	Geology	Chalk.			0.20-0.35	
3203	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small chalk. Fill of 3206.				
3204	Fill	Light brown compact chalky silt. Common small chalk and mid-large flint. Fill of 3206.				
3205	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small chalk and mid-large flint. Fill of 3206.				
3206	Ditch	Possible ditch. N side was clear, S side unclear. Possible waterchanneling / barrow action (plough action?). Likely to be geology. 0.45-0.50m width.		0.16-0.36		
3207	Ditch	Possible ditch. More likely to be geology. Similar to 3206. 0.60m width.		0.4		

TR32	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3208	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small chalk and mid-large flint. Fill of 3207.				
3209	Fill	Light brown compact chalky silt. Abundant small-medium chalk. Fill of 3207.				
3210	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small chalk and mid-large flint. Fill of 3207.				
3211	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small chalk and mid-large flint. Fill of 3207.				
3212	Ditch	More likely to be geological.				
3213	Fill	Brown compact silt and chalk. Common small-medium chalk. Fill of 3213.				
3214	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small-medium chalk. Upper fill of 3216.		0.3		
3215	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Abundant small-medium chalk. Lower fill of 3216.		0.22		
3216	Ditch	Cut of ditch along partly metalled trackway, aligned NW-SE. 1.46m width.		0.5		
3217	Metalling	Comprises medium rounded and sub-angular flints. 1-1.5 layers on supposed trackway set in light yellow brown silt and directly on top of chalk 3202. Abutts 3216.				
3218	Trackway	Shallow cut into chalk				
3219	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact silt. Common small-medium chalk. Upper fill of 3221.		0.31		
3220	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Abundant small-medium chalk. Lower fill of 3221.		0.08		
3221	Ditch	Cut of ditch along trackway. NE-SW alignment. Wide V shaped profile. 0.95m width.		0.40-0.64		
3222	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Common small-medium chalk. Rare medium-large flint. Possibly equal to 3201.				
3223	Ditch?	Possible ditch or geological striation in chalk. 0.56m width.		0.16		
3224	Fill	Light-mid brown compact silt. Common small-medium chalk. Rare medium-large flint. Possibly equal to 3201.				
3225	Ditch?	Possible ditch or geological striation in chalk. 1.20m width.		0.10-0.28		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	3206			
	Undated	Ditch	3207			
	Undated	Ditch	3212			
	Undated	Ditch	3216			
	Undated	Ditch	3221			
	Undated	Trackway	3218			
	Undated	Ditch?	3223			
	Undated	Ditch?	3225			

TR33	Orientation	WNW-ESE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3300	Topsoil	Mid yellow brown compact silt. Rare medium flint and small chalk.		0.28		
3301	Subsoil	Light orange brown compact silt. Common small chalk. Possible colluvium.				
3302	Geology	Chalk.			0.28-0.30	
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR34		Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
3400	Topsoil	Mid-dark brown friable clay. Common flint.	0.26-0.28			
3401	Subsoil	Light brown friable silty clay. Common chalk and flint.	0.1			
3402	Geology	Red brown compact clay. Rare pebbles.	0.32	0.30-0.52		
3403	Ditch	Inner ring ditch of double ring ditch. Steep sided and cuts into chalk. Base not located due to exceeding 1.20m. 2.12m width.	1.20+			
3404	Pit	Steep-sided pit. Cuts both ditches 3403 and 3405. Possibly over-cut into chalk. 0.40m width, 0.90m length.	0.85 (over-cut?)			
3405	Ditch	Outer ring ditch of double ring ditch. Steep sided and cuts into chalk. 2.76m width.	1.09+			
3406	Fill	Mid red brown silty clay with common chalk. Fill of 3403.	0.3			
3407	Fill	Light grey brown moderate silty clay. Common chalk and rare flint. Fill of 3403.	0.39			
3408	Fill	Light yellow brown firm silty clay. Occasional chalk. Fill of 3403.	0.18			
3409	Fill	Light yellow brown compact silty clay. Abundant chalk. Tip from mound? Fill of 3403.	0.13			
3410	Fill	Light yellow brown loose silty clay. Common chalk. Fill of 3403.	0.24			
3411	Fill	Light yellow brown loose silty clay. Common chalk. Fill of 3403.	0.36			
3412	Fill	Light yellow brown moderate silty clay. Common chalk. Fill of 3403.	0.11			
3413	Fill	Light yellow brown compact silty clay. Abundant chalk. Fill of 3403.	0.06			
3414	Fill	Light red brown loose silty clay. Fill of 3403.	0.08			
3415	Fill	Mid red brown moderate silty clay. Common chalk, occasional flint and shell. Fill of 3404.	0.85 (over-cut?)			
3416	Fill	Mid red brown moderate silty clay. Occasional chalk and rare flint. Fill of 3405.	0.23			
3417	Fill	Light grey brown moderate silty clay. Occasional chalk and rare flint. Fill of 3405.	0.57			
3418	Fill	Light red brown firm silty clay. Rare chalk. Fill of 3405.	0.21			
3419	Fill	Light red brown firm silty clay. Abundant chalk. Fill of 3405.	0.36			
3420	Fill	Light red brown compact silty clay. Abundant chalk. Not bottomed. Fill of 3405.	0.08+			
3421	Fill	Light reddish brown soft silty clay. Fill of 3405.	0.09+			
Summary	Prehistoric Ditch	3403				
	Prehistoric Ditch	3405				
	Undated Pit	3404				

TR35		Orientation	WSW-ENE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
3500	Topsoil	Mid yellow brown firm friable sandy silt. Occasional small sub-angular to rounded flint gravel and small chalk pieces.	0.26-0.28			
3501	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown firm sandy silt (colluvial?).	0.06-0.19			
3502	Geology	Chalk with occasional flints and small patches of brown silt or orange brown colluvial silt areas.		0.22-0.45		
3503	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm sandy silt. Very similar to subsoil. Upper fill of 3506.	0.05-0.16			
3504	Fill	Light brown white friable-loose chalky silt. Occasional sub-angular to rounded flint gravel and pebbles. Fill of 3506.	0.19			

TR35	Orientation	WSW-ENE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3505	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm sandy silt. Frequent chalk lumps and occasional sub-angular to rounded flint gravel and pebbles. Not bottomed. Fill of 3506.	0.24+		
3506	Ditch	Outer of two possible barrow ring ditches. Not bottomed. Eastern edge steep, very slightly concave; seems to drop more vertically just before LOE. Western edge steep to moderate, slightly concave, becoming more vertical approximately 0.3m before LOE. 2.64m width.	0.63+		
3507	Fill	Mid yellow brown sandy silt. Frequent small chalk lumps and flecking. Occasional sub-angular flint pebbles and gravel. Slumping into top of ditch. Upper fill of 3510.	0.08–0.25		
3508	Fill	Light brown firm sandy silt. Far more chalky and mixed with silt. Abundant chalk lumps. Occasional sub-angular flint. Fill of 3510.	0.32–0.48		
3509	Fill	Light brown white loose redeposited or eroded chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint gravel and pebbles. Not bottomed. Fill of 3510.	0.22+		
3510	Ditch	Inner of two barrow ring ditches. Not fully excavated. Roughly even sided, steep-slightly concave edges, becoming very steep approximately 0.2m before LOE. 2.20m width.	0.71+		
3511	Fill	Mid yellow brown moderate sandy silt. Occasional chalk and flint. Fill of 3512.	0.06		
3512	Ditch	Likely to be just a plough furrow or possibly base of a field boundary ditch running roughly E–W, traced for 11m+. Shallow sloping sides. 0.48m width.	0.06		
3513	Fill	Mid red brown firm silty clay. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flints. Very occasional or rare chalk flecking. Fill of 3516.	0.74		
3514	Fill	Mid red brown silty clay. Moderate-frequent chalk. Occasional small sub-angular flint. Fill of 3516.	0.32		
3515	Fill	Mid red orange brown silty clay. Banded fills grouped under one fill. Frequent chalk lumps. Fill of 3516.	0.63		
3516	Ditch	Ring ditch. Steep sided edges. Flatish base. 2.50m width.	1.3		
3517	Fill	Dark grey brown firm silty clay. Moderate chalk lumps. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint. Fill of 3520.	0.6		
3518	Fill	Dark grey brown firm silty clay. Common chalk. Fill of 3520.	0.22		
3519	Fill	Dark grey brown silty clay. Banded fills grouped under one fill. Common chalk. Occasional rounded flint. Fill of 3520.	0.83		
3520	Ditch	Ring ditch. Steep sided edges. Flatish base. 2.73m width.	1.35		
Summary	Prehistoric Ditch	3506			
	Prehistoric Ditch	3510			
	Prehistoric Ditch	3516			
	Prehistoric Ditch	3520			
	Undated Gully	3512			

TR36		Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3600	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay.			0.15–0.30		
3601	Subsoil	Mid orange brown silty clay. Occasional small chalk.			0.17–0.30		
3602	Geology	Chalk with occasional patches of mid brown silty clay.				0.30-0.60	
3603	Fill	Mid brown silty clay with chalk fragments. Upper fill of 3605.			0.54		
3604	Fill	Mid brown silty clay with abundant chalk fragments. Lower fill of 3605.			0.4		
3605	Feature	Irregular edged large feature - possible quarry?			0.83		
3606	Fill	Upper fill of 3608.			0.36		
3607	Fill	Lower fill of 3608.			0.59		
3608	Feature	Vertical/straight-edged - possible quarry?					
3609	Fill	Fill of 3610			0.35		
3610	Pit	Base of circular cut.					
Summary	Undated	Quarry	3605				
	Undated	Quarry	3608				
	Undated	Pit	3610				

TR37		Orientation	SW-NE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
3700	Topsoil	Mid grey brown loose clayey sandy silt. Small rounded flints.			0.28–0.30		
3701	Subsoil	Light brown compact clayey sandy silt. Rare chalk and rounded flints.			0.08–0.25		
3702	Geology	Chalk.				0.10-0.56	
3703	Subsoil	Light grey brown clayey sandy silt. Common small chalk flecks.			0.19–0.35		
3704	Fill	Light grey brown compact silt. Very common chalk inclusions. Fill of 3705.			0.27		
3705	Pit	Small pit that cuts through feature 3708. 0.70m width.			0.27		
3706	Fill	Light grey compact silt chalk. Fill of 3708. Cut by 3705.			0.18–0.36		
3707	Fill	Light grey compact silt chalk. Fill of 3708. Cut by 3705.			0.12–0.28		
3708	Quarry	Large 'quarry-like' feature in east of trench. 3.55m+ length.					
3709	Fill	Light grey brown silty chalky deposit. Fill of 3710.			0.13–0.28		
3710	Quarry	Large 'quarry-like' feature (one of two interventions)					
3711	Fill	Light grey compact silt chalk. Fill of 3712.					
3712	Quarry	Large 'quarry-like' feature (second of two interventions). 9.50m length.			0.13–0.21		
3713	Subsoil	Light brown compact sandy silt. Equal to 3703.			0.26		
3714	Fill	Light grey brown compact sandy silt. Contains large pieces of backfilled (redeposited??) chalk. Fill of 3716.			0.22		
3715	Fill	Light brown compact chalky silt. Fill of 3716.			0.07–0.18		
3716	Feature	Sub-rectangular feature. 2.35m length.			0.35		
3717	Fill	Fill of small, shallow round feature			0.07		
3718	Pit	Small, shallow round feature. 0.64m width, 0.80m length.			0.07		
Summary	Undated	Pit	3705				
	Undated	Quarry	3708				
	Undated	Quarry	3710				
	Undated	Pit	3716				
	Undated	Post-hole	3718				

TR38		Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
3800	Topsoil		0.25–0.50			
3801	Subsoil	Mid orange brown loose sandy silty clay. Occasional small-medium flints. Rare carbon.	0.3			
3802	Colluvium	Orange brown moderate finely grained clay.		0.27-0.59		
3803	Fill	Mid orange brown loose sandy silty clay. Occasional small-medium flints and carbon. Fill of 3804.				13th - 14th century AD
3804	Quarry	Possible quarry at east end of trench. Could be an area of subsoil.				
3805	Fill	Light brown white loose silty clay. Frequent chalk. Fill of 3806.	0.08			
3806	Pit/post-hole	Very truncated. 0.54m width, 0.60m length.	0.08			
3807	Fill	Light brown white loose silty clay. Frequent chalk flecks. Fill of 3808.	0.11			
3808	Pit/post-hole	0.60m width, 0.63m length.	0.11			
3809	Fill	Fill of 3810.	0.18			
3810	Pit/post-hole	0.25m+ width, 0.44m length.	0.18			
Summary	Undated	Post-hole 3806				
	Undated	Post-hole 3808				
	Undated	Post-hole 3810				

TR39		Orientation	SW-NE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
3900	Topsoil	Dark grey brown moderate silty clay	0.30–0.34			
3901	Subsoil	Mid orange brown silty clay. Occasional small chalk flecks. Possible colluvium.	0.18–0.51			
3902	Geology	Compact chalk with light brown firm silty clay.		0.81		
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR40		Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
4000	Topsoil	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay.	0.35			
4001	Subsoil	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Possible colluvium.	0.35			
4002	Geology	Chalk		0.70-0.80		
4003	Fill	Fill of 4004				
4004	Field drain	Cut of modern field drain				
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR41		Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
4100	Topsoil	Grey brown moderate loamy clay. Common small chalk. Rare medium pebbles.	0.30–0.31			
4101	Subsoil	Brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small chalk.	0.16–0.23			
4102	Geology	Chalk with linear solution hollows aligned WNW-ESE.		0.43		
4103	Colluvium	Orange brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small chalk. Rare medium flints.				
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR42	Orientation	NNE-SSW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
4200	Topsoil	Dark brown friable silty clay.	0.24–0.28		
4201	Subsoil	Light orange brown compact silty clay. Occasional specks of chalk. Common flint.	0.24		
4202	Colluvium	Orange brown compact silty clay. Rare flint.		0.25-0.57	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR43	Orientation	SW-NE	L 50m	W 2.2m	Extension: 10m x 3m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
4300	Topsoil	Dark yellow brown firm silt loam. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.24–0.26		
4301	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown firm silty clay. Frequent small chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.17–0.24		
4302	Geology	Mixed: mid brown orange firm silty clay; yellow with green blue patches silty sand and patches of degraded chalk. Occasional sub-rounded flint.		0.43	
4303	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown sandy silt. May be upper fill of 4310.			
4304	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown sandy silt. May be upper fill of 4310.			
4305	Subsoil	Very similar to geological deposits.			
4306	Subsoil	Area of mixed subsoil and degraded chalk, maybe transition of geology or redeposited geology. Unexcavated. Cut by 4308.			
4307	Ditch	Approx N-S alignment. Even, shallow sided ditch with concave base. Terminates in trench but not very clear in plan. 1.18m width, 9.80m+ length.	0.26–0.35		
4308	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm clay silt. Frequent small chalk flecking. Occasional sub-angular flint. Fill of 4307.	0.25		
4309	Fill	Abundant daub in firm clay silt with charcoal flecking. Fill of 4310.	0.14		
4310	Ditch terminus/Pit	Not fully excavated, partially revealed in plan. Terminus of E–W ditch or pit? 1.07m width, 1.45m+ length.			
4311	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm clay silt. Frequent small chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.44		
4312	Ditch	Possibly curvilinear ditch, moderate at the top, steep sides, flatish base. 0.70m width, 7m+ length.	0.43–0.54		
4313	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm clay silt. Occasional chalk and small flints. Fill of 4314.	0.19		
4314	Feature	W–E aligned, irregular feature. Cut by 4312. 1.80m+ width, 2.40m+ length.	0.19		
4315	Fill	Mid orange brown firm silt clay. Occasional small sub-angular flint and rare chalk flecks. Fill of 4316.	0.35		Mid 1st-Early 2nd Century AD?
4316	Ditch	Roughly ESE–WNW. Moderate to steep sided ditch with flatish base. 0.55m width, 5.80m length.	0.35		
4317	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm clay silt. Occasional flint and chalk flecking. Very rare charcoal. Fill of 4318.	0.34		
4318	Ditch	Roughly E-W. Moderate, even looking sides, only partially excavated, concave base. 1.20m width, 4.40m length.	0.4		
4319	Fill	Mid yellow brown moderate clay silt. Occasional flint and chalk. Unexcavated. Fill of 4320.			

TR43		Orientation	SW-NE	L	50m	W	2.2m	Extension:	10m x 3m
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date			
4320	Ditch	Possible ditch aligned NNE-SSW. Unexcavated. Only partially visible in plan; mostly outside of LOE.							
4321	Fill	Mid yellow brown moderate clay silt. Occasional flint and chalk. Unexcavated. Fill of 4322.							
4322	Feature	Unexcavated.							
4323	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm clay silt. Frequent small chalk. Occasional small sub-angular and rounded flint. Fill of 4324.		0.35				Mid 1st-Early 2nd Century AD?	
4324	Ditch	Cut of ditch which appears to continue on from 4312 and no clear relationship can be seen. However, this is more curved with shallow, even gradual concave base.		0.35					
4325	Fill	Fill of a feature covered by subsoil 4305. Not revealed in plan. Seen in base of section of terminus 4312. Likely the same fill as that of feature 4314 (4313).							
4326	Fill	Primary fill of 4312.		0.11					
4327	Fill	Primary fill of 4324.							
4328	Fill	Primary fill of 4318.		0.04					
Summary	Early Roman	Ditch	4316						
	Early Roman	Ditch	4324						
	Undated	Ditch	4307						
	Undated	Pit	4310						
	Undated	Ditch	4312						
	Undated	Ditch	4314						
	Undated	Ditch	4318						
	Undated	Ditch	4320						
	Undated	Ditch	4322						

TR44		Orientation	NW-SE	L	50m	W	2.2m		
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date			
4400	Topsoil	Mid yellow brown firm and friable loamy silt. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint. Occasional chalk and charcoal.		0.24-0.31					
4401	Subsoil	VOID - no subsoil							
4402	Geology	Mid yellow brown and orange brown firm and friable clay silt. Frequent rounded flint. A few patches of degraded chalk.				0.24-0.31			
Summary	No archaeological remains								

TR45		Orientation	NNE-SSW	L	50m	W	2.2m		
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date			
4500	Topsoil	Mid yellow brown firm loamy silt. Occasional sub-angular flint. Frequent small chalk flecking.		0.22-0.26					
4501	Subsoil	Mid orange brown firm loamy silt. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint. Frequent small chalk at north end.		0.14-0.36					
4502	Geology	Mixed orange brown firm colluvial silt and chalk with patches of degraded chalk and light orange brown silty pockets.				0.36-0.68			
4503	Fill	Mid orange brown loamy silt. Frequent chalk flecking. Rare sub-angular flint. Fill of 4504.		0.27					
4504	Ditch	Roughly NNE-SSW. Slightly irregular concave base. 1.90m width, 2.20m+ length.		0.27					
4505	Subsoil	Patch of subsoil. Not excavated. Mid orange brown firm loamy silt. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint. Frequent							

TR45	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
		charcoal flecking. 0.65m width, 0.90m+ length.			
Summary	Undated	Ditch	4504		

TR46	Orientation	NNW-SSE		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
4600	Topsoil	Dark brown grey friable-loose loamy silt.	0.20–0.23		
4601	Subsoil	No subsoil in this area, likely because of ploughing.			
4602	Geology	Orange brown compact clayey silt with chalk.		0.23-0.55	
4603	Fill	Dark grey brown compact loamy silt with chalk. Fill of 4604.			18th-19th Century AD
4604	Pit	Small circular pit.	0.43		
4605	Fill	Light brown friable silty clay. Common flint. Fill of 4606.	0.28		Late 1st century BC - 1st century AD
4606	Ditch	Very shallow. Top of cut has been machined away. Probable field drainage ditch.	0.28		
4607	Geology	Initially believed to be a pit, turned out to be a silted geological deposit.			
4608	Fill	Compact chalk and gravel. Fill of 4609.			Post-medieval
4609	Gully	Very shallow. Probably associated with farming.	0.09		
Summary	Late Iron Age/early Roman	Ditch			
	Post-medieval	Pit			
	Post-medieval	Gully			
	Undated	Pit			

TR47	Orientation	SW-NE		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
4700	Topsoil	Mid-dark brown fairly loose silt. Rare medium flint.	0.30–0.34		
4701	Subsoil	Mid brown orange compact silt. Common small chalk.	0.25		
4702	Geology	Chalk. Mainly degraded.		0.52	
4703	Colluvium	Mid brown orange soft and compact silt. Virtually no inclusions.			Prehistoric
4704	Fill	Mixed chalk rubble and subsoil. Fill of 4705.			
4705	Land drain	Modern service pipe. 0.30m width.	0.50+		
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR48	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
4800	Topsoil	Mid-dark yellow brown friable loam silt. Occasional chalk and sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.24–0.32		
4801	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown firm sandy silt. Frequent chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.25		
4802	Geology	Area of degraded chalk at NNE end; the rest comprises brown orange firm silty clay. Occasional flint.		0.57-0.60	
4803	Colluvium	Mid yellow brown firm silt. Not fully excavated. Likely covering other features.	1.00+		

TR48		Orientation	NNE-SSW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
4804	Fill	Occasional patches of manganese flecking. Rare small chalk flecks. Rare angular flint. Light-mid yellowish brown firm sandy silt. Fill of 4807.	0.4			
4805	Fill	Mid yellow grey brown firm sandy silt. Rare chalk, manganese and charcoal flecking. Rare angular to sub-angular flint. Fill of 4807.	0.55			
4806	Fill	Mid yellow grey brown firm sandy silt. Occasional light grey yellow mottling. Rare manganese flecking and sub-angular flint. Fill of 4807.	0.2			
4807	Ditch	Diffuse edges; difficult to see exact cut. Steep sided, slightly stepped on north side. Cannot be seen in plan/from surface. 1.60m width.	0.74			
Summary	Undated	Ditch	4807			

TR49		Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
4900	Topsoil	Mid brown loose silt. Rare medium flint.	0.25–0.30			
4901	Subsoil	Mid brown orange compact but soft silt. Rare medium flint. Very rare small chalk.	0.2			
4902	Geology	Degraded chalk.		0.40-0.53		
4903	Layer	Sub-geological. Mid brown red compact silt. Abundant medium to large flints. Head deposit?				
4904	Fill	Mid brown fairly compact silt. Rare small chalk. Medium flints. Fill of 4905.				
4905	Ditch	Wide U shaped profile. E–W aligned. 0.70m width.	0.26			
4906	Fill	Light-mid yellow orange brown soft fine silt. Rare medium flint. Very rare chalk. Fill of 4907.				
4907	Ditch	Possible ditch.	0.14			
4908	Fill	Light-mid red brown fine silt. Very rare small chalk and medium flint. Fill of 4909.				
4909	Ditch	Possible shallow ditch. Very diffuse edges. NE–SW aligned.	0.10			
Summary	Undated	Ditch	4905			
	Undated	Ditch	4907			
	Undated	Ditch	4909			

TR50		Orientation	N-S	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
5000	Topsoil	Dark brown grey loamy silt.	0.20–0.37			
5001	Subsoil	Orange brown firm silt clay. Common chalk.	0.04–0.10			
5002	Geology	Mid orange brown firm clay.		0.50-0.63		
5003	Geology	Light yellow grey compact. Moderate small chalk.	0.32			
5004	Fill	Grey brown silt clay. Rare flints and chalk. Fill of 5005.	0.43			
5005	Gully	0.58m width, 2.40m+ length.	0.43			
5006	Fill	Grey brown silty clay. Fill of 5007.	0.32			
5007	Gully	Shallow. 0.55m width, 2.40m+ length.	0.32			
Summary	Undated	Gully	5005			
	Undated	Gully	5007			

TR51		Orientation	E-W	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5100	Topsoil	Mid grey brown compact silt. Rare medium flint.		0.28		
5101	Subsoil	Light-mid orange brown compact silt. Rare medium flint.		0.12		
5102	Geology	Brown white degraded chalk.			0.42-0.46	
5103	Subsoil	Mid brown red compact clay silt. Common medium to large flint.			0.35-0.40	
5104	Fill	Light-mid yellow red brown loose sand. Common medium flint. Fill of 5105.		0.08+		
5105	Feature	Likely to be geological. No edges. Not fully excavated.		0.08+		
5106	Fill	Light-mid brown yellow loose sandy silt. Common medium flint. Fill of 5107.		0.1		
5107	Ditch	SE-NW align. Completely eroded, no certain edges.		0.1		
5108	Fill	Light-mid brown orange compact silt. Rare medium flint. Small charcoal. Fill of 5109.		0.35-0.44		
5109	Ditch	SE-NW aligned. V shaped profile. 0.95m width.		0.35-0.44		
Summary	Undated	Pit	5105			
	Undated	Ditch	5107			
	Undated	Ditch	5109			

TR52		Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5200	Topsoil	Dark brown friable sandy silt. Occasional chalk and flint.		0.25-0.30		
5201	Subsoil	Light red brown firm silty clay. Rare flint.		0.12-0.27		
5202	Geology	Variable geology - dark red brown firm clay with flint, eroded chalk, and patches of loess.			0.36-0.50	
5203	Fill	Light brown soft silty clay. Common chalk, rare flint. Fill of 5204.		0.48		
5204	Ditch	NNE-SSW aligned. Steep sides, flat base. 0.95m width.		0.48		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	5204			

TR53		Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5300	Topsoil	Dark brown moderate loamy silt. Frequent coal, charcoal and chalk flecking. Rare small sub-angular and rounded flints.		0.26-0.28		
5301	Subsoil	Mid brown orange firm sandy silt. Occasional chalk flecks and sub-angular flint.		0.26-0.28		
5302	Geology	Mid brown red firm silt clay mixed with light yellow mottled sandy patches and degraded chalk patches. Common small rounded flint. Rare large sub-angular flints.			0.48-0.52	
5303	Fill	Mid grey yellow moderate clay sandy silt. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flint. Fill of 5304.		0.31		
5304	Ditch	Approximately N-S aligned. Moderately steep sides and moderate concave base. Located at west end of trench. 0.62 width, 2.20m+ length.		0.31		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	5304			

TR54	Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5400	Topsoil	Dark brown moderate to friable silty loam. Rare small sub-angular and rounded flint. Rare chalk flecking. Occasional coal and charcoal.	0.27–0.28		
5401	Subsoil	Mid yellow brown firm clay sand silt. Frequent small chalk flecking. Rare small rounded flints and manganese flecking.	0.13–0.14		
5402	Geology	Mixed: mid red brown compact silt clay and orange brown firm sandy clay silt. Occasional large sub-angular flint. Frequent small rounded flint. Rare patches of degraded chalk.		0.55	
5403	Subsoil	Mid yellow orange brown sandy clay silt. Rare small chalk flecks, sub-angular and rounded flint. Lower subsoil.	0.14		
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR55	Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5500	Topsoil	Dark brown moderate loamy silt. Occasional small coal and charcoal flecks, small rounded and sub-angular flint and small chalk flecks and lumps.	0.24–0.25		
5501	Subsoil	Mid brown orange firm clay silt. Occasional chalk flecking. Rare sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.20–0.36		
5502	Geology	Mixed: mid brown orange red silty clay with patches of light yellow and brown orange sand. Occasional small rounded and sub-angular flint.		0.50-0.60	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR56	Orientation	SW-NE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5600	Topsoil	Dark grey brown soft plough soil.	0.24–0.30		
5601	Subsoil	Mid orange brown firm silt clay.	0.26–0.39		
5602	Geology	Orange brown firm sandy clay. Common small-medium flints. Lenses of chalk.		0.68	
5603	Geology	Yellow brown firm sandy clay.			
5604	Fill	Light grey brown firm sandy clay. Rare small flints, rare charcoal. Fill of 5605.	0.2		
5605	Ditch	Shallow, ploughed out ditch cut. 0.90m width.	0.2		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	5605		

TR57	Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
5700	Topsoil	Mid grey brown friable sandy silty clay. Rare carbon, coke, CBM, chalk flecks and angular flints.	0.25–0.28		
5701	Subsoil	Light-mid yellow brown firm sandy silty clay. Occasional chalk flecks. Rare rounded flint and carbon flecks.	0.20–0.21		
5702	Geology	Light-mid yellow brown friable sandy silty clay. Rare rounded flint.	0.09–0.17		
5703	Geology	Mid red brown friable sandy silty clay. Common small-large angular and rounded flint.		0.54-0.60	

TR57		Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
5704	Geology	Degraded and weathered chalk.				
5705	Fill	Light red brown sandy clay silt. Occasional angular and rounded flint. Fill of 5706.	0.43			
5706	Ditch	Wide V shaped profile. NE-SW aligned. 1.00m width, 2.10m+ length.	0.43			
Summary	Undated	Ditch	5706			

TR58		Orientation	NNW-SSE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
5800	Topsoil	Dark grey brown loose plough soil.	0.20–0.24			
5801	Subsoil	Light yellow brown firm silty clay. Common flints and small chalk fragments.	0.30–0.40			
5802	Geology	Orange brown compact sandy clay. Common small-large flints and pockets of small rounded flints.			0.56	
5803	Fill	Fill of cut 5804				
5804	Ditch	Cut of ditch, filled by 5803				
Summary	Undated	Ditch	5804			

TR59		Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
5900	Topsoil	Dark brown friable sandy silt. Occasional charcoal.	0.25			
5901	Subsoil	Light yellow brown firm sandy silt. Occasional chalk.	0.25–0.30			
5902	Geology	Dark red brown firm clay. Common flint.			0.50-0.57	
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR60		Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
6000	Topsoil	Dark brown grey firm sandy silty clay. Rare chalk, carbon and rounded flints.	0.25			
6001	Subsoil	Light-mid orange brown firm sandy silty clay. Rare chalk, carbon and sub-angular and rounded flint.	0.13–0.20			
6002	Geology	Mixed: dark red brown stiff sandy silty clay with patches of darker red grey brown. Frequent rounded flint. Head deposits.			0.34-0.40	
6003	Geology	Chalk. Underlies the head deposits and only visible in a few, small localised patches.			0.7	
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR61		Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
6100	Topsoil	Mid-dark brown compact clay silt. Rare medium flint.	0.25–0.34			
6101	Subsoil	Mid orange brown compact clay silt.	0.18–0.27			
6102	Geology	Degraded chalk.			0.58	
6103	Layer	Mid orange brown compact clay silt. Very abundant medium rounded flint.			0.46-0.50	
6104	Layer	Light-mid brown grey green compact silty clay.			0.6	

TR61	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6105	Layer	Like 6103, but a bit darker. Occasional rounded flint, rare large angular flint.		0.5	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR62	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6200	Topsoil	Mid brown compact silt. Rare small chalk and charcoal.	0.30–0.32		
6201	Subsoil	Mid orange brown compact clay silt. Rare medium flint. Head deposit?	0.26+		
6202	Geology	Crumbly chalk.		0.54	
6203	Fill	Light-mid orange brown compact clay silt. Fill of 6204.			
6204	Ditch?	Possible ditch. N–S aligned. 0.80m width.	0.1		
Summary	Undated	Ditch?	6204		

TR63	Orientation	SW-NE		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6300	Topsoil	Dark brown compact clayey silt.	0.22–0.26		
6301	Subsoil	No subsoil – likely because of ploughing and farming.			
6302	Geology	Mixed: light brown and grey compact clayey silt and orange compact clayey silt.	0.24–0.40	0.42-0.66	
6303	Fill	Light grey clayey silt. Rare flint. Fill of 6304.	0.22		
6304	Ditch/gully	NE-SW aligned. Shallow ditch or gully. Cut by 6306.	0.22		
6305	Fill	Light grey clayey silt. Fill of 6306.	0.23		
6306	Pit	Cut of pit. Cuts south edge of 6304.	0.23		
6307	Fill	Light brown compact clayey silt. Rare sub-angular flint. Fill of 6308.	0.15		
6308	Pit	Shallow circular pit – possibly geological?	0.15		
6309	Fill	Light brown and grey compact clayey silt. Occasional sub-angular flint. Fill of 6310.	0.1		
6310	Gully	Small, shallow gully, NE-SW aligned. Probably a field drain.	0.1		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	6304		
	Undated	Pit	6306		
	Undated	Pit	6308		
	Undated	Gully	6310		

TR64	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6400	Topsoil	Mid grey yellow brown friable silty clay. Occasional rounded flint and small chalk flecks.	0.26–0.33		
6401	Subsoil	Mid grey brown compact silty clay. Occasional rounded flint and small chalk flecks.	0.10–0.70		
6402	Geology	Mid yellow smooth clay. Patches of rounded flint.		0.28-0.40	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR65	Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
6500	Topsoil	Grey brown moderate loamy clay. Common medium flints, small and medium chalk.	0.32–0.36			
6501	Subsoil	Orange brown firm silty clay. Common small chalk.	0.08–0.15			
6502	Geology	Orange brown silty sandy clay. Abundant medium sub-angular and rounded flints. Common large flints. Extends southward for 27m where it becomes very patchy. Overlies firm clay 50% and small and chalk 50%.		0.39-0.40		
6503	Fill	Brown moderate silty clay. Common medium sub-angular and rounded flints. Small chalk. Fill of 6505.	0.44			
6504	Fill	Orange brown moderate silty clay. Common medium sub-angular and rounded flints. Abundant small and medium chalk. Fill of 6505.	0.26			
6505	Quarry	North side of quarry. Gradual slope. Excavated to depth of 0.50m.	0.50+			
6506	Fill	Grey brown moderate silty clay. Abundant small chalk and light brown lumps of silty clay. Rare very large flint. Occasional oyster shell. Fill of 6508.	0.3			2nd Half 1st Century AD
6507	Fill	Grey brown moderate silty clay. Abundant chalk and light brown silty clay lumps. Fill of 6508.	0.06			1st-3rd Century AD
6508	Gully	Aligned NNW–SSE. 0.70m width. Possibly the same as 6510.	0.18			
6509	Fill	Mottled brown and grey brown moderate silty clay. Common medium sub-angular and rounded flints. Common small chalk. Fill of 6510.	0.42			1st-2nd Century AD?
6510	Quarry	North edge with irregular slope.	0.60+			
6511	Fill	Mottled brown and grey moderate silty clay. Common small and medium chalk. Common medium and large flints. Fill of 6510.	0.44+			
6512	Fill	Orange brown moderate silty clay. Rare medium rounded flint. Fill of 6510.	0.2			
6513	Fill	Grey brown moderate silty clay. Common medium and large flints. Fill of 6514.	0.4			Late 1st-Early 2nd Century AD
6514	Ditch	Aligned NE-SW. Uneven sides. 1.10m width.	0.42			
6515	Fill	Brown grey compact clay. Common medium and large flints. Fill of 6514.	0.3			
6516	Fill	Fill of sunken trackway 6518. Grey brown moderate silty clay. Rare medium rounded flint.	0.10–0.17			
6517	Metalling	Metalling within 6518. Even mixture of rounded and sub-angular flints.	0.06–0.08			
6518	Sunken way	Aligned NE-SW. 3m width	0.22			
6519	Fill	Grey brown moderate silty clay. Rare small rounded flints and small chalk. Fill of 6505.	0.32			
Summary	Early Roman	Gully	6508			
	Early Roman	Quarry	6510			
	Early Roman	Ditch	6514			
	Undated	Quarry	6505			
	Undated	Trackway	6518			

TR66	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
6600	Topsoil	Grey brown moderate loamy clay. Abundant small chalk.	0.30–0.37			

TR66	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
6601	Subsoil					
6602	Geology				0.30-0.41	
6603	Fill	Orange brown firm silty clay. Common small and medium chalk and medium rounded flints. Fill of 6604.	0.22+			
6604	Quarry	Cut of shallow pit. Same as 6606 and 6611.	0.22+			
6605	Fill	Brown friable silty clay. Common small and medium chalk. Fill of 6606	0.17+			Late 2nd-3rd Century AD
6606	Quarry	Excavated to a shallow depth to ascertain relationship with ditch 6613. Equals 6604 and 6611.	0.17+			
6607	Fill	Brown firm silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Common medium flint. Fill of 6608.	0.12			
6608	Ditch	Aligned WNW–ESE. West extent cut away by 6606. Traced eastward where recorded as 6613. 0.50m width.	0.17			
6609	Fill	Brown firm silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Rare medium rounded flints. Fill of 6604.	0.10–0.12			
6610	Fill	Brown and light grey firm clay. Abundant chalk. Rare large flints. Fill of 6611.	0.32			
6611	Quarry	Group of cuts in surface of chalk on base of quarry 6604. Irregular in shape and sizes range from 18–66cms, depths 12–28cms. Probably the result of flint extraction. Filled with identical deposits, collectively numbered 6610.	0.12–0.28			
6612	Fill	Brown firm sandy clay. Common medium rounded flints. Fill of 6613.	0.39			2nd-3rd Century AD
6613	Ditch	Aligned WNW–ESE. Extends west for 5.50m where it has been cut away by quarry 6606 and has been recorded as 6608. 0.57m width.	0.6			
6614	Fill	Brown firm sandy clay. Common medium rounded flints. Rare medium sub-angular flints and carbon. Fill of 6615.	0.56			
6615	Ditch	Aligned NNE–SSW. 1.10m width.	0.62			
6616	Fill	Orange brown firm sandy clay. Rare medium rounded flints. Fill of 6617.	0.18			Prehistoric
6617	Ditch	Aligned NE–SW. 0.70m width.	0.18			
6618	Fill	Brown firm silty clay. Common small-medium chalk. Rare medium and very large flints. Rare medium rounded flints. Fill of 6613.	0.15–0.31			
6619	Fill	Brown firm silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Rare medium flints. Basal fill of 6613.	0.17			
6620	Fill	Brown firm silty clay. Common small and medium chalk. Basal fill of 6615.	0.08–0.20			
Summary	Prehistoric	Ditch	6617			
	Early Roman	Quarry	6604			
	Early Roman	Ditch	6613			
	Undated	Ditch	6615			

TR67	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	Extension: 4m x 6m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
6700	Topsoil		0.29			
6701	Subsoil	No subsoil at NE end of trench				
6702	Geology				0.26	
6703	Fill	Dark orange compact clayey silt. Frequent sub-angular and tabular flint. Fill of 6704.	0.68			Late medieval
6704	Ditch	Gradual sloping sides.	0.68			

TR67	Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	Extension: 4m x 6m
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6705	Fill	Very dark grey friable silt. Occasional large flints.	0.26		Prehistoric
6706	Fill	Light brown compact silt. Frequent oyster shells, occasional mussel shells. Occasional large flints. Fill of 6710.	0.18		
6707	Fill	Very dark grey friable silt. Common mussel and oyster shells. Occasional large flints. Fill of 6710.	0.14		Late 3rd-Early 5th Century AD
6708	Fill	Light brown compact silty clay. Occasional large flints. Fill of 6710.	0.1		
6709	Fill	Very dark grey friable silt. Frequent mussel shells, rare oyster shells. Occasional large flints. Primary fill of 6710.	0.15		Late 3rd-Early 5th Century AD
6710	Feature	Seemingly large as only edge identified in 2m slot. Same alignment as 6704; NE to SW, indicating there is perhaps a relationship between the two.	1.44+		
6711	Fill	Orange compact clayey silt. Not fully excavated. Large to medium flint, rare tabular flint. Chalk flecks. Fill of 6712.	0.28+		Prehistoric
6712	Ditch	Shallow. Runs alongside 6714. Part of a sunken feature building? 1.44m width.	0.28+		
6713	Fill	Orange compact clayey silt. Not fully excavated. Large to medium flint, rare tabular flint. Chalk flecks. Fill of 6714.	0.14+		
6714	Ditch	Cut of shallow ditch. Runs alongside 6712. Part of a sunken feature building? 1.08m width.	0.14+		
6715	Floor	Semi-compacted chalk surface, possibly the remnants of a floor.			
6716	Burnt deposit	Dark red grey brown burnt/scorched clay. Possibly the position of an oven/kiln.			
6717	Floor	Mid-dark yellow brown silty clay. Moderate to frequent chalk nodules within a rectangular shape of a building. May be the remnants of a consolidated floor.			
6718	SFB	Unexcavated. 2.00m width, 4.60m length.			
6719	Fill	Mid yellow brown silty clay. Moderate chalk nodules. Forms a band of material indicating the edge of pit 6728.	0.11		
6720	Fill	Mid yellow brown silt. Moderate chalk nodules. Occasional large flint nodules. Fill of 6728.	0.3		2nd Half 1st Century AD
6721	Fill	Dark grey brown silty clay. Occasional small chalk fragments and burnt material. Fill of 6728.	0.15		2nd Half 1st Century AD
6722	Fill	Mid yellow grey brown silty clay. Very occasional tiny chalk fragments. Fill of 6728.	0.14		
6723	Fill	Mid yellow grey brown silty clay. Frequent chalk. Occasional large flint. Fill of 6728.	0.08		
6724	Fill	Mid grey brown silty clay. Moderate chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flints. Occasional charcoal flecks. Fill of 6728.	0.22		Mid-Late 1st Century AD
6725	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay. Occasional chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flints. Occasional oyster shell. Fill of 6728.	0.2		2nd Century AD
6726	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown silty clay. Frequent chalk. Occasional sub-angular and rounded flints. Fill of 6728.	0.46		
6727	Fill	Mid red brown firm silty clay. Possibly heat affected. Fill of 6728.	0.22		
6728	Pit	Sub rectangular pit	0.08		
6729	Fill	Possible floor layer. Fill of 6744.			
6730	Burnt deposit	Patch of heated clay with occasional small areas of charcoal. Overlies compacted			

TR67		Orientation	NNE-SSW		L	50m	W	2.2m	Extension:	4m x 6m
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date			
6731	Floor	chalk (6731). Unexcavated. 0.35m width, 0.54m length (at surface). Compact chalk surface. Possibly the remnants of a floor. Unexcavated. 1.10m width, 1.20m length (at surface).								
6732	Floor	Mid-dark yellow brown silty clay. Moderate to frequent chalk nodules within a rectangular shape of a building. May be the remnants of a consolidated floor.								
6733	SFB	Possible building.								
6734	Fill	Mid-dark yellow brown silty clay. Occasional chalk. Fill of 6735.								
6735	Ditch/Pit									
6736	Fill	Mid yellow brown firm silty clay. Frequent chalk, moderate flints. Fill of 6737.								
6737	Quarry									
6738	Fill	Mid red brown firm silty clay. Occasional chalk and angular flint. Fill of 6739.								Mid 1st Century BC- Early 1st Century AD
6739	Ditch	1.24m width.				0.5				
6740	Fill	Mid yellow brown silty clay. Occasional to moderate chalk. Fill of 6741.				0.5				
6741	Ditch					0.18				
6742	Fill	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay. Moderate chalk, occasional to rare sub-angular flint. Fill of 6743.								
6743	Pit									
6744	SFB	Possible SFB.								
Summary	Prehistoric	Ditch	6712							
	Late Iron Age/early Roman	Ditch	6739							
	Early Roman	Pit	6728							
	Late Roman	Quarry	6710							
	Late medieval	Ditch	6704							
	Undated	Ditch	6714							
	Undated	SFB	6718							
	Undated	SFB	6733							
	Undated	Pit	6735							
	Undated	Quarry	6737							
	Undated	Ditch	6741							
	Undated	Pit	6743							
TR68		Orientation	NW-SE		L	50m	W	2.2m		
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date			
6800	Topsoil	Mid grey brown moderate to loose silty clay.			0.17–0.22					
6801	Subsoil	Mid brown silty clay with chalk fragments.			0.10–0.35					
6802	Geology	Chalk with light brown moderate silty clay.				0.31-0.37				
6803	Fill	Mid grey brown firm silty clay. Fill of 6804.			0.12					
6804	Feature	Small feature. 0.10m width.			0.06					
6805	Ditch	Shallow. 1.18m+ width.			0.12					
6806	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Fill of 6807.			0.8					Late 1st Century AD- Mid 3rd Century AD
6807	Ditch	V shaped profile. 1.48m width.			0.8					
6808	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Fill of 6809.			0.12					
6809	Ditch	Shallow. 1.00m width.			0.12					
6810	Fill	Orange brown moderate silty clay with flints. Fill of 6811.			0.56					Prehistoric
6811	Ditch	1.17m+ width.			0.56					
6812	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay. Occasional chalk. Fill of 6813.			0.57					

TR68	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6813	Ditch	0.68m+ width.		0.57		
6814	Fill	Orange brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Fill of 6815.		0.67		
6815	Ditch	U shaped profile. 1.40m+ width.		0.67		
6816	Fill	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Occasional small-large flints. Interfaces are unclear – 6816, 6818, 6820 and 6822 are all identical. Fill of 6817.		0.43		Late 1st-2nd Century AD
6817	Ditch	E-W aligned ditch. Steep sides and an uneven/undulating but generally flat base.		0.43		
6818	Fill	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Occasional small-large flints. Interfaces are unclear – 6816, 6818, 6820 and 6822 are all identical. Fill of 6819.		0.29		
6819	Ditch	Broad, E-W aligned cut with shallow sloping edges and undulating broad/wide base.		0.29		
6820	Fill	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Occasional small-large flints. Interfaces are unclear – 6816, 6818, 6820 and 6822 are all identical. Fill of 6821.		0.4		
6821	Ditch	Possible broad(ish) cut, approx. E-W alignment. Shallow sloping edges, fairly wide and flat base.		0.4		
6822	Fill	Mid orange brown moderate silty clay. Frequent chalk. Occasional small-large flints. Interfaces are unclear – 6816, 6818, 6820 and 6822 are all identical. Fill of 6823.		0.55		
6823	Ditch	Well-defined cut, N-S alignment (section view is fairly oblique). Steep sloping edges with a 15cm wide base.		0.55		
Summary	Prehistoric	Ditch	6811			
	Early Roman	Ditch	6807			
	Early Roman	Ditch	6817			
	Undated	SFB?	6805			
	Undated	Ditch	6809			
	Undated	Ditch	6813			
	Undated	Ditch	6815			
	Undated	Ditch	6819			
	Undated	Ditch	6821			
	Undated	Ditch	6823			

TR69	Orientation	WNW-ESE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6900	Topsoil	Mid grey brown loam. Occasional chalk and flint.		0.32–0.35		
6901	Subsoil	Light brown silty clay. Common chalk.		0.12		
6902	Geology	Degraded chalk mixed with light yellow silty clay. Occasional flint.			0.48	
6903	Geology	Reddish brown silty clay (brickearth). Occasional flint.			0.25	
6904	Fill	Light brown silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Upper fill of 6905.		0.16–0.33		
6905	Quarry					
6906	Fill	Mid brown firm silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Fill of 6907.		0.24		
6907	Pit	Circular. Steep sides, flat base. 0.68m width, 0.84m+ length.		0.24		
6908	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Fill of 6909.		0.15		
6909	Post-hole	Circular. Steep sides and flat base. 0.46m width, 0.53m length.		0.15		
6910	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Upper fill of 6911.				Mid 1st Century AD
6911	Quarry	2.50m+ width.				

TR69	Orientation	WNW-ESE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
6912	Fill	Light brown silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Fill of 6913.		0.17		
6913	Ditch	Cuts upper fill of quarry 6905. 0.55m+ width.		0.17		
6914	Fill	Dark brown clay. Fill of 6905.		0.07		
6915	Fill	Mid brown sandy clay. Fill of 6905.		0.27+		
6916	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Fill of 6917.		0.12		Mid 1st Century AD
6917	Feature	Possible quarry. 1.10m+ width.		0.12		
6918	Fill	Mid brown silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Fill of 6919.		0.1		
6919	Ditch	Possibly cuts 6917. 0.32m+ width.		0.1		
6920	Fill	Fill of 6911. Black loose sandy silt. Abundant charcoal, common shell.		0.1		Mid 1st Century AD
6921	Fill	Black loose sandy silt. Abundant charcoal, common shell. Fill of 6911.		0.06		2nd Half 1st Century AD
6922	Fill	Light red brown firm silty clay. Occasional chalk and flint. Fill of 6911.		0.16		Prehistoric
6923	Fill	Black loose sandy silt. Abundant charcoal, common shell. Fill of 6911.		0.04		
6924	Fill	Light brown soft silty clay. Abundant chalk. Fill of 6911.		0.16		
6925	Fill	Mid brown firm silty clay. Fill of 6911.		0.06–0.35		Mid 1st Century AD
6926	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Abundant chalk. Fill of 6911.		0.54+		Mid 1st Century AD
Summary	Early Roman	Quarry	6911			
	Early Roman	Pit	6917			
	Undated	Quarry	6905			
	Undated	Pit	6907			
	Undated	Post-hole	6909			
	Undated	Ditch	6913			
	Undated	Ditch	6919			

TR70	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7000	Topsoil	Mid brown loose sandy clay silt. Common medium flints.		0.30–0.36		
7001	Geology	Mid brown orange compact clay sand. Abundant medium flints and common small chalk.			0.28	
7002	Geology	Light brown yellow silty clay. Small to medium chalk and abundant medium to large flint.		0.16	0.33	
7003	Subsoil	Mid orange brown compact clay silt. Abundant medium to large flint.				
7004	Fill	Mid brown compact silt. Abundant small to medium chalk, rare medium and large flint. Fill of 7012.		0.3		Late 3rd-Early 5th Century AD
7005	Fill	Mid-dark brown soft clay silt. Common small chalk. Rare charcoal and medium flint. Very rare large flint. Fill of 7012.		0.46		Late 3rd-Early 5th Century AD
7006	Fill	Light-mid yellow brown compact clay silt. Very abundant medium to small chalk. Fill of 7012.		0.18		Late 1st-Early 2nd Century AD
7007	Fill	Mid-dark brown soft clay silt. Common large flint. Fill of 7012.		0.13		2nd-3rd Century AD
7008	Fill	Mid red brown soft clay silt. Common small chalk. Rare large flint. Fill of 7012.		0.6		Late 2nd-3rd Century AD
7009	Fill	Dark brown soft clay silt. Rare small chalk. Common small charcoal. Fill of 7012.		0.15		Late 2nd-Mid 3rd Century AD
7010	Fill	Light brown yellow loose to compact silt. Abundant chalk rubble. Fill of 7012.		0.26		Late 3rd-Early 5th Century AD

TR70	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
7011	Fill	Dark brown soft silt and compact light brown silt. Fill of 7012.	0.06		Late 3rd- Early 5th Century AD	
7012	Ditch/Pit	A ditch or a very large pit. Steep sides and flat base. 3.2m width	0.95			
7013	Geology	Chalk				
7014	Fill	Grey green orange compact clay. Very rare medium to large flint, medium chalk. Not excavated. Fill of 7015.				
7015	Feature	Possibly geological.				
7016	Fill	Light brown compact silt. Abundant chalk. Fill of 7017.	0.16			
7017	Ditch	May be geological. Fill is similar to geology. 0.50m width.	0.16			
7018	Fill	Mid brown moderate silt. Common medium angular flint and chalk. Fill of 7019.	0.2		Prehistoric	
7019	Post-hole	Possible post-hole. 0.53m width, 0.82m length.	0.2			
7020	Fill	Mid-dark brown clay silt. Common small chalk and charcoal. Fill of 7022.	0.26–0.32		4th-Early 5th Century AD	
7021	Fill	Mid brown clay silt. Common medium flint. Abundant small to medium chalk. Fill of 7022.	0.33–0.54		Late 1st Century BC- Mid 1st Century AD	
7022	Ditch	U shaped profile. E-W alignment. Deep edges. 1.08-1.86m width.	0.62–0.80			
7023	Quarry	Large quarry at south end of trench. Cut by later ditch 7022.				
7024	Fill	Mixed redeposited geology - patches of brown silty clay and mainly degraded chalk. Fill of 7023.	0.48+		Prehistoric	
7025	Fill	Chalk rubble with brown patch. Common small chalk and large to medium flint. Not excavated.				
7026	Feature	Possible feature, unclear edges. 0.65m width, 1.90m+ length.				
Summary	Prehistoric	Post-hole	7019			
	Late Roman	Pit	7012			
	Late Roman	Ditch	7022			
	Undated	Ditch	7017			
	Undated	Quarry	7023			
	Undated	Pit	7026			

TR71	Orientation	NW-SE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
7100	Topsoil	Dark brown grey loose and soft soil. Common sub-angular and rounded flints.	0.29–0.30			
7101	Subsoil	Orange brown firm silty clay. Common sub-angular and rounded flints.	0.07–0.18			
7102	Geology	Orange brown compact clay with flints. Areas of abundant pebbles/weathered flints and clay.		0.44		
Summary	No archaeological remains					

TR72	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
7200	Topsoil	Dark brown grey loose and soft soil. Common sub-angular and rounded flints.	0.36–0.37			
7201	Subsoil	Orange brown firm silty clay. Common sub-angular and rounded flints and chalk.	0.08			

TR72	Orientation	E-W	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7202	Geology	Orange brown compact clay with flints. Areas of abundant pebbles/weathered flints and clay.		0.29-0.39	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR73	Orientation	N-S	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7300	Topsoil	Mid grey yellow brown friable silty clay. Occasional small chalk, flint and modern debris.	0.23–0.25		
7301	Subsoil	Mid grey brown compact silty clay. Occasional small chalk and flints.	0.07–0.10		
7302	Geology	Mid yellow brown moderate silty clay. Occasional small-large rounded and angular flint and chalky patches.		0.30-0.46	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR74	Orientation	WNW-ESE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7400	Topsoil	Grey brown soft plough soil. Common sub-angular and rounded flints.	0.35–0.40		
7401	Colluvium	Light orange brown firm silt clay. Colluvium.	0.21		
7402	Geology	Orange firm clay with flints.		0.29-0.52	
7403	Fill	Dark grey silt clay. Common small chalk and flints. Fill of 7404.	0.34		
7404	Ditch	Shallow ditch. Cuts 7402. 0.71m width, 2.50m+ length.	0.34		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	7404		

TR75	Orientation	SW-NE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7500	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown moderate silty clay.	0.26–0.27		
7501	Subsoil	Yellow brown moderate to firm silty clay. Rare small and medium flints.	0.26–0.27		
7502	Geology	Chalk with light brown silt clay and flints.		0.37-0.38	
7503	Trackway	Orange red brown moderate silty clay. Possible fill of trackway.	0.34		
7504	Fill	Fill of 7505			
7505	Ditch	Cut of ditch. Filled by 7504			
Summary	Undated	Trackway	7503		
	Undated	Ditch	7505		

TR76	Orientation	SW-NE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7600	Topsoil	Mid grey brown friable and loose silty clay.	0.22–0.31		
7601	Subsoil	Mid-dark grey brown friable silty clay.	0.04–0.06		
7602	Geology	Mid orange brown silty clay and chalk.		0.25-0.28	
7603	Wall	Comprised from flint, brick and stone rubble. Possible wall foundation: compacted rubble layer containing flint, cbm fragments and rare large sandstone fragments. Very straight. 2.30m+ length.			
7604	Fill	Mid grey moderate silty clay. Small chalk. Fill of 7605.			

TR76	Orientation	SW-NE		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
7605	Wall trench	Cut for 7603: not excavated, but appears to cut into top of quarry 7612. Potentially a series of fills. 2.30m+ length.				
7606	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay. Common flint. Rare large chalk patches. Fill of 7607.				
7607	Quarry	Possibly same as 7612 but fill 7606 very different to 7611 and separated by 7605 so numbered differently. 2.30m+ length.				
7608	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay. Rare chalk and flint. Fill of 7610.	0.16			
7609	Fill	Chalk/soil. Primary fill of 7610.	0.01			
7610	Ditch	E-W aligned. 0.67m width, 2.30m+ length.	0.17			
7611	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate silty clay. Common small chalk. Fill of 7612.	0.72+			
7612	Quarry	Cut of very large quarry. Likely same as 7607. Located across central area of trench.				
7613	Fill	Mid brown moderate silty clay. Rare small flint and chalk. Rare small charcoal flecks. Fill of 7615.	0.15			Prehistoric
7614	Fill	Chalk and soil. Primary fill of 7615.	0.02			
7615	Ditch	At north end of trench. 0.81m width.	0.16			
7616	Fill	Mid grey brown moderate to compact clay silt. Rare small flint and chalk. Fill of 7617.	0.18			
7617	Pit	Possible pit. 0.84m width. Not very convincing and may well be geological.	0.18			

Summary	Prehistoric	Ditch	7615
	Undated	Quarry	7612
	Undated	Trackway	7605
	Undated	Quarry	7607
	Undated	Ditch	7610
	Undated	Pit	7617

TR77	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
7700	Topsoil	Very dark grey brown friable silty clay.	0.27–0.29			
7701	Subsoil	No subsoil. Likely due to farming and ploughing over the years.				
7702	Geology	Mixture of very orange clay and compact chalk.		0.20-0.35		
7703	Fill	Dark brown grey silt clay and compact chalk clayey silt. Fill of 7704.				
7704	Feature	Modern building/feature. Cut by post-hole 7706.				
7705	Fill	Light brown orange friable silty sand. Fill of 7706.				
7706	Post-hole	Irregular.				
7707	Fill	Dark brown grey friable silty clay. Fill of 7708.				
7708	Ditch	Aligned E-W.				
7709	Fill	Mid orange brown sandy clay. Frequent small chalk flecks. Occasional rounded to sub rounded flints. Fill of 7710.				
7710	Ditch	Roughly E-W aligned. Steep to moderate sides with flatish base.				
7711	Fill	Mid orange brown and dark brown soft sandy silt. Occasional small chalk. Rare small sub-angular and rounded flint. Fill of 7712.				
7712	Ditch	Recut ditch. Moderate to concave sides. Roughly E-W aligned.				
7713	Fill	Light brown compact clayey silt. Occasional charcoal flecks and sub-angular flint. Fill of 7714.				

TR77	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7714	Sunken way	Cut of trackway. Running east to west.				
7715	Ditch	Recut of 7712.				
7716	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Abundant chalk. Occasional flint. Fill of 7717.				13th-14th Century AD
7717	Sunken way	Shallow, wide and irregular. Possible trackway. Aligned with farm.				
Summary	Late medieval	Ditch	7712			
	Undated	Feature	7704			
	Undated	Post-hole	7706			
	Undated	Ditch	7708			
	Undated	Ditch	7710			
	Undated	Trackway	7714			
	Undated	Trackway	7717			

TR78	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7800	Topsoil	Dark grey brown soft plough soil.		0.30–0.39		
7801	Subsoil	Grey orange brown silty clay. Common flints and chalk.		0.19–0.20		
7802	Geology	Dark orange brown compact clay with flints.			0.44-0.48	
7803	Geology	Large areas of fractured chalk and flints.			0.44-0.59	
7804	Geology	Dark brown compact clay with green lenses. Under 7802.			0.50-0.63	
7805	Fill	Dark grey brown silt clay. Fill of 7808.		0.23		
7806	Fill	Dark brown silt clay. Abundant charcoal. Fill of 7808.		0.25		
7807	Fill	Light brown firm sandy clay. Fill of 7808.		0.25		
7808	Ditch	Cuts 7802 and 7804. 1.85m width, 2.40m+ length.		0.6		
7809	Fill	Dark grey brown firm silty sandy clay. Fill of 7810.				
7810	Ditch	Not excavated. 2m width, 2.50m+ length.				
7810	Ditch?	Shallow, E-W aligned. Ditch? 2.80m width.		0.2		
7811	Fill	Mid brown compact silty clay. Very rare medium flints and charcoal. Above 7812. Fill of 7810.				Prehistoric
7812	Fill	Red grey brown compact and friable silty clay. Common manganese. Common flint. Below 7811. Fill of 7810.				Prehistoric
7813	Fill	Fill of 7814.				
7814	Pit					
7815	Fill	Fill of 7816.				
7816	Ditch					
7817	Fill	Fill of 7818				
7818	Ditch					
7819	Fill	Fill of 7820.				
7820	Pit	Pit				
7821	Geology	Light green and mid orange friable clay. Common small manganese.				
Summary	Prehistoric	Ditch?	7810			
	Undated	Ditch	7808			
	Undated	Pit	7814			
	Undated	Ditch	7816			
	Undated	Ditch	7818			
	Undated	Pit	7820			

TR79	Orientation	E-W		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7900	Topsoil	Brown friable sandy silt. Common organic material, flint and chalk.		0.25		

TR79	Orientation	E-W	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
7901	Subsoil	Light red brown firm silty clay. Occasional chalk and flint.	0.15–0.25		
7902	Geology	Degraded chalk. Common flint.		0.36-0.40	
7903	Geology	Red brown firm clay. Common flint.		0.41	
Summary	No archaeological remains				

TR80	Orientation	ENE-WSW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8000	Topsoil	Light brown grey friable sandy silt loam. Chalk flecking.	0.31–0.32		
8001	Colluvium	Mid red brown sandy clay. Colluvium with flints throughout.	0.22–0.54		
8002	Geology	Light red brown sandy clay and chalk.	0.06–0.15	0.54-0.69	
8003	Ditch	U-shaped profile. Very obscure with concave base. 0.91m width.	0.36		
8004	Fill	Mid red brown sandy clay with flints. Sparse chalk and extensive rooting. May well represent weathered redeposit of colluvial material, as seen in section. Fill of 8003.	0.36		
8005	Pit	Irregular U-shaped cut with indistinct edges and highly irregular base. Possible root activity. 0.29m width.	0.24		Prehistoric
8006	Fill	Dark brown grey silty sand. Rooting and small sub-angular flints. Fill of 8005.	0.15–0.24		
Summary	Prehistoric Pit Undated Ditch	8005 8003			

TR81	Orientation	NNW-SSE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8100	Topsoil	Dark brown friable silty clay. Ploughed soil (agriculture). Rare flint.	0.29–0.39		
8101	Subsoil	Light-mid brown compact silty clay. Common specks of chalk and small flint. Possibly associated with colluvial activity?	0.42–0.50		
8102	Geology	Orange brown compact clay.		0.78-0.84	
8103	Fill	Mid brown compact silty clay. Occasional small flint and very small specks of chalk. Fill of 8104.	0.29		
8104	Ditch	Cut of linear feature. East to west alignment. No finds. 0.96m width, 2.20m+ length.	0.29		
Summary	Undated Ditch	8104			

TR82	Orientation	NW-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description	Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8200	Topsoil	Dark grey brown plough soil.	0.24–0.30		
8201	Colluvium	Orange brown firm colluvium.	0.30–0.31		
8202	Geology	Red brown firm clay with flints.		0.55	
8203	Fill	Brown soft silt clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 8207.			
8204	Fill	Grey brown firm silt clay. Abundant chalk. Fill of 8207.	0.27		
8205	Fill	Mid grey brown loose silt clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 8207.	0.26+		
8206	Fill	Compact chalk rubble and orange brown silt clay. Fill of 8207.			
8207	Ditch	Large enclosure ditch. Not bottomed.			

TR82		Orientation	NW-SW		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
8208	Fill	Dark grey brown silt clay. Common chalk and flints. Fill of 8209.						
8209	Ditch	Enclosure ditch. Not excavated.						
8210	Geology	Outcropping of compact chalk and flints. Cut by 8207.						
8211	Fill	Grey green firm silt clay. Fill of 8209.						
8212	Void	Void						
8213	Fill	Grey brown firm silt clay. Common flints and chalk fragments. Fill of 8209.						
8214	Fill	Light grey brown firm silt clay. Chalk and flints. Fill of 8215.						
8215	Ditch	Shallow, ploughed out ditch.						
8216	Fill	Mid red brown yellow brown. Fill of 8217.			0.22			
8217	Ditch	Approx N-S aligned. 1.70m width.			0.22			
Summary	Undated	Ditch	8207					
	Undated	Ditch	8209					
	Undated	Ditch	8215					
	Undated	Ditch	8217					

TR83		Orientation	E-W		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
8300	Topsoil	Dark brown moderate silty loam. Occasional small chalk and flecking. Occasional rounded to sub-angular flints.			0.30–0.32			
8301	Subsoil	Mid brown yellow clay silt. Frequent small chalk and flecking. Very rare small rounded flint. Occasional manganese flecking.			0.18–0.20			
8302	Geology	Mid brown orange compact sandy clay silt. Rare chalk flecking.				0.65-0.68		
8303	Colluvium	Lower subsoil. Mid brown yellow compact sandy silty clay. Rare chalk and manganese flecks. Colluvium?						
8304	Fill	Mid brown yellow firm sandy clay silt. Occasional manganese mottling and fleckings. Rare sub-angular flints. Upper fill of 8306.			0.33			
8305	Fill	Mid brown yellow firm sandy clay silt. Frequent patches of light yellow sandy silt. Occasional manganese flecking. Very rare small chalk flecks. Fill of 8306.			0.23			
8306	Ditch	Ephemeral ditch with diffuse edges. Difficult to see in plan. NE-SW aligned. 1.20-1.64m width.			0.40–0.58			
8307	Fill	Mid yellow brown compact sandy clay silt. Occasional sub-angular flints. Occasional manganese flecking. Fill of 8308.			0.17			
8308	Ditch	Very ephemeral with diffuse edges. Possible base of small ditch. Possibly caused by geological process? ESE-WNW aligned. 0.45m width.			0.17			
8309	Pit?	Mid brown orange compact sandy clay silt. Occasional manganese flecking. Fill of unexcavated possible pit. Very similar to geology. 0.55m width, 0.80m length.						
8310	Pit?	Mid brown orange compact sandy clay silt. Occasional manganese flecking. Fill of unexcavated possible pit. Very similar to geology. 0.25m width, 0.60m length.						
Summary	Undated	Ditch	8306					
	Undated	Ditch	8308					
	Undated	Pit?	8309					
	Undated	Pit?	8310					

TR84		Orientation	NE-SW	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8400	Topsoil	Mid brown friable sandy silt. Common organic material and flint.		0.25–0.30		
8401	Subsoil	Light brown soft silty clay. Occasional chalk flecks.		0.10–0.30		
8402	Geology	Red brown firm clay. Common flint.			0.54-0.60	
8403	Fill	Mid brown soft silty clay. Common chalk. Occasional flint. Fill of 8404.		0.55		
8404	Ditch	1.16m width.		0.55		
Summary	Undated	Ditch	8404			

TR85		Orientation	NW-SE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8500	Topsoil	Mid-dark grey brown loose to moderate silty clay.		0.3		
8501	Subsoil	Mid orange grey brown firm silty clay. Moderate chalk flecking.		0.16–0.20		
8502	Geology	Mid orangy brown silty clay, firm. Bioturbation (worm holes). Head deposit.			0.45-0.50	
8503	Fill	Mid-dark red grey brown firm silty clay.		0.15+		
8504	Gully	Unexcavated. 0.58m width.		0.15+		
8505	Fill	Mid-dark red brown firm silty clay. Occasional sub-angular flint. Fill of 8506.		0.49		
8506	Ditch	Aligned NE-SW. Possible boundary or enclosure ditch. 1.46m width.		0.49		
8507	Fill	Mid-dark red brown firm silty clay. Occasional sub-angular flint and chalk flecking. Fill of 8508.		0.45		
8508	Ditch	Aligned approx NE-SW. Parallel to 8506. 1.20m width.		0.45		
8509	Fill	Mid-dark red grey brown firm silty clay.				
8510	Ditch	Aligned NE–SW. Unexcavated.				
Summary	Prehistoric	Ditch	8506			
	Undated	Gully	8504			
	Undated	Ditch	8508			
	Undated	Ditch	8510			

TR86		Orientation	SW-NE	L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8600	Topsoil	Mid brown grey soft sandy silt loam. Organic matter and rare chalk flecks.		0.26–0.34		
8601	Subsoil	Light red brown firm sandy clay. Common sub-angular flints.		0.32–0.40		
8602	Geology	Mid red brown firm sandy clay. Frequent flints and chalk at lower extent.			0.50-0.66	
8603	Ditch	Moderate to very steep sided cut of large ditch. Full width not exposed. Excavated to characterise extent. Concave base with V shaped profile at present depth.		0.76		
8604	Fill	Mid brown firm sandy silt. Chalk fragments and rooting throughout. Occasional sub-angular flints. Overlies 8605. Fill of 8603.		0.64		
8605	Fill	Mid red brown firm sandy silt. Abundant chalk fragments and flints. Basal fill of 8603.		0.12		
8606	Ditch	Shallow ditch. Excavated at terminus. U shaped profile with concave base. 0.59m width.		0.45		
8607	Fill	Mid yellow brown sandy silt. Common chalk and sub-angular flints. Fill of 8606.		0.45		
8608	Fill	Fill of 8609		0.98		
8609	Ditch	Cut of ditch. Same as 8603		0.98		

TR86		Orientation	SW-NE		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
8610	Fill	Fill of 8611						
8611	Gully	Linear feature, possible gully. 0.44m wide, unexcavated						
Summary	Late medieval	Ditch	8603 = 8609					
	Undated	Pit	8606					
	Undated	Gully	8611					

TR87		Orientation	NW-SE		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
8700	Topsoil	Mid-dark brown friable silty clay. Common small to medium flint.			0.28–0.32			
8701	Subsoil	Light orange brown compact silty clay. Very common specks of chalk, common small to medium rounded flints.			0.14–0.38			
8702	Geology	Mixed: Light yellow white compact chalk mixed with dark green brown compact silty clay with flints.				0.44		
8703	Fill	Yellow grey brown compact silty clay. Common flint. Fill of 8704.						13th-14th Century AD
8704	Ditch	Wide ditch. 13m+ width.						
8705	Fill	Yellow grey brown compact silty clay. Fill of 8707.						
8706	Fill	Green yellow brown friable silty clay. Fill of 8707.						
8707	Ditch	Wide ditch.						
Summary	Late medieval	Ditch	8704					
	Late medieval	Ditch	8707					

TR88		Orientation	N-S		L	50m	W	2.2m
Context	Type	Description			Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date	
8800	Topsoil	Light-mid brown friable silty clay. Plough/agricultural soil.			0.21–0.22			
8801	Subsoil	Orange brown compact silty clay.			0.26–0.28			
8802	Geology	Mixed: orange brown friable clay and chalk.				0.43-0.53		
8803	Fill	Light-mid brown friable silty clay. Common chalk and flint. Fill of 8804.			0.14			
8804	Ditch?	Possibly a geological feature running roughly E-W. 0.58m width.			0.14			
8805	Fill	Dark grey brown friable silty clay. Very common small to medium flint and frequent chalk specks. Upper fill of 8807.			0.17			
8806	Fill	Dark grey brown friable silty clay mixed with orange brown friable clay and white compact chalk. Occasional small flint and frequent chalk specks. Primary fill of 8807.			0.09			
8807	Ditch	Aligned E-W. 0.98m width.			0.48			
8808	Fill	Light yellow brown compact silty clay and chalk. Frequent flints. Fill of 8809.			0.17			
8809	Ditch?	Possibly geological. E-W aligned. 0.61m width.			0.17			
8810	Fill	Fill of geological feature 8811						
8811	Ditch?	Possible geological feature						
8812	Fill	Fill of ditch/geological feature 8813						
8813	Ditch?	Possible ditch/geological feature, NE-SW aligned						
8814	Fill	Fill of ditch 8815						
8815	Ditch	Cut of ditch, 0.86m wide, NE-SW aligned						
8816	Fill	Fill of ditch/geological feature 8817						
8817	Ditch?	Possible ditch/geological feature, E-W aligned						

TR88	Orientation	N-S		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
Summary	Undated	Ditch	8807			
	Undated	Ditch?	8804			
	Undated	Ditch?	8809			
	Undated	Ditch?	8811			
	Undated	Ditch?	8813			
	Undated	Ditch	8815			
	Undated	Ditch?	8817			

TR89	Orientation	NNE-SSW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
8900	Topsoil			0.20–0.25		
8901	Subsoil	Brown sandy clay with common small chalk.		0.09–0.10		
8902	Geology	Mixed: Fragmented chalk and light brown silty clay. Common medium and large flints.			0.31-0.33	
8903	Fill	Light brown firm silty clay. Abundant small and medium chalk. Common medium rounded flint. Excavated to depth of 0.32m. Fill of 8904.		0.32+		
8904	Ditch?	Aligned NE-SW. Possibly geological.				
8905	Fill	Orange brown firm silty sandy clay. Common small and medium chalk. Common medium flints. Fill of 8906.		0.12		
8906	Ditch?	Aligned E-W. Possibly geological.				
8907	Fill	Orange brown firm silty clay. Common medium flint. Fill of 8908.		0.33		
8908	Ditch?	Aligned E-W. Possibly geological. Excavated slot 0.70 x1.20m located on south side to ascertain its nature. 2.80-3.20m width.		0.33		
Summary	Undated	Ditch?	8904			
	Undated	Ditch?	8906			
	Undated	Ditch?	8908			

TR90	Orientation	NE-SW		L 50m	W 2.2m	
Context	Type	Description		Thickness(m)	DBGL (m)	Spot-date
9000	Topsoil	Dark brown moderate loamy silt. Occasional small chalk flecks and sub-angular and rounded flints. Rare charcoal flecking.		0.23–0.28		
9001	Subsoil	Mid orange brown firm sandy clay silt. Frequent small chalk. Rare small sub-angular and rounded flint.		0.14–0.16		
9002	Geology	Mid orange brown firm silty clay. Frequent small rounded flints. Intermittent more sandy and clay patches. Rare patches of degraded chalk.			0.50-0.69	
9003	Subsoil	Lower subsoil. No chalk and slightly more orange than 9001.		0.13–0.25		
Summary	No archaeological remains					

Appendix 4. OASIS Record

OASIS ID: canterbu3-307032

Project details

Project name	Westwood Village, Haine Road, Thanet, Kent. Evaluation
Short description of the project	Archaeological evaluation was conducted on land off Haine Road, Thanet, Kent, between September and November 2017 in preparation of a proposed planning application for a large scale residential development referred to as Westwood Village. The evaluation comprised machine excavation of 90 trenches representing a 3% sample of the total proposed development area which covers an area of 38ha. Archaeological features were recorded in 64 of 90 trenches. This comprised 269 archaeological features investigated in 235 hand-excavated interventions. Features comprised 157 ditches/linear features, 42 pits, 19 post-holes, 9 sunken featured buildings, 9 trackways, 23 quarry pits, 9 other undifferentiated features and 1 agricultural feature. The identified archaeological features corresponded well with previously known heritage assets and geophysical anomalies, with the focus of activity concentrated on a west-facing slope overlooking a dry valley. Six chronological periods were represented spanning the later prehistoric, late Iron Age to early Roman, later Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods. Finds included pottery, ceramic building material, worked flint, burnt flint, and metalworking residues. Recovered registered finds included some 153 diagnostic finds, including 1 late Iron Age, 11 Roman and 1 medieval coin, along with other metal and non-metal finds. Preservation of environmental data was influenced by calcareous soil conditions with good potential to obtain data on diet and economy. Charred plant remains were common, animal bone was in moderate to poor condition, and evidence for marine fish and shellfish was recovered. The evaluation confirmed and supplements desk based and geophysical survey work.
Project dates	Start: 18-09-2017 End: 10-11-2017
Previous/future work	Yes / Yes
Any associated project reference codes	WVT EV 17 - Contracting Unit No.
Type of project	Field evaluation
Site status	None
Current Land use	Cultivated Land 2 - Operations to a depth less than 0.25m
Monument type	RING DITCH Late Prehistoric
Monument type	DITCH Late Prehistoric
Monument type	QUARRY Roman
Monument type	PIT Roman
Monument type	FIELD SYSTEM Roman
Monument type	SUNKEN FEATURED BUILDING Roman
Monument type	TRACKWAY Roman
Monument type	DITCH Medieval
Monument type	PIT Medieval
Monument type	QUARRY Medieval
Monument type	DITCH Post Medieval
Monument type	PIT Post Medieval
Monument type	QUARRY Post Medieval
Significant Finds	POT Late Iron Age

Significant Finds	POT Roman
Significant Finds	POT Medieval
Significant Finds	LITHIC Late Prehistoric
Significant Finds	CERAMIC BUILDING MATERIAL Roman
Significant Finds	METAL WORK Roman
Significant Finds	ANIMAL BONE Roman
Significant Finds	SHELL FISH Roman
Significant Finds	GLASS Roman
Significant Finds	COIN Late Iron Age
Significant Finds	COIN Roman
Significant Finds	COIN Medieval
Significant Finds	SHELL FISH Roman
Methods & techniques	"Sample Trenches"
Development type	Housing estate
Prompt	Direction from Local Planning Authority - PPG16
Position in the planning process	Pre-application

Project location

Country	England
Site location	KENT THANET MARGATE Westwood Village, off Haine Road, Margate, Thanet
Postcode	CT9 5LE
Study area	38 Hectares
Site coordinates	TR 35535 67365 51.355791936354 1.383359760267 51 21 20 N 001 23 00 E Point
Height OD / Depth	Min: 36m Max: 52m

Project creators

Name of Organisation	Canterbury Archaeological Trust
Project brief originator	Consultant
Project design originator	Rebecca Enlander
Project director/manager	Jon Rady
Project supervisor	Richard Helm
Type of sponsor/funding body	Developer
Name of sponsor/funding body	Greenacre (Thanet) Limited

Project archives

Physical Archive recipient	Kent County Council
Physical Archive ID	4035
Physical Contents	"Ceramics", "Environmental", "Glass", "Industrial", "Metal", "Worked stone/lithics", "other", "Animal Bones"
Digital Archive recipient	Kent County Council
Digital Archive ID	4035
Digital Contents	"Animal Bones", "Ceramics", "Environmental", "Glass", "Industrial", "Metal", "Stratigraphic", "Survey", "Worked stone/lithics", "other"
Digital Media available	"Database", "GIS", "Geophysics", "Images raster / digital photography", "Spreadsheets", "Survey", "Text"
Paper Archive recipient	Kent County Council
Paper Archive ID	4035
Paper Contents	"Stratigraphic", "Survey", "other"
Paper Media available	"Context sheet", "Correspondence", "Drawing", "Map", "Matrices", "Miscellaneous Material", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Section", "Survey", "Unpublished Text"

Project bibliography 1

Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	Westwood Village: land off Manston Court Road and Haine Road, Margate, Thanet, Kent. Archaeological evaluation report
Author(s)/Editor(s)	O'Shea Walker, L.
Author(s)/Editor(s)	Helm, R.
Other bibliographic details	Report No. 2017/218
Date	2017
Issuer or publisher	Canterbury Archaeological Trust
Place of issue or publication	Canterbury
Description	Evaluation report (ii+87pp inc. 4 appendices+19 plates+9 figures)

Entered by Richard Helm (richard.helm@canterburytrust.co.uk)
Entered on 24 January 2018



Plate 1. General view across proposed development area, looking east. Scale 2m



Plate 2. Geomorphological/linear features 3223 and 3225, Tr32, looking NE. Scale 1m



Plate 3. Section through later prehistoric ring ditches 3506 and 3510, Tr35, looking W. Scale 1m



Plate 4. Section through later prehistoric ring ditches 3403 and 3405, Tr34, looking NNW. Scale 1m



Plate 5. Detail showing prehistoric ring ditch 3516, Tr35, looking S. Scale 0.5m



Plate 6 Early Roman pit 814, Tr8, looking SW. Scale 1m



Plate 7. Early Roman SFB 807, Tr8, looking SW. Scale 0.5m



Plate 8. Early Roman quarry pit 7023, looking SE. Scale 1m



Plate 9. Early Roman ditch 715 and later Roman pits 717, 719, 720 and 722



Plate 10. Late Roman SFB 727/735, Tr7, looking S. Scale 1m



Plate 11. Late Roman quarry pit 707/713, Tr7, looking west. Scale 1m



Plate 12. Section through medieval ditch 2206, Tr22, looking E. Scale 0.5m



Plate 13. Section through medieval ditch 8704, Tr87, looking SE. Scale 1m

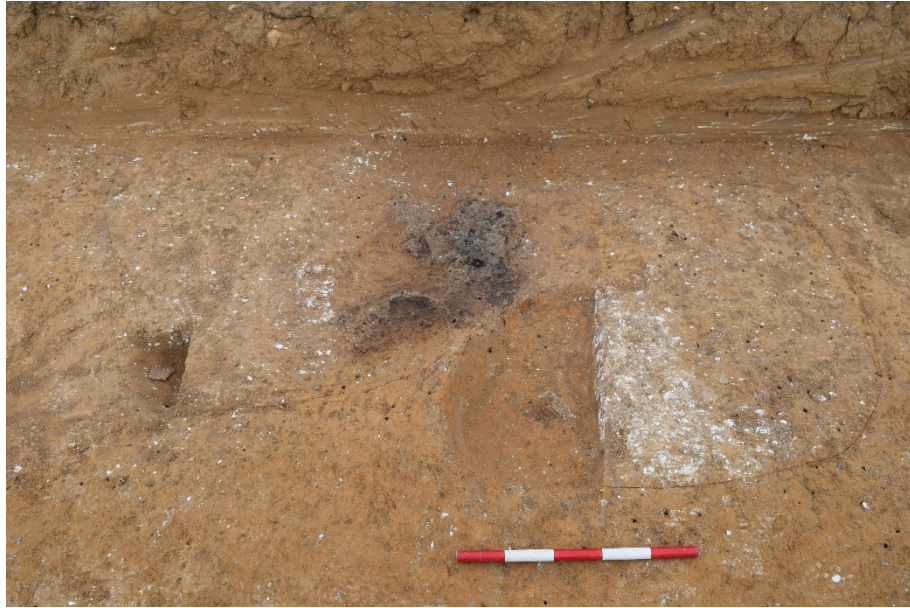


Plate 14. Medieval pit 2212, Tr22, looking N. Scale 0.5m



Plate 15. Undated SFB 2806, Tr28, looking NW. Scale 1m



Plate 16. Undated SFB 6718, Tr67, looking S. Scale 1m

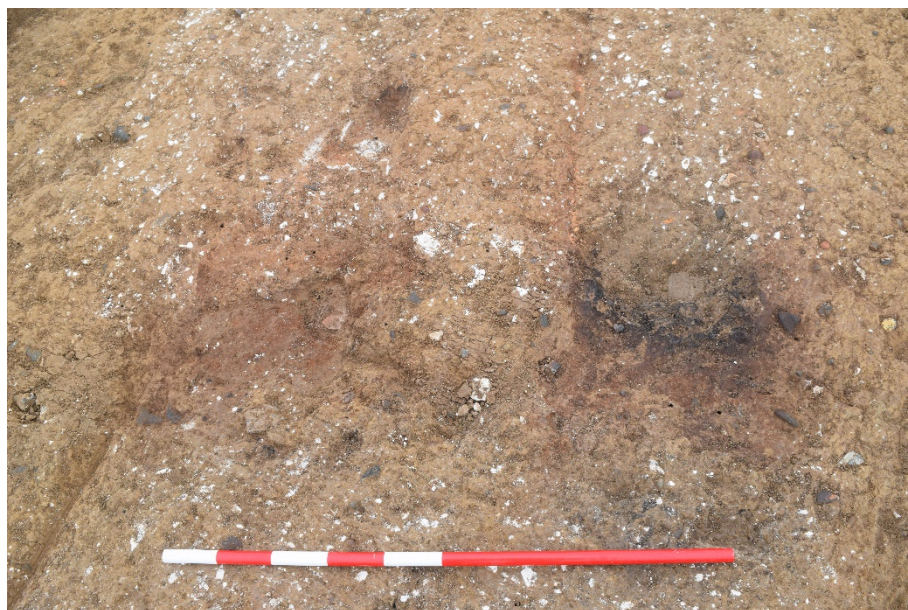


Plate 17. Detail of hearth/oven within undated SFB 6718, Tr67, looking W. Scale 1m



Plate 18. Undated trackway 3218 and ditch 3216, Tr32, looking SE. Scale 1m



Plate 19. Undated trackway 3116 showing remnant metalling, looking SE. Scale 1m

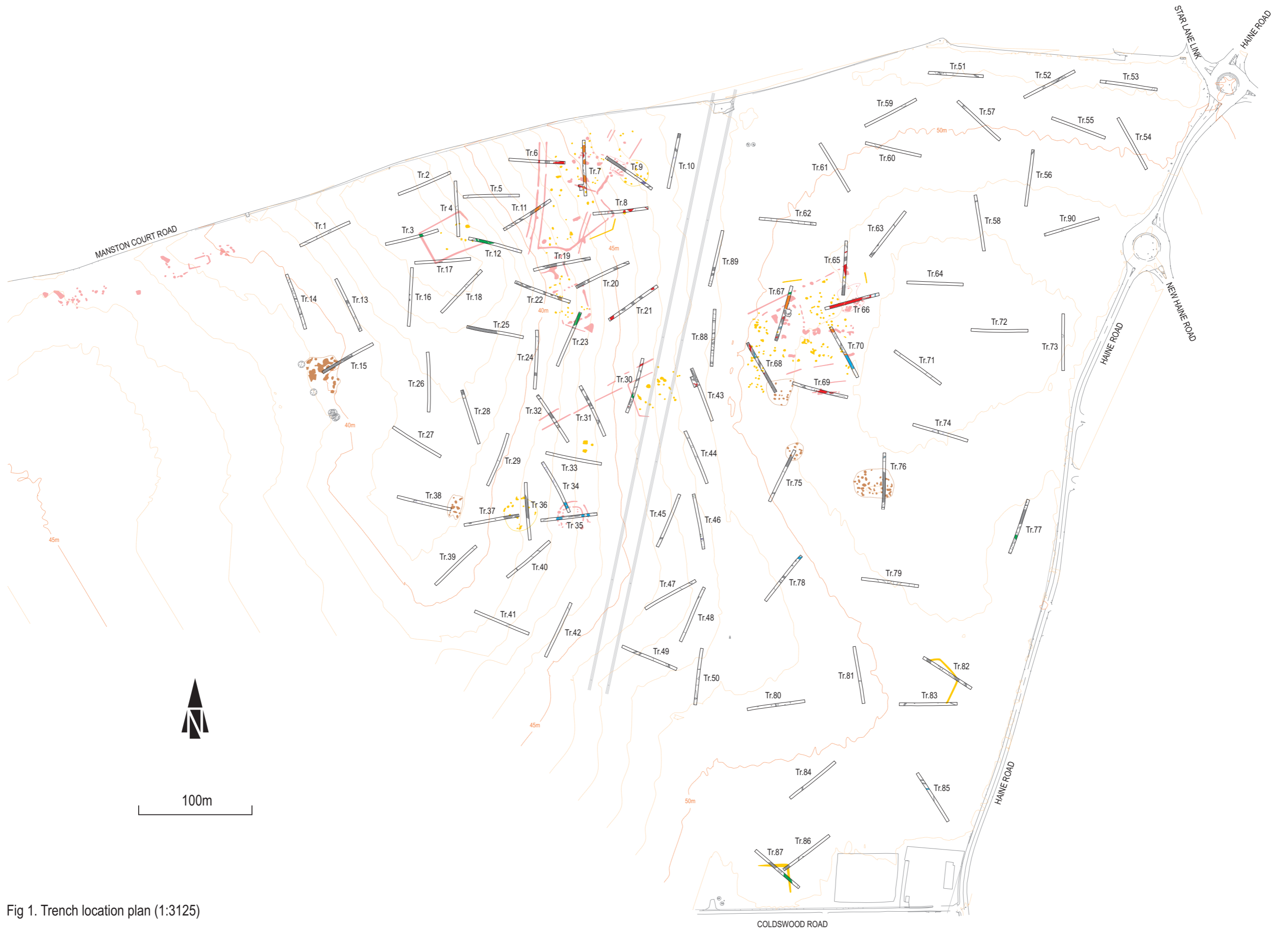


Fig 1. Trench location plan (1:3125)

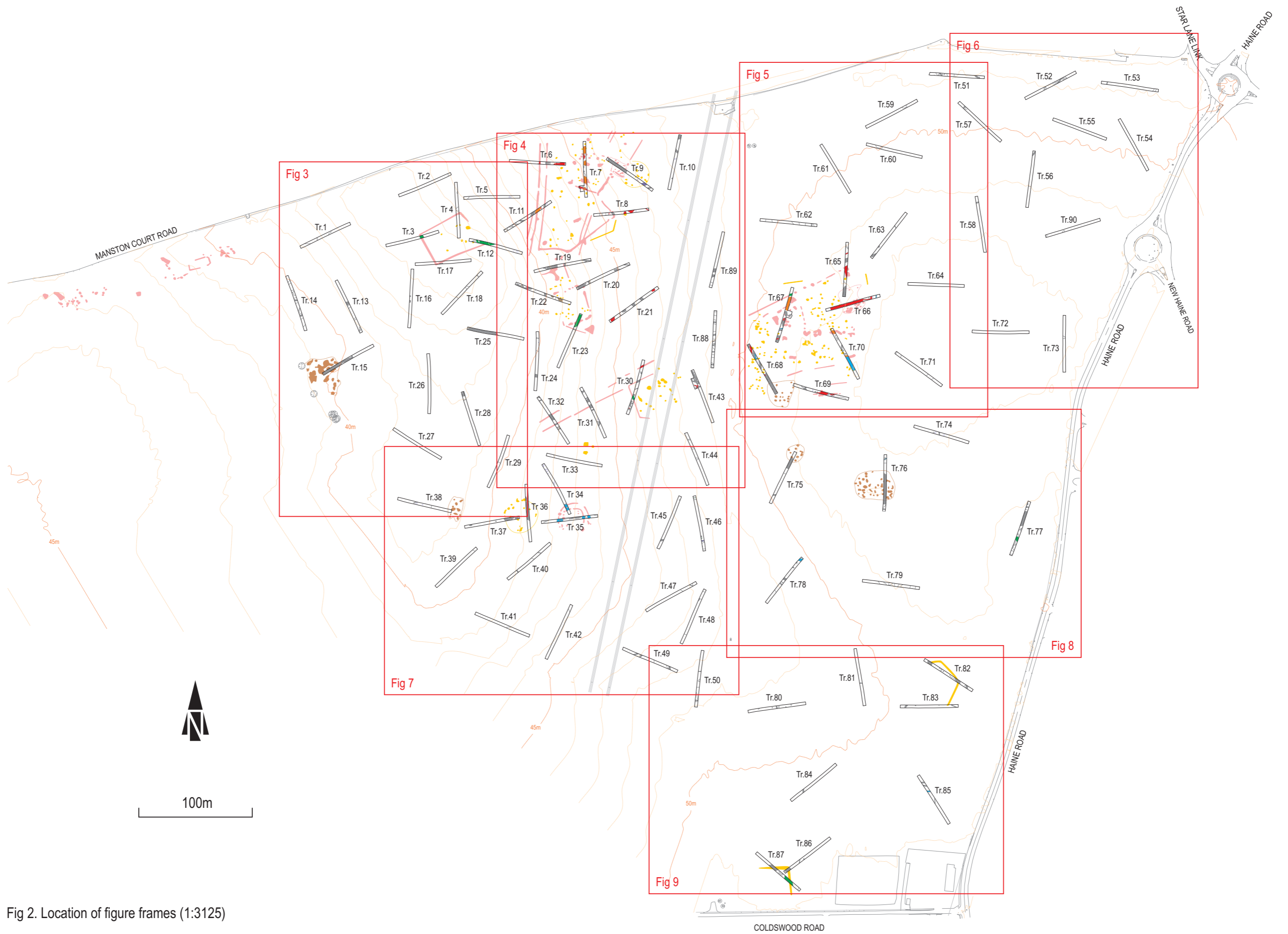


Fig 2. Location of figure frames (1:3125)

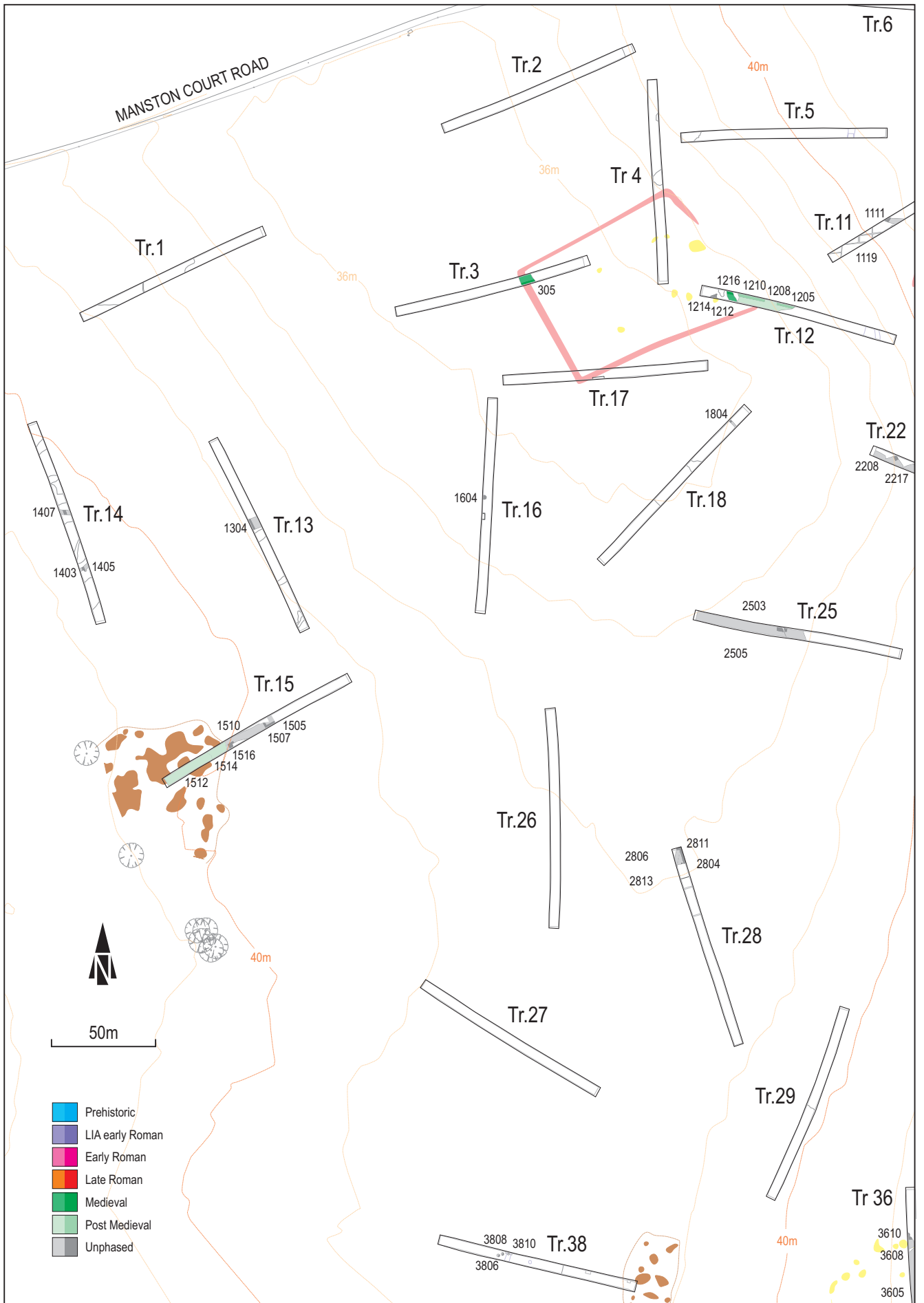


Fig 3. Detail plan (1:1250)

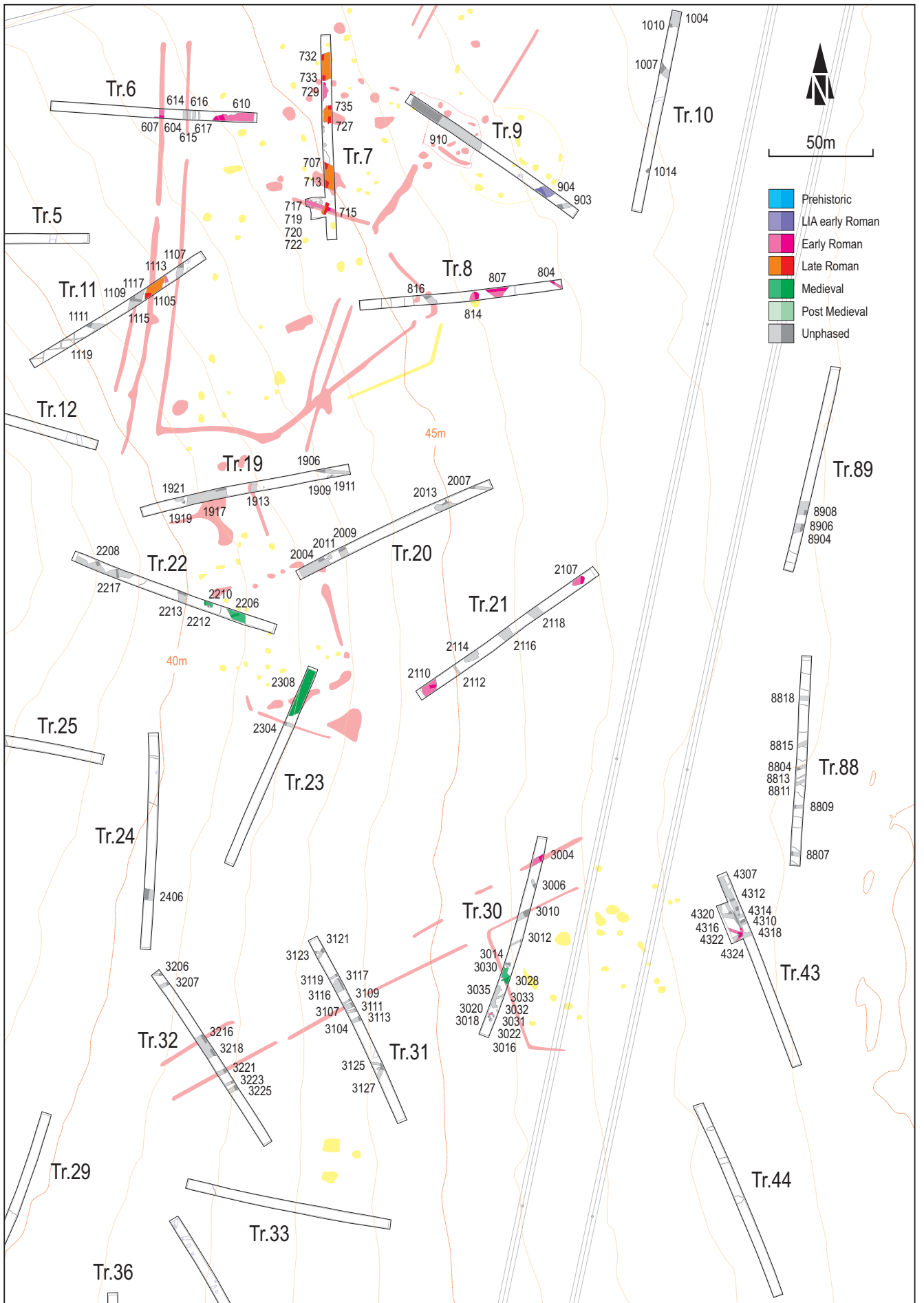


Fig 4. Detail plan (1:1250)

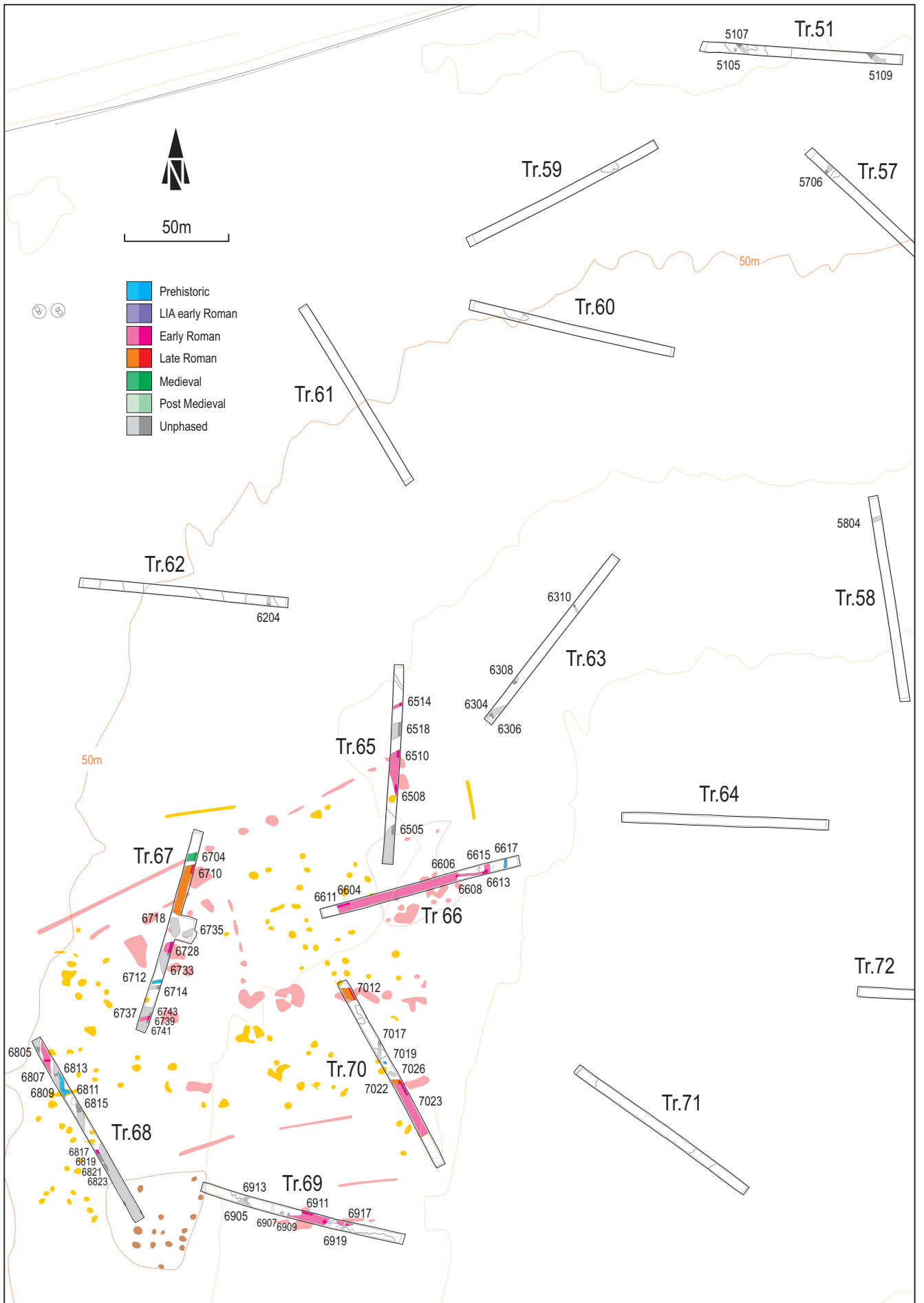


Fig 5. Detail plan (1:1250)

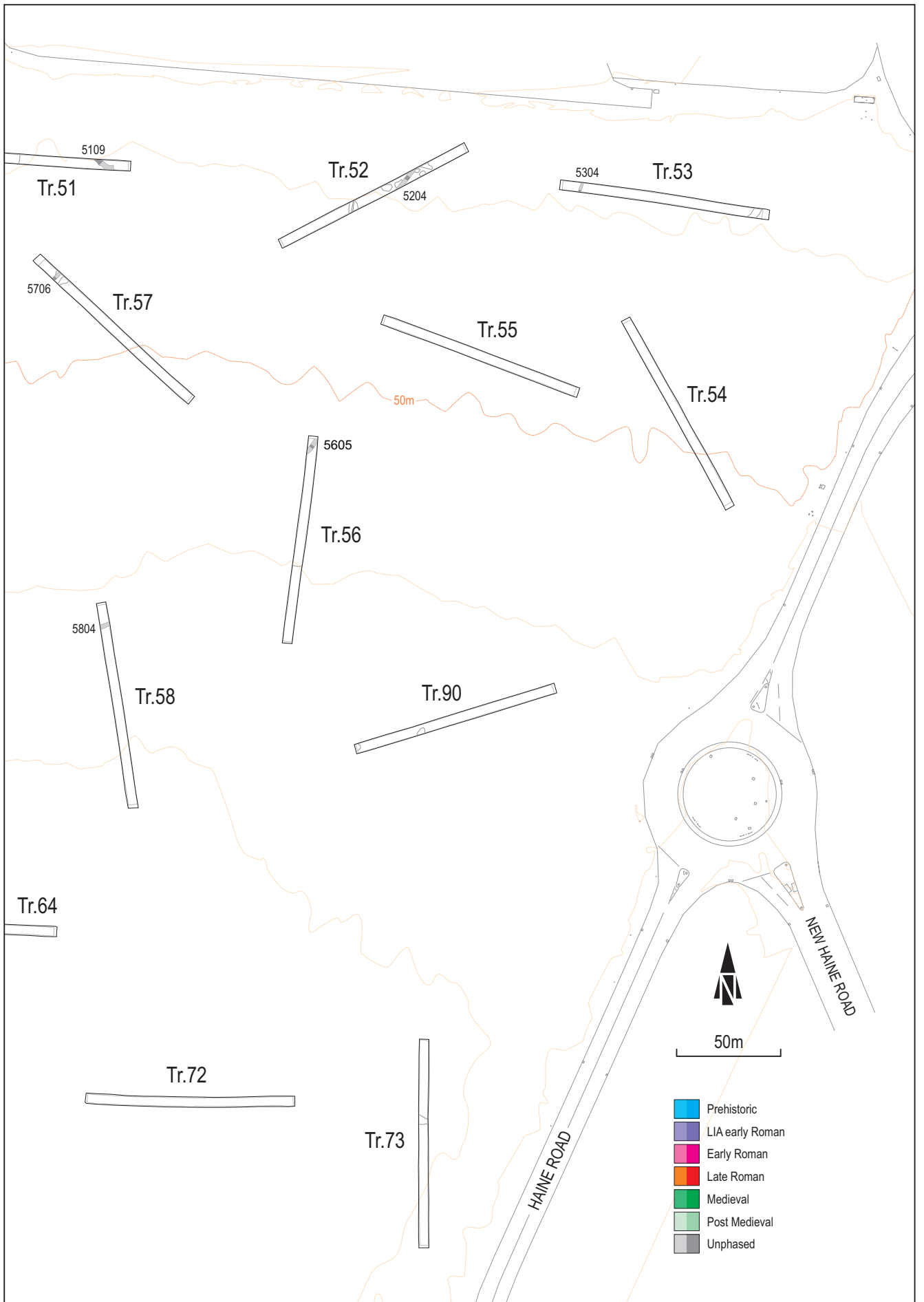


Fig 6. Detail plan (1:1250)

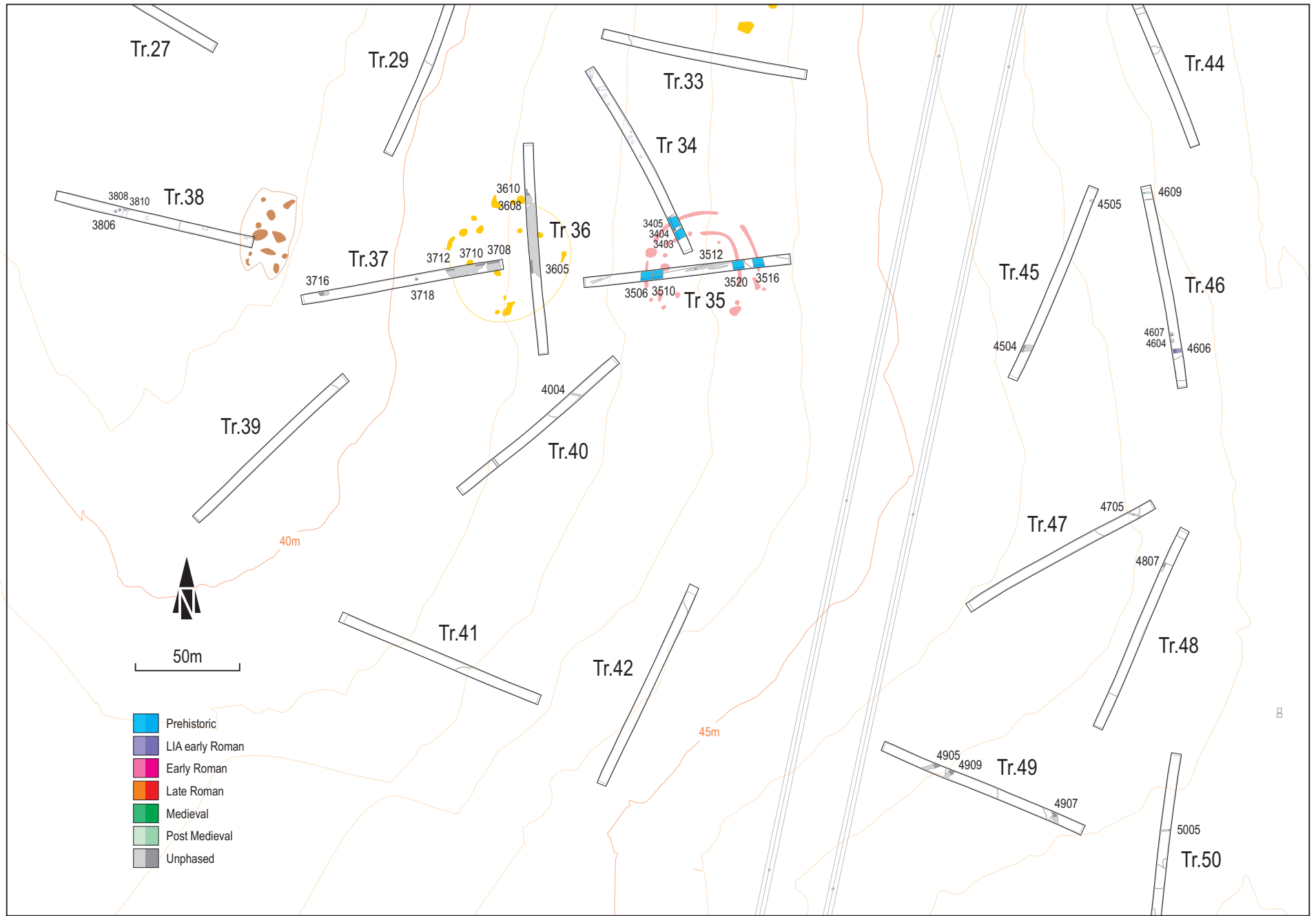


Fig 7. Detail plan (1:1250)

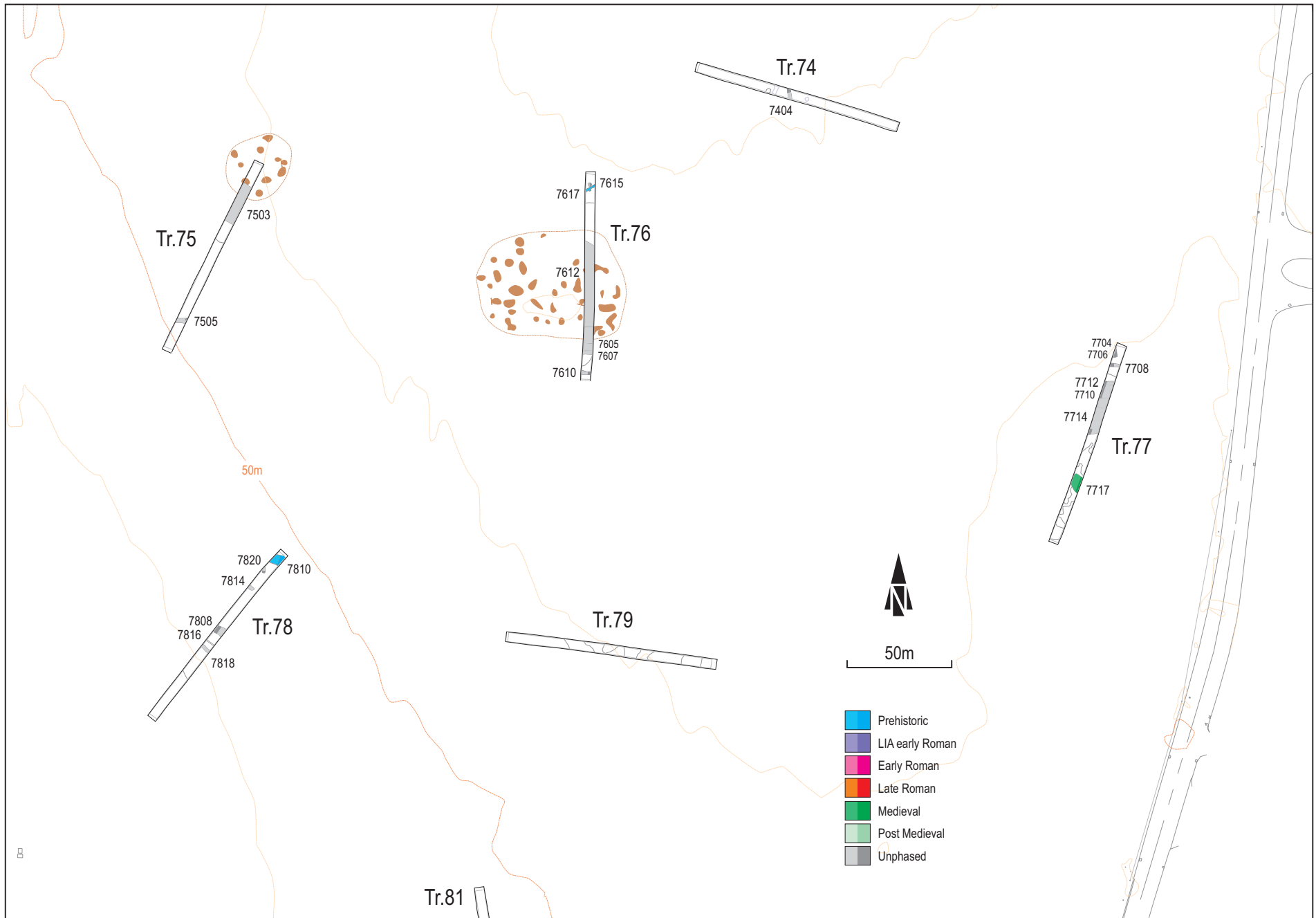


Fig 8. Detail plan (1:1250)

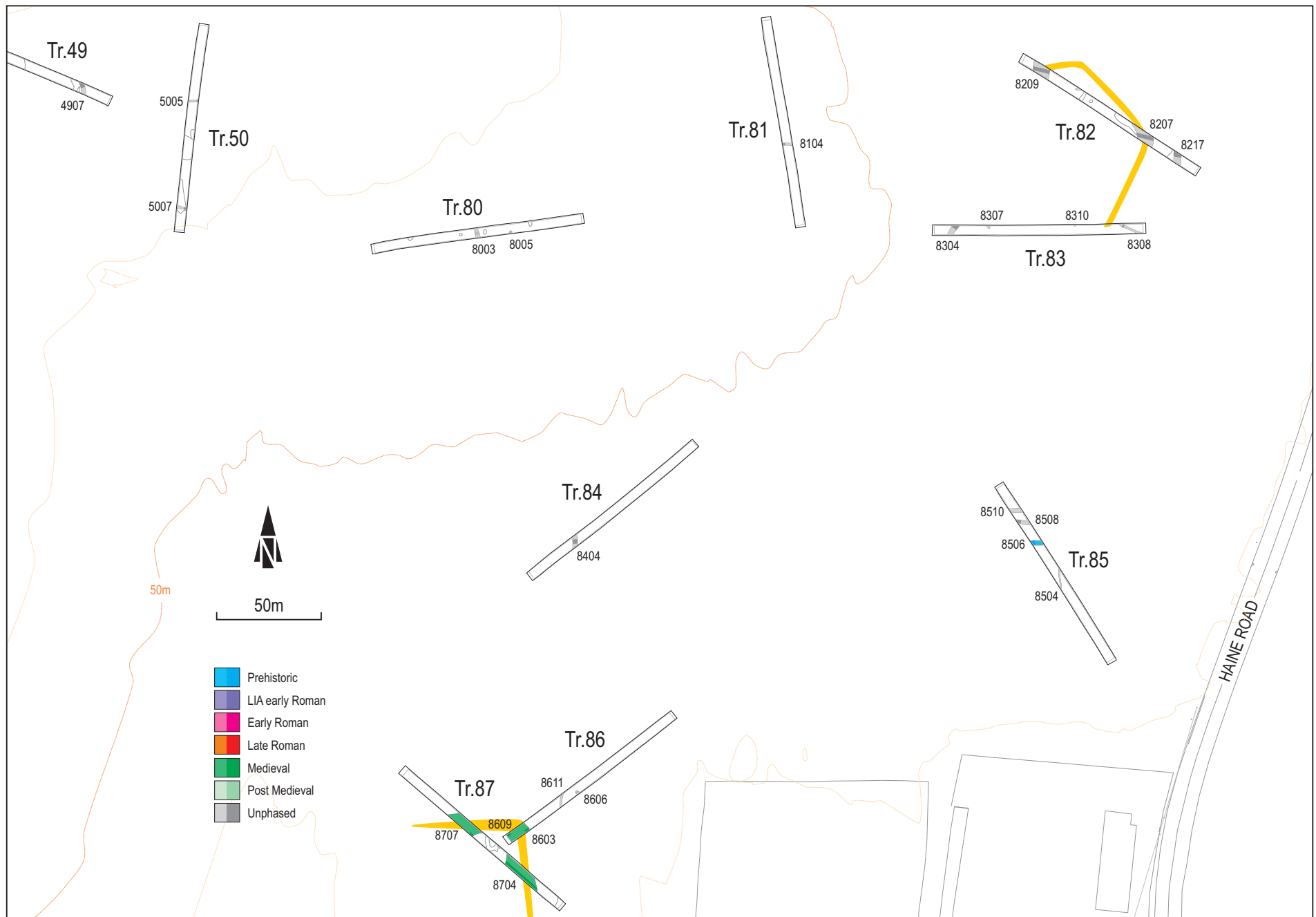


Fig 9. Detail plan (1:1250)