

An Archaeological Watching Brief at Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Anstey, Leicestershire NGR: SK 5563 0895



Roger Kipling

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# An Archaeological Watching Brief at Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Anstey, Leicestershire

NGR: SK 5563 0895

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For: Alliance Consulting Solutions Limited

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southeast				

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## **Summary**

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken in December 2016 by University of Leicester Archaeological Services on behalf of Alliance Consulting Solutions Limited following dredging operations of the Rothley Brook at Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Leicestershire, a scheduled monument (SM). Two vertical timbers were observed adjacent to the stonework of Pier 1 of the bridge and may relate to the bridge's original construction. No other archaeological deposits were observed or artefacts recovered during the dredging operations.

The site archive will be deposited with Leicestershire County Council under the accession number X.A137.2017.

#### Introduction

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken in December 2016 by University of Leicester Archaeological Services on behalf of Alliance Consulting Solutions Limited at Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Anstey, Leicestershire, a scheduled monument (SM), in accordance with National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (Section 12 Enhancing and Conserving the Historic Environment). The fieldwork specified below was intended to provide a record of the archaeological remains in mitigation of the impact of the proposed development.

The fieldwork arose as a requirement by Historic England for a scheme of work comprising archaeological observation, investigation, recording, analysis and publication (a 'Watching Brief'). The work comprised the supervision and recording of work in proximity to the bridge including where the contractors proposed to desilt by hand close to cut waters to ensure no damage to the Scheduled Monument or associated fabric to recover and/or record anything of interest off the removed silts following dredging.

The archaeological watching brief was undertaken in accordance with Following National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF): Section 12 Conserving and Enhancing the Historic Environment. All work was undertaken in accordance with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) Code of Conduct (2014) and adhered to their Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluation and Archaeological excavations (2014).

## Site Description, Topography and Geology

The archaeological investigation took place during the groundworks associated with the de-silting of Rothley Brook in the vicinity of Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Anstey, Leicestershire (Figures 1 & 2). Packhorse Bridge is a Scheduled Monument which lies on the boundary of Leicester (Beaumont Leys ward) and Anstey.

Mitigation in the form of archaeological attendance and recording was requested by Historic England to ensure that the Scheduled Monument was not damaged and that any archaeological items be investigated and recorded.

Packhorse Bridge spans Rothley Brook and lies at a height of approximately 42m aOD. The Ordnance Survey Geological Survey of Great Britain Sheet indicates that the underlying geology of the site is likely to be Alluvium - Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel.

## Archaeological and Historical Background

The Packhorse Bridge is a post-medieval bridge located on the south side of London Road, the route of the original road from Leicester. The Scheduled Monument (LE35; NHLE1005078) dates to the 16th or 17th century and is of slate and rubble build with red brick coping to the parapet. The bridge has five rounded niches in parapet.

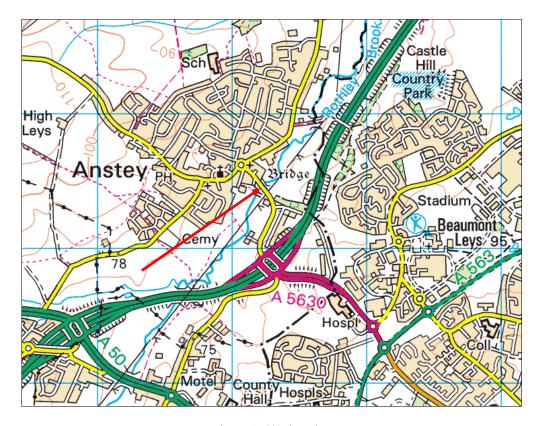


Figure 1: Site location

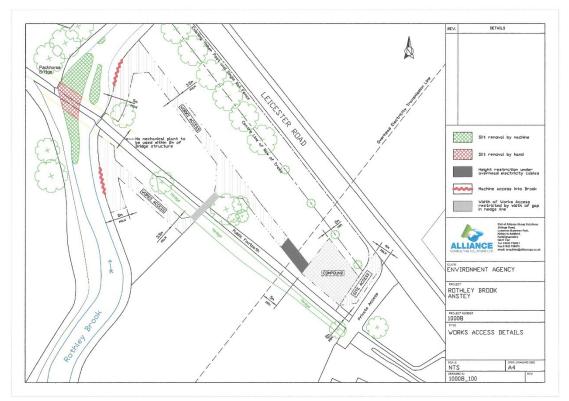


Figure 2: Location of proposed development, provided by client

#### **Aims and Methods**

All exploratory and mitigation work was considered in light of the East Midlands Research Framework (Cooper ed. 2006) and strategy (Knight *et al.* 2012; Courtney 2006). Potential research objectives that this scheme might contribute towards included the following:

Research Objective 6.8.5 Industry and Communications (Knight et al 2012, 108 and 6.9.4 The Transport Infrastructure (Knight et al 2012, 122).

These research aims have been identified based on the current state of knowledge within the Application Site of the development. The research aims were to be re-assessed and updated during the course of the fieldwork.

The principal aims of the archaeological work was to:

- 1. Identify the presence/absence of any earlier building phases or archaeological deposits.
- 2. Establish the character, extent and date range for any archaeological deposits to be affected by proposed ground-works.
- 3. Record any archaeological deposits likely to be affected by the ground-works.
- 4. Produce an archive and report of any results.

Within the stated project objectives, the initial aim of the evaluation was to establish the nature, extent, date, depth, significance and state of preservation of archaeological deposits on the site in order to determine the potential impact upon them from the development. All work was undertaken in accordance with the Chartered Institute for

Archaeologists (CIfA) Code of Conduct (2014), and adhered to their *Standard and Guidance for Archaeological watching briefs* (2014).

The Written Scheme of Investigation (ULAS 2017) approved by Historic England was for a programme of archaeological observation, investigation, recording, analysis and publication (a 'Watching Brief'). This would comprise the supervision and recording of work in proximity to the bridge including where the contractors propose to desilt by hand close to cut waters to ensure no damage to SM or associated fabric and recover/record anything of archaeological interest from the removed silts following dredging.

#### **Results**

The programme of archaeological observation, investigation and recording (a 'Watching brief') consisted of the observation of desilting work in the environs of the bridge via a combination of mechanical excavator and hand work. A mechanical excavator equipped with a 1.6m toothless bucket excavated river silt from the river bed upstream and downstream of the bridge (Figure 3), whilst hand excavation was employed to remove debris in close proximity to the bridge piers (Figure 4).

Following the provisions of an S42 Licence a metal detector was employed in order to scan the river silts prior to excavation and following removal to the site compound (Figure 5). No archaeological evidence was forthcoming from this process.



Figure 3: Dredging in progress; view southeast



Figure 4: Hand clearance of river silts; view looking south-west



Figure 5: Metal detector scanning of river silts

Hand excavation of 0.3-0.5m thick riverine silt accumulations against bridge Pier 1, located between the first and second arches on the upstream (southern) side of the bridge, exposed two eroded vertical timber posts positioned in close proximity to the apex point of the pier stonework (Figures 6-8). Both posts were heavily eroded but appeared to be of square profile, measuring 10cm x 10cm and with around 0.35m

visible above the waterline. Functionally, the proximity of the timbers to the bridge would suggest their having formed part of the original bridge construction or repair work, possibly representing shuttering associated with construction of the bridge pier.

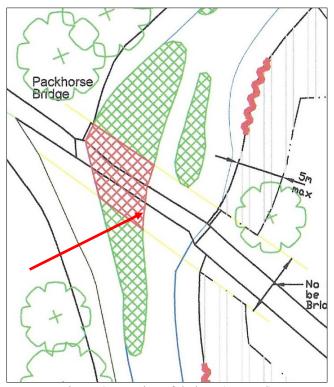


Figure 6: Location of timbers (arrowed)



Figure 7: Hand clearance of river silt around Pier 1 with timber visible; view looking south-east



Figure 8: Pier 1 with timbers visible; view looking south-west

## **Discussion and Conclusions**

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken in December 2016 by University of Leicester Archaeological Services on behalf of Alliance Consulting Solutions Limited following dredging operations of the Rothley Brook at Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Leicestershire, a scheduled monument (SM). Two vertical timbers were observed adjacent to the stonework of Pier 1 of the bridge and may relate to the bridge's original construction. No other archaeological deposits or artefacts were observed during the silt dredging operations.

#### **Archive and Publications**

The site archive (X.A137 2017), consisting of paper and photographic records, will be housed with Leicestershire County Council.

The archive consists of:

3 watching brief record sheets photographic record indices 25 digital photographs Risk assessment form

#### **Publication**

A version of the summary (see above) will appear in due course in the *Transactions of the Leicestershire Archaeological and Historical Society*.

## Acknowledgements

Roger Kipling of ULAS undertook the archaeological evaluation on behalf of Alliance Consulting Solutions Ltd. The project was managed by Patrick Clay.

## **Bibliography**

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- Knight, D., Blaise, V. and Allen C. 2012. East Midlands Heritage. An Updated Research Agenda and Strategy for the Historic Environment of the East Midlands.
- Courtney, P., 2006. The Post-medieval Period (1500-1750). In N.J. Cooper (Ed) 2006, 217-236.
- ULAS, 2017 Written Scheme of Investigation for Archaeological Work. Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Anstey, Leicestershire. University of Leicester Archaeological Services 17/517

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04/04/2017

## **OASIS Data Entry**

	OASIS Number	universi1-284464			
	Project Name	Packhorse Bridge, Leicester Road, Anstey,			
		Leicestershire	2016		
	Start/end dates of	08-12-2016 - 10-12	2-2016		
	field work	27			
	Previous/Future	No			
	Work				
	Project Type	Watching brief			
	Site Status	Scheduled Monument			
PROJECT	Current Land Use	recreational			
DETAILS	Monument	medieval bridge			
	Type/Period				
	Significant	post medieval timbers			
	Finds/Period				
	Development Type	Desilting of river			
	Reason for	NPPF			
	Investigation				
	Position in the	Planning condition			
	Planning Process	-			
	Planning Ref.	unknown			
	Site	Packhorse Bridge,	Leicester Road, A	nstey,	
	Address/Postcode	Leicestershire LE7	7AT		
PROJECT					
LOCATION	Study Area	0.5ha			
	Site Coordinates	SK5521608486			
	Height OD	42m OD			
	Organisation	ULAS			
	Project Brief	Local Planning Authority (NCC)			
	Originator				
PROJECT	Project Design	ULAS			
	Originator				
CREATORS	Project Manager	Patrick Clay			
	Project	Roger Kipling			
	Director/Supervisor				
	Sponsor/Funding	Alliance Consulting Solutions Limited			
	Body	_			
		Physical	Digital	Paper	
PROJECT ARCHIVE	Recipient	ULAS	ULAS	ULAS	
	ID (Acc. No.)	X.A137 2017	X.A137 2017	X.A137 2017	
	Contents	nonme	Photos	Field notes	
	Type	Grey Literature (unpublished)			
	Title	An Archaeological		t Packhorse	
		Bridge, Anstey, Leicestershire			
	Author	Kipling, R.			
PROJECT	Other bibliographic	Richards, G., 2007 Standing Building Survey and			
BIBLIOGRAPHY	details	watching brief at King William Bridge, Anstey,			
DIDLIOGRAI II I		Leicestershire ULA	AS Report No 200	7-160	
	Date	2017			
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