## Sites in the Godalming area investigated by the late George Inwood

## JUDIE ENGLISH

Table 1 Prehistoric pottery from the A3, Shackleford (identified by Mike Seager Thomas). Fabric codes: MCF = medium to coarse flint temper; FMFQ = fine to medium flint temper with quartz sand inclusions; CQ = coarse quartz sand inclusions; C = calcite tempered; DS = shell temper (decalcified); FF = fine flint temper: FMQ = fine to medium quartz temper; G = grog temper.

	Fabric			
Fabric type	code	Sherds	Date	Comments
West of the A3				
Medium/coarse flint-temper	MCF	4	LBA	Not the same as MCF from east of the A3
Fine/medium flint with quartz sand- tempered	FMFQ	1	Later IA	Not the same as FMFQ from east of the A3
East of the A3				
			Probably	
Decalcified shell-tempered	DS	1	MIA	
	Fe			
Fe oxide nodules	nodules	2	MIA	
	MCF		(LBA) or	Necked jar of possible Belgic-
Medium / coarse flint-temper (hard)	(hard)	10	LIA	type
Fine flint-temper	FF	1	LBA or LIA	
				Usually MIA; in LIA form at
Decalcified calcite-tempered	DC	1	MIA/LIA	Felday only
	FMF	5	LIA	Flat-topped beaded rim of
Fine/medium flint-temper (hard)	(hard)	5	LIA	closed mouth jar
Coarse quartz sand-tempered	CQ	3	later IA	
Medium flint with quartz sand- tempered	FMQ	1	later IA	

Table 2 RB pottery from the A3, Shackleford (identified by members of the Roman Studies Group). SAND = sand tempered; OXID = oxidised ware; PORD = Porchester D; AHSU = Alice Holt Surrey ware; AHFA = Alice Holt Farnham ware; COAR = coarseware; GROG = grog-tempered ware; VRW = *Verulamiam* ware; COLC = Colchester ware; SAM = Samian ware

Fabric	Date	West	of the A3	East of the A3		
	range	Sherds	Weight (g)	Sherds	Weight (g)	
SAND	50-400	82	590	587	4400	
SAND	50–160			7	140	
SAND	50-270			1	13	
SAND	250-400			3	47	
SAND	300-400			1	11	
OXID	50-400	17	234	103	814	
PORD	300-400			2	37	
PORD	350-400	27	640	48	361	
AHSU	50-160			2	37	

6
4
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8
3

Table 3 Medieval and post-medieval pottery from the A3, Shackleford (identified by members of the Medieval Pottery Study Group). SNC = Saxo-Norman chalk-tempered ware; S2 = shelly ware; Q2 = sand-tempered [grey-brown sandyware]; white wares WW1A = coarse borderware; WW1B = Kingston; WW2 = Cheam and some Kingston; WW3 = some Cheam; RWW = red; PMRE = post-medieval red ware; FREC = Frechen (bellarmine) stoneware; border whitewares BORDG = green-glazed; BORDR = red-glazed; BORDY = yellow glazed; PMR = post-medieval redware

Fabric	Date	Eas	East of A3		
	range	Sherds	Weight g		
SNC	1000-1150	3	22		
S2	1050-1250	1	6		
Q2	1150-1250	10	97		
FQ2	1150-1300	1	40		
WW1A	1240-1550	38	199		
WW1B	1240-1400	3	23		
WW2	1350–1550	6	18		
WW3	1350-1500	3	47		
RWW	1450-1550	2	24		
PMRE	1480–1600	7	43		
FREC	1520-1650	1	4		
BORDG	1550-1700	2	15		
BORDR	1550-1700	1	19		
BORDY	1550-1700	1	4		
PMR	1580-1900	1	22		
Totals		80	583		

Table 4 Medieval and post-medieval pottery from near Rodsall Manor, near Mitchen Hall and Whirl Hill (identified by the Medieval Pottery Study Group). Abbreviations as for table 3 with the following additions: Q1 = sand-tempered; IQ = ironstone and sand-tempered; QFL = sand and flint tempered; FOQ = fine-grained orange sand-tempered and BSGSW = English brown-glazed stoneware.

Fabric	Date	near Rodsall Manor		near Mitchen Hall		Whirl Hill	
	range	Sherds	Weight (g)	Sherds	Weight (g)	Sherds	Weight (g)
Q1	970-1100					4	33
SNC	1000-1150					2	8
IQ	1050-1150			10	24	5	37
S2	1050-1250					1	8
QFL	1080-1200			2	8	1	23
Q2	1080-1300	86	514	322	1236	589	3045
WW1B	1240-1400	24	133	138	816	267	1558
WW3	1350-1500			1	4		
FOQ	1200-1400					44	292
PMRE	1480–1600	5	43	2	12		
FREC	1520–1650					3	88
BORDG	1550-1700	1	7	1	6	12	63
BORDR	1550-1700					8	118
PMR	1580-1900	2	25	1	32	1	32
BSGSW	1675-1800					2	18
Totals		118	722	477	2138	939	5323