















LAND SOUTH OF THE LAWNS AND MEADOW CLOSE, KEMPSEY

Archaeological Evaluation

commissioned by The Environmental Dimension Partnership on behalf of Linden Homes Ltd

W/14/00021/0UT

March 2015





LAND SOUTH OF THE LAWNS AND MEADOW CLOSE, KEMPSEY

Archaeological Evaluation

commissioned by The Environmental Dimension Partnership on behalf of Linden Homes Ltd

W/14/00021/0UT

March 2015

HA JOB NO. TLKW/01

HAS NO. 1090

NGR S0 8515 4854

PARISH Kempsey

LOCAL AUTHORITY Malvern Hills District Council

OASIS REF. headland3-204695

PROJECT MANAGER Mike Kimber project team

AUTHOR Jozef Doran

FIELDWORK Jozef Doran, Matt Ginnever, Simon Mayes

GRAPHICS Caroline Norrman

APPROVED BY Mike Kimber — Project Manager

2015 by Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd

MIDLANDS & WEST

Headland Archaeology Unit 1, Premier Business Park, Faraday Road Hereford HR4 9NZ

01432 364 901 midlandsandwest@headlandarchaeology.com



www.headlandarchaeology.com

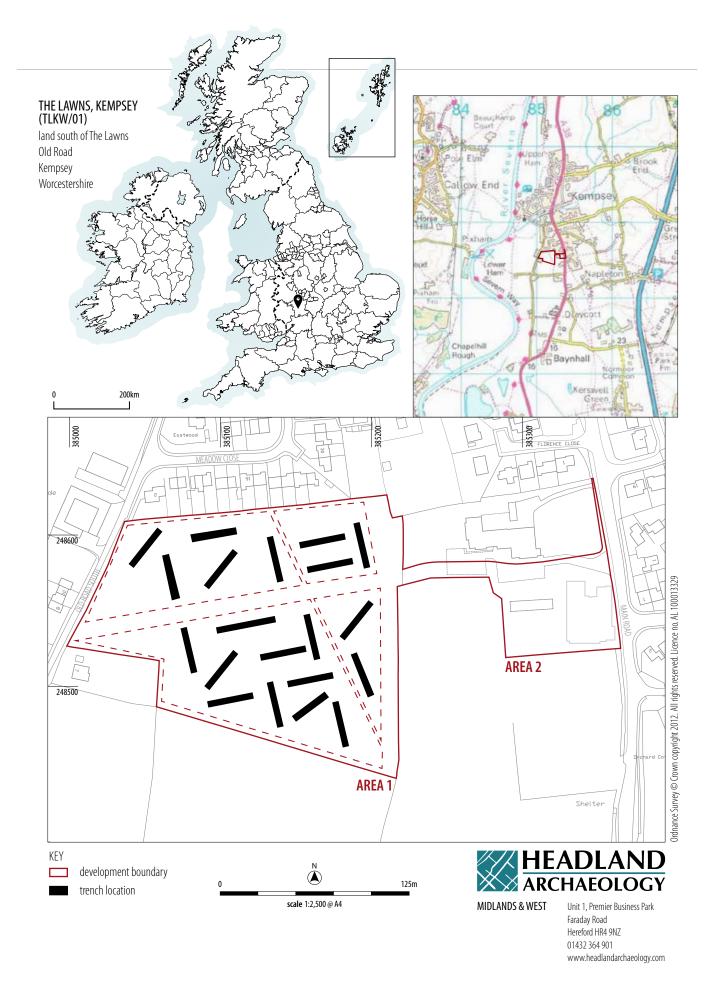


CONTENTS

1	INTROD	UCTION	1
	1.1	PLANNING BACKGROUND	1
	1.2	SITE LOCATION, DESCRIPTION AND SETTING	1
	1.3	ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND	1
2	AIMS AN	ND OBJECTIVES	Ź
3	METHO	DOLOGY	Ź
4	RESULT:	5	Ź
	4.1	GEOPHYSICAL COMPARISON	5
	4.2	DISCUSSION	5
5	CONCLU	SIONS	6
6	BIBLIOG	RAPHY	6
7	APPEND	ICES	7
	APPEND	IX 1 TRENCH REGISTER	7
	APPEND	IX 2 PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTER	10

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

ILLUS 1 Site location	VI
ILLUS 2 Site plan	3
ILLUS 3 Well in Trench 2	5
ILLUS 4 Example section of Trench 3	5
ILLUS 5 Trench 4 in plan	5



LAND SOUTH OF THE LAWNS AND MEADOW CLOSE, KEMPSEY

Archaeological Evaluation

Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd conducted a trial-trench archaeological evaluation on land west of The Lawns nursing home, Kempsey as part of a programme of archaeological evaluative works carried out in response to a condition placed on planning consent for the redevelopment of the site. Trial trenching revealed very little archaeological evidence for past activity and nothing pre-dating the post-medieval period. The majority of the trenches simply consisted of topsoil overlying subsoil over the undisturbed geological horizon with geological features and tree throws. The only in situ archaeological feature discovered was a brick-lined post-medieval well.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PLANNING BACKGROUND

The Environmental Dimension Partnership, acting on behalf of Linden Homes Ltd, commissioned Headland Archaeology to undertake an archaeological evaluation on an area of land west of The Lawns, Kempsey, Worcestershire. Outline planning permission was granted by Malvern Hills District Council for development on the site (ref W/14/00021/OUT), subject to conditions 26–28, requiring the developer to undertake a programme of archaeological work, complete a post-excavation assessment, and secure provision for analysis, publication and dissemination of the results.

The remit of the archaeological trial trenching programme was outlined in a Written Scheme of Investigation, compiled by Headland Archaeology before the fieldwork started, and was agreed with the Archaeological Advisor to the planning authority (Headland Archaeology 2014). A systematic array of trenches was designed to evaluate the site effectively.

1.2 SITE LOCATION, DESCRIPTION AND SETTING

The site is located on the southern edge of Kempsey and comprises a single field. The site is centred on SO 8515 4854. The proposed development area is approximately 2.8ha in size although constraints

arising from services and a public footpath reduce the area available for trial trenching to approx. 2.2ha.

The site slopes gently south and west from the north-eastern corner and lies on what was previously agricultural land.

The underlying geology is predominantly a Sidmouth Mudstone Formation, formed approximately 217 to 250 million years ago in the Triassic Period, of both a mudstone and a siltstone type. Superficial deposits comprise Quaternary river terrace gravel deposits. (British Geological Survey website; http://www.bgs.ac.uk).

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

A desk-based assessment was undertaken in 2013. The results will not be repeated here, but in summary there were no known archaeological remains within the study area; there was however a moderate potential for remains of prehistoric or Romano-British date to be present; and a high potential for medieval or later agricultural remains to occur (Morgan 2013).

A geophysical survey also undertaken in 2014 identified a number of anomalies that could be associated with pit-like features, but at least some of these were thought to be associated with the removal of a recent orchard (Sabin & Donaldson 2013).



2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the evaluation were as follows:

- to enable the development by fulfilling the archaeological condition to the satisfaction of the planning authority;
- to ground test the results of the geophysical survey;
- to establish the location, extent, nature and date of archaeological features or deposits that may be present within the areas proposed to be disturbed during the development;
- to establish the location integrity and state of preservation of archaeological features or deposits that may be present within the areas proposed to be disturbed during the development;
- to inform the development of an appropriate mitigation strategy;
- to produce and deposit a satisfactory archive and disseminate the results of the work via grey-literature reporting and publication as appropriate.

The local and regional research contexts are provided by the Archaeological Research Framework for the West Midlands (Watt 2011). Evidence retrieved during the works were analysed in light of the objectives contained in these frameworks.

The resulting archive (finds and records) will be organised and deposited with Worcestershire Museum to facilitate access for future research and interpretation for public benefit.

3 METHODOLOGY

The methodology underlying of the archaeological trial trenching programme was outlined in the Written Scheme of Investigation (Headland Archaeology 2014), and agreed with the archaeological advisor. The trench layout was designed to evaluate the site using a systematic trenching array, with the trenches spread evenly across the area.

Trial trenching was carried out on the 26th to the 30th January 2015. A total of 20 trenches were excavated across the site, 19 of which measured 30m in length by 3.6m wide, and one measuring 40m in length by 3.6m in width.

All trenches were set-out using differential GPS, which was also used to provide absolute heights above OD. Service plans were consulted in advance of excavation.

All trenches were opened by a 360 degree tracked mechanical excavator equipped with a 1.8m wide toothless bucket. All trenches were excavated by machine under direct archaeological supervision and were excavated in controlled spits. Machine excavation terminated at the top of the natural geology or the first significant archaeological horizon, whichever was encountered first. Spoil was stored beside the trench.

Further excavation required to satisfy the objectives of the evaluation was continued by hand. On completion of machine excavation, all faces of the trench that required examination or recording were cleaned using appropriate hand tools.

A representative sample, sufficient to meet the objectives of the evaluation, of identified features was investigated by hand and all features were recorded. The stratigraphy of each trench was recorded in full.

Due to Health and Safety considerations, excavations were normally limited to a maximum depth of 1m below existing ground level. Two trenches were relocated – Trench 4 was moved 4m to the west to avoid a geotechnical monitoring point at its western end, and Trench 17 was realigned slightly. These minor amendments are not considered to have diminished the efficacy of the investigations.

Trenches were backfilled by replacing excavated materials back in the hole in reverse order of excavation; and by compressing with the excavator

All recording was in accordance with the code of practice of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) and in line with the approved Written Scheme of Investigation (Headland Archaeology 2014). All trenches and contexts were given unique numbers. All recording was undertaken on pro forma record cards that conform to accepted archaeological standards. All stratigraphic relationships were recorded.

Finds of clearly modern date, from non-significant archaeological contexts (e.g. the spreads of modern demolition materials found in Tr20, see below) were not retained. Topsoil finds of clearly modern date were also not retained.

An overall site plan at an appropriate scale and relative to the National Grid was recorded by digital survey using a differential GPS.

A full photographic record comprising colour slide and black and white print photographs was taken, supplemented with digital photography. A metric scale was clearly visible in record photographs.

4 RESULTS

Full trench descriptions, including orientation, length, and depth are presented in Appendix 1. Technical details of individual contexts are also presented in Appendix 1. Contexts are numbered by trench number: i.e. Trench 1 (101), Trench 2 (201). Cut features are shown as [101] whilst their fills are expressed as (102), for example.

Only one archaeological feature was identified during the evaluation. This was a post-medieval brick-lined well [0204] located in Trench 2. It was lined with handmade bricks, had an external diameter of 1.37m and was redundant, having been filled with a mixture of topsoil and general waste.

The majority of trenches comprised a topsoil-subsoil-geology sequence. The topsoil, a mid-brown-grey silty loam was between 0.30 and 0.35m thick across the site. The subsoil, present in all trenches, was a mid brown-grey clay sand with occasional rounded to sub-rounded stone inclusions.

The geological horizon varied across the site. At the west part of the site (Trenches 1–4, 9–10 and 14), it comprised mid brown-red sandy



ILLUS 3
Well in Trench 2

ILLUS 4

Example section of Trench 3

ILLUS 5

Trench 4 in plan

clay with patches of yellow-brown sand and a moderate amount of rounded/sub-rounded stones; at the north-eastern sector of the site (Tenches 6–7) it consisted of a light yellow-brown sand and gravel with patches of brown-red clay, whilst towards the south and east of the site (Trenches 11–3, 15–20) it comprised a light yellow-brown sand with patches of mid brown-red clay.

There were no artefactual finds of clear premodern date, such as prehistoric flints, and no artefactual finds where specialist identification was deemed to be necessary to confirm their dating.

4.1 GEOPHYSICAL COMPARISON

Natural and anthropogenic features that accorded with discrete anomalies from the geophysical survey were discovered in four of the trenches. The brick-lined well [0204] in Trench 2 was visible as a much larger anomaly. A curvilinear anomaly in Trench 14 was identified through geophysics and was found to be a small palaeochannel. In Trench 17 a very deep natural feature, possibly periglacial in origin, was excavated and aligned with one of the geophysical anomalies noted in that area. In Trench 20, two large geophysical anomalies were found to have been the result of the dumping of modern demolition debris into natural depressions.

None of the other potential features identified by the geophysical survey were located during the period of evaluation trenching. Though several tree throws were identified across the site, none of them were aligned with any of the specific geophysical results.

4.2 DISCUSSION

The only archaeological feature identified during this trial-trenching evaluation was the post-medieval brick well [0204]. The majority of the trenches consisted of topsoil overlying subsoil overlying the substrate, with several tree throws present and natural hollows and channels noted, particularly in the south-









eastern part of the site were the sand was very loose. The anomalies found during the geophysical survey that were not identified during the programme of trial trenching are likely to have been caused by variations in the underlying substrate, which was changeable across the site.

5 CONCLUSIONS

Apart from the post-medieval well the results of the trial trenching revealed no archaeological evidence for past activity. No earlier artefacts or features were revealed, which concurs with the findings of the desk-based assessment (Morgan 2013).

The majority of the features investigated were shown to have been tree throws or geological features. The high incidence of tree throws across the site was expected and is likely to be related to the removal of a recent orchard, as has been previously noted (Sabin and Donaldson 2013).

The absence of earlier archaeological remains is likely to reflect the site's location away from the established medieval and Romano-British settlements of the area. Earlier prehistoric occupation in the area was presumably sufficiently sparse as to leave no trace.

6 BIBLIOGRAPHY

Headland Archaeology 2014 Land South of The Lawns and Meadow Close, Kempsey.

CIFA 2011 Standards and Guidance for archaeological field evaluation.

Morgan, M 2013 Land South of The Lawns and Meadows Close, Kempsey: Archaeological and Heritage Assessment. The Environmental Dimension Partnership.

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K 2013 *Land Adjacent to The Lawns, Kempsey: Magnetometer Survey Report.* Archaeological Surveys Ltd.

7 APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 TRENCH REGISTER

TR01	Orientation L (m) W (m)		W (m)	D (m)
	NE-SW	30	3.6	0.8
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
0101	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.			0.0-0.32
0102	Subsoil — mid bro sub rounded/rou	own silty sand, occasion nded stones.	nal small-medium	0.32-0.7
0103	9	ogy — mid brown-red ed/sub-rounded stone	sandy clay, moderate es.	0.7+

No archaeology

TRO2	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.8

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
0201	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.	0.0-0.32
0202	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.32-0.8
0203	Undisturbed geology — mid brown-red sandy day, moderate amount of rounded/sub-rounded stones.	0.8+
0204	Cut for well [0205].	0.5+
0205	Post-medieval brick well.	0.5+
0206	Dark grey brown silty sand — infill of well [0205].	0.5+

Context	Description			Donth holow
	NE-SW	30	3.6	0.8
TR03	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
0301	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.	0.0-0.35
0302	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.35-0.75
0303	Undisturbed geology — mid brown-red sandy day, moderate amount of rounded/sub-rounded stones.	0.75+

No archaeology. 1 tree throw present 6m from SW end of trench.

TRO4 **Orientation L (m) W (m) D (m)**NW-SE 30 3.6 0.8

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
0401	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.	0.0-0.34
0402	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.34-0.75
0404	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	0.75+

No archaeology. Two tree throws present. Trench relocated to avoid service at E end.

TR05	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.85

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
0501	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.	0.0-0.35
0502	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.35-0.75
0503	Undisturbed geology — light yellow–brown sand with gravel and patches of mid brown–red sandy clay.	0.75+

No archaeology.

TR06	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.75

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
0601	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.	0.0-0.34
0602	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.34-0.67
0603	$\label{thm:continuity} Undisturbed\ geology-light\ yellow-brown\ sand\ with\ gravel and\ patches\ of\ mid\ brown-red\ sandy\ clay.$	0.67+

No archaeology. Burnt out tree root system at E end of trench.



0703

TR07	Orientation	L(m)	W (m)	D (m)
	E-W	30	3.6	0.75
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
0701	Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting.	own-grey silty loam, v	very occasional small	0.0-0.34
0702	Subsoil — mid br	own silty sand, occasi nded stones.	ional small-medium	0.34-0.65

Undisturbed geology — light yellow-brown sand with gravel 0.65+

No archaeology. Burnt out tree root at E end of trench.

No archaeology. Several tree throws in N part of trench

and patches of mid brown-red sandy clay.

1KU8	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.7
Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)		
0801	Topsoil — mid bro	0-0.35		
0802		0.34-0.65		
0803	Undisturbed geology — light yellow-brown sand with gravel and patches of mid brown-red sandy clay.			0.65+
	0801 0802	Context Description O801 Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting. O802 Subsoil — mid bro sub rounded/rour O803 Undisturbed geol	Context Description Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty lostones, rooting. Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, osub rounded/rounded stones. Undisturbed geology — light yellog.	Context Description Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting. Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones. Undisturbed geology — light yellow-brown sand with gravel

TR09	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.9
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
0901	Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting.	0-0.35		
0902	Subsoil — mid bro sub rounded/rour	0.35-0.81		
0903	Undisturbed geoloamount of rounde	0.81+		
No archaeology.				

TR10	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	NE-SW	30	3.6	0.8
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
1001	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.			0-0.35
1002	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.			0.35-0.75
1003	Undisturbed geol amount of rounde	37	red sandy clay, moderate tones.	0.75+

No archaeology.

TR11	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	NE-SW	E-W	3.6	40
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
1101	Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting.	own-grey silty loam, v	ery occasional small	0.0-0.33
1102	Subsoil — mid br sub rounded/rou	0.33-0.68		
1103	Undisturbed geo Wend of trench, of gravel at E end of	0.68+		
No archaeology.				

TR12	Orientation	L(m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.85

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
1201	$\label{topsoil} \mbox{Topsoil} - \mbox{mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.}$	0.0-0.35
1202	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.35-0.75
1003	Undisturbed geology — light yellow-brown silty sand with very occasional small rounded/sub-rounded stones.	0.75+

No archaeology.

_
\simeq
묙
_
$\overline{}$
~
=
_
$\overline{}$
_
6
Ų,
0
_
0
a)
Œ
~
 -
\sim
=
4
$\overline{}$
\sim
_
æ
~
Œ
a
_
_
è
-
2015
$\overline{}$
0
\sim
٠,
0

end of trench

TR13	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.8
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
1301	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.			0.0-0.33
1302	Subsoil — mid br sub rounded/rou	0.33-0.71		
1303	Undisturbed geo very occasional s	0.71+		
No archaeo	logy.			

TR14	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	E-W	30	3.6	0.75
Context	Description			Depth below ground level (m)
1401	Topsoil — mid bro	0.0-0.35		
1402	Subsoil — mid bro sub rounded/rou	0.35-0.75		
1403	Undisturbed geology — light yellow-brown silty sand at E end 0.75+ of trench, Mid brown-red sandy clay at W			
No archaeology. One curvilinear natural feature (probable silted up water channel) 10mW of E				

TR15	Orientation	L(m)	W (m)	D (m)	
	N-S	30	3.6	0.8	
Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)			
1501	Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting.	0.0-0.35			
1502	Subsoil — mid brounded/rou	0.35-0.7			
1503	Undisturbed geol mid brown-red c rounded/sub-rou	0.7+			

No archaeology. One tree throw near centre of trench. Geotechnical test pit at S end.

TR16	Orientation	W (m)	D (m)		
	N-S	30	3.6	0.8	
Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)			
1301	Topsoil — mid browstones, rooting.	ry occasional small	0.0-0.33		
1302	Subsoil — mid bro sub rounded/roun	nal small-medium	0.33-0.71		
1303	Undisturbed geolo very occasional sm	0.71+			
No archaeology.					

L(m)

TD17 Orientation

intended location.

IKI/		` '	` '	• •				
11(17	NE-SW	30	3.6	0.75				
Context	Description		Depth below ground level (m)					
1701		Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.						
1702		Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.						
1703	Undisturbed overy occasion loose.	0.7+						
1704	Cut of natural sand	0.7–1.61						
1705	Primary fill of	Primary fill of [1704], caused by slippage of sides, sterile.						
1706	Upper fill of [Upper fill of [1704], caused by silting up over time, sterile.						

No archaeology. Trench contains [1704], a natural feature probably caused by the activity of water pooling in the very loose sand natural. Trench also contains two tree throws. Trench realigned from

W (m)

D (m)

TR18	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
	NW-SE	30	3.6	0.8	
Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)			
1801	Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting.	0.0-0.4			
1802	Subsoil — mid brounded/rou	0.4-0.75			
1803	Undisturbed geol very occasional si loose.	0.75+			



TR19	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)
	NE-SW	30	3.6	0.75

Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)
1901	Topsoil — mid brown-grey silty loam, very occasional small stones, rooting.	0.0-0.35
1802	Subsoil — mid brown silty sand, occasional small-medium sub rounded/rounded stones.	0.35-0.7
1803	Undisturbed geology — light yellow-brown silty sand with very occasional small rounded/sub-rounded stones.	0.75+

No archaeology.

TR20	Orientation	L(m)	W (m)	D (m)
	N-S	30	3.6	0.8
Context	Description	Depth below ground level (m)		
2001	Topsoil — mid bro stones, rooting.	0.0-0.34		
2002	Subsoil — mid bro	0.340.79		
2003	Undisturbed geol	0.79+		

No archaeology. 2 dumps of modern demolition debris in trench, one c. 5m from N end, one c. 6m from S end.

very occasional small rounded/sub-rounded stones, very

APPENDIX 2 PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTER

Photo	C/S	B/W	Digital	Direction	Description
001-005	1078/33-29	_	_	_	Working Shots
006	1078/28	1040/28	001	_	ID Shot
007	27	27	002	NE	Trench 1 Plan
008	26	26	003	SE	Trench 1 Section
009	-	-	004	S	N-Facing Section of tree throw in Trench 2
010	25	25	005	E	Trench 2 Section
011	24	24	006	S	Trench 2 Plan
012	23	23	007	E	Trench 2 Well [204]
013	22	22	800	SE	Trench 3 section
014	21	21	009	SW	Trench 3 Plan
015	20	20	010	W	Trench 4 Plan
016	19	19	011	N	Trench 4 Section
017	18	18	012	N	Trench 5 Plan
018	17	17	013	W	Trench 5 Section
019	16	16	014	N	Trench 7 Section
020	15	15	015	W	Trench 7 Plan
021	14	14	016	W	Trench 8 Section
022	13	13	017	S	Trench 6 Plan
023	12	12	018	E	Trench 6 Section
024	11	11	019	S	Trench 6 Section
025	10	10	020	E	Trench 9 Section
026	9	9	021	S	Trench 9 Plan
027	8	8	022	NW	Trench 10 Section
028	7	7	023	N	Trench 16 Section
029	6	6	-	W	Trench 16 Plan
030	5	5	024	SW	Trench 17 Plan
031	4	4	025	SE	Trench 17 Section
032	3	3	026	E	Trench 18 Section
033	2	2	027	N	Trench 17 plan
034	1	1	028	NE	Trench 10 Plan
035	993/37	1093/37	029	-	ID Shot
036	36	36	030	NW	Trench 19 Section
037	35	35	031	NE	Trench 19 Plan
038	34	34	032	E	Trench 20 Section
039	33	33	033	S	Trench 20 Plan

040	32	32	034	E	Section of [1704] — deep geological feature	070	-	-	064	SE	Trench 20 — modern demolition debris
041	31	31	035	W	Plan of [1704], also shows E-facing section	071	-	-	066	ENE	Working shot —tracking backfilled trench
042	30	30	036	ENE	Section of tree throw just NE of [1704]	072	-	_	067	N	Working shot — tracking backfilled trench
043	29	29	037	SE	Small palaeochannel	073	_	_	068	E	General site shot
044	-	_	038	E	Trench 2 Section and well	074	_	_	069	NE	General site shot
0.45			020	14/	[204]	075	-	-	070	N	Working shot — backfilling
045	_	-	039	W	Trench 2 top down view of [204] in section						last trench
046	28	28	040	W	Trench 11 Plan						
047	27	27	041	N	Trench 11 Section						
048	26	26	042	W	Trench 12 Plan						
049	25	25	043	N	Trench 12 Section						
050	24	24	044	N	Trench 13 Plan						
051	23	23	045	W	Trench 13 Section						
052	22	22	046	E	Trench 17 Plan						
053	21	21	047	NW	Trench 17 Section						
054	20	20	048	W	Trench 16 Plan						
055	19	19	049	N	Trench 16 Section						
056	18	18	050	W	Trench 14 Plan						
057	17	17	051	N	Trench 14 Section						
058	16	16	052	N	Trench 15 Plan						
059	15	15	053	E	Trench 15 Section						
060	_	-	054	W	Trench 15 — natural deposits —sand –excavated						
061	_	-	055	W	Trench 15 — natural deposits —sand —excavated						
062	_	-	056	E	Trench 15 — natural deposits —sand —excavated						
063	-	-	057	E	Trench 15 — geotechnical test pit, cut from topsoil — not excavated						
064	_	_	058	SW	Trench 6 — tree throw with burnt-out root						
065	_	_	059	N	Trench 8 — tree throw at trench centre						
066	-	-	060	NE	Trench 8 — tree throw at N end of trench						
067	-	-	061	N	Trench 3 — tree throw towards SW end of trench						
068	-	-	062	E	Trench 4 — tree throw						
069	-	-	063	E	Trench 20 — modern demolition debris						



© 2015 by Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd

NORTH

Headland Archaeology 13 Jane Street Edinburgh EH6 5HE

- **T** 0131 467 7705
- **E** north@headlandarchaeology.com

SOUTH & EAST

Headland Archaeology Building 68C, Wrest Park, Silsoe Bedfordshire MK45 4HS

- **T** 01525 861 578
- $\textbf{E} \hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{southandeast@headlandarchaeology.com}$

www.headlandarchaeology.com

MIDLANDS & WEST

Headland Archaeology Unit 1, Premier Business Park, Faraday Road Hereford HR4 9NZ

- **T** 01432 364 901
- **E** midlandsandwest@headlandarchaeology.com