

## St Joseph's Convent York

## Report on an Archaeological Excavation

Part 1 Results and Discussion

| Site | St Joseph's Monastery, Lawrence Street, York |
| :---: | :---: |
| Site Code | YVS16 |
| County | North Yorkshire |
| NGR | SE 6140451241 |
| Planning Application Reference No. | 14/02404/FULM |
| Development | Conversion, part demolition and extension of existing convent buildings and erection of 14 three and four storey buildings to provide student residential and ancillary accommodation (660 bed spaces) with vehicle access to Lawrence Street |
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| Month of Issue | February 2018 |
| Site Dates | Phased 2016 |
| Project management | Excavation: Gigi Signorelli Post Excavation: Donna Signorelli |
| Client | Select Property |
| Summary <br> This report summaris watching brief carried at St Joseph's Covent <br> 1. Evidence of prehi <br> 2. A substantial east moraine yields to <br> 3. An Anglo Scandin <br> 4. The majority of th in particular the 1 ridge and furrow aligned trackway <br> 5. Evidence was pre be associated with <br> 6. Post excavation m shot production s <br> 7. There is a distinct <br> 8. Four architectura during the occupa <br> 9. Architectural frag Michael's, St Edw to create decorat | the findings of an archaeological strip, map and record excavation and out during ground reduction works associated with the development of the site ork. The site yielded archaeology from multiple periods. <br> oric activity was identified through the presence of flints and a Bronze Age ditch. o west aligned Roman ditch traversed the whole site at the point where the York latter terrain. <br> vian Animal Group Deposition was present. <br> archaeological features and artefacts are associated with the medieval period, th-13th centuries and there is some indication of domestic textile activity. A ystem was in place at the south of the site, aligned north to south and a similarly was noted from the direction of the furrows leading towards Lawrence Street. nt of sedentary activity through the 14th-16th centuries and some features may further textile activity. <br> tal detecting identified lead finds that indicates the presence of a Civil War lead e. <br> lack of sedentary evidence pertaining from the 17th-18th centuries. sophisticated 19th-20th century brick wells, three of them domed, were in use ion of the convent of St Joseph's by the Order of the Poor Clare's. ents potentially retrieved after the dismantling of local medieval churches (St rd's, St Nicholas' and St Lawrence's) were used by the Order of the Poor Clare's e garden borders. |

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## INTRODUCTION

From January 2016 until November 2016, staged archaeological excavations were undertaken at the site of St Joseph's Convent York. The site was being developed by Select Property, to create student accommodation by constructing new structures upon the vacant land along with the conversion of the existing convent buildings.


Figure 1: Location of site in red (Streetmap)
The consultant for the works was Prospect Archaeology with LS Archaeology commissioned to undertake all excavation and post excavation works associated with the project. Prior archaeological works associated with this project were undertaken between 2012-2015:

- Patrick Ottaway (2012); St Joseph's Convent, Lawrence Street, York: An Archaeological Assessment.
- Colin Briden (2012); St Joseph's Convent Lawrence Street, York: Historic Buildings Assessment.
- McComish. J.M \& Milsted. I.D (2013); St Joseph's Monastery, York: Evaluation Report. York Archaeological Trust.
- Burrows.R (2014); St Joseph's Convent: Heritage Statement and Gazetteer. Purcell.
- Field. N (2015); Written Scheme of Investigation: St Joseph's Convent York. Strip Map and Record. Prospect Archaeology.

Some contents of the above works (Planning Background, Site Location, Aims and Objectives, Geology and Archaeological and Historical Background) have been directly incorporated into this report, by kind permission of the authors (Prospect Archaeology and P. Ottaway).

## SITE LOCATION AND GEOLOGY

St Joseph's Convent (previously occupied by the Poor Clare's) is situated on the south side of Lawrence Street, outside York's city walls, c.300m east of Walmgate Bar and occupies a 6.3 acre site. The site AOD ranges from 13.70 m to 19.20 m . The site is bounded to the west by Farrar Street, to the east by a modern development, Lawrence Square, and to the south by St Lawrence's C of E Primary School.


Figure 2: Physical map of the site with the excavation and development area bound in red and the existing buildings of St Joseph's and associated convent graveyard bound in blue.

The convent buildings of 1875 are concentrated in the north-western part of the site. Elsewhere in the north-western quadrant there are sundry garden and service buildings. In the south-western corner of the site there is a burial ground for the nuns. The remainder of the site is occupied by an extensive garden and orchard.

Until 1884, the northern half of the site lay in the parish of St Nicholas within the City Liberty of York whilst the southern half lay in the township of Fulford. In 1884, the northern part of Fulford including the convent site was incorporated into the city (VCHY, 321).

The solid geology of the York area is Triassic Sandstone. In the northern part of the convent, it is covered by drift deposits of lacustrine clay, sand and gravel and in the southern part by boulder clay of the York moraine (British Geological Survey 1983). The junction between the two is more or less on the boundary between the historic townships of Osbaldwick and Fulford. (Prospect Archaeology 2015).

## PLANNING BACKGROUND

The convent site lies within the York Area of Archaeological Importance as defined by The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act of 1979 but there are no Scheduled Monuments in the immediate vicinity.

Planning permission was granted on March 9th 2015 for the conversion, part demolition and extension of existing convent buildings and erection of 14 three and four storey buildings to provide student residential and ancillary accommodation (660 bed spaces) with vehicle access to Lawrence Street.

The proposed development layout is shown below in Figure 3. Permission was granted subject to a number of conditions including condition 13 , which states:


Figure 3: Site plan outlining the extent of St Joseph's, Student Accommodation Blocks and Archaeological Excavation Limits.

No work shall commence on site until the applicant has secured the implementation of a programme of archaeological work (a watching brief on all ground works by an approved archaeological unit) in accordance with a specification supplied by the Local Planning Authority. This programme and the archaeological unit shall be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority before development commences.

Reason: The site lies within an Area of Archaeological Importance and the development will affect important archaeological deposits which must be recorded during the construction programme.

A staged programme of strip map and record was agreed between the client and the City of York Archaeologist to fulfil this condition. (Prospect Archaeology 2015)

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

## Prehistoric period Neolithic (c. 4000 - 2500 BC) and Bronze Age (c. 2500 - 700 BC)

Evidence for the early prehistoric periods in the York area is largely limited to finds on the York moraine which runs more or less east to west across the Vale of York (RCHMY3, xxvii xxviii; Radley 1974). Within the city the moraine runs from Heslington to a point on the River Ouse, a little downstream from its confluence with the Foss and then continues westwards in the direction of Acomb. Elsewhere in the city undated lithics have occurred as occasional finds in excavations. In 2007 a Bronze Age cremation burial was found in the grounds of St Lawrence Working Men's Club (25-7 Lawrence Street) almost c. 150 m north-west of the Convent, just to the north of the moraine. This is the first Bronze Age burial from York's historic core and may indicate that there was settlement of the period in the Lawrence Street area immediately north of the York moraine.

## Iron Age (c. 700 BC - AD 71)

There is little evidence for the Iron Age from the centre of York, although settlements occur in the hinterland both on the moraine at Heslington and elsewhere. About 300m to the east of the convent lie the Green Dykes existing as a line of banks and ditches running north to south. The precise date of these features is uncertain, although they have been thought of as Iron Age, forming an obstacle to the approach, via the moraine, to the valley of the Ouse from the east (Ramm 1966; RCHMY3, xxxviii).

## Roman period (c.AD 71-c.410)

A legionary fortress at York (Eboracum) was established in AD 71 on land north-east of the River Ouse and subsequently a civilian settlement grew up around the fortress and on the south-west bank of the Ouse. One of the principal approach roads to York (RCHMY1, Road 2) originated in Brough on Humber to the south-east and after passing near to Grimston Bar and then to Gallows Hole (1.5km east of the convent), it ran more or less due west on a line immediately to the north of that followed by Hull Road and Lawrence Street. It was seen close to Walmgate Bar in 1915 and 1954 and more recently at 127 and 131 Lawrence Street, east of the convent. Other minor roads may have existed east of York and the strikingly straight boundary, probably of medieval or earlier origin, behind the Lawrence Street properties just west of the convent may respect an earlier topographical feature such as a Roman road.

Scattered evidence for Roman occupation has been found east of the city walls, for example at 17-23 Lawrence Street near Walmgate Bar and at the former DC Cook garage immediately east of the convent (Evans 2004). At the latter there were two or more phases of ditches aligned with respect to the Roman road which had probably divided up small enclosures. Pottery suggests activity in the area continued into the fourth century.
Roman burials in York typically occupied sites adjacent to the principal approach roads, although there is little evidence for the densely packed cemeteries, found for example on The Mount, near the road from the east in the Lawrence Street area. However, a tombstone, illustrated by Drake, was once built into the wall of St Lawrence churchyard, but has now been lost. Other graves found on Lawrence Street outside known churchyards may also be Roman rather than medieval as reported. They include two at the Rose and Crown, 13 Lawrence Street (YAT 1995) and one at 127 Lawrence Street.

## Anglian period (c.410-876)

Little is known of York's history and layout in the fifth - sixth centuries. The city returned to recorded history in 627 when according to the Venerable Bede, King Edwin of Northumbria was baptised in a church he had built probably near the present Minster.
In addition to the Minster area, the principal area of occupation and activity in the Anglian period appears to have been in the Ouse and Foss river corridors between the old Roman bridge by York Guildhall and the confluence of the rivers in the Fishergate area. Former Roman roads around York must have remained as route ways in the Anglian period which accounts for the survival of their lines in the roads of today, as in the case of Lawrence Street /Hull Road. Five sherds of eighth-century pottery were found at DC Cook, but probably derive from manuring of fields rather than occupation in the immediate area.

## Anglo-Scandinavian period (c. 876 - 1066).

From 876-954 York became the capital of a Viking kingdom in the north-east of England. Subsequently the overlordship of the English kings of Wessex was recognised in the region. The eastern limit of the Anglo-Scandinavian urban settlement at York lies c.500m west of the convent. However, some traces of tenth - eleventh century activity have been found at sites on Lawrence Street, although there are few find spots of the period's pottery types recorded in the survey by Mainman and Rogers (2004). Sites include 17-23 Lawrence Street , near Walmgate Bar, which produced a wattle-lined pit and a palisade trench, 25-27 Lawrence Street, where there may have been timber buildings, 60 Lawrence Street, a pit, and the DC Cook site, immediately east of the convent, where there were a few post-holes and slots, perhaps representing roadside structures.

The administrative structure of much of England was created in the Anglo-Scandinavian / late AngloSaxon period. This was based first on counties and within them on districts known as Hundreds or Wapentakes, in turn subdivided into smaller units known in much of the north of England as townships. Within the townships, the fundamental unit of land ownership and legal identity was the manor. Ecclesiastical organisation was based on parishes, not necessarily equivalent to the townships or manors in a territorial sense, and not to be confused with the Civil Parishes created in the nineteenth century.

By the time of Domesday 1086 the St Joseph's convent site lay partly in Osbaldwick township, which belonged to Bulmer Wapentake, and partly in Fulford township which belonged to an outlier of Warter Wapentake, and later to Ouse and Derwent Wapentake. Osbaldwick was in the North Riding of Yorkshire and Fulford was in the East Riding. The boundary between Osbaldwick and Fulford and between the ridings is shown on the 1852 OS map running through the centre of the convent site. This important boundary is likely to have been marked in some way, probably by a ditch.

## Medieval Period (1066 - c.1550)

The immediate impact on York of events surrounding the Norman Conquest was on the core Anglo-Scandinavian urban area to the west of the convent site.

Both Osbaldwick and Fulford townships appear in Domesday Book under the opening section which deals with York and a group of townships outside the 'circuit of the city', but which had special relationship with it (Faull and Stinson 1986).

The Canons' land of 6 carucates where three ploughs can be. Now the canons have there 2 $1 / 2$ ploughs; and 6 villagers and three smallholders who have $21 / 2$ ploughs. In Murton likewise the Canons have 4 carucates of land where 2 ploughs can be. Waste. These 2 vills are 1 league wide and 1 long. Fulford Morcar had 1 manor of 10 carucates of land. Now Count Alan has it. There 5 ploughs can be. Now in lordship there are 2 ploughs; and 6 villagers who have 2 ploughs there. It is one league long and $1 ⁄ 2$ league wide. Value before 1066, 20s; now 16 s.

Clearly both townships were largely, if not exclusively, under arable cultivation and much of the convent site was probably fields at this time. In a manner which is not entirely clear, new land was incorporated into the City of York's suburbs during the medieval period. However, as far as the Lawrence Street area is concerned, this only affected Osbaldwick township; until 1884 Fulford remained outside the city's jurisdiction. For the purposes of Christian worship the new suburbs were divided up into parishes.

The Walmgate defences of York were in place by the mid-twelfth century (RCHMY2) and the approach to the city from Lawrence Street passed through Walmgate Bar. The unusual width of the street may be accounted for by its being a location for extramural fairs and markets (VCHY, 491). New parishes outside the defences included St Michael's, of which the church was close to Walmgate Bar, first documented in 1277 (VCHY, 397). A little further east, and c. 125 m west of the convent, St Lawrence's church was first documented c.1194, and the surviving west tower is twelfth century. About 200m to the east of the convent wasSt Nicholas's church founded in 1142, but it may initially have been a chapel for St Nicholas's leper hospital and not parochial.

The church of St Edward the Martyr, first referred to in 1213, lay immediately opposite the convent site, although the site shown on the first edition OS map may not be exactly correct. Walls possibly of St Edward's were found in excavations at 75 Lawrence Street. Burials were also found as they had been during construction of Lansdowne Terrace in the late nineteenth century. The northern part of the convent site lay within the medieval parish of St Edward and much of its western boundary corresponds to the boundary between the parishes of St Edward and St Lawrence.

The churches suggest a progressive expansion of suburban settlement and growth of population on Lawrence Street in the late eleventh - early thirteenth centuries, although RCHMY4 (xxxviii) notes that there are no documents relating to houses earlier than the fourteenth century. The properties shown on the Archer and Richards maps of 1682 and 1685 probably have their origin at this time.

Archaeological evidence for the medieval suburb outside Walmgate Bar has been found at a number of sites on Lawrence Street existing as pits, post-holes and surface deposits. However, the small scale of work has usually meant that it is difficult to interpret.

At the former DC Cook garage work took place on a larger scale than usual. A large ditch of eleventh twelfth century origin was found defining the eastern boundary of the site, possibly within the precinct of St Nicholas's Hospital. The ditch returned to the west along a continuation of the boundary between Osbaldwick and Fulford referred to above, although here it was partly between Osbaldwick and Heslington townships. A high water table ensured good organic preservation in deposits at the bottom of the ditch.

Within the DC Cook site evidence was found for eleventh- twelfth century occupation in the form of post-holes and pits, although it is not clear whether there were structures on the street frontage at this time.

Excavations at 136-148 Lawrence Street examined a long sequence of deposits and structures of eleventh - fifteenth century date relating to St Nicholas Hospital (1993.9, 1993.11; Clarke 1994).

The medieval sequence at DC Cook and other Lawrence Street sites continued into the late medieval period. At DC Cook, the boundary ditch was apparently silting up during the fourteenth century. A well-preserved barrel-lined well of the fourteenth century was found at the rear of the site. There was good preservation of organic material in the infilling which gave an unusual insight into the environment of a suburban medieval location, with plant remains derived from both roadside settlement and farmland. In the thirteenth century an oven may have been used for malting, part of the brewing process. (Ottaway, 2012)

## Post-medieval period (c.1550-1837)

In 1537-8, St Nicholas's Hospital was dissolved and buildings eventually demolished. The church of St Edward Martyr had fallen into decay by 1548-9 when the Corporation let the churchyard. The parish was united with St Nicholas in 1586 and St Edward's was presumably demolished shortly thereafter.

At the DC Cook site, it appears that the boundary ditch had completely filled up by the sixteenth century and there was little activity in the sixteenth - eighteenth centuries. Other sites on Lawrence Street have produced little evidence for the early post-medieval period, although related deposits and structural remains are more vulnerable to modern disturbance than those of earlier periods. However, there may have been both a reduction in the extent of the Lawrence Street suburb and a lower level of occupation at this time.

In the Civil War (1642-6) York was a royalist base and the Earl of Newcastle was besieged in the city from 23 April 1644 (RCHMY2, 22-7). On 13 May Lord Fairfax's Parliamentary army captured St Nicholas' church, taking eighty prisoners. On 5 June Fairfax built a battery on Lamel Hill c. 500 m
south-east of Walmgate Bar and on 6 June a battery in St Lawrence's churchyard. On 7 June the Royalists are said to have burnt the suburbs outside the gates on north, east and west sides of the city to prevent them giving cover to the enemy. On 2 July, the royalist army was defeated at Marston Moor and the city surrendered on 16 July. Quite what damage was actually done to the Lawrence Street suburb during the three month siege is not clear, but both St Nicholas' and St Lawrence's churches were damaged, the former being left as a ruin.

The convent of St Joseph was established in 1875, initially occupying the western part of the present site with its southern boundary corresponding to the ancient township and parish boundary. (Ottaway, 2012).

## AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- The primary aim of the archaeological investigation is to provide a full archaeological record of the features and finds prior to their loss to development.
- The features recorded by trial trenching are part of a wider Roman landscape that extends beyond the limits of the present site. The objective will be to place the remains in the present site within the context of the surrounding area, as well as to consider their regional and national significance as appropriate.
- Of particular interest is to investigate the extent of Roman remains on the site and to establish whether the large medieval ditch crossing the site might be the former boundary between the City Liberty of York and Fulford township. (Prospect Archaeology, 2015).


## MITIGATION STRATEGY

## EXCAVATION LOGISTICS METHODOLOGY

The impact of the development on any potential archaeological assets was mitigated through a programme of archaeological investigation.

All groundworks including the access road and services required archaeological monitoring.
Works were conducted on a sequential basis with the investigation starting with Area D, Orchard 1 and 2 (Including the Medieval Boundary Ditch), Area A (incorporating Merchant A and Knavesmire A) then Plaza including the excavation of 6 foundation pads [529] (Figure 4).

The groundworks were carried out in approximately 4-5 stages over a period of approximately 52 weeks. After each stage of groundwork's the buildings were constructed prior to ground preparation for the next group of buildings. Archaeological attendance was therefore intermittent throughout the building programme.

The fieldwork was be undertaken by a team of experienced field archaeologists. Mechanical excavation was under the direction of a supervising archaeologist.

## MAPPING AND RECORDING METHODOLOGY

The guidelines for archaeological excavation issued by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (2014) were adhered to throughout.

The strip map and recording of the site was fulfilled in accordance with the following criteria: all ground works that intrude below the level of the topsoil (or other 'modern' made ground layers) have been completed; all necessary archaeological recording has been completed.

A back-acting mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless bucket was used for all excavations, to assist the identification of archaeology. The hard standing surface was initially cut with a mechanical saw and further broken with a mechanical pecker.

No human remains were expected and none were encountered.

A standard paper single context recording system was used to keep a document record of all archaeology encountered.

All of the archaeological features were sample excavated to the following criteria: ditches 5\%; pits 50\%; post-holes 100\%; burials 100\%; linear structures (walls etc.) $5 \%$.

All archaeological features were drawn and surveyed in plan.
All archaeological features were photographed as appropriate using a minimum of 10-megapixel digital colour camera.

## All archaeological finds were retained.

Bulk samples were taken and those of potential significance were assessed to support further post excavation analysis.

On completion of work, all records, photographs were catalogued, in accordance with the Institute for Archaeologists guidance (2008).

No finds identified as treasure trove were encountered.

## EXCAVATION RESULTS

## EXCAVATION RESULTS SUMMARY

The stripping and archaeological evaluation of the site revealed:

- The presence of archaeological features and/ or finds dating from the prehistoric period through to the $19^{\text {th }}-20^{\text {th }}$ century.
- The majority of features/finds can be associated with the $11^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ centuries with activity continuing into the $14^{\text {th }}$ and $15^{\text {th }}$ centuries.
- There is an absence of sedentary activity between 4 th- $9^{\text {th }}$ century and after the $16^{\text {th }}$ century until the construction of St Joseph's Convent during the $19^{\text {th }}$ century.


Figure 4: Whole site archaeological plan

## PHASE 1: AREA D

The area stripped measured approximately 27.00 meters in length by 21.00 meters in width. The ground level (14.80AOD) was reduced by 0.80 meters (14.00AOD) and archaeology was present at this level (Figure 5). Full details of the contexts within Area D are listed in Appendix 2.


Figure 5: Plan of Area D

## Archaeological features revealed in Area D:

- C11th-12th N-S Trackway [4,6,9,13]
- C14th-16th Quarry Pit [17]
- C14th-16th N-S Linear Terminus [11]
- C19th Well/Cistern [85]
- C19th-20th Garden Features $[21,23,25,28]$

The ground surface (Context 1) consisted of 0.30 m of deep dark grey brown sandy clay garden soil mixed with fragments of ceramic building material (bricks and tiles), cobbles and gravel. This overlay another similar deposit (Context 2 ) consisting of 0.50 m to 0.70 m of deep dark grey brown horticultural soil, containing occasional small angular and rounded stones and small fragments of CBM.

The removal of these deposits by the use of a mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless bucket revealed the presence of several small and large sub circular and linear features.

## C11th-12th N-S Trackway [4, 6, 9, 13]

As listed above in chronological order, the earliest feature revealed was a set of two linear shallow gullies [Features 4-6-9-and 13], running parallel on a north to south direction (Plate 2), along the western edge of the site and interpreted as the remains of a larger track-way (also observed within the Plaza).


The trackway was sampled in three places along its exposed length. The most eastern of the two linear wheel ruts [Features 4, 6 and 9], measured on average 1.30 m in width and 0.15 m in depth, and was filled by a single deposit (Context 3, 5 and 8) made of a very dark greyish brown sandy silt material containing occasional cobbles, fragments of animal bones and small
Plate 2: Area $D$ facing north, quarry pit [17] in the foreground with the remnants of trackway [13 and 6] in the background. charcoal flakes. One sherd of pottery dating to the $11^{\text {th }}$ to $12^{\text {th }}$ century was recovered during the excavation of context (3).

The linear Feature 13 located close to the western edge of the excavation measuring 0.20 m in width and 0.08 m in depth was filled by a single deposit (Context 12 ) which consisted of a very dark
greyish brown clay sandy silt material also containing a frequent amount of cobbles and occasional charcoal flakes.

The formation of these linear features is most likely to be associated with the erosion of the ground caused by cart traffic.

## C14th-16th Quarry Pit [17]

Towards the southern end of the site, the track-way was truncated by a large quarry pit [Feature 17]. This large feature, also extended beyond the western limits of the site and was partially investigated, by a 1.50 m wide, 2.10 m long and 1.00 m deep sampled excavation (Plate 2 ). The pit appeared to have been backfilled by four different deposits (Context 16, 30, 31 and 32).

Context (16) was made of a dark yellowish brown silty sandy clay material, measuring 0.50 m in depth and containing occasional fragments of animal bones, CBM, and pottery dating to the $14^{\text {th }}-$ $16^{\text {th }}$ Century. Beneath context (16) was a 0.20 m deep distinct dark yellowish brown sandy silt deposit (Context 30), mixed with occasional small pebbles and gravel. A layer of iron pan (Context 31) formed between the primary fill (Context 32) and the secondary fill (Context 30). The primary fill context (32) comprised of 0.20 m deep dark brown silty clay material containing occasional flakes of charcoal. The texture of this context suggests a more organic nature.

## C14th-16th N-S Linear Terminus [11]

A third linear feature [Feature 11], interpreted as a terminus of a putative boundary ditch, was observed extending beyond the southern edge of the excavation (Plate 3). This feature aligned on a
 north to south direction measuring in average 1.60 m in width and 0.23 m in depth was filled by a single very dark grayish brown silty sand material (Context 10) containing a small percentage of cobbles, gravel and fragments of animal bones. Several fragments of pottery recovered during the excavation of context (10), provided a date for this feature of $14^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ Century.

Plate 3: Area D feature [11] terminus
A small pit of an ovate shape in plan [Feature 19] located towards
the eastern side of Area $D$ was recorded measuring 1.22 m in length, 0.66 m wide and 0.43 m deep. This feature was filled by a single very dark brown sandy silt deposit (Context 18) containing a small amount of fragmented CBM, animal bones and gravel. Fragments of $14^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ century pottery were recovered during the excavation of this context.

## C19th Well/Cistern [85]

Located on the western limit of the excavation was a brick domed well/ cistern [85] dating to the C19th-20th century. The brick well with domed cap was constructed out of red bricks bonded with grey mortar. The dome is visible at 0.90 m from the surface and is built using bricks laid on their side. The dome measured 1.80 m in circumference.

## C19th-20th Garden Features [21,23,25,28]

Four shallow features [Feature 21, 23, 25 and 28] were also investigated and were deemed natural, most likely associated with the $19^{\text {th }}-20^{\text {th }}$ century garden activity.

PHASE 2: AREA A

Area A incorporated land to the south of the development site. Stripping occurred in areas that were to undergo deep excavation for building footings whereas spaces unaffected were not stripped. This resulted in one main area $(A)$ and 3 supplementary areas: Knavesmire A, Merchant A and Allerton A.


Figure 6: Plan of the whole of Area A sites

The areas stripped are as follows:

Area A- The area stripped measured approximately 130.00 meters in length by 34.00 meters in width. The ground level (19.80AOD) was reduced by 0.50 meters (19.30AOD)

Knavesmire A- The area stripped measured approximately 32.70 meters in length by 20.50 meters in width. The ground level (17.90AOD) was reduced by 0.80 meters (17.10AOD)

Merchant A- The area stripped measured approximately 42.10 meters in length by 18.10 meters in width. The ground level (17.10AOD) was reduced by 0.80 meters (16.30AOD)

Allerton A- The area stripped measured approximately 23.30 meters in length by 17.40 meters in width. The ground level (16.40AOD) was reduced by 0.80 meters (15.60AOD)

Full details of the contexts within Area A are listed in Appendix 3.

## Archaeological features revealed in Area A:

- Prehistoric Ditch [143, 178, 182, 200]
- Prehistoric Pit [180]
- Roman East West Ditch [66, 68, 92, 98, 104, 108, 110, 172, 176]
- C10th-13th North South Drainage/Boundary Ditch [ 155, 165, 168, 170, 288]
- C10th 13th Pit/Ditch [ 72, 106]
- C10th-13th Furrows [64, 70, 126, 129, 139, 141, 145, 149, 153, 163]
- C14th-16th Drainage Ditches [112, 131, 161 and 147]
- C19th Rubbish Pit [114]
- C17th-19th Hedgerow [120, 134, 194]
- C19th Brick Well/Cistern [151]
- C19th-20th Square Posthole [94]
- Undated features $[96,102]$


Figure 7: Plan of the southern part of area A
Prehistoric Ditch [143, 178, 182, 200]


Plate 4: Area A Feature [182] Segment of a Prehistoric Ditch facing North West

The earliest feature recorded in Area A consisted of a north south aligned ditch measuring 28.70 m in length, 1.5 m in width and 0.60 m in depth (Plate 3 ). As a sample strategy, four different segments were excavated [Features 143, 178, 182 and 200], the excavated segments proved to be filled by a similar firm brown sandy clay deposit mixed with a small percentage of gravel (Context 142, 177,199 181, 190 and 191). The only find recovered during the excavation of this linear feature was a multi directional discoidal flint core of a Mesolithic date. This ditch was cut by a later Roman ditch.

Prehistoric Pit [180] Cutting through the prehistoric ditch, at the intersection with the Roman ditch (Figure 7), was a circular pit [Feature 180] measuring circa 1.50 m in diameter and 0.30 m in depth. This feature, filled by a single firm dark yellowish brown deposit mixed with a small percentage of gravel, also contained sporadic iron pan debris (Plate 4).

No dating material was recovered during the excavation of this feature [180].

Roman East West Ditch [66, 68, 92, 98, 104, 108, 110, 172, 176]


The east to west Roman ditch measuring in average 127.00 m in length, 2.00 m wide and 0.5 m in depth was sampled by the excavation of nine segments [Feature 66, 68, 92, 98, 104, 108, 110, 172 and 176] all measuring 2.00 m long. The excavation of this linear feature revealed that the ditch was backfilled by two deposits (Plate 5).

Plate 5: Area A East West aligned Roman Ditch [98]

The primary fill (Context 90, 107, 115, 116, 123 and 137) consisted of a brown silty clay mixed with nearly $30 \%$ of cobbles and gravel and measured on average 0.12 m in depth. This was most likely to be associated with the use of the ditch (i.e. running water). One single coin dating to the $1^{\text {st }}$ century $A D$, fragments of animal bones, and pottery dating to the $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ century AD were recovered from this primary fill.

The secondary fill (Context 66, 91, 97, 103, 109 and 171) measured on average 0.40 m in depth and consisted of a firm brown sandy clay deposit mixed with occasional cobbles and gravel. During the excavation of this deposit fragments of CBM and pottery dating from the $1^{\text {st }}$ to the $4^{\text {th }}$ century AD and a single coin dating to the $1^{\text {st }}$ to $2^{\text {nd }}$ century AD were recovered.

## C10th-13th North South Drainage/Boundary Ditch [155, 165, 168, 170, 288]

From the $11^{\text {th }}$ to the $13^{\text {th }}$ Century the land within Area $A$, was subject to further land division, this is seen by the presence of a north to south aligned, boundary / drain ditch [Features 155, 165, 168 and 170] which cuts through the earliest Roman east to west aligned ditch.

Exposed for the length of 26.80 m in length and measuring on average 1.20 m in width and 0.54 m in depth, this linear feature contained two deposits. The primary fill (Context 156, 164, 167 and 169), consisted of a firm dark brown sandy clay material with a substantial amount of cobble inclusions.


It also contained fragments of CBM and pottery dating from the $12^{\text {th }}$ to the $13^{\text {th }}$ century.

This feature is on the same alignment as Feature [288] found in Knavesmire A.

Plate 6: Area A south east corner post stripping showing north south furrows

A further putative shallow linear feature, set on an east northeast to south south-west alignment [Feature 106] was located towards the north -west side of Area A. This feature, measuring 1.82 m in length, 0.68 m in width and 0.03 m deep, contained a single brown sandy clay deposit (Context 105) with occasional cobble inclusion. Fragments of $12^{\text {th }}$ to $13^{\text {th }}$ century pottery were recovered.

The shallow depth of [106] and the later heavy truncation by a north to south aligned furrow, made it difficult to determine if [106] was part of an ovate pit or the remains of a linear feature (i.e. boundary ditch).

## C10th 13th Pit/Ditch [72, 106]

Feature [72] was an ovate pit located towards the eastern side of Area A, circa 3m north of the Roman east to west aligned ditch. It contained a clay silty sand primary deposit of dark greyish brown with small stone inclusions (71). Some charcoal flecking was present as well as four fragments of C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick, an iron figure of 8 chain link, split pins, nail and pottery including 6 sherds of Roman and 2 sherds dating from c1150-1250. The presence of nails and their location being situated along the edges of the feature initially suggested a potential grave cut. This feature was excavated by an osteoarchaologist and they determined no human remains were present.

A C10th-13th north to south Drainage/Boundary Ditch [155, 165, 168, 170, 288] was superseded and sealed by furrow $[153,163]$-as Area A changes into a formal agricultural zone in the form of ridges and furrows crossing the site on a north to south alignment.
C10th-13th Furrows [64, 70, 126, 129, 139, 141, 145, 149, 153, 163]

Thirteen furrows were observed, most clearly to the far south of Area A, heading north towards Knavesmire, Merchant and Allerton areas. Of these thirteen furrows, ten were sampled [Features $64,70,126,129,139,141,145,149,153$ and 163] all provided dating to a period that ranged from the $11^{\text {th }}$ to the $13^{\text {th }}$ century (Plate 6).

Most of the furrows were exposed to an average length of 33.00 m measuring circa 3.50 in width and 0.15 m in depth (Plate 5). All of the furrows contained a single firm dark brown sandy clay deposit with small stone inclusions (Contexts $63,69,125,128,138,140,144,148,152,157$ and 162). During the excavation of the furrows fragments of CBM dating from the $13^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ century, remains of iron nails, pottery dating from the $12^{\text {th }}$ to $13^{\text {th }}$ century, pottery dating to the Roman period, and a Bronze Age flint thumb scraper were recovered suggesting disturbance/plough activity due to the mixed accumulation of dateable evidence.

## C14th-16th Drainage Ditches [112, 131, 161 and 147]

Cutting the furrows were two linear features [112, 131, 161] and [147] interpreted as possible boundary ditches or hedgerows, were also recorded traversing a north to south alignment, cutting through the medieval furrows (Plate 7).

The linear feature $[112,131,161]$ was located towards the western end of Area A and measured 41.50 m in length, 1.50 m in width and 0.40 m in depth and contained a single very dark grey brown silty clay deposit, with small stone inclusions (Context 11, 130 and 160). A heavy presence of roots were also recorded, thus suggesting a horticultural function.

The second linear a later feature [147] located approximately at the centre of Area A, and set on a north to south alignment, measuring 22.00 m in length, 1.00 m in width and 0.24 m in depth, was filled by a single brown clay silty sand deposit (Context 146) with iron pan and cobble inclusions.


The material culture recovered from the excavation of these two linear features consisted of fragments of CBM and pottery sherds dating from the $12^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ century, alongside residual Roman pottery sherds. Both features cut through the $11^{\text {th }}$ to $13^{\text {th }}$ century furrows indicating that the two linear features [112, 131, and 161] and [147] postdate C13 ${ }^{\text {th }}$.

The hedgerow / boundary ditch [112, 131, 161] was replaced by a
later post 17th century hedgerow linear feature [120, 134,194]. Exposed to a length of 40.80 m and measuring 1.60 m in width and 0.30 m in depth this feature was filled by a single firm dark brown silty sand deposit (Context 119, 133 and 193) and had occasional stone inclusions. Present were several fragments of animal bones, CBM and pottery dating between the $17^{\text {th }}$ and $18^{\text {th }}$ centuries.

## C17th-19th Hedgerow [120, 134, 194]

Several other features (field drains, square fence postholes and a brick well/cistern) of later date were also recorded within the whole of area A. These features and hedgerow feature [120, 134,194] and rubbish pit [114] are most likely to have functioned in association with the $19^{\text {th }}$ century convent.

## C19th Rubbish Pit [114]

A rubbish pit [Feature 114] located towards the east end of Area A and contemporary with the hedgerow linear $[120,134,194]$ was recorded as having a sub circular shape in plan with vertical edges and flat base (Plate 8). This feature, measuring 1.80 m in diameter and 0.35 m in depth,
 contained a single firm very dark brown clay sandy silt deposit (Context 113) and occasional small cobble inclusions. During the excavation of this deposit, several fragments of CBM, animal bones, metal objects (i.e. iron chain link with hook, wire fragment, nail), two blue green glass lids/stoppers and green wine bottle base, and ceramics dating from C18th20th, were found.

Plate 8: 18th-19th rubbish pit [114] north facing section

C19th Brick Well/Cistern [151] The $19^{\text {th }}$ century brick well/cistern [151] located at the centre of Area


Plate 9: Area A backfilled C19th-20th cistern/well [151] A, measured 1.40 m in diameter. This feature was only recorded in plan and appeared to be similar to the cistern [Feature 85] recorded in Area D (Plate 9).

A series of square postholes located along the eastern edge of Area $A$, set on a north to south alignment extending into the Orchard 3 area, were identified and interpreted as a garden fence associated with the convent.

## C19th-20th Square Posthole [94]

A square posthole [Feature94] measured 0.30 m in width and length and 0.09 m in depth and revealed the presence of a soft very dark brown loamy sandy fill (Context 93). Although no dating material was recovered, the very dark colour and structure of the fill suggested the recent presence of a decaying wood post.

## Undated features $[96,102]$

Two other features of uncertain date were recorded in Area A. One was a tree root bore [Feature 96] and the second was a small circular pit [Feature102] located towards the centre of Area A. Measuring 0.80 m in diameter and 0.11 m in depth, this feature contained a firm dark brown silty sand deposit (Context 101) mixed with a substantial amount of charcoal. Since there was no evidence on the ground that suggested burning in situ, it is possible that context (101) may be the remains of a fire which occurred at a different location.

## Archaeological features revealed in Knavesmire A, Merchant A and Allerton A:

- Roman south-east to north west Ditch [196]
- C10th-13th North South Drainage/Boundary Ditch [288]


Plate 10: Roman south-east north west aligned ditch [196].


Figure 8: Plan of the Knavesmire, Merchant and Allerton areas (A)

## Roman south east to north west Ditch [196]

Features found within these three areas included a Roman south east to north-west aligned ditch [Feature 196], located towards the north corner of Merchant A (Figure 8). Measuring 12.50m long, 1.00 m wide and 0.21 m deep, this was filled with a single firm dark brown sandy silt deposit, mixed with occasional cobbles and gravel (Plate 10). Fragments of CBM and pottery dating from the $2^{\text {nd }}$ to $4^{\text {th }}$ century were recovered during the excavation of this fill.

## C10th-13th North South Drainage/Boundary Ditch [288]

Within the area of Knavesmire A, a later north to south boundary / drain ditch was also recorded [Feature 288]. Located towards the east side of the stripped area, this feature was exposed for a length of 13.20 m , and measured 1.20 m in width and 0.15 m in depth and was filled by a single deposit (Context 287), a dark greyish brown sandy clay with substantial cobble inclusion. During the sampling of this feature, fragmented CBM of late Roman date and pottery dating from the $12^{\text {th }}$ to the $14^{\text {th }}$ century were recovered.

The linear Feature [288] appears to be on the same alignment as the north to south ditch [Feature 155, 165, 168 and 170] sampled in Area A and this may indicate that the two linear features are one and the same, forming a new boundary.

## PHASE 3: ORCHARD 1 MEDIEVAL PARISH BOUNDARY DITCH

The area stripped measured approximately 18.10 meters in length by 15.00 meters in width. The ground level (15.60AOD) was reduced by 0.90 meters (14.30AOD) and archaeology was present at this level (Figure 9). Full details of the contexts within Orchard 1 are listed in Appendix 4.


Figure 9: Plan of Orchard 1

## Archaeological features revealed in Orchard 1:

- C14th-16th Boundary Ditch $[40,86]$

The top soil in both Orchard areas (Context 78) consisted of a 0.3 m deep, dark greyish brown sandy clay material, mixed with small cobbles and angular gravel and was observed overlaying a firm dark

greyish brown clay silt material (Context 79). Measuring 0.30 m in depth, this deposit was identified as a horticultural layer that accumulated above the natural sandy -clay, yellowish, brown deposit (Context 80).

Plate 11: 14th-16th Parish boundary ditch

## C14th-16th Boundary Ditch [40,86]

The medieval ditch [Feature 86] was exposed for the length of 18.00 m (Plate 11 and 12) and measured on average 5.00 m in width. It was aligned in an east to west direction and had been previously investigated within Orchard 1 in 2013 during preliminary trial trench evaluations. (YAT 2013).


Plate 12: Machine excavated section of the 14th-16th Parish Boundary ditch showing later garden feature cuts [36 and 38].

A 2.00 m segment of the medieval boundary ditch [Feature 40] located to the west of Orchard 1, at a point whereby the ditch turns on a south-west direction, was machine excavated (Figure 9). Measuring 2.20 m in width and 0.63 m in depth, the ditch was filled by a single deposit (Context 39 ) made of a firm brown sandy clay material with small stone inclusions.

The western section of the excavated segment had two later pits [Feature 36 and 38], which cut the ditch from just below the top soil [Feature 40].

The pit recorded as Feature [38] had a concave profile, sub circular in plan. Measuring 2.3 m in width and 0.54 m in depth it was filled by a single dark grey brown silty sand deposit (Context 35 ) containing a small percentage of cobbles.

The large pit [Feature 36] also truncated most of a smaller pit [Feature 38]. This feature [36] which, measured 0.92 m in width and 0.33 m in depth, was filled by a firm very dark grey sandy silt material (Context 37) with inclusions of occasional small stones and charcoal flecks.

The excavation of these two later pits [36 and 38] unfortunately did not provide any dating material, however as the feature edges appear just below the top soil (Plate 11) it is likely that these are to be associated with convent garden activity.

PHASE 4: ORCHARD 3

The area stripped measured approximately 40.00 meters in length by 17.50 meters in width. The ground level (14.90AOD) was reduced by 0.70 meters (14.20AOD) and archaeology was present at this level (Figure 10). Full details of the contexts within Orchard 3 are listed in Appendix 4.


Figure 10: Plan of Orchard 3 Area

## Archaeological features revealed in Orchard 3:

- C10th-12th Linear Feature [34,50,52,54,58,60,62]
- C11th-12th Animal Group Deposition [76]
- Post C12th Burning Episode [132] above [76]
- C14th-16th Postholes $[48,56]$
- Undated Postholes [42,44,46,74]

All of the features found in Orchard 3 consisted of small pits and postholes, with the exception of one large ovate pit identified as an animal group burial (Figure 10).

## C10th-12th Linear Feature [34,50,52,54,58,60,62]

A set of seven pits [Features 34, 50,52,54,58, 60 and 62] positioned next to each other on an east to west alignment, have been identified as the earliest features in Orchard 3 Area (Plate 13) and may indicate the presence of a windbreak or screen.

All features were sub-circular in plan, measuring on average 0.80 m in length, 0.70 m in width and 0.12 m deep and were filled by a similar very dark brown firm sandy silt deposit (Contexts 33, 49, 51, $53,57,59$ and 61) mixed with occasional gravel. Most of the features (with the exception of feature 50) contained pottery dating to the $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ Century. Features [34], [54], [60] and [62] also contained intrusive Roman and/ or late medieval CBM.


Plate 13: Aligned pits and indicative of a possible 10th-12th century windbreak.
Among these pits and postholes of a possible C10th-12th windbreak there were two other pits that were later and one [56] cut into the centre of [58] and the other [48] was positioned between [50] and [52]. Features [48 and 56] were of similar dimensions, they were also filled with a very dark brown silty sand material (Context 47 and 55); within these two fills there were fragments of pottery dating to the $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century.

## C11th-12th Animal Group Deposition [76]

Potentially associated with Anglo Scandinavian activity was a large ovate shaped pit [Feature 76], measuring 2.00 m long, 1.36 m wide and 0.35 mdeep, this feature was filled by a single brown silty sand deposit (Context 77) with a small percentage of gravel and charcoal flecks.

The excavation of context (77) revealed the presence of the remains of an articulated cow, deposited within the limits of feature [76] (Plates 13 and 14). Also within context (77), there were other fragments of bones related to other animals (i.e. cats, sheep or goat). The dating of this feature was provided by the presence of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery. To be considered residual, was also one sherd of Roman pottery ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ to $4^{\text {th }}$ century).


Plate 14: Feature [76] with burning episode [132] as seen in east facing section.

## Post C12th Burning Episode [132] above [76]

A burning episode [Feature 132] which is either associated with the animal burial or of an immediate later date, took place above feature [76] (Plate 14 and 15). The whole of the burned
 area context (75), feature [132] measured 0.80 m in length, 0.75 m in width and 0.12 m in depth and consisted of a red and black silty sandy clay, with small occasional gravel. Two sherds of Roman pottery ( $4^{\text {th }}$ to $5^{\text {th }}$ century) found within context (75) have been classified as intrusive/residual.

[^0]
## C14th-16th Postholes [48, 56]

Two circular small pits / postholes were located in Orchard 3 features [48 and 56] with similar dimensions averaging to 0.45 m in length, 0.45 m in width and 0.15 m deep. They were filled with a similar very dark greyish brown firm silty sand material with charcoal flecks and small gravel inclusions. No dating material was recovered during the excavation of these features.

## C19th-20th Postholes [42, 44, 46, and 74]

Towards the eastern side of Orchard 3 were several small square posts [42,44,46,47] contemporary and of the same function as feature [94] the $19^{\text {th }}-20^{\text {th }}$ century possible fence posts observed in Area A.

## PHASE 5: PLAZA



Plate 16: Gigi Signorelli, John Oxley and Nansi Rosenberg viewing Plaza

The area stripped measured approximately 36.50 m in length by 20.00 m in width. The ground level (14.80AOD) was reduced by 0.80 m (14.00AOD) and archaeology was present at this level. Full details of the contexts within Plaza area are listed in Appendix 5. Unlike the other areas on site that could be stripped and mapped in one, excavation in Plaza was undertook in four phases during active construction.


Figure 11: Plan of Plaza area

The results for Plaza are reported in three phases: the $11^{\text {th }}$ to $13^{\text {th }}$ century, followed by the $14^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ century and finally $17^{\text {th }}$ to $20^{\text {th }}$ century (Figure 12).

## C11th-13th

## NE Corner Grouping

- Pits of structural/storage function [202,328,348,350,330]
- Sub Rectangular Feature [206] and associated postholes [306] and [314]
- Postholes [334,340,362,364,384,386]
- Rubbish pits [208,210,216,222,266,344,346,395,409]
- Pits [204,212,218,352,400]
- Fire Pit [396,358,]


## Pits of structural/storage function [202,328,348,350,330]

Along the north-east side of Plaza, a set of five features were identified as having a potential structural/storage function. All five were located close to each other [Feature 202, 328, 348, 330 and 350 ] and created an ovate shape in plan. They had similar dimensions and their fills were not finds rich with a range of items identifiable as potential refuse. Therefore, it is possible their function was structural or storage related.

Feature [202] was a shallow sub circular pit with a flat base. Measuring 1.60 m in length, 1.10 m in width and 0.26 m in depth, this feature was filled by a single firm very dark brown clay sand deposit (Context 201) with occasional small stone inclusions, it also contained fragments of CBM of a mixed date (Roman to $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century) and a few sherds of $11^{\text {th }}$ to $12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

Moving anticlockwise, the next feature was a sub circular pit [Feature 328] with stepped edges and a irregular base, measuring 1.30 long, 1.10 m wide and 0.60 m deep. This feature contained two deposits (Context 327 and 355 ). The primary fill (Context 355 ) consisted of a 0.32 m deep grey clay silty sand material with occasional charcoal flakes. Fragments of animal bones and dating to the $11^{\text {th }}$ to $12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery were also found. The secondary fill measuring 0.27 m in depth (Context 327) consisted of a firm dark grey brown silty sand with occasional cobbles and charcoal flakes. It also contained fragments of animal bones, CBM of $13^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ century date and sherds of pottery dating to $11^{\text {th }}$ to $12^{\text {th }}$ century.

The next associated feature [348], measuring 0.63 m long, 0.53 wide and 0.33 m deep, was a round in plan pit with concaving edges and a flat base. The backfill of this feature consisted of two deposits (Context 347 and 388), with the upper fill (Context 347) a 0.13 m thick brown sandy clay silt material containing occasional small cobbles and charcoal flakes. Within the fill there were fragments of animal bones, CBM dating to the $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century and sherds of pottery belonging
to the $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century. No dating material was retrieved from the excavation of the primary fill (Context 388), a 0.16 m dark yellowish brown silty sand deposit with occasional gravel and charcoal inclusions.


The forth possible structural feature [350] measuring 1.06 m long, 1.20 m wide and 0.24 m deep, with a circular shape in plan, shallow edges and flat base was recorded to the immediate north of feature [348]. This pit [350] was filled similarly to [348] and had by two backfills (Context 349 and 382). The primary fill (Context 382) appeared to consist of a shallow yellowish brown loose silty sand material, measuring 0.04 m in depth, with occasional small pebbles and charcoal inclusions. The secondary fill (Context 349) measured 0.20 m in depth, consisted of a dark grey silty sand material with cobbles, gravel and charcoal flecks. Within this fill several fragments of CBM were found and dated from the Roman to the $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century, with some $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century sherds of pottery.

Plate 17: Feature [330]

Feature [330] measured a truncated length of $0.51 \mathrm{~m}, 0.75 \mathrm{~m}$ in width and 0.16 in depth; it was the cut of a small pit, cut by a later modern road (Plate 17). It had steep edges with a rounded base. The primary fill of the pit was grey sandy, clay- silt fill with rounded pebbles and occasional charcoal flecks. The secondary fill was loose dark greyish brown, sandy silt with occasional small stone and charcoal flecks and some 11th-12th century pottery sherds.

## Sub Rectangular feature [206] and associated postholes [306] and [314]

During the removal of sub soil, along the eastern side of Plaza, a large sub rectangular feature [206] appeared, at first it was thought that this feature may be a Grubenhouse, however further assessment after excavation revealed that feature [206] dated to the later $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century (Plate 18).

Feature [206] had vertical edges and a flat base measuring 2.40 m in length, 1.60 m in width and 0.30 m in depth. It was filled by a single firm dark brown silty sand material (Context 205), with a substantial amount of charcoal flecking. It also contained some fragments of animal bones and 11 th $-12^{\text {th }}$ century sherds of pottery.

Two postholes [Features 306 and 314] were recorded cutting through pit [206]. Posthole [314] was located at the centre of the pit with [306] at the western edge of [206]. Both postholes had a V
shaped profile and had similar dimensions and backfills: 0.20 m in diameter and circa 0.30 m deep and (Context 305 and 313) a firm dark brown silty sand material. (305) contained a tang knife.


Plate 18: Sub rectangular feature [206] and associated postholes [306] and [314]

## Postholes [334,340,362,364,384,386]

Among the features recorded within the northeast part of Plaza six were identified as postholes [Features 334, 340, 362, 364, 384 and 386].

Feature [334] was a circular posthole measuring 0.70 m in diameter and 0.35 m deep. A single firm dark brown silty sand deposit (Context 333), which also contained few sherds of 11th -12 th century pottery filled this feature.

The next posthole was shallow and an ovate feature [340] with a V shaped profile. This feature measured 0.51 m in length, 0.42 m in width and 0.07 m in depth and contained a single deposit consisting of a brown silty sand material. During the excavation of this fill $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century fragments of pottery were found.

A third posthole [Feature 362] had a circular shape and measured 0.80 m in diameter and 0.23 m in depth. This feature appeared to have been filled by a single very dark brown silty sand material (Context 361) with frequent charcoal flecking and ceramic fragments dating to the $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century.

Posthole [Feature 364] was located along the northern edge of the site. It was ovate and had a $U$ shaped profile measuring 0.40 m long, 0.25 m wide and 0.20 m deep. It was filled by a single dark grey sandy silt material that also contained fragments of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

The two remaining postholes [Feature 384 and 386] both circular with vertical edges, had an average diameter measuring 0.30 m and a depth of 0.14 m . These two features also contained a
similar dark yellowish brown sandy silty material (Context 383 and 385 ) with occasional cobbles and charcoal flecks. Within context (385) were one fragment of animal bone, CBM dating to $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century and two sherds of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

These two postholes were recorded cutting the edges of the structural pit [350]. It is therefore easy to assume that these two posthole were intended to function as a support or replacement of an early post.

Rubbish pits [208,210,216,222,266,344,346,395,409]
Within the north-eastern area of Plaza a series of nine rubbish pits [Features 208, 210, 216, 222, 266, 344, 395 and 409] were recorded. All were circular in plan, with vertical edges and a flat base, filled by a dark grey brown silty sand deposit with occasional rounded and angular small stone inclusions. Most of these pits had an average diameter measuring 1.30 m , and a range of depths,
 which spanned from 0.50 m to a maximum of 1.40 m . Multiple deposits have filled some of the features and this may indicate a sequence of dumping within the pits for example Feature [222] (Plate 19). Mostly they contained a substantial amount of animal bones, CBM (of Roman and $13^{\text {th }}-$ $16^{\text {th }}$ century date) fragments of glass, metal objects and a large amount of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

Plate 19: Feature [222]

## Pits [204,212,218,352,400]

Five features generally classified as pits [Feature 204, 212, 218, 352 and 400] were circular in plan and had an average diameter of 0.80 m and an average depth of 0.50 m . A similar very dark brown or dark grey brown sandy clay silt material filled them all.

From all the contexts fragments of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery was recovered, although context (399) feature[400] contained a single piece of intrusive flint flake, and context (211) feature [212] had quern fragments located towards the base of the feature.

## Fire Pit [396, 358,]

Two features [358 and 396] were recorded as possible fire pits (Plate 18), cutting through the large pit [Feature 395].

Feature [358] was a small pit, circular in plan pit measuring 0.70 m in diameter and 0.30 m in depth, filled with a very dark grey brown sandy silt material (Context 357) with cobbles and charcoal flecks. It also contained fragments of intrusive Roman pottery and CBM, animal bones and a substantial amount of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery. In addition, there was also the presence of burned clay (Context 390).


Plate 20: Feature [358 and [396].

Pit [Feature 396] ovate in plan, with vertical edges and an irregular base measured 1.40 m long, 1.10 m wide and 0.30 m deep and was filled by a (laminated) compact yellow brown clay and gravel material (Context 392), bearing indication of high heat or burning (Plate 20).

## NW Grouping

- Pits of industrial function [421, 514]
- Postholes [439,457,459,463,473,512,570,574,604]
- Rubbish pits [230,232,236,258,264]
- Pits [228,234,268,297,372,423,448,455,504,528,582,588,598]
- Cobble spread[572]
- Ditch[254,256,415,584]
- Trackway [ 453,465,471,474,447,477,481,490,492,506,507,509,566,568]

The removal of top soil and sub soil along the west and north-west side of Plaza, revealed the presence of two pits of possible structural function, postholes, rubbish pits, general pits a cobble spread, ditches and the remains of a north south aligned trackway.

## Pits of industrial function [421, 514]

Two pits, potentially of industrial function, [Feature 421, and 514] were located adjacent to the east side of the trackway. The earliest pit [514] was a sub circular feature with a U shaped profile, measuring circa 1.00 m in length, 0.85 m in width and 0.60 m in depth. The primary fill (Context 516) consisted of dark reddish brown sandy clay mixed with an abundant amount of gravel. The secondary fill (Context 515), consisted mostly of firm dark brown clay. The clay lining may have
 been used to make the pit watertight and therefore could have been associated with textile production and the need to retain water (Plate 21).

Plate 21: Feature [514]


It was not possible to determine the full dimensions of the pit [514] since it was truncated to the north by another large pit [421].The second feature [421] also of a circular shape in plan and a $U$ shaped profile, measured 1.23 m in width, 1.57 m in length and 0.40 m in depth (Plate 22). It contained two similar deposits (Context 496 and 420), made of very dark grey silty sand with sporadic gravel inclusions. A small amount of
fragmented animal bones, CBM of $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century and a few sherds of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century, were recovered during the excavation of this feature.

## Postholes [439,457,459,463,473,512,570,574,604]

A total of nine postholes Features [439, 457, 459, 463, 473, 512, 570, 574 and 604] were recorded, measuring in diameter between 0.30 m to 0.50 m and 0.20 m to 0.30 m in depth, with a back fill of dark grey or brown silty sand (Contexts $438,456,458,462,472,511,569,573$ and 603) (see Figure 12 for feature locations). A small quantity of fragmented $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery was recovered from all of these features. The postholes were spread widely and their function is likely related to structures of a domestic nature.

## Rubbish pits [230,232,236,258,264]

Within the west and north-west area of Plaza were five rubbish pits [Feature 230, 232, 236, 258, 264] all circular in plan, with vertical edges and a flat base. These features were all filled by, a dark grey brown clay silty sand deposit (Context 229, 231, 235, 257 and 263) with occasional rounded and angular small stone inclusions. Two of these pits had an average diameter of 0.80 m ; the other

three pits had a much larger diameter, which was within the range of 2.00 m , with an average depth, which spanned from 0.20 m to a maximum of 0.70 m . All these pits contained a substantial amount of animal bones, CBM (of Roman and $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century date), metal objects and a large amount of $11^{\text {th }}$ $-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery, indicating rubbish deposition (Plate 23).

Plate 23: East-facing section of feature [230]

## Pits [228,234,268,297,372,423,448,455,504,528,582,588,598]

Eleven out of the thirteen features generally classified as ordinary pits were circular/ovate in plan had $U$ shaped profiles and flat bases. Seven of these pits [Feature 228, 234, 268, 297, 372, 504 and 598] had an average diameter of 0.95 m and a depth that ranged from 0.12 m to 0.55 m . Three features [423, 582 and 588] measured approximately 1.50 m in diameter and had a depth that measured $0.28 \mathrm{~m}, 0.75 \mathrm{~m}$ and 0.90 m respectively. Only one pit had much smaller dimensions [Feature 504], it was ovate in plan with concave base and measured 0.60 m long, 0.50 m wide and 0.16 m deep.

Two further large features where also classified as a general pit, although they were sub rectangular in plan, had vertical edges and a flat base [Feature 448 and 455]. They measured 2.40 m long, 1.60 m wide and 0.50 m deep [448] and 1.40 m long, 1.05 m wide and 0.70 m deep [455].

All of these thirteen features had been filled by a similar very dark brown or dark grey brown sandy clay silt material (Context227, 233, 267, 297, 371, 422, 448, 454, 503, 527, 581, 599, 600, 587, 601, 602 and 597), with some having more charcoal flecks and gravel inclusions.

All pits contained fragments of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery, animal bones, CBM (of Roman and $13^{\text {th }}-$ $16^{\text {th }}$ century date) and iron objects.


Plate 24: Plaza with sub rectangular feature [206] in the foreground, shot looking west.

## Cobble spread [572]

Feature [572], located along the north edge of the site, and cutting through the trackway [Feature 568], was a large and shallow sub circular pit with a concaved base. Measuring 1.20 m in diameter and 0.25 m deep, this pit contained a substantial amount of small and large rounded cobbles mixed with a very dark brown silty sand material context (571). A high frequency of cobbles were within pit [572], suggesting this feature may have been a pothole along the north south trackway (Plate 25). No dating material was recovered during the excavation of context (571); it pre- dated the 11th century as it was truncated by the
 later $11^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ century pit [598].

Further to the south of feature [572], a narrow linear feature measuring 2.30 m in length, 0.80 m in width and 0.60 m in depth, was recorded cutting through the west wheel rut feature [568] of the trackway. Two segments of this ditch/gully were excavated [Feature 415 and 584].

## Ditch [254,256] and ditch [415,584]

The primary fill of feature [415], consisted of a layer of cobbles mixed with a firm dark brown silty sand context (522) (Plate 26). This deposit was under a very dark grey brown sandy silt material
 (context 526), which contained fragments of animal bones, a copper alloy sheet fragment and a $13^{\text {th }}$ century long cross penny. The upper fill consisted of a very dark brown silty sand material with gravel and cobble inclusions (Context 414), with the cobbles thought to derive from the trackway. Within context (414), some iron wire, fragments of animal bones and $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century ceramic were found.

Plate 26: Ditch [415] facing south
Two deposits filled feature [584]. The primary fill was a dark grey brown silty sand material (Context 607) containing fragments of $13^{\text {th }}$ to $16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery. Overlaying this deposit was a firm very dark grey brown silty sand material (Context 583) which also contained a substantial amount of animal bone, fragments of intrusive Roman CBM and $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

Another possible boundary ditch [Features 254, 256], located towards the southern edge of Plaza, measured 7.50 m in length, 0.80 m in width and 0.40 m in depth. This feature, with a $U$ shaped profile and flat base contained a single dark brown sandy silt deposit (Context 253,255 ) with occasional small pebble and cobble inclusions. Located within the back fill of this deposit were fragments of animal bone, the remains of an iron blade and $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

## Trackway [453,465,471,474,447,477,481,490,492,506,507,509,545,566,568]

Evidence of a trackway (Plate 27), in the form of linear wheel ruts, running on a north to south direction was located along the western side of Plaza. Exposed for the length of 33.50 m and measuring 2.50 m in width, this trackway was along its length, sampled for a total of approximately 5.00m.

A linear feature consisting of [slots $447,490,509$ ], measuring 1.20 m in width and 0.25 m in depth and was filled by a firm very dark grey brown clay silty sand material (Context 446, 502, 510, 521), with cobbles and gravel inclusions. This deposit also contained fragments of Roman, and Medieval CBM, animal bones and $11^{\text {th }}$ to $13^{\text {th }}$ century pottery sherds.

It is very likely that the above linear feature was formed due to the erosion of the ground surface caused by wheel carts traversing over a soft soil.

The eastern wheel rut [Feature $474,481,492,545,566$ ] measured on average 0.30 m in width and 0.12 m in depth and contained a single very dark brown silty sand material (Context 475, 491, 544, 565)with abundant cobbles and gravel inclusions. It also had similar finds as the one recovered from linear- [447, 490, 509].

To the west of the wheel rut/linear at about 0.90 m distance, another set of two wheel ruts were recorded [Feature $453,465,471,477,506,507,568]$, measuring 0.40 m wide and 0.20 m deep, filled with a firm dark brown clay silty sand material (Context 452, 464, 470, 476, 505, 519, 567) with abundant cobbles and pebble inclusions. Similar finds as recovered from the eastern linear/wheel rut were recovered, consisting of; fragments of Roman, and Medieval CBM, animal bones and fragments of $11^{\text {th }}$ to $13^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.


Plate 27: South-facing view of the N-S aligned trackway

## C14th-16th

- C14th-16th Postholes[242,244,246,278,280,283,302,354,431,524,540,554,556,562,580,594]
- C14th-16th Quarry Pit [590]
- C14th-16th Rubbish pits [260,417,419,425,533,538]
- C14th-16th Pits of structural function [336,338,370,564]
- C14th-16th Sub Rectangular Feature [224] and Associated Pits [320,325]
- C14th-16th Pits [214,238,262,312,360,469,501,535,592]
- C14th-16th Cobble spread [495]
- C14th-16th Soakaways $[576,578]$
- Undated Pits [322, 342, 366, 441, 467, 547, 332, 342]

C14th-16th Postholes [242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 278, 280, 283, 302, 354, 431, 524, 540, 554, 556, 562, 580, 594]

Eighteen postholes were identified within the west part of Plaza, dating to the $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century.


Plate 28: Ovate pit feature [354]
Feature 354 was an ovate posthole measuring 0.76 m in length, 0.49 m in width and 0.39 m deep and was filled by a dark brown silty sand material and was V shaped sloping to a rounded base. (Context 353). It is possible that posthole [354] will have functioned as a support or later addition to the structural pit [352], (Plate 28).

A similar function as feature [354], could be attributed to posthole [431], which was located west of an earlier posthole [504] and wheel rut [506]. Feature 431, was circular in plan with a U-shaped profile, and measured 0.60 m in diameter and 0.32 m in depth. It was filled with a very dark grey brown clay sand material (Context 430), which also contained fragments of $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM, animal bones and $12^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ century sherds of pottery.

Three square postholes [Feature 524,540,580] measuring on average 0.30 in length, 0.20 m in width and 0.10 m in depth, all contained a very dark brown silty sand material (Context 523,539,579).
During the excavation of these features, one fragment of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and few sherds of
$14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century pottery were recovered. These three features seem to be set on a north to south alignment and could have been part of a fence system most likely to be of a late $15^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century date. Posthole [524] cut through one of the trackway wheel ruts [453], and posthole [540] was cutting through the large $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century pit [419].

Among all these features, nine postholes [242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 278, 280, 283, 302] located around and within the large pits [236 and 238] have been dated and grouped by association since only one [246] contained fragments of pottery dating to $12^{\text {th }}-14^{\text {th }}$ century. Their location suggests that they may have been part of a sub circular structure. Measuring in average 0.30 m in diameter and 0.30 m deep they all contained a dark grey brown sandy silt material with occasional pebbles and in some cases charcoal flake inclusions (Context 241, 243, 247, 249, 291, 245, 292, 277, 279, 282, 301).

Another group of four postholes [Feature 554, 556, 562, 594] located towards the north west corner of Plaza area, were circular in plan and had a U-shape profile. They measured on average 0.50 m in diameter, and between 0.20 m and 0.70 m in depth and were filled with a very dark grey brown silty sand material (Context 553, 555, 561, 593) with stone inclusions and fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM.

## C14th-16th Quarry Pit [590]

All of these four postholes cut through a larger $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century quarry pit [Feature 590], therefore it is possible to assume that all these postholes are more likely to be of a date closer to the $16^{\text {th }}$ century.

Feature [590], was identified as a quarry pit due to its dimensions, irregular shaped profile and because it cut into natural sandy gravel deposits. It was located at the north-west corner of the site, and extended beyond the edges of excavation. As exposed This feature was 2.00 m in length, 1.40 m

in width, and measured 0.49 m in depth. It was filled by a dark brown silty sand material (Context 589) with occasional cobbles and gravel inclusions, and fragments of $14^{\text {th }}$ $16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and pottery (Plate 29).

Plate 29: 14th-16th century quarry pit [590]

## C14th-16th Rubbish pits [260,417,419,425,533,538]

Six large rubbish pits [Feature 260, 417, 419, 425, 533, 538] were identified within the western locality of the site all dating to the $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century and all measuring between 1.00 m and 2.30 m in length, 1.80 m and 0.50 m in width and in average 0.45 m in depth. All the pits were filled with a dark brown silty sand material (Context 259, 416, 418, 424, 508,537) containing a very large amount of fragmented, animal bones, $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM, $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century pottery and iron objects.


Features [425 and 417] contained a 0.20 m deep, dark brown silty sand material (Context 541, 542) identified as the primary fill. The primary and secondary fills of [425] had a thin deposit of oyster shell between them. [417] had similar shell inclusions although much more prolific (Plate 30).

Plate 30: South-facing section of feature [417].
Pit [260] located to the centre of the site was recorded cutting through feature [258], an $11^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ century rubbish pit. The large pit [419] located few meters west of pit [260] was cutting through an earlier ditch [415] and posthole [528] and also truncated part of rubbish pit [417]. Features [533] and [538] cut through pit [419]. Pit [425] was located immediately south of pit [419], cutting through part of an early pit [535]. It seems that these rubbish pits were located within an area already occupied by earlier refuse activity indicating continuity throughout the $12^{\text {th }}$ and $16^{\text {th }}$ century of this activity, possibly indicating the southern end of a plot of land/garden.

## C14th-16th Pits of structural/storage function [336,338,370,564]

Four pits were identified as having a structural/storage function due to the lack of waste suggestive of dumping [Feature 336, 338, 370, 564]. Features [336] and [338] located towards the east part of the site, with a circular shape and a diameter measuring 1.00 m and a depth of 0.22 , were filled by a dark brown sandy silt material (Context 335, 337) with fragments of animal bones CBM and $12^{\text {th }}-$ $14^{\text {th }}$ century pottery. Although of a slightly later date these two features, could be associated with the structural pit [350] and the pit [202], since they appear to be within the same area of a cluster of $11^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ century features.

Feature [370], a sub circular pit with a concaved base was filled by two deposits (Context 369, 389). The upper fill (369) consisted of a very dark brown silty clay material with occasional charcoal flakes. It also contained fragments of $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery. The consistency of the primary fill (389) was yellowish brown silty sand and was similar to the natural. A fragment of an early Neolithic flint knife was recovered during the excavation of this fill.

The dating of feature [370] to between the $14^{\text {th }}$ and $16^{\text {th }}$ century was based primarily on the abundant presence of the CBM material, although it may be possible that feature [370] could be associated with feature [372] a nearby pit with similar dimensions but of earlier date.

Feature [564] located towards the North West boundary of the site, with a circular shape and concaved base, measured 0.85 m in diameter and 0.17 m deep. It was identified as a structural pit filled with a single very dark grey brown silty sand material (Context 563) with occasional large cobbles, fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century pottery inclusions.

## C14th-16th Sub Rectangular Feature [224] and Associated Pits [320,325]

Located central to the site was a large sub square feature [224] measuring 2.50 m in length, 2.25 m in width and 0.31 m in depth, this pit was filled by a firm brown silty sand material (Context 223) with few stones inclusion, and one fragment of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM (Plate 31). Due to its size and sterile fill, it is possible that [224] could be associated with some sort of industrial activity.


Plate 31: 14th-16th sub rectangular feature [224].

Cutting through context (223) were two circular features [320] and [325] both measuring nearly 0.75 m in diameter and 0.15 m in depth, with a very dark brown silty sand material (Context 319, 324) with a few stone inclusions, fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and within context (324) two sherds of pottery dating between 1350 and 1500.

In addition, context (319) also contained substantial charcoal flakes, although there was no evidence of in situ burning activity within pit [320], it is therefore more appropriate to assume that this material is a redeposited burnt material. No clear evidence was discovered in order to allocate a specific function to the two circular features [320] and [325].

## C14th-16th Pits [214,238,262,312,360,469,501,535,592]

Nine features were recorded as general pits [Features $214,238,262,312,360,469,501,535,592$ ].

Feature [214] was sub circular and measured 1.00 m in diameter and 0.22 m in depth and was filled by a very dark brown silt material (Context 213) with fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and pottery. This pit was located next to the $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century posthole [212], it is therefore possible to assume that feature [214] could have functioned as a replacement for the [212] posthole.

Located west of the above feature and adjacent to each other were two ovate shaped pits [Feature 238,501 ]. Measuring 1.40 m in length, 1.00 m in width and 0.61 m in depth, these features were filled by two deposits, a brown silty clay sand (Context 237and 500) and a yellowish brown silty clay sand (Context 276 and 543). Context (237), and (276) both contained fragments of animal bones and $14^{\text {th }}-$ $16^{\text {th }}$ century pottery, whereas context ( 500 ) contained pottery dating to $12^{\text {th }}-14^{\text {th }}$ century.

Pit [238] was truncated by three postholes [features 278, 280, 283] (Plate 32). It is possible that features [238] and [501] due to their size could have been of a structural function, pre dating the postholes previously mentioned.

Two features [262,312] were classified as general pits with possible structural function were pits. Feature [262] was circular with a 0.85 m diameter and 0.28 m in depth and was filled by a very dark grey brown clay sand material (Context 261) with occasional


Plate 32: Pit [238] with postholes [278, 280 and 283] cutting the base. stone inclusion. No dating material was recovered but a date of $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century was given to pit [262] by association since it was recorded cutting through rubbish pit [258] and [260].

Feature [312] with the same dimensions as pit [262] but slightly shallower, was filled by a yellowish brown sandy silt (Context 311) with occasional cobble inclusions and a few fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM. This feature was recorded cutting the large $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century rubbish pit [210].

Located towards the northern end of Plaza feature [360] was an ovate shaped pit with a U shaped profile, measuring 1.42 m in length, 1.12 m in width and 0.18 m in depth. This isolated feature was filled with a firm brown clay silt sand material (Context 359) with occasional stone inclusions, a few fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and $11^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.


Feature [469], located towards the western limits of the site and close to feature [419], was a small pit measuring 0.50 m in diameter and 0.12 m deep, filled by two deposits (Context 468 and 525). Context (468) consisted of dark brown clay sand with some stone inclusions and one fragment of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM. More interesting was context (525), a clay material lining the edges of the pit (Plate 33). The clay lining suggest the intent of retaining liquids, most likely for an industrial purpose possibly associated with textile production.

Feature [535] was an ovate pit with a U shaped profile, measuring 1.20 m in length, 0.50 m in width and 0.15 in depth. This feature was filled with a firm dark yellowish brown silty sand material (Context 534). This feature was recorded cutting through the large rubbish pit [425].

Feature [592], measuring 0.44 m in diameter and 0.47 m in depth, had an ovate shape in plan with a $U$ shaped profile and was filled by a firm very dark grey brown silty sand material (Context 591). The backfill contained some fragments of animal bones and iron objects (nails). It was cut through the $14^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century quarry pit [590].

## C14th-16th Cobble spread [495]

A shallow cobble surface [Feature 495] was recorded covering an area of 5.60 m in length and 2.60 m in width, overlaying part of the trackway. Most of the finds recovered during the excavation of this layer consisted of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM with only one sherd of $11^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ century pottery.

It is therefore possible that the cobble surface may belong to a later building or structure not related to the trackway. This would comply with other features that start to cut into the trackway during this period indicating a change of use.

## C14th-16th Soakaways [576,578]

Two features [576] and [578], located along the western edge of the site, were classified as soakaway pits, based on the high amount of fragments of $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century CBM and mortar which comprised most of the fills (Context 575,577). Both features had an ovate/ sub square shape in plan
and concaved base, measuring on average 1.10 m in length 0.85 m in width and 0.22 and 0.64 m in depth. Feature [578] cut through the $11^{\text {th }}-13^{\text {th }}$ century ditch [584] (Plate 34).


Plate 34: Features [576] and [578].

Pits [332, 342, 366, 441, 467, 547]

Features [342, 366, 441, 467, and 547] were unable to be allocated to a specific period due to a lack of stratigraphic and artefactual evidence. These were isolated small circular features measuring on average 0.40 m in diameter and 0.10 m in depth, they may have functioned as postholes.

Feature [467], a shallow circular pit with a concaved base, measured 0.35 m in diameter and 0.08 in depth and was back filled by dark brown clay sand. It cut through the large rubbish pit [419]. Although no dating material was recovered during the excavation of feature [467], it can be established that this pit postdates the $13^{\text {th }}-16^{\text {th }}$ century (date associated with feature [419]).

Feature [547] due to constraints with site logistics had to be recorded in plan. Pit/posthole [547] cut through part of the trackway feature [545].

## 17th-20th Century

- C19th-20th Brick Cistern [192] and [368]
- C19th-20th Drains and Modern Intrusions [308,316,398,445,461]
- C20th-21st Concrete tank [159]


## C19th-20th Brick Cistern [192]

Towards the southern end of Plaza a circular dome capped brick and mortar structure was recorded as being a cistern/well [Feature 192] (Figure 12). Measuring 3.20 m in diameter and circa 5.00 m in
depth, this cistern/well structure may have provided water for the garden and launderette (a building that was standing within the area recorded as Plaza).

## C19th-20th Brick Cistern located within the cloisters/courtyard [368]

During the watching brief within the cloister area, the ground was reduced by 0.30 m and another shallow domed brick cistern/well was exposed (Plate 35). This was the largest cistern out of the four (Figure 18). This feature [368] built with bricks and mortar, measured 5.00m in diameter and only 2.10 m in depth. As part of the construction process, feature [368] was not removed but back filled with hard-core material.


Plate 35: Domed brick well/cistern located in the courtyard/cloister [368].

## C19th-20th Drains and Modern Intrusions [308,316,398,445,461]

Four modern drains [308, 316-380, 445 and 461] were recorded crossing the site on a northeast to southwest alignment and all contained a 0.13 m in diameter clay pipe. Feature [398] located towards the northern part of the site next to features [358] and [360], was a shallow circular pit filled by a very dark brown loamy sand material (Context 397) with $20^{\text {th }}$ century intrusion. This feature is most likely to be associated with the convent garden activity.

## C20th-21st Concrete tank [159]

Feature [159] located along the eastern part of the site, was identified as a square brick and mortar, rendered structure, with the internal walls covered with white-grey plaster/mortar. It measured 3.30 m in width and length and was 2.6 m deep; at the time of discovery, it partially contained water. This feature was identified as a concrete tank, with drains connecting into it dating to the $21^{\text {st }}$ century.

## METAL DETECTING SURVEY

The site of St Joseph's Convent offered a unique opportunity to undertake a metal detecting survey.

- The site was large enough to allow any possible patterns in distribution to be potentially observed.
- Major intrusive groundworks had not occurred on the green/ garden areas of the site since its construction in 1870, potential prior disturbance of finds would be minimal.
- The land had not previously been detected upon.
- A large quantity of soil was to be excavated and permanently removed from site as part of the construction project.


## METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS

The Code of Practice for Responsible Metal Detecting in England and Wales (Portable Antiquities Scheme 2017) was adhered to during the survey. The detectorist, Peter Smith, would detect upon the areas which had been fully excavated and recorded. The instrument used for this process was a XP Deus with a 9 inch coil. After excavation each phased area would be scanned and any areas with signals would be tagged to allow further exploration after the survey completion. Tagged areas would then be explored and any potential finds were excavated by trowel; any metals finds would be bagged and given a unique finds number and each finds spot was spatially recorded through survey. In total 649 non-stratified items were detected.

Of the detected items, their materials were mostly: iron, lead and copper alloy (Plates 44 and 45). Other metals such as silver (Plate 47) were present; these mostly consisted of coins and jewellery (Figures 13, 14 and 15).


Figure 12: Non-stratified detected finds by material


Figure 13: Distribution of detected lead, copper alloy and iron finds

## NUMISMATIC OVERVIEW

In total 33 coins were retrieved from site and these were briefly identified and catalogued by Richard Brickstock (St Joseph's Part 2).


Figure 14: Distribution of detected coins

5 coins were from sealed contexts, with the majority (3 out of 5) being 1st-2nd century and located in the E-W Ditch in Area A.

- 28 coins were from unstratified contexts, with the majority being located in Orchard 3 (12 coins) being 3rd (Plate 36) to 4th century in date. Most of the detected coins were of this date, with the C12th-17th century period (Plate 43) yielding $21 \%$ of the overall amount with $18 \%$ being C12th-13th in date (Figures 14 and 15).

| Date | Amount | \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ to $2^{\text {nd }}$ | 3 | 11 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}{\text { to } 4^{\text {th }}}^{5^{\text {th }}-7^{\text {th }}}$ | 17 | 61 |
| $8^{\text {th }}-9^{\text {th }}$ | 0 | 0 |
| $10^{\text {th }}-11^{\text {th }}$ | 1 | 3.5 |
| $12^{\text {th }}-17^{\text {th }}$ | 0 | 0 |
| $18^{\text {th }}-20^{\text {th }}$ | 6 | 21 |

Table 1: Percentage of detected coins ordered by date with highlighted higher frequencies

Though the sample size is small it is of interest to note that higher levels of activity on site, as observed through the archaeological record, concur with the frequency of coins for similar periods: C1st-4th and C12th-13th. However, the frequency of coins associated with the C3rd-4th is surprising given the lack of associated features in Orchard 3. This may indicate other activity of a nonsedentary nature was occurring during the C3rd-4th in the north of the site closer to Lawrence Street, towards the location of Roman Road 2.


Plate 36: Roman 3rd century Radiate copies 'Antoninianus' 260-73.

## DISCUSSION

## 8500BC-43AD PREHISTORIC

Mesolithic 8500-4000 BC

Neolithic 4000-2200 BC

Bronze Age 2200-700 BC
At St Joseph's the flint artefacts (Plate 37) indicate that there were three phases of activity during the prehistoric period: an Early Mesolithic phase, an Early Neolithic phase and a Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age phase (Loffman, 2017).

The site is located on the glacial moraine; in parts sloping gently to the north towards Lawrence Street from the direction of Lamel Hill. The glacial moraine, supplied useful elevation as a thoroughfare (Radley, 1974) through the wetlands created by the silting up of the glacial Lake Humber (Whyman and Howard, 2005) which once covered the Vale of York. Seasonal camps are likely to have been located along the moraine enabling hunting and other related pursuits. Further evidence of prehistoric activities has been discovered at Heslington East, whereby excavation revealed Mesolithic evidence associated with seasonal settlement (Neal and Roskams, 2013). Four Drift flints found in the Plaza area of St Joseph's are associated with the Early Mesolithic: microlith debitage, an end scraper made on blade, a retouched blade and a bladlet, and their presence adds to the evidence of Early Mesolithic seasonal activity within York.


Plate 37: From Top right, Bronze Age End Scraper (69); Mesolithic End Scraper (198); Neolithic scraper (394); Early Neolithic flint knife (299); knife (389); Neolithic side scraper and burin (381); Early Neolithic Blade (510).

Early Neolithic Drift flint knives, scraper and a combination tool were found in the same low-lying location (Plaza) as the Early Mesolithic tools.

By contrast a discoidal core and a thumbnail scraper were both located at a higher elevation to the south
within Area A. This singular core and the scraper dated to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age; the core was located within the upper fill of Prehistoric Ditch [182]. The presence of this ditch on site suggests a divergence from seasonal camps to more sedentary activity. This shift in lifestyle concurs with Heslington East (located 2.65 km to the south east of St Jospeh's) with the Bronze Age heralding land settlement with individual burials and the creation of water management systems. A bronze age cremation burial was also discovered during excavations at 25-7 Lawrence Street situated to the north-west of St Joseph's. The Bronze

Age ditch located in Area A was aligned N-S sloping downhill on the moraine, its function is uncertain. Environmental assessment revealed no evidence to determine if, as was the case with the ditches at Heslington East (Carrott \& Sheppard, 2017), it was water related.

The St Joseph's lithics have been evaluated against data from Heslington East and Hungate and are mostly comparable to these assemblages; St Joseph's assemblage does have a more limited range of tools present, although it is the only site to yield a microlith (Loffman, 2017).

- Prehistoric evidence from the site has yielded an assemblage of lithics large enough for comparable local study as well as indicating that tool types found on site are different in overall function to Hungate and Heslington East.
- The first Bronze Age Burial from York's Historic core was found at 25-7 St Lawrence Street. The presence of a Bronze Age ditch at St Joseph's further indicates sedentary activity in the area at that time.


## AD43-410 ROMAN

No evidence of activity from the Iron Age (700BC-AD 43) was definitively identified however the Bronze Age ditch may have still been in use at this time, although no evidence was retrieved from the ditch fill to suggest that was the case.

St Joseph's is situated just off Roman Road 2 (Brough to York) which passed just to the immediate north of Lawrence Street, of which the northern aspect of the site is bound. Manoeuvres related to Roman activity would be occurring within very close proximity to the site and therefore it was predicted that there would be some residual evidence associated with this period.

The presence of a substantial C1st-3rd east-west aligned ditch [66, 68, 92, 98, 104,108, and 172,176] and a C1st-4th SE-NW aligned ditch [196] suggests that the creation of drainage ditches/boundary ditches occurred in an area already initially developed during the Bronze Age [Ditch 182]. This may imply continuity of prior land
 use (although no evidence of an earlier ditch was noted during the excavation of the E-W ditch) or deliberate change of land use and/or division purpose. Within the immediate vicinity, enclosure ditches from the $\mathrm{C}^{\text {nd }}-4$ th and field ditches have been observed during archaeological works at Laurens Manor (Spall, 2006) and DC Cook (Evans, 2005) respectively.

Plate 38:1st-2nd century Roman coins in varied condition. Central coin is Titus under Vespasian.

Mobility was detected through the retrieval of accidentally lost items such as coins and jewellery (Plates 39 and 40) (C1st-2nd copper alloy trumpet brooch, C1st-3rd silver ring and a copper alloy hairpin). Orchard 3 contained the largest frequency of coins from site with $61 \%$ of all coins belonging to the C3rd-4th.

Analysis of the pottery and ceramic building material (Rowlandson, 2017; McComish, 2017) from Area A and Orchard 3 revealed the sherds were highly abraded and in small quantity compared to the overall size of the site; Plaza to the north contained fresher, less abraded sherds. This would suggest that there was farming activity occurring to the south of the site and the ditches, later medieval furrows and lack of domestic structural features indicate that this was the case.


Plate 39: Roman Brooch with head loop, spring moulding on front, foot, pin missing [127] (269).
disposal (Chipping, 2017).

A system of dumping surplus waste from the fort (located 1.5 km to the north west of site) may have been in practice and this would explain the presence of abraded small quantities of Roman pottery sherds: Ebor and Grey ware, Samian, Late Roman Crambeck and Ceramic Building Material: tile, tegulae, imbrices, box flue tiles and bricks (McComish, 2017; Milstead, 2017). The animal bone, (mostly cattle) was also highly fragmented, low in quantity and interpreted as indicative of waste


Plate 40: Roman finger ring, an oval tapering band, empty oval setting in sub rectangular bezel, dropped shoulders [127] (267).

Dumping of waste is likely and the majority of these abraded finds were located along the southern edge of the site, which is located directly under Lamel Hill. The location of the E-W aligned ditch is approximately equidistant from Roman Road 2 and the Romano British cemetery located near Lamel Hil. The finds could be from dumping or caused by colluvial processes resulting in items from the upper slopes of the moraine ending up within the E-W ditch; defining the origins of such waste would require further investigation. A review of the Roman finds by area may divulge any discrepancies and potential origin.

- A substantial well-preserved section of an E-W aligned ditch was observed in Area A running parallel to Lawrence Street and Heslington Road. This ditch was orientated in a direction, which was in opposition to all earlier and later land use/ agricultural ditches/furrows, with the exception of the later medieval parish boundary ditch, which runs in a similar E-W direction north of the earlier Roman ditch. This evidence may indicate that the E-W aligned ditch was made for reasons related to land division rather than agriculture although it is accepted that a ditch can be multi-functioning.
- The frequency of coins associated with the C3rd-4th is surprising given the lack of associated features in Orchard 3. This may indicate other increased activity of a non-sedentary nature was occurring during the C3rd-4th in the north of the site closer to Lawrence Street towards the location of Roman Road 2.


## 410-876 ANGLIAN

There were no Anglian archaeological deposits found, however an unstratified coin from this period was metal detected in Plaza. It is a slightly worn, rare, Eadberht, King of Northumbria, denarius, AD 737-58, North 177 (Brickstock, 2017).

Eadberht, who was King of Northumbria between 737-58 was brother to Ecgbert who was the Archbishop of York. Due to opposition and rival fighting, Eadberht eventually abdicated and turned to monastic life in York.

It is worth noting that the coin was found at the northern edge of the site closer to the location of Roman Road 2. These earlier routes would have continued as highways (Ottoway, 2012) and accidental coin loss are likely whilst traversing.

The lack of archaeological features associated with the Anglian period indicates that at this time, St Joseph's would have been open fields/land of uncertain function possibly abandoned. This theory is in agreement with interpretations of activity in York during this period. The size and location of the site also offers a unique opportunity to determine that, unlike the Roman period, very little traceable movement or activity was taking place on land between the Anglian highway to the north (Roman Road 2) and the Anglian cemetery at Lamal hill to the south.

- Unlike the Roman period, very little traceable movement or activity was taking place on land between the Anglian highway to the north (Roman Road 2) and the Anglian cemetery at Lamal hill to the south.


## 876-1066 ANGLO-SCANDINAVIAN

The lack of evidence for activity during the Anglian period extends into the early Anglo-Scandinavian period with no conclusive ethnocultural evidence of sedentary activity being present on site.

C10th Anglo-Scandinavian activity has been recorded along Lawrence street: as mentioned above, rubbish pits and palisades were uncovered at 17-23 Lawrence Street (YAT, 1989), residual pottery was located at 20-30 Lawrence Street (YAT, 2001) and burnt daub, post and stake holes at 25-27 Lawrence street (YAT, 2014). Evidence from St Joseph's is very similar to that found at the DC Cook
site where slots and postholes suggest a structural presence during the Anglo Scandinavian period (Evans, 2005).

However, associating particular features or finds that were revealed at St Joseph's to a specific ethno-cultural group is problematic, as not enough artefactual evidence was found to suggest unwavering cultural connectivity. Indeed due to continuous settlement during the sites heyday (C11th-13) it would be difficult to say with confidence if these features are of one cultural group or another.

Analysis of the ceramic assemblage, small finds and animal bone assemblage identified artefactual/faunal evidence from this period, albeit in small quantities.

Some features contained ceramic sherds of c9th century date including Stamford Ware and Torksey however these could be residual (Cumberpatch, 2017), and indeed no features could be confidently attributed to this earlier date.

Some small finds of interest were pin beaters and a linen smoother which may indicate textile working (Rogers, 2017). Other items include a bone/antler composite comb with a single sided tooth plate (Plate 41).


Plate 41: Bone or antler composite comb with a single sided tooth plate (229).

One feature that may be suggestive of Anglo-Scandinavian practices was an unusual pit: context (77) feature [76]. Chipping, 2017 (St Joseph's Part 2, 2018) discusses this feature in detail concluding that the presence of cat bones with waste remains from a cattle butchering/deposit (meat bearing areas removed) is similar to other Animal Bone Groups seen at Coppergate, although it would be difficult to attribute ritual or mundane reasons for deposition (Chipping, 2017).

- The continuous settlement of the site (C11th-13th) and subsequent difficulties associating a specific date to items of material culture makes it difficult to attribute an ethno-cultural label such as Anglo Scandinavian, to some of the artefacts and features.
- One feature [76], an unusual cow deposition with the inclusion of cat, may be, due to its unusual characteristics associated with Anglo-Scandinavian activity as similar practice was noted at Coppergate.


## 1066-1500 MEDIEVAL

During the Norman Conquest, York was of strategic importance and during the period of skirmishes and battles life to some extant must have gone on in one form or another. It is of interest that the most sedentary period observed on site correlates with such turbulence and change.

Evidence of medieval activity has been documented during other archaeological investigations in and around Lawrence Street and Walmgate, for example: 127 Lawrence Street revealed 11th-14th century pits, ditches, postholes and Bootham Engineering works, which revealed evidence of 12 th15th century features and large amounts of leather.

Archaeological evidence from St Joseph's suggests progression of settlement from the early 11th century through to the 16th with an interesting increase in activity that peaks during c1050-c1150 as illustrated in Figure 6. At least $44.8 \%$ of the total amount of pottery from Plaza was dated to 10501150 (Cumberpatch, 2017). Indeed $80 \%$ of pottery from the entire site was found within Plaza (Figure 16). This indicates that the most intense period of sedentary activity was in this location during 1050-1150 and continued at a decreasing level until post c1500, where there is a sudden demise of tangible settlement activity.


Figure 15: Fills associated with a period based upon Ceramic Period Dates
The material culture and associated features suggest a domestic settlement was present in Plaza during 1050-1150. Artefactual evidence indicates that there may have been some small-scale textile industry occurring on site: bone pin beaters (416) (Plate 42), iron shears (393), iron needle (345) and a glass linen smoother (221) (Rogers, 2017).

Pottery dating to Ceramic Period 9 (1050-1150) consisted mostly of Gritty ware with lesser amounts of Stamford type ware. Other types of ware were found in much smaller quantities: Beverley 1, Fine Oxidised(FOX), Shell tempered, Buff Sandy, Torksey, Splash Glazed, Buff White and Fine Sandy ware (Cumberpatch, 2017) , though this is not exhaustive. Vessel types consisted of mostly Hollow Ware, Jugs, Flanged Bowls and Jars.

Faunal evidence suggests domestic consumption with beef being the mainstay with mutton, pork, fowl and fish being consumed to a lesser degree. There is a gradual increase in the consumption of
mutton culminating in an exponential explosion of sheep remains by the 16th century (Chipping, 2017).

Archaeological evidence from St Joseph's identifies a 11th-13th century peak in sedentary activity close to the street frontage in the form of the numerous postholes, structural pits, rubbish pits, ditches and a north-south aligned trackway (Figure 12). The locality was developing and churches: St Michael's, St Edward's,St Nicholas' and St Lawrence's were constructed. A small pit [336] in Plaza yielded a fascinating artefact with possible ecclesiastical origins; a fragment of worked rock quartz. This type of stone would have been mounted onto a fine decorative object furthermore, the quartz's clear properties had symbolic merit thereby indicating potential theological purposes (Walton Rogers, P. 2017; St Joseph's Part 2).


Plate 42: Bone/Antler 10th-14th Pin Beater (426).

Settled activity continues during the $13^{\text {th }}$ $16^{\text {th }}$ centuries, although it reduces over time with the least activity (seen in the form of fills with associated pottery) during 1250-1350. The creation of defences at Walmgate and the subsequent suburbanisation of Lawrence Street in c. 1200 created a lull in activity. Moreover, the Scottish Wars of

Independence and two centuries (12701470) of famine and disease were underway (Jones \& Palliser, 2015).

11th-13th century features were predominantly found in the north western part of the site, in Plaza and to a lesser degree Area D, with only the ridge and furrows located to the south and a possible windbreak of unknown function being located to the east. These features date from the earlier part of the medieval period with the North South Trackway and Ridge and Furrow system continuing in use during the following centuries.

Small-scale activity was centred around Lawrence Street. However, to the south and east there is evidence of extensive agricultural activity; Ridge and Furrow systems are known to have existed at


Plate 43: Left to right: Henry II- III half-short cross penny 1247-79; Henry II- III half short cross penny and quarter 1180-1247; Edward I -III silver penny 1279-1377; Alexander III Scottish silver and long cross pennies 1280-86.

Heslington and Walmgate Stray. It is of interest that a Ridge and Furrow system dating from the 10th-13th century was observed covering most of the width of Area A, continuing down the moraine slope towards the central area of St Joseph's. It is possible that this hitherto unknown Ridge and Furrow system was part of the more extensive network to the south and east at Heslington and Walmgate Stray. This could suggest that large-scale agricultural activity covered a sizeable area to the south and east of the City with the edges of the field systems (St Joseph's) being located 150 m from the suburban
medieval street fronts along Lawrence Street. The North South aligned trackway may have been associated with agriculture as they are contemporary with each other and the trackway appears to head in the direction of the field systems.


Plate 44: 13th-15th copper alloy oval shaped buckle.
The North South aligned trackway was identified through wheel ruts and pits/potholes and heads towards Lawrence Street to the north and in the direction of the ridge and furrow fields to the south (Figure 6). It is possible that during an unknown earlier period this trackway adjoined the route already established by the Romans (Road 2) along Lawrence Street. The trackway was initially uncovered in Area D although its presence was more strongly observed in Plaza. No evidence was found of its potential extension south towards the Ridge and Furrow system however the trackway is contemporary with this field system.

Between the 13th-15th centuries, substantial features are cut into the trackway, suggesting that later its function changed to accommodate other needs close to Lawrence Street. The suburbanisation of Lawrence Street occurred after the construction of defences within the Walmgate area, which took place during the 13th century, after Norman control of the city was fully established (Jones \& Palliser, 2017). The trackway comes to an abrupt end within a sedentary area as seen in the presence of pits, postholes, cobbled areas and associated structural/industrial pits dating from the C14th-16th (Figure 12). The importance of the street frontage as a place for commerce may have superseded its use, or maybe the trackway was diverted. No evidence of a diversion was observed to the east of the site; the area to its immediate west was not excavated as it lay under existing convent buildings.

Animal bone analysis suggests that during the middle to later medieval period, sheep have replaced cattle as the dominant food source with average age of animal death being 3-6 years. This age profile suggests a source of wool and fertiliser was important (O'Connor, 1988 cited in Chipping, 2017). No evidence of a slaughterhouse was observed through the faunal remains.


Plate 45: 14th-15th century copper alloy forked spacer buckle (418).

During the 14th to 16 th centuries there appears to be a slight change in feature type that may suggest continuity of textile industrial activity. A circular clay lined pit [469] and pit [514] may
respectively be associated with the need to retain water for linen or leather production. These types of structures would have been common throughout the city. York was known as a significant place for exporting both wool and cloth (Jones \& Palliser, 2015) and this was also seen in the faunal evidence as mentioned above, with sheep replacing cattle as a domestic meat/side product of the textile industry.


Plate 46: 14th-14th Humberware drinking jug fragments.

Vessel types, similar in function to those in use during the 11th-13th century were found from later periods. By Ceramic Period 12 (1350-1500) Humberware dominated the assemblage (Plate 46). Gritty ware was in use to a lesser extent and smaller amounts of Staxton/Potter Brompton, York Glazed, Low Countries Red Ware and Raeren Stone were present (Cumberpatch, 2017).

Metal detecting in Plaza revealed a high density of iron artefacts such as nails including horseshoe and fiddle key varieties. Tang knives, buckle pins, keys for mounted locks, a forked spacer buckle, dress pin, lace tag and a suspension ring are examples of the types of artefacts found stratigraphically and through detection (Rogers, 2017).

91\% of Ceramic Building Material was medieval in date with the majority being allocated to the 13th16th century. These were mostly peg tiles, some with manufacturing features; peg tiles were a type of roofing material common to York at this time and timber structures tended to have tiled roofs rather than thatch. Bricks were of the sanded mould variety and were present in small amounts (McComish, 2017).


Figure 16: 1853 Ordnance Survey Map with site in red
Traversing the site on an east to west alignment, turning slightly to the south, was a boundary ditch of medieval date. The ditch follows the same route as that depicted on the Ordnance Survey map of York 1853 (Figure 17) and is interpreted as the boundary between Fulford and the City Liberty of York. During the trial trench evaluation at St Joseph's, carried out by the York Archaeological Trust, pottery was identified in trenches 5 and 8 suggesting a back filling date of 14 th-15th century. This medieval boundary can also be observed within the built topography of St Joseph's with pathways and sheds being located along a similar route (Figure 18).

- Archaeological evidence from St Joseph's suggests progression of settlement from the early 11th century through to the 16th with an interesting increase in activity that peaks during c.1050-c1150.
- The material culture and associated features suggest a domestic settlement was present during c.1050-1150. Artefactual evidence indicates that there may have been some smallscale textile industry occurring on site. Other features suggest sedentary activity close to the street frontage in the form of the numerous postholes, structural pits, rubbish pits, ditches and a North South aligned trackway
- The Ridge and Furrow system located to the south of the site may have been part of a more extensive network to the south and east at Heslington and Walmgate Stray. This would suggest that large-scale agricultural activity covered a sizeable area to the south and east of the City with the edges of the field systems being located 150 m from the suburban medieval street fronts along Lawrence Street.
- A North South aligned trackway may have been associated with the Ridge and Furrow system as they are contemporary with each other and the trackway appears to head from Lawrence Street in the direction of the field systems.
- Animal bone analysis suggests that during the middle to later medieval period sheep replaced cattle as the dominant food source with average age of animal death being 3-6 years.
- During the 14 th to 16 th centuries there appears to be a change in feature type/technological change that may suggest continuity of the textile industrial, albeit one growing in sophistication.
- Traversing the site on an east to west alignment, turning slightly to the south, was a boundary ditch of medieval date. It is interpreted as the boundary between Fulford and the City Liberty of York.


Plate 47: Silver annular medieval brooch [127] (362)

## 1500-1870 POST MEDIEVAL

## Analysis of Lead Artefacts from St Joseph's Convent Excavations.

## K. Claxton

During the excavations of the St Joseph's Convent site, 680 metal detected small-finds were recovered. Of these, 203 are lead artefacts which included a number of round lead balls which appeared to be lead shot. The lead shot and accompanying lead artefacts were presented for analysis to determine if they represent a site of conflict, either as a battlefield or skirmish.

During the English Civil War, the Royalist city of York was placed under siege by Parliamentarian forces. Evidence of the fighting that took place in and around the city can still be seen today on the buildings of King's Manor, and on the medieval walls and gatehouses around the city, most notably on Walmgate Bar, near to the site of St Joseph's. Previous studies of lead artefact collections from the Civil War period have shown that a large amount of information can be obtained from the study of lead shot from battlefields and sites of conflict.

The lead artefacts were analysed and recorded as four categories: lead fragments; slag; round balls (musket shot); and everything else (other). Table 1 shows the distribution of finds in each category (St Joseph's Part 2). Each round ball was weighed using digital scales accurate to 0.01 g , and the diameters measured using digital callipers accurate to 0.01 mm , to determine the calibre of the bullet and therefore what type of weapon it is associated with. Each shot was studied for any marks such as firing evidence, impact damage, etc (Table 2). The weights and diameters of the shot showed that three of them were likely to have been made for carbines or large pistols, and the rest made for bastard/middle bore muskets. These are standard weapons of the English Civil War; cavalry would have used pistols and carbines and infantry would use muskets. None of the 10 balls showed any evidence of being fired, and only two showed impact damage to the surface of the ball. This is not necessarily diagnostic of the shot being fired as damage to the lead could have been post-depositional. Two of the lead shot showed sprue cuts which appear identical and given that they were found next to each other, it is possible that these two were made by the same hand.

Although the lead fragments and slag are almost impossible to date, it can be said with some confidence that the lead shot pertains to the English Civil War, and most likely represents the manufacture of musket ammunition rather than an actual site of a battlefield or skirmish. The lead fragments and slag waste likely support this interpretation. Given the location of the finds, it is also likely that this production site was used by the Parliamentarian forces occupying the areas outside York during the Siege of York in 1644. The distribution of the finds suggests that the west end of Area A was most likely the site of the lead shot
 production, although this cannot be proved conclusively as previous disturbance of the site may have affected the location and number of finds present; for example, the YAT evaluation trenches may have moved or removed some of the finds.

Plate 48: From left to right: bastard/middle bore musket shot (x3) and one carbine/large pistol shot.

Table 2

| Find No | Context | Location | Weight | Diameter | Firing? | Impact? | Weapon |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 237 | 127 | Area A | 28.07 | 17.14 |  |  | BM |
| 303 | 127 | Area A | 19.24 | 15.26 |  | y | CP |
| 342 | 127 | Area A | 24.89 | 16.62 |  |  | BM |
| 352 | 127 | Area A | 31.79 | 17.66 |  | y | BM |
| 353 | 127 | Area A | 23.05 | 15.96 |  |  | CP |
| 360 | 127 | Area A | 21.18 | 15.46 |  |  | CP |
| 373 | 127 | Area A | 28.02 | 17.01 |  |  | BM |
| 376 | 127 | Area A | 29.98 | 17.03 |  |  | BM |
| 377 | 127 | Area A | 30.24 | 16.98 |  |  | BM |
| 498 | 197 | Merchant A | 24.51 | 16.29 |  |  | BM |

CP = Carbine/Large Pistol, BM = Bastard/Middle Bore Musket
The maps below show the distribution of the lead finds across the site.




## 1870-2012 ST JOSEPH'S CONVENT

Two reports, commissioned as part of the planning process, relate to the historical development of St Joseph's. Both documents have extensively covered the convent fabric and architectural history as well as the heritage and historical narrative associated with the Order of the Poor Clare's whilst at St Joseph's.

- Briden. C. (2012); St Joseph's Convent Lawrence Street, York: Historic Buildings Assessment.
- Burrows.R. (2014); St Joseph's Convent: Heritage Statement and Gazetteer. Purcell.

In addition, excavations at the convent enabled three further sources of evidence to be recorded and evaluated. This additional evidence should be considered alongside the documents mentioned above.


Figure 17: Location of 19th-20th century cisterns, the largest cistern on site is located within the cloister gardens.

1. During groundworks four domed, C19th cisterns/wells were discovered [Features $85,151,192$ and 368], (Plate 49). Their external structure was recorded and one had its internal deposits sampled for environmental data. Moreover, the internal and external structure of one cistern [85] was recorded using 3D photography.
2. Archaeological evidence associated with the time of the construction of the Convent Walls fronting Lawrence Street. Evidence was extracted from within the wall foundations during groundwork's associated with underpinning context (532) feature [530].
3. Domestic debris found across the site, presumed, due to age and the 'closed' nature of the Order, to be associated with the Victorian convent.

## Victorian Well/Cisterns

Four domed brick well/cisterns were found at St Joseph's; figure 18 displays their locations with the largest being sited within the convent cloister gardens. It has been difficult to find information pertaining to these functional architectural structures and other comparable English ones.


Plate 49: Domed well/cistern [192] located in Plaza.
During the Victorian period, this new and costly method of water and sewage management would have been very expensive; an interesting evaluation has been undertaken on a similar cistern in Santa Fe, New Mexico, it is titled '20th-Century Cistern reveals lifestyles of the filthy rich'. This title would not seem appropriate to associate with an Order of nuns, however, the wealth required to construct St Joseph's, drainage systems and walls, does indicate the input of a very wealthy patron.

The patron Lady Herries of Everingham Hall near York commissioned prominent ecclesiastical and York born architect George Goldie RIBA (1828-1887) to design St Joseph's (Briden, 2012). What input Goldie had on the design of the sewage system is unknown. Most comparable domed bricked wells/cisterns are found in Australia and as mentioned above USA. In particular, there are two in Australia that are very similar: one in Whittlesea, Victoria and the other is associated with the 'Plumbers Chambers', in Warwick, Queensland.

The well/cistern located in Area D was recorded using 3D photography by Professor D. Powesland of the Landscape Research Centre (Plates 50, 51 and 52). Due to the inevitability of the wells/cisterns destruction, this was agreed to be the most cost effective and safe way to try to record the internal structure as well as the external aspect.


Plate 50: Domed well/cistern [85] external details.


Plate 51: Domed well/cistern [85] internal details


Plate 52: Domed well/cistern [85] internal and external view
The 3D images of well/cistern [85] are archived online at:

- Point Cloud https://skfb.ly/6w8QR
- High Resolution https://skfb.ly/6worO
- Low Resolution https://skfb.ly/6woZX


## Underpinning of Convent Wall

During underpinning, artefacts were extracted from the foundation deposits associated with the construction of the convent walls fronting St Lawrence Street. Some glass items were recovered intact with only minor breakages. This may suggest consumption and or use by individuals involved with the walls construction. Crushed and broken fragments may indicate redeposited waste
within the wall foundations. Context (530) yielded six 19th century bottles (Plate 53 and 54), the majority being blue and olive green utility bottles (Broadley, 2017).

Pottery such as domestic ware included some residual medieval sherds within the majority of kitchen and tablewares (Cumberpatch, 2017). Vessel types include pie dishes, teapots and flowerpots, which was in contrast to the utilitarian stoneware and flowerpot/horticultural evidence seen across the site. This could be expected due to the Convents land being used primarily for horticultural activities.


Plate 53: Blue Hamilton Torpedo Bottle from context (530).

## Domestic Debris associated with the Victorian Convent

In all areas of the site residual and intrusive sherds of pottery, metal detected finds, glass and ceramic building material were found in varying amounts. Pottery sherds were by far the most common finds associated with St Joseph's C19th-20th activity. To a lesser degree metal finds such as iron nails and scarcer still was ceramic building material with just 2 pieces: one a brick fragments and a piece of brown glaze sewer pipe.


Plate 54: Victorian York Brett Brothers Beer Bottle Fragment context (617).
Material culture associated with the age of St Joseph's was found in earlier features with pottery sherds of a later c19th-20 th date being present due to later ground disturbance. Structures such as the buildings, walls, wells/cisterns and stone borders were visible and a small amount of features were observed in Area A and these appear to be related to horticultural activity.

Postholes indicative of a fencing structure [94]that were aligned north to south and positioned to the east of the site and a C19th rubbish pit [114] were both located in Area A. The rubbish pit comprised
of a range of items from animal bone to metal chain, C18th-19th glass stoppers and pottery sherds with the majority dating to C19th-20th mixed with earlier medieval sherds. Linear ditches suggest the presence of hedgerows [120,134,194].

To the west of Area A, towards the convent cemetery, laid the remains of a garden border constructed out of large pieces of fragmented stone. The use of this stone is shown in Plate 55 and this historical image depicts a substantial amount of stone available for border use. Thirty-five pieces of stone were recovered and it was advised that each be photographed for further assessment as required. A detailed analysis of the stone can be found in Part 2 McComish, 2017. The stone consisted of architectural fragments and the medieval stones at the site could have originated from one of four medieval churches in the immediate vicinity, these being St Michael's, St Edward's, St Lawrence's or St Nicholas' (McComish, 2017).

It is not known for certain where these medieval stones were found, however, the site of St Edward's Church faced the convent and was closest in proximity. The C19th development of Lawrence Street included not only the construction of the convent but also streets such as Granville, Landsdowne, Nicholas and Chaucer. These new terraced houses were built upon the earlier site of St Edward's. By 1892 the second edition OS map demonstrates that St Joseph's and the surrounding streets and terraces were fully established. It may have been that those involved with the construction of a new ecclesiastical site had an interest in some of the remnants of an older one, and that the decision to accrue the stones was made with some symbolism as well as functionality.


Alternatively, the medieval stones may have already been located on site as the historical image (Plate 17) suggests that there was a substantial amount in use. It seems unlikely that the stone would be purchased and brought to site for 'decorative' purposes, however residual stone being used to simply enhance a garden would appear to be more in keeping with the lifestyle and beliefs of the Convent Order.

Plate 55: Historic image of St Joseph's that depicts the use of irregular shaped stone (architectural fragments) to enhance and define garden borders.

- Four impressive domed bricked wells/cisterns were found on site and there is potential to use the data collected: photographic 2D and 3D to further research who designed and
commissioned this new technology and how these examples connect/relate to other similar structures within and outside the UK.
- Garden borders created by the Order of Poor Clare's incorporated architectural fragments potentially originating from four medieval churches in the immediate vicinity: St Michael's, St Edward's, St Lawrence's or St Nicholas'.


## DISSEMINATION AND OUTREACH

An excavation at St Joseph's occurred whilst the site was active, therefore the opportunity to open the site to the public was, in this case, not feasible. It did though become apparent that there was an audience wanting outreach and dissemination on an hourly and daily basis: the construction team (over 200 members). Information posters answering key questions were positioned along the thoroughfare that passed an area of excavation (Plaza).


Plate 56: Information posters in use by construction team members

The feedback from the construction team was positive and an opportunity to handle and view selected artefacts was further arranged. Any site member could attend and attendance was high with over one quarter of the team visiting during their breaks to view and handle the items (Plates 56 and 57).


Plate 57: Handling of site finds by members of the construction team

## ARCHIVE

St Joseph's Convent has two archives: one of ecclesiastical association located in Middlesbrough; the other the product of the excavation and located in York.

The archive of ecclesiastical association is held at the Diocesan Office in Middlesbrough and comprises of:

- The printer's proof of a short but very informative booklet: An Account of the Foundation in 1864 of the Convent of the Poor Clares Colettines St Joseph's York (Anon. 1964: includes some older material, including photographs)
- An A3 photocopy of a plan of the ground floor of the Cloister buildings: possibly a copy of a plan of the House 2 made by the architect George Goldie before 1872
- A bundle of letters 1871-1875
- A bundle of letters 1942
(Briden, 2012).

The site archive, which is to be deposited at the Yorkshire Museum, is in two formats: one digital the other physical. Exactly which items are to be archived shall be agreed later with the museum and until this takes place, the current archive shall remain with LS Archaeology. Any assemblages not retained by the Yorkshire Museum shall be deposited, as already agreed, with the University of York to be used for educational purposes.

At the very least, the archive shall contain:

## Digital

- Photographs- per feature, pre excavation and post excavation, phased areas group shots, working shots, outreach.
- Spreadsheets- context data, specialist data
- Reports- all associated specialist reports and papers
- Artefactual data
- Finds catalogues


## Physical

- A hard copy of the excavation report (Parts 1 and 2 ).
- Metal artefact $X$ rays
- Selected metal artefacts such as coins and small finds
- Small finds of other material
- Flint Assemblage
- Lead Assemblage


## CONCLUSION

Excavations as St Joseph's took place after a period of multi organizational preliminary research and evaluation. The evidence and outcomes revealed from the excavations further builds upon these earlier works (McComish\& Milstead, 2013) and mostly concurs with previous ideas regarding the archaeological nature of the site and generally matched the predicted archaeological potential (Ottoway, 2012) as recorded.

The excavation has disclosed new information regarding York's historic and archaeological narrative and this is summarised below:

- Prehistoric evidence from the site has yielded an assemblage of lithics large enough for comparable local study as well as indicating that tool types found on site are different in overall function to Hungate and Heslington East.
- The first Bronze Age Burial from York's Historic core was found at 25-7 St Lawrence Street. The presence of a Bronze Age ditch at St Joseph's further indicates sedentary activity in the area at that time.
- A substantial well preserved section of an E-W aligned ditch was observed in Area A running parallel to Lawrence Street and Heslington Road. This ditch was orientated in a direction, which was in opposition to all earlier, later land use/ agricultural ditches/furrows. However the later medieval parish boundary ditch runs in a similar E-W direction north of the earlier Roman ditch. This evidence may indicate that the E-W aligned ditch was made for reasons related to land division rather than agricultural although it is accepted that a ditch can be multi-functioning.
- The frequency of coins associated with the C3rd-4th is surprising given the lack of associated features in Orchard 3. This may indicate other increased activity of a non-sedentary nature was occurring during the C3rd-4th in the north of the site closer to Lawrence Street towards the location of Roman Road 2.
- Unlike the Roman period, very little traceable movement or activity was taking place on land between the Anglian highway to the north (Roman Road 2) and the Anglian cemetery at Lamal hill to the south.
- The continuous settlement of the site (C11th-13th) and problems associating a specific date to items of material culture makes it difficult to attribute an ethnocultural label such as Anglo Scandinavian, to some of the artefacts and features.
- One feature [76], an unusual cow deposition with the inclusion of cat, may be, due to its unusual characteristics, associated with Anglo-Scandinavian activity as similar practice was noted at Coppergate.
- Archaeological evidence from St Joseph's suggests progression of settlement from the early 11th century through to the 16th with an interesting increase in activity that peaks during c.1050-c1150.
- The material culture and associated features suggest a domestic settlement was present during c.1050-1150. Artefactual evidence indicates that there may have been some smallscale textile industry occurring on site. Other features suggest sedentary activity close to the street frontage in the form of the numerous postholes, structural pits, rubbish pits, ditches and a North South aligned trackway
- The Ridge and Furrow system located to the south of the site may have been part of a more extensive network to the south and east at Heslington and Walmgate Stray. This would suggest that large-scale agricultural activity covered a sizeable area to the south and east of the City with the edges of the field systems being located 150 m from the suburban medieval street fronts along Lawrence Street.
- A North South aligned trackway may have been associated with the Ridge and Furrow system as they are contemporary with each other and the trackway appears to head from Lawrence Street in the direction of the field systems.
- Animal bone analysis suggests that during the middle to later medieval period sheep replaced cattle as the dominant food source with average age of animal death being 3-6 years.
- During the 14th to 16th centuries there appears to be a change in feature type/technological change that may suggest continuity of the textile industrial, albeit one growing in sophistication.
- Traversing the site on an east to west alignment, turning slightly to the south, was a boundary ditch of medieval date. It is interpreted as the boundary between Fulford and the City Liberty of York.
- Four impressive C19th-20th domed bricked wells/cisterns were found on site and there is potential to use the data collected: photographic 2D and 3D to further research who designed and commissioned this new technology and how these examples connect/relate to other similar structures within and outside the UK.
- Garden borders created by the Order of Poor Clare's incorporated architectural fragments potentially originating from four medieval churches in the immediate vicinity: St Michael's, St Edward's, St Lawrence's or St Nicholas'.


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APPENDIX 1: CONTEXT INDEX

| Feature <br> Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | Deposit | Topsoil | D | Topsoil in Area D |  |
| 2 | 2 | Deposit | Subsoil/ garden make up soil | D | Subsoil in Area D |  |
| 4 | 3 | Fill | Fill of N-S linear [4] | D | Trackway Fill |  |
| 4 | 4 | Cut | Cut of N-S linear [4] | D | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 6 | 5 | Fill | Fill of N -S linear [6] | D | Trackway Fill |  |
| 6 | 6 | Cut | Cut of N-S linear [6] | D | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 7 | 7 | Horizon | Machine stripping horizon | D | Machine Stripping |  |
| 9 | 8 | Fill | Fill of south terminus of N-S linear [9] | D | Trackway Fill |  |
| 9 | 9 | Cut | Cut of south terminus of N-S linear [9] | D | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 11 | 10 | Fill | Fill of north terminus of N S linear [11] | D | Terminus fill |  |
| 11 | 11 | Cut | Cut of north terminus of N -S linear [11] | D | Terminus | C14th-16th |
| 13 | 12 | Fill | Fill of N-S running posthole [13] | D | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 13 | 13 | Cut | Cut of N-S running posthole [13] | D | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 14 | 14 | Horizon | Metal detector finds Area D- surveyed | D | 74 metal finds -all surveyed |  |
| 15 | 15 | Horizon | Metal detector finds Area D -spoil heap not surveyed | D | Metal Detecting Horizon |  |
| 17 | 17 | Cut | Cut of quarry pit [17] | D | Quarry pit | C14th-16th |
| 17 | 16 | Fill | Fill of quarry pit [17] | D | Quarry pit upper fill |  |
| 17 | 30 | Fill | Secondary fill of quarry pit [17] | D | Quarry pit secondary fill |  |
| 17 | 31 | Fill | Third fill of quarry pit [17] | D | Quarry pit iron pan fill |  |
| 17 | 32 | Fill | Primary fill of quarry pit [17] | D | Quarry pit primary fill |  |
| 19 | 19 | Cut | Cut of animal bone pit [19] | D | Rubbish pit | C14th-16th |
| 19 | 18 | Fill | Fill of animal bone pit [19] | D | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 21 | 21 | Cut | Cut of animal bone pit [21] | D | Natural Feature | N/A |
| 21 | 20 | Fill | Fill of animal bone pit [21] | D | Natural Feature |  |
| 23 | 23 | Cut | Cut of NE-SW curvilinear [23] identified as natural | D | Natural Feature | N/A |
| 23 | 22 | Fill | Fill of NE-SW curvilinear [23] identified as natural | D | Natural Feature |  |
| 25 | 25 | Cut | Cut of pit [25] | D | Natural Feature | N/A |
| 25 | 24 | Fill | Fill of pit [25] | D | Natural Feature |  |
| 26 | 26 | Deposit | Natural | D | Natural in Area D |  |


| Feature <br> Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | 28 | Cut | Cut of N-S linear [28] | D | Natural Feature | N/A |
| 28 | 27 | Fill | Fill of N-S linear [28] | D | Natural Feature |  |
| 29 | 29 | Horizon | Machine stripping of Orchard 3 | Orchard 3 | Machine Stripping Orchard 3 |  |
| 34 | 34 | Cut | Cut of pit [34] | Orchard 3 | E-W aligned pits or postholes. | C11th-12th |
| 34 | 33 | Fill | Fill of pit [34] | Orchard 3 | posthole or pit fill |  |
| 36 | 36 | Cut | Cut of pit [36] | MPB Ditch | Large pit. Unknown date. Postdate boundary ditch [40] and pit [38] |  |
| 36 | 35 | Fill | Fill of pit [36] | MPB Ditch | Large pit fill. |  |
| 38 | 38 | Cut | Cut of pit/drain [38] | MPB Ditch | Small pit. Unknown date. Postdate boundary ditch [40] |  |
| 38 | 37 | Fill | Fill of pit/drain [38] | MPB Ditch | Small pit fill. |  |
| 40 | 40 | Cut | Cut of linear Medieval Parish Boundary [40] | MPB Ditch | Parish boundary ditch. | C14th-16h |
| 40 | 39 | Fill | Fill of linear Medieval Parish Boundary [40] | MPB Ditch | Parish boundary ditch fill. |  |
| 42 | 42 | Cut | Cut of small pit [42] | Orchard 3 | Posthole | ? |
| 42 | 41 | Fill | Fill of small pit [42] | Orchard 3 | Posthole fill |  |
| 44 | 44 | Cut | Cut of small pit [44] | Orchard 3 | Posthole cut unknown date | ? |
| 44 | 43 | Fill | Fill of small pit [44] | Orchard 3 | Posthole fill |  |
| 46 | 46 | Cut | Cut of small pit [46] | Orchard 3 | Posthole | ? |
| 46 | 45 | Fill | Fill of small pit [46] | Orchard 3 | Posthole fill |  |
| 48 | 48 | Cut | Cut of pit [48] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit | C14th-16th |
| 48 | 47 | Fill | Fill of pit [48] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit fill |  |
| 50 | 50 | Cut | Cut of small pit [50] | Orchard 3 | Pit cut of unknown date | ? |
| 50 | 49 | Fill | Fill of small pit [50] | Orchard 3 | Pit fill |  |
| 52 | 52 | Cut | Cut of small pit [52] | Orchard 3 | E-W aligned pits or postholes. | C11th-12th |
| 52 | 51 | Fill | Fill of small pit [52] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit fill |  |
| 54 | 54 | Cut | Cut of small pit [54] | Orchard 3 | E-W aligned pits or postholes. | C11th-12th |
| 54 | 53 | Fill | Fill of small pit [54] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit fill |  |
| 56 | 56 | Cut | Cut of posthole [56] | Orchard 3 | Posthole | C14th-17th |
| 56 | 55 | Fill | Fill of posthole [56] | Orchard 3 | Posthole fill |  |
| 58 | 58 | Cut | Cut of small pit [58] | Orchard 3 | E-W aligned pits or postholes. | C11th-12th |
| 58 | 57 | Fill | Fill of small pit [58] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit fill |  |
| 60 | 60 | Cut | Cut of small pit [60] | Orchard 3 | E-W aligned pits or postholes. | C11th-12th |


| Feature <br> Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | 59 | Fill | Fill of small pit [60] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit fill |  |
| 62 | 62 | Cut | Cut of small pit [62] | Orchard 3 | E-W aligned pits or postholes. | C11th-12th |
| 62 | 61 | Fill | Fill of small pit [62] | Orchard 3 | Posthole or pit fill |  |
| 64 | 64 | Cut | Cut of furrow [64] | A | Medieval Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 64 | 63 | Fill | Fill of furrow [64] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 66 | 66 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [66] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |
| 66 | 65 | Fill | Secondary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [66] | A | E-W Roman Ditch fill |  |
| 66 | 115 | Fill | Primary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [66] | A | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 68 | 68 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [68] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |
| 68 | 67 | Fill | Secondary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [68] | A | Ditch secondary fill |  |
| 68 | 90 | Fill | Primary Fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [68] | A | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 70 | 70 | Cut | Cut of furrow [70] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 70 | 69 | Fill | Fill of furrow [70] | A | Furrow Fill |  |
| 72 | 72 | Cut | Cut of grave feature [72] | A | Ovate pit cut | C11th-13th |
| 72 | 71 | Fill | Fill of grave feature [72] | A | Ovate pit fill |  |
| 74 | 74 | Cut | Cut of posthole [74] | Orchard 3 | Posthole | ? |
| 74 | 73 | Fill | Fill of posthole [74] | Orchard 3 | Posthole fill of unknown date |  |
| 76 | 76 | Cut | Cut of cow pit [76] | Orchard 3 | Mixed animal deposition | C11th-12th |
| 76 | 77 | Fill | Fill of cow pit [76] | Orchard 3 | Mixed animal deposition fill |  |
| 78 | 78 | Deposit | Topsoil | Orchard 1\&3 | Topsoil |  |
| 79 | 79 | Deposit | Subsoil | Orchard 1\&3 | Subsoil |  |
| 80 | 80 | Deposit | Natural | Orchard 1\&3 | Natural |  |
| 81 | 81 | Deposit | Topsoil | A | Top Soil |  |
| 82 | 82 | Deposit | Subsoil | A | Subsoil |  |
| 83 | 83 | Deposit | Natural | A | Natural |  |
| 84 | 84 | Horizon | Machine Stripping Area A | A | Machine Stripping |  |
| 85 | 85 | Structure | C19th Brick Well | D | C19th Brick Well | C19th |
| 86 | 86 | Fill | Unexcavated Medieval Boundary Ditch Orchard 1 | Orchard 1 | 15th? Medieval Parish boundary ditch |  |
| 87 | 87 | Horizon | Metal detector Finds Orchard 3 | Orchard 3 | Metal Detecting horizon |  |
| 88 | 88 | Horizon | Metal detector Finds Orchard 1 | Orchard 1 | Metal Detecting horizon |  |
| 89 | 89 | Finds | Finds recovered from unexcavated Roman Ditch Area A | A | Finds Recovery E-W Roman Ditch |  |
| 92 | 92 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [92] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |


| Feature <br> Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 92 | 116 | Fill | Primary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [92] | A | Ditch primary fill. |  |
| 94 | 94 | Cut | Cut of posthole [94] | A | Convent associated boundary fence posthole | C19th |
| 94 | 93 | Fill | Fill of posthole [94] | A | Posthole fill |  |
| 96 | 96 | Cut | Cut of pit [96] was a tree root | A | Tree root | N/A |
| 96 | 95 | Fill | Fill of pit [96] was a tree root | A | Tree root fill |  |
| 98 | 98 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [98] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |
| 98 | 97 | Fill | Secondary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [98] | A | Ditch secondary fill |  |
| 98 | 123 | Fill | Primary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [98] | A | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 100 | 100 | Cut | Cut of pit [100] was a bucket mark | A | Bulldozer bucket mark | N/A |
| 100 | 99 | Fill | Fill of pit [100] was a bucket mark | A | Bulldozer bucket mark fill |  |
| 102 | 102 | Cut | Cut of fire pit [102] | A | Fire pit cut undated | ? |
| 102 | 101 | Fill | Fill of fire pit [102] | A | Fire pit fill undated |  |
| 104 | 104 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [104] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |
| 104 | 103 | Fill | Fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [104] | A | E-W Roman Ditch secondary fill |  |
| 104 | 137 | Fill | Primary fill of Roman ditch sample [104] | A | E-W Roman Ditch primary fill |  |
| 106 | 106 | Cut | Cut of pit [106] | A | C12th-13th Medieval Pit | C12th-13th |
| 106 | 105 | Fill | Fill of pit [106] | A | Pit fill |  |
| 108 | 108 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [108] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |
| 108 | 107 | Fill | Fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [108] | A | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 108 | 185 | Fill | Secondary fill of Roman ditch [108] | A | Ditch secondary fill |  |
| 108 | 186 | Fill | Third fill of Roman ditch [108] | A | Ditch upper fill |  |
| 110 | 110 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [110] | A | E-W Roman Ditch | Roman |
| 110 | 109 | Fill | Upper fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [110] | A | Ditch upper fill |  |
| 110 | 121 | Fill | Secondary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [110] | A | Ditch secondary fill |  |
| 110 | 122 | Fill | Primary fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [110] | A | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 112 | 112 | Cut | Cut of Headland furrow [112] | A | Medieval field boundary | C13th-16th |
| 112 | 111 | Fill | Fill of Headland furrow [112] | A | Filed boundary fill |  |
| 114 | 114 | Cut | Cut of circular pit [114] | A | Rubbish pit associated with convent | C19th |
| 114 | 113 | Fill | Fill of circular pit [114] | A |  |  |
| 117 | 117 | Horizon | Orchard 1 Machine Cleaning | Orchard 1 | Cleaning Horizon |  |
| 118 | 118 | Cut | Watching brief-Machine excavation of Medieval Ditch [40] Section | Medieval Ditch | Parish boundary ditch | C15th-16th |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 | 120 | Cut | Cut of N-S Ditch running parallel to Headland Furrow [112] | A | Hedgerow | C17th-18th |
| 120 | 119 | Fill | Fill of N-S Ditch running parallel to Headland Furrow [112] | A | Hedgerow fill |  |
| 124 | 124 | Event | Watching Brief- Access Road Area D | D | Stripping for an access road | ? |
| 126 | 126 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [126] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 126 | 125 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [126] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 127 | 127 | Horizon | Metal Detector Finds Area A | A | Metal Detecting horizon |  |
| 129 | 129 | Cut | Cut of furrow $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ [129] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 129 | 128 | Fill | Fill of furrow N-S [129] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 131 | 131 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch Medieval Boundary Ditch [131] | A | Field boundary terminus | C13th-16th |
| 131 | 130 | Fill | Fill of N-S Medieval Boundary ditch [131] | A | Field boundary terminus fill |  |
| 132 | 132 | Cut | Cut of burning episode [132] | Orchard 3 | One sherd of crambeck ware and one burned Roman sherd. |  |
| 132 | 75 | Fill | Fill of Insitu Burning Episode [132] | Orchard 3 | Post C12th Burning episode fill |  |
| 134 | 134 | Cut | Cut of N-S possible boundary ditch [134] adjacent to [131] | A | Hedgerow | C17th-19th |
| 134 | 133 | Fill | Fill of N-S possible boundary ditch [134] adjacent to [131] | A | Hedgerow fill |  |
| 139 | 139 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [139] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 139 | 138 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [139] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 141 | 141 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [141] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 141 | 140 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [141] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 143 | 143 | Cut | Cut of N-S (Iron Age) ditch [143] | A | Prehistoric ditch | Prehistoric |
| 143 | 142 | Fill | Fill of N-S (Iron Age) ditch [143] | A | Prehistoric ditch fill |  |
| 145 | 145 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [145] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 145 | 144 | Fill | Fill of N S furrow [145] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 147 | 147 | Cut | Cut of hedge/ditch [147] intersecting [145] | A | Drainage ditch | Medieval |
| 147 | 146 | Fill | Fill of hedge/ditch [147] intersecting [145] | A | Drainage ditch fill |  |
| 149 | 149 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [149] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 149 | 148 | Fill | Fill of N S furrow [149] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 151 | 151 | Structure | 19th century well | A | C19th brick well | C19th |
| 151 | 150 | Fill | Fill of 19th century well | A | C19th brick well |  |
| 153 | 153 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [153] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 153 | 152 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [153] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 155 | 155 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch sample [155] intersected by [153] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch | C12th-13th |


| Feature <br> Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 155 | 154 | Fill | Fill of N-S ditch sample [155] under (152) | A | Boundary/ drainage secondary ditch fill |  |
| 155 | 156 | Fill | Primary fill of [155] | A | Boundary/ drainage primary ditch fill |  |
| 158 | 157 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [158] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 158 | 158 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [158] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 159 | 159 | Cut | Concrete Tank | Plaza | Concrete Tank | C20-21st |
| 161 | 161 | Cut | Cut of N-S Medieval ditch [161] | A | Field boundary | C13th-16th |
| 161 | 160 | Fill | Fill of N-S Medieval ditch [161] | A | Field boundary fill |  |
| 163 | 163 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [163] | A | Furrow | C12th-13th |
| 163 | 162 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [163] | A | Furrow fill |  |
| 165 | 165 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch [165] under [163] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch | C12th-13th |
| 165 | 164 | Fill | Fill of N-S ditch [165] under [163] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch fill |  |
| 168 | 168 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch [168] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch | C12th-13th |
| 168 | 166 | Fill | Secondary fill of N-S ditch [168] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch secondary fill |  |
| 168 | 167 | Fill | Primary fill of N-S ditch [168] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch primary fill |  |
| 170 | 170 | Cut | Cut of N-S Roman ditch [170] under [158] | A | Boundary/drainage ditch | C12th-13th |
| 170 | 169 | Fill | Fill of N-S Roman ditch [170] under [158] | A | Boundary/ drainage ditch fill |  |
| 172 | 172 | Cut | Cut of E-W ditch [172] | A | E-W Ditch | Roman |
| 172 | 171 | Fill | Fill of E-W ditch [172] | A | E-W Ditch fill |  |
| 173 | 173 | Horizon | Machine stripping Allerton A | A | Machine Stripping |  |
| 174 | 174 | Horizon | Machine stripping Merchant A | A | Machine Stripping |  |
| 176 | 176 | Cut | Cut of E-W Roman ditch sample [176] | A | E-W Ditch | Roman |
| 176 | 175 | Fill | Fill of E-W Roman ditch sample [176] | A | E-W Ditch fill |  |
| 178 | 178 | Cut | Cut of Iron Age ditch [178] cut by [176] | A | Prehistoric ditch | Prehistoric |
| 178 | 177 | Fill | Fill of Iron Age ditch [178] cut by [176] | A | Prehistoric ditch fill |  |
| 180 | 180 | Cut | Cut of circular pit [180] cuts Roman ditch [108] | A | Prehistoric pit | Prehistoric |
| 180 | 179 | Fill | Fill of circular pit [180] cuts Roman ditch [108] | A | Prehistoric pit fill |  |
| 182 | 182 | Cut | Cut of Iron Age ditch [182] | A | Prehistoric ditch | Prehistoric |
| 182 | 181 | Fill | Upper fill of Iron Age ditch [182] | A | Prehistoric ditch fill |  |
| 182 | 188 | Fill | Primary fill of Iron Age Ditch [182] | A | Prehistoric ditch primary fill |  |
| 182 | 189 | Fill | Sandy fill of Iron Age Ditch [182] | A | Prehistoric ditch sandy fill |  |
| 182 | 190 | Fill | Upper fill of Iron Age Ditch [182] | A | Prehistoric ditch upper fill |  |
| 182 | 191 | Fill | Stony layer of Iron Age Ditch [182] | A | Prehistoric ditch stony fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 183 | 183 | Horizon | Machine stripping Access road in A | A | Machine Stripping Access Road Area A | ? |
| 184 | 184 | Horizon | Metal Detector finds Allerton A | A | Metal Detecting horizon | ? |
| 187 | 187 | Horizon | Metal Detector finds Merchant A (1st Phase) | Merchant A | Metal Detecting horizon | ? |
| 192 | 192 | Structure | 19th Century Well | Plaza | Brick well | C19th |
| 192 | 617 | Fill | Fill around the top of 19th century well [192] | Plaza | Brick well external fill |  |
| 194 | 194 | Cut | Cut of N-S Stony Post Medieval Ditch [194] | A | Hedgerow cut | C17th-18th |
| 194 | 193 | Fill | Fill of N-S Stony Post Medieval Ditch [194] | A | Hedgerow fill |  |
| 196 | 196 | Cut | Cut of SE-NW linear boundary ditch [196] | Merchant A | SE-NW Ditch | Roman |
| 196 | 195 | Fill | Fill of SE-NW linear boundary ditch [196] | Merchant A | SE-NW Ditch fill |  |
| 197 | 197 | Horizon | Metal Detector finds Merchant A (2nd phase) | Plaza | Metal Detecting Horizon | ? |
| 198 | 198 | Horizon | Machine Stripping Plaza | Plaza | Machine Stripping |  |
| 200 | 200 | Cut | Cut of NS Iron Age Ditch Sample | A | Prehistoric pit | Prehistoric |
| 200 | 199 | Fill | Fill of NS Iron Age Ditch Sample | A | Prehistoric pit fill | Prehistoric |
| 202 | 202 | Cut | Cut, pit, ovate shape [202] | Plaza | Pit (structural?) | C11th-13th |
| 202 | 201 | Fill | Fill, pit, ovate shape [202] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 204 | 204 | Cut | Cut of pit (multiple 3?) [204] | Plaza | Pit associated with [202] | C11th-13th |
| 204 | 203 | Fill | Fill of pit (multiple 3?) [204] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 206 | 206 | Cut | Cut, ovate shape [206] | Plaza | Sub rectangular feature | C11th-13th |
| 206 | 205 | Fill | Fill, ovate shape [206] | Plaza | Sub rectangular feature |  |
| 206 | 315 | Fill | Unfired clay on base of [206] | Plaza | Unfired clay |  |
| 208 | 208 | Cut | Circular pit cut [208] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |
| 208 | 207 | Fill | Circular pit fill [208] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 208 | 303 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [208] | Plaza | Rubbish pit upper fill |  |
| 208 | 304 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [208] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |
| 210 | 210 | Cut | Rectangular pit cut [210] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 210 | 209 | Fill | Rectangular pit fill [210] | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 210 | 309 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [210] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 210 | 310 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [210] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 212 | 212 | Cut | Cut of posthole [212] | Plaza | Pit cut | C11th-12th |
| 212 | 211 | Fill | Fill of posthole [212] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 214 | 214 | Cut | Cut of pit [214] | Plaza | Pit | C14th-16th |
| 214 | 213 | Fill | Fill of pit [214] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 216 | 216 | Cut | Cut of square pit [216] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-13th |
| 216 | 215 | Fill | Fill of square pit [216] | Plaza | Pit third fill |  |
| 216 | 321 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [216] | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 216 | 322 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [216] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 216 | 323 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [216] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 218 | 218 | Cut | Cut of pit [218] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-13th |
| 218 | 217 | Fill | Fill of pit [218] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 218 | 317 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [218] | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 218 | 318 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [218] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 219 | 219 | Horizon | Metal Detecting Plaza | Plaza | Metal Detecting Horizon |  |
| 220 | 220 | Event | Protective layer over Archaeology Event | Plaza | Matting and covering of site |  |
| 222 | 222 | Cut | Pit cut [222] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-13th |
| 222 | 221 | Fill | Fill of pit [222] | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 222 | 293 | Fill | Fourth fill of pit [222] | Plaza | Pit fourth fill |  |
| 222 | 294 | Fill | Third fill of pit [222 | Plaza | Pit third fill |  |
| 222 | 295 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [222] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 222 | 296 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [222] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 224 | 224 | Cut | Large pit cut [224] | Plaza | Sub Rectangular feature ?structural |  |
| 224 | 223 | Fill | Large pit fill [224] | Plaza | Sub Rectangular feature fill |  |
| 226 | 226 | Cut | Circular pit cut [226] | Plaza | Machine impression |  |
| 226 | 225 | Fill | Circular pit fill [226] | Plaza | Machine impression fill |  |
| 228 | 228 | Cut | Large U shape cut [228] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 228 | 227 | Fill | Large U shape fill [228] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 228 | 290 | Fill | Primary fill of large U shape [228] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 230 | 230 | Cut | Cut of possible pit [230] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |
| 230 | 229 | Fill | Fill of possible pit [230] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 232 | 232 | Cut | Cut of rectangular pit [232] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |
| 232 | 231 | Fill | Fill of rectangular pit [232] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 234 | 234 | Cut | Cut of circular pit [234] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 234 | 233 | Fill | Fill of circular pit [234] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 236 | 236 | Cut | Cut of large circular pit [236] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-13th |
| 236 | 235 | Fill | Secondary fill of large circular pit [236] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 236 | 298 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [236] | Plaza | Rubbish pit upper fill |  |
| 236 | 299 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [236] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 238 | 238 | Cut | Cut of burned pit [238] | Plaza | Pit | C14th-16th |
| 238 | 237 | Fill | Fill of burned pit [238] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 238 | 276 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [238] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 242 | 242 | Cut | Cut of posthole [242] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |
| 242 | 241 | Fill | Fill of posthole [242] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 244 | 244 | Cut | Cut of posthole [244] | Plaza | Posthole |  |
| 244 | 243 | Fill | Fill of posthole [244] | Plaza | Posthole secondary fill |  |
| 244 | 291 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [244] | Plaza | Posthole primary fill |  |
| 246 | 246 | Cut | Cut of posthole [246] | Plaza | Posthole | C12th-14th |
| 246 | 245 | Fill | Fill of posthole [246] | Plaza | Posthole secondary fill |  |
| 246 | 292 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [246] | Plaza | Posthole primary fill |  |
| 248 | 248 | Cut | Cut of posthole [248] in pit [236] | Plaza | Posthole | C12th-14th |
| 248 | 247 | Fill | Fill of posthole [248] in pit [236] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 250 | 250 | Cut | Cut of posthole [250] in pit [236] | Plaza | Posthole | C12th-14th |
| 250 | 249 | Fill | Fill of posthole [250] in pit [236] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 251 | 251 | Horizon | Metal Detectoring Spoil | Plaza | 41 metal finds |  |
| 254 | 254 | Cut | Cut of linear/pit [254] | Plaza | Ditch | C11th-12th |
| 254 | 253 | Fill | Fill of linear/pit [254] | Plaza | Ditch fill |  |
| 256 | 256 | Cut | Cut of linear/pit [256] | Plaza | Ditch | C11th-12th |
| 256 | 255 | Fill | Fill of linear/pit [256] | Plaza | Ditch fill |  |
| 258 | 258 | Cut | Cut of sub circular pit [258] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C10th-12th |
| 258 | 257 | Fill | Fill of sub circular pit [258] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 260 | 260 | Cut | Cut of small circular pit [260] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C13th-16th |
| 260 | 259 | Fill | Fill of small circular pit [260] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 262 | 262 | Cut | Cut of pit [262] | Plaza | Pit | C13th-16th |
| 262 | 261 | Fill | Fill of pit [262] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 264 | 264 | Cut | Cut of sub rectangular pit [264] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |
| 264 | 263 | Fill | Fill of sub rectangular pit [264] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |
| 264 | 289 | Fill | Primary fill of sub rectangular pit [264] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 266 | 266 | Cut | Cut of large pit [266] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-13th |


| Feature Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 266 | 265 | Fill | Fill of large pit [266] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 268 | 268 | Cut | Cut of square pit [268] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 268 | 267 | Fill | Fill of square pit [268] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 270 | 270 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [270] | Plaza | Natural Feature cut | N/A |
| 270 | 269 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [270] | Plaza | Natural Feature fill |  |
| 272 | 272 | Cut | Cut of irregular pit [272] | Plaza | Modern scoop cut | ? |
| 272 | 271 | Fill | Fill of irregular pit [272] | Plaza | Modern scoop fill |  |
| 275 | 275 | Cut | Cut of pit in section bulk [275] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 275 | 273 | Fill | Soil layer / bulk section [275] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 275 | 274 | Fill | Primary fill of pit in section bulk [275] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 275 | 284 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [275] in bulk | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 278 | 278 | Cut | Cut of posthole [278] in pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 278 | 277 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole secondary fill |  |
| 278 | 391 | Fill | Fill of posthole [278] in pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole primary fill |  |
| 280 | 280 | Cut | Cut of posthole [280] in pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 280 | 279 | Fill | Fill of posthole [280] in pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 283 | 283 | Cut | Cut of posthole [283] in pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 283 | 281 | Fill | Secondary fill of posthole [283] in pit [238] | Plaza | Posthole secondary fill |  |
| 283 | 282 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [283] in [238] | Plaza | Posthole primary fill |  |
| 285 | 285 | Horizon | Machine Stripping North End of Plaza | Plaza | Machine Stripping |  |
| 286 | 286 | Horizon | Metal Detectoring Knavesmire A | KnavesmireA | Metal Detecting |  |
| 288 | 288 | Cut | Cut of N-S Ditch [288] | KnavesmireA | Boundary/drainage ditch | C12th-13th |
| 288 | 287 | Fill | Fill of N-S Ditch [288] | KnavesmireA | Boundary/ drainage ditch fill |  |
| 297 | 297 | Cut | Cut of pit [297] in [236] | Plaza | Pit | Pre 11th-13th |
| 297 | 300 | Fill | Fill of pit [297] in [236] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 302 | 302 | Cut | Cut of posthole [302] in [236] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |
| 302 | 301 | Fill | Fill of posthole [302] in [236] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 306 | 306 | Cut | Cut of posthole [306] in [206] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |
| 306 | 305 | Fill | Fill of posthole [306]in [206] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 307 | 307 | Deposit | Clay deposit around pit [236] | Plaza | Clay band natural? |  |
| 308 | 308 | Cut | Cut for modern pipe [308] cutting pit [206] | Plaza | Drainage trench | C20th |
| 308 | 252 | Fill | Fill of modern pipe [308] | Plaza | Drainage trench fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 312 | 312 | Cut | Cut of later pit [312] cutting [210] | Plaza | Pit | C14th-16th |
| 312 | 311 | Fill | Fill of later pit [312] cutting [210] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 314 | 314 | Cut | Cut of posthole [314] | Plaza | Posthole | Pre 11th-13th |
| 314 | 313 | Fill | Fill of posthole [314] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 316 | 316 | Cut | Cut of modern pipe [316] cutting pit [218] | Plaza | Pipe trench | C20th |
| 316 | 326 | Fill | Fill of modern pipe [316] | Plaza | Pipe trench fill |  |
| 320 | 320 | Cut | Cut of pit [320] | Plaza | Pit | C13th-16th |
| 320 | 319 | Fill | Fill of pit [320] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 325 | 325 | Cut | Cut of pit [325] in [224] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C13th-16th |
| 325 | 324 | Fill | Fill of shallow pit [325] in [224] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 328 | 328 | Cut | Cut of East Pit [328] | Plaza | Structural pit | C11th-13th |
| 328 | 327 | Fill | Fill of East pit [328] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 328 | 355 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [328] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 330 | 330 | Cut | Cut of East Pit [330] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 330 | 329 | Fill | Fill of East Pit [330] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 330 | 356 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [330] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 332 | 331 | Fill | Fill of East Pit [332] | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 332 | 332 | cut | Cut of East pit [332] | Plaza | Ash pit | ? |
| 334 | 333 | Fill | Fill of East pit [334] | Plaza | Ash pit fill |  |
| 334 | 334 | Cut | Cut of East pit [334] | Plaza | Posthole possibly associated with [330, 332, 328] | C11th-12th |
| 336 | 335 | Fill | Fill of East pit [336] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 336 | 336 | Cut | Cut of East pit [336] | Plaza | Pit/posthole? | C11th-14th |
| 338 | 337 | Fill | Fill of pit [338] | Plaza | Pit/posthole fill |  |
| 338 | 338 | Cut | Cut of pit [338] | Plaza | Structural pit | C11th-14th |
| 340 | 339 | Fill | Fill of pit [340] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 340 | 340 | Cut | Cut of pit [340] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-12th |
| 342 | 341 | Fill | Fill of pit [342] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 342 | 342 | Cut | Cut of pit [342] | Plaza | Pit | ? |
| 344 | 343 | Fill | Fill of pit[344] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 344 | 344 | Cut | Cut of pit [344] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |
| 344 | 377 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [344] | Plaza | Rubbish pit upper fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 344 | 378 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [344] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |
| 344 | 381 | Fill | Primary Fill of [344] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 346 | 346 | Cut | Cut of pit [346] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |
| 346 | 345 | Fill | Fill of pit [346] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 348 | 348 | Cut | Cut of pit [348] | Plaza | Structural pit | C11th-13th |
| 348 | 347 | Fill | Fill of pit [348] | Plaza | Structural pit secondary fill |  |
| 348 | 388 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [348] | Plaza | Structural pit primary fill |  |
| 350 | 350 | Cut | Cut of pit [350 | Plaza | Structural pit | C11th-13th |
| 350 | 349 | Fill | Fill of pit [350] | Plaza | Structural pit secondary fill |  |
| 350 | 382 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [350] | Plaza | Structural pit primary fill |  |
| 352 | 352 | Cut | Cut of pit [352] | Plaza | Structural pit | C11th-12th |
| 352 | 351 | Fill | Fill of pit [352] | Plaza | Structural pit fill |  |
| 354 | 354 | Cut | Cut of pit [354] | Plaza | Posthole | C13th-16th |
| 354 | 353 | Fill | Fill of pit [354] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 358 | 358 | Cut | Burnt area cut [358] | Plaza | Fire pit | C11th-12th |
| 358 | 240 | Fill | Third clay fill of [396] cutting large pit [358] | Plaza | Fire pit third fill |  |
| 358 | 239 | Fill | Upper fill of burnt clay in cut [396] cutting large pit [358] | Plaza | Fire pit upper fill |  |
| 358 | 357 | Fill | Burnt area fill [358] | Plaza | Fire pit fill |  |
| 358 | 390 | Fill | Secondary burnt clay layer in [396] cutting large pit [395] | Plaza | Fire pit secondary fill |  |
| 358 | 404 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [358] | Plaza | Fire pit primary fill |  |
| 360 | 360 | Cut | Cut of pit [360] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-13th |
| 360 | 359 | Fill | Fill of pit [360] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 362 | 362 | Cut | Cut of posthole [362] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-12th |
| 362 | 361 | Fill | Fill of posthole [362] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 364 | 364 | Cut | Cut of posthole [364] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-12th |
| 364 | 363 | Fill | Fill of posthole [364] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 366 | 366 | Cut | Cut of posthole [366] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |
| 366 | 365 | Fill | Secondary fill of posthole [366] | Plaza | Posthole secondary fill |  |
| 366 | 387 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [366] | Plaza | Posthole primary fill |  |
| 368 | 367 | Horizon | Machine Stripping West Side of Plaza | Plaza | Machine Stripping |  |
| 368 | 368 | Structure | 19th Century Brick Well | Cloister gardens | Brick well | C19th-20th |
| 368 | 429 | Fill | Brown clay over Brick well [368] | Cloister gardens | Brown clay fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 370 | 370 | Cut | Cut of pit/slot [370] | Plaza | Pit/slot | C12th-14th |
| 370 | 369 | Fill | Fill of pit/slot [370] | Plaza | Pit/slot secondary fill |  |
| 370 | 389 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [370] | Plaza | Pit/slot primary fill |  |
| 372 | 372 | Cut | Cut of pit[372] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-13th |
| 372 | 371 | Fill | Fill of pit [372] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 374 | 374 | Cut | Cut of posthole [374] | Plaza | Natural feature | N/A |
| 374 | 373 | Fill | Fill of posthole [374] | Plaza | Natural feature fill |  |
| 376 | 376 | Cut | Cut of pit [376] | Plaza | Animal burrow | N/A |
| 376 | 375 | Fill | fill of pit [376] | Plaza | Animal burrow fill |  |
| 380 | 380 | Cut | Cut of drain [380] | Plaza | Drain | C19th-20th |
| 380 | 379 | Fill | Fill of drain [380] | Plaza | Drain fill |  |
| 384 | 384 | Cut | Cut of posthole [384] in pit [350] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-13th |
| 384 | 383 | Fill | Fill of posthole [384] in pit [350] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 386 | 386 | Cut | Cut of small posthole [386] cutting pit [350] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-13th |
| 386 | 385 | Fill | Fill of small posthole [386] cutting pit [350] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 395 | 395 | Cut | Cut of large pit [395] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C10th-12th |
| 395 | 393 | Fill | Secondary fill of large pit [395] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |
| 395 | 394 | Fill | Primary fill of large pit [395] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 395 | 408 | Deposit | Grey stain layer in pit [395] | Plaza | Rubbish pit grey stain |  |
| 396 | 396 | Cut | Cut of clay deposit [396] cutting large pit [395] | Plaza | Fire pit | C11th-12th |
| 396 | 392 | Fill | Primary Clay fill of [396] cutting large pit [395] | Plaza | Fire pit fill |  |
| 398 | 398 | Cut | Cut of modern feature [398] | Plaza | Modern intrusion | ? |
| 398 | 397 | Fill | Fill of modern feature [398] | Plaza | Modern intrusion fill |  |
| 400 | 400 | Cut | Cut of pit [400] cutting earlier large pit [395] | Plaza | Pit disturbed by service trench | ? |
| 400 | 399 | Fill | Fill of pit [400] cutting earlier large pit [395] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 401 | 401 | Deposit | Metal Detecting 2nd area of Plaza | Plaza | Metal Detecting horizon |  |
| 402 | 402 | Deposit | Metal Detecting 2nd area Plaza Spoil | Plaza | Metal Detecting horizon spoil |  |
| 403 | 403 | Deposit | Occupation layer in Plaza | Plaza | Medieval Occupation Layer | C11th-16th |
| 405 | 405 | Deposit | Natural in Plaza | Plaza | Natural |  |
| 406 | 406 | Deposit | Topsoil in Plaza | Plaza | Topsoil |  |
| 407 | 407 | Deposit | Subsoil in Plaza | Plaza | Subsoil |  |
| 409 | 409 | Cut | Cut of pit [409] on top of earlier pit [344] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C11th-12th |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 415 | 415 | Cut | Cut of pit [415] | Plaza | Ditch | C11th-13th |
| 415 | 414 | Fill | Fill of pit [415] | Plaza | Ditch upper fill |  |
| 415 | 522 | Fill | Primary fill of [415] | Plaza | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 415 | 526 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [415] under (414) | Plaza | Ditch secondary fill of pit |  |
| 417 | 417 | Cut | Cut of pit [417] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C14th-16th |
| 417 | 416 | Fill | Fill of pit [417] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |
| 417 | 541 | Fill | Fill of pit [417] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 419 | 419 | Cut | Cut of pit [419] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C14th-16th |
| 419 | 418 | Fill | Fill of pit [419] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 421 | 421 | Cut | Cut of pit [421] | Plaza | Structural pit | C11th-12th |
| 421 | 420 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [421] | Plaza | Structural pit secondary fill |  |
| 421 | 496 | Fill | Secondary fill in pit [421] | Plaza | Structural pit primary fill |  |
| 423 | 423 | Cut | Cut of pit [423] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 423 | 422 | Fill | Fill of pit [423] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 425 | 425 | Cut | Cut of pit [425] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C13th-16th |
| 425 | 424 | Fill | Fill of pit [425] | Plaza | Rubbish pit secondary fill |  |
| 425 | 536 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [425] | Plaza | Rubbish pit upper fill |  |
| 425 | 542 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [425] | Plaza | Rubbish pit primary fill |  |
| 426 | 426 | Horizon | Hand cleaning West Side Plaza | Plaza | Hand cleaning/finds retrieval west Plaza. |  |
| 427 | 427 | Horizon | Topsoil in Cloister gardens | Cloister gardens | Topsoil in Cloister gardens |  |
| 428 | 428 | Horizon | Grey silty clay in Cloister gardens | Cloister gardens | Grey silty clay in Cloister gardens |  |
| 431 | 431 | Cut | cut of ovate feature [431] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 431 | 430 | Fill | Fill of ovate feature [431] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 433 | 433 | Cut | Cut of rectangular feature [433] | Plaza | Occupation Layer sample | C11th-16th |
| 433 | 432 | Fill | Fill of rectangular feature [433] | Plaza | Occupation layer fill |  |
| 435 | 435 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [435] | Plaza | Natural feature | N/A |
| 435 | 434 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [435] | Plaza | Natural feature fill |  |
| 437 | 437 | Cut | Cut of small circular feature [437] | Plaza | Natural feature | N/A |
| 437 | 436 | Fill | Fill of small circular feature [437] | Plaza | Natural feature fill |  |
| 439 | 439 | Cut | Cut of posthole [439] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-12th |
| 439 | 438 | Fill | Fill of posthole [439] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 441 | 441 | Cut | Cut of posthole [441] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 441 | 440 | Fill | Fill of posthole [441] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 443 | 443 | Cut | Cut for cobble [443] spread between linear | Plaza | Cobble spread | C11th-16th |
| 443 | 442 | Fill | Cobble spread [443] between linear | Plaza | Cobble spread fill |  |
| 445 | 445 | Cut | Cut of modern drain [445] | Plaza | Drain | C20th |
| 445 | 444 | Fill | Fill of modern drain [445] | Plaza | Drain fill |  |
| 447 | 447 | Cut | Cut of east linear sample [447] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 447 | 446 | Fill | Fill of east linear sample [447] | Plaza | N-S trackway secondary fill |  |
| 447 | 502 | Fill | Primary fill of linear [447] | Plaza | N-L trackway primary fill |  |
| 448 | 448 | Cut | Cut of large feature [448] | Plaza | Pit | C11th-12th |
| 448 | 449 | Fill | Secondary fill of [448] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 448 | 499 | Fill | Primary fill of large feature [448] | Plaza | Pit primary fill of large |  |
| 451 | 451 | Cut | Sample Record of stratigraphy in Western bulk of Plaza | Plaza | Bulk Section sample |  |
| 451 | 484 | Fill | Gravel limestone in bulk section [451] | Plaza | Gravel fill |  |
| 451 | 485 | Fill | Tarmac in bulk section [451] | Plaza | Tarmac fill |  |
| 451 | 486 | Fill | Rubble/ Make up in bulk section [451] | Plaza | Rubble fill |  |
| 451 | 487 | Fill | Dark brown garden soil in bulk section [451] | Plaza | Garden soil fill |  |
| 451 | 488 | Fill | Clay silt deposit in bulk section [451] | Plaza | Clay silt fill |  |
| 451 | 489 | Fill | Dark brown deposit in bulk section [451] | Plaza | Dark brown fill |  |
| 453 | 453 | Cut | Cut of wheel rut [453] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 453 | 452 | Fill | Fill of wheel rut [453] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 455 | 455 | Cut | Cut of square feature [455] | Plaza | Square pit | C11th-12th |
| 455 | 411 | Fill | Secondary fill of feature [455] | Plaza | Square pit secondary fill |  |
| 455 | 450 | Fill | Primary fill of feature [455] | Plaza | Square pit primary fill |  |
| 455 | 454 | Fill | Upper fill of square feature [455] | Plaza | Square pit upper fill |  |
| 457 | 457 | Cut | Cut of feature [457] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-13th |
| 457 | 456 | Fill | Fill of feature [457] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 459 | 459 | Cut | Cut of square posthole [459] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-12th |
| 459 | 458 | Fill | Fill of square posthole [459] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 461 | 461 | Cut | Cut of modern drain NE-SW [461] | Plaza | Drain | C20th |
| 461 | 460 | Fill | Fill of modern drain [461] | Plaza | Drain fill |  |
| 463 | 463 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [463] | Plaza | Pot hole associated with N-S Trackway. | C11th-12th |
| 463 | 462 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [463] | Plaza | Pothole fill |  |


| Feature <br> Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 465 | 465 | Cut | Cut of linear feature [465] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 465 | 464 | Fill | Fill of linear feature [465] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 467 | 467 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [467] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |
| 467 | 466 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [467] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 469 | 469 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [469] | Plaza | Clay lined pit/Water cistern | C13th-16th |
| 469 | 468 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [469] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 469 | 525 | Fill | Clay lining of circular feature [469] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 471 | 471 | Cut | Cut of cobbled linear feature [471] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 471 | 470 | Fill | Fill of cobbled linear feature [471] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 473 | 473 | Cut | Cut of ovate feature [473] | Plaza | Pot hole associated with N-S Trackway. | C11th-12th |
| 473 | 472 | Fill | Fill of ovate feature [473] | Plaza | Pot hole fill |  |
| 474 | 474 | Cut | Cut of linear [474] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 474 | 475 | Fill | Fill of linear [474] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 477 | 477 | Cut | Cut of linear [477] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 477 | 476 | Fill | Fill of linear [477] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 479 | 479 | Cut | Cut of pit [479] in pad 5 | Plaza | Post platform | C13th-16th |
| 479 | 478 | Fill | Fill of pit [479] in pad 5 | Plaza | Platform fill |  |
| 480 | 480 | Event | Hand cleaning of west wheel rut | Plaza | N-S Trackway associated finds from cleaning |  |
| 481 | 481 | Event | Hand cleaning of east wheel rut | Plaza | N-S Trackway associated finds from cleaning |  |
| 483 | 483 | Cut | Cut of box section [483] | Plaza | Box section excavated to understand relationship between 2 linear features [461] and [474]. |  |
| 483 | 482 | Fill | Fill of box section [483] | Plaza | Box section fill |  |
| 490 | 490 | Cut | Cut of linear sample [490] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 490 | 410 | Fill | Secondary fill of linear sample [490] | Plaza | N-S Trackway secondary fill |  |
| 490 | 521 | Fill | Primary fill of [490] | Plaza | N-S Trackway primary fill |  |
| 492 | 492 | Cut | Posthole in base of linear sample [490] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-12th |
| 492 | 491 | Fill | Fill of posthole [492] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 493 | 493 | Event | Metal detecting in Plaza | Plaza | Metal detecting horizon |  |
| 494 | 494 | Event | Metal detecting the spoil in Plaza | Plaza | Metal detecting horizon-spoil heap. |  |
| 495 | 495 | Deposit | Cobbled surface [495] | Plaza | A layer of cobbles associated with the N-S trackway | C11th-16th |


| Feature <br> Number | Context Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 498 | 498 | Cut | Cut of sample [498] through occupational layer [403] | Plaza | Occupation Layer | C11th-16th |
| 501 | 501 | Cut | Cut of posthole [501] | Plaza | Pit | C12th-14th |
| 501 | 500 | Fill | Fill of posthole [501] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 501 | 543 | Fill | Primary fill of [501] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 504 | 504 | Cut | Cut of posthole [504] | Plaza | Pot hole associated with N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 504 | 503 | Fill | Fill of posthole [504] | Plaza | Pot hole fill |  |
| 506 | 506 | Cut | Cut of west wheel rut sample [506] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 506 | 505 | Fill | Fill of west wheel rut sample [506] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 507 | 507 | Cut | Cut for west wheel rut sample [507] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 507 | 519 | Fill | Fill of west wheel rut sample [507] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 509 | 509 | Cut | Cut for east wheel rut sample [509] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 509 | 510 | Fill | Fill of east wheel rut sample [509] | Plaza |  |  |
| 509 | 520 | Fill | Fill of east wheel rut sample [509] | Plaza |  |  |
| 512 | 512 | Cut | Cut of pit [512] cutting [499] | Plaza | Large posthole | C11th-12th |
| 512 | 511 | Fill | Fill of pit [512] cutting [499] | Plaza | Large posthole fill |  |
| 514 | 514 | Cut | Cut of orange feature [514] | Plaza | Feature cut/Industrial pit | C10th-11th |
| 514 | 513 | Fill | Upper fill of orange feature [514] | Plaza | Upper fill |  |
| 514 | 515 | Fill | Secondary fill of orange feature [514] | Plaza | Secondary fill |  |
| 514 | 516 | Fill | Primary fill of [514] | Plaza | Primary fill |  |
| 518 | 518 | Cut | Cut of irregular feature [518] | Plaza | Tree bowl? | C10th-11th |
| 518 | 517 | Fill | Fill of irregular feature [518] | Plaza | Tree bowl fill |  |
| 524 | 524 | Cut | Cut of posthole [524] | Plaza | Pot hole cut associated with Trackway | C14th-16th |
| 524 | 523 | Fill | Fill of posthole [524] | Plaza | Pot hole fill |  |
| 528 | 528 | Cut | Cut of posthole [528] | Plaza | Posthole | C11th-13th |
| 528 | 527 | Fill | Fill of posthole [528] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 529 | 529 | Cut | Excavation of reinforcement pads | Plaza | Machine excavation of 6 square reinforcement pads. |  |
| 529 | 531 | Fill | Fill of reinforcement pads [529] | Plaza | Pad fill |  |
| 530 | 530 | Cut | Excavation for underpinning north wall | Plaza | Excavation for underpinning north wall |  |
| 530 | 532 | Fill | Fill of underpinning [530] | Plaza | Underpinning fill |  |
| 533 | 533 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [533] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C14th-16th |
| 533 | 508 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [533] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |


| Feature Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 535 | 535 | Cut | Cut of pit [535] under [425] | Plaza | Pit | C13th-16th |
| 535 | 534 | Fill | Fill of pit [535] under [425] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 538 | 538 | Cut | Cut for pit [538] under [419] | Plaza | Rubbish pit | C14th-16th |
| 538 | 537 | Fill | Fill of pit [538] cut by [419] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 540 | 540 | Cut | Cut of posthole [540] cut by pit [419] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 540 | 539 | Fill | Fill of posthole [540] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 545 | 545 | Cut | East wheel rut cut sample [545] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |
| 545 | 544 | Fill | East wheel rut fill sample [545] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 547 | 547 | Cut | Cut of pit [547] | Plaza | Pit | ? |
| 547 | 546 | Fill | Fill of pit [547] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 549 | 549 | Cut | Cut of posthole [549] | Plaza | Posthole | ? |
| 549 | 548 | Fill | Fill of posthole [549] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 551 | 551 | Cut | Cut of posthole [551] | Plaza | Posthole | C16th-18th |
| 551 | 550 | Fill | Fill of posthole [551] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 552 | 552 | Structure | Stones from the garden border trim near to cemetery | Area A | Medieval stone likely to have been associated with St.Michael's, St Edward's, St Lawrence's or St Nicholas's with some Victorian stone associated with the construction of the Convent 1873-5. |  |
| 554 | 554 | Cut | Cut of posthole [554] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 554 | 553 | Fill | Fill of posthole [554] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 556 | 556 | Cut | Cut of posthole [556] | Plaza | Posthole | C14th-16th |
| 556 | 555 | Fill | Fill of posthole [556] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 558 | 558 | Cut | Cut of large pit [558] cut by [554] and [556] | Plaza | Quarry pit | C14th-16th |
| 558 | 557 | Fill | Fill of large pit [558] cut by [554] and [556] | Plaza | Quarry pit fill |  |
| 560 | 560 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [560] | Plaza | Natural Feature |  |
| 560 | 559 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [560] | Plaza | Natural feature fill |  |
| 562 | 562 | Cut | Cut of round pit [562] | Plaza | Large posthole | C14th-16th |
| 562 | 561 | Fill | Fill of round pit [562] | Plaza | Large posthole fill |  |
| 564 | 564 | cut | Cut of rubble pit [564] | Plaza | Structural base? | C14th-16th |
| 564 | 563 | Fill | Fill of rubble pit [564] | Plaza | Structural base fill |  |
| 566 | 566 | Cut | Cut of east wheel rut sample [566] | Plaza | N-S Trackway | C11th-12th |


| Feature <br> Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 566 | 565 | Fill | Fill of east wheel rut sample [566] | Plaza |  |  |
| 568 | 568 | Cut | Cut of west wheel rut sample [568] | N-S Trackway fill |  |  |
| 568 | 567 | Fill | Fill of west wheel rut sample [568] | Plaza | N-S Trackway |  |
| 570 | 570 | Cut | Cut of posthole [570] | Plaza | N-S Trackway fill |  |
| 570 | 569 | Fill | Fill of posthole [570] | Plaza | Double posthole |  |
| 572 | 572 | Cut | Cut of cobble spread [572] | Plaza | Double posthole fill |  |
| 572 | 571 | Fill | Fill of cobble spread [572] | Pot hole |  |  |
| 574 | 574 | Cut | Cut of small pit [574] | Plaza | Pot hole fill |  |
| 574 | 573 | Fill | Fill of small pit [574] | Plaza | Posthole |  |
| 576 | 576 | Cut | Cut of brick pit [576] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 576 | 575 | Fill | Fill of brick pit [576] | Plaza | Rubble deposit |  |
| 578 | 578 | Cut | Cut of pit [578] cut by [576] | Plaza | Rubble deposit fill |  |
| 578 | 577 | Fill | Fill of pit [578] cut by [576] | Plaza | Soak away/rubble base? |  |
| 580 | 580 | Cut | Cut of square posthole [580] | Soak away/rubble base fill |  |  |
| 580 | 579 | Fill | Fill of square posthole [580] | Plaza | Posthole |  |
| 582 | 582 | Cut | Cut of large pit [582] | Plaza | Posthole fill |  |
| 582 | 581 | Fill | Upper fill of large pit [582] | Plaza | Pit |  |
| 582 | 599 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [582] | Plaza | Pit upper fill |  |
| 582 | 600 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [582] | Plaza | Pit primary fill |  |
| 584 | 584 | Cut | Cut of linear feature [584] same as [415] | Plaza | Pit secondary fill |  |
| 584 | 583 | Fill | Fill of linear feature [584] same as [415] | P14th |  |  |
| 584 | 607 | Fill | Pit fill beneath (583) [584] | Plaza | Ditch |  |
| 586 | 586 | Cut | Cut of posthole [586] in [419] | Ditch secondary fill |  |  |
| 586 | 585 | Fill | Clay fill of posthole [586] in [419] | Plaza | Ditch primary fill |  |
| 588 | 588 | Cut | Cut of large posthole [588] same as [230] | Plaza | Rubbish pit |  |
| 588 | 587 | Fill | Upper fill of large posthole [588] same as [230] | Plaza | Rubbish pit fill |  |
| 588 | 601 | Fill | Secondary fill of posthole [588] | Plaza | Posthole |  |
| 588 | 602 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [588] | Plaza |  |  |
| 588 | 605 | Fill | Fill of large posthole [588] | Plaza |  |  |
| 588 | 606 | Fill | Fill of large posthole [588] | Plaza |  |  |
| 590 | 590 | Cut | Cut of ditch [590] |  |  |  |
| 590 | 589 | Fill | Fill of ditch [590] | Plaza |  |  |
|  |  |  | Quara |  |  |  |


| Feature <br> Number | Context <br> Number | Type | Field Description | Area | Identified As |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 592 | 592 | Cut | Cut of pit [592] | Period |  |  |
| 592 | 591 | Fill | Fill of pit [592] | Plaza | Pit |  |
| 594 | 594 | Cut | Cut of posthole [594] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 594 | 593 | Fill | Fill of posthole [594] | Large posthole |  |  |
| 598 | 598 | Cut | Cut for pit [598] under [572] | Plaza | Large posthole fill |  |
| 598 | 597 | Fill | Primary fill of [598] | Plaza | Pit |  |
| 604 | 604 | Cut | Cut of posthole [604] cut by [574] | Plaza | Pit fill |  |
| 604 | 603 | Fill | Fill of posthole [604] cut by [574] | Plaza | Posthole |  |
| 608 | 608 | Deposit | Top soil garden soil | Plaza | C19th-20th Garden deposit associated with <br> St Joseph's Convent. |  |
| 609 | 609 | Deposit | Modern rubble soil mix in walled garden area | C19th-20th |  |  |
| 610 | 610 | Deposit | Possible medieval deposit same as [407] | C19-20th Building /make up ground <br> associated with St Joseph's Convent. |  |  |
| 611 | 611 | Structure | 19th Century Brick Wall | Plaza | Plaza | C11th-16th Medieval Occupation Layer |
| 612 | 612 | Event | Foundation pad | C11th-16th |  |  |
| 613 | 614 | Fill | Fill of foundation trench [614] | C19th boundary brick wall associated with St <br> Joseph's Convent. |  |  |
| 614 | 614 | Cut | Cut of foundation trench [614] | Plaza | Foundation pad |  |
| 615 | 616 | Fill | Fill of pit in walled garden [616] | Plaza | Foundation trench fill |  |
| 616 | 616 | Cut | Cut of pit in walled garden [616] | Plaza | Foundation trench cut |  |
| 617 | 192 | Fill | Fill around the top of the 19th century Cistern Plaza | Plaza | Pit in walled garden fill |  |

APPENDIX 2: CONTEXT DATA AREA D

| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth <br> (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | Deposit | Topsoil | No <br> Value | No <br> Value | 26 | 21 | 0.3 | Top soil/ a mixture of $80 \%$ firm sandy clay, very dark grey brown (10YR 3/2). 20\% fragments of CBM, cobbles and gravel. | No Value |
| 2 | 2 | Deposit | Subsoil garden make up | No <br> Value | No <br> Value | 26 | 21 | 0.7 | Subsoil/ a horticultural soil 80\% firm clay silt dark greyish brown (10YR $4 / 2$ ) mixed with $20 \%$ of angular and rounded stones. Occasional CBM. | No Value |
| 4 | 3 | Fill | Fill of linear [4] running N-S | Linear | flat bottom ed | 1 excavated | 1.12 | 0.08 | A firmly compacted very dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/2) primary deposit of $97 \%$ sandy silt, one primary fill of N-S linear [4]. The deposit survives to a height of 7 cm , is lightly flecked with some charcoal inclusions, and has some ceramic material within it. The western edge of the linear had a slight impression, trough like that was filled with pebbles and was where the Early Medieval Pottery was located. Ceramics - 100\% c.1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section 1 <br> Plan 2 |
| 4 | 4 | Cut | Cut of linear <br> [4] running N-S | Linear | flat bottom | 1 excavated | 1.12 | 0.08 | A shallow N-S linear, flat bottomed and concave in profile. The linear only survives to a height of 7 cm . The west face of the cut slopes down to about 45 degrees before rising to approximately 20 cms from the west face. A form similar to a trough. Only slightly seen in the section drawing. | Section 1 Plan 2 |
| 6 | 5 | Fill | Fill of linear [6] running N-S | Linear | concave <br> shallow | 1 excavated | 1.36 | 0.17 | Primary fill of feature [6], 95\% sandy silt material firm in compaction with a very dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/2) colouration, small inclusions of pebbles $5 \%$. Has flecks of charcoal and some animal bones. Same fill as feature 4. Dash on drawing indicates slight overcut. | Section 3 <br> Plan 4 |
| 6 | 6 | Cut | Cut of linear [6] running N-S | Linear | concave shallow | 1 excavated | 1.36 | 0.17 | North South running linear feature [6]. Shallow in profile, 170 cm wide and at its deepest 22 cm . This linear is the same as feature [4]. | Section 3 <br> Plan 4 |
| 7 | 7 | Horizon | Stripping/cl eaning horizon | N/A | N/A | 26 | 21 | N/A | This area was machine stripped then in areas of interest was further cleaned using hoes to help identify archaeological features. 24 fragments ofC13-16th peg, plain, Roman brick, Ridge. 52 bone fragments: cattle, dog, horse, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Copper alloy slag/working waste, iron nails. Ceramics - 2\% c160-225 ( 1 sherd), 98\% c1000-1300 ( 61 sherds). | No Value |
| 9 | 8 | Fill | Fill of N-S Linear | Linear | Concave | 1.1 | 0.98 | 0.15 | A 90\% dark brown silty clay (10 YR 3/3) fill mixed with medium to large cobbles. | Section 7 <br> Plan 8 |
| 9 | 9 | Cut | Cut of N-S Linear | Linear | Concave | 1.1 | 0.98 | 0.15 | A shallow feature, concave base, edges cutting into the fill [16] of a large pit [17]. Excavated for 110 cm in length. Edges very shallow cutting at about 40-50 degree angle. | Section 7 <br> Plan 8 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 10 | Fill | Fill of north terminus of N-S Linear [11] | Linear | Flat U Shape concave | 1 excavated | 1.66 | 0.23 | A firmly compacted very dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/4) primary deposit of $70 \%$ silty sand and $30 \%$ small cobble inclusions that makes up the fill of the N-S linear [11]. The fill has a significant amount of small rounded cobble stone inclusions that are concentrated at the base of the cut but can be seen in the upper layers as well. The fill also contained a significant quantity of animal bone and pottery suggesting the ditch is medieval in origin but has disturbed earlier deposits. 19 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1450/1500 (26 sherds). | Section 5 <br> Plan 6 |
| 11 | 11 | Cut | Cut of north terminus of N-S Linear [11] | Linear | Flat U Shape concave | 1 excavated | 1.66 | 0.23 | A linear boundary ditch with a flat-bottomed U-shape profile. The cut can be seen descending on a 45-degree angle in both sides in profile before flattening out before the base of the ditch. The section excavated is the terminus of the ditch that in plan has a conical arch shape to it. The ditch itself runs N-S and disappears into the trench edge. Dash line on drawing indicates a slight overcut. | Section 5 <br> Plan 6 |
| 13 | 12 | Fill | Fill of N -S running possible posthole [13] | Linear | U Shaped | $1.2$ <br> excavated | 0.18 | 0.08 | Context [12] is a firm very dark greyish brown, primary fill (10 YR 3/2) $90 \%$ clay silt material mixed with $10 \%$ of small cobbles. In areas, the cobbles appear to be more frequent to a percentage of about 30-40\%. | Section 10 <br> Plan 11 |
| 13 | 13 | Cut | Cut of N-S running possible posthole [13] | Linear | U Shaped | $1.2$ <br> excavated | 0.18 | 0.08 | Context is allocated to a very shallow concave base, linear feature. The edges are cutting the natural at about 45-degree angle. In areas, it is only visible as a stain on the ground. This feature is identified as a plough scar running on a North to South alignment, cutting the boundary ditch [4] and [9]. 1 fragment C13-16th plain tile. | Section 10 <br> Plan 11 |
| 14 | 14 | Horizon | Metal Detectoring Horizon | No Value | No Value | 26 | 21 | $\begin{aligned} & >0.05< \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | A depth of approximately 20 cm at the deepest and 5 cm at the shallowest was dug to retrieve the finds identified by the metal detector. All these finds have been surveyed. | No Value |
| 15 | 15 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detectoring Spoil | No Value | No Value | 26 | 21 | N/A | The metal finds with a context of [15] have been located in the spoil heaps of the specific area in this case Area D. | No Value |
| 17 | 16 | Fill | Fill of quarry pit [17] | No Value | No Value | $1.55$ <br> excavated | 2.1 <br> excav <br> ated | 0.49 | This is the latest fill of a large pit feature [17], made of silty sand clay $95 \%$, with firm compaction with a dark yellowish brown colour (10YR 3/4). Animal bone, pottery, CBM and chalk present. Flecks of charcoal. Small pebbles $<5 \mathrm{~cm}$ make up the rest ( $5 \%$ ). Identified as a refuse layer. Data taken from drawing number 7. Drawing numbers 7 and 9 are quarter sections. 19 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, medium. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1350-1450/1500 ( 14 sherds). | Section 9 Plan 8 |
| 17 | 17 | Cut | Cut of | Ovate | N/A | 1.55 | 2.1 | 0.9 | A very large pit that extends beyond the west limits of Area D. The | Section 9 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | quarry pit [17] |  |  |  | excav <br> ated |  | edges are cutting the natural at a 45-degree angle. Due to Health and Safety the base of this could not be reached. Feature [17] was identified as a quarry pit. | Plan 8 |
| 17 | 30 | Fill | Fill of quarry pit [17] | Ovate | N/A | 1 excavated | 1.4 excav ated | 0.2 | A secondary deposit of a large pit feature [17] the material is a 98\% sandy silt with a firm compaction, dark yellowish brown colour (10 YR $4 / 4)$ and inclusions of small pebbles. Layer of fill over [32] could signify a natural layer being built up over time-not a uniform layer. | Section 7\&9 Plan 8 |
| 17 | 31 | Fill | Fill of quarry pit [17] | Ovate | N/A | $0.9$ <br> excavated | 1.5 excav ated | 0.05 | A third deposit of iron pan formed between [16] above and [30] below in the large pit [17]. The deposit is firm in compaction and reddish brown in colour (2YR 4/4). Small pebbles included may be a transitional layer. This layer is found in accordance with the water table layers and separates 2 fills [16] and [30]. | Section 9 Plan 8 |
| 17 | 32 | Fill | Fill of quarry pit [17] | Ovate |  | 0.75 | 1.2 | 0.2 | Primary deposit of the large pit [17]. $98 \%$ silty clay material with a firm compaction dark brown colouration (10 YR 3/3). Some flecks of charcoal material appear organic in nature. This pit appears to have been abandoned and fill [32] possibly caused by natural erosion. | Section 9 Plan 8 |
| 19 | 18 | Fill | Fill of animal bone pit[19] | Ovate | V <br> Shaped | 1.22 | 0.66 | 0.43 | The primary fill of pit feature [19]. The fill was very dark brown (10 YR $2 / 2$ ) sandy silt $80 \%$. The fill had $20 \%$ inclusions of ceramic building material (4\%), Pottery (1\%), animal bone (5\%) and small roundish pebbles $<5 \mathrm{~cm}(10 \%)$. The material was organic in nature and had a firm compaction. The flecks of charcoal were throughout. 8 fragments $\mathrm{C} 13-$ 16th crested and plain tile. 32 bone fragments: cattle, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1450/1500 (13 sherds). | Section 12 <br> Plan 13 |
| 19 | 19 | Cut | Cut of animal bone pit [19] | Ovate | $\mathrm{V}$ <br> Shaped | 1.22 | 0.66 | 0.43 | This pit feature was ovate in shape with a $V$ shaped profile in section. The edges were steep and cut into natural sand. | Section 12 <br> Plan 13 |
| 21 | 20 | Fill | Fill of animal bone pit [21] | Linear | Round bottom concave | 3.13 | 0.75 | 0.18 | A very firm dark brown (10 YR 2/2)deposit of 95\% sandy silt that runs roughly $\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{W}$ and is the result of root disturbance in the natural. Thought to be a tree root? 2 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1350-1450/1500 ( 3 sherds). | Photo record |
| 21 | 21 | Cut | Cut of animal bone pit [21] | Linear | Round bottom concave | 3.13 | 0.75 | 0.18 | An E-W running linear approx. 313 cm in length that appears round bottomed and concave in profile. The cut is thought to be the result of plant disturbances. | Photo record |
| 23 | 22 | Fill | Fill of NESW <br> Curvilinear [23] | Curvili near | No Data | 1 excavated | 1.2 | N/A | A Clay sand primary deposit firm and dark grey brown (10YR 4/2) in colour, that represents the fill of [23]. The fill is heavily rooted and believed to be a natural feature. | Photo record |
| 23 | 23 | Cut | Cut of NE- | Curvili | No Data | 1 excavated | 1.2 | N/A | A curvilinear channel without defined edges. After some excavation not | Photo |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | SW <br> Curvilinear [23] | near |  |  |  |  | further explored as appeared to be a natural feature - a streambed. | record |
| 25 | 24 | Fill | Fill of animal bone pit [25] | Ovate | Concave | 0.48 | 0.45 | 0.1 | A firmly compacted very dark grey brown (10YR 3/2) primary deposit of $90 \%$ silty sand that makes up the fill of the small circular pit feature [25]. The fill contained some small cobbles but was mostly just soil with roots. | Section 14 <br> Plan 15 |
| 25 | 25 | Cut | Cut of animal bone pit [25] | Ovate | Concave | 0.48 | 0.45 | 0.1 | A round bottomed cut that survives to the height of 11 cm and is cut into the natural sand. | Section 14 <br> Plan 15 |
| 26 | 26 | Deposit | Natural | Rectangular |  | 26 | 21 | / | Natural. Hard yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) clay silty sand mixed with large and medium sized cobbles maximum size 20 cm . | No Value |
| 28 | 27 | Fill | Fill of N-S Linear [28] | Linear | Round bottom concave | 1.1 | 0.96 | 0.1 | A firm dark grey brown (10YR 4/2) primary deposit of 95\% silty sand that makes up the fill of [28] an N-S linear no dateable material found and root disturbance evident. | Section 16 <br> Plan 17 |
| 28 | 28 | Cut | Cut of N-S Linear [28] | Linear | Round bottom concave | 1.1 | 0.96 | 0.1 | A N-S linear, round bottomed and concave in profile that appears to be the natural streambed. | Section 16 <br> Plan 17 |
| 124 | 124 | Cut | Watching brief of main service installation | Linear | Rectang ular | 6 | 0.7 | 1.1 | A watching brief for the installation of main services along the access road. LS Archaeology monitored the first 20 m of the access road in November 2015. Phase 2 of the drain only consisted of a further 6 m of excavation southwards from the end of the access road. No archaeological features recorded within the limits of the trench excavated for the drain. | No Value |

APPENDIX 3: CONTEXT DATA AREA A

| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth <br> (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 64 | 63 | Fill | Fill of furrow [64] | Linear | wide shallow concave | $2.22$ <br> excavated | 0.5 excavated | 0.06 | A firm primary deposit of very dark greyish brown (10 YR $3 / 2$ ) $90 \%$ clay sand. $10 \%$ small stone inclusions. 4 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. Iron nail fragments, slag. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250, (3 sherds). | Section $36 \& 38$ Plan 39 |
| 64 | 64 | Cut | Cut of furrow [64] | Linear | wide shallow concave | $2.22$ <br> excavated | 0.5 excavated | 0.06 | A wide N-S running medieval furrow. Linear and shallow concave. The furrow cuts through an earlier Roman Ditch Sample [66]. Only the wedge of the furrow was exposed. Same as [70,126,129,139,141,145,149,153,158,163]. | Section $36 \& 38$ Plan 39 |
| 66 | 65 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [66] | Linear | Flat bottom concave | $1.5$ <br> excavated | 2.1 | 0.4 | A firm secondary deposit of brown (10YR 4/3) sandy clay. The deposit is $98 \%$ sandy clay with $2 \%$ cobble and gravel inclusions. The later Medieval furrow [64] cut this deposit. Ceramics - 100\% c120-200 (8 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Section 36, } \\ & 37 \& 38 \\ & \text { Plan } 39 \end{aligned}$ |
| 66 | 115 | Fill | Primary Fill <br> of Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [66] | Linear | Flat bottom concave | $1.5$ <br> excavated | 0.6 | 0.07 | A firm primary deposit of brown (10YR 5/3) clay-5\% and $95 \%$ rounded cobbles $<20 \mathrm{~cm}$ of varying sizes. These run along the base of the ditch. 1 bone fragment: cattle. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 37 \\ & \& 38 . \\ & \text { Plan } 39 \end{aligned}$ |
| 66 | 66 | Cut | Cut of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [66] | Linear | Flat bottom concave | $1.5$ <br> excavated | 2.1 | 0.47 | The cut of an E-W linear believed to be a Roman ditch. C13-16th plain tile. Same as [68,92,98,104,108,110,172,176,196]. | Section 37 <br> \& 38 . <br> Plan 39 |
| 68 | 90 | Fill | Primary Fill <br> of Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [68] | Linear | Flat base V | $2.15$ <br> excavated | 1.37 | 0.11 | A deposit of firm brown (7.5YR 4/4) 50\% clay with 50\% rounded cobbles and stones. This fill contained a fragment of CBM and a Roman coin (Titus under Vespasian AD77-78). This coin was found beneath the primary fill. | Section 40 <br> Plan 41 |
| 68 | 68 | Cut | Cut of Roman Ditch Sample [68] | Linear | Flat base V | $2.3$ <br> excavated | 1.7 | 0.25 | The ditch cut into natural reddish clay that also contained rounded cobbles. It was a V profile with a flat base, slightly steeper on the northern down slope. <br> Same as $[66,92,98,104,108,110,172,176,196]$. | Section 40 <br> Plan 41 |
| 70 | 69 | Fill | Fill of furrow [70] | Linear | Shallow concave | $1.44$ <br> excavated | 1.55 | 0.13 | A primary fill of dark brown (10YR 3/3) firm 98\% silty sand with $2 \%$ small pebble inclusions. Fill has root damage and some charcoal flecks. Identified as a furrow as part of a series running north south approximately 700 cm apart. 3 fragments C13-16th plain tile. Early | Section 34 <br> Plan 35 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Bronze Age flint end /thumb scraper. 4 bone fragments: medium, sheep/goat, unidentified. Ceramics - 28\% c100300 (5 sherds), $72 \%$ c1150-1250 (13 sherds). |  |
| 70 | 70 | Cut | Cut of furrow [70] | Linear | Shallow concave | $1.44$ <br> excavated | 1.55 | 0.13 | A shallow concave cut with some root disturbance. Edges at 20 degrees slope. Same as [64,126,129,139,141,145,149,153,158,163]. | Section 34 <br> Plan 35 |
| 72 | 71 | Fill | Fill of possible grave [72] | Ovate | Concave | 1.84 | 0.94 | 0.18 | A firm 98\% clay silty sand primary deposit dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) in colour with $2 \%$ small stone $<4 \mathrm{~cm}$ inclusions. Some charcoal flecking. 4 fragments $\mathrm{C} 13-$ 16th plain tile and Roman brick. Iron figure of 8-chain link, split pins, nail. Ceramics - 75\% c150-250 (6 sherds), 25\% c1150-1250 (2 sherds). | Section 42 <br> Plan 43 <br> Sample 6 |
| 72 | 72 | Cut | Cut of possible grave [72] | Ovate | Concave | 1.84 | 0.94 | 0.18 | A concave ovate cut - grave shaped. Cut was clearly defined into the orangey grey natural, as the fill was a contrasting greyish brown. |  |
| 81 | 81 | Deposit | Top soil Area A | No value | No value | 180 | 30 | No value | A firm very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 90\% clay sandy silt deposit mixed with $10 \%$ pebbles and gravel with occasional fragments of CBM. Removed by a mechanical excavator. | No value |
| 82 | 82 | Deposit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Subsoil Area } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | No value | No value | 180 | 30 | No value | A firm dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 80\% clay sandy silt horticultural deposit mixed with $20 \%$ small pebbles. Sporadic CBM present. | No value |
| 83 | 83 | Deposit | Natural Area A | No value | No value | 180 | 30 | No value | A firm to hard yellowish brown deposit of (10YR 5/6) $80 \%$ sandy clay gravel with $20 \%$ cobbles. | No value |
| 84 | 84 | Horizon | Machine <br> Stripping <br> Area A | No value | No value | 180 | 30 | No value | Machine stripping horizon. Mechanical toothless bucket used. Finds recovered from this horizon will be allocated this number. C16-18th Medieval brick, peg, plain, PostMedieval brick, Roman brick and ridge. 18- Early Neolithic? Flint flake. 3 sherds early 18th -20th century glass- all from the body of colourless, blue and green bottles. Ceramics - 27\% c300-400 (8 sherds), 73\% c10001400 ( 22 sherds). | No value |
| 89 | 89 | Horizon | Finds <br> recovered <br> from <br> unexcavate <br> d top layer <br> of Roman Ditch | No value | No value | 180 | 5 | No value | Finds recovered from the unexcavated areas on top of the E-W Roman Ditch will be allocated this number. These finds are from the parts of the ditch seen after machine stripping. 18 fragments C17th Pan, plain, Post Medieval brick, Roman brick. 1 bone fragment: unidentified. Iron nail. Ceramics - 100\% c1720-1840 (5 sherds). | No value |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 92 | 91 | Fill | Fill of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [92] | Linear | Concave | $1.90$ <br> excavated | 2.35 | 0.35 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 95\% silty sand clay secondary fill with $5 \%$ small pebble inclusions. Root disturbance towards the west of this sample and some charcoal flecking and other finds present. Similar to [66] and [68]. 2 fragments C1-4th Roman brick. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1150-1250 (1 sherd). | Section 44 <br> Plan 45 |
| 92 | 116 | Fill | Primary Fill of Roman Ditch Sample [92] | Linear | Concave | $1.90$ <br> excavated | 2.35 | 0.08 | A firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) and dark grey (10YR 5/1) 30\% sandy silty clay primary deposit. 70\% rounded stone inclusions $0.5 \mathrm{~cm}-30 \mathrm{~cm}$ in size. CBM and pottery with its rim still intact present. Ceramics - 100\% c160-250 (4 sherds). | Section 44 <br> Plan 45 |
| 92 | 92 | Cut | Cut of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [92] | Linear | Concave | $1.90$ <br> excavated | 2.35 | 0.45 | A large linear feature. At this sample [92] ditch is approximately 235 cm wide. These measurements fluctuate across the other samples. Edges slope at 45 degrees northern and 30 degrees southern. Same as [66,68,98,104,108,110,172,176,196]. | Section 44 <br> Plan 45 |
| 94 | 93 | Fill | Fill of Posthole [94] | Square | U shaped | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.09 | The fill of this posthole is firm $97 \%$ very dark greyish brown loamy sand with $3 \%$ loamy inclusions. No obvious packing. Very dark brown fill indicates a modern date. | Section 49 <br> Plan 49 |
| 94 | 94 | Cut | Cut of Posthole [94] | Square | U shaped | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.09 | Cut of a small posthole- cut into the natural clay. Regular and square in profile. This feature is part of a longer linear arrangement of similar sized postholes that run from the very southeast side of the Convent boundary walls all the way down to the Orchard 3 area. A similar posthole [56] within this linear arrangement was excavated and recorded as part of a cluster of postholes within Orchard 3. |  |
| 96 | 95 | Fill | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fill of Pit } \\ & \text { [96] } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Amorph ous | No value | No value | No value | No value | This feature, after hand cleaning was a tree root. | No value |
| 96 | 96 | Cut | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Cut of Pit } \\ & \text { [96] } \end{aligned}$ | Amorph ous | No value | No value | No value | No value | This feature, after hand cleaning was a tree root. | No value |
| 98 | 97 | Fill | Fill of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [98] | Linear | U shaped flat based | 2 excavated | 2.25 | 0.51 | A secondary fill of ditch [98]. Firm 95\% silty sandy clay dark brown (10YR 3/3) with $5 \%$ pebble inclusions $>5 \mathrm{~cm}$ $<10 \mathrm{~cm}$. Some charcoal flecks. Fill is uniform and indicate that the ditch may have filed as part of one episode. Ceramics - 100\% Roman (5 sherds). | Section 57 <br> Plan 58 |
| 98 | 123 | Fill | Primary fill of Roman ditch | Linear | Concave | 2 excavated | 1.1 | 0.15 | A primary fill of [98] comprising of 25\% dark greyish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) firm clay silty sand and $75 \%$ cobbles and gravel from $1 \mathrm{~cm}-20 \mathrm{~cm}$. The fill contains traces of | Section 57 <br> Plan 58 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | sample [98] |  |  |  |  |  | charcoal. Running water may explain gravel. 3 fragments of C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c160-200 (3 sherds). |  |
| 98 | 98 | Cut | Cut of E-W <br> Roman <br> ditch <br> sample [98] | Linear | Concave | 2 excavated | 1.1 | 0.75 | Cut of a large linear feature with a concave profile. At its widest 2.25 and deepest 0.75 . The north-eastern corner is cut by earlier YAT trench. | Section 57 <br> Plan 58 |
| 100 | 99 | Fill | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fill of Pit } \\ & \text { [100] } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Linear | No value | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.02 | After hand cleaning this was identified as the bulldozer bucket mark. C1-4th Imbrex, Roman brick. | No value |
| 100 | 100 | Cut | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cut of Pit } \\ & \text { [100] } \end{aligned}$ | Linear | No value | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.02 | After hand cleaning this was revealed to be the bulldozer bucket mark. | No value |
| 102 | 101 | Fill | Fill of Fire Pit[102] | Sub circular | Flat bottom concave | 0.86 | 0.8 | 0.11 | A firm 70\% dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) silt sand deposit 10\% stone inclusions and 20\% charcoal. Charcoal in large blocks and small flecks throughout the deposit. | Section 50 <br> Plan 51 |
| 102 | 102 | Cut | Cut of Fire Pit [102] | Sub circular | Flat bottom concave | 0.86 | 0.8 | 0.11 | A shallow pit with edges 20 degrees sloping. | Section 50 <br> Plan 51 |
| 104 | 103 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample <br> [104] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | $1.98$ <br> excavated | 2.78 | 0.56 | The secondary fill 90\% silty clay brown (7.5 YR 4/3) firm in compaction and with $10 \%$ small stone inclusions. Some midsized cobbles. 6 fragments C13th-16th Plain tile and Roman brick. 1 Roman glass sherd-blue-green. Ceramics - 100\% Roman (5 sherds). | Section 68 <br> Plan 69 |
| 104 | 104 | Cut | Cut of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample [104] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | $1.98$ <br> excavated | 2.78 | 0.61 | The cut of this linear, which runs E-W, suggests it is a Roman ditch. Same as [66, 68, $92,98,108,110,172,176,196]$. | Section 68 <br> Plan 69 |
| 106 | 105 | Fill | Fill of Pit [106] | Linear | Bowl Shaped | 1.82 | 0.68 | 0.03 | A primary fill of a shallow linear feature. A pliable brown (10YR 4/3)98\% sandy clay fill with $3 \%$ stone inclusions. Feature truncated represents a ditch or elongated pit. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 (2 sherds). | Section not drawn too shallow Plan 52 |
| 106 | 106 | Cut | Cut of Pit [106] | Linear | Bowl Shaped | 1.82 | 0.68 | 0.03 | Cut into natural clay shallow. Profile not clear. Cut by a furrow. Function uncertain. | Plan 52 |
| 108 | 107 | Fill | Fill of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample <br> [108] | Linear | Flat bottomed concave | 3 excavated | 1.55 | 0.14 | Primary fill of the Roman Ditch sample [108]. Firm 60\% clay sand, dark brown (10Yr 3/3). Fill survived to height of 14 cm at the base of the ditch. | Sections 81 and 82 Plan 83 |
| 108 | 108 | Cut | Cut of | Linear | Flat bottomed | 3 excavated | 3.25 | 0.44 | Cut of an E-W Roman ditch same as [104] and [110]. | Section 81 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample <br> [108] |  | concave |  |  |  | Some difficulties identifying the edges so it was extended to 300 cm . During which it was discovered that the Eastern edge of the ditch where the cut bells out and cuts a pit feature [180] and a possible Iron Age ditch [182]. Same as [66, 68, 92, 98,104,110,172,176,196]. | and 82 <br> Plan 83 |
| 110 | 109 | Fill | Upper fill of Roman Ditch Sample [110] | Linear | Concave | 2.5 | 1.27 | 0.18 | The upper fill of ditch sample [110] comprising of $95 \%$ silty clay, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) in colour and firm in compaction. 5\% cobbles accumulated at the base of the ditch. These cobbles form an interface between (109) and (121). 11 fragments C1-4th Roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c120-200 (2 sherds). | Section 53 <br> Plan 54 |
| 110 | 110 | Cut | Cut of <br> Roman <br> Ditch <br> Sample <br> [110] | Linear | V shaped flat base | 2.5 | 1.78 | 0.52 | A V shaped flat-bottomed ditch, sample [110] forms part of the E-W running ditch. At the level where [110] has been excavated, the ditch turns gently on a $S$ to $S-W$ direction. Edges cut the natural at 45 degrees. Same as [66,68,92,98,104,108,172,176,196]. | Section 53 <br> Plan 54 |
| 112 | 111 | Fill | Fill of Ditch/Furro <br> w [112] | Linear | round bottomed concave | $1.58$ <br> excavated | 0.61 | 0.26 | A primary deposit 90\%, firm very dark grey brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) with $10 \%$ stone inclusions. Heavy signs of root disturbance may be indicative of a post medieval hedgerow as furrow not visible but is facing further N [129]. C13-16th Plain tile. 9 bone fragments: horse, sheep/goat, large, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c11501250 ( 2 sherds). | Section 55 <br> Plan 56 |
| 112 | 112 | Cut | Cut of Ditch/Furro w [112] | Linear | round bottomed concave | $1.58$ <br> excavated | 0.61 | 0.26 | The cut of a N-S running linear shallow and round bottomed it is cut by the NE-SW running linear [120]. Possible remains of a hedgerow, which was planted on the pre-existing, furrow which is not visible. The furrow is however visible facing N [129]. | Section 55 <br> Plan 56 |
| 114 | 113 | Fill | Fill of Circular pit [114] | Circular | Flat bottomed | 1.81 | 1.8 | 0.35 | A firm 90\% clay sandy silt fill, very dark brown in colour (10YR 2/2), $10 \%$ inclusions of small cobbles $>10 \mathrm{~cm}$. Organic texture indicative of vegetation debris. 4 fragments Post- medieval brick? Two C1780-1820 blue green glass lid/stopper and green wine bottle base. 2 bone fragments: medium. Iron chain link with hook, wire fragment, nail. Ceramics - 100\% C18th-19th (12 sherds). | Section 46 Plan 47 |
| 114 | 114 | Cut | Cut of Circular Pit [114] | Circular | Flat bottomed | 1.81 | 1.8 | 0.35 | A circular feature with edges clearly distinguishable against the natural. Vertical edges with a flat bottom. | Section 46 <br> Plan 47 |
| 120 | 119 | Fill | Fill of ditch | Linear | round | 1.54 | 1 | 0.45 | A 95\% fill, firm in compaction, dark brown (10YR 3/3) | Section 55 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [12] |  | bottomed concave | excavated |  |  | silty sand with $5 \%$ stone inclusions. Heavy root disturbance, roots had to be cut to enable excavation. 11 fragments consisting of C17th medieval brick? Pan, plain tile and post medieval brick. 8 bone fragments: cattle, horse, pig, sheep/goat, unidentified. Ceramics $17 \%$ c100-300 (1 sherd), 83\% C 17th-18th (5 sherds). Same as (133, 193). | Plan 56 |
| 120 | 120 | Cut | N-S ditch running parallel to [112] | Linear | round bottomed concave | 1.54 <br> excavated | 1 | 0.45 | The cut of a NE-SW linear 45 cm in depth and concave in shape with edges mostly sloping at 45\%. [120] cuts through an earlier linear [112]. Both these features run in the same direction. Same as [134, 194]. | Section 55 <br> Plan 56 |
| 110 | 121 | Fill | Secondary fill of <br> Roman ditch sample [110] | Linear | U shaped flat based | $2.5$ <br> excavated | 1.78 | 0.39 | A secondary fill of [110], 95\% silty clay deposit firm in compaction dark brown (10YR $3 / 3$ ) with $5 \%$ small pebbles and cobbles. 1 piece of C1-4th Roman tegula. Ceramics - 100\% Roman (2 sherds). Roman coin (Illegible C1st-2nd) | Section 53 <br> Plan 54 |
| 110 | 122 | Fill | Primary fill of Roman ditch sample [110] | Linear | Concave | $2.5$ <br> excavated | 1.28 | 0.12 | A primary fill $50 \%$ silty sand and gravel, firm in compaction reddish brown (7.5YR 4/3) in colour. Small cobble inclusions-30\% with $20 \%$ larger cobbles. It is likely that the gravel and sand formed due to constant running water within the ditch. This part of the Roman ditch is at a lower elevation therefore water may have accumulated here. Than the other sampled areas. 1 piece of C1-4th Roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/701150 (1 sherd). | Section 53 <br> Plan 54 |
| 126 | 125 | Fill | Fill of furrow [126] | Linear | Flat bottomed concave | 2 excavated | 1.6 | 0.17 | A fill of furrow [126] 92\% dark brown (10YR 3/3) clayey silt and firm compaction. 5\% pebbles mostly on eastern edge of feature $3 \%$ gravel mixed with the soil. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c100-300 (1 sherd). | Section 59 <br> Plan 60 |
| 126 | 126 | Cut | Cut of furrow | Linear | Flat bottomed concave | 2 excavated | 1.54 | 0.14 | This furrow was cut into natural orange red clay. Part of a N-S running furrow system. Same as [64,70,129,139,141,145,149,153,158,163]. | Section 59 <br> Plan 60 |
| 127 | 127 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detecting <br> Finds | No value | No value | 180 | 30 | $\begin{aligned} & >0.05 \\ & <0.2 \end{aligned}$ | A depth of approximately 0.2 at its deepest and 0.05 at its shallowest was dug to retrieve the metal finds identified by the metal detector. | No value |
| 129 | 128 | Fill | Fill of furrow [129] | Linear | Shallow flat based | $2.5$ <br> excavated | 1.74 | 0.1 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 96\% sandy clay primary fill of a truncated furrow. $4 \%$ stony inclusions. The furrow fill was shallow at 10 cm in depth. One of the N-S aligned | Section 61 <br> Plan 63 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | series of ridge and furrow. This furrow was cut by ditches $[112,131,161]$ and $[120,134,194]$ to the south of the excavated segment. 4 fragments $\mathrm{C} 13-16$ th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% Roman (2 sherds). |  |
| 129 | 129 | Cut | Cut of furrow [129] | Linear | Shallow flat based | $2.5$ <br> excavated | 1.74 | 0.1 | A cut of a medieval furrow. Cut into natural clay. Very truncated so flat-based profile, deeper to the north where less soil has been removed. Same as [64,70,126,139,141,145,149,153,158,163]. | Section 61 <br> Plan 63 |
| 131 | 130 | Fill | Fill of N-S ditch [131] | Linear | Flat based V | $1.85$ <br> excavated | 1.24 | 0.57 | A firm very dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/2) 97\% sandy clay makes the primary ditch fill of this linear. $3 \%$ stony inclusions. This appears to be the latest of 2 ditches on a similar alignment. 3 fragments of C13-16th plain tile and teluga. 12 bone fragments: cattle, horse, large, medium, and unidentified. | Section 62 <br> Plan 63 |
| 131 | 131 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch [131] | Linear | Flat based V | $1.85$ <br> excavated | 1.24 | 0.57 | The cut of a linear ditch. There was an obvious terminus with the excavated segment (southern terminus). The ditch was cut into natural clay with a steep sided profile. | Section 62 <br> Plan 63 |
| 134 | 133 | Fill | Fill of N -S ditch adjacent to [131] | Linear | Flat based V | $2.56$ <br> excavated | 1.09 | 0.32 | A firm dark very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 96\% sandy clay ditch fill with $4 \%$ small stony inclusions. Shallow N-S aligned ditch. Fill contained cobbles and pebbles though these may have been derived from a possible entranceway. 7 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 ( 1 sherd). Same as (119,193). | Section 62 <br> Plan 63 |
| 134 | 134 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch adjacent to [131] | Linear | Flat based V | $2.56$ <br> excavated | 1.09 | 0.32 | The cut of a linear ditch N-S aligned. Cut into natural clay with a shallow $U$ shape profile. Flat based and eastern edge cut by deeper ditch [131]. One of a pair of north south aligned ditches. Both ditches cut a medieval furrow further to the south. Same as [120,194]. | Section 62 <br> Plan 63 |
| 104 | 137 | Fill | Primary fill of Roman ditch sample [104] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | 2 excavated | 0.95 | 0.05 | A firm $80 \%$ sandy clay fill brown ( 7.5 YR 4/4) with $20 \%$ small stone inclusions. The stone inclusions and cobbles appear to have been pushed down into the base of the cut. The sandier fill (103) lay directly on top of this. Ceramics - 100\% c100-300 (1 sherd). | Section 68 <br> Plan 69 |
| 139 | 138 | Fill | Fill of N-S <br> furrow [139] | Linear | Shallow concave flat bottomed | $0.5$ <br> excavated | 1.05 | 0.1 | A dark brown (10YR 3/3) firm 99\% silty clay sand fill with small stone inclusions of $1 \%$. Primary fill of the linear, furrow/hedge. Similar to other furrows. 2 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. Same as (63,69,125,128,140,144,148,152,157,162). | Section 64 <br> Plan 65 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 139 | 139 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [139] | Linear | Shallow concave flat bottomed | $0.5$ <br> excavated | 1.05 | 0.1 | Cut for a linear feature with edges cut at a 15-20 degree angle. Flattening out. Shallower fill than other furrows found in area A. A lot of root disturbance. Same as ( $64,70,126,129,141,145,149,153,158,163$ ). | Section 64 <br> Plan 65 |
| 141 | 140 | Fill | Fill of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ furrow [141] | Linear | Flat bottomed U shape | $0.51$ <br> excavated | 1.56 | 0.15 | A firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% sandy silt fill. Fill contains $3 \%$ large stones that are concentrated to the centre $2 \%$ gravel. Small flecks of degraded CBM within this furrow fill. | Section 66 Plan 67 |
| 141 | 141 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [141] | Linear | Flat bottomed U shape | $0.51$ <br> excavated | 1.56 | 0.15 | Cut of a linear feature undulating base, shallow cut. Identified as one of a series of N -S aligned furrows. Same as [64,70,126,129,139,145,149,153,158,163]. | Section 66 Plan 67 |
| 143 | 142 | Fill | Fill of N -S <br> Iron Age <br> ditch [143] | Linear | Round based v shape | $2.2$ <br> excavated | 1.26 | 0.59 | A firm brown (7.5YR 4/3) 92\% sandy clay fill with $8 \%$ stone inclusions. This fill within this ditch was unusual as it contained no finds, CBM thus indicating an early ditch feature due to the fill being cut by the East West Roman ditch. Environmental Sample (see Report, Carrott, 2017). | Section 74 <br> Plan 75 |
| 143 | 143 | Cut | Cut of N-S <br> Iron Age <br> ditch [143] | Linear | Round based v shape | $2.2$ <br> excavated | 1.26 | 0.59 | This linear cut was aligned NNW-SSE. Cut into natural clay with a regular profile. Narrower to the south ( 98 cm ) and widening to the north. This feature is likely to be the earliest event in sequence due to being cut by the Roman ditch. Same as [178, 182, 200] | Section 74 Plan 75 |
| 145 | 144 | Fill | Fill of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ furrow [145] | Linear | Shallow and concave | $0.55$ <br> excavated | 1.7 | 0.12 | A firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 95\% clay silty sand fill. The later cutting of [147] may have disturbed this fill. The fill is similar to the other features located nearby, especially (148). 4 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. | Section 70 <br> Plan 71 |
| 145 | 145 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [145] | Linear | Shallow and concave | $0.55$ <br> excavated | 1.7 | 0.12 | Cut for a linear feature running N-S. Shallow edges cut into the natural. The centre was truncated by a cut for hedge/ditch. This feature abuts furrow [149] and cuts fills of [145] and [149]. Unusually [145] and [149] run adjacent to each other unlike the other furrows. Same as [64,70,126,129,139,141,149,153,158,163]. | Section 70 <br> Plan 71 |
| 147 | 146 | Fill | Fill of drainage ditch [147] intersecting [145] | Linear | U shaped concave | $0.55$ <br> excavated | 0.8 | 0.24 | A firm $80 \%$ clay silty sand fill 18\% iron pan -brown ( 7.5 YR4/3) and dark red brown (5YR 3/3) $2 \%$ small pebbles. The iron pan indicated presence over a long time of water as a drainage ditch or high water table. Ceramics 100\% c1150-1250 (1 sherd). | Section 70 <br> Plan 71 |
| 147 | 147 | Cut | Cut of | Linear | U shaped | 0.55 | 0.8 | 0.24 | Cut for a N-S linear ditch/hedge. Cuts through furrow | Section 70 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | drainage ditch [147] intersecting [145] |  | concave | excavated |  |  | [145] therefore later than C12th-13th. | Plan 71 |
| 148 | 148 | Fill | Fill of N -S furrow [149] | Linear | Concave | 55 cm excavated | 307 cm | 24 cm | A firm 95\% clay silty sand, dark yellowish brown (10YR $3 / 4$ ) with $5 \%$ small stone inclusions. Small sandy patches were found throughout as well as root inclusions. Fill similar to (144). 4 fragments C13-16th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 (2 sherd). | Section 70 <br> Plan 71 |
| 149 | 149 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [149] | Linear | Concave | $0.55$ <br> excavated | 3.07 | 0.24 | Cut for a N-S linear feature cutting into the natural identified as a furrow. Same as [64,70,126,129,139,141,145,153,158,163]. | Section 70 <br> Plan 71 |
| 151 | 150 | Structure | Small 19th C Brick Well | Circular | U shaped | 1.42 | 1.42 | unknow n | Fill could be sampled as unlike well [85] which contained water, well [151] was full of silty sand fill. Environmental Sample (see Report, Carrott, 2017). | Surveyed |
| 151 | 151 | Structure | Small 19th C Brick Well. | Circular | U shaped | 1.42 | 1.42 | unknow n | A small circular well uncovered by machine lying well below the level where archaeology was discovered indicating the higher part of the original well was removed at an earlier date. Likely that the well was below/close to a small area of levelled agricultural buildings. The bricks lay end to end and were bounded by grey mortar. Similar in shape and build to [85] and [192]. | Surveyed |
| 153 | 152 | Fill | Fill of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ <br> furrow [153] | Linear | Concave | $0.9$ <br> excavated | 4.21 | 0.24 | A firm 90\% sandy silt fill very dark greyish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) with $4 \%$ cobbles and $6 \%$ gravel. Root disturbance present. 3 fragments C13-6th plain tile and Roman brick. Ceramics - 67\% c100-300 (2 sherds), 33\% c1150-1250 (1 sherd). | Section 72 <br> Plan 73 |
| 153 | 153 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [153] | Linear | Concave | $0.9$ <br> excavated | 4.21 | 0.24 | A shallow concave cut identified as a furrow. Stratigraphically above [155] an earlier boundary ditch. Same as [64,70,126,129,139,141,145,149,158,163]. | Section 72 <br> Plan 73 |
| 155 | 154 | Fill | Secondary fill of N-S ditch under (152) | Linear | Concave | $0.9$ <br> excavated | 155 | 0.3 | A firm 90\% clay silty sand dark brown (10YR 3/3) fill with $8 \%$ gravel and $2 \%$ cobble inclusions. A secondary fill of a ditch [155] above (156). Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 (3 sherds). | Section 72 |
| 155 | 155 | Cut | Cut of N-S boundary ditch intersected | Linear | Concave | $0.9$ <br> excavated | 1.55 | 0.64 | A cut of a linear ditch N -S aligned. Cut by a later furrow [153]. Same as [165,168,170, 288]. | Section 72 <br> Plan 73 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth <br> (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | by furrow [153] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 155 | 156 | Fill | Primary fill of [155] | Linear | Concave | $0.9$ <br> excavated | 0.93 | 0.2 | A firm 85\% sandy clay dark brown (7.5 YR 3/3) fill with $12 \%$ gravel and $3 \%$ cobble inclusions. Primary fill of a boundary ditch. Same as $(164,167,169,287)$. | Section 72 |
| 158 | 157 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [158] | Linear | Flat U Shaped | 1.4 | 2.15 | 0.19 | A moderate $95 \%$ sandy clay silt dark brown (7.5 YR 3/2) fill with $5 \%$ small rounded pebbles. Fill of a furrow. 6 fragments of C13-16th peg, plain tile and roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c100-300 (7 sherds). | Section 78 <br> Plan 79 |
| 158 | 158 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [158] | Linear | Flat U Shaped | 1.4 | 2.15 | 0.19 | Cut of a shallow furrow running N-S over earlier Roman ditch (171) [172]. Same as [64,70,126,129,139,141,145,149,153, 163]. | Section 78 Plan 79 |
| 161 | 160 | Fill | Fill of N-S linear [161] | Linear | U shaped | $2.4$ <br> excavated | 0.77 | 0.34 | A firm $90 \%$ clay silt very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) fill with $10 \%$ gravel and occasional small cobble inclusions. Root activity present likely part of ditch [194]. Identified as post medieval fill of N-S ditch [161] same as context (130). 10 fragments C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. 1 bone fragment: cattle. Ceramics $100 \%$ c100-200 (2 sherds). Same as (130). Same as (160). | Section 88/99 Plan 90 |
| 161 | 161 | Cut | Cut of N-S linear [161] | Linear | U shaped | $2.4$ <br> excavated | 0.77 | 0.34 | Linear feature running on a N-NW to S-SE direction. At the southern edge of excavation the ditch was cut by an earlier YAT 2013 trial trench that also cut [194] and part of [161] making it difficult to establish stratigraphic relationships. Same as [131]. | Section 88/99 Plan 90 |
| 163 | 162 | Fill | Fill of N-S furrow [163] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | $0.92$ <br> excavated | 2.09 | 0.19 | A firm 95\% silty sand dark brown (10YR 3/3) fill with 5\% stone inclusions. Identified as a furrow fill. 2 fragments consisting of C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. Iron strip. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c100-300 ( 6 sherds). | Section 76 <br> Plan 77 |
| 163 | 163 | Cut | Cut of N-S furrow [163] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | $0.92$ <br> excavated | 2.09 | 0.19 | The cut of a N-S running medieval furrow, shallow in depth. Same as [64,70,126,129,139,141,145,149,153,158]. | Section 76 <br> Plan 77 |
| 165 | 164 | Fill | Fill of N-S ditch [165] under [163] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | 0.92 <br> excavated | 1.03 | 0.35 | A loose $97 \%$ silty sand dark brown (10YR $3 / 3$ ) primary fill of an N-S running ditch. $3 \%$ stone inclusions. | Section 76 Plan 77 |
| 165 | 165 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch [165] under [163] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | $0.92$ <br> excavated | 1.03 | 0.35 | The cut of a N-S running ditch possible Roman or early Medieval. The exact dimensions of this cut were difficult to discern due to the similarity between the fills (164) and (162). Same as [155,168,170, 288]. | Section 76 <br> Plan 77 |
| 168 | 166 | Fill | Secondary | Linear | Round | 0.92 | 0.85 | 0.24 | A firm 100\% sandy clay dark brown (10YR 4/3) secondary | Section 76 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth <br> (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | fill of N-S ditch [168] |  | bottomed concave | excavated |  |  | fill of N-S running ditch [168]. Ceramics - $100 \%$ c12501350 (7 sherds). | Plan 77 |
| 168 | 167 | Fill | Primary fill of N-S ditch [168] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | 1 excavated | 0.5 | 0.21 | A loose $90 \%$ silty sand dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) primary fill of the N-S running ditch [168]. This fill could be the result of a sand and gravel base that held some running water. Environmental Sample (see Report, Carrott, 2017). | Section 76 <br> Plan 77 |
| 168 | 168 | Cut | Cut of N-S ditch [168] | Linear | Round bottomed concave | 1 excavated | 1 | 0.44 | The cut of a N-S running linear, possibly a boundary or drainage ditch. The ditch survives to a depth of 0.44 m and is cut by both a later possible recut [165] and a medieval furrow [163]. | Section 76 <br> Plan 77 |
| 170 | 169 | Fill | Fill of N -S ditch under [158] | Linear | U shaped | 1.39 | 0.73 | 0.22 | A moderate $90 \%$ sandy clay silt dark brown (10YR 3/3) fill. Moderate medium pebbles becoming more frequent towards the base. Contains a high amount of Roman pot and a moderate amount of CBM. 4 fragments of C1316th plain tile and Roman brick, ridge. Ceramics - 22\% c100-300 ( 4 sherds), $78 \%$ c1150-1250 ( 14 sherds). | Section 78 <br> Plan 79 |
| 170 | 170 | Cut | Cut of N-S Roman ditch [170] under [158] | Linear | U shaped | 1.39 | 0.73 | 0.22 | Cut of a S-N running linear ditch cutting into ditch [172] also runs under furrow [158]. Same as [155,165,168,288]. | Section 78 <br> Plan 79 |
| 172 | 171 | Fill | Fill of Roman Ditch [172] | Linear | U shaped | 2.43 | 0.88 | 0.44 | A compact $80 \%$ sandy silty clay dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) with $20 \%$ rounded cobbles which become frequent to form a layer at the base. Roots at the base. 2 fragments of C1-4th Roman brick. 2 iron nail fragments. Roman coin (Illegible C1st-2nd). | Section 78 <br> Plan 79 |
| 172 | 172 | Cut | Cut of Roman Ditch [172] | Linear | U shaped | 2.43 | 0.88 | 0.44 | Cut of a large linear ditch running E-W cut by later N-S ditch [170]. Cut by later furrow [158]. Same as [66,68,92,98,104,108,110,176,196]. | Section 78 <br> Plan 79 |
| 173 | 173 | Horizon | Machine <br> Stripping <br> Allerton A | Square | Flat | 40 | 20 | 0.8-1 | Context allocated to the stripping of subsoil within the footings of Allerton House A. The ground was very wet during this activity. 2 fragments consisting of $\mathrm{C} 13-16$ th plain tile and Roman brick. One olive/black glass $1780-$ 1820 wine bottle base. 1 bone fragment: sheep/goat. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 ( 1 sherd). | No value |
| 174 | 174 | Horizon | Machine <br> Stripping <br> Merchant A | Square | Flat | 40 | 20 | 0.6-0.8 | Context allocated to the stripping of subsoil within the footings of Merchant House. 12 fragments consisting of C16-18th plain, Post medieval brick?, Roman brick. Four olive/green/colourless glass utility bottle fragments two | No value |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | mid C19th and two C19-20th. One deep blue C19th glass poison bottle. 17 bone fragments: cattle, large, medium, sheep/goat, unidentified. Socketed handle fragment, slag. Ceramics - 8\% c100-300 (2 sherds), 92\% c1000-1200 ( 22 sherds). |  |
| 176 | 175 | Fill | Fill of Roman ditch [176] | Linear | Concave flat bottomed | 0.5 | 0.94 | 0.37 | A firm 95\% silty clay dark brown (10YR 3/3) fill. Root disturbance throughout. Same as (185). | Section 84 Plan 85 |
| 176 | 176 | Cut | Cut of Roman ditch [176] | Linear | Concave flat bottomed | 0.5 | 0.94 | 0.37 | Cut of the E-W Roman ditch. [176] also cuts the Iron Age ditch [178]. Same as [66,68,92,98,104,108,110,172,196]. | Section 84 <br> Plan 85 |
| 178 | 177 | Fill | Fill of Iron Age ditch sample [178] cut by [176[] | Linear | U shaped | 1.95 | 0.5 | 0.59 | A firm 90\% silty clay sand dark yellowish brown (10YR $3 / 6$ ) fill with $10 \%$ small stone ( $10 \mathrm{~mm}-15 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) inclusions. Root disturbance throughout. Sterile may suggest preRoman. | Section 84 <br> Plan 85 |
| 178 | 178 | Cut | Cut of Iron Age ditch sample [178] cut by [176] | Linear | U shaped | 1.95 | 0.5 | 0.59 | A quarter section was excavated through the possible Iron Age ditch. The E-W Roman ditch [176] cuts this feature. Same as [143, 182, 200] | Section 84 <br> Plan 85 |
| 180 | 179 | Fill | Fill of circular pit [180] cuts Roman ditch [108] | Ovate | Concave | 1.42 | 1.47 | 0.3 | A firm $85 \%$ silty sand dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fill with $10 \%$ iron pan $5 \%$ root inclusions. Iron pan suggests the water table reached the bottom of the pit. Environmental Sample (see Report, Carrott, 2017). | Section 81 <br> Plan 83 |
| 180 | 180 | Cut | Cut of circular pit [180] cuts Roman ditch [108] | Ovate | Concave | 1.42 | 1.47 | 0.3 | Cut for an ovate pit. The pit cuts through the Iron Age Ditch [182]. It is the subsequently cut by Roman ditch sample [108]. | Section 81 Plan 83 |
| 182 | 181 | Fill | Fill of Iron Age ditch sample [182] | Linear | V shaped flat base | 2.3 | 1.58 | 0.26 | A firm 95\% sandy clay brown uppermost fill with 5\% large cobble inclusions. Late Neolithic or early Bronze Age multidirectional discoidal core. | Section 86 Plan 87 |
| 182 | 182 | Cut | Cut of Iron Age ditch sample [182] | Linear | V shaped flat base | 2.3 | 1.58 | 0.26 | Cut of a N-S aligned linear ditch. Cut was regular, some animal burrowing. Cut into natural clay with some iron pan indicting a water flow. Same as [143, 178, 200] | Section 86 Plan 87 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 183 | 183 | Horizon | Machine Stripping Access road in A | Linear | Flat | 100 | 7.5-6 | 0.8-1.1 | Context allocated to the stripping of the subsoil for an access road in Area A. | No value |
| 184 | 184 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detector <br> finds <br> Allerton A | No value | No value | 40 | 20 | $\begin{aligned} & >0.05 \\ & <0.2 \end{aligned}$ | A depth of approximately 0.2 at its deepest and 0.05 at its shallowest was dug to retrieve the metal finds identified by the metal detector. | No value |
| 108 | 185 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of <br> Roman ditch [108] | Linear | Concave flat bottomed | 3 excavated | 3.25 | 0.3 | A firm 95\% silty clay dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) secondary fill. $5 \%$ small stone inclusions. | Sections 81 and 82 |
| 108 | 186 | Fill | Upper fill of Roman ditch [108] | Linear | Concave flat bottomed | 3m <br> excavated | 1.54 | 0.13 | A firm 95\% sandy silty clay very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) third fill with $5 \%$ small stone and larger stone inclusions. Same as [66,68,92,98,104,108,110,172,176]. | Section 80 |
| 187 | 187 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detector <br> finds <br> Merchant A | No value | No value | 40 | 20 | $\begin{aligned} & >0.05 \\ & <0.2 \end{aligned}$ | A depth of approximately 0.2 at its deepest and 0.05 at its shallowest was dug to retrieve the metal finds identified by the metal detector. | No value |
| 182 | 188 | Fill | Primary fill of Iron Age ditch [182] | Ovate | Undulating | 0.85m | 0.55 | 0.21 | A firm 97\% silty clay very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) fill initially noted in the base of ditch [182]. Excavation showed this to be animal burrows that cut through the base of ditch [182] then sealed by primary fill (190). | Section 86 Plan 87 |
| 182 | 189 | Fill | Sandy fill of Iron Age ditch [182] | Ovate | Undulating | 0.65 | 0.54 | 0.24 | A firm 95\% dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silty sand fill with $5 \%$ small stone inclusions. Originally thought to be the primary fill of a ditch however, it became clear it was part of an animal burrow. Late Mesolithic? Flint bladelet | Section 86 Plan 87 |
| 182 | 190 | Fill | Upper fill of Iron Age Ditch [182] | Linear | Round based v shape | 2.3 | 0.79 | 0.25 | A firm 95\% sandy clay brown (10YR 4/3) primary fill with $5 \%$ small stone inclusions. It was similar to upper fill (181) but was clearly separated by the stony fill (191). Lack of CBM may indicate early pre Roman date for this feature. Environmental Sample (see Report, Carrott, 2017). | Section 86 |
| 182 | 191 | Fill | Stony layer of Iron Age ditch [182] | Linear | sloping | 1.46 | 1.06 | 0.04 | A secondary fill from ditch cut [182]. It lay above a fill (190) and was sealed by fill (181). The angle of the stone fill indicates that the ditch filled up mainly from the east, may indicate that the bank derived from the ditch digging was located on the east. | Section 86 |
| 194 | 193 | Fill | Fill of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ | Linear | flat base | 2.4 | 1.01 | 0.06 | A firm 60\% clay sandy silt fill very dark greyish brown | Section 89 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Stony Post <br> Medieval ditch [194] |  | concave |  |  |  | (10YR 3/2)in colour with $30 \%$ medium and large cobble inclusions. Similar to (133). North end of feature very shallow with cobbles and gravel which are natural to the whole area. | Plan 90 |
| 194 | 194 | Cut | Cut of Stony <br> Post <br> Medieval <br> Ditch [194] | Linear | shallow concave | 2.4 | 1.01 | 0.06 | A shallow linear feature, the east edge has been removed by ditch [161]. Identified as a post medieval boundary ditch. Same as [120,134]. | Section 89 <br> Plan 90 |
| 196 | 195 | Fill | Fill of SENW linear ditch | Linear | concave | 2 excavated | 1.08 | 0.21 | A firm 92\% sandy silt dark brown (10YR 3/3) fill with 3\% sand $2 \%$ gravel and $3 \%$ large stone inclusions. The fill is mainly comprised of silt and the large stones appear random additions rather than placed in the feature. Fill is disturbed with flecks of CBM. Level of silt and abrading CBM may indicate this linear had flowing water through it. 4 fragments of C1-4th Roman brick. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c100-300 (3 sherds). | Section 93 <br> Plan 94 |
| 196 | 196 | Cut | Cut of SENW linear ditch | Linear | concave | 2 excavated | 1.08 | 0.21 | This concave linear appears to be a ditch which runs SE to NW across area of Area A | Section 93 <br> Plan 94 |
| 197 | 197 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detecting <br> Finds <br> Merchant | No value | No value | 40 | 20 | $\begin{aligned} & >0.05 \\ & <0.2 \end{aligned}$ | This was the second metal detecting event in Merchant A. Given two numbers as occurred over two separate events two weeks apart. | No value |
| 200 | 199 | Fill | Fill of NS Iron age Ditch | Linear | U shaped steep side | 1.35 as excavated | 0.6 as excavated | 0.44 | A firm $85 \%$ silty clay dark brown (10YR $3 / 3$ ) fill $15 \%$ small stone and cobble inclusions. This fill has been cut by pit [180]. Same as $(142,177,181)$ | Section 81 Plan 83 |
| 200 | 200 | Cut | Cut of N-S Iron Age ditch | Linear | U shaped steep side | 1.35 as excavated | 0.6 as excavated | 0.44 | This feature is cut by the EW Roman ditch [108] suggesting that it predates it. This would suggest it may be Iron Age; part of a larger N-S Iron Age ditch same as [143, 178, 182] | Section 81 Plan 83 |
| 286 | 286 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detecting in Knavesmire A | Rectang ular | Flat | 33 | 20 | $\begin{aligned} & >0.05- \\ & <0.2 \end{aligned}$ | Context given to further metal detecting in Area $A$ in the footprint of smaller area known as Knavesmire House. | N/A |
| 288 | 287 | Fill | Fill of N-S <br> Ditch [288] | Linear | Shallow U | 2 m as excavated | 1.6 | 0.15 | A dense dark greyish brown (10YR 4/3) 60\% clay fill with $40 \%$ cobble inclusions. Feature heavily truncated. Some finds clearly medieval others may be Romancreating uncertainty about the dating of the feature. 6 pieces of C1-4th Roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c1150- | Section 110 Plan 109 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Depth <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Notes <br> Drawing <br> Numbers |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 288 | 288 | Cut | Cut of N-S <br> Ditch [288] | Linear | Shallow U | $2 m$ as <br> excavated | 1.6 | 0.15 | The cut of a linear of which only 2m was excavated. <br> Wide yet, shallow with sloping edges. Identified as a <br> linear ditch, which is North South, aligned. Same as <br> $[155,165,168,170]$. |

## APPENDIX 4: CONTEXT DATA ORCHARD 1, 3 AND MEDIEVAL BOUNDARY DITCH

## ORCHARD1

| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Length } \\ & (\mathrm{m}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & (\mathrm{m}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depth } \\ & \text { (m) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 78 | 78 | Deposit | Topsoil | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.3 | The top soil of orchard ground made of firm $90 \%$ sandy clay silt deposit with very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/3) material mixed with $10 \%$ small cobbles and angular gravel. | No Value |
| 79 | 79 | Deposit | Subsoil | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.3 | Horticultural soil deposit made of a firm dark greyish brown (10YR $4 / 2$ ) clay sand silt $80 \%$ material mixed with $20 \%$ of angular and rounded stones. Modern field (clay) drain pipes present. | No Value |
| 80 | 80 | Deposit | Natural | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | N/A | A hard $70 \%$ sandy clay deposit, yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 8$ ) in colour mixed with $30 \%$ cobbles up to 20 cm in size with occasional gravel. A mechanical excavator exposed this deposit. | No Value |
| 86 | 86 | Cut | Medieval boundary ditch | Linear | No Value | 18 exposed | 4.8 | N/A | Fill [86] is comprised of $90 \%$ firm silty sandy clay, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) in colour. Inclusions are $8 \%$ small angular and rounded gravel and $2 \%$ medium sized sandstone fragments and cobbles. Same as fill (39), the fill of the medieval boundary ditch [40]. Not excavated. Only recorded in plan due to the floor level of Orchard 1 being over reduced by 30 cm , affecting archaeology. To mitigate this event, the Medieval boundary ditch [40], which was known to be located here, was recorded; machine cleaning to check for any unmissed features was deployed as well as the use of a metal detector to retrieve potential metal finds. | Photo record only |
| 88 | 88 | Horizon | Metal detectoring horizon | rectangular | No Value | 18.7 | 15.2 | <0.2> | A depth of approximately 20 cm at the deepest and 5 cm at the shallowest was dug to retrieve the finds identified by the metal detector. All finds have been surveyed to support further analysis of the spread of metal in relation to features. A distribution chart will be created. Ceramics $-100 \%$ C 19th (1 sherd). | No Value |
| 117 | 117 | Horizon | Orchard 1 machine cleaned | rectangular | No Value | 18.7 | 15.2 | 1.2 | Due to a construction surveying error this area was stripped 30 cm deeper than was stipulated. The area was machine cleaned with a toothless excavator, under the supervision of an archaeologist to enable any existing archaeology to be recorded. Ceramics - 100\% C 19th-20th (1 sherd). | No Value |

ORCHARD 3

| Feature No. | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | 29 | Horizon | Machine stripping horizon | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.2 | Stripping operation. Removal of top soil and sub soil by the use of a 360degree mechanical operator with a toothless bucket. 3 fragments C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. 10 bone fragments: cattle, large. Iron nails. Ceramics - 38\% L300-400 (3 sherds), 62\% c1000-1400 (5 sherds) | No Value |
| 34 | 33 | Fill | Fill of pit [34] | Ovate | Shallow Concave | 0.68 | 0.11 | 0.17 | Primary fill of pit feature [34] the material was $98 \%$ sandy silt with a firm compaction and very dark brown (10YR 2/2) colouration. Inclusions of small pebbles $<2 \mathrm{~cm}(2 \%)$. Finds were highly fragmented so could be a deposition pit. 2 fragments consisting of C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. 7 bone fragments: pig, sheep and unidentified. Copper alloy ring. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (3 sherds). | Section 26 Plan 27 |
| 34 | 34 | Cut | Cut of pit [34] | Ovate | Shallow Concave | 0.68 | 0.11 | 0.17 | The cut was ovate in shape and shallow concave with edges at about 50degree incline. | Section 26 <br> Plan 27 |
| 42 | 41 | Fill | Fill of pit [42] | Ovate | Concave | 0.38 | 0.39 | 0.18 | This was a primary fill. The material was $95 \%$ silty sand, firm compaction, very dark greyish brown (10YR3/2) in colour. The fill had inclusions of charcoal ( $2.5 \%$ ) and small pebbles $<2 \mathrm{~cm}$ (2.5\%). Similar fill to (43). | Section 22 <br> Plan 23 |
| 42 | 42 | Cut | Cut of pit [42] | Ovate | Concave | 0.38 | 0.39 | 0.18 | Cut of an ovate feature [42]. Cut at a 55 -degree incline. Due to the small ovate shape and the evidence of wood and charcoal in the fill (41) may support the idea of this being a posthole evidence. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 22 \\ & \text { Plan } 23 \end{aligned}$ |
| 44 | 43 | Fill | Fill of pit [44] | Ovate | Concave | 0.5 | 0.52 | 0.18 | Primary fill of feature [44]. The material is $98 \%$ silty sand with firm compaction and dark brown colouration (10YR $3 / 3$ ). There were trace elements of charcoal and inclusions of small pebbles $<2 \mathrm{~cm}(2 \%)$. Similar fill to (41). | Section 24 <br> Plan 25 |
| 44 | 44 | Cut | Cut of pit [44] | Ovate | Concave | 0.5 | 0.52 | 0.18 | Cut of ovate feature [44] with a concave profile edges 50-degree angle. Due to similarities (shape, distance, profile and fill) with [42] could be possible eroded posthole. | Section 24 Plan 25 |
| 46 | 45 | Fill | Fill of pit [46] | Ovate | Concave | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.12 | A firm primary deposit of very dark brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% silty sand that is the fill of the possible posthole [46]. The fill was mottled in colour with some root disturbance. Charcoal inclusions. | Section 20 <br> Plan 21 |
| 46 | 46 | Cut | Cut of pit [46] | Ovate | Concave | 0.40 | 0.28 | 0.12 | Cut of a small posthole or pit. Edges at 50 degree incline. Edges very diffused due to root damage. | Section 20 Plan 21 |
| 48 | 47 | Fill | Fill of pit [48] | Ovate | Concave | 0.78 | 0.65 | 0.18 | A primary firm deposit of very dark brown (10YR 3/2) 90\% silty sand and 10\% stone inclusions, that is the fill of pit/posthole [48]. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. 1 fragment C13-16th plain tile. 7 bone fragments: cattle, large, medium, sheep/goat. Ceramics - $5 \%$ L100-300 (1 sherd), $95 \%$ c13501450/1500 (20 sherds) | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 48 | 48 | Cut | Cut of pit [48] | Ovate | Concave | 0.78 | 0.65 | 0.18 | Cut of a small ovate pit that is round bottomed and concave in profile. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |


| Feature No. | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 49 | Fill | Fill of small pit [50] | Ovate | Concave | 0.30 | 0.74 | 0.8 | A primary firm deposit of very dark grey brown (10YR 3/2) 100\% silty sand that is the fill of small pit [50]. The fill was sterile with no dating material and truncated by a later Victorian drain through the trench. | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 50 | 50 | Cut | Cut of small pit [50] | Ovate | Concave | 0.30 | 0.74 | 0.8 | A cut of a small ovate pit. A Victorian drainpipe heavily truncated the cut. Only surviving at about $25 \%$ of its original size. | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 52 | 51 | Fill | Fill of small pit [52] | Ovate | Concave | 0.82 | 0.44 | 0.11 | A primary firm deposit of very dark grey brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% silty sand that is the fill of small pit [52]. The fill had several cow teeth in it and some small pieces of pottery. Similar to the fills of [48] and [54]. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. 5 bone fragments: large, sheep/goat. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (4 sherds). | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 52 | 52 | Cut | Cut of small pit [52] | Ovate | Concave | 0.82 cm | 0.44 | 0.11 | The cut of a small concave ovate pit. The pit may be cutting through the adjacent pit [48] on the western edge. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 54 | 53 | Fill | Fill of small pit [54] | Ovate | Concave | 0.68 cm | 0.43 | 0.12 | A primary very dark grey brown (10 YR 3/2) deposit of $95 \%$ silty sand. Some pottery sherds within the fill and similar to the fills of [52] and [58]. Ceramics $-100 \%$ L100-300 (1 sherd). Roman pottery intrusive? | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 54 | 54 | Cut | Cut of small pit [54] | Ovate | Concave | 0.68 | 0.43 | 0.12 | The cut of a small concave ovate pit. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. | Section 29 <br> Plan 30 |
| 56 | 55 | Fill | Fill of posthole [56] | Circular | Concave | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.8 | A primary firm black (10 YR 2/1) deposit of $70 \%$ silty sand and $30 \%$ wood inclusions which makes up the fill of this posthole. Significant amount of wood within the fill as well as a single pottery sherd. Ceramics - 100\% c13501600 (2 sherd). | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 56 | 56 | Cut | Cut of posthole [56] | Circular | Concave | 0.8 | 0.20 | 0.8 | The cut of [56] was shallow and concave. The hole cut through another earlier pit feature [58]. Part of modern post linear that runs North South close to the eastern edge of the convent walls. Same as [94]. | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 58 | 57 | Fill | Fill of small pit [58] | Ovate | Concave | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.9 | A primary firm deposit of very dark grey brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% silty sand . This fill was cut by posthole [56] and was under fill [56]. 2 bone fragments: unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (3 sherds). | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 58 | 58 | Cut | Cut of small pit [58] | Ovate | Concave | 0.7 | 0.40 | 0.9 | The cut of a small pit round and concave. Posthole [56] has only cut through the fill (57) of [58]. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 60 | 59 | Fill | Fill of small pit [60] | Ovate | Concave | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.12 | Primary fill of pit feature [60]. The material is $90 \%$ silty sand with a firm compaction and very dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/2) with $10 \%$ small pebble inclusions. Some charcoal flecks. Similar fill to (57). 1 fragment C1-4th Roman brick. 2 bone fragments: medium. Ceramics - 100\% c1000-1200 (5 sherds). I sherd of Cistercian noted as intrusive from later proximal activity associated with [56]. | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 60 | 60 | Cut | Cut of small pit [60] | Ovate | Concave | 0.90 | 0.60 | 0.12 | Cut ovate and shallow concave in shape. Base of the cut lined with pebbles ranging from $2-7 \mathrm{~cm}$ in diameter. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 62 | 61 | Fill | Fill of small pit [62] | Ovate | Concave | 0.62 | 0.76 | 0.18 | A primary fill of $90 \%$ silty sand, firm compaction, very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) with $10 \%$ small pebbles $2 \mathrm{~cm}-8 \mathrm{~cm}$. Flecks of charcoal. Similar to | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |


| Feature No. | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length (m) | Width (m) | Depth (m) | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (59). 1 fragment C13-16th plain tile. 6 bone fragments: medium. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (4 sherds). |  |
| 62 | 62 | Cut | Cut of small pit [62] | Ovate | Concave | 0.62 | 0.76 | 0.18 | Cut of a shallow concave base pit with a pebble base. Part of a line of E-W orientated pits. | Section 28 <br> Plan 30 |
| 74 | 73 | Fill | Fill of posthole [74] | Circular | No Value | 0.5 | 0.47 | No data | A firm primary deposit of silty sand brown (7.5 YR 4/2). The depth of the fill unknown as was not fully excavated due to a rising water table flooding it. | Photo record |
| 74 | 74 | Cut | Cut of posthole [74] | Circular | No Value | 0.5 | 0.47 | No data | This cut has an unknown profile due to a rising water table flooding it after machine stripping. | Photo record |
| 76 | 76 | Cut | Cut of cow pit[76] | Sub rectang ular | Concave | 1.36 | 2 | 0.35 | Cut of a pit feature sub rectangular with a concave base. Edges cut at 45degree angle southern edge of the cut disturbed by a tree bore. Possible butchery pit. | Section 31 <br> Plans 32 <br> and 33 |
| 76 | 77 | Fill | Fill of cow pit [76] | Sub rectang ular | Concave | 1.36 | 2 | 0.35 | A firm primary deposit of 90\% silty sand, brown (7.5YR 4/2) in colour with 9\% small cobbles and $1 \%$ charcoal. At the base of the deposit is the upper half of an articulated animal skeleton, possible cow, head missing and some butchery marks. There are several large disarticulated vertebrae lying over the skeleton. Possible sheep lower jaw under the skeleton ribs. Cut by pit 132, and deposit burning episode (75). 116 bone fragments: cat, cattle, large, sheep/goat, unidentified. Ceramics - $17 \%$ c100-300 (1 sherd), $83 \%$ c1050/701150 (5 sherds). | Section 31 <br> Plans 32 <br> and 33 |
| 78 | 78 | Deposit | Topsoil | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.3 | The top soil of orchard ground made of firm 90 \% sandy clay silt deposit with very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/3) material mixed with $10 \%$ small cobbles and angular gravel. | No Value |
| 79 | 79 | Deposit | Subsoil | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.3 | Horticultural soil deposit made of a firm dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) clay sand silt $80 \%$ material mixed with $20 \%$ of angular and rounded stones. Modern field (clay) drainpipes present. | No Value |
| 80 | 80 | Deposit | Natural | No <br> Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.3 | A hard 70\% sandy clay yellowish brown (10 YR 5/8) deposit mixed with 30\% cobbles $<20 \mathrm{~cm}$ and occasional gravel. Exposed by mechanical excavator. | No Value |
| 87 | 87 | Horizon | Metal detecting Horizon | No Value | No Value | 39 | 19 | 0.2 | A depth of approximately 20 cm at the deepest and 5 cm at the shallowest was dug to retrieve the finds identified by the metal detector. All these finds have been surveyed. | No Value |
| 132 | 75 | Fill | Fill of burning episode | Ovate | Shallow Concave | 0.70 | 0.85 | 0.12 | A single fill of $98 \%$ clay, silty sand firm in compaction and red (2.5YR 4/6) and black (10YR 2/1) in colour. The fill had inclusions of small pebbles $<3 \mathrm{~cm}$ (2\%). Evidence of burning through colouration. No obvious cut. Ceramics $100 \%$ c300-400 (2 sherds). | Section 31 <br> Plans 32 <br> and 33 |
| 132 | 132 | Cut | Cut of burning episode | Circular | Concave | 0.85 | 0.7 | 0.12 | A shallow circular pit concave in shape. Filled with (75) which consists of burning material. Identified as a fire pit above the cow pit [76]. Shallow edges and concave base. | Section 31 <br> Plan 32 |

MEDIEVAL BOUNDARY DITCH

| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length <br> (m) | Width <br> (m) | Depth <br> (m) | Notes | Drawing <br> Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | 26 | Deposit | Natural | Rectangular | No Value | 26 | 21 | No value | Natural. Hard yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) clay silty sand mixed with large and medium sized cobbles maximum size 20 cm . | No value |
| 36 | 35 | Fill | Fill of Pit <br> [36] | Only identified in section | Concave | Only identified in section | 2.3 | 0.54 | The primary fill of [36] a $95 \%$ silty sand dark grey brown (10YR 4/2). It has $5 \%$ inclusions of small pebbles smaller than 2 cm . No dating material recovered. Identified as a pit. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Section } \\ & 18,19 \end{aligned}$ |
| 36 | 36 | Cut | Cut of Pit [36] | Only identified in section | Concave | Only identified in section | 2.3 | 0.54 | Pit feature, concave in profile with an edge angle of 45 degrees. This feature cuts into an earlier pit [38] and linear boundary ditch [40]. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Section } \\ & 18,19 \end{aligned}$ |
| 38 | 37 | Fill | Fill of Pit/Drain [38] | Only identified in section | Concave | Only identified in section | 0.92 | 0.33 | A firmly compacted deposit of very dark grey (10YR 3/1) 90\% sandy silt. $10 \%$ small stone inclusions. One charcoal inclusion. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } \\ & 18,19 \end{aligned}$ |
| 38 | 38 | Cut | Cut of Pit/Drain [36] | Only identified in section | Concave | Only identified in section | 0.92 | 0.33 | The cut of this possible pit/drain was identified in section and is concave in shape. It has been cut by pit [36] and cut fill [39]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } \\ & 18,19 \end{aligned}$ |
| 40 | 39 | Fill | Fill of Medieval Parish boundary | Linear | U shaped flat based | 200 cm excavated | 2.18 | 0.63 | A firmly compacted deposit of $95 \%$ brown (10 YR 4/3) clay sand. 5\% small stone inclusions. This feature is cut by [38] and [36] and lies on top of the natural [26]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } \\ & 18,19 \end{aligned}$ |
| 40 | 40 | Cut | Linear Medieval Parish Boundary | Linear | U shaped flat based | 200 cm excavated | 2.18 | 0.63 | A cut of a longer linear feature- only 200 cm exposed by machine excavation. This was identified as the C15th Medieval Parish boundary ditch same as [508] from YAT 2013 trail trenches. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } \\ & 18,19 \end{aligned}$ |
| 118 | 118 | Cut | Section exposed by mechanical excavator | Linear | U shaped flat based | 200 cm excavated | 5.45 | 1.1 | Context allocated to the machine excavation operation to reveal the extent of medieval parish boundary. As earlier trail trenches by YAT 2013 had fully established the nature of this feature a decision was made to expose it by the use of a mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless bucket and record it by section. |  |

APPENDIX 5: CONTEXT DATA PLAZA

| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 159 | 159 | Structure | Concrete tank | Square | Square | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.6 | Square concrete tank. The structure is made of bricks bonded with grey mortar. Bricks measure 0.25 m in width. Internally the tank is rendered with white plaster. Four pipes 3 clay drainpipes and one iron pipe are inserted into the structures walls. Function uncertain. | Photographic evidence only. There is a simple sketch on the features context card. |
| 192 | 192 | Cut | 3rd 19th century well | Circular | Dome shaped | 3.2 | 3.15 | Unknown | A large brick well uncovered by machine. The well had been sealed and a structure erected over the well. It seems likely that the well is contemporary with the other 2 wells found on site [85] and [151]. | Planned by TST |
| 198 | 198 | Horizon | Machine <br> Stripping <br> Plaza | Square | Layer | 39 | 20 | <0.3 | Number allocated to machine stripping in Plaza. Finds recovered from this layer have this number. 11 fragments consisting of C13-16th hip, medieval brick?, peg, plain Roman brick, Ridge, Tegula. Mesolithic? Flint blade. Three amber/ colourless mid C19th bottle fragments. 21 bone fragments: cattle, fish, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron fragment, ?concretion. Ceramics - 15\% c160-225 (8 sherds), $55 \%$ c1000-1200 ( 29 sherds), 30\% c1800-1900 (flowerpot intrusions, 16 sherds). |  |
| 202 | 201 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [202] | Ovate | Wide shallow | 0.85 | 1.13 | 0.26 | A moderate very dark brown (10YR 2/2) $85 \%$ sand $10 \%$ clay fill with $5 \%$ stone inclusions. Charcoal flecks throughout. 4 fragments of C1316th plain/ Roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (7 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 124 \\ & \text { Plan } 125 \end{aligned}$ |
| 202 | 202 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [202] | Ovate | Wide shallow | 0.85 | 1.13 | 0.26 | Shallow cut but large this feature may be structural. | Section 124 <br> Plan 125 |
| 204 | 203 | Fill | Fill of pit [204] | Irregular circular | Square bottom ed | 0.34 | 0.52 | 0.25 | A fill of moderate very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 85\% sand, 10\% clay and $<5 \%$ stone inclusions. Less finds in this pit than others. Pit has charcoal flecking throughout. | Section 124 <br> Plan 125 |
| 204 | 204 | Cut | Cut of pit [204] | Irregular circular | Square bottom ed | 0.34 | 0.52 | 0.25 | The cut of a small pit. Sloping edges and shallow in depth. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 124 \\ & \text { Plan } 125 \end{aligned}$ |
| 206 | 205 | Fill | Fill of Ovate shape [206] | Sub <br> rectangular | Flat based U | 2.39 | 1.63 | 0.29 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 94\% silty sand fill with 6\% charcoal small stone inclusions. There was a high density of charcoal fragments and very little finds compared to other features in the vicinity. 1 bone fragment: unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (8 sherds). | Section 126 <br> Plan 127 <br> Sample: 29 |
| 206 | 206 | Cut | Cut of ovate shape [206] | Sub <br> Rectang- | Flat based U | 2.39 | 1.63 | 0.29 | The cut of a sub rectangular pit or a structure. Pit was very regular with steep sides and a flat base. Cut into coarse natural sand. Two | Section 126 and 132 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ular |  |  |  |  | post were noted one [306] in the western end and another [314] towards the centre. Modern pipe trench [308] unfortunately cut through the eastern edge where another posthole may have original been located. | Plan 127 |
| 208 | 207 | Fill | Fill of circular pit [208] | Rounded/ angular | U <br> shaped | 1.49 | 1.41 | 0.38 | A moderate dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/2) 90\% sandy clay silt fill with > 5\% occasional angular small pebbles, >3\% large angular cobbles, > very occasional charcoal flecks and some roots towards the base. Contained a large amount of medieval Pottery. 2 fragments of C1-4th Roman brick. 10 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (29 sherds). | Section 122 <br> Plan 123 |
| 208 | 208 | Cut | Cut of circular pit [208] | Rounded/ angular | U shaped | 1.49 | 1.41 | 0.38 | The cut of a large pit $U$ shaped in section with concave sides and a rounded base. High amount of pottery and bone suggest a refuse pit. | Section 122 <br> Plan 123 |
| 210 | 209 | Fill | Upper fill of rectangular pit [210] | Irregular/ rounded | Irregular | 1.34 | 1.32 | 0.45 | The upper fill of a pit of refuse dump. A moderate very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 90\% sandy clay silt fill with > 5\% moderate charcoal flecks, $>3 \%$ occasional small rounded pebbles, $<2 \%$ redeposited natural sand. Fill appears consistent to a refuse pit given the volume of medieval Pottery and other finds. One of three fills. Mesolithic Early Neolithic flint blade. 26 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Iron fiddle key??, horseshoe nail. Ceramics - 98\% c1000-1200 (64 sherds), 2\% c1800-1900 (flowerpot intrusions, 1 sherd). | Section 128 <br> Plan 129 |
| 210 | 210 | Cut | Cut of rectangular pit [210] | Rounded square | U- <br> Shaped | 1.32 | 1.32 | 0.64 | The cut of a large pit with convex sides and a flat base. A later pit [312] cut this pit. This feature likely to be a refuse pit. Some collapse on the south side. Fills indicate several periods of dumping present. | Section 128 <br> Plan 129 |
| 212 | 211 | Fill | Fill of posthole [212] | Sub circular | Flat bottom ed bowl | 0.94 | 0.43 | 0.37 | A firm very dark brown (10YR 2/2) clayey silt fill comprising of 3\% sand, $1 \%$ charcoal, $92 \%$ silt, $1 \%$ stone and $1 \%$ gravel. Bioturbation present with a possible quern stone fragment at the base of the feature. 4 bone fragments: large, unidentified. Stone rotary quern stone fragment. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (3 sherds). | Section 135 <br> Plan 136 |
| 212 | 212 | Cut | Cut of posthole [212] | Sub circular | Flat bottom ed bowl | 0.94 | 0.43 | 0.37 | The cut of this feature is flat-bottomed bowl shaped and was identified as a pit. | Section 135 <br> Plan 136 |
| 214 | 213 | Fill | Fill of pit [214] | Sub <br> rectangul <br> ar | Concave | 1.04 | 0.55 | 0.22 | A firm very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 97\% sandy silt fill with 3\% stone, charcoal and gravel inclusions. Significant bioturbation present some specks of abraded CBM. 4 fragments of C13th-16th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (7 sherds). | Section 135 <br> Plan 136 |
| 214 | 214 | Cut | Cut of pit [214] | Sub rectangular | Concave | 1.04 | 0.55 | 0.22 | A sub rectangular concave shallow feature identified as a pit. | Section 135 <br> Plan 136 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 216 | 215 | Fill | Third fill of square pit [216] | Rounded /oval | Irregular | 1.11 | 1.54 | 0.31 | A moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 90\% sandy silt fill with 5\% rounded small stone and $>4 \%$ occasional charcoal fleck inclusions. This third fill of this feature contained a large amount of animal bone suggesting it may be a refuse pit. 23 bone fragments: cattle, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (27 sherds). | Section 140 <br> Plan 141 |
| 216 | 216 | Cut | Cut of square pit [216] | Rounded /oval | Irregular | 1.19 | 1.55 | 0.55 | The cut of this feature had steep edges with a flat base. Identified as a pit cut. | Section 140 <br> Plan 141 |
| 218 | 217 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of pit <br> [218] | Rounded | Squared | 0.84 | 0.83 | 0.23 | A very dark grey (10YR 4/2) 95\% sandy silt fill with $3 \%$ frequent charcoal flecks and $2 \%$ small rounded stone inclusions. A secondary fill of feature [218]. 1 piece of CL11-13th flange. 3 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Ceramics - $96 \%$ c1000-1200 ( 24 sherds), 4\% c1800-1900 (flower pot intrusion, 1 sherd). | Section 133 <br> Plan 134 |
| 218 | 218 | Cut | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cut of pit } \\ & {[218]} \end{aligned}$ | Rounded | Irregular | 0.91 | 0.63 | 0.51 | A cut of a pit that is cut by a later pipe trench [316]. Feature [218] had a deeper cut to the east therefore may have been recut. Steep sides and a stepped rounded base. High pottery and bone inclusions may suggest it is a pit. | Section 133 <br> Plan 134 |
| 219 | 219 | Horizon | Metal detectoring horizon Plaza | Rectangular | Square U shape | 30 | 16 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline>0.01 \\ & <0.3 \end{aligned}$ | Metal detecting within plaza. Depth of extraction was between 0.01 to 0.3 m . |  |
| 220 | 220 | Event | Matting and Chalk covering of archaeology | Rectangular | Square U shape | 30 | 16 | 0.5 | This event was undertaken to protect the exposed archaeology from the positioning of a temporary crane. The crane was required for urgent construction related activity. The area was photographed extensively prior to the event and all exposed features were surveyed in to create a plan of the area. A membrane was positioned to cover the whole area then chalk was deposited to a depth of 0.5 m . After two days, this was all removed and showed to have caused minimal impact- the only issue was that some of the chalk had fragmented onto the exposed archaeology to at times a depth of 0.2 m . Therefore, careful examination of chalk found within features was undertaken during excavation to ensure this was not recorded as part of the features antiquity. |  |
| 222 | 221 | Fill | Circular pit fill [222] | Oval | Shallow U shaped | 1.23 | 1.57 | 0.36 | The latest fill of circular pit [222]. 50\% moderate sand, dark greyish brown in colour ( 10 YR $3 / 2$ ) with $10 \%$ clay and $40 \%$ stone inclusions. Distinct concentration of large stones and cobbles. Charcoal flecking throughout. Latest fill of a medieval refuse pit? 8 fragments of $\mathrm{C} 13-$ 16th ridge tile. 28 bone fragments: cattle, horse, pig, sheep/goat, | Section 118 <br> Plan 119 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | large, medium, and unidentified. Iron strip fragment, lead alloy decorated object. Glass linen smoother? Ceramics - 2\% c100-300 (2 sherds), 98\% c1050/70-1150 (87 sherds). |  |
| 222 | 222 | Cut | Circular pit cut [222] | Circular | U <br> shaped | 1.6 | 1.55 | $1.32$ <br> excavated | The cut of a large medieval refuse pit or possible well. The bottom of the pit was not reached due to the depth surpassing health and safety regulations. After 1.32 m bottom still not found suggesting this may have been a well. | Section 118 Plan 119 |
| 224 | 223 | Fill | Fill of large pit [224] | Sub <br> rectangular | Flat based U | 2.49 | 2.24 | 0.31 | A firm brown (10YR 4/3) 95\% silt sand fill with $5 \%$ stone inclusions. This was the fill of a sub rectangular feature. The finds were found on the upper part of the fill so could be intrusive. Two later features, both small pits, cut the fill: [320 and 325]. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. 1 bone fragment: medium. | Section 138 and 139 Plan 138 and 13 |
| 224 | 224 | Cut | Cut of large pit [224] | Sub rectangular | Flat based U | 2.49 | 2.24 | 0.31 | The cut of a sub rectangular feature. It had a regular flat base with quite steep sides. It was cut into natural coarse sand. Identified as a possible Grubenhaus? as it appeared earlier than the 2 medieval pits which cut it [320 and 325]. | Section 138 and 139 Plan 138 and 13 |
| 226 | 225 | Fill | Circular pit fill [226] | Circular | Shallow irregular | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.04 | A shallow fill irregular in depth. Chalk fragments from the membrane laying / chalk depositing event. | Only photographed |
| 226 | 226 | Cut | Circular pit cut [226] | Circular | shallow irregular | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.04 | This feature did initially look like a small pit however, it was very shallow and turned out to be a machine impression from the membrane /chalk laying event. | Only photographed |
| 228 | 227 | Fill | Secondary fill of Large U shaped fill [228] | Ovate | U shaped | 0.89 | 0.84 | 0.27 | $90 \%$ sand fill moderate compaction, dark brown (10YR 3/3) in colour with $5 \%$ clay and $5 \%$ stone inclusions. Secondary fill of [228] | Section 111 <br> Plan 114 |
| 228 | 228 | Cut | Large U Shaped cut [288] | Ovate | Shallow concave | 0.89 | 0.84 | 0.27 | The cut of an oval pit. This cut contained two fills (227) and (290). This pit cuts refuse pits [258] and [264]. | Section 107 <br> Plan 108 |
| 230 | 229 | Fill | Fill of Possible Pit [230] | Rectangular | Unknow <br> n | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.99 | $0.77$ <br> excavated | A dark brown (7.5 YR 3/3) 80\% sand 5\% clay moderate to loose fill with $5 \%$ stone inclusions. Dimensions of the fill uncertain due to the cut being under an area still not stripped. 2 fragments of C1-4th Roman brick and teluga. 20 bone fragments: cattle, human, medium, unidentified. Bone/Antler composite comb tooth plate. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (13 sherds). | Section 107 <br> Plan 108 |
| 230 | 230 | Cut | Cut of Possible Pit [230] | Rectangular | Unknow <br> n | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.99 | $0.77$ <br> excavated | The cut of a rectangular feature that may be a medieval refuse pit. Due to the feature only being partially revealed due to the area not being fully stripped, the nature of this feature will be further explored at a later date. | Section 107 <br> Plan 108 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 232 | 231 | Fill | Fill of rectangular pit [231] | Circular | Flat bottom | 0.83 | 0.86 | 0.18 | A firm 99\% silty sand very dark grey/brown 910YR 3/2) fill with 1\% small stone inclusions. Possibly the fill of a rubbish pit. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. 4 bone fragments: pig, unidentified. Ceramics 100\% c1250-1350 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 95 \\ & \text { Plan } 96 \end{aligned}$ |
| 232 | 232 | Cut | Cut of rectangular pit [231] | Circular | Flat bottom | 0.83 | 0.86 | 0.18 | A circular flat-bottomed feature, quite shallow that cuts an earlier pit [234]. Identified as a possible rubbish pit. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 95 \\ & \text { Plan } 96 \end{aligned}$ |
| 234 | 233 | Fill | Fill of circular pit [234] | Ovate | Round bottom ed concave | 1.16 | 0.84 | 0.12 | A shallow firm 97\% silty sand, very dark grey brown (10YR 3/2) fill with $3 \%$ stone inclusions. The north west end of the fill had a heavily burnt spread at the surface where charcoal was found. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section 95 <br> Plan 96 |
| 234 | 234 | Cut | Cut of circular pit [234] | Ovate | Round bottom ed concave | 1.16 | 0.84 | 0.12 | A shallow cut feature with a round bottom concave base, the feature was cut by a later pit [232]. | Section 95 <br> Plan 96 |
| 236 | 235 | Fill | Fill of large circular pit [236] | Rounded/ Irregular | Irregular | 2.31 | 1.43 | 0.32 | A moderate greyish brown (10YR 5/2 90\% sandy clay silt secondary fill of feature [236]. Had 10\% occasional small rounded pebbles, cobbles and occasional charcoal fleck inclusions. This fill was lighter and sandier than (299) and (298). 57 bone fragments: cattle, goose, horse, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron whittle tang knife, iron nails. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1350 (86 sherds). | Section :120 <br> Plan :121 |
| 236 | 236 | Cut | Cut of large circular pit [236] | Rounded/ Irregular | Irregular | 2.31 | 2.23 | 0.44 | This is the recut of an earlier cut [297] of a large pit. There was a posthole [302] in the base of unknown purpose. Later it appears this pit was used as a refuse pit. | Section 120 <br> Plan 121 |
| 238 | 237 | Fill | Upper fill of burned pit [238] | Irregular/ rounded | Irregular | 1.4 | 1.03 | 0.46 | A moderate brown (10YR 4/3) 90\% silty clay sand fill with $10 \%$ small rounded cobbles, limestone flecks and frequent charcoal flecks/chunks. Upper fill of a large pit. 9 bone fragments: fish, sheep/goat, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (8 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 97 \\ & \text { Plan } 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| 238 | 238 | Cut | Cut of burned pit [238] | Linear/ Rectangul ar | Squared / Irregular | 1.4 | 1.03 | 0.61 | The cut of a pit. Rounded in the corner in plan with steep sides and a flat base. Feature contains several postholes. Possible fence or barricade within the feature. The postholes [278] [280] and [283] appear earlier than [238] as they cut this feature. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 97 \\ & \text { Plan } 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| 396 | 239 | Fill | Burnt clay in pit [358] | Irregular | Shallow <br> U <br> shaped | 0.74 | 0.94 | 0.09 | A red (2.5YR 5/8) compact 80\% burnt clay fill with occasional < 5\% small rounded pebbles and $15 \%$ dark grey fill with frequent charcoal inclusions. This fill is on top of un burnt clay layer (240). (239) identified as the burnt upper layer of cut [396]. [396] cut into the top of an earlier large pit [395]. | Section: 199 <br> Plan : 200 |
| 396 | 240 | Fill | Clay in pit | Irregular | Irregular | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.09 | A compact 90\% clay fill pale brown (10YR 6/3) in colour with 10\% | Section: 199 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [358] |  | U Shape |  |  |  | occasional small squared pebbles and chunks of burnt clay. Identified as a layer of un burnt clay that may be possible packing for the base of a later feature. | Plan: 200 |
| 242 | 241 | Fill | Fill of posthole [242] | Rounded/ Circular | U Shaped | 0.24 | 0.2 | 0.19 | A moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 95\% sandy silt fill with 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles and very occasional charcoal flecks. Identified as the primary fill of a posthole; one of 3 [244] and [246]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section: } 102 \\ & \text { Plan :105 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 242 | 242 | Cut | Cut of posthole [242] | Rounded/ Circular | U Shaped | 0.24 | 0.2 | 0.19 | The cut of a small posthole in a group near feature [238]. The shallowest of all three postholes [244] and [246]. No gravel packing at the base. May be related to [238] as a boundary. | Section 102 <br> Plan: 105 |
| 244 | 243 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of posthole [243] | Oval/ rounded | U <br> Shaped | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.27 | A moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 90\% sandy silt fill with $8 \%$ occasional medium rounded cobbles within the top of the layer. $2 \%$ occasional charcoal flecks. Upper fill of the posthole, probable silting of cut, post removal of post. | Section: 101 <br> Plan: 104 |
| 244 | 244 | Cut | Cut of posthole [243] | Rounded / circular | U shapes | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.32 | The cut of a medium posthole close to feature [238]. Straight with steep sides and a tapered round base. The posthole may be related to posthole [283]. | Section: 101 <br> Plan: 104 |
| 246 | 245 | Fill | Upper fill of posthole [246] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped | 0.26 | 0.2 | 0.32 | A moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 95\% sandy silt fill with 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles and very occasional charcoal flecks. Identified as a silting up layer after the removal of the post. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1150-1350 (3 sherds). | Section:103 <br> Plan:106 |
| 246 | 246 | Cut | Cut of posthole [246] | Rounded/ Circular | U shaped | 0.26 | 0.2 | 0.43 | The cut of a posthole. One of three near feature [238]. Straight sides tapering to a rounded base. | Section:103 <br> Plan: 106 |
| 248 | 247 | Fill | Fill of posthole [248] in pit [236] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped/ <br> Flat <br> based | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.24 | A moderate brown (10YR 4/3) 100\% sandy silt fill. The fill is different from the pit fill (235) suggesting the later pit [236] cut the posthole. | Section: 152 <br> Plan: 149 |
| 248 | 248 | Cut | Cut of posthole [248] in pit [236] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped /Flat base | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.24 | The cut of a small posthole within a larger pit [236]. Steep straight sides with a squared flat base cut by later pit [236]. | Section: 152 <br> Plan : 149 |
| 250 | 249 | Fill | Fill of posthole [250] in pit [236] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped /Flat base | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.26 | A moderate brown (10YR 4/3) 100\% sandy silt fill. The fill is different from the pit fill (235) suggesting the posthole was cut by the later pit [236]. | Section: 153 <br> Plan: 149 |
| 250 | 250 | Cut | Cut of posthole [250] in pit [236] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped /Flat base | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.26 | The cut of a small posthole [250] next to posthole [248] and within pit [236]. Steep straight sides with a rounded base. | Section:153 <br> Plan: 149 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 251 | 251 | Horizon | Metal <br> Detectoring <br> Spoil | Rectangul ar | Flat layer | 30 | 16 | N/A | This is the context number allocated to metal finds detected on the spoil heaps within Plaza. | N/A Stray finds |
| 308 | 252 | Fill | Fill of modern pipe [308] | Linear | Flat based U | 1.11 | 0.61 | 0.42 | The fill of a modern pipe trench. Fill was loose stone and soil and contained the clay pipe. | Plan : 127 |
| 254 | 253 | Fill | Fill of linear/pit [254] | Rounded/ linear | Flat based U shaped | 0.87 | 0.83 | 0.47 | A moderate dark brown (10YR 3/3) 90\% sandy silt fill with 8\% occasional small rounded pebbles and $2 \%$ very occasional charcoal flecks. Bioturbation at the base mixing with natural. 37 bone fragments, cattle, fish, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron blade fragment. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (11 sherds). | Section 144 <br> Plan 148 |
| 254 | 254 | Cut | Cut of linear/pit [254] | Rounded/ linear | Flat based U shaped | 0.87 | 0.83 | 0.47 | The cut of a terminus of a linear ditch. Rounded end with a flat base and concave sides. Terminus gently curves upwards to a near vertical end. The sides are steep. The terminus of a possible medieval boundary ditch later filled with refuse. | Section 144 <br> Plan 148 |
| 256 | 255 | Fill | Fill of linear/pit 256 | Linear | U <br> shaped <br> flat <br> based | 1.36 | 0.7 | 0.34 | A moderate dark brown (10YR 3/3) 95\% sandy clay silt fill with 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles and $1 \%$ very occasional charcoal flecks. The fill of a linear cut be extension to linear [254]. Possibly later in date. Probable back filling of ditch. 11 bone fragments: bird, cattle pig, unidentified. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c100-300 (1 sherd). | Section 146 <br> Plan 148 |
| 256 | 256 | Cut | Cut of linear/pit [256] | Linear | U <br> shaped <br> flat <br> based | 1.36 | 0.7 | 0.34 | The cut of a linear ditch running N-S. Steep concave sides with a rounded base. Terminates in the north but cut be a possible later extension [254]. A probable medieval boundary ditch. | Section 146 <br> Plan 148 |
| 258 | 257 | Fill | Fill of sub circular pit [258] | Irregular | Undulati ng | 1.7 | 0.84 | 0.3 | A moderate dark brown (10YR 3/3) 95\% clay sand with 5\% stone inclusions. Fill is mottled and had signs of bioturbation. This fill appears to be cut by [260] (259). 10 bone fragments: cattle, pig, large, unidentified. Ceramics - 50\% Roman (1 sherd), 50\% c930-1150 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section } 112 \\ & \text { Plan } 114 \end{aligned}$ |
| 258 | 258 | Cut | Cut of sub circular pit [258] | Irregular | Undulati ng | 1.7 | 0.84 | 0.3 | The cut of an irregular pit that appears to be cut by pit [260]. Probable medieval refuse pit. | Section:112 <br> Plan:114 |
| 260 | 259 | Fill | Fill of small circular pit [260] | Irregular oval | U <br> shaped | 1.75 | 1 | 0.36 | A moderate very dark greyish brown 95\% sands and clay fill with 5\% stone inclusions. The fill shows signs of bioturbulance and was also cut by pit [262] (262) therefore disturbance of this fill and finds is likely. 15 fragments consisting of C13-16th plain tile. Iron buckle. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (19 sherds). | Section:112 <br> Plan:114 |
| 260 | 260 | Cut | Cut of small | Irregular | U | 1.75 | 1 | 0.36 | The cut of a large irregular pit. [262] also cut this pit. Therefore | Section:112 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | circular pit [260] | oval | shaped |  |  |  | predates [262]. | Plan:114 |
| 262 | 261 | Fill | Fill of pit [262] | Circular | U shaped | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.28 | A moderate very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% clay sand with 5\% stone inclusions. Bioturbulance may have caused some contamination between fills (261) and (259) [260]. | Section: 113 <br> Plan:114 |
| 262 | 262 | Cut | Cut of pit [262] | Circular | U shaped | 1.8 | 0.71 | 0.28 | The cut of a small circular pit. It cuts the large irregular oval pit [260] (259). | Section:113 <br> Plan :114 |
| 264 | 263 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of sub rectangular pit [264] | Elongated oval | Shallow <br> U <br> shaped | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.32 | A moderate dark brown (10 YR 3/3) 95\% clay sand with 5\% stone inclusions. A secondary fill identified as a medieval refuse pit. 9 bone fragments: cattle, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section: 111 <br> Plan :114 |
| 264 | 264 | Cut | Cut of sub rectangular pit [264] | Elongated oval | Shallow U shaped | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.34 | The cut of large shallow pit that contained multiple fills (289) (263) (290) (227). This feature was later cut be [228]. Identified as a medieval refuse pit. | Section:111 <br> Plan: 114 |
| 266 | 265 | Fill | Fill of large pit [266] | Ovate | Round based V | 1.85 | 1.26 | 0.54 | A firm 95\% silty sand fill, dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) with 5\% small CBM inclusions. The fill was uniform throughout. A relatively large number of animal bones were recovered as well as Pottery. Identified as a pit fill. 6 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 67 bone fragments: bird, cattle, chicken, dog, fish, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (53 sherds). | Section: 195 <br> Plan: 196 |
| 266 | 266 | Cut | Cut of large pit [266] | Ovate | Round based V | 1.85 | 1.26 | 0.54 | The cut of an ovate pit. It had a regular profile and base with the sides very slightly steep to the west. It was cut into the yellow natural sand. | Section: 195 <br> Plan: 196 |
| 268 | 267 | Fill | Fill of square pit [268] | Ovate | Concave | 0.92 | 0.7 | 0.17 | A firm yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) 98\% silty sand fill with $2 \%$ small pebble inclusions. Charcoal flecks throughout. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:116 <br> Plan: 117 |
| 268 | 268 | Cut | Cut of square pit [268] | Ovate | Concave | 0.92 | 0.7 | 0.17 | A pit feature that was cut into natural sand. | Section: 116 <br> Plan: 117 |
| 270 | 269 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [270] | Circular | Round bottom ed concave | 0.63 | 0.54 | 0.06 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 100\% silty sand fill shallow in depth and devoid of any dating material. During investigation it appears that this was a natural feature. | Photographic evidence. |
| 270 | 270 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [270] | Circular | Round bottom ed concave | 0.63 | 0.54 | 0.06 | A very shallow circular pit most likely to be natural. | Photographic evidence. |
| 272 | 271 | Fill | Fill of irregular pit [272] | Irregular | U <br> shaped | 0.51 | 0.71 | 0.06 | A dark brown (10YR 3/3) friable 80\% sandy silt clay fill with 10\% frequent charcoal flecks/ moderate rounded pebbles and 10\% CBM. Modern scoop of material. | Photographic evidence. |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 272 | 272 | Cut | Cut of irregular pit [272] | Irregular | U shaped | 0.51 | 0.71 | 0.06 | The cut of a shallow modern scoop. Rounded base and concave sides. | Photographic evidence. |
| 273 | 273 | Fill | Soil layer / bulk section | Irregular | Spread | 30 | 2.73 | 0.59 | A very dark grey (7.5 YR 3/1) moderate $90 \%$ sandy clay silt that is spread over features [238] and [275]. 10\% moderate rounded pebbles. A large spread of material over earlier pits and ditches. Possible garden waste/soil spread over the length of Plaza. 1 piece of CM19-20th sewer. 6 bone fragments: cattle, pig, large, medium. Ceramics - 84\% c1000-1200 (16 sherds), 16\% C 18th-19th (flower pot intrusions, 3 sherds). Same as (488). |  |
| 275 | 274 | Fill | Primary fill of pit in section bulk | ovate | Concave U shaped profile. | 1.4 | 0.47 | 0.24 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 98\% silty sand fill with $2 \%$ small pebble inclusions. May have been some contamination of this fill with the spread (273). 1 bone fragment: cattle. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/701150 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section : } 97 \\ & \text { Plan : } 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| 275 | 275 | Cut | Cut of pit in section bulk | Ovate | Concave <br> U <br> shaped profile. | 1.4 | 0.47 | 0.24 | A small ovate pit, the western edge of the pit was indefinable as the bulk section wall cuts through it. Identified as a shallow pit. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:97 } \\ & \text { Plan: } 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| 238 | 276 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [238] | Irregular/ rounded | Irregular | 1.4 | 1.06 | 0.45 | A moderate yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) 80\% silty clay sand fill with $10 \%$ medium cobbles and $10 \%$ occasional small pebbles. Frequent small charcoal fragments. The fill of a large pit. Probable refuse dumping post usage. Over (277). 12 bone fragments: fish, sheep/goat, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (10 sherds). | Section :97 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 238 | 277 | Fill | Fill of pit [238] | Rounded/ Circular | Flat layer | 1.4 | 0.72 | 0.35 | A moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 90\% sandy silt fill with $10 \%$ occasional rounded cobbles and occasional charcoal flecking. Cobbles are in the top of fill suggesting possibly from the base of fill above (276). A silty primary fill at the base of the pit/ditch [238] this fill is the same as fill in posthole(391) [278] suggesting that this posthole was contemporary with the ditch/pit[238]. | Section :97 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 278 | 278 | Cut | Cut of posthole [278] in pit [238] | Rounded/ Circular | Pointed <br> U <br> Shaped | 0.36 | 0.28 | 0.36 | The cut of a posthole within pit [238]. Circular in plan steep with concave sides and a pointed base with a rounded tip. One of 3 postholes in the base suggesting a possible structure. Contemporary with [238]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section : } 97 \\ & \text { Plan : } 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| 280 | 279 | Fill | Fill of posthole [280] in pit [238] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped | 0.2 | 0.18 | 0.37 | A moderate $95 \%$ silty sand fill, dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) in colour with $5 \%$ occasional small gravel inclusions. Fill likely to be the same as (277) as both have the same consistency and colour showing similar base. | Section: 115 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 280 | 280 | Cut | Cut of posthole | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped | 0.2 | 0.18 | 0.37 | The cut of a small posthole in the base of pit [238]. Steep sided with a concave undercut in the west side. Rounded base. The shape | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section : } 115 \\ & \text { Plan: } 98 \end{aligned}$ |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [280] in pit } \\ & \text { [238] } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | suggests that it was altered during the extraction of the post. Part of a group of 3 postholes within the base of [238]. |  |
| 283 | 281 | Fill | Secondary fill of posthole [283] in pit [238] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> Shaped | 0.36 | 0.28 | 0.18 | A secondary moderate $95 \%$ silty sand fill dark greyish brown (10YR $4 / 2$ ) in colour with $5 \%$ occasional small rounded gravel and charcoal flecks. This fill is similar to (279) and (277) suggesting the silting of these may have occurred at the same time. | Section: 115 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 283 | 282 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [283] in [238] | Rounded/ Circular | $\mathrm{U}$ <br> Shaped | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.12 | The gravelly primary fill of a large posthole at the end of feature [238]. $20 \%$ compact sandy silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) with $80 \%$ small gravel. This fill consist of a thin layer and may be the packing at the base for the post. | Section: 115 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 283 | 283 | Cut | Cut of posthole [283] in pit [238] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped | 0.36 | 0.28 | 0.33 | The cut of a posthole at the end of feature [238]. Steep straight sides with a rounded base. The location of the post within [238] may suggest a boundary. The post was removed prior to the filling of feature [238]. | Section: 115 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 275 | 284 | Fill | Upper fill of pit in bulk | Rounded | Irregular | 1.7 | 1.71 | 0.24 | A moderate $90 \%$ sandy clay silt fill dark brown (10YR 3/3) in colour with $10 \%$ occasional rounded cobbles, small stones and charcoal flecks. This upper fill was identified in the bulk. | Section: 150 <br> Plan: 151 |
| 285 | 285 | Horizon | Machine Stripping North End of Plaza | Rectangular |  | 15 | 8 |  | Machine stripping of the northern part of plaza. Stripped on the $16 / 05 / 16$. Cleaned by trowel $17 / 05 / 16$. The cleaning spit produced a number of finds. 6 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. Ceramics - $29 \%$ c100300 ( 2 sherds), 42\% c800-1000 (3 sherds), 29\% C 18th-19th (flower pot intrusions, 2 sherds). | N/A |
| 264 | 289 | Fill | Primary fill of sub rectangular pit [264] | Elongated oval | Irregular U Shape | 1 | 0.99 | 0.34 | A primary moderate $90 \%$ silty sand fill dark brown (10YR 3/3) in colour with $10 \%$ stone and clay inclusions. | Section: 111 <br> Plan :114 |
| 228 | 290 | Fill | Primary fill of large U shape [228] | Ovate | $\mathrm{U}$ <br> shaped | 0.3 | 0.84 | 0.27 | A moderate $90 \%$ silty sand dark brown (10YR 3/3) fill. Mottling within this fill unlike the secondary fill which had no mottling. Identified as the primary fill of the latest cut of a series of fills/cuts in a large pit. | Section: 111 <br> Plan :114 |
| 244 | 291 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [244] | Rounded circular | U shaped | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.06 | A primary moderate $20 \%$ silty sand fill yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) in colour with > 80\% gravel inclusions with very occasional > 1\% charcoal flecking. Identified as the probable packing of a posthole due to the thinness of the layer and the gravel content. | Section: 101 <br> Plan: 104 |
| 246 | 292 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [246] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped | 0.2 | 0.18 | 0.1 | A compact $80 \%$ silty sand, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) fill with 20\% gravel inclusions. Gravel mostly at the base as possible packing. | Section:103 <br> Plan: 106 |
| 222 | 293 | Fill | Latest fill of pit [222] | Unknown | Irregular <br> U shape | 1.25 | unkno wn | 0.79 | A moderate 90\% sand fill, very dark grey in colour with $10 \%$ stone and clay inclusions. Charcoal flecking throughout. One of 5 fills in the pit | Section:118 <br> Plan: 119 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seen in section. 8 fragments consisting of C13-16th imbrex, plain Roman brick and ridge tile. 18 bone fragments: cattle, pig, sheep, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (27 sherds). |  |
| 222 | 294 | Fill | Third fill of pit [222 | Unknown | Concave | 0.81 | unkno wn | 0.13 | A moderate to loose dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 90\% sand 5\% clay and $5 \%$ small stone fill. | Section:118 <br> Plan: 119 |
| 222 | 295 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [222] | Unknown | Irregular | 0.98 | unkno wn | 0.68 | Moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) fill consisting of 90\% sand 5\% clay and $5 \%$ small stone. A mixed fill with occasional rounded stone. Some charcoal flecking. 1 piece of c1-4th Roman brick. 14 bone fragments: cattle, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - $6 \%$ c120200 ( 1 sherd), 94\% c1050/70-1150 (17 sherds). | Section:118 <br> Plan: 119 |
| 222 | 296 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [222] | Unknown | Irregular | 0.48 | unkno wn | 0.22 | Moderate brown (10YR 4/3) 95\% sand and 5\% clay fill. Deposit empty of finds compared to the other fills within this feature. Some charcoal flecking. 3 bone fragments: large, medium. | Section:118 <br> Plan: 119 |
| 297 | 297 | Cut | Cut of pit [297] | Rounded | U <br> shaped | 0.96 | 0.31 | 0.26 | The cut of an earlier pit re-cut by later pit [236]. Concave sides with a rounded base and shallower than the later re-cut. | Section:120 <br> Plan:121 |
| 236 | 298 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of pit [236] | Rounded irregular | Flat U shaped | Unknown | 0.97 | 0.08 | A compact $95 \%$ sandy silty clay, brownish yellow(10YR 6/8) in colour with $5 \%$ moderate charcoal flecks. This secondary fill constituted a thin layer of silty clay in the top of the large ditch. 4 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: 120 <br> Plan:121 |
| 236 | 299 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [236] | Rounded/ Irregular | Irregular | 2.31 | 2.23 | 0.45 | A moderate $85 \%$ sandy clay dark grey (10YR 4/1) primary fill with $15 \%$ variably sized pebbles/cobbles and charcoal flecks. 8 pieces consisting of C13-16th imbrex, plain and Roman brick. Early Neolithic flint knife. 48 bone fragments: cattle, fish, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (24 sherds). | Section: 120 <br> Plan:121 |
| 297 | 300 | Fill | Fill of pit [297] | Rounded/ Circular | $\mathrm{U}$ <br> shaped | 0.96 | 0.31 | 0.26 | A moderate $95 \%$ sandy silt dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) in colour with $5 \%$ occasional small rounded pebble inclusions. This primary fill of a pit was recut by a later cut [236]. | Section: 120 <br> Plan:121 |
| 302 | 301 | Fill | Fill of posthole [302] in pit [236] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped tapered | 0.41 | 0.4 | 0.23 | A moderate $100 \%$ sandy silt, dark grey (10YR 4/1) fill. The fill, being different to that of the pit [236] appears to have backfilled prior to backfilling of said pit[236]. | Section: 122 <br> Plan: 121 |
| 302 | 302 | Cut | Cut of posthole [302] in [236] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped tapered | 0.41 | 0.4 | 0.23 | The cut of a small posthole at the base of pit [236]. It has straight sides with a rounded tapered base. May be related to postholes [242,244,246] outside [236]. | Section: 122 <br> Plan: 121 |
| 208 | 303 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [208] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped/ <br> flat | 0.42 | 0.4 | 0.06 | A moderate dark brown (10YR 3/3) 90\% silty sand fill with $10 \%$ occasional small rounded pebbles and very occasional charcoal flecks. This was a small area of fill in the centre of the pit. | Section: 122 <br> Plan: 123 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 208 | 304 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [208] | Rounded angular | U shaped | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.18 | A moderate brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) 95\% silty sand secondary fill of [208] with $5 \%$ occasional charcoal flecks. Bioturbation present. Possible later dump or cut of material on the top of pit. Contains probable re-deposited material. 1 piece of C1-4th Roman brick. 6 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (12 sherds). | Section: 122 <br> Plan: 123 |
| 306 | 305 | Fill | Fill of posthole [306] | Round | Steep sided V | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.32 | A medium dark brown (10YR 3/3) 98\% silty sand with $2 \%$ wood fragment with iron embedded onto it. This was located towards the surface of the posthole. The posthole was filled with similar material to (205) apart from the lack of charcoal flecking, so was only noted where it cut through the base of [206]. Iron/wood knife. | Section: 127 <br> Plan: 130 |
| 306 | 306 | Cut | Cut of posthole [306] | Round | Steep sided V | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.32 | The cut of a posthole located in the western edge of a possible grubenhaus [206]. The posthole may have been sharpened to a point and then hammered into the ground as it narrowed considerably towards the base. Cut into coarse natural sand. Probably the western posthole of a grubenehaus [206]. | Section: 127 <br> Plan: 130 |
| 307 | 307 | Deposit | Clay deposit around pit [236] | Linear | Undulati ng | 2.42 | 0.14 | 0.1 | A band of pliable clay running east west. It was associated with a line of gravel. Could be natural though initially thought to be significant. Identified as a clay band. | Plan: 149 |
| 308 | 308 | Cut | Cut for modern pipe [308] cutting pit [206] | Linear | Flat based U | 1.11 | 0.61 | 0.42 | A modern pipe trench cutting through grubenhaus [206]. The trench cut exactly where the eastern posthole of [206] would have been located. |  |
| 210 | 309 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [210] | Rounded | U <br> shaped regular | 1.03 | 1.1 | 0.24 | A moderate dark grey (2.5Y 4/1) 95\% clay sand silt secondary fill with $5 \%$ occasional small rounded pebbles and very occasional charcoal flecks $<1 \%$. 6 bone fragments: horse, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (16 sherds). | Section: 128 <br> Plan: 129 |
| 210 | 310 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [210] | Irregular | Irregular | 1.08 | 0.56 | 0.36 | A loose yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) 100\% silty sand primary fill. Position and shape of this fill suggests slumping or a collapse of the side into the base. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: 128 <br> Plan: 129 |
| 312 | 311 | Fill | Fill of later pit [312] cutting [210] | Rounded | U <br> shaped | 0.8 | 0.56 | 0.16 | A moderate yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) 95\% sandy silt fill with 5\% occasional rounded pebbles. The fill of a small pit that contained a large amount of broken tile. 23 pieces of C14th-16th medieval brick, peg and plain tiles. | Section: 128 <br> Plan: 129 |
| 312 | 312 | Cut | Cut of later pit [312] cutting | Rounded | U shaped | 0.8 | 0.56 | 0.16 | The cut of a small pit that cuts large pit [210]. Sloping, concave sides. | Section: 128 <br> Plan: 129 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [210] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 314 | 313 | Fill | Fill of posthole [314] | Round | Steep sided V | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.3 | A medium dark brown (10YR 3/3) 98\% silty sand primary fill with 2\% small stone inclusions. Fill contained no finds or charcoal flecking which differentiated it from fill (205). It was not noted until the removal of (205) when it became clear at the base of [206]. | Section: 131 <br> Plan: 127 |
| 314 | 314 | Cut | Cut of posthole [314] | Round | Steep sided V | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.3 | The cut of a posthole. Like [306] to the west, it had a sharpened point and was hammered into the natural coarse sand. If this posthole is associated with grubenhaus [206], it is an unusual central location. | Section: 131 <br> Plan: 127 |
| 206 | 315 | Layer | Unfired clay on base of [206] | Amorpho us | Undulati ng | 0.22 | 0.42 | 0.03 | A group of firm (pliable) olive grey (5YR 4/2) clay (unfired) fragments on the base of a possible Grubenhaus [206]. The occurred only in the southwestern quadrant of the feature. It is not uncommon to find unfired clay loom weights within Grubenhauses. | Plan: 127 |
| 316 | 316 | Cut | Cut of modern pipe [316] cutting pit [218] | Linear | Squared | 1.5 as observe d | 0.45 | 0.22 | The cut of a modern pipe trench cutting pit [218]. | Section 133 <br> Plan 134 |
| 218 | 317 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [218] | Rounded circular | $\mathrm{U}$ <br> shaped | 0.4 | 0.39 | 0.1 | A loose yellow (10YR 7/8) 100\% sand layer on the top of the pit. Cut by pipe trench [316] so this fill may be intrusive and related to that event. | Section: 133 <br> Plan: 134 |
| 218 | 318 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [218] | Rounded circular | $\mathrm{U}$ <br> shaped | 0.76 | 0.53 | 0.19 | A moderate dark grey (2.5Y 4/1) 95\% sandy clay silt with 5\% occasional charcoal flecks and rounded stone pebbles. Identified as a pit fill. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (7 sherds). | Section: 133 <br> Plan: 134 |
| 320 | 319 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [320] | Sub circular | Shallow U | 0.79 | 0.32 | 0.15 | A firm black $75 \%$ sandy silt with $5 \%$ stone, gravel and $20 \%$ charcoal inclusions. This fill is darker than the surrounding fill of features [224] and (223) due to the significant presence of charcoal. Small flecks of abraded CBM visible. The large stones present do not appear to be structural or packing. 7 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. | Section: 142 <br> Plan: 138/139 |
| 320 | 320 | Cut | Cut of pit [320] | Sub circular | Shallow U | 0.79 | 0.32 | 0.15 | This shallow pit has been cut into the earlier feature [224]. | Section: 142 <br> Plan: 138/139 |
| 216 | 321 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [216] | Rounded | Flattene <br> d U <br> shape | 0.63 | 0.86 | 0.09 | A yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) friable 90\% silt clay sand fill with 2\% occasional rounded pebbles and 8\% frequent charcoal flecks. Identified as the latest pit fill. | Section: 140 <br> Plan: 141 |
| 216 | 322 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [216] | Rounded | Irregular | 0.94 | 1.34 | 0.16 | A moderate dark grey (7.5 YR 4/1) 95\% silty sand fill with 5\% occasional small rounded cobbles. This secondary fill was lighter in colour and suggested that ash may have been contained in this likely refuse pit fill. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. 5 bone fragments: cattle, medium. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (18 sherds). | Section: 140 <br> Plan: 141 |
| 216 | 323 | Fill | Primary fill | Rounded | Irregular | Unknow | 1.11 | 0.08 | A moderate yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) 100\% silty sand primary fill. | Section: 140 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | of pit [216] |  |  | n |  |  | Potential weathering layer of a large pit. Suggestive of pit laying open for a period. | Plan: 141 |
| 325 | 324 | Fill | Fill of shallow pit [325] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.11 | A firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 97\% silty sand fill with 3\% small stone inclusions. The fill was quite dark with occasional charcoal flecks towards the surface. 8 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 8 bone fragments: cattle, pig, sheep/goat, large, unidentified. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1350-1500 ( 2 sherds). | Section : 139 <br> Plan :138 |
| 325 | 325 | Cut | Cut of pit [325] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.11 | The cut of a small pit. It had a regular flat base and was cut into the fill of a larger pit (223) [224]. This is one of two small medieval pits [325] [320] cutting through a larger pit [224]. | Section : 139 <br> Plan :138 |
| 316 | 326 | Fill | Fill of modern pipe [316] | Linear | Squared | 9.91 | 0.45 | 0.22 | The fill of a modern pipe trench. Contained a ceramic pipe patched with concrete at the base and modern soil at the top. | Section: 133 <br> Plan : 134 |
| 328 | 327 | Fill | Secondary fill of East pit [328] | Irregular/ <br> Rounded | Irregular | 0.66 | 1.14 | 0.32 | A loose dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 90\% sandy silt fill with 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles and 5\% infrequent charcoal flecks/occasional large cobble inclusions. The secondary probable back fill of a refuse pit. 4 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. 4 bone fragments: medium. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (15 sherds). | Section: 157 <br> Plan: 166 |
| 328 | 328 | Cut | Cut of East Pit [328] | Irregular/ Rounded | Irregular | 0.66 | 1.14 | 0.54 | The cut of a large pit, steep sided with an irregular base. A deeper cut in the centre with a possible slight sub cut in it. | Section :157 <br> Plan: 166 |
| 330 | 329 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of East <br> Pit [330] | Rounded/ <br> Oval | Irregular <br> U Shape | 0.51 | 0.75 | 0.16 | A loose dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 95\% sandy silt fill with 5\% occasional small stone and charcoal fleck inclusions. The secondary fill of a pit truncated by a modern road. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: 161 <br> Plan: 170 |
| 330 | 330 | Cut | Cut of East Pit [330] | Rounded/ Oblong | Irregular U Shape | 0.51 | 0.75 | 0.37 | The cut of a small pit cut by a modern road. Steep edges with a rounded base, probable refuse pit. | Section : 161 <br> Plan : 170 |
| 332 | 331 | Fill | Fill of East Pit [332] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.56 | 0.72 | 0.06 | A soft brown (10YR 4/3) 95\% silty sand fill with $5 \%$ small stone inclusions. A very shallow fill with a darker colour that may indicate fire ashes. | Section : 158 <br> Plan: 167 |
| 332 | 332 | cut | Cut of East pit [332] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.56 | 0.72 | 0.06 | A shallow regular pit cut into natural sand. May have been truncated by the modern road. | Section: 158 <br> Plan: 167 |
| 334 | 333 | Fill | Fill of East <br> pit [334] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.68 | 0.7 | 0.35 | A firm dark brown (10YR $3 / 3$ ) $96 \%$ silty sand primary fill with infrequent small stone inclusions. Some bioturbulance present. The modern road had truncated this fill. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: 156 <br> Plan: 165 |
| 334 | 334 | Cut | Cut of East pit [334] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.68 | 0.7 | 0.35 | The cut of a pit. The pit had been cut into natural yellow sand, steep V shape and flat based. A modern road truncated this pit. | Section : 156 <br> Plan: 165 |
| 336 | 335 | Fill | Fill of East pit [336] | Rounded/ Circular | U shaped/ | 0.89 | 1.03 | 0.22 | A moderate dark grey (10YR 4/1) 90\% sandy clay silt fill with 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles and 5\%occasional charcoal flecks | Section: 163 <br> Plan :172 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  |  |  | Round base |  |  |  | and mixed natural sand inclusions. Bioturbulance present. 3 pieces of c14-16th medieval brick? Plain tile? Ceramics - $29 \%$ c100-300 ( 2 sherds), $71 \%$ c1050/70-1150 ( 5 sherds). 1 fragment of worked rock crystal. |  |
| 336 | 336 | Cut | Cut of East pit [336] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped/ <br> Round <br> base | 0.89 | 1.03 | 0.22 | The cut of a medium shallow pit. Cut by the earlier excavation of the boundary so size unknown. | Section: 163 <br> Plan: 172 |
| 338 | 337 | Fill | Fill of pit [338] | Rounded/ Squared | Irregular <br> IU <br> shaped | 1.04 | 1.36 | 0.28 | A moderate dark grey (10YR 4/11) $70 \%$ sandy clay silt fill with $25 \%$ sandy clay silt and natural sand mixed and $5 \%$ occasional charcoal flecks and infrequent large squared cobbles. 1 bone fragment: cattle. Ceramics - 9\% c100-300 (1 sherd), 91\% c1150-1350 (10 sherds). | Section: 162 <br> Plan: 171 |
| 338 | 338 | Cut | Cut of pit [338] | Rounded/ Squared | Irregular U shape | 1.04 | 1.36 | 0.28 | The cut of a wide shallow pit. Structural? | Section : 162 <br> Plan: 171 |
| 340 | 339 | Fill | Fill of pit [340] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.42 | 0.51 | 0.07 | A brown (10YR 4/3) 96\% soft silty sand fill with 4\% occasional small stone inclusions. The fill of a small pit extending out under the bulk. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 ( 5 sherds). | Section: 159 <br> Plan: 168 |
| 340 | 340 | Cut | Cut of pit [340] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.42 | 0.51 | 0.07 | The cut of a shallow pit. Regular in shape though truncated to the east by drain cut [380]. This pit was cut into natural yellow sand. | Section : 159 <br> Plan: 168 |
| 342 | 341 | Fill | Fill of pit [342] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.62 | 0.65 | 0.07 | A soft brown (10YR 4/3) $97 \%$ silty sand with $3 \%$ small stone inclusions. Similar in character to [340]. Part of a group of shallow pits. 2 bone fragments: cattle, medium. | Section: 160 <br> Plan: 169 |
| 342 | 342 | Cut | Cut of pit [342] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.62 | 0.65 | 0.07 | The cut of a shallow pit. Regular in shape though truncated to the east by drain cut [380]. This pit was cut into natural yellow sand. Similar to [340] | Section: 160 <br> Plan: 169 |
| 409 | 343 | Fill | Fill of pit[409] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.34 | 0.65 <br> as <br> excav <br> ated | 0.24 | The upper fill of a pit. Silty sand, firm, $98 \%$ very dark greyish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) fill. The fill was dark and charcoal rich. Many animal bone finds of different animals including partial jaw and horn core. Also burnt animal bones. 109 bone fragments: bird, cattle, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (10 sherds). | Section:178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 344 | 344 | Cut | Cut of pit [344] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.34 | 0.92 <br> as <br> excav <br> ated | 0.61 | A pit that was cut into natural sand with a regular profile and a flat base. It was one of the deepest pits in this area of the site. The pit was completely cut away in the west by a modern drain. Part of this pit lay under [346] suggesting that [344] predates [346]. | Section: 178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 346 | 345 | Fill | Fill of pit [346] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.7 | 0.61 | 0.2 | Firm $98 \%$ silty sand fill, very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) in colour with $2 \%$ charcoal inclusions. The fill of this small pit was dark and charcoal rich. There were a relatively large number of animal bones for such a small pit. Pottery was medieval in date. Fish bones found | Section: 183 <br> Plan: 184 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | and an iron object such as a nail or a pin. 17 bone fragments: cattle, fish, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron needle. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (13 sherds). |  |
| 346 | 346 | Cut | Cut of pit [346] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.7 | 0.61 | 0.2 | The cut of a small round pit located to the south of the much larger pit [344]. This pit, cut into natural sand was later in date that [344] as [344] was found to run under [346] | Section: 183 <br> Plan: 184 |
| 348 | 347 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [348] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped <br> truncate <br> d | 0.63 | 0.46 | 0.13 | A moderate firm 80\% sandy clay silt fill, brown (7.5YR 4/2) in colour with $20 \%$ rounded cobbles, charcoal flecks and small pebble inclusions. This secondary fill contains a medium amount of Pottery sherds and has modern disturbance. 1 piece of $C$ 13-16th plain tile? 1 bone fragment: medium. Ceramics -100\% c1050/70-1150 (8 sherds). | Section: 187 <br> Plan: 188 |
| 348 | 348 | Cut | Cut of pit [348] | Rounded circular | U shaped truncate d | 0.63 | 0.53 | 0.33 | The cut of a medium pit truncated by modern activity possibly associated with later building. Round with concave sloping sides and a rounded base. | Section: 187 <br> Plan: 188 |
| 350 | 349 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [350] | Round circular | U <br> shaped flat based | 1.06 | 1.2 | 0.2 | A loose 85\% sandy silt fill dark grey (10YR 4/1) in colour with 15\% cobble, charcoal and gravel inclusions. A secondary fill to this pit. This fill had less natural sand in it than the primary fill. 5 fragments of C1316th plain, Roman brick and tegula. 4 bone fragments: large, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (9 sherds). | Section: 180 <br> Plan: 182 |
| 350 | 350 | Cut | Cut of pit [350] containing posthole [384] | Round circular | U <br> shaped <br> flat <br> based | 1.06 | 1.2 | 0.2 | The cut of a large pit that had rounded corners in plan. Concave and shallow with a flat base. There was a solution hole at the base. This pit was also had a posthole [384] cut into its eastern edge. A smaller pit [386] also cut pit [350]. | Section: 180 <br> Plan: 182 |
| 352 | 351 | Fill | Fill of pit [352] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.78 | 0.8 | 0.14 | Firm 97\% silty sand brown (10YR 4/3) fill containing 3\% charcoal flecks and small stones. The pit was shallow. 1 bone fragment: fowl. <br> Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: 185 <br> Plan: 186 |
| 352 | 352 | Cut | Cut of pit [352] cut by posthole [354] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.78 | 0.8 | 0.14 | The cut of a shallow pit. It had a regular flat base and was cut into natural sand. It was also cut by posthole [354] to the west. | Section: 185 <br> Plan: 186 |
| 354 | 353 | Fill | Fill of pit or posthole [354] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.76 | 0.49 | 0.39 | A firm 90\% silty sand fill dark brown (10YR 3/3) in colour. The fill of a large posthole that contained tile, Pottery a single animal bone and a corroded iron fragment. There were a number of large stones present, possible packing. The tile may have been used as packing as it lay to the edge of the feature. 6 pieces of C13-16th peg and plain tile. 1 bone fragment: large. Slag. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (2 | Section: 185 <br> Plan: 186 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing <br> Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | sherds). |  |
| 354 | 354 | Cut | Cut of pit [354] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.76 | 0.49 | 0.39 | The cut of a large posthole. This feature was cut into natural sand with a steep V profile down to a rounded base. It was cut in the east by pit [352]. | Section: 185 <br> Plan: 186 |
| 328 | 355 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [328] | Irregular rounded corners | Irregular steep sides | 0.4 | 0.92 | 0.27 | The primary fill of pit [328]. Moderate $85 \%$ sandy silt clay, grey (7.5 YR $5 / 1$ ) in colour with $15 \%$ medium rounded cobbles, frequent charcoal and very occasional clay patch inclusions. Some bioturbulance at the base. 5 bone fragments: cattle. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (3 sherds). | Section:157 <br> Plan: 166 |
| 330 | 356 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [330] | Rounded oblong | Irregular <br> U <br> Shaped | Unknow <br> n | 0.67 | 0.2 | The primary fill of pit [330]. Moderate $95 \%$ sandy clay silt fill grey (7.5YR 5/1) in colour with $5 \%$ rounded pebbles and occasional charcoal flecks. | Section:161 |
| 358 | 357 | Fill | Burnt area fill [358] | rounded circular | U shaped | 0.75 | 0.5 | 0.2 | The secondary fill of burnt area [358]. Fill was $85 \%$ sandy silt, moderate in compaction and very dark greyish brown in colour (10YR $3 / 2$ ). Contained $15 \%$ large cobbles and charcoal. 3 pieces of C1-4th Roman brick. 17 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron knife blade. Ceramics - 13\% c120-200 (2 sherds), 87\% c1050/70-1150 (14 sherds). | Section: 199 <br> Plan : 200 |
| 358 | 358 | Cut | Burnt area cut [358] | Rounded/ Circular | U <br> shaped round based | 1.41 | 0.67 | 0.31 | The cut of a small pit cutting earlier large pit [396]. Concave sided with a rounded base cut by later clay feature [396]. | Section: 199 <br> Plan : 200 |
| 360 | 359 | Fill | Fill of pit [360] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.42 | 1.12 | 0.19 | A very firm 92\% clay silty sand fill, brown (10YR 4/3) in colour with 8\% cobble, stone inclusions. The fill was substantially harder than fills of other pits in the area mainly because of the clay content. It contained animal bone and medieval Pottery. There were a number of cobbles and one very large stone. 2 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 18 bone fragments: cattle, large, unidentified. Ceramics $-14 \%$ Roman (1 sherd), 86\% c1050/70-1150 (6 sherds). | Section: 197 <br> Plan:198 |
| 360 | 360 | Cut | Cut of pit [360] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.2 | 1.12 | 0.19 | The cut of a medieval pit. Cut into natural yellow/orange sand it had a regular profile and a flat base. It was cut by a modern intrusion [398]. | Section:197 <br> Plan: 198 |
| 362 | 361 | Fill | Fill of posthole [362] | Ovate | Shallow U shaped | 0.75 | 0.86 | 0.23 | A moderate $80 \%$ silty sand very dark brown (7.5 2.5/2) fill with $20 \%$ charcoal flecking, whole cobbles and cracked cobbles $<8 \mathrm{~cm}$. The fill was a concentrated very dark brown towards the middle becoming mottled at the edges. Thought to be posthole or pit? Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section:193 <br> Plan: 194 |
| 362 | 362 | Cut | Cut of posthole [362] | Ovate | Shallow U shaped | 0.75 | 0.86 | 0.23 | The cut of this feature was not clearly defined as the fill became mottled towards the edges and the natural sand diffused into the darker fill. In section, the pit/posthole was clearly darker towards the | Section:193 <br> Plan: 194 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | centre. |  |
| 364 | 363 | Fill | Fill of posthole [364] | Rounded/ oval | U <br> shaped | 0.4 | 0.25 | 0.2 | A moderate $90 \%$ sandy silt fill , dark grey (10YR 4/2) in colour with $10 \%$ small squared pebbles and large round cobble inclusions. These cobbles were located at the top of the feature. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:176 } \\ & \text { Plan:177 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 364 | 364 | Cut | Cut of posthole [364] | Rounded/ oval | U shaped | 0.4 | 0.25 | 0.2 | The cut of a possible small posthole. Rounded at the base with steep vertical sides. Wider at the top. | Section: 176 <br> Plan: 177 |
| 366 | 365 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [366] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.13 | A moderate 95\% silty sand dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) fill with 5\% small stone inclusions. This primary fill was embedded into fill (387) within the same cut [366]. This fill may have been related to the post removal-rotted wood. It lies within the fill (387) which looks like packing due to comprising of clay and large stones. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:174 } \\ & \text { Plan:175 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 366 | 366 | Cut | Cut of posthole [366] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.16 | The cut is $U$ shaped and regular. One cut was given to this feature, as it appears that a post may have been put into it then was immediately surrounded with clay and stone packing. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:174 } \\ & \text { Plan:175 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 368 | 367 | Event | Machine stripping West South Plaza | Rectangul ar |  |  |  |  | Machine stripping in SW Plaza. Achieved with a toothless bucket. Finds recovered under this number modern concrete, floor tiles, bricks, tarmac, garden soil all removed as one horizon considered to be 19-21st century in date. |  |
| 370 | 369 | Fill | Upper fill of pit/slot [370] | Irregular | U <br> shaped <br> flat <br> based | 0.46 | 0.66 | 0.11 | Moderate $95 \%$ silty clay sand, very dark grey (7.5 YR 3/1) in colour with $>2 \%$ very occasional charcoal flecks and $>3 \%$ small rounded pebbles. The upper fill of a shallow pit. 3 pieces of c14-16th medieval brick? Plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:189 } \\ & \text { Plan:190 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 370 | 370 | Cut | Cut of pit/slot [370] | Irregular | U <br> shaped <br> flat <br> based | 0.46 | 0.66 | 0.11 | The cut of a small shallow pit with a flat base and steep concave sides. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:189 } \\ & \text { Plan:190 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 372 | 371 | Fill | Fill of pit [372] | Round oval | U <br> shaped round based | 0.58 | 0.74 | 0.23 | Moderate 90\% sandy clay silt very dark grey (10YR 3/1) with 10\% occasional charcoal and small rounded pebble inclusions. <br> Bioturbulance from root at the base. 4 pieces of C13-16th peg and plain tile. 1 bone fragment: medium. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (3 sherds). | Section: 164 <br> Plan: 173 |
| 372 | 372 | Cut | Cut of pit[372] | Rounded oval | U <br> shaped <br> round <br> based | 0.58 | 0.74 | 0.23 | Cut of small pit steep concave sides steeper to the north rounded base. | Section: 164 <br> Plan: 173 |
| 374 | 373 | Fill | Fill of posthole | Ovate | Shallow bowl | 0.36 | 0.31 | 0.01 | A moderate $98 \%$ silty sand very dark brown in colour (10YR3/2) fill with $2 \%$ charcoal flecks and CBM inclusions. Bioturbulation-plant | N/A |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [374] |  |  |  |  |  | present. |  |
| 374 | 374 | Cut | Cut of posthole [374] | Ovate | Shallow bowl | 0.36 | 0.31 | 0.01 | A shallow cut of a natural-initially thought to be a posthole-could be the base of a posthole or may be a natural feature. | Planned by TST |
| 376 | 375 | Fill | Fill of pit [376] | Rounded oval | Irregular | 0.94 | 1.26 | 0.31 | Moderate 95\% sandy silt greyish brown (10YR5/2) in colour fill with $5 \%$ occasional rounded cobbles. Charcoal flecking near surface with light brown patches in fill. Possible natural. 2 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. | Section: 191 <br> Plan: 192 |
| 376 | 376 | Cut | Cut of pit [376] | Rounded oval | Irregular | 0.94 | 1.26 | 0.31 | Cut of an irregular feature -profile is two deeper cuts into clayirregular sides with rounded and flat base. | Section: 191 <br> Plan: 192 |
| 344 | 377 | Fill | Third fill of pit [344] | Ovate | Flat base U shape | 0.62 <br> excavat ed | 0.8 | 0.32 | Soft $97 \%$ sand dark yellowish brown (10YR4/4) in colour with 3\% small stone inclusions. Very sandy fill beneath (343). No finds apart from a number stones towards the eastern part of the pit. Cut by [380]. | Section: 178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 344 | 378 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [344] | Ovate | Flat base U shape | 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.08 | Firm $98 \%$ silty sand very dark greyish brown (10YR3/2) fill with $2 \%$ small stone inclusions. Quite a thin deposit, a dark layer between two much sandier fills. Contained animal bone and Pottery relatively stone free. 6 bone fragments: cattle, large, medium. Ceramics - 100\% c930-1150 (3 sherds). | Section: 178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 380 | 379 | Fill | Fill of drain [380] | Linear | Flat base U shape | 0.79 | 0.8 | 0.59 | A loose 92\% mixed material with 8\% rubble and stone inclusions. This was the fill of a modern drain heading towards a deep manhole towards the north east of the site. 2 bone fragments: cattle. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: 178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 380 | 380 | Cut | Cut of drain [380] | Linear | Flat base U shape | 0.79 | 0.8 | 0.59 | Cut of a modern drain. Regular in shape. Cut through pit [344]. | Section:178 Plan:179 |
| 344 | 381 | Fill | Primary Fill of [344] | Ovate | Flat base U shape | 0.76 | 0.92 | 0.31 | A firm 95\% silty sand fill, dark yellowish brown (10YR3/4) in colour with $5 \%$ small stone. This was a sandier layer than (378). Although it contained animal bone and pottery, they were not in the same frequency as the layers above. Unusually a flint scrape was found near the base: Neolithic combination side scraper and burin. 6 bone fragments: cattle, medium. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1350 (4 sherds). | Section:178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 350 | 382 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [350] | Rounded circular | Irregular rounded base |  | 0.89 | 0.04 | Loose yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) 95\% silty sand fill with 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles, very occasional charcoal flecks. Large amount of natural sand mixed in. Fill likely to be weathering of sides. | Section: 164 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 384 | 383 | Fill | Fill of posthole [384] in pit [350] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped square | 0.24 | 0.15 | 0.14 | Moderate dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) 90\% sandy silt fill with 10\% frequent charcoal flecks, pebbles and gravel. | Section: 181 <br> Plan: 182 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 384 | 384 | Cut | Cut of posthole [384] in pit [350] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped square | 0.24 | 0.15 | 0.14 | Cut of a small posthole in eastern edge of feature [350]. Steep sides with a flat base, round in plan. Posthole pre dates pit [350]. | Section: 181 <br> Plan: 182 |
| 386 | 385 | Fill | Fill of small posthole [386] cutting pit [350] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped | 0.31 | 0.38 | 0.13 | A moderate dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) 95\% sandy silt and 5\% occasional small rounded pebbles and very occasional small charcoal flecks. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. 1 bone fragment: unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section: <br> Plan: 182 |
| 386 | 386 | Cut | Cut of small posthole [386] cutting pit [350] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped | 0.31 | 0.38 | 0.13 | Cut of a small pit, cutting larger pit [350]. Sloping concave sides, rounded base. | Section: <br> Plan: 182 |
| 366 | 387 | Fill | Secondary fill of posthole [366] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.16 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 97\% silty clay with $3 \%$ stone inclusions. To the south west, fill contained mostly clay packing, including one piece that was reddish in colour. Clay was spot sampled. Clay and stone inclusions indicate packing. | Section:174 <br> Plan: 175 |
| 348 | 388 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [348] | Rounded | U shaped | 0.63 | 0.53 | 0.12 | Loose dark yellowy brown (10YR 4/6) 90\% silty sand fill with 5\% occasional medium rounded cobbles, $3 \%$ very occasional gravel at base and $2 \%$ very occasional charcoal flecks. | Section:187 <br> Plan: 188 |
| 370 | 389 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [370] | Irregular rounded corners | U <br> shaped | Unknow <br> n | 0.36 | 0.06 | Loose yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) 98\% silty sand with 2\% occasional small rounded pebbles. Primary fill of small shallow pit, possible silting of the base. Early Neolithic flint Knife. | Section:189 <br> Plan:190 |
| 358 | 390 | Fill | Burnt layer in pit [358] | Irregular | Square | 0.58 | 0.56 | 0.07 | Compact red (2.5YR 5/6) 95\% clay fill with 5\% occasional small gravel. Layer of burnt clay within clay fill of pit [396]. Thin layer of dark burning along the top of fill. Possible lining for a later feature. Cutting earlier pit [395]. 2 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. One blue-green case bottle fragment C18th. 6 bone fragments: large, medium. Ceramics 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 278 | 391 | Fill | Fill of posthole [278] in pit [238] | Rounded circular | $\mathrm{V}$ <br> shaped | 0.56 | 0.28 | 0.36 | Moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 90\% sandy silt fill with 8\% medium rounded cobbles and $2 \%$ charcoal flecks. | Section: 97 <br> Plan: 98 |
| 396 | 392 | Fill | Primary Clay <br> fill of [396] <br> cutting large <br> pit [395] | Irregular squared | Irregular | 0.76 | 1.27 | 0.23 | Compact light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) 95\% clay fill with 5\% occasional small gravel. Layer of un burnt clay cut into earlier pit [395]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section: } 199 \\ & \text { Plan: } 200 \end{aligned}$ |
| 395 | 393 | Fill | Secondary | Ovate | U | 2.31 | 1.35 | 0.31 | Moderate yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) 90\% sandy silt fill with 10\% | Section: 199 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | fill of large pit [395] |  | shaped |  | trunca <br> ted |  | medium rounded cobbles, charcoal flecks and occasional gravel. Mid fill of large pit cut by later pit and features [358, 396, 400]. Possible back fill and dumping of material post use. 2 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 17 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, unidentified. Copper alloy pin, iron/stone shears. Ceramics - 100\% c930-1150 (4 sherds). | Plan: 200 |
| 395 | 394 | Fill | Primary fill of large pit [395] | Ovate | Square | 1.88 | 1.41 | 0.46 | Moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 95\% sandy clay silt with 3\% occasional charcoal flecks and $2 \%$ very occasional small rounded cobbles. Layers of bluish silt possible silting and or water changes within fill. 5 fragments of C1-4th Roman brick. Neolithic flint end/thumb scraper. 41 bone fragments: bird, cattle, fowl, horse, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c9301150 (16 sherds). | Section: 199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 395 | 395 | Cut | Cut of large pit [395] | Ovate | Square | 2.31 | 1.46 | 0.72 | Pit cut by later features [358, 400]. Steep concave side in east, stepped convex side in west. Flat base. Possible rubbish pit. | Section: 199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 396 | 396 | Cut | Cut of clay deposit [396] cutting large pit [395] | Irregular | Irregular | 0.78 | 1.12 | 0.3 | Cut of clay feature cutting earlier pit [395]. Irregular with convex side in west concave in east. Base slopes towards west where it is deeper. Fire activity. | Section: 199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 398 | 397 | Fill | Fill of modern feature [398] | Rectangular | Sloping | 0.41 | 0.4 | 0.09 | Loose very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 97\% loamy sand with 3\% stone inclusions. Fill of modern intrusion. | Section: 197 <br> Plan: 198 |
| 398 | 398 | Cut | Cut of modern feature [398] | Rectangular | Sloping | 0.41 | 0.4 | 0.09 | Cut of modern intrusion cut into natural sand also through the western edge of pit [360]. | Section: 197 <br> Plan: 198 |
| 400 | 399 | Fill | Fill of pit [400] cutting earlier large pit [395] | Ovate | Irregular | 0.82 | 0.81 | 0.27 | Loose dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) 95\% sandy silt fill with 5\% occasional small square pebbles. Fill of small pit [400] cutting larger pit [395] truncated by large later service trench [316]. 3 fragments of C1-4th Roman brick. Undated flint flake. 1 bone fragment: medium. Stone sub spherical. Ironstone. Ceramics - 100\% c120-200 (2 sherds). | Section: 199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 400 | 400 | Cut | Cut of pit [400] cutting earlier large pit [395] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped irregular base | 0.82 | 0.81 | 0.27 | Cut of a small pit cutting larger pit [395] on the east side. Truncated by later service trench [316]. Concave sides with an irregular base. | Section:199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 401 | 401 | Deposit | Metal | Deposit | Layer | 16 | 12.5 | <0.25 | Metal finds | N/A |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Detecting <br> 2nd area of Plaza |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 402 | 402 | Deposit | Metal Detecting 2nd area Plaza Spoil | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Stray metal finds | N/A |
| 403 | 403 | Deposit | Occupation layer in Plaza | Deposit | Layer | 30 | 19.2 | At <br> deepest $0.4$ | An occupational brown silty sand (10YR 4/3) deposit/spread darker than the natural though not as dark as more obvious feature fills. Sporadic and irregular in shape throughout site-inconsistent- depths fluctuate- mostly seen in section in horizontal bands. | Area surveyed |
| 358 | 404 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [358] | Ovate | U <br> shaped <br> rounded <br> base | 1.41 | 0.67 | 0.31 | A greyish brown (10YR 5/2) moderately compacted $90 \%$ silty clay sand primary fill with $10 \%$ occasional small clay cobbles, burnt clay pieces and charcoal flecks. Devoid of finds. | Section:199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 405 | 405 | Deposit | Natural in Plaza | Deposit | Layer | 39.1 | 19.5 | N/A | Plaza Natural. Silty sand consisting of more clay towards the south. |  |
| 406 | 406 | Deposit | Topsoil in Plaza | Deposit | Layer | 39.1 | 19.5 | 0.4 | Topsoil in plaza. Consist of mostly silt clay garden soil concentrated to the centre and east of the site. Along the west topsoil consists of rubble and made up ground for structures. |  |
| 407 | 407 | Deposit | Subsoil in Plaza | Deposit | Layer | 39.1 | 19.5 | 0.3-0.5 | Subsoil in plaza. Consists of 90\% firm brown (7.5YR 4/2) silty clay mixed with $10 \%$ cobbles and occasional fragments of CBM. This deposit was not consistent all over site. Not present towards the east and north east. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (9 sherds). |  |
| 395 | 408 | Deposit | Grey stain layer in pit [395] | Rounded circular | Thin Layer | 1.51 | 1.13 | 0.05 | A thin layer of grey fill one (394) and under (393) within pit [395]. Loose and $100 \%$ sandy silt, grey (7.5YR) in colour running along the edge of the pit. Layer caused by possible changes in water table or may indicate the presence of a lining within the pit. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (6 sherds). | Section:199 <br> Plan: 200 |
| 409 | 409 | Cut | Cut of pit [409] on top of earlier pit [344] | Rounded circular | U <br> shaped <br> flat <br> based | 0.68 | 0.67 | 0.23 | Cut of smaller pit on top of earlier pit [344]. Concave sides and a flat base. Truncated by later modern pipe trench. Contents may suggest use as a rubbish pit containing mostly animal bones. | Section:178 <br> Plan: 179 |
| 490 | 410 | Fill | Secondary fill of linear sample [490] | Linear | $\mathrm{U}$ <br> shaped | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 0.7 | 0.15 | Secondary fill on linear [490]. Consists of a dark brown (10YR3/3) 70\% clay silty sand with $30 \%$ small cobbles. Probable fill of a wheel rut forming the east side of a north south trackway. 18 pieces of C1416th Medieval brick and plain tile. 27 bone fragments: cattle, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron fragments undiagnostic. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (12 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:228/2 } \\ & 41 \\ & \text { Plan:229 } \end{aligned}$ |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 455 | 411 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of <br> feature [455] | Layer | Layer | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.95 | 0.2 | Very dark grey (7.5YR 3/1) 95\% silty sand fill firm in compaction with $5 \%$ small cobbles and gravel inclusions. Secondary fill of feature [455]. | Section:215 |
| 415 | 414 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [415] | Linear | Concave | 1.32 | 0.65 | 0.2 | Very dark brown (10YR 2/2) secondary fill 95\% silty sand, firm compaction with $5 \%$ small gravel inclusions. Over primary fill (526). Cobbles placed in a linear pattern were observed within this fill. Cobbles may be the remains of a wheel rut of N-S trackway. Lenses of yellow clay and frequent charcoal fragments present. 9 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, medium. Iron wire or pin shank. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (4 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:252 } \\ & \text { Plan:249 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 415 | 415 | Cut | Cut of pit [415] | Linear | U shape | 1.32 | 0.75 | 0.6 | Extended beyond the northern edge of the excavation. Vertical edges and a shallow concave base. At the south truncated by pit [419]. Possibly predates N-S Trackway. | Section:252 <br> Plan: 249 |
| 417 | 416 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [417] | Ovate | Flat based U shaped | 0.79 | 0.66 | 0.18 | Firm compaction, dark brown (10YR3/3) 92\% silty sand secondary fill (over 541) with 8\% stone inclusions. Differed from other pits as it contained a quantity of mortar. A layer of shells that may have been associated with mortar production defined the bottom of this pit. 13 pieces of of C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. 39 bone fragment: bird, fish, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron nail. Bone? Pin beater. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (4 sherds). | Section:248 <br> Plan: 249 <br> Sample 61 |
| 417 | 417 | Cut | Cut of pit [417] | Ovate | Flat based U shaped | 0.79 | 0.66 | 0.29 | The pit had a regular flat-based $U$ profile and was cut into red orange sand. It was cut by pit [419]. | Section:248 <br> Plan: 249 |
| 419 | 418 | Fill | Fill of pit [419] | Ovate | Flat based U shaped | 2.27 | 1.87 | 0.52 | A dark brown (10YR 33) firm silty sand primary fill. Fill contained a high density of finds. 64 pieces of c13-16th peg, plain, Roman brick and ridge. 114 bone fragments: amphibian, cattle, fish, fowl, horse, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Copper alloy forked spacer buckle, iron nails and strip. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (38 sherds). | Section:248 <br> Plan: 249 |
| 419 | 419 | Cut | Cut of pit [419] | Ovate | Flat based U shaped | 2.27 | 1.87 | 0.52 | Cut of a pit. This was the most recent event in the sequence of pits and postholes $[415,540,533,417,528,538]$ in the northern part of plaza. Regular sides and base cut into orange sand and partially into clay. | Section:248 <br> Plan: 249 |
| 421 | 420 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [421] | Sub circular | U <br> shaped | 1.15 | 0.5 | 0.4 | A soft dark grey (10YR 4/1) 99\% sand primary fill with $1 \%$ smallrounded pebbles. Fill gradually changes to clayey sand at base. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section:240 <br> Plan: 239 |
| 421 | 421 | Cut | Cut of pit [421] | Sub circular | U <br> shaped | 1.23 | 1.57 | 0.36 | Steep sided cut with very distinct edges. Base flat and regular particularly on the southern edge of feature. | Section:240 <br> Plan: 239 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 423 | 422 | Fill | Fill of pit [423] | Sub circular | Irregular concave | 0.5 <br> excavat ed | 1.65 | 0.28 | Firm very dark grey (10YR 3/1) 98\% sand primary fill with $2 \%$ small rounded pebbles. Colour of fill gradually lightens to the south of the feature. 6 bone fragments: fowl, large, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (8 sherds). | Section:238 <br> Plan: 239 |
| 423 | 423 | Cut | Cut of pit [423] | Sub circular | Irregular concave | 0.5 <br> excavat ed | 1.65 | 0.28 | Shallow cut rising towards the north. Edges are distinct apart from at the north. | Section:238 <br> Plan: 239 |
| 425 | 424 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [425] | Ovate | Concave | 2.32 | 1.6 | 0.55 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 80 \% silty sand secondary fill with 20\% gravel and cobbles. The interface between secondary fill (424) and primary fill (542) was characterised by a thin layer of shell fragments. 198 pieces consisting of C14th-16th hip, medieval brick, peg, plain, Roman brick and ridge. 402 bone fragments: bird, cat, cattle, chicken, fish, goose, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Copper alloy pins, lace tag, iron object? tool, iron hinge pivot, knife fragment, nails, slag. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 ( 82 sherds). | Section:246 <br> Plan: 247 <br> Sample 64 |
| 425 | 425 | Cut | Cut of pit [425] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 2.48 | 1.6 | 0.75 | Cut of an ovate feature. The northern edge cuts into the natural in a two steps other edges cut the natural at a 45-degree angle. Base is uneven but concaved. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:246 } \\ & \text { Plan: } 247 \end{aligned}$ |
| 426 | 426 | Horizon | Hand cleaning West Side Plaza | Layer | Layer | 21 | 10 | <0.05 | Context allocated to the hand cleaning layer and any associated stray finds from this horizon. 30 pieces of C14-16th consisting of medieval brick, plain and Roman brick. Early Mesolithic flint microlith debitage. One Olive green post medieval glass fragment. 54 bone fragments: cattle, dog, horse, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Copper alloy undiagnostic fragment, iron nail fragments, slag. Bone? pin beater. Fired clay tobacco pipe bowl. Ceramics - 10\% c120-200 (11 sherds), 10\% c1050/70-1150 (11 sherds), 80\% c1350-1500 (92 sherds) |  |
| 427 | 427 | Horizon | Topsoil in Cloister gardens | Deposit | Layer | 12 | 8 | 0.5 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 80\% clay silty sand layer with 20\% gravel inclusions. Garden soil in cloister gardens area. Over [428]. |  |
| 428 | 428 | Horizon | Grey silty clay in Cloister gardens | Deposit | Layer | 12 | 8 | <0.3 | Firm grey (10YR 5/1) 95\% silty clay layer under [427] and over (429) within the cloister gardens. Contained $5 \%$ small cobbles and gravel. Make up ground contemporary with the construction of St Josephs. 3 bone fragments: cattle, rabbit, large. Wooden teaspoon. |  |
| 368 | 429 | Fill | Strong Brown clay over Brick well [368] | Irregular Ovate | Deposit | 4.8 | 2 | 0.3 | Strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) 90\%silty clay fill with $10 \%$ stone inclusions. Excavated by machine the deposit covered the northern half of well [368]. A fill most likely associated with a deposit occurring after the construction of the well. | by photo |
| 431 | 430 | Fill | Fill of ovate feature | Circular | Straight sided | 0.6 | 0.56 | 0.32 | Moderately compacted very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 70\% clay sand primary fill with $30 \%$ clay and mixed stone inclusions. 3 pieces of | Section:230 <br> Plan: 231 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [431] |  | irregular |  |  |  | C14-16th medieval brick. 4 bone fragments: pig, unidentified. Fired clay tobacco pipe stems and bowls. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 (3 sherds). |  |
| 431 | 431 | Cut | cut of ovate feature [431] | Circular | Straight sided irregular | 0.6 | 0.56 | 0.32 | Cut of a large posthole. Edges on one side straight other side irregular may be due to posthole removal. | Section:230 <br> Plan: 231 |
| 433 | 432 | Fill | Fill of rectangular feature [433] | Rectangular | Layer | 0.9 <br> excavat ed | 1.2 excav ated | 0.35 | A firm brown (10YR 4/3) silty sand layer initially excavated as a feature however was recognised as a deposit layer as there was no cut. Same as $(403,497) .2$ fragments $\mathrm{C} 13-16$ th plain tile and Roman brick. 5 bone fragments: cattle, pig, large. Iron pricket, knife blade, nails, slag. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (18 sherds). | Section:244 <br> Plan: 245 |
| 433 | 433 | Cut | Cut of rectangular feature [433] | Rectangular | Layer | 0.9 <br> excavat ed | 1.2 <br> excav <br> ated | 0.35 | Number allocated to the cut of (432). Identified as an occupational deposit not a feature. Same as $(403,497)$. | Section:244 <br> Plan: 245 |
| 435 | 434 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [435] | Irregular | Irregular | 0.85 | 0.6 | 0.02 | A moderately compacted very dark grey (10YR 3/1) fill. Identified as a natural depression. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. Lead alloy plug. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Plan: 227 |
| 435 | 435 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [435] | Irregular | Irregular | 0.85 | 0.6 | 0.02 | Cut number allocated to fill (434). Natural depression no specific cut. | Plan: 227 |
| 437 | 436 | Fill | Fill of small circular feature [437] | Sub circular | Concave | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.05 | Soft 100\% sand fill -defined as natural through hand excavation. Likely a solution hollow or bioturbulance fill. |  |
| 437 | 437 | Cut | Cut of small circular feature [437] | Sub circular | Concave | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.05 | Cut number allocated to fill (436). Defined as natural, no specific cut identified. Likely a solution hollow or bioturbulance. |  |
| 439 | 438 | Fill | Fill of posthole [439] | Ovate | Shallow bowl | 0.4 | 0.32 | 0.07 | A moderately compacted very dark grey (10YR 3/1) clay sand primary fill. Occasional charcoal flecking. Possible posthole fill. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:225 <br> Plan: 226 |
| 439 | 439 | Cut | Cut of posthole [439] | Ovate | Shallow bowl | 0.4 | 0.32 | 0.07 | Cut of an ovate feature shallow in depth. May be related to a similar feature [441]. Possible posthole base. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:225 } \\ & \text { Plan: } 226 \end{aligned}$ |
| 441 | 440 | Fill | Fill of posthole | Circular | Shallow bowl | 0.28 | 0.34 | 0.12 | A moderately compacted very dark grey (10YR 3/1) clay sand primary fill. Occasional charcoal flecking. Possible posthole fill. Similar to | Section:223 <br> Plan: 224 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [441] |  |  |  |  |  | (438). 1 piece of C1-4th Roman brick. |  |
| 441 | 441 | Cut | Cut of posthole [441] | Circular | Shallow bowl | 0.28 | 0.34 | 0.12 | Cut of a circular feature shallow in depth. May be related to [439]. Posthole base. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:223 } \\ & \text { Plan: } 224 \end{aligned}$ |
| 443 | 442 | Fill | Cobble spread [443] between linear | Ovate | Layer | 5.8 | 2.6 | 0.05 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) sandy silt fill with $40 \%$ cobble inclusions. Cobbles between $0.05-0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ in diameter. Possible trackway fill. Pottery was found embedded within the trackway. Same as [495]. | Surveyed spread |
| 443 | 443 | Cut | Cut for cobble [443] spread between linear | Ovate | Layer | 5.8 | 2.6 | 0.05 | A spread layer ovate in shape with no visible cut. This layer is above trackway and identified as cobble trackway surface. | Surveyed spread |
| 445 | 444 | Fill | Fill of modern drain [445] | Linear | Rectang ular | 2 | 0.55 | 0.02 | A moderately compacted grey (10YR 5/1) fill comprised of 100\% gravel and sand used to encase a modern drainpipe that was removed by machine. | Photograph |
| 445 | 445 | Cut | Cut of modern drain [445] | Linear | Rectang ular | 2 | 0.55 | 0.02 | The cut of a modern drain shallow in depth due to the partial removal by machine. |  |
| 447 | 446 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of east <br> linear <br> sample <br> [447] | Linear | Concave | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 1.4 | 0.14 | A soft very dark brown (10YR 2/3) 90\% silty sand secondary fill with $10 \%$ small rounded pebble/cobble inclusions. Over (502). 11 fragments consisting of C16-18th plain, Post Medieval and Roman brick. 19 bone fragments: cattle, pig, sheep/goat, medium, unidentified. Copper alloy fragment undiagnostic, iron nail. Ceramics 100\% c1250-1350 ( 26 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:220 } \\ & 221 \\ & \text { Plan: } 222 \end{aligned}$ |
| 447 | 447 | Cut | Cut of east linear sample [447] | Linear | Concave | $0.6$ <br> excavat ed | 1.4 | 0.25 | Linear wide shallow concave cut. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:220 } \\ & 221 \\ & \text { Plan: } 222 \end{aligned}$ |
| 448 | 448 | Cut | Cut of large feature [448] | Not seen | U shape flat base | 2.4 | 1.6 | 0.48 | Feature heavily truncated by modern drain [445] and by pit [512] and partially by trackway cut [490]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:228/2 } \\ & 41 \quad \text { Plan: } \\ & 229 \end{aligned}$ |
| 448 | 449 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of [448] | Deposit | Concave | $0.8$ <br> excavat ed | 0.9 | 0.06 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 90\% clay silty sand 10\% small gravel inclusions. 2 bone fragments: cattle, large. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (7 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:228/2 } \\ & 41 \quad \text { Plan: } \\ & 229 \end{aligned}$ |
| 455 | 450 | Fill | Primary fill of feature [455] | Deposit | Layer | 0.6 <br> excavat <br> ed | 0.8 | 0.1 | A firm very dark grey (10YR 3/1) 98\% sandy silt primary fill with $2 \%$ small gravel inclusions. Had organic texture possibly due to organic material accumulating whilst the feature was left open. | Section:215 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 451 | 451 | Event | Sample <br> Record of stratigraphy in Western bulk of Plaza | Section | Rectang ular | N/A | 2 | 1.28 | Opportunity was taken to clean the exposed bulk to retain a photographic sample of the stratigraphy for this area in the site. Made up of 10 cm tarmac, 0.13 made up ground incorporating CBM and rubble, 0.17 homogenous dark grey brown silty soil, 0.3 dark brown clay silt with infrequent charcoal flecks, CBM and gravel, 0.48 reddish brown sandy silt with frequent small charcoal and CBM flecks, gravel. |  |
| 453 | 452 | Fill | Fill of wheel rut [453] | Linear | U <br> shaped | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 0.4 | 0.21 | A firm dark brown (10YR3/3) 60\% clay silty sand primary fill with 40\% cobble inclusions. Cobbles ranged in size $5-8 \mathrm{~cm}$. 5 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 3 bone fragments: unidentified. Iron hook and nail fragments. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (5 sherds). | Section:241 <br> Plan: 233 |
| 453 | 453 | Cut | Cut of wheel rut [453] | Linear | U shaped | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 0.4 | 0.21 | Cut of a wheel rut. Associated with wheel rut [507]. Both these wheel ruts form the western part of a N-S trackway. | Section: 241 <br> Plan: 233 |
| 455 | 454 | Fill | Upper fill of square feature [455] | Rectangul ar | U <br> shaped flat based | 0.7 <br> excavat ed | 1.05 | 0.5 | A firm black (10YR 2/1) 90\% sandy clay upper fill of feature [455]. Over (411). With $10 \%$ small cobble and gravel inclusions. 4 pieces C14-16th medieval brick, plain tile and Roman brick. 5 bone fragments: unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (5 sherds). | Section: 215 <br> Plan: 216 |
| 455 | 455 | Cut | Cut of square feature [455] | Rectangular | U <br> shaped flat based | 0.7 <br> excavat ed | 1.05 | 0.5 | A sub square shaped feature in plan with a $U$ shaped shallow concave base. The excavated part shows vertical edges. The eastern edge of this feature extends beyond the eastern edge of the excavation. Cuts [457]. | Section: 215 <br> Plan: 216 |
| 457 | 456 | Fill | Fill of feature [457] | Sub Square | Square | 0.3 <br> excavat ed | 0.24 | 0.3 | A firm very dark brown (7.5YR2.5/2) 95\% sandy silt primary fill with 5\% sporadic small cobbles mostly concentrated along the edges. May indicate packing material. 1 fragment $\mathrm{C} 13-16$ th plain tile. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:217 <br> Plan: 218 |
| 457 | 457 | Cut | Cut of feature [457] | Sub Square | Square | 0.3 <br> excavat ed | 0.24 | 0.3 | A sub square feature with vertical edges and a flat base. Associated with posthole [459]. [455] cut the north edge of [457]. | Section: 217 <br> Plan: 218 |
| 459 | 458 | Fill | Fill of square posthole [459] | Square | Steep sided V | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.19 | A firm dark grey (10YR 3/1) 99\% sandy silt primary fill with $1 \%$ charcoal flecking. Fill was consistent in character and clearly defined from the natural [405]. Sterile aside from slight charcoal flecking. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section: 209 <br> Plan: 210 |
| 459 | 459 | Cut | Cut of square posthole [459] | Square | Steep sided V | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.19 | U shaped cut with steep edges forming a square feature. | Section: 209 <br> Plan: 210 |
| 461 | 460 | Fill | Fill of modern | Linear | Square | 0.75 excavat | 0.32 | 0.24 | A loose very dark grey (7.5YR 3/1) 100\% clay sand primary fill surrounding a ceramic 20th century drainage pipe. Ceramics - 67\% | Section: 213 <br> Plan: 214 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing <br> Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | drain [461] |  |  | ed |  |  | c160-225 (2 sherds, 33\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). |  |
| 461 | 461 | Cut | Cut of modern drain NESW [461] | Linear | Square | $0.75$ <br> excavat ed | 0.32 | 0.24 | Linear cut for modern drain aligned NE-SW. | Section: 213 <br> Plan: 214 |
| 463 | 462 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [463] | Irregular | Irregular concave | $0.6$ <br> excavat ed | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5 \\ & \text { excav } \\ & \text { ated } \end{aligned}$ | 0.15 | A soft very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 95\% silty sand fill with 5\% small rounded pebbles. Natural. 3 bone fragments: medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 20\% Roman (1 sherd), 80\% c1050/70-1150 (4 sherds). | Section: <br> 211,212 <br> Plan: 219 |
| 463 | 463 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [463] | Irregular | Irregular concave | $0.6$ <br> excavat ed | 0.5 <br> excav <br> ated | 0.15 | No defining cut, natural in characteristics. Similar in shape and fill to [465]. Cut by [473] and [477]. | Section: <br> 211,212 <br> Plan: 219 |
| 465 | 464 | Fill | Fill of linear feature [465] | Linear | Shallow | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.68 | 0.08 | A soft black (7.5YR 2.5/1) 98\% sandy clay primary fill with $2 \%$ irregular rounded pebble inclusions. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section:206 <br> Plan: 207 |
| 465 | 465 | Cut | Cut of linear feature [465] | Linear | Irregular concave | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.68 | 0.08 | A shallow irregular depression in (482). | Section: 206 <br> Plan: 207 |
| 467 | 466 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [467] | Circular | Shallow bowl | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.08 | A moderate dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) 90\% clay sand primary fill. | Section:234 <br> Plan: 235 |
| 467 | 467 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [467] | Circular | Shallow bowl | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.08 | The cut of a small posthole. Due to shallow depth likely to be the bottom of the feature. | Section:234 <br> Plan: 235 |
| 469 | 468 | Fill | Fill of circular feature [469] | Circular | Flat bottom ed bowl | 0.44 | 0.4 | 0.12 | A moderate dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) 90\% clay sand secondary fill with $10 \%$ small stone inclusions. 1 fragment C13-16th plain tile. 3 bone fragments: large, unidentified. | Section:236 <br> Plan:237 |
| 469 | 469 | Cut | Cut of circular feature [469] | Circular | Flat bottom ed bowl | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.19 | Cut of a small bowl shaped clay-lined pit. Pit may be associated with the need for retaining water and industry associated with linen and leather production. | Section: 236 <br> Plan: 237 |
| 471 | 470 | Fill | Fill of cobbled linear feature | Linear | Layer | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.35 | 0.05 | Friable dark brown (10YR 3/3) 90\% silt sand fill with 10\% irregular rounded cobbles. Cobbles not in any order positioned in deeper section of wheel rut may indicate repair of potholes. Ceramics - 67\% c100-300 (2 sherds), 33\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section: 206 <br> Plan: 208 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [471] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 471 | 471 | Cut | Cut of cobbled linear feature [471] | Linear | Concave | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.35 | 0.05 | A shallow narrow steep linear sided rut running through an underlying deposit. Possible posthole or wheel rut? | Section:206 <br> Plan:208 |
| 473 | 472 | Fill | Fill of ovate feature [473] | Ovate | Concave | 0.5 <br> excavat ed | 0.3 | 0.12 | A firm very dark grey (10YR 3/1) 99\% sandy clay fill with 1\% irregular small rounded pebble inclusions. Mottled grey and brown (iron?) with a gravelly edge and base. 1 fragment C13-16th plain tile. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:212 } \\ & \text { Plan:219 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 473 | 473 | Cut | Cut of ovate feature [473] | Ovate | Concave | 0.5 <br> excavat ed | 0.3 | 0.12 | A steep sided cut with a sloping base (slopes down to northeast). Edges not distinct. Shallow depth of feature indicates likely to be a pot hole. | Section:212 <br> Plan:219 |
| 474 | 474 | Cut | Cut of linear [474] | Linear | Wide U shaped | 1 m <br> excavat ed | 0.3 | 0.12 | Cut for a linear aligned approximately north south. | Section:213 <br> Plan:214 |
| 474 | 475 | Fill | Fill of linear [474] | Linear | Wide U shaped | 1 m <br> excavat ed | 0.3 | 0.12 | Loose dark grey (10YR 4/1) 100\% clay sand fill. Fill of a linear aligned approximately north south. Two fragments of C1-4th Roman brick. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:213 <br> Plan:214 |
| 477 | 476 | Fill | Fill of linear [477] | Linear | U <br> shaped | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 0.4 | 0.18 | Soft very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 65\% silty sand fill with $35 \%$ rounded pebbles $<0.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ diameter inclusions. One single large cobble in the middle. Southern half of slot excavated appeared to be lined with pebbles/cobbles, closely packed into the cut to form a surface. North half of slot contained loose cobbles not laid. Cobbles in southern half of slot suggest this gulley represents a pottery hole or deeper dip in the wheel rut. Suggests repairs or consolidation of the pot hole. Three pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 1 bone fragment: unidentified. Iron nail shank. Ceramics - 43\% c120-200 (3 sherds), 57\% c1150-1250 (4 sherds). | Section:211 <br> Plan:219 |
| 477 | 477 | Cut | Cut of linear [477] | Linear | U shaped | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 0.4 | 0.18 | Narrow steep sided linear gulley in an underlying deposit. Irregular sides, base is nearly flat, very shallow concave. Irregular sides suggest it is not a deliberate cut, more likely wear and tear. Pot hole in trackway wheel rut consolidation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:211 } \\ & \text { Plan:219 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 479 | 478 | Fill | Fill of pit [479] in pad 5 | Unknown | U <br> shaped | 0.5 | 0.43 | 0.5 | Loose grey brown (10YR 4/2) 10\% sandy silt fill with 90\% rounded cobbles <20 cm in diameter and fragmented CBM inclusions. The CBM was vertically positioned in the fill between the large cobbles. Pit discovered while pad 5 was being excavated for boundary wall reinforcements. Dangerous depth of excavation deterred section drawing. 10 pieces of C13-16th peg, plain and ridge tile. Ceramics 100\% c1350-1500 (2 sherds). Roman coin (Illegible C3rd-4th probably | Photographed only |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing <br> Numbers |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Radiate, Antoninianus). |  |
| 479 | 479 | Cut | Cut of pit [479] in pad 5 | Unknown | U <br> shaped | 0.5 | 0.43 | 0.5 | Cut of a pit in pad 5, u shaped partial pit observed during the excavation of foundation pads. Steep edged. | Section: <br> Plan: |
| 480 | 480 | Event | Hand cleaning of west wheel rut | Linear | Layer | 12 | 4 | 0.05 | Context assigned to the west linear feature (north south aligned) identified as wheel ruts of a trackway. Finds recovery. | Section: <br> Plan: |
| 481 | 481 | Event | Hand cleaning of east wheel rut | Linear | Layer | 12 | 4 | 0.05 | Context assigned to the east linear feature (north south aligned) identified as wheel ruts of a trackway. Finds recovery. Two pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 4 bone fragments: large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 ( 2 sherds). | Section: <br> Plan: |
| 483 | 482 | Fill | Fill of box section [483] | Rectangular | Square | 0.81 | 0.9 | 0.25 | Loose to moderate brown (7.5YR 4/2) 100\% clay sand fill. Fill also contained a modern drainage pipe (460) [461] and linear (475) [474]. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c200-400 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:213 } \\ & \text { Plan:214 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 483 | 483 | Cut | Cut of box section [483] | Rectangular | Square | 0.81 | 0.9 | 0.25 | Cut of a box section that contained 2 linear features [461] and [474]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:213 } \\ & \text { Plan:214 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 451 | 484 | Fill | Gravel limestone in bulk section [451] | Deposit | Layer | N/A | N/A | 0.3 | A modern deposit of limestone gravel, hard in compaction, very pale brown (10YR 7/3). Deposited as the make up ground for a concrete base for a building. (484 is over (485) | Photographed section only |
| 451 | 485 | Fill | Tarmac in bulk section [451] | Layer | Layer | N/A | N/A | 0.12 | A hard black (10YR 2/1) tarmac layer west of plaza area. (485) over (486). | Photographed section only |
| 451 | 486 | Fill | Rubble/ Make up in bulk section [451] | Deposit | Layer | N/A | N/A | 0.1 | A firm to loose very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 30\% sandy silt fill with 70\% rubble inclusions. Fragmented CBM, mortar and small gravel present. (486) over (487). | Photographed section only |
| 451 | 487 | Fill | Dark brown garden soil in bulk section [451] | Deposit | Layer | N/A | N/A | 0.16 | A firm dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) 95\% clay silty sand fill with 5\% fragmented CBM and gravel inclusions. Identified and recorded from section as the possible 19th C garden soil. (487) is over (488) | Photographed section only |
| 451 | 488 | Fill | Clay silt deposit in bulk section [451] | Deposit | Layer | N/A | N/A | 0.3 | A firm very dark brown (7.5YR 2.5/3) 95\% clay sandy silt with 5\% small cobble inclusions. A thick deposit with bioturbulance. Identified and recorded as possible post medieval deposit/layer. (488) is over (489). | Photographed section only |
| 451 | 489 | Fill | Dark brown | Deposit | Layer | N/A | N/A | 0.3 | A firm dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) 95\% clay sandy silt fill with 5\% small | Photographed |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  | deposit in bulk section [451] |  |  |  |  |  | gravel inclusions. Possible Medieval deposit. (489) is under (488). 17 fragments of C14-16th medieval brick? plain tile. 26 bone fragments: cattle, cat, goose, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron nail, slag. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1350-1500 ( 6 sherds). | section only |
| 490 | 490 | Cut | Cut of linear sample [490] | Linear | Concave | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 1.2 | 0.26 | A cut for a north south aligned linear feature with edges cutting at about 45 to 50 degree angles forming a concave base. Interpreted as the east part of a north south aligned trackway. The shape in plane and profile are likely to have formed due to wheel rut erosion. | Section:228/2 41 <br> Plan:229 |
| 492 | 492 | Cut | Posthole in base of linear sample [490] | Rectangular | Sub <br> rectang ular | 0.15 <br> excavat ed | 0.3 | 0.15 | Vertically sided cut with very square corners, truncated by wheel rut [447]. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Section:221 } \\ & \text { Plan:222 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 492 | 491 | Fill | Fill of posthole [492] | Rectangular | Sub rectang ular | 0.15 <br> excavat ed | 0.3 | 0.15 | Soft very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 99\% silty sand file with 1\% small rounded pebbles. This is not distinct from overlying fill (446). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:221 } \\ & \text { Plan:222 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 493 | 493 | Event | Metal detecting in Plaza | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Context number allocated to the metal detecting in plaza 3. | Section: Plan: |
| 494 | 494 | Event | Metal detecting the spoil in Plaza | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Context number allocated to the detection of metal finds in the spoil heap of plaza 3. | Section: Plan: |
| 495 | 495 | Layer | Cobbled surface [495] | Rectangul ar | Layer | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.05 | A cobbled surface sample patch. This area was sampled due to the presence of pottery sherds/CBM which had been compacted into the surface of the cobbles. 17 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. 2 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Iron nails. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/701150 (1 sherd). |  |
| 421 | 496 | Fill | Secondary fill in pit [421] | Sub circular | U <br> Shaped | 0.5 | 0.65 | 0.27 | Firm very dark grey (10YR 3/1) 99\% silty sand fill with 1\% small rounded pebble inclusions. Fill appears organic with occasional discrete lumps of clay. Pit [421] with fills (496) and (420) may indicate a fill that has slumped or has leaching especially indicated in fill (420). 2 fragments of C13-16th ridge tile. 2 bone fragments: unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:240 <br> Plan:239 |
| 498 | 497 | Fill | Fill of sample [498] through occupationa | Deposit | Layer | 1.2 <br> excavat ed | 1.4 excav ated | 0.1 | Firm brown (10YR 4/3) silty sand fill of a circular feature [498]. Originally excavated as the fill of a possible feature. It became apparent during excavation that this was not a feature and context (497) was identified as the occupation layer, the same as (432). |  |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing <br> Numbers |
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|  |  |  | I layer [403] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 498 | 498 | Cut | Cut of sample [498] through occupationa I layer [403] | Square | Layer | 1.2 <br> excavat ed | 1.4 <br> excav <br> ated | 0.1 | Number allocated to the cut of a possible square feature [498]. After excavation was identified as being the occupation layer (432). Excavated as a box sample. |  |
| 448 | 499 | Fill | Primary fill of large feature [448] |  | U <br> shaped |  | 1.6 | 0.5 | Firm reddish brown (5YR 4/4) 90\% sandy clay fill with 10\% cobble and small gravel inclusions. 2 fragments C1-4th Roman brick. 3 bone fragments: horse, pig, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (3 sherds). | ```Section:228/2 41 Plan:229``` |
| 501 | 500 | Fill | Fill of pit [501] | Circular | U <br> Shaped | 1 | 1.35 | 0.47 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 95\% silty sand fill with 5\% gravel and occasional small cobble inclusions. At the base of this deposit, mostly concentrated on the southern side of the pit, there was a thin layer of silty sand material interpreted as the possible remains of fire activity. 13 bone fragments: fish, sheep/goat, large, medium, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1350 (3 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:244 } \\ & \text { Plan:245 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 501 | 501 | Cut | Cut of pit [501] | Circular | U <br> Shaped | 1 | 1.35 | 0.65 | Cut of a possible posthole with nearly vertical edges and a shallow concave base. The east side of this feature extended beyond the edge of the excavation. | Section:244 <br> Plan:245 |
| 447 | 502 | Fill | Primary fill of linear [447] | Linear | Irregular | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.9 | 0.14 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 98\% silty sand primary fill with $2 \%$ gravel and sporadic small cobble inclusions. It is likely that fill (502) formed due to erosion from heavy cart traffic (wheel ruts). | Section:220/2 <br> 21 Plan: |
| 504 | 503 | Fill | Fill of posthole [504] | Ovate | Ovate | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.16 | Moderate dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) 99\% clay sand with 1\% small stone inclusions. Fill of a large posthole/pottery hole? 9 pieces of C13-16th plain tile and Roman brick. 4 bone fragments: medium, unidentified. | Section:230 <br> Plan:231 |
| 504 | 504 | Cut | Cut of posthole [504] | Ovate | Ovate | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.16 | The cut of a large pothole. | Section:230 <br> Plan:231 |
| 506 | 505 | Fill | Fill of west wheel rut sample [506] | Irregular <br> Linear | U <br> shaped | 0.9 <br> excavat ed | 0.25 | 0.07 | Moderate very dark grey (7.5YR 3/1) $80 \%$ clay sand fill with $20 \%$ cobble inclusions. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. | Section:230 <br> Plan:231 |
| 506 | 506 | Cut | Cut of west wheel rut sample [506] | Irregular Linear | U <br> shaped | 0.9 <br> excavat ed | 0.25 | 0.07 | Shallow U shaped cut, indicative of a trackway aligned north south. | Section:230 <br> Plan:231 |
| 507 | 507 | Cut | Cut for west wheel rut | Linear | Concave | 0.8 | 0.26 | 0.1 | Linear feature with a concave profile, part of a wheel rut on the west side of a north south aligned trackway. | Section:232 <br> Plan:233 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  | sample [507] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 533 | 508 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [533] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.2 | 0.42 | 0.48 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 96\% silty sand fill with 4\% stone inclusions. A clean fill with relatively few larger inclusions. 19 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:250 } \\ & \text { Plan:249 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 509 | 509 | Cut | Cut for east wheel rut sample [509] | Linear | Concave | $0.8$ <br> excavat ed | 1.2 | 0.24 | Shallow edges cutting the natural at a 30 degree angle with a concave base. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:232 } \\ & \text { Plan:233 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 509 | 510 | Fill | Fill of east wheel rut sample [509] | Linear | U shape | $0.8$ <br> excavat ed | 1.2 | 0.24 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 90\% clay silty sand fill with $10 \%$ small gravel. Interpreted as the fill of the east trackway ditch [509]. Mesolithic or Early Neolithic flint blade. 3 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 2 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (6 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:232 } \\ & \text { Plan:233 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 512 | 511 | Fill | Fill of pit [512] cutting [499] | Sub circular | U shaped | 0.44 <br> excavat <br> ed | 0.51 | 0.33 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 90\% clay silty sand fill with 10\% fragmented CBM and gravel, with occasional small cobbles. 2 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:241 } \\ & \text { Plan:229 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 512 | 512 | Cut | Cut of pit [512] cutting [499] | Sub circular | U <br> shaped | $0.44$ <br> excavat ed | 0.51 | 0.33 | Edges cutting at about a 45-50 degree angle into a shallow concave base. Most of the feature extends beyond the eastern edge of the excavation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:241 } \\ & \text { Plan:229 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 514 | 513 | Fill | Upper fill of orange feature [514] | Linear | Concave | $0.5$ <br> excavat ed | 0.75 | 0.3 | Firm brown (7.5YR 4/3) with mottled orange reddish areas, 85\% clay sand fill with $15 \%$ gravel inclusions. Bioturbulance present. South sandier, north more gravelly although distinction is gradual. Fill structure likely linked to water activity. Environmental Sample (see Report, Carrott, 2017). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:238/2 } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { Plan:239 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 514 | 514 | Cut | Cut of orange feature [514] | Linear | Concave | $0.5$ <br> excavat ed | 0.88 | 0.56 | Clear concave cut in underlying natural (405). Regular shape suggests deliberate cut. Pit lined with clay may indicate the need for retaining water associated with leather or linen production. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:238/2 } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { Plan:239 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 514 | 515 | Fill | Secondary fill of orange feature [514] | Linear | Concave | $0.5$ <br> excavat ed | 0.85 | 0.2 | Firm dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) 70\% clay fill with 30\% gravel inclusions. Thick clay layers interspersed with thin gravely clay deposits. Clear concave profile, all layers following this profile. Distinction between this fill and underlying (516) is mixed. | ```Section:238/2 40 Plan:239``` |
| 514 | 516 | Fill | Primary fill of [514] | Linear | Concave | 0.5 <br> excavat <br> ed | 0.8 | 0.6 | Hard dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3) 50\% sandy clay primary fill with $2 \%$ angular stone fragments and 48\% gravel. | ```Section:238/2 40 Plan:239``` |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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| 518 | 517 | Fill | Fill of irregular feature [518] | Irregular | Irregular concave | 2 | 0.5 <br> excav <br> ated | 0.55 | Soft dark brown (10YR 3/3) 99\% sand fill with 1\% small rounded pebbles. Patchy fill with colour variations, no clear distinction likely bioturbulance. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:238/2 } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { Plan:239 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 518 | 518 | Cut | Cut of irregular feature [518] | Irregular | Irregular concave | 2 | $0.5$ <br> excav ated | 0.55 | Steep sided cut with very irregular base, edges unclear, particularly at the base where it meets natural. Multiple concavities in base of cut. | Section:238/2 40 <br> Plan:239 |
| 507 | 519 | Fill | Fill of west wheel rut sample [507] | Linear | Concave | $0.8$ <br> excavat ed | 0.28 | 0.1 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 60\% clay silty sand fill with 40\% medium $<8 \mathrm{~cm}$ sized cobble inclusions. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. 2 bone fragments: large. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:232 <br> Plan:233 |
| 509 | 520 | Fill | Fill of east wheel rut sample [509] | Linear | Concave | $0.8$ <br> excavat ed | 0.4 | 0.1 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 80\% clay silty sand fill with $20 \%$ medium $<8 \mathrm{~cm}$ sized cobble inclusions. 6 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. 5 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, medium. Ceramics - 100\% c1150-1250 (15 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:232 } \\ & \text { Plan:233 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 490 | 521 | Fill | Primary fill of [490] | Linear | Concave | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 1.2 | 0.26 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 90\% clay silty sand fill with $10 \%$ small gravel inclusions. Identified as the infill of a shallow ditch which forms the east side of a north south aligned trackway. | ```Section:228/2 41 Plan:229``` |
| 415 | 522 | Fill | Primary fill of [415] | Linear | Layer | 1.32 | 0.55 | 0.25 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 95\% silty sand fill with 4\% gravel and 1\% cobble inclusions. Most of the cobble has accumulated at the bottom of the feature. | Section:252 Plan: |
| 524 | 523 | Fill | Fill of posthole [524] | Rectangular | Concave | $0.13$ <br> excavat ed | 0.18 | 0.05 | Soft very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 100\% silty sand fill, clearly distinct from underlying deposits. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1350-1500 (4 sherds). | Section:242 <br> Plan:243 |
| 524 | 524 | Cut | Cut of posthole [524] | Rectangular | Concave | 0.13 <br> excavat <br> ed | 0.18 | 0.05 | Steep sided but very shallow cut with a regular base. | Section:242 <br> Plan:243 |
| 469 | 525 | Fill | Clay lining of circular feature [469] | Circular | Concave | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.07 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 99\% sandy clay with 1\% small rounded pebble inclusions. Appears to be deliberately laid clay lining to a pit [469]. | Section:236 <br> Plan:237 |
| 415 | 526 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [415] under (414) | Linear | Deposit | 1.32 | 0.75 | 0.2 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 96\% sandy silt fill and 4\% small gravel and small cobbles. 34 bone fragments: cattle, chicken, fish, sheep/goat, large, medium, and identified. Copper alloy sheet fragments, slag. Medieval coin (Alexander III, Scottish Long Cross Penny AD 1249-80). | Section:252 <br> Plan:249 |
| 528 | 527 | Fill | Fill of posthole | Round | U <br> Shaped | 0.38 | 0.33 | 0.61 | Firm brown (10YR 4/3) 97\% silty sand fill, relatively inclusion free. Bioturbulance on the western edge. 3 pieces of C13-16th peg and | Section:248 <br> Plan:249 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  | [528] |  |  |  |  |  | plain tile. 2 bone fragments: large, unidentified. Iron strip tapering and bent. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (4 sherds). |  |
| 528 | 528 | Cut | Cut of posthole [528] | Round | U Shaped | 0.38 | 0.33 | 0.61 | Cut of a posthole, cut by pit [419]. The cut was $U$ shaped into natural orange sand. Towards the base it narrowed to a $V$, indicating the post had been sharpened and hammered into the soil. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:248 } \\ & \text { Plan:249 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 529 | 529 | Cut | Excavation of reinforceme nt pads | Square | Rectang ular | 2 | 2 | 1 | Excavation of 6 square pits to establish bases to support metal buttresses for original monastery wall fronting Lawrence Street. |  |
| 530 | 530 | Cut | Excavation for underpinnin g north wall | Square | Rectang ular | 19 | 1 | 1 | Excavation cut for the underpinning of the wall fronting Lawrence Street. Slots were machine dug with further hand digging to remove soil from underneath the wall footings. |  |
| 529 | 531 | Fill | Fill of reinforceme nt pads [529] | Square | Rectang ular | 2 | 2 | 1 | Variable dark brown sandy silt fills with minimal inclusions. The north east and west sections are disturbed by the previous excavation and included back fill with mesh and chalk. Modern drain seen in pad 1, pad 4 and 6 features identified. |  |
| 530 | 532 | Fill | Fill of underpinnin g [530] | Square | Rectang ular | 19 | 1 | 1 | Fill from underpinning. 95\% silty sand with occasional inclusions of roots, bricks and rubble fragments. Fill located directly underneath monastery wall fronting Lawrence Street. Fill associated with construction and foundations of said wall. 5 pieces of C19th-20th brick and plain tile. Two post medieval olive green utility bottle fragments. 10 blue/green/colourless glass fragments ranging mostly from mid C19th to early C20th. 6 bone fragments: pig, large. Copper alloy knob handle cover. Ceramics - 100\% c1400-1840 (62 sherds). |  |
| 533 | 533 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [533] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.2 | 0.42 | 0.48 | Very steep sided flat-based feature, it is possible that this was a slot that may have contained posts, but there was no evidence of a post pipe or post packing. A similar feature was excavated to the south [535]. It was cut by a later pit, feature [419] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:250 } \\ & \text { Plan:249 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 535 | 534 | Fill | Fill of pit [535] under [425] | Deposit | Layer | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.15 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 90\% silty sand fill with $10 \%$ small gravel inclusions. Identified and recorded from section. Most of this deposit was removed by the cutting of the pit [425]. | Section:246 <br> Plan:247 |
| 535 | 535 | Cut | Cut of pit [535] under [425] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.15 | Ovate shaped feature, although the excavation of a later pit [425] truncated the north side of this feature. The southern and eastern edges survived, showing that feature [535] cute the natural at about 55 degrees to a concave base. Of the northern edge, only 10 cm survived. Possibly a large single or double posthole. | Section:246 <br> Plan:247 |
| 425 | 536 | Fill | Upper fill of pit [425] | Sub circular | Layer | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.2 | Hard yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) 98\% sandy clay containing 2\% small gravel inclusions. Upper fill of pit. | Section:246 <br> Plan:247 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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| 538 | 537 | Fill | Fill of pit [538] cut by [419] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.55 <br> excavat ed | 1.13 | 0.68 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 98\% silty sand fill with 2\% stony inclusions. This was the fill of an earlier deep pit that was subsequently cut by pit [419]. 7 pieces of C13-16th crested and plain tile. 15 bone fragments: amphibian, cattle, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Iron hook fitting. Ceramics - 100\% c13501500 (3 sherds). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:248 } \\ & \text { Plan:249 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 538 | 538 | Cut | Cut for pit [538] under [419] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.55 <br> excavat <br> ed | 1.13 | 0.68 | Very steep sided cut into natural orange sand with a flat base. This was the deepest pit in the immediate vicinity and was cut by pit [419]. | Section:248 <br> Plan:249 |
| 540 | 539 | Fill | Fill of posthole [540] cut by pit [419] | Square | V <br> shaped | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.13 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 97\% silty sand fill, with 3\% stony inclusions. Contained only one large animal bone (vertebrae). Clean fill with no evidence of post pipe or post packing. 1 bone fragment: large. | Section:251 <br> Plan:249 |
| 540 | 540 | Cut | Cut of posthole [540] cut by pit [419] | Square | $\mathrm{V}$ <br> shaped | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.13 | The posthole was not recognised until the removal of pit fill (418), where it became clear it was a square cut feature into orange sand and natural clay. Cut by pit [419]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:251 } \\ & \text { Plan:249 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 417 | 541 | Fill | Fill of pit [417] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.66 | 0.53 | 0.19 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 97\% silty sand fill, with 3\% stony inclusions. Far less finds than in fill (416) and less mortar. | Section:248 <br> Plan:249 |
| 425 | 542 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [425] | Deposit | Layer | 2.14 | 1.3 | 0.2 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 85\% silty sand fill, mixed with 5\% small cobbles, $10 \%$ gravel and sporadic thin layers of shell. Very similar to context (424). A very thin layer of shell separated these two deposits. 10 fragments of C13-16th plain tile. 1 bone fragment: large. Iron whistle tang knife. | Section:246 <br> Plan:247 |
| 501 | 543 | Fill | Primary fill of [501] | Deposit | Layer | 0.8 | 0.66 | 0.22 | Firm yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) 90\% silty sand fill mixed with 10\% angular and rounded chalk gravel. Identified and recorded from section. | Section:244 Plan: |
| 545 | 544 | Fill | East wheel rut fill sample [545] | Linear | Not Excavat ed | 1.5 | 0.4 | 0.03 | During this watching brief, the trackway was identified and photographed only. This was due to health and safety issues, regarding a wall and its potential collapse. It was recorded and recovered for excavation if time permitted. (Same as [566]). |  |
| 545 | 545 | Cut | East wheel rut cut sample [545] | Linear | Not <br> Excavat ed | 1.5 | 0.4 | 0.03 | Identified in plan not fully excavated. Linear feature, same alignment as [566]. |  |
| 547 | 546 | Fill | Fill of pit [547] | Ovate | Not <br> Excavat ed | 0.5 | 0.4 | N/A | Medium sized pit fill. |  |
| 547 | 547 | Cut | Cut of pit | Ovate | Not | 0.5 | 0.4 | N/A | Medium sized pit cut. |  |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
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|  |  |  | [547] |  | Excavat ed |  |  |  |  |  |
| 549 | 548 | Fill | Fill of posthole [549] | Circular | Not Excavat ed | 0.25 | 0.25 | N/A | Reduced recording due to health and safety concerns, same as feature [545]. Identified as a posthole fill. |  |
| 549 | 549 | Cut | Cut of posthole [549] | Circular | Not Excavat ed | 0.25 | 0.25 | N/A | Possible posthole cut. |  |
| 551 | 550 | Fill | Fill of posthole [551] | Circular | Not Excavat ed | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.02 | Possible posthole fill. 3 fragments of C16th-18th medieval brick and post medieval brick. |  |
| 551 | 551 | Cut | Cut of posthole [551] | Circular |  | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.02 | Possible posthole cut. |  |
| 552 | 552 | Structure | Stones from the garden border trim near to cemetery | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 35 stones removed from a flowerbed border, that was created by the individuals associated with St Josephs Monastery. These stones were created to form a linear border. The stones appear worked. May originally have been sourced from structures on Lawrence Street. Photographic record produced for further evaluation. |  |
| 554 | 553 | Fill | Fill of posthole [554] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.61 | 0.28 | 0.19 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 97\% silty sand fill with 3\% stone inclusions. Fill of an ovate posthole with one animal bone and one pot sherd present, no evidence of post pipe or post packing. The fill was darker than the others in the immediate vicinity. 2 bone fragments: cattle, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (1 sherd). | Section:253 <br> Plan:254 |
| 554 | 554 | Cut | Cut of posthole [554] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.61 | 0.28 | 0.19 | Cut of an ovate post, cut into possible ditch fill (589). Regular with a round based V profile. One of two posts visible in plan. When excavated no difference between the fills of (533) and (555). | Section:253 <br> Plan:254 |
| 556 | 555 | Fill | Fill of posthole [556] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.46 | 0.26 | 0.17 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 97\% silty sand with $3 \%$ stone inclusions. No evidence of post pipe or post packing. 1 fragment of C13-16th plain tile. | Section:253 <br> Plan:254 |
| 556 | 556 | Cut | Cut of posthole [556] | Ovate | Round based V | 0.46 | 0.26 | 0.17 | Cut of a small ovate posthole, this was one of two posts next to each other [544], but no difference could be determined between the fills in section. Cut into fill (589). | Section:253 <br> Plan:254 |
| 558 | 557 | Fill | Fill of large pit [558] cut by [554] and [556] | Sub <br> Circular | Deposit | 1.12 | $1$ <br> excav ated | 0.5 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) $85 \%$ silty sand fill with $15 \%$ stone inclusions. After further cleaning, it became clear that context (557) was not the fill of an isolated feature, but was part of a very large pit [590]. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:259- } \\ & 260 \\ & \text { Plan:261 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 558 | 558 | Cut | Cut of large pit [558] cut | Sub circular | Layer | N/A | N/A | N/A | Same as [590]. |  |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | by [554] and [556] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 560 | 559 | Fill | Fill of ovate pit [560] | Irregular | Layer | N/A | N/A | N/A | Originally thought to be the fill of an ovate feature, further cleaning of the ground surface revealed that (559) was just a discolouration of fill (589). Excavated as (589) |  |
| 560 | 560 | Cut | Cut of ovate pit [560] | Ovate | Layer | N/A | N/A | N/A | Context allocated to a possible ovate feature, after investigation the ovate shape was a discolouration associated with context (589) |  |
| 562 | 561 | Fill | Fill of round pit [562] | Circular | U shaped | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.45 | Soft very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 90\% sandy silt fill mixed with 8\% large cobbles, and $2 \%$ gravel. Fragmented CBM present. 13 pieces of C1416th medieval brick and plain tile. Iron nails. | Section:255 <br> Plan:256 |
| 562 | 562 | Cut | Cut of round pit [562] | Circular | U <br> shaped | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.45 | Circular pit/posthole shape in plan with vertical edges and a concave base. Similar to [594] | Section:255 <br> Plan:256 |
| 564 | 563 | Fill | Fill of rubble pit [564] | Ovate | U shaped | 0.89 | 0.8 | 0.17 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) fill. 50\% large cobbles, 40\% CBM 10\% silty sand. Unusual pit fill, CBM appeared to be within gaps of large cobbles. 62 pieces of C13-16th peg, ridge and plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (9 sherds). | Section:262 <br> Plan:263 |
| 564 | 564 | cut | Cut of rubble pit [564] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 0.89 | 0.8 | 0.17 | A large shallow pit. | Section:262 <br> Plan:263 |
| 566 | 565 | Fill | Fill of east wheel rut sample [566] | Linear | Concave | 1.1 | 0.33 | 0.1 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 60\% silty sand fill with $40 \%$ cobble and gravel inclusions. 1 piece of C1-4th Roman brick. 1 bone fragment: large. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (2 sherds). | Section:266 <br> Plan:270 |
| 566 | 566 | Cut | Cut of east wheel rut sample [566] | Linear | Concave | 1.1 | 0.33 | 0.1 | Narrow linear feature, concave profile, running in a north south direction. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:266 } \\ & \text { Plan:270 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 568 | 567 | Fill | Fill of west wheel rut sample [568] | Linear | Concave | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.38 | 0.1 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 60\% silty sand fill with 40\% cobble and gravel inclusions. | Section:266 <br> Plan:270 |
| 568 | 568 | Cut | Cut of west wheel rut sample [568] | Linear | Concave | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.38 | 0.1 | Narrow linear feature, concave profile, running in a north south direction. | Section:266 <br> Plan:270 |
| 570 | 569 | Fill | Fill of posthole [570] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.53 | 0.4 | 0.2 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 90\% silty sand fill, with 8\% gravel and 2\% small cobble inclusions. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section:266 <br> Plan:270 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 570 | 570 | Cut | Cut of posthole [570] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.53 | 0.4 | 0.2 | Ovate shape in plan with a U shape in profile and concave base, at the northern side the feature had a circular cut that went 5 cm deeper into natural. Identified as a possible double posthole - main post with supporting post. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:266 } \\ & \text { Plan:270 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 572 | 571 | Fill | Fill of cobble spread [572] | Sub Circular | Layer | 0.62 <br> Excavat ed | 1.2 | 0.25 | Firm very dark brown (10YR 2/2) 40\% silty sand fill with 60\% small and large cobbles. Iron nails. | Section:269 <br> Plan:270 |
| 572 | 572 | Cut | Cut of cobble spread [572] | Sub Circular | Concave | $0.62$ <br> Excavat ed | 1.2 | 0.25 | Shallow depression/sub circular pit with concave profile. Partially excavated due to it extending beyond the northern limits of the site. | Section:269 <br> Plan:270 |
| 574 | 573 | Fill | Fill of small pit [574] | Circular | U shape | 0.44 | 0.36 | 0.27 | A firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 95\% silty sand fill with 3\% gravel and 2\% cobble inclusions. Fragmented CBM and small flakes of charcoal present. 4 pieces of $\mathrm{C} 13-16$ th peg and plain tile. Iron blade fragment, nail fragment. Ceramics $-100 \%$ c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section: 273 <br> Plan: 274 |
| 574 | 574 | Cut | Cut of small pit [574] | Circular | U shape | 0.44 | 0.36 | 0.27 | A sub circular shape in plan with a $U$ shaped profile vertical edges and a concave base. Interpreted with other posthole [604]. Possible replacement for [604]. | Section: 273 <br> Plan: 274 |
| 576 | 575 | Fill | Fill of brick pit [576] | Ovate | Concave | 1.2 | 0.79 | 0.22 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 40\% silt sand fill with 50\% fragmented grey sandy mortar and 10\% CBM inclusions. CBM looks like roof tile C14th-16th. | Section: 275 <br> Plan: 276 |
| 576 | 576 | Cut | Cut of brick <br> pit [576] | Ovate | Concave | 1.2 | 0.79 | 0.22 | Ovate shape in plan with edges cutting natural at approximately 45 degrees to create a concave base. Tile and mortar fragments may indicate rubble associated with a structure. | Section: 275 <br> Plan: 276 |
| 578 | 577 | Fill | Fill of pit [578] cut by [576] | Square | U <br> shaped | 1.08 | 1 | 0.64 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 50\% silt sand with 40\% of roof tile and occasional brick inclusion also included 6\% large cobble and 4\% gravel and small cobbles. Interpreted as the remains of a building as it mostly includes roof tiles. 353 pieces of C14-16th medieval brick, nib, peg, ridge and plain tile. 5 bone fragments: cattle, medium. Ceramics $100 \%$ c1350-1500 (4 sherds). | Section: 275 <br> Plan: 276 |
| 578 | 578 | Cut | Cut of pit [578] cut by [576] | Square | U <br> shaped | 1.08 | 1 | 0.64 | Square shape in plan with vertical edges converging to a circular concave base. Cut by [576] and cuts [584]. | Section: 275 <br> Plan: 276 |
| 580 | 579 | Fill | Fill of square posthole [580] | Square | Flat based U | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.04 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 97\% silty sand fill with 3\% stone inclusions. Fill of a shallow posthole no post pipe or packing evidence. No other posts of this type found in proximity to this one. 1 piece of C13-16th? Plain tile. | Section: 267 <br> Plan: 268 |
| 580 | 580 | Cut | Cut of | Square | Flat | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.04 | Cut of a square posthole, only the very base remained. Cut into | Section: 267 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | square posthole [580] |  | based U |  |  |  | natural sand. | Plan: 268 |
| 582 | 581 | Fill | Upper fill of large pit [582] | Ovate | Round based U | 0.63 | 0.66 | 0.09 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 98\% silty sand with $2 \%$ stone inclusions. Upper fill of a large pit. Appears that (599) had mostly filled the pit before a layer of sand (600) was deposited. Darker than the primary fill. Bioturbulance present. 2 pieces of C13-16th plain tile. 6 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat,medium, unidentified. Lead alloy folded sheet fragment. | Section: 264 <br> Plan: 265 |
| 582 | 582 | Cut | Cut of large pit [582] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.68 | 1.69 | 0.72 | Cut of large pit regular sides with a flat base cut into natural sand. One of the wheel ruts [566] cut through pit. | Section: 264 <br> Plan: 265 |
| 584 | 583 | Fill | Fill of linear feature [584] same as [415] | Linear | Flat based U | 1.01 | 0.79 | 0.28 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% silty sand with 5\% stone inclusions. Upper fill of a short slot. 1 piece of C1-4th Roman brick. 38 bone fragments: bird, cattle, chicken, horse, pig, sheep/goat, large, medium, and unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (9 sherds). | Section: 277 <br> Plan: 276 |
| 584 | 584 | Cut | Cut of linear feature [584] same as [415] | Linear | Flat based U | 1.01 | 0.79 | 0.44 | Cut of a deep steep sided slot may have had a structural function though no postholes were noted in each of the excavated segments. | Section: 277 <br> Plan: 276 |
| 586 | 585 | Fill | Clay fill of posthole [586] in [419] | Ovate | Amorph ous | 0.38 | 0.31 | 0.11 | A pliable reddish brown (5YR 4/3) 98\% clay fill with 2\% gravel inclusions. Initially believed to be a late posthole this turned out to be part of the upper fill of pit cut [419] so is part of fill (418). | Section: 248 <br> Plan:249 |
| 586 | 586 | Cut | Cut of posthole [586] in [419] |  |  |  |  |  |  | Section: 248 <br> Plan: 249 |
| 588 | 587 | Fill | Upper of large pit [588] | Ovate | V <br> shaped <br> sloping | 0.64 <br> excavat ed | 0.92 | 0.51 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 95\% silty sand with 5\% stone inclusions. Final fill of a large posthole, this fill contained the majority of finds and was darker than the other fills with slightly more inclusions. 4 pieces of C13-16th plain tile? 4 bone fragments: large, unidentified. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (4 sherds). | Section: 271 <br> Plan: 272 |
| 588 | 588 | Cut | Cut of large pit [588] | Ovate | Stepped <br> V | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 1.48 | 0.91 | This was a cut of large deep posthole originally dug as a larger feature -then the posthole was cut deeper in towards the south. The construction of the posthole may have been to allow the post to be placed in at an angle from the north before being tilted upright then being secured with packing/soil. Size implies a large timber used and angle suggest height. | Section: 271 <br> Plan: 272 |
| 590 | 589 | Fill | Fill of ditch | Sub | Deposit | 3.2 | 1.4 | 0.49 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 85\% silty sand with 10\% gravel and 5\% | Section: 257- |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [590] | circular |  | excavat ed | excav <br> ated |  | small cobble inclusions. Fill of a very large feature that extended beyond north and west boundaries of the excavation. 13 pieces of C14-16th medieval brick and plain tile. 11 bone fragments: cat, cattle, medium, unidentified. Iron nail. Ceramics - 100\% c1350-1500 (8 sherds). | $\begin{array}{ll} 259 & \text { Plan: } \\ 261 & \end{array}$ |
| 590 | 590 | Cut | Cut of ditch [590] | Sub circular | Concave d | 2 <br> excavat ed | 1. 4 excav ated | 0.49 | Interpreted as a possible quarry pit, due to the size of the feature, and the fact that it cuts into a natural sandy gravel deposit. Not fully investigated due to this pit extending beyond the north and west limits of the excavation. | Section: $257-$ $259 \quad$ Plan: 261 |
| 592 | 591 | Fill | Fill of pit [592] | Ovate | Flat based V | 0.44 <br> excavat ed | $\begin{aligned} & 0.22 \\ & \text { excav } \\ & \text { ated } \end{aligned}$ | 0.47 | Firm very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2) 96\% silty sand fill with 4\% stone inclusions. Fill of a pit, only a small part excavated due to extending beyond the limits of the excavation. 46 bone fragments: bird, cattle, fish, goose, sheep/goat, medium, large, unidentified. Iron nail. | Section:260 <br> Plan:261 |
| 592 | 592 | Cut | Cut of pit [592] | Ovate | Flat based V | $0.44$ <br> excavat ed | $0.22$ <br> excav <br> ated | 0.47 | Cut of an ovate pit, cut into orange brown natural sand. Part excavated due to extending beyond the limits of the excavation. | Section:260 <br> Plan:261 |
| 594 | 593 | Fill | Fill of posthole [594] | Ovate | Flat based U | $0.41$ <br> excavat ed | $\begin{aligned} & 0.19 \\ & \text { excav } \\ & \text { ated } \end{aligned}$ | 0.69 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 97\% silty sand with 3\% stone inclusions. Extends beyond edge of excavation, thus partially excavated. 17 pieces of C14-16th medieval brick? plain tile. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:259- } \\ & 260 \\ & \text { Plan:261 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 594 | 594 | Cut | Cut of posthole [594] | Ovate | Flat based U | $0.41$ <br> excavat ed | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.19 \\ & \text { excav } \\ & \text { ated } \end{aligned}$ | 0.69 | Cut of an ovate posthole located on the northern edge of the trench so only partially excavated. Quite steep sided cut down into natural sand and gravel. Cuts through feature [590], also very similar in character to a feature 4 m to the east [562] - may be related. | ```Section:259- 260 Plan:261``` |
| 598 | 596 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [598] | Circular | Layer | 0.78 | 0.6 | 0.25 | Firm very dark brown (7.5yR 2.5/2) $85 \%$ silty sand with $15 \%$ cobble and gravel inclusions. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. 5 bone fragments: large, medium. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (2 sherds). | Section:269 <br> Plan: 270 |
| 598 | 597 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [598] | Circular | Layer | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.2 | Firm very dark grey (7.5YR 3/1) 95\% sandy silt fill with 5\% small cobbles and gravel inclusions. Charcoal flecks present. Charcoal and organic grey soil indicates possible domestic activity. 1 bone fragment: cattle. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/70-1150 (1 sherd). | Section:269 <br> Plan: 270 |
| 598 | 598 | Cut | Cut for pit [598] under [572] | Circular | U shaped | 0.6 <br> excavat ed | 0.9 | 0.3 | Sub circular shape in plan with vertical edges and a concave base. Only partially excavated due to it extending beyond excavation boundary. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:269 } \\ & \text { Plan: } 270 \end{aligned}$ |
| 582 | 599 | Fill | Primary fill of pit [582] | Ovate | Flat based U | 1.68 | 1.69 | 0.56 | Firm brown (10YR 4/3) 96\% silty sand fill with 4\% stone inclusions. Fill was sandy and contained various finds, although not in the same quantity as other pits in the vicinity. 1 piece of C1-4th Roman brick. 21 bone fragments: cattle, sheep/goat, large, unidentified. Ceramics $100 \%$ c $930-1150$ ( 15 sherds). | Section:264 Plan: 265 |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes | Drawing Numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 582 | 600 | Fill | Secondary fill of pit [582] | Ovate | Round based U | 0.86 | 0.84 | 0.08 | Firm yellowish red (5YR 5/6) 97\% sand fill with 3\% small stone inclusions. A layer of slightly burnt sand deposited in pit [582]. Possibly redeposited from a hearth. Not heavily burnt, and not burnt in situ. | Section:264 <br> Plan: 265 |
| 588 | 601 | Fill | Secondary <br> fill of posthole [588] | Ovate | Wide V | $0.32$ <br> excavat ed | 0.46 | 0.13 | Firm dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 97\% silty sand fill with 3\% stone inclusions. This fill had a slightly greyer colour possible hinting some ash was present. 1 bone fragment: large. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:271 } \\ & \text { Plan:272 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 588 | 602 | Fill | Primary fill of posthole [588] | Ovate | Round based U | 0.8 <br> excavat ed | 0.71 | 0.64 | Moderate brown (10YR 4/3) 97\% silty sand with 3\% stone inclusions. This was the first fill after the post was removed or decayed. No charcoal flecks were found, and this fill was sandier than the other fills in this posthole. | Section:271 <br> Plan:272 |
| 604 | 603 | Fill | Fill of posthole [604] cut by [574] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 0.36 | 0.34 | 0.22 | Moderate dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) 98\% silty sand fill with 2\% gravel and stone inclusions. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:273 } \\ & \text { Plan:274 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 604 | 604 | Cut | Cut of posthole [604] cut by [574] | Ovate | U <br> shaped | 0.36 | 0.34 | 0.22 | Ovate shape in plan with vertical edges and shallow concave base. | Section:273 <br> Plan:274 |
| 588 | 605 | Fill | Fill of large posthole [588] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.46 <br> excavat ed | 1.24 | 0.43 | Firm dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) 98\% redeposited natural with $2 \%$ stone inclusions. The second of two fills used to backfill around the post. Extended all the way around the post on the excavated segment. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:271 } \\ & \text { Plan:272 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 588 | 606 | Fill | Fill of large posthole [588] | Ovate | Flat based U | 0.77 <br> excavat ed | 0.23 | 0.44 | Firm dark greyish brown (10Yr 4/2) 97\% silty sand fill with $3 \%$ stone inclusions. This was the first fill (or back fill) after the post was placed in the hole. No charcoal flecks found. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:271 } \\ & \text { Plan:272 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 584 | 607 | Fill | Pit fill beneath (583) [584] | Linear | Flat based U | 0.71 <br> excavat ed | 0.68 | 0.21 | Moderate dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) 97\% silty sand with 3\% stone inclusions. Primary fill of a deep slot. It was differentiated from fill (583) above, by having an ashy grey content and slightly fewer inclusions. 1 piece of C13-16th plain tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1050/701150 (1 sherd). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Section:277 } \\ & \text { Plan:276 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 608 | 608 | Deposit | Top soil garden soil | Deposit | Layer | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | Soft black (10YR 2/1) 80\% sandy clay silt deposit with 20\% fragmented CBM gravel and mortar inclusions. 3 pieces of C1-4th flue and other. <br> Ceramics - 100\% c300-400 (7 sherds). | Section: Plan: |
| 609 | 609 | Deposit | Modern rubble soil mix in walled garden area | Deposit | Layer | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | Firm dark brown (10YR 3/3) 30\% sandy silt fill with 70\% brick, mortar, tile, cobbles and slate inclusions (building rubble). Associated with the building of St Joseph's Monastery. 4 pieces of C17th+ pan tile. Ceramics - 100\% c1720-1840 (2 sherds). | Section: Plan: |


| Feature | Context | Fill/Cut | Description | Shape | Profile | Length | Width | Depth | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 610 | 610 | Deposit | Possible <br> medieval <br> deposit <br> same as <br> (403) | Deposit | Layer | 1 | 1 | 0.15 | Frawing brown (10YR4/3) 90\% clay silty sand mixed with $10 \%$ small <br> cobbles and gravel. Occasional fragments of CBM present. Same as <br> deposit (403). |
| 611 | 611 | Structure | Section: <br> Plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Century <br> Brick Wall | Linear | Vertical | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | English bond brick wall related to the convent. 19th century in date <br> and contemporary with the construction of St Joseph's Monastery. | Bricks measure 21x7.5x10 cm bonded with white sandy mortar. |  |  |

APPENDIX 6: DRAWING INDEX

| Drawing No. | Sheet <br> No. | Section/Plan | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | Section | South facing section [4] |
| 2 | 1 | Plan | Plan of linear [4] |
| 3 | 1 | Section | South facing section [6] |
| 4 | 1 | Plan | Plan of linear [6] |
| 5 | 1 | Section | North facing section [11] |
| 6 | 1 | Plan | Plan of [11] |
| 7 | 2 | Section | South facing section [9] |
| 8 | 2 | Plan | Plan of [9] [17] |
| 9 | 2 | Section | Section of [17] |
| 10 | 2 | Section | Section of [13] |
| 11 | 2 | Plan | Plan of [13] |
| 12 | 3 | Section | Section of [19] |
| 13 | 3 | Plan | Plan of [19] |
| 14 | 2 | Section | North facing section of [25] |
| 15 | 2 | Plan | Plan of [25] |
| 16 | 3 | Section | North facing section of [28] |
| 17 | 3 | Plan | Plan of [28] North South linear |
| 18 | 4 | Section | North East facing section of [36] [38] [40] |
| 19 | 4 | Section | North East facing section of [40] |
| 20 | 5 | Section | West facing section of [46] |
| 21 | 5 | Plan | Plan of [46] |
| 22 | 5 | Section | North West facing section of [42] |
| 23 | 5 | Plan | Plan of [42] |
| 24 | 5 | Section | North West facing section of [44] |
| 25 | 5 | Plan | Plan of [44] |
| 26 | 5 | Section | South west facing section [34] |
| 27 | 5 | Plan | Plan of [34] |
| 28 | 6 | Section | North facing section of pit cluster [56] [58] [60] [62] |
| 29 | 6 | Section | North facing section of pit cluster [48] [50] [52] [54] |
| 30 | 6 | Plan | Plan of East West running pit cluster [48] [50] [52] [54] [56] [58] [60] [62] |
| 31 | 5 | Section | East facing section of [76] cow pit |
| 32 | 5 | Plan | Plan of [76] cow pit |
| 33 | 5 | Plan | Full ex plan of [76] |
| 34 | 7 | Section | North facing section of [70] |
| 35 | 7 | Plan | Plan of [70] |
| 36 | 7 | Section | South facing section of [64] and [66] |
| 37 | 8 | Section | East facing section of [66] |
| 38 | 8 | Section | West facing section of [64] [66] |
| 39 | 8 | Plan | Plan of [66] |
| 40 | 7 | Section | Section of ditch cut [68] |
| 41 | 7 | Plan | Plan of [68] |
| 42 | 9 | Section | East facing section of [72] |
| 43 | 9 | Plan | Plan of pit [72] |
| 44 | 8 | Section | West facing section of [92] |
| 45 | 9 | Plan | Plan of [92] |
| 46 | 9 | Section | South facing section of [114] |
| 47 | 9 | Plan | Plan of [114] |
| 48 | 9 | Section | Section of posthole [94] |
| 49 | 9 | Plan | Plan of posthole [94] |


| Drawing No. | Sheet <br> No. | Section/Plan | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 8 | Section | West facing section of fire pit [102] |
| 51 | 8 | Plan | Plan of fire pit [102] |
| 52 | 9 | Plan | Plan of shallow feature [106] |
| 53 | 11 | Section | East facing section of ditch [110] |
| 54 | 11 | Plan | Plan of East West ditch [110] |
| 55 | 10 | Section | North facing section of ditches [112] [120] |
| 56 | 10 | Plan | Plan of ditches [112] [120] |
| 57 | 10 | Section | East facing section of ditch [98] |
| 58 | 12 | Plan | Plan of ditch [98] |
| 59 | 11 | Section | South facing section of furrow [126] (125) |
| 60 | 11 | Plan | Plan of furrow [126] (125) |
| 61 | 12 | Section | Section of [129] |
| 62 | 12 | Section | Section of [131] [134] |
| 63 | 13 | Plan | Plan of [131] [134] [129] |
| 64 | 13 | Section | Section of [139] |
| 65 | 13 | Plan | Plan of [139] |
| 66 | 13 | Section | Section of linear [141] (140) |
| 67 | 13 | Plan | Plan of linear [141] |
| 68 | 14 | Section | East facing section of Roman Ditch [104] |
| 69 | 14 | Plan | Plan of Roman Ditch [104] |
| 70 | 15 | Section | South facing section of [145] [147] [149] |
| 71 | 15 | Plan | Plan of linears [145] [147] [149] |
| 72 | 16 | Section | South facing section of furrow [153] and ditch [155] |
| 73 | 16 | Plan | Plan of furrow [153] and ditch [155] |
| 74 | 14 | Section | Section of ditch cut [143] |
| 75 | 14 | Plan | Plan of ditch cut [143] |
| 76 | 18 | Section | North facing section of [163] [165] [168] |
| 77 | 18 | Plan | Plan of [163] [165] [168] |
| 78 | 16 | Section | Section of ditches [158] [170] [172] |
| 79 | 17 | Plan | Plan of ditch intersection [170] and [172] |
| 80 | 19 | Section | East facing section of Roman Ditch [108] |
| 81 | 19 | Section | West facing section of [108] [190] [136] |
| 82 | 19 | Section | West facing section of [108] |
| 83 | 17 | Plan | Plan of [108] [180] [200] |
| 84 | 18 | Section | East facing section of [176] [178] |
| 85 | 18 | Plan | Plan of ditch intersection [176] [178] |
| 86 | 17 | Section | Section of ditch [182] |
| 87 | 20 | Plan | Plan of ditch cut [182] |
| 88 | 21 | Section | North facing section of [161] [194] |
| 89 | 21 | Section | South facing section of [161] [194] |
| 90 | 21 | Plan | Plan of [161] [194] |
| 91 | 20 | Section | Section of well [192] |
| 92 | 22 | Plan | Plan of well [192] |
| 93 | 24 | Section | South East facing section of feature [196] |
| 94 | 24 | Plan | Plan of feature [196] |
| 95 | 24 | Section | South West facing section [231] [234] |
| 96 | 24 | Plan | Plan of [231] [234] |
| 97 | 23 | Section | East facing section of pits [238] [275] |
| 98 | 28 | Plan | Plan of pits [238] [275] |
| 99 | 24 | Section | South facing section of [270] |
| 100 | 24 | Plan | Plan of pit [270] |
| 101 | 28 | Section | Section posthole [244] |
| 102 | 28 | Section | Section posthole [242] |
| 103 | 28 | Section | Section posthole [246] |


| Drawing No. | Sheet <br> No. | Section/Plan | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 104 | 28 | Plan | Plan posthole [244] |
| 105 | 28 | Plan | Plsn podthole [242] |
| 106 | 28 | Plan | Plan posthole [246] |
| 107 | 25 | Section | Section of [230] (239) East facing |
| 108 | 25 | Plan | Plan of [230] (239) |
| 109 | 25 | Plan | Plan of (287) [288] |
| 110 | 25 | Section | Section of (287) [288] North facing |
| 111 | 27 | Section | East facing section [264] [228] |
| 112 | 27 | Section | South facing section [258] [260] |
| 113 | 27 | Section | West facing section [262] [260] |
| 114 | 26 | Plan | Plan of [228] [258] [260] [262] [264] |
| 115 | 28 | Section | Profile pits [280] [283] |
| 116 | 24 | Section | Section of pit [268] |
| 117 | 24 | Plan | Plan of pit [268] |
| 118 | 29 | Section | South facing section of [222] |
| 119 | 29 | Plan | Plan of [222] |
| 120 | 30 | Section | East facing section [236] |
| 121 | 30 | Plan | Plan of [236] [302] |
| 122 | 30 | Section | Section of pit [208] |
| 123 | 30 | Plan | Plan of pit [208] |
| 124 | 29 | Section | South facing section of (201) [202] (203) [204] |
| 125 | 29 | Plan | Plan of (201) [202] (203) [204] |
| 126 | 27 | Section | Section of [206] |
| 127 | 26 | Plan | Plan of [206] |
| 128 | 31 | Section | Section of pits [210] and [312] |
| 129 | 31 | Plan | Plan of pits [210] and [312] |
| 130 | 27 | Section | Section of posthole [306] |
| 131 | 27 | Section | Section of posthole [314] |
| 132 | 27 | Profile | Profile through [206] |
| 133 | 31 | Section | Section of pit [218] |
| 134 | 31 | Plan | Plan of pit [218] |
| 135 | 32 | Section | Section of pits [212] (211) and [214] (213) |
| 136 | 32 | Plan | Plan of pit [212] (211) |
| 137 | 32 | Plan | Plan of pit [214] (213) |
| 138 | 33 | Pts | Section and plan of (223) [224] |
| 139 | 32 | Section | Section of pit cut [224] |
| 140 | 33 | Section | Section of pit [216] |
| 141 | 33 | Plan | Plan of pit [216] |
| 142 | 32 | Section | Section of pit [320] |
| 143 | 34 | Plan | Sketch not digitised |
| 144 | 35 | Section | Section Terminus [254] |
| 145 | 35 | Section | Section ditch terminus [254] |
| 146 | 35 | Section | Section ditch [256] |
| 147 | 35 | Section | Section and profile ditch [256] |
| 148 | 35 | Plan | Plan ditches [254] [256] |
| 149 | 34 | Plan | Sketch not digitised |
| 150 | 23 | Section | Section of pits [275] [238] |
| 151 | 28 | Plan | Plan of pits [275] [238] |
| 152 | 33 | Section | Section posthole [248] in pit [236] |
| 153 | 33 | Section | Section posthole [250] in pit [236] |
| 154 | 24 | Section | Section of pit [268] |
| 155 | 24 | Plan | Plan of pit [268] |
| 156 | 37 | Section | Section of [334] |
| 157 | 36 | Section | Section of [328] |


| Drawing No. | Sheet <br> No. | Section/Plan | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 158 | 37 | Section | Section of [332] |
| 159 | 37 | Section | Section of [340] |
| 160 | 37 | Section | Section of [342] |
| 161 | 36 | Section | Section of [330] |
| 162 | 36 | Section | Section of [338] |
| 163 | 37 | Section | Section of [336] |
| 164 | 37 | Section | Section of [372] |
| 165 | 37 | Plan | Plan of pit [334] |
| 166 | 36 | Plan | Plan of pit [328] |
| 167 | 37 | Plan | Plan of pit [332] |
| 168 | 37 | Plan | Plan of pit [340] |
| 169 | 37 | Plan | Plan of pit [342] |
| 170 | 36 | Plan | Plan of pit [330] |
| 171 | 36 | Plan | Plan of pit [338] |
| 172 | 37 | Plan | Plan of pit [336] |
| 173 | 37 | Plan | Plan of pit [372] |
| 174 | 36 | Section | Section of [366] |
| 175 | 36 | Plan | Plan of [366] |
| 176 | 37 | Section | Section of [364] |
| 177 | 37 | Plan | Plan of [364] |
| 178 | 38 | Section | Section of [344] [380] |
| 179 | 38 | Plan | Plan of [344] [380] |
| 180 | 39 | Section | Section of pit [350] |
| 181 | 39 | Section | Section of pit [384] |
| 182 | 39 | Section | Plan of pits [350] [384] |
| 183 | 38 | Section | Section of pit [346] |
| 184 | 38 | Plan | Plan of pit [346] |
| 185 | 38 | Section | Section of pit [352] and posthole [354] |
| 186 | 38 | Plan | Plan of pit [352] and posthole [354] |
| 187 | 39 | Section | Section of pit [348] |
| 188 | 39 | Plan | Plan of pit [348] |
| 189 | 39 | Section | Section of pit [370] |
| 190 | 39 | Plan | Plan of pit [370] |
| 191 | 39 | Section | Section of pit [376] |
| 192 | 39 | Plan | Plan of pit [376] |
| 193 | 38 | Section | Section of posthole [362] |
| 194 | 38 | Plan | Plan of posthole [362] |
| 195 | 38 | Section | Section of pit fill [265] |
| 196 | 40 | Plan | Plan of pit cut [266] |
| 197 | 40 | Section | Section of pit c[360] |
| 198 | 40 | Plan | Plan of pit [360] |
| 199 | 40 | Section | Section of pits [395] [396] [400] |
| 200 | 41 | Plan | Plan of pits [395] [396] [400] |
| 201 | 41 | Section | Section slot East |
| 202 | 41 | Section | Section slot West |
| 203 | 42 | Section | Pit [344] [346] |
| 204 | 0 |  | Drawing Number not used |
| 205 | 0 |  | Drawing Number not used |
| 206 | 43 | Section | Section of pit [465] and slot in linear [471] |
| 207 | 43 | Plan | Plan of pit [465] |
| 208 | 43 | Plan | Plan of slot in linear [471] |
| 209 | 43 | Section | Section of posthole [459] |
| 210 | 43 | Plan | Plan of posthole [459] |
| 211 | 43 | Section | Section of [463] and [477] |


| Drawing <br> No. | Sheet <br> No. | Section/Plan | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 212 | 43 | Section | Section of [463] and [473] |
| 213 | 43 | Section | Section of features [461] [474] |
| 214 | 43 | Plan | Plan of features [461] [474] |
| 215 | 44 | Section | North west facing section of [455] |
| 216 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [455] |
| 217 | 44 | Section | West facing section of [457] ] |
| 218 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [457] |
| 219 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [463] [473] [477] |
| 220 | 44 | Section | South facing section of [447] |
| 221 | 44 | Section | North facing section of [447] |
| 222 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [447] |
| 223 | 44 | Section | East facing section of [440) [441] |
| 224 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [441] |
| 225 | 44 | Section | South east facing section of [439] |
| 226 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [439] |
| 227 | 44 | Plan | Plan of [435] |
| 228 | 46 | Section | South facing section of [449] and [490] |
| 229 | 46 | Plan | Plan of features [445] [449] [490] |
| 230 | 45 | Section | South facing section of [431]] [504] [506] |
| 231 | 45 | Plan | Plan of [431] [504] [506] |
| 232 | 48 | Section | North facing section of [453] [495] [507] [509] |
| 233 | 46 | Plan | Plan of [453] [495] [507] [509] |
| 265 | 51 | Plan | North east facing section of [467] |
| 263 | 45 |  | Slan of [582] |
| 263 | 47 | 47 | Plan |


| Drawing <br> No. | Sheet <br> No. | Section/Plan | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 266 | 52 | Section | North facing section of features [566] [568] [570] |
| 267 | 52 | Section | Section of posthole [580] |
| 268 | 52 | Plan | Plan of posthole [580] |
| 269 | 51 | Section | South facing section [272] [298] |
| 270 | 51 | Plan | Plan of [272] [298] [566] [568] [570] |
| 271 | 53 | Section | Section of deep posthole [588] |
| 272 | 53 | Plan | Plan of deep posthole [588] |
| 273 | 53 | Section | East facing section of postholes [574] and [604] |
| 274 | 53 | Plan | Plan of postholes [574] and [604] |
| 275 | 53 | Section | East facing section of pits [576] and [578] |
| 276 | 53 | Plan | Plan of pits [576] and [578] |
| 277 | 53 | Section | North facing section [584] |

## Garden North area



YVS 16
Garden north concrete pad 1 (same as pad 2)
East facing section
Drawing N. 300


YVS 16
Garden north concrete pad 3 (same as pad 4)
West facing section
Drawing N. 301

YVS 16
Garden north concrete pad 3
Plan
Drawing N. 302

## Sheet 1



YVS 16
Area D
Plan of terminus
[11] Drawing N. 6




## Sheet 3



North facing section
Drawing N. 16


Drawing N. 13
$0 \mathrm{~m} . \quad 2 \mathrm{~m}$.

## Sheet 4



0 m .
$\rightarrow 1 \mathrm{~m}$

## Sheet 5

(45)



(75)

(75)



0 m .
2 m.

## Sheet 6



## Sheet 7



$0 \mathrm{~m} . \quad 2 \mathrm{~m}$.

Sheet 8


## Sheet 10




## Sheet 11




[^1]
## Sheet 12



128


0 m.

## Sheet 13

140



YVS 16
Area A
Plan of linear feature [141]
Drawing N. 67


## Sheet 14




YVS 16
Area A
Plan of linear feature [104]
Drawing N. 69


YVS 16
Area A
Plan of linear feature [143]
Drawing N. 75

0 m.

## Sheet 15



## Sheet 16



YVS 16
Area A
Area A
Plan of linear features [153 and 155]
Drawing N. 73

## Sheet 17



## Sheet 18



## Sheet 19



YVS 16
Area A
West facing section
Drawing N. 81-82

Om.

Sheet 20


182


## Sheet 21


$0 \mathrm{~m} . \quad 2 \mathrm{~m}$.

Sheet 22


Sheet 23


## Sheet 24






## Sheet 25



Drawing N. 110



## Sheet 26



## Sheet 27



## Sheet 28



YVS 16
Plaza


Draw


Plaza
Plan of circular
features [244] Drawing N. 104


YVS 16
Plaza
Plan of circular
features [242]
Drawing N. 105


YVS 16246
Plaza
Plan of circular
features [246]
Drawing N. 106

Sheet 29


Plaza
South east facing section
Drawing N. 124

$\xrightarrow[\square]{0 \mathrm{~m} .}$

S. 118


## Sheet 30



Sheet 31


## Sheet 32



## Sheet 33



YVS 16
Plaza
Profile
Drawing N. 153

YVS 16
Plaza
Section / Profile
Drawing N. 152
0 m .
1 m.
S. 135


YVS 16
Plaza
Plan of circular
features [212-214]
Drawings N. 136-137



## Sheet 35





## Sheet 36



Sheet 37


Drawing N. 159




Sheet 38


## Sheet 39



Drawing N. 191





## Sheet 40




$0 \mathrm{~m} . \quad 2 \mathrm{~m}$

## Sheet 41



## Sheet 42



## Sheet 43



YVS 16
Plaza
North facing section
Drawing N. 213





Sheet 44





Sheet 45





Sheet 46


## Sheet 47



## Sheet 48



0 m.


## Sheet 49



YVS 16
Plaza
Plan of features [425-498-535]
Drawing N. 247

$$
0 \mathrm{~m}
$$

2 m.

Sheet 50


## Sheet 51



1 . 1 m


0 m.

## Sheet 52



Plaza
North facing section
Drawing N. 266


563




0 m.

Sheet 53


0 m.

Plaza 1


Plaza 2


Area A
$099 \square 0817124$


Orchard


Area D
Courtyard
$001=118$




[^0]:    Plate 15: Contents of context (77).

[^1]:    YVS 16
    Area A
    Plan of linear feature [110]
    Drawing N. 54

