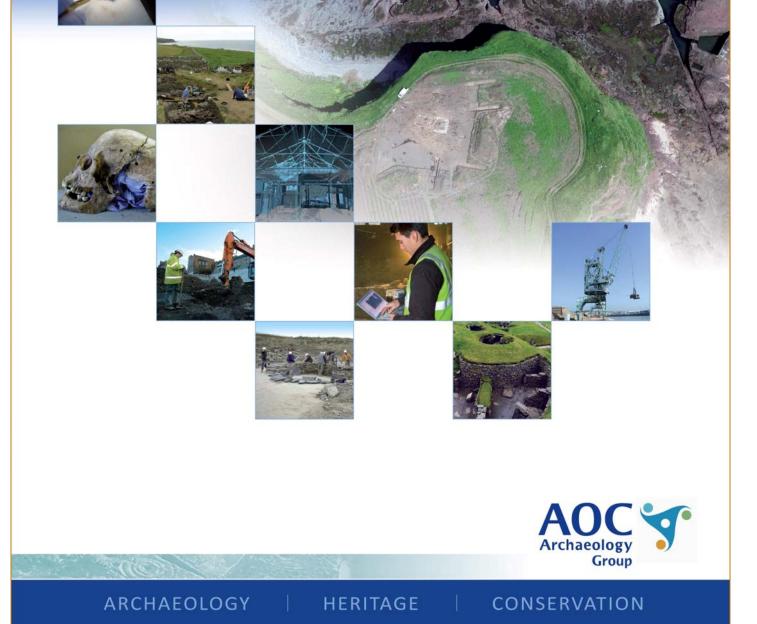
## Shillingworth, Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire: Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

AOC Project 23256 Oasis No. aocarcha1-232157 20<sup>th</sup> November 2015



## Shillingworth, Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

On Behalf of:	Persimmon Homes Persimmon House Parkway Court 180 Findochty Street Glasgow G33 5EP
National Grid Reference (NGR):	NS 38629 64778
Planning Application Ref:	14/0831/PP
AOC Project No:	23256
Prepared by:	Stuart Wilson
Illustration by:	Kevin Paton
Date of Fieldwork:	17 <sup>th</sup> November 2015 – 19 <sup>th</sup> November 2015
Date of Report:	20th <sup>th</sup> November 2015

This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.		
Author: Stuart Wilson	Date: 20 <sup>th</sup> November 2015	
Approved by: Martin Cook	Date: 30 <sup>th</sup> November 2015	
Draft/Final Report Stage:	Date:	

Enquiries to:	AOC Archaeology Group Edgefield Industrial Estate Edgefield Road Loanhead EH20 9SY	
	Fax.	0131 440 3593 0131 440 3422 admin@aocarchaeology.com

Group

www.aocarchaeology.com

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## Abstract

This report presents the results of an archaeological evaluation undertaken in relation to a proposed 43 plot housing development on a grass field on the northern boundary of Shillingworth Steadings, Kilgraston Road, Bridge of Weir.

The evaluation required an 8% trenching sample comprising of 2024m<sup>2</sup>. Location and positioning of trenches was determined based upon the best chance of encountering archaeological features and to avoid various active underground services.

The evaluation found that the entire area had been significantly altered in modern times, with only a shallow covering of topsoil overlying a mixture of bedrock and boulder clay remaining. This essentially removed the chance of finding any surviving archaeology. In addition the eastern most extent of the field was found to contain deposits of tarmac and concrete most likely from a previous construction yard during the last developments.

## **1** INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background

1.1.1 AOC Archaeology Group was commissioned by Persimmon Homes to undertake a programme of phased archaeological works prior to the proposed development of 43 dwelling house plots and associated infrastructure bordering Shillingworth Steadings, Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire (Planning Application No. 14/0831/PP) centred NGR: NS 38629 64778. The evaluation was undertaken in order to satisfy the requirements of the local planning authority, Renfrewshire Council. The Council is advised on archaeological matters by the West of Scotland Archaeology Service (WoSAS). The works were conducted according to the terms of a *Written Scheme of Investigation* (AOC 2015) and in accordance with the principles set out in *Scottish Planning Policy* (Scottish Government 2010) and *PAN 2/2011 Planning & Archaeology* (Scottish Government 2011).

#### 1.2 Location

1.2.1 The proposed development (NGR: NS 38629 64778) is located on the northern boundary of Shillingworth Steadings off of Kilgraston road and bounded by the Old Ranfurly golf course along its southern and western extent. The site consists of a predominantly sloping landscape, previously used as a grazing area for cattle. The total area comprises of 2.53ha.

### 1.3 Archaeological background

- 1.3.1 Although there are no record archaeological features within the development area the site lies to the immediate South and West of the Ranfurly conservation area as designated by Renfrewshire Council. Ranfurly was built as a commuter dormitory on elevated land above Bridge of Weir from the 1880s to 1910s.
- 1.3.2 The site also lies to the immediate south-east of Castle Hill Motte (NMRS No. NS36NE 18) where previous works revealed a number of artefacts including a single sherd of Roman pottery. Further to the North-West lies the site of Ranfurly castle (NMRS No. NS36NE 17), which superseded Castle Hill Motte and was a typical 15<sup>th</sup>/16<sup>th</sup> century tower which has now fallen into ruin.

## 2 **OBJECTIVES**

- 2.1.1 The objectives of the archaeological works are:
  - i) to determine and assess the character, extent, condition, quality, date and significance of any buried archaeological remains within the proposed development area;
  - ii) to liaise with WoSAS and the client in the event of significant archaeological features and /or small finds being unearthed as to the most appropriate response in safeguarding these features either by preservation *in situ*, if at all feasible, or by archaeological recording.

## 3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 The evaluation requirements set out in the *Written Scheme of Investigation* (AOC 2015) required an 8% trenching sample of the 2.53 ha site. This equated to a total area of 2024 m<sup>2</sup> or 1012 linear meters of trenching to be opened.

- 3.2 The trenching was located around existing live services. Upon Inspection of the site a single trench was required to be moved further down the slope to avoid a previously unidentified underground service in the area. The required target was still met and an appropriate coverage of the area was still achieved.
- 3.3 The evaluation was undertaken by a 13 tonne 360 excavator with a 2 m wide bladed ditching bucket. All trench areas were surveyed using a Cable Avoidance Tool (CAT) prior to excavation. Excavation was undertaken in shallow units/spits until the first significant archaeological horizon or natural subsoil was reached. All machine excavation was supervised by an experienced field archaeologist and according to AOC Archaeology Group's standard operating procedures, and as per the methodology within the *Written Scheme of Investigation* (AOC 2015). The trenches were backfilled immediately after excavation to prevent potential flooding.

## 4 **RESULTS**

- 4.1 The archaeological evaluation was undertaken between the 17<sup>th</sup> November 2015 and the 19<sup>th</sup> November 2015. Overall weather conditions were generally wet with heavy rain and high winds. This caused some water-logging of site but archaeological visibility remained good throughout. Trenches were immediately backfilled after being opened to prevent potential flooding from adverse weather conditions.
- 4.2 No archaeological features were observed during the evaluation. It is the conclusion that the site is ultimately sterile with in some cases the topsoil barely reaching 0.20 m in depth. This most likely due to a variety of modern farming and housing developments as observed in the Eastern extent of the site. In this corner tarmac and concrete deposits were encountered indicating the remains of a construction yard probably associated with the nearby houses adjacent to the site (Plate 1).



Plate 1: Trench 4 showing boulder clay and deposits of tarmac and concrete.



Plate 2: Trench 8 showing natural consisting of boulder clay and bedrock.

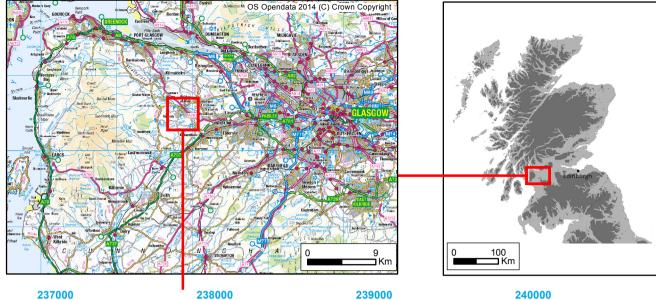
## 5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

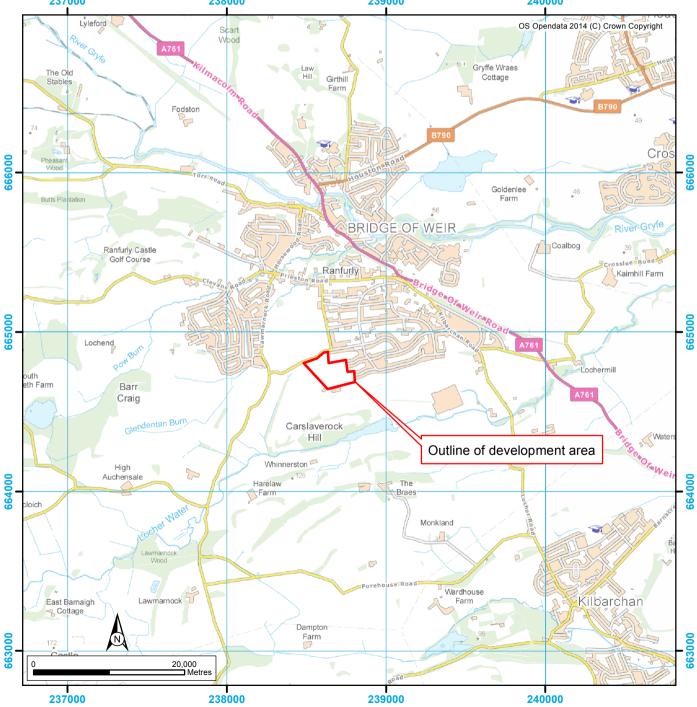
- 5.1 From the trenches excavated within the development area, it has been demonstrated that the entire area is archaeologically sterile. This is possibly due to a combination of modern farming and housing developments. As such neither significant archaeological remains nor artefacts were encountered.
- 5.2 No further archaeological works are required at this time. These recommendations will have to be approved by WoSAS on behalf of Renfrewshire Council.

## 6 **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Scottish Government 2010 Scottish Planning Policy, February 2010.

Scottish Government 2011 Planning And Archaeology 2/2011.







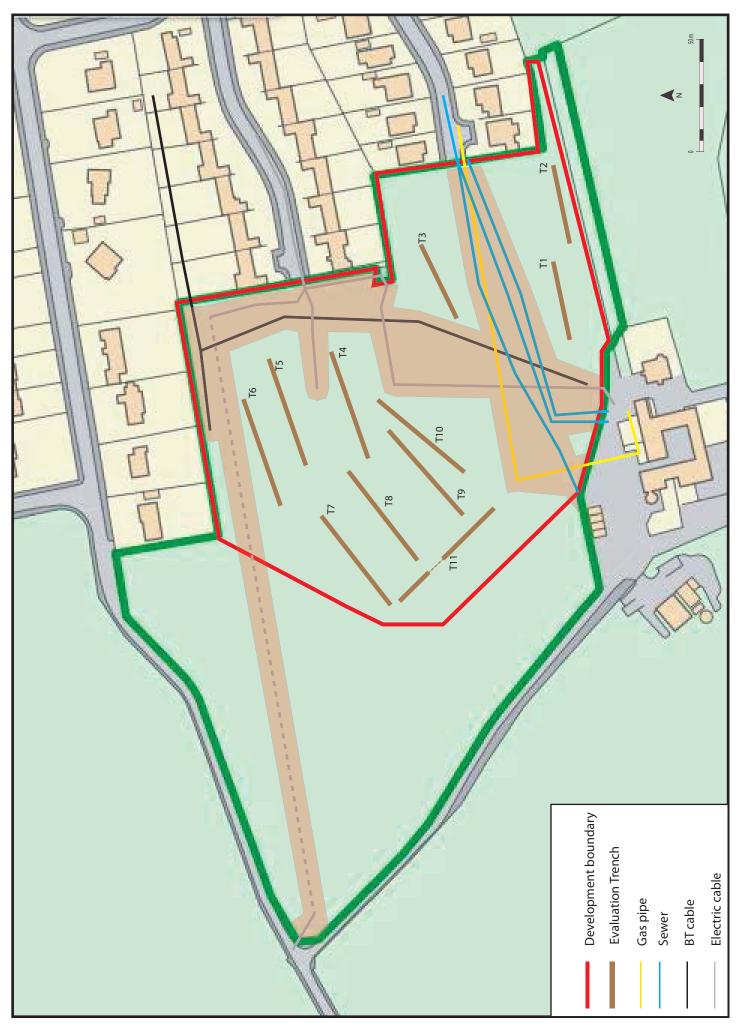


Figure 2 - Evaluation trench locations

# Shillingworth, Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire: Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

**Section 2: Appendices** 

## **APPENDIX 1:** Trench Descriptions

## Trench 1

Length	50m
Orientation	NE-SW
Depth of Topsoil	0.5 m
Depth of Excavation	0.4 m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	Tarmac & Concrete
Natural Subsoil	Unknown
Finds	None

### Trench 2

Length	50m
Orientation	NE-SW
Depth of Topsoil	0.5m
Depth of Excavation	0.8m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Orange boulder clay
Finds	None

#### Trench 3

Length	50m
Orientation	NE-SW
Depth of Topsoil	0.29m
Depth of Excavation	0.31m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Orange boulder clay
Finds	None

#### Trench 4

Length	50m
Orientation	E-W
Depth of Topsoil	0.32m
Depth of Excavation	0.39m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Orange boulder clay
Finds	None

#### Trench 5

Length	50m
Orientation	E-W
Depth of Topsoil	0.27m
Depth of Excavation	0.38m

Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Mid brown boulder clay
Finds	None

#### Trench 6

Length	50m
Orientation	E-W
Depth of Topsoil	0.44m
Depth of Excavation	0.48m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Mid brown boulder clay
Finds	None

#### Trench 7

Length	54m
Orientation	NE-SW
Depth of Topsoil	0.25m
Depth of Excavation	0.29m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Mid brown boulder clay
Finds	None

#### Trench 8

50m
N-S
0.25m
0.30m
None
None
Mid brown boulder clay and bedrock
None

#### Trench 9

Length	50m
Orientation	NE-SW
Depth of Topsoil	0.26m
Depth of Excavation	0.33m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Mid brown boulder clay and bedrock
Finds	None

## Trench 10

Length	
Orientation	
Depth of Topsoil	

50m NE-SW 0.26m

## Depth of Excavation Significant Features Other Features Natural Subsoil Finds

0.31m None Nid brown boulder clay and bedrock None

#### Trench 11

Length	50m
Orientation	NW-SE
Depth of Topsoil	0.26m
Depth of Excavation	0.31m
Significant Features	None
Other Features	None
Natural Subsoil	Mid brown boulder clay
Finds	None

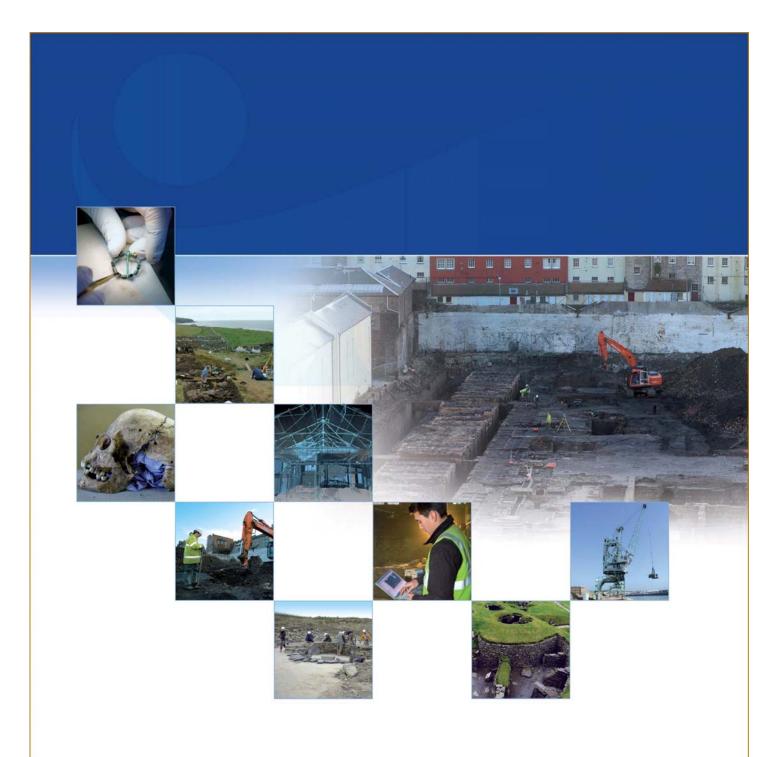
## **APPENDIX 2:** Photographic Record

Digital Photographs

Frame	Description	From
1	Post excavation shot of trench 1	NE
2	Shot showing no access to site from no access from Kilgraston Road	Ν
3	3 Shot Showing no access to site from no access from Kilgraston Road	
4	Post excavation shot of trench 2	NE
5	Post excavation shot of trench 3	NE
6	Post excavation shot of trench 4	E
7	Post excavation shot of trench 5	E
8	Post excavation shot of trench 6	E
9	Post excavation shot of trench 7	NW
10	Post excavation shot of trench 8	NW
11	Post excavation shot of trench 9	SW
12	Post excavation shot of trench 10	SW
13	Post excavation shot of trench 11	S

## APPENDIX 3: 'Discovery and Excavation in Scotland' Report

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	Renfrewshire
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME	Shillingworth
PROJECT CODE:	AOC 23256
PARISH:	Renfrewshire
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Stuart Wilson
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	AOC Archaeology Group
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Archaeological Evaluation
NMRS NO(S)	None
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	N/A
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	N/A
NGR (2 letters, 6 figures)	N/A NS 38629 64778
START DATE (this season)	17 <sup>th</sup> May 2015
END DATE (this season)	19 <sup>th</sup> May 2015
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. DES	None
ref.)	
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	This report presents the results of an archaeological evaluation undertaken in relation to a proposed 43 plot housing development on a grass field on the northern boundary of Shillingworth Steadings, Kilgraston Road, Bridge of Weir. The evaluation required an 8% trenching sample comprising of 2000m <sup>2</sup> . Location and positioning of trenches was determined based upon the best chance of encountering archaeological features and to avoid various active underground services. The evaluation found that the entire area had been significantly altered in modern times, with only a shallow covering of topsoil overlying a mixture of bedrock and boulder clay remaining. This essentially removed the chance of finding any surviving archaeology. In addition the eastern most extent of the field was found to contain deposits of tarmac and concrete most likely from a previous construction yard during the last developments.
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	None
CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRS:	
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Persimmon Homes
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	Edgefield Road Industrial Estate, Loanhead, Midlothian, EH20 9SY
EMAIL ADDRESS:	admin@aocarchaeology.com
ARCHIVE LOCATION (intended/deposited)	Archive to be deposited in NMRS





AOC Archaeology Group, Edgefield Industrial Estate, Edgefield Road, Loanhead EH20 9SY tel: 0131 440 3593 | fax: 0131 440 3422 | e-mail: admin@aocarchaeology.com

www.aocarchaeology.com