

as co-secretary, containing extracts from the Patent Rolls, transmitted by his namesake, Thomas Hudson Turner, of London. He died at Low Heaton Haugh, June 20, 1866, aged 57.

### JOHN TROTTER BROCKETT, JUNIOR.

1833.

John Trotter Brockett, eldest son of his father of the same name, was born in 1815. He was a youth of great promise, who seemed destined, in the natural course of things, to follow in his father's footsteps, and take his place among the antiquaries, bibliophiles and coin collectors of Tyneside. Fate, however, willed otherwise. In his youthful prime he sickened, and on the 23rd of November, 1834, after a protracted illness, being then only in his twentieth year, he died.

John Fenwick, in his life of the elder Brockett, mentions the son in terms of eulogy, and tells us that he passed away at a time when his 'genius was streaming forth in every direction, indicating a career of no ordinary character.' The writer of an obituary notice, quoted in Richardson's *Table Book*, relates that in this youth were found intellectual attainments of the highest order, adding that 'to an intimate acquaintance with the fine arts, in the cultivation and relish of which, for his years, he had few superiors, were united an extensive knowledge of northern literature, and of antiquarian subjects in general.'

Young Mr. Brockett joined our Society on December 4, 1833, and was selected junior secretary in the place of the Rev. John Hodgson, which post he resigned, through ill health, on the 5th of February following. On that date he read a paper to the Society, written by G. C. Atkinson, 'On some Druidical Remains, seen and described on his visit to the Isle of Lewis,' but which did not obtain further publicity. He was able to attend the monthly meeting on the 7th of May, after which the Society saw him no more.

Shortly before his election, namely, in September, 1833, he accompanied his father and mother on a visit to Kelso and the Tweed. His journal of that excursion, with seventeen pencil sketches, edited by Mr. J. Crawford Hodgson, forms a paper in the

HISTORY OF THE BERWICKSHIRE NATURALISTS' CLUB.

Vol. xx.

A Visit to Tweedside in 1833, being the Journal of John Trotter Brockett, the younger, of Newcastle. P. 53.

CHRISTOPHER HODGSON.

Honorary Member, 1834.

A brother of the Rev. John Hodgson, born at Rosgill in the parish of Shap on the 24th of July, 1784, and followed the profession of an architect and surveyor at Carlisle. Among other public buildings with which his name was associated, is the Carlisle county gaol. The design for this erection was by Nixon, but he dying before the work was finished, it was completed under the superintendence of Mr. Hodgson, who introduced several improvements in Nixon's plans. Several Roman antiquities were dug up from the foundations of the building, one of which is described in a paper sent to the Society as mentioned below. Mr. Christopher Hodgson survived his more famous brother, and died on the 25th of February, 1849, at the age of 65 years. His contributions to the Society's papers were generally in the form of letters addressed to his brother.

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. ii.

An Account of some Antiquities found in a Cairn near Heskett-in-the-Forest, in Cumberland. Illustrated. P. 106.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. C. Hodgson, dated Carlisle, 9th April, 1826, on some Roman Coins discovered near Brampton. P. 209.

Account of a Roman Inscription found at Old Penrith. Illustrated. P. 265.

Account of an ancient Pitcher found in digging the Foundation for the New Gaol at Carlisle. Illustrated. P. 313.

Account of two Roman Inscriptions. Illustrated. P. 419.

ALGERNON FOURTH DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND,  
K.G.

1835. (Patron, 1848).

Algernon fourth Duke of Northumberland, born December 15th, 1792, and baptized at St. Martin's in the Fields, entered the Navy at the age of twelve, became Lieutenant 1811, commander 1814, and Post Captain 1815. He was created Baron Prudhoe, November 27th, 1816. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society April 9th, 1818, and in 1826 he went to Egypt to explore the ancient monuments of that country which ever retained an attraction for him, as is testified by the Egyptian Collections at Alnwick Castle. Having accompanied Sir John Herschel to the Cape of Good Hope in 1834 for the purpose of observing the southern constellations, the University of Oxford, in 1841, conferred on him the degree of D.C.L. On the death of his brother in 1847, without issue, he succeeded as fourth Duke of Northumberland of the third creation, and was made a Knight of the Garter in 1853.

He was elected a member of our Society February 4th, 1835, and was elected to succeed his brother as Patron at the Anniversary Meeting, February 7th, 1848.

The Duke was a munificent Patron of the Society, and his many gifts comprised:—

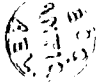
Two mahogany cabinets of coins and medals, the one containing 1,175 coins and the other 546, with some celts and bronzes from Ireland, in 1852; the whole of the coins found at Bremenium, in 1856, and one of the electrotypes of the Corbridge Lanx, in 1860.

BRITISH  
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ALGERNON FOURTH DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND, K.G.

100



His most lasting contribution to Northumbrian archaeology is to be found in the series of surveys made, at his request, and at his expense by Mr. Henry MacLauchlan, of the Roman Wall and Watling Street; he also contributed liberally to the cost of the *Lapidarium Septentrionale*.

The Duke was a Fellow of the Royal Society, of the Astronomical Society, of the Geological Society, and of the Society of Antiquaries of London, and president of the Royal Institution. He was also a trustee of the British Museum, to which Institution he presented in 1835 two colossal granite lions obtained at Gebel Barkal in Upper Nubia and, in 1851, a tablet of Amenophis III. Some account of his philanthropy, his love of seamen and of his political services may be found in the *Dictionary of National Biography*. He died February 12th, 1865, and was buried in St. Nicholas's Chapel in the Abbey of Westminster.

The Duke of Northumberland was at charges for the following volumes:—

The Watling Street, from the River Swale to the Scotch Border, with enlarged plans of the Stations and Camps adjacent to the line, from the original Survey made [in the years 1850 and 1851] by Henry MacLauchlan. 1852. folio.

Memoir written during a Survey of the Watling Street from the Tees to the Scotch Border in the years 1850 and 1851 by Henry MacLauchlan. 1852. 8 vo.

The Roman Wall and Illustrations of the Principal Vestiges of Roman Occupation in the North of England; from Original Surveys made by Henry MacLauchlan. Printed for Private Circulation, 1857. folio.

Memoir written during a Survey of the Roman Wall, through the Counties of Northumberland and Cumberland, in the years 1852-1854 by Henry MacLauchlan. Printed for Private Circulation. 1858. 8 vo.

Eastern Branch of Watling Street from Bewclay near Portgate on the Roman wall to Berwick-upon-Tweed, etc., from a Survey made in the years 1857, 1858, and 1859, by Henry MacLauchlan. Printed for Private Distribution. 1864. folio.

Memoir written during a Survey of the Eastern Branch of the Watling Street, in the years 1857, 1858 and 1859, by Henry MacLauchlan. Printed for Private Distribution. 1864. 8 vo.

Notes not included in the Memoirs already published on Roman Roads in Northumberland, taken during a Survey made by direction of the Duke of Northumberland. By Henry MacLauchlan. Printed for Private Circulation. 1867. 8vo.

Descriptive Catalogue of a Cabinet of Roman Family Coins belonging to the Duke of Northumberland, by Rear Admiral W. H. Smyth. Printed for Private Circulation. 1856. 4to.

Illustrations of Alnwick, Prudhoe, and Warkworth. Edited by C. H. Hartshorne. Printed for Private Circulation. [1857.] 4to.

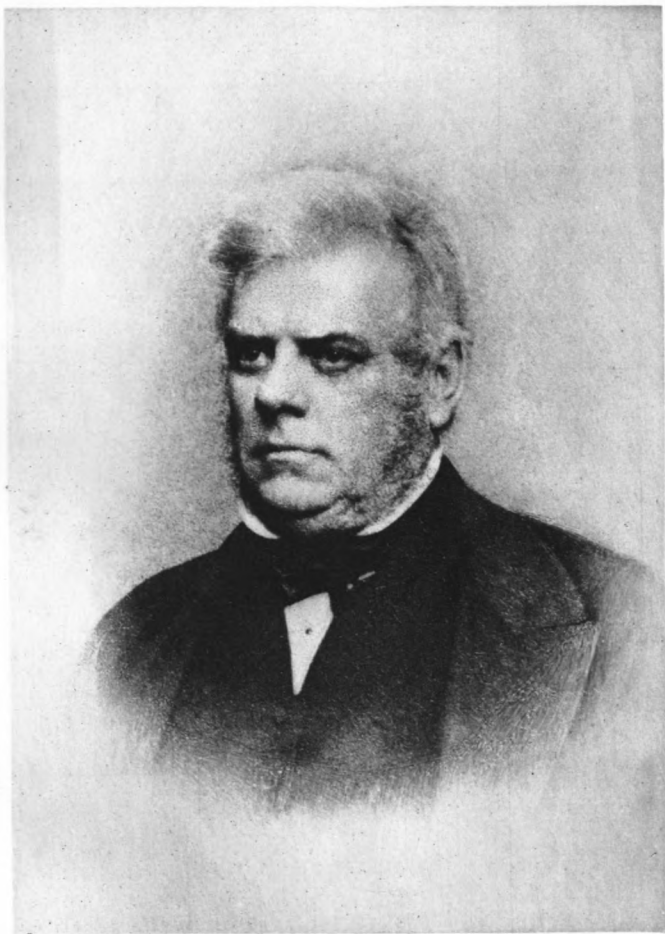
Arabic-English Lexicon, by E. W. Lane. 1863-1893. In eight parts, 4to. (This work was completed at the cost of his widow, Eleanor, Duchess of Northumberland.)

### WILLIAM DICKSON, F.S.A.

1835.

Born at Berwick on the 6th of April, 1799, the eldest son of Patrick Dickson, of Whitecross and Spittal Hall, William Dickson was intended for the profession of the law, and in due time was articled to a local solicitor. In 1831 he received his first legal appointment, that of clerk to the magistrates of the Eastern and Northern Division of Coquetdale Ward, and in 1843 he succeeded his father-in-law, Robert Thorpe of Alnwick, whose partner he had become, as clerk of the peace for the county of Northumberland. In the course of his long official career he filled many public offices. He was, for example, clerk to the County Rate Basis, and Pauper Lunatic<sup>c</sup>Asylum Committee and chairman of the Local Board which supplanted it; chairman of the Alnwick Board of Guardians and Gas Company, a Justice of the Peace for Berwickshire and founder of the Alnwick and County Bank. At the date of his death, May 14th, 1875, he was an F.S.A., a member of our Society, the Surtees Society, the Natural History Society, Berwickshire Naturalists' Club, the Grampian Club and the Glasgow Society of Field Naturalists.

Mr. Dickson sent us



WILLIAM DICKSON. F.S.A. SCOT.





## ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

## Vol. iii.

Bills of Cravings of the Sheriff of Northumberland for 1715 of Expenses incurred by him relative to the Rebellion in that year. P. 11.

Cronica Monasterij de Alnewyke ex quodam Libro Cronicarum in Libraria Collegij Regalis Cantabrigiæ de dono Regis Henrici vi<sup>to</sup> Fundatoris. P. 33.

Contents of the Chartulary of Hulne Abbey, in the Parish of Alnwick, founded by Wm. de Vesey, A.D. 1240, 24 Henry III. P. 46.

Notice relative to the Hospital of St. Leonard, in the Parish of Alnwick. P. 48.

## Vol. iv.

The Pipe Roll of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd of Edward I, with remarks thereon, in continuation of the Series published by the Rev. John Hodgson. P. 207.

## IBID. SERIES II.

## Vol. i.

Further Paper on the Hospital of St. Leonard, Alnwick, correcting previous Errors. P. 48.

## HISTORY OF THE BERWICKSHIRE NATURALISTS' CLUB.

## Vol. iii.

Notices of a Chantry in the Parochial Chapelry of Alnwick, dedicated to the Virgin Mary. Published separately in 1852.

## Vol. iv.

Presidential Address, 1857. P. 3.

Notes on the Marsh Samphire. P. 65.

On Rothbury and its Saxon Cross. P. 66.

On a Roman Altar found at Gloster Hill in the parish of Warkworth. P. 86.

Notes on Etal. P. 179.

## Vol. vi.

Notes to Correct Errors as to the Manors of Bamburgh and Blanchland. P. 331.

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

- The Wards, Divisions, Parishes and Townships of Northumberland, according to the Ancient and Modern Divisions, Shewing the Annual Value and Population of each Parish and Township Maintaining its own Poor, from the Returns of 1831; also the Places for which Surveyors of Highways and Constables are appointed respectively, and by whom appointed. 1833.

A Description of Alnwick Castle, for the Use of Visitors. Illustrated. 1846.

Record of the Proceedings Relating to the Address to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, from the Inhabitants of the Borough of Alnmouth in Northumberland. Presented August 29, 1850.

Four Chapters from the History of Alnmouth. 1852. With the History of Alnmouth, another chapter, shewing the past and present state of the Church. 1867.

The Pipe Rolls for the first, second and third years of the Reign of Edward the First for the County of Northumberland, A.D. 1273, 1274, 1275. With a Translation and Notes (from the *Archaeologia*). Also the Rolls for the fourth to the twelfth years of same reign in lithography. With Index.\*

### JOHN HODGSON, JUN., C.E.

Honorary Member, 1835.

Third child and second surviving son of the Rev. John Hodgson, born in 1814. Like his brother, Richard Wellington, he is the subject of many charming passages in the domestic letters printed by Dr. Raine in his father's Life. The lad wished to be an architect or engineer, and one of the letters, dated November, 1832, suggests that Mr. John Dobson, the designer of re-edified Newcastle, should be asked to take him. His father states that he has made considerable progress in Latin, understands a little Greek, has done much in geometry, logarithms, etc., 'is very good tempered and industrious, and I think I could answer for his being very correct and steady.' The Rev. Anthony Hedley, the year before, had presented him with a printing press, with which he amused himself while his future

\* Bound up in the writer's copy of these Pipe Rolls are two MS. copies of Inquisitions on the deaths of Henry, Lord Percy the second, and Henry, Lord Percy the third. The former is dated the 26th year (1352-3), and the latter the 42nd year (1368-9), of Edward III. Tate, in his *History of Alnwick*, gives a translation of the second document. There is also in the same volume an illustrated MS. paper entitled: 'Notes relating to the Incised Stones found upon the Hills about Doddington, Chatton, Weetwood, Bewick, Beanley, and other places.' It is signed Wm. Dickson, Alnwick, 21st May, 1864, and was evidently intended for publication, but the intention does not seem to have materialised.

career was under discussion, and from which was issued the little volume of poems named below. But Mr. Dobson did not want a pupil, and so young Hodgson took up the alternative suggestion, and became an engineer. He was apprenticed to the engineering firm of Robert and William Hawthorn, married William Hawthorn's daughter, and went out to Silesia, in partnership with the Messrs. Hawthorn, to establish engineering works there. Later on he entered the service of the East India Railway Company. He was in India, at Allahabad, in 1857, when an outbreak of cholera occurred. Both he and his wife fell victims to the disease, within twenty-four hours of each other; on the 19th and 20th of July in that year.

For our Society he translated, in

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iii.

An Inquisition taken at Newcastle-upon-Tyne in 1357, before William Hedwin, Coroner for Tynedale Ward, by twelve Jurors respecting certain Felonies committed by Persons residing in that District. P. 15.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

Poetic Trifles. Whelpington. 1832.

ROBERT WEDDELL.

1835.

Son of Robert Weddell of Alnwick, born there April 18th, 1794, educated at the local Grammar school and after serving articles commenced practice as an attorney at Berwick. Tate, *History of Alnwick*, vol. ii, p. 415, says of him, that having acquired a taste for the study of antiquities and local history and accumulated a valuable collection of coins, the chief work of his life was the accumulation of materials for a history of Berwick, in the prosecution of which he ransacked the public records and archives of the town. For many years he regularly betook

himself, after his own office hours were over, to the Council Chamber, and remained there oftentimes beyond midnight, poring over and copying documents. This incessant labour broke down his mental system; he was arrested in his course and died on May 5th 1850, aged 56 years, without having achieved the work on which his heart was set. He wrote the articles on Berwick and Berwickshire in the *Penny Cyclopædia* and the following paper in *Archæologia Aeliana*, series I, vol. iv, p. 297:—

The Salmon Fishings in the River Tweed.

### THOMAS HUDSON TURNER.

Correspondent, 1836.

An eminent antiquary who was born in 1815, and from an early age held a post in the Record Office in the Tower of London. He edited a book on the manners and household expenses of England in the 13th and 15th centuries, and other works, unnecessary to enumerate. He died in 1852. His contributions to our Society appear in

#### ARCHÆOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iii.

A Copy of a Commission issued in the year 1650, for inquiring into the Number and Value of Church Livings in the County of Northumberland, and of two Inquisitions taken in pursuance thereof; being so much of the 'Oliverian or Parliamentary Survey' as relates to that County. P. 1.

Copies of Records preserved in the Tower of London relating to the County of Northumberland. P. 18.

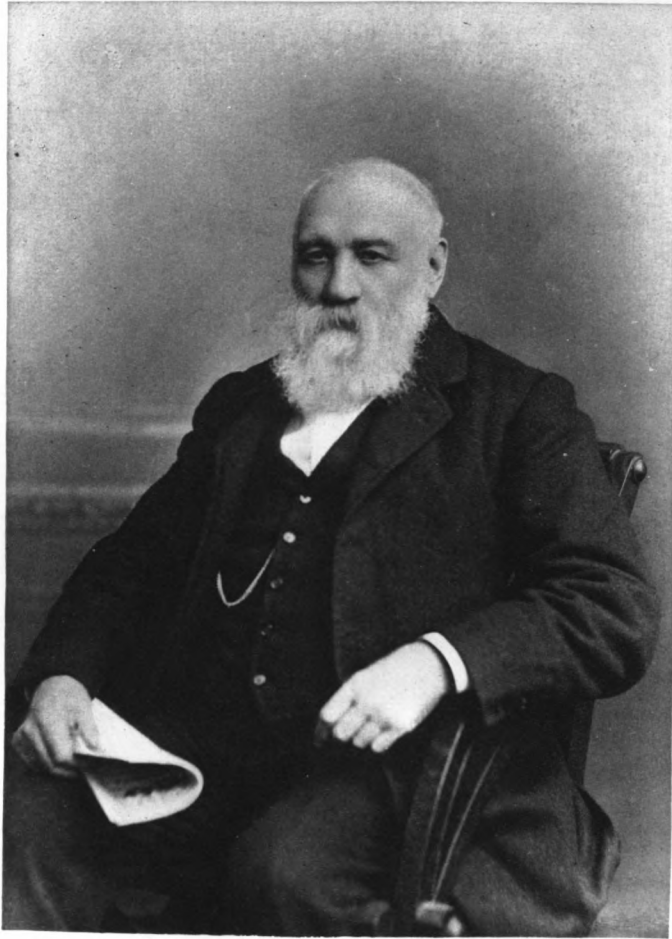
Bundle of Placita for the County of Northumberland, No. 42. Among the Records in the Tower of London. P. 30.

Extracts from the Patent Rolls relating to the Rebellion of Gilbert de Middleton. P. 51.

Deeds relating to Newcastle-upon-Tyne. P. 82.

Inquisitions Post Mortem relating to Coquetdale Ward; from the Originals in the Tower of London. P. 97.





ROBERT RICHARDSON DEES.

## ROBERT RICHARDSON DEES.

1839.

Robert Richardson Dees was a son of Robert Dees of H.M. Customs, and was born in Newcastle in the autumn of 1814. He obtained his education at Bruce's Academy, proceeded to the University of Edinburgh for a couple of years, and then, having served articles for seven years from June, 1829, with Henry Inglelew, a leading solicitor in Newcastle, to obtain the freedom of the Scriveners Company and five years as an attorney, proceeded to London and finished his training. Admitted to practice in 1836, he became clerk to the Board of Guardians for Castle Ward Union. Shortly afterwards he entered into partnership with Mr. George Bates (of the Heddon family), under the title of 'Bates and Dees.' Mr. Bates died June 27, 1850, and Mr. Dees joined a well-known firm, that of Messrs. Donkin, Stable, and Armstrong. The senior partner of that firm, Mr. Armorer Donkin, had retired in 1847; Mr. Armstrong, afterwards Lord Armstrong, was becoming absorbed in the pursuits of engineering, and when he retired also, the firm was reorganized under the name of Messrs. Stable and Dees. Finally, in 1861, Mr. Stable withdrew, after which Mr. Dees carried on the business in his own name for ten years and then admitted his surviving partner, Mr. Thomas William Thompson.

In addition to his clerkship of the Castle Ward Union, he was treasurer of the local Law Society from 1841 to 1892 and twice held the office of president. For many years he was a member of the council of the Incorporated Law Society. In 1857, he took up his freedom in the Newcastle Hostmen's Company. Sometime in the middle of last century Mr. Dees acquired The Hall, Wallsend, and there he resided until his decease on November 30, 1908, aged 94. At Wallsend he became a member of the Local Board of Health, a director of the local gas company, and



latterly bestowed upon the community the gift of a public park.

Before arriving at man's estate, he became a member of the Newcastle Literary and Philosophical Society, and was treasurer of that institution from 1851 to 1864. In October, 1834, he read a paper to the members on capital punishment which, during the following year, he issued as a pamphlet entitled:—

The Inexpediency of Capital Punishment.

In 1842, district courts of bankruptcy were established and Mr. Dees published a handbook of practice, entitled

The Law and Practice under the Statute of 5 & 6 Vict. c. 116, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors on petition to a Court of Bankruptcy, including exemplifications of the Forms and Proceedings, together with the Statutes and Rules, and the Order in Council defining the Bankruptcy Districts.

When Mr. Dees joined the Lit. and Phil., our own society had apartments in that institution, and soon after becoming a member of the one he was enrolled in the ranks of the other. Our records show that his election took place in 1839. Two years after his admission he was appointed a member of the council, and that position he held, with one or two lapses down to 1890, when he was appointed a vice-president, and so remained till his decease. He was also a member of the Tyneside Naturalists' Field Club.

It is somewhat remarkable that, during all this long period of membership and office, Mr. Dees contributed nothing, or next to nothing, to our literature. It is true that at the meeting of the society in November, 1855, he exhibited some ancient deeds, and that an epitome of them appears in the first volume, second series of our *Archaeologia*, pp. 36-43. But these abstracts were made by Mr. Longstaffe. In like manner Mr. Dees supplied Mr. Longstaffe with the Nettlesworth charter of Bishop Bek, which appears on pages 107-8 of the second volume of that series.

JAMES ORCHARD HALLIWELL, L.L.D., F.S.A., etc.

Honorary Member, 1839.

This famous Shakespearean scholar (afterwards J. O. Halliwell Phillipps) about whom much may be read in the *Dictionary of National Biography*, sent to our Society in 1839, two contributions which appear in

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iii.

A Royal Licence by Henry VII in favour of the Merchants of Newcastle to export Wool. From the Manuscript in the British Museum, 1 Bib. Cotton. Vespas. c. xiv fol. 477, etc. P. 123.

Bird's eye View of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. From a Drawing preserved in the British Museum. With folding plate. P. 124.

ROBERT BIGSBY, F.R.S., F.S.A.

Honorary Member, 1840.

Robert Bigsby, born at Nottingham in 1806 was the only son of Robert Bigsby, Registrar of the Archdeaconry of Nottingham, and was educated at Repton school. He resided successively at Repton and Ashby-de-la-Zouch, and was possessed, partly by inheritance, and partly by acquisition, of a collection of relics belonging to famous men, including Drake's astrolabe which last he presented to King William IV. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1837 and an honorary member of our Society in 1840, having presented for the museum 'The bridle bit belonging to the equestrian statue of the Duke of Newcastle which stood in front of the Castle of Nottingham and was pulled down in the riots of 1831,' with a memoir on the same, printed in *Archaeologia Aeliana*, series I, vol. iii, p. 130. He died at Peckham Rye, September 27, 1873.

He was author of the following:—

An Historical and Topographical Description of Repton in the County of Derby, 1854, 4to, and of a number of papers on archaeological and ecclesiastical subjects which are enumerated in his Memoirs in the *Dictionary of National Biography*.

### JOHN GOUGH NICHOLS, F.S.A.

Honorary Member, 1840.

John Gough Nichols, born in London in 1806, eldest son of John Bowyer Nichols, was educated at a private school at Islington—at which he is said to have had Benjamin Disraeli as a schoolmate—and at Merchant Taylors' school. He was 'third in succession and not the last, of a family which has added to the unblemished record of a great printing business, an hereditary devotion to the same class of learned studies.' He was joint editor of the *Gentleman's Magazine* from 1828 to 1851, and the sole editor from 1851 to 1856, treasurer of the Surtees Society in 1834, Fellow of the London Society of Antiquaries in 1835, and one of the founders of the Camden Society in 1838 (for which society he edited not less than twelve volumes). He was elected an honorary member of our Society in 1840; and in 1841 and 1844 presented sundry volumes to the library. Besides the very numerous papers he wrote for different societies he was editor of *Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica*, the *Topographer and Genealogist*, and the *Herald and Genealogist*. He died November 14, 1873. In the third volume of the first series of *Archaeologia Aeliana* there is printed his

Suggestions as to the reading of three Inscribed Stones presented to the Society in 1839 by Mr. W. C. Trevelyan. P. 139.

### ARTHUR TREVELYAN.

Correspondent, 1840.

Brother of Sir Walter Calverley Trevelyan, and second son of Sir John, 5th baronet. Born in 1802, died February 6, 1878.

He, like his father, made but one contribution to the Society's publications, namely, a letter, dated March 17, 1840, which appeared in the third volume of the first series of *Archaeologia Aeliana*, page 151, and formed part of

Notices respecting the Roman Station of Habitancum (now Risingham), in various communications to John Adamson, Esq., Secretary to the Society, by Sir John E. Swinburne, Bart., President; Arthur Trevelyan, Esq.; Mr. John Bell; and Mr. Richard Shanks, son of Mr. Shanks, the owner of the Station.

### EDWARD CHARLTON, M.D., D.C.L.

1841.

Edward Charlton, second son of William John Charlton, of Hesleyside, North Tyne, was born July 23rd, 1814. Received his early education at Ushaw College, where he remained six years, and in October, 1830, proceeded to Edinburgh University. His studies there were directed to the profession of medicine, and on April 21, 1837, aged 22, he graduated M.D. Seeking extended experience, he went to the School of Medicine in Paris, where he wrote a thesis upon 'Pneumonia among old people,' which received the honour of publication. Coming to Newcastle in or about 1840, he commenced to practice, devoting most of his time to medical institutions—the Infirmary, Dispensary and Fever Hospital. When the University of Durham established a Medical College in Newcastle, he became one of its professors, a member of council, and, in his turn, president. From that University he received the honorary degrees of M.D. and D.C.L. From Stockholm came to him an honorary membership of the Royal Swedish Academy of Medicine; while from the British Medical Association he received the honours of the presidency, when, in 1870; that learned body held in Newcastle its thirty-eighth itinerant conference.

Widely known as a scholar, scientist and antiquary, Dr. Charlton held many appointments. He was a member of the Literary and Philosophical Society, and in later years one of its vice-presidents, while at various times he delivered to its members lectures of much interest and value. In our Society he was from 1846 to 1870 one of the secretaries, filled the same office in the Natural History Society, and was one of the founders of the Tyneside Naturalists' Field Club. He died at his house in Eldon Square, May 14th, 1874. His papers and publications were these:—

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iv.

On an Ancient Saxon Cross from the Church of Rothbury. With Plate. P. 60.

On a Mediæval Water-Ewer of Metal in the form of a Mailed Horseman, discovered near Hexham. Illustrated. P. 76.

On an Enamelled Bronze Cup, and a Celt and Ring Mould belonging to Sir W. C. Trevelyan, Bart., with Observations on the Use of Metals by the Ancient British and the Romans. Illustrated. P. 102.

On the Ogham Inscription from the Island of Bressay, Shetland. With Plate. P. 150.

IBID. SERIES II.

Vol. ii.

Description of a Roll of Prayers formerly belonging to Henry VIII, when Prince. P. 41.

Leadern Box and Crosses from Richmond. P. 46.

Umbo of a Roman Shield found near Matfen. P. 49.

Vol. iii.

On an Inscription in Runic Letters in Carlisle Cathedral. Illustrated. P. 65.

Notes on North Tynedale in 1279. P. 147.

Notes of Border Stories. P. 174.

The Inquisition after the death of Adam de Charlton of Tyndale. P. 261.

Vol. iv.

A Notice of Golden Objects found near Alnwick. P. 36.

On a Roman Copper Vessel, two Fibulae, and a Ring, all found in a tumulus near Capheaton. P. 251.

## Vol. v.

- Early German Versions of the Bible. P. 91.  
 On Bronze-Tripod Vessels. P. 112.  
 North Tyndale and the Borders in the Sixteenth Century. P. 118.  
 Ancient Vases from Malta. P. 131.  
 Implements of the Saxon Period found near Lanchester. P. 159.  
 Dagger from Muggleswick. P. 170.  
 Chalice from Hexham. P. 171.

## Vol. vi.

- MS. of Gower's *Confessio Amantis*. P. 12.  
 Old Recipes. P. 17.  
 Jacobite Relics of 1715 and 1745. P. 29.  
 Ecclesiastical Vestments. P. 34.  
 Gold Ornament found in North Tyndale. P. 48.  
 Reverse of the Seal of Dunfermline Abbey. P. 106.  
 The Orkney Runes. Illustrated. Pp. 127, 184.  
 Ancient Breviary. P. 149.  
 Runic Legend from Monkwearmouth. P. 196.  
 Roman Caricature of Christianity. Illustrated. P. 198.  
 Abstract of the Will of Christopher Milbourne. P. 232.

## Vol. vii.

- Runic Inscription on Baronspike. P. 82.

## TYNESIDE NATURALISTS' FIELD CLUB TRANSACTIONS.

## Vol. iv.

- On the Great Auk (*Alca Impennis*). P. 111.

## Vol. v.

- Remarks on the Ornithology of North Tyne. P. 99.  
 Notes on Bellingham Church. P. 166.

## Vol. vi.

- Address to the Members at the 18th Anniversary Meeting. P. 256.

## NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S TRANSACTIONS. SERIES II.

## Vol. i.

- The Sessions of the Liberty of Tynedale, held at Wark in the Thirteenth Century. P. 168.

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

An Account of the Late Epidemic of Scarlatina in Newcastle and its Neighbourhood. 1847.

Memoir of Professor Munch, from the *Manx Society's Transactions*, vol. xxii. 1859.

Memorials of North Tynedale and its Four Surnames. Second edition. 1871.

## LECTURES AT THE LIT. AND PHIL.

European Volcanoes, 1848-49.

Lepers and Leper Houses. 1857-58.

The Ballads and Legends of Northern Europe. 1860-61.

The Runic Inscriptions of Great Britain. 1865-66.

Society in the North of England in the last Century. 1873-74.

## HENRY GLASFORD POTTER, F.S.A.

1841.

Mr. Potter was a surgeon in Newcastle, who distinguished himself in various lines of research outside of his profession. For besides being a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, he was a Fellow of the London Society of Antiquaries, the Geological Society, the Linnean Society, and Associate Correspondent of the Royal Academy of Sciences, Turin. Locally, he helped to found the Newcastle School of Medicine and Surgery in 1834; occupied the chair of Chemistry in that institution till 1840, and again in 1843-44, and was subsequently lecturer on Operative Surgery. When, in June, 1851, the dispute occurred which broke up the School into two factions, he joined the recusants, or reformers, at their new College of Medicine and Practical Science in Victoria Street, Westmorland Terrace.

Mr. Potter joined our Society in 1841. Two years later he read a paper on Egyptian crocodiles. He then entered upon a series of excavations on the Roman Wall. The station of Amboglanna, or Birdoswald, belonged at that time to a Mr. Norman, and with the owner's assistance, and that of his brother, William Potter, from London, the doctor began in September, 1850, to unearth the remains of the Roman camp there. The result was communicated to our Society in three papers, beautifully illustrated with lithographic plates by John Storey.

During his residence in Newcastle Mr. Potter was an unsuccessful candidate for the office of borough coroner. He was a







REV. EDWARD HUSSEY ADAMSON, M.A.

member of the Tyneside Naturalists' Field Club, and interested himself in the newly-formed Mechanics' Institute, whose members he admitted to his chemical lectures at Surgeon's Hall. In 1855 he left Newcastle, travelled on the Continent for a time, finally settled in London, and there on the 3rd of June, 1868, aged 58 years, he died. His papers are the following:—

## ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iii.

On the Crocodile of Egypt. P. 134.

Vol. iv.

Amboglanna. Illustrated. Pp. 63, 69, 141..

## REV. EDWARD HUSSEY ADAMSON, M.A.

1843.

Edward Hussey Adamson was a son of John Adamson, a co-founder of this Society. Born in Newcastle on the 2nd of September, 1817, he received his early education, under Dr. Mortimer, at the Royal Free Grammar school of his native town, and while there won the Corporation Gold Medal for a Latin poem, afterwards published as a Typographical tract. Thence he proceeded to University College, Oxford, where he matriculated May 7th, 1835, but, having won a Crewe scholarship, migrated to Lincoln College in that city, where, in 1839, he took the degree of B.A. Ordained to the curacy of Wallsend in 1840 he took his degree of M.A. in 1841 and in 1843 obtained the living of Windy Nook, near Gateshead, where the remainder of his life was spent.

His connection with our Society began in April 1843; in 1849 he was elected one of the Council, and in 1887 a vice-president. Other local organizations with which he identified himself were the Surtees Society, the Berwickshire Naturalists' Club, the Architectural and Archaeological Society of Durham and North-

umberland and the Newcastle Literary and Philosophical Society. He was a member of Convocation in Durham University and, for some years, acted as local secretary to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. To Willis's *Current Notes*, the *Gentleman's Magazine*, and the Newcastle *Diocesan Magazine* he frequently wrote; to *Notes and Queries*, for forty-seven years, he was a prolific contributor. Indeed throughout his life his pen was constantly employed in preparing useful biographical and other notes for magazines and newspapers, many of which cannot now be traced. He died September 16th, 1898.

For our Society and others he wrote—

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. x.

Some Further Notices of Dr. Thomlinson, the Founder of the Thomlinson Library. P. 80.

Vol. xi.

Henry Bourne, the Historian of Newcastle. P. 147.

Vol. xii.

An Attempt to trace the Delavals from the time of the Norman Conquest to the Present Day. With an etching and drawings by C. J. Spence. P. 215.

Vol. xix.

Sir Charles Brown. With Portrait. P. 133.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY. SERIES II.

Vol. vi.

Obituary Notice of Alderman Richard Cail. With Portrait. P. 96.

HISTORY OF THE BERWICKSHIRE NATURALISTS' CLUB.

Vol. xiv.

Memoir of the Rev. R. H. Williamson, M.A. P. 157.

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE.

Memoirs of the Rev. Jonathan Walton, D.D.; Rev. W. N. Darnell; John Adamson, K.C. and K.T.S.; Rev. J. B. P. Dennis, B.A., F.G.S.; Rev. Wm. Smith of Melsonby; Raleigh Trevelyan; Capt. West, R.N., etc.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN MAGAZINE.

Biographies of Local Worthies, namely, Richard Holdsworth, D.D.; Thomas Jackson, D.D.; Bishop Butler; Nicholas Ridley, Bishop of London; Isaac Basire, D.D.; Rev. Hugh Moises, headmaster of Newcastle Grammar School; etc.

## VARIOUS MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS.

Memoirs of Thomas Baker (the *Coll. Jo. socius ejectus*) founder of the Baker Exhibition for Durham scholars at St. John's College, Cambridge; Rev. John Collinson, M.A.; Rev. Edward Moises; Rev. Henry Wardell; Rev. W. P. Philp; Rev. Canon Humble; Archdeacon Coxe; Rev. John Besly, D.C.L.; Canon Ornsby; Rev. John Reed, B.A.; Rev. B. Simpson, B.A.; *cum multis aliis*.

Other publications of his, apart from theological books and pamphlets, are:—

Imperii Caput et Rerum Pulcherrima Roma. Carmen Latinum apud Scholam Novocastrensem aureo numismate donatum. [The Grammar School Prize Poem.] 1831.

Scholae Novocastrensis Alumni: Brief Notices of Eminent Men educated at Queen Elizabeth's Grammar School, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 1846. [A volume of additional notices published in 1870.]

Brief Memoir of the Rev. Hugh Salvin, B.A., sometime vicar of Alston, Cumberland. 1852.

The Rev. William Smith of Melsonby. Reprint from *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1855.

A Former Vicar of Newcastle-upon-Tyne [Rev. John March]. n.d.

Memoir of Nathaniel Ellison, D.D., vicar of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. n.d.

Obituary Notice of the late John Adamson, Esq., K.C. and K.T.S. of Portugal, F.L.S., F.R.G.S. Reprint from *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1856.

## CHARLES ROACH SMITH, F.S.A.

Honorary Member, 1844.

This accomplished antiquary was born at Landguard, in the Isle of Wight, in 1807, and was apprenticed to a chemist at Chichester. Thence he migrated, first to London and finally to Strood in Kent. In London it was that he commenced that career of collecting Roman and British antiquities which made his name famous. He wrote largely for the London *Archaeologia* and the *Numismatic Chronicle*, edited antiquarian notes for the *Gentleman's Magazine*, besides helping to found the British Archaeological Association and publishing numerous books of *Collectanea*. One of his collections was sold to the British Museum

for 2,000*l*; another, of Saxon antiquities, was disposed of to a Liverpool collector for a considerable sum. During his long and laborious life, Mr. Roach Smith visited various parts of England; among them Newcastle, where, and in the neighbourhood, he found a happy hunting ground for his cult. Here he made the acquaintance of Dr. Bruce, W. H. D. Longstaffe, Hodgson Hinde, John Adamson, John Clayton, Dr. Charlton, Robert Blair and others, with whom, being kindred spirits, he spent many happy hours in exploration and research. His latest work was, *Retrospections, Social and Archaeological*, in which Newcastle and Newcastle antiquaries find appropriate commendation. Only the year before his death, which occurred August 2nd, 1890, he attended our July monthly meeting and afterwards went to Chesters to have his last look at the Roman Wall. At that meeting, with Dr. Bruce in the chair, the venerable antiquary remarked that he had for a long time, 'actively co-operated through their president of the evening, through their secretaries, and through Mr. John Clayton, as well as through distinguished colleagues now departed. This association he had ever been proud of, for in no society of the many with which he was connected was there more earnestness, activity and geniality than in the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.'

Frequent quotations from Mr. Smith's works occur both in our *Archaeologia* and *Proceedings*, while his *Collectanea Antiqua*, in seven volumes, prove a mine of information upon almost every branch of antiquarian research. His direct communications were:—

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. iv.

A Letter to Dr. Bruce advising the Excavation of all the Stations on the Roman Wall. P. 141.

Vol. vi.

A Letter to Dr. Bruce on a Roman Figure from Carlisle. P. 115.

## Vol. viii.

Upon the Coins found in Coventina's Fountain at Procolitia. P. 40.  
 On the Etymology of Coventina. P. 107.

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY. SERIES II.

## Vol. i.

Note on some Peculiarities in the Roman Wall of Chester. P. 99.

## Vol. ii.

Notes on the Roman Leaden Seals found at Brough, South Shields, and other places. P. 25.

## Vol. iii.

A Letter to the Prince of Wales, suggesting that the Queen should have stamped, upon the reverse of the coinage during the Jubilee year, figures commemorative of the leading events of her Reign. P. 12.

## GEORGE GRAY BELL.\*

Correspondent, 1845.

George Gray Bell is supposed to have been the second son of John Bell, co-founder of the Society. If so he was born January 13, 1810, and brought up by his father to his own profession—that of land surveyor. In the printed pedigree of this family of Bell he is entered as married, but no further account of him is given, and his subsequent career is not traceable. He sent to our Society one paper as follows:—

## ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

## Vol. iv.

Some Account of a Cave found in making a Limestone Quarry on the Sea Coast near North Sunderland. With a Plan. P. 32.

\* See the account of Thomas Charles Bell on a previous page.

## JAMES HARDY, LL.D.

1845.

James Hardy, born at Bilsdean in East Lothian, June 1, 1815, son of George Hardy, a tenant farmer on the Dunglas estate in Berwickshire, was educated at the parish school of Old Cambus, and at the University of Edinburgh, at which he was entered in 1833. It is believed that he was intended for the ministry, but in 1840 he settled at Gateshead, where in a house in Ellison Terrace, at the corner of Grosvenor Street, he commenced a school for boys. During his residence in Gateshead he not only became a member of our Society, but, also, of the Literary and Philo-sophical Society and the Tyneside Naturalists' Field Club. His health failing he returned to his father's house at Penmanshiel in Berwickshire and subsequently became tenant of a farm at Old Cambus, in which barony the remainder of his life was spent. A modest and accurate scholar, of amazing industry, he received the honorary degree of LL.D., in 1890, from the University of Edinburgh, and dying on the 30th September, 1898, he was buried in the graveyard attached to the priory church of Cold-ingham.

## ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. xiii.

Further Discoveries of Pre-historic Graves, Urns, and other Antiquities on Lilburn Hill Farm, on the Lilburn Tower Estate. Illustrated. P. 351.

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY. SERIES II.

Vol. ii.

Notice of Loreta de Botry, whose name is inscribed on a Sepulchral Slab found at Alnwick Abbey. P. 8.

Cup and Ring Marked Rocks, at Morwick. P. 157.

Vol. iv.

Note on *Erinus Alpinus*, growing at Chesters. P. 170.

Vol. v.

Note on an Irish Stone, or Chärm. P. 76.

TYNESIDE NATURALISTS' FIELD CLUB TRANSACTIONS.

Vol. i

A Catalogue of the Insects of Northumberland and Durham. Part 1.  
P. 37.

Vol. ii.

A Catalogue of the Insects of Northumberland and Durham. Parts 2 and  
3. Pages 21 and 164.

Journal of Excursions into Northumberland in June and July, 1851.  
P. 303.

To the history of the Berwickshire Naturalists' Club, of which society he was hon. joint secretary, or hon. secretary from 1871 to his death, he contributed not less than two hundred and sixty articles or notices; those relating to Northumberland and Durham are enumerated below.

Vol. v.

Presidential Address to the Berwickshire Naturalists' Club in 1868.  
P. 373.

Vol. vi.

Contributions to the Entomology of the Cheviot Hills. Pages 160, 251, 390.  
On an Earthquake among the Cheviot Hills with Notices of Border  
Earthquakes. P. 225.

Notes on a Shipwreck near Bamburgh in 1472. P. 330.

On Langley Ford Vale and the Cheviots. P. 353.

Notice of the Discovery of *Psamma Baltica* on the Coast of Northumber-  
land. P. 441.

Vol. vii.

Notice of James Service, the Chatton Poet. P. 66.

Obituary Notice of the Rev. William Proctor, junior, curate of Dodding-  
ton. P. 181.

Obituary Notice of the Rev. George Rooke, vicar of Embleton. P. 185.

Obituary Notice of George Ralph Tate, M.D., some time of Alnwick.  
P. 334.

Contribution to the Entomology of the Cheviot Hills. Pp. 152, 328.

On the Antiquity and History of some Border Pears. P. 200.

Remarks on Yeavinger. P. 245.

On Iron and Iron Slag found at Yeavinger. P. 261.

Memoranda on William Dickson, F.S.A. P. 375.

On Two Welsh Prisoners confined at Bamburgh, in the reign of Edward I.  
P. 506.



Vol. viii.

- Local Documents [relating to Berwick, Bamburgh, etc.]. Pp. 91, 280.  
Obituary Notice of Rev. William Proctor, vicar of Doddington. P. 230.  
On the Border Family of Papedy of Ancroft, Douglas, etc. Pp. 480, 550.

Vol. ix.

- Obituary Notice of William Richardson of Alnwick. P. 184.  
List of Chalcididae, etc. [collected] near Newcastle-upon-Tyne. P. 296.  
Obituary Notice of Dr. Robert Wilson of Alnwick. P. 496.

Vol. x.

- Notice of Hugo, son of Aselin of Corbridge. P. 33.  
Obituary Notice of Thomas Robertson of Alnwick. P. 65.  
Note on Elsdon. P. 120.  
Obituary Notice of Robert Crossman of Cheswick. P. 286.  
Obituary Notice of Rev. J. W. Dunn, vicar of Warkworth. P. 287.  
On a Bronze Spear-head found on Bowsden Moor. P. 192.  
Example of the Wood Ant from Yardhope-wood-foot. P. 215.  
On the Incised Rocks at Morwick. P. 343.  
On a Spoon of the Renaissance period found at Mousen, near Belford, with  
a Notice of Mousen. P. 363.  
Signification of the word Lindisfarne. P. 450.  
On a Funeral Slab found at Alnwick Abbey. P. 473.  
Obituary Notice of Ralph Carr-Ellison. P. 508.  
Notes on Urns and Cists found at Amble. P. 528.  
Further Notes on the Antiquities of Alnham. P. 546.  
Notice of Screnwood. P. 550.

Vol. xi.

- On the Oxnam-water Ancestry of George Stephenson, the Engineer. P.  
112.  
Plenderleith and the Selbies. P. 163.  
Memoir of John Towlerton Leather of Middleton-hall. P. 227.  
Memoir of Rev. William Darnell, some time vicar of Bamburgh. P. 230.  
On Urns and other Antiquities found round the southern skirts of the  
Cheviot Hills. P. 269.  
Miscellaneous Observations on Akeld and Coupland. P. 412.  
On Gauffres or Wafer irons. P. 491.  
On a Silver Brooch found at Hazleton Rig, near Alnham. P. 501.

Vol. xii.

- New Plants for Northumberland. P. 394.  
Notices of Heathpool in the parish of Kirknewton. P. 396.

Vol. xiv.

- On Three British Cists, one of them containing an Urn, found near  
Callaly. P. 390.

## Vol. xvi.

Botanical Notes on Newham Bog. P. 44.

## RICHARDSON'S LOCAL HISTORIANS' TABLE BOOK.

## Legendary Division.

## Vol. i.

Cheviot Hills. P. 399.

Cheviot Revisited. P. 404.

## Vol. ii.

Legends of King Arthur and of Sewingshields. P. 37.

Legends respecting Huge Stones. P. 88.

Silky : A Northumberland Tradition. P. 181.

Borrowed Fire : A New Year's Superstition. P. 238.

Candle Creel : A Northumbrian Custom. P. 243.

Harvest Customs in Northumberland. P. 371.

Beliefs in Physical Endowments for Good or Evil. P. 396.

## Vol. iii.

The Hag Worm and the Adder. P. 15.

The Gray Man of Bellister. P. 22.

Popular History of the Cuckoo. P. 91.

Callaley Castle. P. 109.

She-Holly : A Northumbrian Superstition. P. 254.

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

The Denham Tracts. 2 vols. edited for the Folk Lore Society. 1892-95.  
 Selections from the Correspondence of Dr. George Johnston, founder of the  
 Berwickshire Naturalists' Club. Edited. 1892.

## RICHARD SHANKS.

Honorary Member, 1845.

Richard Shanks was a son of Thomas Shanks of Todridge, in the parish of Hartburn, who, about the year 1822, purchased from Charles Fenwick of Woodburn Hill the property at Risingham on which is situated the Roman Station of Habitancum. Through the influence of the Rev. John Hodgson, Mr. Richard Shanks, between the years 1841 and 1845, made large and important gifts to the Society's museum, of altars, inscribed stones, and

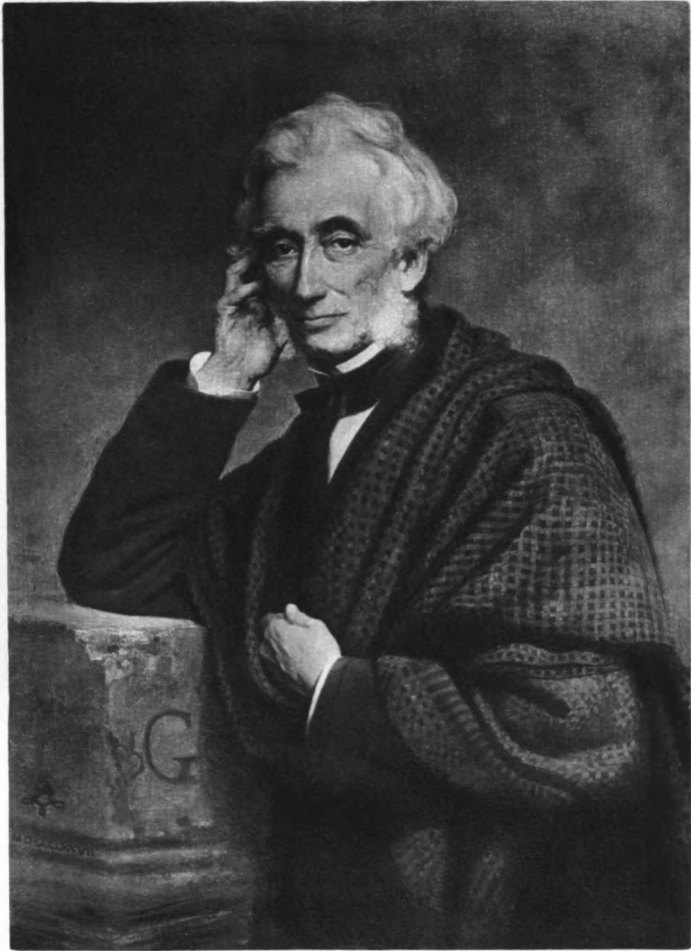
other objects recovered from *Habitancum*. In recognition of these welcome gifts, he was elected an honorary member of the Society February 3, 1845, and a set of the Society's proceedings was presented to him. He may with much probability be identified with the Richard Shanks who died at Haydon Bridge, March 9, 1898, aged 88 years. He communicated some account of Risingham in a letter to John Bell, printed in *Archaeologia Aeliana*, series I, vol. iii, p. 159.

JOHN COLLINGWOOD BRUCE, LL.D., F.S.A., ETC.

1846.

Dr. Bruce, for by that name the historian of the Roman Wall was for forty years universally known, was a son of John Bruce, founder of Percy Street Academy, Newcastle. Born September 15, 1805, he received his early education from his father, continued it at Mill Hill School, and completed it at Glasgow University. Having, in 1826, taken his M.A. degree, he obtained a preaching licence from the Presbytery of Newcastle, but, in 1831, settled down in partnership with his father as a schoolmaster. Bruce the elder had antiquarian tastes. He became an early member of our Society, and although he contributed nothing to our literature, he imbued his son John with similar tastes and pursuits. Both of them sought, in the practice of their profession, to study Roman history through the visible remains of Roman rule in Britain. The father died in 1834, leaving the son to carry on the work. With the son the study of all conquering Rome became a passion. The great Wall which the Romans built across the island, looms up large and strong in the story of his early life. He visited it, explored it, studied it, until finally he knew more about it than any other living man.

Dr. Bruce joined our ranks in 1846, and soon brought his passion for the Wall to bear upon the Society's deliberations.



RUDOLPH LEHMANN PINXIT

SWAN ELECTRIC ENGRAVING CO

*J. Collingwood Bruce*



In the autumn of 1848, for five nights, he lectured to the members of the Literary and Philosophical Society on the same subject. This begat a desire among his hearers to visit the Wall under his guidance. Out of this desire originated the famous Pilgrimage of 1849, and out of the Pilgrimage came the first edition of a work, upon which the fame of Dr. Bruce chiefly rests, namely, his history of the Roman Wall. It was published in 1851, re-issued in an expanded form in 1853, and finally put forth in a thick folio, dated 1867. On the appearance of the second edition, honours flowed in upon the author. He was made an LL.D. of Glasgow University, elected a corresponding member of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, of the Imperial Society of Antiquaries of France and of the Society of Antiquaries of Normandy. Three years later he was elected co-secretary of our Society, a position which he held till 1883, when he was elected a vice-president.

Into the middle and old age activities of Dr. Bruce it is impossible to enter here. He lectured on all sorts of subjects relating to history, antiquity, and religion in all parts of the North of England, wrote numerous books, papers and pamphlets, revived public interest in the folk music of Northumberland; took an active share in the management of the Free Library; was a member, and, in his turn, president of the Tyneside Naturalists' Field Club; worked for some years as a Poor Law Guardian; assisted to found, and was for many years president of the Y.M.C.A.; acted as secretary of the Newcastle Town Mission and the local branch of the Bible Society; was chairman and wrote the annual reports of the Governors of the Infirmary; received the appointment of Moderator of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church, preached sermons and delivered lectures and addresses innumerable. In antiquarian matters he held several important and highly honourable distinctions. The University of Durham conferred upon him the degree of D.C.L.,

the London Society of Antiquaries elected him a Fellow, the Surrey Archaeological Society made him a vice-president, and, besides holding the offices already enumerated in the preceding paragraph, he was a corresponding member of an Archaeological Institute at Rome, of the Trinity Historical Society, Dallas, Texas, U.S.A., and a vice-president of our own Lit. and Phil., etc.

Hale and hearty to the last, Dr. Bruce died on the 5th of April, 1892, at the great age of eighty-seven years. His principal writings are the following:—

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. i.

An Account of the Excavations made at the Roman Station of Bremenium during the Summer of 1855. Supplementary to a Paper contributed by the Author to the Proceedings of the Archaeological Institute in Newcastle in 1852. With Plan. P. 69.

Catalogue of the Inscribed and Sculptured Roman Stones in the Possession of the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. With 100 Woodcuts. P. 221.

Vol. iii.

The First Part of Remarks on the Pamphlet of 'A Cumbrian,' entitled 'Mural Controversy.' The Question 'Who built the Wall?'. Illustrated. P. iv.

The Second Part of Remarks on Mural Controversy. P. v.

On Excavations at Cilurnum and Borcovicus. P. v.

On Ancient Tobacco Pipes. P. vii.

Notices of Operations in the Roman Station at Benwell during the formation of a Reservoir for the Whittle Dean Water Co. P. 47.

Vol. iv.

Report of a Visit to Caerleon on the Usk, and Caerwent. P. 140.

On two newly discovered Roman inscriptions on Coome Crag and at Baules Burn. P. 144.

An Account of several recent discoveries of Roman remains. P. 249.

Vol. v.

Ala Petriana. Inscription on a Roman Stone found at Carlisle. P. 98.

Further Discoveries at Carlisle. P. 109.

Roman Inscriptions at Lisburn. P. 135.

Roman Stations in the West. P. 137.

Roman Hexham. P. 144.

## Vol. vi.

- Corrupt Orthography of Local Names. P. 5.  
 Excavations at Corbridge. P. 18.  
 Roman Carlisle. P. 52.  
 Roman Italy. P. 86.  
 Etruscan Italy. P. 90.  
 Altars to Antenociticus discovered at Condercum. P. 153.  
 Mural Notes. P. 220.

## Vol. vii.

- Observations on a Roman Inscription at Cockermonth Castle. P. 80.  
 The Altars recently found in the Roman Camp at Maryport. P. 184.  
 Inscriptions at Abbotsford and Hexham. P. 212.

## Vol. viii.

- A Roman Burial at York. P. 127.  
 An Account of the Excavation of the South Gateway of the Station of  
 Cilurnum. Illustrated. P. 211.

## Vol. ix.

- The Newly Discovered Roman Stone at Hexham. P. 164.  
 On a Roman Milestone found at Rhiwiau in North Wales. Illustrated.  
 P. 221.  
 Roman Milestone [Another] in North Wales. Illustrated. P. 231.  
 An Exploratory Turret of the Roman Wall. P. 234.

## Vol. x.

- The Three Bridges over the Tyne at Newcastle. Illustrated. P. 1.  
 Notes on the Recently Discovered Turrets on the Walltown Crags. With  
 an Etching by C. J. Spence. P. 57.  
 On a Signet Ring found at Cilurnum. P. 135.  
 Notes on a Medieval Grave Cover from Alnwick Abbey. Illustrated.  
 P. 193.  
 On the Recent Discoveries in the Roman Camp on the Lawe, South  
 Shields. Illustrated. P. 223.  
 Later Discoveries at the Lawe, South Shields. P. 311.

## Vol. xi.

- On a Roman Altar from Byker. Illustrated. P. 120.  
 On Centurial Stones near Gilsland. Illustrated. P. 121.  
 On Two Unpublished Roman Inscriptions. Illustrated. P. 123.  
 On the Discovery of Five Roman Milestones. Illustrated. P. 130.  
 A Few Jottings respecting some of the Early Members of the Society of  
 Antiquaries of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. With Portraits. P. 155.  
 On a Small Roman Altar from Magna. Illustrated. P. 232.  
 On an Altar from South Shields. Illustrated. P. 233.  
 Fragment of a Slab found at Whitley Castle, near Alston. Illustrated.  
 P. 235.



Vol. xii.

The late Sir C. E. Trevelyan, Bart. With Portrait. P. 150.

On some recently discovered Inscriptions of the Roman Period. Illustrated. P. 284.

On a Roman Tombstone of the Christian Period recently discovered at Mertola, in Portugal. P. 297.

Vol. xiii.

On an Inscribed Slab, found at Newburn. Illustrated. P. 192.

A Centurial Stone from Caervoran, etc. Illustrated. P. 196.

A Roman Christian Inscription from Portugal. Illustrated. P. 199.

Inscribed Stones at Chesters. Illustrated. P. 357.

A Christian Inscription from Chesterholm. Illustrated. P. 367.

On the Cat-stane. Illustrated. P. 369.

Some Excavations at Chesters. Illustrated. P. 374.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY. SERIES II.

Vol. i.

On a Roman Milestone found near Bangor. Pp. 11, 39, 52.

Address to the Antiquarian Section of the Royal Archaeological Institute in Newcastle. P. 200.

Lecture on the Northumberland Small Pipes to the Royal Archaeological Institute in Newcastle. P. 257.

Address at an Excursion of the Institute to Chesters and the Roman Wall. Illustrated. P. 265.

Vol. ii.

On an Ancient British Grave at Chollerford. P. 170.

On an Ancient Bronze Vessel from the River Tyne near Blaydon. P. 279. Illustrated on P. 301.

Vol. iii.

On Banners for the Castle. P. 10.

On Alnwick Castle. Illustrated. P. 80.

On Sir Edward W. Blakett's gift of Inscribed and Sculptured Roman Stones. Illustrated. P. 206.

On the Northumbrian Burr. P. 214.

Deer's Horns for Forks. P. 230.

Speech on Presentation of Portrait. P. 265.

On the 'Quigs Burial Plas in Sidgatt.' P. 438.

Vol. iv.

On the Deaths of J. O. Halliwell Phillipps and Signor Montiroli.

On two pieces of Tapestry from the 'Blue Bell' at Byker, formerly family residence of the Lawsons. P. 38.

Notes on an Inscription from Coventina's Well, at Procolitia. P. 157.

Note on a Silver Crescent, or Badge of the Percies, found at Embleton's Bog, near Newham, Northumberland. P. 211.

Remarks on Roman Stones in Collingwood Street, Newcastle. P. 270.

Vol. v.

On the death of the Duchess of Northumberland. P. 1.

On Cannon Balls found in Thornton Street, and on the Volume of Border Holds issued by Mr. Cadwallader Bates. P. 10.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

A Guide to the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Illustrated. 1847.

Outlines of Five Lectures on Castellated Architecture. 1847.

The Roman Wall: an Account of the Barrier of the Lower Isthmus, extending from the Tyne to the Solway. Illustrated. 1851.

Views on the Line of the Roman Wall in the North of England. 1851.

Hadrian, the Builder of the Roman Wall; a Reply to 'An Attempt to Substantiate the Claims of Severus to the Authorship of the Roman Wall,' by Robert Bell. 1853.

The Roman Wall. Second Edition. 1853.

The Bayeux Tapestry Elucidated. Sixteen Coloured Plates. 1856.

An Account of the Excavations at Bremenium, made by direction of the Duke of Northumberland on the occasion of the meeting of the Archaeological Institute in Northumberland in 1852. Illustrated. (In Proceedings of the Institute.) 1858.

A Handbook to Newcastle-upon-Tyne. (Several subsequent editions.) Illustrated. 1863.

The Wallet Book of the Roman Wall. With Illustrations. 1863. Etchings by C. J. Spence and other Illustrations in later editions.

The Roman Wall. Third Edition. 1867.

Incised Stone and Rock Markings in Northumberland, etc. 1869.

The Story, Partly Sad and Partly Gay, of the Thorngrifton Find. For Private Distribution. 1871.

The Wall of Hadrian, with Especial Reference to Recent Discoveries. Two Lectures at the Lit. and Phil. 1874.

Lapidarium Septentrionale, or, a Description of the Monuments of Roman Rule in the North of England. 1875.

Northumbrian Minstrelsy. A Collection of the Ballads, Melodies, and Small Pipe Tunes of Northumbria: Edited by Dr. Bruce and John Stokoe. 1882.

A Catalogue of the British Antiquities in the Duke of Northumberland's Museum at Alnwick Castle. 1880.

On some recently discovered Inscriptions of the Roman Period. Illustrated. (In Cumberland and Westmorland Society's Transactions, 1886.)

Old Newcastle. Lectures by the Late Dr. J. Collingwood Bruce. With a Preface by Thomas Hodgkin, D.C.L. Posthumous Publication. 1904.

## WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE, F.G.S.

1848.

Born at Alston, February 10, 1811, the only son of William, partner in the firm of Robert and William Bainbridge, solicitors, William, junior, received his education at a northern school, became a student at the Inner Temple, and was called to the Bar in 1838. Settling himself down in Newcastle, he confined himself mainly to the chamber practice of a conveyancer and real property lawyer. Endowed with considerable literary ability, he wrote various works of merit on various subjects—‘from grave to gay, from lively to severe.’ He was a strenuous politician, from a Radical standpoint, and took a leading part in at least two Newcastle elections, joined in a fierce dispute which raged over a Mary Magdalene Hospital appointment, and is the theme of laudation on that account in an anonymous ballad, written in imitation of Macaulay’s *Lays of Ancient Rome* by Dr. Bruce’s son, Gainsford, afterwards Mr. Justice Bruce, entitled *The High Priest of Epona*. On the failure of the Northumberland and District Bank in 1857 he was appointed one of the liquidators. He was a member of the Lit. and Phil. Society, and delivered one of their lectures, taking for his subject ‘Peter the Hermit—the first Crusader.’ He was also a Justice of the Peace for the county of Northumberland. His death occurred on the 13th December, 1869.

In connection with our Society he read a paper, which appears in

## ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iv.

An Account of the Roman Road, called ‘the Maiden Way,’ from Caervoran and over the Cross Fell range, to Kirkby Thore. P. 36.

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

A Practical Treatise on the Law of Mines and Minerals. 1841.

A Letter to Sir Robert Peel on Church Leases. 1841.

The Mayor and the Monks of Tynemouth. 1843.

The Monk of Tynemouth and the Lord of Delaval. 1844.

A Comparison of the Great English and French Revolutions. (Typographical Tracts.) 1844.

Letters on the Representation of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 1856.

The Day after To-Morrow; or, Fata Morgana, containing the Opinions of Mr. Sergeant Mallet, M.P. for Boldborough on the Future State of the British Nation and the Human Race. 1858.

A volume of 'Alpine Lyrics' and a three-volume novel entitled 'Lionel Merval,' are attributed to his pen, but these have not been identified.

### REV. WALKER FEATHERSTONHAUGH, M.A.

1848 and 1886.

Mr. Featherstonhaugh was educated at University College, Durham, of which he was for a time Fellow; took his degrees, B.A., 1843, M.A., 1845, and became curate of Ovingham, where he remained till 1848. From 1848 to 1851 he was curate of Egglecliffe, from 1851 to 1853 chaplain to the borough gaol at Newcastle, went thence, for a year, to Stonegrave, Yorkshire, served another year in the curacy of Hartburn, Northumberland, and then, in 1856, obtained the living of Edmondbyers, co. Durham, where he died. He was a member of the Berwickshire Naturalists' Club, and of the Durham and Northumberland Architectural and Archaeological Society, and contributed to each of them as well as to our Society as follows:—

#### ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iv.

Chester-le-Street: On the Evidences of its Occupation by the Romans; with an Account of the Discoveries made, and an Attempt to determine the Site and Roman name of the Station. P. 289.

#### IBID. SERIES II.

Vol. iii.

Saxon Sculpture at St. Andrews, Bywell. Illustrated. P. 33.

Notes on St. Edmund's Church, Edmondbyers. P. 263.

Vol. xxii.

Edmondbyers. P. 79.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY. SERIES II.

Vol. iii.

On the Church Plate of Edmondbyers. P. 276.

Vol. iv.

On a Plant, 'Erinus Alpinus,' on the Roman Wall at Cilurnum. P. 170.

On a Small Brass Ring Dial. P. 212.

On the Piscina of St. John's, Newcastle. Pp. 227, 233, 234.

On Hylton Ford. P. 230.

On a small Copper-gilt Grave Chalice from Hexham Abbey Church.  
P. 278.

Vol. v.

Two Ridge-tiles of Sandstone, locally known as 'Jack Necks.' P. 97.

On a Pair of Snuffers. P. 98.

On a Sixth Pele Tower in the County of Durham. P. 101.

On Stycas, small Coins of Mixed Metal peculiar to the ancient kingdom of  
Northumbria. Pp. 188, 206.

On a Find of British Implements near Medomsley. P. 216.

Vol. vi.

The Village of Blanchland. P. 98.

HISTORY OF BERWICKSHIRE NATURALISTS' CLUB.

Vol. i.

Memoir of Rev. John F. Bigge, M.A. P. 207.

ARCHITECTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

Vol. i.

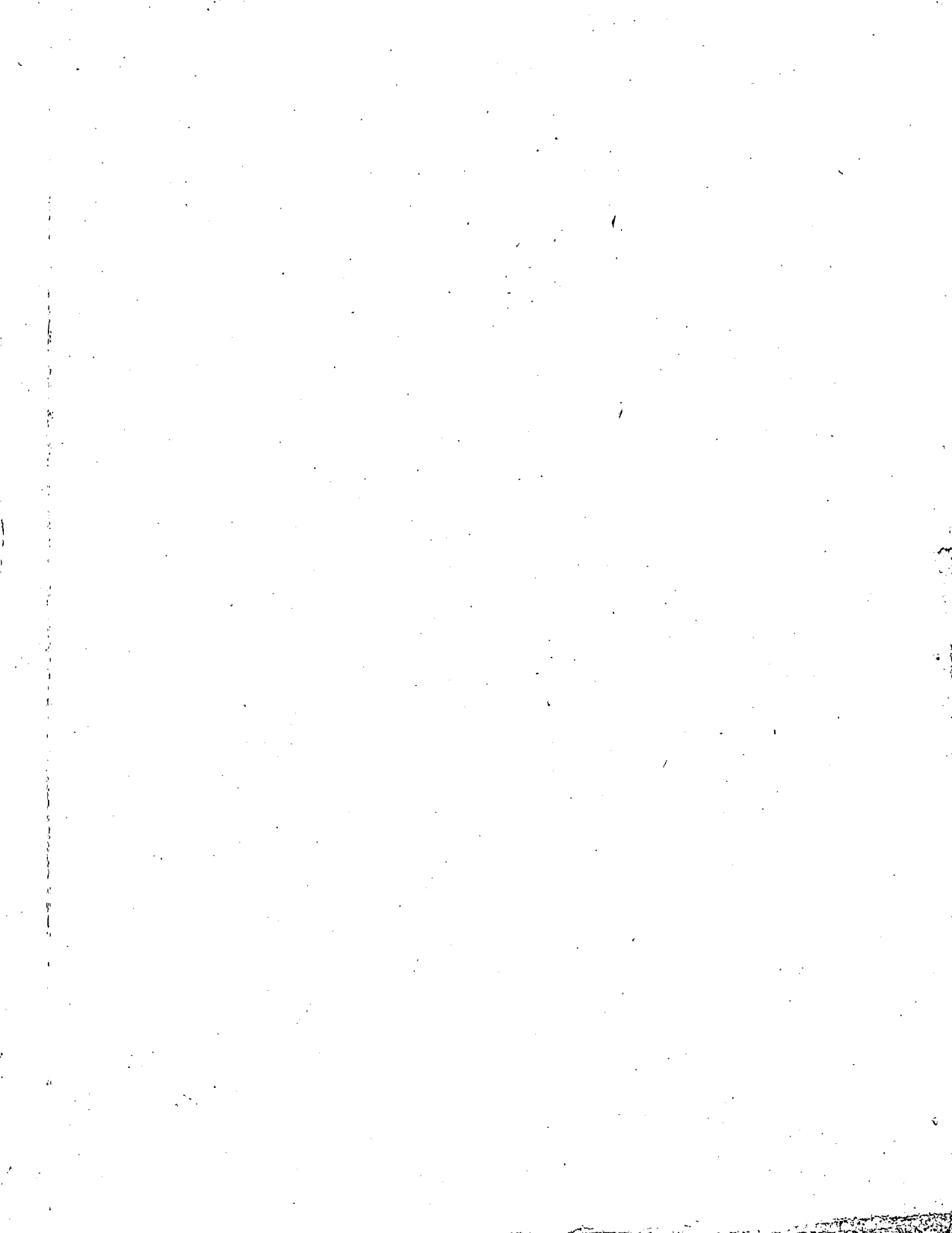
Roman Chester-le-Street. P. 134.

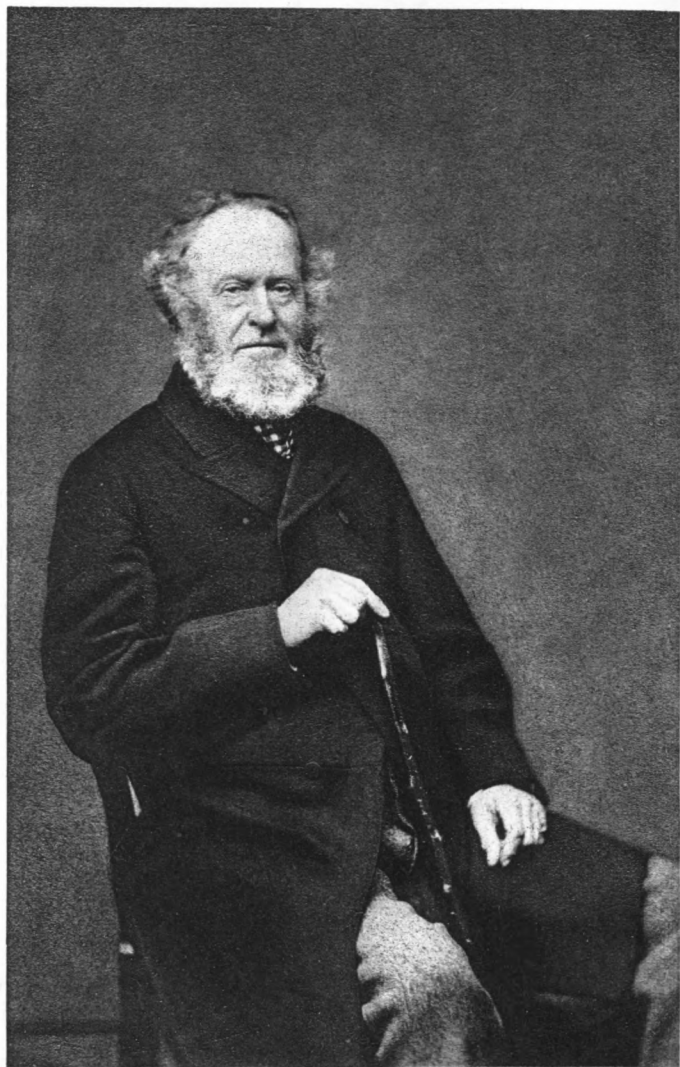
Blanchland Abbey. P. 136.

JOHN CLEREVAULX FENWICK.

1848.

Son of John Fenwick (John the Baptist) previously described, attorney. Born in 1826, he followed his father's profession and succeeded him as steward of the barony of Wark and agent of the Greenwich Hospital estates in Northumberland. In that capacity he assisted at the ejection of the claimant to the Dilston property, 'Amalia Countess of Darwentwater,' in 1868. This posi-





HENRY THOMAS, FIRST EARL OF RAVENSWORTH.

tion he retained till the sale of large portions of the Derwentwater estates in 1874. For some years he was a partner in the firm of Fenwicks and Falconer, and when that partnership was dissolved he commenced business on his own account in Newcastle, but was not successful. In 1878 he went to London and commenced to practice there, and there on the 19th of September, 1890, at the age of 64 he died.

For our Society he wrote one paper which appears in

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. iii.

A Few Remarks upon Bagpipes and Pipe Music. P. 9.

## HENRY THOMAS, FIRST EARL OF RAVENSWORTH.

1848.

Henry Thomas Liddell, born March 10th, 1797, eldest son of Sir Thomas Henry Liddell, sixth baronet, who in 1821 was created Baron Ravensworth (of the second erection), was educated at Eton and at St. John's College Cambridge. He unsuccessfully contested Northumberland in February 1826, but was returned at the election held in June of the same year. He sat for North Durham 1837-1847 and for Liverpool from 1853 to March 7th, 1855, when he succeeded his father as second baron. He was elected a member of our Society in 1848 and president in 1861. He was created Earl of Ravensworth April, 2nd, 1874 and died March 19, 1878. He wrote

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. iii.

Inscriptions in Chillingham Castle. P. 1.

Vol. vi.

Some Notice of the Corbridge Lanx. P. 109.

Vol. vii.

The Corbridge Lanx. P. 142.

Military Roads of the Romans and Incas. P. 176.



NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY. SERIES I.

Vol. i.

Some Notes of a Falco Apivora, or Honey-buzzard shot in Brunton Woods, August 31, 1829. P. 3.

Vol. ii.

Observations of the Young of Salmon and some remarks on the migration of Eels. P. 304.

TYNESIDE NATURALISTS' FIELD CLUB. TRANSACTIONS.

Vol. v.

On certain changes in the Plumage of a Pheasant. P. 38.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

The Wizard of the North and other Poems. 1833.

The Odes of Horace. 1858.

Carmina Latina. 1865.

Virgil's Æneid. 1872.

Poems. 1877.

GEORGE BOUCHIER RICHARDSON, F.S.A.

1848.

Eldest son of Moses Aaron Richardson, whose efforts in elucidating Newcastle history and in recording Newcastle annals stood out large and strong in the first half of last century. He was born in Newcastle, October 26th, 1822, educated at Bruce's school, joined his father in business, became a competent artist and musician, and assisted in all the publishing enterprises to which the elder Richardson set his hand. Joining our Society in 1848, he at once proved a diligent and earnest worker in our sphere of service. He contributed papers to the Society's meetings, joined the London Society of Antiquaries, made extensive researches among local muniments, and drew, with facile pencil, pictures of decaying streets and buildings in his native town. In conjunction with his father he projected a history of Newcastle in three volumes of six hundred pages, each, demy quarto. When the elder Richardson, in 1849, emigrated to Australia, George carried on the business, but five years later he sundered his con-

nection with Newcastle and followed his father. At the antipodes he took up anew the literary career he had left behind. He was journalist, organist, artist, but success did not wait upon him. He finally, about 1874, settled in Adelaide, where he taught music and drawing, and there, on November 28th, 1877, he passed away.

In our library at the Black Gate are two folio volumes of his sketches of old Newcastle, and four portly quartos of extracts from the parish churches of the town. One cherished souvenir of his life amongst us he took with him beyond the sea. It was a volume of sketches, chiefly in water colour, of the vanishing walls, gates and towers of his birthplace. In Australia he completed it, with appropriate historical narrative, and bound it up ready for publication. The book has returned to Newcastle, and still awaits a publisher.

The lists which follow give but a meagre idea of George Bouchier Richardson's contributions to local history. At the Lit. and Phil. in 1850-51 he delivered three lectures on 'Newcastle-upon-Tyne: Its Memorabilia and Characteristics,' and the following year two, on 'The English Border during the Middle and Later Ages.' At an earlier date, in 1849, he had lectured in Gateshead Mechanics' Institute, then a centre of light and leading upon Tyneside, on 'Life in Towns during the Medieval and Later Ages.' He delivered four or five other notable lectures there, including such local subjects as 'The Topography of Ancient Newcastle,' 'Masters and Apprentices in the Olden Times,' 'The Walled Town of Newcastle,' 'The Monk's Stone,' etc. In our own Society he read papers, which, like the lectures, were never published outside of the local newspapers. Among them were such subjects as 'The Great Gates of the Wall of Newcastle, and the Towers of the Wall,' 'The Introduction of the Art of Glass-making upon the Tyne in the early part of the Seventeenth Century,' and 'Visitations of Plague and Pestilence in the Northern Counties.'

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES I.

Vol. iii.

Account of the Discovery of some Roman Relics in the Western Suburbs of Pons Aelii. P. 148.

Vol. iv.

Pons Aelii. An Attempt to indicate the Site of the Roman Station of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and the Course of the Wall through that Town. P. 82.

A Muster of the Fencible Inhabitants of Newcastle-upon-Tyne in the year 1539, derived from the Original preserved in the Rolls Chapel; preceded by some Observations on the System of Watch and Ward. P. 119.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

A Guide to the Newcastle and Berwick Railway. Illustrated. 1846.

Memorials of the Floods in the Rivers of Northumberland and Durham, from the earliest period to the present year. With 48 Woodcuts. 1849.

Plague and Pestilence in the North of England from the Earliest Period, with a Sketch of the Sanitary Condition of Newcastle during the Middle Ages. 1852.

A Paper read at the Archaeological Institute Meeting in Newcastle on the Topography of Ancient Newcastle. 1852.

The Life of Mrs. Dorothy Lawson, of St. Antony's, near Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 1855.

Moss Troopers of the Borders. *Northern Tribune*. 1854.

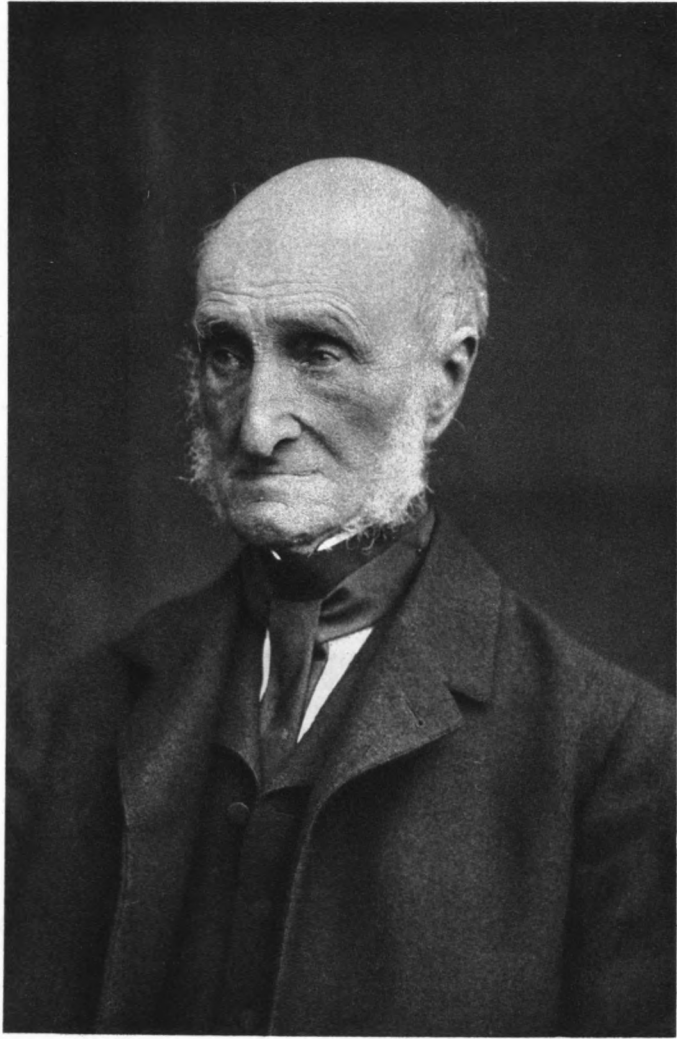
EDWARD SPOOR.

1848.

Edward Spoor, a builder in Clavering Place, Newcastle, was a son of Amor Spoor, cabinet-maker and joiner in the Bigg Market, Newcastle. In one of T. M. Richardson's etchings of *Old Newcastle*, a view of the Bigg Market shows a board bearing his father's name, from which the ravages of time, or, more likely, some youth on mischief bent, has practically obliterated the initial letter, so that wondering townspeople are informed that 'A. POOR' cabinetmaker carries on business there.

In the course of his business as a builder Edward Spoor made several interesting 'finds' of antiquities, which he generally, and generously, presented to our Society. For example, being en-





WILLIAM WOODMAN.

trusted with a restoration of St John's Church, Newcastle, he handed over to our Museum the stone which appeared above the great window in the south transept, and bore a portion of the arms of Robert Rhodes, the munificent donor to churches in the fifteenth century. In like manner he gave us a Roman slab, a couple of altars, and some pottery found on the site of the White Friar's Tower, near his workshops. Furthermore, he made for us the entrance door to the great hall in the Castle Keep and the door to the warden's lodge. These friendly attentions procured for him the honour of election as a member of our council.

Outside of his antiquarian proclivities Mr. Spoor was an ardent rifleman. He was one of the first to join the Newcastle Rifle Volunteers, in which corps he rose to the rank of captain and afterwards major. He died at Scarborough on the 11th of September, 1878. His antiquarian discoveries are described in *Archaeologia Aeliana*, series II, volume vi, pages 148 and 231.

### WILLIAM WOODMAN.

1848.

William Woodman, born in 1806, at Morpeth, was the only son of Benjamin Woodman, who for a great number of times filled the office of bailiff of that borough, and by his public spirit and disinterestedness contributed much to the improvement of the town. He was educated at the King Edward VI Grammar school of Morpeth, and at the famous school of John Bruce at Newcastle. After serving his articles with Anthony Charlton, he was admitted an attorney in 1832, and established himself in his native town, where his professional skill, industry and assiduity in the interests of his clients were speedily recognised. Besides an extensive practice among the Whig landowners of the county, he was successively town clerk of Morpeth, clerk to the

trustees of the west and south divisions of Coquetdale Ward, clerk to the Rothbury Poor Law Guardians, and treasurer of the county courts of Northumberland and Durham. He was professionally engaged in the protracted negotiations which preceded the final choice of the route of the North Eastern Railway, and the town of Morpeth has him to thank that it has become an important station on the main line. As legal adviser of the Grammar school of Morpeth (at which he first imbibed the learning and instruction which bore such good fruit in him), he revived, and carried to a successful conclusion, a chancery suit to regain possession of lands with which the school had been endowed by King Edward VI. In order to establish the claim of the school, an immense amount of evidence extending over several centuries, was collected; these documents, bound up in six folio and two quarto volumes, are now in the possession of the Society.

Mr. Woodman was the link which connected the new history of Northumberland with that of the Rev. John Hodgson, although fifty-three years had passed from the publication of the final volume of the one, to that of the first volume of the other. He had the privilege of helping in both undertakings. He was elected a member of our Society, February 7, 1848, and dying September 19, 1895, he was buried in Morpeth churchyard, being honoured with a public funeral.

On the 25th of March, 1896, Miss Woodman, at her father's request and in his memory, munificently presented to the Society the Morpeth Grammar school papers already mentioned, his collection of charters, eleven volumes of Morpeth *Collectanea*, two volumes of Northumberland *Collectanea*, and a great number of other printed books and manuscripts, the whole forming, perhaps, the most important gift the Society has ever received.

Mr. Woodman's direct contributions to the publications of the Society were as follows:—

ARCHAEOLOGIA AELIANA. SERIES II.

Vol. x.

On a leaden Seal of Henry IV, found at Catchburn, near Morpeth. With Illustration. P. 191.

IBID. SERIES III.

Vol. ii.

The Presbyterian church at Morpeth. P. 163.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY. SERIES II.

Vol. iii.

On Morpeth Church. P. 103. Morpeth Castle. Illustrated. P. 108.

On Newminster Abbey. P. 111.

Vol. v.

Note on Morpeth Bridge. P. 32.

Muster on Bokenfield Moor in 1660. P. 162.

An Early Use of Bow and Arrows. P. 238.

Vol. vi.

On a Visit of King George III. to Lord Petre of Thornden. P. 45.

Vol. vii.

On Sheepwash Bridge. P. 52.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL JOURNAL.

Vol. xvii.

The Preceptory of the Hospitallers of Chibburn, Northumberland, with some notices of Temple Thornton in the same County. Illustrated. P. 35.

HISTORY OF THE BERWICKSHIRE NATURALISTS' CLUB.

Vol. xiv.

Reminiscences and Desultory Notes of Morpeth Social Customs, now obsolete. P. 125.

Documents: Berwick-on-Tweed. P. 177. Morpeth. P. 186.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

Ulgham: Its Story. Printed in Aid of the Funds for rebuilding Ulgham Church. Illustrated. 1861.