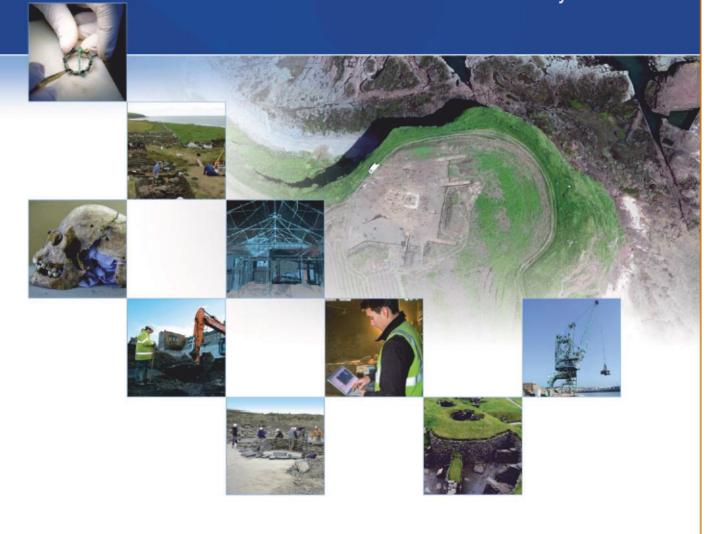
22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, Edinburgh: Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

AOC Project 23316 Oasis No.1-238658 January 2016





22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, Edinburgh: Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

On Behalf of: Glencairn Properties

National Grid Reference (NGR): NT 19194 73477

AOC Project No: 23316

Prepared by: Alan Duffy

Illustrations by: Tom Bradley Lovekin

Date of Fieldwork: 8th January 2016

Date of Report: 15th January 2016

This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.

Author: Alan Duffy Date: 15th January 2016

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Draft/Final Report Stage: Draft Date:

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Contents

			Page
		strations	
List	of plat	tes	3
		endices	
Sun	mary		4
1	INTRO	DDUCTION	5
	1.1	Background	
	1.2	Site Location	5
	1.3	Archaeological background	5
2	OBJE	CTIVES	5
3		IODOLOGY	
4	RESU	ILTS	6
5	CONC	CLUSIONS	8
6	REFE	RENCES	8

22 CRAIGMOUNT AVENUE, CORSTORPHINE, EDINBURGH: ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION DATA STRUCTURE REPORT

List of illustrations

Figure 1: Site Location map

List of plates

Plate 1 Trench 1: Post excavation Plate 2 Trench 4: Post excavation

List of appendices

Appendix 1: Trench Record

Appendix 2: Digital Photographic Record

Appendix 3: Discovery and Excavation in Scotland (DES) Report

Summary

AOC Archaeology Group was commissioned by Glencairn Properties to undertake an archaeological evaluation at 22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, Edinburgh (NT 19194 73477).

The Evaluation consisted of the excavation of four liner trenches comprising 125 m2, which equates to approximately 10% of the development area.

No significant archaeological remains were noted during the course of the works.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

1.1.1 An archaeological evaluation was required by Glencairn Properties at a housing development at 22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, Edinburgh. The work was required as a condition of planning consent on the development (Ref:15/01119/FUL). The need for, and scope of the archaeological works was determined by the City of Edinburgh Council, who are advised on archaeological matters by Mr John Lawson of City of Edinburgh Council Archaeology Service (CECAS). The works were conducted according to the terms of a Written Scheme of Investigation (AOC 2015) approved by CECAS and in accordance with the principles set out in Scottish Planning Policy (Scottish Government 2010) and PAN 2/2011 Planning and Archaeology (Scottish Government 2011).

1.2 Site Location

1.2.1 The development lies to the north of the built up area of Corstorphine, a residential suburb on the western side of Edinburgh The development area measures 1323 m2 in size and was previously occupied by a single storey office building. The site is centred on NT 19194 73477.

1.3 Archaeological background

1.3.1 First edition map evidence indicates that until the mid 20th century the site formed the northwestern corner of the historic farm of Corstorphine Bank (NT17 SE. 97). The Farm however appears to be the same as Corstorphine Rigg, recorded in this location on Roy's 1750's map, which is recorded in the RMS OF 1654 as Whitehouse.

2 OBJECTIVES

- 2.1 The objectives of the evaluation were:
 - to determine the character, extent, condition, quality, date and significance of any archaeological remains encountered during the evaluation;
 - to undertake the immediate recording of isolated finds of moderately significant value and to prevent the destruction of significant archaeological features prior to their recording;
 - to prepare a mitigation strategy compliant with Scottish Planning Policy (2014) and Planning and Archaeology 2/2011 (2011), in the event of highly significant value remains being encountered;

3 METHODOLOGY

- 3.1 The archaeological works were carried out on 8th January 2016. Weather conditions were generally good, and good archaeological visibility was maintained throughout the evaluation. All trenching was carried out using 360° tracked, mechanical excavator using a 2m wide, smooth bladed, ditching bucket.
- 3.2 All trenching was directed by an experienced field archaeologist and all recording was carried out according to AOC Archaeology Group's standard practices.

22 CRAIGMOUNT AVENUE, CORSTORPHINE, EDINBURGH: ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION DATA STRUCTURE REPORT

3.3 Trench record sheets were completed for each trench; these noted the overburden type and depth, as well as a description of the natural subsoil (Appendix 1). A digital photographic record was also maintained during the course of the evaluation (Appendix 2).

4 RESULTS

- Four trenches, representing a total of 125 m² were excavated during the course of the evaluation. 4.1 This represents approximately 10% of the non-truncated area of the development.
- 4.2 Overburden over the development area consisted of made ground, consisting of redeposited demolition material, clean stone and topsoil. The redeposited demolition material was noted at the locations of Trenches 1 and 3, where the two storey building had formerly stood. Clean stone was noted at the location of Trench 3, formerly the location of a car parking area. Topsoil was noted at the location of Trench 4, a previously undeveloped area at the southern end of the development.
- 4.3 Natural subsoil was described as a very light brow to mid brown clayey/sands/sandy clays.
- 4.4 Sub surface features recorded during the evaluation included a single stone filled drain, aligned e-w, which was noted in Trenches 1 and 2, and a BT cable, encased in a ceramic conduit which was noted towards the south end of Trench 2.
- 4.5 No significant archaeological remains were encountered during the course of the works. There was no evidence associated with the earlier use of the site, and it seems likely that the farm did not occupy this specific land parcel.

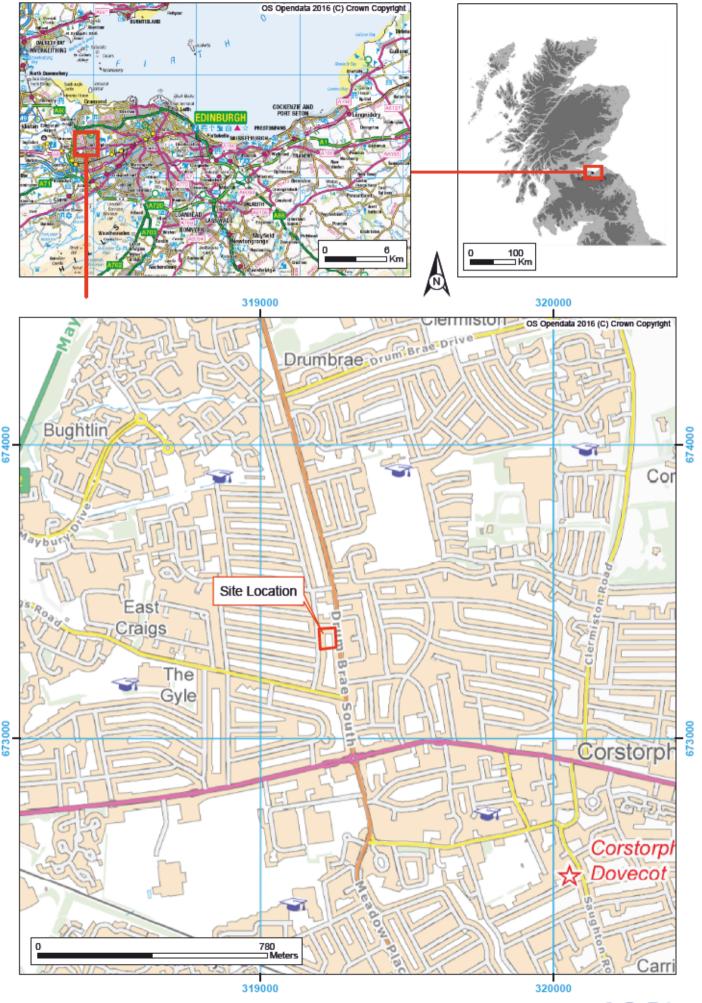


Figure 1: Site Location Plan





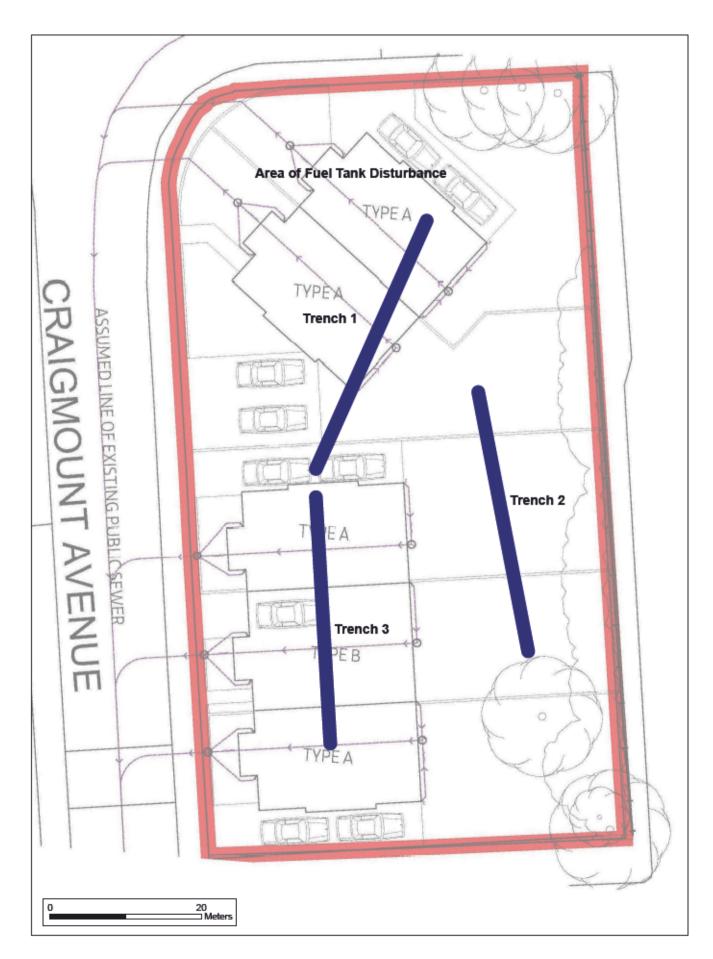




Figure 2: Trench Location Plan



Plate 1: Trench 1: Post excavation



Plate 2: Trench 4: Post excavation

5 CONCLUSIONS

5.1 No significant archaeological features or artefacts were revealed during the groundbreaking works. The recorded stone filled drain, while undated, is not considered significant. Therefore no further archaeological works are considered necessary. This recommendation will need to be approved by the City of Edinburgh Council Archaeology Service.

6 REFERENCES

AOC 2015 22 Craigmount Avenue, Edinburgh. Archaeological Works: Written Scheme of Investigation - Unpublished Client Report.

Scottish Government 2011 PAN 2/2011 Planning and Archaeology.

Scottish Government 2014 Scottish Planning Policy.

22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, **Edinburgh: Data Structure Report**

Section 2: Appendices

APPENDIX 1: Trench Records

Trench 1:

Dimensions: 15m x 2m Orientation: NE/SW

Overburden type: Made ground Overburden depth: 0.35m to 0.44m

Subsoil description: Very light brown sandy clay

Significant features: None Other feature: Stone filled drain

Trench 2:

Dimensions: 17m x 2m Orientation: N/S

Overburden type: Clean stone Overburden depth: 0.15m to 0.30m

Subsoil description: Mid brown clayey sand

Significant features: None Other feature: Stone filled drain

Trench 3:

Dimensions: 11m x 2m Orientation: N/S

Overburden type: Made ground Overburden depth: 0.40m to 0.50m

Subsoil description: Light brown sandy clay

Significant features: None Other feature: BT cable

Trench 4:

Dimensions: 14m x 2m Orientation: E-W

Overburden type: Topsoil

Overburden depth: 0.25m to 0.30m

Subsoil description: Mid/light brown sandy clay

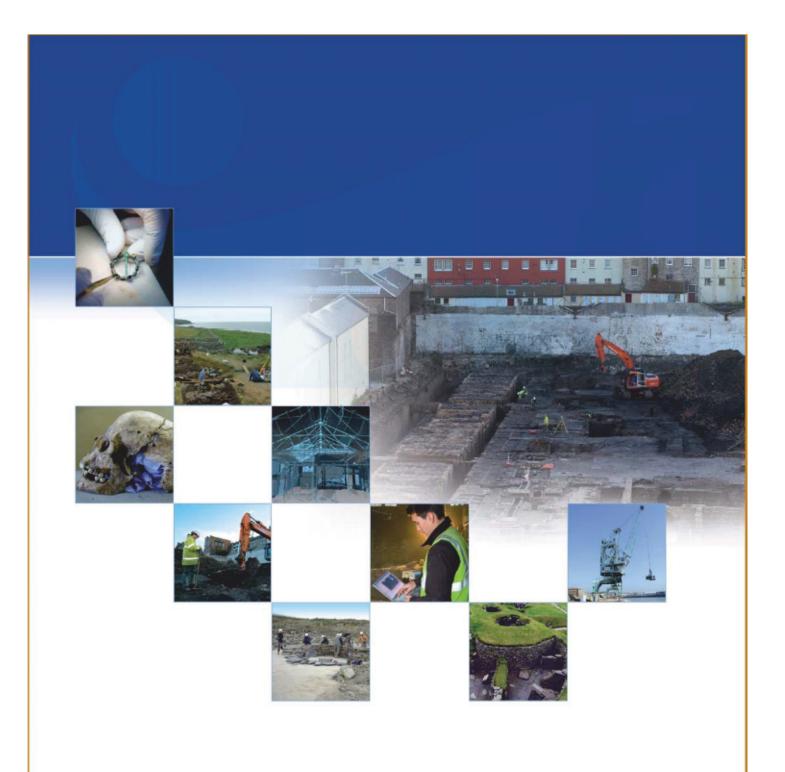
Significant features: None Other feature: None.

APPENDIX 2: Digital Photographic Register

Frame	Description	From
1-3	General site views- Pre excavation	NW
4-5	Trench 1 – General view - Post excavation	SW
6-7	Trench 1 – Stone drain	W
8-9	Trench 2 – General view – Post excavation	N
10-11	Trench 3 – General view – Post excavation	N
12-13	Trench 3 – BT Cable	W
14-15	Trench 4 – General view – Post excavation	W

APPENDIX 3: DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND (DES) REPORT

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	City of Edinburgh Council	
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME	22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, Edinburgh	
PROJECT CODE:	23316	
PARISH:	Edinburgh	
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Alan Duffy	
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	AOC Archaeology Group	
TYPE[S] OF PROJECT:	Archaeological Evaluation	
NMRS NO[S]	None	
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE[S]:	None	
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	None	
NGR [2 letters, 6 figures]	NT 19194 73477	
START DATE [this season]	8 [™] January 2014	
END DATE [this season]	8 th January 2014	
PREVIOUS WORK [incl.	None	
DES ref.]	None	
MAIN [NARRATIVE] DESCRIPTION: [May include information from other fields]	Due to the site occupying the proposed location of the historic Corstorphine Farm, AOC Archaeology Group was commissioned by Glencairn Properties to undertake an archaeological evaluation at 22 Craigmount Avenue, Corstorphine, Edinburgh (NT 19194 73477). The Evaluation consisted of the excavation of four liner trenches comprising 125 m², which equates to approximately 10% of the development area. No significant archaeological remains were noted during the course of the works.	
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	None	
CAPTION[S] FOR ILLUSTRS:	None	
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Glencairn Properties	
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	Edgefield Road Industrial Estate, Loanhead, Midlothian, EH20 9SY	
EMAIL ADDRESS:	admin@aocarchaeology.com	
ARCHIVE LOCATION [intended/deposited]	Archive to be deposited in NMRS	





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