

**Gold enrichment in Staffordshire Hoard K550: results of SEM-EDX analysis**

Object Type Inscription  
Date 630-670

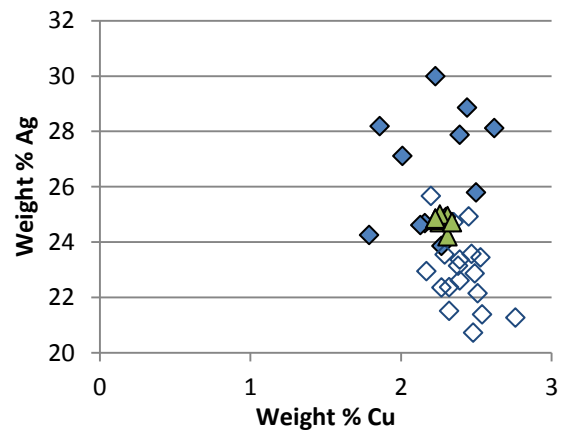
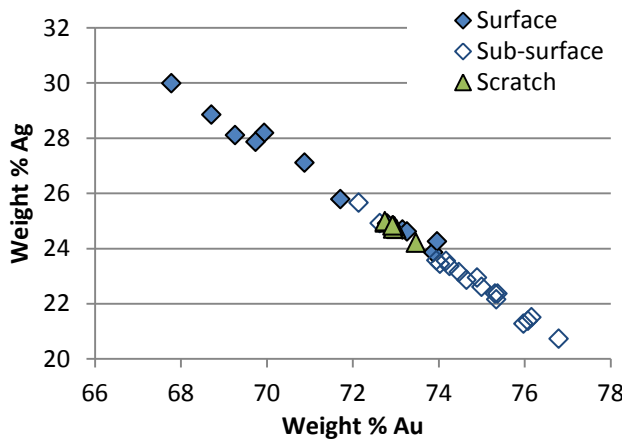
Decoration Filigree  Glass   
Garnet  Other



SEM-EDX analysis was undertaken on two areas on the front of this piece.

| Area analysed | No of analyses |                    | Wt% Au | Wt% Ag | Wt% Cu |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Surface       | 12             | Average            | 71.3   | 26.5   | 2.2    |
|               |                | Standard Deviation | 2.16   | 2.08   | 0.25   |
| Scratch       | 8              | Average            | 74.7   | 22.9   | 2.4    |
|               |                | Standard Deviation | 1.26   | 1.31   | 0.14   |
| Sub-surface   | 18             | Average            | 72.9   | 24.8   | 2.3    |
|               |                | Standard Deviation | 0.22   | 0.24   | 0.04   |

SEM-EDX surface and sub-surface compositions (the results are normalised). This analysis was carried out as part of the gold enrichment study. For full details of methodology and associated results see report PR07444-10 and PR07444-15



Plots of gold vs silver and copper vs silver contents, based on SEM-EDX analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface and surface analyses.

The analysis revealed a small loss of copper at the surface, most likely indicative of corrosion that can occur during burial which results in natural surface enrichment. There was an increase in silver at the surface which may be contamination from the niello used in the inlays. The surface of the scratch had a similar composition to the subsurface, so may be evidence to confirm that the silver present on the surface results from manufacture rather than post deposition.

Eleanor Blakelock  
Analysed October 2013

**This report contains unpublished research. Its contents should not be published without the permission of the Keeper of the Department of Conservation and Scientific Research.**