



Gold enrichment in Staffordshire Hoard K714: results of SEM-EDX analysis

Object Type Pommel Date 610-630

Decoration Filiaree

Filigree ✓ Glass Garnet Other

SEM-EDX analysis was undertaken on a number of components, including the sheet that was used as a base for the filigree, the large filigree wire and small filigree wire.



Area analysed	No of analyses		Wt% Au	Wt% Ag	Wt% Cu
Base sheet surface	8	Average	84.0	14.6	1.4
		Standard Deviation	1.03	0.93	0.13
Base sheet sub-surface	12	Average	79.5	17.9	2.6
		Standard Deviation	1.30	0.99	0.39
Large filigree wire surface	8	Average	80.0	18.0	2.0
		Standard Deviation	0.31	0.38	0.12
Large filigree wire sub-surface	12	Average	82.6	15.5	1.9
		Standard Deviation	1.41	1.29	0.19
Small filigree wire surface	8	Average	83.3	15.0	1.7
		Standard Deviation	2.49	2.19	0.37
Small filigree wire sub-surface	12	Average	83.3	14.8	1.9
		Standard Deviation	0.99	0.91	0.18

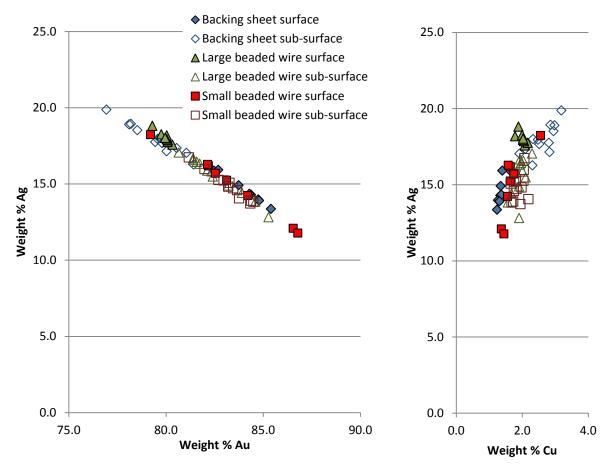
SEM-EDX surface and sub-surface compositions for each component analysed (the results are normalised). This analysis was carried out as part of the gold enrichment study. For full details of methodology and associated results see report PR07444-10 and PR07444-15

SEM-EDX analysis of the sub-surface of the base sheet indicated a composition of approximately 77-81 wt% gold, 17-19 wt% silver, the rest being copper. The analysis revealed a *c*.3.4 wt% loss of silver from the surface (a difference of *c*.19% from surface to core), which is indicative of treatment to deliberately enrich the gold colour of the metal. Only copper and small amounts of silver are normally lost from the surface during burial.

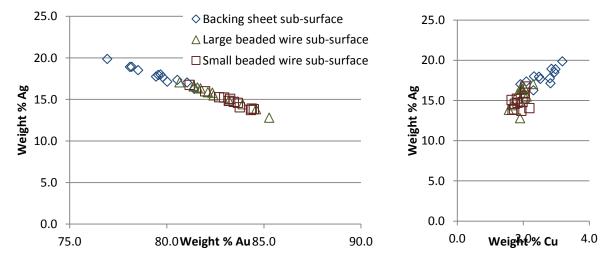
The analysis revealed no, or a small, loss of copper at the surface of the wires, most likely indicative of corrosion that can occur during burial which results in natural surface enrichment. There was also a small increase in silver at the surface which is most likely from close contact to corroding silver objects in the burial environment.

Comparison of the sub-surface compositions suggests that the beaded wires were probably made from the same gold alloy. The backing sheet however was more distinctive but was still a similar gold alloy.

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Plots of gold *vs* silver and copper *vs* silver contents, based on SEM-EDX analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface and surface analyses.



Plots of gold *vs* silver and copper *vs* silver contents, based on SEM-EDX analysis, showing the differences between the sub-surface analyses of each component analysed.

Eleanor Blakelock Analysed January 2014

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