















GREAT STALL EAST

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

commissioned by Capital Land Property Group

February 2017





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PROJECT SUMMARY

Archaeological field evaluation, via trial trenching was carried out on land to the east of Swindon, lying south of the A420 Oxford Road and to the north of the River Cole near Longleaze Farm, as part of the wider proposal known as the Eastern Villages Scheme.

A probable prehistoric occupation site, of at least two phases, was identified in the east of the investigation area, dating to the Bronze Age and later Iron Age/Romano-British periods. Scattered features of prehistoric and Romano-British date were also identified across the site, likely to relate to agricultural use of the land.

An assemblage of Neolithic to Early Bronze Age lithics were recovered from deposits across the investigation area together with a Neolithic polished stone axe. However, no features of these periods could be positively attested.

Post-medieval brick making was identified in the form of residues of clamp kilns which were likely associated with the construction of the former Wiltshire and Berkshire Canal. Deposits associated with the infilling of the canal were also identified.

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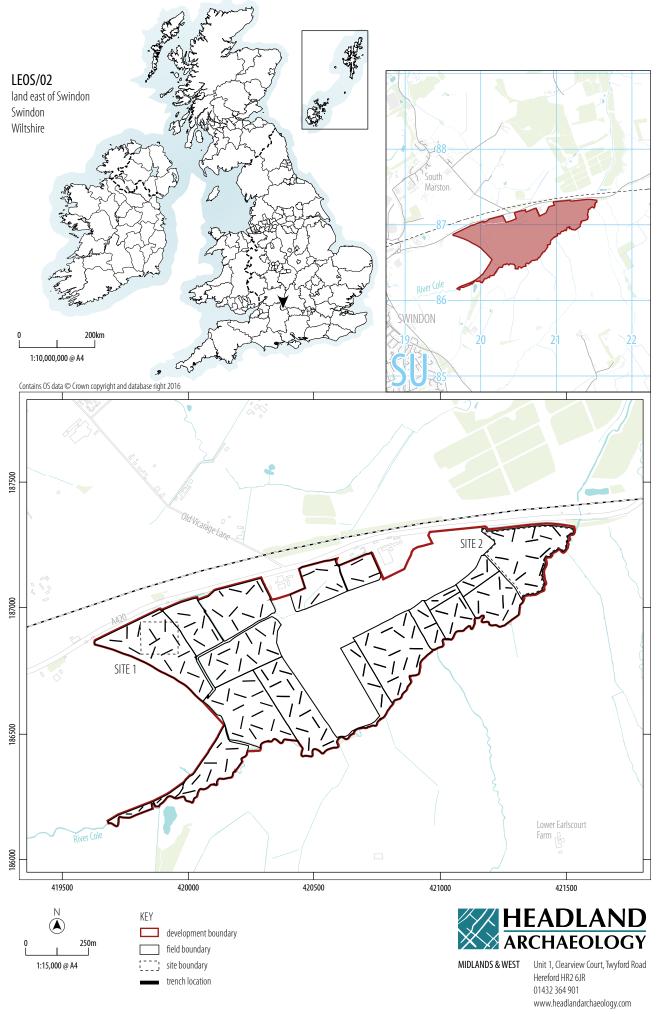
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GREAT STALL EAST

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

1 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of an archaeological site investigation on land east of Swindon as part of the Eastern Villages development proposal.

1.1 PLANNING BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES

Capital Land Property Group commissioned Headland Archaeology to undertake an archaeological evaluation on an area of land east of Swindon in the vicinity of Longleaze Farm. The evaluation is connected to a group of planning applications referred to as the Swindon Eastern Villages Scheme, and the proposed development area subject to this document covers the proposed Great Stall East scheme (Illus 1).

The developer intends to submit a planning application for residential development to the south of Longleaze Farm. The archaeological advisor to the planning authority has indicated that an archaeological evaluation is required in order to support determination of the planning application.

A written scheme of investigation (Project Design) was produced by Headland Archaeology (Kimber 2016) defining the scope of the works and was approved by the Archaeological Advisor to Swindon Borough Council. The Project Design was written with regard to relevant CIfA and Swindon MBC Standards and Guidance.

The evaluation was designed to provide further information about the archaeological resource, to enable appropriate decisions to be reached regarding the planning submission.

1.2 SITE LOCATION, DESCRIPTION AND SETTING

The site is located to between the A420 to the north, and the River Cole to the south and is centred on NGR SU 20656 86543.

The underlying solid geology within the site comprises mudstone and sedimentary bedrock of the Ampthill Clay Formation, formed

during the Jurassic period, 151–161 million years ago (NERC 2016). Quaternary alluvium associated with the course of the River Cole lies south of the investigation area.

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The surrounding area has been extensively investigated in connection with the Eastern Villages proposals. To the east of the proposed application area, trial trenching around Marston Farm ('The Hub' scheme) located an area of dense Romano-British archaeology, possibly a villa or small town, plus an area of early Saxon features (Taylor 2014).

To the south of the proposed application area, archaeological evaluation around Lotmead Farm (Craddock-Bennett 2015) confirmed earlier geophysical work (Sabin and Donaldson, 2014) by locating a focus of Iron Age settlement located on the south bank of the River Cole. It also confirmed the existence of a dispersed series of prehistoric enclosures – possibly stock enclosures – to the southeast of this, largely following the north-western bank of the Dorcan Stream. To the west, further trenching by Headland Archaeology uncovered Romano-British remains associated with the known town of Durocornovium (Sworn 2015).

Within the proposed application area, a corridor of land is expected to form an access road into the Eastern Villages Scheme. This was subject to geophysical survey (Sabin & Donaldson 2015), and then trial trenching (Bennett 2016). This limited work demonstrated that several weak geophysical anomalies were not archaeological in origin, and did not detect any other archaeological remains.

Subsequently, Headland Archaeology carried out a geophysical survey on the remainder of the proposed application area (Harrison 2016). The survey detected a number of anomalies of possible or probably archaeological origin, including features thought to be former brick kilns associated with the construction of the Wiltshire

and Berkshire Canal; several ring-ditch features, and an area of possible enclosures and boundary ditches at the extreme northeastern end of the area (Illus 2).

2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the investigation were detailed in the Project Design. The primary objectives were identified as follows:

In general, the purpose of the evaluation was to provide sufficient evidence for confident prediction of the impact of the proposal by establishing the extent, nature and importance of any heritage assets within the affected area (following the National Planning Policy Framework).

The local and regional research contexts are provided by the Archaeological Research Framework for the South-West. Any evidence retrieved during the works will be analysed in light of the objectives contained in these frameworks.

The results of the evaluation will be used to describe the significance of heritage assets potentially affected by the development, allowing the planning authority to make an informed assessment of any potential impacts on the historic environment in line with Paragraph 128 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The resulting archive (finds and records) will be organised and deposited with Wiltshire Museums Service to facilitate access for future research and interpretation for public benefit.

Additionally the evaluation sought to:

- determine the character, date, extent and distribution of any archaeological deposits and their potential significance;
- determine levels of disturbance to any archaeological deposits from plough damage or from any other agricultural/industrial practices or later building activities;
- investigate and record all deposits and features of archaeological interest within the areas to be disturbed by the current development; and
- determine the likely impact on archaeological deposits from the proposed development.

3 METHOD

The fieldwork was conducted in accordance with the above mentioned WSI and method statement and in accordance with the following documents:

- > Code of Conduct (Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014)
- Standards and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluations (Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014a)

Prior to excavation, utility plans were consulted and a cable avoidance tool was used to check the presence of potential buried services

A total of 142 trenches measuring 50m long by 2.1m wide, with Trenches 77, 83, 143, 114 and 145 measuring 27, 24, 25 and 23m long respectively, were excavated using a 360° 21 tonne tracked excavator using a bladed bucket to levels where archaeological features and deposits or geological deposits were encountered.

All recording followed standard archaeological guidelines as set out by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA). The recorded contexts were assigned unique numbers and recording was undertaken on Headland Archaeology pro forma trench and context record sheets.

Drawings of significant archaeological remains and the general stratigraphy of the site were produced at a scale of 1:10 with plans of the exposed remains produced at 1:20 where appropriate. Digital planning was also undertaken using a Trimble DGPS.

Digital photographs were taken of trenches and identified features, with a graduated metric scale clearly visible. An overall site plan of the trenches and recorded features was produced.

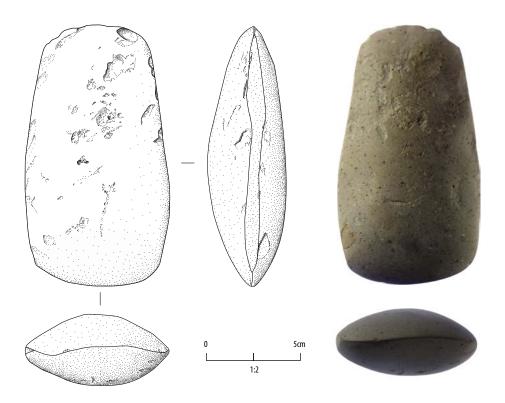
4 RESULTS

Following post-excavation analysis two areas were identified as probable self-contained sites (Illus 2) and these are discussed separately as Site 1 and Site 2. Thereafter, isolated and areas of less concentrated archaeological remains are presented chronologically by field number. A précis of the general site stratigraphy is also provided. Only trenches containing archaeological remains are discussed. Trenches providing negative results are summarised in Appendix 1 (Trench and context register). Finds and environmental evidence recovered are documented with relevant reports in Appendices 2 and 4.

4.1 GENERAL SITE STRATIGRAPHY

In general fields displayed a profile of 0.20 to 0.30m of topsoil overlying up to 0.40m of subsoil sealing glacio-fluvial clay geological deposits with archaeological remains encountered 0.50–0.70m below ground surface. Subsoil deposits across all fields were found to contain stray artefacts (Pottery, flint) covering a wide chronological range, from the Neolithic to Romano-British periods. A polished stone axe was recovered from subsoil deposits in Trench 29 and dates to the early or middle-Neolithic (Illus 3).

With the exception of Field 6, which showed significant variation with only 0.20–0.30 of topsoil overlying clay deposits, geological deposits displayed characteristics of boulder clays with a density of large sarsen stones, from 0.50m long to 4.00m long, scattered throughout. The geological deposits also contained patches of fossilised marine shell, suggesting scouring of earlier geological deposits and re-deposition amongst the boulder clays. This was encountered at an average of 0.50–0.60m below ground level.



ILLUS 3 Stone axe

Alluvium

To the south of Fields 20, 21 and within Field 5, alluvial deposits were recorded to 1.00m depth with sondages up to 2m deep in Trenches 42, 43, 44, 46 and 47 revealing this alluvial sequence to continue below the maximum trench depths. This would appear to broadly suggest the northern extent of the river flood plain.

Within Field 21, Trench 136, a sequence of alluvial deposits (13607), (13620), 13621) and (13622) was identified below a later ditch cut and appeared to be indicative of fills within a palaeochannel, potentially an earlier course of the River Cole, though a sequence of flood events is also possible. The edges or orientation of any palaeochannel was not observed and the upper deposit was recorded at approximately 87.10m AOD, some 0.90m below ground level and 0.75m below the top of archaeological remains.

In the same field in Trench 138, a further natural feature was identified as a possible palaeochannel, but was not fully excavated and the topography suggests this may have been more of a natural hollow in the geology or rain worn land gully.

Ridge and furrow

Evidence of ridge and furrow agricultural systems was mapped by geophysical survey of the site within several fields and recorded during trenching in Field 17. Shallow earthworks of the systems were visible in several fields, with the associated headland present in Field 15. Furrow bases were generally observed to cut subsoil deposits. The furrow systems were very straight, with coal fragments, brick and glazed post-medieval pottery noted through the fills. The ridge and furrow was characteristic of later post-medieval systems.

4.2 SITE 1 — PROBABLE POST-MEDIEVAL BRICK CLAMP KILNS

Located within Field 1 (Illus 4) a series of geophysical anomalies were tested. Trench 2 revealed a 0.08m thick x 11m length dark brown sandy loam deposit sealed by a dark grey matrix containing small coal, charcoal and cinder residues, measuring 0.10m thick and also extending 11m in length. The deposits were interpreted as relating to industrial activity in the area.

Within Trench 12 a silty clay matrix of dark grey and red-orange heat affected soil, brick fragments, dust, coal fragments and ashy patches (01204) measured greater than 2.10m wide, 13.5m north south, extending beyond the southern limit of the trench, and varied in thickness from 0.05 to 0.35m (Illus 5). The deposit appeared to have been levelled and was also disturbed by ploughing and was interpreted as relating to a former brick clamp kiln.

A concentration of brick fragments were observed at the northern extent of the deposit possibly indicating the remains of the clamp structure.

Trench 1 was also positioned over the geophysical anomalies with no archaeological remains identified, though a density of brick rubble was observed extending north-east from the central area of the trench. Brick recovered from the field and features was indicative of a type of brick commonly in use between the 16th and 18th centuries (Appendix 2).

4.3 SITE 2 — PREHISTORIC SITE

Site 2 was located within Field 21 (Illus 6) to the extreme east of the investigation area and was initially identified as a series of linear and curvilinear geophysical anomalies.

Trench 131 was placed across the eastern most anomalies which appeared to represent a possible pennanular feature and rectilinear enclosure. Trenching corroborated the presence of these features with archaeological remains encountered at approximately 87m AOD, 0.55m below ground level.

To the west of the trench a linear cut [13107] measuring 0.77m wide and 0.65m deep was oriented broadly north-south and identified as a ditch (Illus 7 and 8). The ditch contained two silty clay fills (13105, 13106) from which animal bone and pottery dating to the Iron-Age/Romano-British period was recovered from the fills together with lithic debitage of prehistoric date which may have been residual.

Approximately 14m from the eastern end of the trench, a curvilinear ditch [13113] (Illus 7) measuring 1.40m wide, 0.60m deep and curving slightly from the south to north-east was filled with a yellow brown silty clay (13112) from which flint, animal bone, fired clay and pottery of Bronze Age date was recovered. This was sealed by a dark brown silty clay (13114) upper fill which appeared to indicate general sedimentation after the ditch had gone out of use.

Located 10.6m to the east a semi-circular cut [13111] measured 0.70m wide and 0.40m deep and was interpreted as a ditch terminus (Illus 9). The ditch contained a single fill (13110) from which flint, bone and pottery was recovered. Pottery of both later Bronze Age and Iron Age/Romano-British date was recovered from (13110).

Immediately south of [13111] a sub-circular post-hole [13109] was recorded measuring 0.60 x 0.50m wide. The feature was not fully excavated but appeared to represent a cut for a substantial post. Fired clay and flint debitage indicative of a possible prehistoric date were recovered from the fill (13108). The post-hole may be associated with the probable pennanular ditch represented by the ditch and terminus, possibly defining part of an entrance to a structure or enclosure approximately 14m in diameter.

To the west of Trench 131, a north-south oriented linear cut was identified in Trench 130. The feature measured 0.90m wide and 0.55m deep and was identified as a ditch, corresponding with an 'L' shaped geophysical anomaly. The ditch contained a primary and upper fill (13005, 13006) which appeared to indicate gradual sedimentation of the feature with little or no anthropogenic indicators.

South of Trench 130, three post-holes were recorded in Trench 134 [13407], [13409] and 13411]. The post-holes measured between 0.31 and 0.24m Ø and 0.22 and 0.07m depth. A general east-west alignment was observed but no positive relationship could be attested. The fills of the post-holes appeared to indicate removal of the posts and backfilling.

Within Trench 136 a north-west/south-east ditch [13608] measuring 1.99m wide and 0.77m deep with a 'U' shaped profile was recorded (Illus 10). The ditch contained a primary and upper fill (13605, 13606) both of which displayed evidence of gleying. Pottery provisionally

dated to the later Bronze Age was recovered from (13605). A lithic assemblage of 31 pieces was also recovered from the same fill indicative of a date no later than the earlier Bronze Age. The ditch is likely to have functioned as a land boundary and drainage ditch.

Immediately west of [13608] a further north-west/south-east oriented ditch [13616] measured between 0.30 and 0.47m wide and up to 0.15m deep. The ditch appeared heavily plough truncated and contained a single fill (13615) probably arising due to surface run off. No dateable material was recovered from the feature.

Two ditch cuts [13614 and 13617] appeared to correlate with two curvilinear geophysical anomalies. Ditch [13614] lay immediately east of [13608] and was orientated north-west/south-east, measuring 0.40-0.55m wide and 0.16m deep with a 'U' shaped profile. The ditch contained a single fill of yellow brown clay (13613) from which burnt flint and pottery of possible middle Bronze Age date was recovered.

Ditch [13617] (Illus 11) was identified approximately 14.00m northeast of [13614] and measured 0.65m wide x 0.70m deep. Two fills were recorded (13618, 13619) which appeared to result from gradual sedimentation with no dateable material recovered. The two ditches are postulated as being associated forming a larger circular or pennanular feature, potentially a structure or enclosure.

Towards the north-east extent of the trench a further ditch [13611] orientated east-west and measuring 1.65m wide x 0.65m deep was recorded as containing two fills (13609, 13610). Both fills displayed signs of gleying and the lower fill (13610) contained pottery fragments suggesting an Iron-Age/Romano-British period date. The feature is likely to represent a land division and drainage ditch.

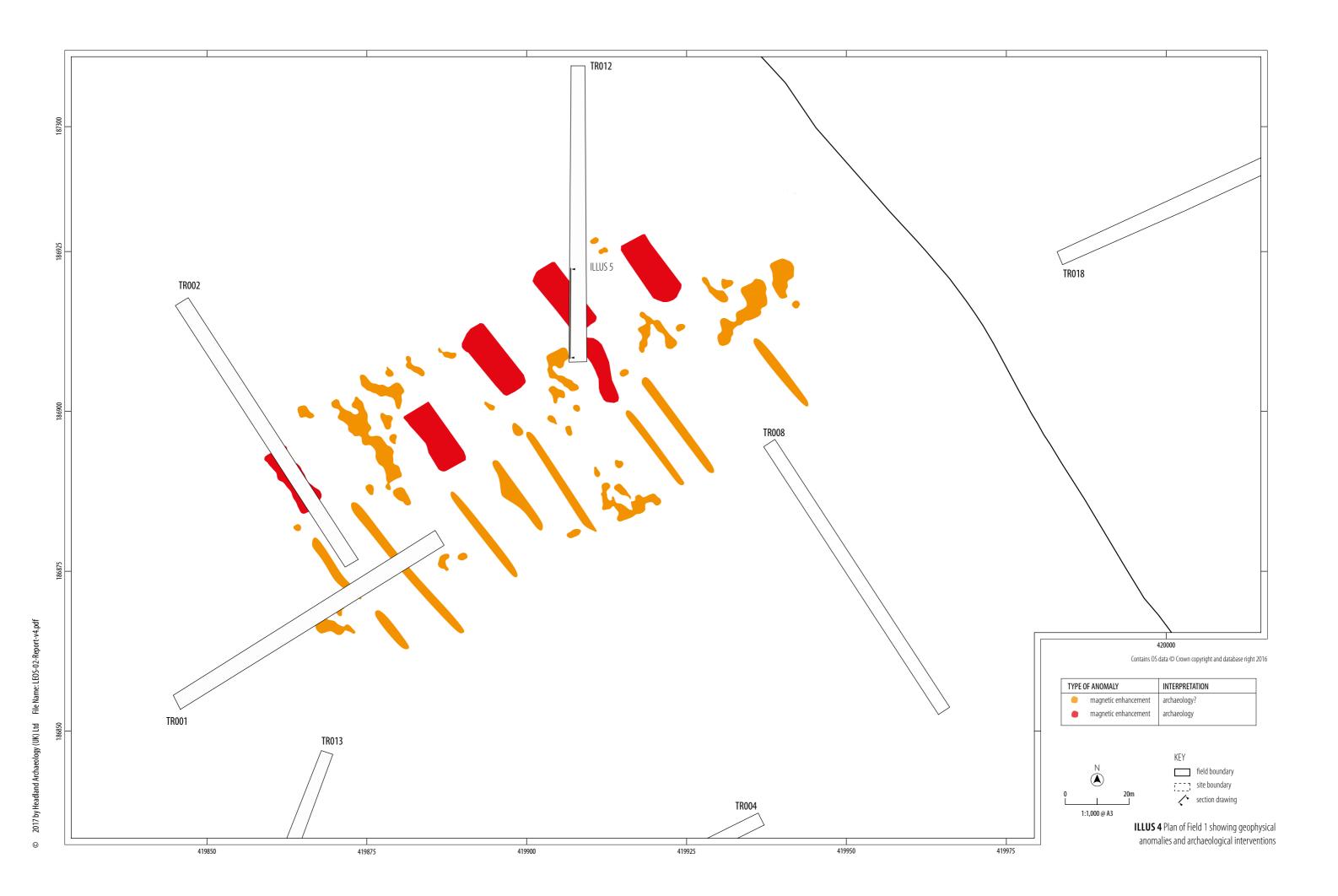
To the south in Trench 141, semi-circular cut [14107] was partially exposed measuring $0.90 \times 0.40 \times 0.30$ m deep was recorded sealed below 0.83m of alluvium (14102). The feature appeared disturbed by alluvial action, particularly the upper fill (14106) from which flint indicative of a prehistoric date for the feature was retrieved along with fragments of fired clay. The function of the feature could not be determined.

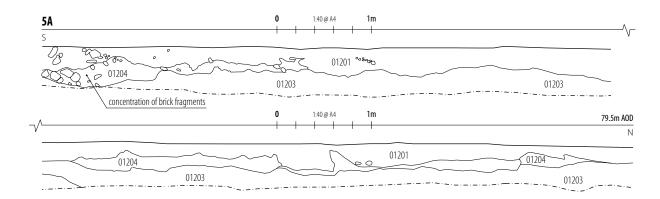
In the north-west of the field, Trench 138 contained three archaeological features. The northernmost of these was a broadly north-south orientated feature [13809] measuring 0.29m wide and 0.10m deep. A single naturally derived deposit (13808) filled the feature which was identified as a possible agricultural feature or highly truncated ditch base.

To the south of this, ditch [13807] was recorded orientated northwest/south-east. It measured 0.64m wide \times 0.25m deep and contained a single fill (13806) similar in character to the subsoil.

Between 0.50 and 2m to the south, a further ditch [13811] was orientated north-east/south-west measuring 0.69m wide and 0.20m deep. The ditch contained a single gradually sedimented fill. No dateable material was recovered from any of the features in the trench.

Located to the central eastern area of the field in Trench 133 a dark brownish grey buried soil (13304) was identified at 87.15m AOD,







ILLUS 5A—B East facing section through clamp kiln deposits in Trench 12

between 0.55 and 0.65m below ground level and interpreted as a former ground surface. The soil was a maximum of 0.22m thick and observed in both sections of the trench extending greater than 21m north-east/south-west. The soil was sealed by and overlay alluvial deposits. No dateable material was retrieved from the deposit but the potential for association with the prehistoric remains identified in the field exists.

4.4 TRENCHES WITH PREHISTORIC DEPOSITS

Field 7

An area of heat-affected soil was partially exposed at the northeastern end of Trench 72. On investigation this was found to represent two discrete patches of burning (07204) and (07205) (Illus 12). Both deposits were a greyish red and orange in colour, with a blackened, probably charcoal rich area, noted towards the centre of (07204). Five pieces of stone located towards the edges of (07204) may have indicated former stone edging to the feature, demarcating the edge of a former fire. Heat affected flint, predominantly natural flint gravels, with one possibly knapped fragment, were recovered from the features together with a single unburnt hard-hammer flake from (07204).

Field 8 A heavily truncated post-hole [07905] measuring 0.20m Ø and 0.05m deep was identified in Trench 79, sealed by subsoil deposits. A flint knife blade was recovered from the fill (07904).

Field 15 A north-west/south-east oriented ditch [10204] (Illus 13) measuring 1.20m wide x 0.0.49m deep was recorded cutting the geological clays. The ditch contained a sequence of three fills

(10205), (10206) and 10207) which displayed evidence of gleying and suggested a probable drainage and agricultural boundary function for the ditch. Animal bone, lithics and pottery dating to the late Bronze Age was recovered from (10206).

Field 17 Located in Trench 112 (Illus 14) a linear cut [11210] was recorded oriented north-east/south-west and interpreted as a ditch. The ditch measured 0.77m wide and 0.38m deep in section and was badly truncated by ridge and furrow agriculture [11212] and ploughing. The fill of the ditch (11209) contained a dump of large angular stones towards the base, potentially indicating some clearing of the land. Pottery of probable later Bronze Age date, undiagnostic pottery fragments and prehistoric lithics were recovered from the fill.

Field 18 Towards the southern end of the trench a sub-circular cut [09405] measuring $0.74 \times 0.58m$ and 0.08m deep contained a single fill (09404) which appeared to hold a former organic content and charcoal fragments. Lithic debitage and fired clay fragments were recovered from the fill suggesting a potential prehistoric date. The feature was interpreted as a possible small midden pit.

4.5 TRENCHES WITH ROMANO-BRITISH DEPOSITS

Field 4 Romano-British pottery was recovered from both subsoil deposits and a tree throw [03309] within the field.

Field 14 Towards the south of the field a north-east/south-west orientated ditch [09305] was recorded in Trench 93 (Illus 15). The ditch measured 0.97m wide and 0.23m deep and contained a single fill of sandy clay (09304) from which two sherds of Romano-British pottery were recovered. A general lack of anthropogenic indicators suggested that the ditch was away from any focus of settlement, perhaps serving as a field or land boundary.

4.6 TRENCHES WITH POST-MEDIEVAL AND MODERN DEPOSITS

Fields 1 and 2 To the extreme north of these fields and partially exposed against the edges of trenches a series of cuts containing post-medieval and relatively modern fills eg [00604, 02504, 07504] were identified as relating to the backfilling of the former Wiltshire and Berkshire Canal (Illus 16).

Field 3 In Trench 22, an area of recent burning (02202) consisting of a 0.02–0.03m thick layer of light red and black silty clay was recorded within the topsoil, approximately 0.15m below the present ground level which matched a geophysical signal targeted by the trench. The deposit extended some 6m north-south and beyond the limits of the trench to the east and west.

Field 8 Orientated broadly north-south and measuring 0.65m wide \times 0.20m deep a ditch [07804] was observed sealed below topsoil and cutting subsoil deposits. A single silty clay, gleyed fill (07805) suggested the ditch had functioned as a drainage feature and probable former field division.

Field 15 Also orientated north-south in Trench 99 a further former drainage ditch [09904] was recorded and was visible as an extant

shallow earthwork extending to the north and south on the present ground surface.

Field 17 Ridge and furrow agricultural remains were recorded in both Trenches 112 and 113 [11212 and 11304] (Illus 12). The furrows were spaced between 5 and 8m apart and were observed to cut into the subsoil deposits.

Field 21 A linear cut [13405] recorded in Trench 134 was oriented north-south and measured 0.74m wide x 0.12m deep. The fill of the cut was an heterogeneous mix with lenses of redeposited geological deposits (13104). The feature was interpreted as a former hedge line.

Field 23 A single modern post-hole was observed and surveyed cut through subsoil deposits and sealed by the present topsoil and is likely to have represented part of a more recent fence-line.

4.7 TRENCHES WITH UNDATED DEPOSITS

Field 4 In Trench 39 a north-east/south-west ditch [03904] measuring 0.98m wide and 0.18m deep was recorded containing a single fill (03905) likely to represent primary sedimentation. The ditch is likely to have functioned as a drainage or field boundary ditch.

To the western end of the field a further north-east/south-west orientated ditch [03304] (Illus 17) measuring 0.54m wide and 0.21m deep contained a single fill (03305) from which a single lithic was recovered. The ditch appeared to terminate within the trench and immediately to the north a further terminal end of a ditch [03306] was recorded on the same orientation extending beyond the trench to the north-east. The two features are likely to be part of the same land division.

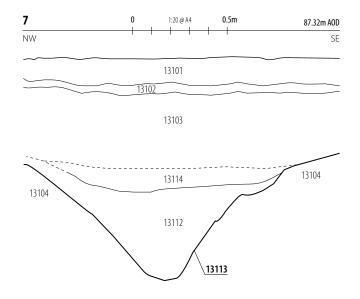
Several potential features were also investigated and recorded within the Trench proving to be non-archaeological in origin.

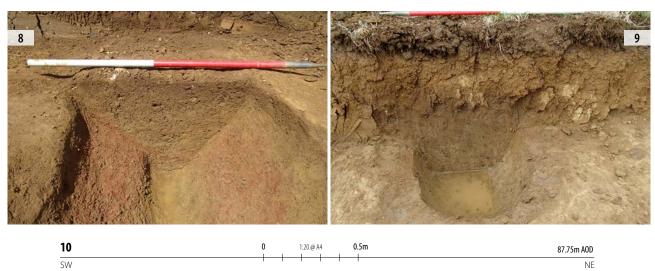
To the south, in Trench 31, a North-South oriented ditch [03105] measured 0.51m wide and 0.10m deep also contained a single fill (03104) from which a largely undiagnostic pottery sherd, possibly of prehistoric origin, was recovered.

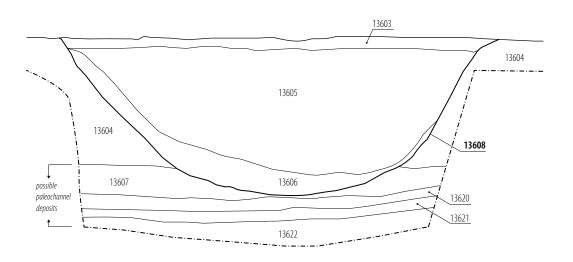
Field 5 To the south-west of the investigation area in Trench 45, two ditches [04506 and 04508] were identified (Illus 18 and 19). Both features were orientated north-east\south-west and ran immediately parallel to each other with no ascertainable relationship. It is likely that one or the other represents the re-cutting and redefining of an established boundary. The fills of the ditches were almost identical in nature, displaying evidence of gleying and arising from general sedimentation. It is likely the ditches served as drainage and field boundary features.

Field 9 Located in Trench 86 (Illus 20), a sub-circular feature [08604] was partially exposed against the northern trench edge. Measuring $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.60$ m deep the cut was interpreted as a possible posthole containing a single fill of silty clay (08605) in which burnt clay and charcoal fragments were observed. The feature is potentially natural in origin, possibly burning out of vegetation, the limited exposure rendering full interpretation difficult.

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ILLUS 11 General view ditch [13617]

Field 15 To the north of the field in Trench 97, two ditches [09704] and [09706] were recorded. Orientated north-south, ditch [09704] measured 0.95m wide and 0.40m deep and contained a single gleyed fill (09705). The deposit appeared anthropogenically sterile with no artefactual material recovered. Approximately 30m west of [09704] a north-east/ south-west oriented ditch [09706] also contained a single fill (09707). The ditch was heavily truncated surviving to only 0.11m depth. Both ditches are likely to have served as agricultural boundaries and drainage features.

Field 17 A heavily truncated sub-circular post-hole [11305] measuring 0.27×0.24 and 0.07m deep was recorded sealed by subsoil deposits.

Field 18 To the north-west corner of the field in Trench 114, an heavily truncated, broadly north-south oriented ditch [11405] (Illus 21) measured 0.49m wide and 0.14m deep. A very slight curve from south to north-east was visible. The single fill (11404) suggested primary sedimentation and that essentially only the base of the cut had survived.

South of this in Trench 115 (Illus 21) the terminal end of a probable ditch [11507] oriented south-west/north-east was exposed within the trench. The ditch contained three fills (11508), (11509) and (11510) with the tentative suggestion of clearing or re-cutting though this could not be definitively stated.

Some 15m south of [11507] a post-hole [11505] surviving to 0.11m depth was recorded. The post-hole could not be positively associated with any other features and its function remains unknown.

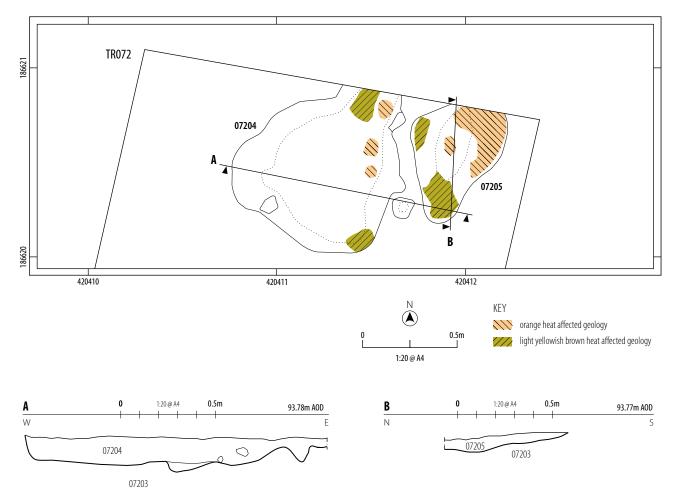
4.8 NON-ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURES

Field 15 A series of circular and pennanular geophysical anomalies were targeted within the field (Illus 22). Within Trenches 96 and 107, these could not be linked to any buried deposits or features, although within 2m of their locations natural undulations or hollows within the geological deposits were identified and excavated. These natural features were investigated due to the presence of the geophysics signals rather than standing out as potential archaeological remains.

Two curvilinear cuts [10604] and [10606] were identified at the northern end of Trench 106. The northernmost cut [10606] was oriented eastwest and measured 0.90m wide and 0.38m deep containing a single silty clay fill (10607) which was similar in nature and colour to the surrounding parent geology. No artefactual material was recovered.

Feature [10604] was oriented broadly north-south, with a slight curve, measuring 0.75m wide and 0.17m deep. The fill (10605) also displayed similar characteristics to the surrounding geology, suggesting natural sedimentation of the feature due to erosion of the sides of the cut or up-cast from excavation of the feature. The fills of both features appeared sterile with no anthropogenic indicators and no artefactual material recovered.

The two cuts may have been associated forming part of a wider and larger feature and lie close to a roughly square geophysical anomaly identified in the trench vicinity. However, the eastern edge of the recorded anomaly was some 4m offset from cut [10605] suggesting it is unlikely that the cut provided the geophysical response.



ILLUS 12 Hearth deposits identied in Trench 72

A further targeted anomaly in Trench 108 also could not corroborate geophysics results but identified two possible linear features in proximity but which did not match the interpretation. An east-west orientated feature [10804] measured 2.70m wide and 0.85m deep and appeared to contain silty clay fills (10805), (10806), (10807) and (10808) which were similar in character to the surrounding geology and anthropogenically sterile. The feature was interpreted as a ditch but may in fact be an over-excavated hollow within geological deposits.

Immediately to the east a further linear feature [10809] was orientated south-east/north-west and measured 1.29m wide x 0.30m deep. A single silty clay fill (10810) was identified. Again, it is likely that this was a natural hollow rather than an archaeological feature.

5 DISCUSSION

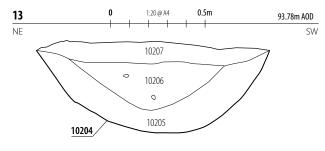
Geophysical anomalies were found, in general terms to be reflected in the evidence recorded on site, with the exception of Field 15. The anomalies identified in Field 15 are unlikely to correlate with the excavated features identified during the trenching, with the majority of recorded features likely to be natural in origin. Banding within the geology, which would not normally have been targeted for excavation, was only investigated due to the presence of the geophysical anomalies in loose correlation. No potential features to corroborate the geophysics results were observed in the top or subsoil deposits in the trenches.

It may be that livestock feeding stations or former tree throws, which can create leaching of minerals slowly through the impermeable clays and cause chemical changes within the soils, provided the geophysical responses in Field 15 (S Harrison pers comm).

It should also be noted that several relatively substantial ditches, such as in Trench 102, Field 15 and Trench 45, Field 5, gave no geophysical response and the potential for further archaeological features beyond those detected by the geophysical survey remains.

Topsoil deposits to the extreme south of the investigation area displayed evidence of frequent waterlogging and gleying and directly overlay alluvial horizons, particularly in the area of Field 5. Within these areas, very little archaeological evidence was identified, including little or no post-medieval or modern agricultural evidence, the headland to a former ridge and furrow agriculture system being visible in Field 15 above the extent of the river flood plain. This suggests the land overlying alluvial deposits has been marginal for some period of time and that any archaeological potential may lie more deeply buried.

Site 1, located to the west of the investigation area was initially suggested by geophysical survey and stripping of trenches was undertaken to this archaeological horizon. Geophysics suggested activity associated with a pyrotechnic process and a personal comment from a member of the public alluded to the presence of





ILLUS13 North-west facing section through ditch [10204]

brick clamp kilns associated with the construction of the Wiltshire and Berkshire Canal in the vicinity. A density of brick and brick fragments were also noted throughout the field and within the plough-soils.

The identified remains corresponded well with geophysical responses and were indicative of some former industrial activity. The remains identified appeared to have been disturbed by ploughing and no formal structure to the deposits could be positively attested with the exception of a concentration of brick fragments to the north of Trench 12, which may define the disturbed and truncated northern extent of the remains of a brick clamp structure. This also corresponds with the extent of a defined edge to a geophysical anomaly which suggests such an interpretation may be correct. Only wider exposure of the remains would allow positive identification of the full survival of the clamp remains and possible structural elements.

Site 2 lay at the eastern edge of the investigation area. The general stratigraphy relative to the present landscape suggested a steeper slope in the land from the north towards the course of the river in antiquity, particularly in this area (Field 21). A possible ancient course of the river was postulated through the identification of a series of thin alluvial layers in Trench 136, much closer to the area of identified prehistoric remains in Field 21 than the present course of the River Cole. This does predate the archaeological remains in Trench 136 by some considerable time, and likely predates all of the remains in the Site 2 vicinity. However, it is suggested that the river course has meandered considerably over time, which would be consistent with results of investigations to the south of the present river course (Craddock-Bennett 2015) where large palaeochannels were identified.

Site 2 appears to represent a minimum of two phases of archaeological remains dating to the late Bronze Age and Iron-Age/Romano-British periods. There is a high probability that features and geophysical anomalies identified in Trenches 131 and 136 represent structural remains, possibly of roundhouses associated with occupation, with a further geophysical anomaly, not targeted during trenching due to the presence of overhead power lines, therefore also possibly representing further structural remains, though features such as stock enclosures cannot be ruled out.

Other linear features, several of which were not identified by geophysical survey, may represent land division and drainage features associated with occupation. Post-holes recorded in Trench 134, whilst undated, are also likely to be associated with either of the phases of occupation.

A curious anomaly exists with regard to the dating of features on the site, particularly evident in relation to ditch [13608]. Pottery recovered from the ditch is indicative of a late Bronze Age date, whilst some 31 lithics from the same fill are identified as Neolithic, or no later than early Bronze Age, and appear to derive from a single event. The nature of the lithic technology would preclude the majority of these being of a later date, though it is possible a few of the lithics could be re-assigned to a middle Bronze Age date (J Lochrie pers comm).

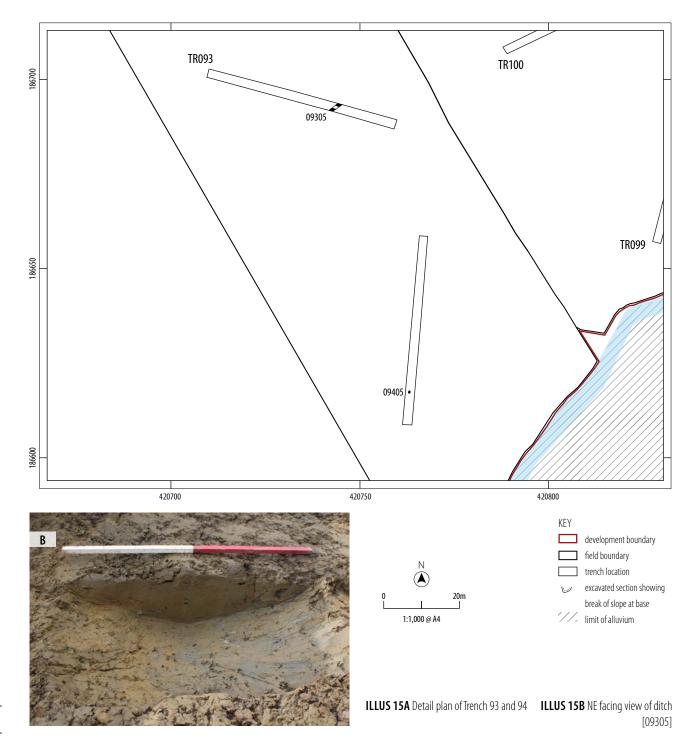
A similar occurrence is noted in relation to the ditch in Trench 102 where late Bronze Age pottery is also associated with lithics which are apparently of no later than Early Bronze Age date. This anomalous occurrence cannot at this stage be understood and only further investigation of the site and a wider understanding of the features may shed light on this and resolve the dating issue. It is also worth commenting at this point, that some 755 lithics of predominantly Neolithic or early Bronze Age were recovered across the entire investigation area, but with no features of these periods positively attested, though activity during the period is evidenced by their presence.

Trench 141 recorded a single feature of probable earlier prehistoric date sealed beneath 0.80m of alluvium. This would suggest that archaeological features in the alluvial zone are relatively deeply buried with the potential for further remains to be present, at depth.

A former ground surface, probably post-dating the Bronze Age was also identified in Field 21, Trench 131, at 055 to 0.65m below the present ground level. The suggestion here is that changing river courses gradually moved the potential for use of the land further northward through time.

Other prehistoric features in the investigation area (Fields 7, 8, 15, 17 and 18) would appear to suggest more limited use of the land with drainage or land division ditches, as noted in Trenches 102 and 112.

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Environmental sampling provided relatively poor results and unfortunately did not contribute to further understanding of the features within Site 2 or the more widely scattered prehistoric and undated features across the investigation area. However, the mineral concretion surrounding charcoal fragments recovered from samples would appear to indicate precipitation of mineral in semi or seasonally waterlogged conditions, which would tie in well with the location and topography of the investigation area along the River Cole flood plain.

To the west of the site in Field 4, three ditches were identified. Two of these yielded single, possible prehistoric pieces of dating evidence with a series of natural features in proximity yielding prehistoric flint

and Romano-British pottery, with similar being recovered from subsoil deposits. The limited dateable material within the features cannot be conclusive in terms of dating but there does appear to be a focus of activity, possibly agricultural within the area. The variable orientations of the ditches may suggest some chronological phasing.

Whilst Romano-British period pottery was recovered from subsoil deposits across the investigation area, a concentration of these finds appears to the west of the site in Fields 2, 3, 4, 7 and 14 suggesting a possible focus in this vicinity. Field 14 contained the only positively attested Romano-British feature, a drainage ditch and probable land boundary and it is likely that any activity of the period is associated with agriculture not in immediate proximity to settlement.



ILLUS 16 View of SW facing section through canal backfill deposits

Field evaluation undertaken on Marston farm, between 1km and 500m, west of the investigation area, evidenced a density of Romano-British remains (Taylor 2014). This was concentrated to the west and archaeological remains were absent to the east in the fields immediately adjacent to the present investigation area. Evaluations undertaken by Headland Archaeology (Craddock-Bennet 2015, Sworn 2015) also produced limited evidence of Romano-British agricultural activity, other than on land directly adjacent to Durocornovium.

Undated remains across the site also appear to reflect limited agricultural use of the land in the form of drainage ditches and/ or land division. An absence of material and features between the Romano-British and the post-medieval period is evident with no material recovered from topsoil or subsoil deposits.

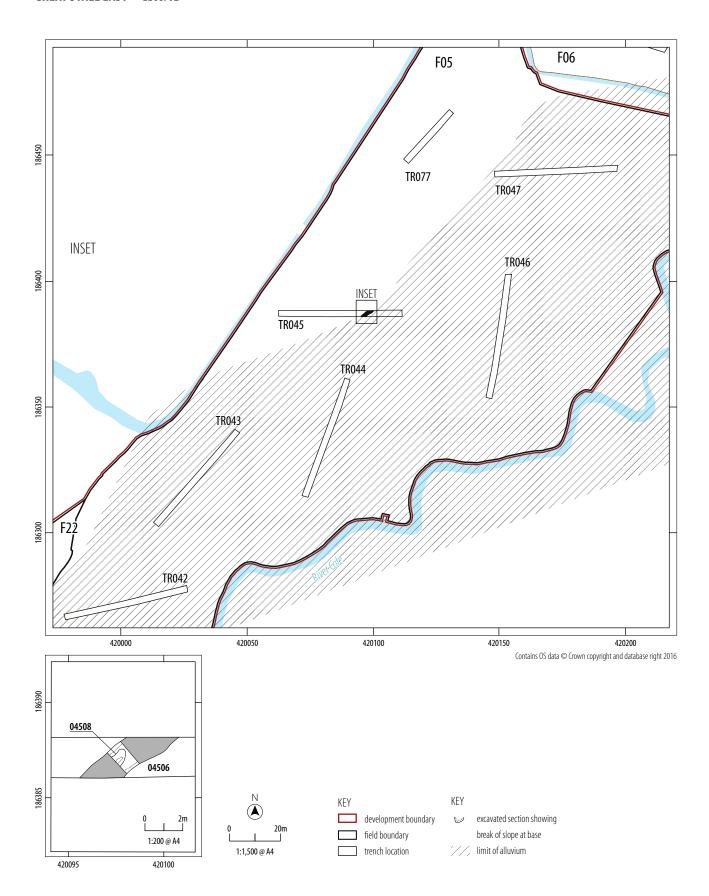
6 CONCLUSION

Archaeological evaluation has largely corroborated geophysical evidence and defined two sites within the investigation area; a post-medieval brick making area, likely associated with the construction of the Wiltshire and Berkshire canal to the west of the area and a probable multi-phase prehistoric occupation site to the east, with potential structural remains.

Geophysical results and archaeological results did display some variability and this is detailed in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1 Geophysical anomalies and archaeological evidence

FIELD	GEOPHYSICAL INTERPRETATION	ARCHAEOLOGICAL INTERPRETATION
1	Rectangular anomalies, possible brick kilns	Heat affected soils, burning — possible brick clamp kilns
2	Circular anomalies, possible barrow type features	No features observed
4	None	Ditches, truncated field boundary/ drainage ditches
5	None	Drainage Ditches
7	None	Area of burning, possible prehistoric hearths
8	None	Ditch
14	None	Ditches
15	6 Circular anomalies, probable barrow type features, rectangular features	Natural features, 3 linear ditches probable field boundaries
21	Ditches, possible enclosures, pennanular features	Ditches, post-holes, probable circular or pennanular features





ILLUS 19 View of ditch cuts [04506] and [04508] looking SW

The majority of archaeological remains were negative features, unstratified, with the potential for occasional intersection. Site 2, with at least two periods identified, Bronze Age and later Iron Age, together with a buried soil, does provide the suggestion of an area of slightly greater complexity.

A scatter of features located across the entire investigation area, also attest to more limited use of the land, probably in the form of agriculture, with land division and drainage ditches and artefacts from the Neolithic to Romano-British periods recovered from subsoil deposits. A possible further area of interest may be postulated in the vicinity of Field 4, probably relating to agricultural use of the land.

All features appear to have been plough truncated with variability in the level of truncation noted across the investigation area. A later Bronze Age ditch in Field 17 was virtually ploughed away. This variable truncation would appear to reflect land use with greater survival in areas seemingly affected by flooding.

Analysis of artefacts recovered suggests activity in the investigation area over a prolonged period of time and a dynamic post-deposition environment. This may be responsible for vagaries in dating, noted and discussed, within prehistoric features, though only further investigation of features on the site could shed further light on this subject. There was a noticeable absence of any artefacts or features during the post-Roman and medieval periods.

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8 APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 TRENCH AND CONTEXT REGISTER

DBGL = Depth below ground level

TR001	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.35
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
00101	Mid -grey brown silt	0-0.20		
00102	Mid-grey brown silty west end of trench	0.20-0.30		
00103	Mid-orange brown	0.3 (LOE)		

Summary: No archaeological remains

TR002	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.4
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
00201	Mid -grey brown silt	y clay		0-0.25
00202	Mid-grey brown silty west end of trench	0.25-0.40		
00203	Mid-orange brown o	0.4		
00204	Dark grey ashy silt ar clamp kilns	0.15-0.25		
00205	Dark brown sandy lo	0.20-0.25		
00206	Mid-orange brown s — geological deposit	0.4		

 $\label{thm:continuous} Summary: Industrial\ residues\ associated\ with\ brick\ clamp\ kilns$

TR003	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
00301	Mid -grey brown silty clay			0-0.25
00302	$\label{eq:madeground-redeposited} \begin{tabular}{ll} Made ground-redeposited natural with rubble inclusions-fill of 00305 \end{tabular}$			0.25-0.40
00303	Natural geological deposit — Mid orange clay with brown and blue gravel patches			0.40
00304	Light orange brown gravelly silty sand — made ground			
00305	Cut feature — NE-SW orientation, $>$ 5.7m long x $>$ 2.1m wide — modern cut			

Summary: Modern cut and associated dumped material

TR004	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.40

CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)
00401	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown clayey silt	0-0.20
00402	Subsoil — Mid grey brown silty clay	0.20-0.30
00403	Geological deposit — Mid blueish grey and brown with orange mottling clay	0.30+

Summary: No archaeological remains

TR005	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.10	0.40
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
00501	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown silty clay			0-0.25
00502	$\label{eq:made_equation} \mbox{Mixed redeposited geological deposit with brick and tile-made ground}$			0.25-0.45
00503	Geological deposit m	nid-orange brown		0.45+

Summary: No archaeological remains

ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
N-S	50	2.10	0.40
DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
Topsoil — Mid grey-brown silty clay			0-0.25
Geological deposit — Mottled mid-orange and grey brown clay			0.25 +
Fill of 00604 — Brick and rubble			0.25
Cut feature - >4.2m x >2.1m — post-medieval cut			0.25
	N-S DESCRIPTION Topsoil — Mid grey-b Geological deposit — Fill of 00604 — Brick	N-S 50 DESCRIPTION Topsoil — Mid grey-brown silty clay Geological deposit — Mottled mid-orange Fill of 00604 — Brick and rubble	N-S 50 2.10 DESCRIPTION Topsoil — Mid grey-brown silty clay Geological deposit — Mottled mid-orange and grey brown clay Fill of 00604 — Brick and rubble

Summary: Post-medieval cut

TR007	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.10	0.35
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
00701	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown silty clay			0-0.25
00702	Subsoil — Mid red-brown silty clay			0.25-0.30
00703	Geological deposit — Mottled mid-orange and grey brown clay			0.30
Summary: No archaeological remains				

Summary. No dichacological remains				
TR008	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	Av. D (m)
	NW-SE	50	2.10	0.45
Context	Description			DBGL (m)
00801	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown clayey silt			0-0.20
00802	Subsoil — Mid grey brown silty clay			0.20-0.30
00803	$\label{eq:Geological} \mbox{Geological deposit} - \mbox{Mid blue} \mbox{ blue} \mbox{ish grey and brown with orange} \\ \mbox{mottling day}$			0.30+

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR009	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.10	0.35
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
00901	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown silty clay			0-0.25
00902	Geological Deposit –	Geological Deposit — Mottled mid-blue orange-brown clay		

TR010	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.10	0.4
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01001	Topsoil — Mid grey-l	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown clayey silt		
01002	Subsoil — Mid grey b	prown silty clay		0.20-0.25
01003	Geological deposit – mottling clay	- Mid blueish grey and	brown with orange	0.25+

Summary: No archaeological remains

TR011	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01101	Topsoil — Mid grey-b	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown clayey silt		
01102	Subsoil — Mid grey b	Subsoil — Mid grey brown silty clay		
01103	Geological deposit — mottling clay	Mid blueish grey and	brown with orange	0.25+

Summary: No archaeological remains

TR012	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01201	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown clayey silt			0-0.20
01202	Subsoil — Mid grey brown silty clay			0.20-0.30
01203	Geological deposit — Mid blueish grey and brown with orange mottling clay			0.30+
01204	Ashy silt and brick du	ust — dumped deposit		0.15-0.45

Summary: Industrial residues associated with brick clamp kilns

TR013	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.10	0.40
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01301	Topsoil — Mid grey- brown clayey silt	0-0.20		
01302	Subsoil — Mid grey brown silty clay	0.20-0.30		

01303 Geological deposit — Mid blueish grey and brown with orange mottling day 0.30

Summary: No Archaeological remains

TR014	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.40
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01401	Topsoil — Mid grey-brown clayey silt			0-0.20
01402	Subsoil — Mid grey brown silty clay			0.20-0.30
01403	Geological deposit — mottling clay	Geological deposit — Mid blueish grey and brown with orange		

Summary: No Archaeological remains

TR015	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NW-SE	50	2.10	0.30	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
01501	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt			0-0.20	
01502	Subsoil — Mid red-brown silt clay			0.20-0.25	
01503	Geological deposit –	Mottled blue and ora	nge brown clay	0.25+	

Summary: No Archaeological remains

TR016	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01601	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt			0-0.20
01602	Subsoil — Mid red-brown silt clay			0.20-0.25
01603	Geological deposit —	Mottled blue and ora	nge brown clay	0.25+

Summary: No Archaeological remains

TR017	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01701	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil			0-0.30
01702	gravel, occasional bo	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil		
01703		rey and yellow brown o gravel, occasional boo l		0.60 (LOE)

TR018	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01801	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil			0-0.30
01802	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.30-0.60
01803	3 /- 3	rey and yellow brown t gravel, occasional bo al	, ,	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR019	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
01901	and grit, Frequent tin	silty clay containing fre ny CBM fragments, occ fragments, heavily iror	asional large CBM	0-0.30
01902	gravel, occasional bo	ht yellowish brown cla ulders and stones and alluvially derived subs		0.30-0.60
01903	3 /- 3	rey and yellow brown t gravel, occasional bo al	, ,	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR020	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
02001	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil			0-0.30
02002	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.30-0.68
02003	3 /- 3	rey and yellow brown t gravel, occasional bo al	,	0.68 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR021	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
02101	and grit, Frequent tir	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil		

02102	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil	0.30-0.62
`02103	Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown clay containing frequent angular flint gravel, occasional boulders — Geological deposit – glaciofluvial	0.62 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR022	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NNW-SSE	50	2.10	0.70
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
02201	Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tir fragments, rare coal	0-0.30		
02202	Mixed light red and l fragments — Remna	0.15-0.30		
02203	gravel, occasional bo	ht yellowish brown cla ulders and stones and alluvially derived subs		0.30-0.80
02204		rey and yellow brown t gravel, occasional bo al		0.70/0.80 (LOE)

Summary: Remnant of modern burning - No archaeological remains.

TR023	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
02301	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil			0-0.30
02302	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.30-0.65
02303	Mottled grey, olive grequent angular flindeposit – glaciofluvia	0.65		
Summary:				

TR024	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	0.65		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
02401	Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tin fragments, rare coal f	0-0.30		
02402	gravel, occasional bo	ht yellowish brown cl ulders and stones and alluvially derived subs		0.30-0.60

02403	Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown clay containing frequent angular flint gravel, occasional boulders — Geological deposit - glaciofluvial	0.60 (LOE)
02404	Reddish brown-grey silty clay containing occasional shell fragments and sub-rounded gravel — sedimentation and infilling of former canal	0.60
02405	Greyish orange silty clay and gravel containing patches of redeposited geological clays — backfilling/levelling of former canal	0.60
02406	Partially exposed linear cut, not fully excavated $>$ 2'3m x $>$ 2.1m x .0.60m deep, Probable modern cut relating to infilling of former canal	0.60
02407	Grey, silty clay containing occasional sub-angular gravel — Backfill of former canal	0.60
02408	Grey silty clay containing occasional sub-angular gravel — backfill of former canal $$	0.6
02409	Grey, silty clay, heavily iron-stained, gleyed deposit containing sub-angular gravels — sedimentation within former canal	0.6

Summary: Canal backfill and cut

TR025	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.6
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
02501	Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tin fragments, rare coal f	0-0.30		
02502	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.30-0.65
02503	3 /- 3	rey and yellow brown c gravel, occasional boo l	, ,	0.65
02504	Mid yellow-brown cl canal	ay and gravel, backfilli	ing/levelling of former	0.1
02505	, ,	ar cut >1.5m x >2m to backfilling of canal	'	0.1

Summary: Backfilling of former canal

TR026	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)		
111020	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.65		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION				
02601	Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tir fragments, rare coal	0-0.30				
02602	gravel, occasional bo	ht yellowish brown cla ulders and stones and alluvially derived subso	rare charcoal	0.30-0.70		

02603	Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown clay containing	0.70 (LOE)
	frequent angular flint gravel, occasional boulders — Geological	
	deposit - glaciofluvial	

Summary: No archaeological remains

TR027	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
02701	Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tir fragments, rare coal	0-0.30		
02702	gravel, occasional bo	ht yellowish brown cla ulders and stones and alluvially derived subs		0.30-0.60
02703		rey and yellow brown t gravel, occasional bo al		0.60 (LOE)

ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
NNW-SE	50	2.10	0.60
DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
and grit, Frequent tin	0-0.30		
Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.30-0.60
frequent angular flint	0.60 (LOE)		
	NNW-SE DESCRIPTION Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tir fragments, rare coal to fragments, occasional bo fragments — gleyed Mottled grey, olive g frequent angular filin	DESCRIPTION Dark brownish grey silty clay containing fre and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occ fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay gravel, occasional boulders and stones and fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subs Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown	DESCRIPTION Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown clay containing frequent angular flint gravel, occasional boulders — Geological

TR029	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.6
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
02901	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil			0-0.30
02902	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.30-0.65
02903	Mottled grey, olive g frequent angular flin deposit - glaciofluvia	0.65 (LOE)		
Summary: No	archaeological remains	– stone axe recovere	d from subsoil (02902)	

TR030	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.6
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
03001	Topsoil. Mid brownish grey, sandy silty clay, containing occasional gravel and modern ceramic material.			0-0.3
03002	Subsoil. Light brownish grey sandy clay; with occasional small stone inclusions.			0.60
03003	3 1	Aixed Mid yellowish buravel and occasional sr ders.	,	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR031	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.55	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)	
03101		Topsoil. Mid brownish grey, sandy silty clay, containing occasional gravel and modern ceramic material.			
03102	Subsoil. Light brown stone inclusions.	Subsoil. Light brownish grey sandy clay; with occasional small stone inclusions.			
03103	Mixed Mid yellowish brown and light blue day, with frequent gravel and occasional small fossil inclusions. Frequent sarsen boulders.			0.6 (LOE)	
03104	Geological deposit. No containing rare pea g	0.60			
03105	· '	ear cut >2.10m x 0.51 igned S-NNE; possibly		0.60	

Summary: Agricultural field drainage ditch.

TR032	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
03201		Topsoil. Mid brownish grey, sandy silty clay, containing occasional gravel and modern ceramic material.		
03202	Subsoil. Light brown stone inclusions.	Subsoil. Light brownish grey sandy clay; with occasional small stone inclusions.		
03203	Geological deposit. Mixed Mid yellowish brown and light blue clay, with frequent gravel and occasional small fossil inclusions. Frequent sarsen boulders.			0.60 (LOE)
03204	Limit of bioturbated	area c. 2.0m x c. 1.80m	n. Probable tree throw.	0.60
03205	Mottled mid brown slightly sandy clay and geological deposit material, containing pottery and struck flint. Partially excavated. Fill of 03204.			0.60
Summary:				

TR033	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
03301	Topsoil. Mid brown gravel and modern		ilty clay, containing oc al.	ccasional 0-0.28
03302	Subsoil. Light browstone inclusions.	vnish grey sandy	clay; with occasional s	small 0.28-0.60
03303		gravel and occas	owish brown and light sional small fossil inclu	
03304	SW-NE. Truncated	and sealed by su	4m x 0.21m deep, ali ibsoil. Possible linear d ith 03306 forming a lo	itch or
03305	charcoal flecks and	d small stone incl	th yellow clay with occ usions. Possible broke with agricultural activ	n flint
03306	Partially exposed of bulbous terminus.		8m. Probable linear co I with 03304.	ut with 0.60
03307	Unexcavated deportant of 03306.	osit with same ap	pearance as 03305 on	surface. 0.60
03308	Limit of area of pro Probable small or		on c. 0.80. x c. 0.78m.	0.60
03309	with occasional sn	nall water worn f	sh orange silty/fine sar lint and gravel inclusic urbated through root a	ons.
03310	deep. Linear in for	m and with term	>1.10m x 0.58m x >0 inus within trench. Pro oioturbation, or stone p	bably
03311	Mottled Mid grey manganese and s	-	sh orange silty clay, co ns. Fill of 03310.	ntaining 0.60
03312	, ,		9m x 0.12m deep. Ali able bioturbation — no	9
03313			h orange silty clay, wi lusions. Fill of 03312.	th 0.60

 $\label{thm:continuous} Summary: Probable segmented \ linear \ ditch \ and \ multiple \ areas \ of \ bioturbation.$

TR034	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.20	0.35
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
03401	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
03402	Subsoil. Mid orangey	Subsoil. Mid orangey brown silty clay.		
03403	Geological deposit. Mixed, mid blueish brown day and mid orangey brown day.			0.30 (LOE)

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Summary: No archaeological remains.}$

TR035	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.10	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
03501	Topsoil. Mid brownish grey, sandy silty clay, containing occasional gravel and modern ceramic material.			0-0.30
03502	Subsoil. Light brownish grey sandy clay; with occasional small stone inclusions.			0.30- 0.5/0.64
03503	3 1	Aixed Mid yellowish buravel and occasional sr Iders.	,	0.64 (LOE)

TR036	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-W	50	2.1	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
03601		Topsoil. Mid brownish grey, sandy silty clay, containing occasional gravel and modern ceramic material.		
03602	Subsoil. Light brownish grey sandy clay; with occasional small stone inclusions.			0.25-0.60
03603	5 1	Aixed Mid yellowish br ravel and occasional sr Iders.	2	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR037	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.40
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
03701	Topsoil. Mid greyish l	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.		
03702	Subsoil. Mid orangey	Subsoil. Mid orangey brown silty clay.		
03703	Geological deposit. No brown clay.	Geological deposit. Mixed mid bluey brown and mid orangey		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR038	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
03801	Topsoil. Mid brownis gravel and modern of	3 / / /	, containing occasional	0-0.30
03802	Subsoil. Light brownish grey sandy clay; with occasional small stone inclusions.			0.30-0.6
03803	Geological deposit. N clay, with frequent gi Frequent sarsen boul	0.6 (LOE)		
Summary: No	archaeological remains	S.		

TR039	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
03901	Topsoil. Mid brownis gravel and modern of	3 / / /	, containing occasional	0-0.25
03902	Subsoil. Light brown stone inclusions.	ish grey sandy clay; wi	ith occasional small	0.25-0.55
03903	,	Mixed Mid yellowish bi ravel and occasional sr Iders.	3	0.55 (LOE)
03904	, ,	ear cut, aligned NE–SW ly truncated. Probable		0.55
03905	Mottled light brown clay. Fill of 03904.	ish orange and mid bli	uey grey fine sandy	0.55

Summary: Field boundary / drainage ditch.

TR040	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
04001	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
04002	Geological deposit. Mixed mid bluey brown and mid orangey brown clay.			0.2 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR041	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.40
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
04101	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
04102	Subsoil. Mid orangey brown silty clay.			0.20-0.30
04103	Geological deposit. Mixed mid bluey brown and mid orangey brown day.			0.30 (LOE)

TR042	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	E-W	50	2.1	0.8	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
04201	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with frequent ferrous staining throughout.			0-0.25	
04202	Light brown alluvium			0.25-0.65	
04203	Mid blueish grey gleyed clay alluvium with frequent ferrous staining and occasional staining as a result of bioturbation.			0.66-1.70	
04204	3 ,	n gritty clay alluvium, ks and frequent ferrou		1.70-2.10	

04205	Dark blueish grey clay alluvium with patches of probable	2.10 (LOE)
	decaying organic material.	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR043	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.70	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
04301	Topsoil. Dark greyish staining throughout.	0-0.15			
04302	Subsoil. Light yellow	0.15-0.25			
04303	Mid blueish grey gleg staining and occasion	0.25-1.20			
04304	Light yellowish brow decaying organic flee	1.20-1.50 (LOE) in sondage.			

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR044	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.80
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
04401	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent ferrous staining throughout.			0-0.20
04402	Subsoil, probably alluvial.			0.20-0.30
04403	Mid blueish grey gleyed clay alluvium with frequent ferrous staining and occasional staining as a result of bioturbation.			0.30- (LOE)
04404	3 3 / /	alluvium with occasior equent peaty patches.	nal stone inclusions	0.3-1.85 (LOE) in sondage.

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR045	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
04501	Topsoil. Dark greyish staining throughout.	0-0.25		
04502	Subsoil. Light yellow	0.25-0.40		
04503	Alluvial deposit. Mot gleyed clay with occ	0.40-0.60		
04504	Geological deposit. A grey clay with freque fragment (which apprandomly distributed	0.60 (LOE)		
04505	Light brownish grey inclusions. Natural in	silty clay with occasior fill of 04506.	nal small stone	0.6

04506	Partially exposed curvilinear cut of ditch aligned NE-SW. $>$ 1.60m \times 0.65m \times 0.28m deep. Probably associated with, and may merge with 04508. Function unclear.	0.6
04507	Mid orangey grey silty, gleyed clay with occasional very small stone (chalky) inclusions. Fill of 04508.	0.6
04508	Partially exposed curvilinear cut of ditch aligned NE-SW. <1.6m x 0.65m x 0.23m deep. Different in profile but probably associated with, and may merge with 04506. Function unclear — possibly drainage.	0.6

Summary: 2 x ditch cuts

TR046	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
04601	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent ferrous staining throughout.			0-0.20
04602	Mid blueish grey gleyed clay alluvium with frequent ferrous staining and occasional staining as a result of bioturbation.			0.20-4.65
04603	Light brown alluviun	n		0.65-0.90 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR047	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	0.80		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
04701	Topsoil. Dark greyish staining throughout.	0-0.25		
04702	Subsoil. Light yellow	0.25-0.40		
04703	Mid blueish grey gle staining and occasio	0.40-1.8 (LOE)		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR048	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
111010	NW-SE	50	2.20	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
04801	Topsoil. Mid greyish	0-0.20		
04802	Subsoil. Mid reddish brown silty clay.			0.10
04803	Mottled mid orangey brown and blueish brown clay.			0.30
C N.				

TR049	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.20	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
04901	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.20

04902	Mottled mid greyish brown and orangey brown clay.	0.20+ (LOE)
Summary: No a	archaeological remains.	

	-	-	-	
TR050	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.20	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
05001	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with frequent ferrous staining throughout			0-0.20
05002	Geological deposit. Mottled orangey brown, brownish orange, and greyish brown clay.			0.20 (LOE)

TR051	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.35
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05001	Mid –grey brown silty clay			0-0.20
05002	Mid-grey brown silty clay containing brick fragments to southwest end of trench			0.20-0.30
05003	Mid-orange brown clay			0.3 (LOE)
Summary: No archaeological remains				

TR052	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
TNUDZ	NW-SF	50	2.1	0.4
	INVV-JL	30	Z. I	0.4
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
05201	Mid -grey brown silty day.			0-0.25
οσορ	Mid. averable or containing beid from an extent to cough			0.25.0.40

	INVV-DL	30	Z.1	0.4
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
05201	Mid -grey brown silt	0-0.25		
05202	Mid-grey brown silty west end of trench.	0.25-0.40		
05203	Mid-orange brown clay.			0.4
05204	Dark grey ashy silt and cinders — possible dump from brick clamp kilns.			0.15-0.25
05205	Dark brown sandy lo	am — possible levelling	g.	0.20-0.25
05206	Mid-orange brown s — geological deposit	ilty clay containing ram	e sub-angular stones	0.4

Summary: Industrial residues associated with brick clamp kilns.

TR053	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.20	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05301	Topsoil — Mid-grey b	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt.		
05302	Mottled greyish brown and orangey brown clay.			0.20 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR054	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05401	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
05402	Mottled greyish brown and orangey brown clay.			0.20 (LOE)
Summary: No archaeological remains.				

TR055	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
05501	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
05502	Subsoil — Mid red-brown silt clay.			0.20-0.25
05503	Mottled greyish brown and orangey brown clay.			0.25 (LOE)
Summary: No archaeological remains.				

TR056	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.40
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05601	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
05602	Mid greenish brown clay.			0.20 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR057	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.2	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05701	Topsoil. Mid greyish	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.		
05702	Mid greenish brown clay.			0.20 (LOE)
Summany, No archaeological remains				

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR058	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.3
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05801	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with frequent ferrous staining throughout			0-0.20
05802	Mottled orangey brown, brownish orange, and greyish brown day.			0.20 (LOE)

TR059	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
05901	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
05902	Subsoil — Mid red-brown silt clay.			0.20-0.25
05903	Mottled greyish brow	Mottled greyish brown and orangey brown clay.		

TR060	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.30
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
06001	Topsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt.			0-0.20
06002	Mottled greyish brown and orangey brown clay.			0.20 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR061	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	ENE-WSW	50	2.2	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
06101	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25
06102	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.60
06103	Geological deposit. N grey slightly sandy cl stone and boulders <	0.60 (LEO)		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR062	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.2	0.63
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
06201	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25
06202	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.50
06203	3 1	Aixed light yellowish b ay, with occasional gra <1m+.		0.50-0.76 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

•	TR063	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
		E-W	50	2.1	0.65
(CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)

06301 Topsoil Dark grevish brown, very sli	htly sandy, silty clay with 0-0.30
frequent gravels. Contains modern of	, , , , ,
O6302 Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish bro occasional charcoal flecks, occasional gravel and small stone.	3 / /
06303 Geological deposit. Mid olive grey cl and stones < 0.5m. Contains freque	, ,
Geological deposit. Mixed light yellogrey slightly sandy clay, with occasions stone and boulders <1m+.	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR064	ORIENTATION	AV. D (M)		
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
06401	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25
06402	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.53
06403	Geological deposit. A clay with: frequent st shell fragment inclus	0.50 (LOE)		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR065	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NNW-SSE	50	2.1	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
06501	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25
06502	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.58
06503	J 1	ay, with occasional gra	rown and mid blueish evel, and frequent	0.5 (LOE)

TR066	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
111000	E-W	0.58		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
06601	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty day with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.27
06602	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.27-0.60

Geological deposit. Mixed light yellowish brown and mid blueish 0.60 (LOE) grey slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel, and frequent stone and boulders < 1m+.

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR067	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
06701	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25
06702	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.50
06703	Geological deposit. A grey slightly sandy cl stone and boulders	0.50 (LOE)		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR068	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.6	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
06801	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25	
06802	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.64	
06803	,	ay, with occasional gra	rown and mid blueish avel, and frequent	0.5/0.6 (LOE)	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR069	9 ORIENTATION L (M) W (M)				
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
06901	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.30	
06902	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.30-0.67	
06903	Geological deposit. Mixed light yellowish brown and mid blueish grey slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel, and frequent stone and boulders <1m+.			0.67 (LOE)	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR070	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)

07001	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty day with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.	0-0.25
07002	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.	0.25-0.60
07003	Geological deposit. Mixed light yellowish brown and mid blueish grey slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel, and frequent stone and boulders $<1m+$.	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR071	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.6
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
07101	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty clay with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.			0-0.25
07102	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25- 0.5/00.60
07103	J 1	oark grey clay with occ agments. Contains freq	3 .	0.50/0.60 (LOE)

TR072	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)		
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)		
07201	, ,	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown, very slightly sandy, silty day with frequent gravels. Contains modern cultural artefacts.				
07202	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.					
07203	Geological deposit. Mixed light yellowish brown and mid blueish grey slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel, and frequent stone and boulders <1m+.			0.59 (LOE)		
07204	flint inclusions. Proba Area > 0.90m x 0.87 in situ. Discrete, charc point of fire with hea stratigraphy of depos Larger stones c. < 0.1 suggest they are in si modified stone. Seal camp/hunting place		worked debitage. ely area of burning eposit suggests likely ading. Probable from re than one occasion. of heat affected area 7205. Contains possible ble (early?) prehistoric dscape. Extends	0.49		

07205	Greyish red silty clay with moderate charcoal and heat affected flint inclusions. Probable that some flint is worked debitage. Area $>$ 0.70m x 0.54m x 0.16m deep, is likely area of burning in situ. Discrete, charcoal rich area within deposit suggests likely point of fire with heat affected clay surrounding. Probable from stratigraphy of deposits that fires lit on more than one occasion. Larger stones c. $<$ 0.15m located on edge of heat affected area suggest they are in situ. Associated with 07206. Sealed by subsoil — probable (early?) prehistoric camp/hunting place due to location in landscape. Extends beyond trench to N. 100% excavated and sampled.	0.49
07206	Deposit machined out containing top 0.01–0.02m of 07204 and 07205. Artefacts recovered from this spoil — heat affected flint and stone.	Spoil heap

 ${\sf Summary: In situburning-camp/hunting location. Probable prehistoric.}$

TR073	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
07301	Topsoil. Dark greyish frequent gravels. Con	0-0.25		
07302	Subsoni Eight Jenomshij grejish broth siightij sunaj etaji, man			0.25- 0.58/0.70
07303	3 1	Aid olive clay containir nclusions. Contains fre	5 ,	0.58/0.70 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR074	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-W-SE	50	2.1	0.50/0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
07401	Topsoil. Dark greyish frequent gravels. Con	0-0.25		
07402	Subsoil. Light yellowish, greyish brown slightly sandy clay, with: occasional charcoal flecks, occasional manganese, and occasional gravel and small stone.			0.25-0.60
07403	3 1	Aid olive clay containin nclusions. Contains fre	5 1 5	0.50/0.60 (LOE)

 $\label{thm:continuous} Summary: No archaeological remains.$

TR075	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
07501	Dark brownish grey s and grit, Frequent tir fragments, rare coal	0-0.25/0.30		
07502	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil			0.25/0.30- 0.60

07503	Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown clay containing frequent angular flint gravel, occasional boulders — Geological deposit - glaciofluvial	0.60/0.70 (LOE)
07504	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown clay and gravel with occasion ferrous artefacts. Clays redeposited from possible canal embankment. Gravels imported to site — not local geology. Probable backfill/levelling of disused canal.	0.10-0.15
07505	Partially exposed linear cut $>$ 3.5m x $>$ 2m x $>$ 0.50m deep. Same those in TR24 and TR25. Former canal backfilling/levelling.	0.10-0.15

 ${\hbox{Summary: Backfill/levelling of former canal.}}\\$

TR076	VOID — TRENCH NUMBER NOT ASSIGNED OR USED					
TR077	ORIENTATION	AV. D (M)				
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.60		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)		
07701	Topsoil. Dark greyish staining throughout.	0-0.30				
07702	Subsoil. Light yellow	0.30-0.50				
07703	Alluvial deposit. Mot gleyed clay with occ	0.50-0.63				
07704	grey clay with freque	gleyed clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and mid blueish grey clay with frequent stone and gravel, and oyster shell fragment (which appear semi-fossilised) inclusions. Frequent				

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR078	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)		
	NNE-SSW	50	2.1	0.60		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)		
07801	Topsoil. Dark brownis	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional gravel inclusions.				
07802	Subsoil. Light brown and gravel. Contains	0.30-0.75				
07803	Geological deposit. A clay with: frequent st shell fragment inclus	0.60/0.75 (LOE)				
07804	Partially exposed linear cut aligned NW-SE, >5m x 0.4m x 0.20m deep. Cuts subsoil and natural. Probable post-medieval fence line.			0.80		
07805	Mid reddish brown s flecks. Probable natu	ilty clay with occasionaral infill of 07804.	al gravel and charcoal	0.80		

Summary: Post-medieval fence line.

TR079	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)

07901	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey silty day with occasional gravel inclusions.	0-0.26
07902	Subsoil. Light brown clay with occasional charcoal flecks, stone and gravel. Contains some pottery.	0.26-0.60
07903	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with: frequent stone; occasional boulders, and occasional shell fragment inclusions. Shell probably slightly fossilised oyster.	0.60 (LOE)
07904	Circular cut $0.20 \mathrm{m}\mathrm{x}0.20 \mathrm{m}\mathrm{x}0.05 \mathrm{m}$ deep. Heavily truncated post-hole.	0.65
07905	Mid yellowish grey silty clay. Natural infill of 07904. Contained 1 piece of charcoal and 1 re-touched flint tool.	0.65

Summary:

TR080	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	SW-NE	50	2.10	0.70
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
08001	Topsoil. Dark brownis	0-0.25		
08002	Subsoil. Light brown and gravel. Contains	0.25-0.60		
08003	Geological deposit. A clay with: frequent st shell fragment inclus	0.60 (LOE)		
08004	3 1	Nottled light grey and y ted towards base of sk	•	0.60

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR081	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.70
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
08101	Topsoil. Dark brownis	0-0.30		
08102	Subsoil. Light brown and gravel. Contains	0.30-0.70		
08103	Geological deposit. A clay with: frequent standard fragment inclusions.	0.70 (LOE)		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR082	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.60/0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
08201	Topsoil. Dark browninclusions.	0-0.30		
08202	Subsoil. Light brown clay with occasional charcoal flecks, stone and gravel. Contains some pottery.			0.30-0.74

08203	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and blueish grey	0.74 (LOE)
	clay with: frequent stone; occasional boulders, and occasional	
	shell fragment inclusions. Shell probably slightly fossilised oyster.	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR083	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
08301	Topsoil. Dark brownis	0-0.27		
08302	Subsoil. Light brown and gravel. Contains	0.27-0.70		
08303	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with: frequent stone; occasional boulders, and occasional shell fragment inclusions. Shell probably slightly fossilised oyster.			0.60/0.70 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR084	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
08401	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional gravel inclusions.			0-0.30
08402	Subsoil. Light brown and gravel. Contains	clay with occasional c some pottery.	harcoal flecks, stone	0.30- 0.5/0.65
08403	clay with: frequent st	Mottled yellowish brov tone; occasional bould sions. Shell probably sl	٠, ١	0.50/0.65 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR085	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
111005	ENE-WSW	50	2.10	0.65	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
08501	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional gravel inclusions.			0-0.30	
08502	Subsoil. Light brown and gravel. Contains	0.30- 0.60/0.70			
08503	, ,			0.60/0.70 (LOE)	

TR086	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.53
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
08601	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey silty day with occasional gravel inclusions.			0-0.25

08602	Subsoil. Light brown clay with occasional charcoal flecks, stone and gravel. Contains some pottery.	0.25-0.60
08603	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with: frequent stone; occasional boulders, and occasional shell fragment inclusions. Shell probably slightly fossilised oyster.	0.60 (LOE)
08604	Partially exposed sub-circular cut c. 0.20m x c. 0.40m x 0.60m. Probable post-hole.	0.60
08605	Light yellowish grey silty clay with frequent burnt clay and charcoal inclusions. Single fill of 08604. Possible burnt post-hole or pit. Similar in nature to burnt tree throw in TR82.	0.60

Summary: possible Pit / post-hole

TR087	VOID - TRENCH NUMBER NOT ASSIGNED OR USED					
TR088	TRENCH NOT EXCAVA	ATED — FIELD NOT SUE	BJECT TO ARCHAEOLOGI	CAL		
TR089	TRENCH NOT EXCAVA	ATED — FIELD NOT SUE	BJECT TO ARCHAEOLOGI	CAL		
TR090	TRENCH NOT EXCAVA	ATED — FIELD NOT SUE	BJECT TO ARCHAEOLOGI	CAL		
TR091	ORIENTATION	ORIENTATION L (M) W (M) AV. D (M)				
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.55		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)		
09101	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey, slightly sandy silty day with frequent 0-0.25 gravels.					
09102	Subsoil. Mid yellowish brown, slightly sandy clay with very occasional gravel and charcoal inclusions.					
09103	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and blueish grey 0.57 (LOE) day. Possible boulder day.					
Summary:						

TR092	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09201	Topsoil. Dark brownis gravels.	0-0.25		
09202	Subsoil. Mid yellowis occasional gravel and	0.25-0.55		
09203	Geological deposit. A clay. Possible boulde	0.55 (LOE)		
Summary: No archaeological remains.				

TR093	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09301	Topsoil. Dark brownish grey, slightly sandy silty clay with frequent gravels.			0-0.25

09302	Subsoil. Mid yellowish brown, slightly sandy clay with very occasional gravel and charcoal inclusions.	0.25-0.55
09303	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and blueish grey clay. Possible boulder clay.	0.55 (LOE)
09304	Olive grey, slightly sandy clay with occasional charcoal and gravel inclusions. Probable natural infill of 09305. Contained pottery.	0.50
09305	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned E-W, >2.1m x 0.97m x 0.23m deep. Heavily truncated ditch. Probable field boundary or drainage.	0.50

Summary: Truncated boundary / drainage ditch.

TR094	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09401	Topsoil. Dark brownis gravels.	sh grey, slightly sandy	silty clay with frequent	0-0.25
09402	Subsoil. Mid yellowis occasional gravel and	0.25- 0.55/0.60		
09403	Geological deposit. A clay. Possible boulde	0.55/0.60 (LOE)		
09404	Mid brownish grey, s clay, and occasional q mainly organic. Bioto midden deposit. Fill o	0.60		
09405	Sub circular cut 0.58m x 0.74m x 0.08m deep. Bioturbated edges and base – thought to be heavily truncated. Possible midden pit.			0.60
09406	Mid brown sandy clay with occasional very small charcoal flakes and frequent ferrous staining. Not excavated. Subsoil and topsoil above appear disturbed. Fill of 09407.			c. 0.40
09407	though fill suggests	. Not excavated. Possib anthropogenic activity oinion. Possible post-h	. Larger area exposed	c. 0.40

Summary: Midden pit.

TR095	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09501	and coal fragment in	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay, with occasional gravel and coal fragment inclusions. Contains occasional modern and post-medieval pottery.		
09502	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay, with occasional gravel and charcoal fleck inclusions. Also contains patches of orange gritty material. Possible gleyed.			, ,
09503	Geological deposit. Mottled light brown and blueish grey clay, with frequent stone, gravel, and fossilised shell inclusions. Contains frequent boulders <1m+. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay.			ns. (LOE)

TR096	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09601		brown silty clay with cained modern / post-		0-0.25/0.30
09602	with occasional grav	nt yellowish brown and rel and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.25/0.30- 0.60/0.70
09603	with frequent gravel	Mottled blueish grey an and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.60/0.70- 0.70 (LOE)
09604	,	n clay with frequent st atural geological depos		0.70
09605	, ,	, ,,	16m deep, positioned present –possible that	0.70
09606		e, 0.74m x 0.63m x02 omaly. No archaeologi		0.70
09607		n clay with occasional eposit, no archaeologi		0.70
09608		e, 0.61m x 0.60m x 0. omaly. No archaeologi		0.70
09609		n clay with occasional eposit — no archaeolog		0.70

TR097	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09701		brown silty clay with o ained modern / post-r	-	0-0.35
09702	with occasional grav	t yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.35-0.65
09703	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65 (LOE)
09704	, ,	ear cut, aligned NW-SE le field boundary ditch		0.65
09705	Mid orangey grey silt flecks. Natural infill o	ty gleyed clay, with oc f 09704.	casional charcoal	0.65
09706		ear cut, aligned SW-NE truncated, probable fi		0.65
09707		pleyed silty clay with o tled appearance. Natur		0.65

Summary: 2 x Linear field boundary ditches.

TR098	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09801	1 3 /	brown silty clay with c ained modern / post-r	3	0-0.30/0.35
09802	with occasional grave	t yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. Il. Possible greyed alluv	Occasional patches of	0.30/0.35- 0.70
09803	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey an and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.70)LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR099	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.75
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
09901	1 3 /	brown silty clay with c ained modern / post-r	,	0-0.20
09902	Alluvial deposit. Ligh Probably result of floo	t grey clay. Extends 15 oding event.	m across trench to N.	0.20-0.42
09903	with occasional grave	t yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.42-0.65
09904	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.			0.65 (LOE)
09905		tled light blueish grey onal gravel inclusions. och.		0.65-0.80
09906	staining and occasion	eyed, slightly silty clay nal gravel inclusions. Fi centrated around edge tural infill of 09907.	errous staining	0
09907		ear cut aligned N-S, >. medieval drainage dit		0

Summary: Post-medieval drainage ditch.

TR100	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
10001	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30
10002	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.30-0.57

10003 Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay
with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey
brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m – 1m+.

Summary No archaeological remains.

TR101	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.70
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
10101	, ,	brown silty clay with o ained modern / post-	9	0-0.35
10102	with occasional grav	it yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.35-0.70
10103	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.70 (LOE)

Summary No archaeological remains.

TR102	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
10201	, ,	brown silty clay with o ained modern / post-r	3	0-0.30
10202	with occasional grav	it yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.30-0.65
10203	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65 (LOE)
10204	Partially exposed line deep. Ditch with U-s	ear cut, aligned NW-SE haped profile.	E, >2.30m x 1.10m	0.65
10205	Light yellowish grey Natural, basal infill o	silty clay with occasior f 10204.	nal gravel inclusions.	0.65
10206		ty clay, with charcoal, a int inclusions. Fill of 10		0.65
10207	3 / 3 /	wn silty clay, with cha ns. Natural upper infill		0.65

Summary: 1 x ditch

TR103	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.52
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
10301	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30
10302	with occasional grav	it yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.30-0.55

10303 Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR104	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
10401	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30
10402	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.30-0.65
10403	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR105	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
10501	1 3 /	brown silty clay with o ained modern / post-i	3	0-0.30
10502	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.30-0.60
10503	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.60 (LOE)

TR106	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
10601	1 3 /	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty day with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.		
10602	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.40-0.70
10603	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.			0.70 (LOE)
10604	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned NNW-SSE, >3m x 0.75m x 0.17m deep. Located in area highlighted by geophysical response as circular feature. May be associated, and join with 10606. Possible ring ditch associated with barrow.			0.70
10605	Mid orangey grey, gl inclusions. Single nat	, , ,	ccasional charcoal fleck	0.70

10606	Partially exposed curvilinear cut, aligned SE-NW, >2.1m x 0.90m x 0.38m deep. Located in area highlighted by geophysical response as circular feature. Probably associated, and joins with 10604. Less truncated, and better defined edges and base than 10604. Possible ring ditch associated with barrow.	0.70
10607	Mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional charcoal fleck inclusions. Fill of 10606. Probable bank material slumped in from NW side.	0.70
10608	Mid orangey grey silty clay with occasional charcoal inclusions. Possibly same as 10605. Natural infill of 10606 post-dating fill 10607.	0.70

Summary: Probable barrow.

TR107	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NE-SW	50	2.10	0.65	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)	
10701		brown silty clay with oranged modern / post-		0-0.30	
10702	Subsoil. Mottled ligh with occasional grav orange gritty materi	0.30-0.65			
10703	with frequent gravel	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.			
10704	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel inclusions. Possible gleyed natural infill of 10705.			0.60	
10705	Partially exposed linear cur, aligned N-5, >2m x 0.84m x >0.19m deep. Feature visible as depression at current ground level. Stated depth stated is from geological deposit 10703 to base of cut; likely depth of feature c. 0.51m Feature runs downslope. Probable post-medieval drainage ditch.			0.60	
10706	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel and small charcoal inclusions. Natural upper infill of 10709.			0.60	
10707	Medium brownish y	ellow gravelly clay. Na	tural infill of 10709.	0.60	
10708		nd yellowish grey sligh Ilusions. Natural basal i		0.60	
10709	>0.26m deep. Visible surface. Depth stated 10703 — may be <0	ear cut, aligned NW-Sf le as shallow depression d refers to the cut throu 0.53 total depth. Broad y. Possible natural geol	n on current land Igh geological deposit Ily correlates with	0.60	
10710	Geological deposit. Cinclusions. Same as		al fine sand and gravel	0.6	
10711		ear aligned NW-SE, > eep. Limit of geologica n the geology.		0.6	
10712	, ,	nd yellowish brown cla	,	0.6	

gravel inclusions. Natural geological deposit within 10711.

10713	Geological deposit. Grey clay with occasional gravel inclusions. Same as 10703.	0.6
10714	Partially exposed linear, $>$ 2m x 1.10m x $>$ 0.13 ($<$ 0.63) m deep. Natural fold, or undulation in geology.	0.6
10715	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown clay with occasional gravel inclusions. Fill of natural geological feature 10714.	0.60
10716	Geological deposit. Grey clay with occasional gravel inclusions. Same as 10703.	0.60
10717	Partially exposed linear aligned NE-SW, $<2m \times 3.90m \times >0.19$ (<0.52) m deep. Natural feature — no archaeology.	0.60
10718	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown slightly sandy clay, with occasional gravel inclusions. Natural deposit within 10717.	0.60
10719	Geological deposit. Grey clay with occasional gravel inclusions. Same as 10703.	0.60

Summary: Post-medieval drainage ditch, possible ditch and multiple geological events.

TR108	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.64
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
10801		, ,	with occasional gravel and post-medieval pottery.	0-0.28
10802	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.28-0.65
10803	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders $0.30m - 1m +$			0.65 (LOE)
10804	Partially exposed linear cut aligned NW-SE, >2.20m x 2.70m x 0.85m deep. Probable boundary ditch.			0.65
10805		Mid grey silty clay with yellow sandy stone inclusions. Waterlogged basal deposit, result of natural infill, of 10804.		
10806	Mid greyish, yellowis Fill of 10804	sh brown silty cla	y with yellowish clay flecks.	0.65
10807	Yellowish, orangey g inclusions. Fill of 108		n occasional gravel	0.65
10808	Mid yellowish brown silty clay, with occasional gravel inclusions. Contained possible flint debitage. Natural top-fill of 10804.		0.65	
10809	Partially exposed curvilinear cut, aligned N-S, >2m x 0.30m deep. Possible geological feature, or cut ditch.		0.65	
10810	Mid yellowish grey s parent material. Natu		te gravel inclusions from 9.	0.65
Summary: 1 la	rge boundary ditch. 1	possible ditch.		

TR109	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.50	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
10901	Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont	0-0.25			
10902	Alluvial deposit. Mid ferrous staining. Lens 133 135 141.	0.25-042			
10903	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey day with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.42-0.65- 0.70	
10904	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65-0.70 (LOE)	

TR110	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	Av. D (m)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
11001	Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont	0-0.25		
11002	Subsoil. Mottled ligh with occasional grave orange gritty materia	0.25-0.60		
11003	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.			0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR111	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.10	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
11101	Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont	0-0.25		
11102	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.25-0.60
121103	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR112	ORIENTATION	AV. D (M)		
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
11201	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30

11202	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.	0.30-0.70
11203	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.	0.5-0.70 (LOE)
11204	Sub circular limit of natural geological feature, aligned SW-NE, 045m x 0.69m x > 0.11 (<0.56) m deep.	0.55
11205	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown clay, with occasional gravel and flint inclusions. Natural fill of 11204	00.55
11206	Geological deposit. Grey clay with occasional gravel inclusions.	0.55
11207	Mixed light grey and yellowish brown clay with occasional gravel and charcoal fleck inclusions. Natural infill of hollow or stone hole 11208	0.55
11208	Sub circular limit of natural hollow / stone throw. $0.45 mx0.30 mx0.06 m$ deep.	0.55
11209	Mottled light grey and yellowish brown clay with occasional gravel, charcoal, clay, ceramic inclusions. Contained small snails. Fill of 11210.	0.55
11210	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned SW-NE, >0.77m x 2.7m x 0.38m deep. Probable bronze age agricultural ditch.	0.55
11211	Series of linear features c. 7m apart. Ridge and furrow field system, extant on modern land surface and depicted in geophysical results.	0.55
11212	Dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent gravel and ceramic building material fragment, as well as occasional coal fragment inclusions. Fill of 11211	0.55

Summary: Ridge and furrow field system.

TR113	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
11301	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30
11302	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.30-0.545
11303	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders $0.30m - 1m + 1.00m$			0.55 (LOE)
11304	Mid grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal fragment inclusions. Homogeneous deposit unlike surrounding geology, probable that post decayed in situ. Fill of post-hole 11305.			0.55
11305		m x 0.24m x 0.07m de ests possible piling. He	'	0.55

Summary: Post-hole

TR114	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.70

CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)
11401	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.	0-0.30
11402	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.	0.30-0.70
11403	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.	0.70 (LOE)
11404	Mottled light yellowish brown and light blueish grey clay, with occasional gravel and charcoal fleck inclusions. Natural fill by eroded up-cast of 11405.	0.60
11405	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned N-S, $>$ 2m x 0.49m x 0.14m deep. Heavily truncated ditch probably field drainage.	0.60

Summary: Agricultural drainage ditch.

TR115	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.70
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
11501		brown silty clay with o tained modern / post-		0-0.25
11502	Alluvial deposit. Ligl Probably result of flo	nt grey clay. Extends 15 ooding event.	im across trench to N.	0.25-0.45
11503	with occasional grav	nt yellowish brown and vel and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.45-0.65
11504	with frequent grave	Mottled blueish grey ar l and fossilised shell. Pa ontains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65 (LOE)
11505		2m x 0.20m x 0.11m d r removal of post due t		0.65
11506		ilty clay with occasiona ely backfilled material		0.65
11507	0.38m deep. Feature relationship to post-	rvilinear cut aligned E- e terminates within tren hole 11505. Probable i up-cast bank to the SE	nch. Unclear if any field boundary ditch;	0.65
11508	J ,	silty clay with occasion as a result of bank mat 11507.		0.65
11509		silty clay with frequent Deposit slumped in fro f ditch 11507.		0.65
11510	3,3,	lty clay with occasional e to natural infill formi		0.65
Summary: Dra	inage ditch and post-l	nole — no relationship	established.	

ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
NW-SE	50	2.2	0.70
DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.25
Alluvial deposit. Light grey clay. Probably result of flooding event.			0.25+
Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.25-0.70
with frequent gravel	and fossilised shell. Pa	tches of orangey	0.70 (LOE)
	NW-SE DESCRIPTION Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont Alluvial deposit. Light Subsoil. Mottled light with occasional grave orange gritty material Geological deposit. No with frequent gravel	DESCRIPTION Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with coal fragments. Contained modern / post-radius deposit. Light grey clay. Probably resubsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. orange gritty material. Possible greyed allumed Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey ar with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Par	NW-SE 50 2.2 DESCRIPTION Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery. Alluvial deposit. Light grey clay. Probably result of flooding event. Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR117	ORIENTATION	ORIENTATION L (M) W (M)		
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
11701	1 3 /	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.		
11702	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey clay with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			0.30-0.65
11703	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR118	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
11801	1 3 /	brown silty clay with o ained modern / post-r	3	0-0.30
11802	with occasional grav	t yellowish brown and el and charcoal flecks. al. Possible greyed allu	Occasional patches of	0.30-0.65
11803	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.65 (LOE)

TR119	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.65/0.70
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
11901	Topsoil. Mid greyish l	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown silty loam.		
11902	Subsoil. Light brown	slightly sandy clay.		0.16-0.36

11903	Alluvial deposit. Mottled blueish grey and light yellowish brown clay.	0.36- 0.64/0.90
11904	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and light blueish grey clay.	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR120	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
12001	1 3 / .	ghtly silty clay, with fre uilding material, and v	, ,	0-0.17
12002	Subsoil. Light brown	slightly sandy clay.		0.17-0.36
12003	Alluvial deposit. Mot clay. Same as 14203.	tled yellowish brown a	and light blueish grey	0.36-0.70 (LOE)
12004	3 1	ellowish brown and Bl and animal bone inclu	3 / /	0.55-070 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR121	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
12101	, , , ,	ghtly silty clay, with fre uilding material, and v		0-0.18
12102	Subsoil. Light brown	slightly sandy clay.		0.18-0.44
12103	Alluvial deposit. Mot clay.	tled blueish grey and l	ight yellowish brown	0.44- 0.60/0.70
12104	Geological deposit. Na grey clay.	Nottled yellowish brov	vn and light blueish	0.60/0.70 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR122	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
12201	1 3 /	brown silty clay with o ained modern / post-ı	,	0-0.30
12202	charcoal fragment, ro	blueish grey gleyed cl. oot, and gravel inclusio staining. Darkens after unic materials.	ns. Homogeneous	0.30-0.80
12203		yellowish brown sligh anganese fragment, ar	, , ,	0.80-100 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR123	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.80
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
12301	1 3 /	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.		
12302	Alluvial deposit. Mid blueish grey gleyed day with occasional charcoal fragment, root, and gravel inclusions. Homogeneous deposit with ferrous staining. Darkens after a time exposed. Contains former organic materials.			0.30-0.75
12303		yellowish brown sligh anganese fragment, ar	, , ,	0.75-0.90 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR124	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	0.90		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
12401	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30
12402	Alluvial deposit. Mid blueish grey gleyed clay with occasional charcoal fragment, root, and gravel inclusions. Homogeneous deposit with ferrous staining. Darkens after a time exposed. Contains former organic materials			0.30-0.90 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR125	ORIENTATION	AV. D (M)		
	NE-SW	50	2.1	1.00
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
12501	Topsoil. Dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional gravel and coal fragments. Contained modern / post-medieval pottery.			0-0.30
12502	Alluvial deposit. Mid blueish grey gleyed clay with occasional charcoal fragment, root, and gravel inclusions. Homogeneous deposit with ferrous staining. Darkens after a time exposed. Contains former organic materials.			0.30- 0.80/1.00
12503		yellowish brown sligh anganese fragment, ar 803.	, , ,	0.80-1.00 (LOE)

TR126	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
111120	N-S	0.60		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
12601	Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont	0-0.30		
12602	Subsoil. Mottled light with occasional grave orange gritty materia	0.30-0.65		

12603	Geological deposit. Mottled blueish grey and blueish grey clay	0.65 (LOE)
	with frequent gravel and fossilised shell. Patches of orangey	
	brown gritty clay. Contains boulders 0.30m — 1m+.	

TR127	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
12701	Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont	0-0.25		
12702	Subsoil. Mottled light yellowish brown and blueish grey day with occasional gravel and charcoal flecks. Occasional patches of orange gritty material. Possible greyed alluvial deposit.			
12703	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.60 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR128	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)		
	N-S	50	2.1	.60		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION				
12801	Topsoil. Dark greyish coal fragments. Cont	0-0.30				
12802	Subsoil. Mottled ligh with occasional grave orange gritty materia	0.30-0.70				
12803	with frequent gravel	Nottled blueish grey ar and fossilised shell. Pa ntains boulders 0.30m	tches of orangey	0.60-0.70 (LOE)		

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR129	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
,	N-S	3	1.6	1.10	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION			
12901	Topsoil. Mid greyish l	0-0.20			
12902	Subsoil. Mid orangey	0.20-0.45			
12903	Geological deposit. No brownish blue sand.	0.45 (LOE)			
12904	Geological deposit. N	0.45 (LOE)			
Cumman <i>u</i> Na	archaeological remains				

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR130	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.2	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
13001	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.05

13002	Subsoil. Mid orangey brown silty clay.	0.05-0.25
13003	Alluvial deposit. Mid orangey brown clayey sand.	0.25-0.60
13004	Geological deposit. Mid orangey brown sandy clay.	0.60 (LOE)
13005	Mid brownish grey clayey silty with occasional stone inclusions. Contained charcoal and bone. Natural infill by erosion of old land surface with anthropogenic deposits. Top fill of 13007.	0.60
13006	Mid yellowish grey sandy clay with very occasional small pebble inclusions. Contained some charcoal. Natural infill by erosion of feature. Basal fill of 13007.	0.60
13007	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned NE-SW, >2.3m x 0.90m x0.55m deep. Drainage ditch with irregular sides as a result of water action.	0.60

TR131	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)		
	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.55		
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)		
13101	Topsoil. Mid greyi	0-0.15				
13102	Subsoil. Mid oran	Subsoil. Mid orangey brown silty clay.				
13103	Alluvial deposit. N	Aid orangey brow	n clayey sand.	0.20-0.55		
13104			owish brown, reddish bro gravel inclusions.	own 0.55 (LOE)		
13105	and charcoal fleck	Mid brown silty, clayey loam with occasional sandstone fossil; and charcoal fleck inclusions. Contained pottery — possible IA–RB. Top fill of ditch 13107.				
13106	Light yellowish brown silty day, with very occasional charcoal fleck, and occasional flint, sandstone and fossilised shell concretion inclusions. Contained bone, pottery and possible broken worked flint. Moist as result of high water table. Finds suggest IA date. Basal fill of ditch 13107.					
13107	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned N-5, >2m x >0.77m (truncated by machining — probably 1.14m) x> 0.49m (truncated by machining, probably 0.68m) deep. Probable IA drainage or boundary ditch.					
13108	Dark brownish purple silty clay with medium sized stone inclusions. Contained 2 worked flints, and (animal?) bone. Single natural infill of post-hole 13109. Suggested that post rotted in situ.					
13109		Sub circular cut, 0.45m x 0.41m x 0.05 deep. Possibly associated with curvilinear ditch 13111. Heavily truncated post-hole				
13110	Dark blueish grey silty clay with dark purple clay mottling. Occasional stone inclusions. Contained bone (animal?), lithic (mainly debitage) and probable late IA/RB pottery. Natural infill of 13111					
13111	0.50m deep. Term	inus present in tr	I-S, >0.67m x 0.70m x ench. Possible IA-RB drai 8109 and round house.	0.55 nage		

13112	Mottled yellowish brown and grey silty clay with occasional charcoal fleck and medium stone inclusions. Contained lithics, pottery and animal bone. Deposit deeper to N. and is bioturbated throughout. Finds suggest BA date. Basal fill of 13113	0.55
13113	Partially exposed curvilinear cut, aligned N-5, $>$ 2m long x 1.40mwide x 0.60m deep. Curvilinear ditch, step sides rounded base	0.55
13114	Dark brown silty, clayey loam, with occasional charcoal fleck and small stone inclusions. Top fill of 13113.	

 $\label{thm:continuous} \textit{Summary: Curvilinear ditch, ditch terminal, linear ditch and post-hole}$

TR132	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	Av. D (m)
	N-S	50	2.00	0.70
Context	Description	DBGL (m)		
13201	Topsoil. Mid greyish b	0-0.13		
13202	Subsoil. Dark brown	0.13-0.53		
13203	Colluvial deposit. Mid yellowish brown silty clay.			0.53-0.88
13204	Geological deposit. L	ight yellowish brown s	silty clay.	0.88 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR133	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	Av. D (m)	
	SW-NE	50	2.1	0.90/1.00	
Context	Description			DBGL (m)	
13301	Topsoil. Dark grey slig glazed pottery inclus	0-0.15			
13302	Alluvial deposit. Brov organic content.	0.15-0.32			
13303	Alluvial deposit. Moti gleyed clay, with occa inclusions. Some ferr	0.32- 0.55/0.65			
13304	Buried soils deposit. If fleck inclusions. Possi	0.55/0.65- 0.93/1.05			
13305	Alluvial deposit. Light small stone inclusion	t yellowish brown silty s.	clay with occasional	0.93/1.05 (LOE)	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR134	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.2	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
13401	Topsoil. Mod greyish brown silty clay.			0-0.15
13402	Alluvial deposit. Mid	0.15-0.55		
13403	Geological deposit. Mottled mid brownish orange and orangey brown, slightly sandy, gravelly clay.			0.55 (LOE)
13404	Mid orangey grey sa charcoal fleck inclusi	ndy clay, with occasior ons. Fill of 13405.	nal small flint and	0.55

13405	Partially exposed linear cut aligned N-S, $>$ 2.1m x 0.74m x 0.12m deep. Possible hedge line.	0.55
13406	Light orangey grey silty clay, with occasional charcoal fleck inclusions. Single backfill of post-hole 13407 – suggests that post was removed.	0.55
13407	Sub circular cut, $0.25 \mathrm{m} \times 0.25 \mathrm{m} \times 0.22 \mathrm{m}$ deep. Slightly distorted form in plan to NE may indicate that the post was removed; the nature of the fill also suggests this. Possible associated with other post-holes in immediate vicinity i.e. $13409 13411 - possibly$ forming a semi-circular feature. Limits of trench preclude discerning this clearly.	0.55
13408	Dark orangey grey silty clay with occasional small stone inclusions. Single backfill of post-hole 13409. Suggests that post was removed. Similar to 13410.	0.55
13409	Sub circular cut, 0.24m x 0.24m x 0.07m deep. Post-hole — profile more shallow to N., possibly where post was removed; the nature of the backfill also suggests this. Possible association with post-holes 13407 13411	0.55
13410	Dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional charcoal inclusions. Single backfill of post-hole 13411. Suggests that post was removed. Similar to 13408.	0.55
13411	Sub circular cut, 0.31m x 0.25m x x 0.08m deep. Post-hole — profile more shallow to S., possibly where post was removed; the nature of the backfill also suggests this. Possible association with post-holes 13407 13409	0.55

Summary: Hedge line and three possibly interrelated post-holes. LOE of trench limits opportunity to confirm form.

TR135	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.10	1.00
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
13501	Topsoil. Dark grey slightly silty clay, with frequent flint gravel and glazed pottery inclusions.			0-0.17
13502	Alluvial deposit. Light blueish grey clay. Contained pottery and bone.			0.19- 0.70/0.75
13503	Light reddish brown	Light reddish brown day. Alluvial deposit		
13504	Light yellowish brown slightly silty clay- alluvial deposit			1.00-1.40
13505	Yellowish brown clay	with stone inclusions	. Contained boulders.	1.40-1.50 (LOE)

TR136	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	??
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
13601	Topsoil – turf line. Dark grey slightly silty clay, with frequent flint gravel and glazed pottery inclusions.			0-0.15
13602	Topsoil. Light brown	slightly sandy clay.		0.15-0.25

13603	Subsoil deposit. Mottled blueish grey and light yellowish brown clay.	0.25-0.45
13604	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and light blueish grey day.	0.45 (LOE)
13605	Mottled dark grey brown slightly silty sandy clay, containing frequent charcoal fragments and rare angular stones — upper fill of ditch	0.45
13606	Light yellowish grey sandy clay containing charcoal flecks and flint, fill of ditch cut 13608	0.45
13607	Dark greyish and bluish brown sandy clay containing flint gravel, alluvial deposit fill of palaeochannel	0.89
13608	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned N-S, > 2.2m x 2.12m wide, 0.77m deep ditch cut into palaeochannel deposit.	0.45
13609	Orangey mid brown silty clay with frequent gravel inclusions. Natural infill forming top fill of ditch 13611.	0.15/0.25
13610	Reddish, greyish brown silty sand, with occasional gravel, pottery and flint inclusions. Contained large stone at base. Natural infill forming basal deposit of ditch 13611.	0.15/0.25
13611	Partially exposed curvilinear cut, aligned N-S and turning to the SW; $>$ 2.2m x 1.65m x 0.65m deep. Probable enclosure ditch associated with 13608.	0.15/0.25
13612	VOID - Context number not assigned or used	
13613	Dark yellowish brown clay, with occasional large charcoal fleck inclusions. Contained heat affected lithic material and small pieces of pottery- possible BA or IA in date. Natural infill of 13614.	0.45
13614	Partially exposed linear cut aligned N-S, >2.2m x 0.4m x 0.2 deep. Narrow ditch running parallel to ditch. Gradually sloping sides, rounded base. Shallow ditch cut	0.45
13615	Dark yellowish brown clay. Natural infill of 13616.	0.45
13616	Partially exposed linear cut align N-S, $>$ 2.2m x 0.3m x 0.15m deep. Narrow ditch running broadly parallel to ditch 13609	0.45
13617	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned N-S, $>$ 2.15m x 0.65m x 0.90m deep. Shallow ditch cut	0.45
13618	Mid orangey brown silty, sandy clay; gravel and root inclusions. Natural infill forming basal fill of ditch 13617.	0.45
13619	Dark orangey brown silty, sandy clay; gravel and root inclusions. Natural infill forming top fill of ditch 13617.	0.45
13620	Mid greyish brown sandy clay, with gravel inclusions. Probable alluvial deposition in a palaeochannel	0.89
13621	Mid greyish brown sandy clay with occasional gravel inclusions. Natural infill of palaeochannel 13623	0.89
13622	Light bluish grey silty clay. Natural infill of palaeochannel 13623.	0.89
13623	VOID	
Cummanı Cari	os of ditchos	

Summary	: Series of	ditches
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TR137	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NNE-SSW	50	2.	0.55

CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)
13701	Topsoil. Mid brownish grey silty loam.	0-0.20
13702	Alluvial deposit. Dark reddish brown silty loam.	0.20-0.55
13703	Geological deposit. Light yellowish brown silty clay.	0.55 (LOE)
13704	Mid reddish brown silty loam, with occasional small stone inclusions. Natural infill through slumping of alluvial material into stone-pull 13705	0.55
13705	Partially exposed linear, aligned E-W, $>$ 14m \times 0.42m \times 0.06m deep. Linear feature with irregular profile, thought to be extent of a stone-pull.	0.55

TR138	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
13801	Topsoil. Mid greyis	h brown silty loa	m.	0-
13802	Subsoil. Mid reddi:	sh brown silty loa	m.	
13803	Alluvial deposit. M	lid reddish brown	clayey loam.	0.8-1.40
13804	Alluvial deposit. On palaeochannel.	rangey brown cla	yey loam — fills	
13805	Alluvial deposit. M gravel patches.	Alluvial deposit. Mid reddish, orangey brown clayey loam with gravel patches.		
13806	Mid orangey brown clayey loam, with occasional small-medium stone inclusions. Contains broken flint. Probable natural infill through alluvial deposition. Single fill of ditch 13807.			
13807	Partially exposed li 0.25m deep. Boun		NW-SE, >2.4m x 0.64r lated with 13811.	m x 0.50
13808	Dark reddish brow charcoal fleck inclu		m, with occasional stone fill of 13809.	e and 0.50
13809	Partially exposed linear cut, aligned NW-SE, >4m x 029m x 0.1m deep. Interpretation unclear, possible result of stone-pull, agricultural activity, or remains of truncated cut ditch.			
13810	Mid orangey brow inclusions. Probab	, , , ,	ith occasional small stor 13811.	ne 0.50
13811	Linear cut, >2m lo	-	0.20m deep, steep side	o.50

Summary: 3 ditch cuts.

TR139	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
11(13)	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.65
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
13901	Topsoil. Mid greyish brown clayey silt.			0-0.15
13902	Subsoil. Mid orangey brown silty clay.			0.15-0.20
13903	Alluvial deposit. Mid orangey brown clayey sand.			0.20-0.50
13904	Geological deposit. Mid orangey brown sandy clay.			0.50 (LOE)

TR140	ORIENTATION	L (M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.2	0.45
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
14001	Topsoil. Dark grey slightly silty clay, with frequent flint gravel and glazed pottery inclusions.			0-0.15
14002	Subsoil. Light brown	Subsoil. Light brown slightly sandy clay.		
14003	Alluvial deposit. Mottled blueish grey and light yellowish brown clay.			0.25-0.45
14004	Geological deposit. Mottled yellowish brown and light blueish grey clay.			0.45 (LOE)

Summary: No archaeological remains.

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TR141	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	ENE-WSW	50	2.1	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
14101	Topsoil. Dark grey slightly silty clay, with frequent flint gravel and glazed pottery inclusions.			0-0.17
14102	Alluvial deposit. Gleyed brownish grey clay with probable former organic content.			0.17-1.00 (LOE)
14103	Alluvial deposit. Orange silty clay.			1.00
14104	Mid greyish, orangey brown silty clay, with occasional flint, lithic and charcoal fleck inclusions. Basal fill of 14107.			1.03
14105	Reddish, yellowish black clay, with frequent charcoal, burnt clay and flint. Thin deposit of burnt material and charcoal. Fill of 14107.			1.00
14106	Mid greyish yellow silty clay with charcoal fleck and lithic inclusions. Upper fill of 14107, which rises above the level of the cut.			0.90
14107	Partially exposed semi-circular cut, 0.9m x 0.4m x 0.30m deep. Probable fire pit			1.00

Summary: Fire pit.

TR142	Orientation	L (m)	W (m)	Av. D (m)
	N-S	3	1.6	1.10
Context	Description			DBGL (m)
14201	Topsoil. Dark grey slightly silty clay, with frequent flint gravel and glazed pottery inclusions.			0-0.15
14202	Subsoil. Light brown	Subsoil. Light brown slightly sandy clay.		
14203	Alluvial deposit. Mottled blueish grey and light yellowish brown day.			0.25-0.45
14204	Geological deposit. A grey clay.	Nottled yellowish brow	vn and light blueish	0.45 (LOE)
Summary: No archaeological remains.				

TR143	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	50	2.1	1.00
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION	DBGL (M)		
14301	1 3 /	y, sandy clay, with frec eramic building mater	quent gravel inclusions. ial and white glazed	0-0.20
14302	very slightly sandy cl	tled light yellowish bro ay; occasional flint gra BM) fragment inclusior	vel and small ceramic	0.20-0.80 (LOE)

TR144	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)	
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.80	
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)	
14401	, ,	Topsoil. Dark grey silty, sandy clay, with frequent gravel inclusions. Contained modern ceramic building material and white glazed pottery.			
14402	gravel, stone and cer	ramic building	r sandy clay. With occasior ceramic inclusions. Indica n and patchy throughout		
14403	clay, with frequent g	ravel and occa	ish brown and blueish gre sional ceramic building esent only in upper 0.20m	,	

Summary: No archaeological remains.

TR145	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	1.10
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
14501	1 3,	y, sandy clay, with frec eramic building mater	juent gravel inclusions. ial and white glazed	0-0.30
14502	3 /	-	lay. With occasional inclusions. Indications	0.30 - 0.40
14503	•	tled yellowish brown a blour suggests gleying	<i>3</i> ,	0.40-0.60
14504	with frequent flint gr Contained frequent b	avel and fossilised she	n and blueish grey clay, Il fragment inclusions. er clay deposits present arer flood plain.	0.60 (LOE)
	slightly sandy clay. Co Geological deposit. Po with frequent flint gr Contained frequent b	olour suggests gleying atchy yellowish browr avel and fossilised she oulders. Unlike boulde	and blueish grey clay, Il fragment inclusions. er clay deposits present	

TR146	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NE-SW	50	2.1	0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)

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2017 by Headland Archaeology (IIK) I	2
O 2017 by Hoadland Archaeology (HK) Li	

14601	Dark brownish grey silty clay containing frequent angular gravel and grit, Frequent tiny CBM fragments, occasional large CBM fragments, rare coal fragments, heavily iron stained – Topsoil	0-0.25/0.30
14602	Mottled grey and light yellowish brown clay containing frequent gravel, occasional boulders and stones and rare charcoal fragments — gleyed alluvially derived subsoil	0.25/0.30— 0.60
14603	Mottled grey, olive grey and yellow brown clay containing frequent angular flint gravel, occasional boulders — Geological deposit – glaciofluvial	0.60 (LOE)

TR147	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)				
	NW-SE	50	2.2	0.30				
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)				
14701	Topsoil — Mid-grey b	opsoil — Mid-grey brown clayey silt						
14702	Mottled greyish brov	vn and orangey browr	n clay.	0.20 (LOE)				

APPENDIX 2 FINDS ASSESSMENT

The finds assemblage numbered 116 sherds (402g) of pottery, 755 lithics, 358 sherds (8,483g) of ceramic building material, 43g of industrial waste and a single stone find. These were found in 43 separate trenches. The Neolithic, Bronze Age, Iron Age, Romano-

British and post-medieval periods were all represented. The most unusual find was a Neolithic ground stone axe. The finds are summarised by trench in the Table A2.1, a complete catalogue is given at the end.

TABLE A2.1 Summary of finds assemblage by trench with spot dating

TR	POTTERY (PH)	POTTERY (ROM)	POTTERY (PM)	LITHICS	STONE	CBM		IND WASTE	DATING
	Count	Wgt	Count	Wgt	Count	Wgt	Count	Count	Count	Wgt	Wgt	
001	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	9	2493g	-	PM
004	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	92g	-	PM
800	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	94g	_	PM
011	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	340g	_	PM
012	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	15	5,081g	_	PM
017	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	-	_	-	PH
018	_	-	2	14g	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	RB
019	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	PH
020	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	73g	_	RB
026	_	-	1	5g	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	RB
029	-	-	1	4g	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	E-M Neol, RB
031	1	1g	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	PH?
032	_	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	_	PH
033	-	-	1	1g	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	PH, RB
039	-	-	2	46g	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	RB
067	-	-	1	11g	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	RB
071	1	2g	2	4g	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LBA, RB
072	-	_	-	-	-	-	582	-	271	235g	17g	PH
077	-	_	1	20g	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	RB
079	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	PH
083	_	-	1	2g	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	RB
093	-	-	2	4g	-	-	1	-	-	-	_	PH, RB
094	_	_	3	19g	-	_	9	-	35	8g	4g	PH, RB
097	-	-	4	29g	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	RB
098	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	_	PH
099	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	PH
102	3	11g	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	<0.5g	LBA
105	_	_	3	3g	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	RB
108	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	8	40g	<0.5g	PH
111	1	1g	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	PH?
112	45	24g	_	_	_	_	52	_	3	1g	3g	LBA

TR	POTTERY (I	PH)	POTTERY (ROM)	POTTERY (PM)	LITHICS	STONE	CBM		IND WASTE	DATING
	Count	Wgt	Count	Wgt	Count	Wgt	Count	Count	Count	Wgt	Wgt	
115	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	<0.5g	PH?
116	-	-	-	_	1	22g	-	-	-	-	_	PM
120	1	1g	_	_	-	_	1	-	_	-	_	PH
124	-	_	1	4g	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	RB
125	-	-	-	_	-	_	1	-	-	-	-	PH
129	-	_	_	_	-	_	1	-	_	-	_	PH
131	12	77g	_	_	-	_	25	-	5	16g	11g	LBA, IA/RB
133	-	_	_	_	-	_	2	-	_	-	_	PH
135	2	1g	_	_	-	_	2	-	_	-	_	PH
136	21	70g	_	-	-	-	43	-	1	3g	<0.5g	Neol/EBA, LBA, IA/RB
141	-	_	_	_	-	_	12	-	3	7g	8g	PH
142	3	26g	-	-	-	-	3	_	_	-	-	LBA, IA/RB
Total	90	214g	25	166g	1	22g	755	1	358	8,483g	43g	

Prehistoric pottery

The prehistoric pottery assemblage consists of 90 sherds (214g). They were examined macroscopically with a hand lens at x2 magnification to identify initial fabric groups; these groups were then examined under a binocular microscope at a magnification of x10 to x40. This enabled large areas of the surface and edges of sherds to be examined, and in many cases useful diagnostic mineral and rock components to be identified. Local fabric type series were consulted where possible and appropriate codes given if relevant. A proportion of the assemblage was too fragmentary to be identified to fabric type.

The majority of the material is very abraded and in poor condition, with surfaces removed and very rounded fractures. The late Bronze Age pottery may have been burnt at high temperatures.

This small assemblage represents intermittent activity in the area from the Bronze Age onwards. The quantity and condition of the material may imply it is all residual in later contexts, but it points to late Bronze Age and Iron Age/Romano-British activity in the immediate area.

FABRIC CODE	FABRIC	SHERDS	WGT	DATING
GT	Grog-tempered	3	10g	MBA?
AQ	Angular quartzite	19	87g	LBA
FS	Fine sandy fabric	14	98g	IA/RB
Unknown		54	19g	
Total		90	214g	

TABLE A2.2 Prehistoric pottery type series

There are 19 over fired/vitrified very abraded sherds of possible late Bronze Age date. Vessel walls range between 10-15mm and are reduced, though this may be due to post-firing burning. The fabric (AQ) is dominated by abundant very angular white/grey burnt flint and angular quartzite inclusions, in a matrix of fine quartz-rich clay. This type of pottery has been found in Wiltshire before and is thought to be of local production but no source has been identified. There is one possible middle Bronze Age sherd only distinguished by the fabric and use of grog as temper (GT) found in linear [13113] (13112).

There is one Iron Age sherd with a rolled-out rim from a small globular jar with traces of burnishing and sooting on the exterior under the rim. The fine sandy fabric (FS) of this vessel is shared with 13 other abraded sherds. It has a broad date range from the Iron Age to the Romano-British period. Sherds are reduced, sometimes oxidised, with a sandy micaceous appearance. It contains abundant fine sub-angular quartz >1mm inclusions with a scatter of well-rounded polished grains 1mm across, the density of which varies. The clay used may incorporate some Lower Greensand-derived well-rounded polished quartz grains, making it a local product.

Roman pottery

The Roman pottery amounts to 25 sherds (166g) and includes fine wares, coarse wares, BB1, grey ware and a mortarium. The condition is generally poor with few original surfaces remaining. The Roman pottery was classified according to Tomber & Dore 1998. There is a single sherd of Central Gaulish (CG) Samian with several Oxfordshire red/brown slip ware (OXF RS) vessel sherds representing jars; these, and the mortarium with quartz-gritted interior (OXF RS M), all have a date range between the late 2nd and 4th century AD. Grey ware (GW) vessels are generally common and there are many production

centres, so a date range of 1st-3rd century AD is likely. There is one small piece of New Forest ware (NFW) and a single much abraded BB1 sherd, both of which also date to the 1st -3rd century AD. The fabrics of the coarse ware sherds are not very diagnostic, with a fine quartz rich clay and angular grog (QG) inclusions, another in a pale buff fabric (PB) and a quartz rich reduced fabric (R), all of which represent forms typical of the period. There are several much abraded fine oxidised fabrics (FW) sherds which are not particularly diagnostic but are consistent with this type of the Roman assemblage.

FABRIC CODE	FABRIC	SHERDS	WGT	DATING
BB1	Black-burnished	1	4g	1st-3rd
CG	Central Gaulish	1	5g	L2nd-4th
FW	Fine oxidised fabrics	7	10g	RB
GW	Greyware	2	15g	1st-3rd
NFW	New Forest ware	1	1g	1st-3rd
OXF RS	Oxfordshire red/brown slipware	2	13g	L2nd-4th
OXF RS M	Quartz-gritted interior	4	29g	L2nd-4th
PB	Pale bufffabric	1	20g	RB
QG	Quartz-rich clay and angular grog	5	65g	RB
R	Quartz rich reduced fabric	1	4g	RB
Total		25	166g	

Post-medieval pottery

Only a single sherd of post-medieval pottery was recovered. It is in Glazed Red Earthenware (Brears 1969), and is of 16th – 17th century date. It is the rim of a jar or similar closed vessel. It is in poor condition, and could be residual.

Lithics

The lithics number 755 pieces. The assemblage is mostly formed of debitage and tools with few cores. Though scattered through 32 trenches, the vast majority (582 pieces) derived from trench 72. This trench 72 material is almost entirely composed of indeterminate burnt fragments which appear natural, they have no evidence for knapping although they are accompanied by a single unburnt hard hammer flake in (07204). There is a significant quantity (31 pieces) from ditch [13608] (13605) which is fresh in condition and comprises a core, debitage and tools. These are late Neolithic or early Bronze Age in date. The remainder of the assemblage appears in low quantities in most other trenches and most have characteristics belonging to the Neolithic with none post-dating the early Bronze Age.

Stone [HL3]

A ground stone axe head was found in the subsoil of Trench 29. The stone is pale grey with frequent, very fine inclusions and rare coarser ones. The rock type may be type of tuff, but petrological

examination would be required to assign any identification to the rock. The axe head is fairly large with a broad, gently convex butt and blade and not much of a taper. The section is lenticular but there are slight facets along the sides. Some flake scars from shaping still remain and very small light scratches over the face are from the grinding. Some general scratches and nicks appear to have occurred in antiquity but the blade end does not appear to have been used. It can be dated to the early to middle Neolithic period.

Ceramic building material

The ceramic building material included 326 fragments (310g) of fired clay, two sherds (73g) of possible Roman box flue tile and 30 sherds (8.100 kg) of post-medieval brick.

The burnt clay fragments are typically all in a fine sandy fabric. They are all amorphous and their original function cannot be ascertained, though they may relate to on site structures or industry. They cannot be dated. The largest concentration (235g) is from trench 72, which also contained burnt flint and gravel (see Lithics; Industrial Waste).

The possible flue tile was found in the subsoil of trench 20, though was not associated with any other Romano-British finds. It is abraded and features poorly processed clay with burnt flint added as temper and impressions of organic matter in the surface which might suggest local non-specialist production.

The post-medieval brick was all found in topsoil in trenches 1, 4, 8 11, and 12, with trenches 12 and then 1 being the highest concentrations. They were all handmade, of the same fabric with few visible inclusions other than rare calcareous material up to 2mm, and sparse organic voids up to 5mm. None of the bricks survived with all three dimensions intact, although where one or two dimensions survived, the fragments were c 110mm wide by c 62mm thick. None had any evidence of mortar, and at least one was heavily over-fired, while the rest were under-fired to some degree. They may be waste from brick-making. Dating is difficult due to the somewhat fragmentary nature, but bricks with similar dimensions were used as early as the late 15th century (Smith 2004, 259), and were widely used between the 16th and late 18th century (McComish 2015, 42), which seems a more likely date for these.

Industrial waste

The industrial waste all appears to be natural gravel which most likely became magnetised by burning. It is present in trenches. The highest concentration (17g) is in trench 72 which also contains significant quantities of burnt flint.

Discussion

The earliest finds are the Neolithic flint and ground stone axe, though these do not seem to securely date any features found on site. The late Bronze Age, Iron Age and Romano-British material is similarly widely spread and abraded with few concentrations sizeable enough to identify areas of activity with any certainty. The various ditches, linear features, pits and post-holes in trenches 31, 33, 79, 93, 94, 102, 108, 112, 115, 131, 136 and 141 all contain thin scatterings of material from all these periods and nothing later, but rarely in

enough quantity to provide clear and secure dating. The largest feature assemblages are from ditch [13107], linear [13111] and ditch [13608], though this amounts to only 24-55g of abraded prehistoric pottery with few accompanying finds. A late Bronze Age date might be suggested for ditch [13608], Iron Age or Romano-British date for [13107] and [13111].

The post-medieval bricks might suggest some activity in the vicinity of trenches 1 and 12, though these appear to represent brick-making waste rather than the remains of a structure.

This small assemblage contains examples of material from a broad period of time. The small size of the assemblage, and its poor condition (suggestive a dynamic post-depositional environment), would suggest that further study of this assemblage is of limited value.

References

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McComish, JM 2015 *A Guide to Ceramic Building Materials,* York Archaeological Trust, Report Number 2015/36

Smith, TP 2004 'The late medieval bricks and brickwork of London Wall in Saint Alphage Garden, EC2', *London Archaeologist* 10(10): 255–63

Tomber & Dore 1998 *National Roman Fabric Reference Collection*, Museum of London Archaeology Service Monograph 2

Appendix 2.1 Finds catalogue

TR	CONTEXT	SAMPLE	QTY	WGT (G)	MATERIAL	OBJECT	DESCRIPTION	SPOT DATE
001	00101	_	9	2493	CBM	Brick	Fabric F1	16th-18th
04	00401	-	1	92	CBM	Brick	Fabric F1	16th-18th
800	00801	-	1	94	CBM	Brick	Fabric F1	16th-18th
)11	01101	-	4	340	CBM	Brick	Fabric F1	16th-18th
)12	01201	_	15	5,081	CBM	Brick	Fabric F1	16th-18th
)17	01702	_	1	9	Lithics	debitage	secondary hard hammer flake	PH
)18	01802	_	1	13	Pottery (Rom)	GW	Body sherd, Grey Ware	1st-3rd
118	01802	-	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	NFW	Body sherd, New Forest Ware, dark grey slip on exterior surface	1st-3rd
)19	01902	-	1	4	Lithics	tool	semi invasively edge retouched tool. Piercer. Tool has bifacial edge retouch	PH
20	02002	-	2	73	CBM	Tile	$\label{thm:continuous} Tile \ fragment, with angle \ suggesting \ flue \ tile \ form, \ grass \ impressions \ on \ base, poor \ quality \ day$	RB
026	02602	-	1	5	Pottery (Rom)	CG	Rim, Samian dish in central Gaulish fabric, very abraded only trace of slip present	2nd-4th
029	02902	-	1	556	Stone	Axe head	Ground stone axe head. The stone is pale grey with frequent very fine inclusions and rare coarse inclusions. The axe is fairly large and symmetrical sectioned with an asymmetric S-shaped blade. There are edge facets and both the blade and butt are gently convex. The butt is wide and there is little taper. Some flake scars still remain visible on either face and at the butt and very small light scratches over the face are from the grinding. Some scratches and nicks appear to have happened in antiquity but the blade end does not appear to have been used.	e-mNeol
)29	02902	-	1	4	Pottery (Rom)	BB1	Basal sherd BB1, very abraded	1st-3rd
31	03104	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	?	Undiagnostic oxidised sherd, too small	?
132	03205	-	1	3	Lithics	indeterminate	-	PH
)33	03305	-	1	1	Lithics	indeterminate	-	PH
)33	03309	_	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	FW	Fine ceramic sherd possibly Roman, very abraded	RB
)39	03902	_	2	46	Pottery (Rom)	QG	Body sherd, coarse ware, local fabric	RB
)67	06702	_	1	11	Pottery (Rom)	OXF RS	Jar, Oxfordshire Red/Brown Slip ware, abraded	3rd-4th
)71	07102	_	1	2	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Undiagnostic, abraded, fabric suggests LBA	LBA
)71	07102	-	1	2	Pottery (Rom)	FW	Body, sherd Roman fine ware in oxidised fabric, very abraded	RB
)71	07102	-	1	2	Pottery (Rom)	GW	Rim, small jar, very abraded	1st-3rd
)72	07204	-	338	67	Lithics	debitage and indeterminate	one unburnt hard hammer flake and burnt flint fragments	PH
172	07204	10	91	33	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
)72	07204	11	90	72	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
)72	07204	10	66	5	Lithics	indeterminate	burnt flint	PH
)72	07204	10	-	7	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
)72	07204	11	_	8	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
)72	07204	11	68	14	Lithics	poss debitage/ indeterminate	burnt flint (one triangular sectioned flake may have been knapped)	PH
)72	07205	12	90	130	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
)72	07205	_	1	1	Lithics	indeterminate	burnt flint	PH
072	07205	12	107	10	Lithics	indeterminate	burnt flint	PH

TR	CONTEXT	SAMPLE	QTY	WGT (G)	MATERIAL	OBJECT	DESCRIPTION	SPOT DATE
072	07205	12	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
072	07206	-	2	-	Lithics	core and indeterminate	burnt core and shattered piece	PH
077	07703	_	1	20	Pottery (Rom)	PB	Shoulder, globular jar, some traces of red/brown slip on exterior	RB
079	07905	_	1	13	Lithics	tool	Edge retouched. Semi abrupt retouch round all laterals, knife	PH
083	08302	-	1	2	Pottery (Rom)	OXF RS	Pedestal basal angle sherd, very abraded, no slip	RB
093	09302	-	1	6	Lithics	shatter	shattered flake	PH
093	09304	-	2	4	Pottery (Rom)	FW	Body, oxidised fine ware vessel	RB
094	09402	-	2	15	Pottery (Rom)	QG	Body, grog tempered	RB
094	09402	_	1	4	Pottery (Rom)	R	Body, abraded	RB
094	09404	9	9	0	Lithics	debitage	burnt chips	PH
094	09404	9	35	8	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
094	09404	9	_	4	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
097	09702	-	4	29	Pottery (Rom)	OXF RS M	$\label{lem:reconstruction} Rim \ and \ upper \ body \ of \ Mortarium \ with \ sub-angular \ quartz \ grits \ on \ interiors \ surface, \ very \ abraded, \ no \ slip$	RB
098	09802	-	1	17	Lithics	tool	secondary hard hammer flake with some acute to abrupt lateral retouch	PH
099	09903	_	1	14	Lithics	shatter	shattered flake	PH
102	10202	-	1	25	Lithics	tool	large overshot blade some scalar edge retouch on left lateral and a notch on right lateral	PH
102	10206	_	3	11	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Body, reduced burnt	LBA
102	10206	7	5	2	Lithics	debitage	three small secondary flakes and two chips	PH
102	10206	-	7	43	Lithics	debitage, tool and frost shatter	side scraper on a secondary hard hammer flake, inner hard hammer flake missing distal end an 5 frost shattered pieces	PH
102	10206	7	_	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
105	10502	_	3	3	Pottery (Rom)	FW	Body, Roman fine ware, abraded	RB
108	10802	_	8	40	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
108	10808	_	1	10	Lithics	indeterminate	frost shattered piece	PH
108	10808	6	_	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
111	11102	_	1	1	Pottery (PH)	?	Reduced, Undiagnostic, too small and abraded	?
112	11202	_	4	11	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Body sherds, burnt, abraded	LBA
112	11202	-	6	13	Lithics	coreand debitage	small exhausted core, secondary blade, 3 secondary flakes and inner flake	PH
112	11209	8	40	9	Pottery (PH)	?	Small fragments	?
112	11209	_	1	4	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Body sherd, burnt abraded	LBA
112	11209	8	46	20	Lithics	debitage	five flakes/flake fragments , four indeterminate pieces and 37 chips	PH
112	11209	8	3	1	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
112	11209	8	_	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
115	11509	5	_	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
116	11602	_	1	22	Pottery (PM)	GRE	-	17th
120	12003	_	1	1	Pottery (PH)	?	Undiagnostic, too small abraded	?

TR	CONTEXT	SAMPLE	QTY	WGT (G)	MATERIAL	OBJECT	DESCRIPTION	SPOT DATI
120	12003	_	1	22	Lithics	core	$\label{thm:multi-platform} \textbf{Multi-platform core fragment. Two platforms remaining. Flake and blade production likely}$	PH
124	12402	-	1	4	Pottery (Rom)	QG	Body sherd	RB
125	12503	-	1	8	Lithics	tool	Secondary blade, missing proximal end, small area of retouch to right lateral, scalar in appearance. The distal end has the remains of a second opposing platform	PH
129	12903	_	1	21	Lithics	debitage	hard hammer secondary flake, wide and thick	PH
131	13105	_	1	9	Pottery (PH)	FS	Body, abraded, reduced interior and core, oxidised exterior	IA-RB
131	13106	_	1	1	Lithics	debitage	soft hammer inner flake, missing distal end	PH
131	13106	_	4	34	Pottery (PH)	FS	Body sherds and one Basal Angle abraded	IA-RB
131	13108	2	9	1	Lithics	debitage	two inner flake fragments and 7 chips	PH
131	13108	-	5	30	Lithics	debitage and tool	primary flake, two secondary short hard hammer flakes, an inner hard hammer flake retaining a large section of core and platform and a burnt edge retouched blade	PH
131	13108	2	1	6	CBM	Fired Clay	_	?
131	13108	2	-	11	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
131	13110	_	1	2	Pottery (PH)	AQ	ndiagnostic, small abraded	
131	13110	-	2	4	Lithics	debitage	vershot secondary blade and medial fragment of at trapezoidal sectioned blade	
131	13110	-	2	14	Pottery (PH)	FS	Body sherds very abraded	IA-RB
131	13110	-	1	8	Pottery (PH)	FS	Rim, small globular jar, external sooting	IA-RB
131	13112	-	3	10	Pottery (PH)	?	Base sherds undiagnostic soft oxidised fabric	BA
131	13112	-	8	8	Lithics	debitage	the broken inner blades, four broken inner flakes and one secondary hard hammer flake	PH
131	13112	-	4	10	CBM	Fired Clay	Amorphous clay objects	?
133	13305	-	2	8	Lithics	debitage	Secondary overshot blade and a proximal fragment. Both of these appear related to core curation and the removal of sections of the platform	PH
135	13503	_	2	57	Lithics	debitage	secondary flake and large secondary flake distal fragment	PH
135	13504	_	2	1	Pottery (PH)	?	Undiagnostic, small abraded	?
136	13605	_	6	49	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Body sherds, little abrasion	LBA
136	13605	_	31	232	Lithics	core, debitage and tool	Platform core fragment, 13 hard hammer flake/flake fragments, 1 blade, 13 indeterminate shatter and 3 tools. One of the tools is a hard hammer flake with inversely retouched left lateral edge. The other two are blades with evidence for blade production on the dorsal scars. One has abrupt edge retouch to left lateral proximal to medial. The other has slightly scalar retouch to the right lateral	PH
136	13605	-	1	3	CBM	Fired Clay	Burnt Clay, oxidised amorphous	?
136	13606	1	9	6	Pottery (PH)	?	Small fragments	?
136	13606	1	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
136	13607	_	1	27	Lithics	debitage	large secondary hard hammer flake, comprising substantial quantity of core	
136	13610	3	8	2	Lithics	debitage	hard hammer secondary flake missing distal end, and 7 chips	
136	13610	-	2	4	Lithics	debitage	two secondary flake fragments	PH
136	13610	-	4	13	Pottery (PH)	FS	Body sherds	IA-RB
136	13610	3	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
136	13615	-	2	2	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Body sherds, abraded	LBA
136	13615	_	1	0	Lithics	shatter	shattered, abraded indeterminate piece	PH
141	14106	4	7	0	Lithics	debitage	two inner flake fragments and five chips	PH

TR	CONTEXT	SAMPLE	QTY	WGT (G)	MATERIAL	OBJECT	DESCRIPTION	SPOT DATE
141	14106	-	5	16	Lithics	debitage, shatter and tool	Inner flake, secondary flake and a medial flake fragment. Two frost shattered flakes, one of which has crude edge retouch to a naturally concave edge	PH
141	14106	_	3	7	CBM	Fired Clay	Fragments	?
141	14106	4	-	8	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	magnetised gravel	-
142	14203	_	1	6	Pottery (PH)	AQ	Body sherd abraded	LBA
142	14203	-	3	84	Lithics	core, debitage and tool	multi-platform core, circular scraper and a broken secondary flake	PH
142	14203	_	2	20	Pottery (PH)	FS	Body, co-joining	IA-RB

APPENDIX 3 FNVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Introduction

12 samples, ranging in volume from ten to sixty litres, were recovered during archaeological evaluation work on an area of land east of Swindon in the vicinity of Longleaze Farm. In addition to the bulk samples six further deposits were sampled for hand collected bone. The aims of the assessment were to assess the presence, preservation and abundance of any environmental remains and to determine the potential of the material in indicating the character and significance of the deposit.

Method

The bulk samples were subjected to flotation and wet sieving in a Siraf-style flotation machine. The floating debris (the flot) was collected in a 250 µm sieve and once dry, scanned using a binocular microscope. Any material remaining in the flotation tank (retent) was wet-sieved through a 1mm mesh and air-dried. The samples were scanned using a stereomicroscope at magnifications of x10 and up to x100. Identifications, where provided, were confirmed using modern reference material and seed atlases including Cappers et al. (02006) and Zohary et al. (02012). After careful consideration of the uncharred seeds present in the samples they were determined to be a modern intrusive component and were therefore not considered further.

Results

Results of the assessment are presented in Tables A3.1 (Retent samples), 2 (Flot samples) and 3 (Hand collected bone). Material sufficient for AMS (Accelerated Mass Spectrometry) radiocarbon dating is shown in the tables. The samples contained a proportion of modern roots and rare intrusive uncharred seeds.

Wood charcoal

Wood charcoal was present in varying quantities in all contexts sampled. The charcoal assemblage was composed of abraded rectilinear pieces of varying sizes. The majority of fragments were coated with an orange mineral concretion. Only 2 contexts (13606 and 14106) yielded charcoal sufficient for AMS dating (Table A3.1). A dominant component within the samples was rectilinear mineralized charcoal fragments.

Cereal arain

A single well preserved glume wheat grain was recovered from context (09404) the fill of possible midden pit [09405].

Hand collected animal bone

Faunal remains were recovered from ten contexts, this included hand collected material in addition to material recovered in the bulk samples (Table A3.1 and 3).

Preservation was mixed, depending on context, but on the whole elements were fragmented and very poorly preserved. With the exception of the vertebrae from context (13106) it was not possible to identify any other body part represented and aside from the horse tooth from context (13110), nor was it possible to identify the bone fragments to species.

Finds

Finds including pottery, ceramic building material and lithics will be discussed as the subject of a separate finds report.

Discussion

The animal bone assemblage provides limited information pertaining to site economy other than the possible presence of common domestic species. Preservation was generally very poor with high fragmentation and highly abraded fragments from large/medium sized mammal/s. The paucity of remains precludes any further analysis.

The single charred cereal grain does not offer any significant information relating to site economy other than the possible use/consumption of glume wheats. The charcoal assemblage comprised mostly small abraded fragments the majority of which were coated with an orange mineral concretion. It is unlikely that the charcoal assemblage would offer any information beyond species identification.

Dating potential of the remains

Material sufficient for AMS dating was present in three samples (Tables A3.1 and 2).

Recommendations

No further work is required.

References

Cappers RTJ, Bekker, RM & Jans, JEA 2006 *Digital seed atlas of the Netherlands* Barkhuis Publishing and Groningen University
Library, Groningen

Stace, C 1997 *New Flora of the British Isles* (2nd edition) Cambridge University Press: Cambridge

Zohary, D, Hopf, M & Weiss, E 2012 *Domestication of Plants in the Old World* Oxford: Oxford University Press

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	CONTEXT SAMPLE	SAMPLE VOL (L)	CERAMIC	JIC I	BUILDING MATERIALS	STONE	N N	INDUSTRIAL WASTE	STE	CINDERS	BONE	UNBURNI	SHEIT	CHAKKED CEREAL GRAIN	CHARCOAL		MATERIAL SUFFICIENT COMMENTS FOR AMS DATING	COMMENTS
			Pottery	y Other ceramic	Other	Lithics	Stone Fe slag	lag Magres	s Other		Mammal	Mammal	Marine		Oty	Max size (mm)		
-	010	10	,	+ + + +	1	# #	1	+ + + +	+	‡	+	ı	1	1	‡	10	Z	indeterminate burnt bone fragment (<0.5 g), mineralised charcoal fragments
_	011	09	1	+ + + +	1	+ + +	+	+++++	+	+ + +	ı	ı		1	‡	6	Z	rectilinear charcoal fragments
_	012	20	1	+ + + +	1	+ + +	1	+++++	+	+ + + +	ı	ı		1	‡	~	Z	scrappy charcoal fragments
-	600	10	1	+ + +	1	‡	1	+ + + +	+	1	1	ı	1	+	‡	5	>-	Well preserved cereal grain sufficient for AMS. Abraded rectilinear charcoal fragments
_	200	20	1	1	1	+ + +	‡	++	+	ı	1	1		1	++	7	Z	abraded rectilinear charcoal fragments
_	900	30	1	1	1	‡	<u> </u>	+	+	‡	+	1	1	ı	+	3	z	Indeterminate burnt bone fragment (<0.5 g), mineralised charcoal fragments, covered with an orange concretion
	800	30	+ +	+		‡ ‡	1	‡	ı			ı	1	1	+ + +	∞	Z	abraded rectilinear charcoal fragments, some fragments covered with an orange concretion
	500	10	1	1	1	‡	1	++	+			ı	‡ ‡	1	‡	9	z	mineralised charcoal fragments, covered with an orange concretion. Fossilised shell fragments
_	002	20	1	1	+	++	1	++++	1	1	1	1		ı			1	Heat fractured stone present $(+++)$ not retained
-	001	40	‡	1	1	‡	1	+ +	1	1	1	+	1	1	‡	14	>-	indeterminate unburnt bone fragments (0.4g), abraded rectilinear charcoal fragments sufficient for AMS
_	903	20	1	1	1		1	+	ı	ı	ı	ı		1	+	2	Z	
_	9004	20	1	1	1	‡	+ ‡	+ + + +	++	1			1	1	‡ ‡ ‡	18	>-	Rectilinear charcoal fragments, abraded and majority of fragments covered with an orange concretion

 $[\]text{Key:} + = \text{rare (0-5)}, ++ = \text{occasional (6-15)}, +++ = \text{common (15-50)} \text{ and } ++++ = \text{abundant (>50)}$

NB charcoal over 10mm is sufficient for identification and AMS dating

TABLE A3.2 Flotation sample results

CONTEXT	SAMPLE	TOTAL FLOT VOL (ML)	OTHER CHARRED PLANT REMAINS	CHARCOA	L	MATERIAL SUFFICIENT	COMMENTS
				Qty	Max size (mm)	FOR AMS DATING	
07204	010	18	-	+++	5	N	
07204	011	90	-	++	3	N	
07205	012	26	-	++	3	N	
09404	009	20	+	+	1	N	
10206	007	8	-	+	1	N	
10808	006	25	-	-	-	N	No charred plant remains
11209	800	60	-	++	8	N	
11509	005	5	-	-	-	N	No charred plant remains
13108	002	10	-	+++	4	N	
13606	001	80	-	++++	6	N	
13610	003	10	-	++	4	N	
14106	004	10	-	+++	5	N	

Key: + = rare (1-5), ++ = occasional (6-15), +++ = common (16-50) and ++++ = abundant (>50)

NB charcoal over 10mm is sufficient for identification and AMS dating

TABLE A3.3 Hand collected animal bone

CONTEXT	CONDITION	WGT (G)	IDENTIFICATION
13110	Moderate to poor	65.5	Indeterminate large/medium sized mammal bone fragments poor preservation, horse tooth moderate preservation
10206	Moderate to poor	14.8	Indeterminate large/medium sized mammal bone fragments, some with signs of erosion
13106	Poor	51.2	Fragmented indeterminate large/medium sized mammal vertebrae, heavily abraded
13108	Poor	2.5	Indeterminate large/medium sized mammal bone fragment, abraded, poor preservation
13112	Poor	11.1	Indeterminate large/medium sized mammal bone fragments, possible rib, erosion
13305	Very poor	0.3	Indeterminate large/medium sized mammal bone fragments
13504	Very poor	43.3	Indeterminate large/medium sized mammal bone fragments, very poor preservation.





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