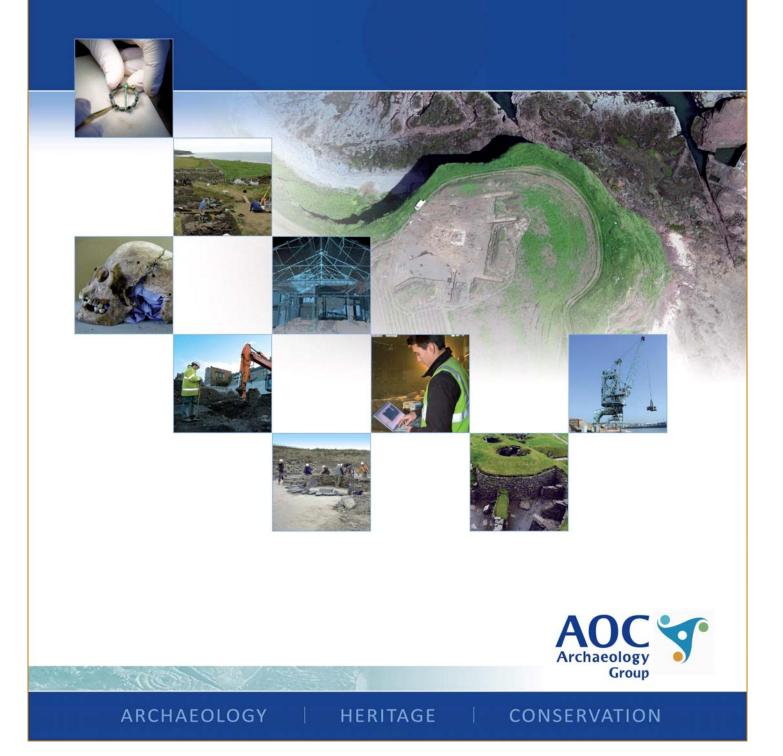
Lauder Health Centre:

Watching Brief Data Structure Report

AOC Project 21844 OASIS ID: aocarcha1-137961 21st November 2012



Lauder Health Centre:

Evaluation, Data Structure Report

On Behalf of:	Scottish Borders Health Board
National Grid Reference (NGR):	NT 5296 4753
AOC Project No:	21844
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Date of Fieldwork:	07/11/2012 – 13/11/2012
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This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.	
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Abstract

This report represents the results of an archaeological watching brief undertaken by AOC Archaeology Group during the building of the new Lauder Health Centre.

The site occupies an area previously taken up by a play park. No archaeological features or remains were encountered during the course of the watching brief.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 AOC Archaeology Group was commissioned by Scottish Borders Health Board to undertake a Watching Brief at Lauder Health Centre, Scottish Borders. The work required was in response to advice by the Scottish Borders Council Archaeology Officer, Dr. Christopher Bowles, who recommended a Watching Brief on the proposed construction of the new Lauder Health Centre, to adequately monitor the impact of ground breaking works on the archaeological resource.
- 1.1.2 Scottish Borders Council is advised on archaeological matters by Dr Chris Bowles, Scottish Borders Council Archaeology Officer. The archaeological works were conducted in accordance with the principles set out in *Scottish Planning Policy* (Scottish Government 2010) and *PAN 2/2011 Planning & Archaeology* (Scottish Government 2011) and in accord with Borders Council requirements as advised by Dr Bowles. A *Written Scheme of Investigation* (AOC 2011) outlining the programme of archaeological works was agreed with Dr. Bowles in advance of the works being undertaken.

1.2 Location

1.2.1 The proposed development area (NGR: NT 5296 4753; Figure 1) lies within close proximity to the medieval core of Lauder, occupying an area of land south of Crofts Road, a street annotated as the South Backsides on the Great Reform Act map (1832), and which denotes the southern limit of urban medieval activity in Lauder.

1.3 Archaeological background

- 1.3.1 There are no known archaeological sites within the proposed development area. However, the site lies within close proximity to the medieval core of Lauder. The settlement of Lauder was first recorded in around 1250 AD, and by 1300 contained a hospital (Smith 2001). The village became a Royal Burgh in 1298, and was subsequently captured by Edward I, who built a fort 500 m east of the settlement. Following its recapture, Lauder was re-chartered in 1328 and again in 1502. The fort was rebuilt in stone in the 15th century, and again in 1548, by the English under Protector Somerset, becoming one of the first in Britain to be designed for artillery on the bastion plan. Lauder is shown as a rectilinear enclosure on Pont's 1600 map (Smith 2001). The site is located to the southern boundary of the village, in close proximity to the proposed town walls (Dr. Chris Bowles pers. comm.; (Figure 1). The proximity of the site within the medieval core of the village raises the possibility of identifying buried remains associated with the former occupation of the area.
- 1.3.2 In addition, the surrounding area is rich in Prehistoric archaeology. An unstratified, Prehistoric hammerstone (NMRS: NT54NW 17) was found to the immediate east of the site.

2 OBJECTIVES

- 2.1 The objectives of the archaeological Watching Brief were:
 - i) to safeguard the archaeological resource from inadvertent disturbance by the proposed development works;

 to liaise with Dr. Bowles and the client in the event of significant archaeological features and /or small finds being unearthed as to the most appropriate response in safeguarding these features either by preservation *in situ,* if at all feasible, or by archaeological recording.

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 The Watching Brief was carried out between 7th November 2012 and 13th November 2012 in generally fair weather conditions. Ground reduction was undertaken using a 17.5 tonne mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless ditching bucket. All ground works were monitored and supervised by an experienced field archaeologist. Ground reduction was carried out in shallow spits until the required formation depth or significant archaeology was reached.

4 **RESULTS**

- 4.1 The various data gathered during the watching brief are presented as a series of appendices:
 - *i*) Appendix 1 contains the photographic register
 - ii) Appendix 2 contains the Discovery & Excavation in Scotland entry
- 4.2 No significant archaeological remains were recovered during topsoil stripping. The remains of the play park, consisting of concrete founds and thin layers of made ground, containing industrially produced white and blue ceramic and modern bottle glass, were photographed in situ. Natural coarse orange sand and gravel with rounded cobbles was encountered between 0.5 m and 0.6 m below the old ground surface. Three fragments of tobacco pipe were recovered from the topsoil, but otherwise no datable finds were recovered from the site.

6 CONCLUSION

6.1 It is clear from the Watching Brief that no archaeological remains survived within the development area. The excavation provided no evidence to suggest the site had seen occupation during the medieval or post-medieval development of the town. Examining the maps, particularly the first edition of the 25" ordnance survey revealed reverse S shaped property boundaries on land parallel to the development area, suggesting that agricultural land extended all the way to the "South Backsides" of the medieval town.

7 RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 No further archaeological works are considered necessary. This recommendation will require confirmation by Dr. Chris Bowles on behalf of Scottish Borders Council.

8 **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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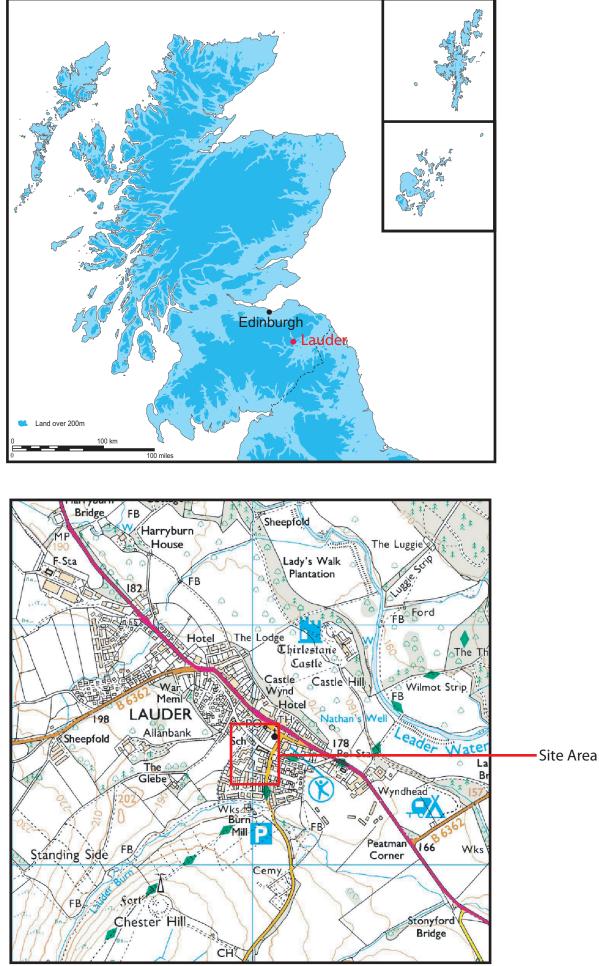
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Section 2: Appendices



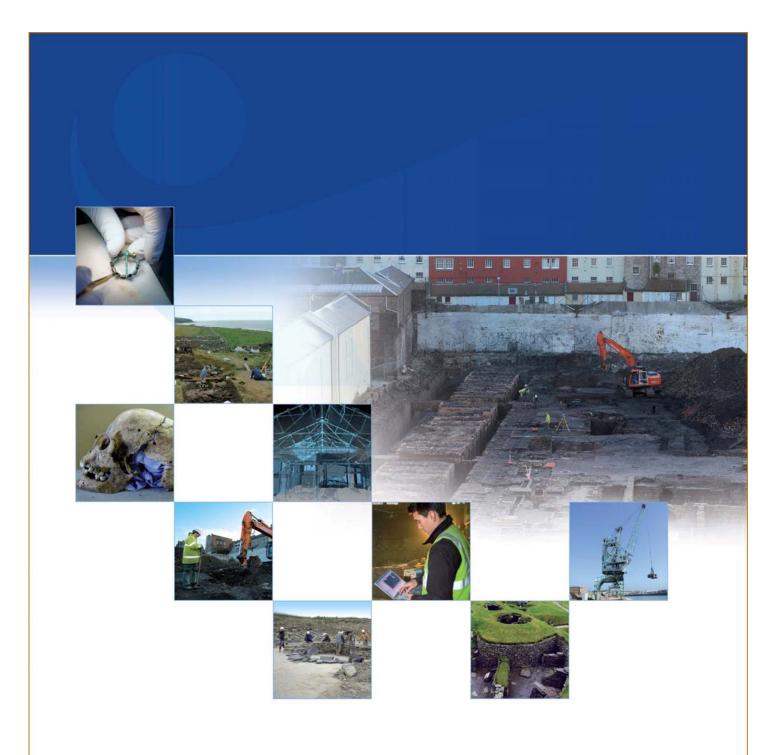
APPENDIX 1: Photographic Register

Digital images

Frame	Description	From
1	Registration	
2-5	Made ground associated with play park	W
6-7	General view of site	N
8-9	Working shots	V
10	General view of site	S
11-15	Working shots of topsoil stripping	V

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	Scottish Borders Council
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME	Lauder Health
PROJECT CODE:	AOC 21844
PARISH:	Jedburgh
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Jake Streatfeild-James
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	AOC Archaeology Group
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Watching Brief
NMRS NO(S)	NA
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	NA
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	NA
NGR (2 letters, 6 figures)	NT 52961 47525
START DATE (this season)	07/11/2012
END DATE (this season)	13/11/2012
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. DES ref.)	NA
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	This report represents the results of an archaeological watching brief undertaken by AOC Archaeology Group during the building of the new Lauder Health Centre. The site occupies an area previously taken up by a play park. No archaeological features or remains were encountered during the course of the watching brief.
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APPENDIX 2: 'Discovery and Excavation in Scotland' Report





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