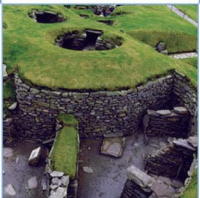
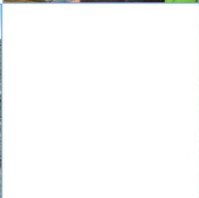
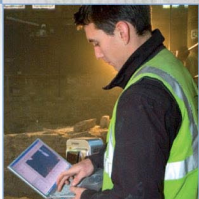
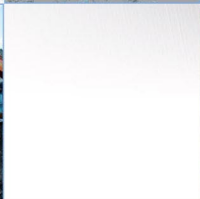
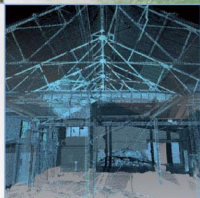
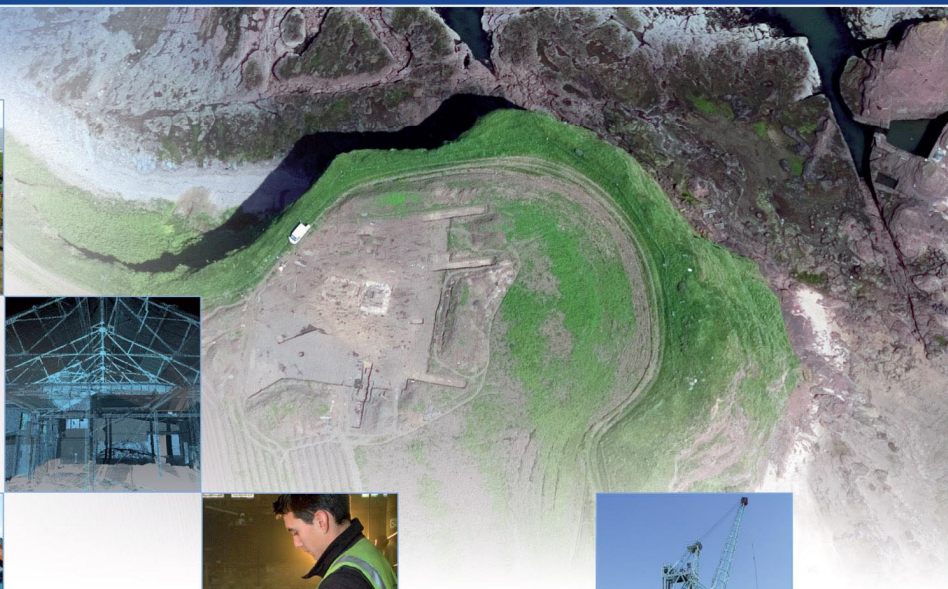
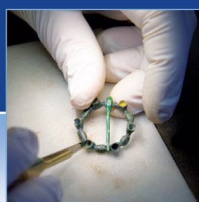


# Land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire: Archaeological Watching Brief Data Structure Report

*AOC Project No: 24315*

*8<sup>th</sup> August 2018*



# Land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire: Archaeological Watching Brief Data Structure Report

<b>On Behalf of:</b>	<b>Alastair Warnock</b>
<b>National Grid Reference (NGR):</b>	<b>NS 95277 43097 (centered)</b>
<b>AOC Project No:</b>	<b>24315</b>
<b>Oasis No:</b>	<b>1-325009</b>
<b>Prepared by:</b>	<b>Lucy Shinkfield</b>
<b>Illustration by:</b>	<b>Sam O'Leary</b>
<b>Date of Fieldwork:</b>	<b>7<sup>th</sup> August 2018</b>
<b>Date of Report:</b>	<b>8<sup>th</sup> August 2018</b>

**This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.**

**Author: Lucy Shinkfield**

**Date: 8<sup>th</sup> August 2018**

**Approved by: Rob Engl**

**Date: 8<sup>th</sup> August 2018**

**Draft/Final Report Stage: Draft**

**Date: 8<sup>th</sup> August 2018**

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## Abstract

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This report represents the results of a monitored top-soil strip on the construction of a new dwelling on land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire (Planning Reference CL/18/0027).

The monitored top-soil strip of an approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> area under constant archaeological supervision.

The area of the topsoil strip consisted of approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> and was situated on level ground within an agricultural field. Excavation revealed a well sorted topsoil ranging from 0.30m to 0.40m in depth. The topsoil immediately overlaid a natural subsoil of mid light orangey brown sands and gravels.

No significant archaeological finds or features were recovered.

## 1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 An archaeological watching brief was required by Mr. Alistair Warnock on the construction of a new dwelling on land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire (Planning Reference CL/18/0027). The need for, and scope of, the archaeological works has been determined by South Lanarkshire Council who are advised on archaeological matters by the West of Scotland Archaeological Service (hereafter referred to as WoSAS).
- 1.2 The programme of archaeological works required was in keeping with best practice outlined in current planning policy and guidelines: *Scottish Planning Policy* (2014) & *PAN 2/2011 Planning and Archaeology* (2011).
- 1.3 The works consisted of a monitored top-soil strip on an area measuring approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> of the house plot, car park and a drive. No significant archaeological finds or features were uncovered during works.

## 2 PROJECT BACKGROUND

### 2.1 Site Location

- 2.1.1 The proposed development is situated on a land plot at Bagmoors Farm on the north-western edge of the village of Pettinain, South Lanarkshire (centred on NGR: NS 95277 43097). The site is currently agricultural land and is bounded to the south-east by a farm track and to the south-west by the village road running to the farm. Open agricultural land lies to the north.
- 2.1.2 The site measures approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> and consists of the house plot, car parking and a drive.

### 2.2 Archaeological Background

- 2.2.1 No known archaeological remains are present within the proposed development area. However, the site lies close to several sites of prehistoric and medieval date.
- 2.2.2 The site lies close to Pettinain Church. The present building is the successor of earlier places of Christian worship upon or very close to this site. Little is known of the church's origins, but it was a chaplainry attached to St Kentigern Church, Lanark, in 1150, when both churches were granted by David I to the abbot and canons of Dryburgh Abbey. In the mid-fifteenth century Pettinain appears to have been separated from its mother church, but it remained one of the possessions of the Dryburgh monks until after the Reformation in 1560.
- 2.2.3 The lordship of the parish was granted to the Earl of Mar in 1604, and from the 1630s until 1874 patronage was exercised by the Carmichaels of Westraw, later the earls of Hyndford. The parish enjoyed its own minister until 1952, when it was linked with nearby Carmichael. In 1972 they were linked with Covington and Thankerton, and in 1995 all were united in the new parish of Cairngryffe. The church at Pettinain passed to the Scottish Redundant Churches Trust (SRCT) in May 2000.
- 2.2.4 The elevated position of the church, its east-west alignment in common with medieval churches, and its setting within what may be a very old burial ground, all point to the church occupying an ancient site.
- 2.2.5 In 1588 the church is recorded as having a thatched roof and two glass windows. A floor of beaten earth was later replaced by flagstones and then by the existing wooden floor. The present church probably dates from about the end of the seventeenth century or early eighteenth century and has a typically simple rectangular plan. A striking feature of the church is the extraordinary west gable, like a giant buttress with tiers of masonry tapering up to support the bellcote. The stairs lead to a door set in the gable, giving access to the gallery or 'loft' inside. The fine 'birdcage' bellcote boasts fluted pilasters, a bold entablature, ball finials at

each corner, and a giant ball to cap the pyramid roof. Barely legible round the frieze is the inscription "Holiness becomes the house of God". The bell is by the Edinburgh founder John Meikle, dated 1622.

- 2.2.6 In 2008 an archaeological evaluation was undertaken to the immediate south-east of the development. This revealed a pit of post medieval date containing Scottish reduced ware, china and clay pipe fragments (Jacobsen 2008).
- 2.2.7 An aerial photograph displayed by Google Maps to the north-west of the site revealed a possible cropmark defined as a reversed 'D'-shaped area approximately 30m NE-SW by 20m NW-SE, with what may be a curved ditch on the NW and a straighter side on the SE. If this is interpreted as a possible enclosure, it appears open to its SW side. What may be a rectangular internal feature measuring c. 11m x 6m and aligned with its long axis NW-SW is also visible as a cropmark (WoSAS (HMcb) 21/06/2012).
- 2.2.8 Westraw House (see WoSASPIN 10783) lies to the west of the proposed development and is shown on General Roy's Military Survey of Scotland (1747-55) sitting at the centre of a small rectilinear designed landscape of predominantly open areas to the E and wooded areas to the W of the house. Roy's map shows walls surrounding the policies of the house, and within these, tree-belts with clearly defined avenues. The main enclosed area around the house is rectangular, with a quadrilateral extension to the SW (now Westraw Wood). Wall-lines also continue northwards from the rectangular "park" to the banks of the River Clyde, and the area enclosed may also have formed part of the managed landscape. The dominant designed landscape feature is a tree-lined grand avenue as wide as the principal house frontages and leading away to the NNW and SSE at right angles to the long axis of the house. The northern arm of this avenue would have provided a vista towards the contemporary designed landscape or policies surrounding Lockharthall (see WoSASPIN 66573) on the opposite side of the Clyde. Many of the elements shown on the mid-18th century map is present on the 1st Edition Ordnance Survey map of the mid-19th century, although some changes appear to have taken place to "soften" the edges of the parkland planting. Roy's map gives no indication of the main entrance to the Westraw estate at that time, but the 19th century entrance was a semi-circular embayment in the enclosing wall at the location of the present gateway to Westraw Farm. The 19th century driveway to the house appears to have been cut through an area of earlier woodland shown on Roy's map. The 1st Edition map also shows other additional features such as kennels (see WoSASPIN 66571), an estate gasworks (see WoSASPIN 66572), and a new courtyard farm complex SE of the house, and on a different alignment. Many of the elements shown on the 1st Edition Ordnance Survey map, such as tree-rings within the open 'parkland' areas, and most of the areas of woodland and boundaries had been subsequently removed to create larger open fields before the date of the 2nd Edition Ordnance Survey map at the end of the 19th century. Information from map sources.



Figure 2 Excerpt from Roy 1747-1755

### 3 OBJECTIVES

- 3.1 The objectives of the archaeological works were to determine and assess the character, extent, condition, quality, date and significance of any buried archaeological remains within the development area through the undertaking of an archaeological monitored top-soil strip. Another objective is to advise and implement an appropriate form of mitigation, formulated with the approval of WoSAS, such as excavation (Stage 3), post-excavation analyses and publication (Stage 4), given the infeasibility of preserving the archaeological material *in situ*, should significant archaeological remains be encountered.

### 4 Methodology

- 4.1 The monitored topsoil strip was conducted in shallow units/spits through topsoil to the upper surface of the underlying geological deposits. This was achieved using a 360 tracked excavator a bladed ditching bucket to a depth of 0.3-0.4m. The strip was undertaken according to AOC Archaeology Group's standard operating procedures as detailed with the *Written Scheme of Investigation* (AOC 2018).

### 5 RESULTS

- 5.1 The various detailed data gathered from the evaluation is presented as a series of appendices:
- Appendix 1 Photographic Register;
  - Appendix 2 Discovery and Excavation in Scotland Entry
- 5.2 The archaeological watching brief was undertaken on the 7<sup>th</sup> August 2018 in generally favourable conditions. The works consisted of the monitoring of an area measuring approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> for the house plot, car parking and a drive.
- 5.3 The area of the topsoil strip was situated on level ground within an agricultural field. Excavation revealed a well sorted topsoil ranging from 0.30m to 0.40m in depth. The topsoil immediately overlaid a natural subsoil of mid light orangey brown sands and gravels.





Plate 1: Post excavation shot facing West



Plate 2: Post excavation shot facing North



Plate 3: Post excavation shot facing South

## 6 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 6.1 The monitored topsoil strip successfully determined that no significant archaeological finds or features are to be affected by the development.
- 6.2 No further archaeological works are therefore considered necessary. This will need confirmation by Mr Martin O'Hare of WoSAS on behalf of South Lanarkshire Council.

## 7 REFERENCES

AOC 2018 *Land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire: Archaeological Watching Brief Method Statement*, Unpublished client report

Scottish Government 2011 *PAN 2/2011 Planning and Archaeology*.

Scottish Government 2014 *Scottish Planning Policy*.

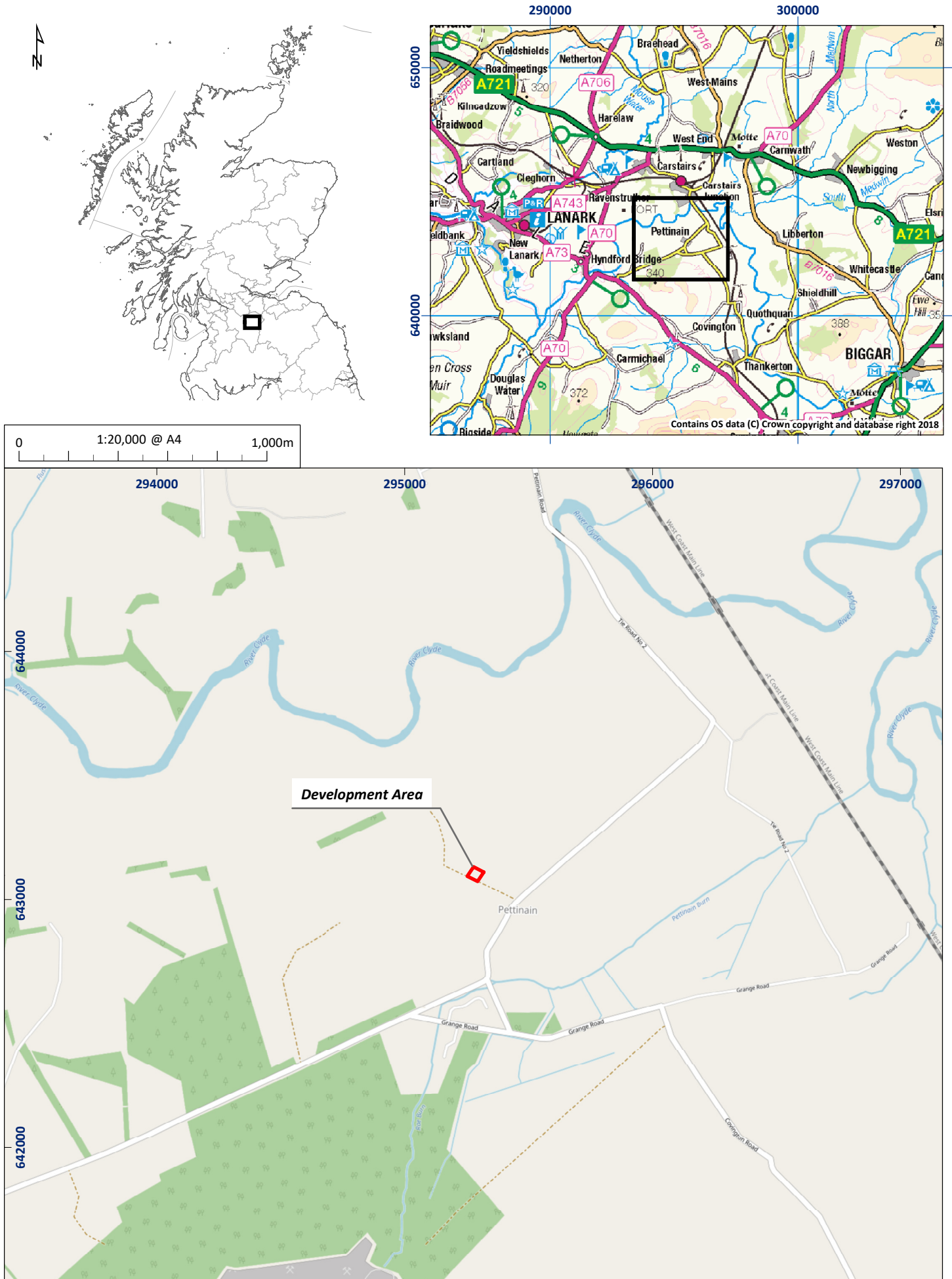


Figure 1: Site location plan

01/24315/DSR/01/01

**Land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire:  
Monitored Topsoil Strip  
Data Structure Report  
Appendices**

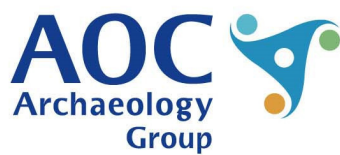
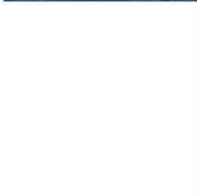
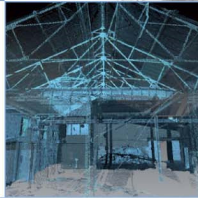
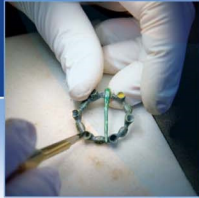
## APPENDIX 1: Photographic Record

### Digital Photographs

Frame	Description	From	Date
1	General pre excavation shot	E	7/8/2018
2	General pre excavation shot	SE	7/8/2018
3	General mid excavation shot	S	7/8/2018
4	General mid excavation shot	E	7/8/2018
5	West facing section	E	7/8/2018
6	Post excavation shot	E	7/8/2018
7	Post excavation shot	S	7/8/2018
8	Post excavation shot	W	7/8/2018
9	Post excavation shot	N	7/8/2018

**APPENDIX 2: 'Discovery and Excavation in Scotland' Report**

<b>LOCAL AUTHORITY:</b>	South Lanarkshire Council
<b>PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME</b>	Land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire
<b>PROJECT CODE:</b>	AOC 24315
<b>PARISH:</b>	Pettinain
<b>NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:</b>	Lucy Shinkfield
<b>NAME OF ORGANISATION:</b>	AOC Archaeology Group
<b>TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:</b>	Archaeological Monitored Topsoil Strip
<b>NMRS NO(S)</b>	N/A
<b>SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):</b>	N/A
<b>SIGNIFICANT FINDS:</b>	N/A
<b>NGR (2 letters, 6 figures)</b>	NT 098 483
<b>START DATE</b> (this season)	7 <sup>th</sup> August 2018
<b>END DATE</b> (this season)	7 <sup>th</sup> August 2018
<b>PREVIOUS WORK</b> (incl. DES ref.)	None
<b>MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION:</b> (May include information from other fields)	<p>This report represents the results of a monitored top-soil strip on the construction of a new dwelling on land at Bagmoors Farm, Pettinain, South Lanarkshire (Planning Reference CL/18/0027).</p> <p>The monitored top-soil strip of an approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> area under constant archaeological supervision.</p> <p>The area of the topsoil strip consisted of approximately 500m<sup>2</sup> and was situated on level ground within an agricultural field. Excavation revealed a well sorted topsoil ranging from 0.30m to 0.40m in depth. The topsoil immediately overlaid a natural subsoil of mid light orangey brown sands and gravels.</p> <p>No significant archaeological finds or features were recovered.</p>
<b>PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:</b>	None
<b>CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRS:</b>	---
<b>SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:</b>	Alasdair Warnock
<b>ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:</b>	AOC Archaeology Group; Edgefield Road Industrial Estate; Loanhead. Midlothian, EH20 9SY
<b>EMAIL ADDRESS:</b>	admin@aocarchaeology.com
<b>ARCHIVE</b> (intended/deposited)	<b>LOCATION</b> Archive to be deposited in NMRS



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