

ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

BURY-BARROW CABLE ROUTE EDF ENERGY

A REPORT ON THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL IMPACT
OF THE PROPOSED ROUTE, 2005

David Gill
Field Team
Suffolk C.C. Archaeological Service

© January 2005

Lucy Robinson, County Director of Environment and Transport
Endeavour House, Russel Road, Ipswich, IP1 2BX

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List of Contributors

All Suffolk C.C. Archaeological Service unless otherwise stated.

David Gill	Senior Project Officer
John Duffy	Assistant Project Officer

Acknowledgements

This project was commissioned by PDM Associates on behalf of EDF Energy and was monitored by R.D Carr (Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service, Conservation Division).

The search of the archival material was carried out by John Duffy who also compiled the maps.

Summary

A desk-based assessment has been produced as part of a feasibility study into a proposed cable route between Bury St Edmunds and Barrow. Starting at the sub-station at the southern end of Raingate Street and running west to the Fleming Road crossing of the River Linnet, it passes through a succession of areas of archaeological interest, many of which are important to the understanding of the development of the town. These include the potential for Anglo Saxon settlement associated with the known cemetery at Westgarth Gardens; the late Saxon/early medieval planned town of Bury St Edmunds and its street layout; the potential for a medieval below ground aqueduct; the town ditch and associated defences; pre medieval defences and boundaries near Maynewater Lane. Although some areas of the route do not appear to contain archaeological sites, this trench offers the opportunity to examine some of the unsampled areas of the town. The origins of Bury as a Saxon settlement and Early Medieval town mean that the entire cable trench, where it passes through the town, can be seen as having archaeological potential

SMR Information

OASIS ID no	Suffolkc1-6023
Date of fieldwork:	NA
Grid Reference:	TL 8502 6377 (centre)
Funding body:	EDF Energy

Introduction

This desk-based assessment has been produced as part of a feasibility study into a proposed cable route between Bury St Edmunds and Barrow. The aim of the assessment is to highlight the likely archaeological implication of the proposed works in order to determine the impact on the historic landscape and to inform any necessary strategies for its mitigation. The report was commissioned by PDM Associates on behalf of EDF Energy, who funded the work, and was undertaken by Suffolk County Council's Archaeological Service during January 2005.

The proposed route runs for 3.08km from the sub-station at the southern end of Raingate Street, to the Fleming Road crossing of the River Linnet, in the western suburbs of the town and was marked by a red line on a map provided by the client (Fig. 1). The route passes through an 'area of archaeological importance' as defined in the Local Plan; running along original street lines within the planned medieval town and its approaches, and could impact on several known sites and important archaeological areas within the town.

Methodology

The existing archaeological records, cartographic sources and aerial photographs, held within the County's Site and Monuments Record (SMR) and the County Record Office were examined. A record search was made using the County's SMR database and the results plotted using MapInfo and a summary report of each of the sites reproduced within the appendix. The line of the cable route was plotted onto all of the available early maps of the town; these included Downing's Map of 1740, Warren's map of 1747, Payne's Map of 1834 and the Ordnance Survey (OS) series starting in 1880 (although only the first edition OS are reproduced in the report).

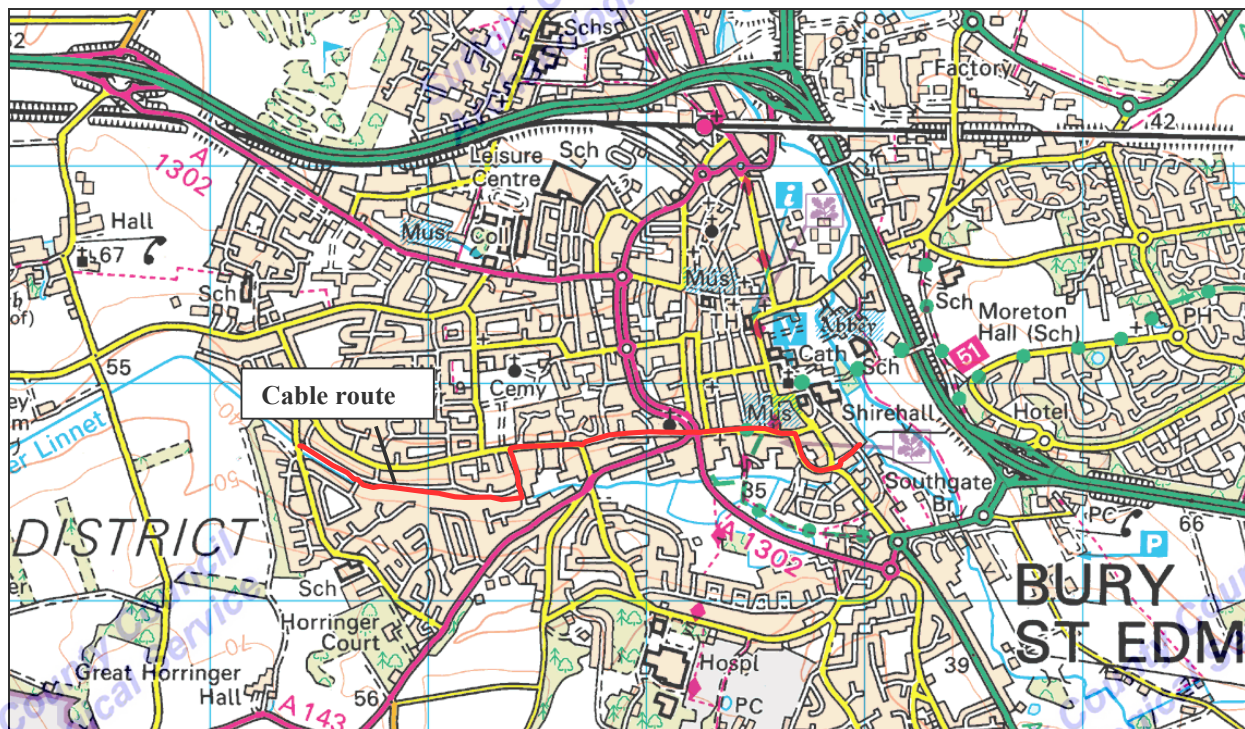


Figure 1 Proposed route of the EDF cable trench

Results

Introduction

All of the sites on or adjacent to the route were plotted and appear on Figures 3-5. Sixteen sites were identified adjacent to the cable route and the SMR summary and full reports for each are reproduced in the appendices.

For ease of description the route of the cable run has been divided into segments, running east to west, and the archaeological potential of each is described in detail below.

Substation, Raingate Street to Westgate Street (Fig. 3)

The Saxon settlement of *Bedericsworth* is thought to have been centred on St. Mary's Square and extended along the west bank of the River Lark. Raingate Street and Southgate Street, it is suggested, are survivors of this early settlement, pre-dating the rectangular grid of the Norman planned town and evidence of this has been found at BSE 144.

The electrical sub-station at the bottom of Raingate Street is situated close to the crossing of St. Botolph's Bridge (BSE 157) and lies within the flood plains of the rivers Linnet and Lark. The current St Botolph's Bridge is 19th century but an illustration (Fig. 2) showing the medieval bridge, that the current one replaced, indicates that the crossing is much older.



Figure 2. St Botolph's Bridge, Raingate Street, in 1848

The rivers and associated water meadows shape this part of the town, possibly defining its early limits and later forming part of the medieval defences. The proposed cable route runs along Baker's and Maynewater Lanes. The lines of these streets are related to the natural contours and surround the gravel outcrop above the floodplain, on which the original Saxon settlement was founded. These lanes mark an early boundary and potentially lie on the line of original Saxon defences and probable roads, although this is yet to be proven by excavation.

Evidence of Saxon occupation has been found within the area enclosed by these streets on excavations BSE 117, 127, and 144. The earliest evidence consists of 6th century grave goods from a disturbed burial (Anderson 1996), lying at the top of the hill south of St Mary's Square

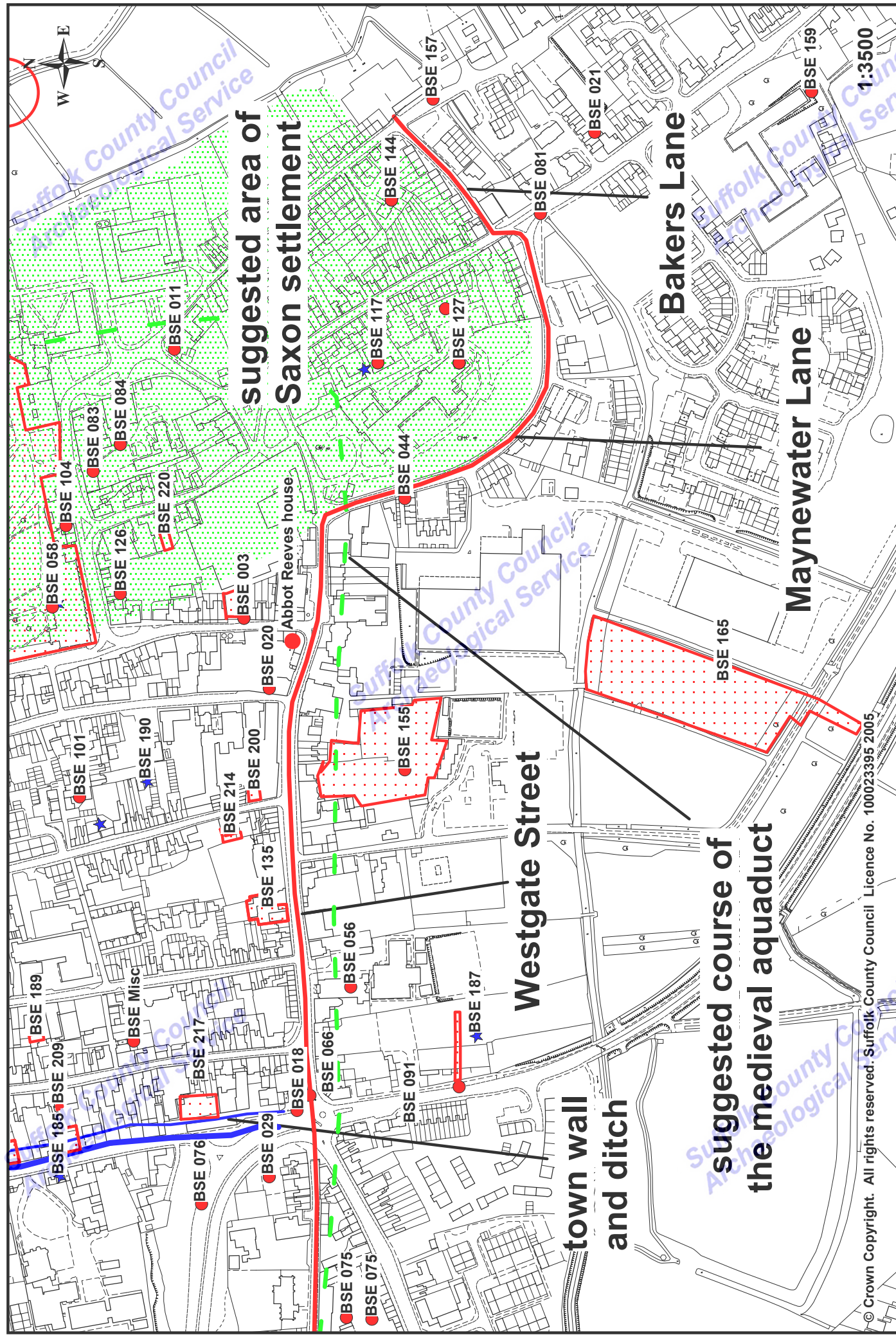


Figure 3. Cable route from Raingate Street to Hospital Road showing known archaeological sites

(BSE 127), but all three sites have produced evidence of settlement activity from the 7th century onwards.

In the late 13th century, Southgate Ward was the richest in the borough. 'It was densely settled, and was industrial in addition to being residential. [and] commercial, as well, and because it was the original Anglo-Saxon *burh* from which the late medieval town would develop, it was the one ward which came closest to being self-contained' (Gottfried 1982, p.26). There were fullers' and lavenders' mills near the Linnet, and also areas of pasture and legume crops.

The medieval surveys of Bury suggest that Southgate Street was one of the most heavily settled streets throughout the period, although the population relative to the borough showed a slight decline from the late 13th century (Gottfried 1982). There is some evidence to suggest that the population was shifting to more suburban and previously undeveloped areas outside the walls by this period. Rejuvenation of the population along Southgate Street and Raingate Street in the 15th century appears to have occurred at the southern extreme of these two roads.

The crossing of Southgate Street will potentially afford a valuable opportunity to look at a cross-section of one of the axial pre-Norman roads. The route also runs close to Southgate Bridge (BSE 081). This was built in the 13th century and still survives; the stone groining of the under ribs are visible from below although the bridge was built over during road widening in 1970.

Maynewater Lane, previously *Maydewater Strete*, held a number of tenements in the 1295 survey, although it appears never to have been densely occupied. This may in part be due to the topographical difficulties outlined above, but it could also be related to the ownership of the area by the Manor of Maidwater to the west (Statham 1992), resulting in a largely agricultural land use.

Westgate Street (Fig. 3)

Westgate Street is part of the medieval planned town which was remodelled and laid out on a grid pattern during the 11th century. It was one of the main streets into the town and would have been fronted with residential and commercial properties. The street is a broad thoroughfare and is shown on all of the early maps as wider than the other streets within the grid system. It is assumed that the position of the street frontage is unaltered but the buildings that line the street today, are however, all relatively recent and there are no examples of medieval or early post medieval buildings remaining along the frontage. There have been three archaeological interventions along Westgate Street, BSE 135 155 and 200. In all cases medieval pits in the yards behind the houses were found, but where sampled, the archaeological levels on the street front had been truncated. The presence of glazed and imported pottery, and medieval roof tiles from BSE 155 demonstrate that there was high status occupation along this street.

As one of the axial roads into the town, any trenching work though the road itself would offer a valuable opportunity to examine in detail the nature and sequence of the road construction, potentially from its earliest inception through to the present day. This would enable recording of the depths of surfaces, the height of previous ground levels and the nature of any surviving medieval surfacing materials. (Work on Abbeygate Street in the town centre revealed a *mettling* of wooden blocks or 'cobbles'.) One of the aims of any archaeological work undertaken along the medieval street lines should be to record all the evidence of the nature and date of successive road surfaces, along with a comprehensive catalogue of OD levels of the medieval streets. On the early edition of OS maps the site of Abbot Reeve's house is marked at the junction of West gate and Crown Streets and a Chantry marked on the 1885 map at the junction of Westgate Street and Bridewell Lane (BSE 020).

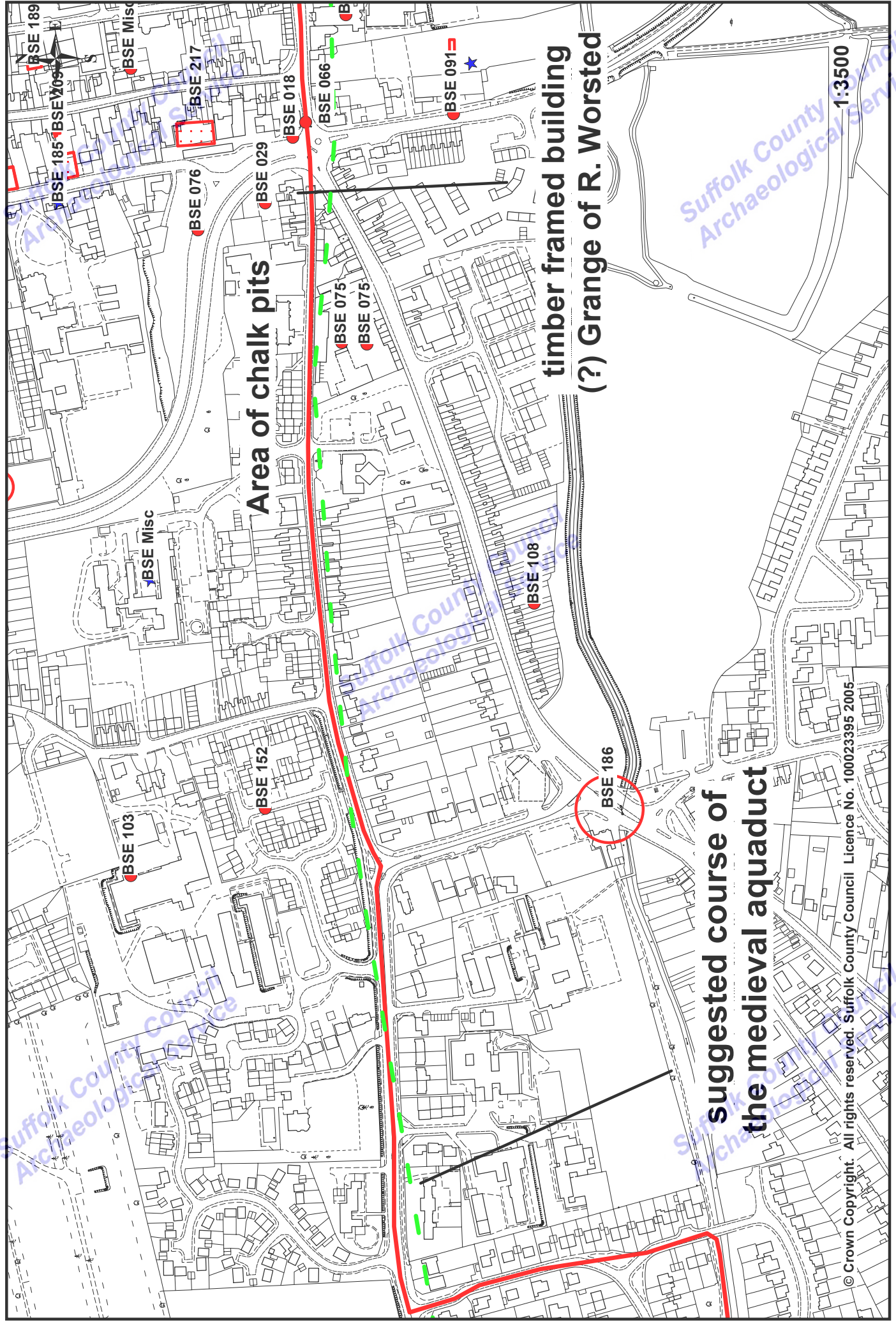


Figure 4. Cable route along Hospital Road showing known archaeological sites

The eastern end of the street goes through a kink where the road line of the planned town was adjusted to join into the pre-existing streets (Maynewater Lane and St. Mary's Square). Downing's Map (Fig. 6) shows a more exaggerated version of this than survives today, although whether this is evidence of the road line being altered since Downing (1740) or inaccurate map drawing is unclear; Warren's map drawn seven years later is similar to the road as it exists. The change in road line coincides with the supposed site of Abbot Reeve's house and it is possible that the two are related.

The street extends from one of the four gated entrances into the town and the position of the West gate is recorded on the SMR under the record number BSE 066. The West gate is illustrated on both Downing's and Warren's Maps (Figs. 6 and 7) drawn before all the town gates were demolished between 1762 and 1765, 'to make room for more traffic' (Carr 1975). Alongside the gate is the supposed site of the Chapel of our Lady (BSE 018). This is marked on the 1885 1:500 OS series but the reference is unchecked.

To the north of the West gate the town was enclosed behind a wall and a large open ditch (Fig. 3). The line of this ditch has been recorded during excavations on St Andrews Street (BSE 181, 185 and 217). The line of the wall behind it is possibly reflected in the rear boundary walls of the Guildhall Street properties and mentioned in a rental document of 1433 (British Museum, Harley 58; photocopy at the RO Bury St Edmunds, Acc.1055).

On the south side of the town the natural boundary of the low-lying marshlands were exploited to create the defences. A series of banks and ditches have been archaeologically sampled in the Great Sexton meadow and are seen as an earthwork to the west of Friars Lane, but no work has been done immediately south of the gate to determine how these earthworks connect to the gate itself. It is therefore unknown what form the ditch takes as it passes in front of the gate.

Hospital Road (Fig. 4)

The main western approach to the town was along Out Westgate Street and timber-framed buildings, now demolished, show that the town was expanding in this direction outside the town wall. Hospital Road is a lesser road. It appears on the 18th century maps, but the presence of an earlier timber-framed building demonstrates the streets earlier origins. The building, which lies at the convergence of the three streets here, has not been subject to detailed analysis but dates to no later than the 16th century and behind it a pit containing 11th-15th century pottery was found (BSE 029). A rental of the Abbey Sacrist for 1433-34 which describes *the Grange of Richard Worsted, fronting the highway to the south* (Hospital Road) and *Dycheweys* (St Andrews Street) *to the west* could refer to this property.

West of the junction with St Andrew's Street, Hospital Road (described as Chevington Road on the Warren map) passes through an extensive area of chalk quarrying, where chalk was extracted to be burnt in lime kilns for the production of mortar. The sites of several kilns are recorded on the SMR (BSE 075 and 076) and the extent of the quarry pits is shown on Downing's, Warren's and the early OS maps (Figs 6, 7 and 10).

There is documentary evidence (Gesta Sacristarium Memorials II, 292) of an aqueduct, thought to be in the form of an underground pipe constructed of lead, which carried water to the Abbey from a source in Horringer, a distance of c.5km. It was made by Walter of Banham and described as one of Abbot Samson's great achievements. The water was presumably moved by gravity, and therefore would have followed a gently dropping course avoiding inclines and the need for structural underpinning. To have any advantage over the river Linnet, which brought water to the Abbey anyway, and to preserve head pressure, the aqueduct would have had to have maintained an elevated position right to the Abbey. There is no archaeological evidence for the

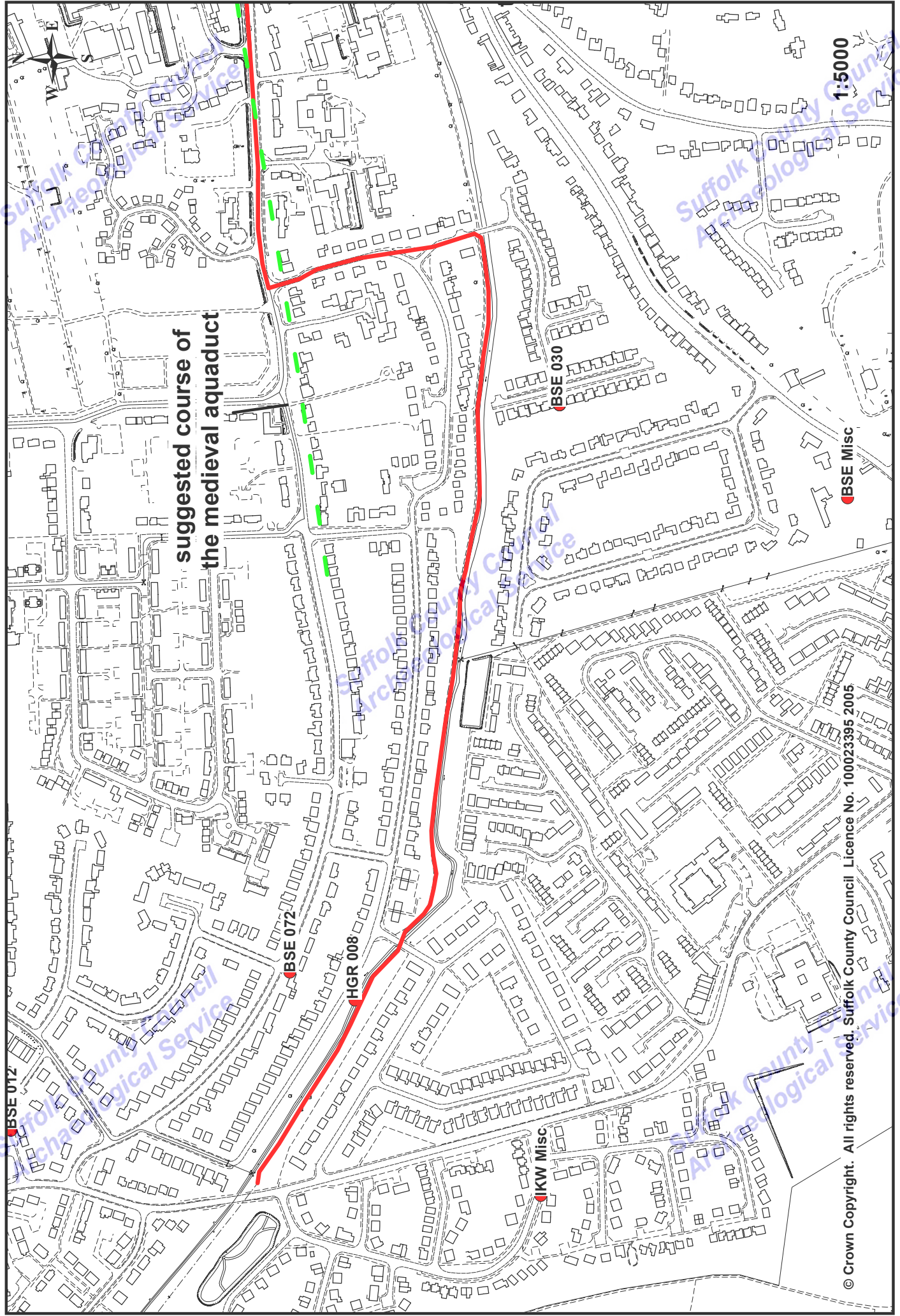


Figure 5. Cable route along the Linnet valley showing archaeological sites

route but a logical course has been argued by R.D Carr which, satisfies the physical criteria. He suggests that it followed the 50m contour on the north side of the river valley, entering the town and running south of Westgate Street before swinging around to enter the Abbey precinct from the south. The approximate route of this would run along Abbot and Hospital Roads and cross the top of Maynewater Lane and where the trench runs through these areas particular attention should be paid to this possibility (Figs. 3 and 4).

Westgarth Gardens (Fig. 5)

From Hospital Road the cable trench runs down to the river Linnet and follows the course of the river. To the south of the river on the 38m contour, is the site of an Early Saxon cemetery, BSE 030. Sixty-five inhumations were recovered from an open area excavation measuring 420sqm. This was a sample from a larger cemetery, which the excavation results suggested extended further, at least to the south and east (West 1988). Most of the surrounding housing development had been completed when the cemetery was discovered and the majority of the development along the river valley had been undertaken without archaeological input. There has been no subsequent archaeological survey done in this area, so the location of the Anglo Saxon settlement associated with the cemetery is unknown, but is likely to be within 1km of the cemetery. Where the trench passes through this area there is high potential for the discovery of Anglo-Saxon artefacts, cut features and even human remains.

Linnet river valley (Fig. 5)

From Westgarth Gardens the cable follows the course of the river and the map evidence indicates that the river is largely unchanged. Peat deposits have developed in the base of the river valley where it has been sampled further to the east (BSE 207) and these deposits potentially hold clues to the nature of the surrounding ancient landscape. The proximity to the cemetery suggests the likelihood of Anglo-Saxon settlement activity within the Linnet valley and there is a possibility of finding this close to the river, with the added potential for waterlogged deposits.

Hodskinson's map shows a road (a continuation of Hospital/Abbots Road) crossing over the Linnet on his map of 1783 (Fig. 8) suggesting the site of a bridge the location of which is recorded on the SMR as HGR 008. A bridge is not shown on the OS map of 1883 but the indicated site of the bridge is directly on the line of the cable route.

Recommendations

The assessment has demonstrated that the suggested cable route passes through a succession of areas of archaeological interest, many of which are important to the understanding of the development of the town.

At the time of the compilation of this report the only information available about the trench is the proposed route, and no detail has been supplied about the size of the trench, its depth or position within the road. These factors would all have a bearing on the archaeological impact of the work and without these considerations it is impossible to be precise on the requirements for its protection. It is assumed that the trench will run down the roadway and is therefore unlikely to be within the range of possible shifting street frontages. However if the trench were to use the pavements at any point there is the potential for damage to archaeological deposits, if street lines have been widened or altered and this would have to be taken into consideration.

As it assumed that the new trench will be excavated through existing tarmac, and will be less than 1m wide, it is unlikely that full excavation of any stretches of the route will be required. It is therefore recommended that a programme of monitoring of the trench excavation will be

necessary in order to record potential archaeological deposits. Certain areas through which the route passes have been identified as being particularly archaeologically sensitive; these are the sections along Baker's and Maynewater Lanes; where the route passes through the West Gate; and the section along the Linnet valley. These would require the continuous presence of an archaeologist during excavation and are marked on the plan. Although some areas of the route do not appear to contain archaeological sites, this trench offers the opportunity to examine some of the unsampled areas of the town. The origins of Bury as a Saxon settlement and early medieval town mean that the entire cable trench, where it passes through the town, can be seen as having archaeological potential and should be subject to systematic monitoring.

David Gill
January 2005

References

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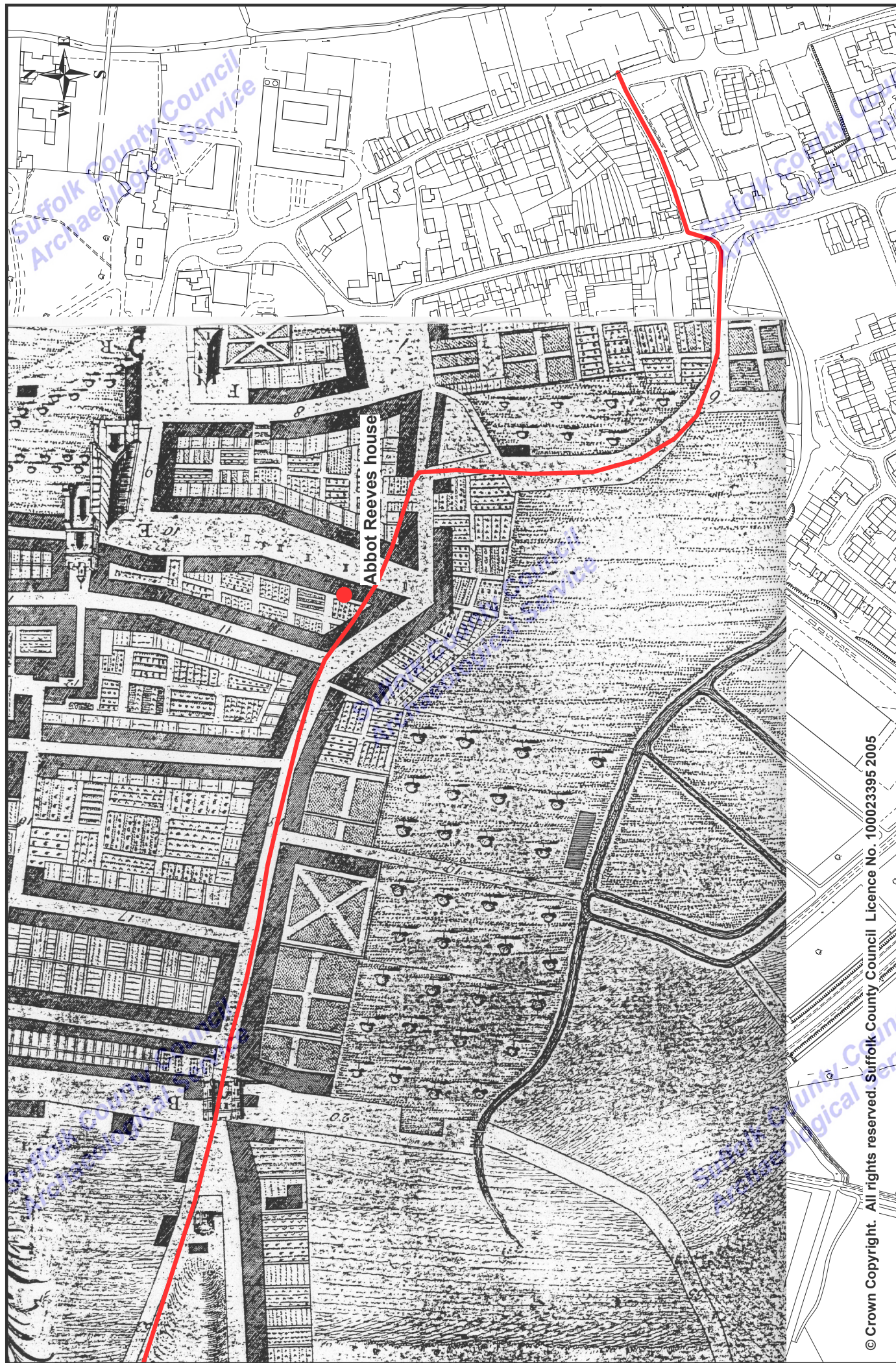


Figure 6. Cable route overlaid on Downing's map of 1740

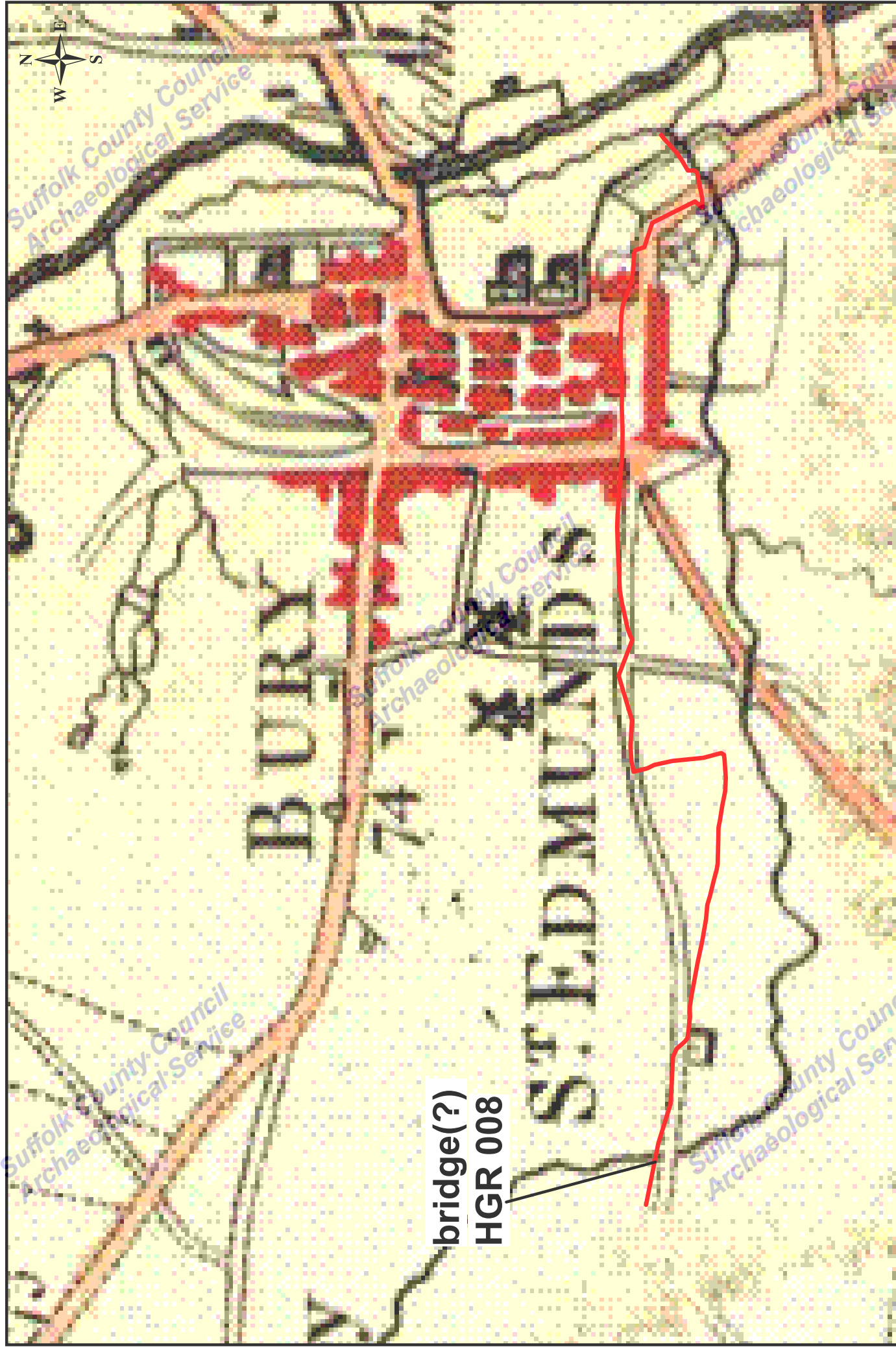


Figure 8. Hodkinson's map of Bury St Edmunds 1783

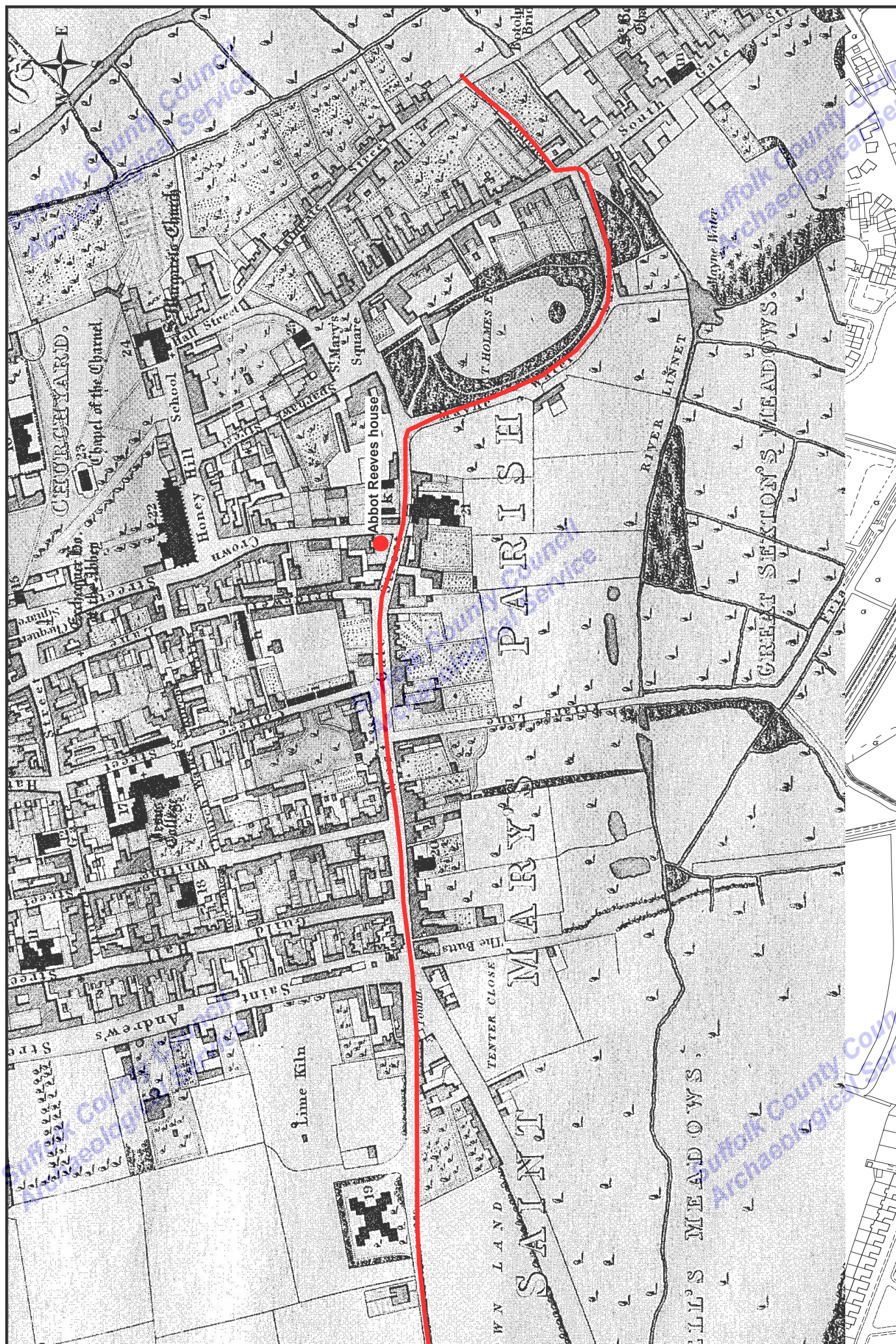


Figure 9. Cable route overlaid on Payne's map of 1834

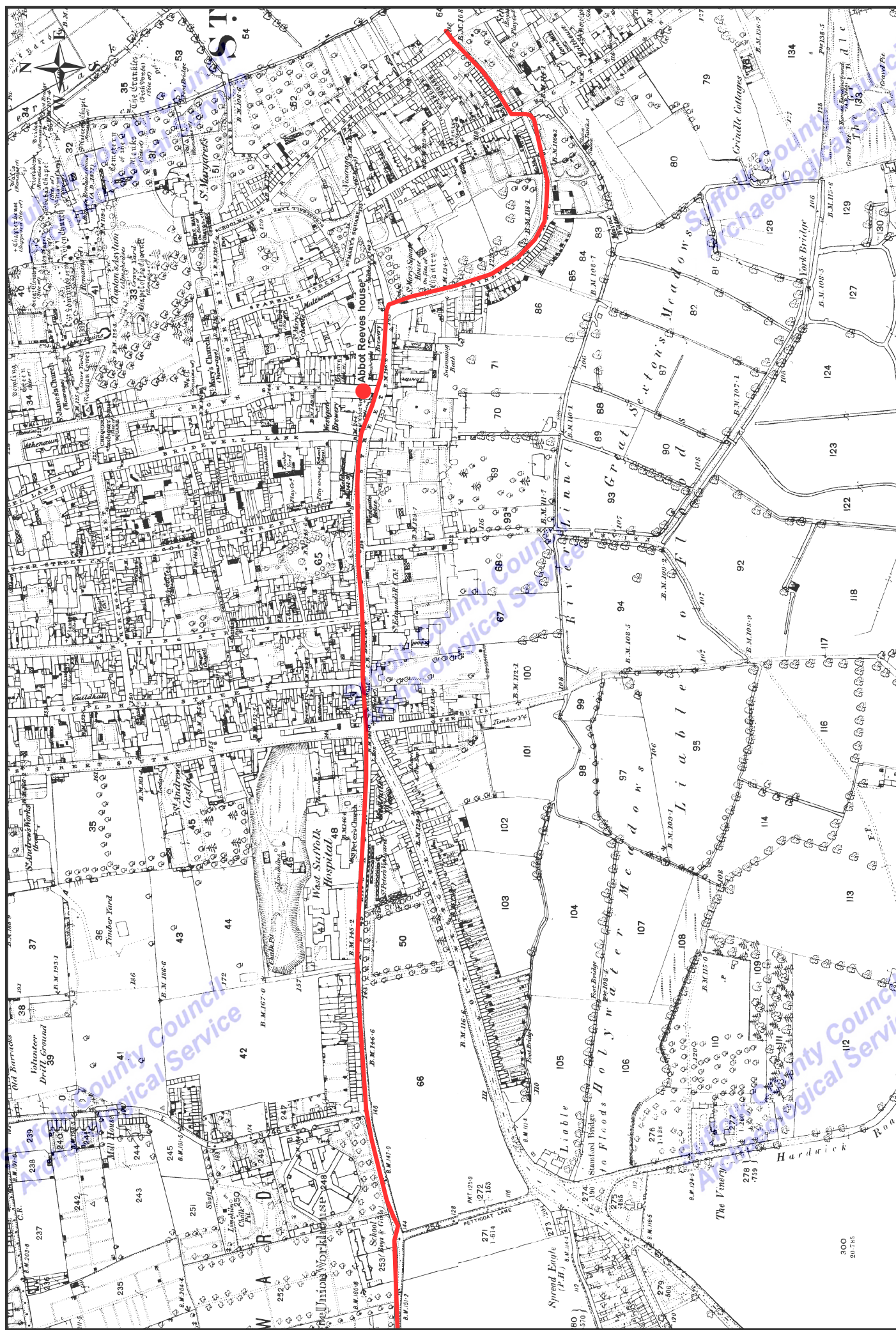


Figure 10. Cable route overlaid on the first edition Ordnance Survey, 1880

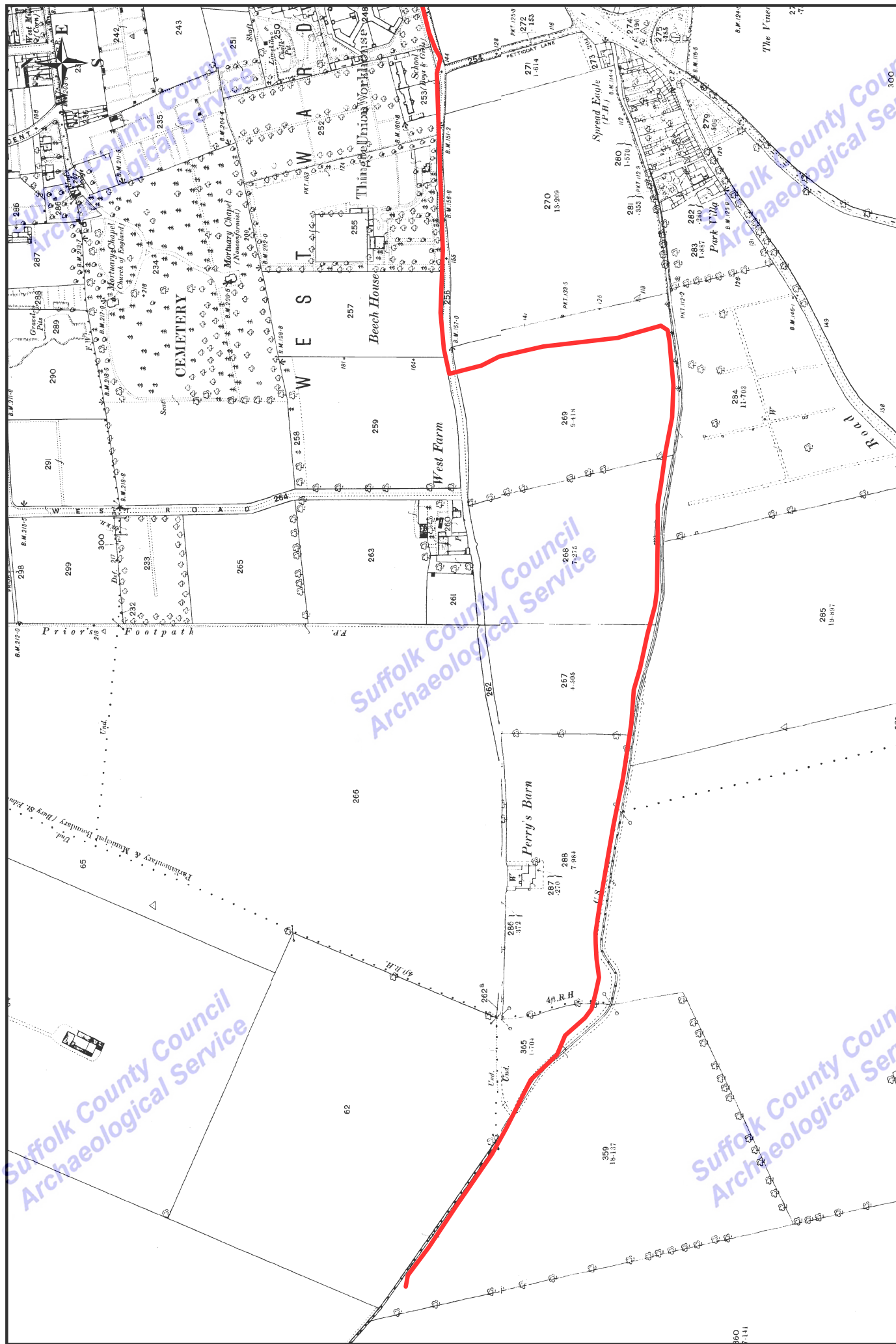


Figure 11. Cable route overlaid on the first edition Ordnance Survey, 1880 (continued)

Appendix 1 Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service Sites and Monuments Record

14/01/2005

Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY
SUFFOLK

Ref	Site Name	Period	Summary Description	NGR
BSE 003	21 Crown Street SF6699	Sax	One sherd Thetford ware found during brewery development work to a depth of 1-2m, unstratified (S1).	TL85626383
BSE 003	21 Crown Street SF6700	PMed	One pit and group of C16 pottery sherds found during brewery development work to a depth of 1-2m.	TL85626383
BSE 018	Our Lady's Chapel SF6718	Med	Our Lady's Chapel - supposed site of (S1).	TL85246378
BSE 020	SF6720	Med	Chantry - site of (S1).	TL85566380
BSE 021	St Botolph's Chapel SF6721	Med	St Botolph's Chapel - site of.	TL85976356
BSE 029	SF6730	Med	June 1959: Nine foot pit containing C11 cooking pot and animal bones, from deep pit at premises formerly known as The Maltings, St Andrews Street south (S1)(R1).	TL85206380
BSE 030	Westgarth Gardens SF11900	IA	LIA brooch excavated from upper fill of ESax grave (Grave 9) intrusive.	TL84256338
BSE 030	Westgarth Gardens SF14272	Preh	1972: Preh material found during excavation of ESax cemetery.	TL84256338
BSE 030	Westgarth Gardens SF14273	Rom	1972: Five unstratified Rom(?) sherds from Westgarth Gardens excavations, amongst material housed at SAU until 1993 (S1).	TL84256338
BSE 030	Westgarth Gardens SF14274	Med	1972: Med material found during excavation of ESax cemetery.	TL84256338
BSE 030	Westgarth Gardens SF6731	Sax	See Arttype for full list of artefacts.	TL84256338
BSE 043	Square House, St Mary's Square SF6744	Med	Excavation in vegetable garden prior to construction of car park.	TL85846367
BSE 044	Square House, St Mary's Square SF6745	Med	Area of archaeological interest around Square House Hotel (to be St Edmunds Nursing Home).	TL85706370
BSE 056	Church of St Edmund SF1673	PMed	In September 1983 the SIA visited the Roman Catholic church of St Edmund and saw the recently restored Blessed Sacrament Chapel - "church built by Jesuit Father John Gage, 1762.	TL85346374
BSE 066	Westgate SF10192	Med	West Gate of Bury St Edmunds, site of.	TL85266377
BSE 072	Abbot Road SF10802	Un	`28/9/57.	TL83646367
BSE 075	SF10940	PMed	Working `Lime Kiln' shown on Thos Warren's 1776 town map (S1).	TL85116372
BSE 075	Lym Kelne yerd (1458) SF16058	Med	Lime kilns at `Lym Kelne yerd' recorded in five deeds dating from 1458-1489 (S1).	TL85106370

Ref	Site Name	Period	Summary Description	NGR
BSE 076	SF10941	PMed	Area shown on Thos Warren's 1776 town map marked "Old Lime Kilns" (S1).	TL85186385
BSE 081	Rothe Bridge SF10990	Med	Southgate Street bridge, formerly called Rothe Bridge, built in C13.	TL85916360
BSE 091	SF12186	Un	May 1989: E-W ditch opposite 12 Cullum Road, visible in machine cut section (non-archaeological).	TL85266366
BSE 117	St Marys Square SF14557	Med	February 1994: Machine (mainly) excavation to subsoil surface of three trenches for planning application.	TL85806372
BSE 117	St Marys Square SF14558	Sax	February 1994: Three assessment trenches for planning application located mass of Med features, some including residual Ipswich ware sherds.	TL85806372
BSE 117	St Mary's Square SF19563	Pmed	Feb 1997: Monitoring revealed med and Pmed occupation	TL85796373
BSE 126	Green King Brewery North Yard SF16028	PMed	1995: Monitoring of construction trench prior to building new wall demonstrated series of C16/C17 and later horizons and features but nothing earlier, suggesting truncation of early deposits and rapid build up of soil to present level.	TL85636391
BSE 127	St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square House Hotel SF16029	Sax	October 1995: Evaluation of approximately 18 square metres in part (garden?) of former Square House Hotel, now St Edmunds Nursing Home.	TL85806366
BSE 127	St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square House Hotel SF17488	Med	Following evaluation of the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February & March 1996.	TL85806366
BSE 127	St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square House Hotel SF17489	Mes	Following evaluation at the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February and March 1996.	TL85806366
BSE 127	St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square House Hotel SF17490	Preh	Following evaluation at the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February and March 1996.	TL85806366
BSE 127	St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square House Hotel SF17491	Rom	Three Rom coins & possible Rom tile fragments from mainly Sax & Med site - details in (S1).	TL85806366
BSE 135	Batt House, Westgate Street SF19065	Med	Evaluation and monitoring revealed mainly Med finds.	TL85396380
BSE 135	Batt House, Westgate Street SF19066	PMed	Evaluation and monitoring revealed mainly Med finds.	TL85396380

Ref	Site Name	Period	Summary Description	NGR
BSE 139	Town Defences: W section SF16509	Sax	Assumed line of town ditch (see below) from the Risby Gate (BSE 067) to the West Gate (BSE 066).	TL85196442
BSE 139	Town Defences: W section SF16510	Med	Assumed line of town defences (wall, bank(?) & ditch?) between Risbygate (BSE 067) and Westgate (BSE 066) after Downing's & Warren's maps (S1)(S2).	TL85196442
BSE 139	Town Defences: W section SF16511	PMed	Assumed line of town wall between Risbygate (BSE 067) and Westgate (BSE 066) after Downing's and Warren's maps (S1)(S2).	TL85196442
BSE 144	47 Raingate Street SF16596	Sax	May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date.	TL85926371
BSE 144	47 Raingate Street SF16597	Med	May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date.	TL85926371
BSE 144	47 Raingate Street SF16598	PMed	May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date.	TL85926371
BSE 152	Thingoe Union Workhouse SF17780	PMed	Thingoe Union Workhouse, built 1835-6 (S2) 'X' plan.	TL84756380
BSE 155	7-11 Westgate Street SF18007	Med	Desk top (S1) and trenched evaluation in response to planning application (S2).	TL85506370
BSE 157	St Botolphs Bridge; River Linnet; Raingate Street SF18021	Med	Twin arched (stone?) bridge illustrated in drawing of 1848 (S1)(R1).	TL85996367
BSE 187	Cullum Road SF19238	Rom	Monitoring during housing uncovered large E-W Roman ditch.	TL85296366
BSE 187	Cullum Road SF19239	PMed	Monitoring during housing uncovered Roman ditch and other PMed finds.	TL85306364
BSE 190	27 College Street SF19076	Med	Watching Brief showed deep build up of dark soil - possible medieval pit. Finds were from buried soil but unstratified.	TL85496389
BSE 200	The Maltings, Westgate Street SF21036	Med	Excavation of small medieval site.	TL85486381
BSE 220	7 Sparhawk Street SF22036	Med	Group of 8 medieval domestic rubbish pits recorded at the rear of 7 Sparhawk Street during monitoring of groundworks.	TL85676387
BSE 225	Greene King, 24 Crown Street SF21925	PMed	Monitoring of trenches for the underpinning of two compound walls and reducing of ground levels located two pits, a flint wall & a C16 well.	TL85626382
BSE Misc	SF18671	Med	Walter of Banham (in the early C13) made an aquaduct of lead which brought water from its source two miles away to the Bury Abbey cloisters.	TL85696414
HGR 008	SF15112	PMed	Site of bridge crossing the River Linnet (S1).	TL83616360

SMR Number BSE 003 SF6699 **Record Type** Monument
Site Name 21 Crown Street **Period** Sax
 One sherd Thetford ware found during brewery development work to a depth of 1-2m, unstratified (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL85626383 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6699

Parish Code - BSE 003

Type and Date

Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD
 SITE - to FIND

Associated Finds

(POTTERY Late Saxon - 850 AD to 1065 AD CLAY
 THETFORD)

Description

One sherd Thetford ware found during brewery development work to a depth of 1-2m, unstratified (S1).
 Also PMed.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Carr R D, 1974
 (M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file:

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Greene King Limited, - Greene King Limited, Westgate, Bury St Edmunds.Land Owner
 Carr Robert - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service Compiler
 SAU (RDC) Reported by

SMR Number BSE 003 - SF6700

Site Name 21 Crown Street

SMR Number BSE 003 SF6700

Record Type Monument

Site Name 21 Crown Street

Period PMed

One pit and group of C16 pottery sherds found during brewery development work to a depth of 1-2m.

National Grid Reference

TL85626383 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6700

Parish Code - BSE 003

Type and Date

Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

FIND

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Medieval to Post Medieval - 1501 AD to 1600 AD

CLAY

Description

One pit and group of C16 pottery sherds found during brewery development work to a depth of 1-2m.
Also Sax.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Carr R D, 1974

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file:

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Greene King Limited, - Greene King Limited, Westgate, Bury St Edmunds.Land Owner

Carr Robert - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SAU (RDC)

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 018 - SF6718

Site Name Our Lady's Chapel

SMR Number BSE 018 SF6718

Record Type Monument

Site Name Our Lady's Chapel

Period Med

Our Lady's Chapel - supposed site of (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL85246378 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6718

Parish Code - BSE 018

National Monuments Record - TL86SE13

Type and Date

CHAPEL Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

UNCERTAIN EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Our Lady's Chapel - supposed site of (S1). Now under C20 pavement and partially under C20 road. Building shown on 1880s OS mapping.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: OS Card, , OS, , OS, card TL86SE13

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Plouviez Judith - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 020 - SF6720

Site Name

SMR Number BSE 020 SF6720

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period Med

Chantry - site of (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL85566380 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6720

Parish Code - BSE 020

National Monuments Record - TL86SE21

Type and Date

Chantry Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Chantry - site of (S1). Position on 1885 map is TL 8556 6381.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: OS Card, , OS, , OS, card TL86SE21

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Plouviez Judith - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 021 - SF6721

Site Name St Botolph's Chapel

SMR Number BSE 021 SF6721

Record Type Monument

Site Name St Botolph's Chapel

Period Med

St Botolph's Chapel - site of.

National Grid Reference

TL85976356 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6721

Parish Code - BSE 021

National Monuments Record - TL86SE24

Type and Date

CHAPEL Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

St Botolph's Chapel - site of. Was sited in the yard of the "White Hart" Inn and was possibly a Guild Chapel (S1). Location shown on OS maps and Warren's C18 maps of Bury. For picture (print) of view see (S2)(S3)(R1). Totally demolished circa 1801 (Gillingwater reference in Suffolk Record Office).

Sources

- (S1) Unpublished document: OS Card, , OS, , OS, card TL86SE24
- (S2) Bibliographic reference: Miscellaneous Bibliographic reference, , , , Yates Rev R. Hist & Antiq of the Abbey of St Edmund's Bury, 1843, ill, pt2, 48-
- (R1) Source Checked: Suffolk Record Office, , , , (B) , HD 1390
- (S3) Bibliographic reference: Miscellaneous Bibliographic reference, , , , Statham M, Yesterday's Town: Bury St Edmunds, 1992, 125, ill
- Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S3 - ill)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Plouviez Judith - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Reviser

Reviser

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 029 - SF6730

Site Name

SMR Number BSE 029 SF6730

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period Med

June 1959: Nine foot pit containing C11 cooking pot and animal bones, from deep pit at premises formerly known as The Maltings, St Andrews Street south (S1)(R1).

National Grid Reference

TL852638 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6730

Parish Code - BSE 029

Type and Date

FEATURE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to (FINDS SCATTER)

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Late Saxon to Medieval - 1001 AD to 1100 AD CLAY

ANIMAL Late Saxon to Medieval - 1001 AD to 1100 AD BONE

REMAINS

Description

June 1959: Nine foot pit containing C11 cooking pot and animal bones, from deep pit at premises formerly known as The Maltings, St Andrews Street south (S1)(R1). From the cellar floor were found pottery and animal bones from both the C11th and C15th.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Basil Brown Archive, , Basil Brown, , Brown B, card index 82 with section under cellar floor.

(R1) : , , , , Edwardson A R, BSEMH, circa 1959

(M1) Unpublished document: Basil Brown Archive, , Basil Brown, , Basil Brown archive: card index

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Plouviez Judith - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

Edwardson A R

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 030 - SF6731

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

SMR Number BSE 030 SF6731

Record Type Monument

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

Period Sax

See Arttype for full list of artefacts.

National Grid Reference

TL84256338 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6731

Parish Code - BSE 030

National Monuments Record - TL86SW17

Type and Date

CEMETERY Early Saxon to Middle Saxon - 601 AD to 700 AD

CEMETERY Early Saxon to Middle Saxon - 601 AD to 700 AD

INHUMATION Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD

CREMATION Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

VESSEL	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	GLASS
(POTTERY)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	CLAY
(EQUAL ARMED BROOCH)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
TEXTILE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	
SWORD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
(SPEARHEAD)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
FERRULE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
SHIELD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
SHIELD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	
KNIFE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
PURSE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
PURSE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
ANNULAR BROOCH	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
(SQUARE HEADED brooch)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
(CRUCIFORM BROOCH)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
SLEEVE CLASP	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
GIRDLE HANGER	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
BUCKLE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
BUCKLE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
TWEEZERS	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
SHEARS	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
BEAD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	AMBER
BEAD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	GLASS
BEAD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
BEAD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	STONE
COMB	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BONE

SMR Number BSE 030 - SF6731 **Site Name** Westgarth Gardens

FIGURINE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
FIGURINE	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
KEY (LOCKING)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
(STRAP END)	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
BUCKET	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON
PIN	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	BRONZE
	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	STONE
SCABBARD	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	WOOD
BELT	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	
STRIKE A LIGHT	Early Saxon - 410 AD to 649 AD	IRON

Description

See Arttype for full list of artefacts.

Early C5-C7 cemetery. Part excavated, 67 graves with 4 cremations. Glass vessel with two lugs; cone beaker; equal arm brooch (S1)(S2)(S3). For details of finds & excavation - see (S4) & further discussion and comparison with the Holywell Row cemetery (MNL 084) - see (S5).

Also IA.

Sources

- (S3) Unpublished document: Basil Brown Archive, , Basil Brown, , Brown B, LXXXVI, 7 - newspaper cutting reporting first find of skeletons
- (S1) Unpublished document: OS Card, , OS, , OS, card TL86SW17
- (S5) : , , , Pader E J, 'Symbolism, Social Relations & the Interpretation of Mortuary Remains', BAR Int series, 1
- (S2) Bibliographic reference: Proceedings of the Suffolk Institute of Archaeology, , , PSIA, 32, 1972, 283
- (S4) : , , , West S E, 'The Anglo-Saxon Cemetery at Westgarth Gardens, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk: Catalogue', EAA
- (M1) Unpublished document: Basil Brown Archive, , Basil Brown, , Basil Brown archive: volume
- (M2) : , , , Excavation archive:
- (M3) : , , , Photographs: BZN 1-3, 20, CRU 1-3, 15-21, 28-41; CRV-CRZ

Associated Events

SF15358 Event - Intervention: Excavated by West S E, 01/01/1972 -

Associated Individuals

Plouviez Judith - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service	Compiler
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service	Reviser
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service	Reviser

SMR Number BSE 030 - SF11900

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

SMR Number BSE 030 SF11900

Record Type Monument

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

Period IA

LIA brooch excavated from upper fill of ESax grave (Grave 9) intrusive.

National Grid Reference

TL84256338 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 11900

Parish Code - BSE 030

Type and Date

Iron Age - 800 BC to 42 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

BOW BROOCH Iron Age - 800 BC? to 42 AD?

BRONZE

TEXTILE Iron Age - 800 BC? to 42 AD?

Description

LIA brooch excavated from upper fill of ESax grave (Grave 9) intrusive. Traces of textile preserved by metallic oxide replacement - tabby weave with folds, one area clear (S1). Also pottery (IA?), with flint fillers, and worked flints from Preh site - see Preh.

Also Sax, Preh, Rom & Med.

Sources

(S1) : , , , West S E, 'The Anglo-Saxon cemetery at Westgarth Gardens, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk - Catalogue', EAA

Associated Events

SF15357 Event - Intervention: Excavated by West S E, 01/01/1972 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

West S E

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 030 - SF14273

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

SMR Number BSE 030 SF14273

Record Type Monument

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

Period Rom

1972: Five unstratified Rom(?) sherds from Westgarth Gardens excavations, amongst material housed at SAU until 1993 (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL84256338 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 14273

Parish Code - BSE 030

Type and Date

Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Roman - 43 AD? to 409 AD?

CLAY

Description

1972: Five unstratified Rom(?) sherds from Westgarth Gardens excavations, amongst material housed at SAU until 1993 (S1).

Further Rom items may(?) be located with material held by Moyses Hall Museum. Also Preh, IA, Sax & Med.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , West S E, 1972

Associated Events

SF15347 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (SEW), 01/01/1972 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (SEW)

Compiler
Reported by

SMR Number BSE 030 - SF14274

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

SMR Number BSE 030 SF14274

Record Type Monument

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

Period Med

1972: Med material found during excavation of ESax cemetery.

National Grid Reference

TL84256338 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 14274

Parish Code - BSE 030

Type and Date

Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD? CLAY
THETFORD)

(POTTERY ST Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD? CLAY
NEOTS)

(POTTERY) Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD? CLAY

Description

1972: Med material found during excavation of ESax cemetery. Med finds within material housed with SAU until 1993 includes: Grave 6 (Sax): rim sherd C13/C14. Unstratified: 1 Thetford type ware (?) rim, 1 St Neots type rim, 1 externally glazed LMed/Early PMed sherd, 2 PMed sherds. Other Med items may(?) be located with material held by Moyses Hall Museum. Also Preh, IA, Rom & Sax.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , West S E, 1972

Associated Events

SF15348 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (SEW), 01/01/1972 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (SEW)

Compiler
Reported by

SMR Number BSE 030 - SF14272

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

SMR Number BSE 030 SF14272

Record Type Monument

Site Name Westgarth Gardens

Period Preh

1972: Preh material found during excavation of ESax cemetery.

National Grid Reference

TL84256338 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 14272

Parish Code - BSE 030

Type and Date

FEATURE Prehistoric - 500000 BC to 42 AD

PIT Prehistoric - 500000 BC to 42 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Early Neolithic - 4000 BC to 3001 BC CLAY

WORKED Early Neolithic - 4000 BC to 3001 BC FLINT

OBJECT

(POTTERY) Early Neolithic - 4000 BC to 3001 BC CLAY

PETERBOROUGH

H)

Description

1972: Preh material found during excavation of ESax cemetery. Includes: unstratified - 5 sherds with flint fillers including one rim and one body sherd with finger nail decoration; unstratified (?) - 322 struck flints (predominantly crudely flaked and flakes rather than blades) including 11 cores. Of 311 flakes, 203 (65%) have cortex remaining suggesting core preparation on site, the remaining 108 are generally much smaller. Pit I: 1 flint filled sherd and four small flint blades (no other finds noted so probably Preh pit).

Grave 34 (Sax): 1 small dark decorated sherd. Originally considered as Neo 'Peterborough' ware but possibly ESax.

Grave 64 (Sax): 2 struck flakes.

Grave 6 (Sax cremation grave): flint end scraper.

All in material housed at SAU up to 1993 - material (mostly Sax) housed in Moyses Hall.

Also IA, Sax, Rom & Med.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , West S E, 1972

Associated Events

SF15349 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (SEW), 01/01/1972 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SAU (SEW)

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 043 - SF6744

Site Name Square House, St Mary's Square

SMR Number BSE 043 SF6744

Record Type Monument

Site Name Square House, St Mary's Square

Period Med

Excavation in vegetable garden prior to construction of car park.

National Grid Reference

TL85846367 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6744

Parish Code - BSE 043

Type and Date

Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?

CLAY

(POTTERY Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?

CLAY

THETFORD)

Description

Excavation in vegetable garden prior to construction of car park. Pits with Med and Thetford pottery sherds. Assume association with tenements fronting onto Southgate Street (S1).

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Carr R D, 1979

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file:

Associated Events

SF15018 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (RDC), 01/03/1979 -

Associated Individuals

St Edmunds Nursing H - St Edmunds Nursing Home Trust (Agent:
Heaton, Abbo

Land Owner

Carr Robert - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 044 - SF6745

Site Name Square House, St Mary's Square

SMR Number BSE 044 SF6745

Record Type Monument

Site Name Square House, St Mary's Square

Period Med

Area of archaeological interest around Square House Hotel (to be St Edmunds Nursing Home).

National Grid Reference

TL857637 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 6745

Parish Code - BSE 044

Type and Date

Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

Description

Area of archaeological interest around Square House Hotel (to be St Edmunds Nursing Home).
Trial excavation and boreholes (S1).

Sources

(S1) : , , , Carr R D, Archaeol potential BSE, EAA 1, 1975, 51

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file:

Associated Events

SF15204 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (RDC), 01/01/1978 -

Associated Individuals

St Edmunds Nursing H - St Edmunds Nursing Home Trust (Agent: Land Owner
Heaton, Abbo

Carr Robert - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service Compiler

SMR Number BSE 056 - SF1673

Site Name Church of St Edmund

SMR Number BSE 056 SF1673

Record Type Monument

Site Name Church of St Edmund

Period PMed

In September 1983 the SIA visited the Roman Catholic church of St Edmund and saw the recently restored Blessed Sacrament Chapel - "church built by Jesuit Father John Gage, 1762.

National Grid Reference

TL85346374 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 1673

Parish Code - BSE 056

National Monuments Record - TL86SE73

Type and Date

CHURCH Post Medieval - 1701 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to EXTANT BUILDING

Associated Finds

Description

In September 1983 the SIA visited the Roman Catholic church of St Edmund and saw the recently restored Blessed Sacrament Chapel - "church built by Jesuit Father John Gage, 1762. St Edmund's (architect Day of Worcester) dedicated 14 December 1837. Curved sanctuary steps and apse behind altar typical features of Jesuit church. Fittings include a number of features removed from Rushbrooke Hall. Church connected to Blessed Sacrament Chapel by finely engraved glass doors by Stephen Oliver" (S1).

"Church of St Edmund is a gault brick building with an imposing Ionic entrance portico. It was built in 1838 from designs by Charles Day, in the Greek revival style" (S2).

"At the W end is an alms box made from the wood of the tree to which (tradition says) St Edmund was bound during his martyrdom at Hoxne" (precis) (S3).

Sources

(S3) : , , , , Barker H R, West Suffolk Illustrated, Bury St Edmunds 1907, 77-78

(S2) Unpublished document: OS Card, , OS, , OS, card TL86SE73, 1980

(S1) Bibliographic reference: Proceedings of the Suffolk Institute of Archaeology, , , , PSIA, 35, 1984, (4), 334

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Atkinson Robert - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 066 - SF10192

Site Name Westgate

SMR Number BSE 066 SF10192

Record Type Monument

Site Name Westgate

Period Med

West Gate of Bury St Edmunds, site of.

National Grid Reference

TL85266377 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 10192

Parish Code - BSE 066

Type and Date

Gateway Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

West Gate of Bury St Edmunds, site of. Shown on Thomas Warren's 1776 map of Bury (S1).

Sources

(S1) : , , , , EAA, 1, 1975, 53, fig 30 (copy of Warren's map)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 072 - SF10802

Site Name Abbot Road

SMR Number BSE 072 SF10802

Record Type Monument

Site Name Abbot Road

Period Un

`28/9/57.

National Grid Reference

TL83646367 Point A

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 10802

Parish Code - BSE 072

Type and Date

INHUMATION - to

SITE - to

Associated Finds

Description

`28/9/57. Skeleton in shallow grave in chalk. No material.' Noted on border of BSEMH map and sited, with cross, to TL 8364 6367 (approx)(S1).

Sources

(S1) : , , , , BSEMH, 6 inch record map, 44 NW, A R Edwardson entry, 28/9/1957

(M1) : , , , , Microfilm: (S1)

Associated Events

SF15039 Event - Intervention: Excavated by BSEMH (Edwardson A R), 28/09/1947 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

BSEMH (Edwardson A R

Reported by

BSEMH (Edwardson A R

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Reported by

Site Name Abbot Road

[illegible]

SMR Number BSE 072 - SF10802 **Site Name** Abbot Road

SMR Number BSE 075 SF16058 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name Lym Kelne yerd (1458)

Period Med

Lime kilns at 'Lym Kelne yerd' recorded in five deeds dating from 1458-1489 (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL851637 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16058

Parish Code - BSE 075

Type and Date

LIME KILN Medieval - 1401 AD to 1500 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Lime kilns at 'Lym Kelne yerd' recorded in five deeds dating from 1458-1489 (S1).
Also PMed.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , Deeds, SRO (Bury), EL 13/12/17, 1458-1489

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 075 - SF10940

Site Name

SMR Number BSE 075 SF10940

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period PMed

Working 'Lime Kiln' shown on Thos Warren's 1776 town map (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL85116372 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 10940

Parish Code - BSE 075

Type and Date

LIME KILN Post Medieval - 1701 AD to 1800 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Working 'Lime Kiln' shown on Thos Warren's 1776 town map (S1). For other contemporary Bury St Edmunds lime kilns - see BSE 076-079. Not shown on 1885 1:500 map. Also recorded in C15 - see Med.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , Warren T, map, St Edmunds Bury, 1776

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

Warren T

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 076 - SF10941

Site Name

SMR Number BSE 076 SF10941

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period PMed

Area shown on Thos Warren's 1776 town map marked "Old Lime Kilns" (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL85186385

Point

C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish

BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 10941

Parish Code - BSE 076

Type and Date

LIME KILN Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Area shown on Thos Warren's 1776 town map marked "Old Lime Kilns" (S1). For other contemporary 'working' kilns, see BSE 075, 077-079. Two kilns shown on 1:500 1886 maps at TL 8507 6385 & TL 8511 6387.

Sources

(S1) : , , , Warren T, map, St Edmunds Bury, 1776

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Warren T

Compiler
Reported by

SMR Number BSE 081 - SF10990 **Site Name** Rothe Bridge

SMR Number BSE 081 SF10990 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name Rothe Bridge **Period** Med

Southgate Street bridge, formerly called Rothe Bridge, built in C13.

National Grid Reference

TL85916360 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 10990

Parish Code - BSE 081

Type and Date

BRIDGE Medieval - 1201 AD to 1300 AD

WALL Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

TOWN Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

DEFENCES

SITE - to

STRUCTURE

Associated Finds

Description

Southgate Street bridge, formerly called Rothe Bridge, built in C13. Said, in 1916, to have been in perfect state of preservation (S3). Surviving stone groining under-ribs of Med bridge over River Linnet, noted and sketched by Stanley West in August 1970 (S1). W half now built over by widening of Southgate Street/Mainwater Lane. Revealed in 1970 during road widening which also showed a flint rubble wall, two feet thick embanking the N bank of the river only, possibly the line of an early (town) boundary (S2). Further Med bridge over Linnet on Raingate Street - see BSE 157.

Sources

(S1) : , , , SAU, West S E, record file, ms, August 1970

(S3) : , , , Tymms, Handbook of Bury St Edmunds, 1916

(S2) : , , , West S E, 'The Excavation of the Town Defences at Tayfen Road, Bury St Edmunds 1968', PSIA, 32, 1970

Associated Events

SF13300 Event - Survey: Site Visit by West S E, 01/12/1970 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

West S E

Compiler

Reviser

Reviser

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 091 - SF12186

Site Name

SMR Number BSE 091 SF12186

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period Un

May 1989: E-W ditch opposite 12 Cullum Road, visible in machine cut section (non-archaeological).

National Grid Reference

TL85266366 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 12186

Parish Code - BSE 091

Type and Date

DITCH - to

FEATURE - to

SITE - to

Associated Finds

Description

May 1989: E-W ditch opposite 12 Cullum Road, visible in machine cut section (non-archaeological). Ditch 3.7m wide where it cut natural chalk, and in excess of 1m deep. No finds visible in fill. Notes and sketch sections in parish file (S1). Probably continuation of Roman ditch, BSE 187.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Tester A, site report, BSE 091, February 1991, sketch sections

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: (S1)

Associated Events

SF15178 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (AT), 16/05/1989 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SAU (AT)

Reported by

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 117 - SF14557 **Site Name** St Marys Square

SMR Number BSE 117 SF14557 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name St Marys Square

Period Med

February 1994: Machine (mainly) excavation to subsoil surface of three trenches for planning application.

National Grid Reference

TL85806372 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 14557

Parish Code - BSE 117

Type and Date

FEATURE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

PIT Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

OVEN Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY ST Late Saxon to Medieval - 850 AD? to 1300 AD? CLAY
NEOTS)

(POTTERY) Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD? CLAY

ANIMAL Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD? BONE
REMAINS

Description

February 1994: Machine (mainly) excavation to subsoil surface of three trenches for planning application. Mass of features observed, recorded and partly excavated. Pottery includes shelly (St Neots type?) wares. Details to follow (S1).

1997: Monitoring of footings revealed med occupation site. Numerous pits and an oven were found, & an area of post-medieval pits. (S2)

Also Sax.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Gill D, Assessment Archive

(M1) : , , , , Assessment archive:

(S2) Unpublished document: Monitoring Report, , Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service, ,
Monitoring report No. 97/04

Associated Events

SF15371 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (DG), 10/02/1994 -

SF18376 Event - Interpretation: Monitoring/Excavation - Caruth, J, -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SAU (DG)

Reported by

Bales Ellen - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 117 - SF14558 **Site Name** St Marys Square

SMR Number BSE 117 SF14558 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name St Marys Square

Period Sax

February 1994: Three assessment trenches for planning application located mass of Med features, some including residual Ipswich ware sherds.

National Grid Reference

TL85806372 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 14558

Parish Code - BSE 117

Type and Date

Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD
IPSWICH)

CLAY

Description

February 1994: Three assessment trenches for planning application located mass of Med features, some including residual Ipswich ware sherds. Details to follow (S1).

Circa 1997: Area monitoring see (S2). Saxon occupation not ruled out. No evidence to support PMed dwellings.

February 2000: Watching Brief located made-up ground and deeper pits plus chalk surfaces (floors?) of ?PMed date. Details in (S3).

Also see Med for St Neots type wares.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Gill D, Assessment Archive

(M1) : , , , , Assessment archive:

(S2) Unpublished document: Site Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Caruth J, SCCAS Report 97/4, February 1997, ill

(S3) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Caruth J, Watching Brief Report, April 2000

Associated Events

SF15370 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (DG), 10/02/1994 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (DG)

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Reported by

Reviser

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 117 - SF19563

Site Name St Mary's Square

SMR Number BSE 117 SF19563

Record Type Monument

Site Name St Mary's Square

Period Pmed

Feb 1997: Monitoring revealed med and Pmed occupation

National Grid Reference

TL857637 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 19563

Parish Code - BSE 117

Type and Date

PIT Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

WELL Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD CLAY

Description

Feb 1997: Monitoring of footing trenches for two new buildings on plot of land off St Mary's Square revealed P Med pits including two flint and mortar-lined wells which were found in the north of the site. (S1)
Med also.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Monitoring Report, , Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service, ,
Monitoring report no. 97/04

Associated Events

SF18376 Event - Interpretation: Monitoring/Excavation - Caruth, J, -

Associated Individuals

Bales Ellen - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service Compiler

SMR Number BSE 126 - SF16028 **Site Name** Green King Brewery North Yard

SMR Number BSE 126 SF16028 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name Green King Brewery North Yard

Period PMed

1995: Monitoring of construction trench prior to building new wall demonstrated series of C16/C17 and later horizons and features but nothing earlier, suggesting truncation of early deposits and rapid build up of soil to present level.

National Grid Reference

TL85636391 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16028

Parish Code - BSE 126

Type and Date

PIT Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

BUILDING Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Medieval to Post Medieval - 1501 AD to 1700 AD CLAY

Description

1995: Monitoring of construction trench prior to building new wall demonstrated series of C16/C17 and later horizons and features but nothing earlier, suggesting truncation of early deposits and rapid build up of soil to present level. The pits were not excavated and may be medieval below the upper fills. Details in (S1)(S2).

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU, Gill D, Assessment/Excavation archive, ill

(M1) : , , , , Excavation archive:

(S2) Unpublished document: Site Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Gill D, Monitoring Report: Greene King Brewery, North Yard (BSE 126), April 1995, ill

Associated Events

SF15565 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (DG), 07/04/1995 -

Associated Individuals

Green King Breweries - Green King Breweries

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

SAU (DG)

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Land Owner

Compiler

Reported by

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF16029 **Site Name** St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hous

SMR Number BSE 127 SF16029 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hous **Period** Sax

October 1995: Evaluation of approximately 18 square metres in part (garden?) of former Square House Hotel, now St Edmunds Nursing Home.

National Grid Reference

TL85806366 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16029

Parish Code - BSE 127

Type and Date

FEATURE Early Saxon to Middle Saxon - 410 AD to 849 AD
DITCH Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD
PIT Early Saxon to Middle Saxon - 410 AD to 849 AD
SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY THETFORD)	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	CLAY
(POTTERY IPSWICH)	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	CLAY
(POTTERY)	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	CLAY
SLEEVE CLASP	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	BRONZE
HUMAN REMAINS	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	BONE
COIN	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	SILVER
METAL WORKING DEBRIS	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	IRON
ANIMAL REMAINS	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	BONE
PIN	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	BRONZE
COMB	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	BONE
QUERN	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	LAVA
METAL WORKING DEBRIS	Middle Saxon - 650 AD to 849 AD	CLAY

Description

October 1995: Evaluation of approximately 18 square metres in part (garden?) of former Square House Hotel, now St Edmunds Nursing Home. For former evaluations in area see BSE 043,044 & 117. Ditches, 1 Rom coin and Thetford(?) type ware found. Details in (S1).

Feb/March 196: Excavating as a result of evaluation above, provided evidence for activity at the site in the Mes, LNeo and ESax periods, but occupation intensified during the MSax period when a boundary ditch was cut across the south of the excavated area. Most of the MSax features were close to the ditch, and it seems likely that any major occupation in the area would have been concentrated to the south of this ditch. Some LSax pottery was found, and one large rubbish pit could date from the end of this period. However, the suggestion that this area formed the main focus of settlement in the pre- Abbey town of Bedericworth has not been substantiated.

The site seems to have flourished during the Med period, although most of the features, which include a possible structure and a grain drier, were probably of LC12 or C13 date. LMed features suggest that the area formed back gardens and allotments for the houses fronting Southgate Street. Their distance from this road was probably the cause of a decline in usage by the C15, although other factors, such as a shift in population away from the centre of town may also be involved.

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF16029

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hous

See (S2) for details.
Also Mes, Preh, Rom & Med.

Sources

(S2) : , , , SAU, Anderson S et al, SCCAS Report, 96/31, November 1996, ill

(S1) : , , , SAU, Tester A, Archaeological Evaluation Report, SCCAS 95/10, October 1995

(M1) : , , , Evaluation archive:

(M2) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: (S1)(S2)

Associated Events

SF15747 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (AT), 05/10/1995 -

SF16098 Event - Intervention: Excavation - Gill D, 01/02/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

SAU (AT)

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF17490 **Site Name** St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou

SMR Number BSE 127 SF17490 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou **Period** Preh

Following evaluation at the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February and March 1996.

National Grid Reference

TL85806366 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 17490

Parish Code - BSE 127

Type and Date

DITCH Prehistoric - 500000 BC to 42 AD

PIT Prehistoric - 500000 BC to 42 AD

FEATURE Prehistoric - 500000 BC to 42 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

WORKED Prehistoric - 500000 BC? to 42 AD? FLINT
OBJECT

(POTTERY Prehistoric - 500000 BC? to 42 AD? CLAY
GROOVED)

POLISHED KNIFE Prehistoric - 500000 BC? to 42 AD? FLINT

POLISHED Prehistoric - 500000 BC? to 42 AD? FLINT

AXEHEAD

(POTTERY) Prehistoric - 500000 BC? to 42 AD? CLAY

Description

Following evaluation at the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February and March 1996. Excavations provided evidence for activity in the Mesolithic, Late Neolithic and Early Saxon periods, but occupation only intensified during the Middle Saxon period when a boundary ditch was cut across the south of the excavated area. Most of the Middle Saxon features were close to the ditch, and it seems likely that any major occupation in the area would have been concentrated to the S of the ditch. Some LSax pottery was found, and one large rubbish pit could date from the end of Med period. However, the suggestion that this area formed the main focus of settlement in the pre- Abbey town of Bedericsworth has not been substantiated. The site seems to have flourished during the Med period, although most of the features, which include a possible structure and a grain drier, were probably of late C12 or C13 date. Later Med features suggest that the area formed back gardens and allotments for the houses fronting Southgate Street. Their distance from this road was probably the cause of a decline in usage by the C15, although other factors, such as a shift in population away from the centre of town may also be involved. Details in (S2).
Also Mes, Rom, Sax & Med.

Sources

(S2) : , , , SAU (Anderson S), SCCAS Report, 96/31, November 1996, ill

(S1) : , , , SAU (Tester A), Archaeological Evaluation Report, SCCAS 95/10. October 1995, ill

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: (S1)(S2)

(M2) : , , , Excavation archive:

Associated Events

SF15746 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (DG), 01/02/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF17490

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou

SAU (DG)

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 127 SF17489

Record Type Monument

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou

Period Mes

Following evaluation at the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February and March 1996.

National Grid Reference

TL85806366

Point

C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish

BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 17489

Parish Code - BSE 127

Type and Date

Mesolithic - 10000 BC to 4001 BC

SITE - to

Associated Finds

WORKED Mesolithic - 10000 BC? to 4001 BC?
OBJECT

FLINT

Description

Following evaluation at the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February and March 1996. Excavations provided evidence for activity in the Mesolithic, Late Neolithic and Early Saxon periods, but occupation only intensified during the Middle Saxon period when a boundary ditch was cut across the south of the excavated area. Most of the Middle Saxon features were close to the ditch, and it seems likely that any major occupation in the area would have been concentrated to the S of this ditch. Some LSax pottery was found, and one large rubbish pit could date from the end of Med period. However the suggestion that this area formed the main focus of settlement in the pre- Abbey town of Bedericsworth has not been substantiated. The site seems to have flourished during the Med period, although most of the features, which include a possible structure and a grain drier, were probably of late C12 or C13 date. Later Med features suggest that the area formed back gardens and allotments for the houses fronting Southgate Street. Their distance from this road was probably the cause of a decline in usage by the C15, although other factors such as a shift in population away from the centre of town may also be involved. Details in (S2).
Also Preh, Rom, Sax & Med.

Sources

(S2) : , , , , SAU (Anderson S), SCCAS Report, 96/31, November 1996, ill

(S1) : , , , , SAU (Tester A), Archaeological Evaluation Report, SCCAS 95/10, October 1995, ill

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: (S1)(S2)

(M2) : , , , , Excavation archive:

Associated Events

SF15745 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (DG), 01/02/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (DG)

Compiler

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF17491 **Site Name** St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou

SMR Number BSE 127 SF17491 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou **Period** Rom

Three Rom coins & possible Rom tile fragments from mainly Sax & Med site - details in (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL85806366 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 17491

Parish Code - BSE 127

Type and Date

Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

COIN Roman - 43 AD? to 409 AD? BRONZE

Description

Three Rom coins & possible Rom tile fragments from mainly Sax & Med site - details in (S1).

Also Mes, Preh, Sax & Med.

Sources

(S2) : , , , , SAU (Anderson S), SCCAS Report, 96/31, November 1996, ill

(S1) : , , , , SAU (Tester A), Archaeological Evaluation Report, SCCAS 95/10, October 1995, ill

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: (S1)(S2)

(M2) : , , , , Excavation archive:

Associated Events

SF15743 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (DG), 01/02/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SAU (DG)

Reported by

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF17488 **Site Name** St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou

SMR Number BSE 127 SF17488 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou **Period** Med

Following evaluation of the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February & March 1996.

National Grid Reference

TL85806366 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 17488

Parish Code - BSE 127

Type and Date

DITCH Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
CORN DRYING Medieval - 1101 AD to 1300 AD
KILN
FEATURE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
BUILDING Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
PIT Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
POST HOLE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY EARLY MEDIEVAL)	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	CLAY
(POTTERY ST NEOTS)	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	CLAY
ARROWHEAD	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	IRON
WEIGHT	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	LEAD
(POTTERY)	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	CLAY
ANIMAL REMAINS	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	BONE
QUERN	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	LAVA
HORSESHOE	Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD	IRON

Description

Following evaluation of the site in October 1995 (S1), excavations were carried out in the grounds of St Edmund's Hospital and Nursing Home in advance of construction of an extension during February & March 1996. Excavations provided evidence for activity at the site in the Mesolithic, Late Neolithic and Early Saxon periods, but occupation only intensified during the Middle Saxon when a boundary ditch was cut across the south of the excavated area. Most of the Middle Saxon features were close to the ditch, and it seems likely that any major occupation in the area would have been concentrated to the S of this ditch. Some Late Saxon pottery was found, and one large rubbish pit could date from the end of this period. However, the suggestion that this area formed the main focus of settlement in the pre- Abbey town of Bedericsworth had not been substantiated.

The site seems to have flourished during the medieval period, although most of the features, which include a possible structure and a grain drier, were probably of Late C12 or C13 date. Later medieval features suggest that the area formed back gardens and allotments for the houses fronting Southgate Street. Their distance from this road was probably the cause of a decline in usage by the C15, although other factors, such as a shift in population away from the centre of town may also be involved. Details in (S2). Also Mes, Preh, Rom & Sax.

Sources

(S2) : , , , , SAU (Anderson S), SCCAS Report, 96/31, November 1996, ill

(S1) : , , , , SAU (Tester A), Archaeological Evaluation Report, SCCAS 95/10, October 1995, ill

SMR Number BSE 127 - SF17488

Site Name St Edmunds Nursing Home; Square Hou

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: (S1)(S2)

(M2) : , , , , Excavation archive:

Associated Events

SF15744 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (AT), 05/10/1995 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (AT)

Compiler
Reported by

SMR Number BSE 135 - SF19066 **Site Name** Batt House, Westgate Street

SMR Number BSE 135 SF19066

Record Type Monument

Site Name Batt House, Westgate Street

Period PMed

Evaluation and monitoring revealed mainly Med finds.

National Grid Reference

TL853638 Area

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 19066

Parish Code - BSE 135

Type and Date

FEATURE Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD

PIT Medieval - 1101 AD to 1300 AD

WELL Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD

WALL - to

CESS PIT Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1900 AD

KILN Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

(FINDS SCATTER)

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD

CLAY

TILE Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD

CLAY

BRICK Post Medieval - 1801 AD to 1900 AD

CLAY

PIN Medieval to Post Medieval - 1401 AD to 1700 AD

BRONZE

Description

Archaeological monitoring work carried out during the building of an extension to Batt House, Westgate Street, Bury St Edmunds, revealed a group of features particularly pits dating back at least into the 14th century. There may have been buildings of a similar date along the street frontage which could explain a gap in the feature density but there was no direct evidence for this. Details in (S1).

Also Med.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Tester A, SCCAS Monitoring Report 96/37, 1996, ill

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

SF18222 Event - Interpretation: Evaluation - Tester A, 01/09/1995 -

SF18223 Event - Survey: Monitoring - Tester A, 01/01/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reported by
Compiler

SMR Number BSE 135 - SF19065 **Site Name** Batt House, Westgate Street

SMR Number BSE 135 SF19065

Record Type Monument

Site Name Batt House, Westgate Street

Period Med

Evaluation and monitoring revealed mainly Med finds.

National Grid Reference

TL853638 Area

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 19065

Parish Code - BSE 135

Type and Date

PIT Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD

FEATURE Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD

WELL Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1900 AD

CESS PIT Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to (FINDS SCATTER)

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD CLAY

TILE Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD CLAY

PIN Medieval to Post Medieval - 1401 AD to 1700 AD BRONZE

Description

September 1995: Evaluation, by three hand excavated trenches, revealed mainly PMed finds and cellar(?) (S1).

March & July 1996: Monitoring during building of large extension revealed series of features including 17 pits (mainly Med), 3 wells (1 Med?), Post Med malting kiln(s?) and a wall. Details in (S2).

Also PMed.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Evaluation Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Tester A, Evaluation Report, SCCAS Report 95/08, 1995, ill

(S2) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Tester A, Monitoring Report, SCCAS Report 96/37, 1996, ill

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)(S2)

Associated Events

SF18222 Event - Interpretation: Evaluation - Tester A, 01/09/1995 -

SF18223 Event - Survey: Monitoring - Tester A, 01/01/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reported by

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 139 - SF16511 **Site Name** Town Defences: W section

SMR Number BSE 139 SF16511 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name Town Defences: W section **Period** PMed

Assumed line of town wall between Risbygate (BSE 067) and Westgate (BSE 066) after Downing's and Warren's maps (S1)(S2).

National Grid Reference

TL85196442 Point

TL85266378 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16511

Parish Code - BSE 139

Type and Date

TOWN Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

DEFENCES

WALL Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

UNCERTAIN EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Assumed line of town wall between Risbygate (BSE 067) and Westgate (BSE 066) after Downing's and Warren's maps (S1)(S2). See Med for details. Also Sax.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , Downing A, A new and accurate plan of the Ancient Borough of Bury St Edmunds, 1740

(S2) : , , , , Warren T, A Survey of the Ancient Borough of Bury St Edmunds, 1747

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)(S2)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 139 - SF16510

Site Name Town Defences: W section

SMR Number BSE 139 SF16510

Record Type Monument

Site Name Town Defences: W section

Period Med

Assumed line of town defences (wall, bank(?) & ditch?) between Risbygate (BSE 067) and Westgate (BSE 066) after Downing's & Warren's maps (S1)(S2).

National Grid Reference

TL85196442 Point

TL85266378 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish

BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16510

Parish Code - BSE 139

Type and Date

TOWN Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

DEFENCES

WALL Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

BANK Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

(EARTHWORK)

DITCH Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE, UNCERTAIN
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Assumed line of town defences (wall, bank(?) & ditch?) between Risbygate (BSE 067) and Westgate (BSE 066) after Downing's & Warren's maps (S1)(S2). A property line on the 1886 OS 1:500 map (S3) appears to correlate with that shown on the C18 maps although it is not clear whether this represents the front (as suggested by Downing's map) or the rear (as suggested on Warren's map) of the mapped buildings. A bank probably existed to the E of the (wall?) line and a ditch to the W. For details of the Sax (origin?) ditch see Sax. For details of Med wall see BSE 136 and for later wall see PMed. For continuation to N see BSE 136 & to S see BSE 140.

Sources

- (S1) : , , , , Downing A, A new and accurate plan of the Ancient Borough of Bury St Edmunds, 1740
(R1) : , , , , Malmesbury W, Gesta Pontificum Anglorum, 155
(S3) : , , , , OS, 1:500 map, 1886
(S2) : , , , , Warren T, map, A Survey of the Ancient Borough of Bury St Edmunds, 1747
(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)(S2)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 139 - SF16509 **Site Name** Town Defences: W section

SMR Number BSE 139 SF16509 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name Town Defences: W section **Period** Sax

Assumed line of town ditch (see below) from the Risby Gate (BSE 067) to the West Gate (BSE 066).

National Grid Reference

TL85196442 Point

TL85266378 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16509

Parish Code - BSE 139

Type and Date

TOWN Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD

DEFENCES

DITCH Early Medieval/Dark Age - 410 AD to 1065 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE, UNCERTAIN
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Assumed line of town ditch (see below) from the Risby Gate (BSE 067) to the West Gate (BSE 066). Based on building (& wall/ bank?) line on Downing's & Warren's maps of 1740 & 1747 (S1)(S2), the ditch, if followed by the later defence line, presumably ran along the E side of St Andrews Street South. The evidence for a LSax origin is based on William of Malmesbury quoting a tradition that Cnut (AD 1016- 1035) had built a ditch round the town (S3)(R1). For continuation to N see BSE 136 and to S, see BSE 140. Also Med & PMed.

Sources

- (S1) : , , , , Downing A, A new and accurate plan of the Ancient Borough of Bury St Edmunds, 1740
(R1) : , , , , Malmesbury W, Gesta Pontificum Anglorum, 155
(S2) : , , , , Warren T, map, A Survey of the Ancient Borough of Bury St Edmunds, 1747
(S3) : , , , , West S E, PSIA, 32, 1970, 17-24
(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)(S2)(S3)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
William of Malmesbur
William of Malmesbur
William of Malmesbur
William of Malmesbur

Compiler
Reported by
Reported by
Reported by
Reported by

SMR Number BSE 144 - SF16597 **Site Name** 47 Raingate Street

SMR Number BSE 144 SF16597 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name 47 Raingate Street **Period** Med

May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date.

National Grid Reference

TL85926371 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16597

Parish Code - BSE 144

Type and Date

PIT Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
DITCH Late Saxon to Medieval - 1001 AD to 1200 AD
BUILDING Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY)	Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?	CLAY
WINDOW GLASS	Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?	GLASS
ROOF TILE	Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?	CLAY
QUERN	Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?	STONE
ANIMAL REMAINS	Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?	BONE

Description

May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date. Details in (S1).

December 1996: Excavation see SCCAS Report 96/69. Finds included Hedingham fine ware, Bury medieval coarsewares and roof tiling (S2).

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU (Caruth J et al), SCCAS Rep 96/25, May 1996, ill
(M1) : , , , , Evaluation archive:
(M2) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)
(S2) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Anderson S, SCCAS Report 96/69, December 1996

Associated Events

SF15660 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (JC & DG), 01/05/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (JC & DG)
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler
Reviser
Reported by
Reviser

SMR Number BSE 144 - SF16596 **Site Name** 47 Raingate Street

SMR Number BSE 144 SF16596

Record Type Monument

Site Name 47 Raingate Street

Period Sax

May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date.

National Grid Reference

TL85926371 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16596

Parish Code - BSE 144

Type and Date

BUILDING Late Saxon - 1000 AD to 1065 AD

BUILDING Late Saxon - 1000 AD to 1065 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY Late Saxon - 850 AD to 1065 AD CLAY
IPSWICH)

(POTTERY Late Saxon - 850 AD to 1065 AD CLAY
THETFORD)

(POTTERY ST - to CLAY
NEOTS)

ANIMAL - to BONE

REMAINS

OYSTER SHELL - to

Description

May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date. Details in (S1).

December 1996: Excavation prior to development confirmed that alignment of street unaltered since C10, therefore Raingate Street part of original town layout. Thetford & St Neots pottery sherds of large quantity found and animal bone + oyster shells and fragment of copper alloy (S2).

Sources

(S1) : , , , , SAU (Caruth J et al), SCCAS Rep 96/25, May 1996, ill

(M1) : , , , , Evaluation archive:

(M2) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)

(S2) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Anderson S, SCCAS Report 96/69, December 1996

Associated Events

SF15659 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (JC & DG), 01/05/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

SAU (JC & DG)

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Reviser

Reported by

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 144 - SF16598

Site Name 47 Raingate Street

SMR Number BSE 144 SF16598

Record Type Monument

Site Name 47 Raingate Street

Period PMed

May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date.

National Grid Reference

TL85926371

Point

C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish

BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 16598

Parish Code - BSE 144

Type and Date

HOUSE Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

PIT Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

Associated Finds

Description

May 1996: Trenched evaluation prior to proposed development located series of features and finds of Sax, Med & PMed date. Details in (S1). Area appears to have been open on map evidence between 1740 and 1834. By 1841 it was occupied by Raingate Square, where 19 dwellings with 62 occupants are listed. This survived until at least 1904, when it is shown on the OS 2nd ed 6" map, but had gone by 1926 (OS, 1:2500 map). An array of more recent buildings are shown after the second world war (S2).

Circa 1996: Possibility of earlier settlement, site does not hold information previously not known about that area of Bury - see (S3).

Sources

(S2) : , , , , SAU (Breen A M), documentary research, May 1996

(S1) : , , , , SAU (Caruth J et al), SCCAS Rep 96/25, May 1996, ill

(M1) : , , , , Evaluation archive:

(M2) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , Parish file: copy (S1)

(S3) Unpublished document: Evaluation Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Caruth J, SCCAS Report 96/25, May, 1996, ill

Associated Events

SF15661 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (JC & DG), 01/05/1996 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

SAU (JC & DG)

Reported by

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 152 - SF17780 **Site Name** Thingoe Union Workhouse

SMR Number BSE 152 SF17780

Record Type Monument

Site Name Thingoe Union Workhouse

Period PMed

Thingoe Union Workhouse, built 1835-6 (S2) 'X' plan.

National Grid Reference

TL84756380 Point C

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 17780

Parish Code - BSE 152

Type and Date

WORKHOUSE Post Medieval - 1801 AD to 1900 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE, EXTANT
BUILDING

Associated Finds

Description

Thingoe Union Workhouse, built 1835-6 (S2) 'X' plan. Shown on 1978 OS map (S1) but now (1997) gone and built over with 1990s housing estate.

Sources

(S2) : , , , , Grace F, 'Poor Law Unions 1834-1930' in Dymond D & Martin E (eds), An Historical Atlas of Suffolk, 1

(S1) : , , , , OS, 1:10,000, TL 86 SW, 1978

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number BSE 155 - SF18007

Site Name 7-11 Westgate Street

SMR Number BSE 155 SF18007

Record Type Monument

Site Name 7-11 Westgate Street

Period Med

Desk top (S1) and trenched evaluation in response to planning application (S2).

National Grid Reference

TL855637 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 18007

Parish Code - BSE 155

Type and Date

PIT	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1900 AD
DITCH	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1800 AD
ENCLOSURE	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
POST HOLE	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1900 AD
OVEN	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
WALL	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
WELL	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD to 1600 AD
SITE	- to

Associated Finds

(POTTERY)	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1101 AD? to 1900 AD?	CLAY
ANIMAL REMAINS	Medieval - 1066 AD? to 1539 AD?	BONE
ROOF TILE	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1201 AD? to 1900 AD?	CLAY
(POTTERY THETFORD)	Medieval - 1101 AD to 1200 AD	CLAY
(POTTERY EARLY MEDIEVAL)	Medieval - 1101 AD to 1299 AD	CLAY
BRICK	Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD	CLAY

Description

Desk top (S1) and trenched evaluation in response to planning application (S2) revealed Med & PMed occupation covering the northern 50m of the investigated area. Mainly pits, wells and ditches; the north east corner of a probable enclosure and a small fragment of flint and mortar wall. Details in (S3).

March 2000: Monitoring in advance of redevelopment uncovered no further evidence of medieval occupation, for list of finds see (S4).

Sources

(S1)	: , , , Breen A, 1998
(S2)	: , , , SAU, Caruth J, 1998
(M1)	: , , , Evaluation archive:
(S3)	Unpublished document: Evaluation Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Caruth J, SCCAS Report 98/21, March 1998, ill
(S4)	Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SAU, Caruth J, SCCAS Monitoring Report 2000/18, March 2000

Associated Events

SF15931 Event - Intervention: Excavated by SAU (JC), 01/02/1998 -

SMR Number BSE 155 - SF18007 **Site Name** 7-11 Westgate Street

SF18144 Event - Survey: Monitoring (Caruth J), 01/03/2000 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
SAU (JC)

Compiler

Reported by

Reviser

Reviser

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

SMR Number BSE 157 SF18021

Record Type Monument

Site Name St Botolphs Bridge; River Linnet; Raingat

Period Med

Twin arched (stone?) bridge illustrated in drawing of 1848 (S1)(R1).

National Grid Reference

TL859636 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 18021

Parish Code - BSE 157

Type and Date

BRIDGE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to

STRUCTURE

Associated Finds

Description

Twin arched (stone?) bridge illustrated in drawing of 1848 (S1)(R1). Medieval? Possibly preserved under existing structure.
Note: Further Med bridge over Linnet on Southgate Street - see BSE 081. July 1998: No evidence of 1848 bridge now visible survives - replaced by single-arched brick bridge (in later Victorian period?)(S2).

Sources

(R1) : , , , , Anon, View of St Botolph's Bridge, Raingate Street, 1848, SRO(B)

(S2) : , , , , SAU, Pendleton C, field report, July 1998

(S1) : , , , , St Edmundsbury Borough Council, No Man's Meadow, Bury St Edmunds: Management Plan, November 1994, fi

Associated Events

SF13349 Event - Survey: Site Visit by SAU (CP), 23/07/1998 -

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Reviser

SMR Number BSE 187 - SF19238 **Site Name** Cullum Road

SMR Number BSE 187 SF19238

Record Type Monument

Site Name Cullum Road

Period Rom

Monitoring during housing uncovered large E-W Roman ditch.

National Grid Reference

TL852636 Area

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 19238

Parish Code - BSE 187

Type and Date

DITCH Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD

SITE - to (FINDS SCATTER)

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD CLAY

ANIMAL Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD BONE

REMAINS

Description

Monitoring of building work at Cullum Road, uncovered a Roman ditch. An excavated segment produced finds which suggest it was open in the 2nd century and finally allowed to infill in the 4th century. The animal bone is thought to be domestic food waste, which combined with the pottery, suggests Roman settlement close by. The site also produced a small amount of unstratified Late and Post Medieval pottery. No evidence for the medieval town defences was uncovered.

A large ditch was identified during the monitoring of topsoil and subsoil stripping (0002). Three sections were drawn of which two are illustrated (Sections A-B, Fig 3). The bottom 1m of ditch fill between 'A' and 'B' was excavated by hand and produced both pottery and animal bone (S1).

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SCCAS, Tester A, Monitoring Report No 2001/19, March 2001

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

SF18286 Event - Survey: Monitoring - SCCAS, Tester A, 01/01/2000 -

Associated Individuals

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reported by

Orbit Housing Assoc - Orbit Housing Association

Land Owner

SMR Number BSE 187 - SF19239 **Site Name** Cullum Road

SMR Number BSE 187 SF19239

Record Type Monument

Site Name Cullum Road

Period PMed

Monitoring during housing uncovered Roman ditch and other PMed finds.

National Grid Reference

TL853636 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 19239

Parish Code - BSE 187

Type and Date

SITE - to (FINDS SCATTER)

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

ANIMAL Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

REMAINS

BONE

Description

Monitoring of building work at Cullum Road, uncovered a Roman ditch. An excavated segment produced finds which suggest it was open in the 2nd century and finally allowed to infill in the 4th century. The animal bone is thought to be domestic food waste, which combined with the pottery, suggests Roman settlement close by. The site also produced a small amount of unstratified Late and Post Medieval pottery. No evidence for the medieval town defences was uncovered. A large ditch was identified during the monitoring of topsoil and subsoil stripping (0002). Three sections were drawn of which two are illustrated (Sections A-B, Fig 3). The bottom 1m of ditch fill between 'A' and 'B' was excavated by hand and produced both pottery and animal bone (S1).

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SCCAS, Tester A, Monitoring Report No 200/19, March 2001

(M1) Photograph: Air Photograph, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

SF18286 Event - Survey: Monitoring - SCCAS, Tester A, 01/01/2000 -

Associated Individuals

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Orbit Housing Assoc - Orbit Housing Association

Compiler

Reported by

Land Owner

SMR Number BSE 190 - SF19076

Site Name 27 College Street

SMR Number BSE 190 SF19076

Record Type Monument

Site Name 27 College Street

Period Med

Watching Brief showed deep build up of dark soil - possible medieval pit. Finds were from buried soil but unstratified.

National Grid Reference

TL854638 Point

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 19076

Parish Code - BSE 190

Type and Date

PIT Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

FEATURE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

SITE - to FIND

Associated Finds

(POTTERY) Medieval to Post Medieval - 1066 AD to 1900 AD CLAY

Description

Watching Brief carried out during the excavation of footing trenches. Finds (0002) were recovered from the machine spoil. Neither sherd was from the top, darkest soil.

The natural chalk was at 1.5m. There was what looks to be a pit dropping to 2.1m at the eastern end of the site. See attached plan - only a small amount of soil was seen - suggest there were many more finds not recovered (S1).

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Plans, , , SAU, Tester A, Notated Plan, July 2000

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

SF18228 Event - Survey: Watching Brief - SAU, Tester A, 01/01/2000 -

Associated Individuals

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Reported by

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Co-operative Society

Land Owner

SMR Number BSE 200 - SF21036 **Site Name** The Maltings, Westgate Street

SMR Number BSE 200 SF21036

Record Type Monument

Site Name The Maltings, Westgate Street

Period Med

Excavation of small medieval site.

National Grid Reference

TL854638 Area

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Parish Code - BSE 200

Sites & Monuments Record - 21036

Type and Date

PIT Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
POST HOLE Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD
WELL Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD
BUILDING Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD

Associated Finds

(POTTERY)	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	CLAY
ANIMAL	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	BONE
REMAINS		
ARCHITECTURAL	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	CONCRETE
FRAGMENT		
MOLLUSCA	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	SHELL
REMAINS		
TILE	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	CLAY

Description

2002: The construction of flats along Westgate Street involved the demolition of an extensive malting complex and led to a small excavation on a small strip of land with a College Street frontage. The earliest evidence from the site was probably a series of postholes suggesting a post built building to the north of the plot, however, the dating evidence was inconclusive. The main site was scattered with cess pits during the Med and Late Med periods and there was a series of ovens suggesting some industrial activity. Medieval concrete, recovered from a cess pit, is a rare find, which suggests there was a high status building close by. Later activity on the site, including the excavation of a rectangular flint and mortar lined pit, which was backfilled in the C19, probably relate to the maltings which has stood on part of the site since the C18 (S1).

Sources

(S1) Excavation archive: Excavation Report, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , SCCAS, Tester A, No 02/125, December 2002, ill
(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

SF18511 Event - Intervention: Excavation, 01/01/2002 -

Associated Individuals

Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Tester Andrew - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
D & M Developments

Compiler
Reported by
Land Owner

SMR Number BSE 220 - SF22036

Site Name 7 Sparhawk Street

SMR Number BSE 220 SF22036

Record Type Monument

Site Name 7 Sparhawk Street

Period Med

Group of 8 medieval domestic rubbish pits recorded at the rear of 7 Sparhawk Street during monitoring of groundworks.

National Grid Reference

TL856638 Area

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 22036

Parish Code - BSE 220

Type and Date

PIT Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD

Associated Finds

(POTTERY)	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	CLAY
ANIMAL	Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD	BONE
REMAINS		

Description

Monitoring of groundworks for extension at the rear of 7 Sparhawk St, revealed an area of extensive pitting. The date range of the finds suggest activity on the site occurred from the C12th with the latest pits being infilled in the late medieval periods.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Monitoring Report, , Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service, , Gill, D., SCCAS. Monitoring report, 2004/129, Nov 2004.

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, ,

Associated Events

SF18787 Event - Survey: 7 Sparhawk Street, 01/12/2003 - 01/12/2003

Associated Individuals

Gill David - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service	Reported by
McLannahan Clare - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service	Compiler

SMR Number BSE 225 - SF21925 **Site Name** Greene King, 24 Crown Street

SMR Number BSE 225 SF21925 **Record Type** Monument

Site Name Greene King, 24 Crown Street

Period PMed

Monitoring of trenches for the underpinning of two compound walls and reducing of ground levels located two pits, a flint wall & a C16 well.

National Grid Reference

TL856638 Area

Administrative Area

Civil Parish BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 21925

Parish Code - BSE 225

Type and Date

WALL	Post Medieval to Modern - 1540 AD to 2050 AD	SUB SURFACE DEPOSIT
WELL	Post Medieval - 1540 AD to 1900 AD	SUB SURFACE DEPOSIT
PIT	Post Medieval to Modern - 1540 AD to 2050 AD	SUB SURFACE DEPOSIT

Associated Finds

(POTTERY)	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1500 AD to 1899 AD	CLAY
ANIMAL REMAINS	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1500 AD to 1599 AD	BONE
MOLLUSCA REMAINS	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1500 AD to 1599 AD	SHELL
BRICK	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1500 AD to 1599 AD	CLAY
TILE	Medieval to Post Medieval - 1500 AD to 1599 AD	CLAY

Description

April-May 2004: Monitoring of trenches for the underpinning of two compound walls and reducing of ground levels located two pits, a flint wall & a C16 well, despite heavy modern truncation. Other features were associated with the presence and demolition of buildings that occupied the site in the C19. As catter of PMed and modern, brick rubble filled features were also seen, probably associated with the demolition of the C19 buildings (S1).

No evidence of the chantry which once stood on part of the site was observed.

Sources

(S1) Unpublished document: Monitoring Report, , Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service, , SCCAS, Craven J, No 2004/28, May 2004

(M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

SF18767 Event - Intervention: Monitoring, 01/01/2004 -

Associated Individuals

Craven John - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Craven John - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service
Green King Breweries - Green King Breweries

Compiler
Reported by
Land Owner

SMR Number BSE Misc - SF18671

Site Name

SMR Number BSE Misc SF18671

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period Med

Walter of Banham (in the early C13) made an aquaduct of lead which brought water from its source two miles away to the Bury Abbey cloisters.

National Grid Reference

TL8564

Point

Approximate

Administrative Area

Civil Parish

BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 18671

Parish Code - BSE Misc

Type and Date

AQUEDUCT Medieval - 1150 AD to 1250 AD

Associated Finds

Description

The Gesta Sacristarium (R1) mentions that Walter of Banham (in the early C13) made an aquaduct of lead which brought water from its source two miles away to the Bury Abbey cloisters. Matthew Paris also mentions it, as being (the only) one of Samson's great achievements (R2).

Sources

- (S1) Unpublished document: Letter, , , , Gransden a, letter to SAU (RDC), September 1999
- (R1) Bibliographic reference: Miscellaneous Bibliographic reference, , , , Gesta Sacristarium (Memorials II, 292)
- (R2) Bibliographic reference: Miscellaneous Bibliographic reference, , , , Chronica Majora, ed Lenard(?), II, 533
- (M1) Unpublished document: Parish file, , Suffolk Archaeological Service, , (S1)

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

SMR Number HGR 008 - SF15112

Site Name

SMR Number HGR 008 SF15112

Record Type Monument

Site Name

Period PMed

Site of bridge crossing the River Linnet (S1).

National Grid Reference

TL83616360

Point

A

Administrative Area

Civil Parish

HORRINGER, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Civil Parish

BURY ST EDMUNDS, ST EDMUNDSBURY, SUFFOLK

Status and other references

Sites & Monuments Record - 15112

Parish Code - HGR 008

Type and Date

BRIDGE Post Medieval - 1701 AD to 1800 AD

SITE - to

DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE

Associated Finds

Description

Site of bridge crossing the River Linnet (S1). Date of construction unknown. Not shown by OS 1st edition map of 1836.

Sources

(S1) : , , , , Hodkinson J, A Map of the County of Suffolk Surveyed, 1783

Associated Events

Associated Individuals

Pendleton Colin - Suffolk County Council Archaeological Service

Compiler

Hodkinson J

Reported by