

NY	CC HER
SNY	731
ENY	383
CNY	1832
Parish	8045
Rec'd	15/05/2001

NYS 731 NYE 383 Re Cd 15/5/01 AIR PHOTO MAPPING.

INTERPRETATION AND

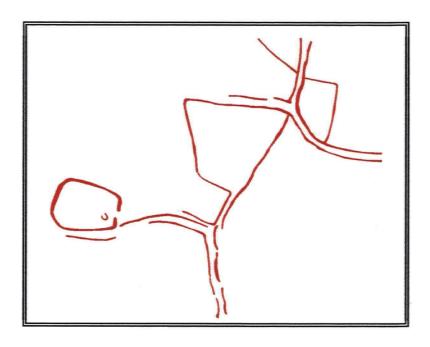
ANALYSIS FOR ALL

ARCHAEOLOGICAL APPLICATIONS

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Air photo mapping and interpretation of land around Barnsdale Bar Quarry Southern Extension, Norton, South Yorkshire

centred around 451390,414090



Archaeology

October 2000 Project number 00/01006 Undertaken by Alison Deegan BSc MIFA

Commissioned by:

Archaeological Services WYAS Nepshaw Lane South Morley Leeds LS27 0UG

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CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

- 1.1 CLIENT DETAILS
- 1.2 SPECIFICATION
- 1.3 THE SURVEY AREA
- 1.4 THE GEOLOGY, SOILS AND LAND USE OF THE SURVEY AREA
- 1.5 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND
- 2 METHODOLOGY
- 2.1 AIR PHOTO RECTIFICATION AND MAPPING
- 2.3 DATA SOURCES
- 3 RESULTS
- 3.1 THE AIR PHOTOGRAPHS
- 3.2 ACCURACY
- 3.3 SITE VISIBILTY
- 3.4 THE ARCHAEOLOGY
- 3.5 SURVIVAL OF THE ARCHAEOLOGY
- 4 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Figure 1 Location plan of the Barnsdale Bar Quarry Southern Extension air photo survey area and the South Elmsall air photo survey area.

Figure 2 Air photo mapping and interpretation and location of previous archaeological investigations at Barnsdale Bar Quarry.

Figure 3 Selected enclosures from the Barnsdale Bar Quarry Southern Extension survey area.

Figure 4 Trackways in the Barnsdale Bar Quarry Southern Extension survey area.

Figure 5 Air photo mapping and interpretation and location of previous archaeological investigations at Barnsdale Bar Quarry (large scale fold-out).

- I GAZETTEER OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURES
- II BIBLIOGRAPHY
- III AIR PHOTOGRAPHS

INSIDE BACK COVER X1 FLOPPY DISK CONTAINING BARNSDALE. DWG FILE.

1. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

- 1.1 CLIENT DETAILS
- 1.1.1 This air photo investigation was commissioned by Mr Paul Wheelhouse, Archaeological Services WYAS in September 2000.
- 1.2 SPECIFICATION
- 1.2.1 The client required the mapping of levelled and upstanding archaeological features visible on the available air photographs to 1:2500 scale accuracy and detail.
- 1.3 THE SURVEY AREA
- 1.3.1 The survey area of 9km² is centred close to the mutual borders of South, North and West Yorkshire on the A1 at Barnsdale between SE495 125 and SE525 155 (fig. 1.).
- 1.4 THE GEOLOGY, SOILS AND LAND USE OF THE SURVEY AREA
- 1.4.1 Differences in soils and geology can influence the appearance of crop marks. The crop marks delineating buried and levelled archaeology are the effect of differential growth between that on archaeological deposits and that on surrounding undisturbed ground. These marks are clearest when there is a considerable difference in matrix, water and nutrient availability between the archaeological and natural deposits. These responses can be seen most clearly in large areas of homogenous, fast-growing plants such as cereal crops, but grass and root crops can be similarly effected.
- 1.4.2 The survey area lies on Magnesian Limestone (British Geological Survey 1979). The soils are of the well-drained and calcareous ABERFORD 511a soil associations (SSEW 1983).
- 1.4.3 The survey area lies between the River Went and The Skell, both tributaries of the River Don. This is a landscape of gentle hills and dry valleys with the highest ground, at no more than 70-80 metres OD, near the centre of the survey area, falling to The Skell in the south-west. It is surrounded by villages and small towns such as Upton, North and South Elmsall in West Yorkshire, Skelbrooke, Skellow, Campsall and Norton in South Yorkshire and Kirk Smeaton in North Yorkshire. However modern settlement within the survey area is sparse and dispersed at Hollins Farm, Warren House Farm and Woodfield Farm.
- 1.4.4 The area is traversed north-west to south-east by the A1 trunk road, A disused rail line, a relic of the coal industry at North and South Elmsall, curves across the landscape between Upton and Kirk Smeaton.
- 1.4.5 There has been quarrying activity at Kirk Smeaton and Barnsdale Bar since 1945, but in the last decade there has been a considerable expansion of these operations.
- 1.4.6 There are small areas of woodland such as Barnsdale Wood and other small plantations. Much of the remainder of the land is given to arable farming; generally cereal crops but also root crops and brassicas.
- 1.4.7 Thus the conditions across much of the survey area are or have been conducive to the identification of levelled archaeological sites from the air.
- 1.5 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND
- 1.5.1 The survey area is centred upon archaeological features identified by geophysical survey and excavated in September 2000 at Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension, Norton, South Yorkshire (Webb 2000, WYAS in prep.b).

- 1.5.2 The area to the immediate north, lying in the county of North Yorkshire has been subject to a series of archaeological investigations since 1989 in response to the expanding quarrying operations at Barnsdale Bar (fig. 2.). To summarise these consist
 - A. Kirk Smeaton Quarry (centred SE511 148) magnetometer survey and trial excavations (Abramson 1989a and b),
 - Barnsdale Bar Quarry (centred SE510 144) gradiometer survey, archaeological evaluation and archaeological watching brief (Boucher 1993, Webb 1993, Brown & Morris 1997),
 - C. Barnsdale Bar Quarry Western Extension (centred SE508 143) gradiometer survey, field walking and archaeological evaluation (Webb 1995, Speed 1997),
 - D. Barnsdale Bar Quarry Western Extension (centred SE506 146) gradiometer Survey (Webb 1996),
 - E. Barnsdale Bar Quarry (centred SE514 145) geophysical survey (Cottrell 1996),
 - F. Long Lane Quarry (centred SE517 148) gradiometer survey and archaeological evaluation (Webb 1997, O'Neill 1997a) and
 - G. Barnsdale Bar East (centred SE516 145) geophysical survey, archaeological evaluation and mitigation strategy (O'Neill and Wittingham 1999).
- 1.5.3 In addition a preliminary archaeological assessment was undertaken for the area around Barnsdale Bar Eastern Quarry extension between SE500 120 to SE530 160 (exclusive) (Boucher 1996). This included an examination of selected air photographs from the North and South Yorkshire Sites and Monuments Record and the National Monuments Record Centre and sketch plotting of the archaeological features identified.
- 1.5.4 At South Elmsall, West Yorkshire, c. 3 km south-west of the Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension, a series of geophysical surveys, archaeological evaluations and excavations have been undertaken at Dale Lane and Field Lane in advance of development (Burgess 1998, Howell 1998, McNaught 1998 and in prep. O'Neill 1997b and 1998). In addition air photo mapping of these sites and the surrounding landscape has been undertaken to a similar specification as this survey (fig. 1.) (Deegan 2000).

2. METHODOLOGY

- 2.1 AIR PHOTO RECTIFICATION AND MAPPING
- 2.1.1 This assessment was undertaken according to guidelines set out in the Institute of Field Archaeologists Technical Paper "Uses of aerial photography in archaeological evaluations" (Palmer & Cox 1993).
- 2.1.2 All the available air photographs were examined under x2 magnification where necessary and profitable and the vertical photographs were examined stereoscopically where possible and profitable. Details of the relevant archaeological, natural and modern features and control points were transferred to acetate sheets overlain to appropriate air photographs.
- 2.1.3 This information was rectified to control points derived from the map data supplied by the client. Rectification was undertaken using the Bradford Aerial Photographic Rectification Programme, AERIAL5.14. Visible, levelled archaeological features were mapped to 1:2500 scale accuracy and detail. The Ordnance Survey published tolerances at 1:2500 scale are 1.88m (99% degree of confidence). AERIAL5.14 gives error readings for each control point, where 5 or more control points are used. In all cases attempts were made to attain error readings of less than 3 metres for any one control point.
- 2.1.4 The rectified plots were collated in MAPINFO Professional 5.5 and converted from raster images to vector plots. The vector plots were then exported to AutoCAD LT_® 2000 for assimilation and editing with reference to the photocopies of the original prints.
- 2.1.5 The data is presented in the AutoCAD LT_® 2000 (AutoCAD_® release 14 and AutoCADMAP_® compatible) barnsdale.dwg file and barnsdale MAPINFO table to be viewed up to 1:2500 scale. This data is also presented in fig. 2. and at 1:5000 scale in fig. 5.
- 2.1.6 Summary information regarding groups of the archaeological features recorded is given in the gazetteer in Appendix I. A key to the gazetteer information is presented in the file barnsdale.dwg and in the barnsdale MAPINFO table.
- 2.2 DATA SOURCES
- 2.2.1 Oblique and vertical air photographs held in the following collections were consulted for this investigation.
 - Cambridge University Committee for Aerial Photography (CUCAP), The Mond Building, Free School Lane, Cambridge,
 - National Monuments Record Centre (NMRC), Kemble Drive Swindon
 - North Yorkshire Sites and Monuments Record (NY SMR), County Hall, Northallerton, North Yorkshire,
 - South Yorkshire Sites and Monuments Record (SY SMR), Town Hall, Sheffield, South Yorkshire,
 - Map Office, Regeneration Department, Wakefield Metropolitan District Council (WMDC), Newton Bar, Wakefield and
 - West Yorkshire Sites and Monuments Record (WY SMR), Registry of Deeds, Newstead Road, Wakefield.
- 2.2.2 All air photographs consulted for this survey are listed in Appendix III.

3. RESULTS

3.1 THE AIR PHOTOGRAPHS

3.1.1 Summary of data consulted for this assessment

Collections consulted	No. of air photographs consulted
CUCAP	70 oblique photographs
NMRC	228 oblique and 144 vertical air photographs
NY SMR	6 oblique photographs
SY SMR	90 oblique photographs
WMDC	15 vertical air photographs
WY SMR	22 oblique photographs
Total	575 air photographs †

[†] includes prints duplicated between collections

3.1.2 Together the air photographs consulted for this investigation provided complete coverage of the AP survey area.

3.2 ACCURACY

3.2.1 In all cases attempts were made to achieve accuracy of shape and form and positioning to within ± 3metres. Features in AP complexes 24 and 32 were sketched plotted as there was insufficient information on the photographs of these features to relate them with any confidence to the map data. The errors in the positioning and mapping of these features is unquantifiable and may be large. The positioning of features in AP complexes 23 and 25 may exceed ± 3metres as the photographs of these features do not show adequate map reference points. Features in AP complex 29 were positioned with reference to the corresponding anomalies in the geophysical data as the photographs of these features did not show adequate map reference points for accurate plotting.

3.3 SITE VISIBILTY

- 3.3.1 No features corresponding to the ditches identified by geophysical survey and investigated during excavations in September 2000 at the Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension were identified on the air photographs. Furthermore, of the numerous features identified by geophysical surveys, archaeological evaluations and excavations to the north only those at the Barnsdale Bar quarry centred at SE514 145 were visible on the air photographs examined (Cottrell 1996). This apparent blank area extends west of the A1 but is in considerable contrast to the rest of the air photo survey (see below).
- 3.3.2 Although a greater part of the aerial reconnaissance predates much of the quarrying at Barnsdale Bar there were only a limited number of oblique air photographs of this area and none of the Barnsdale Bar southern extension. However there was vertical coverage from several decades available for the whole of the study area and some of these photographs recorded crop mark features elsewhere in the survey area.
- 3.3.3 Several factors may contribute to the absence of evidence on the air photographs for the archaeological features known to exist at Barnsdale Bar. Glacial and periglacial features were observed during most of the excavations and the difficulties experienced in distinguishing them from anthropogenic features noted (e.g. Webb 1993, Brown & Morris 1997). These features, in the form of naturally infilled cracks and solution holes can also produce crop marks which may contrive to camouflage and mask archaeological features from the archaeological aerial photographer. Some of the later features identified

- on the geophysical survey and examined during excavation were observed to be cut entirely within the subsoil and to be extremely difficult to distinguish visually (Speed 1997). In such cases the differences between the sub-soils and feature fills may be insufficient to produce visible differences in crop growth or maturation.
- 3.3.4 These areas may also have been planted with a less responsive non-cereal crop on the occasions of archaeological aerial reconnaissance.
- 3.3.5 The preliminary archaeological assessment of the Barnsdale Bar area undertaken in 1996 recorded a barrow cemetery visible on air photographs centred at SE5081 1458 (Boucher 1996). The source of this information is a North Yorkshire SMR record PIN9170, which identifies the relevant photographs as DNR0035/36 and DNR0036/13-14 dated to 01 July 1972. These photographs are not held by the North Yorkshire SMR and could be not be identified with prints in any other of the collections consulted. This site was not visible on any of the photographs consulted for this survey and thus the validity of the interpretation remains unknown. Part of the area in which the cemetery is recorded has been subject to geophysical survey but the no barrows were not identified in the interpretation of the results (Webb 1995).
- 3.4 THE ARCHAEOLOGY (FIGS 2-5)
- 3.4.1 The following is a brief summary of the results of this investigation, descriptions of individual groups of features can be found in Appendix I.
- 3.4.2 The crop marks reveal a predominantly agricultural landscape of enclosures, trackways and fields, reflecting the results of the previous archaeological investigations (Abramson 1989a and b, Boucher 1993, Cottrell 1996, Brown & Morris 1997, O'Neill 1997a, O'Neill and Wittingham 1999, Speed 1997, Webb 1993, 1995, 1996 and 1997).
- 3.4.3 Skeletal remains were excavated at Kirk Smeaton Quarry and at the Barnsdale Bar quarry centred SE510 144 (Abramson 1989, Webb 1993). The remains were both located within simple grave cuts but are not thought to be contemporary (Brown & Morris 1997). These or any similar graves in the area were not identified on the air photographs.
- 3.4.4 An enclosure in AP Complex 33 is tentatively identified as a Neolithic or Bronze Age funereal monument. The sub-circular enclosure, possibly the ring ditch of a truncated barrow is surrounded by a more irregular outer enclosure. The crop marks of these features were rather weak in comparison with those in the same field in AP complex 32 which may suggest narrower or shallower ditches and/or an earlier date. Field walking at the Barnsdale Bar Quarry Western Extension centred at SE508 143 recovered flint material from and area concentrated around SE5093 1419 (Webb 1995). The overall assemblage indicated activity predominantly of Neolithic date. However the evidence available is insufficient to associate the possible barrow with this material.
- 3.4.5 As noted above the barrow cemetery previously observed on air photographs was not identified by this survey (Boucher 1996)
- 3.4.6 The archaeological investigations from 1989 onwards have contributed to a growing understanding of the landscape at Barnsdale Bar. This landscape is characterised by field boundaries, trackways, enclosures and small discrete features. Although there has been a relative paucity of dateable material the accumulated evidence suggests this to be a multiphase landscape developing from the late Iron Age through the Roman period. With the current knowledge base it seems reasonable to extrapolate these findings to most of the features identified by this air photo survey. Thus some elements of these landscapes must be contemporary with the construction and occupation of the Roman Fort at Burghwallis (late 1st to 2nd century?).
- 3.4.7 Post-medieval field boundaries and hedge lines were also interpreted from the geophysical surveys and confirmed by excavation (Webb 1995, Brown & Morris 1997).

If these later features have been removed before the time of Ordnance Survey First Edition 1 inch to 1 mile mapping it is difficult to distinguish them from earlier field boundaries on the evidence of the air photographs alone and some examples may have been grouped in the gazetteer with significantly earlier remains.

- 3.4.8 More than 38 enclosures were identified on the air photographs in the survey area, mostly relatively evenly dispersed, there were no large clusters or groups, and no particular area had a significant under representation with the exception of the 'blank' area noted above.
- 3.4.9 Most of the enclosures were rectilinear or polygonal in plan with three notable exceptions, including the possible barrow in AP complex 33 discussed above (fig. 3).
- 3.4.10 The enclosures in AP complex 7 and 31 are of similar oval plan but the latter, covering 0.17ha is considerable larger than the former which is only 0.05ha. Nevertheless they occur in similar contexts, close to sinuous trackways and have outer ditches that may be part of those trackways. AP complex 31 contains a small circular feature that may be the remains of a hut circle and in turn indicate a possible domestic function for this type of enclosure plan.
- 3.4.11 The rectilinear enclosure in AP complex 15 was truncated along the western side by a pipeline in 1984. Despite this intrusion a detailed plan of the surviving features could be identified in the crop marks. The enclosure is defined by a ditch 3-4m wide with an east-facing entrance, inside there are numerous rectilinear compartments defined by ditches or gullies and pits. The arrangement of the internal features does not leave space for an internal bank suggesting it was either positioned external to the enclosure or that the ditch material was re-deposited elsewhere. The entrance opens into another enclosed area. The plan of these features as seen from the air undoubtedly belies a complex sequence of development.
- 3.4.12 A similarly detailed plan was observed for the enclosure in AP Complex 10. The broad-ditched rectilinear enclosure of 0.28ha has a east-facing entrance and is bisected by a ditch or gully. There is a possible hut circle in the southern half and clusters of pits in both areas. However contemporaneity between these features and the enclosing ditch should not perhaps be presumed as it would appear that the enclosure overlies a smaller slighter enclosure in its north-east quadrant.
- 3.4.13 The enclosure in AP complex 1 is of similar outline plan to the AP complex 10 enclosure. This rectilinear enclosure is larger at 0.52ha but is of similar proportions and is again sub-divided. This enclosure has only been photographed on one occasion and the crop marks did not reveal the level of detail seen in the examples above.
- 3.4.14 Enclosures in AP complexes 8 and 19 and the possible incomplete enclosure in AP complex 28 have internal divisions separating small corners from the rest of the enclosure.
- 3.4.15 In many cases internal divisions and structural features could not be identified within or around the enclosures. In examples such as AP complexes 3, 19 and 29 this is undoubtedly a factor of visibility. These features were ill-defined by crop marks and it is not surprising that any slighter features in their vicinity have not produced a visible crop response.
- 3.4.16 The two broad ditched enclosures and slighter features in AP complex 27, being the most substantial features visible in the vicinity may the settlement remains associated with the multi-phased field systems identified at the Barnsdale Bar quarry centred SE510 144, the Barnsdale Bar quarry Western Extension centred SE508 143 and the Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension.

- 3.4.17 The enclosures in AP complex 24 (0.08ha) and 26 (0.04ha) are relatively small and both appear in association with linear features. These may be simple stock pens in the corner of fields and may not have been associated with any other structures.
- 3.4.18 A large proportion of the enclosures observed within the study area are found in direct association with double-ditched features thought to be trackways or lanes. Enclosures in AP complexes 31, 18, 30, 35, 22, 25 and 35 all abut one of the ditches of these trackways. The function of each of these enclosures is unlikely to be consistent, the polygonal example in AP complex 22 may be the remains of human occupation whilst the large, irregular examples in AP complex 31 are more likely to be paddocks or fields.
- 3.4.19 Although the visible sections of trackway are not contiguous, with the integration of evidence from the geophysical surveys and excavations several routes can be projected across the study area (fig. 4.). In the north, an east to west aligned trackway can be traced over 2 kilometres through AP complexes 17, 18, 30, 24 and 35. At AP complex 17 the trackway appears to intersect with a north-west to south-east aligned trackway and at its eastern extent in AP complex 35 it joins a north to south aligned branch extending beyond the study area.
- 3.4.20 AP Complex 31 contains sections of branching trackway which extend beyond the study area, unseen into Barnsdale Wood and westward in AP complex 28. A curving section of double-ditched feature to the north of Barnsdale Wood in AP complex 32 may be part of the same network.
- 3.4.21 Other meandering sections of trackway are seen in AP complexes 8 and 9. Trackways of similar sinuosity were observed in the South Elmsall Area (Deegan 2000). Parts of trackway in AP complexes 8 and 9 follow the line of the c. 60 metres contour but other trackways cross slopes and were presumably routed with respect to other natural and anthropogenic features in the landscape that have not been identified here.
- 3.4.22 There is no clear relationship between Roman Ridge Roman road and these trackways.
- 3.4.23 Several sections of trackway are abutted linear features at or close to right angles. These are probably field boundaries. In AP complexes 20 and 22 four rows of rectangular fields can be between the two trackways. These fields are defined by irregular often apparently discontinuous ditches as is the linear feature in AP complex 11. Similar features excavated at South Elmsall and further north on the Magnesian Limestone at Roman Ridge in West Yorkshire have been found to be defined by elongated pits of irregular length and shape (Howell 1998, O'Neill 1998, WYAS in prep.a).
- 3.4.24 Elsewhere the layout of the fields is less clear. Away from the trackways and enclosure there is less crop mark evidence for the field boundaries, though the evidence from geophysical survey and excavations and they are known to exist in expansive and coherent patterns. It is likely that these slighter features defined by a single, often discontinuous ditch simply cannot promote the same effect on overlying crop as the ditches of trackways and enclosures. However, it may also be the case that essential differences between the processes of infilling the trackway and enclosure ditches and those demarcating the fields results in differential visibility.
- 3.4.25 The features in AP complex 14 were not recorded as crop marks but rather by clearly defined tonal differences in the bare soils where ploughing had cut the archaeological deposits. It is possible that these features are the remains of later, medieval or post-medieval activity.
- 3.4.26 The inter-relationships between the enclosures, trackways and fields are complex as has been demonstrated amply by the excavations at Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension and the other sites in the vicinity.

- 3.4.27 The features in AP complexes 17, 18, 30, 34, and 35 form an extensive trackway flanked by various stock enclosures, pens or domestic enclosures but with admittedly meagre evidence for fields. A brief examination of the air photographs to the immediate north of this study area suggests that a similar landscape of features extends northward to edge of the Went valley.
- 3.4.28 The trackways, discontinuous field boundaries and enclosures in AP complexes 20 and 22 constitute a suite of features very similar to those excavated at land north of Field Lane, South Elmsall. There the discontinuous boundaries and enclosures were identified as part of a sequence of development originating in the Bronze Age and developing through the late Iron Age and Roman Period (Howell 1998, McNaught 1998 and in prep., O'Neill 1998). The earliest phases of development in the landscape north of Field Lane were unenclosed settlement defined by hut circles and windbreaks and a rectangular palisaded enclosure, possibly enclosing settlement. These ephemeral features were not identified on the air photographs examined for the South Elmsall survey (Deegan 2000). The absence of evidence for Bronze Age unenclosed and enclosed settlement as seen at South Elmsall, but the presence of early prehistoric flint artefacts at Barnsdale Bar Western Extension suggests a significant dimension is missing in the perceived development of the landscape of this survey area.
- 3.4.29 Although the remains identified by this survey may correspond predominantly with agricultural activity, the presence of evidence for metal working at South Elmsall in similar landscape contexts suggests that such interpretations should not be made to the exclusion of the possibility of other industries (Howell 1998, O'Neill 1998).
- 3.5 SURVIVAL OF THE ARCHAEOLOGY
- 3.5.1 All of the archaeological features identified by this survey were levelled. The excavations around Barnsdale Bar indicates that some of these features may be severely truncated.
- 3.5.2 The trackway in AP complex 31 thought to continue through Barnsdale Wood to AP complex 32 may survive better in the woodland.

4. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

- 4.1.1 This air photo survey has demonstrated that extensive agricultural landscapes of probable late-Iron Age to Roman date exist around Barnsdale Bar. The coherent character of some aspects these landscapes can indicate the likely presence of archaeological features not visible on the air photographs. This predictive quality may be of value in the planning process in the absence of any other direct archaeological evidence.
- 4.1.2 Geophysical surveys and excavation at Long Lane Quarry, Kirk Smeaton Quarry and Barnsdale Bar Quarry and the Western, Eastern and Southern Extension have demonstrated the high archaeological potential where the air photographs could not.
- 4.1.3 The evidence of the excavations at Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension and the other sites in the vicinity has demonstrated that the apparently simple layout of the enclosures, trackways and fields suggested by the crop mark evidence is deceptive and rather that the development of this predominantly agricultural landscape is gradual and to some extent cumulative.
- 4.1.4 This air photo survey has placed the features identified and excavated at Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension in a broader context which can inform the mitigation and planning of future archaeological investigations in the area.

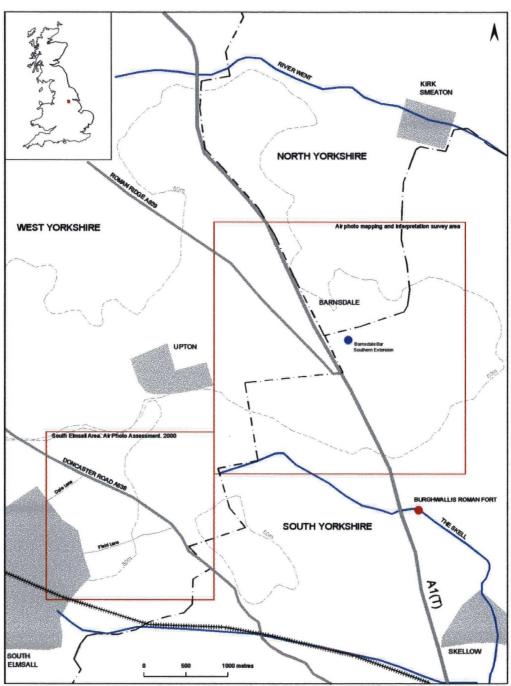
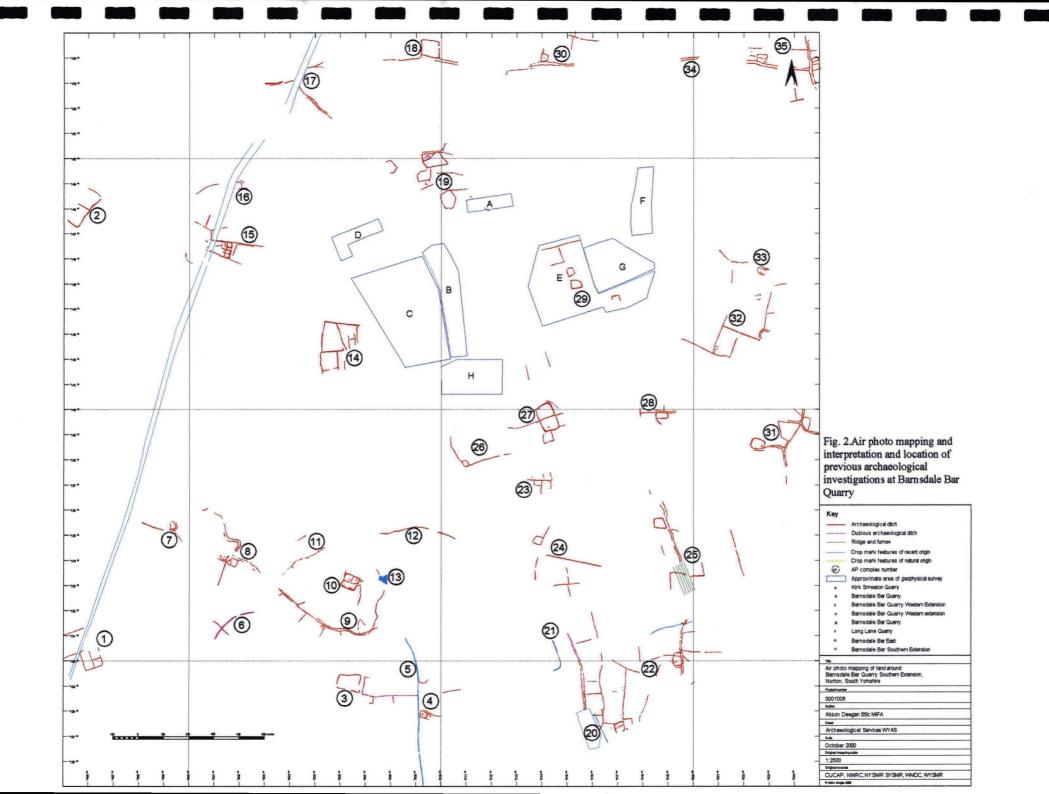


Fig. 1. Location plan of the Barnsdale Bar Quarry Southern Extension air photo survey area and the South Elmsall air photo survey area.



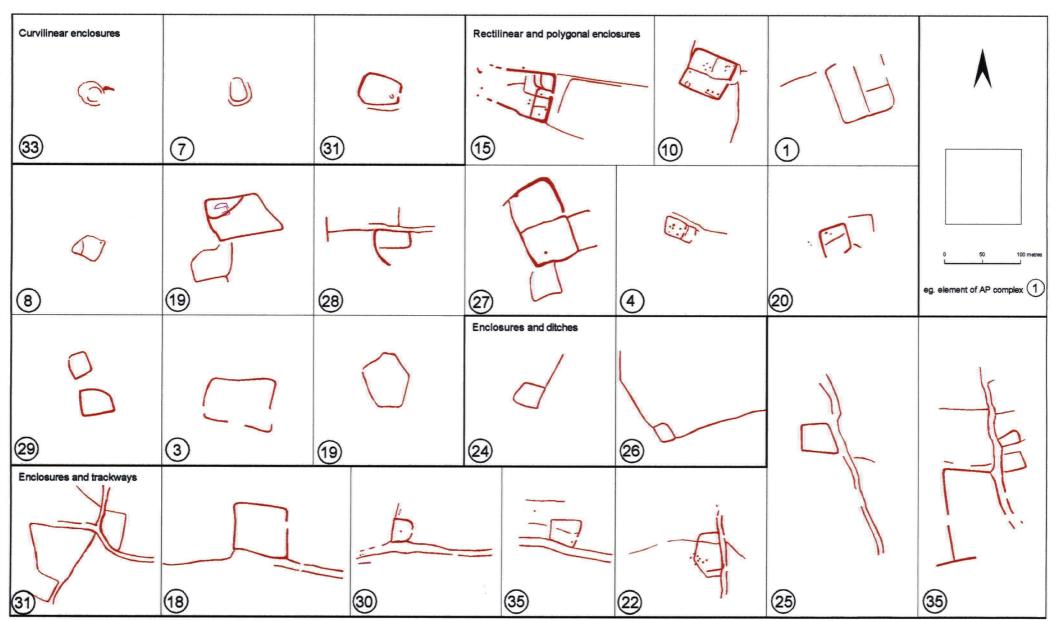
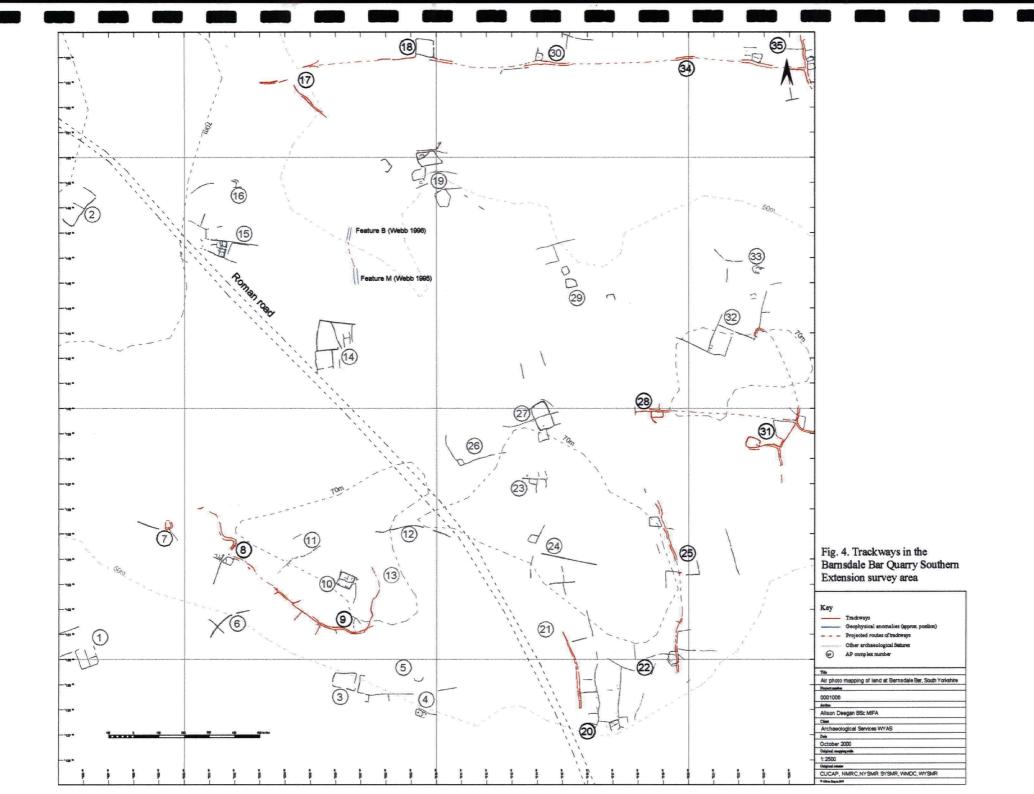


Fig. 3. Selected enclosures from the Barnsdale Bar Quarry Southern Extension survey area (1:5000 scale)



Central NGR SE 49604 13008

Condition levelled Form of features cut

Description sub-divided rectilinear enclosure and parallel linear features

Interpretation late prehistoric to Roman enclosure and field boundaries

Comments cut by pipeline in 1984.

Photo references

SE4913/5 NMRC

AP complex no. 2

Central NGR SE 49594 14795

Condition levelled Form of features cut

Description dubious perpendicular linear features

Interpretation possible late prehistoric to Roman enclosures

Comments

Photo references

MAL67054 39 WMDC Regeneration Dept

AP complex no. 3

Central NGR SE 50686 12906

Condition levelled Form of features cut

Description rectilinear enclosures and dubious linear features

Interpretation possible late prehistoric to Roman enclosures and field boundaries

Comments

Photo references

MAL71041 175 NMRC
DNR554/22A SY SMR
DNR738/20 WY SMR
DNR738/22 WY SMR

A. Deegan Project No. 00/01006

11

Central NGR

SE 50936 12786

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

4

Description

small rectilinear enclosure with internal pits and annexe and linear feature

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman farmstead and field boundary

Comments

Photo references

SE5012/12 NMRC
DNR738/22 WY SMR
WY241/10 WY SMR
WY241/10 WY SMR

AP complex no.

5

Central NGR

SE 50906 12661

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

broad linear feature

Interpretation

medieval or post-medieval field boundary

Comments

Photo references

MAL71041 175 NMRC SE5012/12 NMRC DNR738/22 WY SMR WY241/10 WY SMR

AP complex no.

6

Central NGR

SE 50128 13130

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

dubious perpendicular linear features

Interpretation

possible late prehistoric to Roman ditches

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 9

Photo references

82/1266 28

NMRC

Central NGR

SE 49934 13533

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

7

Description

curvilinear enclosure with outer ditch and linear features

Interpretation

prehistoric to Roman enclosure and unknown ditches

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 8

Photo references

SE4913/8

NMRC

AP complex no.

Central NGR

SE 50159 13412

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

8

Description

sinuous double-ditched linear feature, one rectilinear enclosure with internal

pit and corner enclosure, one incomplete sub-divided enclosure with pits and

linear feature

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackway, settlement and field boundary

Comments

probably associated with AP complex 9, and possibly associated with AP

complex 7

Photo references

MAL71025 99

NMRC

SE5013/19

NMRC

AP complex no.

Central NGR

SE 50644 13115

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

9

Description

sinuous double-ditched linear feature with perpendicular linear features and

pit cluster

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackway and field boundaries and cluster of

possible storage pits

Comments

probably associated with AP complex 8

Photo references

BTX67

CUCAP

DNR554/22A

SY SMR

DNR738/17

WY SMR

WY230/17A

WY SMR

WY241/6

WY SMR

10

Central NGR

SE 50639 13316

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

small rectilinear enclosure, overlain by large broad-ditched, sub-divide rectilinear enclosure also pits, circular enclosure and linear features

Interpretation

multi-phase late prehistoric to Roman settlement with pits, possible hut

circle and external ditches

Comments

Photo references

DNR738/17 WY230/17A WY241/6

WY SMR WY SMR

WY SMR

AP complex no.

11

Central NGR

SE 50469 13410

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

linear arrangement of elongated pits and parallel linear feature

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman segmented boundary and field boundary

Comments

Photo references

MAL71025 99

NMRC

SE5013/18

NMRC

AP complex no.

12

Central NGR

SE 50904 13530

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

sinuous linear feature

Interpretation

late prehistoric to medieval ditch

Comments

Photo references

MAL71041 175

NMRC

13

Central NGR

SE 50774 13331

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

amorphous feature

Interpretation

late prehistoric to medieval quarry

Comments

Photo references

DNR738/17

WY SMR

AP complex no.

14

Central NGR

SE 50593 14256

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

system of rectilinear enclosures

Interpretation

possible medieval or post-medieval paddocks or fields

Comments

Photo references

SE5015/12

NMRC

AP complex no.

15

Central NGR

SE 50116 14641

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

broad-ditched, sub-divided enclosure with internal pits and linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman settlement and paddocks

Comments

cut by pipeline in 1984

Photo references

CQI22

CUCAP

SE5014/24

NMRC

WY241/2

WY SMR

Central NGR SE 50204 14895

Condition levelled Form of features cut

Description dubious linear feature

16

Interpretation possible late prehistoric to Roman enclosure and field boundaries

Comments

Photo references

CQI22 **CUCAP** SE5014/24 **NMRC**

AP complex no. 17

Central NGR SE 50438 15285

Condition levelled Form of features cut

perpendicular, double-ditched linear features Description

late prehistoric to Roman trackways Interpretation

Comments east to west aligned branch possibly associated with AP complex 18

Photo references

MAL81038 121 **NMRC**

AP complex no. 18

Central NGR

SE 50937 15418 Condition levelled

Form of features cut

rectilinear enclosure and double-ditched linear feature Description

late prehistoric to Roman enclosure and trackway Interpretation

Comments probably associated with AP complexes 17 and 30

Photo references

CCX64 **CUCAP**

2422/26 SY SMR

19

Central NGR

SE 50958 14990

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

rectilinear enclosure with corner enclosure, two irregular-shaped enclosures,

hexagonal enclosure and linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman enclosure, possible paddocks and trackway and

field boundaries

Comments

Photo references

70H-Y 32

CUCAP

CQI3

CUCAP

CQI3

CUCAP

SE5215/2

NMRC

AJC70/38

NY SMR

2422/24

SY SMR

MAL67054 39

WMDC Regeneration Dept

AP complex no.

20

Central NGR

SE 51591 12767

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

amorphous feature and linear feature

Interpretation

post- medieval quarry and boundary

Comments

Photo references

CQI19

CUCAP

SE5112/35

NMRC

2431/24

SY SMR

AP complex no.

21

Central NGR

SE 51461 13027

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

curving linear feature

Interpretation

post-medieval woodland boundary

Comments

woodland extant on 1951 vertical photographs

Photo references

SE5112/35

NMRC

2422/18

SY SMR

Central NGR SE 51715 12861

Condition levelled

Form of features cut

Description two double-ditched linear features, sinuous, perpendicular linear features,

two adjoining rectilinear enclosures with pits, one pentagonal enclosure with

pits and a broad linear feature

Interpretation extensive system of late prehistoric to Roman trackways, field system and

enclosures and post-medieval ditch

Comments probably associated with AP complex 25 and possibly associated with AP

SY SMR

complex 24

Photo references

CQI19 CUCAP
CPE/UK/1880 4080 NMRC
SE5112/35 NMRC
SE5113/29 NMRC
1270/12 SY SMR
2422/18 SY SMR

AP complex no.

23

Central NGR

SE 51420 13718

Condition

levelled

2431/24

Form of features

cut

Description

two adjoining enclosures and linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman enclosures

Comments

Photo references

BJN4

CUCAP

BTE9

CUCAP

Central NGR

SE 51382 13477

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

rectilinear enclosure and perpendicular linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman enclosure and field boundaries and possibly later

field boundaries

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 22; sketched plotted due to inadequate

photo control

Photo references

BJN4

CUCAP

BTE9

CUCAP

DNR48/21

SY SMR

AP complex no.

25

Central NGR

SE 51927 13464

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

rectilinear enclosure, sinuous double-ditched linear feature and

perpendicular and parallel linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman enclosure, trackway and field system

Comments

probably associated with AP complex 22

Photo references

1270/10

SY SMR

1270/12

SY SMR

1270/12

SY SMR

AP complex no.

26

Central NGR

SE 51092 13793

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

perpendicular linear features and small rectilinear enclosure

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman field boundaries and corner enclosure

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 27

Photo references

BTE9

CUCAP

2371/26

SY SMR

Central NGR

SE 51424 13962

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

two, broad-ditched adjoining rectilinear enclosures, one irregular enclosure,

one incomplete rectilinear enclosure and dubious linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman settlement and possible field boundaries

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 26

Photo references

CQI5

CUCAP

2371/26

SY SMR

AP complex no.

28

Central NGR

SE 51874 13969

Condition

levelled

Form of features

Description

sinuous double-ditched linear feature with perpendicular linear features and

incomplete sub-divided curvilinear enclosure

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackway, field boundaries and enclosure

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 31

Photo references

2371/20

SY SMR

AP complex no.

29

Central NGR

SE 51538 14494

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

three rectilinear enclosures and perpendicular linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman enclosures and field boundaries

Comments

correspond to elements of a more complex suite of features identified by geophysical survey and evaluated in 1999 (Cottrell 1996, O'Neill & Wittingham 1999); the mapped features were positioned with reference to

the geophysical survey plots as the photo control was inadequate

Photo references

BJN22

CUCAP

BJN24

CUCAP

30

Central NGR

SE 51418 15377

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

double-ditched linear feature, rectilinear enclosure and perpendicular linear

features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackway, enclosure and field boundaries

Comments

probably associated with AP complex 18 and 34

Photo references

BJN16

CUCAP

2360/23

SY SMR

AP complex no.

31

Central NGR

SE 52259 13857

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

sinuous double-ditched linear features, curvilinear enclosure with entrance and internal circular enclosure and outer ditch and two polygonal enclosures

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackways, enclosure with possible hutcircle and

paddocks

Comments

possibly associated with AP complex 28

Photo references

SE5213/22

NMRC

2362/4

SY SMR

2362/5

SY SMR

AP complex no.

32

Central NGR

SE 52184 14304

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

perpendicular linear features, small rectilinear enclosure and pits, doubleditched curving linear features and incomplete sub-circular enclosure

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman field boundaries, enclosure and pits, possible double-ditched enclosure or section of trackway and possible hut circle

Comments

Photo references

SE5214/17

NMRC

2422/22

SY SMR

Central NGR

SE 52274 14549

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

sub-circular enclosure with irregular outer curvilinear enclosure and

amorphous pit

Interpretation

possible prehistoric barrow

Comments

Photo references

SE5214/17

NMRC

AP complex no.

34

Central NGR

SE 51990 15398

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

double-ditched linear features

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackway

Comments

probably associated with AP complexes 30 and 35

Photo references

MAL71052 24

NMRC

AP complex no.

35

Central NGR

SE 52418 15355

Condition

levelled

Form of features

cut

Description

perpendicular double-ditched linear features, perpendicular linear features

and three rectilinear enclosures

Interpretation

late prehistoric to Roman trackways, field boundaries and stock or domestic

enclosures

Comments

probably associated with AP complex 34

Photo references

MAL71051 206

NMRC

SE5215/17

NMRC

2365/10

SY SMR

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III. AIR PHOTOGRAPHS

III.I CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY COMMITTEE ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY

III.I.I Oblique air photographs

A search of this collection was undertaken by a CUCAP librarian on the 18th August and the photographs were examined on the 5th October 2000.

SORTIES	FRAME	ES		DATE
70h-y	32	-	33	17/07/74
bjn	1	-	8	12/07/72
bjn	11	-	12	12/07/72
bjn	14	•	17	02/07/72
bjn	21	-	24	12/07/72
bnx	12	-	13	02/07/73
bte	8	-	10	25/06/75
btx	66	-	68	05/07/75
buu	43	-	46	21/07/75
byh	11	-	15	28/06/75
ccx	63	-	64	19/07/77
cei	69			02/08/77
cia	45	-	46	12/01/79
cjo	70			19/07/79
cmq	16	-	20	13/07/80
cpb	4	-	5	27/07/81
cqi	1	-	11	24/07/84
cqi	19	-	23	24/07/84

III.I.II Vertical air photographs

A search of this collection was undertaken by a CUCAP librarian on the 18th August and no verticals photographs of the survey area were found.

III.II NATIONAL MONUMENTS RECORD CENTRE

III.II.I Oblique air photographs

NMRC Coversearch no. 1910700/01, consulted 11th October 2000.

NMRC R	EF N	o		DATE
4913	1	-	2	30/07/72
4913	3	-	4	05/08/72
4913	5	-	6	30/07/72
4913	7	-	9	24/07/91
4915	1			24/07/91
5012	1			30/07/72
5012	2	-	3	14/06/75
5012	4	-	8	31/05/75
5012	9	-	17	26/07/91
5012	18	-	20	04/07/95
5013	1	-	3	05/08/72
5013	4	-	6	14/06/75
5013	7	-	11	31/05/75
5013	12	-	13	25/07/81
5013	14	-	15	03/07/89
5013	16	-	24	24/07/91

5013	25	0	29	30/06/94
5013	30	-	32	04/07/95
5013	1	-	5	14/07/73
5014	6	-	9	22/07/73
5014	10	-	9	09/07/74
5014	11			19/07/84
5014	12		1.4	24/03/82
5014	15	-	14 16	
5014	17	-	20	18/07/90
5014	17.0	-	1000	24/07/91
5014	21	-	26 30	05/07/96 04/07/95
5014	27 1	-	30	30/07/72
5015	2		6	16/07/77
5015	7	-	8	18/07/90
5015	9	-	0	25/07/91
5015	10			30/06/94
	10			
5015				30/06/94 26/07/71
5112	1			
5112	2			08/08/71
5112			17	30/07/71
5112	16	-	17	26/07/78
5112	20	-	21	16/07/77
5112	33	-	39	26/07/91
5112	40			29/07/91
5112	41		40	02/08/91
5112	42	-	43	26/07/91
5113	1		_	15/07/72
5113	2	-	5	30/07/72
5113	6	-	8	10/07/72
5113	9	-	10	30/07/72
5113	12	-	15	26/07/78
5113	16	-	22	18/07/90
5113	23	-	33	26/07/91
5113	34	-	38	30/07/84
5114	1		_	30/07/72
5114	2	-	5	10/07/72
5114	6	-	7	16/07/72
5114	8			30/07/72
5114	9	-	10	19/07/75
5114	11			26/07/76
5114	12			16/07/84
5114	13			19/07/84
5114	14			15/07/79
5114	15			30/07/84
5114	16		-21	29/07/91
5115	3	-	4	30/07/72
5115	5			14/07/73
5115	6	-	9	22/07/73
5115	10	7-	12	30/07/73
5115	13			11/07/84
5115	16	-	19	25/07/91
5213	5			30/07/72
5213	6	-	9	30/07/84

NMRC I	REF NO	0		DATE
5213	12	-	16	16/07/84
5213	19	-	20	30/07/84
5213	21	-	22	06/07/95
5214	1	-	2	10/07/72
5214	3			16/07/72
5214	10			18/07/90
5214	11			02/08/79
5214	12	-	21	03/07/90
5215	1			26/07/71
5215	2			30/07/72
5215	8			16/07/84
5215	9			19/07/84
5215	12	-	17	18/07/90

III.II.II Vertical air photographs

NMRC Coversearch no. 1910700/01 consulted 11 October 2000.

SORTIE & POS	ITION	FRAMI	ES		DATE	SCALE 1:
CPE/UK/1879		4107	_	4112	06/12/46	10000
CPE/UK/1880		4079	-	4083	06/12/46	10000
541/21		4105	-	4107	15/05/48	10000
541/31		3325	-	3330	18/05/48	10000
541/31		3397	-	3402	18/05/48	10000
541/31		3463	-	3468	18/05/48	10000
540/561		3184	-	3186	26/07/51	10000
543/9	F21	4	-	8	19/06/57	10500
543/9	F21	53	-	57	19/06/57	10500
543/9	F21	106	-	109	19/06/57	10500
543/9	F22	4	-	8	19/06/57	10500
543/1507	2F21	92	-	95	03/11/61	20000
543/1676	F21	105	-	107	02/03/62	11000
543/1676	F22	105	-	107	02/03/62	11000
543/2750	2F21	255	-	258	11/03/64	20000
543/2750	2F22	255	-	258	11/03/64	20000
58/1879	F21	1		2	08/12/55	9999
58/1879	F21	48	-	48	08/12/55	9999
82/1266	F21	25	-	29	08/08/55	10000
82/1266	F22	25	-	30	08/08/55	10000
MAL67056		37	-	39	13/06/67	10500
MAL67056		40	-	41	13/06/67	10500
MAL67056		64	-	67	13/06/67	10500
MAL71025		94	-	100	17/04/71	5000
MAL71041		175	-	181	02/05/71	5000
MAL71051		200	-	207	03/05/71	5000
MAL71052		24	-	30	03/05/71	5000
MAL80036		146	-	147	26/11/80	10000
MAL80036		206	-	210	26/11/80	10000
MAL80036		211	-	213	26/11/80	10000
MAL81038		11	-	121	11/05/81	3000
MAL81038		124	-	134	11/08/81	3000
OS84199		161	-	165	01/08/84	8200
OS86014		5	-	11	08/03/86	8050
OS69285		27	-	27	15/06/69	7000
OS69286		59	-	60	15/06/69	7000

SORTIE & POSITION	FRAMES	}	DATE	SCALE 1:
OS69286	63 -	68	15/06/69	7000
OS69286	123 -	124	15/06/69	7000

III.III NORTH YORKSHIRE SITES AND MONUMENTS RECORD

III.III.I Oblique air photographs

Consulted 12th October 2000

PHOTOGRAPHER	SORTIE	FRAME	DATE
AJC	70	38	18/06/86
CUCAP	BJN	22	12/07/72
DNR	509	24	22/07/73
DNR	550	12	30/07/72
DNR	1615	5	24/03/92
DNR	1065	11	16/07/77

III.IV SOUTH YORKSHIRE SITES AND MONUMENTS RECORD

III.IV.I Oblique air photographs

Consulted 4th October 2000.

SORTIE	FRAM	ES		DATE
36	11			?
509	4	-	8	14/07/73
509	17	-	20	14/07/73
554	21a	-	22A	05/08/72
765	22			?
860	15			?
874	5			04/07/76
1270	5	-	6	26/07/78
1270	9	-	12	26/07/78
1542	20			?
1618	6			06/07/82
2360	23			?
2361	19			16/07/85
2362	3	-	8	16/07/84
2362	15			?
2365	10	-	11	19/07/84
2371	16	-	27	30/07/84
2372	23			30/07/86
2422	15	-	22	18/07/90
2422	24		29	18/07/90
2422	35	-	36	18/07/90
2431	23	-	24	29/07/91
2432	25			02/08/91
2428	24	-	25	02/08/91
DR42	31	-	34	15/07/79
DR48	9			30/07/72
DR48	21	-	24	30/07/72
DR738	16	-	18	31/05/75
DR738	20	-	24	31/05/75
2361	19			16/07/85

A. Deegan Project No. 00/01006

28

III.V WEST YORKSHIRE SITES AND MONUMENTS RECORD

III.V.I Oblique air photographs

Consulted 14th September 2000.

WYSMR NO.		FILM NO &	FRAME	DATE	
44 51	03 63	dnr738	16-17	31/05/75	
44 51	03 63	wy230	16a-20a	30/06/94	
44 51	03 63	wy241	6-8	04/07/95	
44 51	04 49	wy1	10	03/04/75	
44 51	04 16	wy241	2-5	04/07/94	
44 51	02 98	wy241	9-11	04/07/94	
44 51	02 98	dnr738	19-22	31/05/75	

III.VI WAKEFIELD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COUNCIL REGENERATION DEPARTMENT

III.VI.I Vertical air photographs

Consulted 20th September 2000.

SORTIE	FRAMES		DATE	SCALE 1:
MAL80036	212 -	213	26/01/80	10000
MAL80036	207 -	208	26/01/80	10000
MAL80036	148 -	148	26/01/80	10000
JASAIR4790	125 -	129	?	?
JASAIR4790	60 -	63	?	?
MAL67054	39 -	39	13/06/67	10500

SNY 731 OVERSIZES FIG. 5 NOT SCANNESS