



Land to the south of A11 Cringleford, Norfolk

Client

Big Sky Developments Ltd

Date

December 2018

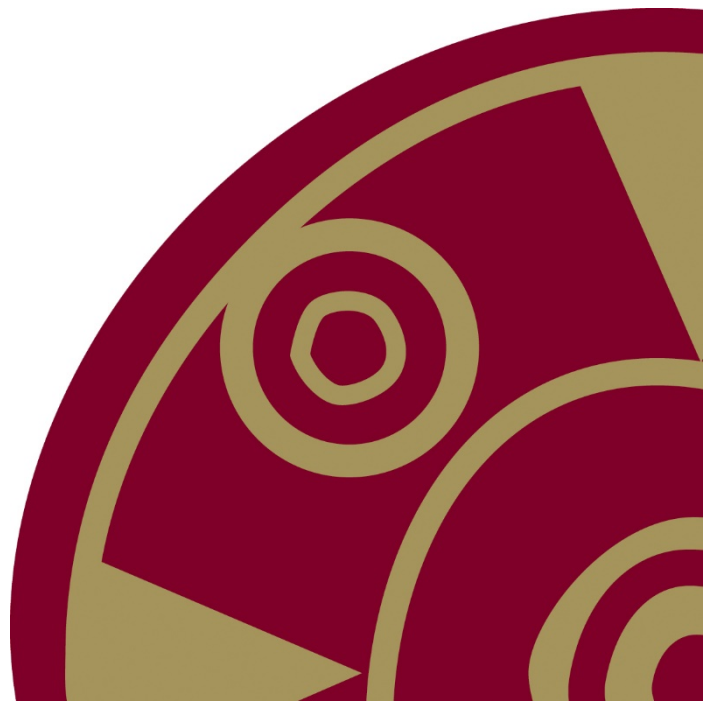
ENF 144996

Programme of Archaeological Mitigatory Work – Phase 1 Trial Trenching

SACIC Report No.: 2018_098

Author: Martin Cuthbert BA (Hons) ACIfA

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Planning Application No.: 2013/1494
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Any opinions expressed in this report about the need for further archaeological work are those of Suffolk Archaeology CIC. Ultimately the need for further work will be determined by the Local Planning Authority and its Archaeological Advisors when a planning application is registered. Suffolk Archaeology CIC cannot accept responsibility for inconvenience caused to the clients should the Planning Authority take a different view to that expressed in the report.

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Summary

Between September and October 2018 an archaeological trial trench investigation was carried out on a c.27ha piece of land south of the A11, Cringleford, Norfolk prior to the construction of a proposed residential development. The 197 trenches, excavated across six separate fields to the north and south of Cantley Lane, revealed six distinct phases of past activity.

An early Neolithic phase was represented by a single pit containing a flint assemblage that included a small crude flint axe. A focus of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age activity comprising pits containing assemblages of Grooved ware and Beaker pottery was identified in one field, with further dispersed features in another.

A Late Bronze Age/ Early Iron Age phase was represented by a dispersed scatter across the site of pits, postholes and ditches containing small assemblages of pottery, flint and fired flint and stone, with a potential focus of activity in two areas.



A phase of Early/Middle Iron Age activity consisted of a number of pits and ditches, again with a potential focus of activity in two areas, dated by small pottery and flint assemblages. The ditches possibly represent a field system.

Six ditches dated by pottery assemblages to the Romano British period represent a second possible field system and further undated ditches noted across the site likely belong to either this or the Early/ Middle Iron Age phase. A scatter of undated pits and firepits that contained residual flint assemblages are likely to be contemporary with the prehistoric phases.

Post medieval/modern activity consisted of three ditches, two of which align with a field boundary that is known from historic mapping to have been removed sometime between 1950 and 1970. Undated large extraction pits and a series of smaller pits and scrapes are likely to be of post-medieval or modern date, possibly associated with construction of the adjacent A47 or A11 dual carriageways.

Drawing Conventions

Plans

- Limit of Excavation -
- Features —————
- Features - Conjectured - - - - -
- Natural Features
.....
- Intrusion/Truncation -
- Illustrated Section ————— S.14
- Cut Number **0008**
- Archaeological Feature 
- Modern Feature 

Sections

- Limit of Excavation -
- Cut —————
- Cut - Uncertain - - - - -
- Deposit Horizon —————
- Deposit Horizon - Uncertain - - - - -
- Intrusion/Truncation -
- Break in Section - - - - -
- Cut Number **0088**
- Deposit Number 0089
- Ordnance Datum N S
55.27
^ ^

1. Introduction

Between the 17th September and 25th October 2018 Suffolk Archaeology CIC (SACIC) carried out a programme of archaeological trial trenching on a piece of land south of the A11, Cringleford, Norfolk. The archaeological trial trenching was the first stage of a Programme Of Archaeological Mitigatory Work (POAMW) commissioned by Big Sky Developments Ltd. The work was undertaken according to a SACIC Project Design, forming part of a Written Scheme of Investigation (Craven 2018), which addressed the requirements of a Brief (dated 21/07/2018) produced by the Archaeological Advisor (AA) to the Local Planning Authority (LPA), David Robertson of Norfolk County Council Historic Environment Service (NCCHEs).

This POAMW was required under the terms of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and Broadland District Council, Norwich City Council and South Norfolk Council Joint Core Strategy for Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk (Adopted March 2011, Policies 1 and 8), in order to determine a planning application for the development of the site. The relevant planning application reference is 2013/1494 and comprises a proposed residential development.

The site is located in the South Norfolk District of Norfolk, in the civil parish of Cringleford, on the south-western side of the village that forms an outlying suburb on the southwest side of the city of Norwich, albeit separated by the River Yare, at TG 1891 0524 (Fig. 1). Measuring 27ha in size the site consists of a series of six arable fields, currently set aside, to north and south of Cantley Lane which runs through the centre of the site from south-west to north-east. The site is bordered to the north by the modern A11, to the west by the modern A47, to the east by residential housing estates and to the south by the Breckland railway line that runs from Norwich to Thetford.

Internal field boundaries are generally marked by a mix of mature trees and hedging, and the western part of the site is crossed from north-west to south-east by overhead electricity pylons. In the southern part of the site fields are partially sub-divided by post and wire fencing not shown on mapping. A public Right of Way heads north from Cantley Lane through the centre of the site, following a field boundary. Various informal but well-used footpaths run along boundaries in the fields to the south of Cantley Lane.

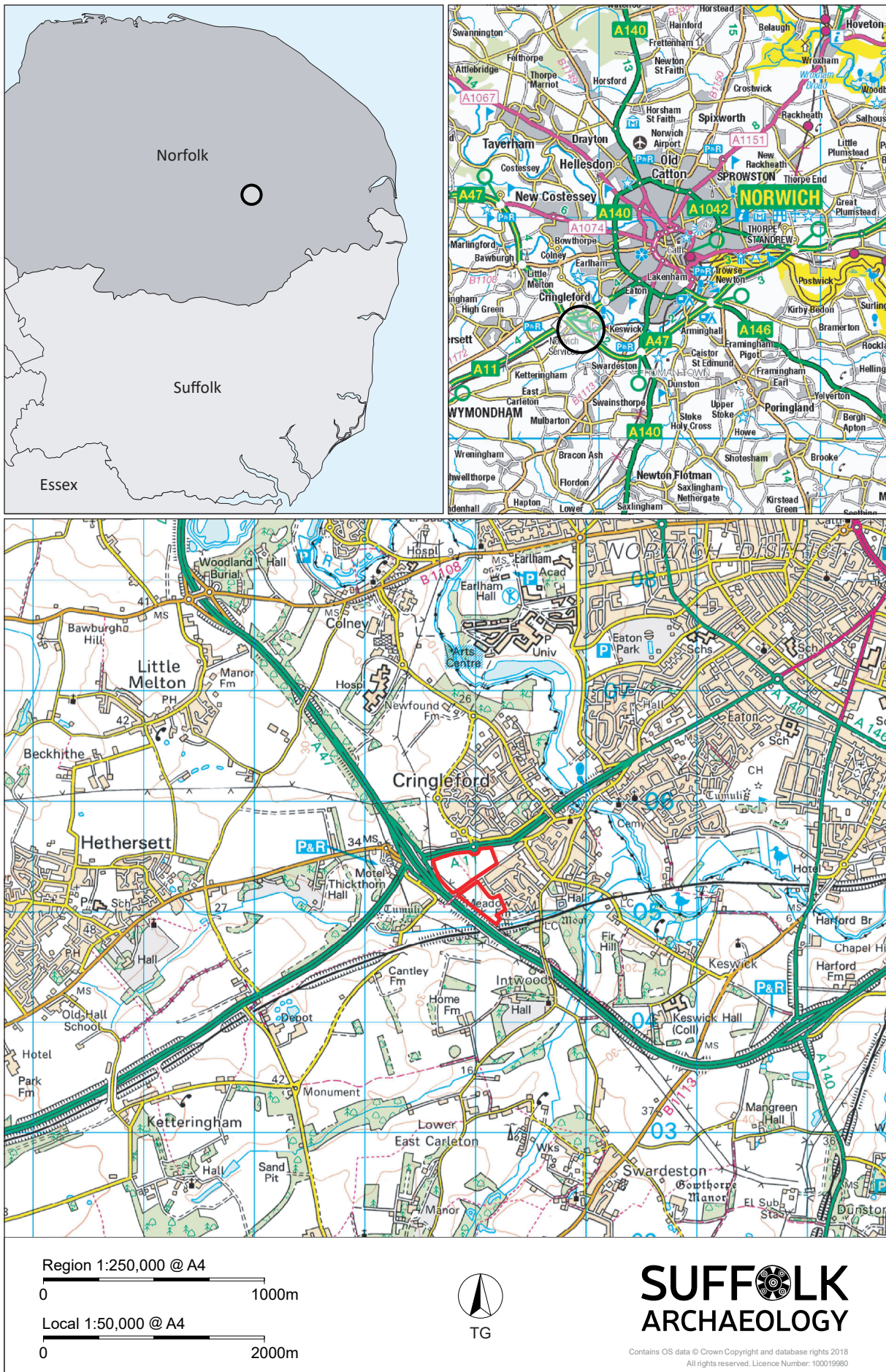


Figure 1. Site location (red)

2. Geology and topography

To the north of Cantley Lane the site is broadly flat with a high point of c.33m above Ordnance Datum in the north-west corner. In the eastern part the site descends gradually to c.22m along the eastern boundary. To the south of Cantley Lane the site is first still broadly flat at c.30m before then descending a relatively steep south-east facing slope, the valley edge of a tributary drain heading east to the River Yare, to a low point of c.15m in the southernmost part of the site.

The site geology is recorded by the British Geological Survey as being superficial deposits of chalky till of the Lowestoft Formation to the north-west and sand and gravel of the Sheringham Cliffs Formation to the east and south, both overlying chalk bedrock of the Lewes Nodular Chalk Formation, Seaford Chalk Formation, Newhaven Chalk Formation, Culver Chalk Formation and Portsdown Chalk Formation (BGS online).

3. Archaeology and historical background

The following section provides a summary of the readily available archaeological and historical background to the development site and its environs. The site lies within an area of archaeological and historical interest and has the potential to reveal evidence of a range of periods.

This section has been compiled with information obtained through a 1km radius search of the Norfolk Historic Environment Record (Appendix 1; Fig. 2) from the English Heritage National Mapping Programme (NMP), plus examination of a selection of reports that include:

- A desk-based assessment of the site and the remainder of the application area to the north of the A11 (Sillwood 2013).
- A fieldwalking and metal-detecting survey report (Ames 2004) which included the northern part of the site.
- A trial trenching report (Webb 2011) of a pipeline along the western site boundary.
- A trial trenching report of the northeast part of the current site (Emery 2004).
- A geophysical survey (Webb 2013) which covered the bulk of the site plus the remainder of the application area to the north of the A11.
- A limited program of trial trenching within the site, targeting geophysical anomalies south of Cantley Lane (Crawley 2013).

3.1. Prehistoric

The National Mapping Programme (NMP) has identified the cropmarks of a ring ditch and several undated linear features on aerial photographs of the part of the development site south of Cantley Lane. The ring ditch is likely to be the surviving buried remains of a prehistoric (potentially Bronze Age) burial mound (HER Ref. 36138).

The ring ditch, which is centred at TG 1909 0498, measures between 25m and 28m in external diameter and has a possible entrance at TG 1911 0497. Two concentric curvilinear ditches are also noted at TG 1903 0509 but may relate to geological rather than archaeological features.

Earthworks that may represent further surviving burial mounds have been located 520m northwest of the site (9395) and 490m (9463) and 670m west (9464) of the site. A

further cropmark that may represent the remnant of ploughed out burial mound has also been identified 480m SW of the site (54618).

Several prehistoric finds in the area have been recorded on the HER. A flint handaxe was recovered 700m ENE of the site (21782), Neolithic flint artefacts 290m west of the site (22828), worked flints 320m south of the site (24830) and 330m north of the site (36243), and a flint scraper 390m west of the site (28021). A number of flint artefacts were also recovered from fieldwalking 330m north of the site (36243).

Archaeological excavation in advance of the construction of a park and ride, 380m west of the site, identified Bronze Age and Iron Age features and finds (39823).

3.2. Roman

There is a reasonable amount of archaeological data available from the Roman period within the search area, although the evidence is not as prolific as that for the prehistoric period. Most of the HER entries relate to individual finds spots recovered during fieldwalking or metal detector surveys.

A Roman coin hoard was discovered 'just outside Norwich' in the 1920s and is believed to be from Cringleford (9263) and a single Roman coin was found close to the site just to the east (9366), during construction work. Single coins have been found during metal detecting 600m north of the site (31627), 380m north-northwest (40536), 280m SW (61618) and 450m NW of the site (41086), whilst a Roman surgical instrument was found during metal detecting 570m north-northeast of the site (33914).

In the 1930's a Roman cremation urn was found in the garden of a property 280m east of the site (9364).

3.3. Anglo-Saxon

The present settlement of Cringleford is likely to have originated during the Saxon period. Cringleford was included in the Domesday survey (1086) and referred to as *Kringlforda*, (Williams 2003, 1076), translated as the ford by the roundhill (Mills 2003, 140). Cringleford was located in the Hundred of Humbleyard with a relatively large population of 25 households at the time of the survey.

The church of St. Peter is a Grade 2* listed building (9369), located 800m east-northeast of the site. The church was built in the 11th century with later 19th century restoration.

The site at this time probably formed part of the Anglo-Saxon open field system, set away from the village that was likely established close to the church. Finds from the area include a single coin recovered from fieldwalking just to the SW of the site (16229) and a single sherd of Middle Anglo-Saxon pottery from fieldwalking 730m NW of the site (58621).

3.4. Medieval

Medieval evidence mainly takes the form of artefacts found during metal detecting and fieldwalking surveys, however there are several cropmark sites that are undated which may have a medieval element. Two such sites 54404, 54405 are located just 250m east of the site.

Other medieval activity includes the deserted medieval village of Cantley (9469) located 670m WSW of the site, a medieval moat (33732) in Thickthorn park and another (9410) 480m east of the site, and a possible medieval manor (9473) 720m SSE of the site.

3.5. Post-medieval

Cringleford appears to have a post medieval focus as an industrial provider for the area. A lime kiln (16685) is located close by along with a windmill (15550) and watermill (15913).

The cropmarks of probable field boundaries have been noted by the NMP to the south of Cantley Lane (36138). One of these boundaries was also picked up in the 2013 geophysical survey (see below) and interpreted as a post-medieval field boundary.

A hollow way or bank forms the southern boundary of the site (9409). This feature maybe related to the post medieval farm "Northhouse" that is located directly southeast of the southern site boundary; however, the bank is undated and may have earlier origins.

Just south of the site is the 'Breckland railway line that runs from Thetford to Norwich and was opened in 1844 (13571).

3.6. Previous archaeological work

The fieldwalking/metal-detecting survey (Ames 2004) covered 57.53ha but was predominantly across a series of fields to the north of the A11, with only a small part (ENF137611) to the south of the A11 within the current site. The full survey revealed scatters of prehistoric worked flint together with, Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery, ceramic building material (CBM) and metal finds. Only a small assemblage of struck flint, single pieces of post-medieval pottery and CBM, a piece of worked bone and three metal small finds of late date were collected from ENF137611.

The trial trench evaluation of the north-east part of the current site (ENF97323; Emery 2004) saw the excavation of seventeen trenches, amounting to a 5% survey, which was summarised as follows.

- *'A small assemblage of worked flint, which includes a polished flint axe, which dates between the Later Neolithic to Bronze Age period, was recovered mostly from unstratified deposits.*
- *Also found were several shallow ditches and a low density of pits and post-holes, sealed beneath the subsoil, which have been provisionally dated as prehistoric.'*

The geophysical survey (ENF137569, Webb 2013) covered an area of 44ha to the north and south of the A11, including the bulk of the site. The results were slight, with only a few faint curvilinear anomalies in the same area as the 36138 cropmarks to the south of Cantley Lane being thought to be of possible archaeological origin. The survey failed to identify the ring ditch, although it noted that it lay close to/under pylons/overhead cables which may have affected results.

The geophysical survey was followed by limited trial trenching (ENF132484, Crawley 2013) which attempted to target geophysical anomalies and the ring ditch cropmark location although, in the case of the latter, its proximity to the overhead cables route meant it could not be examined. Trenches 1 and 3 identified some evidence of activity in the Roman period, Trenches 2 and 4 with activity in the Bronze Age. One ditch in Trench 1 may relate to a linear geophysical anomaly but otherwise there was little correlation between the two project results.

The trial trenching of an underground service route along the western side of the site (ENF 125358, Webb 2011) saw the excavation of two trenches within the site boundary, immediately to the south of the A11 and Cantley Lane. The northern trench was devoid of archaeological features but the southern contained two pits and three ditches, all undated.

The DBA (Sillwood 2013) finally summarised these previous archaeological investigations as part of a general study of the wider area, noting that *'there is some potential for archaeological remains of prehistoric date to be present, certainly on the more undisturbed areas for development i.e. to the north and south of Cantley Lane. This landscape is one that is likely to have been significant in the prehistoric period - there are remains of burial mounds (barrows) in the vicinity, with one possibly located within the development area itself. A small amount of prehistoric settlement evidence has also been recorded within the development area to the north of Cantley Lane. Roman and later activity is likely to be located elsewhere, away from the development sites, as there is no more than a background 'noise' of finds within the study area. The Roman focus is likely to be at Caistor St Edmund, to the south-east. Anglo-Saxon activity is probably centred closer to the church, which has probable Saxon origins. The village of Cringleford clearly developed from the focal point of the church.'*

Examination of historic mapping in the DBA (Sillwood 2013) showed that in the mid-19th century the site lay wholly in an open landscape of arable and pasture fields to north and south of Cantley Lane and southwest of Cringleford. Whilst the current site boundary is predominantly modern (e.g. created by routes of the A11 and A47) it does include elements of historic boundaries on the eastern side and the modern internal field boundaries largely correlate with those depicted in 19th century mapping.

3.7. Cartographic evidence

3.7.1. North of Cantley Lane

The Tithe map (1840) and First Edition Ordnance Survey map (1882) shows that the northeastern field was once split into three fields. A central northwest-southeast boundary is indicated, with the western portion of this split into two fields with a northeast-southwest central boundary. The latter boundary exists until sometime between 1938 and 1946, as indicated on mapping and an aerial photograph of 1946

(www.historic-maps.norfolk.gov.uk/mapexplorer/), whilst the first boundary exists until sometime between 1972 and 1975 (www.old-maps.co.uk).

The central southern field has not changed since the Tithe map or First Edition Ordnance Survey, whilst the central northern field is split into two fields with a central WSW-ENE boundary which was removed sometime between 1938 and 1946.

Since the Tithe map and First Edition Ordnance Survey, the western field has been reduced in size considerably with the construction of the A47 dual carriageway.

3.7.2. South of Cantley Lane

The Tithe map and First Edition Ordnance Survey map indicates that the eastern field was split into two fields with a short NNW-SSE boundary located within the eastern portion which was removed sometime between 1957 and 1964, as indicated on later Ordnance Survey mapping (www.old-maps.co.uk).

Since the Tithe map and First Edition Ordnance Survey, the western field has been reduced in size considerably with the construction of the A47 dual carriageway.

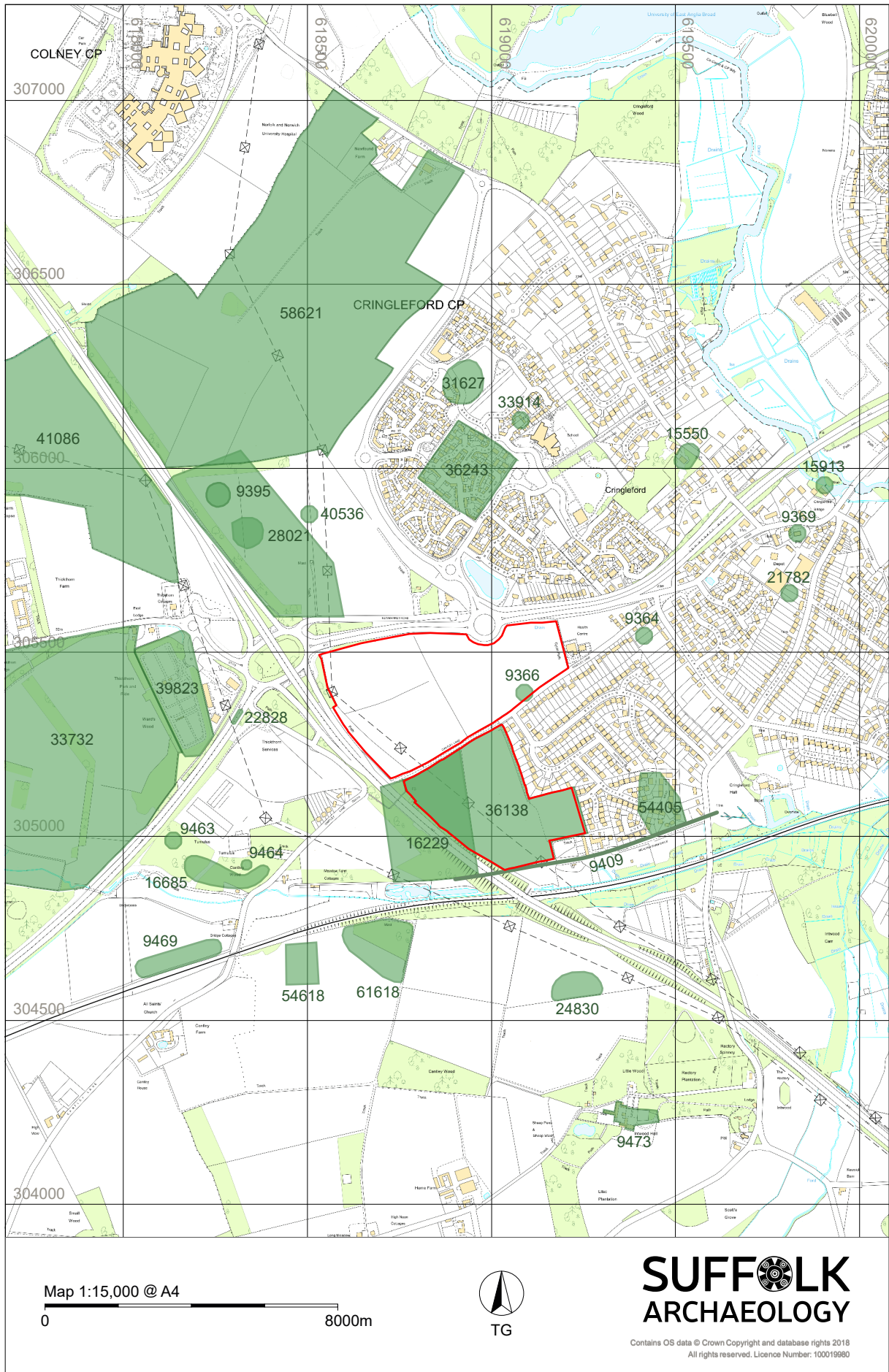


Figure 2. Selected HER entries surrounding site

4. Project objectives

As described in the Project Design and Written Scheme of Investigation (Craven 2018) the aims of the archaeological trial trenching were:

- To establish whether any archaeological deposits exist in the application area, with particular regard to any which are of sufficient importance to merit preservation *in situ*.
- To identify the date, approximate form and function of any archaeological deposits within the application area.
- To establish the extent, depth and quality of preservation of any archaeological deposits within the application area.
- To evaluate the likely impact of past land uses and whether masking alluvial or colluvial deposits are present.
- To establish the potential for the survival of environmental evidence.
- To assess the potential of the site to address research aims defined in the Regional Research Framework for the Eastern Counties (Brown and Glazebrook 2000, Medlycott 2011).

5. Methodology

One hundred and ninety-seven trenches were excavated across the development area (Fig. 3) in accordance with the Project Design, apart from Trenches 38, 48, 50, 52, 124, 125, 172 and 195 which were shortened or moved due to the presence of footpaths and general site access issues.

The trenches were opened using two mechanical excavators fitted with toothless ditching buckets, working under archaeological supervision. Upper deposits were removed by machine until archaeological deposits or superficial geological layers were exposed. Following machine excavation, the trenches were cleaned sufficiently by hand to determine if archaeological remains were present.

The ploughsoil within the line of the trenches was metal detected prior to machine excavation and the spoil heaps were visually scanned and metal detected looking for the presence of archaeological artefacts. Trenches, including pre-modern archaeological features, were metal detected.

Archaeological features were then investigated by hand, typically by excavating 50% of discrete features or 1m sections across linear features. A single continuous numbering system was used to record all layers, features and other deposits on SACIC pro forma sheets and photographic and drawing registers were maintained. The trench positions, excavated sections and all levels were recorded by RTK GPS. Hand drawn sections and plans were recorded at scales of 1:10, 20 and 50 on A3 pro-forma pre-gridded permatrace sheets, which have been scanned and added to the digital project archive. Digital colour photographs were taken of all stages of the fieldwork, and are included in the site archive. Site data has been added onto an MS Access database and recorded using the County HER code ENF 144996.

An OASIS form has been completed for the project (Ref: suffolka1-326133; Appendix 9) and a digital copy of the report submitted for inclusion on the Archaeology Data Service database (<http://ads.ahds.ac.uk/catalogue/library/greylit>).

The project archive is currently located at SACIC's office in Needham Market, but will be transferred to the Archaeological Store of the Norfolk Museums Service (NMS), upon approval of the report. The NMS accession number is NWHCM: 2018.89.

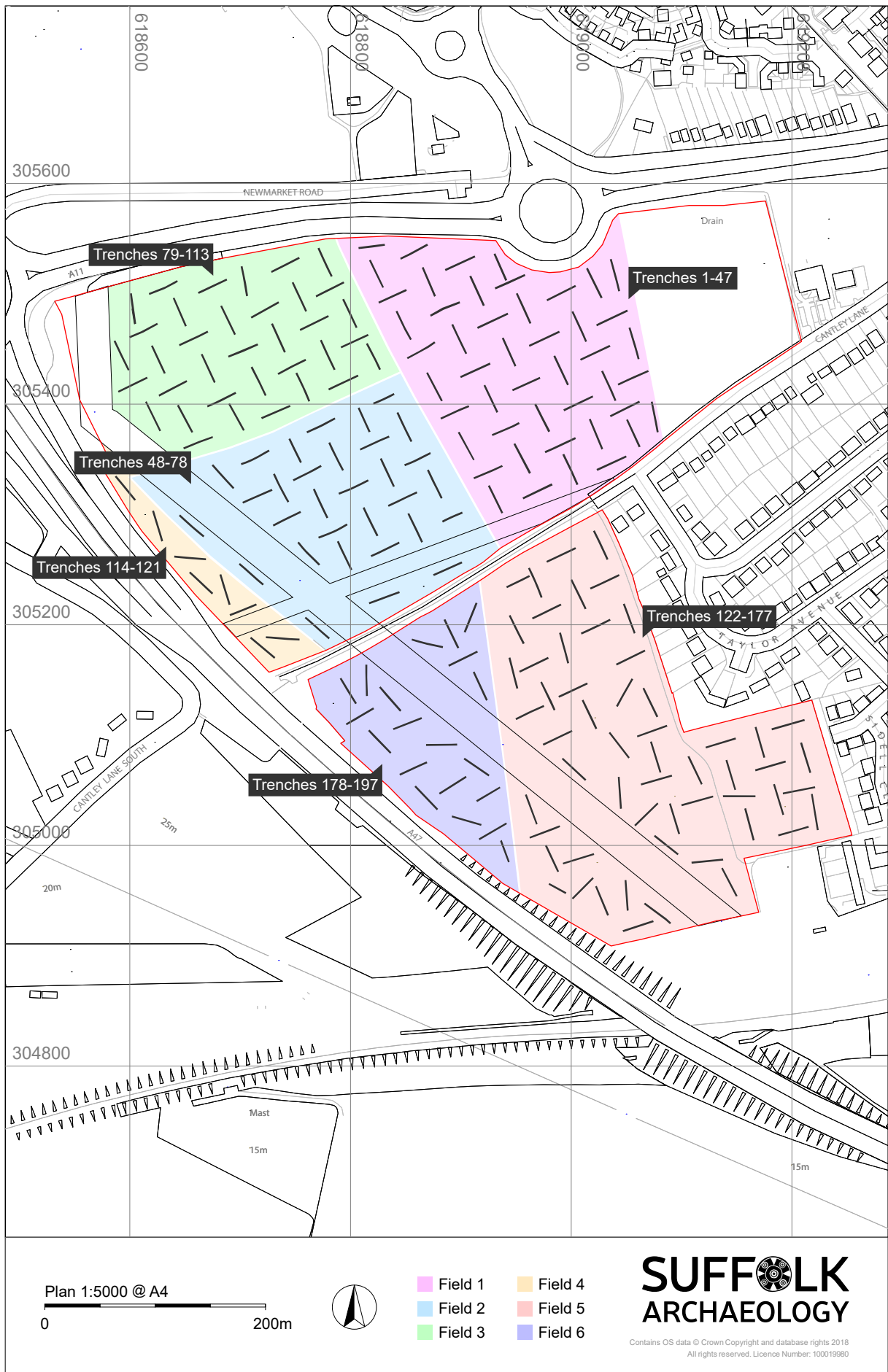


Figure 3. Trench locations and field division

6. Results

6.1. Presentation of results

This section provides a summary of the results of the trial trenching by field and then by trench, with detailed description of selected features, principally those which have been dated by finds assemblages. Full descriptions of the trenches are provided in Appendix 2 and contexts in Appendix 3. The location of trial trenches and all archaeological features are shown in Figures 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 19, with further figures providing detailed plans and sections of selected features.

The results of appropriate specialist assessment of finds and samples is presented in Section 7 and Appendices 4-8. A summary of recovered finds and their proposed date is also correlated with context information (Appendix 3).

6.2. Field 1. Trenches 1-47

6.2.1. Soil conditions

The soil profile varied slightly but was largely consistent and is characterised as a ploughsoil (0259) of loose, mid grey brown silty clay, c.0.35 – 0.45m thick, overlying the subsoil (0260) of a soft light-yellow brown silty sand with occasional flint and pebble inclusions, c.0.10-0.40m thick. The natural strata (0261) was largely consistent and comprised pale yellow and orange sand with flint, gravel and patches of orange silty clay. Along the northern fringe of the field, in close proximity to the recently constructed A11 dual carriageway and an associated roundabout, the overburden of topsoil was much deeper (0.45-0.80m) within Trenches 19, 20, 21 and 38, most likely due to dumped material associated with the construction of the road.

6.2.2. Summary of archaeological features

A total of twenty-three of the forty-seven excavated trenches contained archaeological features (Fig. 4). Artefacts, including flint and pottery, were retrieved from archaeological features in Trench 8 and appear to relate to Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age activity, these take the form of five postholes and are summarised below. Undated features comprised four gullies, thirteen ditches, six postholes, seven pits and seven fire pits and are tabulated below (Table 1).

6.2.3 Trench Results

Several artefacts were recovered during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil deposits within Field 1, all were post medieval or modern in date and are discussed in section 7 of this report. The only find of note was a 17th century silver button (SF1006). Seven flints, from the later prehistoric periods, were recovered from the topsoil deposits of Trenches 8, 9, 15, 17, 24 and 25.

Trench 8

Trench 8 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.75m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained an undated ditch (1000), an undated gully (1002), three undated pits/postholes (1024, 1028 and 1030) and five pits/postholes dated to the Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age (Plate 1; Fig. 5).

Features 1018, 1020, 1022, 1026 and 1032 were sub-oval in plan with steep sides leading to a shallow flat base. The single fills of each feature were also similar and comprised a dark brownish grey silty sand with occasional small gravel and flint inclusions.

Twelve sherds of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery were recovered from the fill of features 1018, 1026 and 1032 and six fragments of flint were recovered from features 1018, 1020 and 1022. The three undated pits/postholes, that are located in close proximity to these features, are likely to be contemporary.

Two environmental samples (100 and 101) were taken from the single fills of postholes 1018 and 1032.

Results of the environmental samples were poor, and only very small quantities of hazel nut shells and charcoal were recovered.

Undated features

Feature No	Trench No	Description
1004	2	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
1006 & 1008	2	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
1010	2	Undated gully, aligned NW-SE
1012	2	Undated posthole
1014	2	Undated possible posthole
1043	4	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
1000	8	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
1002	8	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
1024	8	Undated posthole
1028	8	Undated posthole
1030	8	Undated posthole
1049	10	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
1056	11	Undated ditch, aligned NNW-SSE
1062	12	Undated fire pit
1092	12	Undated pit
1051	14	Undated pit
1054	15	Undated pit
1041	16	Undated ditch, aligned ENE-WSW
1034	17	Undated pit (Plate 2)
1036	19	Undated fire pit
1045	21	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
1047	21	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
1090	22	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
1058	24	Undated pit
1038	25	Undated pit
1088	31	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
1081	32	Undated fire pit
1079	34	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
1073	37	Undated fire pit
1066	38	Undated fire pit
1064	38	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
1068	41	Undated fire pit
1070	41	Undated fire pit
1083	43	Undated posthole?
1085	43	Undated pit
1076	44	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
1087	44	Undated ditch, aligned N-S

Table 1. Undated features within Field 1

Undated fire pits

The fire pits were similar in shape, typically sub rounded in plan with gradual bowl-shaped profiles. Evidence of *in-situ* burning was clear in several of the fire pits with the natural strata at the base of each pit scorched red.

Environmental samples were taken from the seven fire pits within Field 1. Of these two were processed during this stage of works; sample 103 from pit 1038 (Plate 4) within Trench 25 and Sample 107 from pit 1073 within Trench 37 (Plates 3 & 4). Examination of the samples showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable

for radiocarbon dating were present, but they were devoid of other types of environmental evidence or artefacts.



Plate 1. Trench 8- Postholes/Pits 1032, 1018, 1020, 1030 and 1028, looking south, 0.3m scale



Plate 2. Trench 17- SW facing section through Pit 1034, looking NE, 1m scale



Plate 3. Trench 25- SW facing section through Fire pit 1038, looking NE, 1m scale



Plate 4. Trench 37- NW facing section through Fire pit 1073, looking SE, 1m scale

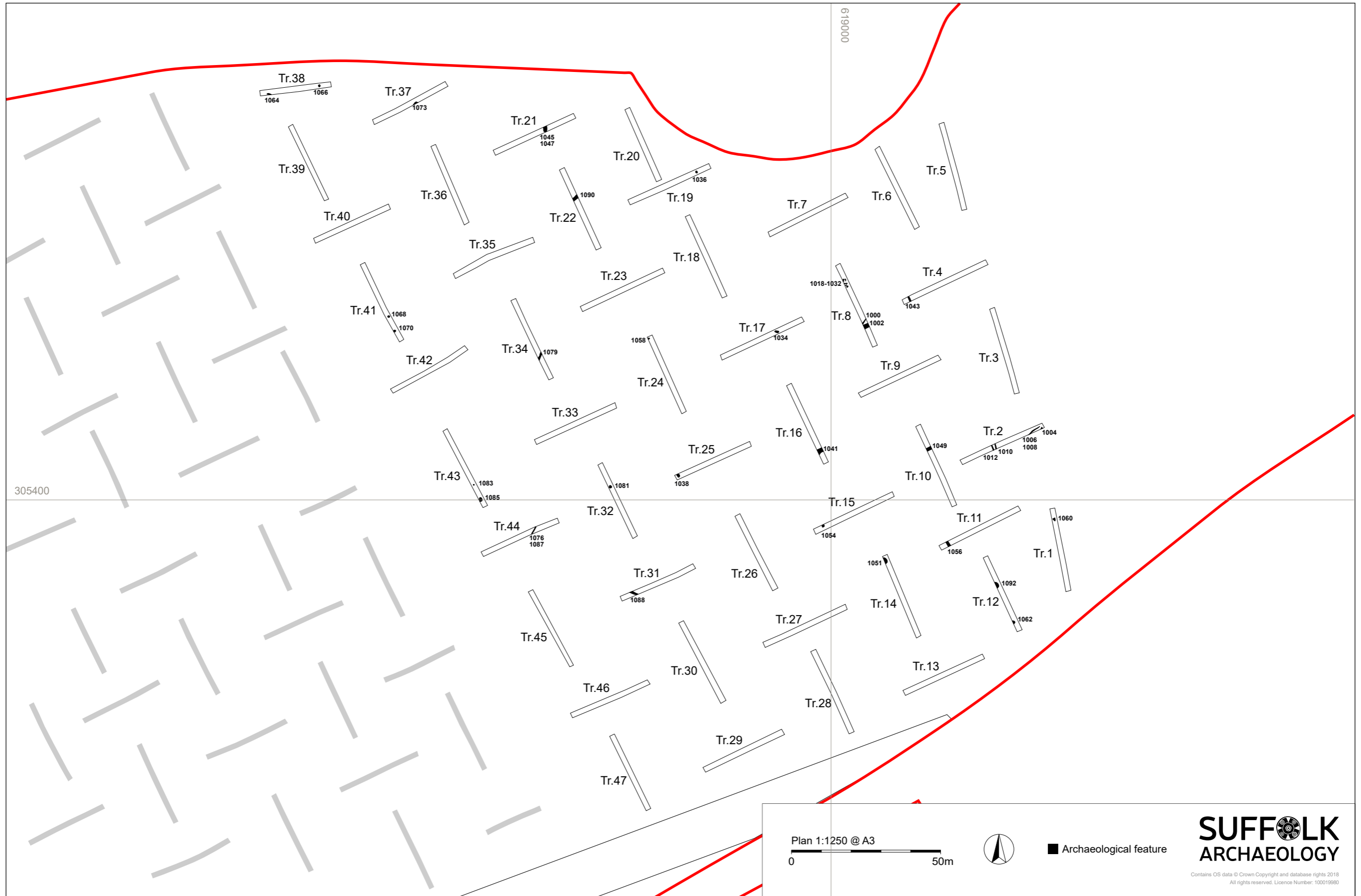


Figure 4. Plan of Field 1, showing archaeological features

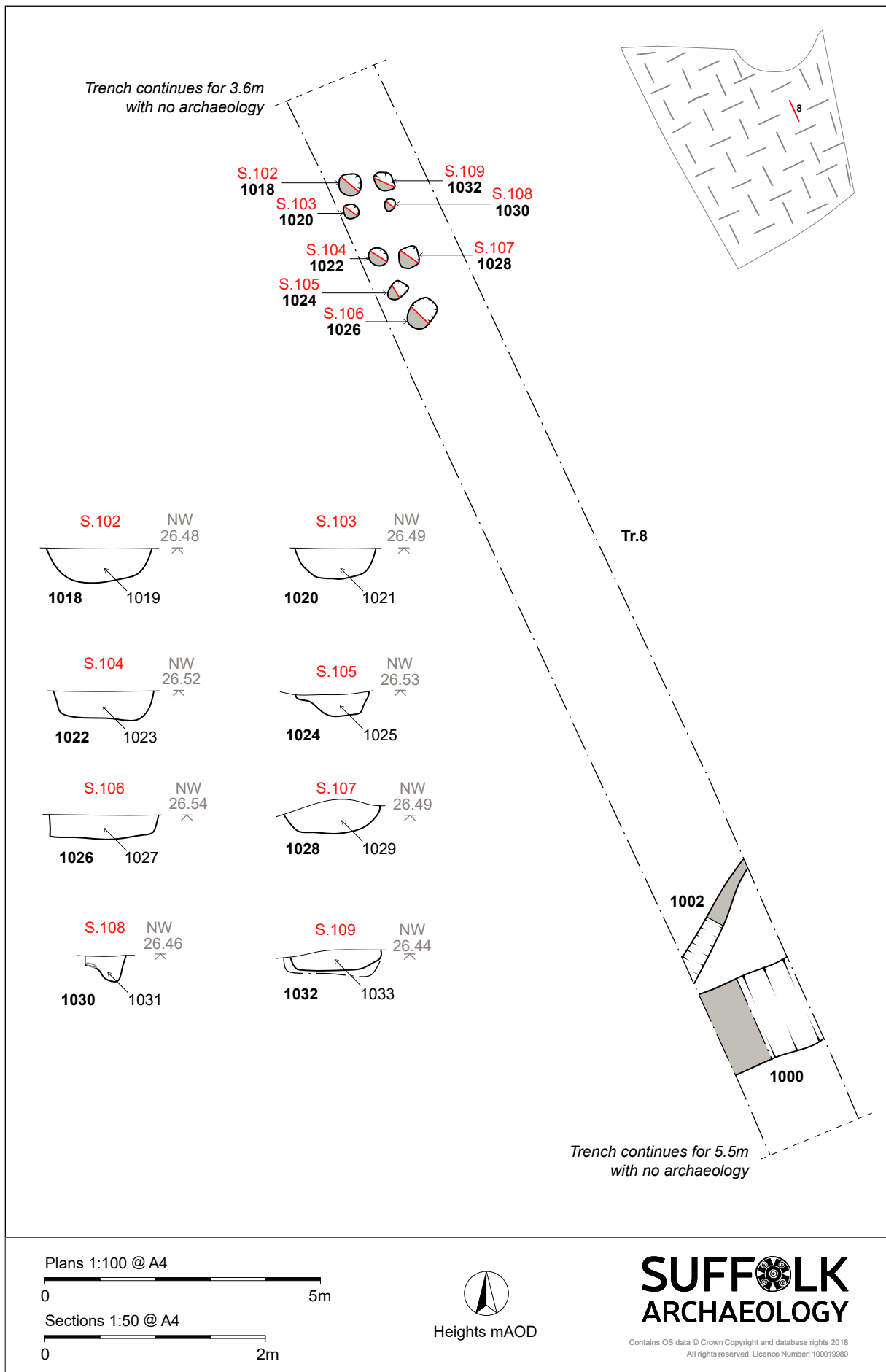


Figure 5. Plan and feature sections of Trench 8

6.3. Field 2. Trenches 48-78

6.3.1. Soil conditions

The soil profile varied slightly but was largely consistent and is characterised as a ploughsoil (0259) of loose, mid grey brown silty clay, c.0.30 – 0.40m thick, overlying the subsoil (0260) of a soft light-yellow brown silty sand with occasional flint and pebble inclusions, c.0.10-0.35m thick. The natural strata (0261) was largely consistent and comprised pale yellow and orange sand with flint, gravel and patches of orange silty clay.

6.3.2. Summary of archaeological features

A total of sixteen of the thirty-one excavated trenches contained archaeological features (Fig. 6). Artefacts, including flint and pottery, were retrieved from archaeological features in Trenches 48, 74 and 78 and appear to relate to prehistoric activity, these take the form of two pits and one ditch and are summarised below. Undated features comprised three gullies, five ditches, five pits, six fire pits and a hollow and are tabulated below (Table 2).

6.3.3. Trench Results

Several artefacts were recovered during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil deposits within Field 2, all were post medieval or modern in date and are discussed in section 7 of this report. Six flints were recovered from the topsoil deposits of Trenches 64, 70, 74 and 75 and the subsoil deposit of Trench 71 indicating a background of prehistoric activity in the area.

Trench 48

Trench 48 was 22m long, 1.8m wide and 0.45m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW. The trench contained a single pit (0030) that was identified 0.8m from the trench's WSW end (Plate 5; Fig. 7). The pit displayed a shallow bowl shape profile with gradual sloping sides and a concave base and contained a single fill of mid greyish brown silty sand.

An Early Neolithic flint axe (SF1019), a flint core, flint flakes and heat affected flints were recovered from the pit's single fill. An environmental sample (0001) was taken and

processed but the results were poor, with only small quantities of charcoal being recovered.

Trenches 57 and 59

Two wide and shallow ditches, orientated east to west, were identified within Trench 57 (0053) and Trench 59 (0057). The ditches within each trench aligned with one another and could form the same boundary. A single, likely residual, flint flake was recovered from the ditch within Trench 57 (Plates 6 & 7; Fig. 6).

Trench 74

Trench 74 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained two intercutting ditches comprising an undated ditch terminus (0076) and a ditch (0084) that was dated to the Late Bronze Age/ Early Iron Age.

The ditches were identified c.4m from the trench's NNW end and were orientated north to south. Ditch 0076 terminated within the trench and continued beyond the southern trench limit and cut ditch 0084 along its eastern edge. A single sherd of possible Late Bronze Age/ Early Iron Age pottery and two flint flakes were recovered from the single fill of ditch 0084 (Plate 8; Fig. 7).

Trench 78

Trench 78 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.60m deep, and was aligned WSW-ENE. The trench contained an undated hollow (0049), and a pit (0046) dated to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age (Plate 9; Fig. 7).

The hollow (0049) was c.4m wide and filled with a mid yellow brown sandy silt and was identified 2m from the trench's WSW end cutting a pit (0046). The pit was sub oval in plan with steep, almost vertical, sides. A single sherd of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age pottery and a single flint flake were recovered from its upper fill (0048). The pit was not fully excavated due to the features size constraints.

Undated features

Feature	Trench No	Description
0032	55	Undated pit
0053	57	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0034	58	Undated fire pit
0057	59	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0038	60	Undated pit
0040	62	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
0042	62	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
0044	62	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
0051	63	Undated pit
0059	64	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
0055	66	Undated ditch terminus
0061	67	Undated pit
0063	68	Undated pit
0065	68	Undated fire pit
0070	73	Undated fire pit
0072	73	Undated fire pit
0074	73	Undated fire pit
0076	74	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
0068	75	Undated fire pit
0049	78	Undated hollow

Table 2. Undated features within Field 2

Undated fire pits

The six fire pits in Field 2 were similar in shape, typically sub rounded in plan with gradual bowl-shaped profiles. Evidence of *in-situ* burning was clear in several of the fire pits with the natural strata at the base of each pit scorched red.

Environmental samples were taken from the six fire pits within Field 2. Of these one sample (2) from fire pit 0034 within Trench 58 (Plate 10) was processed during this phase of works. Examination of the environmental sample showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable for radiocarbon dating were present, but it was devoid of other types of environmental evidence or artefacts.



Plate 5. Trench 48- Pit 0030, looking NW, 0.3m scale



Plate 6. Trench 57- Ditch 0053, looking W, 2m scale



Plate 7. Trench 59- Ditch 0057, looking NW, 1m scale



Plate 8. Trench 74- Ditch 0084, looking N, 0.4m scale



Plate 9. Trench 78- Hollow 0050 and Pit 0046, looking ENE, 2m scale



Plate 10. Trench 59- Fire pit 0034, looking N, 1m scale

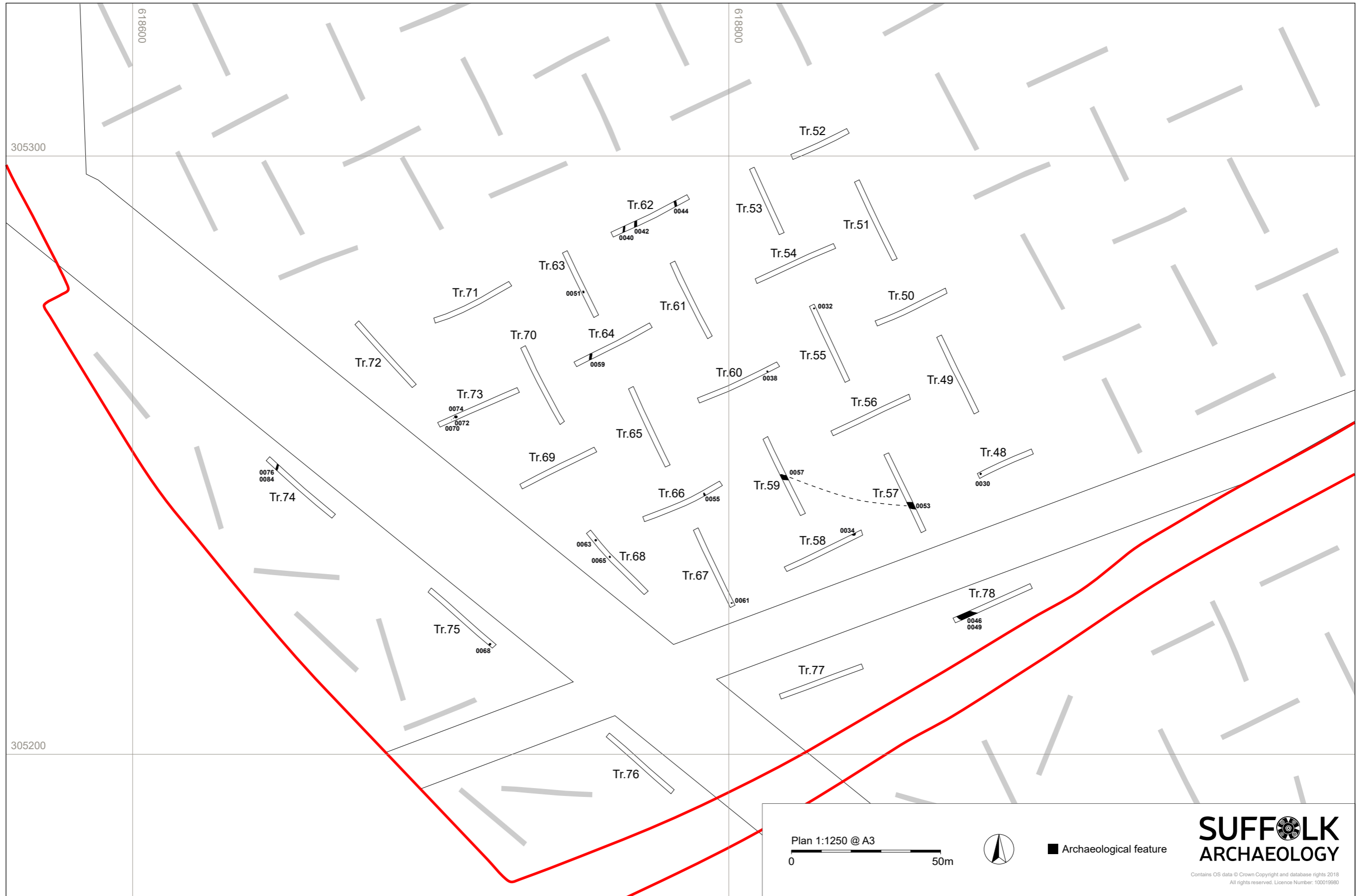


Figure 6. Plan of Field 2, showing archaeological features

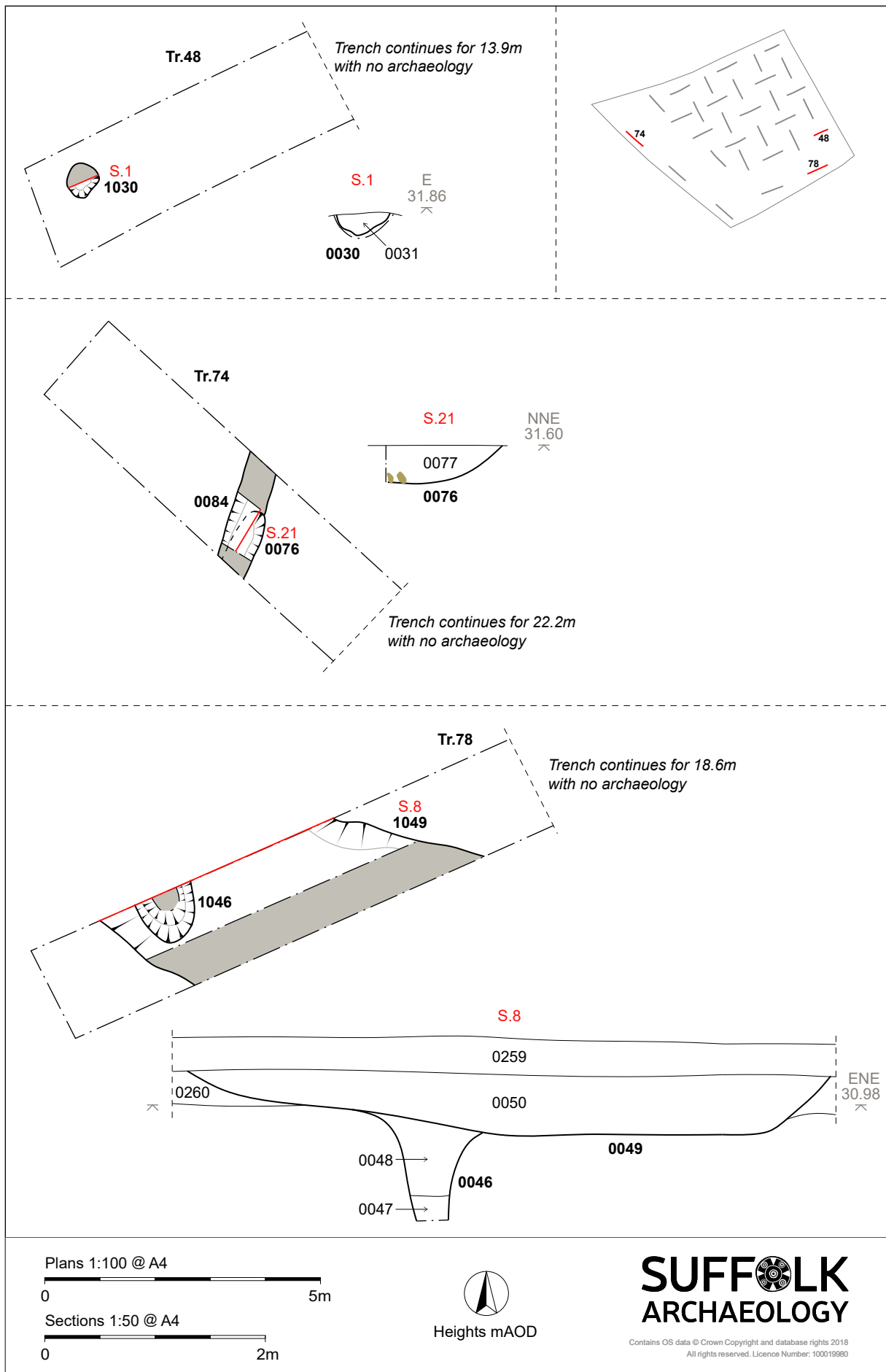


Figure 7. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 48, 74, 78

6.4. Field 3. Trenches 79-114

6.4.1. Soil conditions

The soil profile varied slightly but was largely consistent and is characterised as a ploughsoil (0259) of loose, mid grey brown silty clay, c.0.30 – 0.40m thick, overlying the subsoil (0260) of a soft light-yellow brown silty sand with occasional flint and pebble inclusions, c.0.05-0.25m thick. The natural strata (0261) was largely consistent and comprised pale yellow and orange sand with flint, gravel and patches of orange silty clay. At the northern end of Trenches 83 and 105 a deposit of modern rubble and concrete was noted, most likely associated with the recently constructed A11 dual carriageway located just to the north.

6.4.2. Summary of archaeological features

A total of eighteen of the thirty-five excavated trenches contained archaeological features (Fig. 8). Two late post-medieval/modern gullies were identified in Trench 81 whilst flint and pottery were retrieved from a pit in Trench 109. Undated features comprised six gullies, fourteen ditches, two pits and one fire pit and are tabulated below (Table 3).

6.4.3. Trench Results

Several artefacts were recovered during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil deposits within Field 3, all were post medieval or modern in date. Six flints were recovered from the topsoil deposits of Trenches 94, 97, 100, 107 and 108 indicating a background of prehistoric activity in the area.

Trench 81

Trench 81 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.48m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained two very shallow parallel modern gullies (0102 and 0104) located 0.6m from the trench's NNW end (Plate 11; Fig. 8). The gullies were orientated NE-SW and were located c.0.3m apart. The single fill of gully, 0102, contained a sherd of modern blue and white china and the fill of gully, 0104, contained an assemblage of CBM, including a fragment of late post-medieval or modern peg tile.

Trench 109

Trench 109 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.40m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained a very shallow pit (0128) and an undated ditch (0120) (Plate 13; Fig. 9).

The pit (0128) was located 11.3m from the trench's NNW end (Plate 12; Fig. 9). Two fragments of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery and a single flint flake were recovered from the pit's single fill.

Undated features

Two sets of two NNE-SSE undated gullies within Trench 80 (0092 and 0094) and Trench 88 (0096 and 0098) aligned within one another and could form the same boundary.

Feature No	Trench No	Description
0092	80	Undated gully, aligned NNE-SSW
0094	80	Undated gully, aligned NNE-SSW
0100	84	Undated ditch terminus, aligned NE-SW
0106	85	Undated pit
0108	86	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
0096	88	Undated gully, aligned NNE-SSW
0098	88	Undated gully, aligned NNE-SSW
0116	89	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
0112	92	Undated gully, aligned E-W
0114	92	Undated ditch terminus
0110	93	Undated gully, aligned NNE-SSW
0118	94	Undated ditch terminus
0126	94	Undated fire pit
0122	95	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0130	102	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
0132	102	Undated pit
0134	102	Undated ditch terminus
0124	104	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
0138	105	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
0136	110	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
0144	112	Undated ditch terminus
0146	112	Undated ditch terminus
0142	113	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW

Table 3. Undated features within Field 3

Undated fire pit

A single pit in Trench 94 (0126, Plate 14) had evidence of *in-situ* burning, with the natural strata at its base being scorched red. An environmental sample (10) was taken and processed and showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal

suitable for radiocarbon dating were present, but it was devoid of other types of environmental evidence or artefacts.



Plate 11. Trench 81- Gullies 0102 and 0104 looking N, 1m scale



Plate 12. Trench 109- Pit 0128, looking SW, 0.5m scale



Plate 13. Trench 109- Ditch 0120, looking N, 1m scale



Plate 14. Trench 94- Fire pit 0126, looking SW, 0.5 scale

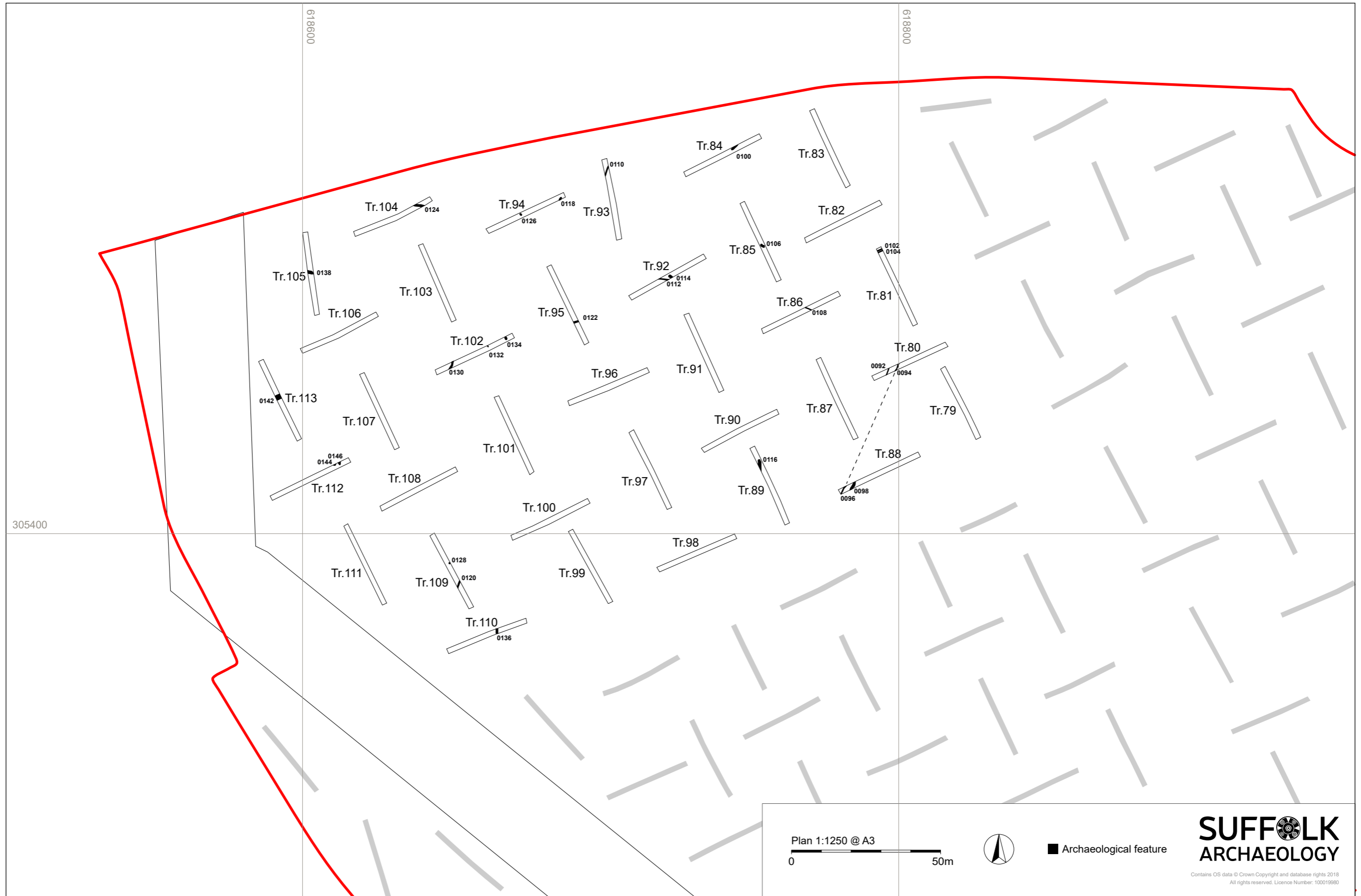


Figure 8. Plan of Field 3, showing archaeological features

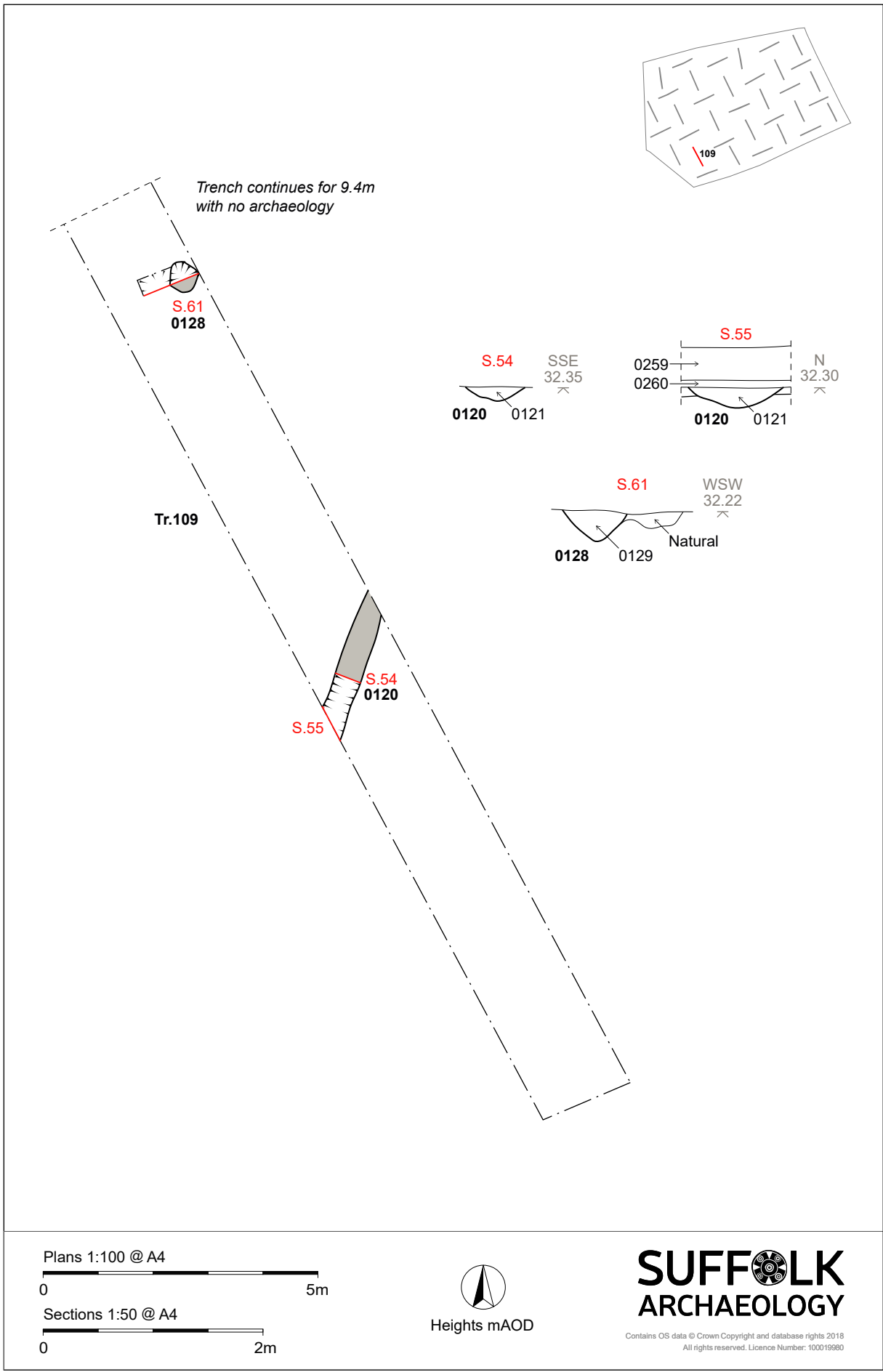


Figure 9. Plan and feature sections of Trench 109

6.5. Field 4. Trenches 114-121

6.5.1. Soil conditions

The soil profile varied slightly but was largely consistent and is characterised as a ploughsoil (0259) of loose, dark brown silty clay, c.0.30 – 0.45m thick, overlying the subsoil (0260) of a firm orange sandy clay with occasional flint and pebble inclusions, c.0.15-0.30m thick. The natural strata (0261) was largely consistent and comprised orange and yellow sandy clay with flint and gravel.

6.5.2. Summary of archaeological features

A total of five of the eight excavated trenches contained archaeological features (Fig. 10). A large late post-medieval/modern extraction pit was identified in Trench 115, whilst artefacts, including flint and pottery, were retrieved from archaeological features in Trenches 114, 120 and 121 and appear to relate to prehistoric activity. These latter features consisted of one fire pit, one gully, one pit and one ditch terminus and are summarised below. Undated features comprised two gullies identified within Trenches 116 and 120.

6.5.3. Trench results

Several artefacts were recovered during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil deposits within Field 4, all were modern in date and were subsequently discarded. Four flints were recovered from the topsoil deposit of Trench 120 indicating a background of prehistoric activity in the area.

Trench 114

Trench 114 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.60m deep, and was aligned NW-SE. The trench contained a very shallow fire pit (0090) located 5.5m from the trench's NW end (Plate 15; Fig. 11).

The fire pit 0090 was sub round in plan with a gradual bowl-shaped profile. Unlike the other fire pits found on the site evidence of *in-situ* burning was not clear and the pit may just have been used for waste disposal of burnt material. The fill contained frequent amounts of charcoal and nine sherds of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery and five fragments of flint, including a blade and a crude scraper.

An environmental sample (09) was taken and processed and showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable for radiocarbon dating were present, along with small quantities of possible wheat grains and a number of unidentifiable cereal grain fragments.

Trench 115

Trench 115 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.60m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The entirety of the trench contained a large post-medieval/modern extraction pit. A machine excavated sondage was placed through the deposits to a depth of 1m, however the base of the feature was not reached. The fill of the pit contained brick and coke fragments that were not retained.

Trench 116

Trench 116 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned E-W. The trench contained a single shallow undated gully (0082) located 3m from the trench's western end that was orientated north-south. A single, likely residual, flint flake was recovered from the gully's single fill.

Trench 120

Trench 120 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.60m deep, and was aligned NW-SE. The trench contained an undated gully (0078) and a ditch terminus (0080) tentatively dated to the Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age (Plate 16; Fig. 11).

The ditch (0080) was located 7.8m from the trench's NW end, orientated NE-SW. The ditch terminated within the trench and extended beyond the northern trench limit and cut an undated shallow gully (0078) along its SE side. A single sherd of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery was recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 121

Trench 121 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned WNW-ESE. The trench contained a very shallow gully (0086) and a pit (0088) that were both dated to the Late Bronze/Early Iron Age.

The gully (0086; Plate 17; Fig. 11) was located 1m from the trench's WNW end, orientated north-south. The gully's single fill contained two sherds of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery.

The pit (0088; Plate 18; Fig. 1) was located 3.2m from the trench's WNW end. The pit's single fill contained a large assemblage of thirty-two sherds of Early Iron Age pottery and four flint flakes. An environmental sample (08) was taken and processed but the results were poor and only small quantities of charred seeds, along with abundant amounts of charcoal, were recovered.



Plate 15. Trench 114- Fire pit 0090, looking NE, 1m scale



Plate 16. Trench 120- Ditch terminus 0080 and Gully 0078, looking NE, 1m scale



Plate 17. Trench 121- Gully 0086, looking S, 0.5m scale



Plate 18. Trench 121- Pit 0088, looking W, 0.3m scale

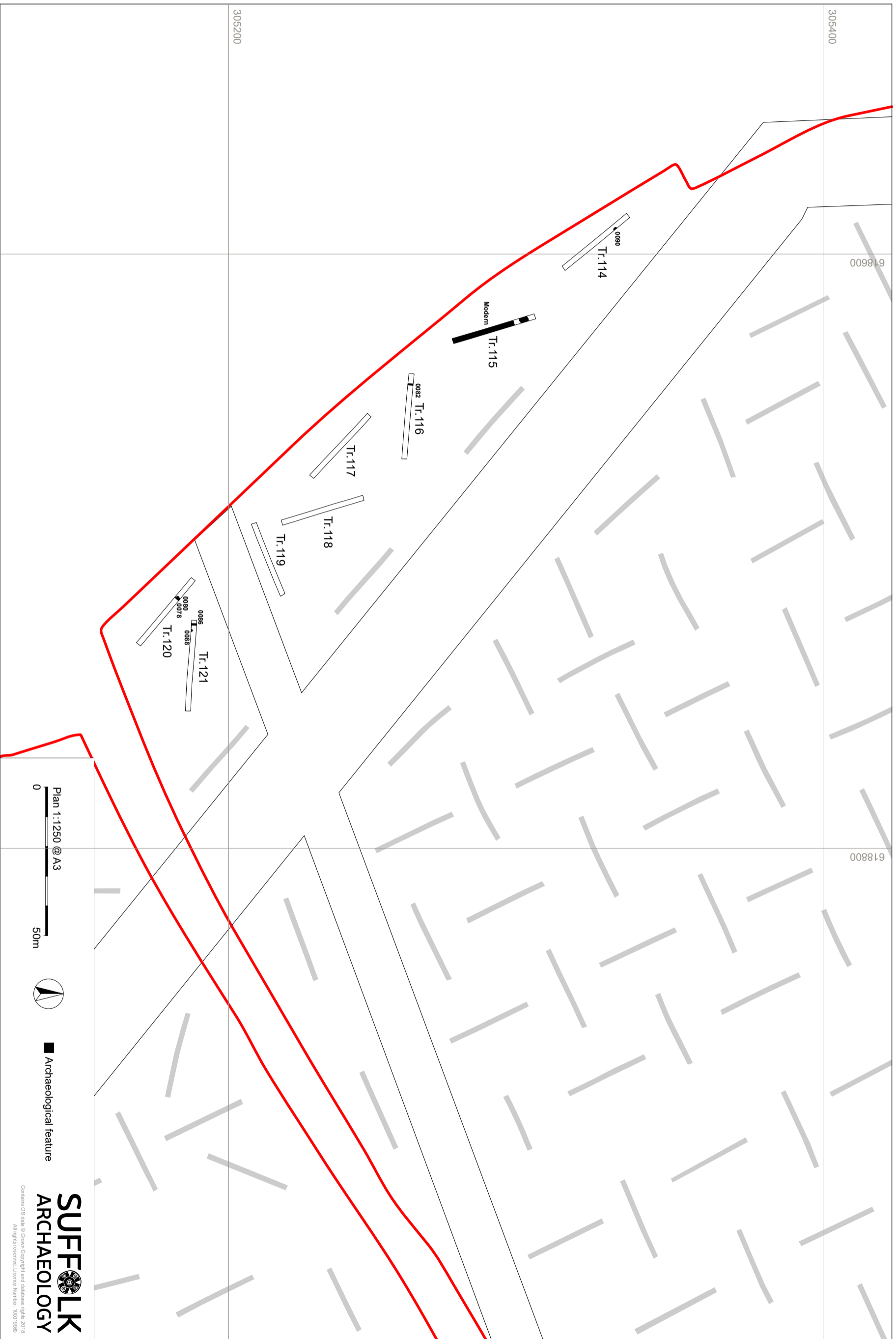


Figure 10. Plan of Field 4, showing archaeological features

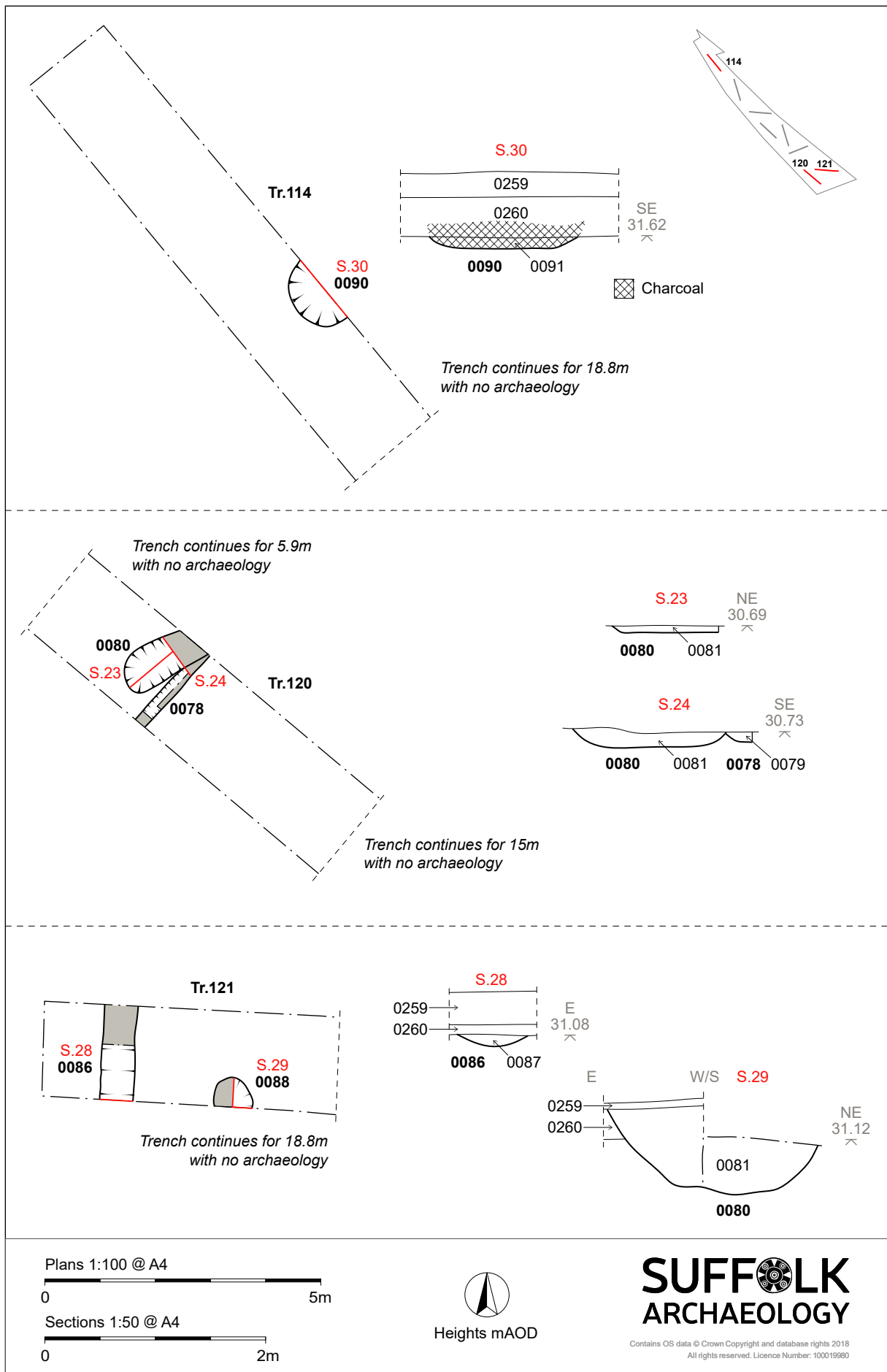


Figure 11. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 114, 120, 121

6.6. Field 5. Trenches 122-177

6.6.1. Soil conditions

The soil profile varied slightly but was largely consistent and is characterised as a ploughsoil (0259) of soft, mid- grey brown silty clay c.0.25 – 0.45m thick, overlying the subsoil (0260) of a firm mid orange brown silty sand with occasional flint and pebble inclusions, c.0.10-0.35m thick. Subsoil was not present in Trenches 156, 161, 162, 164, 166, 169, 170, 171 and 174.

At the centre and southwest of the field the natural strata (0261) was largely consistent and comprised pale orange and yellow sand with flint, gravel and occasional orange clay patches, whilst at the southeast the natural strata comprised pale orange and yellow sand with flint, gravel and occasional chalk and orange clay patches.

A colluvial deposit of mid orange brown silty sand with occasional gravel inclusions was noted at the western end of Trench 169 and northern end of Trench 170, suggesting a natural dry valley once existed in the vicinity of the field boundary between Fields 5 and 6. The colluvial deposit was also evident within the southern end of Trench 177, at the lowest point of the site.

6.6.2. Summary of archaeological features

A total of thirty-five of the fifty-six excavated trenches contained archaeological features (Fig. 12).

Modern features include a large extraction pit in Trenches 171 and 173, two small pits in Trench 157, a pit in Trench 177 and a ditch in Trench 160 and 150, along with an associated posthole.

Artefacts, including flint and pottery, were retrieved from archaeological features in Trenches 127, 131, 132, 136, 137, 138, 139, 142, 143, 144, 146, 152, 164, 170, and 172 and appear to relate to prehistoric and Roman activity, these take the form of one gully, one posthole, five pits and thirteen ditches and are summarised below.

Undated features comprised three extraction pits, two gullies, three postholes, five fire pits, eight pits and fifteen ditches and are tabulated below (Table 4).

6.6.3. Trench results

Several artefacts were recovered during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil deposits within Field 5, all were modern in date and were subsequently discarded. An assemblage of flint was recovered from the topsoil deposit of Trench 137. Two sherds of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age pottery and an assemblage of flint were recovered from the subsoil of Trench 154.

Trench 145 was located to target two linear N-S orientated cropmarks, Trench 147 an E-W orientated cropmark and Trench 148 a N-S cropmark, all of which were identified on aerial photography and recorded on the HER and interpreted as part of an enclosure. No corresponding archaeological features were identified within any of the trenches.

Trench 159 and 166 were located to target a cropmark interpreted as a ring ditch. No corresponding archaeological features were identified within either of the trenches.

Trench 127

Trench 127 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW. The trench contained a single pit (0169) located at the trench's WSW end, extending beyond the western and southern trench limits (Plate 19; Fig. 13). The pit was not fully excavated due to the features size constraints. Three sherds of Iron Age pottery, two sherds of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery and five flint flakes were recovered from the pit's single fill.

Trench 131

Trench 131 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.4-0.50m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW. The trench contained an undated ditch terminus (0178) and a further ditch (0174) tentatively dated to the Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age (Plate 20; Fig. 13).

The ditch (0174) was located 8.3m from the trench's ENE end and orientated north to south. A single large sherd of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery was recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 132

Trench 132 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.45m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench was located to target a geophysical anomaly interpreted as a ditch boundary (Webb 2013). The trench contained an undated fire pit (0173) and a ditch (0184), dated to the Roman period (Plate 21; Fig. 13).

The ditch (0184) was identified in the location of the geophysical anomaly, 6.4m from the trench's SSE end, on an east to west orientation. Two sherds of Romano British pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 136

Trench 136 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.40m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained a single NE-SW orientated shallow ditch (0198) located 8.6m from the trench's SSE end (Plate 23; Fig. 14). A single sherd of Iron Age pottery was recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 137

Trench 137 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.3-0.4m deep, and was aligned WSW-ESE. The trench was located to target a linear cropmark identified on aerial photography and recorded on the HER, and subsequently identified by the geophysical survey as a positive linear anomaly and interpreted as a ditch boundary (Webb 2013).

The trench contained an undated firepit and two undated ditches.

The undated firepit (0263) and an undated ditch (0262), located at the western end of the trench, were heavily truncated with very little remaining in section. Due to this the features were only recorded in plan. Ditch 0262 was orientated NNW-SSE and located in the vicinity of the geophysical anomaly and cropmark.

The second undated ditch (0193) was located 12.3m from the trench's ENE end, orientated NNW-SSE. A single flint flake was recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 138

Trench 138 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned WSW-ENE. The trench contained a single ditch (0186) located 0.6m from the trench's WSW end (Plate 24; Fig. 14). Thirteen sherds of Roman pottery and a residual flint scraper (SF 1020) were recovered from the ditch fills.

Trench 139

Trench 139 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.54m deep, and was aligned NE-SW (Plate 25; Fig. 14). The trench was located to target two linear, roughly E-W orientated, cropmarks identified on aerial photography and recorded on the HER. The trench contained two undated pits (0191 and 0200) and a ditch (0202) dated to the Roman period.

The ditch (0202) was located 8.4m from the trench's SW end, orientated N-S and was identified in the location the most southern linear cropmark, albeit on a different orientation to the cropmark interpretation. Eight sherds of Roman pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill. No features were identified in the vicinity of the second cropmark at the north of the trench.

Trench 140

Trench 140 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.5m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench was located to target a linear NW-SE aligned cropmark at the north of the trench identified on aerial photography and recorded on the HER and a NE-SW orientated linear feature at the south of the trench, that also intersected Trench 144, that had been identified by the geophysical survey as a positive linear anomaly and interpreted as a ditch boundary (Webb 2013).

The trench contained two undated ditches (0208 and 0212) and an undated pit (0206).

Ditch 0208 was orientated NE-SW and was cut along its northern edge by pit 0206. The ditch was located 12m from the trench's NNW end in the vicinity of the geophysical anomaly interpreted as a ditch boundary.

Ditch 0212 was orientated N-S and was located 1m from the trench's NW end. The

ditch was identified in the location of the cropmark but was on a different orientation to the cropmark interpretation.

Trench 141

Trench 141 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned WSW-ENE. The trench was located to target a linear E-W aligned cropmark identified on aerial photography and recorded on the HER.

A large undated feature measuring c.20m wide and interpreted as an extraction pit (1143), was identified in the vicinity of the cropmark (Plate 26; Fig. 15). A machine excavated sondage was placed through the pit fill to a depth of 2.5m, however the base of the feature was not reached. Residual finds from the pit fill include three small sherds of Early Iron Age pottery, a single sherd of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery and three worked flints.

Trench 142

Trench 142 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW (Fig. 16). The trench was located to target a linear NNE-SSW aligned cropmark at the west of the trench, identified from aerial photography and recorded on the HER, and a N-S aligned geophysical anomaly at the east of the trench, interpreted as a ditch boundary (Webb 2013).

The trench contained two undated postholes (0220 and 0224) an undated gully terminus (0216), an undated ditch (0218), an undated pit (0226) along with a ditch tentatively dated to the Roman period (0214) and another (0222), that was dated to the Iron Age.

Ditch 0214 was located 3m from the trench's WSW end, orientated E-W. The ditch was very shallow with steep sides and a flat base (Plate 27). A single fragment of CBM, tentatively dated to the Roman period, was recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Ditch 0218 was located in the vicinity of the N-S aligned geophysical anomaly at the east of the trench. The excavated section produced no dateable material however it aligns with a ditch identified in Trench 143 that has been dated to the Early-Middle Iron Age.

Ditch 0222 was located 7.1m from the trench's ENE end, orientated E-W (Plate 28). The ditch displayed a shallow bowl shape profile with gradual sides and a flat base. Two sherds of Iron Age pottery, a flint blade and flint flake were recovered from the ditch's single fill. An environmental sample (17) was taken and processed but the results were poor and only charcoal fragments were recovered.

No corresponding archaeological features were identified in the vicinity of the NNE-SSW aligned cropmark at the west of the trench.

Trench 143

Trench 143 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.42m deep, and was aligned NW-SE. The trench was located to target a N-S aligned geophysical anomaly that was interpreted as a ditch boundary (Webb 2013).

The trench contained an undated quarry pit (0248) an undated pit (0250); and a ditch (0210) dated to the Iron Age (Plate 29; Fig. 15).

Ditch 0210 was located 0.9m from the trench's NW end, orientated NE-SW, and was identified in the location of the geophysical anomaly but was on a slightly different orientation. Five sherds of Early/Middle Iron Age pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 144

Trench 144 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.5-0.60m deep, and was aligned NW-SE (Fig. 17). The trench was located to target a NE-SW aligned geophysical anomaly interpreted as a ditch boundary, that also intersected Trench 140 (Webb 2013).

The trench contained five ditches, three were undated (0230, 0236 and 0240), whilst ditch, 0244, was tentatively dated to the Iron Age, and ditch, 0238, dated to the post-medieval period. The three undated ditches and ditch 0244 were sealed by the subsoil deposit whilst ditch 0238 cut the subsoil deposit.

Ditch, 0238, was located c.10m from the trench's NW end, orientated NE-SW. The ditch cut an undated ditch (0236) at its centre, both of which were on a similar alignment and

location as the geophysical anomaly. A single large sherd of post medieval pottery was recovered from the ditch's single fill.

A shallow ditch (0244) was located 1.4m from the trench's NW end, orientated NE-SW (Plate 30). Two abraded sherds of prehistoric pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 146

Trench 146 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.40m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained a single pit (0242) that was identified 6m from the trench's NNW end (Plate 31; Fig. 18). Five sherds of late Neolithic pottery were recovered from the pit's single fill.

Trench 150

Trench 150 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.45m deep, and was aligned WSW-ENE. The trench was located to target a NNW-SSE aligned geophysical anomaly, interpreted as a ditch boundary, that also intersected Trench 160 (Webb 2013).

The trench contained a modern ditch (0254), located in the vicinity, and on the same orientation as the geophysical anomaly, and an unrecorded modern posthole located just to the west. Fragments of modern pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill but were not retained. The ditch was also identified within Trench 160 but was not excavated.

Trench 152

Trench 152 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.5m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW. The trench contained an undated pit (0234) and a further pit (0232) that contained a single fragment of post-medieval/modern CBM.

Trench 164

Trench 164 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.4m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW. The trench contained a single pit (1140) located 9m from the trench's ENE end (Plate 32; Fig. 18). The pit was sub-circular in plan with steep sides and a concave base. A single intrusive fragment (1g in weight) of Roman pottery, an assemblage of flint blades and a

large assemblage of heat altered flints were recovered from the pits single fill. An environmental sample (116) was taken and processed from the pit but results were poor and only charcoal fragments were recovered.

Trench 170

Trench 170 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.4-1.2m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained an undated pit (1134) and a ditch (1131) dated to the Iron Age (Plate 33; Fig. 18).

The ditch (1131) was located 18m from the trench's SSE end, orientated NE-SW. The ditch terminated within the trench and extended beyond the western trench limit and was sealed by a colluvial deposit. Three fragments of Early-Middle Iron Age pottery, two possible Bronze Age sherds of pottery and four flint flakes were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Trench 172

Trench 172 was 17.6m long, 1.8m wide and 0.6m deep, and was aligned NW-SE. The trench contained a single gully (1129) dated to the Iron Age (Plate 34; Fig. 18).

A shallow ditch (1129) was located 8m from the trench's NW end, orientated N-S. Two sherds of Late Bronze Age pottery, four sherds of Early-Middle Iron Age pottery and seven flint flakes were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Undated features

Feature No	Trench No	Description
0167	122	Undated fire pit
0180	124	Undated pit
0182	124	Undated gully, aligned NE-SW
0176	126	Undated curving ditch, aligned NW-SE
0189	130	Undated Posthole
0178	131	Undated ditch terminus, extending beyond the northern trench limit, aligned N-S
0173	132	Undated fire pit
0204	133	Undated ditch, aligned NNW-SSE
0196	135	Undated Posthole
0263	137	Undated possible fire pit
0262	137	Undated possible ditch, aligned NNW-SSE
0191	139	Undated pit
0200	139	Undated pit
0206	140	Undated pit
0208	140	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
0212	140	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
1143	141	Undated extraction pit
0216	142	Undated gully terminus, extending beyond the southern trench edge., aligned N-S
0218	142	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
0220	142	Undated posthole
0224	142	Undated posthole
0226	142	Undated pit
0248	143	Undated extraction pit
0250	143	Undated pit
0230	144	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
0236	144	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0240	144	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0228	148	Undated fire pit
0246	149	Undated ditch, aligned NNE-SSW
0234	152	Undated pit
0232	156	Undated pit
0256	154	Undated ditch terminus, extending beyond the southern trench edge., aligned N-S
0252	156	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
1136	159	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
1138	169	Undated fire pit
1134	170	Undated pit

Table 4. Undated features within Field 5

Undated fire pits

The firepits were similar in shape, typically sub rounded in plan with gradual bowl-shaped profiles. Evidence of in-situ burning was clear in several of the fire pits with the natural strata at the base of each pit scorched red.

Environmental samples were taken from the four undated fire pits within Field 5. Of these three were processed during this stage of works; sample 15 from fire pit 0173 within Trench 132, Sample 16 from fire pit 0228 within Trench 148 (Plate 35) and Sample 115 from fire pit 1138 within Trench 169 (Plate 36). Examination of the samples

showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable for radiocarbon dating were present, but they were devoid of other types of environmental evidence or artefacts.



Plate 19. Trench 127- Multi facing sections through pit 0169 looking SSW, 2 x 1m scale



Plate 20. Trench 131- North facing section through Ditch 0174 looking S, 0.5m scale



Plate 21. Trench 132- Ditch 0184 looking WSW, 1m scale



Plate 22. Trench 132- Fire pit 0173 looking S, 0.5m scale



Plate 23. Trench 136- Ditch 0198 looking SW, 0.5m scale



Plate 24. Trench 138- Ditch 0186 looking S, 1m scale



Plate 25. Trench 139- Ditch 0202 looking NW, 1m scale



Plate 26. Trench 141- Possible quarry pit 1143 looking WSW, 2m scale



Plate 27. Trench 142- Ditch 0214, looking E, 1m scale



Plate 28. Trench 142- Ditch 0222, looking E, 1m scale



Plate 29. Trench 143- Ditch 0210, looking NE, 0.5m scale



Plate 30. Trench 144- Ditch 0244, looking E, 1m scale



Plate 31. Trench 146- Pit 0242, looking WSW, 0.5m scale



Plate 32. Trench 164 - Pit 1140, looking W, 0.3m scale



Plate 33. Trench 170- Ditch terminus 1131, looking SE, 1m scale



Plate 34. Trench 172 - Gully 1129, looking NE, 0.3m scale



Plate 35. Trench 148 - Fire pit 0228, looking NNW, 0.3m scale



Plate 36. Trench 169 - Fire pit 1138, looking S, 0.5m scale

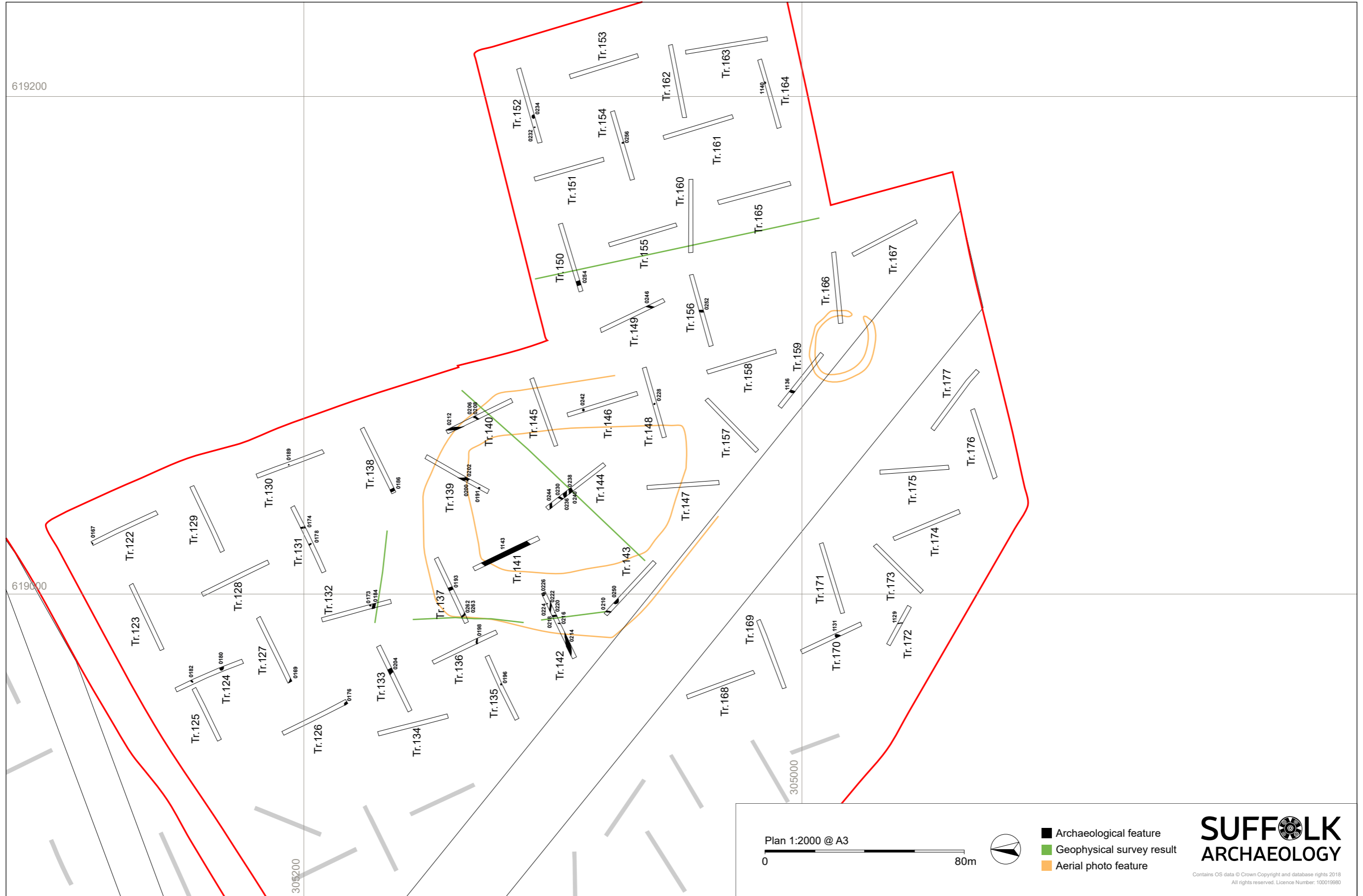


Figure 12. Plan of Field 5, showing archaeological features

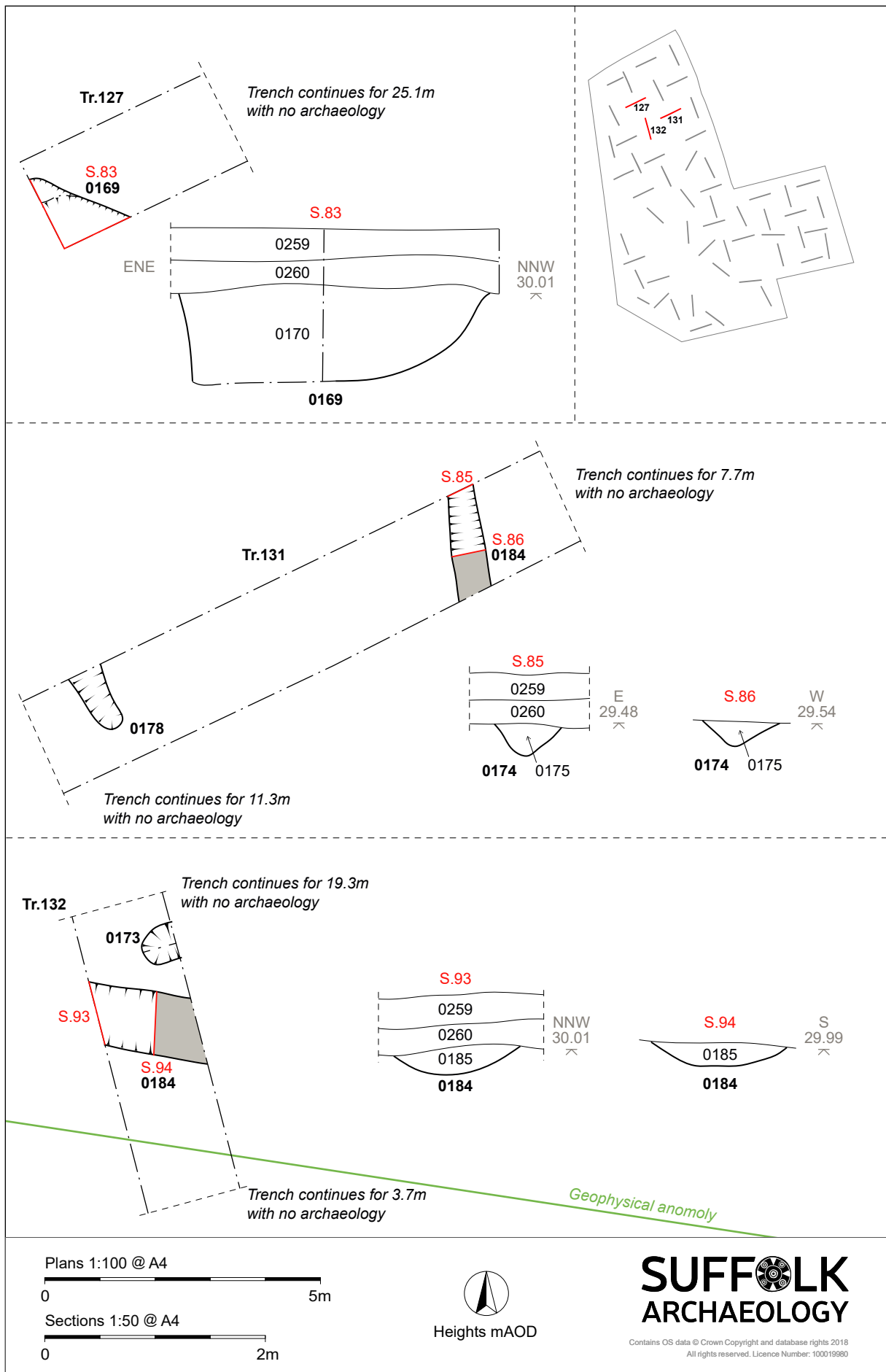


Figure 13. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 127, 131, 132

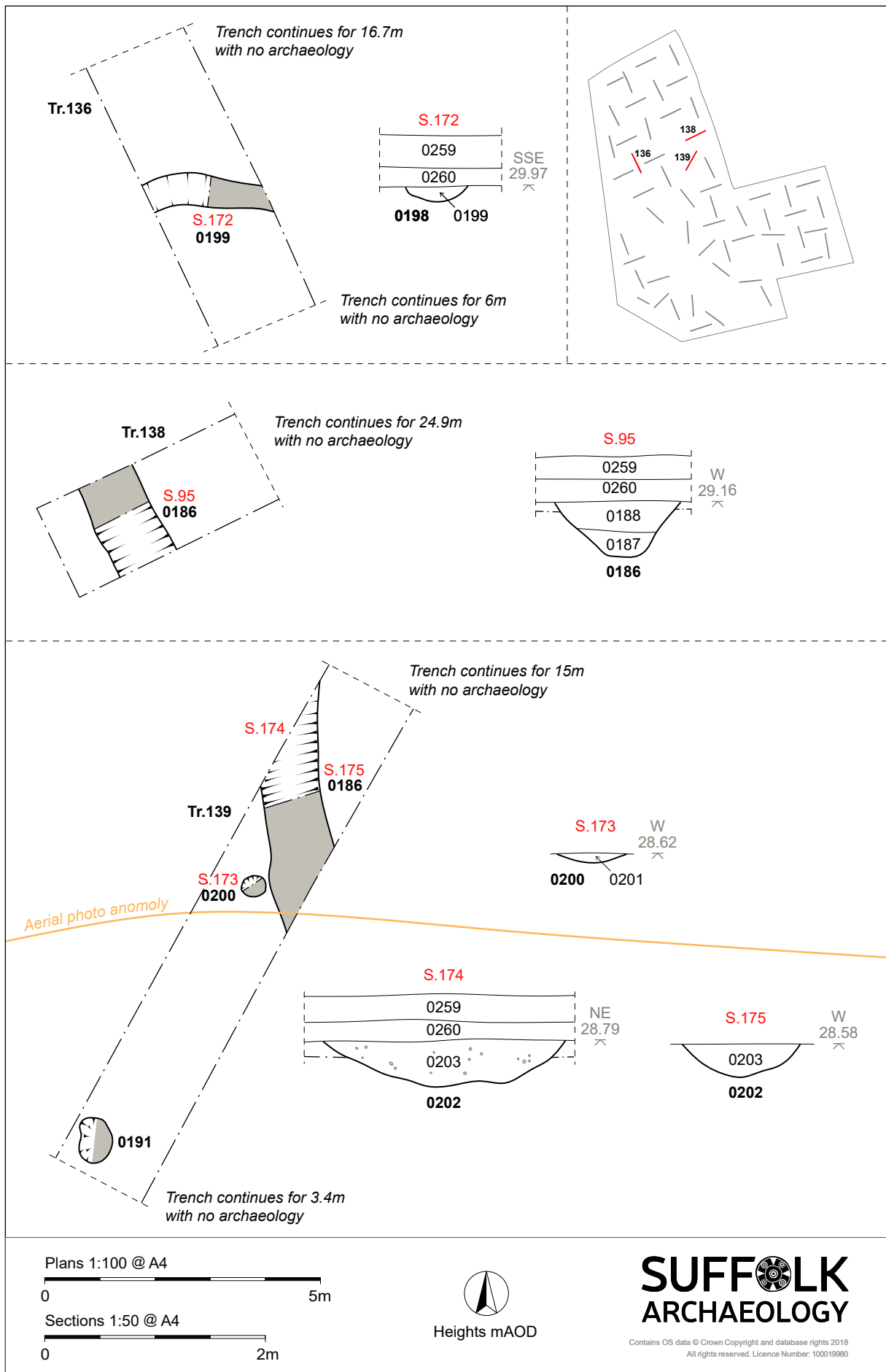


Figure 14. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 136, 138, 139

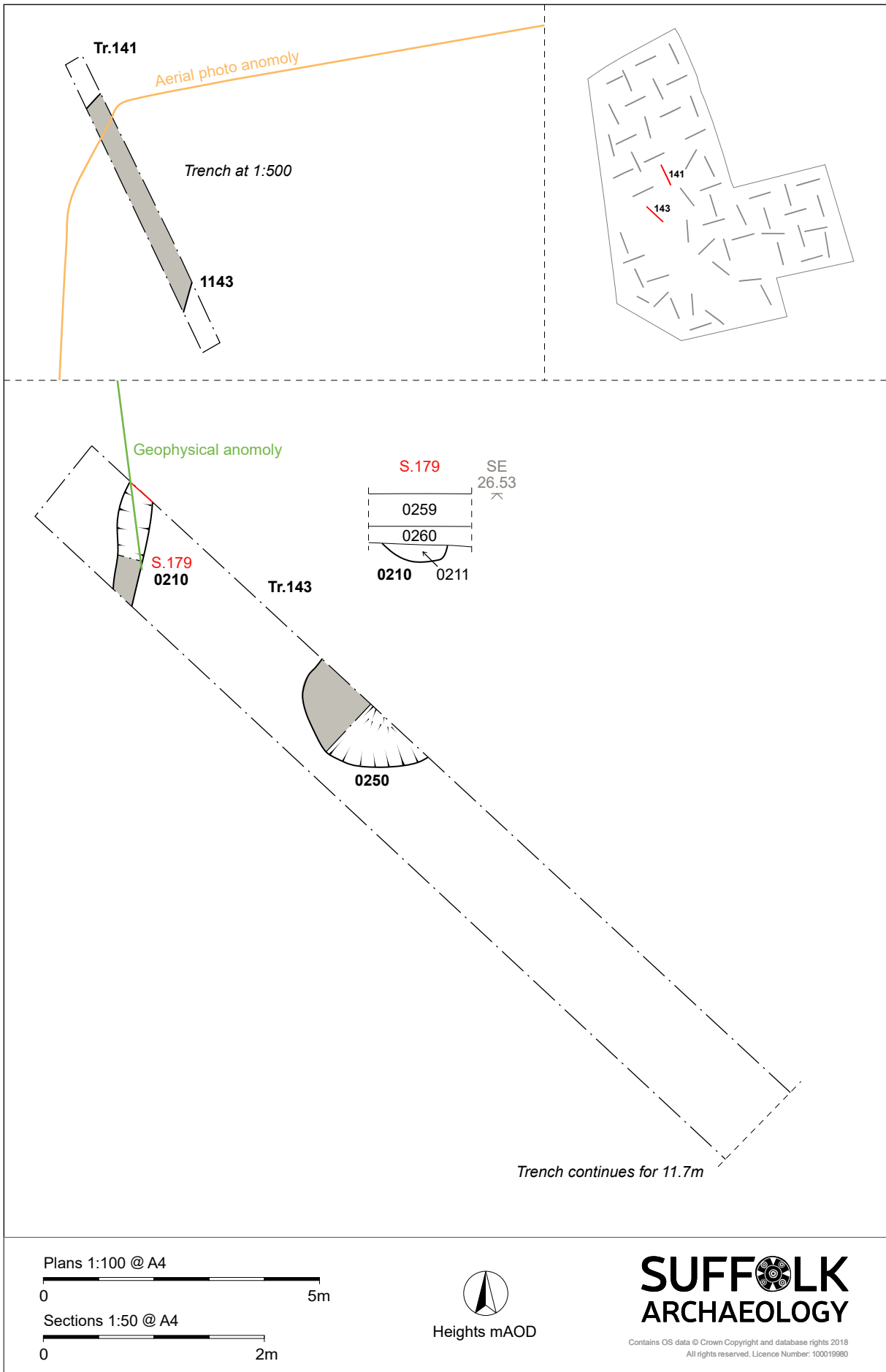


Figure 15. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 141, 143

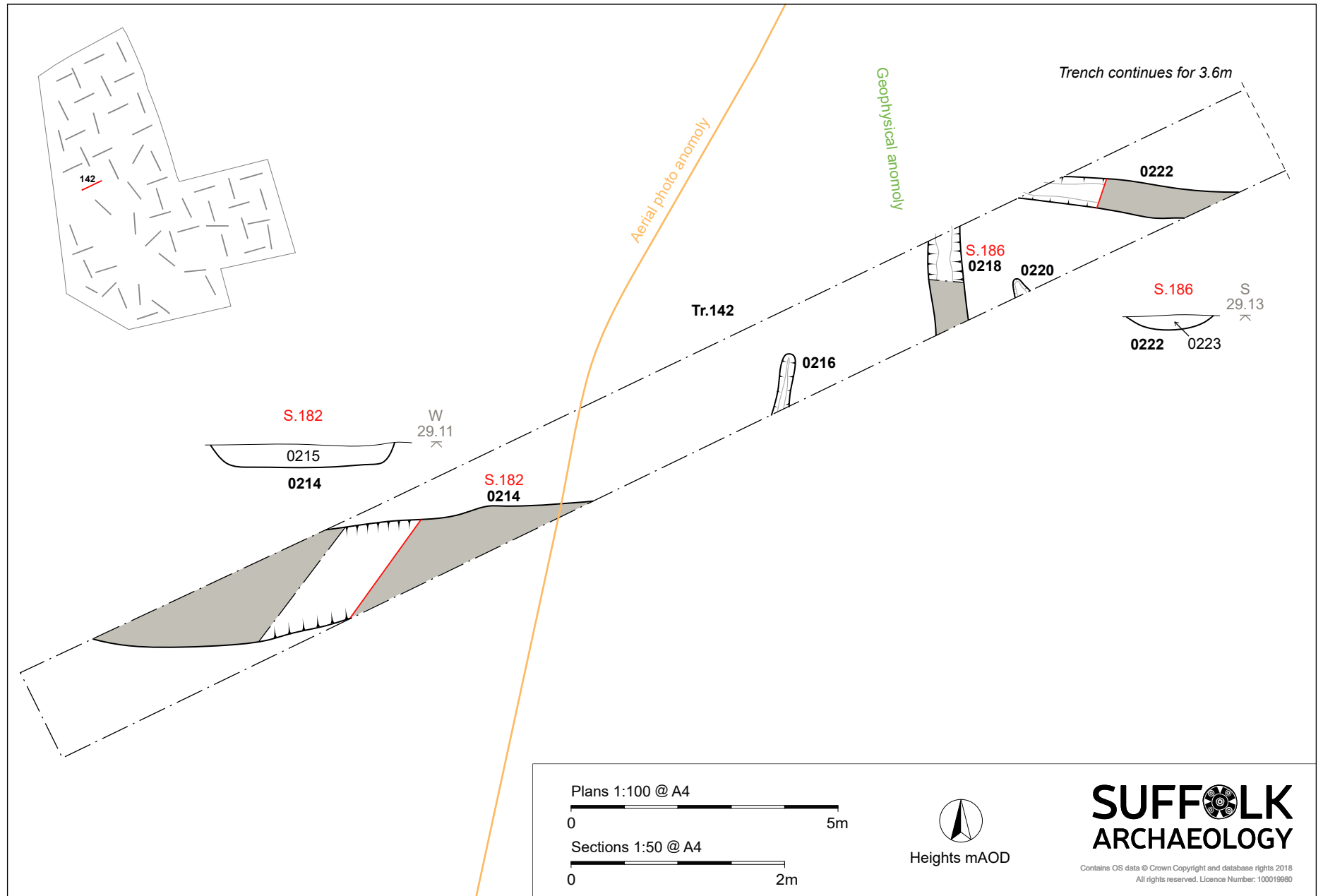


Figure 16. Plan and feature sections of Trench 142

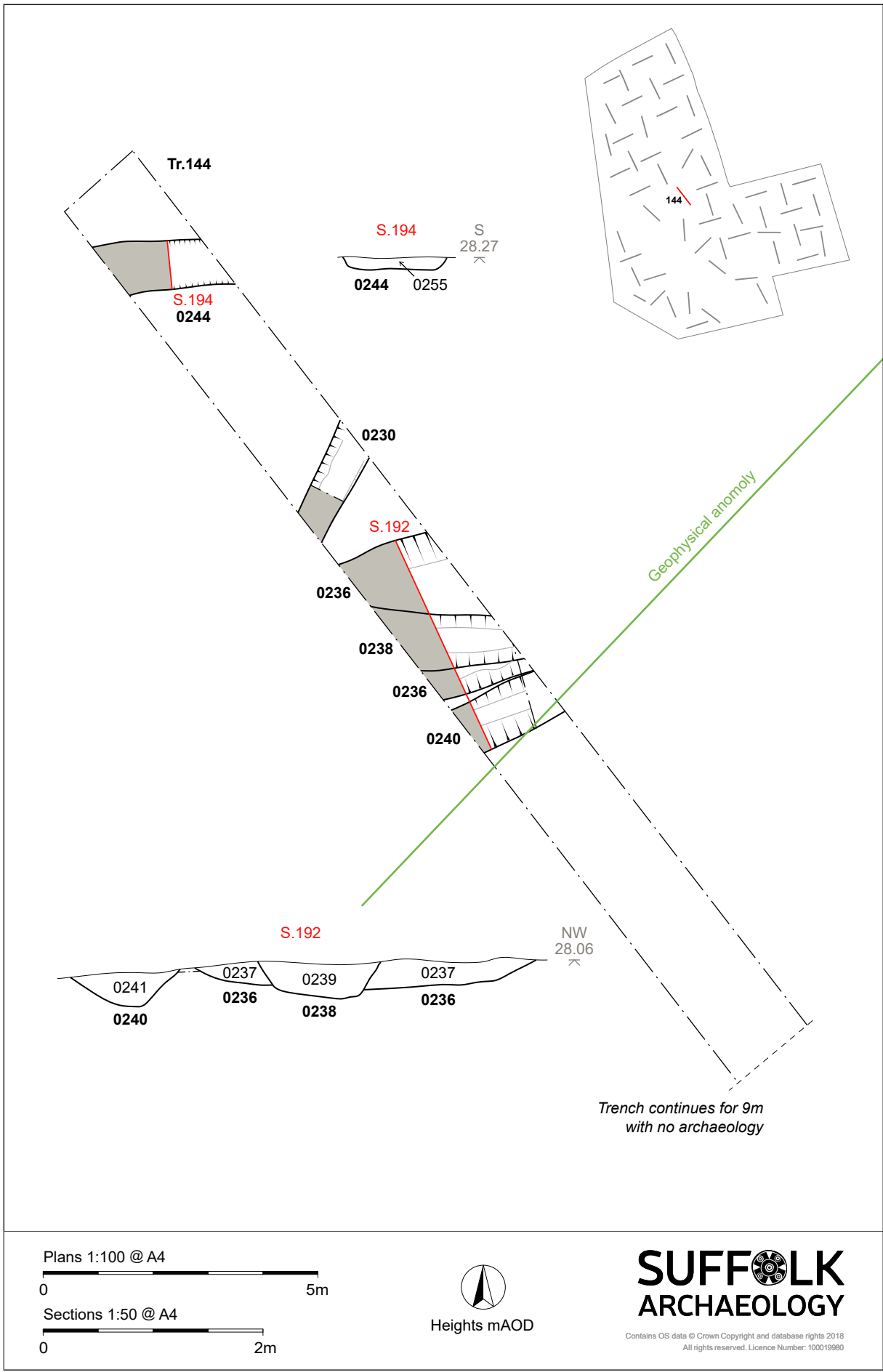


Figure 17. Plan and feature sections of Trench 144

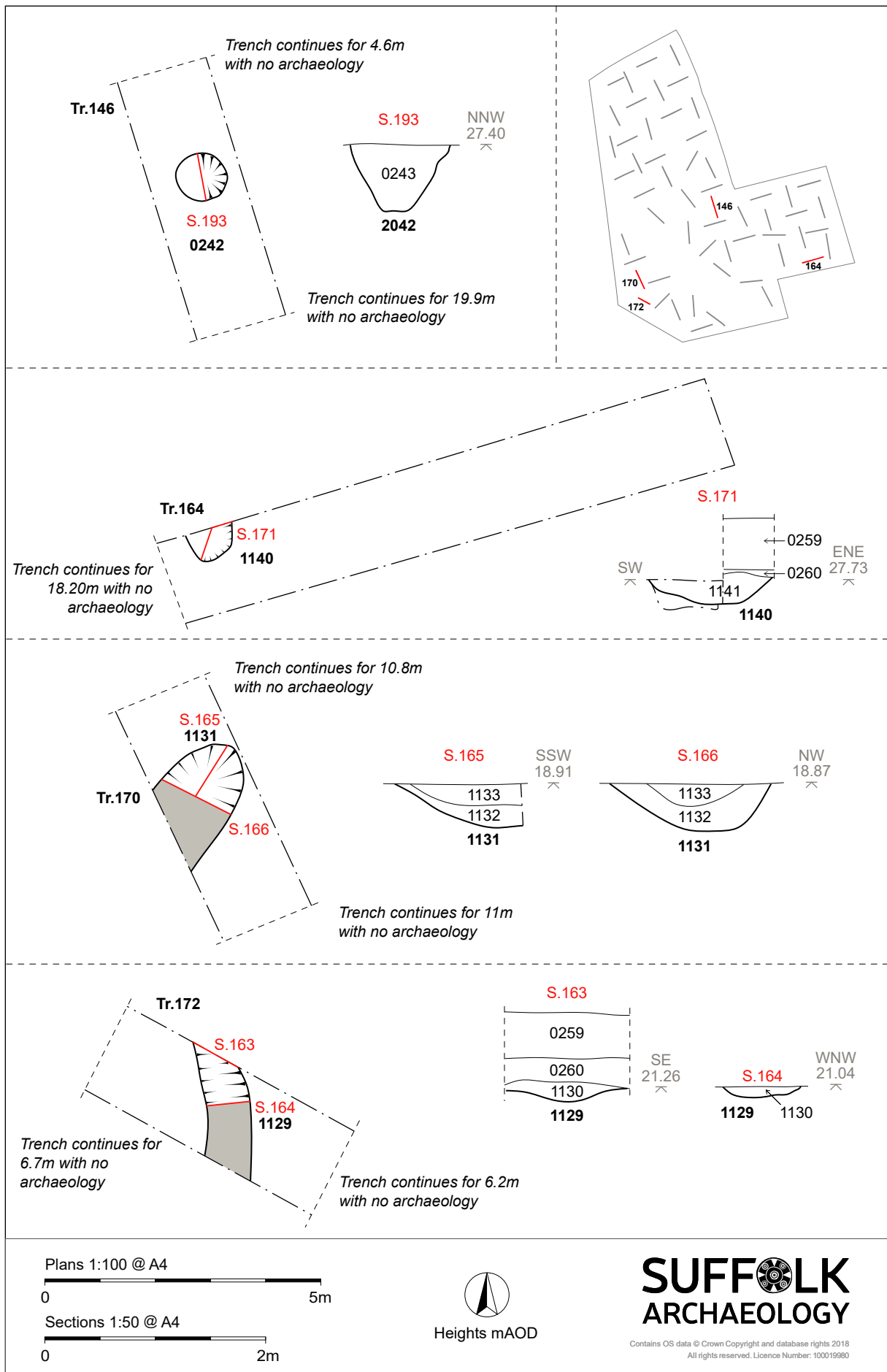


Figure 18. Plan and feature sections of Trench 148, 164, 170, 172

6.7. Field 6. Trenches 178-197

6.7.1. Soil conditions

The soil profile varied slightly but was largely consistent and is characterised as a ploughsoil (0259) of soft, mid- grey brown silty clay c.0.3 – 0.4m thick, overlying the subsoil (0260) of a firm mid orange brown silty sand with occasional flint and pebble inclusions, c.0.1-0.5m thick. Subsoil was not present in Trenches 178, 179, 183, 184, 196 and 197 where the ploughsoil lay directly over either the natural strata or the colluvial deposit

The natural strata (0261) was largely consistent and comprised pale yellow and orange sand with flint, gravel and patches of orange silty clay.

A colluvial deposit of mid orange brown silty sand with occasional gravel inclusions was noted at the ENE end of Trench 195 and SSE end of Trench 197, suggesting a natural dry valley once existed in the vicinity of the field boundary between Fields 5 and 6.

6.7.2. Summary of archaeological features

A total of thirteen of the twenty excavated trenches contained archaeological features (Fig. 19). Artefacts, including flint and pottery were retrieved from archaeological features in Trenches 180, 182, 184, 185, 186, 188 and 189 and appear to relate to prehistoric activity, these take the form of one fire pit, two pits, and seven ditches and are summarised below. Undated features comprised a single pit, six fire pits and 8 ditches and are tabulated below (Table 5).

6.7.3. Trench results

Several artefacts were recovered during metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil deposits within Field 6, all were modern in date and were subsequently discarded. A single Bronze Age thumbnail scraper was recovered from the topsoil deposit of Trench 189.

Trench 180

Trench 180 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.45m deep, and was aligned WNW-ESE (Fig 20). The trench contained two undated ditches (1101 and 1105); and a pit (1103)

dated to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age.

Ditch 1105 was located 15.5m from the trench's SSE end, orientated NNE-SSW. Four fragments of flint were recovered from the ditch's single fill (Plate 38).

Pit 1103 was located 6.3m from the trench's WNW end (Plate 37). The pit was oval in plan and shallow with gradual sloping sides and a flat base. An assemblage of thirty-seven small abraded sherds of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age pottery, a small assemblage of worked flints and a large assemblage of heat affected flint and stone were recovered from the pit's single fill. An environmental sample, 113, was taken and processed the pit but results were poor and only small quantities of uncharred seeds and moderate amounts of charcoal were recovered.

Trench 182

Trench 182 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.40m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained a very shallow fire pit (0149) located 7m from the trench's SSE end (Plate 39; Fig. 20). Evidence of in-situ burning was identified as the natural strata at the base of the pit was scorched red. Two sherds of possible Iron Age pottery and a very small single intrusive sherd of modern pottery were recovered from the fire pit's single fill. An environmental sample, 11, was taken and processed and showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable for radiocarbon dating were present but it was devoid of other types of environmental evidence or artefacts.

Trench 184

Trench 184 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.35m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained two intercutting ditches that were located 10m from the trench's NNW end, orientated NNE-SSW (Plate 40; Fig. 20). A relationship between the ditches was unclear within the excavated section. One ditch was undated (0161) and the second ditch (0159) was tentatively dated to the Roman period with the recovery of a single small fragment of Roman pottery from the ditch's single fill.

The ditches were aligned with, and displayed a similar profile to, an undated ditch (1111) within Trench 183 and a further ditch (1127) identified within Trench 186.

Trench 185

Trench 185 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned NE-SW. The trench contained a dated fire pit (0153) and an undated firepit (1107).

Pit 0153 was located 11.7m from the trench's SW end, extending beyond the southern trench edge (Plate 46). A single large sherd of late Neolithic grooved ware pottery and a large assemblage of heat-altered flints and stones and four heat-altered flakes were recovered from the fire pits single fill. An environmental sample, 13, was taken and processed and showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable for radiocarbon dating were present, but it was devoid of other types of environmental evidence.

Trench 186

Trench 186 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.45m deep, and was aligned NW-SE. The trench contained a single ditch (1127) located 6.8m from the trench's NW end, orientated E-W (Plate 41; Fig. 21). Fifteen sherds of Roman pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

The ditch was aligned with, and displayed a similar profile to, an undated ditch (1111) within Trench 183 and the two ditches (0159 and 0161) identified within Trench 184. An environmental sample, 117, was taken and processed and showed that frequent, occasionally large, fragments of charcoal suitable for radiocarbon dating were present along with a single charred cereal grain.

Trench 188

Trench 188 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.4m deep, and was aligned NNW-SSE. The trench contained two shallow intercutting ditches (Plate 42; Fig. 21). One ditch was undated (0163) and a further ditch (0165) was tentatively dated to the Roman period.

The intercutting ditches were located 7.5m from the trench's NNW end, orientated E-W. Ditch 0165 cut Ditch 0163 along its southern edge. Three fragments of CBM were recovered from the fill of Ditch 0165 and could be Roman or later in date.

Trench 189

Trench 189 was 30m long, 1.8m wide and 0.50m deep, and was aligned ENE-WSW (Fig 22). The trench contained two intercutting ditches (1117 and 1119), a further ditch (1113) and pit (1125).

Ditch 1117 was located 2.7m from the trench's ENE end, orientated N-S and cut ditch 1119 that was orientated NW-SE (Plate 43). Two sherds of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery were recovered from the single fill of ditch 1117 and six sherds of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age pottery were recovered from the single fill of ditch 1119. Small assemblages of worked flint were also recovered from the fills of both ditches.

Ditch 1113 (Plate 44) was located 12.7m from the trench's WSW end, orientated NE-SW. Five sherds of Roman pottery were recovered from the ditch's single fill.

Pit 1125 (Plate 45) was located 7m from the trench's ENE end. The pit was sub-circular in plan, extending beyond the northern trench edge. The pit had steep edges and a concave base. Three sherds of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age pottery were recovered from the pit's single fill.

Undated features

Feature No	Trench No	Description
0151	178	Undated fire pit
1095	179	Undated fire pit
1099	179	Undated ditch, aligned NW-SE
1101	180	Undated ditch, aligned NE-SW
1097	181	Undated fire pit
1109	183	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
1111	183	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0161	184	Undated ditch, aligned NNE-SSW
1107	185	Undated fire pit
1123	187	Undated fire pit
1121	187	Undated ditch, aligned N-S
0163	188	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0155	190	Undated ditch, aligned E-W
0157	190	Undated pit

Table 5. Undated features within Field 6

Undated fire pits

The firepits were similar in shape, typically sub rounded in plan with gradual bowl-shaped profiles. Evidence of in-situ burning was clear in several of the fire pits with the natural strata at the base of each pit scorched red.

Environmental samples were taken from the five undated fire pits within Field 6 but none have been processed at this stage of works in favour of the two date examples in Trenches 182 and 185.



Plate 37. Trench 180 – Pit 1103, looking N, 1m scale



Plate 38. Trench 180 – Ditch 1105, looking NNE, 1m scale



Plate 39. Trench 182 – Fire pit 0149, looking ENE, 0.5m scale



Plate 40. Trench 184 – Ditches 0161 and 0159, looking SSW, 1m scale



Plate 41. Trench 186 - Ditch 1127, looking E, 1m scale



Plate 42. Trench 188 – Ditches 0165 and 0163, looking SW, 2m scale



Plate 43. Trench 189 – Ditches 1119 and 1117, looking S, 2m scale



Plate 44. Trench 189 – Ditch 1113, looking S, 1m scale



Plate 45. Trench 189 – Pit 1125, looking N, 0.4m scale



Plate 46. Trench 185 – Fire pit 0153, looking SSE, 1m scale



Figure 19. Plan of Field 6, showing archaeological features

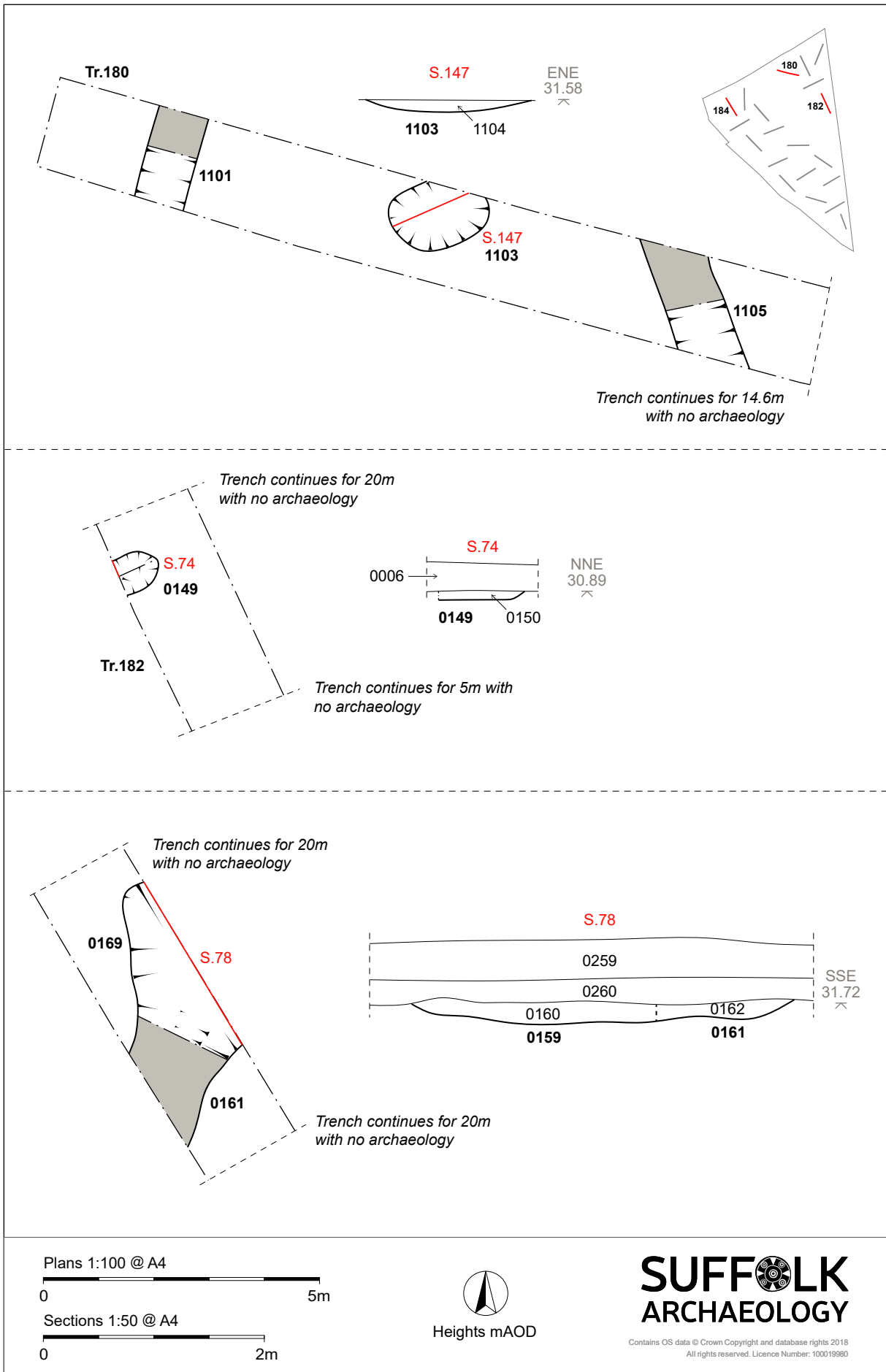


Figure 20. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 180, 182, 184

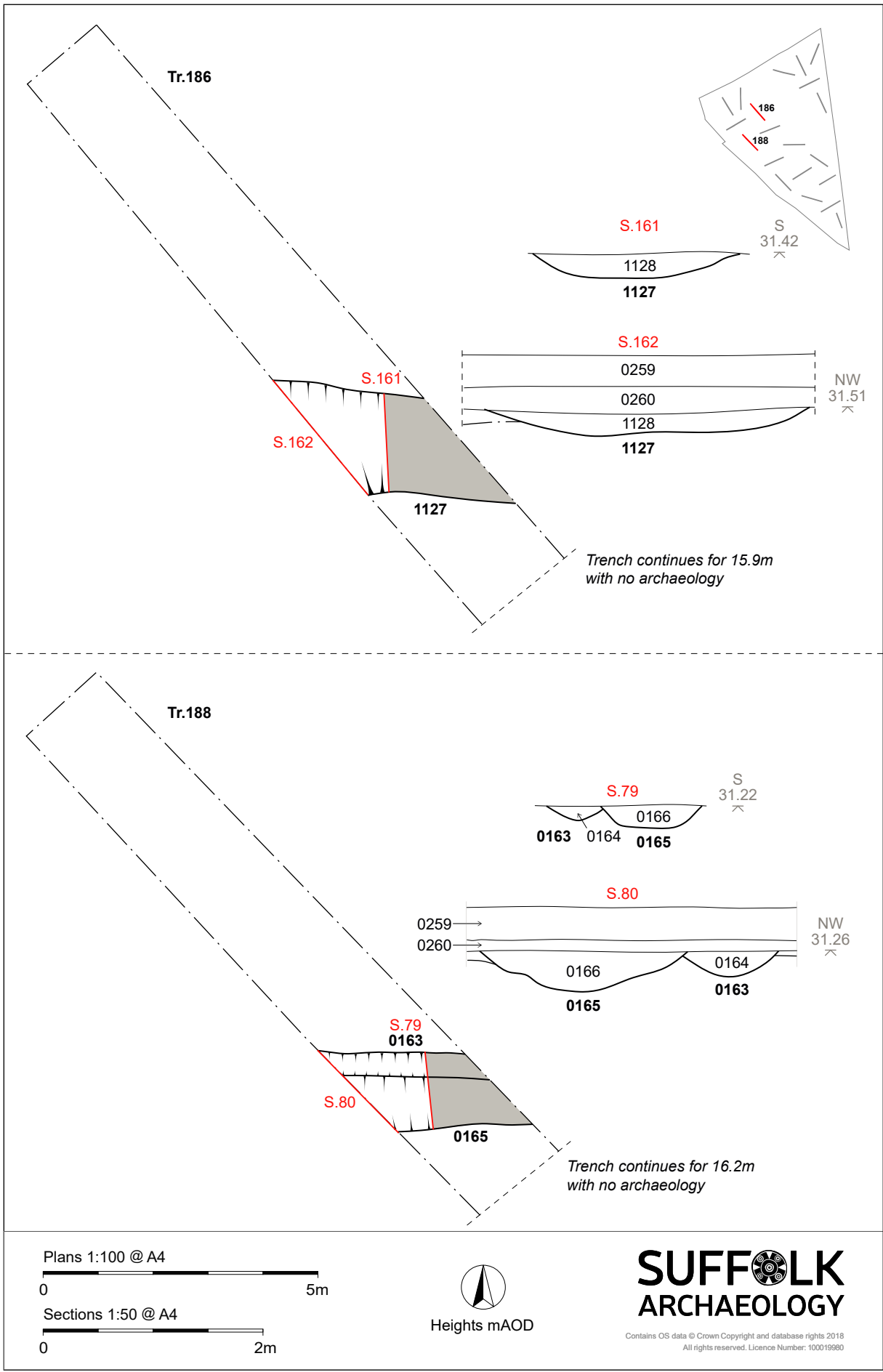


Figure 21. Plan and feature sections of Trenches 186, 188

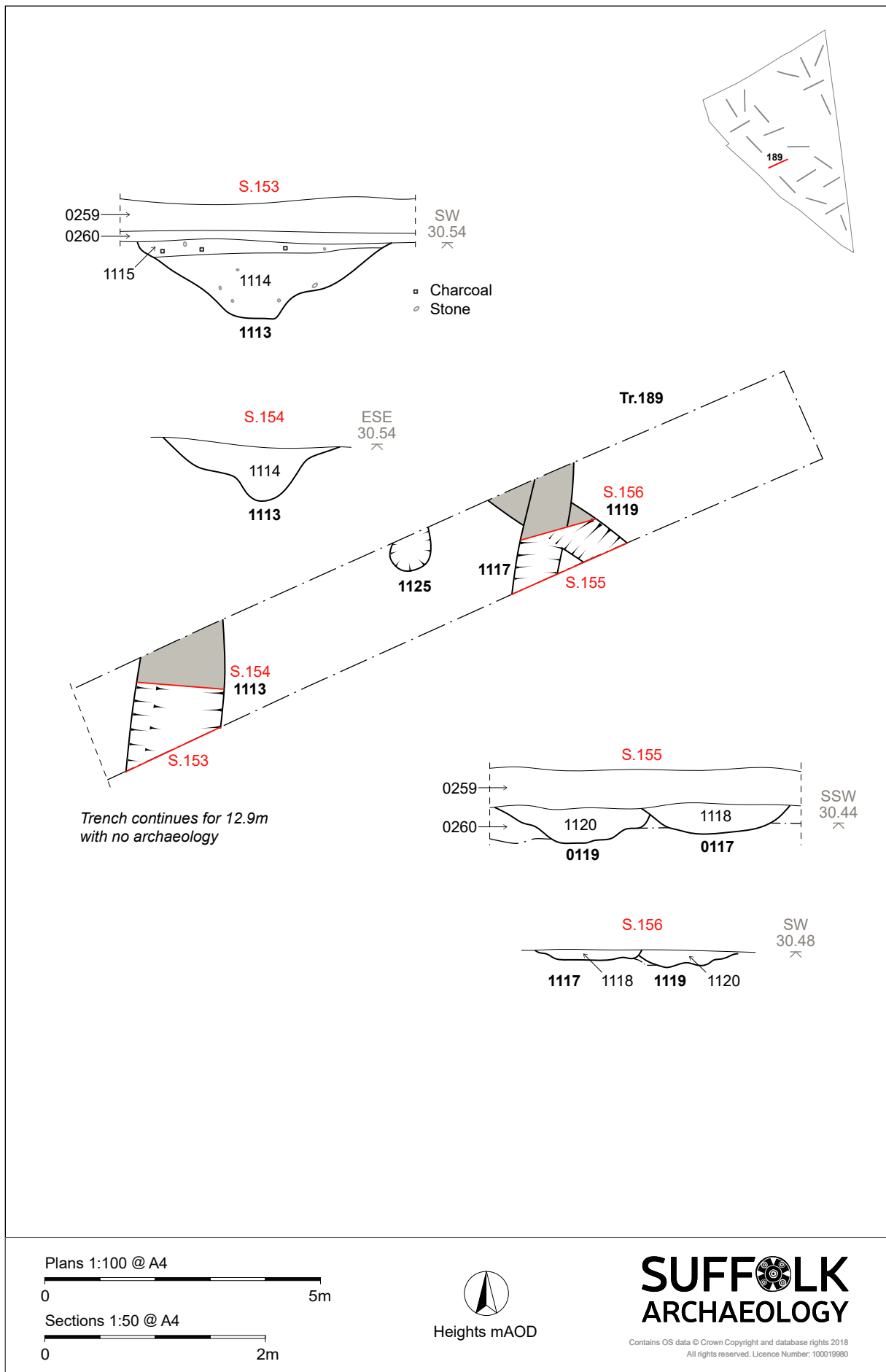


Figure 22. Plan and feature sections of Trench 189

7. Finds and environmental evidence

Stephen Benfield

7.1. Introduction

Finds of prehistoric, Roman and post-Roman date were identified from the evaluation, as listed in the table below. A full catalogue by context is available in Appendix 4.

Finds Type	No frags	Wt (g)
Pottery	200	1335
CBM	13	283
Worked flint	172	2875
Heat-altered flint and stone	1466	-
Fired clay	10	62
Clay tobacco pipe	1	1
Iron nails	2	8
Animal bone	1	1
Charcoal	8	2

Table 6. Bulk finds quantities

7.2. The Pottery

7.2.1. Prehistoric

Introduction

A total of 153 sherds of hand-made prehistoric pottery were recovered. These have a combined weight of 711g, giving an average sherd weight for the assemblage of 4.3g. The pottery was catalogued by fabric and is listed by context in Appendix 5.

Fabrics

The fabrics were established by examination with a hand-lens. Sixteen fabrics were identified based on the nature of the added temper material, or other fabric inclusions. These are listed and described below:

Code Fabric description

- F1 Common ill-sorted small-large flint, coarse fabric
- F2 Commons small-medium flint with occasional large flint
- F3 Moderate-common, small-medium flint
- FS1 Common medium sand, sparse-moderated small-medium white quartz sand and flint
- FS2 Sand & flint, moderate-common small-medium flint, occasional larger pieces (>4mm) some chaff fragments may be present
- FS3 Sand with sparse flint, flint small-large

- FS4 Sand with sparse small-medium flint
- S1 Common-abundant small-medium quartz sand, occasional small stone
- S2 Moderate small-medium sand, slightly vesicular, may contain organic some chaff fragments and occasional small stone
- S3 Moderate-common small-medium sand, may contain organic some chaff fragments
- G1 Grog-tempered, common medium-coarse grog
- SG1 Sand & grog, moderate medium-coarse grog
- SG2 Sand with some grog, medium-coarse grog
- SG3 Sand with moderate to common grog, medium-coarse grog, vesicular fabric
- FG Flint and grog, moderate-common
- FSG Flint and sand with some grog, moderate ill-sorted flint fine-coarse, slightly vesicular fabric

While this appears a significant number of fabrics, based on the types of temper/ inclusions, there are just four main fabric categories represented. These are flint-tempered fabrics (F1-F3), flint & sand-tempered fabrics (FS1-FS4), sand-tempered fabrics (S1-S3), and fabrics that contain grog-temper. In the latter this may be the only tempering agent (G1) or it could be present with other temper materials (sand and flint) so that overall the grog-tempered fabrics are rather mixed as a category. Also, the differences between the individual fabrics in each of the fabric categories are probably often somewhat arbitrary and may overlap. This is because the basic fabric divisions commonly relate to the coarseness or frequency of the temper material, often only observed over the area of relatively small sherds. The result is that while within any one category they separate the extremes between fine and coarse, on occasion the individual fabrics may relate more to arbitrary differences than to meaningful aspects of the pots. A breakdown of fabric types is shown in the table below.

Fabric code	Sherd no.	Weight (g)
F1	5	43
F2	6	34
F3	9	69
FS1	2	24
FS2	19	73
FS3	8	36
FS4	18	31
S1	10	79
S2	28	38
S3	12	48
G	13	47
SG1	2	21
SG2	4	34
SG3	6	24
FG	9	36
FSG	1	9
	152	646

Table 7. Prehistoric pottery by fabric

Prehistoric pottery by feature

The assemblage of prehistoric pottery is wide-ranging in date, covering the period from the Late Neolithic through to the Iron Age.

Late Neolithic

The earliest prehistoric pottery from the evaluation consists of several Grooved ware sherds which were present in the fill 0243 of pit 0242 located at the centre of Field 5. Five body sherds decorated with broad shallow grooves were identified in this feature, dating to c. 3220-2000 BC (Martin, 1993). A similar sherd was recovered from the fill 1104 of pit 1103 in Trench 180 in Field 6, together with fragments that could date to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age period. A single sherd from the firepit fill 0154 (0153) in Trench 185 in Field 6 made from a flint and sandy fabric with some grog has an applied cordon with grooves, and this too is likely to be a sherd of Grooved ware.

Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age

Six fragments of decorated prehistoric pottery which were recovered from the fill 1120 of ditch 1119 in Trench 189 (Field 6) are of the Beaker tradition and date to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age period. Two joining sherds of grog-tempered ware with flint which are decorated with finger-tip indentations present in fill 0258 of subsoil in Trench 154 (Field 5) is also likely to date to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age period.

Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age

Pottery spanning the Late Bronze Age-Early Iron Age was identified in the fill 1027 of pit 1026 in Trench 8 in Field 1 towards the north eastern area of the evaluation. Fragments of a flint-tempered bowl with shallow grooving from this feature can be dated to c.1000-400 BC was found in this feature, together with other prehistoric sherds which may be dated earlier.

Nine fragments of pottery found in fill 0091 of pit 0090 in Trench 114 in Field 4 are dated to the Bronze Age to Early Iron Age period. Two body sherds of flint-tempered wares present in fill 0129 of pit 0128 in Trench 109 Field 3 also date to this period.

Early Iron Age

The fill 0089 of pit 0088 in Trench 121 (Field 4) contained a number of vessels dating to

the Early Iron Age including a jar with a flat-topped decorated rim dating to c. 800/700-400 BC (Brudenell 2012).

Pottery from the fill 1130 of a gully 1129 in Trench 172 (Field 6) included a shoulder sherd of an Early Iron Age vessel, together with two fragments which could belong to the later Bronze Age period.

Iron Age

Small quantities of pottery of Early to Middle Iron Age date were identified in several features in Field 5. Fragments were found in fill 0211 of ditch 0210 in Trench 143, in fill 0223 of ditch 0222 in Trench 142, with other Iron Age pottery found in fill 1094 of quarry pit 1143 in Trench 141, and in fill 0199 of ditch 0198 in Trench 136.

Two sherds including a possible jar decorated with incised vertical lines from the fill 0150 of fire pit 0149 in Trench 182 (Field 6) have been dated as being of possible Iron Age date.

7.2.2. Roman Pottery

Introduction

A small assemblage of 42 sherds of Roman pottery, together weighing 288g and with an Estimated Vessel Equivalent (EVE) of 0.48 was recovered during the evaluation. The pottery was recorded using the Suffolk Roman fabric and vessel form type-series (unpublished). The pottery is listed by fabric in Table 8.

Fabric	Fabric name	Sherd count	Weight (g)	EVE
BSW	Black surface wares	2	20	0.09
BUF	Buff (orange/buff) oxidised wares	3	28	
GMB	Grey micaceous ware (black surface)	1	4	
GMG	Grey micaceous ware	7	34	
NAR?	?Nar Valley ware	1	39	
GX	Miscellaneous sandy greywares (general)	27	155	0.32
UCC	Un sourced colour-coated wares	1	8	0.07

Table 8. Roman pottery by fabric

The Roman pottery assemblage

The pottery consists primarily of coarsewares with just one sherd that appears originally

to have had a colour-coat and therefore can be classified as a fineware pot. The largest fabric group by far is Fabric GX which is made up of unsourced, probably mostly local, greywares and other similar coarsewares. The pottery is mostly abraded and quite broken-up with an average sherd weight of just 4.4g.

The Roman pottery was recovered almost entirely from the fills of a number of ditches, as listed in the table below. The exception to this is a small fragment of Roman greyware found in fill 1141 of pit 1140 in Trench 164 (Field 5). A small quantity of prehistoric sherds, usually of Iron Age date were also present in some of the ditches.

Field	Trench	Feature	Context	No of frags	Weight (g)
5	132	0184	0185	2	9
5	138	0187/0188	0187	12	61
5	139	0202	0203	6	48
6	189	1113	1114	5	33
6	186	1127	1128	15	134
5	164	1140	1141	1	1

Table 9. Roman pottery by feature

7.2.3. Post-Roman pottery

Only a few sherds of post-medieval pottery were recovered. Together there is a total of five sherds with a combined weight of 336g; although 315g of this is made up by just a single, complete base from a glazed drinking vessel. The pottery was recorded using the Suffolk post-Roman fabric series (unpublished). All of the pottery is listed by fabric in Table 10.

Fabric	Fabric name	Sherd count	Weight (g)	EVE
IGBW	Iron-glazed blackwares	1	315	
GRE	Glazed red earthenwares	1	3	
REFW	Refined white earthenwares	1	7	0.05
TPE	Transfer printed earthenwares	1	3	
FLO	Modern flowerpot	1	8	

Table 10. Post-Roman pottery by fabric

Post-medieval and modern pottery was recovered from topsoil 0003 in Trench 9 (Field 1), gully 0102 in Trench 81 (Field 3), firepit 0149 in Trench 0182 (Field 6), and ditch 0238 in Trench 144 (Field 5).

7.3. Ceramic building material (CBM)

A total of 13 fragments of ceramic building material weighing 283g was recovered from the evaluation. The majority of the identifiable pieces belong to the post-Roman period and consisted of roofing tiles and brick deposited mainly in the fills of the ditches, as shown in the table below. A fragment of roofing tile was found with the base of an Iron Glazed blackware tyg or drinking vessel dating to the 16th-18th centuries in fill 0139 of ditch 0138 in Trench 105. Four fragments from the fills of two ditches are either too small or too abraded to date; it is possible that they belong to the Roman period.

Field	Context	Trench	Feature	Type	Fabric	Description	No.	Wt. (g)	Period
3	0105	81	0104	Peg-tile	Orange, sandy	Pieces from two tiles, one broken into three pieces. c. 14mm thick, part of square peg-hole in edge, one other small edge piece	4	119	Lmed-pmed
3	0123	95	0122		Orange, sandy	Very small frags (could be intrusive)	3	1	Not closely dated
3	0139	105	0138	Tile	Orange, sandy, some pale firing clay streaks	Small piece c. 13 mm thick	1	19	Lmed-pmed
6	0166	188	0165	Brick	Orange, slightly coarse sand, some small stones	Three pieces prob. from the same brick, one with part of surface	3	81	Lmed-pmed, poss modern
5	0215	142	0214	Brick/tile	Orange sandy	Small piece, > c. 25mm thick, one face is original surface, others broken	1	22	Roman?
5	0235	152	0234	Tile	Orange, coarse sand	Small piece c. 13mm thick, indications of curvature on interior face which is relatively smooth. Poss. peg-tile but more likely part of a drain/ field drain	1	38	Post-medieval/modern

Table 11. Ceramic building material by context

7.4. Struck flint

Michael Green

7.4.1. Introduction

A total of one hundred and seventy-two (172) struck flints was recovered during the evaluation from multiple separate contexts, topsoil and subsoil deposits, with an overall weight of 2,875g. The struck flint has been separated per assemblage per field in the table below.

The struck flint was a mixture of blue black glassy flint, light brown grey glassy flint and light grey chert. Hard hammer and soft hammer techniques were seen along with re-touch on tools and possible use-ware seen on two pieces.

Field number	Context numbers	Trench numbers	Tool	Flake	Blade	Shatter / core	Hammer stone	Spool/ chip	Total
Field 1	0003, 0008, 0018, 0140, 0141, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1035, 0264, 1057, 1069,	8, 9, 15, 17, 24, 25, 26, 37, 41	1 (scraper)	10	3	2/1	0	0	17
Field 2	0014, 0015, 0016, 0017, 0019, 0031, 0048, 0052, 0054, 0085	74, 75, 70, 64, 71, 48, 78, 63, 57,	1 (scraper) 1 (axe)	16	1	2/3	1	3	28
Field 3	0023, 0024, 0026, 0027, 0028, 0123, 0129	94, 97, 100, 107, 108, 95, 109	3 (scraper)	1	1	3/1	0	0	9
Field 4	0029, 0083, 0089, 0091,	120, 116, 121, 114	1 (scraper)	9	1	2/0	0	5	18
Field 5	0170, 0188, 0194, 0195, 0221, 0223, 0227, 0249, 0258, 1094, 1130, 1132, 1133, 1141, 1142	127, 138, 137, 141, 142, 143, 154, 172, 170, 164, 126	6 (scraper)	34	6	0/0	0	0	46
Field 6	0154, 0166, 1104, 1106, 1114, 1116, 1118, 1120, 1124, 1128,	185, 188, 180, 189, 187, 186,	7 (scraper) 1 (blade tool)	28	5	2/1	0	10	54
Total			21	98	17	17	1	18	172 (2,875g)

Table 12. Flint summarised by type per field

7.4.2. Methodology

Each piece of flint was examined and recorded. The material was classified by type with numbers of pieces and corticated and patinated pieces being recorded in Appendix 6 and the condition of the flint being commented on in the discussion.

7.4.3. Discussion

The struck flint is discussed in relation to the fields making up the area over which the evaluation was carried out and which are individually numbered (Fig. 2). Overall, struck flint was recovered in relatively small quantities in all of the fields, although a slight increase was noted in the fields to the south (Field 5 and Field 6). Features of note are shown below, per field, with a general overview on the assemblage.

Field 1

Topsoil deposits 0003, 0008, 0018, 0140, 0141 and 0264 contained seven edge damaged flakes, blades, shatter pieces and core fragments and a single end scraper. None can be closely dated, however most likely date to the later prehistoric periods.

Nine additional flakes and blades were recovered from features including pits, postholes and ditches. The most notable features containing struck flint within this field were located in Trench 8.

Trench 8 contained three pits/ postholes (1018, 1020 and 1022) which contained small amounts of struck flint including four flakes and two blades. The flint was fine, unpatinated and in good condition, struck from prepared cores using hard and soft hammer techniques. A single blade also showed possible use-ware. The flint likely dates to the Bronze Age period and dates these features to this period.

Field 2

Topsoil deposits 0014, 0015, 0016, 0017, 0019 contained one blade, one core, a single hammer stone, two flakes and a small end scraper. There was edge damage present on all pieces showing a general background of prehistoric activity, all the material was residual.

Three pits and two ditches contained one or two flakes with most of the material in the

ditches likely being residual.

Trench 48 contained the only feature of note (pit 0030), which contained sixteen struck flints. Two cores (including a blade core), nine flakes, a core/ shatter fragment and three chips/ spools (from sample 1) were recovered along with a crude small axe (SF.1019, Pl. 47). Predominantly hard hammer techniques were used to create these items and little edge damage, or patination was noted. This small assemblage likely dates to the Late Mesolithic to Neolithic periods and shows that knapping waste and presumably an unsuitable tool being discarded into this feature.



Plate 47. SF 1019

Field 3

This field mainly contained struck flint recovered from topsoil deposits. Topsoil 0023, 0024, 0026, 0027, 0028 contained a total of six struck flints including three scrapers. The scrapers likely date to the Neolithic to Early Bronze Age, but all the struck flint was edge damaged and only shows a background of activity in this area.

Only two features (ditch 0122 and pit 0128) contained single struck flints which were undiagnostic, and likely to be residual within the features.

Field 4

This trench contained small amounts of struck flint located within three trenches (Trench 114, 116 120 and 121). The topsoil of Trench 120 (0029) contained two crude thick flakes and two shatter pieces which are likely later Prehistoric in date.

Features that contained struck flint include a single gully and two pits with the single flint from gully 0082 likely being residual.

The two pits (0088, Trench 121 and 0090, Trench 114) contained small amounts of crude thick poorly struck flints which likely date to the Bronze age to Iron Age periods. Pit 0088 contained three chips (from sample 8) and one flake while pit 0090 contained a single crude side scraper, five flakes (two from sample 9), a single blade and three chips/ spools. The blade recovered from this pit was patinated and edge damage was noted on some pieces meaning that the assemblage could be residual. A heat-altered flake was also recovered showing that knapped flint was subjected to heat (likely accidentally) before being deposited into this feature.

Field 5

A slight increase in the quantity of struck flint was noted within this field. A total of forty-six struck flints were recovered from this field including two scrapers, two blades and two flakes found in topsoil 0195 (Trench 137) and subsoil 0258 (Trench 154). Eleven features contained struck flint including pits, gullies and ditches with most features contained small collections (one to five) flakes or blades. The majority of the struck flint from the features was mixed with some thin fine blades and thick crude flakes and shatter. Some struck flint within the features could also be residual (Appendix 6). Three features of note contained more interesting and slightly larger struck flint assemblages.

Quarry pit 1143 (Trench 141) contained two broken end scrapers and one flake (which is also a likely a broken scraper). The scrapers were possibly broken intentionally; although it is possible that this flint is residual within the feature and the damage may have been caused due to this feature being cut through an earlier feature. The struck

flint recovered from this feature likely dates to the Neolithic to Early Bronze Age period.

Gully 1129 in Trench 172 contained seven thick small flakes including a large thinning flake. They likely date to the Neolithic period but slight patination may indicate that they are residual within the feature.

Pit 1140 in Trench 164 contained seven flakes and three blades. The struck flint was a mixture of fine thin flakes and blades, and crude thick flakes using hard hammer knapping techniques. The struck flint was lightly patinated and maybe residual within the feature. The small assemblage likely dates to the Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age period.

Field 6

This field contained the largest quantity of struck flint recovered from features and the largest quantity in any field, with fifty-four struck flints being recorded in total. A single thumbnail scraper was recovered in topsoil 1116, dating to the Bronze Age period. The remaining struck flint was recovered in small amounts from pits and ditches. Most of the struck flint dated to the Neolithic or Bronze Age periods with some of the material being residual within later features. Three features were of note.

Ditch 1117 (Trench 189) contained a mixed assemblage of one end scraper (SF.100), one side scraper (SF.102), three blades, a single core, six flakes, ten chips/ spools and a single core shatter fragment (SF.101). This assemblage likely represents some earlier Neolithic to Early Bronze Age residual material with some later Bronze Age to Early Iron Age material which likely dates to the features use. The assemblage also may show knapping debris from a knapping platform close by or deliberate discard of waste due to the small chips/ spools being present.

Ditch 1119 (Trench 189) contained three thumbnail end and side scrapers (SF.103, 104 and 105), three fine large flakes and a core shatter fragment. These flints likely date to the Early Bronze Age period, with the residual flint found in ditch 1117 also likely originating from this feature. The assemblage shows clear evidence for flint knapping and tool creation in the Bronze Age in this area being deposited into nearby features.

Pit 1123 (Trench 187) contained a blade, a flake and a single small denticulated blade

(SF.107). The struck flint likely dates to the Early Bronze Age period and due to the lack of patination and edge damage likely dates the feature to this period.

7.4.4. Conclusion

The struck flint assemblage on the site shows a general background of activity on the entire area dating to the Late Neolithic to Bronze Age periods. Small amounts of struck flint were found in features fills in all fields, also some from topsoil deposits. Two main areas stand out from this general background of material.

Field 5 contained a mixed flint assemblage suggesting later Bronze Age to Iron Age activity with crude flint knapping techniques producing thick squat flakes and shatter pieces which were found in topsoil and feature deposits. This may suggest a focused area of later prehistoric activity within this field.

Field 6 produced the largest assemblage of struck flint, it was found predominantly in feature fills in a small area around trenches 180 to 189. This material likely dates to the Late Neolithic or more likely the Early Bronze Age period showing a focus of activity, including flint knapping and tool production.

7.4.5. Recommendations

If further work is carried out on the site, this assemblage should be looked at in conjunction with any new material within a full lithics report.

7.5. Heat-altered flint and stone

Michael Green

7.5.1. Introduction

1,466 pieces of heat-altered flint and stone were recovered from feature fills across the site. Both high temperature altered flint and low temperature altered flint and stone was present within multiple contexts. The high temperature heated flint was a light grey discoloured flint which was highly fractured, and the low temperature altered flint was red or black in colour and partially fragmented. The heat-altered stone was red and black in colour. The heat-altered flint and stone has been separated per assemblage per field in the table below.

Field No	Trench No	Context No	HA flake/core	High temp HA-flint	Low temp HA-flint	HA stone	Total
1	8, 25, 37, 38, 41	1021, 1040, 1067, 1069, 1074 (sample 107)	0	5	8	2	15
2	48, 57, 58, 63, 78	0031, 0031 (sample 1), 0036 (sample 2), 0048, 0052, 0054,	2	119	13	8	142
3	94	0127 (sample 10)	0	4	0	0	4
4	114, 116, 121	0083, 0089, 0089 (sample 8), 0091 (sample 9)	1	29	4	2	36
5	127, 142, 148, 164, 169	0170, 0215, 0223 (sample 17), 0229 (sample 16), 1139 (sample 115), 1141, 1141 (sample 116)	4 (non-HA)	653	11	0	668
6	180, 182, 185, 186, 189	0150 (sample 11), 0154, 1104, 1104 (sample 113), 1108, 1114, 1128, 1128 (sample 117)	9	523	30	39	601
Total			16	1,333	66	51	1,466

Table 13. Heat-altered flint and stone by temperature alteration by field

7.5.2. Methodology

Each piece of flint and stone was examined and recorded and is listed by context in Appendix 7. The material was classified by thermal fractures and stone *type* with number of pieces also recorded.

7.5.3. Discussion

The heat-altered flint and stone is discussed in relation to the fields making up the area over which the evaluation was carried out which are individually numbered (Fig. 2). The largest quantities of heat-altered flint and stone were recovered from features in Field 5 and Field 6, although a general low level of heat-altered material of this type was

present in all fields in which the evaluation took place. This is likely to be residual material from surface deposits either being accidentally incorporated or washed into features.

Field 1

This field contained small amounts of heat-altered flint and stone, most of which came from pits and postholes. This heat-altered material is most likely to be residual, within material that has been deposited within the features. Some however, could be the result of hearth or fire pit waste.

Field 2

Field 2 contained a moderate amount of heat-altered flint and stone, mostly from a single feature (0030). The remaining heat-altered material was found in small quantities and is likely to be residual within the feature fills.

Pit 0030 located in Trench 48 contained two heat-altered flakes and 121 fragments of heat-altered stone and flint (including within sample 1), the majority showing high temperature alteration. This material likely suggests fire pit or hearth waste being deposited into this feature. The heat-altered flakes show that flint knapping was occurring prior to or during the use of the fire pit or hearth.

Field 3

A single feature (pit 0126, Trench 94) contained four mid-sized high temperature heat-altered flints. These flints are likely naturally occurring and have been accidentally heated in a fire pit or hearth. The small amounts recovered show that this was not a deliberate dump of fire waste into this feature.

Field 4

This field contained small amounts of heat-altered flint and stone, most of which came from pits and a single gully. This heat-altered material is most likely residual, within material that has been deposited within the features. Some however, could be the result of hearth or fire pit waste, most notably the material from pit 0090 (Trench 114, sample 9) which could also possibly be a cooking pit.

Field 5

A large increase in the quantity of heat-altered flint and stone was noted within this field, mostly due to a single feature (pit 1140). The rest of the material likely shows low level fire related activities and residual material being present within fills, as with the other fields.

Pit 1140 (Trench 164) contained 648 pieces of high temperature heat-altered flint and four non-heat-altered flakes (including within sample 116). This material likely shows fire pit or hearth waste being deposited within the feature. The presence of non-heat-altered flakes shows that general waste was also disposed of into this feature.

Field 6

Like Field 5, this field also contained a larger amount of heat-altered material. This material was present mostly in two separate pits, with similar small amounts seen in other features as the other fields.

Pit 1104 (Trench 180) contained 177 heat-altered flints and stones, three heat-altered cores and two heat-altered flakes (including sample 113). This material is likely to be fire pit or hearth waste deposited within the feature. The presence of heat-altered flakes shows that flint knapping was occurring before or during the use of the fire pit or hearth.

Pit 0153 (Trench 185) contained 397 heat-altered flints and stones and four heat-altered flakes. This material also likely shows fire pit or hearth waste being deposited within the feature. The presence of heat-altered flakes shows that flint knapping was occurring before or during the use of the fire pit or hearth.

7.5.4. Conclusion

The small amounts of heat-altered flint and stone found in many of the features on the site shows a general background of heat-altered material being present within surface layers, which has accidentally been incorporated into the fills of features.

Notable pits in fields 2 and 6 (pits 0030, 1103 and 0153) may indicate flint knapping near or before a fire, with waste being discarded within the pit. These pits (also including pit 1140, Field 5) may also show that cooking pits were being used where hot stones and ash were placed on food stuffs and covered. The waste was then being

discarded into the feature, or another separate feature.

This method of cooking is used in many different periods but, due to the heat-altered flakes and cores discovered within the assemblages, is likely to date to the prehistoric period in relation to the notable features on this site.

7.6. Other finds

7.6.1. Introduction

A number of finds types are represented either by one example or just a few pieces and are gathered together in this section where they are listed and described by type. Most of these are of probable post-medieval or modern date, or are not of themselves closely datable.

7.6.2. Fired clay

A small group of abraded (rounded) pieces of fired clay were recovered from the fill 1104 of pit 1103 in Trench 180 (Field 6). Two other pieces of heavily tempered, hard fired clay or possibly ceramic building material were also recovered from the same context. These are described below.

The only other fired clay recovered comes from processing bulk soil samples. Sample 1, from pit 0030 (0031) in Trench 48, produced two small, abraded (rounded) sandy pieces (weight 6g). Sample 10, from firepit 0126 (0127) in Trench 94, produced two small pieces, both with some small stones and white quartz in the clay matrix (weight 10g). The larger piece may contain some fragments of burnt flint and also has charcoal fragments mixed through the clay. This might suggest that rather than a formed piece of fired clay from a structure or object it is clay from the firepit that has become mixed with charcoal and fired in the heat in the firepit.

7.6.3. Clay tobacco pipe

A single small piece (weight 1g) from pit 1026 (1027) in Trench 1 (Field 1) can be broadly dated to the 17th-19th centuries.

7.6.4. Iron nails

A single broken and corroded iron nail was recovered from the fill 1114 of ditch 1113 in Trench 189 (Field 6). The shaft had been bent through 90 degrees and the nail is broken at the bend. The nail head, although much damaged, is possibly present as a stub, lacking any of the head beyond the top of the shaft itself. The surviving nail is c.60mm in length.

7.6.5. Charcoal

Small pieces of charcoal were recovered from two features. These are pit 1028 (1029) in Trench 1 (Field 1) and firepit 1068 (1069) in Trench 41 (Field 1). That from context 1069 is a single piece, whilst the charcoal from context 1029 consists of several small pieces. The quantity from each context totals no more than c.1g.

7.6.6. Clinker

A single small piece (<1g), of dark and vesicular clinker was recovered from the fill of pit 1103 (1104) in Trench 180 (Field 6).

7.6.7. Bone

A small animal bone was recovered during excavation and two small pieces of burnt (calcified) bone were recovered from processing bulk soil samples.

The animal bone (which weighs <1g) comes from the fill of gully 1002 (1003) in Trench 8 (Field 1). It is complete, just 15mm in length and likely to come from a small burrowing animal (mammal or possibly amphibian). Although the surface is pitted, given the absence of the survival of any other bone on the site, is probably of no great age.

The burnt bone (recovered from Sample 8) comes from pit 0088 (0089) in Trench 4 (Field 4). The pieces are very small, together weighing <1g.

7.7. The small finds

Ruth Beveridge

7.7.1. Introduction and recording method

A total of thirty-one objects were recorded as small finds. Ten of the objects are prehistoric flint tools and are discussed in Section 7.4. Of the remaining twenty-one objects, twenty are metalwork items that were recovered during the metal detecting of the topsoil and subsoil; an additional iron object was retrieved from the bulk finds during the post-excavation processing. They have been fully recorded and catalogued on the database with the assistance of low powered magnification, but without the assistance of radiographs. A complete listing is provided as Appendix 8.

The overall condition of the small finds is fair; the copper alloy objects are not fragmentary and whilst they exhibit corrosion they are recognisable. The two silver objects are stable. The single iron object is corroded and will benefit from radiography to assist identification.

7.7.2. Results

Post-medieval

Nine metalwork objects are post-medieval; they are dominated by buckles but also include two harness fittings. Of note is the 17th century silver button found in Trench 13.

Silver

Incomplete cast, hollow plano-convex button. The front would have been domed and decorated but most of it is missing. The back is flat and has two blow holes - one either side of the truncated attachment loop. Egan, 2005, 50 suggests buttons with hollow heads and two holes from the mould on the back 'may not have been produced after the end of the 17th century'.

SF1006, metal detected from topsoil layer 0004, Trench 13, Field 1.

Copper alloy

Circular mount or bridle fitting. The front has a central circular depression with gridded decoration within; around that are radiating triangles. The reverse is flat with two large (19mm wide) fixing lugs, each bearing traces of an iron pin at the end, which may have contained a strap. c 17th century in date.

SF1002, metal detected from topsoil layer 0002, Trench 6, Field 1.

Fragment of a cast crotal bell; on the front are the remains of a sound hole and radiating lines.

SF1007, metal detected from topsoil layer 0005, Trench 14, Field 1.

Incomplete spectacle buckle with a lobed knop at either end of the strap bar. The central

strap bar is narrowed. The buckle is cast with a floral decoration and is comparable to an example in Whitehead, 1996, 65, no. 401. Dates to c. 1550 - 1650.
SF1008, metal detected from topsoil layer 0006, Trench 36, Field 1.

Fragment of a cast, openwork sub-rectangular buckle frame with a scalloped and beaded edge to the front of the frame. Tinning or silvered finish to the exterior. Back is flat and has filing marks. It compares well to no. 496 in Whitehead, 1996, 80, a decorative 17th century form that may have served as a girdle buckle, *ibid*, 77.
SF1012, metal detected from topsoil layer 00011, Trench 31, Field 1.

Cast, sub-rectangular buckle frame with rounded corners and drilled holes for central iron strap bar. The frame has moulded scrollwork on the front; the back is plain. Missing pin. It is curved in profile and was probably a shoe buckle dating to between c. 1720 – 1790. A similar example is illustrated in Whitehead, 1996, 111, no.710.
SF1014, metal detected from topsoil layer 0012, Trench 77, Field 2.

Fragment of a cast, square buckle frame. The frame has scrolled edged and central scrolled engraved design on the front. The back is plain. It is similar to a rectangular buckle in Whitehead, 1996, 79, no. 493; a type that dates between c. 1600 – 1700.
SF1015, metal detected from topsoil layer 0013, Trench 52, Field 2.

Complete, cast oval shaped mount for horse harness. The front is convex and decorated with ribs radiating out from the centre in low moulded relief. The edge is scalloped, coinciding with the radiating ribs. The back is concave and has four prongs spaced equally around the edge for attachment. Probably of 17th century date.
SF1018, metal detected from topsoil layer 0025, Trench 52, Field 3.

Lead

Cast, biface cloth or bale seal. The seal is circular and is formed from a single thick piece of lead which is perforated by a hole running across its diameter. This perforation would have enabled it to be secured to a bag. One face is stamped with the initials J F & Co. The opposing face has the lettering MILLS HAIMS STERN. Date: 1700 – 1900.
SF1003, metal detected from topsoil layer 0002, Trench 6, Field 1.

Modern

Eleven of the objects that were recovered during the metal detecting of the topsoil layer are of 19th century or later date; these include five buttons, two pieces of military insignia, two coins, a brooch and a powder compact.

Silver

A silver milled 'bull head' shilling of George III, (AD1760-1820). Last coinage, AD1816-1820. London Mint AD1816. Obverse shows a laureate head right, coin date 1816 below head. Obverse legend reads GEOR : III DG BRITT . REX FD: Reverse shows a crowned shield in garter. Reverse legend reads HONI . SOIT . Q MAL .Y . PENSE.
SF1013, metal detected from topsoil layer 0011, Trench 31, Field 1.

Copper alloy

Complete, flat discoidal cast button with raised motif of an anchor on the front; integral wire attachment loop on the back, flattened.
SF1000, metal detected from topsoil layer 0001, Trench 5, Field 1.

Complete, discoidal livery button with horse above crowned shield motif on the front. Front is slightly domed. On the reverse is the makers name: Firmin and Sons, 153 Strand, London, which dates the button to c.1852-1875. Attachment loop added separately. Traces of gilding on front.

SF1001, metal detected from topsoil layer 0001, Trench 5, Field 1.

Complete composite general service button with raised motif on front of crowned shield flanked by lion and unicorn. Lion on top of crown. Wire attachment loop threaded through two holes on back section of button. Possibly WW1 – 2.

SF1004, metal detected from topsoil layer 0003, Trench 9, Field 1.

Complete, cast composite discoidal, flat button. Front has a raised rim and central raised motif - possibly a horse's head. Back has integral attachment loop.

SF1005, metal detected from topsoil layer 0003, Trench 9, Field 1.

Complete composite general service button with raised motif on front of crowned shield flanked by lion and unicorn. Lion on top of crown. Incomplete wire attachment loop threaded through two holes on back section of button. Along with lettering Birmingham Limited Buttons. Possibly WW1 – 2.

SF1009, metal detected from topsoil layer 0007, Trench 39, Field 1.

Victorian half penny of 1861. Obv: young bust of Victoria facing left. Rev: seated Britannia above the date.

SF1010, metal detected from topsoil layer 0009, Trench 18, Field 1.

Complete square make-up/power compact with two square framed inset internal compartments. One external surface is decorated with a floral pattern. Possibly 1950s in date.

SF1011, metal detected from topsoil layer 0010, Trench 21, Field 1.

Incomplete cast brooch in the form of a seated parrot. The front is covered with regularly spaced circular indents that would have had paste settings; one of which remains.

Evidence for the exterior being silvered or tinned. The back is hollow/concave.

SF1016, metal detected from topsoil layer 0021, Trench 79, Field 3.

Fragment of the banner from a cast military badge. The banner has the words '...AST NORFOLK LOYAL' across it. Traces of gilding on the front.

SF1017, metal detected from topsoil layer 0022, Trench 80, Field 3.

Royal artillery cap badge, possibly WW1.

SF1021, metal detected from topsoil layer 0020, Trench 54, Field 2.

Uncertain date

A single object was retrieved from the bulk finds during the post-excavation processing.

Elongated piece of iron, L-shaped in profile. Detail masked by corrosion and encrusted dirt. Possibly a hinge pivot or nail.

SF1022, fill 1108 of firepit 1107, Trench 185, Field 6.

7.7.3. Discussion

The metalwork assemblage primarily reflects post-medieval or later activity on the site.

The recovery of small dress accessories such as buttons and buckles suggest their presence on the site is the result of casual loss, or possibly through the process of night soiling.

The iron object, SF1022, that was recovered from an undated firepit in Trench 185 may be a nail or hinge pivot. If further investigation is carried out on the site it is recommended that this object should undergo radiography to assist with its identification.

7.8. Plant macrofossils and other remains

Anna West

7.8.1. Introduction and methods

A total of 35 bulk soil samples (SS) were taken from pits during this evaluation. Eighteen samples were selected to be processed, for the purposes of this report, in order to assess the quality of preservation of plant remains and their potential to provide useful data as part of further archaeological investigations.

The samples were processed using manual water flotation/washover and the flots were collected in a 300 micron mesh sieve. The dried flots were scanned using a binocular microscope at x16 magnification and the presence of any plant remains or artefacts are noted in Table 14 below. Identification of plant remains is with reference to *New Flora of the British Isles* (Stace).

The non-floating residues were collected in a 1mm mesh and sorted when dry. All artefacts/ecofacts were retained for inclusion in the finds total.

7.8.2. Quantification

For the purpose of this initial assessment, items such as seeds, cereal grains and small animal bones have been scanned and recorded quantitatively according to the following categories:

= 1-10, ## = 11-50, ### = 51+ specimens

Items that cannot be easily quantified such as charcoal, magnetic residues and

fragmented bone have been scored for abundance:

+ = rare, ++ = moderate, +++ = abundant

7.8.3. Results

Table 14 shows the contents of some of the samples taken, and where applicable, their approximate dates.

Field No	Trench No	SS No	Context No	Feature/cut no	Feature type	Approx date of deposit	Flot contents
2	48	1	0031	0030	pit		hazel nutshell # uncharred seeds # charcoal +++ insect frags+ rootlets ++ coal frags #
4	121	8	0089	0088	pit	EIA	charred seeds # charcoal +++ pottery frag # rootlets +++
4	114	9	0091	0090	pit	BA-EIA?	charred cereal frags ## hazel nutshell frags ## uncharred seeds # charcoal +++ fibrous rootlets +
3	94	10	0127	0126	pit	Undated	cupule frag # charcoal +++ fibrous rootlets +
5	148	16	0229	0228	pit	Undated	charred seeds # uncharred seeds # charcoal +++ fibrous rootlets ++ snails #
1	8	100	1019	1018	deposit	LBA-EIA(?)	hazel nutshell frags # charcoal ++ fibrous rootlets +
1	8	101	1033	1032	deposit	IA	hazel nutshell frags ## charcoal + fibrous rootlets ++
1	8	117	1129	1128	ditch	Roman	charred cereal frags # charcoal ++ fibrous rootlets ++ insect frags # snails +
6	180	113	1104	1103	pit	Late Neo-EBA	vitrified organic material # uncharred seeds # charcoal ++ fibrous rootlets ++ coal ++

Table 14. Material recovered from bulk sample flots

The flots varied greatly in volume from less than 5ml to 1800ml. For the purposes of this report a maximum of 200ml from the larger flots was scanned; flots of less than 200ml were scanned in full. Fibrous rootlets were present in large quantities, however this material is considered to be modern and intrusive and, as far as practicable, was removed prior to scanning. Ten of the samples scanned produced no identifiable plant macrofossils, other than wood charcoal fragments, and these flots have not been included in the table above.

The preservation of the material present was through charring and is generally poor. Wood charcoal fragments were present in all the samples and were particularly abundant from features 0034, 0126, 1039, 1073 and 1138, all identified as firepits on site. Many of these fragments were large enough to be identifiable as being from ring

porous species, but no further attempt at identification of the material has been made for the purposes of this report. The remaining samples produced moderate to low quantities of charcoal, most of which was highly comminuted, making it unsuitable for species identification or radiocarbon dating.

Possible cereal grain fragments were present in two samples. Sample 9, firepit fill (0091) contained a small number of possible wheat (*Triticum* sp.) caryopses as well as a number of unidentifiable cereal grain fragments. This material was highly abraded and fragmented making identification to species impossible. Sample 117, ditch fill (1128) contained a single caryopsis fragment which again was too abraded to identify. Hazel (*Corylus* sp.) nutshell fragments were present in five samples; although these remains are too sparse to determine whether they represent a gathered food resource or material inadvertently incorporated within wood used as fuel. Sample 10, firepit fill (0127) also contained a single fragment of acorn cupule (*Quercus* sp.). As larger fragments of charcoal were clearly identifiable as being from oak, it is likely this represent material used as fuel within the pits. Charred weed seeds were rare, grass (*Poaceae*) species caryopses fragments were present in low numbers within two samples.

The uncharred weed seeds were also sparse, goosefoot family (*Chenopodium* sp.), knotgrass family (*Polygonum* sp.), speedwell (*Veronica* sp.), fumitory (*Fumaria* sp.) and bramble (*Rubus* sp.) were all present in low numbers. As these were neither charred or abraded they are most likely modern and intrusive within the contexts sampled.

7.8.4. Conclusions and recommendations for further work

In general, the samples were poor in terms of identifiable material, with mainly wood charcoal being present within the scanned portion. This material is too sparse to draw any conclusions beyond the fact that agricultural and domestic activities were most likely taking place in the vicinity.

It is not recommended that any further work should be carried out on these samples, however, if further interventions are planned on this site, it is recommended that further sampling should be carried out on well-sealed and dated contexts. This should increase the quantity of material available and may provide an insight into the utilisation of local plant resources, agricultural activity and economic evidence from this site.

8. Discussion

8.1. Deposit model

The natural geological surface and pre-modern archaeological horizon is generally present across the site at a depth ranging from 0.25m to 0.45m and was predominately sealed by a subsoil deposit up to 0.5m thick and then a modern ploughsoil, although at times the subsoil was absent within Field 5.

Where the subsoil was thin or absent there was evidence of plough scarring to the natural surface, indicating that the site has previously been in arable use. The shallow or uncertain nature of many of the features also suggests that there has been some truncation to the archaeological horizon. With approximately 20% of the struck flint assemblage being recovered from topsoil and subsoil contexts, particularly in Fields 1-4, it seems likely that archaeological features may once have been more numerous and have been incorporated into the topsoil and subsoil by ploughing. However, preservation of the natural geological surface within these areas and the thicker deposits of subsoil, also suggests that such truncation is unlikely to have been extensive.

8.2. Prehistoric

The struck flint assemblage and the prehistoric pottery assemblage as a whole from soil layers and feature fills suggests activity in the Early Neolithic, the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age, the Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age and the Early/Middle Iron Age.

8.2.1. Early Neolithic

A single pit (0030) within Trench 48 in Field 2 is the only feature dating to this period. The worked flint assemblage, that included a crude small axe, along with the charcoal and heat affected flints suggests domestic activity is taking place in the vicinity of the pit.

Pits of this date are rarely found in isolation and it is therefore of local/regional significance. There is a possibility for further similar features to be located in the vicinity and, if so, the site has low-moderate potential to address regional research aims for the period (Medlycott 2011, 13-14).

8.2.2. Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age

Archaeological features

Features which can be dated with any confidence to this period were few, consisting of four small pits (1103, 0153, 0242 and 1123) and a ditch (1119). The dated features contained pottery and flint assemblages; with the flint indicating knapping and tool production were taking place in the vicinity.

An additional pit (1140) that contained a large assemblage of worked flint and produced large quantities of heat affected flint, stone and charcoal, but also a single small sherd of (intrusive) Roman pottery, has tentatively been assigned to this phase.

Three of the pits (1103, 0153 and 1140) contained large assemblages of heat affected flint and stone along with deposits of charcoal. These deposits could indicate fire pit or hearth waste or the waste from cooking pits being deposited within these features, however, the processed environmental samples did not recover evidence of food waste.

Distribution

Features dating to this period have been identified in two trenches within Field 5 and four trenches within Field 6. The features in Field 5 are dispersed, with a pit (1140) located in the SE corner of the field (Trench 164) and a further pit (0242) located at the centre (Trench 146). The features identified within Field 6 however suggest a focus of settlement activity concentrated to the NW corner within the vicinity of Trenches 180-189.

All fields, but particularly Fields 2, 3 and 6, produced residual assemblages of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age flint recovered from topsoil and subsoil deposits and undated features, suggesting a background of activity in these fields.

Discussion

The Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age features are heritage assets of local/regional significance, particularly if a focus for occupation is present, and the site is thought to have moderate potential to address regional research aims for the period (Medlycott 2011, 13-14 and 20-21).

8.2.3. Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age

Archaeological Features

There were several features that contained pottery spanning the Late-Bronze Age/Early Iron Age that also contained pottery more typical of the Early-Middle Iron Age. The features across these two phases have been separated within this discussion on basis of their spatial distribution, and some features assigned to this phase could be later in date, and vice versa.

Features which can be dated with any confidence to this period were few, consisting of eight small pits (1018, 1020, 1022, 1026, 1032, 0090, 0088 and 0169), five of which are from the same trench, and a ditch (0174) all of which contained assemblages of flint and/or pottery. A gully (0086) and ditch (0120) that contained only a few small abraded sherds of pottery and three undated pits/postholes (1024, 1028 and 1030) have all tentatively been assigned to this phase through their proximity to other securely dated features.

Distribution

The features dated to this period are dispersed across the entire development site. The eight pits/postholes within Trench 8 suggest a slight focus of activity in this area, whilst a pit (0090) within Trench 114, that contained large assemblages of heat affected flint and stone along with deposits of charcoal and food waste; a gully and pit within Trench 109; and a pit (0088) within Trench 121 that contained a large assemblage of pottery, could suggest a slight focus of activity at the northwest corner of the development site.

All fields, but particularly Fields 1, 3, and 6, produced residual assemblages of Late Bronze Age /Early Iron Age flint from topsoil and subsoil deposits and a number of undated features, suggesting a background of activity in these fields.

Discussion

The Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age features are heritage assets of local/regional significance and the site is thought to have moderate potential to address regional research aims for the period, such as: Bronze Age/Iron Age transition and dating and chronology (Medlycott 2011, 20-21 and 29-32).

8.2.4 Early/Middle Iron Age

Archaeological Features

Features which can be dated with any confidence to this period were few, consisting of two pits (0169 and 0149), one gully (1129) and three ditches (0222, 0210 and 1131) all of which contained only small pottery assemblages of less than five sherds. Two ditches (0198 and 0244), that contained only a few small abraded sherds of pottery, have tentatively been assigned to this phase through their proximity to other securely dated features.

Distribution

All but one of the features assigned to this phase are located within Field 5. A fire pit (0149) located on the eastern fringe of Field 6, close to Field 5, has also been assigned to this phase.

The main focus of activity is at the centre of Field 5 in the vicinity of Trenches 127-144, all but three features assigned to this phase are located here. Several undated features in this area also produced residual flint assemblages. The features are in the locality of a series of cropmarks and geophysical anomalies interpreted as ditch boundaries. Trenches 137, 142 and 143 were located to target a north-south orientated geophysical anomaly interpreted as a ditch boundary. A ditch was identified in each trench in the location of the anomaly and could form the same boundary. Only a single excavated section, within trench 143, produced dateable material in the form of five sherds of early-middle Iron Age pottery.

A second, smaller focus of activity, comprising a single ditch (1131) and gully (1129) has been identified at the southwest corner of Field 5 within Trenches 170 and 172.

Discussion

The ditches that are assigned to this phase likely identify an Early-Middle Iron Age field system with a possible focus of activity at the centre of Field 5. The Early-Middle Iron Age features are heritage assets of local significance and the site is thought to have low potential to address regional research aims for the period (Medlycott 2011, 29-32).

8.3. Romano British

Archaeological Features

Features which can be dated with any confidence to this period were few, consisting of three shallow ditches (0184, 0186, 0202) within Field 5, and three ditches (0159, 1127 and 1113) within Field 6, all of which contained pottery assemblages of between one and fifteen sherds.

Two undated ditches (1111 and 0161) within Field 6 have tentatively been assigned to this phase through their proximity to other securely dated features.

Distribution

A focus of Roman activity is located in the north-western corner of Field 6 with a second focus of activity at the centre of Field 5. All of the dated features take the form of ditches suggestive of a Roman field system, however the quantity of pottery recovered from the ditches suggests domestic activity is taking place in the vicinity of these features.

The only correlation between ditches was identified within Field 6. A ditch (1127) within Trench 186, that contained fifteen sherds of Roman pottery, was aligned with an undated ditch (1111) within Trench 183 and the two ditches (0159 and 0161) identified within Trench 184 and could form the same boundary.

Discussion

The ditches that are assigned to this phase likely identify a Romano-British field system with a possible focus of activity at the centre of Field 5 and the northwest of Field 6. The Romano-British features are heritage assets of local significance and the site is thought to have low potential to address regional research aims for the period (Medlycott 2011, 29-32).

8.4. Post medieval/modern

Archaeological Features

Two quarry or extraction pits within Trench 115 and another identified within both Trench 171 and 173 have been assigned to this phase. Both features contained fragments of coke and brick. The features do not appear on any Ordnance Survey mapping and could be modern borrow pits relating to phases of construction of either the A11 or A47 that are located in close proximity to the trenches.

Two undated extraction pits identified at the centre of Field 5 within Trenches 141 and 143 could also be post-medieval or modern in date, however the fills were fairly sterile in comparison to the extractions pits identified in Trenches 115 and 172 and the only finds recovered from their fills were residual prehistoric flint and pottery. A prehistoric date has not been attributed to these features, and they are more likely post medieval in date.

The Tithe map and First Edition Ordnance Survey map indicates that Field 5 is split into two fields with a short NNW-SSE boundary located within the eastern portion, which according to more recent mapping was removed sometime between 1957 and 1964. A ditch identified on the geophysical survey that was also identified in Trench's 150 and 160 is located in the vicinity of the ditch identified on recent mapping. Trenches 140 and 144 were targeted over a NE-SW orientated geophysical anomaly. No features were noted within Trench 140 but a ditch dating to the post medieval period was identified in the vicinity of Trench 144.

Other modern features comprise small pits or scrapes that likely relate to the construction of the A11 or A47 dual carriageways.

Metal detected finds

The metalwork assemblage primarily reflects post-medieval or later activity on the site believed to be related to casual loss, or possibly through the process of night soiling.

8.5. Undated features

A majority of the features recorded are of uncertain date. It is probable, however, that the bulk of the undated features are of a general prehistoric or Roman date, there being a near complete absence of evidence for activity in any other period in either dated features or the topsoil/subsoil assemblages.

A loose scatter of pits and fire pits of varying size and appearance were noted across the site, with evidence of *in situ* burning and occasionally containing charcoal in their fills or small quantities of struck or heat altered flint. These perhaps indicate a more generalised spread of past prehistoric activity across the site but do not suggest any further focus than that noted by the dated features.

A variety of undated ditches were identified and recorded across the site. They are of uncertain date although their survival beneath subsoil contexts, the at times pale and leached nature of their fills, and frequent presence of small quantities of struck flint within their fills, suggests that many of these ditches could be of a general prehistoric date, contemporary with the scatter of datable features. However, the general scatter of struck flint in subsoil and topsoil contexts across the site suggests that the flint recovered from ditches could also be residual deposits infilling Roman or later features.

A general trend was apparent for ditches on a NNE-SSW alignment, i.e. heading downslope into and across the valley, with occasional others on perpendicular alignments suggesting the presence of a widespread system of former fields or enclosures. A projected correlation was noted in Trench 57 and Trench 59 where a ditch could form the same boundary. A further correlation was noted within Trench 80 and Trench 88 where two sets of two NNE-SSE undated gullies could form the same boundary.

It seems likely that these field systems are prehistoric or Roman in date with no evidence to suggest they are Anglo-Saxon or medieval.

8.6. Correlation between HER entries and geophysics survey

The results of the trial trenching tally well with the results of the geophysical survey (Webb 2013). Ditches were located in the vicinity of the five linear geophysical anomalies interpreted as ditch boundaries. The ditches in Trench 150, 160 and 144 were post-medieval in date, the ditch in Trenches 142 and 143 were Early/Middle Iron Age in date and the ditch in Trench 132 was Roman in date whilst the ditch identified in Trench 137 was undated.

The results of the trial trench evaluation and the cropmarks identified on aerial photography and recorded on the HER however do not tally well. The cropmark interpreted as the buried remains of a prehistoric (potentially Bronze Age) burial mound was not identified in either of the trenches (159 and 160) designed to intersect it. The two concentric curvilinear cropmarks identified at the centre of Field 5 were not identified in Trenches 137, 145, 148, 147, 141 which located to intersect them but a Roman and an undated ditch were identified in Trenches 139 and 140. Both of these however were on a different orientation to the cropmark interpretation and their location could be coincidental.

8.7. Confidence rating

The evaluation took place in dry weather conditions. Full co-operation was received from the client and a high degree of confidence is attached to the results of the evaluation.

9. Conclusions

The trial trenching has successfully defined the character, significance and deposit model of the heritage assets present within the development site and confirms the results of previous phases of work that identified prehistoric and Roman activity. The evidence suggests the survival of an archaeological horizon with the presence of six distinct phases of past activity in the Early Neolithic, the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age, the Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age, the Early/Middle Iron Age, the Romano British and post-medieval/modern periods.

The Early Neolithic pit identified within Trench 48 at the southeast corner of Field 2 is a heritage asset of local/regional significance and the results of the evaluation suggest that the archaeological potential here for further scattered features is moderate-high.

The Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age features identified within Trenches 180, 185, 187 and 189, along the western periphery of Field 6, and the pits identified within Trenches 146 and 164 in Field 5, are heritage assets of local/regional significance and the results of the evaluation suggest that the archaeological potential within Field 6 is high whilst a moderate archaeological potential has been attributed to Field 5.

The Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age features identified within Trenches 109, 114 and 121, in the northwest part of the development site, are heritage assets of local/regional significance and the results of the evaluation suggest that the archaeological potential here is moderate whilst the archaeological potential for the dispersed features located across the development site is low.

The Early/Middle Iron Age features located at the centre and southwest corner of Field 5 are heritage assets of local significance and the results of the evaluation suggest that the archaeological potential here is moderate.

The Romano British features located at the centre of Field 5 and the northwest corner of Field 6 are heritage assets of local significance and the results of the evaluation suggest that the archaeological potential here is moderate.

The post-medieval/modern pits and ditches are heritage assets of local significance and the results of the evaluation suggest that the archaeological potential for other features of these periods are low.

The final decision on whether further work is required to mitigate the impact of the development on heritage assets rests with NCCHEs.

10. Archive deposition

The project archive consisting of all paper and digital records will be deposited with the Archaeological Store of the Norfolk Museums Service (NMS accession number - NWHCM: 2018.89) and ownership transferred within 6 months of completion of fieldwork. Until deposition, the archive will be kept in the Suffolk Archaeology CIC office in Needham Market.

The project archive will comprise:

1. Brief
2. Written Scheme of Investigation
3. Project Design
4. Initial Report
5. Site records
6. Finds records
7. Finds
8. Site record drawings
9. GIS data
10. Digital photographs
11. Original specialist reports and supporting information
12. CDROM with copies of all digital files

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Post-excavation management was provided by Richenda Goffin BA (Hons) *MCIfA*. Finds processing was undertaken by Jonathan van Jennians and Clare Wootton. The specialist finds report was produced by Stephen Benfield BA (Hons), Ruth Beveridge PhD, Michael Green BSc (Hons) *ACIfA* and Anna West BSc (Hons)

The report illustrations were created by Ryan Wilson BA (Hons) and the report was edited by John Craven.

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- Norfolk Heritage Explorer - <http://www.heritage.norfolk.gov.uk/>
- Old Maps - <https://www.old-maps.co.uk/>

Appendix 1. NHER data

HER No.	Record Type	Provisional Date	Description
5007	Find Spot	Undated	Undated layer of shell and deer antler
9363	Find Spot	Roman	Roman coin hoard
9364	Monument	Roman	Roman cremation
9366	Find Spot	Roman	Roman coin
9368	Find Spot	Roman	Roman coins
9369	Building	Late Saxon to Post Medieval	St Peter's Church, Cringleford
9372	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Late Neolithic	Neolithic flint axehead roughout, north bank of Yare near Bluebell Road
9381	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds
9391	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval pottery sherd
9394	Monument	Unknown	Cropmarks of undated enclosure
9395	Monument	Bronze Age	Possible Bronze Age round barrow
9396	Monument	Early Mesolithic to Post Medieval	Undated enclosure or field system and multi-period finds
9409	Monument	Unknown	Undated bank
9410	Monument	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval moated site
9463	Monument	Bronze Age	Bronze Age round barrow, Big Wood
9464	Monument	Bronze Age	Bronze Age round barrow, Big Wood
9469	Monument	Medieval	Deserted medieval village of Cantley
9473	Building	Medieval to Post Medieval	Intwood Hall
9495	Monument	Medieval	Site of All Saints' Church, Cantelose/Cantley
9513	Monument	Post Medieval	Post medieval saw pit
11610	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Cringleford Hall
11611	Building	Medieval to Post Medieval	The Vicarage
11612	Monument	Medieval to Post Medieval	Pond Farm
11613	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	The Round House
11615	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Ford End House
11805	Building	Post Medieval	Lodge House
11820	Monument	Unknown	Cropmark of building of unknown date
13571	Monument	Post Medieval to Modern	Norfolk Railway (Yarmouth, Norwich and Brandon)
14209	Building	Post Medieval	Cantley House
14211	Building	Post Medieval	North House and The Farmhouse
14272	Monument	Post Medieval	Late Saxon bridle cheek piece and post medieval pottery sherds
14273	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
14274	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
14275	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
15550	Monument	Post Medieval	Site of post medieval windmill
15913	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	The Millhouse and the site of a watermill
15914	Monument	Medieval to Post Medieval	Site of medieval/post medieval manor house
16229	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period objects, coins and pottery sherds
16230	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period objects, coins and pottery sherds
16685	Monument	Modern to Cold War	Site of lime kilns and tramway
18186	Monument	Medieval to Post Medieval	Cropmarks of linear ditches perhaps relating to parish boundary, and possible enclosures of unknown date
21782	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Middle Palaeolithic	Lower Palaeolithic flint handaxe
22758	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds from Cantley Stream Culvert
22812	Find Spot	Neolithic	Neolithic blade found on route of A11
22813	Find Spot	Prehistoric	Prehistoric and Neolithic flakes found on route of A11
22828	Find Spot	Neolithic	Neolithic flint artefacts
23397	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval jetton and post medieval coin
24830	Find Spot	Prehistoric	Prehistoric worked flints
25511	Find Spot	Medieval	Medieval pottery found northeast of Cantley Farm
25600	Find Spot	Early Neolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
25601	Find Spot	Early Neolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
28021	Find Spot	Prehistoric	Prehistoric flint scraper
28594	Find Spot	Medieval	Medieval buckle
30465	Monument	Post Medieval to Modern	Intwood Park
31627	Find Spot	Roman to Medieval	Roman coin, Middle Saxon brooch and medieval strap end
31789	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Potentially prehistoric pits
32146	Find Spot	Medieval	Medieval coin and papal bull
32333	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period objects, coins and pottery sherds
32908	Building	Medieval to Modern	Jewson's Barn
33732	Monument	Medieval to Modern	Thickthorn Park
33914	Find Spot	Roman	Roman surgical instrument
33915	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval coin weight
33916	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval token
33917	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval jetton
33918	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval coin
33919	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval token
33920	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval brooch and buckle, post medieval token

HER No.	Record Type	Provisional Date	Description
33921	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval coin weight
33922	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval coin weight
33923	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval coin weight
34057	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Cringleford House/Roseland House
34058	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Post medieval water pump
34691	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds and 19th/20th century features at former AGR factory site
34877	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval/post medieval buckle or fitting
35176	Find Spot	Roman to Post Medieval	Fieldwalking and multi-period finds
36138	Monument	Medieval to Post Medieval	Cropmarks of undated ring ditch and linear features
36243	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Prehistoric flint artefacts, medieval and post medieval pottery sherds
37342	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval and post medieval finds
40130	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Undated ditches and pits and multi-period finds
HER No.	Record Type	Provisional Date	Description
40131	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Possible pit and multi-period finds
40132	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Modern	Undated burnt features and multi-period finds
40133	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Modern	Field boundary, possible pits, and multi-period finds
40134	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
40136	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Modern	Burnt feature, possible post-medieval structure, and multi-period finds
40137	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Modern	Prehistoric and post-medieval finds and undated features
40205	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
39823	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Bronze Age/Iron Age features and multi-period finds, Cringleford Park and Ride
40536	Find Spot	Roman	Roman coin
40940	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Prehistoric flint artefacts and undated features
40970	Find Spot	Post Medieval	Post medieval coin weight
41086	Find Spot	Roman to Post Medieval	Roman, medieval and post medieval objects
43210	Monument	Post Medieval to Modern	19th century milestone marking Norwich 4 miles and Thetford 25 miles
44271	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Lodge Cottage, Intwood Hall
45644	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Hill Grove, Colney Lane, Cringleford
45901	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Barn to east of Cringleford Hall
51220	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval and post medieval finds
54403	Monument	Prehistoric	Cropmarks of possible field boundaries
54404	Monument	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Cropmarks of possible field boundaries
54405	Monument	Medieval to Post Medieval	Cropmarks of possible field boundaries
54474	Monument	World War Two	World War Two Anderson-type air raid shelters in central Norwich and environs (Ordnance Survey quarter sheet TG10NE)
54882	Find Spot	Medieval to Post Medieval	Medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval findspot
54614	Monument	Medieval	Cropmarks of possible double ditched enclosure
54618	Monument	Bronze Age	Cropmark of possible Bronze Age ring ditch and undated linear features
56345	Monument	Post Medieval to Modern	19th century milestone marking Norwich 3 miles and Thetford 26 miles
56758	Monument	Early Neolithic to World War One	Later prehistoric ditches, post-medieval quarry pit, and multi-period finds
57011	Building	Post Medieval to Modern	Cringleford Church of England Voluntary School
58621	Find Spot	Lower Palaeolithic to Post Medieval	Multi-period finds
58845	Monument	Early Neolithic to Post Medieval	Possible ditches and pits and Prehistoric, medieval and post medieval finds
60047	Negative evidence	Undated	Site with no archaeological finds or features
60745	Find Spot	Roman to Post Medieval	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds
60815	Negative evidence	Undated	Site with no archaeological finds or features.
61618	Find Spot	Roman to Post Medieval	Multi-period pottery sherds and Roman coins
62521	Monument	Unknown	Undated ditches

Appendix 2. Trench list

Trench Number	Area	Length (m)	Orientation	Geology	Depth to Natural	Associated Contexts
001	1	30	N-S	Yellow sand and gravel	0.6m	1060, 1061
002	1	30	E-W	Yellow and orange compact fine sand	0.38-0.45m	1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1015, 1016, 1017
003	1	30	N-S	Compact yellow and orange sand/patches of gravel	0.35m	
004	1	31	E-W	Soft yellow sand to compact orange sand patches	0.5m	1043, 1044
005	1	30	N-S	Soft yellow sand to compact orange sand patches	0.8m max	0001
006	1	30	NNW-SSE	Soft yellow sand to compact orange sand patches	0.7m max	0002
007	1	30	E-W	Soft yellow sand to compact orange sand patches	0.6m	
008	1	30	N-S	Soft yellow sand, gravel and orange sand patches	0.75m	1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1023, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1031, 1032, 1033
009	1	30	E-W	Soft yellow sand, gravel and orange sand patches	0.6m	0003, 0008
010	1	30	E-W	Soft yellow sand, gravel and orange sand patches	0.7	1049, 1050
011	1	30	E-W	Yellow soft sand and gravel	0.7	1056, 1057
012	1	30	N-S	Yellow soft sand and gravel patches		1062, 1063, 1092, 1093
013	1	30	E-W	Soft yellow sand and orange sand/gravel patches	0.8 max	0004
014	1	30	NNE-SSW	Light yellow loose sand and gravel	0.6	0005, 1051, 1052, 1053
015	1	30	ENE-WSW	Soft yellow sand and compact orange sand patches	0.65	1054, 1055
016	1	30	NNE-SSW	Soft yellow sand and compact orange sand patches	0.45	1041, 1042
017	1	30	ENE-WSW	Mixed light soft yellow sand orange sand/gravel	0.6	1034, 1035
018	1	30	NNW-SSE	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	0.5	0009
019	1	30	ENE-WSW	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	0.8	1036, 1037
020	1	30	NNW-SSE	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	1	
021	1	30	NNE-SSW	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	0.9	0010, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048
022	1	30	NNW-SSE	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	0.6	1090, 1091
023	1	30	NNE-SSW	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	0.5	
024	1	30	NNW-SSE	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel	0.6	0141, 1058, 1059
025	1	30	SW-NE	Soft light yellow sand, compact orange sand/gravel		0264, 1038, 1039, 1040
026	1	30	NE-SE	Mid/pale yellow sand and occasional gravel	0.5-0.6	0140
027	1	30	NE-SW	Mid/pale yellow sand and occasional gravel	0.6	
028	1	30	NNW-SSE	Soft yellow and orange sand	0.7	
029	1	30	NE-SW	Light yellow/orange sand and occasional gravel	0.5	
030	1	30	NW-SE	Mid yellow/orange sand and occasional gravel	0.5	
031	1	30	SW-NE	Mid yellow/orange sand and occasional gravel		0011, 1088, 1089
032	1	30	NW-SE	Mid yellow/orange sand and occasional gravel		1081, 1082
033	1	30	SW-NE	Mid yellow/orange sand and gravel	0.5	

Trench Number	Area	Length (m)	Orientation	Geology	Depth to Natural	Associated Contexts
034	1	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow and mid orange sand and occ. Gravel	0.5-0.6	1079, 1080
035	1	30	NW-SE	Mid yellow/orange sand and gravel	0.5	
036	1	30	N-S	Orange and yellow sand/patches of orange gravel	0.8-0.95	0006
037	1	30	E-W	Pale yellow gravelly sand, patches of orange clay	0.5	0018, 1073, 1074, 1075
038	1	24	E-W	Pale yellow gravel sand, patches of orange clay	0.7	1064, 1065, 1066, 1067
039	1	30	N-S	Pale yellow gravel sand, patches of orange clay	0.5-0.8	0007
040	1	30	E-W	Orange/yellow sand with pale yellow patches	0.5	
041	1	30	N-S	Pale yellow sand, patches of orange clay/silt	0.5	1068, 1069, 1070, 1071, 1072
042	1	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, occ. orange silt/clay	0.5	
043	1	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, occ. orange silt/clay	0.46	1083, 1084, 1085, 1086
044	1	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, occ. orange silt/clay	0.5	1076, 1077, 1078, 1087
045	1	30	N-S	Pale yellow gravel sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.4	
046	1	30	E-W	Pale yellow gravel sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.45	
047	1	30	N-S	Pale yellow sand/gravel patches of orange silt/clay.	0.45	
048	2	22	E-W	Soft yellow sand and gravel	0.45 max	0030, 0031
049	2	30	NNW-SSE	Soft yellow sand/gravel, mid orange sand patches	0.45	
050	2	23	E_W	Soft yellow sand and gravel	0.45	
051	2	30	NNW-SSE	Soft yellow sand	0.6	
052	2	23	E-W	Soft pale yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.4	0013
053	2	30	NNW-SSE		0.5	
054	2	30	E-W	Soft pale yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.5 max	0020
055	2	30	NNW-SSE	Soft yellow and orange sand and gravel	0.5	0032, 0033
056	2	30	E-W		0.6	
057	2	30	NNW-SSE	Loose pale yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.6	0053, 0054
058	2	30	E-W	Soft pale yellow sand and gravel	0.6	0034, 0035, 0036, 0037
059	2	30	NNW-SSE	Loose pale yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.6	0057, 0058
060	2	30	E-W	Loose pale yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.55	0038, 0039
061	2	30	NNW-SSE	Soft yellow sand and gravel	0.4	
062	2	30	E-W	Soft yellow sand and gravel	0.5 max	0040, 0041, 0042, 0043, 0044, 0045
063	2	30	N-S	Pale yellow sand, patches of orange gravel & clay	0.5	0051, 0052
064	2	30	E-W	Pale yellow sand, patches of orange gravel & clay	0.5	0017, 0059, 0060
065	2	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow sand, patches of orange gravel	0.65	
066	2	30	E-W	Orange & pale yellow sandy gravel, patches of sand	0.62	0055, 0056
067	2	30	NNW-SSE	Pale loose yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.7	0061, 0062
068	2	30	NW-SE	Pale loose yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.52	0063, 0064, 0065, 0066, 0067
069	2	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, gravel & clay patches	0.45	
070	2	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, gravel & clay patches	0.5	0016
071	2	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, gravel & clay patches	0.45	0019

Trench Number	Area	Length (m)	Orientation	Geology	Depth to Natural	Associated Contexts
072	2	30	NW-SE	Soft pale yellow sand and gravel	0.55	
073	2	30	E-W	Soft pale yellow sand and gravel	0.55	0070, 0071, 0072, 0073, 0074, 0075
074	2	30	NW-SE	Mid orange clay, patches of yellow sand & gravel	0.5	0014, 0076, 0077, 0084, 0085
075	2	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow sand/gravel, yellow/orange clay patches	0.6	0015, 0068, 0069
076	2	30	NW-SE	Pale, soft, yellow sand and gravel	0.6	
077	2	30	E-W	Pale yellow sand and gravel, orange sand patches	0.45	0012
078	2	30	E-W	Soft yellow sand& gravel, orange sand patches	0.6	0046, 0047, 0048, 0049, 0050
079	3	30	N-S	Orange sandy gravel, patches of orange silty clay	0.45	0021
080	3	30	E-W	Orange sandy gravel, patches of orange silty clay	0.54	0022, 0092, 0093, 0094, 0095
081	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, gravel & clay patches	0.48	0102, 0103, 0104, 0105
082	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, gravel & clay patches	0.6	
083	3	30	N-S	Bright orange/yellow sand & pale yellow sand	0.5	
084	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow sand/gravel, orange clay patches	0.6	0100, 0101
085	3	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow soft sand and gravel	0.6	0106, 0107
086	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow soft sand and gravel	0.55	0108, 0109
087	3	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow soft sand and gravel	0.55	
088	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow soft sand/gravel, orange clay patches	0.55	0096, 0097, 0098, 0099
089	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow soft sand/gravel, orange clay patches	0.5	0116, 0117
090	3	30	E-W	Yellow/orange sand/gravel, orange clay patches	0.5	
091	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow gravel/sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	
092	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow gravel/sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.54	0112, 0113, 0114, 0115
093	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow gravel/sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.4	0110, 0111
094	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand & gravel	0.6	0023, 0118, 0119, 0126, 0127
095	3	30	NW-SE	Yellow/orange sand with frequent gravel	0.6	0025, 0122, 0123
096	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	
097	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	0024
098	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	
099	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	
100	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	0026
101	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	
102	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches		0130, 0131, 0132, 0133, 0134, 0135
103	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	
104	3	30	E-E	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.54	0124, 0125
105	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	0138, 0139
106	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.48	
107	3	30	n-s	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.48	0028

Trench Number	Area	Length (m)	Orientation	Geology	Depth to Natural	Associated Contexts
108	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.5	0027
109	3	30	N-S	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.4	0120, 0121, 0128, 0129
110	3	30	E-W	Pale yellow/orange sand, orange silt/clay patches	0.52	0136, 0137
111	3	30	NNW-SSE	Pale orange/yellow silty sand, frequent flint	0.4	
112	3	30	E-W	Yellow gravel/sand with patches of orange silt	0.5	0144, 0145, 0146, 0147, 0148
113	3	30	N-S	Yellow gravel/sand with patches of orange silt	0.5	0142, 0143
114	4	30	NW-SE	Orange/yellow sand with frequent gravel, clay patches	0.6	0090, 0091
115	4	30	NNW-SSE	Orange clay occ. light grey sand patches, gravelly	0.6	
116	4	30	E-W	Orange clay, frequent flint	0.6	0082, 0083
117	4	30	NW-SE		0.2	
118	4	30	NNW-SSE	Orange and yellow sandy clay with frequent flint	0.5	
119	4	30	ENE-WSW	Orange and yellow sandy clay with frequent flint	0.5	
120	4	30	NW-SE	Orange and yellow sandy clay with frequent flint	0.5	0029, 0078, 0079, 0080, 0081
121	4	30	WNW-ESE	Orange and yellow sandy clay with frequent flint	0.5	0086, 0087, 0088, 0089
122	5	30	NNW-SSE	Yellow sand, rare gravel	0.6	0167, 0168
123	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow orange silty sand, occ. flint & gravel	0.4	
124	5	24	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow orange silty sand, occ. flint & gravel	0.4	0180, 0181, 0182, 0183
125	5	23	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow orange silty sand, occ. flint & gravel	0.4	
126	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow orange silty sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.5	1142, 0176, 0177
127	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow orange silty sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.5	0169, 0170
128	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow/orange sand, frequent gravel & flint	0.5	
129	5	30	WSW-ENE	Orange & pale yellow silty sand, frequent gravel	0.45	
130	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow orange sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.5-0.6	0189, 0190
131	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow orange sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.4	0174, 0175, 0178, 0179
132	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow orange sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.45	0172, 0173, 0184, 0185
133	5	30	WSW-ENE	Pale yellow silty sand occ. gravel and flint	0.5	0204, 0205
134	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow sand occ. Orange clay gravel and flint	0.5	
135	5	30	WSW-ENE	Pale yellow sand occ. Orange clay gravel and flint	0.4	0196, 0197
136	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow sand occ. Orange clay gravel and flint	0.4	0198, 0199
137	5	30	WSW-ENE	See description	0.3-0.4	0262, 0263, 0193, 0194, 0195
138	5	30	WSW-ENE	Orange and pale yellow sand, gravel patches	0.5	0186, 0187, 0188
139	5	30	NE-SW	Pale orange/yellow silty sand, silt/clay patches	0.5	0191, 0192, 0200, 0201, 0202, 0203
140	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale orange/yellow silty sand, silt/clay patches	0.5	0206, 0207, 0208, 0209, 0212, 0213
141	5	30	NNW-SSE	Coarse orange sand, gravel & clay patches	0.5-2.5	1143, 1094
142	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow/orange silty sand, clay/gravel patches	0.5	0214, 0215, 0216, 0217, 0218, 0219, 0220, 0221,

Trench Number	Area	Length (m)	Orientation	Geology	Depth to Natural	Associated Contexts
						0222, 0223, 0224, 0225, 0226, 0227
143	5	30	NW-SE	Orange gravel/sand, silty/clay/chalk patches	0.42	0210, 0211, 0248, 0249, 0250, 0251
144	5	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow/orange silty sand, clay/gravel patches	0.5-0.6	0230, 0231, 0236, 0237, 0238, 0239, 0240, 0241, 0244, 0245
145	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow/orange silty sand, clay/gravel patches	0.5	
146	5	30	NNW-SSE	Orange sandy gravel, patches of clay & sand	0.4	0242, 0243
147	5	30	N-S	Orange/yellow silt sand, gravel/clay/chalk patches	0.4	
148	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow/orange silty sand, clay/gravel patches	0.5	0228, 0229
149	5	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow sand and rare flint	0.45	0246, 0247
150	5	30	WSW-ENE	Yellow sand occasional flint	0.45	0254, 0255
151	5	30	NNW-SSE	Yellow sand, rare flint	0.45	
152	5	30		Yellow sand	0.45-0.5	0232, 0233, 0234, 0235
153	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow orange silty sand, gravel patches	0.5	
154	5	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow silty sand, gravel/clay/silt patches	0.5	0256, 0257, 0258
155	5	30	NNW-SSE	Orange/pale yellow silt sand, chalk/gravel patches	0.6	
156	5	30	WSW-ENE	Yellow sand, chalk, orange sand/clay	0.3-0.45	0252, 0253
157	5	30	NE-SW	Orange sand/gravel, silt/clay/chalk patches	0.4	
158	5	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow silty sand, chalk/clay/gravel patches	0.5	
159	5	30	NW-SE	Orange yellow silty sand/clay, gravel/chalk patches	0.4-0.5	1136, 1137
160	5	30	WNW-ESE	Pale yellow silty sand, occ. Gravel and flint	0.5-0.65	
161	5	30	NNW-SSE	Yellow/orange clay, frequent flint, occasional chalk	0.3	
162	5	30	ENE-WSW	See description		
163	5	30	NNW-SSE	See description	0.45	
164	5	30	WSW-ENE	Chalk and orange clay, occ. Flint	0.4	1140, 1141
165	5	30	SSE-NNW	Orange silt, occ. Clay/chalk patches, frequent flint	0.5	
166	5	30	E-W	See description	0.35	
167	5	30	NNW-SSE	Chalk, rare flint, occ. Clay patches	0.4	
168	5	30	NNW-SSE	Orange and pale yellow sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.35-0.6	
169	5	30	WSW-ENE	Orange/pale yellow silty sand, occ. Gravel & flint	0.3-1.1	1138, 1139
170	5	30	NNW-SSE	Yellow orange silty sand	0.4-1.2	1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135
171	5	30	ENE-WSW	Not reached		
172	5	17	NW-SE		0.6	1129, 1130
173	5	30	NE-SW		0.5	
174	5	30	NNW-SSE	Chalk & orange sandy clay with gravel and flint	0.4	
175	5	30	N-S	Orange sand, occ. Chalk patches, frequent gravel	0.5-0.75	
176	5	30	ENE-WSW	orange/pale yellow sand, occ. clay/chalk patches	0.6	
177	5	30	NW-SE	Chalk and flint	1m	
178	6	30	NNE-SSW	Pale yellow silt, frequent gravel and flint	0.3	0151, 0152
179	6	30	NNW-SSE	Pale yellow silt, frequent gravel and flint	0.4	1095, 1096, 1099, 1100
180	6	30	WNW-ESE	Pale yellow sand, occ. Gravel	0.45	1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106
181	6	30	ENE-WSW	Pale yellow silty sand	0.45	1097, 1098
182	6	30	NNW-SSE	Yellow silty sand, frequent flint & gravel	0.4	0149, 0150

Trench Number	Area	Length (m)	Orientation	Geology	Depth to Natural	Associated Contexts
183	6	30	N-S	Pale yellow sand, frequent flint and gravel	0.4	1109, 1110, 1111, 1112
184	6	30	NNW-SSE	Yellow sand frequent gravel and flint	0.35	0159, 0160, 0161, 0162
185	6	30	NE-SW	Yellow sand, rare gravel	0.5	0153, 0154, 1107, 1108
186	6	30	NW-SE	See description		1127, 1128
187	6	30	WSW-ENE	See description	0.3-0.8	1121, 1122, 1123, 1124
188	6	30	NW-SE	Orange silty clay with gravel patches	0.4	0163, 0164, 0165, 0166
189	6	30	NE-SW	Pale yellow/orange silty sand	0.5	1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1125, 1126
190	6	30	E-W	Pale yellow and orange sand	0.5	0155, 0156, 0157, 0158
191	6	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow silt/sand, gravel & sand patches	0.5-0.8	
192	6	30	NE-SW	Pale yellow silt/sand, gravel & sand patches	0.4	
193	6	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow silt/sand, gravel & sand patches	0.4	
194	6	30	WNW-ESE	Pale yellow silt/sand, gravel & sand patches	0.1	
195	6	24	SW-NE	Pale yellow/orange sand, gravel patches	0.44-1.2	
196	6	30	NE-SW	Pale yellow/orange silty sand, occasional gravel & flint	0.3	
197	6	30	NW-SE	Pale yellow/orange sand, patches of gravel	0.4-1.2	

Appendix 3. Context list

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0001	5	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil					1000, 1001
0002	6	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.45		1003, 1002
0003	9	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.45		1004, 1005
0004	13	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.45		1006
0005	14	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.45		1007
0006	36	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.45		1008
0007	39	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.45		1009
0008	9	1			Layer	Subsoil Light yellow brown soft sand with occasional to moderate flint inclusions	Subsoil			0.2		
0009	18	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1010
0010	21	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1011
0011	31	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1012, 1013
0012	77	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1014
0013	52	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1015

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0014	74	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0015	75	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0016	70	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0017	64	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0018	37	1			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0019	71	2			Layer	Subsoil Light yellow brown soft sand with occasional to moderate flint inclusions	Subsoil			0.2		
0020	54	2			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1021
0021	79	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1016
0022	80	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1017
0023	94	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0024	97	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0025	95	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		1018
0026	100	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0027	108	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0028	107	3			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0029	120	4			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0030	48	2	Pit	0030	Cut	Ovoid in plan, N-S alignment, steeply sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, concave base	Pit with fire cracked and worked flint, probably used to dump waste material from a fire	0.5	0.2	0.58		
0031	48	2	Pit	0030	Fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand with soft compaction, occasional burnt flint and rare struck flint, rare charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill.	Pit with fire cracked and worked flint, probably used to dump waste material from a fire. Flint core recovered from fill. Axe head found outside of the pit, probably displaced through ploughing	0.5	0.2	0.58	1	1019
0032	55	2	Pit	0032	Cut	Sub circular in plan with steeply sloping sides, a gradual break of slope at the base, and a flat base	Possible pit/posthole where the post has been deliberately removed?	0.5	0.58	0.15		
0033	55	2	Pit	0032	Fill	Mid brownish grey, silty sand with friable compaction, moderate angular and rounded stone inclusions	Accumulation fill in pit/posthole [0032]	0.5	0.58	0.15		
0034	58	2	Firepit	0034	Cut	Sub circular in plan with gradually sloping sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Irregular base, probably due to bioturbation.	Probable pit where burnt deposits have been 'dumped', no evidence for in situ burning as the natural has not been heat affected. This could however have still been a fire pit, whereby the fire did not reach a high enough temperature to affect the natural substrate.	0.9+	0.74	0.15		
0035	58	2	Firepit	0034	Fill	Light greyish red, silty sand with moderate compaction. Frequent charcoal and small angular and rounded heat affected stones. Basal fill of pit.	Basal fill of a possible firepit, or pit used to dump waste burning deposits. Burnt deposit.	0.9	0.58	0.03		
0036	59	2	Firepit	0034	Fill	Dark greyish brown, silty sand, with moderate compaction. Abundant charcoal apparent as flecks and pieces up to 0.1x0.1m in size. Moderate angular and rounded heat affected stone inclusions. Middle fill of pit.	Middle fill of a possible firepit, or pit used to dump waste burning deposits. Burnt deposit.	0.9+	0.74	0.12	2	
0037	59	2	Firepit	0034	Fill	Mid brownish orange, sandy silt with moderate compaction, frequent charcoal and small angular stone inclusions. Top fill of pit.	Probable bioturbation in pit [0034]		0.32	0.15		
0038	60	2	Pit	0038	Cut	Oval shape in plan, steeply sloping sides, with a moderate break of slope at the base, U-shaped profile, concave base.	Pit, unknown purpose, undated	0.42	0.48	0.12		
0039	60	2	Pit	0038	Fill	Dark brownish grey, silty sand with moderate to friable compaction, occasional small stone inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill in pit [0038]. Undated.	0.42	0.48	0.12		
0040	62	2	Gully	0040	Cut	Linear in plan, NE-SW alignment, with moderately sloping sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible, shallow, mildly concave base.	Gully, probable field boundary.	1.8+	0.48	0.05		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0041	62	2	Gully	0040	Fill	Mid yellowish brown, silty sand with loose compaction, rare, small gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill	Single accumulation fill in gully [0040]	1.8+	0.48	0.05		
0042	62	2	Gully	0042	Cut	Linear in plan, with a NE-SW alignment, moderately sloping sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible, shallow, concave base.	Gully, probable field boundary	1.8+	0.9	0.16		
0043	62	2	Gully	0042	Fill	Mid yellowish brown, silty sand with loose compaction, rare small gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the natural, single fill.	Accumulation fill of gully [0042]	1.8+	0.9	0.16		
0044	62	2	Gully	0044	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW, steeply sloping sides, sharp break of slope at the base, deep u-shaped, concave base.	Gully/ditch, probable field boundary. One of three similar features in trench 62, this feature is deeper than the others though.	1.8+	0.88	0.31		
0045	62	2	Gully	0044	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with loose compaction, occasional small gravel inclusions, clear horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of ditch/gully [0044]	1.8+	0.88	0.31		
0046	78	2	Pit	0046	Cut	Possibly oval in plan, only half exposed. Steep sloping sides, which become vertical towards base. Base unknown as feature was not bottomed.	Probable pit, although could be a ditch terminus. Base not reached. If it is a pit then it was most likely used for storage due to the shape and size.	0.8	1.1	0.92+		
0047	78	2	Pit	0046	Fill	Mid to dark yellowish brown, soft sandy silt, with rare small-mid sub-angular flint and pebble inclusions.	Lowest accumulation fill in probable pit [0046] Feature not bottomed, this is the lowest excavated fill	0.8	0.32	0.22+		
0048	78	2	Pit	0046	Fill	Mid yellowish brown, silty sand with soft compaction. No significant inclusions.	Top accumulation fill of pit [0046]	0.8	1.1	0.7		
0049	78	2	Hollow	0049	Cut	Large, irregular shape in plan, with gradually sloping edges to a flat base.	Hollow, probably quite late as it truncates the subsoil, related to Cantley road to the south? Cuts the top fill (0048) of pit [0046]	5.9	1.8+	0.58		
0050	78	2	Hollow	0049	Fill	Mid yellowish brown sandy silt with very common small-large, poorly sorted flint inclusions	Accumulation fill in hollow [0049] sealed by topsoil	5.9	1.8+	0.58		
0051	63	2	Pit	0051	Cut	Circular in plan with shallow, concave sides, and a gradual break of slope at the base. Flat base.	Pit, unknown purpose, heavily truncated	0.57	0.75	0.1		
0052	63	2	Pit	0051	Fill	Mid grey, orange, brown, slightly silty sand, with loose compaction, containing frequent flint inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of pit [0051]	0.57	0.75	0.1		
0053	57	2	Ditch	0053	Cut	Linear in plan with an E-W alignment. Gradually sloping sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible, mildly concave base.	Shallow ditch, probable field boundary. Same as ditch in trench 59 [0057]	2+	1.7	0.31		
0054	57	2	Ditch	0053	Fill	Light brownish, yellow, fine sand, with loose compaction. Occasional stone and flint inclusions. Single fill.	Accumulation fill in ditch [0053] worked flint and puddingstone recovered.	2+	1.7	0.31		
0055	66	2	Ditch	0055	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned SW-NE, steeply sloping sides, sharp break of slope at the base. Concave base	Ditch terminus, probable field boundary	1.11	0.57	0.27		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0056	66	2	Ditch	0055	Fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand with loose compaction. Occasional small stone inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [0055]	1.11	0.57	0.27		
0057	59	2	Ditch	0057	Cut	Linear in plan, E-W alignment, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at base is not perceptible. Shallow, mildly concave base.	Shallow ditch, probable field boundary. Same as ditch in trench 57 [0053]	2.7	1.41	0.14		
0058	59	2	Ditch	0057	Fill	Mid brownish yellow, silty sand with friable compaction, occasional small flint and pebble inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0057]	2.7	1.41	0.14		
0059	64	2	Ditch	0059	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, with a gradual break of slope at the base. Mildly concave base. U-Shaped profile.	Probable field boundary	1.8+	0.7	0.24		
0060	64	2	Ditch	0059	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand, with loose compaction. Frequent stone and flint inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0059]	1.8+	0.7	0.24		
0061	67	2	Pit	0061	Cut	Circular in plan, moderately sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, concave base.	Small pit, possible waste pit as filled with burnt deposit. No evidence for in situ burning.	0.42	0.38	0.18		
0062	67	2	Pit	0061	Fill	Light brownish grey, silty sand, with friable compaction, occasional flint and pebble and charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Possible waste deposit from a fire, then dumped in this pit, no evidence of in situ burning.	0.42	0.38	0.18		
0063	68	2	Pit	0063	Cut	Sub-oval in plan, aligned NE-SW, gently sloping, mildly concave sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, mildly concave base	Cut of pit, unknown purpose. Undated.	1.2	1	0.24		
0064	68	2	Pit	0063	Fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand with moderate compaction, occasional small sub-rounded and sub-angular, poorly sorted, gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill in pit [0063]	1.2	1	0.24		
0065	68	2	Pit	0065	Cut	Sub-oval in plan, aligned NNW-SSE, steep sided on NNW edge, more gradual on SSE edge. Gradual break of slope at the base on NNW side, not perceptible on SSE side. Flat base.	Firepit, sides of pit offer protection of the fire from the wind.	1	0.84	0.24		
0066	68	2	Pit	0065	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich), silty sand with moderate compaction. Frequent charcoal and occasional small sub-rounded gravel inclusions. Clear horizon, basal fill.	Burning deposit in base of [0065] Any finds in the bulk sample.	0.75	0.4	0.12	4	
0067	68	2	Pit	0065	Fill	Mid greyish brown, silty sand with moderate compaction. Occasional charcoal and rare small, sub-rounded gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural, top fill.	Possible deliberate backfill of firepit [0065] to cover/extinguish fire/burning deposit (0066). Undated	1	0.84	0.18		
0068	75	2	Firepit	0068	Cut	Roughly circular in plan, steep sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Shallow, mildly concave base.	Firepit. Traces of heat affected sand at the base, possible evidence of in situ burning. Half of the pit had been truncated during machining.	0.64+	0.76	0.16		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0069	75	2	Firepit	0068	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich), sandy silt, with friable compaction. Frequent medium to large charcoal inclusions.	Burning deposit in firepit [0068]	0.64+	0.76	0.16	3	
0070	73	2	Firepit	0070	Cut	Circular in plan, gradual, concave sloping edges, with a gradual break of slope at the base. Mildly concave base. U-shaped profile.	Possible firepit, natural substrate shows little evidence for heat alteration. Could be a refuse pit for waste deposit?	0.5	0.4	0.14		
0071	73	2	Firepit	0070	Fill	Mid-dark brown, silty sand with loose compaction. Frequent charcoal inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill	Burning deposit in possible firepit [0070]	0.5	0.4	0.14	5	
0072	73	2	Firepit	0072	Cut	Circular in plan, gradually sloping, concave sides, gradual break of slope at the base, flat base.	Possible firepit, possible refuse pit for burnt deposit (0073). Natural substrate show little evidence of heat alteration.	0.42	0.4	0.1		
0073	73	2	Firepit	0072	Fill	Mid-dark brown, silty sand with loose compaction. Rare charcoal and stone inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill	Burning deposit in possible firepit [0072]	0.42	0.4	0.1	6	
0074	73	2	Firepit	0074	Cut	Circular in plan, gradually sloping, concave edges, stepping to a steeper slope towards the base. Gradual break of slope. Stepped concave base.	Possible firepit, deeper at centre, offers protection from wind for potential fire.	1	1	0.15		
0075	73	2	Firepit	0074	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, occasional small stones, and frequent charcoal inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill.	Burning deposit in possible firepit [0074]	1	1	0.15	7	
0076	74	2	Ditch	0076	Cut	Linear in plan, rounded at terminus, aligned N-S, steep, mildly concave sides, break of slope at base is not perceptible. Mildly concave base. Cuts [0085]	Ditch terminus, probable boundary ditch. Cuts earlier boundary ditch (0085)/[0084].	1.5+	0.58	0.24		
0077	74	2	Ditch	0076	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty clay with firm compaction, frequent small to medium sized flints. Diffuse horizon, single fill, sealed by subsoil.	Single accumulation fill of ditch [0076]. Sealed by subsoil.	1.5+	0.58	0.24		
0078	120	4	Gully	0078	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW, shallow bowl shaped profile, shallow, slightly concave sides, with a concave base. Truncated by ditch terminus [0080]	Small gully, possible small boundary.	1.8+	0.24	0.06		
0079	120	4	Gully	0078	Fill	Pale greyish brown sandy silt, with firm compaction. Rare, small flints and pebbles. Cut by [0080]	Accumulation fill of gully [0078]	1.8+	0.24	0.06		
0080	120	4	Ditch	0080	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, very shallow, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, flat base.	Probable boundary ditch terminus. Heavily truncated, likely only the base remaining. Cuts (0079)/[0078]	1.8+	0.7	0.08		
0081	120	4	Ditch	0080	Fill	Pale yellowish brown sandy silty, with firm compaction, common small flints and pebbles.	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [0080]	1.8+	0.7	0.08		
0082	116	4	Gully	0082	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Flat base	Gully, possible small boundary. Cuts the subsoil.	1.8+	0.52	0.13		
0083	116	4	Gully	0082	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand, with friable compaction. Occasional struck flint and burnt flint inclusions.	Accumulation fill of gully [0082]. Sealed by topsoil	1.8+	0.52	0.13		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0084	74	2	Ditch	0084	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, steeply sloping, mildly concave sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Concave base.	Probable boundary ditch	1.8+	0.65	0.24		
0085	74	2	Ditch	0084	Fill	Mid yellowish brown sandy clay, with firm compaction. Occasional charcoal and small, poorly sorted sub-rounded gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon, single fill. Cut by [0076]	Accumulation fill of ditch [0084] Cut by later ditch terminus [0076]	1.8+	0.65	0.24		
0086	121	4	Gully	0086	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at base is not perceptible. Mild concave base.	Gully, probable small field boundary. Heavily truncated	1.8+	0.6	0.1		
0087	121	4	Gully	0086	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand, with moderate compaction, occasional small, poorly sorted sub-rounded and sub-angular gravels. Diffuse horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of gully [0086] sealed by subsoil.	1.8+	0.6	0.1		
0088	121	4	Pit	0088	Cut	Semi-circular in plan, extend under trench edge, full extent unknown. Steeply sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Concave base. Cuts the subsoil.	Pit with unknown purpose. Possible firepit, as contains burnt deposit (0089), no evidence for heat altered natural substrate. Cuts the subsoil.	0.6	0.54+	0.7		
0089	121	4	Pit	0088	Fill	Mid greyish brown sandy silt, with friable compaction, frequent charcoal, occasional flint and burnt flint inclusions. Single fill. Sealed by topsoil	Burning deposit, possibly backfilled into pit [0088]? Possible firepit? Sealed by topsoil	0.6	0.54+	0.7	8	
0090	114	4	Pit	0090	Cut	Sub-circular in plan, concave, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at base is not perceptible. Shallow, flat base.	Possible firepit, full extent unknown as it extends beyond the LOE. Evidence of burning in situ.	1.25	0.6	0.1		
0091	114	4	Pit	0090	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, occasional small stone inclusions. Diffuse horizon with subsoil, single fill	Burning deposit in possible firepit [0090]. Sealed by subsoil.	1.25	0.6	0.1	9	
0092	80	3	Gully	0092	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Mildly concave base	Probable boundary, heavily truncated during machining. Visible in trench section, cuts the subsoil, sealed by topsoil. Parallel to [0094]	1.8+	0.3+	0.26		
0093	80	3	Gully	0092	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand, with loose compaction. Occasional small gravels. Diffuse horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of gully [0092]	1.8+	0.3+	0.26		
0094	80	3	Gully	0094	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Mildly concave base	Probable boundary, heavily truncated during machining. Visible in trench section, cuts the subsoil, sealed by topsoil. Parallel to [0092]. Narrows in the centre of the trench	1.8+	0.22+	0.33		
0095	80	3	Gully	0094	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand, with loose compaction. Occasional small gravels. Diffuse horizon, single fill.	Mid greyish brown silty sand, with loose compaction. Occasional small gravels. Diffuse horizon, single fill.	1.8+	0.22+	0.33		
0096	88	3	Gully	0096	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, steeply sloping sides, break of slope at base is not perceptible. Flat base.	Probably small field boundary, heavily truncated	2.8+	0.26	0.07		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0097	88	3	Gully	0096	Fill	Mid orange yellow clay sand, occasional natural flint inclusions. Single fill	Accumulation fill of gully [0096]	2.8+	0.26	0.07		
0098	88	3	Ditch	0098	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Concave base.	Ditch/gully terminus, probably small field boundary, heavily truncated	2.9+	0.6	0.18		
0099	88	3	Ditch	0098	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand, occasional natural flint inclusions	Accumulation fill of ditch/gully terminus [0098]	2.9+	0.6	0.18		
0100	84	3	Ditch	0100	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end, aligned NE/SW. gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Mildly concave base.	Probably boundary ditch terminus	2.25+	0.7	0.15		
0101	84	3	Ditch	0100	Fill	Light greyish brown silty sand, with loose compaction, occasional medium sized flint inclusions, diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [0100] extremely diffuse horizon, sealed by subsoil.	2.25+	0.7	0.15		
0102	81	3	Gully	0102	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW. gradually sloping sides, shallow, moderately flat base.	Probably small boundary gully, parallel to similar gully [0104]. Heavily truncated	1.8+	0.36	0.06		
0103	81	3	Gully	0102	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand with loose compaction. Rare small stone inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of gully [0102] sealed by subsoil.	1.8+	0.36	0.06		
0104	81	3	Gully	0104	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW. gradually sloping sides, shallow, moderately flat base.	Probably small boundary gully, parallel to similar gully [0102]. Heavily truncated	1.8+	0.32	0.08		
0105	81	3	Gully	0104	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand with loose compaction. Rare small stone inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of gully [0104] sealed by subsoil.	1.8+	0.32	0.08		
0106	85	3	Pit	0106	Cut	Irregular in plan, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Flat base	Probable natural feature, the stratigraphy in section 42 is unclear. Possibly and irregular pit?	1.6	0.6	0.16		
0107	85	3	Pit	0106	Fill	Mid brownish yellow, silty sand with loose compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions	Accumulation fill of pit/natural feature [0106]	1.6	0.6	0.16		
0108	86	3	Ditch	0108	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, edges indeterminable against subsoil. Relationship with subsoil unknown.	Possible ditch, heavily truncated during machining, unclear in section. Potential natural feature.	1.8+	0.94	0.14		
0109	86	3	Ditch	0108	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, occasional gravel, and rare charcoal inclusions. Indeterminable relationship with subsoil	Accumulation fill of ditch/natural feature [0108]	1.8+	0.94	0.14		
0110	93	3	Gully	0110	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NNE-SSW, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Mildly concave base.	Likely a heavily truncated boundary ditch, only the base remains, could be a gully	3m+	0.42	0.12		
0111	93	3	Gully	0110	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, occasional small gravel and rare charcoal inclusions. Single fill, diffuse horizon with subsoil and natural substrate	Accumulation fill of gully [0110] sealed by subsoil	3m+	0.42	0.12		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0112	92	3	Gully	0112	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, mildly concave base	Shallow gully, probably small boundary	3.7	0.5	0.1		
0113	92	3	Gully	0112	Fill	Mid orangey brown silty sand, with loose compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions, clear horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of gully [0112] Sealed by subsoil	3.7	0.5	0.1		
0114	92	3	Pit	0114	Cut	Sub-oval in plan, aligned E-W, moderately sloping sides, gradual break of slope at the base. Concave base. Cuts the subsoil	Possible ditch terminus or pit, extends beyond the LOE, so full extent is unknown. Cuts the subsoil	1.6+	1.5	0.31		
0115	92	3	Pit	0114	Fill	Mid orangey brown silty sand, with loose compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill. Sealed by topsoil	Accumulation fill of pit/terminus [0114] sealed by topsoil	1.6+	1.5	0.31		
0116	89	3	Ditch	0116	Cut	Linear in plan with rounded end, Aligned N-S, steep sloping edges, with a sharp break of slope at the base, concave base. Flatter and shallow at Northern end of the terminus	Probable boundary ditch terminus	1.08	1.04	0.35		
0117	89	3	Ditch	0116	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand, with firm compaction. Occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [0116]	1.08	1.04	0.35		
0118	94	3	Ditch	0118	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end, aligned NNE-SSW, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Generally concave base, some irregular patches due to bioturbation	Probably boundary ditch terminus	1.3	0.5	0.22		
0119	94	3	Ditch	0118	Fill	Light greyish brown silty sand, with moderate compaction. Occasional small to medium sized flint inclusions, rare charcoal inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural substrate and subsoil.	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [0118] sealed by subsoil	1.3	0.5	0.22		
0120	109	3	Ditch	0120	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW, shallow bowl profile, gradually sloping sides, concave base.	Small probable field boundary	2	0.54	0.16		
0121	109	3	Ditch	0120	Fill	Mid grey brown sandy silt with firm compaction, common small sub-angular flint inclusions, clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0120] sealed by subsoil	2	0.54	0.16		
0122	95	3	Ditch	0122	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, steep sides, gradual break of slope at the base, concave base.	Probable boundary ditch	1.8+	0.56-0.58	0.11-0.15		
0123	95	3	Ditch	0122	Fill	Mid orange brown, sandy silt with firm compaction, containing moderate small flint inclusions, clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0122] sealed by subsoil	1.8+	0.56-0.58	0.11-0.15		
0124	104	3	Ditch	0124	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NW-SE, gradually sloping sides with a gradual break of slope at the base, concave base	Probable small boundary ditch	2+	0.74	0.24		
0125	104	3	Ditch	0124	Fill	Mid to dark brown silty sand, soft compaction. Patches of yellow natural sand. Occasional small, sub-rounded and sub-angular flints and stones	Accumulation fill of ditch [0124] sealed by subsoil	2+	0.74	0.24		
0126	94	3	Firepit	0126	Cut	Sub-circular in plan, steep sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, uneven base, probably due to bioturbation	Firepit, heat altered natural at base provides evidence for in situ burning	0.8	0.24	0.16		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0127	94	3	Firepit	0126	Fill	Mid greyish brown (charcoal rich) silty sand, with loose compaction, frequent charcoal and occasional gravel inclusions, clear horizon, single fill	Burning deposit in firepit [0126]	0.8	0.24	0.16	10	
0128	109	3	Pit	0128	Cut	Sub circular in plan, gradually sloping sides, with a gradual break of slope at the base, flat base	Pit of unknown purpose	0.6	0.6	0.27		
0129	109	3	Pit	0128	Fill	Mid brownish yellow silty sand, with firm compaction, occasional sub-angular and sub-rounded small flint, and rare charcoal inclusions. Single fill	Probable accumulation fill of pit [0128]	0.6	0.6	0.27		
0130	102	3	Ditch	0130	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, concave base	Probable boundary ditch, very shallow, heavily truncated	2.5	0.7	0.19		
0131	102	3	Ditch	0130	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand, with friable compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0130] sealed by subsoil	2.5	0.7	0.19		
0132	102	3	Ditch	0132	Cut	Oval in plan, NW-SE alignment, steep sloping sides, with a gradual break of slope at the base, concave base. Cuts the subsoil	Possible pit or ditch terminus, full extent unknown as the feature extends beyond the LOE	0.4	0.6	0.22		
0133	102	3	Ditch	0132	Fill	Mid orange brown silty sand, with loose compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions, single fill, sealed by topsoil	Accumulation fill of pit/terminus [0132], sealed by topsoil	0.4	0.6	0.22		
0134	102	3	Ditch	0134	Cut	Linear with rounded end, aligned NW-SE, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, flat base.	Probable boundary ditch terminus	0.8	1.08	0.14		
0135	102	3	Ditch	0134	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions, single fill	Accumulation fill of terminus [0134] Sealed by subsoil	0.8	1.08	0.14		
0136	110	3	Ditch	0136	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW, steep sloping, mildly concave sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible, mildly concave base in section 68, sloping downwards from SE to NW in section 69,	Probable boundary ditch, heavily truncated	1.8+	1	0.06		
0137	110	3	Ditch	0136	Fill	Mid greyish brown sandy silt, with firm compaction, rare charcoal, frequent small-medium gravel inclusions, Diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0136] sealed by topsoil, no subsoil visible in section, considerable bioturbation	1.8+	1	0.06		
0138	105	3	Ditch	0138	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NW-SE, short steep sides, with a sharp break of slope, side is more gradual on northern edge	Shallow in depth, narrower towards the SE, potentially due to over machining. Probable boundary ditch	1.88	0.8	0.2		
0139	105	3	Ditch	0138	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, occasional small sub-rounded stones, clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0138] Sealed by subsoil	1.88	0.8	0.2		
0140	26	1			Layer	Topsoil Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0141	24	1			Layer	Topsoil Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
0142	113	3	Ditch	0142	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NE-SW, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, with a gradual break of slope at the base, flat base	Probable boundary ditch	1.8+	1.3	0.32		
0143	113	3	Ditch	0142	Fill	Mid-dark brown sand, with firm compaction, occasional medium to large stone and flint inclusions, clear horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0142] sealed by subsoil	1.8+	1.3	0.32		
0144	112	3	Ditch	0144	Cut	Linear with rounded end, aligned NE-SW, gradually sloping sides, with a gradual break of slope at the base, concave base	Probable boundary ditch, possible elongated pit	0.36	0.76	0.34		
0145	112	3	Ditch	0144	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand, with loose compaction, rare charcoal and occasional flint inclusions, single fill	Accumulation fill of terminus/pit [0144]	0.36	0.76	0.34		
0146	112	3	Ditch	0146	Cut	Linear with rounded end, aligned N-S, steep sided, with a sharp break of slope at the base, flat base	Possible ditch terminus or pit, full extent unknown as the feature extends beyond the LOE.	0.8	0.9	0.54		
0147	112	3	Ditch	0146	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, frequent charcoal inclusions, top fill.	Top fill of pit/terminus [0146], possible deliberate backfill, most likely an accumulation fill	0.8	0.6+	0.54		
0148	112	3	Ditch	0146	Fill	Pale greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, frequent charcoal and occasional flint inclusions	Basal fill I of pit/terminus [0146], possible deliberate backfill, most likely an accumulation fill	0.6+	0.1	0.48		
0149	182	6	Firepit	0149	Cut	Circular in plan, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, irregular base	Firepit, natural substrate has been heat altered, evidence of burning in situ	0.75	0.7	0.08		
0150	182	6	Firepit	0149	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, frequent charcoal and rare stone inclusions, Clear horizon, single fill	Burning deposit in firepit [0149]	0.75	0.7	0.08	11	
0151	178	6	Firepit	0151	Cut	Circular in plan, gradually sloping sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, flat base	Firepit, small traces of in situ burning of natural substrate	0.62	0.42	0.09		
0152	178	6	Firepit	0151	Fill	Dark brown (charcoal rich) silty sand with loose compaction, occasional natural and firecracked flint inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Burning deposit in firepit [0151] heavily truncated during machining	0.62	0.42	0.09	12	
0153	185	6	Firepit	0153	Cut	Oval shape in plan aligned NE-SW, steep almost vertical sides. Sharp break of slope at the base, irregular base.	Firepit, extends beyond LOE so full extent is unknown, cuts the subsoil	0.8	0.25	0.5		
0154	185	6	Firepit	0153	Fill	Dark greyish brown (charcoal rich) sandy silt with moderate compaction, lenses of pale yellow sand throughout, rare small rounded stone, frequent charcoal and fire cracked flint inclusions. Clear horizon, single fill	Fill of firepit [0153]	0.8	0.25	0.5	13	
0155	190	6	Ditch	0155	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, break of slope at the base is not perceptible, flat base	Probable boundary ditch, cuts pit (0158)/[0157]	1.8+	0.65	0.12		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0156	190	6	Ditch	0155	Fill	Light-mid brown silty sand with loose compaction, rare stone and pebble inclusions, diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of ditch [0155] sealed by subsoil	1.8+	0.65	0.12		
0157	190	6	Pit	0157	Cut	Oval in plan, aligned E-W, with gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible, flat base	Pit with unknown purpose cut by later ditch [0155]	0.5	0.45	0.12		
0158	190	6	Pit	0157	Fill	Mid-dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, diffuse horizon, single fill	Accumulation fill of pit [0157]	0.5	0.45	0.12		
0159	184	6	Ditch	0159	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NNE-SSW, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides with a gradual break of slope at the base, flat base.	Probable field boundary, possible relationship with another ditch to the east [0161] however this is unclear, could be the result of erosion on the side of [0159].	1.82+	1+	0.2		
0160	184	6	Ditch	0159	Fill	Dark to mid brown sandy silt with patches of natural gravel and pale yellow sand, moderate compaction with frequent small and medium sub-angular and sub0-rounded flint inclusions.		1.82+	1+	0.2		
0161	184	6	Ditch	0161	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned NNE-SSW with gradually sloping sides and a gradual break of slope at the base, flat base.	Probable field boundary, possible relationship with another ditch to the east [0159] however this is unclear, could be the result of erosion on the side of [0159].	1.82+	0.8+	0.22		
0162	184	6	Ditch	0161	Fill	Dark to mid brown sandy silt with patches of natural gravel and pale yellow sand, moderate compaction with frequent small and medium sub-angular and sub0-rounded flint inclusions.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0161], unknown relationship with (0159), possibly the same deposit	1.8+	0.8+	0.2		
0163	188	6	Ditch	0163	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W with a shallow, bowl shaped profile, gradually sloping sides and a concave base.	Probable boundary ditch, most likely an earlier cut of [0165]	3+	0.3	0.14		
0164	188	6	Ditch	0163	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, very common small to medium sized, poorly sorted, sub-rounded flints and pebbles. Clear horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0163], cut by later ditch [0165]	3+	0.3	0.14		
0165	188	6	Ditch	0165	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W with gradually sloping sides and a flat base. Cuts [(0164)	Probable re-cut of field boundary [0163]	3+	0.92	0.2		
0166	188	6	Ditch	0165	Fill	Mid to dark orangey brown sandy silt with loose compaction. Common small to large sized, poorly sorted sub-rounded flints and pebbles. Clear horizon, single fill.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0165]	3+	0.92	0.2		
0167	122	5	Firepit	0167	Cut	Circular in plan with gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible, it has a flat base.	Probable firepit, the natural substrata has been heat affected, suggesting burning in situ.	0.8	0.4	0.14		
0168	122	5	Firepit	0167	Fill	Dark greyish brown (charcoal rich) sandy silt with loose compaction, with frequent small to medium sized charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural, single fill of pit.	Burning deposit in firepit [0167]	0.8	0.4	0.14	14	
0169	127	5	Pit	0169	Cut	The shape in plan is unclear, steep, near vertical sides leading to a flat base.	The profile of the sides and base suggest this feature is a pit as	1.3+	1.5+	0.9+		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
							opposed to a ditch. The feature extend under the LOE, so the full extent is unknown. Not fully excavated due to depth.					
0170	127	5	Pit	0169	Fill	Mid orange brown, soft sandy silty with occasional gravel and flint, and rare charcoal inclusions. Single fill of pit.	Fill of pit [0169]	1.3+	1.5+	0.9+		
0171						VOID						
0172	132	5	Firepit	0173	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional stone, gravel and charcoal inclusions.	Burning deposit in firepit [0173]	0.7	0.53	0.1	15	
0173	132	5	Firepit	0173	Cut	Semi-circular in plan, aligned N-S, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Firepit extending beyond the LOE, the full extent of the feature is unknown	0.7	0.53	0.1		
0174	131	5	Ditch	0174	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, with steeply sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a concave base. The break of slope at top was sharp and at the base was gradual.	Probable boundary ditch	2+	0.6	0.3		
0175	131	5	Ditch	0174	Fill	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with loose compaction, containing frequent flint and stone and rare charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, diffuse horizon with the subsoil. Single fill of ditch.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0174]	2+	0.6	0.3		
0176	126	5	Ditch	0176	Cut	Curvilinear in plan at location of excavation, steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Ditch cuts the subsoil.	Probable boundary ditch, turning a corner at the location of the excavation, the ditch cuts the subsoil.	0.75+	0.92	0.24		
0177	126	5	Ditch	0176	Fill	Mid yellowish brown sandy silt with soft compaction, containing occasional natural flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the topsoil and the subsoil, interpreted as the ditch cuts the subsoil, single fill of ditch.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0176],	0.75+	0.92	0.24		
0178	131	5	Ditch	0178	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable terminus of a boundary ditch	1.14+	0.6	0.13		
0179	131	5	Ditch	0178	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with firm compaction, containing moderate gravel and pebble inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [0178]	1.14+	0.6	0.13		
0180	124	5	Pit	0180	Cut	Irregular shape in plan, somewhat oval, aligned N-S, gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base. The break of slope at the base on the eastern side is gradual and on the western edge is steep.	Probable pit, the purpose is unknown, the pit is undated.	1.72+	1.14	0.25		
0181	124	5	Pit	0180	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stone. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit.	Accumulation fill of pit [0180]	1.72+	1.14	0.25		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0182	124	5	Gully	0182	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end aligned NE-SW, gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base. The break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probable gully terminus, most likely a small boundary.	1	0.6	0.1		
0183	124	5	Gully	0182	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of gully terminus.	Accumulation fill of gully terminus [0182]	1	0.6	0.1		
0184	132	5	Ditch	0184	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable boundary ditch that has been heavily truncated	2.2	1.2	0.22		
0185	132	5	Ditch	0184	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with patches of yellow, natural sand, soft compaction. Containing frequent small and medium sized sub-angular and sub-rounded flint, and rare charcoal inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0184]	2.2	1.2	0.22		
0186	138	5	Ditch	0186	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, with steeply sloping sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the top is sharp and at the base is gradual.	Probable boundary ditch, cannot be seen running into trench 139, so it possibly turns or terminates prior to reaching trench 139.	1.8+	1.15	0.5		
0187	138	5	Ditch	0186	Fill	Light yellowish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small sub-angular and sub-rounded flint, gravel and charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate and (0188), basal fill of ditch	Basal accumulation fill of ditch [0186]	1.8+	0.65	0.22		
0188	138	5	Ditch	0186	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, contains frequent small and medium sized sub-angular and sub-rounded flints and gravels and rare charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with (0187) and subsoil	Top accumulation fill of ditch [0186]	1.8+	1.15	0.28		1020
0189	130	5	Pit	0189	Cut	Circular in plan with steep almost vertical sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the base is sharp. The feature has been overcut.	Possible posthole, only one observed in trench 130.	0.34	0.4	0.3		
0190	130	5	Pit	0189	Fill	Mid to dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized stone inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate.	Possible accumulation fill of posthole once post has been removed? Low sunlight lead to feature being over dug.	0.34	0.4	0.3		
0191	139	5	Pit	0191	Cut	Sub-oval in plan with a N-S alignment, steeply sloping sides leading to an irregular base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible	Pit with unknown purpose, also undated	0.85	0.55	0.2		
0192	139	5	Pit	0191	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill of pit [0191]	0.85	0.55	0.2		
0193	137	5	Ditch	0193	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NNW-SSE, gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Shallow bowl like profile.	Probable boundary ditch, possibly prehistoric?	1.8+	1.32	0.2		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0194	137	5	Ditch	0193	Fill	Mid reddish brown silty sand, with soft compaction, containing occasional gravel inclusions. Single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0193]	1.8+	1.32	0.2		
0195	137	5			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil					
0196	135	5	Posthole	0196	Cut	Circular in plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the top is sharp and at the base is gradual.	Possible posthole, no other features in trench 135	0.34	0.26	0.1		
0197	135	5	Posthole	0196	Fill	Dark brown silty sand with soft compaction. Single fill of posthole	Single fill of posthole, possibly accumulated once post was removed?	0.34	0.26	0.1		
0198	136	5	Ditch	0198	Cut	Curvilinear in plan with a NE facing section, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Possible boundary ditch, curving/turning at the point of excavation	1.8+	0.58	0.12		
0199	136	5	Ditch	0198	Fill	Mid to dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small flint and gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate and subsoil, single fill of ditch.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0198] sealed by subsoil	1.8+	0.58	0.12		
0200	139	5	Pit	0200	Cut	Circular in plan with shallow, gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible	Pit with unknown purpose, it is undated	0.6	0.51	0.08		
0201	139	5	Pit	0200	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing moderate gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Single accumulation fill of pit [0200]	0.6	0.51	0.08		
0202	139	5	Ditch	0202	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned N-S, with steeply sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a very mildly concave base. The break of slope at the top is sharp, and at the base is not perceptible.	Probable boundary ditch, possibly prehistoric, heavily truncated	2.5+	1.1	0.42		
0203	139	5	Ditch	0202	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent small and medium sized flint and gravel inclusions and rare charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with subsoil and natural substrate, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0202]	2.5+	1.1	0.42		
0204	133	5	Pit	0204	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NNW-SSE. The WSW edge gradually slopes downwards. The ENE edge gradually is steep at the top, then gradual, then dives down again towards the excavated base. The base has not been reached as the depth was 1.3m	Possible ditch or pit, it is undated, and the base was not reached as the excavation depth would exceed 1.3m, unknown purpose	1.8+	2.24	0.62		
0205	133	5	Pit	0204	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sub-rounded stones. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of ditch/pit	Accumulation fill of of ditch/pit [0204]	1.8+	2.24	0.62		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0206	140	5	Pit	0206	Cut	Sub-circular in plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a sloping base, sloping downwards from NW to SE. The break of slope at the base is gradual. Cuts ditch [0208]	Pit of unknown purpose, fill (0207) could suggest it was a refuse pit? Heavily truncated	0.5	0.58	0.26		
0207	140	5	Pit	0206	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich) silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent charcoal and occasional flint and gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate and (0209), single fill of pit	Possible refuse fill of pit [0206], charcoal rich, but with no sign of in situ burning in the natural substrate,	0.5	0.58	0.26		
0208	140	5	Ditch	0208	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, moderately sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable boundary ditch, heavily truncated	1.8+	0.78	0.16		
0209	140	5	Ditch	0208	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with frequent gravel and occasional stone inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural, clear horizon with (0207), single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0208] Cut by pit [0206]	1.8+	0.78	0.16		
0210	143	5	Ditch	0210	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable boundary ditch	1.8+	0.6	0.25		
0211	143	5	Ditch	0210	Fill	Mid to dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional stone inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate and the subsoil. Single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0210]	1.8+	0.6	0.25		
0212	140	5	Ditch	0212	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, steeply sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the tops is sharp and the base is gradual.	Probably boundary ditch, sealed by subsoil and heavily truncated.	2+	1.5	0.26		
0213	140	5	Ditch	0212	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent small to medium sized flints and rare charcoal inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the subsoil, but sealed by the subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0212]	2+	1.5	0.26		
0214	142	5	Ditch	0214	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W, shallow ditch with steeply sloping sides and a flat base.	Ditch, possibly post-med	1.8+	1.7	0.2		
0215	142	5	Ditch	0214	Fill	Mid brownish orange silty clay, with soft compaction, containing occasional flint inclusions.	Accumulation fill of ditch [0214]	1.8+	1.7	0.2		
0216	142	5	Gully	0216	Cut	Linear aligned N-S terminating in trench centre, heading south into trench edge. Very shallow.	Gully - date unknown	1.8+	0.4	0.14		
0217	142	5	Gully	0216	Fill	dark brownish grey soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Accumulation fill of gull [0216]	1.8+	0.4	0.14		
0218	142	5	Ditch	0218	Cut	Linear aligned N-S, with gradually sloping 45 degree sides and a gradual concave base	Ditch, possibly prehistoric	1.8+	0.74	0.3		
0219	142	5	Ditch	0218	Fill	Mid brownish grey soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0218]	1.8+	0.74	0.3		
0220	142	5	Posthole	0220	Cut	Sub-circular in plan with steep 70 degree sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Possible posthole, sealed by subsoil	0.25+	0.3	0.2		
0221	142	5	Posthole	0220	Fill	Mid brownish grey soft silty sand with occasional flint and gravel inclusions.	Fill of posthole [0220]	0.25+	0.3	0.2		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0222	142	5	Ditch	0222	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W with very gradually sloping sides, leading to a concave base	Ditch, possible boundary ditch	1.8+	0.8	.012		
0223	142	5	Ditch	0222	Fill	Light greyish brown soft silty sand, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0222]	1.8+	0.8	.012	17	
0224	142	5	Posthole	0224	Cut	Circular in plan, very shallow, gradually sloping sides leading to a gradual concave base	Posthole	0.25	0.3	0.1		
0225	142	5	Posthole	0224	Fill	Mid brown soft silty sand with rare gravel inclusions	Fill of posthole [0224]	0.25	0.3	0.1		
0226	142	5	Pit	0226	Cut	Sub-oval in plan with gradual 45 degree sloping sides leading to a concave base	Pit with unknown purpose	1.6	1.6	0.5		
0227	142	5	Pit	0226	Fill	Reddish brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Fill of pit [0226]	1.6	1.6	0.5		
0228	148	5	Firepit	0228	Cut	Circular in plan with gradually sloping, concave sides leading to a mildly concave base.	Possible firepit	0.24	0.2	0.07		
0229	148	5	Firepit	0228	Fill	Dark greyish brown (charcoal rich) silty sand with loose compaction, containing frequent charcoal and occasional gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of firepit	Burning deposit in possible firepit [0228]	0.24	0.2	0.07	16	
0230	144	5	Ditch	0230	Cut	Linear shape in plan aligned NE-SW, steeply sloping side on eastern edge, moderately sloping on western edge. Sloping base, where the break of slope is not perceptible	Probable boundary ditch, parallel to 4 other similar ditches in the same trench	1.8+	1.1	0.14		
0231	144	5	Ditch	0230	Fill	Greyish brown sandy silt with moderate compaction, containing occasional large and small sized stone inclusions. Diffuse horizon with subsoil, single fill of ditch [0230]	Accumulation fill of ditch [0230]	1.8+	1.1	0.14		
0232	152	5	Pit	0232	Cut	Circular in plan with steep sloping concave sides leading to a flat base	Possible post hole, not bottomed	0.5	0.25+	0.31		
0233	152	5	Pit	0232	Fill	Mid to dark brown silty sand with loose compaction. Clear horizon with the natural substrate	Fill of posthole [0232]	0.5	0.25+	0.31		
0234	152	5	Pit	0234	Cut	Irregular shape in plan, with gradually sloping, concave sides, stepped towards the base leading to a concave base.	Large irregular shaped pit, unknown purpose, possible refuse pit?	1.2	0.8	0.4		
0235	152	5	Pit	0234	Fill	Dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing moderate amounts of gravel. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Possible refuse fill, although only one piece of CBM recovered	1.2	0.8	0.4		
0236	144	5	Hollow	0236	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Possible hollow, could be a wide ditch, cut by [0238], assumed to be the same feature in section either side of [0238] as it has the same profile, depth and fill profile. Parallel to four linear features in the same trench.	2+	3	0.24		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
0237	144	5	Hollow	0236	Fill	Light greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional medium sized flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the subsoil, however does appear to be sealed by the subsoil. Single fill of feature	Accumulation fill of hollow/ditch [0236] Cut by later ditch [0238] Sealed by the subsoil	2+	3	0.24		
0238	144	5	Ditch	0238	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, with steeply sloping sides leading to a sloping base, downwards from SE-NW. The break of slope at the base is gradual. Cuts the subsoil and (0237)	Probable boundary ditch, most likely post-medieval. Cuts the subsoil and an earlier ditch/hollow [0236]. Parallel to four linear features in the same trench.	2+	1.1	0.3		
0239	144	5	Ditch	0238	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent medium sized flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0238] Sealed by topsoil	2+	1.1	0.3		
0240	144	5	Ditch	0240	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned E-W, with steeply sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a concave base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Relationship with [0236] is unknown	Probable boundary ditch, parallel to four linear features in the same trench. Possibly in the same phase as some of these ditches, they could represent a shifting boundary, but not with [0238] which is late and cuts the subsoil. [0240]/(0241) is sealed by subsoil.	2+	1	0.3		
0241	144	5	Ditch	0240	Fill	Light greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing rare medium sized flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with subsoil, sealed by subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0240]	2+	1	0.3		
0242	146	5	Pit	0242	Cut	Circular in plan, very steep sides, leading to a flat base. The break of slope at the base is sharp.	Pit with unknown purpose.	0.9	0.9	0.6		
0243	146	5	Pit	0242	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stone inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Fill of pit [0242]	0.9	0.9	0.6		
0244	144	5	Ditch	0244	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W, with steeply sloping sides leading to a flat base. The break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probable field boundary, parallel to four linear features in the same trench. Possibly part of a shifting boundary phase of activity. Sealed by subsoil.	2+	0.9	0.12		
0245	144	5	Ditch	0244	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing occasional small flint inclusions. Clear horizon with the subsoil and natural substrate, sealed by subsoil	Accumulation fill of ditch [0244]	2+	0.9	0.12		
0246	149	5	Ditch	0246	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NNE-SSW, with steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probable boundary ditch	2.6	0.86	0.12		
0247	149	5	Ditch	0246	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-	Accumulation fill of ditch [0246]	2.6	0.86	0.12		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
						rounded stone inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of ditch						
0248	143	5	Pit	0248	Cut	Circular in plan, extending beyond the LOE, steep sided on the N edge and gradual on the S edge, leading to a concave base	Machine slot through a possible quarry pit		5.25	1		
0249	143	5	Pit	0248	Fill	Reddish brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Fill of possible quarry pit	1.8+	5.25	1		
0250	143	5	Pit	0250	Cut	Sub-oval in plan, aligned E-W, extends beyond LOE on the northern edge. Steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible	On the northern edge at the section the edge can be seen, however the side are not known for the whole feature as it extends beyond the trench edge. Probable pit, full extent unknown, possibly a natural feature.	2.6	1.2+	0.58		
0251	143	5	Pit	0250	Fill	Light brownish grey silty sand with moderate compaction, containing abundant small to medium sized flint and stone inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the subsoil and natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill of pit/natural feature [0250], multiple silting bands running through the fill.	2.6	1.2	0.58		
0252	156	5	Ditch	0252	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probable boundary ditch	1.9	1	0.2		
0253	156	5	Ditch	0252	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing small to medium sub-rounded stone inclusions. Clear horizons, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [0252]	1.9	1	0.2		
0254	150	5	Ditch	0254	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S with steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Cuts the subsoil	Modern field boundary, visible in crop mark and on plans. Cuts the subsoil, sealed by topsoil	1.8+	1.92	0.96		
0255	150	5	Ditch	0254	Fill	Dark brownish grey sandy silt with moderate compaction, containing frequent small flint, stone and rare CBM and charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with subsoil, single fill of ditch	Modern ditch fill, naturally accumulated. Finds were photographed jpeg 100-7646-47	1.8+	1.92	0.96		
0256	154	5	Pit	0256	Cut	Sub-oval in plan, extends under trench edge so full extent is unknown. Aligned N-S, with gradually sloping, mildly concave sides, leading to a base which slopes downward from north to south. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible	Possible pit or ditch terminus, full extent unknown as the feature extends beyond the LOE.	0.8+	0.6	0.15		
0257	154	5	Pit	0256	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, contains rare small flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate and with the subsoil, sealed by subsoil	Accumulation fill of pit/terminus [0256]	0.8+	0.6	0.15		
0258	154	5			Layer	Subsoil number assigned for finds in trench 154 Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent flint and stone inclusions.				0.2		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
						Pottery, flint flakes, and scraper recovered						
0259					Layer	topsoil group number						
0260					Layer	subsoil group number						
0261					Layer	natural group number						
0262	137	5	Ditch	0262	Cut	unrecorded very truncated possible ditch						
0263	137	5	Firepit	0263	Cut	very truncated possible fire pit						
0264	025				Deposit	topsoil trench 25						
1000	8	1	Ditch	1000	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W, with gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base. The break of slope at the top is sharp and is not perceptible at the base.	Probable boundary ditch	1.8	0.68	0.32		
1001	8	1	Ditch	1000	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing frequent small, poorly sorted gravel and flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate and the subsoil	Accumulation fill of ditch [1000]	1.8+	0.68	0.32		
1002	8	1	Gully	1002	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, very narrow at NE end. Gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base, break of slope at the top is sharp and at the base is not perceptible.	Probably boundary ditch	1.8+	0.45	0.07		
1003	8	1	Gully	1002	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing occasional small gravel and rare charcoal inclusions. Single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1002]	1.8+	0.45	0.07		
1004	2	1	Gully	1004	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible	Possible gully or potential natural feature	1+	0.4	0.03		
1005	2	1	Gully	1004	Fill	Mid brownish grey with loose compaction, containing occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of gully	Accumulation fill of gully/natural feature [1004]	1+	0.4	0.03		
1006	2	1	Gully	1006	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end, aligned NE-SW, with gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Probable small boundary gully terminus, heavily truncated.	4.8+	0.1	0.05		
1007	2	1	Gully	1006	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of gully	Accumulation fill of gully terminus [1006]	4.8	0.1	0.05		
1008	2	1	Gully	1008	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Continuation of gully [1006], probably small boundary, heavily truncated	4.8+	0.3	0.1		
1009	2	1	Gully	1008	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of gully	Accumulation fill of gully [1008]	4.8+	0.3	0.1		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1010	2	1	Gully	1010	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base.	Gully, possibly a small boundary, heavily truncated	1.8+	0.4	0.07		
1011	2	1	Gully	1010	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of gully	Accumulation fill of gully [1010]	1.8+	0.4	0.07		
1012	2	1	Posthole	1012	Cut	Sub-oval in plan with near vertical sides leading to a concave base.	Possible posthole, possible natural feature	0.3	0.35	0.3		
1013	2	1	Posthole	1012	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of feature	Accumulation fill of probably natural feature, possible posthole	0.3	0.35	0.3		
1014	2	1	Gully	1014	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base.	Gully, possible small boundary, cut by later posthole/probably natural feature. Recorded as cutting into bioturbation (1017)/[1016]	1.8+	0.4	0.15		
1015	2	1	Gully	1014	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of gully	Accumulation fill of gully [1014]	1.8+	0.4	0.15		
1016	2	1	Bioturbation	1016	Cut	Irregular in shape, gradually sloping sides leading to an irregular base	Bioturbation	0.3	0.15	0.1		
1017	2	1	Bioturbation	1016	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, occasional small stone inclusions. Natural sand - bioturbation	Bioturbation	0.3	0.35	0.3		
1018	8	1	Pit	1018	Cut	Sub-circular in plan, with steep mildly concave sides leading to a gradual base, the break of slope at the base is gradual.	Remains of possible pit, in cluster of similar pits, heavily truncated.	0.47	0.49	0.16		
1019	8	1	Pit	1018	Fill	Dark brownish grey silty sand with loose to moderate compaction, containing occasional, small poorly sorted gravels and flints. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Possible deliberate backfill of pit, potentially a refuse deposit, darker than the fills of similar pits in the same cluster	0.47	0.49	0.16	100	
1020	8	1	Pit	1020	Cut	Sub oval in plan aligned NW-SE with steeply sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probable pit in cluster if similar pits, purpose unknown	0.39	0.37	0.11		
1021	8	1	Pit	1020	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with loose to moderate compaction, containing rare, small, poorly sorted gravels. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill of pit [1020]	0.39	0.37	0.11		
1022	8	1	Pit	1022	Cut	Sub-oval in plan with steeply sloping, near vertical sides, leading to a flat base with a sharp break of slope at the base.	Probably pit, purpose unknown, it has been heavily truncated. The pit is situated in a cluster of similar pits.	0.43	0.44	0.12		
1023	8	1	Pit	1022	Fill	Dark brownish grey sandy silty with lighter brown patches in places. It has a loose to moderate compaction, and contains occasional small to medium sized flint and gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit.	Accumulation fill of pit [1022]	0.43	0.44	0.12		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1024	8	1	Pit	1024	Cut	Sub-circular in plan, with steep, near vertical sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the base is sharp.	Pit in a cluster of similar pits with an unknown purpose, heavily truncated	0.46	.036	0.09		
1025	8	1	Pit	1024	Fill	Dark greyish brown with lighter brown patches throughout, moderate compaction with rare, small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill in pit [1024]	0.46	0.36	0.09		
1026	8	1	Pit	1026	Cut	Sub-circular in plan with steep, near vertical sides leading to a sloping base. The base slopes downwards from north to south, and the break of slope at the base is sharp.	Probable pit in a cluster of similar with an unknown purpose, heavily truncated	0.73	0.5	0.11		
1027	8	1	Pit	1026	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with loose to moderate compaction, containing rare, small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Possible deliberate backfill of pit [1026]	0.73	0.5	0.11		
1028	8	1	Pit	1028	Cut	Sub-circular in plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probable pit in a cluster of similar with an unknown purpose, heavily truncated	0.44	0.38	0.11		
1029	8	1	Pit	1028	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with loose to moderate compaction, containing rare, small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill in pit [1028]	0.44	0.38	0.11		
1030	8	1	Pit	1030	Cut	Sub-circular in plan with steeply sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a concave base, with a gradual break of slope at the base.	Probable pit in a cluster of similar with an unknown purpose, heavily truncated	0.37	0.2	0.09		
1031	8	1	Pit	1030	Fill	Dark brownish grey silty sand with loose to moderate compaction, containing rare, small, poorly sorted gravels. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill in pit [1030]	0.37	0.2	0.09		
1032	8	1	Pit	1032	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned NW-SE, wily steeply sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a sloping base. The base slopes downwards from NW-SE, the break of slope at the base was gradual	Probable pit in a cluster of similar with an unknown purpose, heavily truncated	0.42	0.39	0.1		
1033	8	1	Pit	1032	Fill	Dark brownish grey silty sand with loose to moderate compaction, containing rare, small, poorly sorted gravels. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill in pit [1033]	0.42	0.39	0.1	101	
1034	17	1	Pit	1034	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a sloping base. The base slopes downwards from NW-SE, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible	Purpose of pit is unknown, likely heavily truncated	1.45	0.7	0.15		
1035	17	1	Pit	1034	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing occasional small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill of pit [1034]	1.45	0.7	0.15		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1036	19	1	Firepit	1036	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned SE-NW, with very gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible	Shallow 'scoop' in the natural substrate in which a fire has been burnt.	0.8	0.62	0.06		
1037	19	1	Firepit	1036	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich) silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent charcoal and moderate small heat altered flint inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of firepit	Burning deposit in firepit [1036] All heat altered stone is in the environmental sample	0.8	0.62	0.06	102	
1038	25	1	Firepit	1038	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned NW-SE, with steeply sloping, mildly concave sides, leading to a mildly concave base, the break of slope at the base is gradual	Possible firepit, evidence that natural substrate has been heat altered, possible in situ burning	1.2	0.85	0.22		
1039	25	1	Firepit	1038	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich) silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent charcoal and rare small poorly sorted gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate and with (1040), basal fill of feature	Burning deposit at base of probable firepit [1038] natural substrate shows some evidence of being heat altered but not a lot	0.9	0.4+	0.1		
1040	25	1	Firepit	1038	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing rare small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural substrate, clear horizon with (1039)	Possible deliberate dumping deposit to cover/smother burning deposit (1039)	1.2	0.85	0.15	103	
1041	16	1	Ditch	1041	Cut	Linear in plan aligned ENE-WSW, with steeply sloping sides leading to a narrow concave base.	Probable boundary ditch	1.86	1.9	0.5		
1042	16	1	Ditch	1041	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with subsoil and natural substrate, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1041]	1.86	1.9	0.5		
1043	4	1	Ditch	1043	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with gradually sloping sides and a gradual break of slope at the base. The base is mildly concave.	Probable boundary ditch.	1.8+	0.7	0.3		
1044	4	1	Ditch	1043	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small stones. Single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1043]	1.8+	0.7	0.3		
1045	21	1	Ditch	1045	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end, aligned N-S, with steep sloping, mildly concave sides and a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Terminus of probable boundary ditch, this ditch has been later recut on the eastern edge by [1047]	1.8+	0.5	0.4		
1046	21	1	Ditch	1045	Fill	Light brownish grey silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions. The horizon with the natural substrate and with (1048) is diffuse, it is the single fill of the ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [1045] cut by later ditch [1047]	1.8+	0.5	0.4		
1047	21	1	Ditch	1047	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end, aligned N-S, with steep sloping, mildly concave sides and a concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible. Cuts [1045]/(1046)	Recut of ditch terminus [1045], probably boundary ditch	1.8+	0.9	0.28		
1048	21	1	Ditch	1047	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing rare small, poorly sorted sub-angular and sub-rounded gravel inclusions. Single fill of ditch [1047]	Accumulation fill of ditch terminus [1047]	1.8+	0.9	0.28		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1049	10	1	Ditch	1049	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base, the break of slope at the bases is not perceptible	Probable boundary ditch	1.8+	0.9	0.2		
1050	10	1	Ditch	1049	Fill	Mid brown sand with a loose compaction, containing rare small stone inclusions concentrated on the NW side of the ditch. There is a clear horizon with the natural substrate and with the subsoil. Single fill of ditch.	Accumulation fill of ditch [1049], sealed by subsoil	1.8+	0.9	0.2		
1051	14	1	Pit	1051	Cut	Sub-circular in plan with sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Probable pit the purpose of which is unknown, filled with a charcoal rich deposit, so it could be a waste pit.	1	0.6+	0.45		
1052	14	1	Pit	1051	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing moderate charcoal and angular flint inclusions. Basal fill of pit	Charcoal rich, basal fill of pit [1051], possibly a waste deposit.	0.4+	0.6+	0.25		
1053	14	1	Pit	1051	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small, angular flint inclusions. Top fill of pit.	Accumulation fill at surface of pit [1051]	0.4+	0.3	0.2		
1054	15	1	Firepit	1054	Cut	Irregular in shape, extends beyond LOE to the north. Steep sloping edges leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is sharp.	Possible firepit due the presence of scorching to the natural substrate	0.86	0.76	0.14		
1055	15	1	Firepit	1054	Fill	Dark brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sub-rounded stone and common charcoal inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit.	Burning deposit in pit, possible waste deposit.	0.86	0.76	0.14		
1056	11	1	Ditch	1056	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a shallow, concave base.	Probable boundary ditch	1.8+	0.6	0.14		
1057	11	1	Ditch	1056	Fill	Mid brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing frequent small to medium sized stone inclusions. Clear horizon with subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1056] Sealed by subsoil	1.8+	0.6	0.14		
1058	24	1	Pit	1058	Cut	Circular in plan with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base.	Small pit, with unknown purpose	0.6	0.45	0.14		
1059	24	1	Pit	1058	Fill	Dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing frequent small stone inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill of pit [1058]	0.6	0.45	0.14		
1060	1	1	Bioturbation	1060	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base	Possible pit or tree bole. The sides were fairly irregular	2	0.7	0.4		
1061	1	1	Bioturbation	1060	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small stone inclusions. Single fill of the feature	Accumulation fill of probable natural feature/possible pit [1060]	2	0.7	0.4		
1062	12	1	Firepit	1062	Cut	Circular in plan, extending beyond the LOE, with steep sloping sides leading to a flat base. The break of slope at the base is sharp, the feature cuts the subsoil	Firepit which cuts the subsoil	0.7+	1.2	0.5		
1063	12	1	Firepit	1062	Fill	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stones and common charcoal inclusions. The	Burning or possible waste deposit intermixed with natural silting in pit [1062]	0.7+	1.2	0.5	105	

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
						frequency of the charcoal inclusions lessens towards the base of the pit. Clear horizon with the subsoil and natural substrate, single fill of pit						
1064	38	1	Ditch	1064	Cut	Linear in plan with a rounded end, aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable boundary ditch terminus	1.5+	0.42	0.2		
1065	38	1	Ditch	1064	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing rare, small, poorly sorted gravel inclusions, diffuse horizon with subsoil and natural substrate	Accumulation fill of terminus [1064]	1.5+	0.42	0.2		
1066	38	1	Firepit	1066	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned N-S, with gradually sloping sides leading to an irregular base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Firepit, shallow cut in the natural in which a fire has been lit. The natural sand has been heat altered, suggesting in situ burning has taken place.	0.82	0.7	0.1		
1067	38	1	Firepit	1066	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich) silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent charcoal and occasional heat altered stone and flint inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Burning deposit in firepit [1066]	0.82	0.7	0.1	108	
1068	41	1	Firepit	1068	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned E-W with gradually sloping sides leading to an irregular base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Firepit, shallow cut in the natural in which a fire has been lit. The natural sand has been heat altered, suggesting in situ burning has taken place.	0.73	0.66	0.12		
1069	41	1	Firepit	1068	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich) silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent charcoal and occasional heat altered stone and flint inclusions. Diffuse horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit	Burning deposit in firepit [1068]	0.73	0.66	0.12	109	
1070	41	1	Firepit	1070	Cut	Sub-oval in plan aligned E-W, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base, with an imperceptible break of slope at the base.	Firepit, shallow cut in the natural in which a fire has been lit. The natural sand has been heat altered, suggesting in situ burning has taken place.	0.72	0.78	0.12		
1071	41	1	Firepit	1070	Fill	Dark brownish grey (charcoal rich) silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent charcoal and occasional heat altered stone and flint inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate and (1072), basal fill of pit	Burning deposit in base of firepit [1070]	0.72	0.55	0.08	104	
1072	41	1	Firepit	1070	Fill	Dark brownish grey silty sand with moderate compaction, containing common charcoal and occasional heat altered stone and flint inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate and (1071), top fill of pit	Upper fill of firepit [1070], remains of burning deposit intermixed with natural silting	0.72	0.78	0.08		
1073	37	1	Firepit	1073	Cut	Roughly circular, full extent unknown as it extends beyond the LOE, partly machined away due to change in machining level. Gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Small firepit	1	0.34	0.2		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1074	37	1	Firepit	1073	Fill	Vary dark, charcoal rich sand, containing large lumps of charcoal.	Primary fill of material, most likely a dump of material as opposed to in situ burning, evidence of scorching on natural, but not enough to suggest in situ burning.	0.5	0.34	0.1	107	
1075	37	1	Firepit	1073	Fill	Mid grey silty sand with frequent charcoal inclusions	Top accumulation fill in firepit [1073]	0.6	0.34	0.18		
1076	44	1	Ditch	1076	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, with steep sloping sides leading to a flat base. Cuts [1078]	Probable boundary ditch, a later recut of [1087]	1.8+	0.7	0.38		
1077	44	1	Ditch	1076	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small, angular flint inclusions, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1016]	1.8+	0.7	0.38		
1078	44	1	Ditch	1087	Fill	Dark brownish grey, with occasional small stone and charcoal inclusions. Single fill of [1076]	Accumulation fill in ditch [1087]	0.3	0.35	0.25		
1079	34	1	Ditch	1079	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW with a shallow, concave profile. Ambiguous relationship with the subsoil	Undated ditch	1.8+	0.66	0.24		
1080	34	1	Ditch	1079	Fill	Pale reddish brown/yellowish brown, soft silty sand containing occasional rounded stone inclusions.	Accumulation fill of ditch [1079]	1.8+	0.66	0.24		
1081	32	1	Pit	1081	Cut	Circular in plan with a shallow profile and irregular base.	Firepit, the natural shows evidence of in situ burning.	0.9	0.92	0.11		
1082	32	1	Pit	1081	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with soft compaction, containing occasional natural flint and dispersed clusters of charcoal inclusions.	Burning deposit in firepit [1081]	0.9	0.92	0.11	106	
1083	43	1	Posthole	1083	Cut	Circular in shape with short, steep sides coming down onto a concave base.	Posthole, undated	0.4	0.4	0.08		
1084	43	1	Posthole	1083	Fill	Dark brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stone inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate	Accumulation fill of posthole [1083]	0.4	0.4	0.08		
1085	43	1	Pit	1085	Cut	Irregular shape in plan, extending beyond the LOE to the west of the trench. Short, steep sloping sides which lead to a flat base. The ENE edge has a longer slope.	Pit which has an unknown purpose and is undated	1.4	1.12	0.4		
1086	43	1	Pit	1085	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stone inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit.	Accumulation fill of pit [1085]	1.4	1.12	0.4		
1087	44	1	Ditch	1087	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base. Cut by [1076]	Not entirely clear in plan but it is possible that this is an earlier cut of ditch [1076]	0.3+	0.35	0.25		
1088	31	1	Ditch	1088	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE with gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base. It gets wider towards the NW end.	Cut of small, probably field boundary	1.8+	0.7-0.44	0.18		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1089	31	1	Ditch	1088	Fill	Mid yellowish brown soft, silty sand with occasional small poorly sorted sub-rounded flint inclusions. Single fill of ditch, considerable bioturbation visible	Accumulation fill of ditch [1088]	1.8+	0.7-0.44	0.18		
1090	22	1	Ditch	1090	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with steep sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is sharp.	Probably boundary ditch	1.8+	1	0.66		
1091	22	1	Ditch	1090	Fill	Mid to dark brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing rare stone and flint inclusions. Clear horizon with the natural substrate and the subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1090]	1.8+	1	0.66		
1092	12	1	Pit	1092	Cut	Oval shape in plan, extending beyond the western LOE of the trench. Steep sloping sides leading to a flat base	Pit with unknown purpose and is undated	2.18	0.94	0.32		
1093	12	1	Pit	1092	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing occasional small to medium sized sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon with the natural substrate and the subsoil, single fill of pit	Accumulation fill of pit [1092] sealed by subsoil	2.18	0.94	0.32		
1094	141	5			Deposit	Mid greyish brown silty sand with lots of charcoal and chalk flecks. Approx. 20m long in trench and machined to a depth of 2m. Appears that trench sits in a natural hollow. Whilst machining the deposit appeared to get darker and more charcoal was seen towards the base.	Probable quarrying pit within natural hollow, contained flint scrapers and prehistoric pottery. Sealed by subsoil	20	1.8	2+		
1095	179	6	Firepit	1095	Cut	Circular in plan with steep sides leading to an irregular base.	Cut of firepit	0.8	0.78	0.14		
1096	179	6	Firepit	1095	Fill	Mid greyish brown (charcoal rich) sandy silt with firm compaction, containing frequent charcoal and occasional gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with natural substrate, single fill of pit.	Burning deposit in firepit [1095]	0.8	0.78	0.14	111	
1097	181	6	Firepit	1097	Cut	Circular in plan with short, steep sides leading to a flat base. Very shallow.	Cut of firepit, undated, natural substrate has been heat affected suggesting in situ burning took place.	0.54	0.5	0.04		
1098	181	6	Firepit	1097	Fill	Bark brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing frequent charcoal flecks and occasional medium to small sized sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon with the natural substrate, single fill of pit	Burning deposit in firepit [1097]	0.54	0.5	0.04	110	
1099	179	6	Ditch	1099	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable field boundary ditch	2+	0.94	0.18		
1100	179	6	Ditch	1099	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing frequent small to medium sized flint inclusions. Very diffuse horizon with the natural substrate and with the subsoil. Single fill of ditch, sealed by subsoil	Accumulation fill of ditch, very similar to the natural substrate, possibly a natural feature	2+	0.94	0.18		
1101	180	6	Ditch	1101	Cut	Linear in plan aligned SW-NE, with a shallow profile, gradually sloping, mildly concave sides leading to a concave base. Over machined, no subsoil in trench.	Probable field boundary	1.8+	1.14	0.32		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1102	180	6	Ditch	1101	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small to medium sub-rounded flint and pebble inclusions. Single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1101]	1.8+	1.14	0.32		
1103	180	6	Pit	1103	Cut	Oval shape in plan aligned E-W, very shallow feature with gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base	Cut of small rubbish pit	1.5	1	0.1		
1104	180	6	Pit	1103	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing small to medium sized, poorly sorted sub-rounded flints and pebbles with lots of heat altered flint	Although heated material was recovered, no signs of in situ burning, but instead believed to be a deliberate dump of material. Prehistoric.	1.5	1	0.1	113	
1105	180	6	Ditch	1105	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NNE-SSW, with a shallow profile, gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base	Probable field boundary	2.5	1.1	0.22		
1106	180	6	Ditch	1105	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small to large sized sub-angular and sub-rounded, poorly sorted flint and pebble inclusions.	Accumulation fill of ditch [1105] sealed by topsoil	2.5	1.1	0.22		
1107	185	6	Firepit	1107	Cut	Unclear shape in plan, possibly circular, sides and base were machined away, recorded in section. Gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base.	Firepit, heavily truncated during machining of the trench.	0.56+	0.9	0.36		
1108	185	6	Firepit	1107	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with soft compaction, containing occasional to frequent charcoal fleck inclusions	Fill of firepit [1107]	0.56+	0.9	0.36	112	1022
1109	183	6	Ditch	1109	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W, shallow in depth, with gradually sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Probable field boundary ditch	1.9+	0.9	0.14		
1110	183	6	Ditch	1109	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing common small to medium sized sub-rounded stone inclusions. Clear horizon with topsoil and natural substrate, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1109] sealed by topsoil	1.9+	0.9	0.14		
1111	183	6	Ditch	1111	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W, shallow in depth, steep, short sloping side to the north, longer slope to the south leading to a mostly flat base	Probable field boundary ditch	1.9+	1.7	0.2		
1112	183	6	Ditch	1111	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with firm compaction, containing common small to medium sized sub-rounded stones. Clear horizon with topsoil and with natural substrate, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1111]	1.9+	1.7	0.2		
1113	189	6	Ditch	1113	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NE-SW, with steep sloping sides, stepped on the western edge, leading to a mildly concave base. The break of slope at the base is gradual.	Probably boundary ditch, probably Roman. Potentially continues in east end of trench 187	2+	2.3	0.75		
1114	189	6	Ditch	1113	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate compaction, containing occasional small gravel and flint, and rare charcoal inclusions	Accumulation fill in base of ditch [1113]	2+	1.58	0.6		106
1115	189	6	Ditch	1113	Fill	Mid brownish grey silty sand with moderate compaction, containing occasional charcoal and small gravel inclusions. Diffuse horizon with the subsoil, natural substrate and (1114)	Top accumulation fill of ditch [1113] Width measurement taken from	2	2.3	0.2		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
							the oblique section as the top fill (1115) had been machined out, so the exact width is unknown, it was only visible in the bulk section.					
1116	189	6			Layer	Topsoil number assigned for finds Yellow brown soft silty sand with occasional flint inclusions	Topsoil			0.3-0.4		
1117	189	6	Ditch	1117	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, shallow profile, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base. Cuts (1120)/[1119]	Probable boundary ditch, cutting an earlier ditch. Possible recut.	2+	1.36	0.26		
1118	189	6	Ditch	1117	Fill	Mid brown silty sand with occasional flint and gravel inclusions, clear horizon with the topsoil, (1120) and the natural substrate. Single fill of ditch [1117]	Accumulation fill of ditch [1117]	2+	1.36	0.26		100, 101, 102
1119	189	6	Ditch	1119	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NW-SE, with gradually sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base.	Earlier cut of ditch [1117], probably a field boundary ditch	2+	1.4	0.32		
1120	189	6	Ditch	1119	Fill	Dark brown silty sand with frequent flint and gravel inclusions. Clear horizon with the topsoil, (1118) and the natural substrate, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1119] cut by [1117]	2+	1.4	0.32		103, 104, 105
1121	187	6	Ditch	1121	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, shallow profile, gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base. The break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Probable boundary ditch	2+	1.94	0.18		
1122	187	6	Ditch	1121	Fill	Mid yellowish brown clay sand with friable compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions. Horizon with the subsoil is very diffuse, believed to be sealed by the subsoil.	Accumulation fill of ditch [1121]	2+	1.94	0.18		
1123	187	6	Firepit	1123	Cut	Roughly circular in plan, steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base, the break of slope at the base is gradual	Firepit	0.7	0.6	0.17		
1124	187	6	Firepit	1123	Fill	Dark greyish brown (charcoal rich) silty sand with soft compaction, frequent charcoal, and occasional struck flint inclusions	Burning deposit in pit [1123]	0.7	0.6	0.17	114	107
1125	189	6	Pit	1125	Cut	Semi-circular in plan, extends beyond northern LOE of trench, so full extent is unknown. Steep sloping sides leading to a mildly concave base, the break of slope at the base is not perceptible.	Possible pit or ditch terminus, heavily truncated during machining. Prehistoric	1.1	0.55	0.38		
1126	189	6	Pit	1125	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small flint inclusions. Clear horizon with the topsoil and the natural substrate, single fill of pit.	Accumulation fill of pit/terminus [1125], heavily truncated and contaminated, two large burrows in the fill. Likely prehistoric, Beaker ware recovered from the fill.	1.1	0.55	0.38		
1127	186	6	Ditch	1127	Cut	Linear in plan aligned E-W with a shallow profile, gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base.	Probably field boundary, potentially Roman, most likely the same as the ditch in trench 183	3.2+	1.9	0.22		

Context Number	Trench	Area	Feature Type	Feature Number	Category	Description	Interpretation	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Samples	Small Finds
1128	186	6	Ditch	1127	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing common, poorly sorted, small to medium sized sub-rounded flints, pebbles and iron panning	Accumulation fill of ditch [1127] Roman, sealed by subsoil	3.2+	1.9	0.22	117	
1129	172	6	Gully	1129	Cut	Linear in plan aligned N-S, moderate profile leading to a concave base. NW sides steeper than the SE side.	Probable small field boundary, prehistoric	1.75+	0.8	0.1		
1130	172	6	Gully	1129	Fill	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with soft compaction, occasional natural flint inclusions, diffuse horizon with the subsoil, single fill of ditch	Accumulation fill of ditch [1130] prehistoric	1.75+	0.8	0.1		
1131	170	6	Ditch	1131	Cut	Linear in plan aligned NNE-SSW, moderately steep sides leading to a flat base.	Probably terminus of a field boundary ditch	2.1	1.46	0.44		
1132	170	5	Ditch	1131	Fill	Pale yellowish brown silty sand with loose compaction, with no visible inclusions. Basal fill of feature.	Sterile, basal fill of probable terminus [1131]	2.1+	1.46	0.24		
1133	170	5	Ditch	1131	Fill	Mid greyish brown silty sand with loose compaction, containing occasional small sub-rounded flint and pebble inclusions. Top fill of feature	Top accumulation fill of ditch [1131]	2.1	0.84	0.2		
1134	170	5	Pit	1134	Cut	Only visible in section. Profile is bowl shaped with moderately steep concave sides leading to a concave base, covered by subsoil, but cutting colluvial deposit.	Cut of pit, possible waste pit, no sign of in situ burning. Cuts colluvium	1.2		0.34		
1135	170	5	Pit	1134	Fill	Dark greyish brown silty sand with very frequent charcoal lumps and flecks.	Burnt material believed to have been dumped in pit [1134], no sign of in situ burning. Sealed by subsoil	1.2		0.34		
1136	159	5	Ditch	1136	Cut	Linear in plan, aligned SW-NE, gradually sloping sides leading to a flat base, with a gradual break of slope at the base.	Probable field boundary, not very convincing, could be a natural feature	2.1	1.16	0.28		
1137	159	5	Ditch	1136	Fill	Dark brown silty sand with soft compaction. Mixed with natural pale yellow silty sand, concentrated in the NE part of the slot. Occasional to frequent small and medium sub-rounded and sub-angular flint and rare charcoal inclusions.	Accumulation fill of possible ditch [1136]	2.1	1.16	0.28		
1138	169	5	Firepit	1138	Cut	Circular in plan, extending beyond the LOE to the south. Steep, concave sides leading to a flat base	Firepit, evidence of in situ burning	0.56	0.36	0.25		
1139	169	5	Firepit	1138	Fill	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with loose compaction, frequent charcoal inclusions, single fill of pit	Burning deposit in firepit [1138] sealed by subsoil	0.56	0.36	0.25	115	
1140	164	5	Pit	1140	Cut	Semi-circular in plan, steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base	Probable pit, originally believed to be a posthole. No evidence of in situ burning. Possibly a waste pit.	0.6+	0.86	0.26		
1141	164	5	Pit	1140	Fill	Dark greyish brown (charcoal rich) sandy silt with soft compaction, frequent fire cracked flint and charcoal inclusions.	Burning deposit dumped in pit [1140] Burnt flint on the surface of the feature has been displaced around the feature.	0.6+	0.86	0.26	116	
1142	126		Unstrat	1142								

Context	Pottery		CBM		Fired clay		Worked flint		Heat-altered flint		Stone		Heat-altered stone		Notes	Period	Sample No.
	No.	Wt/g	No.	Wt/g	No.	Wt/g	No.	Wt/g	No.	Wt/g	No.	Wt/g	No.	Wt/g			
1104	37	101			10	62	6	38		1430	4	19	9	880	1 frag charcoal <1g	Pre	113
1106							4	65									
1108										19							112
1114	5	34					1	36		19					2 frags iron nail @ 8g	Rom	
1116							1	4									
1118	2	4					23	161							Worked Flint includes SFs 100, 101 & 106	Pre	
1120	8	19					8	124							Worked Flint includes SFs 103, 104 & 105	Pre	
1124							3	34							Worked Flint includes SF 107		114
1126	3	27														Pre	
1128	15	135					3	22		58						Rom	117
1129	6	20					7	64								Pre	
1132							2	9									
1133	5	26					2	7								Pre	
1141	1	1					10	93		5935						Rom	116
1142							1	3							Unstrat Worked Flint from Trench 126		

**NB Bulk finds quantities may not tally completely with subsequent specialist cataloguing.
No counts for heat-altered flint.**

Appendix 5. Pottery catalogue

Context No	Trench No	F/L no	F/L type	Ceramic Period	Fabric	Form	Dec.	Sherd type	No	Wt/g	Abr/brt	ENV	EVE	Rim d. (mm)	Illust?	Comments	Pottery spot date
0003	9		topsoil	Mod	REFW				1	7		1				Blue painted rim edge	c. L18-20C
0003	9		topsoil	P-med	GRE				1	3		1					c. 16-18C
0048	78	0046	pit	Preh	SG2				1	1	A					Rare-moderate grog	LN/EBA?
0081	120	0080	ditch	Preh	FS2				1	1						Small sherd	LBA-EIA?
0085	74	0084	ditch	Preh	F3				1	1	A					Small sherd	LBA-EIA?
0087	121	0086	gully	Preh	F3				1	1						Small sherd	BA-EIA?
0087	121	0086	gully	Preh	FS2				1	1						Small sherd	LBA-EIA?
0089	121	0088	pit	Preh	F3	Jar (Brudenell Form H)	Rim & shoulder	R	5	57		1	0.15	c. 140	Yes (pot 4)	3 joining sherds, dec. on rim edge and shoulder with small indentations, poss. finger-tip fabric imp, oxidised on body; internal burnt residue, quite thin	EIA Early dec.group c. 800-500 BC (Brudenell 2012)
0089	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA?	FS2	Jar		R	1	8		1	0.05	c. 140?	Yes (pot 5)	Simple flat-topped rim	Prob EIA
0089	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA?	FS2				2	21	(A)	2				One sherd oxidised buff, the other sherd oxidised surface	LBA/EIA - EIA
0089	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA?	FS2				4	2	A					Sherd fragments, generic fabric allocated	LBA/EIA – EIA?
0089	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA?	S3				1	3	(A)	1					IA
0089 <8>	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA	FS4	jar	Rim edge	R	1	5	A	1	0.04	Too small	? (pot 8)	Pale fabric, rare small-medium flint, rim flat-topped, dec. on rim edge with angled indents	EIA EIA dec.group c. 800/700-400 BC (Brudenell 2012)
0089 <8>	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA	S3	Jar/bowl	shoulder	R	1	4	(A)	1	0.05	c. 80?	Yes (pot 7)	Small bead rim, burnished exterior, smoother interior, small triangular patter impressions on shoulder	EIA EIA dec.group c. 800/700-400 BC (Brudenell 2012)
0089 <8>	121	0088	pit	Preh EIA	FS4				17	26	A					Misc medium-small abraded sherds and frags	EIA?

Context No	Trench No	F/L no	F/L type	Ceramic Period	Fabric	Form	Dec.	Sherd type	No	Wt/g	Abr/brt	ENV	EVE	Rim d. (mm)	Illust?	Comments	Pottery spot date
0091 <9>	114	0090	pit	Preh	F2				1	4	A					Orange surface	BA?
0091 <9>	114	0090	pit	Preh	FS3				1	7	(A)						LBA-EIA?
0091 <9>	114	0090	Pit131	Preh	FS3				6	25	A	2				Orange-buff surfaces & fabric, some grog may be present, slightly vesicular	BA-EIA?
0091 <9>	114	0090	pit	Preh	FG			R	1	2	A	1	0.04	Too small		Small rim, slightly everted or flat	BA-EIA?
0103	81	0102	gully	Mod	TPE				1	3		1				Blue painted design – late example	c. L18-20C
0121	109	0120	ditch	Preh	F2				1	1	(A)					Small sherd/ fragment	BA-EIA?
0129	109	0128	pit	Preh	F1				1	24						Buff oxidised surfaces, slightly coarse flint	LBA-EIA?
0129	109	0128	pit	Preh	F2				1	12						Smoothed surface	LBA-EIA
0150	182	0149	Fire pit	Mod	FLO			R	1	8		1				Flowerpot rim	c. L19-20C
0150	182	0149	Fire pit	Preh	FS1	Jar?			1	15		1				Thick-ish sherd, shoulder, incised with grouped vertical lines	IA?
0150 <11>	182	0149	Fire pit	Preh?	S2				1	1						Very small grey sandy sherds/ frags, soft probably prehistoric IA?	IA?
0154	185	0153	Pit fire pit	Preh	FGS		Applied cordon & grooves		1	9	A	1				Unusual decorated surface, disjointed lengths of applied clay mixed with grooves? (Fabric see Flixton Boulter et al 2012, p28-29)	Grooved ware(?) L Neo (c. 3220-2000 BC)
0160	184	0159	ditch	Rom	GMG				1	2	A	1				Small greyware sherd	Rom
0170	127	0169	pit	Preh	F1				1	3						Coarse flint, oxidised sherd surface	LBA-EIA?
0170	127	0169	pit	Preh	F3			shoulder	1	8	A					oxidised sherd surface	LBA-EIA?
0170	127	0169	pit	Preh	S1				3	10	A					Small abraded sherds	IA
0175	131	0174	ditch	Preh	FS2				1	20	A					Abraded, ext oxidised	IA?
0185	132	0184	ditch	Rom	GX				1	1							Rom
0185	132	0184	ditch	Rom	UCC		(slip coated)		1	8	A	1	0.07	200		Unusual rim from a bowl with internal undercut rim, sandy buff fabric with traces of rusty-brown slip,	Rom

Context No	Trench No	F/L no	F/L type	Ceramic Period	Fabric	Form	Dec.	Sherd type	No	Wt/g	Abr/brt	ENV	EVE	Rim d. (mm)	Illust?	Comments	Pottery spot date
																groove in rim - Presumed Roman	
0187	138	0186	ditch	Rom	GX			B	1	14	(A)	1				Base, oxid inner core	Roman
0187	138	0186	ditch	Rom	GMG				1	2	A B?	1				Poss from a carinated pot	Rom (M1-2C?)
0188	138	0186	ditch	Preh IA?	FS2				1	20	(A)	1				Moderately thick sherd, oxidised surface	EIA? c. 700-350 BC
0188	138	0186	ditch	Rom	BSW	Jar (4.1?)		R	1	10		1	0.09	c. 120		Necked jar	Rom c. M1-2C?
0188	138	0186	ditch	Rom	GMG	Bowl?		(shoulder)	1	12		1				Rounded shoulder with grooves above	Rom c. 1/2-3C
0188	138	0186	ditch	Rom	GX	Small bowl/ jar		R	2	6		1	0.12	c. 140		Might at a push be LIA, but probably Roman	Rom
0188	138	0186	ditch	Rom	GX				6	17	(A)					Misc sherds more than one pot, one sherd poss IA	Rom
0199	136	0198	ditch	Preh	S2				1	2	A						IA (E-MIA)
0203	139	0202	ditch	IA	S1			B	2	50	(A)					Recent break	IA c.4C-1C BC
0203	139	0202	ditch	Rom	BSW	Jar/bowl		B	1	10	A						Rom (M1-2/3C?)
0203	139	0202	ditch	Rom	GMB			B	1	4	A						Rom (M1-2/3C?)
0203	139	0202	ditch	Rom	GX	Jar/bowl (4.1?)		R	1	22	A	1	0.10	210			Rom (c. M1-2C)
0203	139	0202	ditch	Rom	GX				3	12	A B?					One sherd possibly burnt	Rom (c. 1-2/3C?)
0211	143	0210	ditch	Preh	F3				1	2	A					Oxidised surface	LBA-EIA?
0211	143	0210	ditch	Preh	S1				3	10						oxidised sherd surfaces	IA (E-MIA)
0211	143	0210	ditch	Preh	S3				1	11	(A)					Weakly oxidised surface	IA (E-MIA)
0223	142	0222	ditch	IA	S3	R			1	4		1	0.06	c. 100		Small rim sherd, bead rim poss EIA but poss also LIA	EIA/IA
0223	142	0222	ditch	IA	S3				1	6	(A)						IA
0239	144	0238	ditch	P-med	IGBW	Tyg (mug)		B	1	315		1				Scars from two handles	16/L16-17C
0243	146	0242	pit	Preh	SG3		Broad shallow grooves on body		1	9	(A)	1				Grooved ware, oxidised buff sherd (see Martin EAA 65 fig 27)	L Neo (c. 3220-2000 BC)

Context No	Trench No	F/L no	F/L type	Ceramic Period	Fabric	Form	Dec.	Sherd type	No	Wt/g	Abr/brt	ENV	EVE	Rim d. (mm)	Illust?	Comments	Pottery spot date
0243	146	0242	pit	Preh	SG3		Broad shallow grooves on body		4	10	(A)	1				Grooved ware, grey-brown sherds	L Neo (c. 3220-2000 BC)
0245	144	0244	ditch	Preh	S3				1	2	A					Abraded small sherd	IA?
0245	144	0244	ditch	Preh	SG3				1	5	A					Quite abraded	LN-BA?/ BA
0258	154		layer	Preh	FG				2	16	(A)					Joining sherds, sparse flint sparse grog, oxidised (orange) surface; single isolated finger-tip indent on sherd surface (accidental?)	LN-BA
1019 <100>	8	1018	pit	Preh	FS2				6	8	A					Small abraded frags from bulk sample	LBA/EIA?
1027	8	1026	pit	Preh	F2				1	7		1				Slightly coarse, similar to HMF1	Later preh? LBA-EIA?
1027	8	1026	pit	Preh	FS3				1	4	A	1				Grey fabric	
1027	8	1026	pit	Preh (LBA/EIA?)	F1	bowl		R	1	12		1	0.05	c. 180-220(?)	? (pot 3)	Flatt/ flattened top to rim, broad, shallow grooves below neck	LBA/EIA c. 1000- 400 BC
1027	8	1026	pit	Preh LN/EBA?	SG2				1	2	A	1				Oxidised surface, prob some grog in fabric, surface poss decorated – likely to be an abraded Beaker sherd	LN/EBA
1033	8	1032	pit	Preh	S1	jar		R	2	9	A	1	0.02	???	Yes (pot 6)	Small sherds from a jar with upright rim, joining	IA (E-MIA)
1094	141	1143	Pit	Preh	FS2				1	7	AA					Fine flint & sand, occasional large piece	LBA-EIA?/ EIA
1094	141	1143	Pit	Preh	S3				3	2	A					Small sherd frags	IA?
1104	180	1103	pit	Preh	G1				13	47	A					Sherds from more than one pot, some with oxidised surfaces	L Neo--EBA/BA
1104	180	1103	pit	Preh	S2		Shallow grooves / thinned incised lines on body		6	14	A					Small abraded sherds, oxidised buff/ orange buff surfaces, some have slightly vesicular fabric Beaker or grooved ware	L Neo--EBA/BA
1104	180	1103	pit	Preh	S2				17	15	A					Misc very small sherd/ fragments	

Context No	Trench No	F/L no	F/L type	Ceramic Period	Fabric	Form	Dec.	Sherd type	No	Wt/g	Abr/brt	ENV	EVE	Rim d. (mm)	Illust?	Comments	Pottery spot date
1104	180	1103	pit	Preh	SG2		Groove on body	B	1	25	A	1				Base edge, flat base, mod. thick sherd, oxidised buff surface, shallow groove on body. Grooved ware?	L Neo (c 3200- 2000 BC)
1114	189	1113	ditch	Rom	GMG			B	1	5	(A)	1					Rom
1114	189	1113	ditch	Rom	GX			B	4	28	(A)	2				Includes a base sherd	Rom
1118	189	1117	ditch	Preh	FS2				1	4	A					Small sherd	LBA-EIA?
1118	189	1117	ditch	Preh	FS2		?		1	1	(A)					Oxidised surface, some irreg. indentations on surface	LBA-EIA?
1120	189	1119	ditch	Preh	FG		Finger-tip/ finger pinch		5	15						Small sherds - rare-moderate flint & grog-temper. Beaker?	LN/EBA
1120	189	1119	ditch	Preh	FG		Bird bone end?		1	3						Small sherds - rare-moderate flint & grog-temper, orange-buff oxidised surface Beaker	LN/EBA
1126	189	1125	pit	LN/EBA	SG1	bowl	finger-tip/ finger pinch	R	2	21		1	0.12	c. 120?	Yes (pot 1)	Bowl from with plain, flat-topped rim, body covered with finger-tip/ finger pinch decoration (rusticated), brown and dark grey grog	Beaker? c. late 3 rd -early 2 nd mill BC
1126	189	1125	pit	LN/EBA	SG2		circular motifs	B	1	6	A	1			Yes (pot 2)	Base edge sherd, thin wall, two abraded circular motifs on surface (see Bamford EAA 16 fig 28b & 39a)	Beaker? c. late 3 rd -early 2 nd mill BC
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	NAR?	Large jar			1	39						Presumed Roman-poss. Nar Valley ware: coarse sandy fabric, grey core brownish orange surface	Rom
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	BUF				3	28		2					c. M1-2/3C
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	GMG	Jar/ bowl		B	3	13	A	1				Includes base sherd	Rom
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	GX	Jar/ bowl		R	2	7	(A)	1	0.10	140		Joining rim sherds, necked jar/bowl	Rom (?1-2C)
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	GX	Bowl 6.3		R	1	11	A	1		165		Bowl with flat out-turned/ flange rim	Rom (?1-2C)
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	GX			B	1	15	A	1					Rom

Context No	Trench No	F/L no	F/L type	Ceramic Period	Fabric	Form	Dec.	Sherd type	No	Wt/g	Abr/brt	ENV	EVE	Rim d. (mm)	Illust?	Comments	Pottery spot date
1128	186	1127	ditch	Rom	GX				4	21	A	2				Sherds from this context (1128) quite broken-up	Rom
1130	172	1129	gully	IA	FS1	Brudenell F/G?		(shoulder)	1	9	(A)					Shoulder sherd, jar/bowl, mix of sand & flint suggest EIA	EIA c. 700-350 BC
1130	172	1129	gully	IA	S2				3	6	A	2					IA c.4C-1C BC
1130	172	1129	gully	Preh BA?	F1				2	4						Oxidised orange surfaces, Neo-BA probably later BA	BA? C. 1000-700 BC?
1133	170	1131	ditch	Preh	F2				2	10							BA-EIA
1133	170	1131	ditch	Preh	S3				3	16	(A)					One sherd oxidised orange-red	IA (E-MIA)
1141	164	1140	pit	Rom	GX				1	1		1				Small sherd, probably Roman	Rom

Fabrics

Fabric code	Fabric name/description
Prehistoric	
F1	Common ill-sorted small-large flint, coarse fabric
F2	Commons small-medium flint with occasional large flint
F3	Moderate-common, small-medium flint
FS1	Common medium sand, sparse-moderated small-medium white quartz sand and flint
FS2	Sand & flint, moderate-common small-medium flint, occasional larger pieces (>4mm) some chaff fragments may be present
FS3	Sand with sparse flint, flint small-large
FS4	Sand with sparse small-medium flint
S1	Common-abundant small-medium quartz sand, occasional small stone
S2	Moderate small-medium sand, slightly vesicular, may contain organic some chaff fragments and occasional small stone
S3	Moderate-common small-medium sand, may contain organic some chaff fragments
SG1	Sand & grog, moderate medium-coarse grog
SG2	Sand with some grog, medium-coarse grog
SG3	Sand with moderate to common grog, medium-coarse grog, vesicular fabric
FG	Flint and grog, moderate-common
FGS	Flint and sand with some grog, moderate ill-sorted flint fine-coarse, slightly vesicular fabric
G1	Grog-tempered, common medium-coarse grog
Roman	
BSW	Black surface wares
BUF	Buff (orange/buff) oxidised wares
GMB	Grey micaceous ware (black surface)

GMG	Grey micaceous ware
GX	Roman coarseware/greyware
UCC	Un sourced colour-coated wares
<i>Post-medieval</i>	
IGBW	Iron-glazed blackwares
<i>Modern</i>	
FLO	Modern flowerpot
REFW	Refined white earthenwares
TPE	Transfer printed earthenwares

Appendix 6. Struck flint catalogue

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	Tool	Blade	Core	Flake	Shatter	Hammer Stone	Spool/ chip	Cortex %	Edge damage	Patination	Re-touch	Notes	Weight (g)
0003	9	Topsoil			1					40	High	Low	None	Crude core from frost fracture	66
0008	9	Subsoil				1	2				Low	None	None	Irregular flake and 2 shatter pieces/ irregular cores with hazen cones	164
0014	74	Topsoil				1		1		25-40	Mod	Low and high	None	Patinated flint hammerstone and possible notched unpatinated flake	226
0015	75	Topsoil					1			1	High	None	None	Shattered piece of a hammer stone	59
0016	70	Topsoil	1 (scraper)			1				5-20	Mod	Light	70% On scraper	One small scraper and a single flake. Likely BA, HH	18
0017	64	Topsoil			1					50	Mod	Light	None	Crude core with small flakes removed from a single edge	147
0018	37	Topsoil		1						5	Mod	Light	None	Single blade, HH	4
0019	71	Subsoil		1						0	Hight	Hight	None	Single heavily patinated small blade	2
0023	94	Topsoil	1 (scraper)							5	Mod	Mod	50%	Single large scraper on broad HH flake. Neo-Ba	53
0024	97	Topsoil			1					10	Mod	High	None	Core/ hammerstone fragment	113
0026	100	Topsoil					2			50	Mod	Low	None	Two large shatter pieces	165
0027	108	Topsoil	2 (scrapers)							0	Mod	Low	20-50	Large hafted (2 parallel notches) 50% re-touch end scraper and a 20% re-touch small side scraper, Neo-Ba	41
0028	107	Topsoil				1					Mod	Low	None	Rejuvenation flake (core), thick	10
0029	120	Topsoil				2	2				High	Low	None	Two shatter and 2 crude flakes, HH, Late prehis, BA-IA	103
0031	48	Pit 0030	1 Small Axe SF.1019		2	8	1			0-50	None	None	Only on axe	Small assemblage with 4 large flakes, 4 small flakes, 1 prepared core, 1 crude core and one	473

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	Tool	Blade	Core	Flake	Shatter	Hammer Stone	Spool/ chip	Cortex %	Edge damage	Patination	Re-touch	Notes	Weight (g)
														shattered core frag. Also, a crude small axe. HH struck, likely Meso-Neo	
0031 Sample 1	48	Pit 0030				1			3	0	None	None	None	One flake and 3 small chips from sample. May show knapping waste in pit.	5
0048	78	Pit 0046				1				0	None	None	None	Small angular undiagnostic flake	2
0052	63	Pit 0051				1				0	None	Low	None	Broken blade, undiagnostic	8
0054	57	Ditch 0053				1					Low	Low	None	Small fine flake, some edge damage, likely residual	3
0083	116	Gully 0082				1				0	Low	Low	None	Small fine flake (broken), some edge damage, likely residual	3
0085	74	Ditch 0084				2				0-25	Mod	Low	None	(One natural discarded.) Two thin flakes, broken.	5 (15)
0089	121	Pit 0088				1				20	None	None	None	One small crude thick flake	4
0089 Sample 8	121	Pit 0088							3	0	None	None	None	Three small crude HH chips/ spool. Late prehistoric. IA	3
0091	114	Pit 0090	1 (crude side scraper)	1		3			2	0-25	Mod	Light to none	None	Small crude side scraper, 2 thick flakes, heat altered flake and a poss residual blade. LBA-IA?	29
0091 Sample 9	114	Pit 0090				2				0-2	Mod	Light	None	Two small flakes, as above.	8
0123	95	Ditch 0122					1			10	Mod	None	None	Crude thick irregular shatter, some previous flake scars	21
0129	109	Pit 0128		1						0	Mod	Light	None	Large thinning blade/ flake. HH, maybe residual	12
0140	26	Topsoil				1				0	Heavy	Heavy	None	Large thick flake, core rejuvenation, some hazen cones on platform	109
0141	24	Topsoil	1 (end scraper)							15	Light	Light	50%	Small fine end scraper from a	8

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	Tool	Blade	Core	Flake	Shatter	Hammer Stone	Spool/chip	Cortex %	Edge damage	Patination	Re-touch	Notes	Weight (g)
														secondary flake. Likely BA	
0154	185	Pit 0153	1 (end scraper)			1				5-45	None	None	20% on scraper	(1 discarded) large flake from core and end scraper on primary flake. Blade like. Neo-BA	33 (48)
0166	188	Ditch 0165												1X natural flint with edge damage (Discarded)	0 (26)
0170	127	Pit 0169				5				0-10	None	None	None	Five flakes, 1 small, all crude and hinge fractured, mostly squat. LBA-IA	28
0188	138	Ditch 0186	1 (end scraper) SF.1020							50	High	Light	70%	Damaged crude end scraper. BA-IA, residual?	25
0194	137	Ditch 0193				1				15	Mod	Light	None	Single flake. Undiagnostic.	6
0195	137	Topsoil	1 (end scraper)							5	Mod	Light	10%	Crude end scraper on a thick HH flake	16
0221	142	P/H 0220				2				0-1	None	None	None	Two small flakes, one from prepared core	3
0223	142	Ditch 0222		1		1				0	Light	Light	None	Thick blade and small flake. HH from prepared core	14
0227	142	Pit 0226				3				0-10	None	Light	None	Three flakes, one small, thick and thin mix, some patination on 1, might be residual	13
0249	143	Pit 0248	1 (crude scraper)							40	Light	None	10-15%	Crude scraper, small areas of bifacial re-touch on a natural frost fracture	10
0258	154	Subsoil	1 (end scraper)	2		2				0-50	Light	Light	40% scraper	Two blades (prepared) 2 thick flakes and a crude scraper on a thick flake. Later prehistoric.	90
0264	25	Topsoil				1				0	High	Light	None	Heavily edge damaged thick crude flake	16
1019	8	P/H 1018		1						10	None	None	None	Thin long blade from prepared core, poss use ware. Likely BA	13

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	Tool	Blade	Core	Flake	Shatter	Hammer Stone	Spoil/ chip	Cortex %	Edge damage	Patination	Re-touch	Notes	Weight (g)
1021	8	P/H 1020				4				0-40	None	None	None	4 small flakes from prepared core, same nodule	25
1023	8	Pit 1022		1						0	None	None	None	One small blade from prepared core	2
1035	17	Pit 1034				2				0-5	Hight (mod)	Light	None	Two small flakes, one broken in 3 in bag. 1 natural (discarded)	2 (57)
1057	15	Ditch 1056				1				5	Light	None	None	Crude flake/ spool. 1 natural (discarded)	9 (20)
1069	41	Pit 1068								50	Heavy	Heavy	None	Natural pot lid (discarded)	0 (26)
1094	141	Quarry pit 1143	2 (end scraper and broken thumbnail)			1				0-10	Heavy	Light-moderate	20% on scrapers	Collection of 2 broken scrapers and 1 other possible broken scraper. Look possible Neo-eBA but likely to be residual due to damage.	54
1104	180	Pit 1103		1		5				0-50	None	None	None	Single thick blade, 5 flakes, 3 heat-altered flakes. Likely neo-BA.	38
1104 Sample 113	180	Pit 1103				4				0-10	None	None	Useware on 1 flake (poss)	Two large and two small flakes, poss useware on 1 flake. Thick and thin, HH. Neo-Ba	27
1106	180	Ditch 1105				4				2-40	Light	Light	None	Four large flakes, some patination and likely residual. All could be neo-ba	65
1114	189	Ditch 1113								20	High	Heavy	None	SF. 106, Likely to be a natural rolled flint and not a scraper	36
1116	189	Topsoil	1 (thumbnail scraper)							10	Mod	Light	20%	Small BA thumbnail scraper. Some edge damage	4
1118	189	Ditch 1117	2 (1 end and 1 side scraper) SF. 100 and 102	3	1	6	1 (SF.101)		10	0-40	Light	Light on some	40-50% on scrapers	Small assemblage with some edge damage. Some maybe residual. 2 crude thick scrapers, one on a blade, smaller finer pieces and a crude core shatter. Maybe a mix of lba-ia and neo-ba. Poss knapping debris	161

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	Tool	Blade	Core	Flake	Shatter	Hammer Stone	Spool/chip	Cortex %	Edge damage	Patination	Re-touch	Notes	Weight (g)
														with the smaller chips seen	
1120	189	Ditch 1119	3 (end and side scrapers) SF. 103, 104, 105			3	1			0-50	None	None	50% on scrapers	Three small thumbnail scrapers on primary flakes (50 % cortex and 50% re-touch on all). Three large flakes and a core shatter fragment. Likely BA, little edge damage, likely to be BA feature. 1 natural (discarded)	87 (124)
1124	187	Pit 1123	Denticulate blade SF. 107	1		1				5-10	None	None	50% on denticulated blade	Small BA denticulated blade, thick flake (broken and blade. BA	34
1128	186	Ditch 1127				3				0-20	None	None	None	Three thick crude flakes, undiagnostic	22
1128 Sample 117	186	Ditch 1127				1				0	None	None	None	Single thin broken flake. Undiagnostic	2
1129 (1130)	172	Gully 1129				7				0-5	None	None	None	Six thick small flakes and a large edge thinning flake with previous flake scars. Neo-Ba. Maybe later?	64
1132	170	Ditch 1131				2				5	Light	None	None	Two thick crude flakes, undiagnostic	9
1133	170	Ditch 1131				2				5	Light	None	None	Two thick crude flakes, undiagnostic	7
1141	164	Pit 1140		3		7				0-10	None	Light	None	Three blades, one large. Mix of thin and thick flakes, some with previous flake scars. Likely Neo-Ba, maybe residual ?	93
1142	126	Unstrat				1				0	Light	Light	None	One thin flake, undiagnostic	3
Total			21	17	6	98	11	1	18					Total Struck flint: 172	2,875

Appendix 7. Heat-altered flint and stone catalogue

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	HA Core	HA flake	High temp HA Flint	Low temp HA Flint	Stone	Notes	Weight (g)
0031	48	Pit 0030		2	63	7	8	Majority of Hight heat-altered. 2 Flakes low heat altered. May show thermal preparation or knapping near fire. 2 natural discarded	1,462 (1,540)
0031 Sample 1	48	Pit 0030			42	1		Small High temp HA flint	183
0036 Sample 2	58	Pit 0034			9	5		Low and high temp small and mid-sized HA flint	59
0048	78	Pit 0046			2			2 mid-sized high heat-altered	38
0052	63	Pit 0051			2			2 small high heat-altered	3
0054	57	Ditch 0053			1			1 mid-sized high heat-altered	28
0083	116	Gully 0082			3			3 small high heat-altered	6
0089	121	Pit 0088			1			1 small high heat-altered	1
0089 Sample 8	121	Pit 0088			11			Small and v. small high temp	29
0091 Sample 9	114	Pit 0090		1	14	4	2	Mostly high temp HA, some stone and a flake. Mid-sized and small frages. Cooking debris?	259
0127 Sample 10	94	Pit 126			4			Mid-sized high temp HA. Small amount	53
0150 Sample 11	182	Pit 0149			2		1	Stone and small sized high HA flint, not great. Likely residual/ background	38
0154	185	Pit 0153		4	358	27	12	Large, mid-sized and small mostly high temp heat altered flint and stone. Some flakes HA. (31 discarded)	4,140 (4,415)
0170	127	Pit 0169			3			3 large high heat-altered	205
0215	142	Ditch 0214			1			1 small high heat-altered	6
0223 Sample 17	142	Ditch 0222			5	2		Large and mid-sized low and high temp HA. Nat occurring	250
0229 Sample 16	148	Pit 0228			1	1		Small low and high temp. Scrappy	5
1021	8	P/H 1020						Natural (discarded)	0 (145)
1040 Sample 103	25	Pit 1038			3	2		Three small high temp HA, two low. Small amount	74
1067	38	Pit 1066				1	2	3 mid-sized low heat-altered	17
1069	41	Pit 1068			2	2		2 high temp and 2 low temp mid-sized heat altered flints	50
1074 Sample 107	37	Pit 1073				3		Low temp HA, likely residual?	45
1104	180	Pit 1103	2	2	36		21	2 large HA cores and 2 flakes within a high heat altered assemblage. Possible quenching showing on shattered cortex	3,190
1104 Sample 113	180	Pit 1103	1		115		5	Another HA core, more fragmented. Possible quenching showing on shattered cortex.	2,735
1108	185	Pit 1107				1		1 mid-sized low heat-altered	19

Context Number	Trench	Feature type	HA Core	HA flake	High temp HA Flint	Low temp HA Flint	Stone	Notes	Weight (g)
1114	189	Ditch 1113			2			2 small high heat-altered	19
1128	186	Ditch 1127			4			4 mid-sized high heat-altered	58
1128 Sample 117	186	Ditch 1127			6	2		Mid and small sized low and high temp HA	96
1139 Sample 115	169	Pit 1138				3		Low temp HA, small.	30
1141	164	Pit 1140		4 (non HA)	467	5		Mostly large, mid-sized and small high temp HA flint. Some non-HA small flakes and chips. 32 natural discarded	5,652 (5935)
1141 Sample 116	164	Pit 1140			176			Mid, small and v.small high temp HA. As above.	799
Total			3	13	1,333	66	51	Total HA: 1,466	19,549

Appendix 8. Catalogue of small finds

Small Find No	Context No	Object	Material	Frag. No	Weight (g)	Description	Depth (mm)	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Period
100	1118	Scraper	Flint	1							
101	1118	Blade ?	Flint	1							
102	1118	Blade ?	Flint	1							
103	1120	Scraper	Flint	1							
104	1120	Scraper	Flint	1							
105	1120	Scraper	Flint	1							
106	1114	Scraper	Flint	1							
107	1124	Blade	Flint	1							
1000	0001	Button	Copper alloy	1	2.7	Complete, flat discoidal cast button with raised motif of an anchor on the front; integral wire attachment loop on the back, flattened. MD.	3.6			16	Mod
1001	0001	Button	Copper alloy	1	2.4	Complete, discoidal livery button with horse above crowned shield motif on the front. Front is slightly domed. On the reverse is the makers name: Firmin and Sons, 153 Strand, London, which dates the button to c.1852-1875. Attachment loop added separately. Traces of gilding on front. MD.	8.1			16	Mod
1002	0002	Mount	Copper alloy	0	19.4	Circular mount or bridle fitting. The front has a central circular depression with gridded decoration within; around that are radiating triangles. The reverse is flat with two large (19mm wide) fixing lugs, each bearing traces of an iron pin at the end, which may have contained a strap. c 17th century in date. MD.	8.1	31.2	38		Pmed
1003	0002	Seal	Lead	1	5.2	Cast, biface cloth or bale seal. The seal is circular and is formed from a single thick piece of lead which is perforated by a hole running across its diameter. This perforation would have enabled it to be secured to a bag. One face is stamped with the initials J F & Co. The opposing face has the lettering MILLS HAIMS STERN. Date: 1700 – 1900. MD.	3.6			17	Pmed
1004	0003	Button	Copper alloy	1	4.8	Complete composite general service button with raised motif on front of crowned shield flanked by lion and unicorn. Lion on top of crown. Wire attachment loop threaded through two holes on back section of button. Possibly WW1 – 2. MD.	8			24	Mod
1005	0003	Button	Copper alloy	1	0.7	Complete, cast composite discoidal, flat button. Front has a raised rim and central raised motif -	5.9			12	Mod

Small Find No	Context No	Object	Material	Frag. No	Weight (g)	Description	Depth (mm)	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Period
						possibly a horse's head. Back has integral attachment loop. MD.					
1006	0004	Button	Silver	1	0.6	Incomplete cast, hollow plano-convex button. The front would have been domed and decorated but most of it is missing. The back is flat and has two blow holes - one either side of the truncated attachment loop. MD.	4.9			13	Pmed
1007	0005	Bell	Copper alloy	1	8.2	Fragment of a cast crotal bell; on the front are the remains of a sound hole and radiating lines. MD.	2.6	22.8	26.3		Pmed
1008	0006	Buckle	Copper alloy	1	5.2	Incomplete spectacle buckle with a lobed knob at either end of the strap bar. The central strap bar is narrowed. The buckle is cast with a floral decoration perhaps used to fasten a waist belt or for a sword belt. Dates to c. 1550 - 1650. MD.	2.8	24.4	40.9		Pmed
1009	0007	Button	Copper alloy	1	3.6	Complete composite general service button with raised motif on front of crowned shield flanked by lion and unicorn. Lion on top of crown. Incomplete wire attachment loop threaded through two holes on back section of button. Along with lettering Birmingham Limited Buttons. Possibly WW1 - 2. MD.	6.2			24	Mod
1010	0009	Coin	Copper alloy	1	5.4	Victorian half penny of 1861. MD.	1.4			26	Mod
1011	0010	Compact	Copper alloy	1	50.4	Complete square make-up compact with two square framed inset internal compartments. One external surface is decorated with a floral pattern. Possibly 1950s. MD.	60.5	9.5	63.2		Mod
1012	0011	Buckle	Copper alloy	1	5	Fragment of a cast, openwork buckle frame with a scalloped and lobed edge to the front of the frame. Tinning or silvered finish to the exterior. Back is flat and has filing marks.	2.2	19.7	29.2		Pmed
1013	0011	Coin	Silver	1	5.3	A silver milled 'bull head' shilling of George III, (AD1760-1820). Last coinage, AD1816-1820. London Mint AD1816. Obverse shows a laureate head right, coin date 1816 below head. Obverse legend reads GEOR : III DG BRITT . REX FD: Reverse shows a crowned shield in garter. Reverse legend reads HONI . SOIT . Q MAL . Y . PENSE. MD.	1.4			24	Mod
1014	0012	Buckle	Copper alloy	1	6.8	Cast, sub rectangular buckle frame with rounded corners and central iron strap bar. The frame has moulded scrollwork on the front; the back is plain. Missing pin. It is curved in profile and was probably a shoe buckle. MD.	3.7	26.1	33		Med - Pmed
1015	0013	Buckle	Copper alloy	1	4.8	Fragment of a cast, square buckle frame. The frame has scrolled edged and central scrolled	2	39.9	18.9		Pmed

Small Find No	Context No	Object	Material	Frag. No	Weight (g)	Description	Depth (mm)	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Period
						engraved design on the front. The back is plain. MD.					
1016	0021	Brooch	Copper alloy	1	3.3	Incomplete cast brooch in the form of a seated parrot. The front is covered with regularly spaced circular indents that would have had paste settings; on of which remains. Evidence for the exterior being silvered or tinned. The back is hollow/concave. MD.	2.7	14.3	45.6		Mod
1017	0022	Badge	Copper alloy	1	2.4	Fragment of the banner from a cast military badge. The banner has the words '...AST NORFOLK LOYAL' across it. Traces of gilding on the front. MD.	1.4	6	36.8		Mod
1018	0025	Mount	Copper alloy	1	27.3	Complete, cast oval shaped mount for horse harness. The front is convex and decorated with ribs radiating out from the centre in low moulded relief. The edge is scalloped, coinciding with the radiating ribs. The back is concave and has four prongs spaced equally around the edge for attachment. Probably of 17th century date. MD.	9.6	45.1	53.8		Pmed
1019	0031	Axe head	Flint	1							
1020	0188	Scraper	Flint	1							
1021	0020	Royal artillery badge	Copper alloy	1	11.3	Royal artillery cap badge, possibly WW1. MD.	5.6	66.9	49.9		Mod
1022	1108	Object	Iron	1	24.6	Elongate piece of iron, L-shaped in profile. Detail masked by corrosion and encrusted dirt. Possibly a hinge pivot or nail.	17.2	29.1	30.6		

Appendix 9. OASIS form

OASIS ID: suffolka1-326133	
Project details	
Project name	Land to south of A11, Cringleford
Short description of the project	Between September and October 2018 an archaeological trial trench investigation was carried out on a c.27ha piece of land south of the A11, Cringleford, Norfolk prior to the construction of a proposed residential development. The 197 trenches, excavated across six separate fields to the north and south of Cantley Lane, revealed six distinct phases of past activity. An early Neolithic phase was represented by a single pit containing a flint assemblage that included a small crude flint axe. A focus of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age activity comprising pits containing assemblages of Grooved ware and Beaker pottery was identified in one field, with further dispersed features in another. A Late Bronze Age/ Early Iron Age phase was represented by a dispersed scatter across the site of pits, postholes and ditches containing small assemblages of pottery, flint and fired flint and stone, with a potential focus of activity in two areas. A phase of Early/Middle Iron Age activity consisted of a number of pits and ditches, again with a potential focus of activity in two areas, dated by small pottery and flint assemblages. The ditches possibly represent a field system. Six ditches dated by pottery assemblages to the Romano British period represent a second possible field system and further undated ditches noted across the site likely belong to either this or the Early/ Middle Iron Age phase. A scatter of undated pits and firepits that contained residual flint assemblages are likely to contemporary with the prehistoric phases. Post medieval/modern activity consisted of three ditches, two of which align with a field boundary that is known from historic mapping to have been removed sometime between 1950 and 1970. Undated large extraction pits and a series of smaller pits and scrapes are likely to be of post-medieval or modern date, possibly associated with construction of the adjacent A47 or A11 dual carriageways.
Project dates	Start: 17-09-2018 End: 25-10-2018
Previous/future work	Yes / Not known
Any associated project reference codes	CNF 43689 - Related HER No.
Any associated project reference codes	2018_098 - Contracting Unit No.
Any associated project reference codes	ENF144996 - HER event no.
Any associated project reference codes	2013/1494 - Planning Application No.
Any associated project reference codes	2018.243 - Museum accession ID
Type of project	Field evaluation
Site status	None
Current Land use	Cultivated Land 3 - Operations to a depth more than 0.25m
Monument type	DITCH Late Bronze Age
Monument type	DITCH Late Neolithic
Monument type	DITCH Early Bronze Age
Monument type	PIT Early Neolithic
Monument type	PIT Late Neolithic
Monument type	PIT Early Bronze Age
Monument type	PIT Late Bronze Age
Monument type	PIT Early Iron Age
Monument type	PIT Middle Iron Age
Monument type	DITCH Roman

Monument type	DITCH Early Iron Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Late Neolithic
Significant Finds	POTTERY Early Bronze Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Late Bronze Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Early Iron Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Middle Iron Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Roman
Significant Finds	FLINT Early Neolithic
Significant Finds	FLINT Late Neolithic
Significant Finds	FLINT Early Bronze Age
Significant Finds	FLINT Late Bronze Age
Significant Finds	FLINT Early Iron Age
Significant Finds	POTTERY Post Medieval
Significant Finds	METAL Post Medieval
Significant Finds	METAL Modern
Methods & techniques	"Sample Trenches", "Targeted Trenches"
Development type	Rural residential
Prompt	National Planning Policy Framework - NPPF
Position in the planning process	Pre-application
Project location	
Country	England
Site location	NORFOLK SOUTH NORFOLK CRINGLEFORD Land to south of A11, Cringleford
Postcode	NR4 6TA
Study area	27 Hectares
Site coordinates	TG 1891 0524 52.600283218917 1.232941794209 52 36 01 N 001 13 58 E Point
Height OD / Depth	Min: 15m Max: 33m
Project creators	
Name of Organisation	Suffolk Archaeology CIC
Project brief originator	Local Authority Archaeologist and/or Planning Authority/advisory body
Project design originator	Suffolk Archaeology CIC
Project director/manager	John Craven
Project supervisor	Martin Cuthbert
Type of sponsor/funding body	Client
Name of sponsor/funding body	Big Sky Developments Ltd
Project archives	
Physical Archive recipient	Norfolk Museums Service
Physical Archive ID	NWHCM: 2018.243
Physical Contents	"Animal Bones", "Ceramics", "Environmental", "Worked stone/lithics"
Digital Archive recipient	Norfolk Museums Service
Digital Archive ID	NWHCM: 2018.243

Digital Contents	"none"
Digital Media available	"Database","GIS","Images raster / digital photography","Survey","Text"
Paper Archive recipient	Norfolk Museums Service
Paper Archive ID	NWHCM: 2018.243
Paper Contents	"none"
Paper Media available	"Context sheet","Correspondence","Drawing","Plan","Report","Section","Survey "
Project bibliography	
Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	Land South of A11, Cringleford, Norfolk - Archaeological Evaluation Report
Author(s)/Editor(s)	Cuthbert, M.
Other bibliographic details	2018/098
Date	2018
Issuer or publisher	Suffolk Archaeology CIC
Place of issue or publication	Needham Market
Description	A4 ring bound grey literature report with full colour photos and figures. Some A3 pullouts

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