

Cults Landscape Project

Site 4 Excavation, Data Structure Report

20238-4
28th June 2010



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Site 4 Excavation, Data Structure Report

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Abstract

As part of the Scottish Wetlands Archaeology Programme (SWAP), further excavations were carried out at the dryland promontory site (Site 4) at Cults Loch, Castle Kennedy. A large area in the interior of the site was stripped, and further stretches of the enclosing works were excavated. Although the interior of the site was surprisingly featureless, evidence for several phases of palisade enclosure were recorded along with the remains of a substantial rampart defence. Waterlogged wood was recovered from beneath the collapse debris of the rampart on the W side of the site, at the interface with the semi-terrestrialised area of the loch.

Cults Loch, Site 4, Excavations March 2010

Introduction and Background

1. As part of the terrestrial component of the Cults Landscape Project, in March 2010 further excavations were carried out at the promontory fort, Site 4 (NX16SW 18)¹. The fort is located on the south side of the loch overlooking the artificial promontory (Site 3) and crannog (Site 1). Excavations at the wetland site (Site 3) have been ongoing since the initial evaluation in 2007, and in 2009 an evaluation of the terrestrial cropmark sites, including Site 4, was undertaken (Cavers and Crone 2009).
2. The results of the terrestrial evaluation were very promising, with the preservation of the cropmark sites found to be very good. Although the resistivity survey carried out in advance of trenching produced variable results, with some features detected strongly but others not at all, upon excavation most of the sites were found to be well preserved, with many more features than were visible on either geophysical surveys or aerial photographs.
3. The aim of the March 2010 excavation was to explore more fully the unusual promontory fort at Site 4; to explore the potential for structures located in the interior of the site; and to explore the defences enclosing the promontory.
4. The project ran for two weeks in March 2010. Weather conditions during the excavation were mostly poor during the fieldwork, with sleet and snow storms a regular occurrence, but archaeological visibility was generally good.

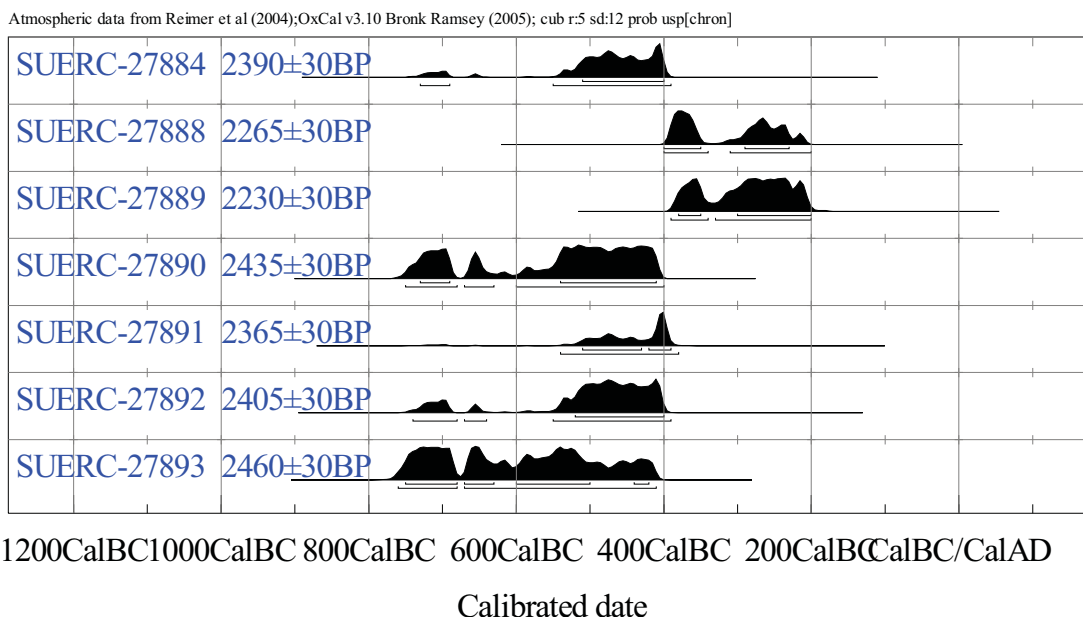
The Cults Loch Area

5. The area surrounding Cults Loch is good agricultural land, currently primarily used for pasture. The solid geology of the region is Ordovician greywacke of the Portpatrick and Glenwhargen formation and Permian sandstones of the Stewartry group. Superficial deposits are primarily Quaternary raised marine sands and gravels, manifesting in compact orange-yellow sand-gravel ranging to orange and yellow-white sand deposits in the area investigated.
6. The promontory on which Site 4 is located is a grassy knoll, with the marshy semi-terrestrialised area of Cults loch to the W, and the loch itself to the E. The artificial promontory site 3 is located c.30m to the NE of the promontory. The promontory is an unusual position for a defensive site, being overlooked by higher ground to the south.

¹ NB The fort has previously been referred to as 'Site 1' (Cavers and Crone 2009). However, to avoid confusion with the crannogs in the loch the cropmark sites surrounding the loch have been renamed.

Summary of the 2009 Excavations and Radiocarbon Dating

7. The two trenches excavated in 2009 both exposed areas of the defensive enclosures surrounding the promontory (Site 4). In trench 2, the large enclosure ditch visible on aerial photographs was located and a slot excavated across it; two other ditches cutting off the promontory were also investigated. These ditches were large, with the central of the three over 5m wide and 2m deep. The evidence was slight, but rubble within this large ditch suggests that it was associated with an earth and stone bank, probably on the N side. In trench 1, a further large enclosure ditch, over 6m wide and nearly 3m deep was discovered, behind which a series of palisade trenches representing several phases of construction enclosed a range of pits and postholes, none of which appeared to form an obvious structure. The entrances through the ditches and palisades were found in trench 1, the southernmost of which had a 'baffle wall' slot across the entrance. To the north of the trench, an unusual arrangement of palisade slots formed an out-turned entrance, with a single charcoal rich posthole in the centre- presumably the centre post of the gateway into the interior of the site.
8. Several radiocarbon dates were obtained for the features in trenches 1 and 2 (see table 1). The southernmost of the large ditches in trench 2 returned dates for the fill in the 8th to 4th centuries BC, statistically identical to the dates from the fill of the largest ditch in trench 1, and for the central posthole in the out-turned entrance. A second phase of activity, indicated by dates in the range 400-200 BC, was suggested by the assays from the fills of the re-cut palisade slots to the N of the large ditch in trench 1.
9. No artefacts datable to these periods were recovered from the 2009 excavations. Only one artefact was recovered from the entire excavation in 2009, a fragment of a bi-facial flint knife, probably Neolithic in date.



Lab Code	Contex	Context description	¹⁴ C Age BP	Error	Cal range (2 σ)
SUERC-27884	142	Primary fill of large ditch	2390	30	730-390 BC
SUERC-27888	137	Fill of re-cut palisade slot	2265	30	400-200 BC
SUERC-27889	151	Fill of re-cut palisade slot	2230	30	390-200 BC
SUERC-27890	135	Fill of central gate post	2435	30	750-400 BC
SUERC-27891	148	Fill of large posthole	2365	30	540-380 BC
SUERC-27892	206	Fill of southern most ditch	2405	30	740-390 BC
SUERC-27893	206	Fill of southern most ditch	2460	30	760-410 BC

Table 1: Radiocarbon dates obtained from features excavated in trenches 1 and 2, 2009.

2010 Excavations

10. Excavation of four further areas within the interior of the promontory enclosure was carried out in March 2010. A JCB 3CX was used to strip the topsoil from four trenches. Following topsoil stripping, all trenches were cleaned and excavated by hand.
11. **Trench 3**
12. The first of these trenches, trench 3, was designed to extend trench 1 into the interior of the site, aiming to investigate the area immediately inside the gated entrance recorded in 2009. An area 10m by 20m was opened immediately adjacent to trench 1, located to the N (see figure 1, plate 1); trench 3 overlapped trench 1 by c. 0.30m. A range of features, very similar to those encountered in trench 1 was observed.

13. *Palisade enclosures*

14. Five curvilinear palisade slots were found within trench 3. Two of these, slots [363] and [365], ran N/S along the contours of the hill in the SW corner of the trench. These palisade trenches were 0.45 and 0.43m wide respectively, and ranged from 0.17 to 0.30m in depth in the excavated sections. The fills were typical of the archaeological deposits in the cut features in this area of the site, brown to brown-orange silty sands with occasional small stone inclusions. In the base of [363] a posthole cut 0.23m deeper than the base of the slot cut was observed (plate 6), supporting the interpretation of these slots as palisade trenches.

15. Continuity with trench 1 was established and two features which ran into the N baulk in trench 1 were recorded extending into trench 3. In the S of trench 3, a curvilinear feature [301] was observed emerging from the S baulk and curving for a length of c.5m before returning to the S baulk. This feature is the northern section of feature [101], the E section of the gated palisade enclosure recorded in 2009. The slots excavated across the feature in 2010 showed it to be similar in character to the other palisade slots, 0.28m deep and 0.8m wide at its widest, with a similar sandy fill. To the W of trench 3, feature [367] seems likely to represent the N continuation of feature [106], while palisade slot 365 seems likely to equate to feature [130], which had a terminus to the S of the gated enclosure.

16. Crossing much of trench 3 was a further enclosure palisade, with a similar form to those investigated in trench 1. Feature [325] emerged from the N baulk running N/S along the contour of the hill on a similar alignment to [363] and [365], before ending in a terminus near the centre of the trench and forming an entrance with slot [303], which similarly followed the contours of the hill and ran into the E baulk of the trench. The gap between the terminals of [325] and [303] was a space c.2.5m wide, between which a short curvilinear slot [319] was located just offset to the SW, in a similar fashion to the 'baffle wall' feature recorded near the entrance to the palisade enclosure in the S of trench 1. Palisade slot [303] had been re-cut on a slightly different alignment by feature [305], a slightly deeper trench that terminated in a possible post-hole, indicated by a much steeper sided cut. It seems probable that the large posthole [317] located between the terminals of slots [305] and [325] comprises a gate post similar in character to that between the out-turned palisades found in trench 1. The fill of [317] included several large packing stones.

17. *Internal features*

18. A range of internal features, very similar in character to those found inside the enclosure features in trench 1 were recorded (plates 4, 7 and 8). The majority of these were situated inside palisade enclosure [325]/[303]/[305], with very few features located between this enclosure and [363]. The majority of the features were postholes averaging c.0.4 to 0.5m in diameter; [307], [309], [327], [311], [331], [329], [332], [333], [335], [355], [351], [357], [353] and [345] were excavated. The fills of all of the above were very similar- orange brown silty sands with frequent small stone inclusions. Occasional packing stones were encountered, and charcoal flecks were occasionally present throughout the fills. These postholes were distributed in a broadly curving pattern,

approximately parallel to the course of the enclosure [325]/[303]/[305]; none were intersecting so that it seems probable that they were all in use concurrently.

19. An unusual feature was located to the N of trench 3, comprising a large sub-circular pit c.2.0m in diameter that was barely visible in the surrounding natural, indicated only by the presence of a brown-orange, possibly heat-affected fill (350) (plate 5). Located at the centre of this pit was a further small cut feature [347], cutting into deposit (350) and filled by a grey-brown ashy deposit (349). On excavation, the main fill of the pit (350) was found to overlie a primary fill (379), a very dark brown-black greasy silty sand, with regular small stone inclusions. The deposit was suggestive of burning in-situ, but no charcoal fragments were noted. There are few indications as to the purpose of pit feature [349].
20. **Trench 4**
21. Trench 4 was located near the crest of the hill on the interior of the site, incorporating some of the slope overlooking the wetland promontory site 3. An area measuring 11m by 15m was stripped, and cleaned by hand. However, no archaeological features were recorded in the trench. Several gravel bands ran across the trench but on excavation these were found to be natural.
22. **Trench 6**
23. Trench 6 was located near the crest of the hill, incorporating some of the S-facing slope running towards trench 3. In the W of the trench, a palisade slot [601] was found, running on a similar N/S alignment to [325] in trench 3, continuing into the N baulk but with a terminus to the S, so that if [601] is associated with [325], there is more than one entrance through the enclosure. Two other features, probably postholes [602] and [603], located near the S baulk of trench 6, were the only other features in the trench.
24. **Trench 5**
25. Trench 5 was a strip trench, 25m in length opened on the W side of the hill, running as far as the boggy, semi-terrestrialised area of the loch. The aim of this trench was to test whether the defensive? ditch excavated in trench 1 continued around the perimeter of the site. A ditch feature was located near the middle of the trench, and a box 5m by 5m opened around the feature to allow safe excavation (see plates 9 to 14).
26. In plan, the ditch appeared as a dark strip of gravelly sand (507), c. 1.5m in width running N/S, perpendicular to the trench; during cleaning, remains of a rabbit in a wire snare (SF2) were recovered in the upper levels of this deposit. This feature was accompanied on the E side by a line of sub-angular and sub-rounded stones, ranging in size from 0.11m to 0.36m across. In places these were several stones thick, suggesting that they had been deliberately placed as such and were close to their original positions. This line of stones appears to have constituted a footing or low revetment of a bank, c. 1.5m wide, the remains of which were indicated by a thin deposit of pale cream sandy silt (502). This revetment directly overlay a thin dark brown sandy silt (516) and

a thin grey sandy silt deposit (510), interpreted as a possible turf and thin soil horizon onto which the revetment was directly placed. Immediately to the E of this feature, a linear palisade slot [501], with a U-shaped profile and with a dark brown sandy fill similar to the other palisade slots on the site. It is possible that this palisade acted as an internal revetment for the bank.

27. Upon excavation of what appeared to be the fill of a ditch (deposit (507)), it became clear that the bank was not accompanied by a ditch as might have been expected based on the features excavated in trench 1. What had initially appeared to be natural subsoil into which the ditch feature was cut was in fact an overlying deposit of orange gravel (515). This deposit was very similar to the surrounding natural, and was virtually archaeologically sterile, and seems most likely to have derived from the bank. (515) overlay a black silty sand (508) containing very small flecks of charcoal, which in turn overlay an orange gravel deposit (505), very similar to (515). All of these deposits overlay the grey-brown sandy gravel (507). This deposit butted up against a deposit of sub-angular stones (514) averaging c.0.1m across in a matrix of brown/grey silty sand at the base of the slope. The source of these deposits is not entirely clear; it is possible that they derive from the primary collapse of the bank.
28. Directly beneath deposit (507) was a series of intermixed bands of natural sands and darker sandy silts (523), which lay directly on a steeply sloping face of natural sand and gravel (520). These bands were interpreted as alternately washed out and buried layers of natural subsoil, deriving from the steeply cut face of the slope. These washed deposits merged into much wetter, peat-like layers near the base of the slope. The highest of these, (512) was an orange-brown peat rich in mineral material, and contained frequent small stones and frequent roundwood twig fragments. Regular charcoal fragments were also noted in this deposit. At the base of this layer, where it met peat deposit (517), a layer of woodchips was encountered and at the base of the deposit, lying directly on the natural subsoil were two large oak timbers, T1 and T2. There was no evidence that these timbers were worked, but they must have been deposited before (512) accumulated, probably shortly after the cutting of the slope. Beyond the extents of (512), more archaeologically-sterile peats containing frequent modern tree roots were recorded.
29. *Trench 5-summary of interpretation*
30. The most plausible explanation for the deposits encountered in trench 5 is that the hill was cut to form a steep slope, over 1m high and sloping down to boggy ground or possibly even shallow open water. A stone footed bank with a retaining palisade was then constructed using the upcast from this cutting. Erosion of the newly cut natural face resulted in the intermixing of natural and archaeological deposits (523). Debris from activity close to the time of construction accumulated in wet ground at the base of the slope, preserving wood fragments and possibly debris from construction of the site in deposit (512). Following the dilapidation of the rampart, much of the upper bank material slumped down slope, while ploughing in relatively recent periods may have completely destroyed the remnants of the bank and moved the source natural material down slope to form deposit (515).

31. It is difficult to determine whether the features recorded in trench 5 can be equated with the large ditches excavated in the SW corner of trench 1. This seems likely, but no evidence for an internal bank was recorded in trench 1. A small deposit of large stones was found at the base of the large ditch in trench 1, but it is difficult to ascertain that these derive from a similar footing/revetment to that recorded in trench 5. Further geophysical work on the promontory may help to clarify this, although it should be noted that the large ditch in trench 1 was not detected by the original resistivity survey undertaken in 2009.

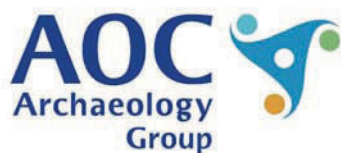
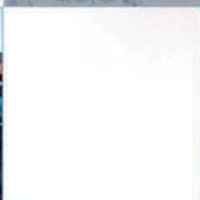
32. **Conclusions**

33. The 2010 excavations at site 4 demonstrate the complexity of the enclosure works that were erected around the promontory. At least three phases of palisaded enclosure, in addition to a rampart and at least three substantial ditches were used to restrict access onto the site. The large scale of this construction makes it all the more puzzling that so little evidence for occupation, or any other activity in the interior was recovered. The complete lack of artefacts fitting a later prehistoric horizon is striking, even given the typical paucity of Iron Age material culture in Wigtownshire, and must force us to question whether the site was actually domestic in function.

34. The relationship of the site to the promontory crannog (site 3) is, of course, key to the interpretation of the relative functions of the sites. Central to addressing this question is the recovery of reliable dating material. Radiocarbon dates obtained from the secure contexts excavated in 2009 strongly suggest the contemporaneity of sites 3 and 4, in the latter half of the first millennium BC (although two phases were detectable in the dating from trench 1). The excavation of a further series of enclosures in trench 3 may suggest a further phase of activity or alternatively a further series of enclosures contemporary with the outer defences: this can only be tested by further radiocarbon dating. The recovery of waterlogged wood from beneath the collapse debris of the rampart in trench 5 may offer the opportunity for dendrochronological dating that could potentially allow correlation with the Cults promontory site. If this were possible it could provide a high-accuracy *terminus post quem* for the collapse of the ramparts. Although the interpretation of these oak logs is not easy in such a limited excavation, it is possible that they relate to debris deriving from the construction of the site. If dendrochronological analysis is successful, further excavation in the interface between wetland and dryland areas to investigate the character of this wood debris may be worthwhile.

**Cults Landscape Project
Excavations at Site 4, March 2010**

Section 2: Registers



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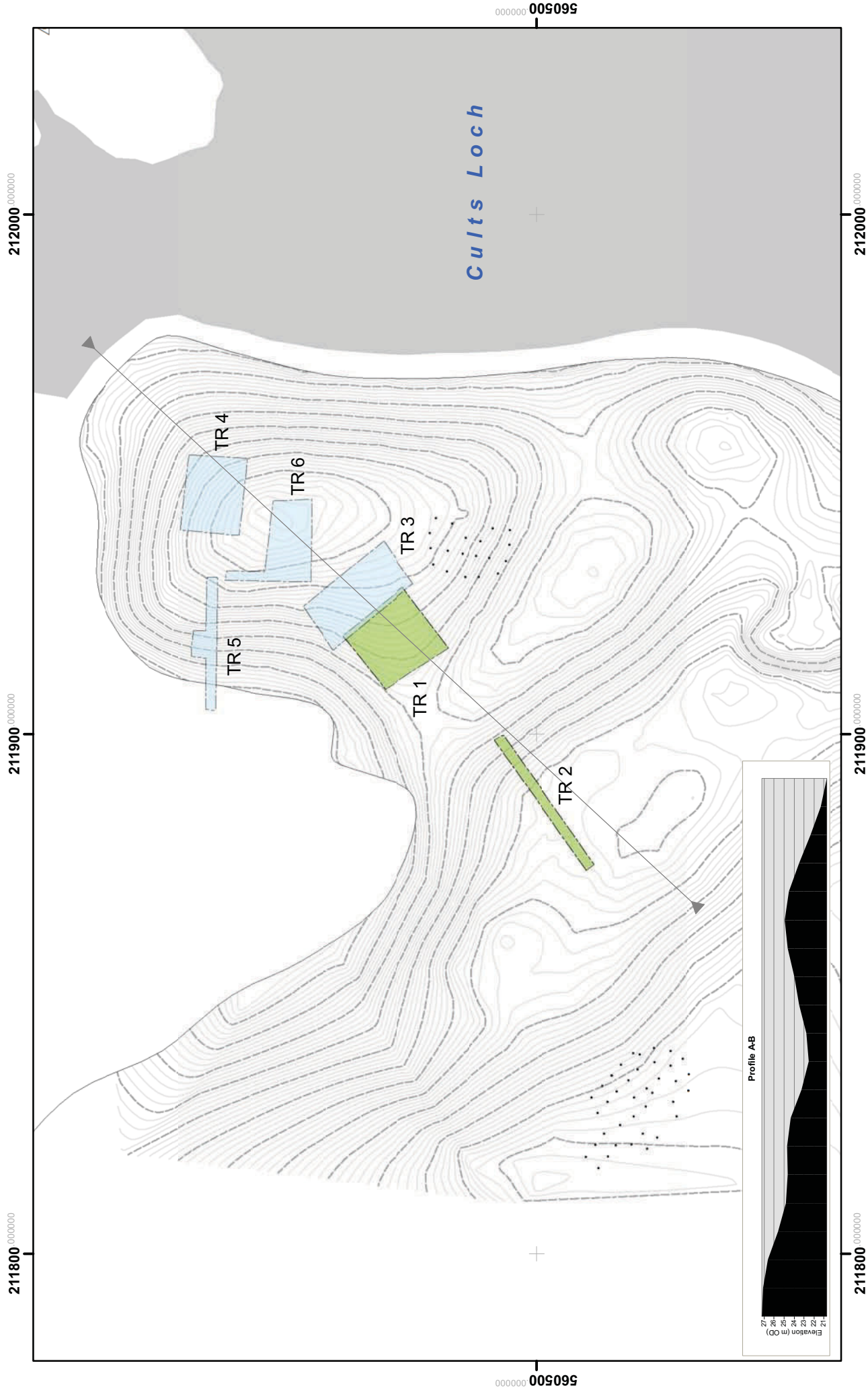


Figure 1:
Cults Promontory Fort (Site 4)
Trench locations, March 2010

- Legend**
- 2010 trenches
 - 2009 Trenches
 - Cults Loch
 - 0.5m contours
 - 0.1m contours



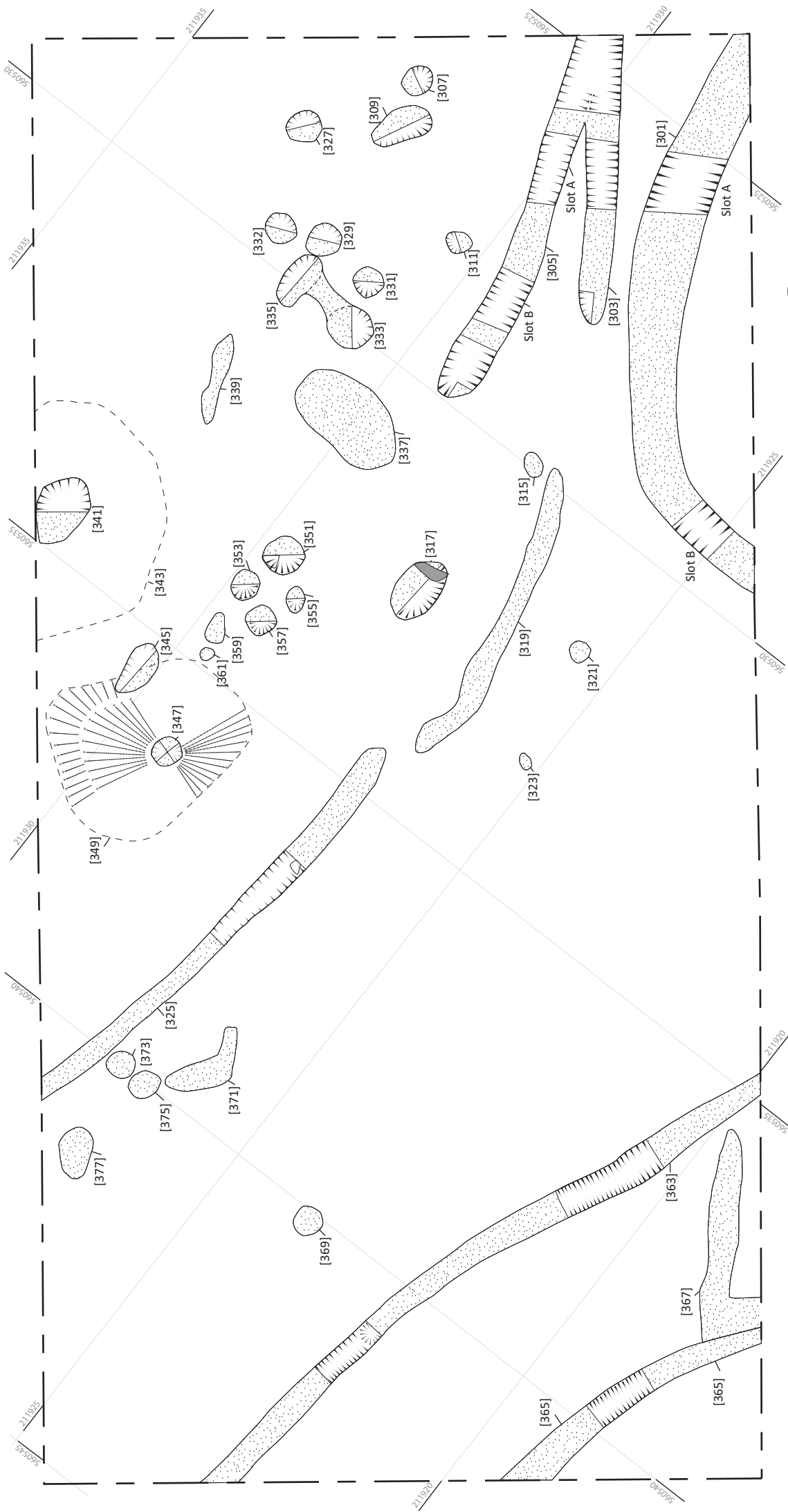


Figure 2: Trench 3, plan

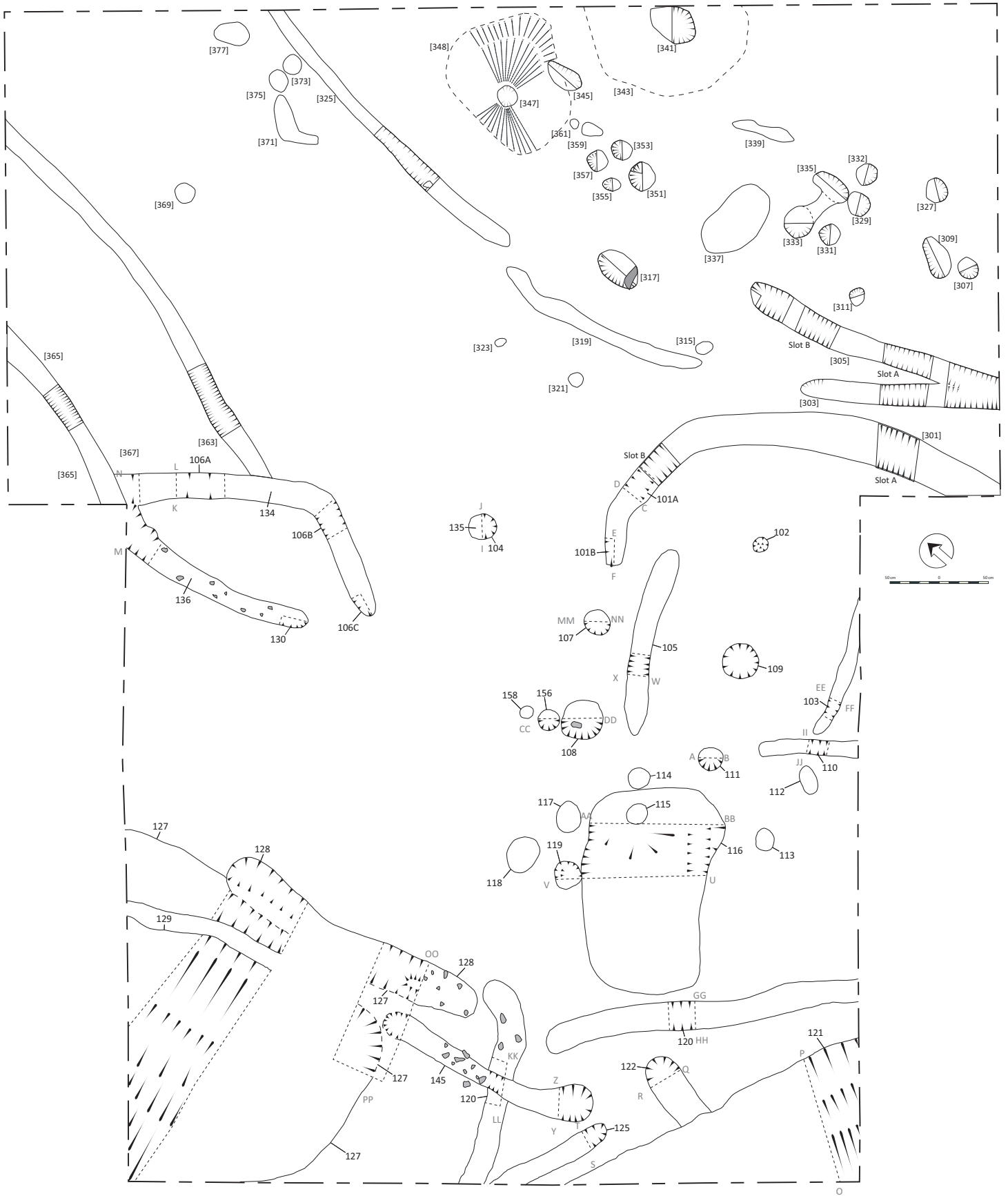


Figure 3: Trench 1 (2009) and Trench 3 (2010)

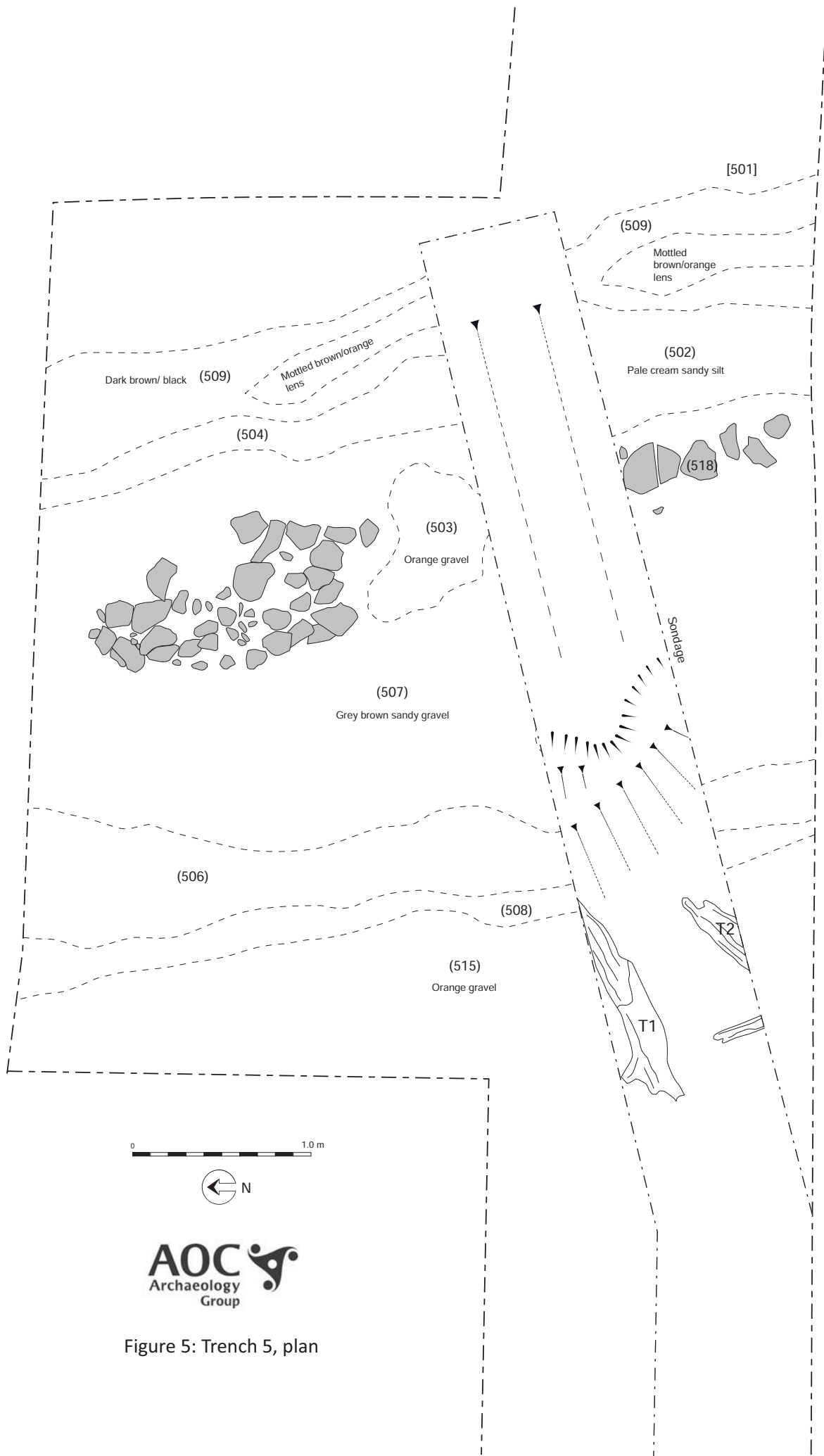


Figure 5: Trench 5, plan

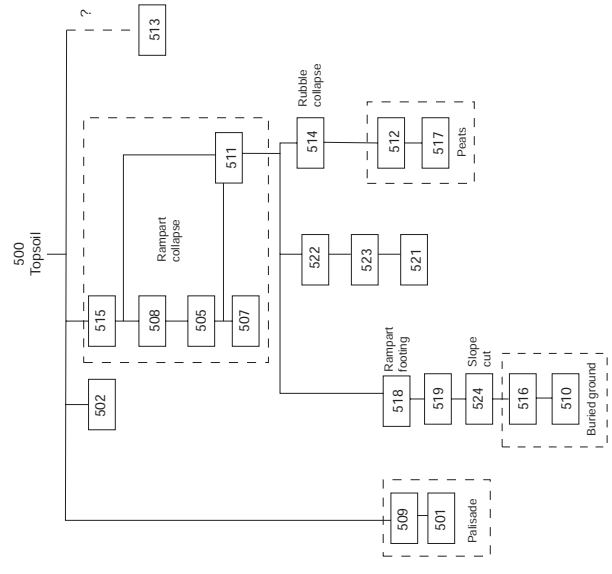
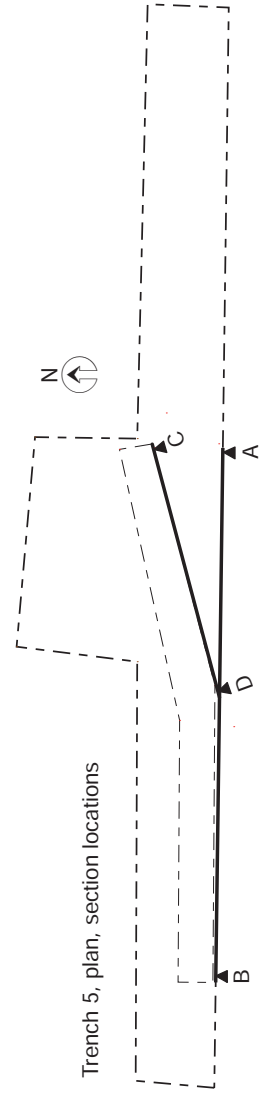
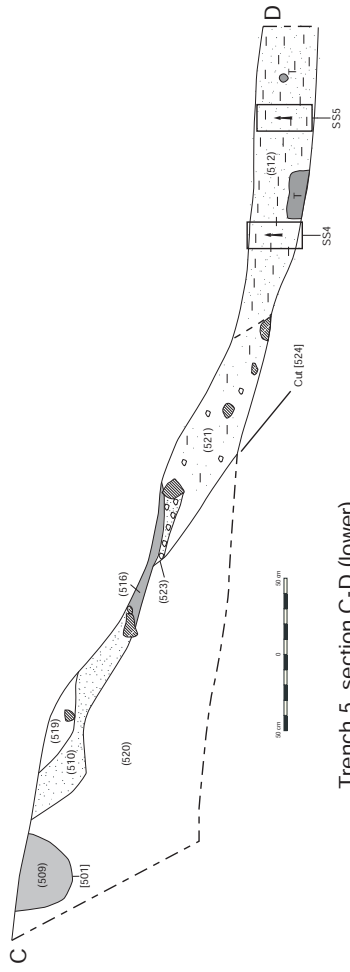
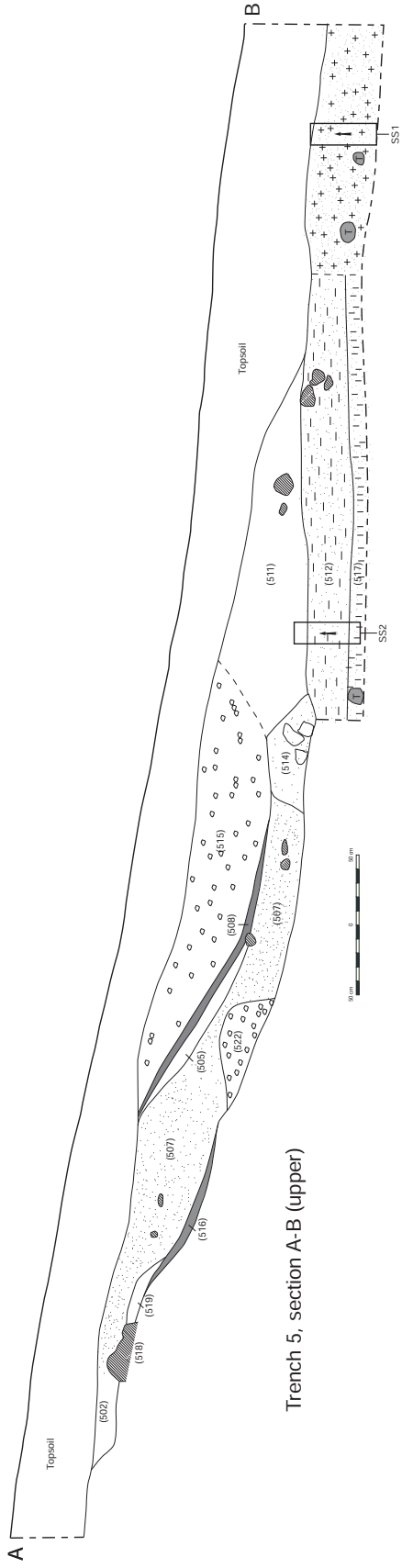


Figure 6: Trench 5, section and stratigraphic matrix



Bank collapse / infill,
redeposited natural

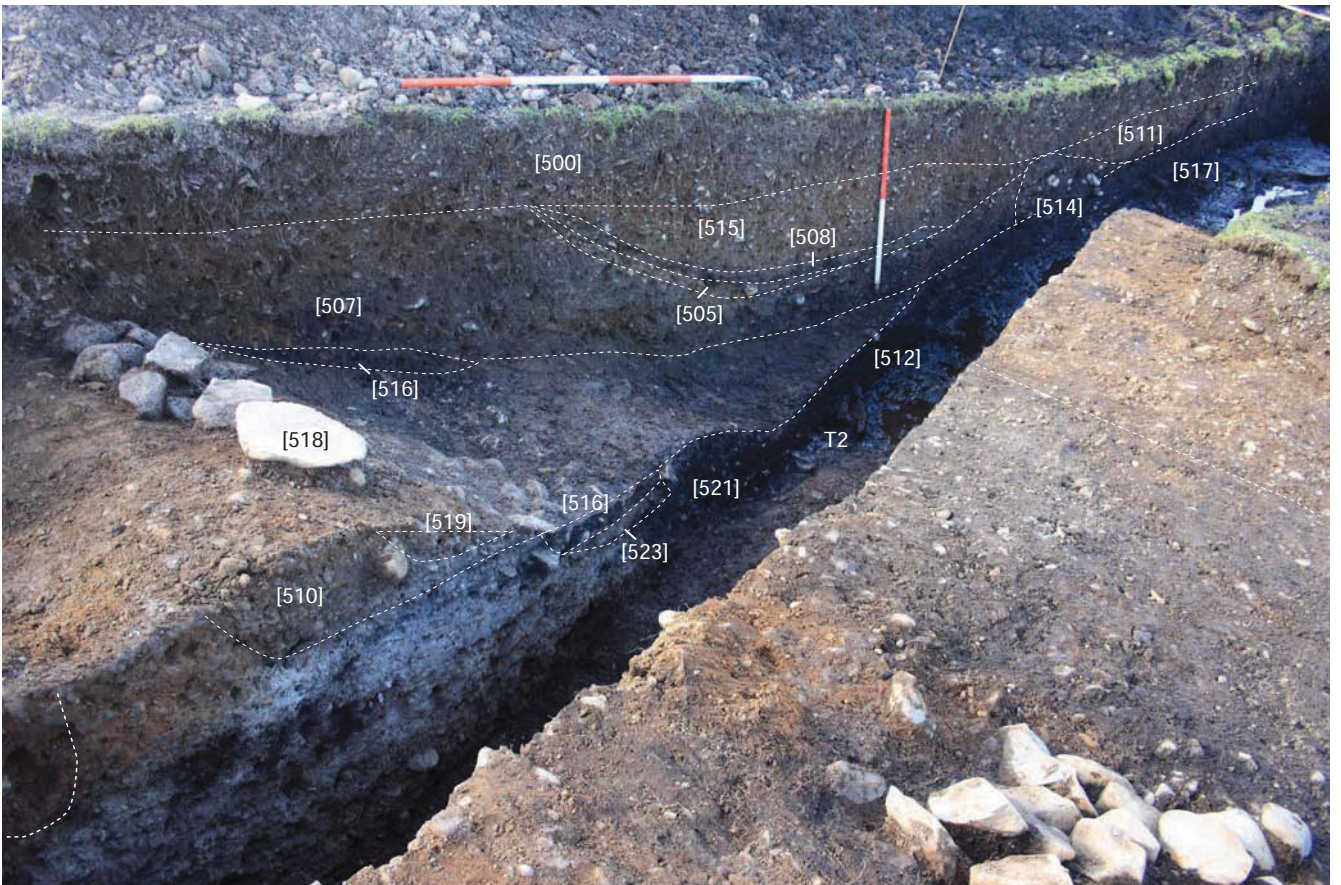
Bank collapse / infill

Bank footing /
revetment

Bank remnants and
redeposited natural

Palisade slot

Trench 5, Pre-excavation, interpreted photograph, from S



[509]
Palisade

Trench 5, Post-excavation, interpreted photograph, from NE

Figure 7: Interpreted photographs, Trench 5

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
Area: 3														
301	Cut		Natural			302					<p>The curvilinear cut of a ditch, emerging from the SE baulk of trench 3 and re-entering the S baulk. Two slots were excavated through the feature.</p> <p>The cut is 0.8m wide and 0.28m deep, with a concave base. The southern face of the cut is steeper than the northern face, which is shallow to begin with, before sloping more steeply to the base of the cut. The feature is truncated towards the S baulk.</p>	Curvilinear ditch, possibly a fence or palisade slot.	47, 60,61	(A) 23-26
302	Deposit			301							<p>A deposit of light-mid brown silty sand contained within cut 301. No obvious inclusions other than small-medium rounded stones.</p>	Fill of curvilinear feature 301.		(A) 23-26
303	Cut		Natural			305	304				<p>A curvilinear cut emerging from the E baulk of trench 3, running westwards to a terminus. The feature is cut by 305, and has been severely truncated. The feature has a concave base and is 0.40m wide, 0.14m deep at the terminus and 0.07m deep at the point where it is cut by 305, near the E baulk.</p>	Cut of ditch or palisade slot.	58, 63, 47	(A) 31-32
304	Deposit			303		305					<p>Deposit of light-medium orange/brown silty sand contained within 303. Contains occasional charcoal flecks and small-medium rounded stones.</p>	Fill of ditch or palisade slot 303.	47, 58, 63	(A) 13-14
305	Cut		Natural; 303, 304				306				<p>A curvilinear cut feature emerging from the E baulk of trench 3, running westwards until ending at a terminus. The feature cuts 303 a short distance from the E baulk. The cut has a concave base and is 0.47m wide, and 0.3m deep at the terminus, 0.2m deep at the E baulk. The cut of the terminus is significantly steeper than elsewhere, suggesting a terminal post-hole.</p>	Cut of ditch or palisade slot.	47, 55, 56, 62	(A) 7-10, 27-30

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
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306	Deposit			305							A deposit of light-medium orange/brown silty sand, contained within cut 305. Contains occasional flecks of charcoal and small-medium rounded stones. One small fragment of burnt bone was recovered. Charcoal flecks were more common towards the terminus of the feature.	Fill of shallow ditch or palisade slot 305.	47, 55, 56, 62	(A) 7-10, 27-30
307	Cut		Nat			308					Remains of a small pit or posthole, c.0.40m in diameter and up to 0.20m deep. Sides are steep and the base is concave.	Small pit or posthole	47, 57	(A) 5-6
308	Deposit			307							A deposit of light brown silty sand contained within cut 307. No obvious inclusions other than small-medium rounded stones.	Fill of pit or posthole feature 307	47, 54	(A) 5-6
309	Cut					310					Cut of a sub-rectangular pit, c. 1.1m by 0.45m, aligned roughly N/S. The cut has steep sides and a flat bottom, and is up to 0.17m deep.	Cut of pit	47, 57	(A) 11-12
310	Deposit			309							A layer of brown silty sand, filling sub-rectangular pit feature 309. Small to medium rounded stone inclusions.	Fill of pit	47, 57	(A) 11-12
317	Cut		Nat			318					Cut of an oval shaped pit measuring 0.96m along its NW-SE axis by 0.61m along its NE-SW axis, and 0.25m deep. The base of the cut is concave, with the western side steeper than the eastern side.	Cut of pit	78, 47	
318	Deposit			317							Fill of cut feature 317. A mid-dark brown silty sand with flecks of charcoal and small and large rounded stone inclusions throughout.	Fill of pit	47, 78	
325	Cut		Nat			326, 383					A curvilinear cut, with steeply sloping sides and a rounded base. Length 3.5m, width 0.69m, depth 0.40m Continues under N baulk	Cut of curvilinear palisade or fence slot		

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
326	Deposit	383	325	300							A mid orange/brown mottled friable sandy silt with moderate small sub-rounded stone inclusions and occasional medium sub-rounded and sub-angular stones. A number of large stones (up to 0.10m) were observed around the edges and base of the deposit. Length 3.5m, width 0.69m, depth 0.23m	Upper, main fill of curvilinear palisade slot 325		
326	Deposit	383	325	300							A mid orange/brown mottled friable sandy silt with moderate small (less than 0.05m) sub-rounded and sub-angular stones, and occasional large (up to 0.10m) stones at the edges and base of the deposit. Length 3.5m, width 0.69m, depth 0.23m.	Upper fill of curvilinear feature 325. Large stones probably packing stones	(A) 96-97	
327	Cut					328					Cut of a small pit or post hole, circular in plan and 0.40m in diameter, up to 0.17m deep. The cut is steep sided with a concave base.	Cut of small pit or post hole	48, 73	
328	Deposit		327								Deposit of brown silty sand filling pit or posthole feature 327, with regular inclusions of large-medium sized rounded stones.	Fill of pit or posthole	48, 73	
329	Cut					330					Cut of a small pit or posthole, circular in plan with a diameter of 0.36m and a depth of 0.17m. Sides of the cut are steep; the base is flat.	Cut of small pit or posthole	75, 48	
330	Deposit										Deposit of brown silty sand filling pit or posthole feature, with inclusions of small rounded stones.	Fill of pit or posthole feature	48, 75	
331	Cut		Nat			380, 332					Cut of a pit, circular in plan and 0.49m in diameter. The cut is steep sided, with a flat base and is 0.31m deep.	Cut of pit or posthole	48, 69	(A) 74-75
332	Deposit	380	331								Fill of feature 331. A dark grey/brown silty sand with no obvious inclusions other than small rounded stones. The deposit is 0.23m in diameter and 0.17m deep.	Upper fill of posthole		
333	Cut		Nat			334					Cut of a pit 0.54m in diameter and 0.16m deep. The cut is flat bottomed with steep sides.	Cut of small pit or posthole	48, 72	(A) 76-77

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
334	Deposit			333							Deposit contained within feature 333. A medium-dark brown/black silty sand with flecks of charcoal and small rounded stones throughout.	Fill of pit feature	48, 72	(A) 76-77
335	Cut	Nat									Cut of an oval shaped pit measuring 0.68m along SE-NW axis and 0.61m along SW-NE axis. The feature is 0.17m deep. The base is concave, and the cut is shallow sided.	Cut of pit	48, 74	(A) 78-79
336	Deposit			335							Deposit contained within cut of pit feature 335. A mid-dark brown silty soil with no obvious inclusions other than small rounded stones.	Fill of pit or posthole	48, 74	(A) 78-79
341	Cut					342					Cut of a small pit, sub-rectangular in plan measuring 1.0m by 0.70m and 0.25m deep. The sides of the cut are fairly steep, and the base is concave.	Cut of pit or posthole feature	48, 71	
342	Deposit			341							A deposit of grey/brown sandy silt, fill of sub-rectangular pit 341. Inclusions of small to medium rounded stones and small fragments of oak wood charcoal throughout.	Fill of pit	48, 71	
345	Cut	Nat				346					Cut of a sub-rectangular pit, measuring 0.8m by 0.4m, aligned NW/SE, steeply sided to the NW and more shallow sided to the SE, with a flat base.	Cut of pit	48, 64	(A) 37-38
346	Deposit			345							A deposit of light brown silty sand, the fill of sub-rectangular pit 345. Occasional inclusions of small sub-rounded stones.	Fill of pit	48, 64	(A) 37-38
347	Cut		349			348					Cut of a pit feature, circular in plan and 0.70m in diameter, and up to 0.24m deep. Steeply sloping sides with a concave base. Cuts the upper fill of pit 349.	Cut of pit	48, 70	(A) 33-34
348	Deposit			347							A deposit of grey/brown sandy silt, with possible ashy material present, though no obvious wood charcoal. Small rounded stone inclusions throughout.	Fill of pit feature 347	48, 70	(A) 33-34

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
349	Cut						350, 379				A large sub-circular pit, 2m in diameter. Sides are steeply sloping to a concave base, maximum depth 0.53m	Cut of pit	48, 70	(A) 66-71
350	Deposit	379		349		347					A deposit of light brown silty sand, the upper and larger fill of the sub-circular pit feature 349, overlying lower fill 379. Only very small stone inclusions noted through this deposit, other than near the base, where several larger rounded stones were found.	Upper fill of pit	48, 70	(A) 66-71
351	Cut						352				Cut of a pit, c.0.40m in diameter and 0.21m deep. The cut is steep sided with a flat base.	Cut of pit	48, 65	(A) 56-57
352	Deposit			351							Deposit contained within pit or posthole feature 351. A mid-dark grey/brown silty sand with no obvious inclusions other than small-medium rounded stones.	Fill of pit	48, 65	(A) 56-57
353	Cut						354				Cut of a pit, c.0.30m in diameter and circular in plan. The feature is 0.12m deep, with steep sides and a concave base.	Cut of pit or post hole	48, 66	(A) 62-63
354	Deposit			353							Deposit contained by pit cut 353. A mid-dark grey/brown silty sand, with no obvious inclusions other than small rounded stones.	Fill of pit or post hole	48, 66	(A) 62-63
355	Cut										Cut of a pit, circular in plan and 0.23m in diameter, with a maximum depth of 0.12m. The cut has a concave base and fairly steep sides.	Cut of pit or posthole	48, 67	(A) 64-65
356	Deposit			355							Deposit contained within cut of feature 355. A mid-dark grey/brown silty sand with no obvious inclusions other than small rounded stones.	Fill of pit or post hole	48, 67	(A) 64-65
357	Cut										Cut of a pit or post hole 0.37m in diameter and 0.14m deep. The cut is steep sided with a flat base.	Cut of pit or post hole	48, 68	(A) 72
358	Deposit			357							Deposit contained within cut 357. A mid-dark grey/brown silty sand, with no obvious inclusions other than small rounded stones.	Fill of pit or posthole	48, 68	(A) 72

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
363	Cut						364				A curvilinear feature 0.43m wide and generally between 0.09m and 0.17m deep. The remains of an individual posthole was noted at the S end of the excavated section, 0.23m below the general recorded depth of the linear cut. The bases of both the slot and the posthole are concave.	Cut of palisade slot and posthole	50, 76	(A) 84-87
364	Deposit		363								A deposit of brown sandy silt, the fill of curvilinear feature 363. Occasional small rounded stones throughout.	Fill of palisade slot	50, 76	(A) 84-87
365	Cut						366				Cut of a curvilinear feature 0.45m wide and 0.30m deep. Profile is V-shaped, with steep sides.	Cut of curvilinear fence or palisade slot	49, 77	(A) 86-87
366			365								A dark brown silty sand, fill of curvilinear slot feature 365. High concentration of small-medium rounded stones throughout.	Fill of palisade or fence slot	49, 77	(A) 86-87
379	Deposit		349	350							Lower fill of sub-circular pit 349, comprising a very dark brown/black silty sand deposit. The deposit is greasy and probably derives from burning. It lies against the lower sides and base of pit 349, and has regular small stone inclusions. No charcoal fragments were noted. The deposit was a max of 0.08m deep.	Lower fill of pit 349, possibly derived from burning in situ	48, 70	(A) 66-71
380	Deposit		331	332							Primary fill of post hole 331. A mid orange/brown silty sand with no obvious inclusions other than large packing stones, and frequent small rounded stones.	Packing fill for post hole 331	48, 69	(A) 74-5
381	Cut						382				Cut of a pit/post hole, circular in plan with a diameter of 0.50m. The feature is 0.15m deep, with gently sloping sides and a concave base.	Cut of post hole	48, 75	
382	Deposit		381								A brown silty sand deposit, fill of pit/post hole 381. Regular small rounded stone inclusions throughout.	Fill of pit or post hole	48, 75	
383	Deposit	325	325	326							A light orange silty sand, friable, with moderate small rounded stone inclusions. Much sandier than 325, which it directly underlies. Length 3.5m, width 0.55m, depth 0.17m.	Primary fill of curvilinear feature 325- possible initial slumping of cut edges after initial digging		(A) 96-97

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
Area: 5														
501	Cut		Nat		509						Narrow linear cut of a gully feature, possibly a palisade slot. Break of slope at the top of the cut is sharp, sides steep to vertical, base rounded concave. Maximum visible length is 4.5m, width is 0.5m and depth is 0.34m. Feature is located jut inside possible bank remnants.	Narrow linear cut, possibly for palisade	51, 53	(B)41-56
502	Deposit	519			500						A thin layer of pale cream/grey friable sandy silt with frequent small rounded stone inclusions (averaging less than 0.08m in diameter). Max length observed 1.92m, width 0.86m, depth 0.15m	Thin layer of light coloured sandy silt- possible remnants of bank	51, 52	(B)41-56
503	Deposit	507			500	514					A small, irregular patch of loose light orange sandy gravel, representing a small lens of redeposited natural within a depression underlying 507. Width 0.56m, length 0.76m, depth 0.12m	Redeposited natural	51	(B) 41-56
504	Deposit				500						A mottled orange-brown friable sandy gravel; unexcavated. Max length visible 2.40m, max width visible 0.40m.	Possibly redeposited natural	51	(B)41-56
505	Deposit	507			508						Thin deposit of light yellow/grey sandy gravel, located to the W of bank revetment 518. Friable, with very occasional medium (0.08-0.15m) sub-rounded stones, but no other inclusions noted. Maximum visible length, 2.30m, width 1.25m, depth 0.12m.	Probable slope wash from bank	51	(B) 41-56
506	Deposit				500						A mid orange/brown mottled sandy gravel, similar to but slightly darker in colour than 504. Unexcavated.	Probably redeposited natural lens within bank wash, as 505	51	(B) 41-56

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
507	Deposit	514, 522, 518			505						A thick layer of friable dark grey-brown gravel, with occasional larger (0.10-0.20m) sub rounded stone inclusions. Deposit lies below hillwash gravel (505) and overlies hillwash/slumping deposits 514 and 523, and possible old turf line 522. Maximum length visible 4.50m, width 3.90m, depth 0.62m	Thick layer of slope washed deposits, possibly deriving from bank	51, 52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
508	Deposit	505			515						Very thin layer of black, firm silty sand with occasional small (less than 0.08m) rounded and sub-rounded stones, containing possible tiny flecks of charcoal. Maximum length visible 4.50m, width 2.30m, depth 0.06m max.	Slope washed material, probably deriving from bank	51, 52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
509	Deposit	501			500						A dark brown/black soft sandy silt, with occasional flecks of charcoal and medium sized rounded and sub-rounded stones. Black colour and presence of charcoal suggest burning. Maximum length visible 4.50m, width 0.50m, depth 0.34m	Primary fill of possible palisade slot 501	51, 53	(B) 63-70, 125-147
510	Deposit	520			516						A mid grey friable sandy silt with frequent small (less than 0.08m) and occasional medium (0.08-0.15m) rounded and sub-rounded stones. No other inclusions noted. Maximum length visible c.2m, width 1.30m, depth 0.30m	Possible residual topsoiling below old turf line 516, onto which bank revetment 518 was constructed	53	(B) 63-70, 125-147
511		514, 512			515						A grey/brown sandy gravel, moderate-loosly compact containing frequent small stones averaging 0.02m in diameter and occasional stones up to 0.10m across.	Layer of hillwash, possibly deriving from bank	52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
512	Deposit	517			514, 511						A compact mineral rich peat, dark orange-brown in colour on exposure, containing frequent small stones averaging 0.02m in diameter, and frequent roundwood fragments and twigs. Regular charcoal fragments visible throughout. Interface with 511 occurs over c. 10cm, and gradually merges with 514. Interface with 517 marked by a layer of woodchips	Interface layer between wet, boggy ground and archaeological deposits above	52, 53	(B) 63-70, 125-147

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
513								512			A fibrous orange-brown peat, containing regular tree roots. Merges with 512 over c.10cm. Distinguished from the former by lack of anthropogenic material	Upper peat deposits of bog to W of site	52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
514	Deposit	512		507, 511							Sub-angular stones averaging 0.10m in diameter in a matrix of brown/grey sand	Rubble- possibly hillwashed from collapse of bank	52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
515	Deposit	508		500				503			A friable mid orange/brown sandy gravel with occasional large stone inclusions (up to 0.15m in diameter). Maximum length visible 4.50m, width 3.20m, depth 0.52m	Thick layer of redeposited natural, possibly deriving from hillwash of bank	51, 52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
516	Deposit	510		519							A very thin layer of dark brown/black firm sandy silt with a greasy texture. Occasional small rounded and sub-rounded stone inclusions. Maximum length visible 2.0m, width 1.15m, depth 0.05m	Possible buried turf line, above buried topsoil 510 and onto which bank revetment 518 was constructed	52, 53	(B) 63-70, 125-147
517	Deposit	?		512							A firm dark brown/black peat layer containing frequent fragments/chips of wood, particularly at interface with 512. Maximum length visible 2.0m, width 3.35m, depth 0.35m Interfaces with 512 and 513 gradual and not well defined. Not fully excavated	Upper peat layer in boggy ground, onto which anthropogenic material was deposited	52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
518	Structure	516		500, 519, 507							Linear spread of stones sitting at the top of the break of slope, and which appear to be almost in situ, forming a coherent line across trench 5; they do not appear anywhere else in the excavated sondage. The stones are sub-angular to sub-rounded, ranging in size from 0.1m to 0.36m across. In places they are several stones thick and although ruinous these appear to have been placed deliberately. Total length visible 4.50m, width 0.90m, depth up to 0.30m maximum	Line of stones, possible bank footing or low revetment	51, 52	(B) 63-70, 125-147

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
519	Deposit	518, 510			507			503, 515			A small deposit of mid orange sandy gravel, probably redeposited natural which has accumulated against 518, footings of bank. Same material as 503 and 515	Redeposited natural	51, 52, 53	(B) 63-70, 125-147
520	Deposit	?			521						Light and white/grey friable to soft sands with moderate to small (less than 0.08m) sub-rounded and sub-angular stones, and occasional larger (up to 0.15m) sub-rounded stones. No other inclusions observed. Occasional irregular brown patches both in plan and section appear to be burrows. W interface with overlying deposits has resulted in banding of 520 with 521 and 523. W extent of deposit is steep sided, indicating presence of a cut to shape the slope below the bank.	Natural	53	(B) 63-70, 125-147
521	Deposit	520, ?512			523						A dark grey/black friable to firm silty, almost peaty deposit, with some mineral material present. Moderate small (less than 0.08m) sub-rounded stones and occasional larger (up to 0.15m) sub-rounded stones. Maximum length visible 1.50m, width 1.30m, depth 0.45m. Interface with 512 is gradual, and indistinct.	Silty, peaty deposit, derived from mixing of slope-washed material and wet, boggy deposits at base of slope	53	(B) 63-70, 125-147
522	Deposit	516			507						A small patch of friable mid grey/orange coarse sandy gravel, with frequent small sub-rounded and sub-angular stones and moderate medium (0.05 to 0.15m) sub-rounded stones. Maximum length visible 1.50m, width 0.78m, depth 0.30m	Small deposit of hillwashed/slumped material	52	(B) 63-70, 125-147
523	Deposit	521			516						A very thin layer of redeposited natural, very light grey friable sand with occasional small (less than 0.05m) sub-rounded stone inclusions. Maximum length visible 1.50m, width 0.55m, depth 0.10m	Eroded and intermixed natural deriving from cut into natural 520	53	(B) 63-70, 125-147

Area: 6

Context	Type	Over	Cuts	Fill Of	Under	Cut By	Filled By	Same as	Within	Encloses	Description	Interpretation	Drawing	Photo No.s
601	Cut		Nat		605						A steep-sided V-shaped cut of a palisade slot in trench 6. Follows a slightly curving path running approximately N/S before crossing the contours of the hill and curving to the NW. S terminus ends in a slightly enlarged curving shape, possibly forming a posthole at end of slot. Width 0.35m, depth 0.24m	Cut of palisade/fence slot		(A) 80-81, 86-91
602	Cut		Nat		604		604				A slightly irregular but roughly circular feature in plan, with a sharp break of slope to steeply sloping sides to a rounded concave base. Clearly defined in surrounding orange natural, though some burrowing disturbance has occurred on the SW edge. Length 0.43m, width 0.35m, depth 0.15m	Cut of small, shallow post hole		(A) 80-83
603	Cut		Nat				607				Cut of a small sub-oval feature, with steeply sloping sides and a concave base. Length 0.42m, width 0.29m, depth 0.14m	Cut of possible posthole		(A) 92-93
604	Deposit	602		602	600						A mid grey/brown soft sandy silt, with moderate small (less than 0.05m) stones and two larger sub-angular stones (c.0.15m diameter). Very occasional charcoal flecks and one small fleck of burnt bone observed. Length 0.43m, width 0.35m, depth 0.15m	Primary fill of a probable posthole; large stones probably packing stones		(A) 92-93
605	Deposit			601	606						An orange/brown silty sand containing frequent small stones averaging 0.01m in diameter and, in terminal of 601, packing stones averaging 0.10m across.	Fill of palisade slot 601		(A) 80-81, 86-91
606	Deposit	605		601							A black, charcoal rich greasy silty sand, in upper fill at terminus of palisade slot 601.	Burning layer, possibly derived from burning of post at terminus of 601		(A) 80-81, 86-91
607	Deposit	603		603	600						A dark grey/brown soft sandy silt with moderate small to medium sub-rounded stone inclusions. Length 0.42m, width 0.29m, depth 0.14m	Primary fill of 603		(A) 92-93

Drawings

Drawing Register

Drawing No.	Area	F.No.	Details	Scale	Drawn By	Date
47	3		General plan of trench 3, SE quadrant	1:20	AD	23/03/2010
48	3		General plan of trench 3, NE quadrant	1:20	AD	25/03/2010
49	3		General plan of trench 3, SW quadrant	1:20	AD	23/03/2010
50	3		General plan of trench 3, NW quadrant	1:20	AD	23/03/2010
51	5		Pre-excavation plan of features in trench 5	1:20	VC	
52	5		Upper, N-facing section of large cut feature	1:20	VC/GC	01/04/2010
53	5		Lower, N-facing section of large cut feature	1:20	VC/GC	01/04/2010
54	3	307	Half section through posthole 307	1:10	AD	29/03/2010
55	3	305	Section through palisade slot terminus	1:10	Adt	29/03/2010
56	3	305	Profile section of palisade slot 305	1:10	Adt	29/03/2010
57	3	309	S-facing section through 309	1:10	AD	29/03/2010
58	3	303	W-facing section through posthole 303	1:10	Adt	29/03/2010
59	3	311	NE-facing section through 311	1:10	Adt	31/03/2010
60	3	301	E-facing section through 301, slot A	1:10	Adt	30/03/2010
61	3	301	SW-facing section through 301, slot B	1:10	Adt	30/03/2010
62	3	303, 305	E-facing section through 303 and 305	1:10	Adt	30/03/2010
63	3	303	N-facing section through 303 terminus	1:10	Adt	31/03/2010
64	3	345	NE-facing section through 345	1:10	AD	30/03/2010
65	3	351	W-facing section through feature 351	1:10	Adt	31/03/2010
66	3	353	W-facing section through 353	1:10	Adt	01/04/2010
67	3	355	W-facing section through 355	1:10	Adt	01/04/2010
68	3	357	W-facing section through 357	1:10	Adt	01/04/2010
69	3	331	W-facing section through 331	1:10	Adt	01/04/2010
70	3	349	S and N facing section (quadrant profile) through pit 349	1:10	AD	01/04/2010
71	3	341	E-facing section through 341	1:10	AD	01/04/2010
72	3	333	S-facing section through 333	1:10	Adt	02/04/2010
73	3	327	S-facing section through posthole 327	1:10	AD	01/04/2010
74	3	335	NE-facing section through 335	1:10	Adt	02/04/2010

Drawing No.	Area	F.No.	Details	Scale	Drawn By	Date
75	3	329, 381	E-facing section through 329 and 381	1:10	AD	01/04/2010
76	3	363	N-facing section through 363	1:10	AD	02/04/2010
77	3	365	SE-facing section through 365	1:10	AD	02/04/2010
78	3	317	SW-facing section through 317	1:10	Adt	02/04/2010

Finds Register

Finds Register

Find No.	Context	Material	Description
1	300	ST	Flint blade fragment
2	507	BO	Rabbit bones, with wire snare
3	505	BO	Rabbit bones (poss same as SF2)

Photos

Photographic Register

FilmNo	From	To	Area	F. no	Subject	From
<i>FILM</i>						
A	1 to 4		5		Feature 510, part-ex, showing 511 and 512	N
	5 to 6		3	307/308	Half section of posthole 30	S
	7 to 8		3	305/306	Partial excavation of 305/306 slot B	N
	9 to 10		3	306/306	W-facing section of 305/306 slot A	W
	11 to 12		3	309/310	Half section through 307/310	SW
	13 to 14		3	303/304	W-facing section through 303/304, slot A	W
	15 to 20		5		General shots of trench 5, part-ex	
	21 to 22		3	311	Half section through posthole 311	NE
	23 to 24		3	301	E-facing section through 301, slot A	E
	25 to 26		3	301	SW-facing section through 301, slot B	SW
	27 to 28		3	305	E-facing section at W end of feature	E
	29 to 30		3	305	Terminal at W end of feature	N
	31 to 32		3	303/305	E-facing section through 303 and 305	E
	33 to 34		3	347	Half section through 347	SW
	35 to 36		3	303	Terminal at W end of feature	N
	37 to 38		3	345	Half section through 345	NE
	39 to 52		5		General shots of trench 5 rampart feature, part-ex	
	56 to 57		3	351	Half section of posthole 351	W
	58 to 59		3	379	Bark, basal fill of pit 349, NW quadrant	NE
	60 to 61		3	379	Dark, basal fill in 349, NW quadrant	NW
	62 to 63		3	353	Half section of 353	W
	64 to 65		3	355	Half section of posthole 355	W
	66 to 69		3	349	Half section of pit 349, NE quadrant	NE
	70 to 71		3	349	Half section through pit 349, SW quadrant	SW
	72 to		3	357	Half section through 357	W
	73 to		3	353, 355, 357	Half section through post holes 353, 355 and 357	W
	74 to 75		3	331	Half section through post hole 331	W
	76 to		3	333	Half section through pit 333	S
	77 to		3	333, 334	Half section through 333 and 334	S
	78 to 79		3	335	Half section through 335	NE
	80 to 81		6		Pre-ex shot of features in trench 6	SE
	82 to 83		6	602	Half section through post hole 602	SE
	84 to 85		3	363	S-facing section through 363	N
	86 to 87		3	365	Excavated section through 365	S
	88 to 89		6	601	Terminus of linear feature 601 showing 605 and 606	W
	90 to 91		6	601	Middle slot through 601 showing 605	S
	92 to 93		6	603	Half section through possible post hole 603	SE

FilmNo	From	To	Area	F. no	Subject	From
A	94 to 95		3	317	Half section through pit 317	SW
	96 to 97		3	325	Slot through linear feature 325 showing 329 and 381	S
<i>FILM</i>						
B	1 to 23		3		Trench 3, pre-excavation	
	24 to 30		4		Trench 4, general views	
	31 to 35		5		SF 2: rabbit bones with snare wire	W
	37 to 62		5		Trench 5 features pre-excavation	
	63 to 99		5		Trench 5, slot through bank and slumped material	
	100 to 108				General views of excavation area	
	109 to 124		3		General views of trench 3, post-ex	
	125 to 155		5		Trench 5 slot, post-excavation, general views	

SBS Samples

Sample Register

<i>Context</i>	<i>Area</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Container</i>
302	3	1	10 litre bucket
304	3	1	10 litre bucket
306A	3	1	10 litre bucket
306termi	3	1	10 litre bucket
308	3	1	10 litre bucket
310	3	1	10 litre bucket
312	3	1	10 litre bucket
318	3	1	10 litre bucket
326	3	1	10 litre bucket
326	3	1	10 litre bucket
328	3	1	10 litre bucket
330	3	1	10 litre bucket
332	3	1	10 litre bucket
334	3	1	10 litre bucket
336	3	1	10 litre bucket
342	3	1	10 litre bucket
344	3	1	10 litre bucket
346	3	1	10 litre bucket
348	3	1	10 litre bucket
350	3	1	10 litre bucket

SBS Samples

Sample Register

<i>Context</i>	<i>Area</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Container</i>
352	3	1	10 litre bucket
354	3	1	10 litre bucket
356	3	1	10 litre bucket
358	3	1	10 litre bucket
364	3	1	10 litre bucket
366	3	1	10 litre bucket
379	3	1	10 litre bucket
380	3	1	10 litre bucket
382	3	1	10 litre bucket
502	5	2	10 litre bucket
503	5	1	10 litre bucket
505	5	1	10 litre bucket
507	5	2	Buckets
508	5	1	10 litre bucket
509	5	1	10 litre bucket
511	5	1	10 litre bucket
512	5	2	10 litre bucket
513	5	1	10 litre bucket
514	5	1	10 litre bucket
515	5	1	10 litre bucket

SBS Samples

Sample Register

<i>Context</i>	<i>Area</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Container</i>
516	5	1	10 litre bucket
517	5	1	10 litre bucket
519	5	1	10 litre bucket
520	5	1	10 litre bucket
521	5	1	10 litre bucket
604	6	1	Bags
605	6	1	10 litre bucket
606	6	1	10 litre bucket
607	6	1	Bags

