



III.—AN ALPHABETICAL CATALOGUE OF THE
GOLDSMITHS OF NEWCASTLE FROM THE INCOR-
PORATION OF THE GOLDSMITHS' COMPANY IN
THE YEAR 1536 DOWN TO THE CLOSE OF THE
EIGHTEENTH CENTURY.¹

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Dominus implevit eum spiritu Dei, sapientia et intelli-
gentia, et scientia et omni doctrina. Ad excogitandum, et faciendum opus in
auro et argento, et aere, sculpendisque lapidibus (*Exodus*, xxxv, 30-33).

Although neither the geographical position of Northumber-
land nor the social condition of its inhabitants during the past
thousand years has been favourable to the cultivation of Art, it
is a matter of common knowledge that in an earlier age the arts
of architecture, sculpture, painting, and illuminating of MSS.
reached a surprising degree of perfection. In the centuries after
the Conquest not only the remoteness of the county from the
capital but its contiguity to the predatory Scots rendered it a
barbarous district, and, outside the walled towns, a country
stricken with chronic poverty. It was not until the dynastic
differences were settled in the first half of the eighteenth century,
and Parliamentary government established on a secure basis,
that an era of prosperity set in, which has wholly transformed
the face of the district, and made it a centre of busy industrial
life.

Although Art may have been starved for want of sustenance
the very decided bias of Northumbrians towards engineering,

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Leighton, Mr. R. Welford, Mr. H. M. Wood, and others.

shipbuilding, and the working of metals, seems to have its roots deeply planted in our history. Happily there is one trade which has flourished, in which both tendencies have been, and are, united. Although not one either of the original mysteries or bye-trades, the goldsmiths of Newcastle were of such sufficient importance to be associated with the plumbers, glaziers, pewterers and painters in the incorporation ordinary, or charter, granted by the mayor, sheriff and aldermen of Newcastle in 1536,^{1a} and those who visited the exhibition of silver plate, of Newcastle manufacture, held in the Blackgate in the year 1897, and have studied, with the attention they deserve, the admirable papers on the subject printed from time to time in *Archaeologia Aeliana*,² are fully aware of the treasure handed down to us.

At the Blackgate exhibition specimens were exhibited of the work of forty-one goldsmiths (omitting partnerships), covering a period of 144 years. To these names, and to other names mentioned in the papers referred to, although not represented at the exhibition, large additions can now be made. The following list covering a period of 264 years, beginning in the year 1536 when the Company of Goldsmiths was incorporated with the Company of Plumbers, etc., contains 178 names; some of them were certainly not master goldsmiths, but no name has been admitted for which there is not direct evidence that he was a worker in gold or silver.

Sometimes those who are on the border line have been excluded, *e.g.* William Prior, who was appointed assay master of the company on 3rd May, 1721, traded as a musical instrument

^{1a} There were goldsmiths in Newcastle as early as 1229, and an assay office in 1423 (*cf.* Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, pp. 73, 74).

² *Cf.* Church Plate in Durham and Northumberland by R. Blair, *Proceedings*, ser. 2, vols. III—V; Old Church Plate in Durham and Northumberland, by W. J. Cripps, *Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI; The Goldsmiths of Newcastle, by Rev. J. R. Boyle, *ibid.*; Exhibition of Silver Plate of Newcastle Manufacture, etc., by R. Blair, *ibid.*, vol. XXI.

maker, being so described in the entries in St. Nicholas's registers recording the baptisms of his children. He had a son, Matthew, buried on the 1st December, 1727, and, it is to be presumed, another son also named Matthew who held the office of assay master in 1773. The name of the latter is to be found in the Newcastle directories of 1778 and 1787; he had his shop in the Side, dealt in musical instruments, and died 15 June, 1800, aged 65. Thomas Bewick in his *Autobiography*, states that Matthew Prior had the character of being one of the best mechanics in the kingdom.

On the 15th May, 1795, he resigned his office of assay master in consideration of an annuity of 30*l.* per annum (Minute book). He died on the 15th June, 1800, aged 66, and four days later was buried at St. Nicholas's. He was succeeded as assay master by Robert Pinkney, who was elected 15th May, 1795 (Minute book).

CATALOGUE.

WYBRANT AHASHUERUS.

1653/4, March 20. Wybrant Ahashuerus, Dutch goldsmith, buried.—All Saints' Registers.

DANIEL ALBERT,

who in 1724 was permitted by the Goldsmiths' Company to retain, as a journeyman, William Whitfield, a free brother of the company for one month and no longer, under penalty by the latter (Minute book). He was apparently a kinsman by marriage of John Huet.

ABRAHAM ANDERSON I,

signed the Goldsmiths' Company's book, 11th November, 1720 (Minute book). He had a daughter buried at St. Nicholas's on the 28th June, 1718.

ABRAHAM ANDERSON II,

apprentice to Isaac Cookson, was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1742 (Minute book). On the

3rd August, 1742, he agreed to pay the company 'two shillings yearly for his being allowed to meet as he pleases on the quarter days' (*ibid.*).

NICHOLAS ARMSTRONG,

a son of Thomas Armstrong I, and free of the Goldsmiths' Company by patrimony: he was father of Thomas Armstrong II, who was admitted to his freedom 3 May, 1775.

THOMAS ARMSTRONG I

served his apprenticeship with Francis Batty (Minute book, 3rd May, 1676); was warden of the Goldsmiths' Company, 24th June, 1702, but had given over shop before the 13th March, 1702/3, and removed 'from this town into the country' (Minute book).

THOMAS ARMSTRONG II,

son of Nicholas Armstrong, admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1775, by patrimony (Admission book). He 'was grandson to the Thomas Armstrong who served his apprenticeship to Mr. F. Batty' (Minute book). At a meeting of the company held 3rd May, 1776, it was agreed to allow him to meet as he pleases on paying two shillings a year (*ibid.*).

JOHN ASHMAN.

1707, March 28. John Ashman, goldsmith, buried.—All Saints' Registers.

JAMES AUSTOLD

occurs after the year 1536 and before the year 1650 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 400).

ROBERT AYSLEY,

son of William Aynsley, apprenticed 1st March, 1727/8, to George Bulman, goldsmith, for a term of eight years, the premium paid being 20*l.* Three years later, having embezzled his master's goods, he was discharged his service; an order being made 2nd February, 1730/1, that he should not be admitted to the freedom of the company (Minute book).

JOHN BAKER

occurs after the year 1536 and before the year 1650 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 400).

VALENTINE BAKER.

1579, Nov. 18. Margaret, wif of Valentyne Baker, gouldsmyth, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1580, July 25. William, son of Vallentyne Baker, gouldsmyth, buried.—*Ibid.*

1594, Sept. 21. Valentyne Baker, gouldsmyth, bur.—*Ibid.*

1620, July 18. Volintyne Bakar bur.—*Ibid.*

RICHARD BARKSTON.

1646/7, Feb. 25. Richard Barkstone, goldsmith, and Margaret Read married.—St. John's Register.

1647, Nov. 25. Ann, daughter of Richard Barkston, goldsmith, bap.—*Ibid.*

1652, Sept. 20. Richard Barkston, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*

1661, June 5. Dorothy, daughter of Richard Barkston, goldsmith, deceased, buried.—*Ibid.*

FRANCIS BATTY I

was elected assay master of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 24th June, 1702, and was the first to sign the book; he retained office until his death.

1676, May 23. Francis Batty, goldsmith, and Susanna Douthwait [widow] married.—All Saints' Registers.

1706, November 8. Francis Batty, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Reg.

1706, December 8. Ann Batty, widdow, buried.—*Ibid.*

Mr. Francis Batty, incumbent of Jarrow during the Commonwealth was silenced in 1662. According to Calamy³ 'he dy'd not long after he was turn'd out.' Many entries are to be found in St. Nicholas's registers relating to the family of Francis Batty, a free porter.

Example: Cup and cover, 1703. Askham, Westmorland.

FRANCIS BATTY II,

son of Francis Batty (I), a free brother, was admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company, 29th November, 1708, by patrimony

³ Calamy, *Account*, vol. II, p. 288.

(Minute book). He resided in the Side and was a kinsman of Deodatus Threlkeld (*cf. Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. III, p. 101). He voted at the Newcastle election of 1722.

1728, March 30. Francis Batty, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.
1728, April 21. Administration of the goods of Francis Batty, of Newcastle, goldsmith, granted to Sarah Simpson of Newcastle, widow.—Durham Probate Registry.

Example: Cup and paten, 1721. Kirkharle.

JOHN BAYNES

occurs as a goldsmith and a member of the company in 1598, and in 1600 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 400).

WILLIAM BEILBY.

1733, Sept. 1. Bond of marriage, William Beilby, Durham, goldsmith, bachelor, and Mary Bainbridge, St. Margaret's, Durham.

1765, March 28. William Beilby, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Reg.

1778, July 1. Mary, widow of William Beilby, goldsmith, buried.—St. Andrew's Registers, Newcastle.

He is said to have traded first at Scarborough afterwards in Durham. He was father of Ralph Beilby, the engraver. (*Cf. Rich. Welford, Men of Mark.*) He made a payment of 2*l.* 10*s.* to the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1751 (Minute book).

Example: Cup, 1748. St. Mary-le-Bow, Durham.

JOHN BELL,

son of Christopher Bell, deceased, apprenticed 1st August, 1747, to Isaac Cookson for seven years (Minute book).

ELI BILTON I

served his apprenticeship with John Dowthwaite, and was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1683 (Cripps). Signs the Minute book, 24th June, 1702.

1684, July 14. Bond of marriage, Eli Bilton of All Saints, Newcastle, goldsmith, and Ann Airye, sp., Gateshead. Joshua Bilton of Newcastle, block-maker, bondsman.

1684, July 17. Elij Bilton and Ann Arey, mar.—Gateshead Registers.

1707/8, Jan. 6. Mr. Ely Bilton, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

Example: Cup, *circa* 1687. Chollerton.

ELI BILTON II,

son of Joshua Bilton of Newcastle, blockmaker, deceased, was apprenticed 14th August, 1704, to Eli Bilton, the elder, for the term of eight years (Minute book).

Example: Cup, 1712. Holy Island.

THOMAS BISHOP.

1626, April 2. Susanna, daughter of Thomas Bishop, goldsmith, bapt.—St. John's Registers.

1627, Oct. 14. William, son of Thomas Bishop, goldsmith, bapt.—*Ibid.*

Examples: Edlingham cup, 1612, and Hexham paten, 1634.

THOMAS BLACKETT,

son of Thomas Blackett, of Sedgefield, yeoman, apprenticed 25th June, 1732, to Robert Makepeace for the term of seven years (Minute book). In due course he was admitted to his freedom and voted in 1741 at the election of burgesses in parliament. He, or more probably another of the same name, voted at the Newcastle election of 1777, being then in London (Poll book). He was a kinsman and also godfather of Thomas Bewick, the engraver, and had been foreman to John Langlands.

HENRYCK BLENKY.

1672/3, Jan. 6. Henryck Blenky of Cro . . goldsmith, bur.—St. Nicholas's Reg.

ALEXANDER BRUCE.

1754, April 7. John, son of Alexander Bruce, silversmith, and Mary, his wife, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1756, Aug. 1. Isabel, daughter of Alexander Bruce, silversmith, and Margaret, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

1759, Sept. 9. Ann, daughter of Alexander Bruce, silversmith, and Margaret his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

1762, April 4. Margaret, daughter of Alexander Bruce, silversmith, and Margaret, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

1764, Dec. 23. Thomas, son of Alexander Bruce, silversmith, and Margaret, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

NICHOLAS BRUTTE⁴

occurs after the year 1536 and before the year 1650 (*Arch. Ael.* ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

⁴ Read by Richardson as Nicholas Brutt. *Ex. inf.* Mr. R. Welford.

STEPHEN BUCKLE,

son of Joseph Buckle, of the city of York, goldsmith, apprenticed 27th April, 1732, to Isaac Cookson for the term of seven years (Minute book). He was in due course admitted to his freedom, and voted in 1741 at the election of burgesses in parliament (Poll book). His father, Joseph Buckle, traded in York from 1715 to 1761 (Cripps).⁵ Stephen Buckle was admitted to the freedom of York in 1740 by patrimony and was one of the chamberlains of that city, 1748-1749.

Example: Flagon, 1740. St. Gregory with St. Martin, York.

GEORGE BULMAN

was probably son of George Bulman of the Side, haberdasher, and Elizabeth, his wife, baptized at St. Nicholas's on the 29th October, 1702. As son of George Bulman he was apprenticed 25th February, 1717/8 to Francis Batty for the term of seven years; and on the 21st March, 1725/6 he paid the customary fine and was admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company (Minute book). The following entry is to be found in St. Nicholas's Register of Marriages for the year 1726:

May 19. George Bulman, goldsmith, and Ann Dobson, spinster.

In 1730 he sustained a financial loss by having his goods embezzled by a dishonest apprentice (Minute book).

Administration of his personal estate was granted in the Probate Court at Durham, 28th February, 1743, to Ann Bulman, the widow.

The *Newcastle Journal* of May 5, 1744, has the following advertisement:

To be sold at Mrs. Bulman's shop on the Side, Newcastle, the stock of plate, work-tools, etc., late belonging to Mr. George Bulman, goldsmith, deceased; and all persons indebted to Mr. Bulman at the time of his death are desired to pay their respective debts to the said Mrs. Bulman, otherwise they will be immediately sued for the same.

⁵ Joseph Buckle, of York, goldsmith, February 2, 1716, paid duty on plate sent to Newcastle to be assayed (Minute book).

The widow found herself in difficulties and on the 3rd May, 1745, a small sum was voted by the Goldsmiths' Company to be paid for the relief of 'Mrs. Bulman now under confinement in Newgate.' The settlement of Bulman's affairs was protracted, and the *Newcastle Journal* of January 24, 1749, has the following notice:

All persons indebted to the estate and effects of George Bulman, late of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, goldsmith, deceas'd, are desired to pay their respective debts forthwith to Mr. Francis Pemberton, assignee of the said estate and effects, or to Mr. Thomas Watson, of Newcastle aforesaid, attorney at law, or they will be prosecuted.

Example: Salver, 1729. Colonel Carr-Ellison.

ROBERT CALLENDER,

son of Robert Callender, of Newcastle, nurseryman, apprenticed 16th February, 1776, to John Stodart for a term of seven years. At a meeting of the Goldsmiths' Company held 19th May, 1778, it was resolved to return 5*l.* to the said Robert Callender, the father (Minute book).

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL

signs the Minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 24th June, 1702, and on the 27th October of the same year, was elected a warden of the company, 13th March, 1702/3, in the room of Thomas Armstrong.

JOHN CARNABY,

son of William Carnaby, of Newcastle, gentleman, apprenticed 24th June, 1709, to Francis Batty for the term of seven years; the latter fining 5*l.* for taking a second apprentice before his other apprentice had served three years (Minute book); admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company before 5th May, 1718. He voted at the Newcastle election of 1722.

1725/6, Feb. 10. John Carnaby, goldsmith, and Isabel Hodge, married.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1733, June 18. John Carnaby, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*

1733, Oct. 11. Administration of the goods of John Carnaby, of Newcastle, goldsmith, granted to Isabella Carnaby, the widow.—Durham Probate Registry.

A debt of 9s. against Mrs. Carnaby was written off at a meeting of the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1748 (Minute book).

Example: Cup, 1722. Gateshead Parish Church.

OSWALD CARR

occurs after the year 1536 and before the year 1650 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

The name occurs in 1572, 1577, 1578, and 1580, in the municipal annals (*cf.* Welford, *Newcastle and Gateshead*, vol. II, pp. 452, 454, 489, 506, 521), but as there was another and perhaps a contemporary Oswald Carr, a member of the Merchant Adventurers' Company, nothing definite can be said.

WILLIAM GEORGE CHALMERS,

son of the Rev. Mr. Chalmers of Kirkhaugh, apprenticed 1st July, 1751, to Isaac Cookson for the term of seven years (Minute book). He was set over to John Langlands, 5th August, 1755; in due course he was admitted free of the company and settled in London, whence he came to vote in 1777 and 1780 at the election of burgesses in parliament (Poll book).

JAMES CHAWBRE⁶ (OR CHAMER),

an original member of the Newcastle Goldsmiths' Company when it was incorporated in 1536 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400). In 1539 he resided in Spink tower ward (Welford, *Newcastle and Gateshead*, vol. II, p. 189).

JOHN CLARKE.

1760, Feb. 10. Elisabeth, daughter of John Clarke, silversmith, baptised.—St. Andrew's Register, Newcastle.

ALEXANDER COATS.

1729, Oct. 25. Carolina, daughter of Alexander Coats, silversmith, bap.—St. Nicholas's Register.

ISAAC COOKSON,

son of William Cookson of Penrith, gentleman, apprenticed 1st October, 1720, to Francis Batty II, for the term of seven years,

⁶ Read by Richardson as James Cawbrey. *Ex. inf.* Mr. R. Welford.

the premium paid being 35*l.*, his master fining 5*l.* for taking a second apprentice before the period permitted by the regulations of the company (Minute book); he was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 6th May, 1728. He was a member of a Cumberland family which attained wealth on Tyneside. He was defendant in the action brought by the duke of Somerset to recover the Roman lanx found at Corbridge in the year 1735. He voted at the Newcastle election of 1734.

1746, May 10. Susanah, wife of Isaac Cookson, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.

1754, Aug. 22. Isaac Cookson, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*

He left issue.

On Wednesday morning last died at Tynemouth, Mr. Isaac Cookson, of this place, goldsmith, a tradesman of considerable note and of an unblemished reputation. He was a person of strict integrity and honour, of a peaceable and inoffensive temper and conduct, of great sobriety and temperance and of a very benevolent generous disposition. As a parent and a master he was affectionate, kind, and indulgent, and to all the offices of friendship ever inclin'd and ready. By his death his family is deprived of a very agreeable head, his relations and acquaintances of a most serviceable friend, this place of a valuable townsman, and society in general of a useful member.—*Newcastle Courant*, 24 Aug., 1754.

Example: Cup, 1729. Warden.

MOSES COUYEN OR CONYEN (?COHEN).

1714, Jan. 18. Danill, son of Moses Couyen (or Conyen), silversmyth, buried.—St. Andrew's Register, Newcastle.

HUMPHREY COYLL,⁷

an original member of the Newcastle Goldsmiths' Company when it was incorporated in 1536 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

JOHN CRAMER

occurs after the year 1536 and before the year 1650 (*ibid.*).

NICHOLAS CRAMER,

an original member of the Newcastle Goldsmiths' Company when it was incorporated in 1536 (*ibid.*).

⁷ Read by Richardson as Humphrey Cayll. *Ex. inf.* Mr. R. Welford.

THOMAS^s CRAMER,

an original member of the Newcastle Goldsmiths' Company when it was incorporated in 1536 and one of the first stewards of the company (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, pp. 399, 400). His name appears in the great muster roll of Newcastle taken in 1539 (Welford, *Newcastle and Gateshead*, vol. II, p. 179).

DAVID CRAWFORD,

according to Cripps (*Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 177, 130) his work has been traced between 1768 and 1784; his name appears in the Goldsmiths' books in 1769, as paying fees for assay. In 1778 he had his shop at the foot of the Side.

Four of his children were baptized at Hanover Square chapel, viz., Elizabeth, born 19th January, 1781; John, born 23rd February, 1783; Jane Ann, born 12th April, 1785; and Robert, born 6th April, 1787 (Registers of Hanover Square Chapel).

JAMES CRAWFORD.

His name appears in the Goldsmiths' books in 1769 as paying fees for assay. Described in Whitehead's *Newcastle Directories* of 1787 and 1790 as of the Side, goldsmith and jeweller.

Wednesday, at St. Nicholas's, Mr. John Cole, of Chester-le-Street, to Miss Scaife, niece to Mr. Crawford, silversmith, on the Side.—*Newcastle Courant*, 6 May, 1780.

Died Saturday morning last, Mr. James Crawford, many years a goldsmith and jeweller in this town; a man much respected when living, which makes his death greatly lamented.—*Ibid.*, 23 May, 1795.

1795, May 18. James Crawford, silversmith, buried.—St. John's Register.

1804, Sept. 7. Ann Crawford, of the Close in St. Nicholas's, daughter of James Crawford, silversmith, and his wife Sarah, late Hills, aged 19, bur.—St. John's Register.

Example: Cup, 1769, Ninebanks church.

WALTER CROW.

1808, April 26. Margaret Crow, of the Barns, late Armstrong, wife of Walter Crow, silversmith, aged 55, buried.—St. John's Register.

^s Read by Richardson as Clement Cramer. *Ex. inf.* Mr. R. Welford.

WILLIAM CROW.

On Tuesday last, William Crow, a silversmith, fell down near the passage leading to his house in the Close and expired in a few hours. He had not felt any previous indisposition.—*Newcastle Courant*, 24 Nov., 1798.

1798, Nov. 22. William Crow, of the Close, silversmith, aged 64, buried.—*St. John's Register*.

1799, July 14. Charlotte Crow, of the Manor Chare, in the Chapelry of All Saints, widow of William Crow, silversmith, aged 64, buried.—*Ibid*.

JAMES CUMBERLIDGE.

1758, July 5. John, son of James Cumberlidge, silversmith, and Ann, his wife, bap.—*St. Nicholas's Register*.

WILLIAM CURRY,

son of William Curry, smith, apprenticed 12th March, 1752, to Robert Makepeace I for the term of seven years (*Minute book*), after whose death he was set over, 5th August, 1755, to Robert Makepeace II.

WILLIAM DALTON,

son of Roger Dalton of the Bigg-market, baker and brewer, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 30th December, 1703, was apprenticed 17th September, 1717, to James Kirkup for the term of seven years, and was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 29th October, 1724 (*Minute book*). In 1731 he was censured by the company, in meeting assembled, for having purchased certain gold rings from Luke Killingworth Potts who had robbed his master, Mr. Makepeace (*Minute book*). He voted at the Newcastle elections of 1734 and 1741.

Yesterday evening died Mr. William Dalton, the oldest silversmith in the town.—*Newcastle Courant*, 30 Jan., 1768.

22 Dec., 1748. Will of William Dalton of Newcastle, goldsmith. I give to my nephew, Roger, son of my brother, Henry Dalton, 10*l*. To my niece, Mary Crosby, daughter of my late sister, Jane Crosby, 10*l*. Residue to my brother Nathaniel Dalton, whom I recommend and desire to marry as soon as convenient may be a prudent honest woman. He sole executor.—Pr. 1768 Durham Probate Registry.

Example: Paten, 1737, St. Andrew's, Newcastle.

DAVID DARLING

entered into partnership with John Robertson in the month of July, 1795, to trade under the style of Robertson and Darling at no. 21, Dean Street (*Newcastle Courant*, 11th July, 1795): This partnership must have been short-lived for David Darling of the Side, goldsmith, gave notice in the *Newcastle Courant* of 28th August, 1798, that he had taken over the business of Robert Pinkney.

Example: Robertson and Darling, Cup, 1795, Chester-le-Street.

CHRISTOPHER DINSDALE,

son of Cuthbert Dinsdale, of Walker, in the parish of Long Benton, apprenticed 1st March, 1788, to Robert Pinkney for the term of seven years (*Minute book*); was not admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company until 16th March, 1813, when he paid the customary fee (*Minute book*). Traded in Sunderland. 1773, Aug. 8. Christopher, son of Cuthbert and Margaret Dinsdale of Killingworth, bapt.—Long Benton Registers.

GEORGE DIXON,

son of Thomas Dixon, of Kirkoswald, Cumberland, mill-wright, apprenticed 15th October, 1763, to John Langlands for eight years; but deserting his master's service 12th December, 1767, was 'in no way entitled to his freedom' (*Minute book*).

ALBANY DODSON.

His name appears in the *Minute book* of the Goldsmiths' Company in a list drawn up before 1697.

1712, Dec. 12. Clarre, wife of Alboney Dotchon, goldsmith, buried in the chancell.—St. Andrew's Registers.

1718, June 18. Albany Dodson, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

JOHN DOWTHWAITE

stated to have taken up his freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1666 (*Cripps, Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 89). His name appears in an undated list of members of the company drawn up

in the second half of the seventeenth century. He died before the month of May, 1673, when administration of his goods was granted in the Durham Court of Probate to Susanna Dowthwaite, the widow (Durham Probate Registry).

He may have been a member of the old yeoman family of Dowthwaite of Westholme in the parish of Winston, where they had a house built in the year 1607 (*cf. Durham Wills and Inventories*, Surt. Soc. publ., vol. II, p. 140).

His widow married Francis Batty I.

Example: Cup, *circa* 1672, West Boldon church.

THOMAS DRAPE,

son of Erasmus Drape of Whitehaven, Cumberland, mariner, deceased, apprenticed 5th August, 1771, to John Langlands for a term of seven years. He forfeited his freedom in 1775 by misdemeanour, 'not having made due servitude' (Minute book).

HENRY EDWARDS

traded in partnership with James Hetherington. He was not a member of the Goldsmiths' Company, nor does his name appear in the Newcastle directories of 1778, 1787, or 1790.

1798, Feb. 27. Hannah Edwards of the Groat Market in this chapelry, widow of Henry Edwards, silversmith, aged 66, buried.—St. John's Registers.

Example: Tankard, 1774, by Hetherington and Edwards, exhibited at the Black-gate exhibition in 1897 by Miss Thompson.

THOMAS FLETCHER,

son of Thomas Fletcher of Newcastle, bricklayer, apprenticed 1st May, 1731, to Robert Makepeace for the term of seven years, the premium paid being 40*l.* (Minute book).

AUGUSTINE FLOAT.

1681, Sept. 4. Mary, daughter of Augustine Float, silversmith, and Ann, his wife, bap. Sponsors: John Stevenson, Margaret Ramsey, Elizabeth Davell.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

Example: Medomsley cup.

EDWARD FRENCH,

son of William French (of Newburn), apprenticed 18th April, 1727, to Jonathan French for the term of seven years; the premium paid being twelve guineas. His master dying before the expiration of the term he was turned over to Isaac Cookson, 13th February, 1732/3, to serve out his apprenticeship (*Minute book*). He was admitted to his freedom in due course and voted in 1734 and 1741 at the elections of burgesses in parliament.

JOHN FRENCH,

son of Joshua French of Leamington, deceased, apprenticed 8th May, 1717, to Jonathan French for the term of seven years (*Minute book*); was in due course admitted to the freedom of the company and voted in 1734 and 1741 at the elections of burgesses in parliament.

John French of London voted as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company of Newcastle at the election of 1780.

JONATHAN FRENCH

signs the *Minute book* of the Goldsmiths' Company, 13th September, 1707. Was assay master from 1707 to 1712; took his kinsman, John French, as an apprentice 8th May, 1717, and was subsequently a steward of the company, an office which he held up to the time of his death (*Minute book of Goldsmiths' Company*). He voted at the Newcastle election of 1722.

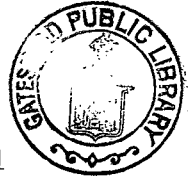
1732/3, Jan. 18. Jonathan French, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Reg.

Example: Cup and paten, 1707, St. Mary in the South Bailey, Durham.

THOMAS GAMUL

apprenticed to Abraham Hamer and admitted free of Goldsmiths' Company, 1st August, 1717, and paid the customary fine of 4*l*. In the same year he was an unsuccessful candidate for the office of assay master (*Minute book*). His name does not appear in the *Poll book* for 1741.

1716, Nov. 20. Jane, daughter of Thomas Gamal and Sarah his wife, baptised. Sp.: Mr. John Younghusband, Mrs. Mary Hobbs, and Mrs. Jane Slater.—St. Nicholas's Registers.



EDWARD GILL I,

described in the Minute book as a goldsmith, 3rd May, 1745, when his son Thomas was entered in the book.

1742, April 27. Bond of marriage, Edward Gill, St. John's, Newcastle, bachelor, goldsmith, aged 26, and Mary Dawson of the same parish, spinster, aged 26.

1742, May 11. Edward Gill and Mary Lawson, married.—St. John's Registers, Newcastle.

EDWARD GILL II,

son of John Gill of Newcastle, smith, apprenticed 19th May, 1731, to George Bulman for the term of seven years (Minute book). He was admitted to his freedom on the 11th September, 1738, and voted in 1741 at the election of burgesses in parliament. On the 3rd May, 1742, he entered into an agreement with the Goldsmiths' Company to pay two shillings yearly for 'being allowed to meet as he pleases on the quarter days' (Minute book).

THOMAS GILL,

son of Edward Gill of Newcastle, goldsmith, was entered on the books of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 3rd May, 1745.

Wednesday (died) Mr. Thomas Gill, one of the Serjeants at Mace of this Corporation. *Courant*, 9th May, 1795.

1795, May 8. Thomas Gill, town-sergeant, buried.—St. John's Register.

JOHN GOODRICK,

son of Francis Goodrick of Clifton in the North Riding of Yorkshire, gentleman, apprenticed 1st April, 1743, to Isaac Cookson. On the 24th September, 1754, he paid a fine of 4*l.* on being admitted free of the company (Minute book).

He set up in business in partnership with Langlands and traded under the style of Langlands and Goodrick until his early death.

1757, April 16. John Goodrick, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register. Thursday, at St. John's, Mr. Robert Pinkney, an eminent merchant in this town to Miss Goodrick, a most amiable young lady with a handsome fortune.—*Courant*, 1st Sept., 1781.

Example: Langlands and Goodrick, porringer, 1754, in the collection of Mr. T. Taylor.

WILLIAM MILNER GRAY,

son of Stephen Gray, of Newcastle, deceased, apprenticed 14th December, 1786, to John Mitchison for a term of ten years (Minute book); and subsequently turned over to Robert Scott; submitted himself to a meeting of the Goldsmiths' Company held 3rd May, 1793, when it was resolved that he having offered himself to the company to serve out his time, and 'none of the members wanting an apprentice he is therefore entitled to his freedom' (Minute book).

1792, Oct. 11. Rebecca, wife of William Milner Gray, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

JOHN HACKWORTH,

son of John Hackworth of the Mount, in the county of Durham, apprenticed 4th March, 1766, to John Kirkup for a term of eight years (Minute book), who, on the 3rd May following, paid 10*l.* to the Goldsmiths' Company for their consent (*ibid.*). He came from London to vote at the Newcastle elections of 1777 and 1780.

JOHN HALDEN,

son of John Halden of Newcastle, apprenticed 12th January, 1770, to John Kirkup for a term of nine years (Minute book). He voted at the Newcastle election of 1780.

GEOFFREY HALL,

an original member of the Newcastle Goldsmiths' Company when it was incorporated in 1536 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

His name appears in the great muster roll of Newcastle taken 1539 (Welford, *Newcastle and Gateshead*, vol. II, p. 179).

JOHN HALL.

Died Saturday, Mr. John Hall, apprenticed to Mr. Langlands, silversmith, here, son of Mr. Hall, silversmith in Whitehaven.—*Courant*, 24th Jan., 1778.

ABRAHAM HAMER I.

1697, Dec. 13. Abraham Hamers, goldsmith, buried.—All Saints' Register.

Example: Porringer *circa* 1690, in the collection of Mr. T. Taylor.

ABRAHAM HAMER II.

There was apparently a second Abraham Hamer, for on the 1st August, 1717, Thomas Gamull, former apprentice to Abraham Hamer, was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company (Minute book). Hamer's name does not appear in the Poll book of 1741.

JOHN HARPER

occurs after the year 1536 and before the year 1650 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 400).

ANTHONY HEDLEY,

son of Thomas Hedley of South Biddick, co. Durham, apprenticed 1st October, 1770, to John Langlands for the term of seven years (Minute book). Was of York in 1780, when he voted at the Newcastle election of burgesses in parliament as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company of Newcastle.

1789, Aug. 1. Anthony Hedley of this par. and Jane Gamsby of the parish of Gateshead. Wit. Wm. Colpitts, John Thompson.—St. Nicholas's Register.

Example: Two-handled cup, 1795; exhibited in 1897 at the exhibition in the Blackgate by Mr. E. B. Blagdon.

HETHERINGTON and EDWARDS: 1774-1777.

(See under James Hetherington and also under Henry Edwards.)

Example: Tankard, 1774; exhibited at the Blackgate plate exhibition by Miss Thompson.

GEORGE HETHERINGTON,

son of Nicholas Hetherington of Brampton, Cumberland, yeoman, deceased, apprenticed 30th October, 1723, to Francis Batty II for the term of seven years, the premium paid being 30*l.* (Minute book). His master having died during the term, he was set over on the 30th May, 1728, to George Bulman, to serve out his apprenticeship (*ibid.*). His name does not appear in the Poll book of 1741.

JAMES HETHERINGTON

traded for a time, *circa* 1773, in his own name, and subsequently in partnership with Henry Edwards as Hetherington and Edwards.

Examples. As James Hetherington: Table spoon, 1774; as Hetherington and Edwards: Tankard, 1774; both exhibited at the Blackgate exhibition in 1897 by Miss Thompson.

THOMAS HEWITSON

admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1697, signed the Minute book 13th November, 1707, and filled the office of assay master from 1712 to 1718 (Minute book).

1697, July 22. Mr. Thomas Hewitson, goldsmith, and Ann Clapon, married.—St. Nicholas's Register.

He lived in the Side where several children were born to him including Edward, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 30th November, 1706, who as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company voted at the Newcastle election of 1741.

Example: Flagon, 1698. All Saints', Newcastle.

WILLIAM HEWITSON,

'apprentice to Robert Pinkney, after serving three years parted by mutual consent,' February 2nd, 1787, 'he is debarred having his freedom of the Corporation and of this company' (Minute book).

JACOB HILL.

1791, Jan. 17. Jacob Hill, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.

MARTIN HIXON,

son of John Hixon of Sedgefield, apprenticed 20th March, 1741/2 to Isaac Cookson for seven years. Apparently admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company on or before 3rd May, 1750 (Minute book).

1751, Dec. 20. Bond of marriage, Martin Hixon, bachelor, St. Nicholas's, Newcastle, silversmith, aged 24, and Ann Wilson, of All Saints, Newcastle, spinster, aged 27. William Wilson, Castle Garth, mercer, bondsman.

- 1751, Dec. 22. Martin Hixon and Ann Wilson, married.—St. Nicholas's Reg.
 1754, Jan. 27. Ann, wife of Martin Hixon, silversmith, buried.—*Ibid.*
 1754, Nov. 14. Martin Hixon, of the chapelry of St. John's, and Jane Jackson married. Witnesses: John Langlands and Thomas Hixon.—*Ibid.*
 1760, June 24. Martin, son of Martin Hixon, silversmith, and Jane his wife, bapt.—*Ibid.*
 1762, June 3. Martin, son of Martin Hixon, buried.—*Ibid.*
 1763, May 23. Thomas, son of Martin Hixon, silversmith, and Jane his wife, bapt.—*Ibid.*
 1771, May 15. Martin Hixon, goldsmith, buried.—All Saints' Register.

RICHARD HOBBS

signs the Minute book 24th June, 1702; and on the 6th July, 1705, took Mark Grey Nicholson as an apprentice (Minute book). He voted at the Newcastle elections of 1722, 1734 and 1741.
 1707, Aug. 14. Ann, daughter of Mr. Richard Hobbs, goldsmith, and Mary his wife, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Register.
 1716, April 5. Mary, daughter of Mr. Richard Hobbs, goldsmith, and Mary, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

Example: Monteith, 1712, Morpeth Corporation.

GEORGE HOGG,

son of George Hogg of Newcastle, cheesemonger. Apprenticed 22nd July, 1772, to John Langlands for a term of seven years. He voted at the Newcastle election of 1780.

GILBERT HOPE

(son of Adam Hope of Aycliff heads in the parish of Crossgate, Durham, gardener), 'apprentice to Robert Pinkney, after serving four years, parted by mutual consent,' February 2nd, 1787; 'he is debarred his freedom' (Minute book).

JOHN HOWE.

1771, Oct. 21. Elizabeth, daughter of John Howe, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.

JOHN HUET,

described in the Minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company, 16th November, 1721, as 'a foreigner who trades in selling plate in Gateshead and at Durham.' In 1731 he presented a paten to the church of Whickham.

1701, Aug. 7. Mr. John Hewitt, jeweller, and Mrs. Mary Albert, Syde, married.—St. Nicholas's Register.

1738, July 25. Mrs. Mary, wife of Mr. John Huett, aged, buried. Whickham Reg.

1738, Dec. 5. Mr. John Huett, aged 73, buried.—*Ibid.*

9 Sept., 1738. Will of John Huet of Whickham, gentleman. I give to my natural daughter, Mary Huett, commonly called Mary Gowland, my gold watch, jewells, rings and all my silver plate the weight of which is 532 oz. Also the household furniture within my dwelling-house at Whickham, also my horses, cows, and utensils of husbandry. To my sister Jan, otherwise Jane Huet Harbereau 100*l.* To my sister Mary Poisson, 20*l.* per annum. To each of the charity schools of St. Nicholas, All Saints, St. John's, and St. Andrew's, Newcastle, 250*l.* In trust for the parish of Whickham, 100*l.* for the purchase of Bibles, Prayer-books, and for the putting out of apprentices. To my honoured friend, George Liddell, Esq., as a token of regard and respect 100*l.*, my silver punch bowl, the silver ladle used therewith, a dozen silver hafted knives, half a dozen silver hafted forks, and my silver oval cup. To George Grey, Esq., 2*l.* To my friend, Ralph Fetherstonhalgh, gentleman, 150*l.* secured in bonds from Roger Wilson, merchant, and Mehitabel Partis, widow. Said George Grey and R. Eetherstonhalgh, executors. Pr. 1738.—Durham Probate Reg.

The testator claimed kinship with Dr. Huet, bishop of Avranches. His natural daughter and devisee, Mary Huet, was married 17th September, 1741, at St. John's, Newcastle, to Francis Johnson of Durham, M.D., a member of the Company of Merchant Adventurers of Newcastle (*cf.* pedigree of Cook of Low Newton, new *Hist. Northumberland*, vol. v, p. 455).

LEONARD HUNTER,

son of Jeffrey Hunter of Kemb' in Northumberland, gentleman, apprenticed 3rd December, 1701, to John Ramsay, for seven years. His master dying within the term he was set over to John Younghusband (Minute book).

JOSEPH HUTCHINSON.

3 May, 1765. Mr. Joseph Hutchinson, partner with Mr. John Langlands, was at the request of the said Mr. John Langlands, admitted a free brother and took the oath accordingly, paying for his admittance, as free brothers have usually paid, 6*l.* (Minute book).

Stated to have been one of the three members of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1772 (Brand, *Newcastle*, vol. ii, p. 353).

GEORGE HYMERS (HINDMARCH),

son of George Hymers, late of Newcastle, skinner, apprenticed 30th August, 1721, to Jonathan French for seven years, premium paid 25*l.* (Minute book). His name does not appear in the Poll book in 1741.

PETER JAMES.

1771, Feb. 24. Peter James, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.
1772, Feb. 12. Hannah, daughter of the late Peter James, buried.—*Ibid.*

SAMUEL JAMES.

1774, Dec. 11. Samuel James, goldsmith, buried.—St. Andrew's Reg., Newc.
He was trading at Newcastle in 1773 (Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 127).

MICHAEL JENKINS,

son of Henry Jenkins, master and mariner, apprenticed 1st September, 1714, to Francis Batty II for the term of seven years (Minute book).

JOHN JOBSON

was trading at Newcastle in 1773 (Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 127).

Example: Tankard, 1774; exhibited at Blackgate exhibition 1897 by Mr. John Hall.

JAMES KIRKUP I,

son of Thomas Kirkup of Winlaton, co. Durham, smith, apprenticed 20th August, 1705, to Eli Bilton for the term of eight years; admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company 28th October, 1713 (Minute book). As James Kirkup, senior, he voted at the Newcastle election of 1741, and in the same year he had the misfortune to lose his eldest son and namesake. He was steward of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1752.

This day sennight died suddenly Mr. Kirkup, an eminent goldsmith of this place.—*Newcastle Courant*, 20th January, 1753.

He was buried at St. Nicholas's, on the 15 January, 1753; and administration of his personal estate was granted at Durham, 26 June, 1753, to Jane his

widow; John Kirkup of Newcastle, goldsmith, and Robert Peat of Newcastle, goldsmith, being bondsmen.—Durham Probate Registry.
Sunday died Mrs. Kirkup mother of Mr. John Kirkup, silversmith, on the Side.—*Newcastle Courant*, 25th March, 1758.

James Kirkup had issue with other children, who died in his lifetime, two sons and one daughter, viz., James Kirkup II, John Kirkup also a goldsmith, and Margaret married at St. Nicholas's, 26th September, 1769, George Brumell of Pilgrim Street, cabinet maker.

Example: Muffineer, 1719. Colonel Carr-Ellison.

JAMES KIRKUP II,

son of James Kirkup I: voted as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company at the Newcastle election in 1741, and died the same year.

1741, Oct. 6. James, son of James Kirkup, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.

JOHN KIRKUP,

son of James Kirkup I, deceased, was admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1753, paying a fee of 6*l.* on his admittance (Minute book). He voted at the Newcastle elections of 1774, 1777 and 1780.

(Monday) at his brother Mr. Brumwells house in Pilgrim Street, Mr. John Kirkup, many years a silversmith on the Side, but had retired from business.—*Newcastle Courant*, 8th May, 1784.

He died unmarried and was buried at St. Nicholas's, on the 5th May.

18 March, 1784. Will of John Kirkup of Newcastle, goldsmith. To my sister Margaret Brummell my best diamond ring and all my other rings, my Mocoa and other buttons as well gold as silver and other trinkets which may be found in my escrutores. To my nephew, John Brummell, my gold watch, chain, and seals, my books, my cabinet with medals, shells and the other things usually contained therein. I give my messuage and shop in the Side in the occupation of Messrs. Stalker and Mitchinson and Michael Hymers to my brother-in-law, George Brummell, and my cousin, Thomas Kirkup, of Gateshead in trust for my said sister for her life, and as she shall by will appoint. To my cousins, Margaret Peirse and Ann Jackson (sister of the said

Thomas Kirkup) 5*l.* apiece. To Newcastle Infirmary, 10*l.* To Newcastle Dispensary, 10*l.* Residue to my said sister. Pr. 1784.—Durham Probate Registry.

Example: Paten, 1757. Longbenton.

ROBERT KITCHIN,

son of Jane Kitchin, 'of the Westgate, near Newcastle,' apprenticed 4th August, 1790, to Robert Pinkney for a term of seven years' (Minute book).

LANGLANDS and GOODRICK: 1754-1756.

(See John Langlands I and also under John Goodrick.)

Example: Paten, 1755. Elsdon church.

LANGLANDS and ROBERTSON: 1778-1795,

of the Side (*Newcastle Directory* for 1778). See John Langlands I, and also under John Robertson.

Example: Cup, 1784. Ovingham.

JOHN LANGLANDS I,

son of Reignold⁹ Langlands, of Newcastle, apprenticed 2nd October, 1731, to Isaac Cookson for the term of ten years, and admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 24th September, 1754 (Minute book).

Reynold Langlands, of Newcastle, tanner, married at St. Andrew's church, 12th February, 1712/3, Elizabeth Johnson of the same parish. Their son, John, was baptized at the same church, 27th December, 1715, his sponsors being Henry Langland, Jacob Rutter, and Elizabeth Ballife.

On the expiry of his apprenticeship, John Langlands was employed as his journeyman by Cookson, who, on the 3rd May, 1742, and 3rd May, 1743, paid fines to the Company for breach of by-laws against employing an unfree man, but on the 24th September, 1754, he paid his admission fee and was duly admitted to be free of the company. He died 10th April, 1793,

⁹ Reignold Langlands is stated to have emigrated to North America and to have settled in Delaware.

aged 78 years. He is described in Thomas Bewick's autobiography as a cheerful, hospitable and charitable man, full of stories and anecdotes, who greatly esteemed men of ability, integrity and industry.

1764, April 22. John Langlands and Margaret Robison, both of this parish, mar.—St. Nicholas's Register.

(Sunday) was married at St. Nicholas's, Mr. John Langlands, an eminent goldsmith here to Miss Robinson of Penrith in Cumberland.—*Newcastle Courant*, 28th April, 1764.

1767, Dec. 13. Elizabeth, daughter of John Langlands, goldsmith, and Margaret, his wife, bapt.—St. Nicholas's Register.

1771, March 16. Elizabeth, daughter of John Langlands, goldsmith, buried.—St. Andrew's Register.

1773, June 20. John, son of John Langlands, goldsmith, and Margaret his wife, bapt.—St. Nicholas's Register.

Wednesday at Wallsend, in an advanced age, Mr. John Langlands, an eminent silversmith, much respected as a tradesman, admired by his friends, and deservedly beloved by his relatives.—*Newcastle Courant*, 13th April, 1793.

1793, April 14. John Langlands, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.

Wednesday, Mrs. Langlands, widow of the late Mr. Langlands, many years an eminent goldsmith and jeweller in this town.—*Newcastle Courant*, 6th February, 1796.

1796, Feb. 7. Margaret Langlands, widow, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers. 25 April, 1793. Administration of the goods of John Langlands of Newcastle, goldsmith, was granted at Durham to Margaret Langlands, the widow.—Durham Probate Registry.

Example: Cup and Paten, 1757. Blyth church.

JOHN LANGLANDS II,

son of John Langlands I, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 20th June, 1773. He was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 24th December, 1793, by patrimony. After his father's death on the 10th April, 1793, the goldsmith's business was continued by his mother, Margaret Langlands, in partnership with John Robertson until the 10th June, 1795, when it was dissolved by consent (*cf.* advertisement, *Newcastle Courant*, 12th December, 1795). The *Courant* of 11th July, 1795, has a notice that John Langlands, son of John Langlands, deceased, intended to carry on the goldsmith's business on his own account. In the

month of July, 1795, he entered into partnership with David Darling, with whom he traded at no. 21, Dean Street, under the style of Robertson and Darling, but that partnership seems to have subsisted for one year only.

1804, May 9. John Langlands of Dean Street, goldsmith, aged 31, buried. —St. Nicholas's Registers.

He was succeeded by his widow, Dorothy Langlands, who traded until 1814 (Cripps). He had an only son, John Charles Langlands, who farmed at Bewick, in the parish of Eglington.

1845, March 29. At Alwick, Dorothy, widow of John Langlands, formerly a silversmith in Dean Street, Newcastle, aged 76; buried Newcastle.—*Matthew Forster's Obituary*.

Example: Coffee pot, 1798, Rev. T. E. Crawhall.

WILLIAM LANGTON,

goldsmith in the year 1575, gave evidence in the Star Chamber proceedings arising out of the struggle between the Merchant and Craft Gilds (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 3, vol. VII, p. 95).

JOHN LANGWITH,

of York, sent plate to Newcastle to be assayed (Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, pp. 116, 127).

Example: Cup, 1712. Newton Kyme church.

GEORGE LAWS,

son of Matthew Laws of Willington [Winlton] in Ryton, yeoman, apprenticed 2nd March, 1730/1 to George Bulman for eight years (Minute book).

JOHN LAWS,

son of Matthew Laws of Swalwell, apprenticed 23rd April, 1737, to George Bulman, for seven years, premium paid 30*l.* (*ibid.*).

THOMAS LEIGHTLY

signs the Minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 24th June, 1702, 27th October, 1704, and 13th September, 1707.

— LUCKE.

In the year 1636 the Corporation of Newcastle paid Mr. Lucke, goldsmith, for making a new silver seal for the town court, 20*l.* (Welford, *Newcastle and Gateshead*, III, 337).

In 1665, Mrs. Luck was taxed for four hearths in Plummer tower ward, which comprised the immediate neighbourhood of All Hallows' or All Saints' church (*Arch. Ael.*, 3 ser., VII, 70).

ROBERT M^cCALL,

son of Robert McCall, of Newcastle, malt-maker, apprenticed 1st August, 1777, to William Stalker, for a term of eight years (Minute book). On 11th November, 1784, he was set over to John Mitchison.

RALPH MADDISON (afterwards WARWICK),

son of the Rev. Thomas Maddison of Gateshead, apprenticed 25th March, 1761, to John Langlands for the term of seven years.

He was one of the sons of the Rev. Thomas Maddison, successively curate of St. Ann's (1726), of All Saints (1733), and chaplain of the Bridge-end chapel (1736), by his wife Sarah Andrew, married at Gateshead, 10th January, 1735/6. Mr. Thomas Maddison, through his mother, Mary, daughter of Thomas Warwick, represented the ancient family of Warwick of Warwick in Cumberland, whose surname his son Ralph assumed in lieu of his own.

1735/6, Jan. 8. Bond of marriage, Thomas Maddison, All Saints, Newcastle, clerk, and Sarah Andrew of Gateshead, spinster. Charles Haytor of Newcastle, clerk, bondsman.

1735/6, Jan. 10. The Rev. Thomas Maddison and Mrs. Sarah Andrew, mar.—Gateshead Registers.

On Thursday, at his uncle, Dr. Andrew's, at Scotts House, near this town, Ralph Warwick, of Warwick Castle, in Cumberland, esquire [died].—*Newcastle Courant*, 13th June, 1778.

ROBERT MAKEPEACE I,

son of Thomas Makepeace, of Newcastle, gentleman, apprenticed 2nd February, 1707/8, to Francis Batty for the term of seven

years, and admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company 11th November, 1718 (Minute book). On the 3rd May, 1720, he fined 5*l.* for taking an apprentice before he himself had been three years free (*ibid.*). He was sword-bearer to the corporation from 1732 to 1745.

Yesterday morning died of a fever, Mr. Robert Makepeace, an eminent goldsmith on the Side.—*Newcastle Courant*, 10th May, 1755.

He was buried at St. Nicholas's church on the 11th of the same month.

24 April, 1753. Will of Robert Makepeace of Newcastle, goldsmith. I give to my wife all my messuages in Pilgrim Street and my moiety of a tenement near the Tyne Bridge for her life; and after her death I give the same to my two friends, Daniel Walter of Swalwell, gentleman, and Walter Scott of Newcastle, gentleman, in trust for my son, Thomas Makepeace, remainder to my son Robert Makepeace. Residue of personal estate to Margaret my wife, my sons and daughters. Wife sole executrix. Pr. 1755.—Durham Probate Registry.

The widow arranged to carry on her husband's business, but died on the 9th June following (*Newcastle Courant*, 14th June, 1755). Besides the two sons named in the will, Robert Makepeace had issue a daughter Margaret, married at Houghton-le-Spring, 1st September, 1770, to Thomas Byers of Newbottle (*Newcastle Courant*, 8th September, 1770); also another daughter named Jane, born in 1726.

Example: Flagon, 1734. Bishopwearmouth church.

ROBERT MAKEPEACE II,

son of Robert Makepeace, goldsmith, and Margaret his wife, was baptized at St. Nicholas's, 8th April, 1729, his sponsors being Mr. George Anderson, Mr. William Harper and Mrs. Catherine Jurdison; he was entered on the books 3rd May, 1745, and was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 1st July, 1755, by patrimony. He settled in London, trading in Searle Street, near Lincoln's Inn, whence he came to vote at the Newcastle election of 1777.

Died Wednesday, at Highgate, Mrs. Makepeace, wife of Mr. Makepeace, late of Searle Street, Lincoln's Inn-fields, and formerly of this town.—*Newcastle Courant*, 2nd October, 1790.

In the second chronological index of Cripps, *Old English Plate*, there are noted pieces made in London by Robert Makepeace and Richard Carter, 1777; by Robert and Thomas Makepeace in 1794; and by Robert Makepeace in 1795.

ROBERT MAKEPEACE III,

son of Robert Makepeace II, traded with his father at Searle Street, London.

Married on Saturday, at Houghton-le-Spring, etc., Mr. Robert Makepeace, junior, of Searle Street, Lincoln's Inn, to Miss (Elizabeth) Byers, daughter of the late Thomas Byers, Esq., of Newbottle in the county of Durham.—*Newcastle Courant*, 29th August, 1789.

In 1816, Robert Makepeace of Searle Street, goldsmith, and William Makepeace of the same place, gentleman, were executors of the will of their kinsman, Jonathan Sorsbie, of Newcastle (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XXIV, p. 151).

THOMAS MAKEPEACE I,

son of Thomas Makepeace of the Side, was baptized at St. Nicholas's, 30th January, 1702/3; apprenticed 9th February, 1719/20, to his brother, Robert Makepeace I for the term of seven years, paying a premium of 20*l.*; admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 2nd May, 1729 (Minute book). He voted at the Newcastle election of 1734.

He married at St. Nicholas's, 6th April, 1735, Frances Smith, who was buried at the same church 7th October, 1737, by whom he had issue three sons, only one of whom seems to have survived him.

1735, April 5. Bond of marriage, Thomas Makepeace, St. Nicholas's, Newcastle, goldsmith, and Frances Smith of the same parish, spinster; W. Keenleside, Newcastle, bondsman.

1739, March 27. Thomas Makepeace, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Register.

By his will dated 3rd March, 1738/9, he gave all his real and personal estate to his brother, Robert Makepeace, of Newcastle, goldsmith, in trust for his son, Thomas Makepeace; and appointed his said brother to be his sole executor. The will was proved at Durham in 1739.

Example: Salver, 1732. Cordwainers' Company, Newcastle.

THOMAS MAKEPEACE II,

son of Robert Makepeace I, was baptized at St. Nicholas's, 12th March, 1730/1, his sponsors being Robert Smith, Thomas Makepeace, and Elizabeth Jurdison; he was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 3rd May, 1745. Under his father's will he took certain messuages in Pilgrim Street and a moiety of a tenement near the Tyne-bridge.

HENRY MARTIN,

son of Mark Martin, of Newcastle, goldsmith, apprenticed 25th March, 1710, to Francis Batty for seven years, who 3rd May, 1710, paid a fine of 5*l.* for taking him before his other apprentice, John Carnaby, had served three years.

MARK MARTIN,

father of the above-named Henry, living 25th March, 1710.

HESILRIGG METCALF,

son of Richard Metcalf, of Newcastle, apprenticed 1st August, 1728, to James Kirkup for the term of seven years, the premium paid being 30*l.* (Minute book).

He was the only surviving son of Richard Metcalf of Newcastle, tinman, by his wife Dorothy, daughter of Matthew Curry of Bedlington, by his marriage with Hannah Ewbank; which Hannah married secondly Robert Hesilrigg, the last male survivor of the ancient family of Hesilrigg of Swarland (*cf. New Hist. of Northumberland*, vol. VII, pp. 396, 442).

Hesilrigg Metcalf had an interest in property at Greens and Long Row in the chapelry of Long Framlington and was party

to the sale of those places in the year 1736. He is stated to have emigrated to Jamaica and to have died there *circa* 1760.

ROBERT MITCHEL,

son of Robert Mitchel of Newcastle, apprenticed 2nd October, 1757, to John Langlands for the term of seven years (Minute book). After completing his indentures he seems to have taken service in Dublin whence he came to vote as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company at the Newcastle election of 1780, but subsequently returned to Newcastle.

1784, May 2. Mary, daughter of Robert Mitchell, goldsmith, and Mary his wife, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Register.

JOHN MITCHISON,

son of John Mitchison of Gateshead, skinner and glover, apprenticed 22nd September, 1763, to John Kirkup for the term of eight years; admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company 3rd May, 1774 (Minute book); traded for a time in partnership with William Stalker under the style of Stalker and Mitchison, and afterwards on his own account. He voted, as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1777 and 1780 at the election of burgesses in parliament; and his name appears as living in the Side in the Newcastle *Directories* of 1787 and 1790.

1792, May 11. John Mitchinson, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

Died on Wednesday, in the Side, Mr. John Mitchinson, silversmith.—*Newcastle Courant*, 12th May, 1792.

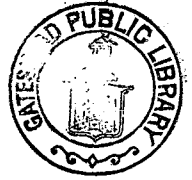
He was buried at St. Nicholas's on the 11th May, aged 42.

19 May, 1792. Will of John Mitchison of Newcastle, goldsmith. I give my stock in trade in my shop in the Side, with all my implements and utensils in trade, to my brother, William Mitchinson, of Newcastle, corn merchant; he giving to his father and mother any part thereof he may think fit. Pr. 1792.—Durham Probate Registry.

Example: Sauce boats, 1785. Colonel Loftus Bates.

JOHN NICHOLSON,

son of George Nicholson, apprenticed 3rd February, 1599/1600, to John Baynes, goldsmith (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 401).



MARK GREY NICHOLSON,

otherwise Mark Grey *alias* Nicholson, son of George Nicholson of Newcastle, gentleman, deceased; apprenticed 6th July, 1705, to Richard Hobbs for the term of seven years (Minute book). He was offering plate to be assayed in 1712, and was elected assay master in 1717 (*ibid.*). At a meeting of the company held 3rd May, 1745, pecuniary assistance was voted to him on account of his being burnt out of his house (*ibid.*) He voted at the Newcastle election of 1734.

It is probable that he left issue as Richard Nicholson of Gateshead; voted as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company at the Newcastle elections of 1777 and 1780.

JOHN NORRIS.

His name appears in the Minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company *circa* 1670 (Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 89).

THOMAS PARTIS

is stated to have traded from 1720 to 1734 in Sunderland. He sent his plate to Newcastle to be assayed, and his name appears in the Goldsmiths' Minute book under date 10th October, 1720, as incurring the displeasure of the company 'for exercising the business of a goldsmith, having not served his time to a goldsmith, neglecting to get his plate assayed. . . .'

Example: Cup, 1724. Monk Hesleden.

WILLIAM PARTIS.

1737, May 12. William Partis and Hannah Bryan married.—Wallsend Reg.
1742, March 29. Jonathan, son of William Partis, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.
1747/8, Jan. 2. William, son of William Partis, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*
1751, April 5. Hannah, wife of William Partis, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*
Tuesday was married at St. John's church, Mr. William Partis, an eminent goldsmith here and Miss (Jane) Halliday, an agreeable young lady with a handsome fortune.—*Newcastle Courant*, 26th June, 1756.
Tuesday died Mr. William Partis, an eminent goldsmith here; his friendship and good nature gained him great esteem and is deservedly lamented.—*Newcastle Courant*, 25th August, 1759.

1759, Aug. 23. William Partis, goldsmith, bur.—St. Nicholas's Register.
 25 July, 1759. Will of William Partis of Newcastle, goldsmith. To my three daughters, Ann, Hannah, and Eleanor Partis, 100*l.* to be divided equally. My real estate in Gateshead and Newcastle to my son, William. Executors, my wife Jane Partis, my brother Henry Partis, my sister in law Eleanor Landell, and John Widdrington, the younger. Pr. 1759. Durham Probate Registry.

The testator was buried at St. Nicholas's, 23rd August, 1759. His only son, William, was drowned while bathing in the Tyne on Monday, 15th August, 1768, and was laid beside his father two days later. The daughter, Ann, was married at St. John's, 30th November, 1773, to James Stirling (*Newcastle Courant*, 4th December, 1773) and Eleanor was married at the same church 19th December, 1769, to John Coupland of Whitehaven, merchant (*ibid.*, 23rd December, 1769).

Example: Flagon, 1740. West Boldon church.

ARCHIBALD PATTEN.

1763, April 20. John, son of Archibald Patten, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

JEREMIAH PEAT,

son of Thomas Peat of Hawksdale, Cumberland, apprenticed 12th October, 1732, to James Kirkup, for the term of seven years (Minute book).

1733, June 27. Jeremiah Peat buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

ROBERT PEAT,

son of Thomas Peat of Hawksdale, Cumberland, miller, apprenticed 25th December, 1733, to James Kirkup for the term of seven years (Minute book); was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company in due course, and as a member of the same voted at the Newcastle election of 1741. He married Mary, daughter of Edward Fenwick, vicar of Kirkwhelpington (died 1740) and had (perhaps with other) issue two daughters.

1747, May 10. Julian, daughter of Robert Peat, goldsmith, baptized.—St. Andrew's Registers.

1749, May 31. Ann, daughter of Robert Peat, goldsmith, baptized.—*Ibid.*

1773, Feb. 7. William Boyd, chapelry of All Saints, and Julia Peatt, married.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

Saturday in this town, Mrs. Peat, daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Edward Fenwick, vicar of Kirkwhelpington.—*Newcastle Courant*, 5th April, 1788.

PINKNEY and SCOTT, 1779-1790,

of the Side (*Newcastle Directory*, 1787). See Robert Pinkney and Robert Scott II.

Example: Flagon, 1784. Gateshead church.

ROBERT PINKNEY,

son of Robert Pinkney, of Newcastle; apprenticed to John Langlands 10th June, 1767, for the term of seven years, and admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company 4th May, 1778 (Minute book); and almost immediately afterwards established himself in business in Union Street (*Newcastle Directory*, 1778), and afterwards in the Side in partnership with Robert Scott. In 1790 he was again trading on his own account in the Side (*Newcastle Directory*).

Monday, at Ellingham, Mr. Robert Pinkney, goldsmith in this town, to Miss Rochester of North Charlton, an accomplished young lady with a large fortune.—*Newcastle Courant*, 5th September, 1778.

The bride was a descendant of the family of Widdrington of Portgate and Colt Park (*cf.* Pedigree of Widdrington, *New History of Northumberland*, vol. iv, p. 213).

They had (perhaps with other) issue a son, Robert, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 15th March, 1786, and five daughters, viz., Mary, Elizabeth, Hannah, Isabella, Winefred.

In or after 1790 the firm of Pinkney and Scott was dissolved and until the 23rd August, 1798, Robert Pinkney traded in his own name in the Side, but on that date declined business in favour of David Darling (*Newcastle Courant*, 23 Aug., 1798).

1793, Dec. 30. Elizabeth, wife of Robert Pinkney, goldsmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

Thursday at St. John's, Mr. Pinkney, goldsmith, to Miss Robinson of Stratford Green, Essex.—*Newcastle Courant*, 10th October, 1795.

Robert Pinkney was sword bearer to the corporation of Newcastle from 1793 to 1815, and died 9th April, 1825, aged 73.

WILLIAM POLLOCK.

1800, Jan. 19. William Pollock of the High Bridge, silversmith, bachelor, aged 22, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

LUKE KILLINGWORTH POTTS,

son of Luke Potts, apprenticed 25th March, 1728, to Robert Makepeace for the term of seven years, the premium paid being 40*l.* (Minute book). He was probably a grandson of George Potts, who married Deborah, daughter, and in her issue co-heir, of Luke Killingworth of Killingworth (*cf. Arch. Ael.*, ser. 3, vol. II, pp. 26, 30). He was accused of embezzling his master's goods, and on the 2nd February, 1730/1, the company, in meeting assembled, ordered that he should be incapable of admission to the freedom of the company (Minute book).

CUTHBERT RAMSAY,

stated to have flourished at a period between 1683 and 1691 (Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 89. *Cf. Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 400).

JOHN RAMSAY I

was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1698 (Cripps, *Old English Plate*, ed. 1899, p. 89). He was possibly son of William Ramsay I; if so he was baptized at St. Nicholas's, 27th May, 1672, his godparents being John Brown, Hugh Ramsay, and Susan Hutchinson. On the 3rd December, 1701, he took Leonard Hunter as an apprentice, but died before that apprenticeship had expired (Minute book). (*Cf. Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 437). His widow, Elizabeth, apparently married secondly before 3rd February, 1717/8, John Young-husband, goldsmith (*ibid.*, p. 438).

1700, June 25. Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. John Ramsay, goldsmith, and Elizabeth, his wife, Close, baptised. Godparents, Mr. John Dagniah, Mrs. Barbara Otway, Mrs. Margaret Dagniah.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

Example: Tankard, 1702. Mr. T. Taylor's collection.

JOHN RAMSAY II

traded between the years 1720 and 1728.

Example: Tankard, 1721. Tanner's Company, Newcastle.

WILLIAM RAMSAY I

may perhaps be identified with William, son of William Ramsay, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 17th March, 1627/8, his godparents being William Fewler, merchant, Robert Carr, tailor, and Ann, wife of John Atcheson, chapman. He was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company in 1656, having probably served his apprenticeship with William Robinson, whose daughter Elizabeth he subsequently married. Either by inheritance or by his marriage he became a man of substance. He was rated for property at Hartley-burn in the parish of Haltwhistle in 1663, which was assessed at the considerable sum of 50*l.* per annum, and two years later he was taxed for seven hearths in his dwelling-house on or near the foot of the Side (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 3, vol. VII, p. 62). Elected sheriff of Newcastle in 1687 he was removed by the king's mandate (*cf.* Welford, *Men of Mark*, vol. I, p. 661), and was mayor in 1690. Eight years later he was laid in his father-in-law's tomb in the old church of All Saints, the following being added to the inscription on the then existing grave cover:

William Ramsay, esq., alderman and sometime mayor of this town and Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Mr. Robinson. She died Dec. ye 29, 1676. He died Oct. ye 20, 1698. William Ramsay, jun., esq., merchant adventurer, alderman and sometime mayor of this town died April ye 14, 1716. Arms: a chevron between three rams' heads erased.—Sopwith, *All Saints*, p. 105.

1676/7, January 6. Elizabeth, wife of William Ramsay, goldsmith, buried.—All Saints Register.

1698, October 23. William Ramsay, esq., buried.—*Ibid.*

There is no printed pedigree of this family of Ramsay, and it is not easy to harmonize the particulars that have been gathered together. William Ramsay I appears to have had (perhaps with other) issue, all baptized at St. Nicholas's church:—William Ramsay (A); Margaret, 25th February, 1661/2; Jane,

3rd December, 1663; Cuthbert, 9th February, 1664/5; George, 11th June, 1666; James, 21st October, 1667; Elizabeth, 29th December, 1668; Ann, 25th April, 1670; John, 27th May, 1672; Mary, a twin with John, 27th May, 1672; Hannah, 24th November, 1673; and Elizabeth, 6th June, 1676.

The eldest son, William Ramsay (A) was apprenticed 1st October, 1675, to Phineas Allan of Newcastle, boothman; and admitted free of the Merchants' Company, 18th March, 1686 (Dendy, *Merchant Adventurers*, Surt. Soc. publ.), and to the Hostmen's company, 18th November, 1698. In 1706 he presented the seventh bell to All Saints (Boyle and Knowles, *Vestiges of Old Newcastle*, p. 164). He became alderman; was sheriff in 1696; and was mayor in 1701. He was probably the alderman William Ramsay who married Elizabeth, widow of William Fenwick of Stanton, daughter of Robert Ellison of Newcastle and Hebburn. If this be so, she was his first wife; his widow being Barbara, daughter of Thomas Bewick of Newcastle. Dying on the 14th April, 1716, he was buried at All Saints. As his will has never been printed the following abstract may be introduced :

14 May, 1713. Will of William Ramsay of Newcastle, merchant and alderman. To my wife, Barbara Ramsay, my dwellinghouse in Westgate for her life, remainder to my brother-in-law, William Coatsworth and his heirs. I give to my said wife 500l. and all the linen that was given to me by her brother Robert Bewick, deceased, and by her sister, Jane Bewick, deceased. To my sister, Margaret Ramsay, and my sister, Elizabeth Coatsworth, 300l. apiece. To my nephews Robert, John, and William Sutton, sons of my sister Ann Sutton, deceased, 500l. apiece. My sister, Hannah Coatsworth, and her sons, William and Robert Coatsworth. To my brother-in-law, Calverly Bewick 10l., to his daughter, Dorothy Bewick 100l. To my brother-in-law, the Rev. Benjamin Bewick 10l. To All Saints' charity school 50l. Amongst the keepers of the poor houses of the four several parishes of the town 20l. I give all my manors, lands, etc., to my brother-in-law, William Coatsworth of Gateshead, merchant. He executor.—Durham Probate Registry.

1722/3, Jan. 31. Mrs Barbray Ramsay, widow of William Ramsay, esq., buried.—All Saints' Registers.

Example: Cup and paten *circa* 1670. Aspatia.

WILLIAM RAMSAY II.

If the inscription on the Ramsay tombstone at All Saints' church has been correctly copied by Sopwith, *All Saints*, pp. 36, 105 (and there seems to be no reason to doubt its substantial accuracy) William Ramsay II cannot have been a son of William Ramsay I, although it is in every way probable he was a near kinsman. William Ramsay II may be identified, with much probability, with the person of that name who married Margaret, widow of George Fenwick of Brinkburn and daughter of John Forster of Cornhill (*cf.* M. I. Brinkburn).

1692, Sept. 14. Susanna, daughter of William Ramsey, goldsmith, and Margaret, his wife, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1701, July 2. Mr. William Ramsey, goldsmith, Syde, buried.—*Ibid.*

1701, June 13. Will of William Ramsay of Newcastle, goldsmith. I give all my real and personal estate in Newcastle-upon-Tyne to my dear wife, Margaret Ramsay, she sole executrix. Pr. 1702.—Durham Probate Registry.

WILLIAM RAMSAY III,

'son of John Ramsay late a free brother' of the Goldsmiths' Company, was enrolled 3rd February, 1717/8 'by his father-in-law (*i.e.*, stepfather) John Younghusband, also a free brother of the Company' (Minute book). He voted as a member of the company in 1722 and 1741 at the elections of burgesses in parliament.

PATRICK REDAMACHER.

1776, Sept. 15. Jane, daughter of Patrick Rademacher, silversmith, and Jennet, his wife, baptized.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1778, June 7. Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick Redamacher, goldsmith, and Jennet, his wife, baptized.—*Ibid.*

1780, Sept. 17. Ann, daughter of Patrick Rademacher, goldsmith, and Jennet, his wife, baptized.—*Ibid.*

1783, Aug. 24. Eleanor, daughter of Paterick Rademacher, silversmith, and Jennet, his wife, baptized.—*Ibid.*

1787, Feb. 11. Paterick, son of Paterick Rademacher, silversmith, and Jennet, his wife, baptized.—*Ibid.*

CHRISTIAN KER REID,

son of Andrew Reid of Canongate, brewer and baillie of Edinburgh, born at Edinburgh, 8th September, 1756, settled in

Newcastle in the month of June, 1778: and in 1790 was trading in the Groat market; founder of the firm of Reid and Sons. On the death of his cousin, Robert Ker of Hoselaw in Roxburghshire (who died at Doxford in the parish of Ellingham on the 4th October, 1792) he made up his titles to the estate, obtained possession 12th May, 1794, and sold the same in 1803. He died 18th September, 1834, and was buried at the Ballast Hills burial ground (*ex. inf.* Mr. Leopold Reid).

CHRISTOPHER REED.

1783, Jan. 21. Margaret, wife of Christopher Reed, silversmith, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1784, April 17. Mary, daughter of Christopher Reed, silversmith, buried.—*Ib.*

Example: Table Spoon, 1798. Exhibited by Mr. L. W. Adamson at Blackgate exhibition.

ROBERTSON and DARLING,

of 21, Dean Street, Newcastle, in 1795. See John Robertson and David Darling.

Example: Cup, 1795. Chester-le-Street.

JOHN ROBERTSON

traded until 1795 in partnership with John Langlands in the Side under the style of Langlands and Robertson. The *Newcastle Courant* of 11th July of that year has a notice announcing the dissolution of the late firm, and stating that Robertson had taken (David) Darling into partnership, and that the reconstituted firm would trade at 21 Dean Street under the style of Robertson and Darling.

On Monday (at St. Andrew's) Mr. Robertson, in partnership with Mr. Langlands, goldsmith, to Miss Bryan, of Pilgrim Street.—*Newcastle Courant*, 9th June, 1787.

The bride was sister of Michael Bryan, author of a *Biographical and Critical Dictionary of Painters and Engravers*, which has gone through very many editions and still remains a standard work. Another John Robertson, possibly his son, was appren-

ticed 11th March, 1799, to Thomas Watson, for a term of seven years.

Sunday last, in his 54th year (whilst on a visit to his brother, Mr. Robertson, goldsmith in this town), at Willington house, Mr. Arch. Robertson, merchant in Peebles near Edinburgh.—*Ibid.*, 29th July, 1797.

Wednesday sinnight, aged 72, James McClymond, silversmith, who was in the employment of Mr. Robertson and his predecessor of this town for about half a century.—*Courant*, 10 May, 1817.

Example: Alms dishes, 1800. St. John's, Newcastle.

JAMES ROBINSON,

son of John Robinson of Watermillock, apprenticed 1st November, 1752, to Isaac Cookson for the term of seven years, who fined 3rd May, 1753, for taking an apprentice (*Minute book*). He was apparently turned over to John Goodrick after whose death he was (again) turned over 3rd May, 1757, to John Langlands to serve out his time (*ibid.*).

THOMAS ROBINSON,

son of Thomas Robinson of Gateshead, apprenticed 11th November, 1791, to Robert Scott for a term of seven years (*Minute book*). On his master's death, he was turned over, 3rd May, 1793, to Thomas Watson (*ibid.*).

WILLIAM ROBINSON.

In the old church of All Saints there was a tombstone, afterwards removed to the church yard—where it was to be seen in 1826—with the following inscription:

William Robinson, goldsmith, and Catherine, his wife. She died June ye 24, 1650. He died March ye 5, 1654.—Sopwith, *All Saints*, p. 105.

Bourne (p. 96) gives the year of Robinson's death as 1652, which is probably the correct date (*cf.* Sopwith, p. 36).

Samuel Robinson, son of William Robinson of Newcastle, goldsmith, was apprenticed 1st July, 1648, to Lawrence Carr, and was admitted free of the Merchants' Company 23rd August, 1658 (*Dendy, Newcastle Merchant Adventurers, Surt. Soc. pub.*).

Elizabeth, daughter of William and Elizabeth Robinson, married William Ramsay (see p. 101).

THOMAS ROYD,

son of Thomas Royd, 'mylliner,' apprenticed 17th August, 1599, to John Baynes, goldsmith (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. XVI, p. 401).

ANDREW SCOTT.

1786, March 3. Elizabeth, supposed daughter of Andrew Scott, goldsmith, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Register.

ROBERT SCOTT I,

son of Andrew Scott, yeoman, was apprenticed 26th April, 1740, to James Kirkup for the period of seven years (*Minute book*).

Nothing more is known of him, as it is conceived that Robert Scott of the Side mentioned in the *Newcastle Directories* of 1787 and 1790 relates to the other person of the name.

ROBERT SCOTT II,

son of Robert Scott of Kirkoswald, Cumberland, blacksmith, apprenticed 10th October, 1760, to John Langlands for the term of nine years and was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company 3rd May, 1781 (*Minute book*). In 1787 he was trading in the Side with Robert Pinkney (*Whitehead's Directory*), which partnership was dissolved by agreement published in the *Newcastle Courant*, 8th May, 1790; after which he transferred his shop to Dean Street where he traded under his own name (*Whitehead's Directory*, 1790). He voted at the Newcastle elections of 1777 and 1780.

Thursday, at Durham, Mr. Scott, an eminent silversmith in the Side, to Miss Hilton of that city.—*Newcastle Courant*, 28th September, 1782.

He died on the 23rd April, 1793 (*Newcastle Courant*, 27th April, 1793); and was buried at St. Oswald's, Durham.

22 Sept., 1789. Will of Robert Scott of Newcastle, goldsmith. I give my real and personal estate to my co-partners, Robert Pinkney and John Robertson, in trust for my wife, Ellen Scott, and my mother-in-law, Margaret Hilton, for their joint lives; they to educate my children; and after the death of the survivor of them my said wife and mother-in-law in trust for my daughter, Margaret Scott, &c., remainder to my brother, James Scott, and my brother-in-law, William Hilton, share and share alike. Whereas I am in

possession of several articles of plate, viz., a tea cannister bearing the arms of Tempest and the initials R. E. S.; a teapot bearing a buck and the initials R. E. S.; a stand on which are the initials R. E. S.; 4 salts and shovels with the same mark, six table spoons with the same mark, a milk-pail and ladle with the same mark, I declare the same to be the property of my said mother-in-law and that without her knowledge I took the liberty of marking them with the initials of my own and my wife's name. Also certain books, pictures and china and articles of furniture brought by my said mother-in-law when she came to live with me. I order that they shall be given up to her as her own property. To be buried in the burial ground of my wife's relations at Durham. The said Robert Pinkney and John Robertson executors. Pr. 1793.—Durham Probate Registry.

The testator married Eleanor, daughter of Robert Hilton of Durham (died 1770), by his wife Margaret (died 1791), daughter of Robert Blakiston, vicar of Merrington. He had issue a daughter, Margaret Scott, named in her father's will, and a son, the Rev. Robert Hilton Scott, sometime lecturer of St. John's and St. Andrew's, Newcastle, afterwards of Plymouth (*cf.* Longstaffe, *Darlington*, Hilton pedigree, no. 4).

HENRY SEATON,

son of Francis Seaton, of Newcastle, miller, apprenticed 1st January, 1771, to John Langlands for a term of eight years (*Minute book*). He came from London to vote at the Newcastle election of 1780.

WILLIAM SEATON

occurs between the year 1536 and the year 1650 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

NATHANIEL SHAW,

son of John Shaw of Denton in the county of Durham, clerk in holy orders, apprenticed 15th April, 1707, to John Young-husband, for the term of seven years (*Minute book*). He signed the minute book 16th November, 1721, and again 3rd May, 1731; and he voted at the Newcastle elections of 1722, 1734 and 1741 as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company. His father, John Shaw, was perpetual curate of Denton in the parish of Gainford from 1682 until his death in 1740.

ROBERT SHARP,

son of Robert Sharp of Stannington, yeoman, apprenticed 29th May, 1742, to George Bulman (Minute book).

WILLIAM SHIELD,

son of William Shield of Newcastle, apprenticed 20th July, 1787, to John Mitchison for a term of eight years (Minute book).

ROBERT SHRIVE

signed the minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company 24th June, 1702, and 13th March, 1702/3.

1694, Nov. 2. Bond of marriage, Robert Shrive, of North Shields, goldsmith, and Lidia Milburn, Tynemouth, spinster. Robert Woodmas, Durham, gent., bondsman.

1694, Nov. 23. Robert Shrive and Lidia Milbourn, married.—Tynemouth Reg.

1703/4, Jan. 13. Robert Shrides, goldsmith, Syde, buried.—St. Nicholas's Reg.

1704/5, Jan. 19. Ann, daughter of Lidia Shrides, widow, buried.—*Ibid.*

1710/11, Jan. 20. James Shrive, son of Robert Shrive, of Newcastle, goldsmith, was enrolled in the books of the Barber Surgeons' company as an apprentice from the 10th June previous.

1731, Sept. 3. Mr. James Shrive, surgeon, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1734, Aug. 25. Lydia Shrive, widow, buried.—*Ibid.*

Example: Porringer, *circa* 1696. Mr. S. F. Widdrington.

ANTHONY SIMPSON,

'goldsmith,' was godfather to a daughter of George Simpson, barber, baptized at St. Nicholas's on the 29th July, 1576. His name appears amongst those who signed their names on the charter of the Goldsmiths' Company on attaining their freedom, but the entry is without date (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400). In the year 1600 he occupied a tenement in All Hallow-gate (Welford, *Newcastle and Gateshead*, vol. III, p. 135).

JOHN SIMPSON,

who, on attaining his freedom, signed his name on the charter of the Goldsmiths' Company (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

- 1576, June 25. John Simpson and Jane Baker, married.—St. Nicholas's Reg.
 1581/2, March 24. Agnes, daughter of John Simpson, goldsmith, baptised.—*Ib.*
 1584/5, Feb. 23. Elizabeth, daughter of John Simpson, goldsmith, buried.—
 St. John's Registers, Newcastle.
 1588, Sept. 28. John, son of John Simpson, goldsmith, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Registers.
 1589, Oct. 8. A child of John Simpson's buried.—*Ibid.*
 1589, Oct. 11. Another child of John Simpson's buried.—*Ibid.*

ISAAC SLACK,

son of Abraham Slack of Nunn's Close, in the parish of Heskett in the Forest, Cumberland, apprenticed 2nd September, 1782, to R. Pinkney for a term of eight years (Minute book).

THOMAS SNOWDON

signs the Minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company, 13th September, 1707.

FRANCIS SOMERVILLE.

- 1771, June 23. Ann, daughter of Francis Somerville, goldsmith and Frances, his wife, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Registers.
 1775, Aug. 27. Jane, daughter of Francis Somerville, silversmith, and Frances, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*
 1777, Aug. 3. Ann, daughter of Francis Somerville, silversmith, and Frances, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*
 1780, March 12. James, son of Francis Somerville, silversmith, and Frances, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*
 1782, Oct. 13. Francis, son of Francis Somerville, silversmith, and Frances, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*
 On Sunday last in the Wall Knoll, Mrs. Somerville.—*Newcastle Courant*, 25th October, 1800.

His name does not appear in Whitehead's *Newcastle Directory* for 1778. His son, Francis Somerville, was apprenticed 20th February, 1799, to Thomas Watson for a term of seven years and was admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company, 1st August, 1815; the name of Francis Somerville, working goldsmith at 5 Collingwood Street, appears in Parson and White's *Directory* of 1827.

FRANCIS SOSE

occurs between the years 1536 and 1650 (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 400).

HENRY SOUTHERN,

son of Henry Southern, gardener, apprenticed 11th November, 1793, to Robert Pinkney, for a term of seven years (*Minute book*).

STALKER and MITCHISON, 1774-1784,

of the Side (*Newcastle Directory* for 1778). See William Stalker and John Mitchison.

Example: Gravy spoon, 1779. Exhibited at Blackgate plate exhibition by Mr. Sheriton Holmes.

WILLIAM STALKER,

son of John Stalker, of Lambfield, Cumberland, apprenticed 1st January, 1766, to John Langlands for the term of eight years; admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1774 (*Minute book*); and in 1774, 1777 and 1780 voted at the Newcastle elections of burgesses in parliament. In 1778 he was trading in the Side in partnership with John Mitchison under the style of Stalker and Mitchison. He was a friend of George Pickering, the Newcastle poet, who in his lifetime wrote his epitaph, beginning:

The measure of his sins at last
 Replete! here rattled in the blast,
 A careless, everlasting talker,
 Who said his name was William Stalker.
 Who liv'd like no man but himself alive,
 From life's first dawn to thirty-five.
 In battering gold and silver gay
 He batter'd seven long years away.

—*Newcastle Magazine*, 1828, p. 360

JOHN STODDART,

son of Thomas Stoddart, was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 25th May, 1775, by patrimony; and voted in 1774, 1777 and 1780 at the Newcastle election of burgesses in parliament. In 1795 Mr. John Stoddart, goldsmith, was elected a sergeant at mace in the room of Mr. Thomas Gill (*Newcastle*

Courant, 6th June, 1795). He died on the 30th December, 1798 (Minute book).

1769, Oct. 1. Thomas, son of John Stoddart, goldsmith, baptised.—St. Andrew's Registers.

THOMAS STODDART,

son of John Stoddart, of Newcastle, was apprenticed 1st September, 1728, to Isaac Cookson for a term of seven years, the premium paid being 35*l.* (Minute book); but his master, not having been free himself for three years, was ordered, 11th November, 1728, to pay a fine of 5*l.* for taking Thomas¹⁰ Stoddart as an apprentice before he himself was free three years (*ibid.*). Not having taken up his freedom on the expiry of his indentures it was ordered at a meeting of the company held on 3rd May, 1748, that the stewards give notice to Mr. Stoddart to take up his freedom (*ibid.*). He agreed to pay a fine of 2*l.* 19*s.*, and was admitted 4th May, 1752 (*ibid.*). He voted at the Newcastle election of 1741.

CHARLES STORY,

son of Robert Story of Newcastle, cordwainer, was apprenticed 3rd December, 1735, to George Bulman, for a term of ten years (Minute book). His name appears neither in the poll-book nor in the directories.

JOHN THOMPSON.

1779, March 7. Hannah, daughter of John Thompson, goldsmith, and Isabella, his wife, bapt.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1780, Oct. 15. John, son of John Thomson, silversmith, and Isabella, his wife, bapt.—*Ibid.*

SAMUEL THOMPSON,

who residing at Durham had his plate assayed at Newcastle, *circa* 1773 (Cripps).

Saturday, at Durham, Mrs. Thompson, wife of Mr. Samuel Thompson, goldsmith, in that city, much regretted by her friends and acquaintances.—*Newcastle Courant*, 28th March, 1778.

¹⁰ Called Charles Stoddart (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 2, vol. xvi, p. 428).

(On Tuesday last died) Mr. William Thompson, goldsmith, son of Mr. Samuel Thompson of Durham, by whose death the public hath lost an ingenious artist, and his acquaintances a sincere friend and valuable companion.—*Newcastle Courant*, 7th October, 1780.

Example: Table spoon, *circa* 1760. Miss Allgood.

AMOS TOPPING, OR TOPHAM.

1747, Nov. 20. Sybel, wife of Amos Topham, yeoman, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1748/9, Jan. 5. Amos Topham and Margaret Bateman, married.—*Ibid.*

By his second marriage he had with other issue two sons:

1760, June 29. Amos Delassalle, son of Amos Topham, silversmith, and Margaret, his wife, baptized.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1763, May 29. Thomas, son of Amos Topham and Margaret, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

In Whitehead's *Newcastle Directory* for 1787 there appears the name of Thomas Topping, Dog-bank, watch chrystal manufacturer.

JOHN WALKER,

son of John Walker of Newcastle, sadler, apprenticed 2nd May, 1776, to John Mitchison, for a term of seven years (*Minute book*). He was probably son of John Walker by his wife Mary, daughter of Thomas Smith of Togston.

Example: Gravy Spoon, GL IW 1797, exhibited by Mr. L. W. Adamson at the Black-gate exhibition in 1897.

JOHN WALTON,

a working goldsmith, who carried on his business in Painter-heugh, occurs in the Newcastle directory for 1827.

JOSEPH WATSON,

son of Joseph Watson of Elsdon, was entered on the books 11th November, 1794, as apprenticed to Thomas Watson for the term of seven years, from the 12th February, 1794 (*Minute book*).

1779, Nov. 29. Joseph, the son of Joseph and Elizabeth Watson, of the Low moat, baptized.—Elsdon Registers.

He was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 3rd May, 1809, paying the accustomed fee (*Minute book*).

THOMAS WATSON,

son of Joseph Watson of Elsdon Low Moat, apprenticed 1st January, 1783, to William Stalker for the term of eight years; apparently was subsequently turned over to Robert Scott, and as his late apprentice was admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 4th February, 1793 (Minute book). He was a working goldsmith in the Side as late as 1827 (Parson and White's *Directory*).

On Saturday morning, at All Saints, Mr. Thomas Watson, goldsmith in the Side, to Miss Jane Oliver, second daughter of Mr. Robert Oliver, warehousman.—*Newcastle Courant*, 27th February, 1796.

1801, Oct. 2. Joseph Watson, son of Thomas Watson of the Side, goldsmith, and Jane his wife, formerly Oliver, aged nearly one year, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

The 29th ult., at Houghton Hill-head, Durham, Emma third daughter of Mr. Thomas Watson, of this town, goldsmith, aged 11 years.—*Newcastle Courant*, 5th April, 1817.

He died 24th December, 1845, aged 78, and his widow on the 11th January, 1848, aged 77.

Example: Cream ewer, 1799. Rev. E. J. Taylor.

GEORGE WEDDELL.

In 1790 had his shop in Mosley Street (*Newcastle Directory*).

Wednesday evening; Mr. George Weddell, goldsmith and jeweller in Mosley Street [died].—*Newcastle Courant*, 30th January, 1796.

ROGER WEST.

1702, Sept. 26. Roger West, goldsmith, Syde, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

He was probably a kinsman of Daniel West, son of Roger West of Marshall lands in the county of Durham, apprenticed 1st May, 1675, to Richard Ewbank of Gateshead, and admitted to the freedom of the company of Drapers and Tailors on the 29th October, 1685 (*Records of the Gateshead Company of Drapers, etc.*, printed as a supplement of *Northern Notes and Queries*, 1907, pp. 48, 83).

WILLIAM WHITFIELD,

son of John Whitfield, apprenticed 12th September, 1713, to John Younghusband, for the term of seven years, and, after the death of his master, set over 18th December, 1718, to Jonathan French to serve out his apprenticeship; admitted to the freedom of the Goldsmiths' Company, 10th October, 1720 (Minute book). He voted at the Newcastle elections of 1722 and 1734.

JOHN WILKINSON I

may with some probability be identified with John, son of Lancelot Wilkinson, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 30th September, 1630, his sponsors being Leonard Ollison, Mighaell Chicken, and Isabel Wilkinson. He was admitted free of the Goldsmiths' Company *circa* 1658, and was residing near the Dog-bank, or Broad Chare in Pandon Tower ward in 1665, where he was taxed for four hearths (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 3, vol. VII, p. 73).

Example: Cup, *circa* 1658. Trimdon church.

JOHN WILKINSON II.

1721, Oct. 19. John Wilkinson, goldsmith, a stranger, buried.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

WILLIAM WILKINSON,

son of William Wilkinson, apprenticed 1st January, 1732, to Robert Makepeace, for the term of seven years; the premium paid being 20*l.* (Minute book). He voted at the Newcastle election of 1741 and probably migrated to London, whence he, or another of the same name, came to vote at the elections of 1777 and 1780 as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company.

1744, Sept. 24. Bond of marriage, William Wilkinson, Sunderland, gent., bachelor, aged 26, and Ann Carr, All Saints, Newcastle, spinster, aged 22. Thomas Hornsby of Durham, alderman, bondsman.

1744, Sept. 25. William Wilkinson, goldsmith, and Ann Carr, spinster, married.—All Saints Registers, Newcastle.

TIMOTHY WILLIAMSON,

son of Dorothy Williamson, apprenticed 1st March, 1744/5, to James Kirkup for the term of seven years (Minute book). He

migrated to London, whence he came to vote at the Newcastle elections of 1777 and 1780 as a member of the Goldsmiths' Company.

JAMES WILSON.

1594, Nov. 28. James Wilson, goldsmith, and Jane Simpson married.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1597, June 22. James Wilson, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*

WILLIAM WRIGHT.

1670, June 29. James, bairn begoote son of William Wright, goldsmith, baptised.—St. Andrew's Registers.

The only person of the name assessed for Hearth Tax in 1665 resided in the neighbourhood of the Broad Chare or Pandon Bank, his assessment being for two chimneys (*Arch. Ael.*, ser. 3, vol. VII, p. 74).

JOHN YOUNGHUSBAND I,

was a younger son of Thomas Younghusband of Budle, Bamburghshire, where he was born in 1680. It does not appear to whom he was apprenticed, but he took Nathaniel Shaw as an apprentice, 15th April, 1707, and signed the Minute book of the Goldsmiths' Company on the 13th September, 1707.

His first wife apparently was widow of John Ramsay, goldsmith. By her he had issue two sons and two daughters, viz. :

1709/10, Jan. 19. Eleanor, daughter of John Younghusband, goldsmith, and Elizabeth, his wife, baptised.—St. Nicholas's Registers.

1710/11, Jan. 1. John, son of John Younghusband, goldsmith, and Elizabeth, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

1711/2, Feb. 5. Edward, son of John Younghusband, goldsmith, and Elizabeth, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

1713, Nov. 24. Hannah, daughter of John Younghusband, goldsmith, and Elizabeth, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

She died in 1713.

1713/4, Jan. 3. Eliza, wife of John Younghusband, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*

Younghusband married secondly on the 5th January, 1715, Ann, daughter of Robert Lambton of Newham in Bamburghshire, by whom he had issue a daughter.

1716, Dec. 6. Ann, daughter of John Younghusband, goldsmith, and Ann, his wife, baptised.—*Ibid.*

He died two years later:—

1718, Nov. 24. John Younghusband, goldsmith, buried.—*Ibid.*

1718, Nov. 24. Administration of the goods of John Younghusband, of Newcastle, goldsmith, granted to Thomas Younghusband, of Budle, gentleman, the brother and principal creditor; Ann Younghusband, the widow of the intestate renouncing.—Durham Probate Registry.

Example: Paten, 1712. Sherburn hospital.

JOHN YOUNGHUSBAND II,

son of John Younghusband (I), goldsmith, and Elizabeth, his wife, baptized at St. Nicholas's, 1st January, 1710/1, his godparents being Mr. John Shaw, John Dagnia, and Susanna Hilton. He was apprenticed 18th November, 1724, to James Kirkup for the term of seven years, the premium paid being 25*l.* (Minute book).

APPENDIX I.

The following goldsmiths trading in places where there was no assay were in the habit of bringing their plate to Newcastle to be touched, the transactions being duly recorded in the books of the Goldsmiths' Company:

Mary Ashworth, Durham, 1787-1798; Mercy Ashworth, Durham, 1799-1800; Mr. Bainbridge, Durham, *circa* 1733; John Barrett, Sunderland, *circa* 1751; James Brock, Whitehaven, *circa* 1749; Joseph Buckle, York, *circa* 1717; Christopher Dinsdale, Sunderland, *circa* 1798-1800; John Fearney, Sunderland, *circa* 1773; Robert Gibson, Sunderland, *circa* 1750; Anthony Hedley, Durham, *circa* 1789-1799; James Lamb, Whitehaven, *circa* 1748; John Langwith, York, *circa* 1722; Francis Sollomon, Whitehaven, *circa* 1775; James Thompson, Darlington, *circa* 1775; Mr. Thompson, Durham, *circa* 1725; John Thompson, Sunderland, *circa* 1778, died 30 May, 1801, aged 54; Samuel Thompson, Durham, *circa* 1776, died 4 March, 1785, aged 59; John Waller, Whitehaven, *circa* 1766; William Williamson, Whitehaven, *circa* 1749.

APPENDIX II.

As eighteenth century poll-books for the town and county of Newcastle are seldom to be met with, some of them being very rare indeed, the names of those who voted as members of the Goldsmiths' Company at the elections of 1722, 1734, 1741, 1774, 1777 and 1780 are appended :

NEWCASTLE GOLDSMITHS FROM POLL-BOOKS.

1722.

Francis Batty, John Carnaby, Jonathan French, Thomas Hewitson, Richard Hobs, James Kirkup, Robert Makepeace, William Ramsay, Nathaniel Shaw, William Whitfield.

1734.

Nicholas Armstrong, Isaac Cookson, William Dalton, Edward French, John French, Richard Hobbs, James Kirkup, Robert Makepeace, Thomas Makepeace, Mark Grey Nicholson, Nathaniel Shaw, William Whitfield.

1741.

Nicholas Armstrong, Richard Armstrong, Thomas Blackett, Stephen Buckles, William Dalton, Edward French, John French, Edward Gill, Edward Hewitson, Richard Hobbs, James Kirkup, John Kirkup, Richard Nicholson, Robert Peat, William Ramsay, Nathaniel Shaw, Thomas Stoddart, William Wilkinson.

1774.

John Armstrong, Nicholas Armstrong, Nicholas Armstrong, jun., Richard Armstrong, Richard Armstrong, jun., Robert Armstrong, Thomas Armstrong, George William Chalmers, John Hackworth, John Kirkup, John Mitchison, Robert Makepeace, Richard Nicholson, William Stalker, John Stoddart, John Wilkinson, Matthew Wilkinson, William Wilkinson.

1777.

John Armstrong, Hescott Newmarket; Nicholas Armstrong, Cullercoats; Nicholas Armstrong, jun., Newcastle; Richard Armstrong, North Shields; Richard Armstrong, Cullercoats; Robert Armstrong, North Shields; Thomas Armstrong, Cullercoats; Thomas Blackett, London; John Hackworth, London; John Kirkup, Newcastle; Robert Makepeace, London; John Mitchison, Newcastle; Richard Nicholson, Gateshead; Robert Pinkney, London; Robert Scott, Newcastle; William Stalker, Newcastle; John Stoddart, Newcastle; John Wilkinson, London; Matthew Wilkinson, Sunderland; Timothy Wilkinson, London; William Wilkinson, London.

1780.

John Armstrong, Hescott; Nicholas Armstrong, Cullercoats; Nicholas Armstrong, jun., Newcastle; Richard Armstrong, Cullercoats; Richard Armstrong, North Shields; Thomas Armstrong, Cullercoats; Thomas Blackett, Newcastle; George William Chalmers, London; John French, London; John Hackworth, London; John Haldon, Newcastle; Anthony Hedley, York; George Hogg, Newcastle; John Kirkup, Newcastle; Robert Mitchel, Dublin; John Mitchison, Newcastle; Richard Nicholson, Gateshead Fell; Robert Pinkney, Newcastle; Robert Scott, Newcastle; Henry Seaton, London; William Stalker, Newcastle; Babbington Stoddart, Newcastle; John Stoddart, Newcastle; John Wilkinson, London; Matthew Wilkinson, Sunderland; Timothy Wilkinson, London; William Wilkinson, London.



CLAVERING'S CROSS.

(From a photograph by Dr. D. H. Stephens.)