

Archaeology Wales

Land at Rocks Green, Ludlow Shropshire

Archaeological Desk Based Assessment & Geophysical Survey



By

Chris Smith BA (Hons) MA MCifA
Kate Pitt MA ACifA

Report No. 1514

Archaeology Wales Limited,
The Reading Room, Town Hall, Great Oak Street,
Llanidloes, Powys SY18 6BN
Tel: +44 (0) 1686 440371
E-mail: admin@arch-wales.co.uk

Archaeology Wales

Land at Rocks Green, Ludlow Shropshire

Archaeological Desk Based Assessment & Geophysical Survey

Prepared For: J. Ross Developments Ltd

Edited by: Mark Houlston

Signed: 

Position: Managing Director

Date: 22/11/16

Authorised by: Mark Houlston

Signed: 

Position: Managing Director

Date: 22/11/16

By

Chris Smith BA (Hons) MA MCifA
Kate Pitt MA ACifA

Report No. 1514

November 2016

Contents

Non-technical summary	3
1. Introduction	3
2. Site Description	4
3. Archaeological & Historical Background	4
4. Aims & Objectives	5
5. Methodology	5
6. Desk Based Assessment and Impact Assessment	11
7. Geophysics Results	28
8. Discussion and Conclusions	29
9. Acknowledgements	31
10. Bibliography	31

Appendices

Appendix 1	Figures
Appendix 2	Plates
Appendix 3	HER Data
Appendix 4	Archive Cover Sheet

Figures

Fig 1	General location map
Fig 2	Detailed location map
Fig 3	HER Data
Fig 4	1818-34 2 Inch OS Surveyors Drafts
Fig 5	1836 1 st Series 2 Inch OS Map
Fig 6	1846 Stanton Lacy Parish Tithe Map Field Name Transcription
Fig 7	1904 2 nd Edition 1:10560 OS Map

Fig 8	1964 Edition 1:10560 OS Map
Fig 9	1967 Edition 1:2500 OS Map
Fig 10	1975 Edition 1:10000 OS Map
Fig 11	Mobius 1978 Aerial Photograph Transcription
Fig 12	Site visit field numbers and cropmark locations
Figs 13-17	Geophysics results

Plates

Plates 1-5	Views of Field 1 from site walkover
Plates 6-7	Views of Field 2 from site walkover
Plates 8-13	Views of Field 3 from site walkover
Plates 14-16	Views of Field 4 from site walkover
Plates 17-83	Visual Impact Assessment

Non-technical summary

Archaeology Wales Ltd carried out a desk based assessment, visual impact assessment and geophysical survey in October 2016 on land at Rocks Green, Ludlow, Shropshire, prior to the proposed construction of a new residential development with parking, access, landscaping and associated infrastructure. The aim of the work was to identify the presence or absence of archaeological features located within the assessment area.

The assessment area lies to the east of the town of Ludlow in an area of open fields currently in use as grazing land. The desk based assessment demonstrates that its use as agricultural land dates back at least the 19th century and likely into the medieval period. A small area of medieval ridge and furrow cultivation in Field 3 represents the only feature of archaeological significance located by the desk based assessment within the development area. However, the assessment records archaeological features located immediately to the south of Field 4, which were identified by the transcription of Aerial Photographs in 1978.

*The visual impact assessment on settings of Designated Heritage Assets concludes that the Scheduled Ancient Monument of St Julian's Well, the Grade II Listed Building at 94 Grave Hill, and the Grade II Registered Hanley Park, are all considered of High Importance. However, the settings of these heritage assets can be considered of **minor** risk of impact due to the lack of mutual visibility between them and the development site, with no further mitigation required.*

Most of the non-designated heritage assets within the 0.5km radius from site have similar or inter-related settings. The land plot of the new development site is not currently visible from these settings, but the new dwellings probably will be. Most of the settings of the non-designated heritage assets will be visible from the development site. The setting impacts range from neutral to major.

The Geophysical Survey of Fields 1 and 3 shows a low density of features of indeterminate function. Field 2 has negative results. Field 4 does not show conclusive results, possibly as a result of soil importation undertaken during the construction of the A49 Ludlow bypass. It was, therefore, not possible to say whether the archaeological features identified by the desk-based assessment as lying immediately to the south of the development area, continued into Field 4.

The negative physical impact during the construction phase for the proposed development could be mitigated by a programme of archaeological work. A trenched evaluation is recommended prior to groundworks commencing. Targeted trenching has the potential to help better understand the features identified by the geophysical survey in Fields 1 and 3, and also, possibly, in Field 4, although the depth of possible imported soil here is unknown.

1. Introduction

In October 2016 Archaeology Wales Ltd was commissioned by J. Ross Developments Ltd, to conduct an archaeological desk based assessment and geophysical survey on

land at Rocks Green, Ludlow, Shropshire (NGR SO 52480 75580 Fig. 1) prior to the submission of a planning application for the construction of 200 houses with associated landscaping, access and infrastructure. The aim of the work was to identify the presence or absence of any archaeological features within the assessment area which may be impacted upon by the proposed development.

An archaeological scoping response to the proposed development was prepared by Hugh Hannaford, Shropshire County Council – Historic Environment Team (SCC-HET). The scoping was used by Archaeology Wales Ltd (AW) to draw up a specification (Appendix 3) for the required archaeological work which was subsequently approved by SCC-HET.

2. Site Description

2.1 Location, Topography, Geology

The assessment area is located at NGR SO 52480 75580 to the north-east of the A49 and the south-east of the A4117 on land at Rocks Green, approximately 700m to the north-east of the town of Ludlow, Shropshire. The site, currently in use as grazing pasture, comprises four fields and a total of 119,000m² (Fig 2).

The site is gently undulating in surface profile with land falling away gently towards the south east from a height of 130m OD to approximately 115m OD.

A small building complex, Rock Green Terrace and the Nelson Inn, is present adjacent to the north-west of the site boundary.

The underlying solid geology of the assessment area is composed of limestone in the Ludlow series from the Silurian era. The subsoils covering the assessment area are described as freely draining, loamy, floodplain soils with shallow groundwater tables (BGS 2016; Soilscales 2016).

3. Archaeological Background

3.1 Historical Background

There is little evidence for early occupation on the site of Ludlow. The placename and medieval documentary evidence suggests the existence of a Bronze Age barrow on the site of the church (Gelling, 1990), and there is an important Bronze Age cemetery at Bromfield, a few miles north of the town. A number of flint flakes and a Neolithic stone axe fragments have been recovered from the general area of the town. It has also been suggested that two prehistoric routeways met at Corve Bridge, comprising the east-west "Clun-Clee ridgeway" and a north-south route reflected by the line of Corve Street and Old Street (Lloyd and Klein, 1984). This second routeway is believed to

have been aligned on a ford over the River Teme, and may have been followed by a Roman road.

The town is not mentioned in the Domesday Book of 1086. The construction of Ludlow Castle commenced between 1086 and 1094 and by 1138 the placename 'Lodelow' was in use.

Medieval Ludlow had over 500 burgage plots, which were clustered around the large spaces occupied by the castle and the parish church. The sequence of planning phases responsible for the medieval development of Ludlow, whilst a matter of speculation, clearly includes the burgaging of areas outside of the town walls (Such as along Old Street). In 1377 Ludlow had a tax paying population of 1172 and ranked as the 33rd largest provincial town in England.

The assessment area is located away from the centre of Ludlow within the adjoining parish of Stanton Lacy. During the medieval period, land use within the assessment area is likely to have been largely agricultural. Lloyd (1999) states that "Cultivation took place on 'the open fields of Ludlow' which stretched as far as Prior's Halton in the west, Stanton Lacy in the north, Rock in the east and Overton in the south", thus encompassing the assessment area. Faraday (1991) also makes reference to common pasture at Rock in the later 13th century.

Excavations in 1975, carried out in advance of the construction of the A49 trunk road to the immediate south-west of the assessment area, recovered a small Bronze Age beaker assemblage associated with a hearth as well as a likely Romano-British rectilinear ditched enclosure.

The archaeological and historical background is covered in greater detail within the desk based assessment section of this report.

4. Aims and Objectives

4.1 Desk Based Assessment and Heritage Impact Assessment

The assessment was undertaken to:

- Gain an understanding of the history of land use within the assessment area and locate any readily identifiable archaeological features
- To place the results of their work in their historic context
- Assess the likely visual impact of the proposed development
- To aid and inform any further stages of archaeological work deemed necessary

4.2 Geophysical Survey

The geophysical survey was undertaken to:

- Locate any archaeological features which may be present within the assessment area
- Highlight any archaeological material which may be affected by the proposed scheme with reference to its character, distribution, extent and relative significance.

5. Methodology

5.1 Desk Based Assessment

As part of the desk based assessment, the following repositories were searched for readily available information pertaining to the area of proposed development and its immediate surroundings.

- A search of the regional HER (Shropshire) database for the locations of all known archaeology (Monuments, Events) within a 1km radius of the assessment area boundary
- Aerial photographic coverage held by the Cambridge University Collection of Aerial Photography (CUCAP) and transcriptions within the regional HER (Shropshire).
- The County Archives for all readily available historic mapping covering the assessment area as well as published articles pertaining to the site.

All works were undertaken in accordance with the CIfA's *Standards and Guidance: For an Archaeological Desk Based Assessment* (2014) and current Health and Safety legislation.

A site walkover was also carried out as part of the desk based assessment in order to locate any visibly extant archaeological features apparent within the assessment area. Any visible features were noted, their locations within the assessment area recorded and were photographed using a high resolution (20mp+) digital camera.

The site walkover and desk based assessment were carried out by Chris E Smith MCIfA of AW under the overall management of Kate Pitt ACIfA (AW). The assessment of visual impacts on setting was carried out by Auri Zamora (AW).

5.2 Visual Impact Assessment

The Heritage Impact Assessment included an assessment of the potential impacts on the settings of designated heritage assets within a 1km radius of the site and non-designated heritage assets within a 0.5km radius of the site. In this case, the radius was from the centre of the site, but did include the Grade II registered park just outside this

1km radius. The work complied with the guidance provided in Historic England’s ‘Historic Environment Good Practice Advice in Planning Note 3: The Setting of Heritage Assets’. The Heritage Assessment also made recommendations for any proposals to mitigate direct impacts on the archaeological interest of the proposed development site itself.

5.2.1 Visual Impact Analysis

The methodology will consider the Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) in order to define the area from which the development may potentially be visible by reference to surrounding topography. The scale and severity of impacts upon heritage assets will be assessed in accordance with *The Setting of Heritage Assets* (Historic England, 2015) and the *Design Manual for Roads and Bridges* (DMRB, 2007).

5.2.2 Assessment of the Significance of a Heritage Asset

In order to understand the effect of the proposed scheme upon a heritage asset, these assets have been individually assessed in relation to statutory designations and the regional research agenda. The value of the heritage assets have been defined using the following grades: Very High, High, Medium, Low, Negligible and Unknown. The criteria for defining the importance of an asset are in the following table:

Value of Heritage Asset	Definition
Very High	<p>Archaeological Sites: Sites of international importance, inscribed as a World Heritage Site. Individual attributes that convey Outstanding Universal Value of a World Heritage Site. Assets that can contribute significantly to international research objectives.</p>
	<p>Built Heritage: Buildings or structures of acknowledged international importance, inscribed as a World Heritage Site. Buildings or urban landscapes of recognised international importance.</p>
	<p>Landscape: Landscapes inscribed as a World Heritage Site. Undesignated landscapes of international importance.</p>
High	<p>Archaeological Sites: Scheduled Ancient Monuments Assets that can contribute significantly to national research objectives. Undesignated sites of national importance.</p>
	<p>Built Heritage: Listed Buildings Conservation Areas containing very important buildings. Undesignated buildings with exceptional historical associations Undesignated structures of national importance. Well-preserved historic townscapes with exceptional coherence.</p>

	<p>Landscape: Registered Parks and Gardens Registered Battlefields Nationally designated historic landscapes. Undesignated landscapes of outstanding interest and national value. Well-preserved historic landscapes with exceptional coherence.</p>
Medium	<p>Archaeological Sites: Assets that can contribute significantly to regional research objectives. Undesignated sites of regional importance. Archaeologically Sensitive Areas.</p>
	<p>Built Heritage: Conservation Areas containing buildings which significantly contribute to its historic character. Townscapes or built-up areas with good historic integrity. Undesignated buildings with exceptional qualities or historical associations Undesignated structures of regional importance.</p>
	<p>Landscape: Designated historic landscapes. Moderately well-preserved historic landscapes with reasonable coherence. Townscapes with moderate historic integrity.</p>
Low	<p>Archaeological Sites: Undesignated sites of local importance Assets compromised by poor preservation and/or poor survival of contextual associations. Assets with the potential to contribute to local research objectives.</p>
	<p>Built Heritage: Historic buildings of modest architectural or historic quality Historic buildings with modest historical associations Undesignated structures of local importance. Townscapes with vernacular characteristics but limited historic integrity.</p>
	<p>Landscape: Landscapes of local importance. Poorly preserved historic landscapes.</p>
Negligible	<p>Archaeological Sites: Assets with limited surviving archaeological interest.</p>
	<p>Built Heritage: Historic buildings with no significant architectural or historic merit. Townscapes with no historic integrity.</p>
	<p>Landscape: Landscapes with no historic integrity.</p>

Table 1 - Criteria for Defining the Value of Cultural Heritage Assets

5.2.3 The Significance of the Setting of a Heritage Asset

The setting of a heritage asset relates its immediate surroundings and the extended views of the asset. Setting embraces all of the surroundings from which the heritage asset can be experienced, or that can be experienced from the asset. The setting takes into account views from, towards and through the asset. It should be noted that the

contribution that setting makes to the significance of an asset does not depend on ownership or public access to experience that setting.

The value of setting for a heritage asset has been assessed by considering the importance of that asset, as defined by the criteria set out in Table 1. The degree to which the setting contributes to the understanding or appreciation of the asset has been determined according to the extent that the surroundings complement the location and appearance of an asset. The overall value of the setting of an asset has been assessed as a function of the importance of an asset and the significance of its setting.

5.2.4 Assessment of Impact of the Proposed Development

The impacts considered for the proposed development significantly include the physical impact within the footprint of the site, and the visual impact upon the setting of surrounding monuments or the change in view from those assets.

In order to assess the visual impact of the scheme, all heritage assets have been considered within the Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) of the development site. The ZTV has been used to define the area from which an asset may be totally or partially visible by reference to surrounding topography. According to specification drawn by SCC-Historic Environment Archaeology Service, a Visual Impact Assessment was undertaken for all the Setting of Designated Heritage Asset within 1km radius of the site, and all the Setting of Non-designated Heritage Asset within 0.5km radius of the site. This element should comply with the guidance provided in the guideline *'Historic Environment Good Practice Advice in Planning Note 3: The Setting of Heritage Assets'* (Historic England 2015).

The scale and severity of Visual Impacts upon Setting of Heritage Asset have been ranked using the following table:

	VALUE OF HERITAGE ASSET				
	Very High	High	Medium	Low	Negligible
SEVERITY OF IMPACT	OVERALL IMPACT / SIGNIFICANCE OF EFFECT (AVERSE OR BENEFICIAL)				
Major Impact	Major	Major	Major	Moderate	Minor
Moderate Impact	Major	Major	Moderate	Minor	Negligible
Minor Impact	Moderate / Major	Moderate	Minor	Negligible	Negligible
Negligible Impact	Minor	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible
No Impact	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral

Table 2 - Matrix to Assess the Overall Impact on Cultural Heritage Assets (DMRB 2007)

5.3 Geophysical Survey

A Bartington Grad601 gradiometer was used to undertake the survey. Previous research has shown that fired, or cut and backfilled archaeological features such as kilns and hearths, ditches and pits often have an anomalously higher magnetic susceptibility than the surrounding subsoil due to burning and biological processes. Differences in magnetic susceptibility within the subsoil and archaeological features can be detected as changing magnetic flux by an instrument such as a gradiometer. Data from this may be mapped at closely spaced regular intervals, to produce an image that may be interpreted to locate buried archaeological features (Clark 1997; Aspinall et al 2011).

Detailed survey was carried out in grids of 30m x 30m along parallel traverses spaced at 1m intervals, recording data points spaced at 0.25m intervals to a maximum instrument sensitivity of 0.1nT in accordance with English Heritage Guidelines. The survey mode was set to bi-directional (traverses walked alternately south-north/north-south). At regular intervals the data was downloaded in the field onto a laptop computer for storage and assessment. The location of the survey area was then surveyed using a Topcon GTS 725 total station.

Data Processing and Presentation

Following the completion of the detailed survey, processing and analysis took place using the Geoplot software package. After downloading, the results were plotted. The most typical method of visualising the data is as a greyscale image. In a greyscale, each data point is represented as a shade of grey, from black to white at either extreme of the data range.

A number of standard operations (including destriping and despiking) were carried out to process the data. The mean level of each traverse of data was reduced to zero and all grids matched so that there were no differences between background levels. The data was then analysed using a variety of parameters and styles and the most useful of these were saved as JPEG images and displayed using Adobe Illustrator software. The results of the survey were then overlaid onto a digital map of the study area. This was then used to produce interpretation figures.

All works were undertaken in accordance with the CIfA's Standards and Guidance for a geophysical survey (2014) and current Health and Safety legislation.

The on-site work was undertaken by Hywel Keen & Irma Bernardus and data processing by Hywel Keen (ACIfA).

6. Desk Based Assessment Results

6.1 HER Data - Monuments

A search of the regional HER revealed a total of only 38 known and recorded archaeological sites within a 1km radius of the assessment area (Fig 3). The sites are listed by SMR number and a brief description of each is given below. The full HER database for the assigned 1km search area is contained within Appendix 4.

SMR Number 03096 - MSA2013 **Site Name** Cropmark features Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1)

A rectangular enclosure of unknown date, a circular enclosure of unknown date identified from aerial photography. SO 5248 7529 (72m by 60m)

SMR Number 03097 – MSA2014 **Site Name** Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)

This site represents a linear feature of unknown date. SO 5257 7527

SMR Number 03098 – MSA2015 **Site Name** Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3)

A complex of features aligned with long axis roughly N/S, consisting of two probable rectangular enclosures about 6-10m apart. The Southern Enclosure was investigated in 1975 in advance of the construction of the Ludlow By-Pass. SO 5256 7522 (54m by 91m)

SMR Number 03099 – MSA2016 **Site Name** Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)

This site represents: a rectangular enclosure of probable Iron Age to Roman date. SO 5265 7522 (66m by 68m)

SMR Number 03379 – MSA2175 **Site Name** Earthworks N of Dodmore Manor Farm
This site represents: a moat of medieval date, a moated site of medieval date, a fishpond of medieval date, a possible earthwork of medieval to post medieval date. SO 5256 7637 (234m by 130m)

SMR Number 03759 – MSA2460 **Site Name** Find Spot c1959 of a wooden bowl at 12 Julian Road, Ludlow

Turned wooden bowl, c 14cm diameter, dug up c 1959 at 12 Julian Rd, Ludlow. SO 5172 7505

SMR Number 03775 – MSA2475 **Site Name** Find Spot in 1983 of a flint flake at Sandpits Road, Ludlow

Flint flake, found in garden of 10, Sandpits Road, Ludlow, May 1983. SO 5188 7519

SMR Number 04435 – MSA2909 **Site Name** Ridge and Furrow, NE of Rock Farm

This site represents: ridge and furrow of probable medieval date, an earthwork of probable medieval date. 5295 7613 (648m by 363m)

SMR Number 04436 – MSA2910 **Site Name** Ridge and furrow and enclosures W of Rock Farm

This site represents: ridge and furrow of medieval date, an earthwork of medieval date.
SO 527 758 (100m by 100m)

SMR Number 17353 – MSA9089 **Site Name** No 94 GRAVEL HILL (East Side), Ludlow

A mid to late 18th century house. **Grade II Listed 1202916**. SO 5154 7529

SMR Number 19690 – MSA11238 **Site Name** St Julians Well, Ludlow

Scheduled Ancient Monument 1020656. Grade II Listed 1202883: A holy well which was once within the medieval Augustinian Friary precinct. SO 5184 7506

SMR Number 06264 – MSA12320 **Site Name** Ludlow & Clee Hill Railway

This site represents: a mineral railway of 19th to 20th century date. SO 5516 7732 (10m by 10m)

SMR Number 06267 – MSA12323 **Site Name** Medieval Street System, Ludlow

This site represents: a road of medieval date. SO 5117 7491 (Centred)

SMR Number 06308 – MSA12337 **Site Name** Street system (Post Medieval), Ludlow

This site represents: a road of post medieval date. SO 5120 7480 (Centred)

SMR Number 14979 – MSA15487 **Site Name** Agricultural Building at Dodmore Manor, East Hamlet

A threshing barn, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914. SO 5256 7635

SMR Number 14980 – MSA15488 **Site Name** Threshing Barn at Dodmore Manor Farm, East Hamlet

A threshing barn, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914. SO 5259 7636

SMR Number 14982 – MSA15490 **Site Name** Firtree Cottage, East Hamlet

A house, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914. SO 5286 7596

SMR Number 14983 – MSA15491 **Site Name** Suncrest, East Hamlet

A house, with outbuildings, which were built sometime between 1750 and 1914. SO 5268 7587

SMR Number 14984 – MSA15492 **Site Name** No 1 Rock Green Bank, East Hamlet

A house, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914. SO 5267 7586

SMR Number 14985 – MSA15493 **Site Name** Rock Cottages, East Hamlet

A house, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914. SO 5299 7558

SMR Number 14986 – MSA15494 **Site Name** Cottages at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

A house, with outbuildings/stables, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914. SO 5295 7561

SMR Number 14987 - MSA15495 **Site Name** Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

A cowhouse, pigsties, stables and cartshed, which were built sometime between 1500 and 1914. SO 5295 7574

SMR Number 14988 – MSA15496 **Site Name** Further Agricultural Building at Rock Farm, East Hamlet.

Barn, Cowstall and Cart Storage building, which were built sometime between 1500 and 1750. SO 5295 7574

SMR Number 14989 – MSA15497 **Site Name** Farmhouse, Rock Farm, East Hamlet
A farmhouse, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914. SO 52910 75717

SMR Number 14991 – MSA15499 **Site Name** The site of The Riddings, East Hamlet
The site of a house, which was built between 1500 and 1914 - now demolished and a modern house built on site. SO 5243 7490

SMR Number 15003 – MSA15506 **Site Name** The site of Dodmore Manor
A large timber framed house demolished circa 1955. SO 5257 7630

SMR Number 15005 – MSA15508 **Site Name** Gateway and boundary wall to Dodmore Manor
A gateway and boundary wall to Dodmore Manor. SO 525 763

SMR Number 16195 – MSA15780 **Site Name** Dodmore Cottage, East Hamlet
A house, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1750. SO 5275 7597

SMR Number 14381 – MSA18515 **Site Name** Ludlow Cemetery Chapel
A chapel of unknown date. SO 5198 7549

SMR Number 24189 – MSA26535 **Site Name** Site of Dodmore Manor Farm
A farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project. Farmstead totally demolished. SO 5256 7633 (10m by 10m)

SMR Number 24195 – MSA26541 **Site Name** Rock Farm
A farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping. SO 5294 7572 (10m by 10m)

SMR Number 24196 – MSA26542 **Site Name** Dun Cow Farm
A farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping. SO 5226 7563 (10m by 10m)

SMR Number 24198 - 26544 **Site Name** 7 & 8 Rock Lane
A farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping. SO 5214 7500 (10m by 10m)

SMR Number 24204 – MSA26550 **Site Name** Site of Riddings farmstead, Vashon Close, Ludlow
Site of Riddings farmstead, Vashon Close, Ludlow. SO 5238 7489 (10m by 10m)

SMR Number 21864 – **MSA30625 Site Name** Earthwork remains S of Dodmore Manor Farm

An area of earthwork remains of ridge and furrow of possible medieval date. SO 5251 7621 (338m by 258m)

SMR Number 21865 – **MSA30626 Site Name** Possible medieval road to Dodmore Farm and Wigley.

Partial earthwork remains of road of possible medieval date. SO 5265 7637 (732m by 692m)

SMR Number 28277 – **MSA31041 Site Name** St Peter's Church and Presbytery, Ludlow

The Roman Catholic congregation in Ludlow formerly met in a modest hall in Julian Road. This church was built between 1935 and 1936 to the designs of Giuseppe Rinvoluceri (1894-1963). SO 5163 7545 (52m by 41m)

6.2 HER Data – Events

A search of the regional HER revealed a total of only 8 known and recorded archaeological events within a 1km radius of the assessment area (Fig 3). The events are listed by SMR number and a brief description of each is given below. The full HER database for the assigned 1km search area is contained within Appendix 4.

Event ID: ESA2288 **Name:** 1967 field observation by the Ordnance Survey. SO 5185 7505

Event ID: ESA2850 **Name:** 1975 Excavations at Rockgreen in advance of bypass construction

Part of a cropmark on low sloping ground east of Ludlow was investigated in advance of the construction of a bypass road. SO 5251 7519 (467m by 266m)

Event ID: ESA2851 **Name:** 1979 field observation by the Ordnance Survey. SO 5256 7520

Event ID: ESA3069 **Name:** 1980 field observation by Shropshire County Council. SO 5257 7630

Event ID: ESA4723 **Name:** 1994 Investigation of St Julian's Well by SCAS

On 3rd November 1994, SCC dug down the SW side of the well to check the soundness of the structure. SO 5180 7510

Event ID: ESA6154 **Name:** 2003 Historical landscape restoration of Bringewood Chase

SO 4808 7313

Event ID: ESA6285 **Name:** 2003 archaeological and architectural analysis of St Julian's Conduit

SO 5184 7506 (4m by 5m)

Event ID: ESA7346 **Name:** 2014 DBA of land at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, Ludlow by Castlering.

An assessment was undertaken to accompany a planning application for demolition of existing redundant farm buildings and the construction of a new food store and fuel station, together with associated access and parking, at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, near Ludlow, Shropshire. SO 52272 75685 (200m by 146m).

6.3 HER Data – Designated Sites (SAMs, LBs, Parks & Gardens)

The designated site locations received from the HER showed only a small amount of data within a 1km radius (Fig 3) of the assessment area boundary. The designated sites are listed by their respective SAM and LB number below:

6.3.1 Listed Buildings

1202883 - St Julian's Well – Grade II Listed

1202916 - 94 Gravel Hill – Grade II Listed

6.3.2 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

1020656 - St Julian's Well - A holy well which was once within the medieval Augustinian Friary precinct

6.4 HER Data Summary

The data received from the HER shows a total of 38 monuments and 8 archaeological events located within a 1km radius of the assessment area boundary (Fig 3).

Within the 38 monuments are 2 listed buildings and one scheduled ancient monument.

With the exception of monument polygon MSA2910, an area of medieval ridge and furrow earthworks, none of the HER data is located within the assessment area itself.

Those HER monuments of most relevance to the development proposals are SMR numbers 03096 to 03099, Rockgreen enclosures 1 to 4. These HER entries represent a series of enclosures adjacent to the southern edge of the assessment area of likely Romano-British date. Excavations in 1975 on the route of the A49 by-pass to the immediate south-west of the assessment area also located Bronze Age materials including Beaker pottery and an associated hearth (ESA2850).

Whilst the HER data shows these sites to be located immediately outside of the assessment area, it is possible, given their extreme proximity, that similar archaeological features also exist within the site itself.

6.5 Impact Assessment

As all but one of the sites contained within the HER data are located outside of the assessment area no physical impact will arise as a consequence of the development proposals on the known archaeological features.

MSA2910, the single HER data entry within the assessment area, is an area of medieval ridge and furrow earthworks extending eastwards from the middle and eastern edge of the assessment area towards Rock Farm. Approximately one third of this monument polygon is contained within the assessment area.

The significance of an impact is devised by cross referencing the importance of the affected feature with the estimated level of impact. This follows the principles set out in the Design Manual for Roads & Bridges, Volume II, Section 3, Part 2, Cultural Heritage (Table 1).

MSA2910, an area of medieval cultivation furrows, can be ascribed a level of low or negligible importance. As the development proposals do not include a proposed site layout at this point, the physical impact of the development on MSA2910 is assumed to be its total removal, a major magnitude of impact. Using Table 1, a major magnitude of impact upon a feature of low to negligible importance results in a moderate/minor impact. This could likely be downgraded to a minor impact as only approximately a third of MSA2910 is located within the assessment area, thus the majority of the feature will remain *in situ*.

Whilst the listed buildings, scheduled ancient monument and designated historic park and garden located within a 1km radius of the assessment area boundary will receive no direct physical impact as a result of the development proposals, there may be indirect impacts upon the setting of these designated monuments.

6.6. Visual Impact upon Settings of Designated and Non-designated Heritage Assets

6.6.1 Views to the Surrounding Landscape (Plates 17-21)

The development site is situated on the northeast edge of the urban townscape of Ludlow, and overlooks the Henley Road and Rocks to the southwest, and the natural landscape of Clee Hill to the northeast. The urban pattern is defined by hamlets and smaller villages and a medium to high density dispersal of farmsteads. There are clusters of wayside cottages and smallholdings resulting from encroachments on common land between the sixteenth and early nineteenth century.

Aside from the designed parkland, this landscape type lacks significant woodland; characteristically, tree cover comprises scattered hedgerow and field trees, mainly oak

and ash. In the medieval period many of the villages in this landscape were surrounded by open fields. These fields were enclosed on an informal basis from the sixteenth century onwards. Farms developed away from villages by the nineteenth century, associated with piecemeal, reorganised enclosure, creating a pattern of sub-regular hedged fields. The land use is primarily mixed farming. The farmsteads are characterised by medium-scale estate farms such as Rock Farm. The traditional building type is of timber-frame and local limestone construction, with brick used from the mid-1800s.

6.6.2 Scheduled Ancient Monument, Listed Buildings and Registered Park

There are 3 designated sites listed on the Shropshire Historic Environment Record (HER) within 1km of the development site; these include a duplicate record for St Julian's Well, which is a Scheduled Ancient Monument and Listed Building. The sites are briefly described below:

St. Julian's Well; SAM 1020656 and Grade II Listed Building 1202883 (Plates 21-26)

The monument includes the standing structural and buried remains of St Julian's Well, a holy well, situated in the middle of Livesey Road, in the north eastern outskirts of Ludlow. The well was originally within the precincts of the Augustinian friary, which was established in the mid-13th century and is located to the east of the medieval town. St Julian's Well was used as a source of water for the White Conduit, which is thought to have served as the town's first public water supply.

There are documentary references to the White Conduit during the reign of Edward IV (1461-83), and this is probably the water supply mentioned in a document of 1308. The well and the conduit's course are both shown on a map of 1862. The well house, constructed over the cistern, is built of rubble with dressed quoins and coping stones. The nature of its construction suggests that it has been extensively repaired in the post-medieval period. It is roughly rectangular in plan and of pediment shape. It measures approximately 2.6m by 3m and stands to a height of 1.07m. In 1994, as part of a programme to consolidate the well house, a limited investigation was undertaken. This revealed an entrance at the south western end, which had been blocked by two stone slabs. Inside, steps led down into the cistern, the sides of which were lined with ashlar. The cistern was found to contain a thick deposit of organic matter. This investigation has shown that the structure as a whole survives in good condition. The well is a Listed Building Grade II. The road surface and kerbs, the lamp standard and sign are all excluded from the scheduling, although the ground beneath all these features is included.

94 Gravel Hill; Grade II Listed Building 1202916 (Plates 27-31)

This monument comprises a mid-18th century cottage with 19th century alterations. It is a two storey building of red brick, with plain tile roof, two ranges of sash windows. The par-glazed door from 19th century within two-light casement. Finished on cream

colour rendering. It comprises also a single- storey wing with corrugated iron roof to the right. The thickness of the front wall suggests an additional brickwork from possibly 19th century. This is a building that preserves a combination of typical late-Victorian and Edwardian architectonic styles. It is located in one of the main access from Ludlow Gravel Hill, which contains a number of Local Heritage features, and another Grade II Listed Building: Gravel Hill House (LB 1281929), although it is not included within the 1km radius from site.

Henley Hall and Parkland; Grade II Registered Park 1001124 (Plates 32-36)

Historic England holds a Register of Historic Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest. These Registered landscapes are graded I, II* or II, and include private gardens, public parks and other green spaces. Registration is a material consideration in planning terms, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

There are no registered parks and gardens within the 1km study area. However, the parkland at Henley lies approximately 4km to the northeast of the centre of Ludlow, and approximately 2km to the northeast of the development site. The park comprises a roughly triangular tract of land of approximately 60 ha, which is registered at Grade II. At its north end, on the A4117, is an early 18th century wrought-iron screen and gates (listed grade II*), probably by Robert Bakewell of Derby, brought to Henley in the early 20th century from Wirksworth (Derbys).

Henley Hall (listed grade II) is a large and long red-brick building, ranged east/west, of various dates from the 16th century. It was rebuilt and extended in brick about 1700, and again in 1772 by Thomas Knight. Further substantial alterations and additions were made in 1875 and 1907.

Visual Impact Assessment on Settings of Designated Heritage Assets

The Scheduled Ancient Monument of St Julian's Well, the Grade II Listed Building at 94 Grave Hill, and the Grade II Registered Hanley Park, are all considered of High Importance according to Table 1. However, the settings of these heritage assets can be considered under a minor risk of impact due to the lack of mutual visibility between these and the development site. Consequently, the Visual Impact Assessment for these settings of heritage asset fall into the category of Minor Impact. This requires no further mitigation relating to these assets.

6.6.3 Non-Designated Heritage Assets

There is a total of 18 non-designated heritage assets listed on the Shropshire Historic Environment Record (HER) within 500m of the development site, with settings subject to visual impact assessment due to historic or landscape significance, and the proximity to the new proposed development. The settings of these SCC-HER monuments are in most occasions related to each other, as they all are characteristic of the historic-natural

landscape of Shropshire. These heritage assets can be grouped according to the following period-type relation:

Prehistoric to Romano-British (Plates 37-44)

There are 4 prehistoric to Romano-British heritage assets: the Rock Green Cropmark Enclosures 1 to 4 (MSAs 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016), along with two Ridge and Furrow fields, at NE and W of Rock Farm (MSAs 2909 and 2910).

Cropmark Rockgreen 1 MSA 2013, a sub-circular enclosure of unknown date identified from aerial photography, which preserved the north half of a very faint circle with approximately 50m in diameter. It contained two possible rectangular features set within the circle, one of approximately 32m by 12m and one on the interior E side of c. 12m by 8m, both on a northwest-southeast axis.

Cropmark Rockgreen 2 MSA 2014, a linear feature with a 90 degrees angle at its N end. The N/S section runs for c. 30m and then turns E for c. 10m.

Cropmark Rockgreen 3 MSA 2015, a complex of two probable rectangular enclosures about 6 to 10m apart, aligned roughly north-south and linked by a ditch on the E side.

Single ditched enclosure Rockgreen 4 MSA 2016, a rectangular enclosure with no visible entrance. Maximum dimensions c. 40m by 30m in a north-south axis.

In 1975, a number of excavations at Rockgreen in advance of bypass construction (Event ESA2850) investigated these sites, and in 1979 field observation by the Ordnance Survey (Event ESA2851). The most noteworthy evidence from these excavations was a hearth from the Beaker period, Beaker sherds, a flint flake and a barbed and tanged arrowhead. The ditch was located and excavated at two points: it was about 2m wide and 1m deep from the present ground surface. The eastern run on Rockgreen 3 had been backfilled with clay containing several sherds of red soft pottery thought to have been Romano British. Two further parallel ditch systems were identified in Rockgreen 4. None of the features had strong or clear edges, no animal bone survived and some pottery fabrics had been so affected by corrosion that they lost their structure, particularly a soft pottery which appeared only as a bright red smear. Discussed by Halsted, in the context of the Bronze Age in Shropshire: *'the hearth associated with fragments of Beaker pottery and a flint scatter at Rock Green may represent a transient settlement episode and appears to be consistent with the ephemeral nature of settlement evidence recorded for the Late Neolithic and Early Bronze Age in Britain generally'*. Halsted reiterates the evidence for transient occupation at Rock Green. He remarks on the distance from a water course, possibly indicating *'transient occupation episodes associated with hunting, ceremonial events and transhumance practices'* (Halsted 2007). The range of dates attributed to these sites go from Bronze Age (1600 BC) to Romano-British (AD 410). The sites lay within

arable fields by the time of the archaeological investigation, but have been severely disrupted by the embankments and road of the Ludlow Bypass, especially Rockgreen 1 and 3. The northwest, west and south margins are now overlaid by new dwellings, and in consequence, none of the archaeological features are actually visible.

Due to MSA 2013, 2015 and 2016 being now heavily developed, they can be ascribed a level of negligible importance. The impact of the development on the setting of them is assumed to be major. Using Table 1, a major magnitude of impact upon a feature of negligible importance results in a minor impact.

MSA 2014 survives in open fields adjacent to the assessment area, and is ascribed a level of medium importance. The impact of the development on the setting of MSA 2014 is assumed to be major. Using Table 1, a major magnitude of impact upon a feature of medium importance results in a major impact.

Medieval (Plates 45-50)

The Ridge and Furrow at NE of Rock Farm MSA 2909, and the Ridge and Furrow at W of Rock Farm MSA 2910, are earthworks observed and photographed from the air in April 1990. MSA 2909 is a small to medium area of ridge and furrow adjacent to the road, with a square depression and a possible platform near the western edge of the field. MSA 2910 comprise of the same type of ridge and furrow, but at the northern side of the Ludlow Road (A4117). The range of dates attributed to these sites are between AD 1066 and 1540. The sites lie within arable fields crossed by the Ludlow Road. To the southern side, the ridge and furrow MSA 2909, located west of Rock Farm; and to the northern side, the ridge and furrow MSA 29010, located east of Dodmore Cottage, MSA 15780.

MSA 2909 and MSA 2910 can be ascribed a level of low importance. The impact of the development on the setting of MSA 2909 and MSA2910 is assumed to be major. Using Table 1, a major magnitude of impact upon a feature of low importance results in a moderate impact.

Modern

From the post-medieval period, there are twelve buildings categorized as non-designated heritage assets within the 0.5km radius from site. Eleven out of these twelve have relative inter-visibility, and are mostly located along Rocks Green Road and around Rock Farm:

MSA 15490 (Plates 51-53): Fir Tree Cottage, a 1.5 storey brick built house finished in white rendering; gabled and thin slate roof, with skylight and chimney at two ends. With wooden casements and gabled porch. Pigsty built of brick and stone masonry to the rear.

MSA 15491 (Plates 54-56): Suncrest, a 1.5 storey brick built house, finished in cream rendering; gabled and tiled roof, brick built chimneys in one end. Wooden casements, dormers through eaves, and outshot.

MSA 15492 (Plates 54-55, 57): N° 1 Rock Green Bank, a 1.5 storey brick built house, finished in cream rendering; gabled and old plain tiles in the roof, with brick built chimney at one end. Wooden casements, cat-slide porch, garage and modern extension.

MSA 15780 (Plates 70-72): Dodmore Cottage, East Hamlet, a 1.5 storey house. Timber frame building, gabled with tile roof, dormer at eaves. Brick built chimneys at two ends. Tall windows, lattice frame, and a second unit.

MSA 26542 (Plates 73-77): Dun Cow Farm, a farmstead. The buildings on site comprised the pebble-dashed south-facing farmhouse; fire-damaged red-brick stables are located to the north. There is an L-shaped agricultural range to the west of the house, and two dispersed mid-20th century corrugated sheds on the yard. The farmhouse has been significantly enlarged from the building recorded on an estate map of 1835, on which the farmstead is first depicted.

Rock Farm group (Plates 58-69)

Rock Farm is a group of agricultural buildings in the nearest surrounding landscape of site that comprise characteristic and traditional features of Shropshire agricultural landscape. There are six heritage assets within Rock Farm that can be considered within the same setting:

MSA 15493: a 1.5 storey farm house built of stone and brick, gabled with tile roof; dormers through eaves, brick built chimney at one end, metal casements, cat-slide dormers, planked door, a second unit.

MSA 15494: a 1.5 storey farm house, with outbuildings/stables. Brick built, gabled with tile roof, dormer, brick built chimney, wood casements. One extension.

MSA 15495: a 1.5 storey agricultural building with a second unit, built of stone and brick, tiled roof, pantile and tin sheet roofs, square windows, hoist door.

MSA 15496: further agricultural building, built of stone, randomly coursed, timber frame, weatherboard, pantiles.

MSA 15497: a group of 1, 1.5 and 2.5 storey farmhouse buildings, brick built, with timber frame, modern tiles and tin sheet. Brick built chimneys, wooden casements, gabled. Porch, mounting block, iron goods and attic

MSA 26541: a farmstead dispersed with multiple yards; the detached farmhouse side on to yard; large modern sheds on the site of the historic farmstead: barn, cow stall and

cart storage building (PRN 14988). First identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project, 2008 – 2010 (Baxter 2010), largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping (ESA6427).

These modern assets can be ascribed a level of low importance. The impact of the development on their general setting is moderate. Using Table 1, a moderate magnitude of impact upon features of low importance results in a minor impact.

There is another non-designated heritage asset that is located within the 0.5km radius from site, the Ludlow Cemetery Chapel, **MSA 18515 (Plates 78-80)**. This is a modern chapel that imitates neo-gothic style, located in the central area of Ludlow Cemetery. There is no direct visual relationship however between the development site and this heritage asset, which is ascribed a level of low importance. The impact of the development on the setting is classed as no impact. Using Table 1, a no impact magnitude of impact upon a feature of low importance results in a neutral impact.

6.6.4 Visual Impact Assessment on Settings of Non-designated Heritage Assets

Most of the non-designated heritage assets within the 0.5km radius from site have similar or inter-related settings, as they are all characteristic of the historic landscape of Shropshire, and in close proximity to each other. They are all subject to the visual impact assessment due to their historic or landscape significance, and to the proximity to the new proposed development.

The area is characterised by agricultural land, with traditional agricultural farmsteads and farmhouses, some modern cottages, and an undulating landscape that comprises hills of outstanding beauty (Clee Hill) and registered archaeological assets such as the medieval ridge and furrow.

The land plot of the new development site is not currently visible from these settings, but the new dwellings are likely to be. Most of the settings of the non-designated heritage assets will be visible from the development site. The setting impacts are as follows:

- MSA 2014 has a major impact on setting from the proposed development.
- MSA 2909 and 2910 have a moderate impact on setting from the proposed development.
- MSA 2013, 2015 and 2016 have a minor impact on setting from the proposed development.
- The 12 modern building assets will have a minor or neutral impact on setting from the proposed development.

A range of mitigation recommendations can be precluded as for the new development. Examples of 20th century development in the area, as terraced houses, and other new dwellings in the outskirts of Ludlow, at St Margaret's Road and Parys Road, feature characteristic elements from typical historical-rural landscape of Shropshire, such as

brick built gabled walls, tiled and slate roofs, wooden door encasements or porches (Plates 81-83).

The negative physical impact during the construction phase for the proposed development could be mitigated by a programme of archaeological work. A trenched evaluation is recommended prior to groundworks commencing. This would be followed by any subsequent archaeological investigation required by SCC, such as excavation and/or a watching brief.

6.8 Historic Maps

As part of the desk based assessment the following historic maps were consulted:

- 1818-34 2 Inch OS Surveyors Drawings
- 1836 2 Inch 1st Series Ordnance Survey Map
- 1846 Stanton Lacy Parish Tithe Map transcription
- 1904 2nd Edition 1:10560 Ordnance Survey Map
- 1964 Edition 1:10560 Ordnance Survey Map
- 1967 Edition 1:2500 Ordnance Survey Map
- 1975 Edition 1:10000 Ordnance Survey Map

6.9 Map Regression Analysis

1818-34 2 Inch Ordnance Surveyors Drafts (Fig 4).

The 1818-34 map shows the assessment area, though only at a small scale. For the most part no detail is given apart from an old road or trackway bisecting the site extending from Ludlow to Rock. No further detail is shown.

1836 1st Series 2 Inch Ordnance Survey Map (Fig 5).

The 1836 map is largely based on the 1818-34 drafts shown in Figure 4. Consequently no further detail is shown although the whole is represented in greater clarity. No further detail is shown.

1846 Stanton Lacy Parish Tithe Map Transcription (Fig 6).

The 1846 Tithe Map shows the assessment area as being divided up into seven different named fields. These are: Rocks Green, Meadow, Meadows, Copthill, Big Copthill, The Brakes and The Stocking. None of the field names appear to imply any former land use. The road or track previously shown on the 1st Series OS (Fig 5) as extending as far as Rock is shown on the Tithe Map to run between fields Copthill and Big Copthill and terminate at The Stocking. No continuation as far as Rock is depicted. No further detail is shown.

1904 2nd Edition 1:10560 Ordnance Survey Map (Fig 7)

The 1904 2nd Edition OS map shows the assessment area in great detail. It shows no field boundary change to have taken place since the drawing up of the 1846 Tithe Map, the assessment area still consists of seven fields. The road/trackway from Ludlow to Rock is shown on this map as a footpath. A further footpath is also shown crossing the field 'Rocks Green'. A saw pit feature is noted though this is likely to the rear of the Nelson Inn and thus immediately outside the assessment area. The pond feature located within Field 3 on the site walkover is shown on the 1904 map as being present and located on either side of the field boundary between 'Meadow' and 'Big Copthill'. No further detail is shown.

1964 Edition 1:10560 Ordnance Survey Map (Fig 8)

The 1964 OS map shows largely the same amount of detail as that depicted on the earlier 1904 edition. Notable changes within the assessment area include the removal of the field boundary between Copthill and The Brakes. A field boundary has also been added running north-west to south-east, dividing Big Copthill into two smaller fields. A small structure is noted to the south of the field boundary separating Rocks Green from Meadows. The feature is a small unlabelled square. No further detail is shown.

1967 Edition 1:2500 Ordnance Survey Map (Fig 9)

The 1967 1:2500 Edition OS map shows the assessment area in good detail and at a large scale. The field boundary previously noted as dividing Big Copthill into two smaller fields is not depicted on this map. Also, the field boundary between the two fields 'Meadows' and 'Meadow' is shown as having been removed.

The small structure noted on the previous map is still shown as extant and appears divided into three smaller bays. Overhead power lines are depicted running north-west to south-east across the site. No further detail is shown.

1975 1:10000 Edition Ordnance Survey Map (Fig 10)

The 1975 Edition OS map shows largely the same information as that depicted on the earlier 1967 map (Fig 9). No further detail is shown.

6.10 Summary

The map regression analysis has shown that from between 1846 and 1967 there has been some alteration to the field boundary layout within the assessment area. Also, what was originally marked as a road/trackway to Rock on the earlier maps appears to have become a smaller footpath over time. Land use in the assessment area, as evidenced by the historic maps, appears largely unchanged for at least the last 198 years.

6.11 Aerial Photographs

Aerial photographs of the assessment area were held by the regional HER though, for copyright purposes, were not available for reproduction within this report. The most relevant of the aerial photographs within their collection has been transcribed with the results depicted within Figure 11 whilst Figure 12 shows the transcribed locations of the remaining cropmarks.

The aerial photograph transcription shows the locations of cropmarks Rockgreen 1 to 4 (MSA2013 to MSA2016) in relation to the 1975 route of the A49. Rockgreen 2 (MSA2014) and Rockgreen 4 (MSA2016) were unaffected by the works on the A49 and remain *in situ* to the immediate south of the assessment area.

6.12 Site Visit

The site visit was undertaken on the 17th October 2016 in sunny and cold conditions. For ease of description the assessment area was broken down in to its four constituent fields, numbered one to four and shown on Figure 12. A description of the walkover of each field is given below.

Field 1 (Plates 1-5)

Field 1, named 'Rocks Green' on the 1846 Tithe map, is the most northerly within the assessment area, being bound along its northern edge by the route of the A4117 Bridgnorth road.

Undulations in the surface of the field are immediately apparent. These appear largely amorphous though some were clearly linear in shape. The undulations are present throughout Field 1. No further finds or features of archaeological significance were noted within Field 1.

Field 2 (Plates 6-7)

Field 2 represents the western end of a field named as 'The Stocking' on the 1846 Tithe Map. It is bounded along its north-western edge by Field 23 and its southern edge by Field 4.

Slight linear, parallel, undulations were visible within the surface of the field. This is likely to be the remains of medieval ridge and furrow cultivation (MSA2910). No further finds or features of archaeological significance were noted within Field 2.

Field 3 (Plates 8-13)

Field 3 represents the largest of the four fields making up the assessment area. It is made up of two fields named 'meadow' and one named 'Big Copthill' on the 1846 Tithe Map. Its northern edge adjoins Field 1 whilst its south-western edge adjoins Fields 2 and 4.

A linear depression, presumably the line of the now removed field boundary shown on the 1964 OS map, was visible running north-west to south-east within the western end of Field 3. Similar linear depressions were noted in the area of the removed field boundary between 'Meadow' and 'Big Copthill'.

An area of seemingly dumped bricks and concrete was noted within the field boundary between fields 1 and 3. This is likely to be remnants of the small building first shown in this area on the 1964 OS map.

A small, mostly dried up, pond feature is still extant within the south east of Field 3. Similar shaped undulations are present with the vicinity of the pond feature. No further finds or features of archaeological significance were noted within Field 3.

Field 4 (Plates 14-16)

Field 4, the southernmost of the four fields making up the assessment area, is made up of fields named 'Copthill' and 'The Brakes' on the 1846 Tithe Map. The surface of the field appears largely uniform with no apparent topographic undulations relating to potential archaeological features.

No finds or features of archaeological significance were noted within Field 4.

6.13 Site Visit Summary

The site visit has identified a series of topographic undulations within Field 1, Rocks Green, which may be anthropogenic in origin and thus potentially of archaeological interest. The undulations are amorphous and may represent quarrying activity or possible fish ponds.

The presence of ridge and furrow cultivation earthworks within Field 2, The Stocking, was identified and confirms the HER data.

Topographic undulations around the pond feature in Field 3 may represent similar pond features. A linear feature in this area is likely to represent the removed field boundary between 'Meadow' and 'Big Copthill'. A linear depression in the west of Field 3 may represent an earlier, unmapped, field boundary.

No features were noted within Field 4.

The site visit has shown that topographic undulations within the surface of the field are present and are likely to represent archaeological features. Those identified in Field 1 appear to have been previously unrecorded and are not depicted on any of the historic mapping.

6.14 Portable Antiquities Scheme Database

An online search of the Portable Antiquities Scheme Database returned no finds within or immediately adjacent to the assessment area.

6.15 Desk Based Assessment Summary

The historic maps studied as part of the desk based assessment have shown that, from at least the 19th century onwards, the assessment area has been in use as agricultural land. Physical evidence of medieval cultivation furrows (MSA2019) within the assessment area as well as mentions within Lloyd (1999) and Faraday (1991) of medieval cultivation taking place in the area support the idea that the site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period.

The series of Romano-British enclosures (Rockgreen 1-4), as well as the Bronze Age features excavated in 1975, located to the immediate south of the site, show continued activity as having taken place in close proximity to the assessment area.

Whilst it is judged likely that only a minor direct physical impact will occur to one known site (MSA2019) as a result of the proposed development, this does not preclude the possibility of previously unknown heritage assets being located within the assessment area.

The Visual Impact Assessment on settings of Designated Heritage Assets concludes that the Scheduled Ancient Monument of St Julian's Well, the Grade II Listed Building at 94 Grave Hill, and the Grade II Registered Hanley Park, are all considered of High Importance. However, the settings of these heritage assets can be considered under a minor risk of impact due to the lack of mutual visibility between these and the development site. Consequently, the Visual Impact Assessment for these settings of heritage asset fall into the category of Minor Impact. This requires no further mitigation relating to these assets.

Most of the non-designated heritage assets within the 0.5km radius from site have similar or inter-related settings, as they are all characteristic of the historic landscape of Shropshire, and in close proximity to each other. The land plot of the new development site is not currently visible from these settings, but the new dwellings will likely be. Most of the settings of the non-designated heritage assets will be visible from the development site.

A range of mitigation recommendations can be precluded as for the new development. Examples of 20th century development in the area, as terraced houses, and other new dwellings in the outskirts of Ludlow, at St Margaret's Road and Parys Road, feature

characteristic elements from typical historical-rural landscape of Shropshire, such as brick built gabled walls, tiled and slate roofs, wooden door encasements or porches.

7. Geophysical Survey

7.1 Ground Conditions

The survey was undertaken after a brief dry period. The weather during the survey was largely dry.

7.2 Survey Location and Summary

The assessment area was comprised of four fields. The fences bounding the site contained metallic elements and so a sufficient distance was maintained where possible to avoid impact on the results of the survey data.

7.3 Results of the Survey (Figs 13-17)

The data quality was good. The data has been compressed and then clipped with a resulting range of -3 to 3nT. Figure 13 shows the un-interpreted data while Figures 14-17 shows the interpretation as described below, all overlain onto an OS base map. From the interpretation, archaeological features are marked in red and modern features and marked in purple.

The results of the survey show the remains of the historic landscape dating to a period before the establishment of the present day field boundaries. A number of linear features (red) show the positions of historic field boundaries. The field boundaries delimit area with different land use types. Most commonly the fields show ploughing, particularly ridge and furrow ploughing.

Field 1. In the north-west corner of the field, red lines denote a series of linears which are close to the houses to the west of the site and the road. These are probably wall stubs or foundation trenches. It can be seen that within the red lines there is a darker area which reinforces the suggestion that this is a building as it may be due to rubble or even floors still in situ. The circular red lines outline areas in the field which are large depressions likely to be either ponds or quarries. The purple line marks a large metal pipe that follows the southern boundary of the field.

Field 2. This field has a couple of small single anomalies; one probably due to a small piece of metal, marked in purple. The northern most is a telegraph pole.

Field 3. The red lines mark faint linears which are field boundaries, and a series of regular linears across the northern part of the field that are slightly curved and characteristic of medieval furrows. The strong circular anomaly outlined is a telegraph pole. The purple lines mark a series of linears that are comprised of small anomalies that resemble metal spikes and indicate fairly recently disturbed ground. The purple roughly circular anomaly is close to the present hedge. It is no more than 10m across and possibly a tree bole.

Field 4. The anomalies outlined in purple are due to telegraph poles and metal anomalies. In general there is an irregular scatter of small metal like anomalies across the surveyed area and no other features. This is an unusual survey as on a field the geology would normally show especially as this field is sloping. It is noted that the telegraph poles in this field sit within depression in the ground unlike the others in the other fields. It is possible that modern deposition of soil has taken place on this field that is shielding the results.

7.4 Interpretation and Discussion

The geophysical survey identified features that describe part of the historic landscape prior to the establishment of the modern farming boundaries. The 1846 Tithe map shows detail of a smaller field named Meadow 5 within the Field 3 of the development area. This is recorded in the geophysics results. The OS maps show that its northern boundary is removed by 1967, and western boundary sometime after 1975. Field 3 also shows an earlier field layout, and to the north an area of ridge and furrow.

The results of Field 1 show what is likely to be remains of a building in the north-west corner, and a series of circular features indicting quarries or ponds. A building is shown on the OS 1818 and 1836 maps, removed by 1846. No cartographic sources record any quarry or pond features in this area, which suggests they are earlier than first part of the 19th century.

Fields 2 and 4 do not show any positive results. Field 4 has a very uniform plan which may indicate this field has been built up with imported soil in modern times, especially as the telegraph pole is in a depression. This may mask the geophysics results.

In conclusion, Fields 1 and 3 show a low density of features that could be clarified by evaluation trial trenching. Field 2 does not show any positive results. Field 4 does not show conclusive results and therefore the archaeological potential is unknown.

8. Discussion and Conclusion

The desk based assessment showed that the assessment area's use as agricultural land

dates back at least as far as the 19th century and likely into the medieval period. A small area of medieval ridge and furrow cultivation in Field 3 represents the only feature of archaeological significance located by the desk based assessment within the development area. However, significant archaeological features are located immediately to the south of Field 4 (Figure 11).

The Visual Impact Assessment on settings of Designated Heritage Assets concludes that the Scheduled Ancient Monument of St Julian's Well, the Grade II Listed Building at 94 Grave Hill, and the Grade II Registered Hanley Park, are all considered of High Importance. However, the settings of these heritage assets can be considered under a minor risk of impact due to the lack of mutual visibility between these and the development site, with no further mitigation required.

Most of the non-designated heritage assets within the 0.5km radius from site have similar or inter-related settings. The land plot of the new development site is not currently visible from these settings, but the new dwellings are likely to be. Most of the settings of the non-designated heritage assets will be visible from the development site. The setting impacts are as follows:

- MSA 2014 has a major impact on setting from the proposed development.
- MSA 2909 and 2910 have a moderate impact on setting from the proposed development.
- MSA 2013, 2015 and 2016 have a minor impact on setting from the proposed development.
- The 12 modern building assets will have a minor or neutral impact on setting from the proposed development.

A range of mitigation recommendations can be precluded as for the new development. Examples of 20th century development in the area feature characteristic elements from typical historical-rural landscape of Shropshire, such as brick built gabled walls, tiled and slate roofs, wooden door encasements or porches.

The Geophysical Survey of Fields 1 and 3 shows a low density of features of indeterminate function. Field 2 has negative results. Field 4 does not show conclusive results, possibly as a result of soil importation undertaken during the construction of the A49 Ludlow bypass. It was, therefore, not possible to say whether the archaeological features identified by the desk-based assessment as lying immediately to the south of the development area, continued into Field 4.

The negative physical impact during the construction phase for the proposed development could be mitigated by a programme of archaeological work. A trenched evaluation is recommended prior to groundworks commencing. This would be followed by any subsequent archaeological investigation required by SCC, such as excavation and/or a watching brief.

Targeted trenching has the potential to help better understand the features identified by the geophysical survey in Fields 1 and 3, and also, possibly, in Field 4, although the depth of possible imported soil here is unknown.

9. Acknowledgements

Thanks are due to Hywel Keen and Irma Bernardus (AW) for undertaking the geophysics, and Auri Zamora for undertaking the Impact Assessment.

10. Bibliography

Aspinall, A, Gaffney, C & Schmidt, A. 2011, Magnetometry for Archaeologists. Altamira, London

Baxter, Charlotte 2010: Historic Farmstead Characterisation Dataset.

BGS Geology Viewer

<http://www.bgs.ac.uk/discoveringGeology/geologyOfBritain/viewer.html> (accessed 26/10/16).

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014. Standards and Guidelines for: An Archaeological Desk Based Assessment

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014. Standards and Guidelines for: A Geophysical Survey

Clark, A. 1997, Seeing Beneath the Soil: Prospecting Methods in Archaeology. Routledge, Stroud

Design Manual for Roads and Bridges. Vol 2

Gelling, M. 1990. The Placenames of Shropshire 1: The Major Names of Shropshire. Nottingham

Halsted 2007: Bronze Age settlement in Shropshire: research potential and frameworks for settlement studies in the West Midlands (The Undiscovered Country: The Earlier Prehistory of the West Midlands) by Halsted J (2007), p.171. Location: SMR Sources

Faraday, M. 1991. Ludlow, 1085-1660: A Social, Economic and Political History. Phillimore & Co. Ltd

Lloyd, D & Klein, P. 1984. Ludlow: A Historic Town in Words and Pictures. Chichester

Lloyd, D. 1999. The Concise History of Ludlow. Merlin Unwin, Ludlow

Soilscapes. www.landis.org.uk/soilscapes (accessed 26/10/16).

Maps Consulted

1818-34 2 Inch Ordnance Survey Drafts
1836 2 Inch 1st Series Ordnance Survey
1846 Stanton Lacy Parish Tithe Map Transcript
1904 6 Inch 2nd Edition Ordnance Survey
1964 Edition 6 Inch Ordnance Survey
1967 Edition 25 Inch Ordnance Survey
1975 Edition 1:10000 Ordnance Survey

Sources Consulted

1km HER search around NGR SO52480 75580
1978 Mobius Network Aerial Photograph Transcription

Archaeology Wales

APPENDIX I: Figures

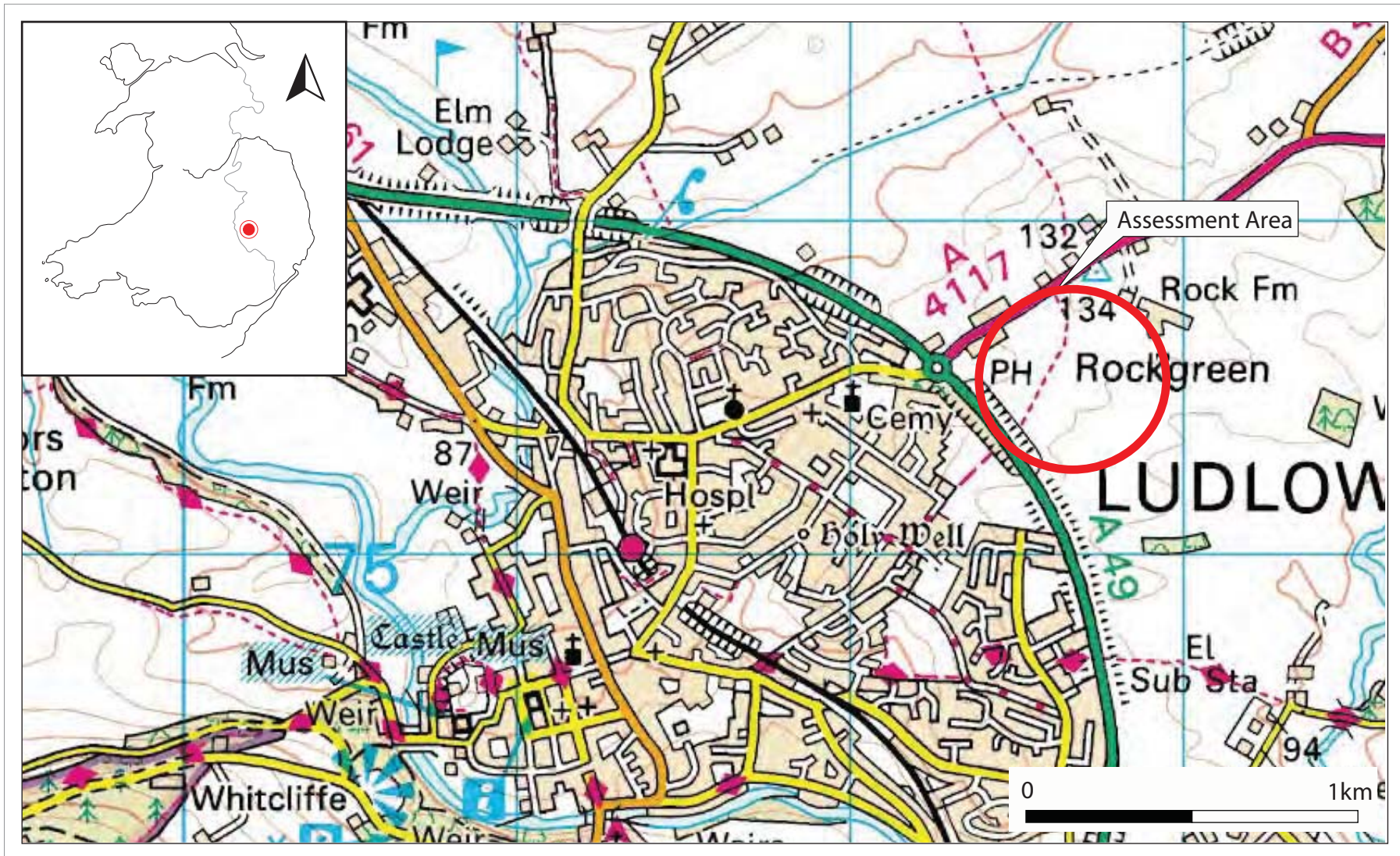


Fig 1: Map showing location of assessment area

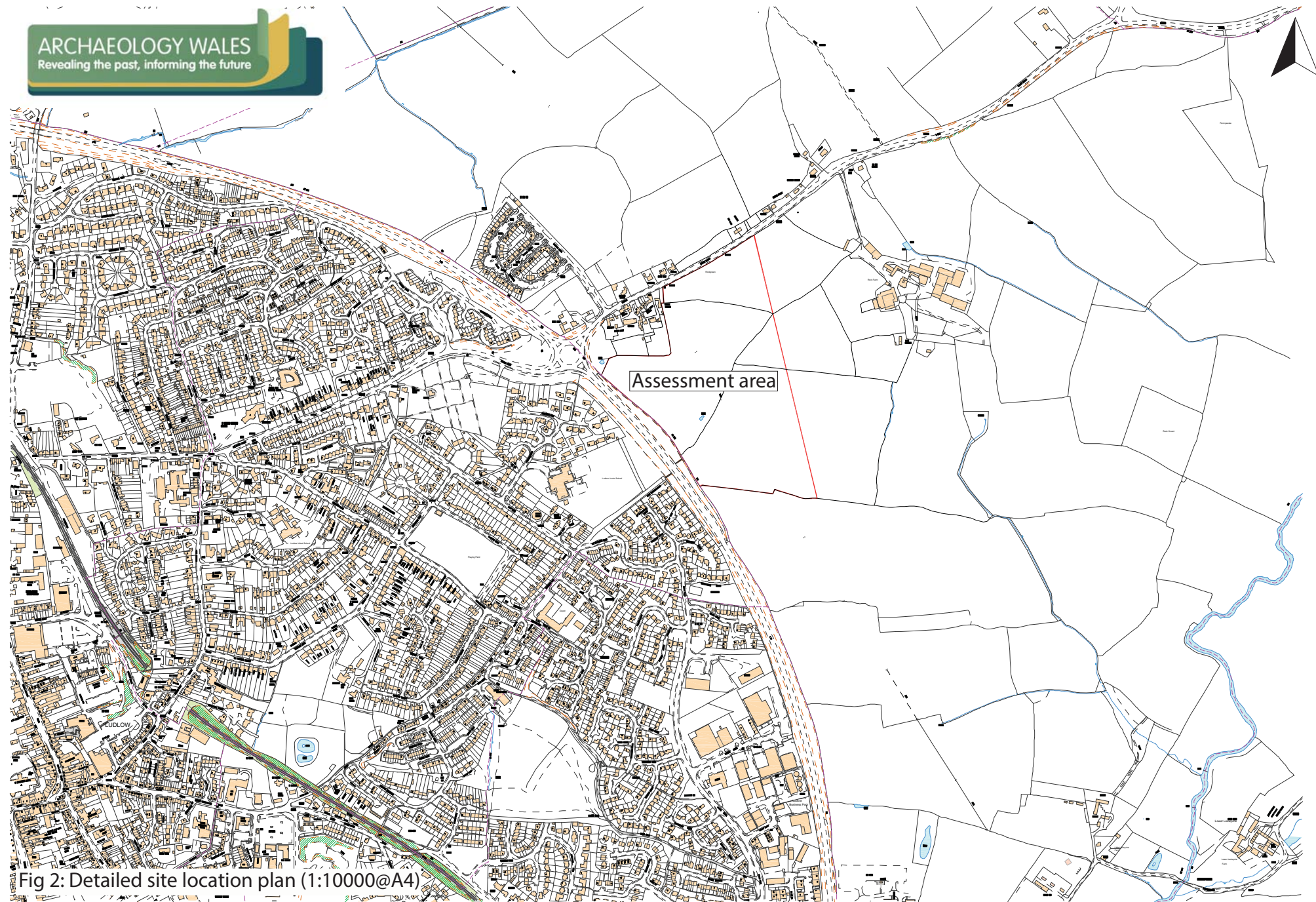


Fig 2: Detailed site location plan (1:10000@A4)

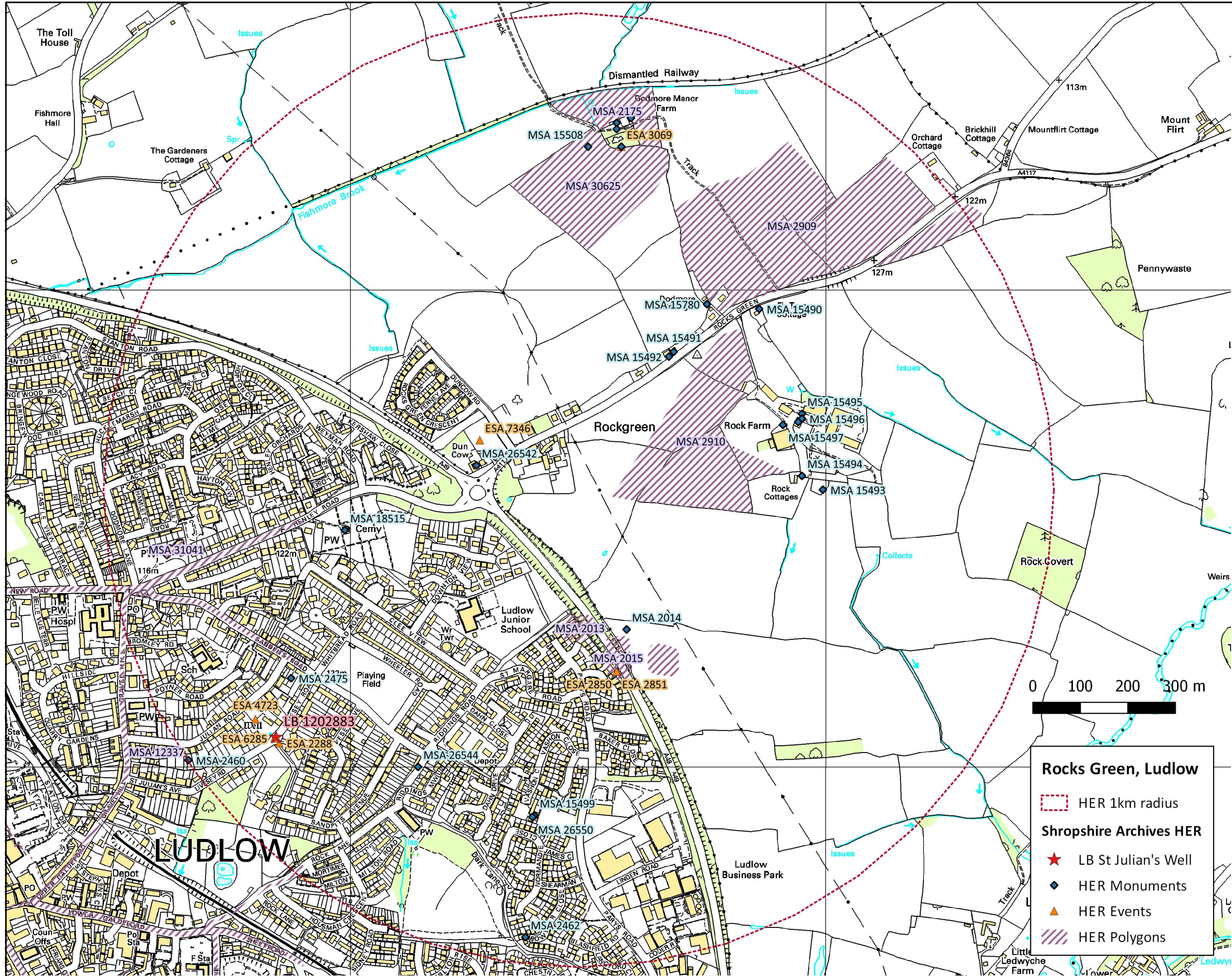


Figure 3
Rocks Green HER
 Scale: 1:7500 A3
 Date: 28.10.2016

The Ordnance Survey has granted Archaeology Wales Ltd a Copyright Licence (No. 100055111) to reproduce map information; Copyright remains otherwise with the Ordnance Survey.



Fig 4: 1818-34 Ordnance Surveyors 2 Inch Drafts showing assessment area (Reproduced by AW under OS License No. 100055111)

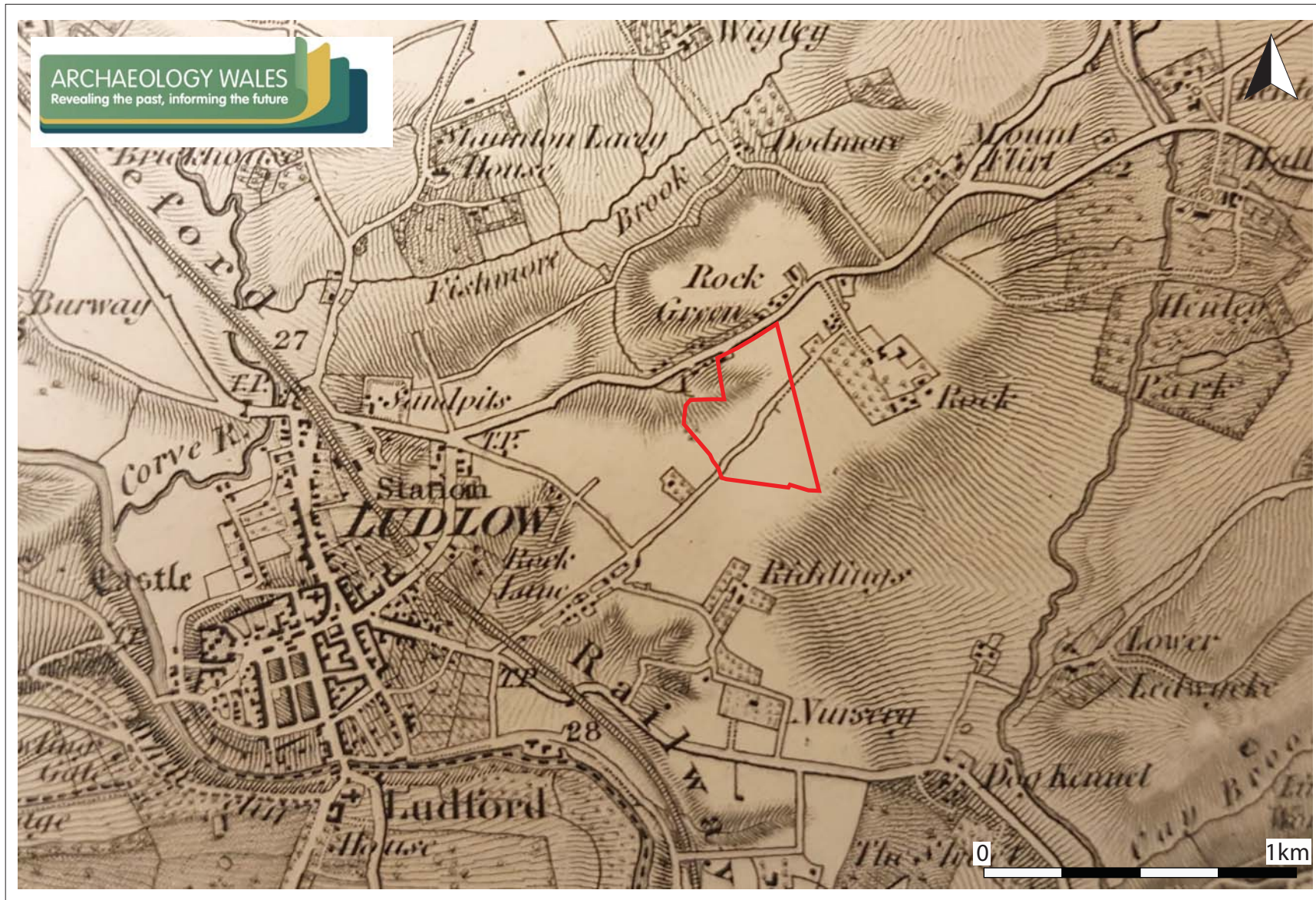


Fig 5: 1836 1st Series Ordnance Survey 2 Inch map showing assessment area
(Reproduced by AW under OS License No. 100055111)

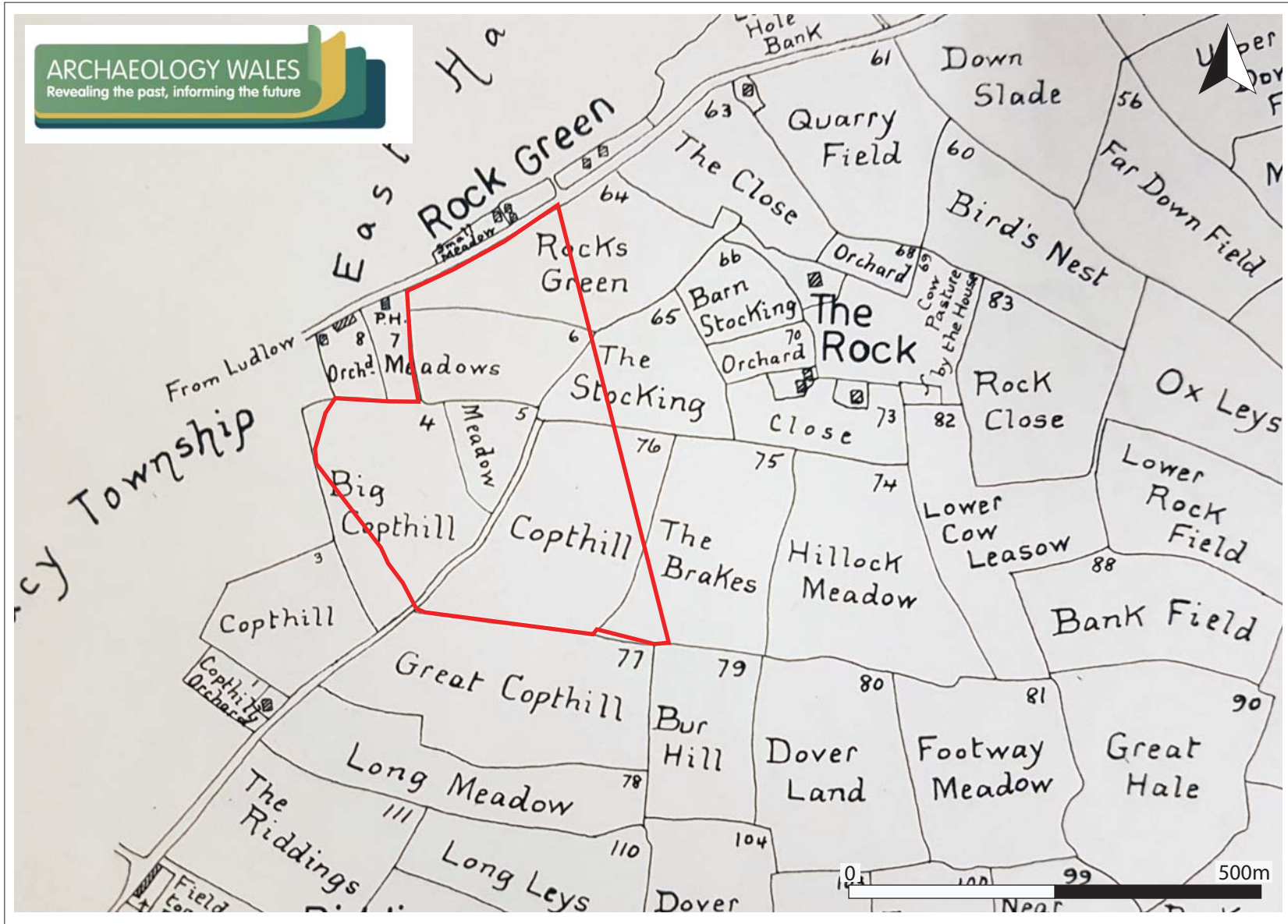


Fig 6 : Transcribed 1846 Stanton Lacy Parish Tithe map showing field names

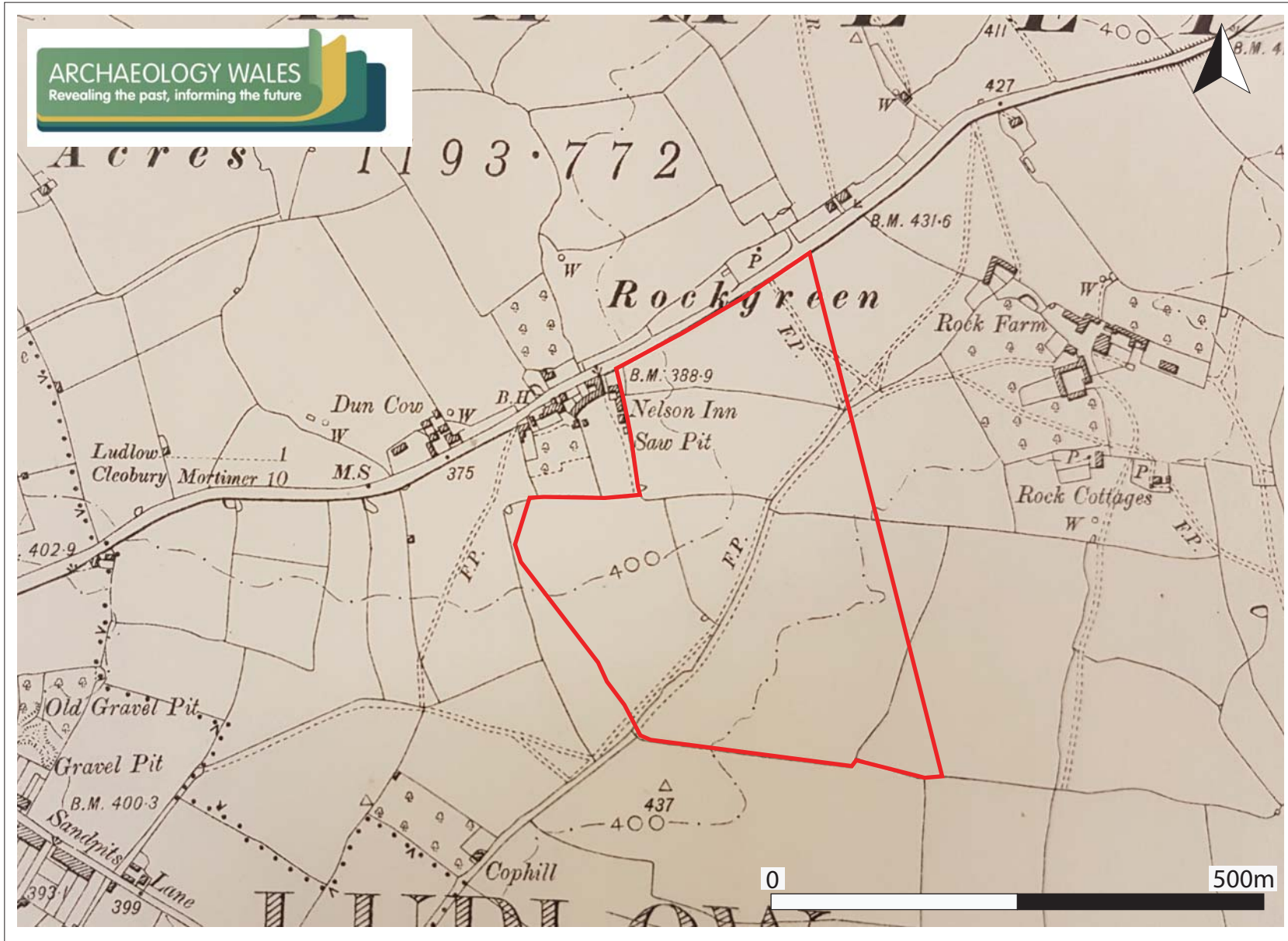


Fig 7: 1904 1:10560 Ordnance Survey map showing assessment area (Reproduced by AW under OS Licence No. 100055111)

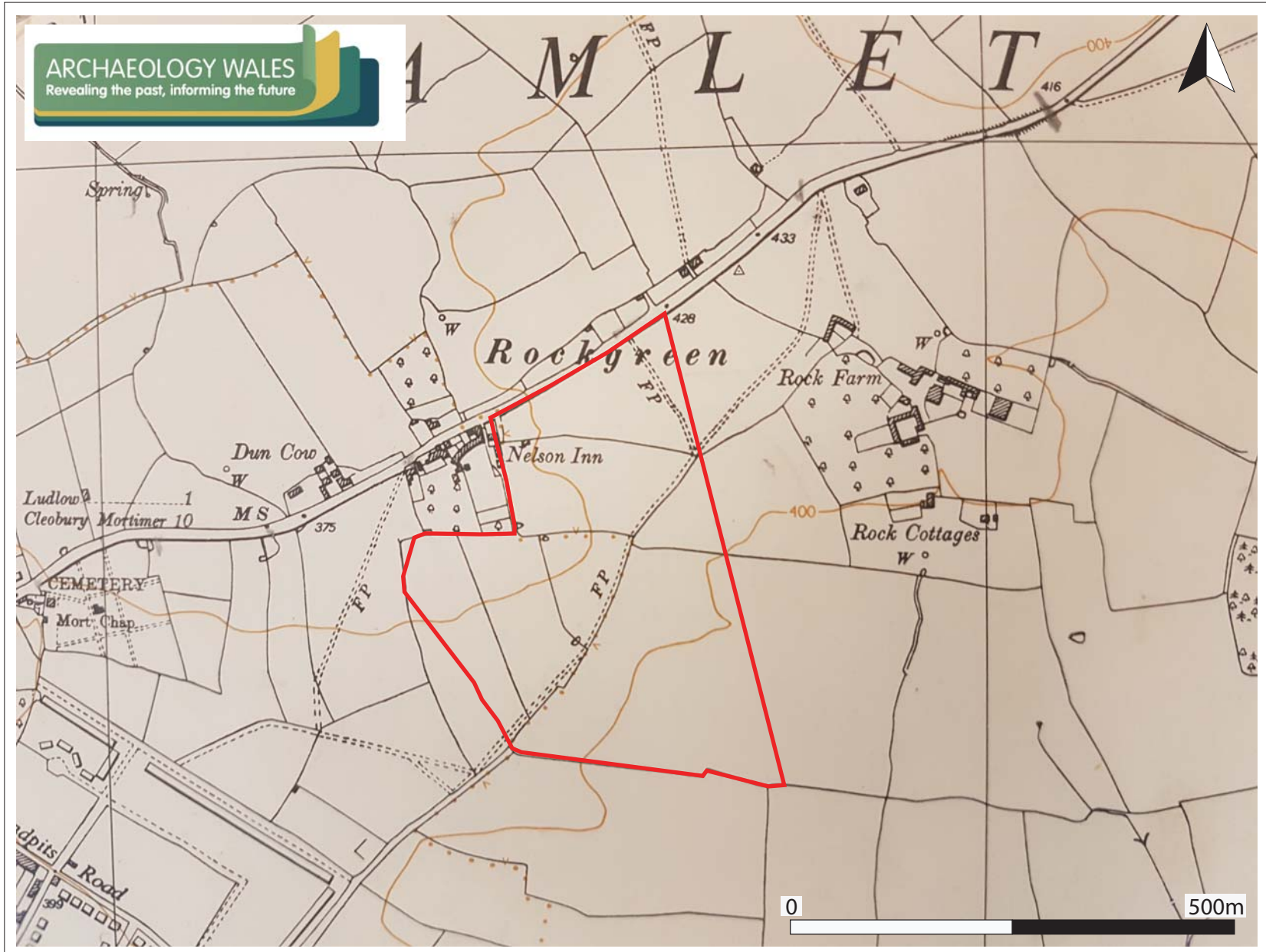


Fig 8: 1964 1:10560 Ordnance Survey map showing assessment area (Reproduced by AW under OS Licence No. 100055111)

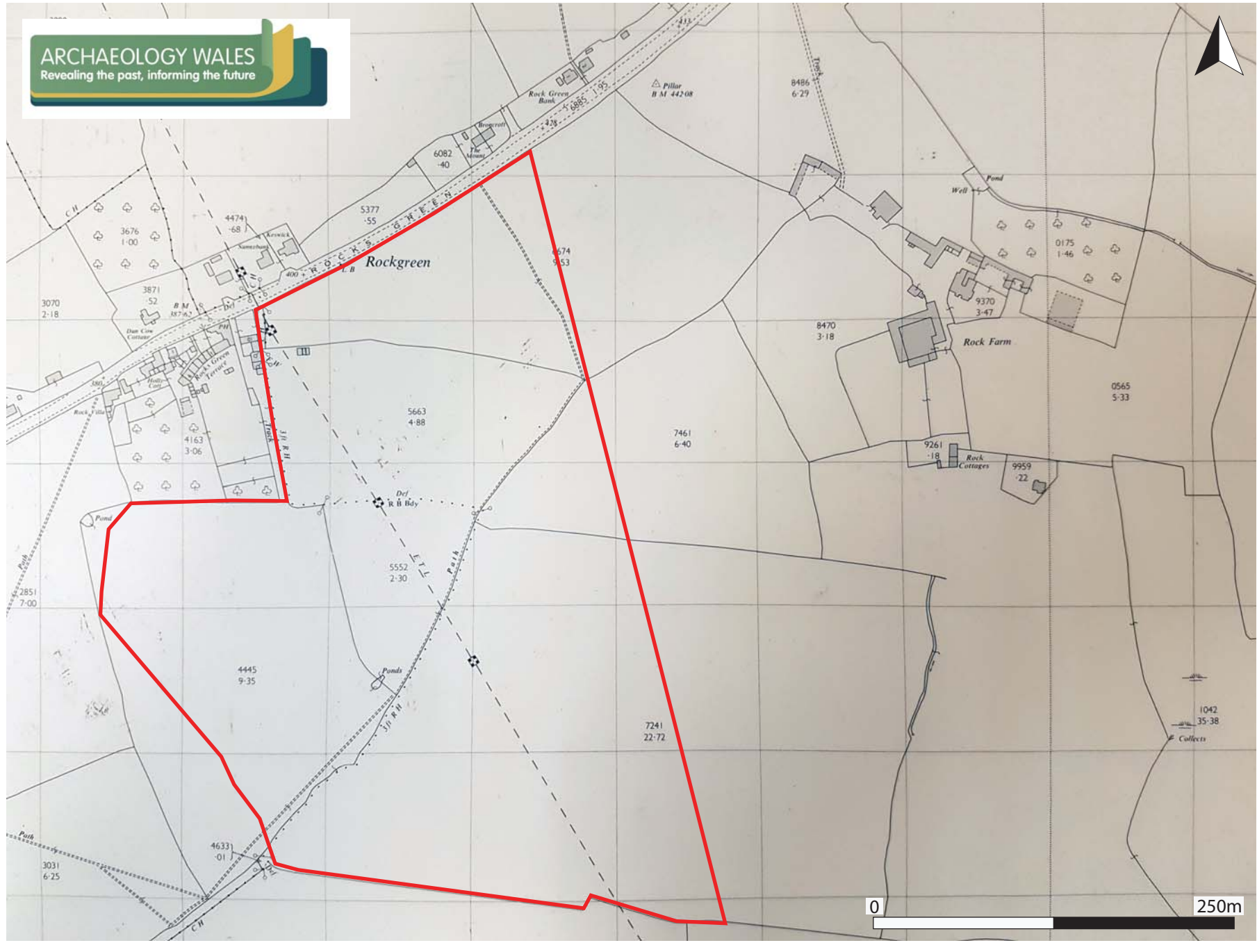


Fig 9: 1967 3rd Edition 1:2500 Ordnance Survey map showing assessment area (Reproduced by AW under OS License No. 100055111)

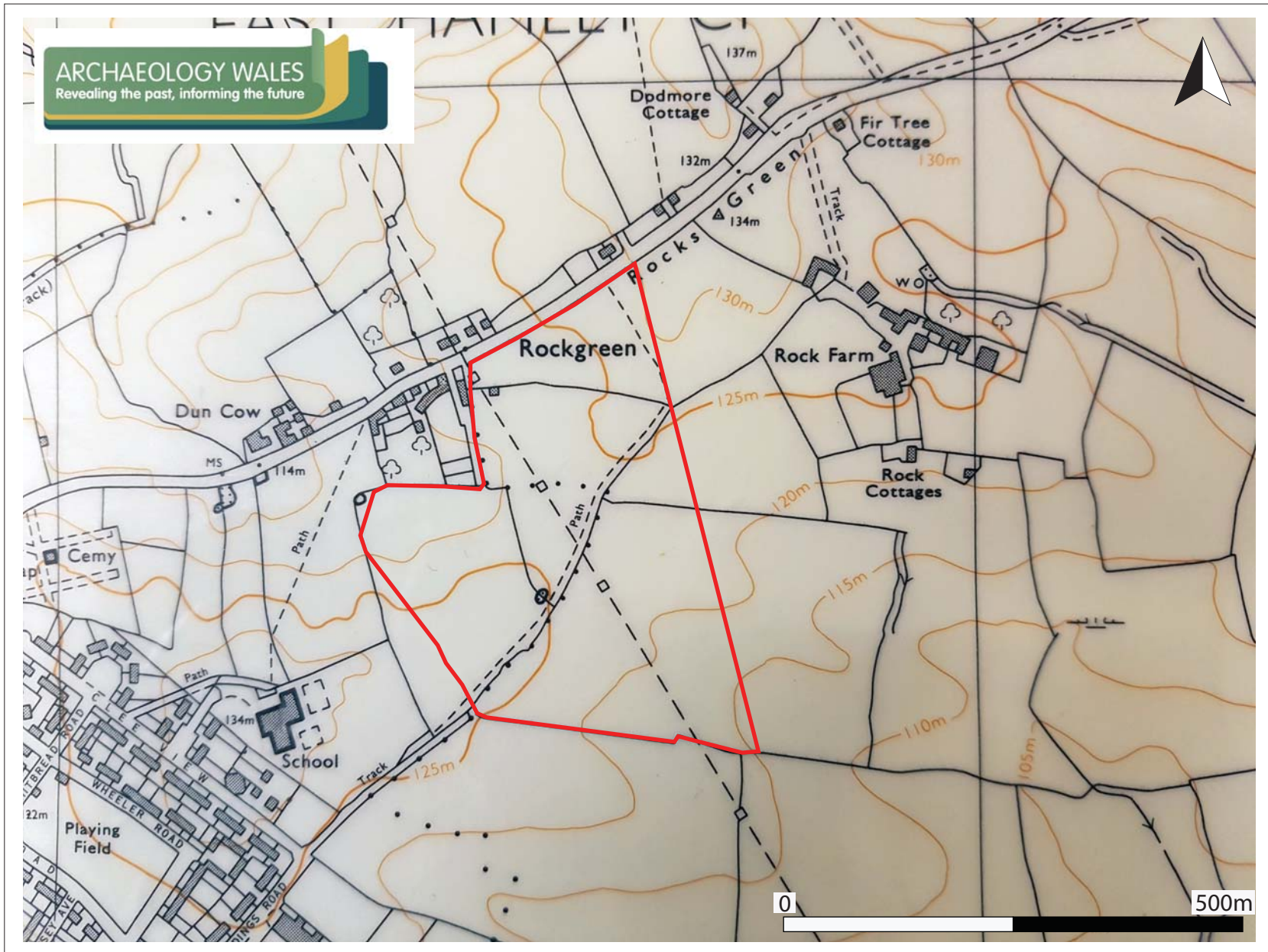


Fig 10: 1975 1:10000 Ordnance Survey map showing assessment area (Reproduced by AW under OS Licence No. 100055111)

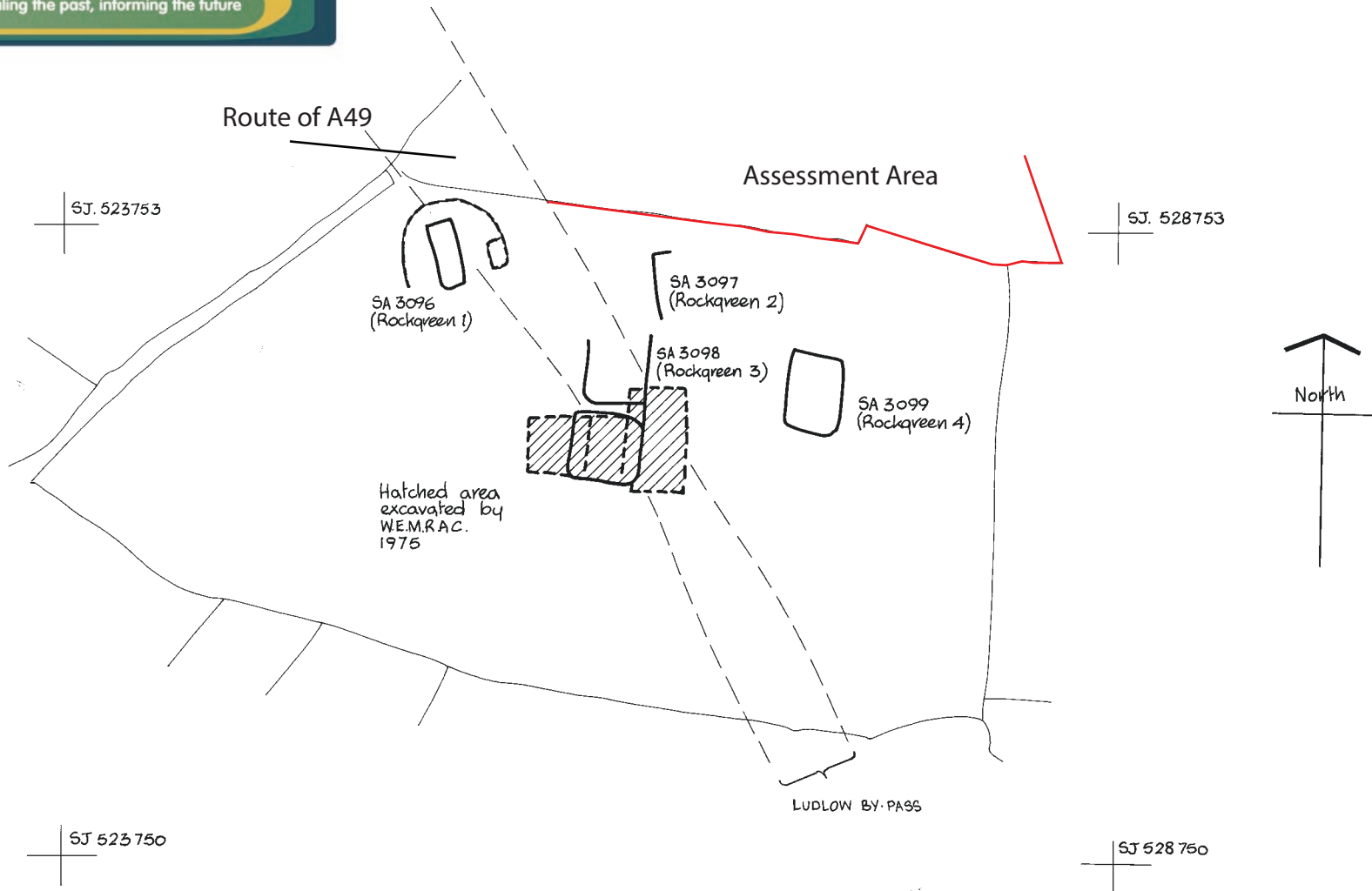


Figure 11: 1978 Mobius Transcription of Aerial Photograph showing archaeological features to south of assessment area

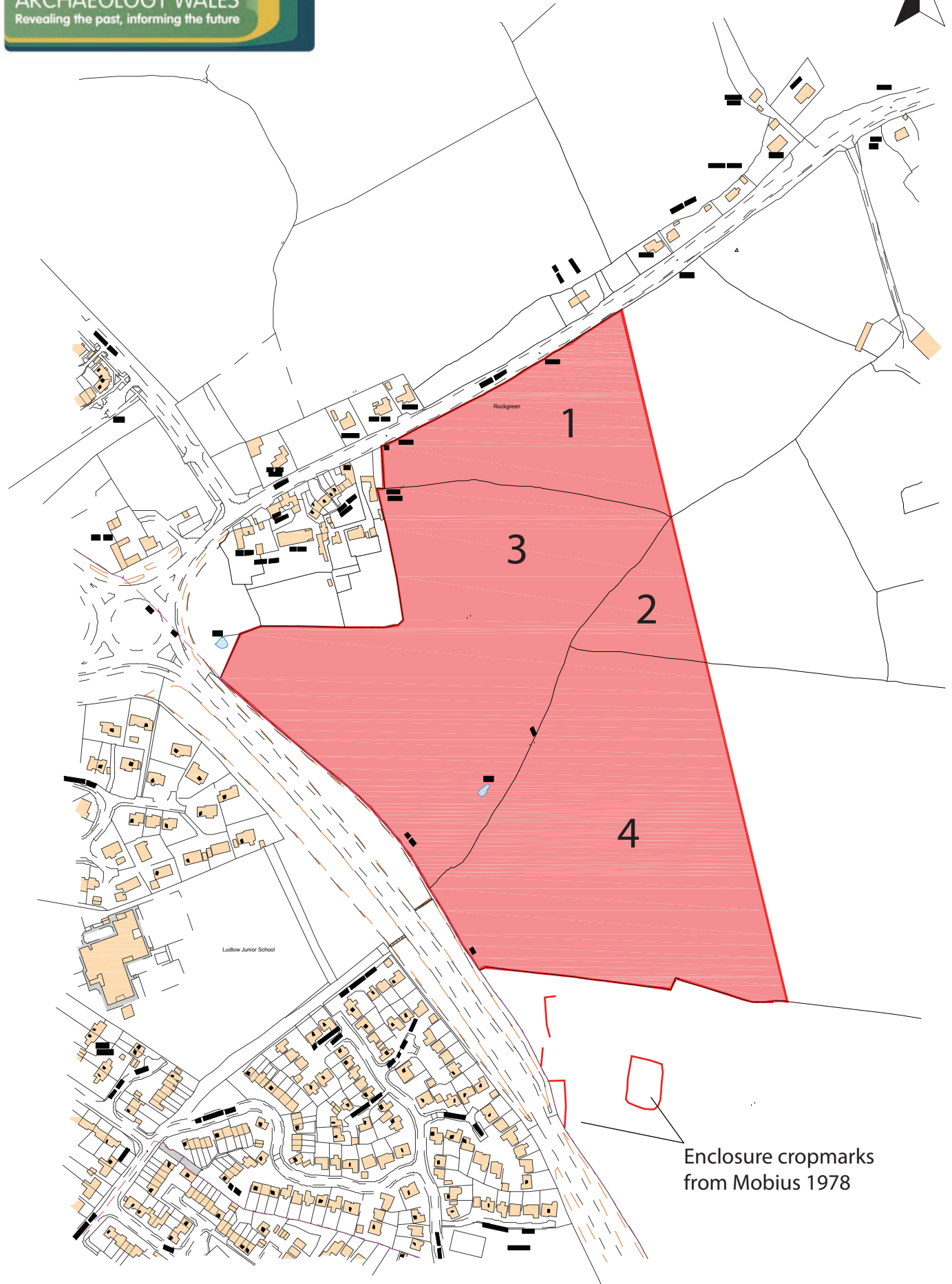


Figure 12: Assessment area plan showing field numbers from site visit & transcribed cropmark features

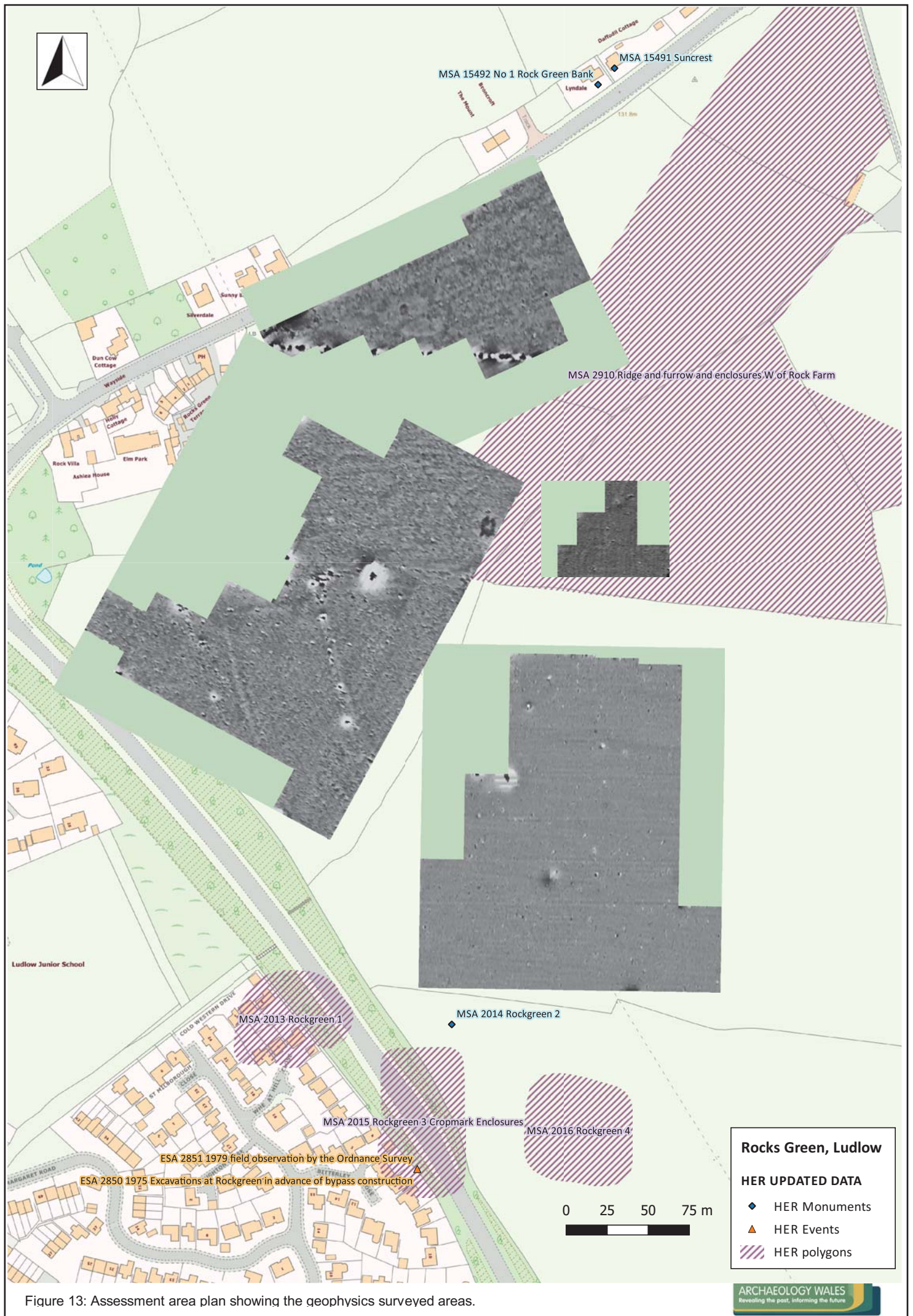




Figure 14: Assessment area plan showing the geophysics surveyed areas and their interpretation.

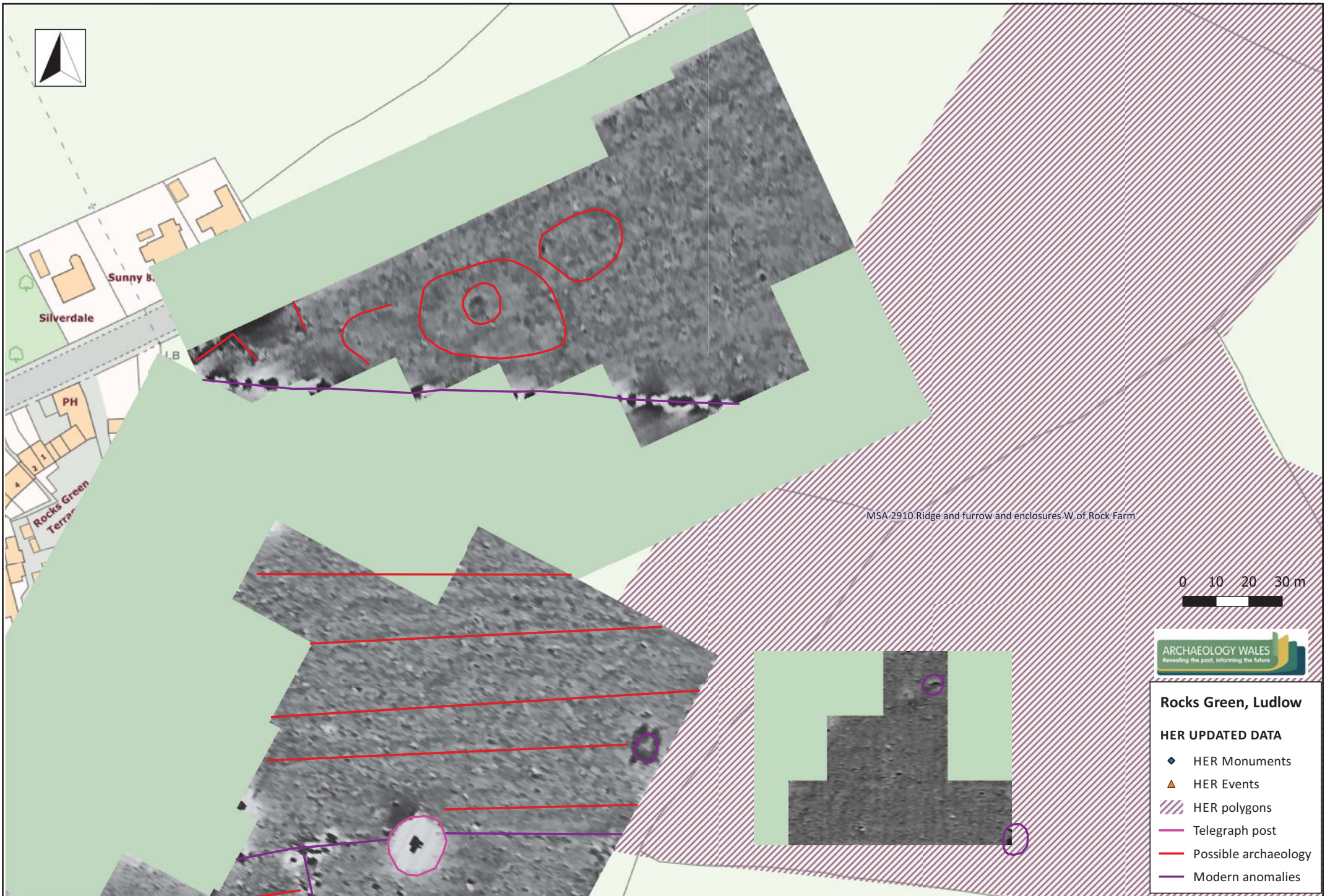


Figure 15: Assessment area plan showing the geophysics surveyed areas Fields 1, 2 and part of 3, and their interpretation.



Figure 16: Assessment area plan showing the geophysics surveyed areas Fields 2, 3 and part of 4, and their interpretation.

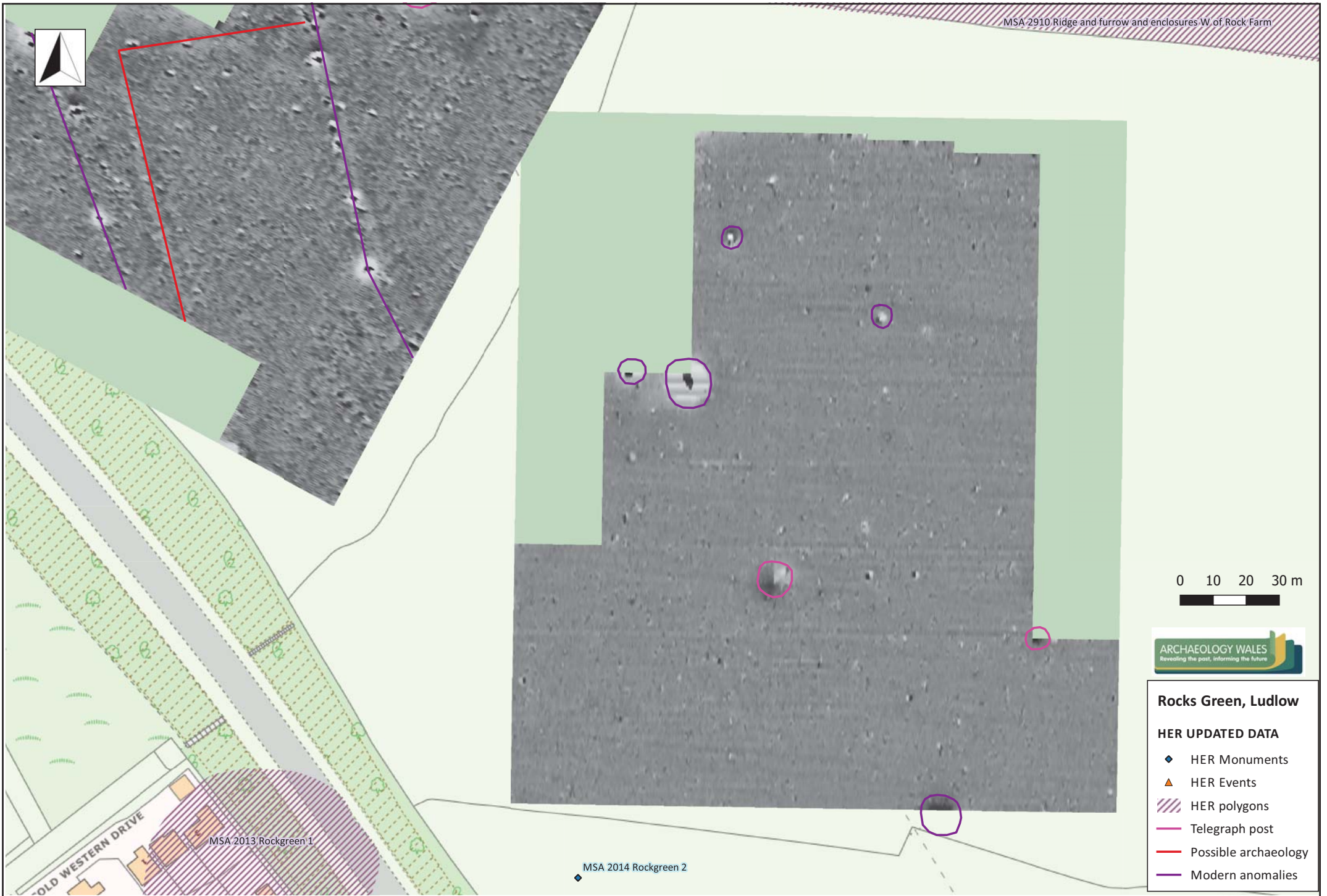


Figure 17: Assessment area plan showing the geophysics surveyed areas Field 4 and part of 3, and their interpretation.

Archaeology Wales

APPENDIX II: Plates



Plate 1: View south-west across field 1, note surface undulations



Plate 2: View south across field 1 from adjacent to A4117



Plate 3: View of undulations within field 1, Scale 1x2m, looking south-west



Plate 4: Further view of undulations within surface of field 1, Scale 1x2m
Looking south



Plate 5: View of large undulation within surface of field 1, looking east



Plate 6: View of field 2 showing faint linear traces of ridge and furrow earthworks
Looking south east



Plate 7: View south west across field 2



Plate 8: View west within field 3 along boundary between fields 3 and 1



Plate 9: View south-west along boundary between fields 3, 2 and 4 (Within field 3)



Plate 10: View south east across centre of field 3



Plate 11: View south-east along line of removed field boundary, still faintly visible within field 3. Scale 1x2m



Plate 12: View of pond within south east of field 3. Scale 1x2m, Looking north-east



Plate 13: View of linear undulations adjacent to field 3 pond
Looking north-east



Plate 14: View east across field 4



Plate 15: View north-west beneath power lines crossing field 4



Plate 16: View north-north west across field 4 along eastern edge of assessment area



Plate 17: Entry to Rocks Green and surrounding landscape, shot facing northeast



Plate 18: Rocks Green Terrace, to the northwest of site. Shot facing east.



Plate 19: Surrounding landscape, north from site. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 20: Surrounding landscape, northwest from site. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 21: Surroundings of site; traditional timber frame house; shot facing north.

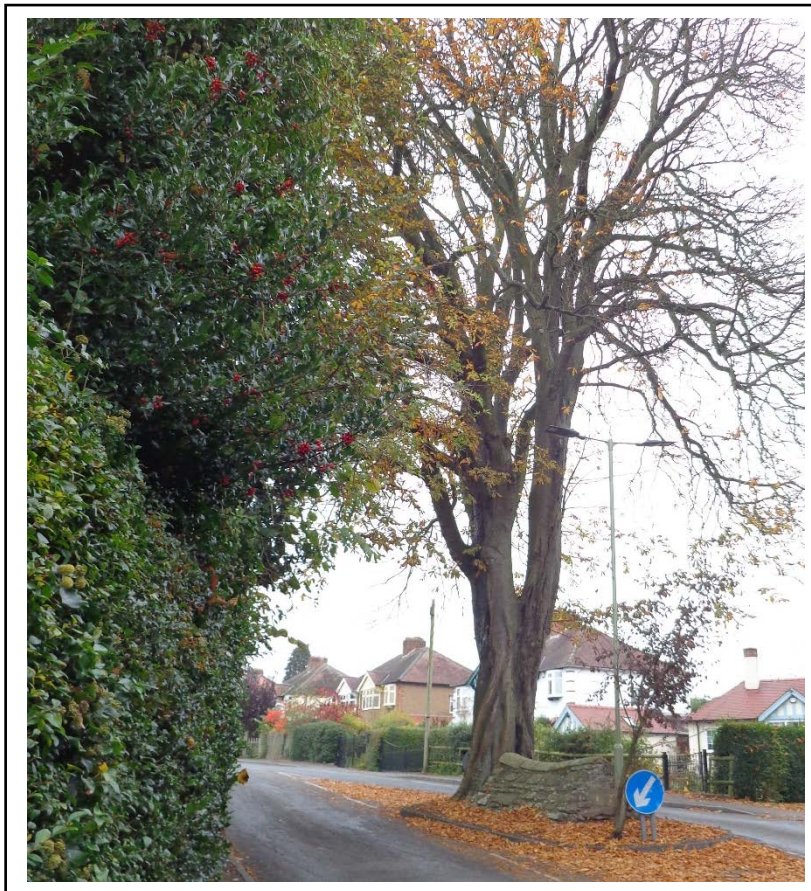


Plate 22: St Julian's holy well with tree in island; shot facing northeast.



Plate 23: St Julian's Well, detail with tree and island. Shot facing east.



Plate 24: St Julian's Well, view of surrounding housing. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 25: St Julian's Well, details of stone pitched roof. Shot facing north.



Plate 26: Edwardian typical house, next to St Julian's Well. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 27: 94 Gravel Hill, frontal view. Shot facing west.



Plate 28: View of surrounding area of 94 Gravel Hill. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 29: 94 Gravel Hill, and new extensions. Shot facing southwest.



Plate 30: Gravel Hill House, frontal view. Shot facing northeast.



Plate 31: Gravel Hill Road, general view. Shot facing south.



Plate 32: Henley Park entry, with warden typical house. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 33: Henley Park entrance, with Henley Hall at the background. Shot facing south



Plate 34: Henley Hall and surrounding trees. Shot facing south.



Plate 35: Henley Park, view from outer northern boundary. Shot facing south.



Plate 36: Henley Park, view from outer north-western boundary. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 37: Housing development built on MSA 2013, Rockgreen 1. Shot facing north.



Plate 38: New developments at MSA 2013, Rockgreen 1. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 39: Surrounding landscape, on MSA 2014, Rockgreen 2. Shot facing east.



Plate 40: Surrounding landscape, MSA 2014, Rockgreen 2. Shot facing south.



Plate 41: Housing development at MSA 2015, Rockgreen 3. Shot facing northeast.



Plate 42: Common areas at MSA 2015, Rockgreen 3. Shot facing northeast.



Plate 43: View of background hills from MSA 2015, Rockgreen 4. Shot facing north.



Plate 44: Outskirts of Ludlow at MSA 2016, Rockgreen 4. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 45: View of surrounding landscape from MSA 2910. Shot facing southwest.



Plate 46: View of proposed development site from MSA 2910. Shot facing south.



Plate 47: View of surrounding areas from MSA 2910, Clee Hill. Shot facing west.



Plate 48: View of undulations at MSA 2909, from Dodmore Cottage. Shot facing north.



Plate 49: View of undulating ridge and furrow at MSA 2909. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 50: View of background landscape from MSA 2909. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 51: Firtree Cottage MSA15490 and Clee Hill at the back. Shot facing northeast.



Plate 52: Firtree Cottage MSA 15490. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 53: Stone and brick built pigsty at Firtree Cottage. Shot facing north.



Plate 54: MSA 15491 and MSA 15492, from Rock Farm fields. Shot facing northwest



Plate 55: MSA 15491 Suncrest and MSA 15492 N°1 Rock Green. Shot facing west.



Plate 56: MSA 15491 Suncrest, traditional house. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 57: MSA 15492 N°1 Rock Green Bank, traditional house. Shot facing north.



Plate 58: Entry to Rock Farm group of buildings. Shot facing south.



Plate 59: Rock Farm, group of agricultural buildings. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 60: MSA 15495, 26541, agricultural building and house. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 61: Rock Farm surroundings and MSA 15493 at the back. Shot facing south.



Plate 62: MSA 15495 and 15496, agricultural buildings. Shot facing south.



Plate 63: MSA 15496, agricultural building. Shot facing southwest.



Plate 64: Rock Farm group, MSA 15497, 15494, 14986 at back. Shot facing south.



Plate 65: Rock Farm MSA 15497, agricultural farmhouse. Shot facing west.



Plate 66: Rock Farm group, MSA 15497 and 26541. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 67: Rock Farm farmhouse, MSA 15497. Shot facing south.



Plate 68: Rock Farm farmhouse, MSA 15497. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 69: Rock Farm group, MSA 26541, agricultural building. Shot facing west.



Plate 70: Dodmore Cottage, MSA 15780 at the background. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 71: Dodmore Cottage MSA 15780, frontal view. Shot facing northwest.



Plate 72: Dodmore Cottage MSA 15780, oblique view. Shot facing west.



Plate 73: Dun Cow Farm MSA 26542, traditional house. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 74: Dun Cow Farm MSA 26542, traditional house. Shot facing south.



Plate 75: Surroundings of Dun Cow Farm, agricultural building. Shot facing west.



Plate 76: Surroundings of Dun Cow Farm, campsite. Shot facing northeast.



Plate 77: Surroundings of Dun Cow Farm, corrugated shed. Shot facing east.



Plate 78: Ludlow Cemetery Chapel MSA 18515, entrance. Shot facing east.

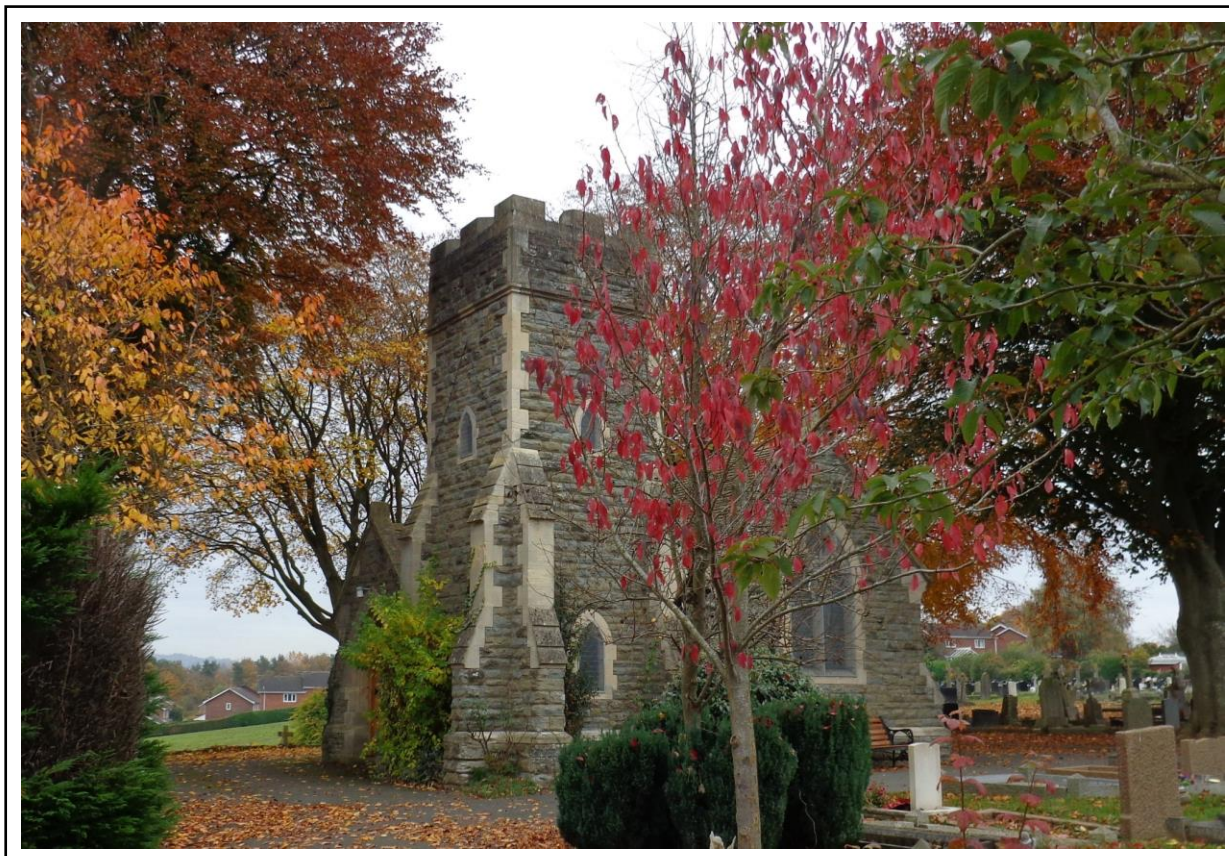


Plate 79: Ludlow Cemetery Chapel MSA 18515, oblique view. Shot facing southeast.

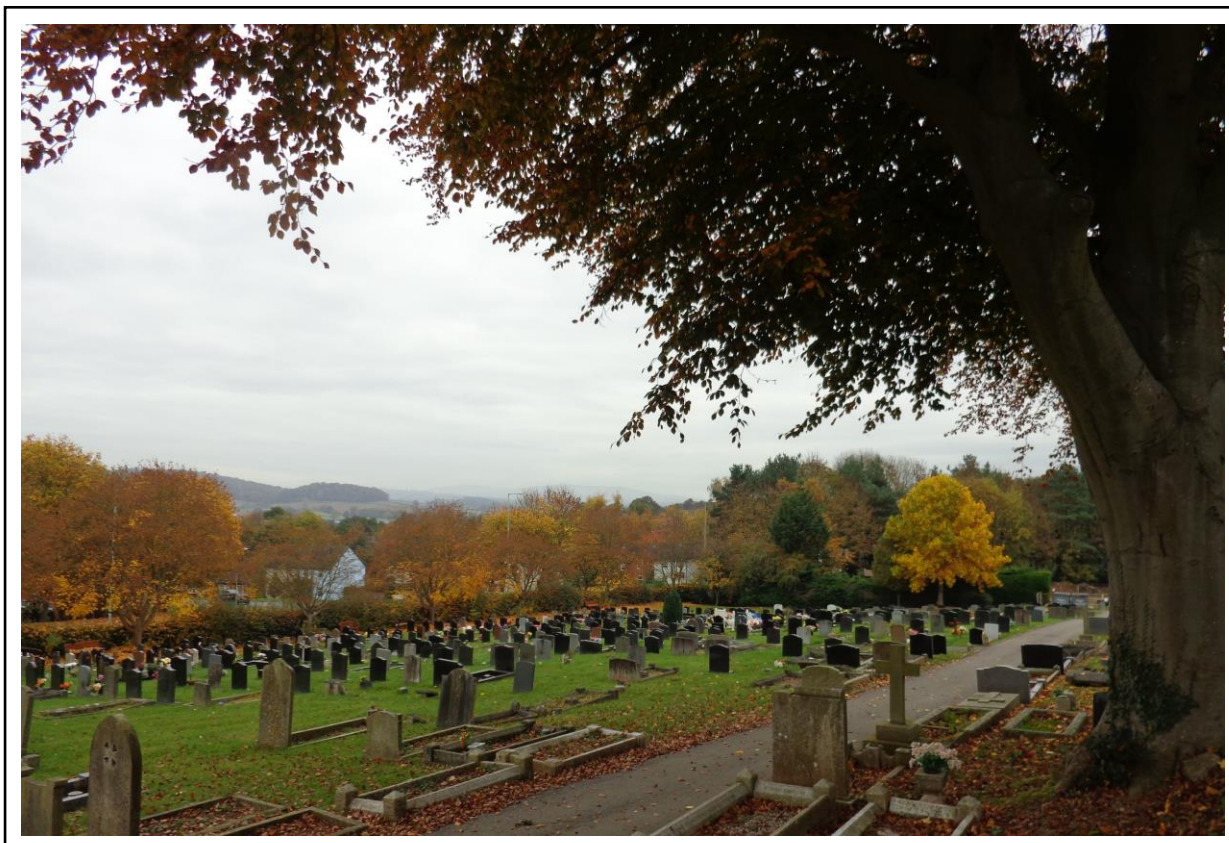


Plate 80: View of Clee Hill from Ludlow Cemetery Chapel. Shot facing northeast.



Plate 81: Terraced houses on Rocks Green area. Shot facing southeast.



Plate 82: Terraced and open areas around Rocks Green. Shot facing east.



Plate 83: New houses with traditional features, at Rockgreen 3. Shot facing east.

Archaeology Wales

APPENDIX III: HER Data

Shropshire Council HER: Monument Full Report

20/10/2016

Number of records: 38

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03096 - MSA2013	Cropmark features, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1)	Monument

A rectangular enclosure of unknown date, a circular enclosure of unknown date identified from aerial photography. Excavation in advance of bypass construction produced negative results.

Monument Types and Dates

CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE (Unknown date)

Evidence CROPMARK

RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE (Unknown date)

Evidence CROPMARK

Description and Sources

Description

The N half of a very faint circle, c 50m in diameter and with a small rectangular? feature on the interior E side, c 12m x 8m. Set within this circle is a rectangular feature c 32m NNW/SSE by c 12m transversely <3><4>

A small trench was cut through this cropmark feature with negative results. <5>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03096. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Oblique aerial photograph: Oblique View by Pickering Jim. Location: SMR AP Boxes
 - National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography SO5275/003-004
 - SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref SO5275/B&C
 - (02) Oblique aerial photograph: WAB 132_63 to 64 (2 Photos) (Black and white) by Baker W A (1969-Jul). Location: SMR AP Boxes
 - National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography SO5275/002
 - SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref SO5275/A
 - W A Baker Film Ref 64/132
 - (03) Aerial photograph transcription: AP plot by Burrow Ian (1978). Location: SMR
 - (04) Aerial photograph transcription: AP Plot of Site 288 on Fig 9.104 (Site 288 on Fig 9.104) by Baker W A (1992). Location: SMR DRF for SA 03098
 - (05) Article in serial: Excavations at Rock Green, Ludlow, 1975 in advance of bypass construction (Trans Shropshire Archaeol Hist Soc) by Carver Martin O H & Hummler M R (1991). Location: ESA white
-

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5248 7529 (72m by 60m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

SMR Number 03096

Site Name Cropmark features, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1)

SHINE Three cropmark rectangular enclosures and linear feature of probable Iron Age to Roman date at Rockgreen Active DSA10930

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 03096

Active

SHINE Candidate (Yes)

Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes

Landuse

Cultivated land, undetermined

Related Monuments

03097	Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)	General X-Ref*
03098	Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3)	General X-Ref*
03099	Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)	General X-Ref*

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA2850 1975 Excavations at Rockgreen in advance of bypass construction (Event - Intervention)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 03097

Site Name Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03097 - MSA2014	Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)	Monument

This site represents: a linear feature of unknown date.

Monument Types and Dates

LINEAR FEATURE (Unknown date)

Evidence CROPMARK

Description and Sources

Description

A linear feature with a 90 deg angle at its N end. The N/S section runs for c 30m and then turns E for c 10m <3>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03097. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Oblique aerial photograph: WAB 132_63 to 64 (2 Photos) (Black and white) by Baker W A (1969-Jul). Location: SMR AP Boxes
- | | |
|--|------------|
| National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography | SO5275/002 |
| SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref | SO5275/A |
| W A Baker Film Ref | 64/132 |
- (02) Oblique aerial photograph: Oblique View by Pickering Jim. Location: SMR AP Boxes
- | | |
|--|----------------|
| National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography | SO5275/003-004 |
| SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref | SO5275/B&C |
- (03) Aerial photograph transcription: AP plot by Burrow Ian (1978). Location: SMR

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5257 7527 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

SHINE	Three cropmark rectangular enclosures and linear feature of probable Iron Age to Roman date at Rockgreen	Active	DSA10930
-------	--	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 03097	Active
SHINE Candidate (Yes)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

SMR Number 03097

Site Name Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)

Other Land Classes

Landuse Cultivated land, undetermined

Related Monuments

03096	Cropmark features, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1)	General X-Ref*
03098	Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3)	General X-Ref*
03099	Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)	General X-Ref*

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03098 - MSA2015	Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3)	Monument

A complex of features aligned with long axis roughly N/S, consisting of two probable rectangular enclosures about 6-10m apart. The Southern Enclosure was investigated in 1975 in advance of the construction of the Ludlow By-Pass. Evidence of a hearth from the Beaker period was also encountered.

Monument Types and Dates

HEARTH (Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age - 2900 BC to 1600 BC)

Evidence SUB SURFACE DEPOSIT

AGGREGATE VILLAGE? (Early Iron Age to Roman - 800 BC to 410 AD)

RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE (Early Iron Age to Roman - 800 BC? to 410 AD?)

Evidence CROPMARK

Description and Sources

Description

The site lies within an arable field with the exception of the western margin, which is now overlaid by the embankment of the Ludlow By Pass. OS FI 1979 <1>

A complex of features aligned with long axis roughly N/S, consisting of two probable rectangular enclosures about 6-10m apart, linked by a length of ditch (?) on the E side. The S enclosure is single ditched, c 30m N/S, c 34m E/W max dimensions. The interior is divided into 3 portions by 2 N/S linear features (cf PRN 00720 Bratton annexe). Of the N enclosure only the W and E sides are visible. Maximum dimensions 30m E/W, 30m N/S. Single ditch. (I. Burrow commentary 1978). <5>

The original interpretation of the southern enclosure as a hall with annexes was subsequently abandoned. A limited investigation in advance of the construction of the Ludlow By-Pass was mounted by WEMRAC in the summer of 1975. The site lay in an area with a thin cover of sandy soil with a high clay content over Old Red Sandstone bedrock. None of the features had strong or clear edges, no animal bone survived and some pottery fabrics had been so affected by corrosion that they lost their structure, particularly a soft pottery which appeared only as a bright red smear.

Only five features were defined with any confidence. F25 and F19 were part of the enclosure ditch which had appeared on the aerial photographs as the more southerly of the two apparently linked cropmark enclosures. The ditch was located and excavated at two points within Trench 2A. It was about 2m wide and 1m deep from the present ground surface. The eastern run, F25 had been backfilled with clay containing several sherds of red soft pottery thought to have been Romano British. Two further parallel ditch systems, F44 and F20/23 were located in Trench 2A, suggesting an internal enclosure about 5m within the cropmark. F37 in Trench 2B was a thin layer of blackened soil and reddened sandstone fragments, dished into a sand-filled hollow. The layer contained 3 sherds of Beaker pottery and a flint flake. The feature is interpreted as a hearth. DISCUSSION: Activity of the Beaker Period is suggested by the Beaker sherds in the putative hearth, F37, and the barbed and tanged arrowhead found 20m away in the subsoil. On the evidence of the soft pottery, the cropmark enclosure on the air photographs belonged to the Romano-British period, and the scatter of Roman material from the ditch features and the topsoil provides some support for this date <8>

Whimster erroneously refers to the excavation of this site in his discussion of Rockgreen 4, PRN 03099. <9>

Evaluated for MPP in 1990-1, as one of less than 10 Romano-British Aggregate Villages. 4 rectangular farms(?) partially destroyed by Ludlow by-pass. <10>

Discussed by Halsted, in the context of the Bronze Age in Shropshire; 'the hearth associated with fragments of Beaker pottery and a flint scatter at Rock Green may represent a transient settlement episode and appears to be consistent with the ephemeral nature of settlement evidence recorded for the Late Neolithic and Early Bronze Age in Britain generally'. <11>

Halsted reiterates the evidence for transient occupation at Rock Green. He remarks on the distance from a water course, possibly indicating 'transient occupation episodes associated with hunting, ceremonial events and transhumance practices'. <12>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03098. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Card index: Ordnance Survey Record Card SO57NW11 (Ordnance Survey record cards) by Ordnance Survey (1979). Location: SMR OSRC Card Drawers
- (01a) Monograph: Archaeological Excavations 1975 by Carver Martin O H (1975), p125-126. Location: not given
- (01b) Aerial photograph transcription: OS AP Plot for SO57NW11 (SO57NW11) by Ordnance Survey (1979). Location: SMR

- (02) Oblique aerial photograph: WAB 132_63 to 64 (2 Photos) (Black and white) by Baker W A (1969-Jul).
Location: SMR AP Boxes
National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography SO5275/002
SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref SO5275/A
W A Baker Film Ref 64/132
- (03) Oblique aerial photograph: Oblique View by Pickering Jim. Location: SMR AP Boxes
National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography SO5275/003-004
SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref SO5275/B&C
- (04) Card index: Ordnance Survey Record Card SO57SW22 (Ordnance Survey record cards) by Ordnance Survey (1976). Location: SMR OSRC Card Drawers
- (05) Aerial photograph transcription: AP plot by Burrow Ian (1978). Location: SMR
- (06) Newsletter: Shropshire News Sheet (Shropshire News Sht) by Anon (1976), p5. Location: SMR Library
- (07) Aerial photograph transcription: AP Plot of Site 288 on Fig 9.104 (Site 288 on Fig 9.104) by Baker W A (1992). Location: SMR DRF for SA 03098
- (08) Article in serial: Excavations at Rock Green, Ludlow, 1975 in advance of bypass construction (Trans Shropshire Archaeol Hist Soc) by Carver Martin O H & Hummler M R (1991). Location: ESA white
- (09) Monograph: The Emerging Past: Air photography - the Buried Landscape by Whimster Rowan (1989), No 23 on Fig 24, p41. Location: SMR Library
- (10) TEXT: MPP Evaluation File by Horton Wendy B (1990/ 1991), Aggregate Villages (Romano-British). Location: SMR
- (11) Webpage: Bronze Age Settlement in Shropshire: research potential and frameworks for settlement studies in the West Midlands (<http://www.birmingham.ac.uk/Documents/college-artslaw/caha/wmrrfa/1/Halsted.doc>) by Halsted J (2002), pp.2-3. Location: Webpage
- (12) Article in monograph: Bronze Age settlement in Shropshire: research potential and frameworks for settlement studies in the West Midlands (The Undiscovered Country: The Earlier Prehistory of the West Midlands) by Halsted J (2007), p.171. Location: SMR Sources

Location**National Grid Reference**

Centred SO 5256 7522 (54m by 91m) SO57NW Area

Administrative AreasCivil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire**Address/Historic Names - None recorded**

Designations, Statuses and Scorings**Associated Legal Designations**

SHINE Three cropmark rectangular enclosures and linear feature of probable Iron Age to Roman date at Rockgreen Active DSA10930

Other Statuses and Cross-ReferencesSHINE Candidate (Yes) Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 03098 Active**Ratings and Scorings**MPP Total Score 13/58

Land Use**Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded**

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

03096	Cropmark features, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1)	General X-Ref*
03097	Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)	General X-Ref*
03099	Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)	General X-Ref*

Associated Finds

FSA98	BROOCH (1) (Roman - 100 AD to 199 AD)	BRONZE
FSA99	SHERD (Small quantity) (Roman - 43 AD? to 410 AD?)	POTTERY
FSA100	BEAKER (1) (Early Neolithic to Early Bronze Age - 4000 BC to 1600 BC)	POTTERY
FSA933	FLAKE (1) (Late Prehistoric - 4000 BC? to 43 AD?)	FLINT
FSA1622	BARBED AND TANGED ARROWHEAD (1) (Late Neolithic to Early Bronze Age - 2900 BC to 1600 BC)	FLINT

Associated Events/Activities

ESA2850	1975 Excavations at Rockgreen in advance of bypass construction (Event - Intervention)
ESA2851	1979 field observation by the Ordnance Survey (Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 03099

Site Name Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03099 - MSA2016	Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)	Monument

This site represents: a rectangular enclosure of probable Iron Age to Roman date.

Monument Types and Dates

RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE (Early Iron Age to Roman - 800 BC? to 410 AD?)

Evidence CROPMARK

Description and Sources

Description

Simple single-ditched rectangular enclosure with no visible entrance. Max dimensions c 40m N/S, 30m E/W <5>

An AP taken in July 1978 shows this site surviving to the E of the Ludlow By Pass then under construction <4>

Described by Whimster as a regular quadrilateral single ditched enclosure. He refers to the site having been excavated, but appears to be confusing this site with Rockgreen 3, PRN 03098, about 50m to the west, excavated by WERMIRAC in 1975 before its destruction by the construction of the Ludlow By-Pass <7>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03099. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Oblique aerial photograph: WAB 132_63 to 64 (2 Photos) (Black and white) by Baker W A (1969-Jul). Location: SMR AP Boxes
- | | |
|--|------------|
| National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography | SO5275/002 |
| SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref | SO5275/A |
| W A Baker Film Ref | 64/132 |
- (02) Oblique aerial photograph: Oblique View by Pickering Jim. Location: SMR AP Boxes
- | | |
|--|----------------|
| National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography | SO5275/003-004 |
| SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref | SO5275/B&C |
- (03) Aerial photograph transcription: AP Plot for Plot Sheet SO5275 Mapping unit SO525752 (Plot Sheet SO5275 Mapping unit SO525752) by Whimster Rowan (1982). Location: SMR Whimster AP Plot Files
- (04) Oblique aerial photograph: Oblique View by Pearce T. Location: SMR AP Boxes
- | | |
|--|------------|
| National Monuments Records Centre Aerial Photography | SF1723/021 |
| SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref | SO5275/D |
- (05) Aerial photograph transcription: AP plot by Burrow Ian (1978). Location: SMR
- (06) Aerial photograph transcription: AP Plot of Site 288 on Fig 9.104 (Site 288 on Fig 9.104) by Baker W A (1992). Location: SMR DRF for SA 03098
- (07) Monograph: The Emerging Past: Air photography - the Buried Landscape by Whimster Rowan (1989), No 23 on Fig 24, p41. Location: SMR Library

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5265 7522 (66m by 68m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

SMR Number 03099

Site Name Single ditched enclosure, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 4)

Associated Legal Designations

SHINE	Three cropmark rectangular enclosures and linear feature of probable Iron Age to Roman date at Rockgreen	Active	DSA10930
-------	--	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Yes)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 03099	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes

Landuse	Cultivated land, undetermined
---------	-------------------------------

Related Monuments

03096	Cropmark features, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1)	General X-Ref*
03097	Linear cropmark feature at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 2)	General X-Ref*
03098	Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3)	General X-Ref*

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03379 - MSA2175	Earthworks N of Dodmore Manor Farm	Monument

This site represents: a moat of medieval date, a moated site of medieval date, a fishpond of medieval date, a possible earthwork of medieval to post medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

FISHPOND (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Evidence EARTHWORK

MOAT (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Evidence EARTHWORK

MOATED SITE (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Evidence EARTHWORK

EARTHWORK? (Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1901 AD)

Evidence EARTHWORK

Description and Sources

Description

Evaluated for MPP in 1990-1, Low score as one of 52 Fishponds. The whole (Dodmore manor-SA 15003) is surrounded by the remains of a moat <1>

No trace of any surrounding moat-deep holloway along W side of house enclosure probably the origin of this mistaken interpretation. There are two rectangular fishponds to the N of the house and various other earthworks of uncertain date and function, though some may represent former paddocks / enclosures associated with the now demolished Hall. M Watson FI 1980 <2>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03379. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Volume: Shropshire Magazine (Shropshire Magazine) by Anon (1954), No 1 (May), p31. Location: SMR
- (02) Site visit report: Visit Notes, 1980 by Watson Michael D (1980). Location: SMR Card for PRN 03379
- (03) Oblique aerial photograph: CPAT 90/MB/0602 to 0604 (3 photos) (Black and White) by Musson Chris R (1990-Apr-04). Location: HER AP Storage SO5276/A&B&C

CPAT Film Ref	90/MB/0602
SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref	SO5276/A&B&C
CPAT Film Ref	90/MB/0603
CPAT Film Ref	90/MB/0604

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5256 7637 (234m by 130m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

SHINE	Earthwork remains of a moated site, fishpond and ridge and furrow of medieval N of Dodmore Manor Farm	Active	DSA10932
-------	---	--------	----------

SMR Number 03379

Site Name Earthworks N of Dodmore Manor Farm

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Yes)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 03379	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

15003	The site of Dodmore Manor	General X-Ref*
-------	---------------------------	----------------

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA3069	1980 field observation by Shropshire County Council (Event - Survey)
---------	--

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 03759

Site Name Find Spot c1959 of a wooden bowl at 12 Julian Road, Ludlow

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03759 - MSA2460	Find Spot c1959 of a wooden bowl at 12 Julian Road, Ludlow	Find Spot

Turned wooden bowl, c 14cm diameter, dug up c 1959 at 12 Julian Rd, Ludlow.

Monument Types and Dates

FINDSPOT (Unknown date)

Evidence	FIND
----------	------

Description and Sources

Description

Turned wooden bowl, c 14cm diameter, dug up c 1959 <1>

Sources

(00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03759. Location: SMR Card Drawers

(01) Catalogue: Ludlow Museum Accessions Book by Ludlow Museum, 126/82. Location: not given

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5172 7505 (12m by 11m) SO57NW Dispersed

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Possible) Active

Sites & Monuments Record - 03759 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FSA1303 BOWL (1)	WOOD
------------------	------

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 03762

Site Name Gallows Bank, Ludlow

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03762 - MSA2462	Gallows Bank, Ludlow	Monument

This site represents: a gallows of medieval to post medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

GALLOWS (Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1901 AD)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

The Ludlow Town gallows stood at Gallows Bank above Sheet Road <1>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03762. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Monograph: Ludlow in Bygone Days by Weyman H T (1913), p86-88. Location: not given
-

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5233 7466 (10m by 10m) SO57SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Possible)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 03762	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 03775

Site Name Find Spot in 1983 of a flint flake at Sandpits Road, Ludlow

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
03775 - MSA2475	Find Spot in 1983 of a flint flake at Sandpits Road, Ludlow	Find Spot

Flint flake, found in garden of 10, Sandpits Road, Ludlow, May 1983.

Monument Types and Dates

FINDSPOT (Prehistoric - 500000 BC to 43 AD)

Evidence FIND

Description and Sources

Description

Flint flake, found in garden of 10, Sandpits Road, Ludlow, May 1983 <1>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 03775. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Catalogue: Ludlow Museum Accessions Book by Ludlow Museum. Location: not given
-

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5188 7519 (20m by 11m) SO57NW Dispersed

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 03775	Active
SHINE Candidate (Possible)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes

Landuse Garden

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FSA1306	FLAKE (1) (Lower Palaeolithic to Late Iron Age - 500000 BC to 42 AD)	FLINT
---------	--	-------

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 04435

Site Name Ridge and Furrow, NE of Rock Farm

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
04435 - MSA2909	Ridge and Furrow, NE of Rock Farm	Monument

This site represents: ridge and furrow of probable medieval date, an earthwork of probable medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

EARTHWORK (Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1540 AD?)

Evidence EARTHWORK

RIDGE AND FURROW (Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1540 AD?)

Evidence EARTHWORK

Description and Sources

Description

Earthwork features observed and photographed from the air in April 1990. There appears to be small area of ridge and furrow adjacent to the road, a square depression near the western edge of the field and a possible platform abutting the western field boundary <1>

A desk based assessment and walkover survey were undertaken in August 2007 along the proposed routes of the water pipeline at Stoke St Milborough, and included air photo mapping and interpretation. Aerial photography revealed narrow ridge and furrow bounded by ditches and banks and cut by the Ludlow Road. To the north field boundaries and drains and two small hollows were evident. All features are likely to be of post medieval date. All features survived as earthworks until at least 1990. <3>

Evaluated for MPP in 1990-1, Medium score as one of 91 Irregular Open Field Systems. <5>

Sources

- (00) Card index: SMR Sheets Collection (SMR record sheets) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Sheet for PRN SA 04435. Location: SMR
- (01) Oblique aerial photograph: CPAT 90/MB/0600 (Black and White) by Musson Chris R (1990-Apr-04). Location: HER AP Storage SO5376/A
 - CPAT Film Ref 90/MB/0600
 - SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref SO5376/A
- (02) Vertical aerial photograph: Set of vertical aerial photographs, 1983 (Black and white) by Cartographical Services Ltd (1983), Frame 7626. Location: SMR Vertical AP Drawers
- (03) Deskbased survey report: Air photo Mapping and interpretation (Birmingham Arch Rep) by Deegan A (2007), p9, Unit 1. Location: ESA white (SSA23231)
- (04) Deskbased survey report: Stoke Saint Milborough, Shropshire: an archaeological desk-based assessment 2007 (revised 2008) (Birmingham Arch Rep) by Halsted J (2007). Location: ESA white
- (05) TEXT: MPP Evaluation File by Horton Wendy B (1990/ 1991). Location: SMR

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5295 7613 (648m by 363m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

SMR Number 04435

Site Name Ridge and Furrow, NE of Rock Farm

SHINE	Earthwork remains of a moated site, fishpond and ridge and furrow of medieval N of Dodmore Manor Farm	Active	DSA10932
-------	---	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 04435

Active

SHINE Candidate (Yes)

Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA6269	2007/8 DBA for proposed pipeline routes and reservoir, Stoke Saint Milborough, by Birmingham Archaeology (Event - Survey)
---------	--

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 04436

Site Name Ridge and furrow and enclosures W of Rock Farm

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
04436 - MSA2910	Ridge and furrow and enclosures W of Rock Farm	Monument

This site represents: ridge and furrow of medieval date, an earthwork of medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

EARTHWORK (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Evidence EARTHWORK

RIDGE AND FURROW (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Evidence EARTHWORK

Description and Sources

Description

Earthworks observed and photographed from the air in April 1990. They appear to consist mainly of ridge and furrow, with perhaps two small square enclosures <1>

Evaluated for MPP in 1990-1, Medium score as one of 11 Irregular Enclosed Field Systems.<3>

Sources

- (00) Card index: SMR Sheets Collection (SMR record sheets) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Sheet for PRN SA 04436. Location: SMR
- (01) Oblique aerial photograph: CPAT 90/MB/0604 to 0605 (2 photos) (Black and White) by Musson Chris R (1990-Apr-04). Location: HER AP Storage SO5275/E&F
- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| CPAT Film Ref | 90/MB/0604 |
| SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref | SO5275/E&F |
| CPAT Film Ref | 90/MB/0605 |
- (02) Vertical aerial photograph: Set of vertical aerial photographs, 1983 (Black and white) by Cartographical Services Ltd (1983), Frame 7626. Location: SMR Vertical AP Drawers
- (03) TEXT: MPP Evaluation File by Horton Wendy B (1990/ 1991). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 527 758 (100m by 100m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

SHINE	Earthwork ridge and furrow and two small square enclosures of medieval date at Rock Farm	Active	DSA10953
-------	--	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 04436	Active
SHINE Candidate (Yes)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

SMR Number 04436

Site Name Ridge and furrow and enclosures W of Rock Farm

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 17353

Site Name No 94 GRAVEL HILL (East Side), Ludlow

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
17353 - MSA9089	No 94 GRAVEL HILL (East Side), Ludlow	Building

A mid to late 18th century house, which is protected by Grade II Listing

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE (Mid 18th century to Late 19th century - 1727 AD to 1899 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Cottage. Mid/late C18 with C19 alterations. Brick; plain tile roof; brick near lateral stack. 2-storeys; 2- window range: 2-light casements. C19 par-glazed door, with further door within 2-light casements to left, and 1-light casement to right, both with brick cambered lintels. Single- storey wing with corrugated iron roof to right; lean-to to rear. INTERIOR: exposed joists to ground floor rooms with chamfered main beam. Thickness of front wall suggests additional of brickwork in C19. Ends of old purlins noted in gables <1>

Sources

- (00) Card index: SMR Sheets Collection (SMR record sheets) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Sheet for PRN SA 17353. Location: SMR
- (01) List of Buildings: 14th List of Buildings of Special Architectural or Historic Interest by Department of National Heritage (DNH) (1993-Aug-09), p207. Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5154 7529 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names

Shropshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

Listed Building (II) - 1202916	94, GRAVEL HILL	Active	DSA8021
--------------------------------	-----------------	--------	---------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 17353	Active
SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active

Ratings and Scorings

BAR Condition	Very Bad	06/01/1992	1990-1994 EH Buildings at Risk Survey
BAR Condition	Good	29/09/2005	2005 Buildings at Risk Survey for SSDC
BAR Risk	Extreme Risk - Bldg	06/01/1992	1990-1994 EH Buildings at Risk Survey
BAR Risk	Not at Risk - A	29/09/2005	2005 Buildings at Risk Survey for SSDC

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

SMR Number 17353

Site Name No 94 GRAVEL HILL (East Side), Ludlow

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
19690 - MSA11238	St Julians Well, Ludlow	Building

Scheduled Monument and Listed Building: A holy well which was once within the medieval Augustinian Friary precinct, St Julian's also fed the White Conduit (for centuries a key part of Ludlow's water supply). The medieval well head survives (much repaired); the cistern holds waterlogged deposits which may contain well-preserved artefacts.

Monument Types and Dates

HOLY WELL (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Evidence STRUCTURE

WELL HEAD (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Description and Sources

Description

Well head, on island site. Probably C18 with medieval origins. Stone rubble with dressed quoins and coping. Approximately 3m x 2m. Much repaired and partly buried. <1>

On 3rd November 1994, SCC dug down the SW side of the well to check the soundness of the structure. The entrance was blocked by two stone slabs, the inner one pierced with a rectangular hole: these were tilted outwards, revealing an iron bar across the entrance. Steps led down into the interior, wher the floor was covered with at least 4 feet or organic refuse. <2>

Scheduled in 2002. Scheduling description: ->

-> The monument includes the standing structural and buried remains of St Julian's Well, a holy well, situated in the middle of Livesey Road, in the north eastern outskirts of Ludlow. The well was originally within the precincts of the Augustinian friary, which was established in the mid-13th century and is located to the east of the medieval town. St Julian's Well was used as a source of water for the White Conduit, which is thought to have served as the town's first public water supply. There are documentary references to the White Conduit during the reign of Edward IV (1461-83), and this is probably the water supply mentioned in a document of 1308. The well and the conduit's course are both shown on a map of 1862. The well house, constructed over the cistern, is built of rubble with dressed quoins and coping stones. The nature of its construction suggests that it has been extensively repaired in the post-medieval period. It is roughly rectangular in plan and of pediment shape. It measures approximately 2.6m by 3m and stands to a height of 1.07m. In 1994, as part of a programme to consolidate the well house, a limited investigation was undertaken. This revealed an entrance at the south western end, which had been blocked by two stone slabs. Inside, steps led down into the cistern, the sides of which were lined with ashlar. The cistern was found to contain a thick deposit of organic matter. This investigation has shown that the structure as a whole survives in good condition. The well is a Listed Building Grade II. The road surface and kerbs, the lamp standard and sign are all excluded from the scheduling, although the ground beneath all these features is included <3>

In 2003 an archaeological and architectural analysis of St Julian's conduit was undertaken. The superstructure of St Julian's conduit was surveyed and photographed to provide a record of the structure prior to any necessary repairs to it. The conduit seems to be of late 18th to early 19th century date, although it is on the site of a much earlier conduit. The roof is plain gabled and the apex is capped by fairly shallow but broad copers with a segmental profile. The copers have been re-laid at some point. Both roof slopes have also been radically rebuilt on more than one occasion. The original design may have been of a much greater quality than the present patched and repaired structure. There is a distinct dip in the apex of the roof, a degree of weathering has occurred with potential frost pockets and voids opening up within the structure, and the north gable has been pushed over slightly by a tree.->

-> On the south gable, immediately below the present ground floor is the entrance under a plain lintel made up of a single stone. In the 1980's the internal structure was accessed and in contrast to the exterior, the interior seemed to have been well made and probably little altered. It was lined with well-worked and quite large blocks of sandstone, regularly coursed and apparently once lime washed. These appear to form the inner skin of the gable ends. The interior was topped by a plain brick vault springing from the tops of the stone side walls. The vaulted profile is segmental, though the apex is slightly flattened, and was made of handmade red bricks, fairly irregular in shape with repairs. There was no sign of the distinct dip in the apex of the roof noticeable on the outside. <4>

St Julian's Well, within the precincts of the Austin Friars <5a>

St Julian's Well in Livesey Rd with a crude stone cover of pediment shape <5b>

This was the source for feeding the White Conduit, Ludlow's first public water supply, forming part of the building of the Tolsey. First mentioned 1308 <6>

Evaluated for MPP in 1990-1, High score as one of 10 Holy Wells. <8>

Outline specification for repair prepared by Michael King in 2003 in connection with an application for Scheduled Monument Consent. <9>

Sources

- (00) Card index: SMR Sheets Collection (SMR record sheets) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Sheet for PRN SA 19690. Location: SMR
- (01) List of Buildings: 14th List of Buildings of Special Architectural or Historic Interest by Department of National Heritage (DNH) (1993-Aug-09), p224. Location: SMR
- (02) Field survey report: St Julian's Well, Livesey Road, Ludlow by Willis P (1994). Location: SMR DRF for PRN19690
- (03) Scheduled Monument notification: Scheduling Papers (New Scheduling, 05/07/2002) by English Heritage (2002). Location: SMR SAM Files
- (04) Field survey report: St Julian's Conduit, Livesey Road, Ludlow, Shropshire (Mercian Heritage Series) by Morriss Richard K & Little R (2003). Location: ESA white
- (05) Card index: Ordnance Survey Record Card SO57NW5 (Ordnance Survey record cards) by Ordnance Survey (1976). Location: SMR OSRC Card Drawers
- (05a) Monograph: Holy Wells of England by Hope R C (1893), p.143. Location: not given
- (05b) Monograph: Buildings of England (Shropshire) (Buildings of England) by Pevsner Nikolaus (1958), p.186. Location: Library SH_HS Pe
- (06) Monograph: Ludlow in Bygone Days by Weyman H T (1913), pp.37-38. Location: not given
- (07) Monograph: Shropshire Folklore by Burne C S (1883/ 1887), p.420. Location: not given
- (08) TEXT: MPP Evaluation File by Horton Wendy B (1990/ 1991). Location: SMR
- (09) Non-archaeological specialist report: Outline specification and schedules of work for the repair of St Julian's Well, Livesey Road, Ludlow Shropshire (King Partnership Rep) by King M J (2003). Location: SMR DRF for PRN 19690

Location**National Grid Reference**

Centred SO 5184 7506 (10m by 10m)

SO57NW

Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish

Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names

Shropshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings**Associated Legal Designations**

Listed Building (II) - 1202883	ST JULIAN'S WELL, LIVESEY ROAD	Active	DSA8029
Scheduled Monument - 1020656	St Julian's Well: a holy well in the middle of Livesey Road, 155m south west of the junction with Sandpits Road	Active	DSA4531

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 19690	Active
SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active

Ratings and Scorings

BAR Condition	Fair	06/01/1992	1990-1994 EH Buildings at Risk Survey
BAR Condition	Poor	30/09/2005	2005 Buildings at Risk Survey for SSDC
BAR Risk	Vulnerable - Struc	06/01/1992	1990-1994 EH Buildings at Risk Survey
BAR Risk	At Risk - Struc	30/09/2005	2005 Buildings at Risk Survey for SSDC

SMR Number 19690

Site Name St Julians Well, Ludlow

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA4723 1994 Investigation of St Julian's Well by SCAS (Event - Intervention)

ESA6285 2003 archaeological and architectural analysis of St Julian's Conduit, Ludlow by Richard K Morriss
(Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 06264

Site Name Ludlow & Clee Hill Railway

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
06264 - MSA12320	Ludlow & Clee Hill Railway	Monument

This site represents: a mineral railway of 19th to 20th century date.

Monument Types and Dates

MINERAL RAILWAY (Mid 19th century to 20th century (post-war) - 1864 AD to 1962 AD)

Evidence	DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE
Evidence	EARTHWORK

Description and Sources

Description

Railway embankment shown following long curve north and north west from Ludlow Station (SA6119), labelled "Ludlow and Clee Hill Railway" <1>

CMHTS Record Sheet <2>

CMHTS Report <3>

This was a mineral branch line of the Shrewsbury & Hereford Railway, which left the main line just north of Ludlow and ran steeply up to serve the Clee Hill quarries. It ended at Bitterley, but continued as a cable-worked incline running up Titterstone Clee (a second incline was later constructed). The line opened in 1864 and continued to operate for nearly a hundred years. The incline closed in 1960 and the mineral line in 1962. <4>

Photographed during aerial survey in 2010 (general views). <5>

Sources

- (01) Map: OS County Series 78.08, 1886 (OS County Series) by Ordnance Survey (1886). Location: Shropshire Archives
- (02) Record form: CMHTS SMR Records Shropshire: Ludlow (Central Marches Historic Towns Survey record form) by Dalwood Hal (1993/ 1996), Ludlow 6264. Location: SMR Library
- (03) Historic landscape survey report: Archaeological Assessment of Ludlow, Shropshire (CMHTS) (Hereford & Worcester CAS Rep) by Dalwood Hal et al (1996). Location: not given
- (04) Monograph: Railways of Shropshire by Morriss Richard K (1991), p35,56. Location: not given
- (05) Oblique aerial photograph: SA1005_247 to SA1005_255 (9 photos) Flight: 10_SA_05 (Colour) by Shropshire Council (2010-Mar-8). Location: SC Network and CD Storage
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_247
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_248
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_249
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_250
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_251
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_252
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_253
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_254
 - SC Digital AP Ref SA1005_255

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5516 7732 (10m by 10m) SO57NE Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Bitterley, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Bromfield, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Caynham, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Coreley, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded**Designations, Statuses and Scorings****Associated Legal Designations**

Conservation Area	Dhustone	Active	DSA9151
SHINE	Series of coal mining and quarrying remains from at least 1260 until the 20th century, on Clee Hill	Active	DSA9932
SHINE	A series of coal mining (including medieval Coal Bell Pits) and quarrying remains from the medieval period until the 20th century, part of the 19th century Ludlow & Clee Hill Railway, and squatter settlement and enclosure on Titterstone Clee.	Active	DSA9931
SHINE	A series of coal mining and quarrying remains from the medieval period until the 20th century and 19th century railway Incline on Titterstone Clee.	Active	DSA11474
SHINE	Above and below ground remains of 19th-20th century Ludlow and Clee Hill Railway	Active	DSA11764

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 06264	Active
SHINE Candidate (Yes)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded**Land Use****Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded****Other Land Classes - None recorded****Related Monuments - None Recorded****Finds - None recorded****Associated Events/Activities - None recorded****Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded**

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
06267 - MSA12323	Medieval Street System, Ludlow	Monument

This site represents: a road of medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

ROAD (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)	
Evidence	CONJECTURAL EVIDENCE
Evidence	DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE
MARKET PLACE? (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)	
Evidence	DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

The medieval street names are documented in 1439 as Vicus Latus (Broad Street), le narow lane (Raven Lane/Lower Raven Lane), Barnde Lane (Bell Lane/Brand Lane), Muryvale (Silk Mill Lane). Broad Street may date to early C13th. St. John's Lane was the medieval Frog Lane. Teynter's Lane was located on the west side of Lower Broad Street, possibly adjacent to no. 51 but not positively located <1>

CMHTS Comment:- Medieval component mapped from documentary and cartographic sources. Evidence for existence of some of minor lanes in medieval period is circumstantial (PRN 06270). See SA6308 for post-medieval street system. The street system outside of urban area is defined by former holloways in two locations (PRN 06126; PRN 06128). In Dinham, the strip of land documented as Christ's Croft has been interpreted as former street (cf PRN 03773). <2>

CMHTS Report <3>

PORTCULLIS LANE: The original line of Portcullis Lane appears to have been as a classic back lane to the burgages on the east side of Corve Street, though it had kinked round an encroachment by the early 19th century. The centre line of the lane formed the parish boundary between the new C11/12 parish of Ludlow and the earlier parish of Stanton Lacy <4>

CORVE STREET: Upper Corve Street, which was originally cigar-shaped, may have functioned as an additional market street, before or in addition to the medieval market place. The first documentary reference comes in 1186. <5>

CORVE STREET: A watching brief was undertaken on the excavation of 3 small trenches in Corve Street, Ludlow, as part of a sewage feasibility study. In trenches 2 and 3, on the eastern side of Corve Street, a number of well-compacted layers, provisionally dated to the 13th - 14th century sealing earlier sandstone structures in both trenches. These road surfaces lay at a depth of c.0.40m below present ground level. <6>

Sources

- (01) Volume: The Corner Shop - a History of Bodenhams from the Middle Ages (Ludlow Historical Research Group Papers) by Lloyd D J & Moran Madge (1978), p1, p10-11. Location: not given
- (02) Record form: CMHTS SMR Records Shropshire: Ludlow (Central Marches Historic Towns Survey record form) by Dalwood Hal (1993/ 1996), Ludlow 6267. Location: SMR Library
- (03) Historic landscape survey report: Archaeological Assessment of Ludlow, Shropshire (CMHTS) (Hereford & Worcester CAS Rep) by Dalwood Hal et al (1996). Location: not given
- (04) Excavation report: An Archaeological Evaluation at 147-152 Corve Street, Ludlow (SCCAS Rep) by Hannaford Hugh R & Stamper Paul A (1996), p3. Location: ESA white
- (05) Excavation report: Excavations on the Ludlow Library and Museum Resource Centre Site, Corve Street, Ludlow (SCCAS Rep) by Hannaford Hugh R (2001), p4. Location: ESA white
- (06) Watching brief report: Archaeological watching brief for a sewage feasibility study, Corve Street, Ludlow, Shropshire (Worcs Arch Services Rep) by Sworn S (2006), Trenches 2 and 3. Location: ESA white

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5117 7491 (10m by 10m)

SO57SW

Area

SMR Number 06267

Site Name Medieval Street System, Ludlow

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

Conservation Area	Ludlow (Galdeford)	Active	DSA8432
Conservation Area	Ludlow	Active	DSA8431

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (No)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 06267	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

06270	Medieval Street System, Ludford	Geographical (P/C)
-------	---------------------------------	--------------------

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA7717	2006 WB for a sewage feasibility study, Corve Street, Ludlow, Shropshire by HEAS, Worcestershire County Council (Event - Intervention)
---------	--

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 06308

Site Name Street system (Post Medieval), Ludlow

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
06308 - MSA12337	Street system (Post Medieval), Ludlow	Monument

This site represents: a road of post medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

ROAD (Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1901 AD)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

CMHTS Comment:- Medieval street system (cf. SA6267) saw some changes in post-medieval period, and a separate post-medieval urban component is defined <1>

Broad Street was regraded in 1829: north of Broad Gate, the street surface was lowered; and south of the gate the street surface was raised on a courseway to make a uniform gradient <2>

Post-medieval street system reconstructed for early C17th (see map on end papers) <3>

CMHTS Report <4>

Sources

- (01) Record form: CMHTS SMR Records Shropshire: Ludlow (Central Marches Historic Towns Survey record form) by Dalwood Hal (1993/ 1996), Ludlow 6308. Location: SMR Library
 - (02) Volume: The Corner Shop - a History of Bodenhams from the Middle Ages (Ludlow Historical Research Group Papers) by Lloyd D J & Moran Madge (1978), p15-16. Location: not given
 - (03) Monograph: Ludlow: an Historic Town in Words and Pictures by Lloyd D J & Klein P (1984). Location: not given
 - (04) Historic landscape survey report: Archaeological Assessment of Ludlow, Shropshire (CMHTS) (Hereford & Worcester CAS Rep) by Dalwood Hal et al (1996). Location: not given
-

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5120 7480 (10m by 10m) SO57SW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

Conservation Area	Ludlow (Galdeford)	Active	DSA8432
Conservation Area	Ludlow	Active	DSA8431

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (No)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 06308	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

SMR Number 06308

Site Name Street system (Post Medieval), Ludlow

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14979

Site Name Agricultural Building at Dodmore Manor, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
-------------------	------------------	--------------------

14979 - MSA15487	Agricultural Building at Dodmore Manor, East Hamlet	Building
------------------	---	----------

A threshing barn, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

THRESHING BARN ((at some time) 16th century to Mid 18th century - 1500 AD to 1750 AD)

Evidence	EXTANT BUILDING
----------	-----------------

Description and Sources

Description

Brick, tile, gable, catslide, square windows, 1 bay ?, Large central double door and blocked door, shutters <0>

Poor condition <0><1><2>

Sources

(00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14979. Location: SMR Card Drawers

(01) Photograph: Barn, Dodmore Manor (Black and white) by Anon (1980-Nov). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files

SMR Film Collection Ref	068/01-02
-------------------------	-----------

(02) Photograph: Dodmore, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files

SMR Film Collection Ref	121/21-28
-------------------------	-----------

(03) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5256 7635 (point)	SO57NW	Point
----------------------	--------	-------

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
--------------	---------------------------------------

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
----------------------------	--------

Sites & Monuments Record - 14979	Active
----------------------------------	--------

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

24189	Site of Dodmore Manor Farm	Functional Association (P/C)
-------	----------------------------	------------------------------

Finds - None recorded

SMR Number 14979

Site Name Agricultural Building at Dodmore Manor, East Hamlet

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14980

Site Name Threshing Barn at Dodmore Manor Farm, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14980 - MSA15488	Threshing Barn at Dodmore Manor Farm, East Hamlet	Building

A threshing barn, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

THRESHING BARN ((at some time) Mid 18th century to First World War - 1750 AD to 1914 AD)
Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Timber framed, weather boarded, gabled and tin sheet roof, 4 bays, 1.5 storey <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14980. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Photograph: Farm Buildings, Dodmore Manor (Black and white) by Anon (1980-Nov). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
- | | |
|-------------------------|--------|
| SMR Film Collection Ref | 068/00 |
| SMR Film Collection Ref | 068/10 |
| SMR Film Collection Ref | 068/42 |
- (02) Photograph: Dodmore, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| SMR Film Collection Ref | 121/21-28 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
- (03) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5259 7636 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 14980	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

24189	Site of Dodmore Manor Farm	Functional Association (P/C)
-------	----------------------------	------------------------------

SMR Number 14980

Site Name Threshing Barn at Dodmore Manor Farm, East Hamlet

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14982

Site Name Firtree Cottage, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
-------------------	------------------	--------------------

14982 - MSA15490	Firtree Cottage, East Hamlet	Building
------------------	------------------------------	----------

A house, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Rendered on unknown, thin slate, gabled, skylight, chimney 1 end, wooden casements, gabled porch, 2 unit, extension, 1.5 storey <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14982. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Photograph: Fir Tree Cottage, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/12
 - (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5286 7596 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 14982	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14983

Site Name Suncrest, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14983 - MSA15491	Suncrest, East Hamlet	Building

A house, with outbuildings, which were built sometime between 1750 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) Mid 18th century to First World War - 1750 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

OUTBUILDING ((at some time) Mid 18th century to First World War - 1750 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Rendered on unknown, painted, tile, gabled, dormers through eaves, brick 2-end chimneys, wooden casements, 2 unit, 1.5 storey, outbuildings, outshot <0>

Sources

- | | |
|------|---|
| (00) | Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14983. Location: SMR Card Drawers |
| (01) | Photograph: 1 & 2 Rock Green Bank (Suncrest), East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/15-16 |
| (02) | Oblique aerial photograph: CPAT 95/MB/0669 (Black and White) by Musson Chris R (1995-May-14). Location: HER AP Storage SO5989/E
CPAT Film Ref 95/MB/0669
SMR Oblique AP Collection Ref SO5989/E |
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5268 7587 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 14983	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

SMR Number 14983

Site Name Suncrest, East Hamlet

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14984

Site Name No 1 Rock Green Bank, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14984 - MSA15492	No 1 Rock Green Bank, East Hamlet	Building

A house, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) Mid 18th century to First World War - 1750 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Rendered and painted on unknown, old plain tiles, gabled, brick 1 end chimney, wooden casements, catslide porch, 2 unit, 1.5 storey, garage and extension <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14984. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Photograph: 1 & 2 Rock Green Bank (Suncrest), East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/15-16
 - (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5267 7586 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 14984	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14985

Site Name Rock Cottages, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14985 - MSA15493	Rock Cottages, East Hamlet	Building

A house, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914.

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Stone and brick, tile, gabled, dormers through eaves, brick 1 end chimney, metal casements, (catslide dormers), planked door, 2 unit, 1.5 storey <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14985. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Photograph: Rock Cottages, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/07
- (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5299 7558 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 14985	Active
SHINE Candidate (No)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

24195	Rock Farm	Functional Association (P/C)
-------	-----------	------------------------------

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14986

Site Name Cottages at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14986 - MSA15494	Cottages at Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Building

A house, with outbuildings/stables, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

OUTBUILDING ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

STABLE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Brick, tile, gabled, dormer, brick chimney, wood casements, extension, 1.5 storey, with outbuildings/stables <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14986. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Photograph: Rock Cottages, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/04-06
 - (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5295 7561 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 14986	Active
SHINE Candidate (No)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

24195	Rock Farm	Functional Association (P/C)
-------	-----------	------------------------------

Finds - None recorded

SMR Number 14986

Site Name Cottages at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14987

Site Name Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14987 - MSA15495	Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Building

A cowhouse, pigsties, stables and cartshed, which were built sometime between 1500 and 1914

Monument Types and Dates

CART SHED ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

COW HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

PIGSTY ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

STABLE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Stone & brick, tile, pantile and tin sheet roofs, square windows, hoist door, 1 and 1.5 storey. Peron <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14987. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Photograph: Rock Farm Buildings, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 124/45-46
- (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5295 7574 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 14987 Active

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely) Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

SMR Number 14987

Site Name Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

24195 Rock Farm

Functional Association (P/C)

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14988

Site Name Further Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14988 - MSA15496	Further Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Building

Barn, Cowstall and Cart Storage building, which were built sometime between 1500 and 1750

Monument Types and Dates

BARN ((at some time) 16th century to Mid 18th century - 1500 AD to 1750 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

COW HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to Mid 18th century - 1500 AD to 1750 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Stone - random uncoursed, timber frame - weatherboard, pantiles, gable <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14988. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Photograph: Rock Farm Buildings, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/08-11
- (02) Photograph: Rock Farm Buildings, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 124/45-46
- (03) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5295 7574 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 14988	Active
SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

24195	Rock Farm	Functional Association (P/C)
-------	-----------	------------------------------

SMR Number 14988

Site Name Further Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14989

Site Name Farmhouse, Rock Farm, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14989 - MSA15497	Farmhouse, Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Building

A farmhouse, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1914.

Monument Types and Dates

FARMHOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to First World War - 1500 AD to 1914 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Brick, timber frame, modern tiles and tin sheet, brick chimneys, wooden casements, gable porch, 1, 1.5 and 2.5 storey. Mounting block, iron goods and attic <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14989. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Photograph: Rock Farm House, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 124/44
 - (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 52910 75717 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 14989	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

24195	Rock Farm	Functional Association (P/C)
-------	-----------	------------------------------

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14991

Site Name The site of The Riddings, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
-------------------	------------------	--------------------

14991 - MSA15499	The site of The Riddings, East Hamlet	Building
------------------	---------------------------------------	----------

The site of a house, which was built between 1500 and 1914 - now demolished and a modern house built on site

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to 21st century - 1500 AD to 2003 AD)

Evidence	DEMOLISHED BUILDING
Evidence	DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

Stone and brick, slate and thin tiles (roof removed 1981), gabled, brick chimney, wood casements, planked door, gables dormers, 2 unit, 1 end stack, 1.5 storey, outbuilings. All in ruins Oct 1981 (CJW) <0>

Demolished by 6-1-2003 when modern house on site <0>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 14991. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Photograph: The Riddings, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 124/43
- (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5243 7490 (point) SO57SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 14991	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

SMR Number 14991

Site Name The site of The Riddings, East Hamlet

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 15003

Site Name The site of Dodmore Manor

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
15003 - MSA15506	The site of Dodmore Manor	Building

A large timber framed house demolished circa 1955.

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE (Post Medieval to 20th century (post-war) - 1540 AD to 1955 AD?)

Evidence	DEMOLISHED BUILDING
Evidence	DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

A large timber-framed house with brick chimneys demolished circa 1955. 3 storey with stone ground floor and brick stacks. L shaped <1>

Fully 3-storied and jettied at each level the house incorporated lozenge-within-lozenge work to the second storey and square-framing to the third. A noticeable feature was a raised diamond within a larger diamond inset on three of the panels at the front. This device is also encountered on Sherer's Mansion, Wyle Cop, Shrewsbury (demolished) and on the Feathers Hotel where it is expressed as raised heads. All three houses were occupied by officials of the Council in the Marches; Dodmore became the home of Richard Fisher, an apothecary and brother-in-law to Rees Jones, an attorney at the Council, who remodelled the Feathers in 1619. Photograph dated 1904.<4>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 15003. Location: SMR Card Drawers
- (01) Photograph: Dodmore Manor (Black and white) by Anon (1980-Nov). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 068/03-09
- (02) Photograph: Dodmore, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/21-28
- (03) Article in serial: Article in Shropshire Magazine (Shropshire Mag) by (1954), p31. Location: not given
- (04) Monograph: Vernacular Buildings of Shropshire by Moran Madge (2003), p.188. Location: Library

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5257 7630 (point) SO57NW

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 15003	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

SMR Number 15003

Site Name The site of Dodmore Manor

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

03379 Earthworks N of Dodmore Manor Farm General X-Ref*

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 15005

Site Name Gateway and boundary wall to Dodmore Manor

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
15005 - MSA15508	Gateway and boundary wall to Dodmore Manor	Building

A gateway and boundary wall to Dodmore Manor.

Monument Types and Dates

GATE (Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1901 AD)
Evidence EXTANT STRUCTURE
WALL (Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1901 AD)
Evidence EXTANT STRUCTURE

Description and Sources

Description

The former building (PRN 15003) is ringed with a very massive stone wall of early date and the entrance gate is a most unusual piece of work, dating from the time of Queen Anne <1>

Sources

(00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 15005. Location: SMR Card Drawers
(01) Photograph: Dodmore, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/21-28

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 525 763 (point) SO57NW

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely) Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 15005 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 16195

Site Name Dodmore Cottage, East Hamlet

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
16195 - MSA15780	Dodmore Cottage, East Hamlet	Building

A house, which was built sometime between 1500 and 1750

Monument Types and Dates

HOUSE ((at some time) 16th century to Mid 18th century - 1500 AD to 1750 AD)
Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Timber frame, tile, gable, dormer at eaves, 2 end chimneys, tall windows, lattice frame, 2 unit, 1.5 storey <0> <2>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN SA 16195. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) Photograph: Dodmore Cottage, East Hamlet (Black and white) by Anon (1981-Sep). Location: SMR Film Negatives Files
SMR Film Collection Ref 121/13
 - (02) Card index: South Shropshire Parish Survey SMR Card Collection (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR (1981 / 1982). Location: SMR
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5275 7597 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 16195	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 14381

Site Name Ludlow Cemetery Chapel

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
14381 - MSA18515	Ludlow Cemetery Chapel	Building

A chapel of unknown date.

Monument Types and Dates

CHAPEL (Unknown date)

Evidence BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

Placed on the SMR from the OS 1:2500 map (1960's) <0> <1>

Photograph taken on 20th january 2016. <2>

Sources

- (00) Card index: Site and Monuments Record (SMR) cards (SMR record cards) by Shropshire County Council SMR, SMR Card for PRN 14381. Location: SMR Card Drawers
 - (01) TEXT: Chapels Identified from Modern OS 1:2500 scale Mapping by Stewart Don (1982 ?). Location: not given
 - (02) SMR comment: Comments by J B Haynes, HER Compiler by Haynes J B (2014 onwards). Location: HER database
-

Location

National Grid Reference

SO 5198 7549 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Unlikely) Active

Sites & Monuments Record - 14381 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 24189

Site Name Site of Dodmore Manor Farm

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
24189 - MSA26535	Site of Dodmore Manor Farm	Monument

Site of Dodmore Manor Farm, a farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project, 2008 – 2010, (ESA6427), largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping. Farmstead totally demolished.

Monument Types and Dates

FARMSTEAD (Early 18th century to Late 19th century - 1700 AD? to 1899 AD)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

Regular Courtyard comprising an L- Plan range with detached buildings to the third and fourth sides of the yard. Additional Plan Details: None. Date Evidence from Farmhouse: None. Date Evidence from Working Building(s): 18th Century. Position of Farmhouse: Farmhouse set away from yard. Farmstead Location: Chaurch and Manor Farm Group, or other high status farmstead. Survival: Farmstead totally demolished. Confidence: High. Other Notes: A threshing barn, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914 (PRN 14979) A threshing barn, which was built sometime between 1750 and 1914 (PRN 14980) <1>

Sources

(01) Geospatial data: Historic Farmstead Characterisation Dataset by Baxter Charlotte (2010). Location: Digital

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5256 7633 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 24189 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

14979	Agricultural Building at Dodmore Manor, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)
14980	Threshing Barn at Dodmore Manor Farm, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

SMR Number 24189

Site Name Site of Dodmore Manor Farm

ESA6427 2008/2010 Historic farmsteads characterisation project by Shropshire Council, HET (Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 24195

Site Name Rock Farm

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
24195 - MSA26541	Rock Farm	Monument

Rock Farm, a farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project, 2008 – 2010, (ESA6427), largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping.

Monument Types and Dates

FARMSTEAD (Early 18th century to Unknown - 1700 AD?)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

Dispersed with multiple yards. Additional Plan Details: None. Date Evidence from Farmhouse: None. Date Evidence from Working Building(s): 18th Century.

Position of Farmhouse: Detached, side on to yard. Farmstead Location: Hamlet. Survival: Partial Loss - less than 50% change. Confidence: High.

Other Notes: Large modern sheds on the site of the historic farmstead are either obscuring the historic buildings or may have destroyed them. Barn, Cow stall and Cart Storage building, which were built sometime between 1500 and 1750 (PRN 14988). <1>

Sources

(01) Geospatial data: Historic Farmstead Characterisation Dataset by Baxter Charlotte (2010). Location: Digital

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5294 7572 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 24195 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments

14985	Rock Cottages, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)
14986	Cottages at Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)
14987	Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)
14988	Further Agricultural Building Range at Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)
14989	Farmhouse, Rock Farm, East Hamlet	Functional Association (P/C)

SMR Number 24195

Site Name Rock Farm

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA6427 2008/2010 Historic farmsteads characterisation project by Shropshire Council, HET (Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
24196 - MSA26542	Dun Cow Farm	Monument

Dun Cow Farm, a farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project, 2008 – 2010, (ESA6427), largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping.

Monument Types and Dates

FARMSTEAD (Early 19th century to 21st century - 1835 AD? to 2015 AD)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

Regular Courtyard with multiple yards. Additional Plan Details: Loose Courtyard. Date Evidence from Farmhouse: 19th Century. Date Evidence from Working Building(s): None. Position of Farmhouse: Detached, gable on to yard. Farmstead Location: Hamlet. Survival: Partial Loss - less than 50% change. Confidence: High. Other Notes: Some Evidence for Conversion. Small farm. ?No longer in agricultural use, converted to hotel. <1>

The redundant farmstead was visited as part of a programme of assessment, to accompany a planning application for demolition of existing redundant farm buildings and the construction of a new food store and fuel station, together with associated access and parking, at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, near Ludlow, Shropshire. The buildings on site comprised the pebble-dashed south-facing farmhouse; fire-damaged red-brick stables to the north; an L-shaped agricultural range to the west of the house and two dispersed mid-20th century corrugated sheds on the yard. The setting of the farmstead had already been altered as a result of the construction of the A49 roundabout and the buildings have undergone several phases of alteration and addition. The farmhouse has been significantly enlarged from the building recorded on an estate map of 1835, on which the farmstead is first depicted. <2>

Sources

- (01) Geospatial data: Historic Farmstead Characterisation Dataset by Baxter Charlotte (2010). Location: Digital
- (02) Deskbased survey report: Land at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, Ludlow, Shropshire: archaeological assessment (Castlring Archaeol Rep) by Frost Pat (2014). Location: Digital ESA white

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5226 7563 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 24196 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

SMR Number 24196

Site Name Dun Cow Farm

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA6427 2008/2010 Historic farmsteads characterisation project by Shropshire Council, HET (Event - Survey)

ESA7346 2014 DBA of land at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, Ludlow by Castlring Archaeology (Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 24198

Site Name 7 & 8 Rock Lane

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
24198 - MSA26544	7 & 8 Rock Lane	Monument

7 & 8 Rock Lane, a farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project, 2008 – 2010, (ESA6427), largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping.

Monument Types and Dates

FARMSTEAD (Early 19th century to Unknown - 1800 AD?)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

Dispersed Driftway, ie with the farm buildings and/or yards set along a track. Additional Plan Details: None. Date Evidence from Farmhouse: 19th Century. Date Evidence from Working Building(s): None.

Position of Farmhouse: Attached to agricultural range. Farmstead Location: Isolated. Survival: Partial Loss - less than 50% change. Confidence: High.

Other Notes: None <1>

Rock Lane was a medieval thoroughfare with some 'island' houses in the middle of the road. The suburb consisted of sub standard accommodation for the working poor, and it housed a changing population of agricultural labourers, brickmakers, knife grinders and washerwomen. It is characteristic of medieval extra-mural suburbs in Shropshire towns <02>.

Sources

(01) Geospatial data: Historic Farmstead Characterisation Dataset by Baxter Charlotte (2010). Location: Digital

(02) Monograph: The Industrial Archaeology of Shropshire by Trinder Barrie (1996), p73. Location: SMR Library

International Standard Book Number 0 85033 989 8

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5214 7500 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 24198 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

SMR Number 24198

Site Name 7 & 8 Rock Lane

ESA6427 2008/2010 Historic farmsteads characterisation project by Shropshire Council, HET (Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 24204

Site Name Site of Riddings farmstead, Vashon Close, Ludlow

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
24204 - MSA26550	Site of Riddings farmstead, Vashon Close, Ludlow	Monument

Site of Riddings farmstead, Vashon Close, Ludlow , a farmstead first identified and classified by the Historic Farmsteads Characterisation Project, 2008 – 2010, (ESA6427), largely from the digital version of the c.1900 OS large scale mapping.

Monument Types and Dates

FARMSTEAD (Early 19th century to Unknown - 1800 AD?)

Evidence DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Description and Sources

Description

Loose Courtyard with farm buildings on two sides of the yard. Additional Plan Details: Additional detached elements to main plan. Date Evidence from Farmhouse: 19th Century. Date Evidence from Working Building(s): None. Position of Farmhouse: Detached, side on to yard. Farmstead Location: Isolated. Survival: Farmstead totally demolished. Confidence: Medium. Other Notes: None <1>

Sources

(01) Geospatial data: Historic Farmstead Characterisation Dataset by Baxter Charlotte (2010). Location: Digital

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5238 7489 (10m by 10m) SO57SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 24204 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

ESA6427 2008/2010 Historic farmsteads characterisation project by Shropshire Council, HET (Event - Survey)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 21864 **Site Name** Earthwork remains of ridge and furrow S of Dodmore Manor Farm

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
21864 - MSA30625	Earthwork remains of ridge and furrow S of Dodmore Manor Farm	Monument

An area of earthwork remains of ridge and furrow of possible medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

RIDGE AND FURROW (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Description and Sources

Description

Ridge and furrow visible of vertical digital aerial photographs. <1><2>

Sources

- (01) Vertical aerial photograph: UK Perspectives MAPS Digital Aerial Photographic Data Set for Shropshire (Colour) by UK Perspectives (1999/ 2002). Location: Corporate GIS
- (02) Vertical aerial photograph: Ordnance Survey Mastermap Digital Aerial Photographic Data Set for Shropshire (Colour) by Ordnance Survey (1999 onwards). Location: Corporate GIS

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5251 7621 (338m by 258m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations

SHINE	Earthwork remains of a moated site, fishpond and ridge and furrow of medieval N of Dodmore Manor Farm	Active	DSA10932
-------	---	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

SHINE Candidate (Yes)	Active
Sites & Monuments Record - 21864	Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number 21865

Site Name Possible medieval road to Dodmore Manor Farm and Wigley

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
21865 - MSA30626	Possible medieval road to Dodmore Manor Farm and Wigley	Monument

Partial earthwork remains of road of possible medieval date.

Monument Types and Dates

HOLLOW WAY (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

ROAD (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1540 AD)

Description and Sources

Description

Earthwork remains of the road, in the form of hollow ways, are visible around and SW of Dodmore Manor Farm on vertical digital aerial photographs.<1><2>

Some section of road marked on Foxall's transcription of the Tithe Award map for Wigley and Dodmore Townships in Stanton Lacy Parish of 1848.<3>

Elsewhere, possible course of road traced using footpaths/ tracks marked on 1st ed. 1:10,560 and 2nd ed. 1:2500 OS maps<4><5>

Sources

- (01) Vertical aerial photograph: UK Perspectives MAPS Digital Aerial Photographic Data Set for Shropshire (Colour) by UK Perspectives (1999/ 2002). Location: Corporate GIS
- (02) Vertical aerial photograph: Ordnance Survey Mastermap Digital Aerial Photographic Data Set for Shropshire (Colour) by Ordnance Survey (1999 onwards). Location: Corporate GIS
- (03) Map: Collection of Scanned copies of the Foxall Tithe Award Map Transcriptions (Foxall map transcripts) by Shropshire Archives (2003). Location: not given
- (04) Map: OS County Series 1:10560 (6 inch) maps (1st edition) - digital dataset (OS County Series) by Ordnance Survey (c1872-1897). Location: Corporate GIS
- (05) Map: OS County Series 1:2500 maps (2nd edition) - digital dataset (OS County Series) by Ordnance Survey (c1899-1903). Location: Corporate GIS

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred SO 5265 7637 (732m by 692m) SO57NW Line

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Bromfield, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Legal Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

Sites & Monuments Record - 21865 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded

Other Land Classes - None recorded

SMR Number 21865

Site Name Possible medieval road to Dodmore Manor Farm and Wigley

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

SMR Number	Site Name	Record Type
28277 - MSA31041	St Peter's Church and Presbytery, Ludlow	Building

The Roman Catholic congregation in Ludlow formerly met in a modest hall in Julian Road. This church, together with its presbytery, was built between 1935 and 1936 to the designs of Giuseppe Rinvoluceri (1894-1963). The church is built of rubble-faced stone, with ashlar dressings. The barrel vault, dome and pillars all use reinforced concrete. The church house is of two stories, stuccoed and colour-washed, with a flat roof and concrete coping, and is in a loosely 'Moderne' style.

Monument Types and Dates

PRIESTS HOUSE (Built, 20th century (inter-war) - 1935 AD to 1936 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (Built, 20th century (inter-war) - 1936 AD)

Evidence EXTANT BUILDING

Description and Sources

Description

History : The Roman Catholic congregation in Ludlow formerly met in a modest hall in Julian Road, which was later used as a scout hut. The foundation stone for the present building was laid by the Bishop of Shrewsbury in May 1935 and the church, together with its presbytery, were finished the following year to the designs of Giuseppe Rinvoluceri (1894-1963). A parish meeting room, was added later in the C20.

Details: CHURCH: the church is built of rubble-faced stone, with ashlar dressings, all of limestone from the Oreton Quarry at Farlow, Clee Hill. The roof is of concrete covered with a waterproof membrane. The barrel vault, dome and pillars all use reinforced concrete.

PLAN: the nave has three bays and a central, square, crossing space supporting a dome. To either side are transepts with apsidal ends and the chancel also has an apsidal end. Doors at either side of the altar lead to vestries and a meeting room as well as the connecting corridor to the presbytery.

EXTERIOR: the western front has a central portal with arched head, which is approached by a set of stone steps. Above this is a large oculus and to the top of the wall is an open arcade of small arches, which continues around a pair of corner turrets, which have domed caps. A corbel table below the coping continues around the building. The flanks of the nave have triplets of round-arched lancets, set high in the wall, which mark each bay and the transepts and chancel have the same motif. The corners of the square central crossing are chamfered to their upper body. The circular dome has eight triplets of windows to the drum and a plain cap supporting a cross to the apex of the dome. An external spiral staircase of concrete is attached to the southern transept. This leads to the flat roof of the vestries, from which the transept galleries are accessed.

INTERIOR: there is a shallow internal porch to the western end with niches to the lateral walls and an organ loft above it. The nave has no aisles, but the transepts have arcades below the galleries and these connect to narrow aisles at either side of the chancel. The altar is set in an apse which has panels of variegated marble to its lower walling. The altar is now set forward from the wall, in line with Vatican II orthodoxy, but was formerly joined to the wall. The green marble steps below the altar also appear to date from the 1970s. Early photographs also show the interior with two pulpits at either side of the chancel, both of which have now been removed. Stained glass was brought from the former Roman Catholic church at Julian Hall. The three arched lights at the eastern end, above the altar are by Hardman of Birmingham and dated 1906. They represent St Peter, St George and Our Lady of Mount Carmel. The circular window at the western end is by Earleys of Dublin and represents the Virgin and Child. The present painting of the dome with gold stars against a blue background, representing the Apostles, was undertaken by Philip Jackson in 1993

THE PRESBYTERY: the church house is of two stories, stuccoed and colour-washed, with a flat roof and concrete coping, and is in a loosely 'Moderne' style.

EXTERIOR: the principal fronts face south, onto the driveway, and west, towards the church. There are horizontal strip windows to both fronts. These were formerly metal casements, but have now been replaced with uPVC units. The south front has three bays, with a semi-circular bow window to the left. The right-hand bay has a square corner at ground floor level and a quadrant curve above it to the first floor. All windows on this front are of five casement lights, except for the right bay which has two four-light windows at either side of the corner and a curved window of six lights to the first floor. The west front also has three lights, with a central doorway which has an arched head with fanlight, flanked by two small lights. Other windows on the front are of four casement lights, but the right bay has windows of five lights. To the left is the arcaded wing which links the presbytery to the church.

INTERIOR: many of the ground floor rooms, including the staircase hall, were panelled in the 1960s. The interior is approached through a replacement, uPVC door. The staircase hall has a cantilevered concrete staircase with open well and balustrade of tubular steel with a wooden handrail. The dining room and study retain their original tiled fire surrounds. Original doors have been covered with panelling in the 1960s. ->

-> Early photographs of the church and presbytery at the time of their completion, show the presbytery with a prominent balustrade of stucco piers and an iron balustrade, which has now been removed from the roof. ->

-> In 2011 an application was made to English Heritage for the building to be listed. After due consideration, English Heritage concluded that although the building had clear local interest. St Peter's Church did not merit listing. <1>

Photograph taken on 20th January 2016. <2>

Sources

- (01) Report: St Peter's Church and Presbytery, Case No 465436. EH Advice Report 21/09/2011 by English Heritage (Sept-2011). Location: DRF for PRN 28277
- (01a) Monograph: Buildings of England: Shropshire (Buildings of England) by Newman J & Pevsner N (2006), 361. Location: SMR Library
- (02) SMR comment: Comments by J B Haynes, HER Compiler by Haynes J B (2014 onwards), 04/02/16. Location: HER database
-

Location**National Grid Reference**

Centred SO 5163 7545 (52m by 41m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address/Historic Names - None recorded

Designations, Statuses and Scorings**Associated Legal Designations - None recorded****Other Statuses and Cross-References**

Sites & Monuments Record - 28277 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use**Associated Historic Landscape Character Records - None recorded****Other Land Classes - None recorded**

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations

Rinvolucri, Giuseppe - Unassigned Architect

Shropshire Council HER: Event Full Report

20/10/2016

Number of records: 8

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA2288	1967 field observation by the Ordnance Survey	Event - Survey

External Reference:

Dates: 27/01/1967 - 27/01/1967

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Field survey/field observation

Thesaurus Event Types

FIELD OBSERVATION (VISUAL ASSESSMENT)

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation: Ordnance Survey

Associated Individuals

P, B H - Ordnance Survey

Associated Organisations

Location

Grid Reference

SO 5185 7505 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

Sources

(01) Card index: Ordnance Survey Record Card SO57NW5 (Ordnance Survey record cards) by Ordnance Survey (1976). Location: SMR OSRC Card Drawers

Associated Monuments - None recorded

Event ID: ESA2850 **Name:** 1975 Excavations at Rockgreen in advance of bypass construction

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA2850	1975 Excavations at Rockgreen in advance of bypass construction	Event - Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 01/01/1975 - 31/12/1975, at some time (1975)

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Archaeological intervention/excavation

Thesaurus Event Types

EXCAVATION

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation: BUFAU

Associated Individuals - None recorded

Associated Organisations - None recorded

Location

Grid Reference

Centred SO 5251 7519 (467m by 266m) SO57NW Dispersed

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description

Part of a cropmark on low sloping ground east of Ludlow was investigated in advance of the construction of a bypass road. A small beaker assemblage was recovered from a hearth and a possibly Romano British rectilinear ditched enclosure was defined. The visibility of the features and the survival artefacts were poor. <2>

Sources

- (01) Card index: Ordnance Survey Record Card SO57NW11 (Ordnance Survey record cards) by Ordnance Survey (1979). Location: SMR OSRC Card Drawers
 - (02) Article in serial: Excavations at Rock Green, Ludlow, 1975 in advance of bypass construction (Trans Shropshire Archaeol Hist Soc) by Carver Martin O H & Hummler M R (1991). Location: ESA white
-

Associated Monuments

- 03096 Cropmark features, Rockgreen (Rockgreen 1) (Monument 03096)
- 03098 Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3) (Monument 03098)

Event ID: ESA2851 **Name:** 1979 field observation by the Ordnance Survey

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA2851	1979 field observation by the Ordnance Survey	Event - Survey

External Reference:

Dates: 23/02/1979 - 23/02/1979

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Field survey/field observation

Thesaurus Event Types

FIELD OBSERVATION (VISUAL ASSESSMENT)

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation: Ordnance Survey

Associated Individuals

Phillips, A S - Ordnance Survey

Associated Organisations

Location

Grid Reference

SO 5256 7520 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

Sources

(01) Card index: Ordnance Survey Record Card SO57NW11 (Ordnance Survey record cards) by Ordnance Survey (1979). Location: SMR OSRC Card Drawers

Associated Monuments

03098 Cropmark Enclosures at Rockgreen (Rockgreen 3) (Monument 03098)

Event ID: ESA3069 **Name:** 1980 field observation by Shropshire County Council

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA3069	1980 field observation by Shropshire County Council	Event - Survey

External Reference:

Dates: 01/10/1980 - 31/10/1980

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Field survey/field observation

Thesaurus Event Types

FIELD OBSERVATION (VISUAL ASSESSMENT)

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation:

Shropshire Council
Natural and Historic Environment Team

Associated Individuals

Watson, Michael D - * Shropshire Council HER

Associated Organisations

Location

Grid Reference

Centred SO 5257 7630 (10m by 10m) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish (historic) East Hamlet, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

Sources

(01) Site visit report: Visit Notes, 1980 by Watson Michael D (1980). Location: SMR Card for PRN 03379

Associated Monuments

03379 Earthworks N of Dodmore Manor Farm (Monument 03379)

Event ID: ESA4723 Name: 1994 Investigation of St Julian's Well by SCAS

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA4723	1994 Investigation of St Julian's Well by SCAS	Event - Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 03/11/1994 - 03/11/1994

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Archaeological intervention/excavation

Thesaurus Event Types

EXCAVATION

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation:

Shropshire County Council Archaeology Service

Associated Individuals - None recorded

Associated Organisations - None recorded

Location

Grid Reference

SO 5180 7510 (point) SO57NW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description

On 3rd November 1994, SCC dug down the SW side of the well to check the soundness of the structure. The entrance was blocked by two stone slabs, the inner one pierced with a rectangular hole: these were tilted outwards, revealing an iron bar across the entrance. Steps led down into the interior, when the floor was covered with at least 4 feet or organic refuse. <1>

Sources

(01) Field survey report: St Julian's Well, Livesey Road, Ludlow by Willis P (1994). Location: SMR DRF for PRN19690

Associated Monuments

19690 St Julians Well, Ludlow (Building 19690)

Event ID: ESA6154 **Name:** 2003 Historical landscape restoration of Bringewood Chase and the

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA6154	2003 Historical landscape restoration of Bringewood Chase and the surrounding countryside by David Lovelace	Event - Interpretation

External Reference:

Dates: 01/01/2003 - 30/11/2003

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Archive interpretation/documentary research

Thesaurus Event Types

DESK BASED ASSESSMENT

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation - None Recorded

Associated Individuals - None recorded

Associated Organisations - None recorded

Location

Grid Reference

Centred SO 4808 7313 (7968m by 8002m) SO47SE Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Ashford Bowdler, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Ashford Carbonel, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Bromfield, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Ludford, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Onisbury, South Shropshire, Shropshire
Civil Parish	Richard's Castle, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description

Desk based assessment carried out in 2003, incorporating a detailed historical report and historic map images, with the primary focus on forest management in the Bringewood Chase area. The work started as a review of the Ancient woodland Inventory for the Forest Enterprise's land in south Shropshire and Herefordshire, and developed into a detailed study incorporating documentary research and experimental techniques for digitising, rectifying and analysing old maps. The desk-based study covered details about Bringewood Chase and the surrounding area, from Domesday to the present day, and incorporated information from the biological records. As the research was primarily desk-based, precise management recommendations were beyond its scope, but opportunities for management and further considerations to be taken into account were identified. <1>

Sources

(01) Deskbased survey report: Bringewood Chase and surrounding countryside by Lovelace D (2004).
Location: ESA white

Associated Monuments

07746	Oakly Park and Gardens (Monument 07746)
08600	Bringewood Chase (Landscape 08600)
08601	Mocktree Forest (Landscape 08601)
08602	Medieval wood of Ailrichewude (Landscape 08602)
08603	Medieval wood of Esrugge (Landscape 08603)

Event ID: ESA6154

Name: 2003 Historical landscape restoration of Bringewood Chase and the

Event ID: ESA6285 **Name:** 2003 archaeological and architectural analysis of St Julian's Conduit,

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA6285	2003 archaeological and architectural analysis of St Julian's Conduit, Ludlow by Richard K Morriss	Event - Survey

External Reference:

Dates: 01/02/2002 - 28/02/2002, at some time (February 2002)

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types

Archive interpretation/documentary research
Field survey/field observation
Field survey/photographic survey

Thesaurus Event Types

FIELD OBSERVATION (VISUAL ASSESSMENT)
PHOTOGRAPHIC SURVEY

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation: Richard K Morriss & Associates

Associated Individuals - None recorded

Associated Organisations - None recorded

Location

Grid Reference

Centred SO 5184 7506 (4m by 5m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description

In 2003 an archaeological and architectural analysis of St Julian's conduit was undertaken. The superstructure of St Julian's conduit was surveyed and photographed to provide a record of the structure prior to any necessary repairs to it. An analysis of the fabric was undertaken as well as some documentary research. The interior was inaccessible making a proper assessment difficult. The conduit seemed to be of late 18th to early 19th century date, although it is on the site of a much earlier conduit. The original design of the present structure may have been of a much greater quality than the patched and repaired structure visible today. There is a distinct dip in the apex of the roof, a degree of weathering has occurred with potential frost pockets and voids opening within the structure, and the north gable has been pushed over slightly by a tree.<1>

Sources

(01) Field survey report: St Julian's Conduit, Livesey Road, Ludlow, Shropshire (Mercian Heritage Series) by Morriss Richard K & Little R (2003). Location: ESA white

Associated Monuments

19690 St Julians Well, Ludlow (Building 19690)

Event ID: ESA7346 **Name:** 2014 DBA of land at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, Ludlow by Castlering

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
ESA7346	2014 DBA of land at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, Ludlow by Castlering Archaeology	Event - Survey

External Reference:

Dates: 01/11/2014 - 30/11/2014, at some time (November 2014)

Project Details:

Event/Activity Types - None recorded

Thesaurus Event Types

DESK BASED ASSESSMENT

Event/Activity References - None recorded

Organisation: Castlering Archaeology

Associated Individuals - None recorded

Associated Organisations - None recorded

Location

Grid Reference

Centred SO 52272 75685 (200m by 146m) SO57NW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Ludlow, South Shropshire, Shropshire

Address - None recorded

Description and Sources

Description

An assessment was undertaken to accompany a planning application for demolition of existing redundant farm buildings and the construction of a new food store and fuel station, together with associated access and parking, at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, near Ludlow, Shropshire. While acknowledging that it is not possible to fully assess the potential for buried archaeological remains on the site, and any impact on buried remains would be significant and permanent, in the light of existing information, this assessment concludes that any impact on the heritage resource would be minor adverse. An agreed archaeological mitigation strategy in accordance with NPPF is therefore recommended as a condition of planning consent, in order to secure the preservation by record of any archaeological remains or artefacts that might be encountered during the development. <1>

Sources

(01) Deskbased survey report: Land at Dun Cow Farm, Rocks Green, Ludlow, Shropshire: archaeological assessment (Castlering Archaeol Rep) by Frost Pat (2014). Location: Digital ESA white

Associated Monuments

24196 Dun Cow Farm (Monument 24196)

Archaeology Wales

APPENDIX IV: Archive Cover Sheet

ARCHIVE COVER SHEET

Rocks Green, Ludlow, Shropshire

Site Name:	Rocks Green
Site Code:	RGL/16/DBA
Other Ref No:	-
NGR:	NGR SO 52480 75580
Site Type:	Greenfield
Project Type:	DBA & GEO
Project Manager:	Kate Pitt
Project Dates:	October 2016
Categories Present:	Multiperiod
Location of Original Archive:	AW
Location of duplicate Archives:	-
Number of Finds Boxes:	NA
Location of Finds:	NA
Museum Reference:	-
Copyright:	AW
Restrictions to access:	None

Archaeology Wales

Archaeology Wales Limited

The Reading Room, Town Hall, Llanidloes, SY18 6BN

Tel: +44 (0) 1686 440371

Email: admin@arch-wales.co.uk

Company Directors: Mark Houston MCifA & Jill Houlston

Company Registered No. 7440770 (England & Wales)

Registered Office: Morgan Griffiths LLP, Cross Chambers

9 High Street, Newtown, Powys, SY16 2NY