ICKNIELD HEATH (Part)

Archaeological Earthwork Rapid Identification Survey
Suffolk Archaeology Service Refs ESF 22969 & HER IKL199

For The Norfolk Wildlife Trust

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March 2015

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Site Site

1 Introduction

The survey was undertaken to provide information for an Environmental Stewardship Scheme (Higher Level Stewardship), which is to involve heathland restoration of a c.40 hectare block in the parish of Icklingham, and within an extensive Forestry Commission area.

A brief was supplied by Suffolk Archaeology, and a method statement agreed with the contractor, both documents held by all parties, the main points of methodology being noted below:

"The area to be systematically inspected using c.50m transects, vegetation and topography allowing. Features considered to be of archaeological interest would be identified, located on a 1:10,000 map provided by the client, and given an analytical description. Hand-held GPS would assist in the siting of features. The Historic Environment Records (HER) of Suffolk Archaeology Service, archive maps at the Suffolk Record Office and early published maps would be inspected, and suitable references included in the text. Digital and hard-copy reports to be provided to the Norfolk Wildlife Trust and Suffolk Archaeology."

The existing archaeological record contains two relevant sites, both linear features. A bank flanks the Icknield Way along the south-east boundary, IKL 105, and a bank is just inside the south-western boundary, IKL 164.

Hodskinson's Map of Suffolk of 1783 does not specifically show the land as heath, the normal depiction is not there, but the track layout would indicate an open landscape. It names the Icknield Way, a continuation of what was then termed "The Old London Road", further to the north-east, whilst the only other relevant feature was a track leading from Elveden Gap to the north-east, south-westwards to Icklingham, this cutting through the north-western part of the area. It is not on current maps. By the time of the Enclosure Act in 1816, the area was called Weather Hill Heath, and on the Tithe Map and Award of 1839 it is described as heath. Air photographs indicated no likely significant earthwork features.

The surface vegetation at the dates of survey, March 12th & 22nd 2015, consisted of c.2 hectares of extant conifers in the north, an area of c.6 hectares of mown grass in the south, with the remaining area of longer grass with existing stumps and brash.

2 Summary

The two existing boundary features were identified, along with two additional boundary features to the west, probably post-medieval. The other features noted are various depressions, some extraction pits, others of likely military origin. Much of the area is relatively even ground, suggesting that before original Forestry Commission planting, the area was ploughed. The area of mown grass covers a naturally gently undulating even surface, indicating a likely more recent ploughing.

3 Results

The area of survey is banded in green on Fig 1. Features described are marked in red and numbers correspond to those in the text.

Existing Sites:

IKL 105 Icknield Way boundary, confirmed as a bank as on HER.

IKL 164 The western most section of this bank is still shown on Ordnance Survey maps, but the easternmost section is not. This latter is a barely visible gentle south-facing scarp of c.0.3m high on the cut grass area noted above. This eastern section is not shown on the early 19thC maps and is probably a modern feature.

New sites:

Site 1 TL80307619 to 80467634 Photo see Appendix A

A 5m wide spread bank up to 0.6m high, continuing to north and south. Shown on the early 19th C maps, most likely to be of post-medieval origin. C.40m from the southern end, at TL80347622, a 4m diameter depression 0.3m deep, encroaches into the south-eastern flanks of the bank.

Site 2 TL80307619 to 80557592

A south-west facing scarp up 0.6m high, but tapering considerably to the north-west. The difference in level from the heath to the south-west may be the result of ploughing. Boundary as on the early 19thC maps, again probably post medieval line, but current form may be modern.

Site 3 TL80377619

An irregular depression, c.10m by 7m, up to 1.5m deep, with a spoil mound to its south. Considered modern, but origin unclear as the spoil roughly mirrors the depression.

Site 4 TL80477629

A group of three small irregular sub-circular depressions up to 0.5m deep, maximum dimensions 3m. Spaced roughly 4m apart forming a rough triangle. Origin unclear, maybe remnants of extraction, partially infilled.

Site 5 TL80517617 Photo see Appendix A

A near circular 5m diameter depression, c.0.6m deep. Unclear origin, probably extraction remnant of post-medieval/modern date. 4m to its east is a smaller, 3m diameter, 0.3m deep depression, barely noticeable in the long grass.

Site 6 TL80567622 Photo see Appendix A

A near circular 6m diameter depression, c.0.6m deep. Origin as Site 5.

Site 7 TL80627616

An irregular depression up to 0.8m deep, with max dimensions 12m by 10m, with slight spoil evidence. Considered an extraction remnant of post-medieval/modern origin.

Site 8 TL80987597

A shallow irregular depression up to 0.5m deep, with max dimensions 9m by 7m. A probable extraction remnant, partially infilled, of likely post-medieval/modern origin

Site 9 TL81087593

A steep sided oval depression, c. 4m by 3m up to 1.5m deep in centre, with slight flanking spoil.

Site 10 TL81107591

A steep sided oval depression, c.4m by 3m up to 1m deep, with slight flanking spoil.

Site 11 TL81137590

A steep sided rectangular depression, 4m by 2m, up to 1m deep, with slight flanking spoil.

Site 12 TL81177588 Photo see Appendix A

As Site 11.

Sites 9-12 are in line alongside an access track. This, along with their form, suggests a likely origin as military trenches, possibly 1939-1945 War training?

NB. Similar depressions were seen to the north of the access road to the east from the B1106.

Site 13 TL80497629

20m to the east of Site 4 are two depressions, one 5m diameter, 0.7m deep, the other 4m diameter and 0.3m deep. Similar to Site 5.

Sites 1, 6 &7 are within the wooded area, the remainder within the longer grassed areas.

4 Conclusions

The boundary features noted are of considerable interest due to their likely age. With the exception of Sites 9 to 12 which may well be of military origin, the others are probably remnants of post-medieval extraction pits, but the proximity of sites 4 to 7 and 13 to the track noted on Hodskinson may indicate an earlier origin, as they are in a relatively isolated location. Due to the likely ploughing of the whole area, the depressions, with the exception of sites 3 and 9 -12, are likely to be of a considerably degraded form, perhaps removing any spoil, although the possibility exists that sites 5 & 6 and 13 are small explosion craters.

As with many earthwork sites, ground level photography here has not provided any great insights into interpretation or description.

5 Bibliography

1783 Hodskinson's Map of Suffolk, Larks Press Edition 2003

1816 Enclosure Award Map SRO QRI/23

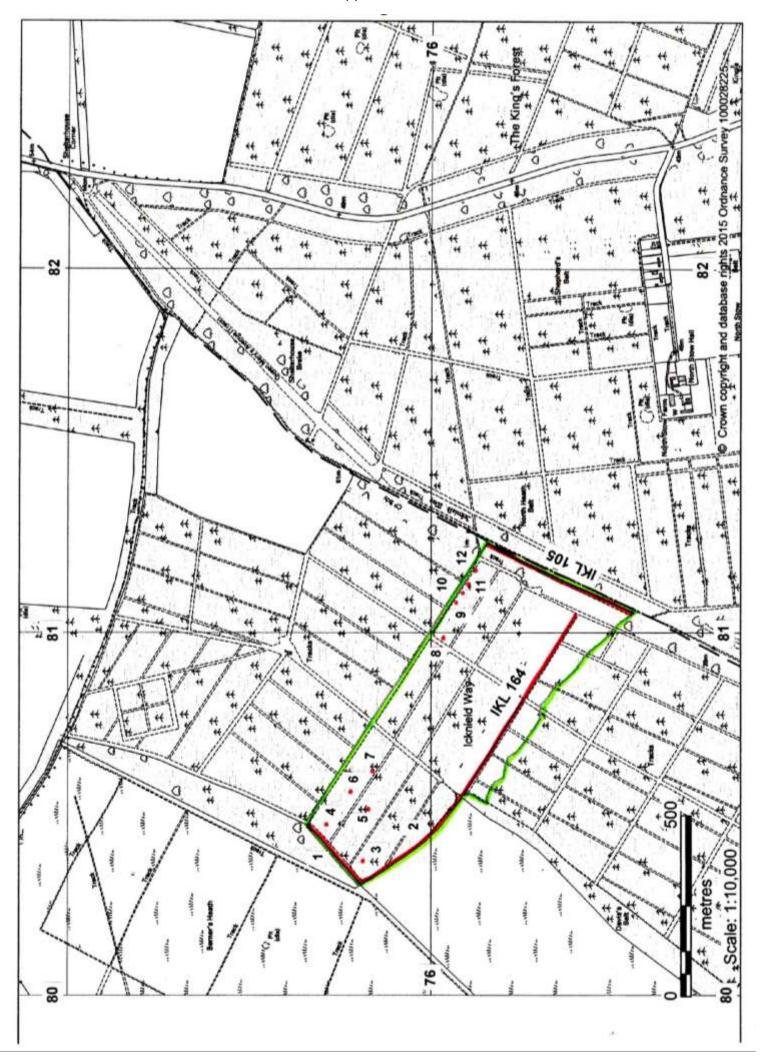
1839 Tithe Award Map, Icklingham All Saints, SRO T55/2

6 Acknowledgements

Thanks to staff at The Norfolk Wildlife Trust for providing the appropriate maps and for facilitating access onto the site, and to staff at Suffolk Archaeology for providing sight of relevant air photographs and existing archaeological records.

7 Appendices

- A Location of Sites
- B Photographs of Sites 1, 5, 6 & 12
- C OASIS report





Site 5 looking E



Site 1 looking N



Site 12 looking SW



Site 6 looking E

Appendix C

OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: England

List of Projects | Manage Projects | Search Projects | Change your details | HER coverage | Log out

Printable version

OASIS ID: briancus1 204449

Project details

Short description Earthwork RIS over c.40 hectares of heath/woodland with the intention of restoring

of the project heathland habitats. Survey recorded banks, extraction pits and probable trenches,

all considered post-medieval or modern.

Project dates Start: 19-02-2015 End: 22-03-2015

Previous/future Yes / No

work

Any associated I

project reference

codes

ESF22969 - HER event no.

Any associated project reference

codes

IKL 199 - Sitecode

Type of project Field evaluation

Site status None

Current Land use Grassland Heathland 3 - Disturbed

Monument type PITS Post Medieval

Monument type TRENCHES Modern

Monument type BANKS Post Medieval

Significant Finds NONE None

Methods & techniques

"""Survey/Recording Of Fabric/Structure"""

Development type Estate management (i.e. maintenance of existing structures and landscape by

capital works and on-going maintenance)

Prompt Conservation/ restoration

Position in the Not known / Not recorded

planning process

Project location

Country England

Site location SUFFOLK FOREST HEATH ICKLINGHAM Icknield Heath

Study area 40.00 Hectares

Site coordinates TL 808 759 52.3508643498 0.654931602975 52 21 03 N 000 39 17 E Polygon

Height OD / Depth

Min: 45.00m Max: 52.00m

Project creators

Name of Organisation Norfolk Wildlife Trust

Project brief originator

Local Authority Archaeologist and/or Planning Authority/advisory body

Project design originator

Local Auth Archaeologist

Project

Local Auth Archaeologist

director/manager

Project supervisor Local Auth Archaeologist Type of Other Charitable Trust

sponsor/funding

body

Name of sponsor/funding Norfolk Wildlife Trust

body

Project archives

Physical Archive

Exists?

Contractor

No

Digital Archive recipient

Icknield RIS Digital Archive ID

Digital Contents "Survey"

Digital Media available

"Survey", "Text"

Paper Archive

recipient

Contractor

Paper Archive ID Icknield RIS

Paper Contents "Survey"

Paper Media available

"Map", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

Title Icknield RIS

Author(s)/Editor(s) Cushion, B.

Date 2015

Issuer or publisher B Cushion

Place of issue or

publication

Weston Colville

Description A4 Format report with maps, text and photographs

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OASIS:

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