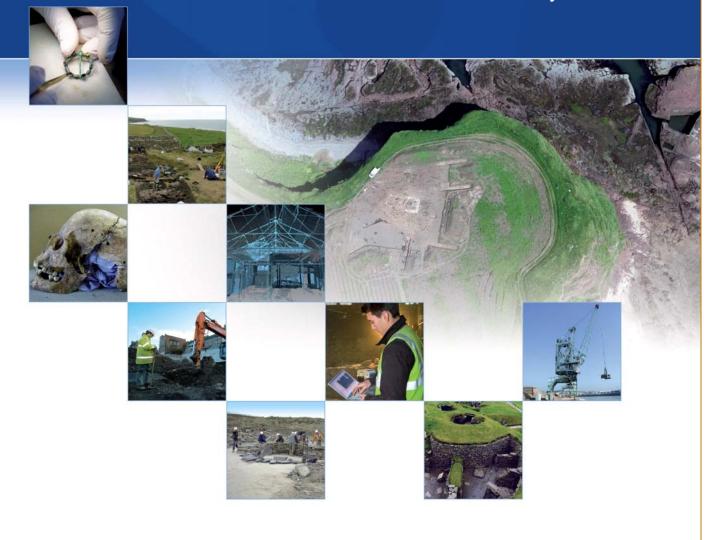
Gilmerton Dykes Road, Gilmerton, Edinburgh: Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

AOC 23667 24th January 2017





Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

On Behalf of: Lovell Partnerships

271 Springhill Parkway,

Baillieston, Glasgow G69 6GA

Planning Reference: 15/04287/FUL

National Grid Reference (NGR): NT 2887 6820

AOC Project No: 23667

OASIS No.: aocarcha1-274209

Prepared by: Kevin Paton

Date of Fieldwork: 20th January 2017

Date of Report: 24th January 2017

This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.

Author: Kevin Paton Date: 24th January 2017

Approved by: Martin Cook Date: 24th January 2017

Draft/Final Report Stage: Draft Date:

Enquiries to: AOC Archaeology Group

Edgefield Industrial Estate

Edgefield Road Loanhead EH20 9SY

Tel. 0131 440 3593 Fax. 0131 440 3422

e-mail. edinburgh@aocarchaeology.com



www.aocarchaeology.com

Contents

		age
	Illustrations	
List of	Plates	2
List of Appendices		2
ABSTR	ACT	3
1 INTI	RODUCTION	4
1.	1 Background	4
	2 Site Location	
1.	3 Historical Background	4
2 OBJ	ECTIVES	5
3 ME1	HODOLOGY	5
4 RES	ULTS	5
5 CON	ICLUSION AND RECOMENDATIONS	6
6 REF	ERENCES	6
	1 Bibliographic References	
6.	2 Cartographic References	6
APPEN	DIX 1: EVALUATION TRENCH DESCRIPTIONS	8
APPEN	DIX 2: PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTERS	9
APPEN	DIX 3: 'DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND' REPORT	10

List of Illustrations

Figure 1: Site location plan

Figure 2: Extract from 1st Edition Ordnance Survey map, 1854

Figure 3: Evaluation trench location plan

List of Plates

Plate 1: General view of Trench 3

List of Appendices

Appendix 1: Evaluation Trench Descriptions

Appendix 2: Photographic Register

Appendix 3: Discovery and Excavation in Scotland Report

ABSTRACT

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by AOC Archaeology Group prior to a residential development on land next to Gilmerton Dykes Road, Gilmerton, Edinburgh.

The evaluation revealed disturbance from previous development of the site with the subsoil in areas having been excavated by modern machinery. Other areas did show survival of a former plough soil, which was covered in modern made ground throughout. Two furrows were revealed in one of the trenches that indicate post medieval agricultural use of the site. No significant archaeological features or artefacts were revealed throughout the development area.

It is recommended that no further archaeological works be conducted.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

1.1.1 An archaeological evaluation was required by Lovell Partnerships prior to a residential development on land adjacent to Gilmerton Dykes Road, Gilmerton, Edinburgh. The scope of the works was determined by the City of Edinburgh Council as advised on archaeological matters by the City of Edinburgh Council Archaeology Service (CECAS). The works were conducted according to the terms of a Written Scheme of Investigation (AOC 2016), approved on behalf of the City of Edinburgh Council by CECAS and in accordance with Scottish Planning Policy (Scottish Government 2014) and PAN 2/2011 Planning And Archaeology (Scottish Government 2011).

1.2 **Site Location**

1.2.1 The development area is located to the SW of Gilmerton villages' historic centre, and comprises a brown field plot to the immediate NW of Gilmerton Dykes Road (NGR: NT 2887 6820; Figure 1). The site is bounded by residential properties to the NE and SW along Gilmerton Dykes Road, with the back gardens of other properties to the NW.

1.3 **Historical Background**

- The site lies within Gilmerton historic village, which has now become incorporated into the larger 1.3.1 Edinburgh periphery lying just inside the Edinburgh Bypass. The 1st Edition Ordnance Survey map of the 1850's shows that the development area is largely agricultural land. Gilmerton Dykes Road exists on its current alignment and position and the northern and southern site boundaries are already established. Whilst the site is free of buildings there is a 'Coal Pit' marked in the SE corner (Figure 2).
- 1.3.2 The HES national database shows no sites existing within the development boundary and the closest known site is Gilmerton House (NMRS No NT26NE 34). The site of this former house lies a few hundred metres to the east of the development area. The original house was destroyed in the 16th century with the latest version demolished in the 1950's. A watching brief conducted in 2007 within the former grounds established the presence of various walls and foundations (AOC 2007).

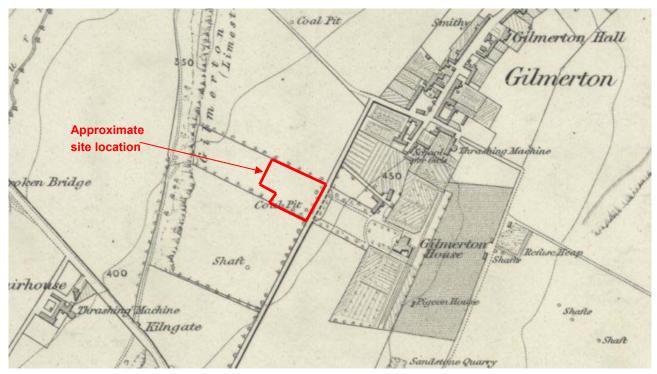


Figure 2: Extract from 1st Edition Ordnance Survey map, 1854

2 **OBJECTIVES**

- 2.1 The objectives of the archaeological evaluation were:
 - to determine and assess the character, extent, condition, quality, date and significance of any buried archaeological remains within the proposed development area through evaluation trenching:
 - ii) to advise and implement an appropriate form of mitigation, such as excavation, postexcavation analyses and publication, given the infeasibility of preserving the archaeological material in situ, should significant archaeological remains be encountered.

3 **METHODOLOGY**

- 3.1 The 10% evaluation of the 0.2 hectare development area originally required the excavation of 100 linear metres of trench. However, due to a power cable entering the centre of the site from the SE, a tarmac driveway along the NE edge of the site and a rectangular parking area at the NW edge, the area available for trenching was significantly reduced.
- 3.2. In total, the evaluation consisted of three trenches of varying length and alignment, equating to 50 linear metres of trench (Figure 3). The work was conducted utilising a JCB 3CX excavator equipped with a bladed ditching bucket, and operating under the constant supervision of an experienced field archaeologist. Each trench was recorded using AOC pro forma trench record sheets and any potential features investigated further to assess their character and date.

4 RESULTS

All archaeological works were conducted on the 20th January 2017. Weather conditions were fair 4.1 throughout the course of the work conducted meaning that archaeological visibility was good. The various data gathered from the evaluation are presented as a series of appendices:

Appendix 1: Evaluation trench descriptions

Appendix 2: Photographic Register;

Appendix 3: 'Discovery and Excavation in Scotland' entry

- 4.2 The overburden throughout the development area consisted of a mid brown clay loam mixed with rubble that overlay a mid brown clay plough soil. Trench 1 consisted of 1 m of made ground overlying the plough soil which covered the natural yellow clay. Trenches 2 & 3 were not as deep with only 0.6 m of topsoil and rubble over the former plough soil. Both of these trenches contained areas that had been previously disturbed by toothed excavators most likely relating to the demolition of the former building on site.
- 4.3 The only archaeology of note were two NW-SE aligned furrows in Trench 3 that were perpendicular to the road and approximately 5 m apart (Plate 1). No significant archaeological features or artefacts were revealed within the evaluation trenches.



Plate 1: General view of Trench 3

5 **CONCLUSION AND RECOMENDATIONS**

5.1 The archaeological evaluation revealed that there is no significant archaeology within the development area. As such, it is recommended that no further archaeological works are required. This recommendation will require the approval of the CECAS who advise the City of Edinburgh Council on archaeological matters.

6 **REFERENCES**

6.1 **Bibliographic References**

AOC 2016 Gilmerton Dykes Road, Gilmerton, Edinburgh: Archaeological Evaluation Written Scheme of Investigation. Unpublished client report

Scottish Government 2014 Scottish Planning Policy.

Scottish Government 2010 PAN 2/2011 Planning & Archaeology.

6.2 **Cartographic References**

1854 Ordnance Survey Edinburghshire Sheet VI

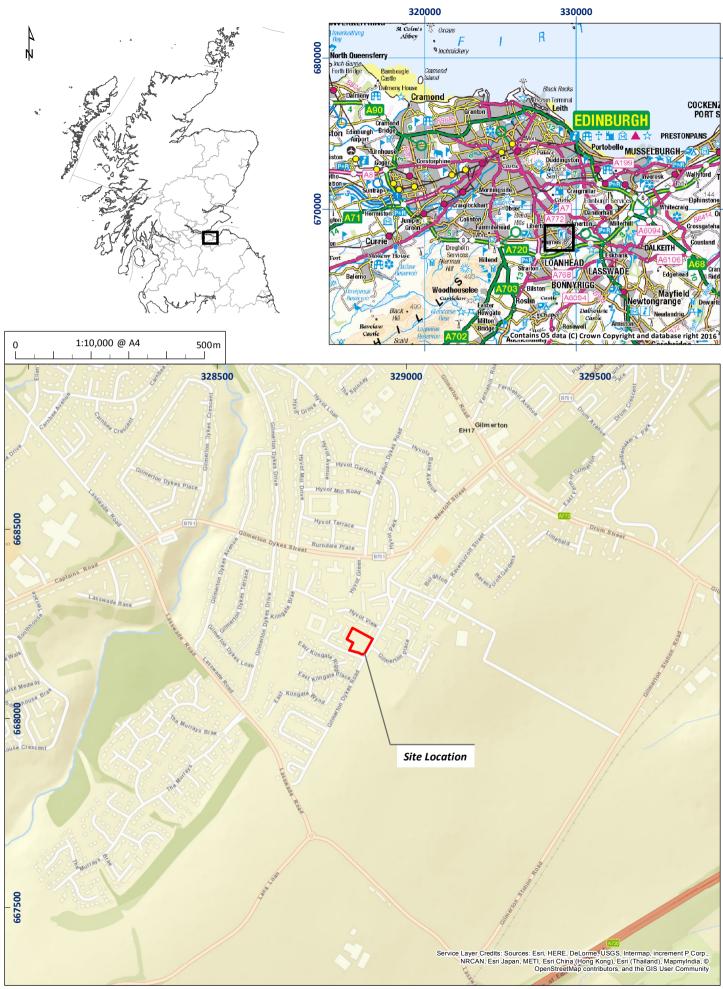
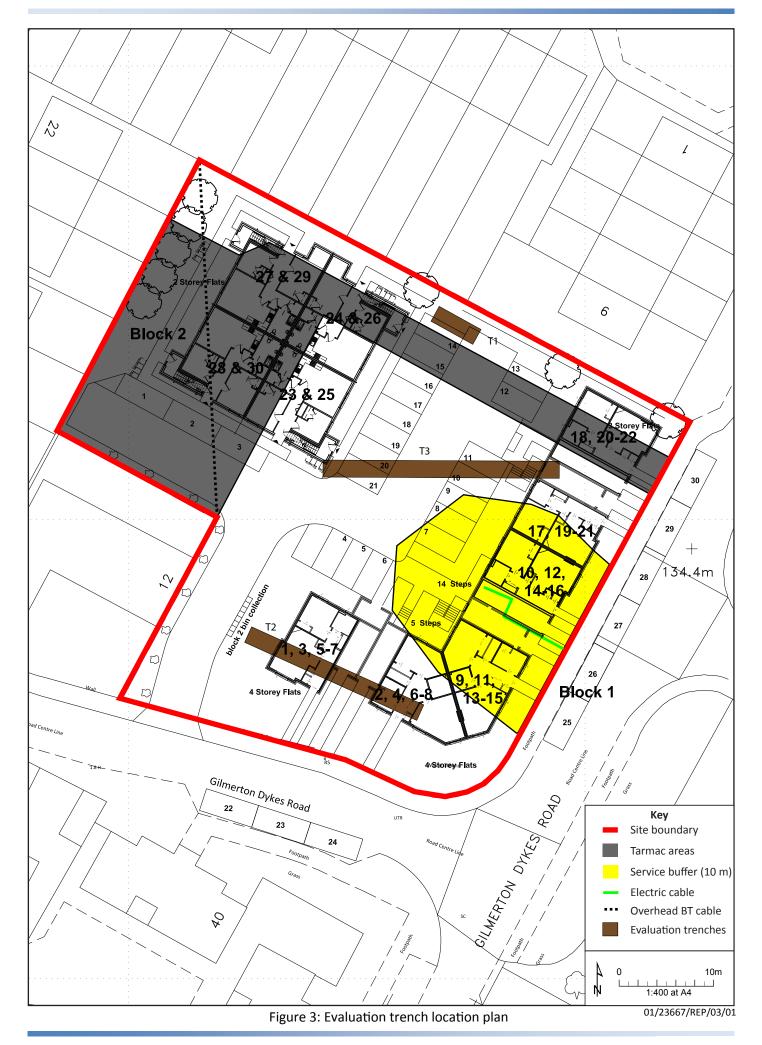


Figure 1: Site location plan

01/23667/REP/01/01



Gilmerton Dykes Road,
Gilmerton, Edinburgh:
Archaeological Evaluation
Data Structure Report

Section 2: Appendices



APPENDIX 1: EVALUATION TRENCH DESCRIPTIONS

Trench 1

Dimensions 5 m by 1.8 m 9 m^2 Excavated Area **Excavated Orientation** SE to NW

Soil make-up Made ground (1) - Crushed rubble, type 1 and red blaes - 0.9 m

Made ground (2) - grey clay and rubble - 0.2 m

Plough soil - mid brown clay with occasional coal flecks

Natural Subsoil Yellowish brown clay

Significant Features None

Other Features Modern drain at 0 m aligned NE-SW with tail aligned E-W until 2 m

Finds None

Trench 2

Dimensions 20 m by 1.8 m

 36 m^2 Excavated Area SE to NW **Excavated Orientation**

Made ground (1) - Reddish brown clay and rubble (0.3 m) over red blaes Soil make-up

(0.2 m) cut from 7 m to 15 m to end of trench -0.5 m

Former topsoil - Very compact grey clay cut from 7 m to 15 m - 0.15 m Plough soil - mid brown clay with occasional coal flecks - 0.2 m

Natural Subsoil Yellowish brown clay

Significant Features None

Other Features Tarmac strips at 1 m to 2 m and 3 m to 4 m aligned NE-SW, just under

vegetation.

Modern cut through made ground from 7 m to 15 m filled with 1 m of mixed

soil and rubble

Finds None

Trench 3

Dimensions 25 m by 1.8 m Excavated Area 45 m^2 **Excavated Orientation** E to W

Soil make-up Made ground (1) - Greyish blue grout - 0.25 m

> Made ground (2) - Dark brown clay and red blaes - 0.38 m Plough soil - mid brown clay with occasional coal flecks - 0.2 m

Natural Subsoil Yellowish brown clay with mottled brown clay and stone

Significant Features None

Other Features Furrows at 4.3 m to 6.6 m and 14 m to 15.7 m aligned NW-SE; Modern

drain at 20.6 m aligned SW-NE

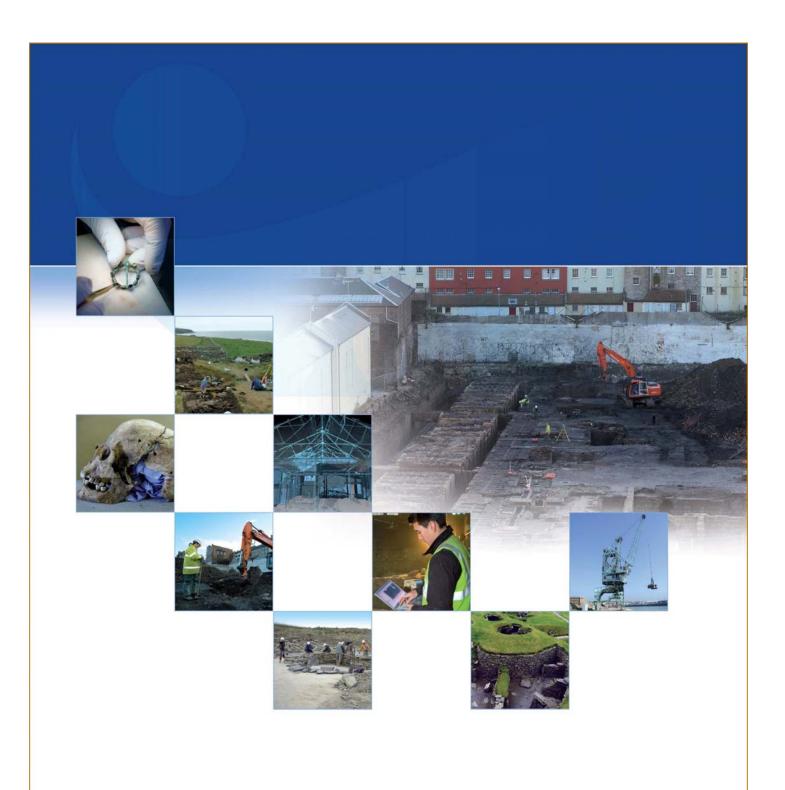
Finds None

APPENDIX 2: PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTERS

Frame	Description	From	Date
1-7	General views of site	Var	20/1/17
8	Post-ex of T1	SE	20/1/17
9	T1 – SW facing section of trench	SW	20/1/17
10	T2 – SW facing section of trench	SW	20/1/17
11	Tooth bucket marks in subsoil	S	20/1/17
12	Post-ex of T2	NW	20/1/17
13-15	View of site from E corner	Var	20/1/17
16-17	Post-ex of T3	W/E	20/1/17
18	T1 backfilled	S	20/1/17
19-20	T2 and T3 backfilled	Var	20/1/17

APPENDIX 3: 'DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND' REPORT

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	City of Edinburgh Council
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME:	Gilmerton Dykes Road, Gilmerton
PROJECT CODE:	23667
PARISH:	Edinburgh
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Kevin Paton
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	AOC Archaeology Group
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Evaluation
NMRS NO(S):	N/A
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	N/A
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	None
NGR (2 letters, 6 figures)	NT 2887 6820
START DATE (this season)	20 th January 2017
END DATE (this season)	20 th January 2017
PREVIOUS WORK (inc DES)	None
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	An archaeological evaluation was undertaken by AOC Archaeology Group prior to a residential development on land next to Gilmerton Dykes Road, Gilmerton, Edinburgh.
	The evaluation revealed disturbance from previous development of the site with the subsoil in areas having been excavated by modern machinery. Other areas did show survival of a former plough soil, which was covered in modern made ground throughout. Two furrows were revealed in one of the trenches that indicate post medieval agricultural use of the site. No significant archaeological features or artefacts were revealed throughout the development area.
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	No
CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRATIONS:	N/A
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Lovell Partnerships
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	AOC Archaeology Group Edgefield Road Industrial Estate Loanhead, Midlothian, EH20 9SY
EMAIL ADDRESS:	admin@aocarchaeology.com
ARCHIVE LOCATION	Archive to be deposited in NMRS





AOC Archaeology Group, Edgefield Industrial Estate, Edgefield Road, Loanhead EH20 9SY tel: 0131 440 3593 | fax: 0131 440 3422 | e-mail: edinburgh@aocarchaeology.com