

CHSW



COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EXCAVATION ASSESSMENT REPORT

commissioned by Redrow Homes and Persimmon Homes

December 2018

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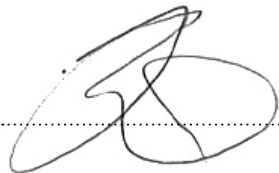
PROJECT INFO:

HA Project Code **CHSW** / HAS No. **1294** / NGR **SU 18950 81929** / Local Authority **Swindon Borough Council** / OASIS Ref. **headland3-313628**

PROJECT TEAM:

Project Manager **Kate Bain** / Author **Kate Bain & Stuart Milby** / Fieldwork **Annie Partridge, Anthony Brown, Anthony Clifton-Jones, Dan Miller, Emily Knight, Iain Bennett, Jane Green, Jason Murphy, Krzysztof Ryniec, Matt Ginnever, Nuala Woodley, Paul Blockley, Rob Blackburn, Tom Bennett** / Graphics **Beata Wieczorek-Oleksy, Caroline Norman, Rafael Maya Torcellly** / Environmental **Aisling Fitzpatrick, Angela Walker** / Finds **Julie Franklin, Julie Lochrie, Paul Blinkhorn, Torben Bjarke Ballin**

Approved by **Kate Bain**



Headland Archaeology Midlands & West
Unit 1 | Clearview Court | Twyford Rd | Hereford HR2 6JR
t 01432 364 901
e midlandsandwest@headlandarchaeology.com
w www.headlandarchaeology.com



PROJECT SUMMARY

Excavations, undertaken by Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd near to Commonhead, Swindon, between July 2015 and April 2016, exposed evidence of archaeological activity spanning from the Prehistoric to the medieval period. The prehistoric activity on site consisted of the remains of a probable, post-built, round-house and boundary ditches, along with a broad scatter of other individual features concentrated within the south-eastern portion of the site. Whilst the majority of features and deposits dating to the Prehistoric period clustered around the late Bronze Age and early Iron Age, unstratified lithic artefacts of an earlier date were also identified. To the north-west however, features from the medieval period predominated. The majority of these features appeared to relate to an evolving system of agricultural enclosures, represented by discrete land parcels, defined by ditches. However, concentrated toward the north-western limit of the site, a significant complex of stone built structures was identified. The structural remains appeared to represent at least three substantial stone buildings, with the walls of the best preserved example standing over 0.50m high. Despite clear evidence that the majority of the structures had been comprehensively dismantled, some features indicative of specific functions did survive. One such feature almost certainly represented a drying kiln, perhaps associated with the malting and brewing process. The substantial nature and the quality of the masonry of the walls were indicative of relatively high status, an implication also reinforced by some of the artefacts recovered, such as the remains of a ceramic, glazed louvre and the presence of glazed ridge tiles and stone roofing tiles. There was virtually no evidence as to the construction of the floors of the interior of the buildings, again indicating that the material was of significant enough value to have been removed and repurposed. The date range of the medieval artefacts suggest that that the site was active from the period immediately following the Norman Conquest, to a time roughly coincident with the advent of the Black Death.

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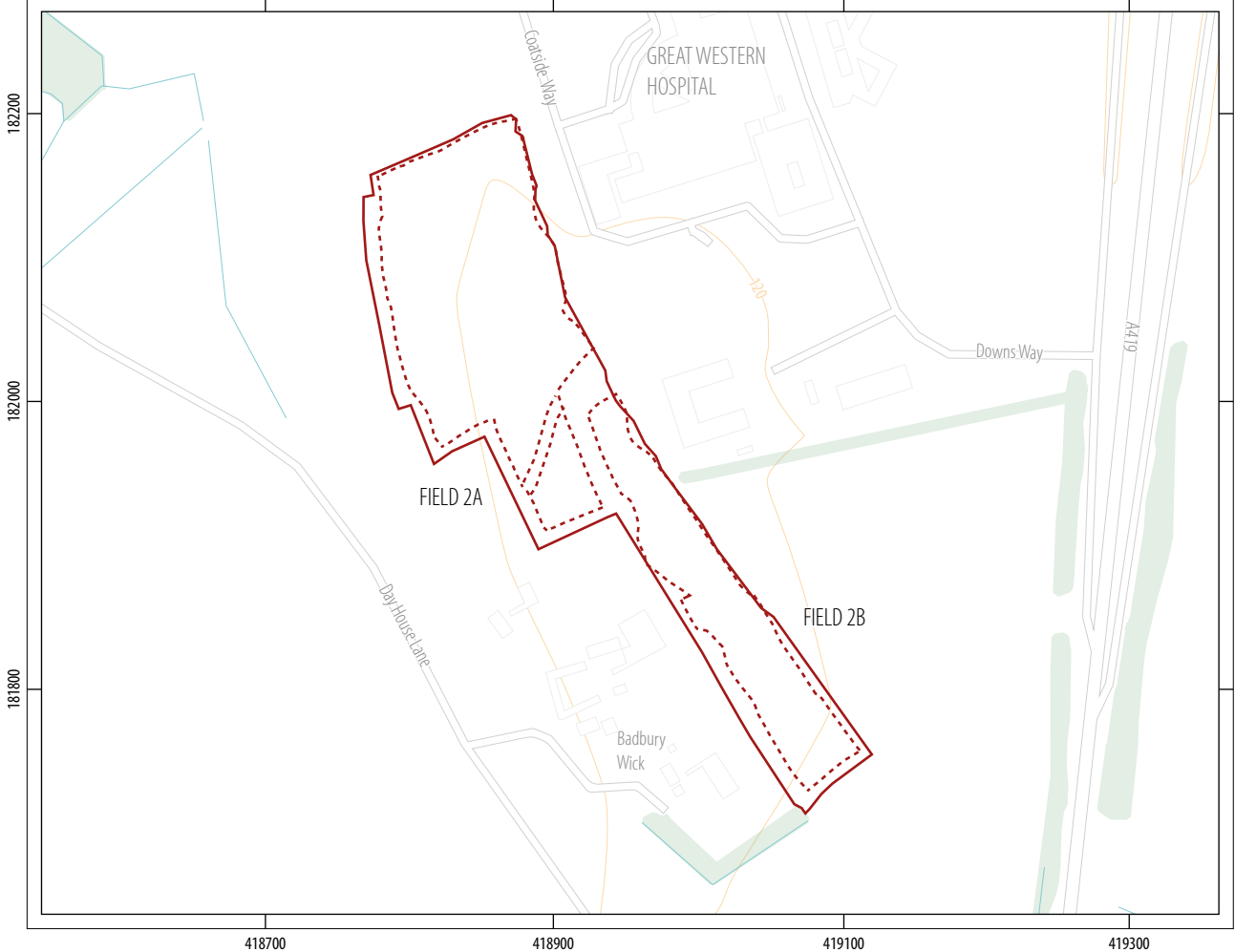
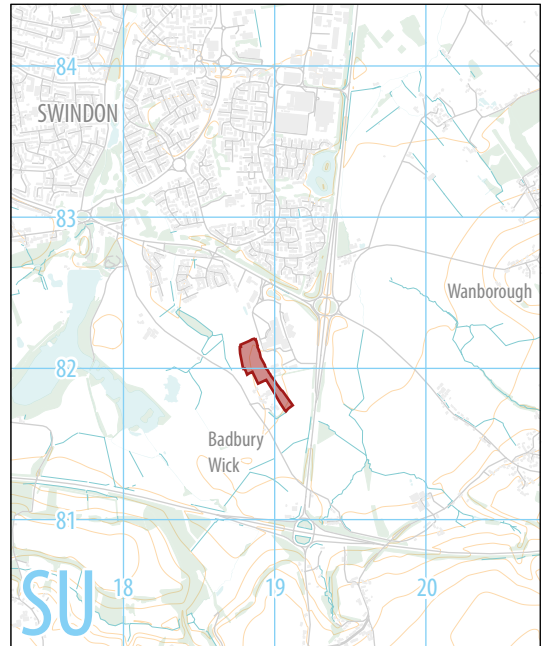
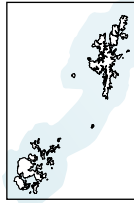
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CHSW/05
 land at Commonhead
 Day House Lane
 Swindon
 Wiltshire

0 200km
 1:10,000,000 @ A4

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0 100m
 1:5,000 @ A4

— development boundary
 - - - limit of excavation



MIDLANDS & WEST Unit 1, Clearview Court, Twyford Road
 Hereford HR2 6JR
 01432 364 901
 www.headlandarchaeology.com

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EXCAVATION ASSESSMENT REPORT

1 INTRODUCTION

Headland Archaeology was commissioned by Redrow Homes and Persimmon Homes (the client) to undertake a programme of archaeological investigation of an area of land approximately 5.8km south-east of Swindon town centre, comprising 78 hectares, to the west of the A419, north of the M4 (Illus 1). The excavations were targeted on four specific areas; Area 1, was located toward the southern part of the development area, Area 2 toward its centre and Areas 3 and 4 located at its northern extent.

Areas 3 and 4 were the subject of the initial excavation works in 2014 (Headland Archaeology in press) and were followed, in 2015–16 by the excavation of Area 2, which forms the subject of this report.

1.1 PLANNING BACKGROUND

The archaeological works at Commonhead, Swindon were conducted in accordance with a Written Scheme of Investigation, required to comply with a condition attached to planning permission, for the mixed use development of the site (Planning application ref S/10/0842/IH);

No development shall take place within each of the archaeological areas shown on the plan, until there has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local Planning Authority, a programme of archaeological work for each of the sites providing a written scheme of investigation. The development of the site shall be carried out in accordance with the approved programme.

A Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) detailing the programme of archaeological investigations, was prepared on behalf of the client, by CGMs Consulting, and submitted to the Archaeological Advisor to Swindon Borough Council prior to the start of works (Gajos 2013). A

variation to the WSI was submitted and agreed in September 2015 in response to the discovery of unexpectedly complex archaeological remains located in the northern portion of the site (Kimber 2015).

1.2 SITE DESCRIPTION (ILLUS 1)

The site lies on the edge of the Swindon urban area, approximately 5.8km south-east of the town centre. The overall development site covers approximately 78 hectares to the south of the A4259, west of the A419 and north of the M4. Area 2 was located toward the approximate centre of the development area (centred on NGR SU 18950 81929), to the immediate south-west of the Great Western Hospital and comprised a total area of approximately 4 Ha.

The site lies on a spur of land at c. 122m above Ordinance Datum (AOD) with the land dropping gently to the south and west. A slight rise to c.123m AOD is present to the north. The natural geology consisted of Gault Clay, characterised by a strong, pale to light yellowish-brown clay or silty clay which in places has a green/blue-grey mottled or reddish appearance. This natural clay contains sparse to common sub-angular and sub-rounded flints (<80mm) and rare, large sarsen boulders (<0.4m) (NERC 2015).

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

A total of fifteen archaeological sites of varying density were identified through previous excavation and survey work, as being present within the site, (Air Photo Services 2004; Pre-Construct Geophysics 2005; Corney 2004, 2005, 2008; Oxford Archaeology 2006; Wessex Archaeology 2007; GSB 2013).

The Oxford and Wessex evaluations comprised two phases (Phase 1 and Phase 2) of the same investigation, as part of the Swindon Gateway Partnership, for development of the site for mixed-use purposes.

The phase 1 evaluation was carried out in 2006 by Oxford Archaeology and comprised 84 trenches, in which 315 features were identified. This evaluation demonstrated the survival of a range of features and settlement areas distributed across the landscape dating from the Mesolithic, early Bronze Age, Iron Age, Roman and medieval periods.

The phase 2 evaluation was carried out by Wessex Archaeology in 2007 and was conducted over five separate zones, comprising 125 trenches and 90 test pits. This phase confirmed the presence of significant features and finds, dating from the Prehistoric, Iron Age/Romano-British and later medieval periods. As a result of these combined phases of work, the significant areas of archaeological remains were preserved in situ as part of the subsequent development.

The combined results of all the collated data from these projects indicated remains dating to the early and late prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods.

In terms of above ground archaeology, the two most significant archaeological sites in the vicinity are the stone circle (SAM 28956) on the western edge of the development area, and a potential bowl barrow (SAM 28971). This was an area of the site known to contain prehistoric and Roman settlement and land divisions, partly surviving as earthworks.

There was evidence of three separate areas of late Iron Age settlement in the north-east of the site and more peripheral occupation in the south-east.

The best preserved and most extensive period evidence within the site is the shrunken medieval village of Badbury Wick, first recorded in 1425. Artefactual evidence allowed for the village to be dated to at least the 11th–13th century. Earthworks and house platforms survive in the north of the site, but remain unexcavated, and are of unknown date.

2 OBJECTIVES AND AIMS

The purpose of the investigation was to excavate and record archaeological features and deposits, in order to advance understanding of the significance of the heritage assets before they were lost to development. This was to be achieved by determining and understanding, the nature, function, character and date of archaeological remains on the site and the processes by which they were formed. In order to facilitate this, a site archive for deposition with an appropriate museum was to be produced and information provided for the local Historic Environment Record (HER). Thus, ensuring the long-term survival of and dissemination of the information from the archive.

The archive will be organised and deposited within Swindon Museum to facilitate access for future research and interpretation for public benefit.

The regional research context is provided by the South West Archaeological Research Framework (Webster 2008). The evidence retrieved during the works has been assessed in light of the objectives contained in this framework (Grove and Croft 2012).

3 METHODS

3.1 MACHINE REMOVAL OF TOPSOIL

Overburden and subsoil were removed by a mechanical excavator, fitted with a toothless grading bucket. All machine stripping was carried out under close archaeological supervision and ceased when the upper surfaces of archaeological features/deposits were encountered. Dumper trucks were used to stockpile spoil adjacent to the development area.

3.2 HAND INVESTIGATION

Pre-excavation plans, produced using a Trimble dGPS, were created at the earliest opportunity and were used as the basis for the excavation strategy. The site was given opportunity to 'weather', and any additional features were added to the pre-excavation plan.

Post-holes and pits were half sectioned as a matter of course; where these could clearly be seen to represent specific domestic or industrial activity, or retain structural elements or in-situ burning they were subject to full excavation.

The WSI specified that 10% of all negative linear features, 50% of individual discrete features and 100% of negative features interpreted as being of a structural or industrial function were to be investigated. Excavation slots were a minimum of 1m wide where appropriate.

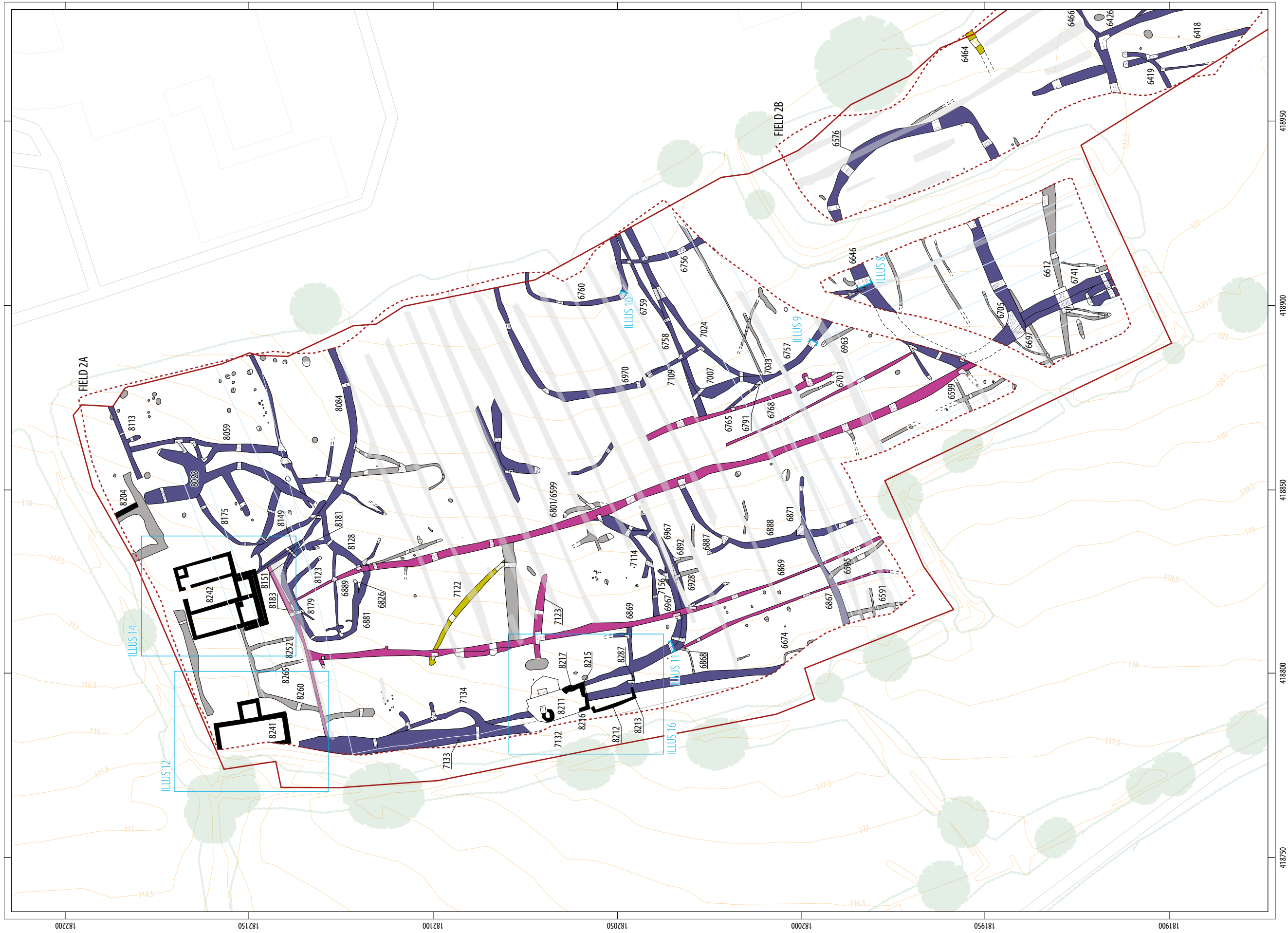
All stratigraphic units were given a unique number identifier and recorded on pre-printed pro forma record cards and in accordance with the WSI. This was supplemented by a photographic record created using 35mm monochrome prints. Photographs were taken with a graduated metric scale clearly visible. Digital photographs on a 16mp (or greater) camera were taken for illustrative purposes only and will not form a part of the site archive.

An overall site plan was recorded digitally using a Trimble dGPS, accurately linked to the National Grid. Where additional detailed recording of features and sections was required then the plans were hand-drawn on drafting film at an appropriate scale. Photogrammetry was used to produce structural elevation data and 3 dimensional models were produced of upstanding structures, where appropriate, using Agisoft software.

All artefacts and other finds from significant archaeological deposits were collected, identified by stratigraphic unit, catalogued and retained. Any finds considered to be typologically distinct or significant were assigned a small find (SF) number and the location of the find was recorded three dimensionally.

The excavation area and spoil heaps were scanned with a metal detector to ensure maximum finds retrieval.

Bulk samples were collected from all archaeologically significant deposits to recover environmental material and finds. Where appropriate, a bulk sample measured up to 40 litres, however, sample size varied depending on the amount of material available for sampling.



ILLUS 2 Field 2a phase plan with indication of locations of insets for structural remains

Throughout the excavation, regular monitoring visits were undertaken by the archaeological advisor to the LPA.

4 RESULTS

Following the completion of the fieldwork an ordered, indexed and consistent site archive has been compiled in accordance with specifications presented in the Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (Historic England 2006).

The survival of site stratigraphy was good and relatively comprehensible. Archaeological remains survived as both negative and upstanding features with relatively little truncation of features from Post-medieval or Modern intrusion. Minimal physical stratigraphic relationships were identified; however it was possible to ascribe phasing to the majority of features based on artefactual, spatial or morphological grounds (for context data see Appendix 1).

The site was characterised to the south, by scatters of isolated pits, post-holes and field divisions dating to the late Bronze Age and Iron Age, including a possible post-built structure and to the north by a series of later, interlinking ditched enclosures and other field divisions dating broadly to the medieval period. Perhaps the most significant discovery were three ranges of substantial stone built structures located at the very northern periphery of the site, alongside a potential hollow-way associated with the protected medieval village of Badbury Wick, to the immediate south-east of the site.

Based on stratigraphic and artefactual evidence recovered from the site the features could be ascribed to 5 broad phases; from the late Bronze Age to the post medieval periods (Illus 2 and 3).

In a number of cases, in order to better understand the function and chronology of the linear features and structures, each was assigned to a group with potential associated sub-groups (Appendix 2).

The following describes the features identified across the site based on these groups. The site is split into two sections, representing the two separate fields over which the site was located. Field 2A represented the larger, northern end of the site, inclusive of the small area to the south of an extant footpath which crossed its southern end, whilst Field 2B comprised its elongated southern segment.

4.1 POST-BUILT STRUCTURE [G6294]

Located at the eastern edge of the southern portion of the site a group of 34 small, roughly circular features was identified (Illus 4). The group were distributed around a roughly penannular arrangement, approximately 6.00m in diameter and were interpreted as post-holes, possibly representing the remains of a roundhouse. The post-holes themselves varied in size and shape but were generally, roughly circular and measured between 0.15m and 0.25m wide and between 0.08 and 0.20m deep. Whilst the group appeared to consist of 34 features, 22 of them appeared to form the outline of the structure, the remainder perhaps relating to individual events or separate phases. Of the post-holes making up the structure, 16 appeared to form an arc, which was interrupted on the south-eastern side by two short, parallel rows of post-holes, 2.50m apart,

which conceivably represented an entrance. Approximately half way around its circumference, on both sides, two examples of paired post-holes were observed; [6447] and [6449] on the western side and [6344] and [6361] to the east. Only one of the post-holes, [6415], directly associated with the structure appeared to manifest the remains of either post packing or the presence of a post pipe, although three of the outlying features to the south west [6271] (Illus 4A), [6371] and [6443], each exhibited signs of these phenomena.

The majority of the post-holes, with very rare exception, contained only a single deposit; the majority of which were distinctively dark in colour and contained at least small amounts of charcoal. The amount of charcoal within these deposits was markedly increased toward the south-western portion of the arc of the structure.

Two possible pits, [6291] (Illus 4B), [6369] were observed amongst an overall scatter of outlying post-holes. Each had a broad, shallow bowl-shaped profile, unlike the steep, U-shaped and bucket-shaped profiles of the post-holes. The most westerly [6291] contained two fills, the uppermost of which (6293) incorporated a concentration of charcoal. The more easterly of the two contained a single deposit (6370) which, whilst containing some charcoal flecks, did not exhibit the same dense distribution as the more westerly.

Equally, the distribution of post-holes containing significant densities of charcoal was clearly biased toward a concentration on the western side of the group; which may imply that the dereliction of the feature had been caused by a fire, concentrated at its western side.

4.2 ISOLATED DISCRETE FEATURES

Whilst isolated discrete features such as pits and post-holes were identified across the site as a whole, they represented a significantly larger category toward the southern end of the site. Over 100 small pits and possible post-holes were identified across the southern part of Field 2B alone, compared to less than half that number across the entire central and northern portions of the site. Relatively few of these features contained artefacts, however those at the southern extent of the site, in Field 2B, contained pottery and ceramics almost exclusively dating to the late Bronze Age. The ceramic finds included a small spindle whorl, recovered from a small, discrete patch of burning (6539), interpreted as the base of a possible post-hole.

Discrete features were sparse across the remainder of the site, only increasing in density in the area to the north-west corner of Field 2A, to the west of the range of stone structures. The features here appeared to almost exclusive represent pits rather than post-holes and dating evidence suggested a medieval date.

4.3 HOLLOW-WAYS [7132], [6010] AND [6426]

Three large linear features, described as possible hollow-ways, were recorded as upstanding earthworks prior to the commencement of the removal of overburden. Each of the features was recorded as part of a suite of survey works carried out in association with the shrunken medieval village of Badbury Wick (Illus 5). One such feature was identified along the western periphery of Field 2A (Illus

2), roughly coincident with the line of the extant hedge boundary and to the immediate east of the remains of Earthwork 11 (Corney & Morris 2004). Measuring over 3.00m wide and up to 0.80m deep, it comprised a series of intercutting elements. The initial phase of the feature was represented by a ditch-like cut with sloping sides and a slightly uneven base with a narrow depression at its centre [7132]. The hollows at its base were infilled by a reddish-brown silty clay (7146) which was overlain by a much more comprehensive deposit of mid-grey sandy, silty clay (7147) which infilled the majority of its remainder. This was truncated by a narrow, northeast-southwest aligned, curving gully [7134] which interrupted the larger ditch on its eastern edge. The infill of the gully (7148) was, in turn, truncated by a further ditch cut with relatively steeply sloping sides and a broad, bowl-shaped profile. This, second large ditch, [7135], appeared to represent the re-cutting, or re-establishment of its broader, deeper predecessor, slightly offset to its western edge. A single episode of deposition, comprising mottled grey and red brown clay sand (7149) was contained within the feature. This deposit was also truncated by a later linear feature, this time a much narrower, steeper sided ditch [7133] which measured just 1.20m wide and 0.55m deep. Perhaps significantly it contained a fill almost entirely reminiscent of the surrounding natural clay (7150), suggesting that it had been deliberately backfilled, perhaps quite soon after its initial excavation. Each of the later features was offset to the west of the original large ditch [7132], each slightly closer to the extant field boundary. Given its location and morphology, it seems more likely that this feature represented a sequence of ditches, to the east of the hollow-way. The feature originally described as the hollow-way itself being represented by a shallow depression, visible at the ground surface and coincident with the extant field boundary (Illus 2).

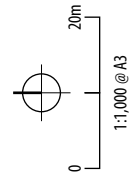
The remaining two potential hollow-ways identified during the earthwork survey (Earthworks 28 and 29), were located in Field 2B. The further south of the two features [6010] (Earthwork 29), manifested as a 4.20m wide linear ditch-like feature, crossing the site on a north-east/south-west alignment. Its broad, shallow profile was uneven at the base, slightly more depressed and concave toward the centre and more gently sloping at its edges (Illus 6). Deposit (6009), which infilled the feature, was composed of a fairly homogenous greyish sandy clay containing occasional fragments of naturally occurring flint and rare flecks of charcoal. The upper surface of the deposit was repeatedly truncated by modern land drains and other recent interference. The base of the feature was 0.98m from the current ground surface, the identifiable cut, or limit, of the feature beneath the modern overburden was a maximum of 0.58m deep.

The final example [6426/6554/6470], identified as Earthwork 28 (Illus 2 and 5), was described as a possible hollow-way or ditch, the latter interpretation proving to be the more accurate. This feature is, therefore, described in detail within the following section.

4.4 DITCHED ENCLOSURES; G6426, G6576, G6758

One of the most characteristic feature groups across the central and northern portion of the site was represented by, what appeared to be, a series of intersecting, roughly rectangular enclosures, defined by

quite steep sided ditches. The enclosures themselves seemed to be distributed in concentration, toward the north-eastern edge of the site and no single enclosure was fully exposed within the excavation area. Seemingly, the largest of these were identified at the western edge of Field 2B. The more southerly of the two was represented by a ditch [G6426] (Illus 3 and 7) on an east-west alignment, 1.96m wide and 0.66m deep. The profile of the ditch had steep sides, with a slight flare toward its surface, narrowing toward a concave base. At its northern edge a distinct deposit of silty-clay (6427), similar to the surrounding natural, was observed. The southern side of the feature exhibited a similar deposit (6428), but this was significantly less prevalent (Illus 7). The thicker deposit at the outer, northern edge may suggest that the material had originated from a bank, or mound at the periphery of the feature. Both deposits were overlain by a fairly homogenous deposit of reddish-grey sandy clay (6429) which filled the remainder of the feature. The ditch protruded approximately 14.0m into the area of excavation, whereupon it turned through 90 degrees and continued for a distance of 43.0m in a northerly direction, turning once more before meeting the western edge of excavation. Two further interventions were made into this feature, each becoming wider as it progressed southward. A slot at the approximate centre of the north-south aligned section of the ditch revealed a slightly different series of deposits, the base of the feature containing up to three discrete lenses of material. The fill at the base of the feature was a shallow lens of, what appeared to be, redeposited natural clay (6553), almost certainly representing the initial slump of the sides of the feature. Overlying this, two possible further layers of silty clay (6552 and 6551) with diffuse interfaces between them were recorded. However, it seems likely that these represent a single unit; the diffuse colour change observed between them the likely result of oxidation of previously waterlogged sediment. The stratigraphic unit filling the upper part of the ditch (6550) was almost certainly accumulated as part of the same, overall disuse fill of the ditch, as deposit (6429) to the north. The southerly point at which the ditch turned for the second time was also investigated. At the interface with the edge of excavation, what appeared to be a single ditch at the surface was identified as two separate ditches, [6014] and [6016] the most southerly of which [6014] appeared to merge with the northerly along the continuation of its circuit. The latter [6014] measured approximately 2.40m across and 0.26m deep and had a slightly uneven, broad profile, the base of which was filled by a deposit of blue-grey silty clay (6013/6012), overlain by a reddish-brown deposit (6011). Just over 1.0m to the north was the second of the two features; ditch [6016] was narrower, but slightly deeper than its neighbour, although both were significantly shallower than the northerly segments of the continuation of the ditch. The profile of the feature here was quite distinctive, with a broad, concave base and two slight depressions, or integral gullies, on either side of the ditch, near to its surface. A single deposit was identified at this point, which comprised a reddish brown silty clay (6015). No physical relationship between the two features was established, although it seems likely, given the distinctive profile of the latter, which did not appear elsewhere, that it was the earlier of the two and perhaps represented an initial phase of the enclosure, subsequently re-cut and thus destroyed. The loop of the ditch was coincident with the position of an earthwork previously identified as a possible hollow-way (Earthwork 28), a spur protruding from its north-east corner representing an earlier, northeast-southwest aligned ditch [6466].



-  development boundary
-  limit of excavation
-  later Bronze Age/early Iron Age
-  medieval 3b
-  Roman
-  undated
-  furrow

ILLUS 3 Field 2b phase plan with indication of insets for post-built structure

A little over 30m to the north, a second, large curving ditch [6576] was revealed (Illus 2). Again, the full length of the eastern side of the enclosure ditch was visible within the excavated area although, in this case, a significant portion of the northern and southern sides were also visible. The width of the enclosed area (from north to south) was almost identical to that of its more southerly counterpart, measuring approximately 43.0m across. The enclosure ditch was, however, significantly deeper, measuring up to 1.10m. The profile of the ditch remained quite consistent around its circuit, displaying a broad, flattened concave base and quite steeply sloping sides; a slight flare was evident toward its surface. The northern spur of the ditch was interrupted by the extant field boundary separating Fields 2A and 2B, but emerged on the other side to continue along its westerly progression. A footpath, which remained in use during the excavation, also intersected with the feature as it turned at its westerly end to form the western limit of the enclosure. All but one of the segments of the ditch investigated within Field 2B ([6514], [6567] and [6638]) were infilled with a limited sequence of deposits, broadly similar to one another. Each contained fills comprising fine, slumped and water eroded natural at the sides and base of the ditch and a more humic accumulation of material infilling the bulk of the remainder. However, the two most northerly segments [6478] and [6646] (Illus 8), investigated either side of the field boundary, revealed a more complex sequence of multiple individual deposits. At the lower portion of each segment, the deposits (e.g. 6479 and 6647) contained frequently occurring charcoal flecks within an otherwise quite firm and sterile matrix of silty clay. These distinct, shallow sediments were presumably inundated with charcoal created as the result of short term, nearby activities, that the remainder of the ditch was not exposed to. A possible re-cut phase of the ditch [6650] also manifested within these examples. This may have been necessitated as the localised activity resulting in the deposition of the charcoal rich deposits was causing the more rapid infilling of the ditch at this locale, or as part of a remodelling of the enclosure itself.

The exact route of the ditch forming the western side of the enclosure was slightly less easy to identify than its eastern counterpart. It could clearly be seen to turn to progress southward, but was then interrupted by a later, northwest-southeast ditch [6599] (Illus 2).

A sequence of multiple, intercutting ditches, inclusive of [6599], was identified as part of the western side of the enclosure. One of the latter, [6705] clearly turned to re-align northeast-southwest and continued across the site to meet the boundary with Field B. The profile of this curving ditch was similar in size and shape to the re-cut phase [6650], seen in the interventions on the northern arm of the enclosure. However, this truncated a sequence of up to three ditches [6697], [6707] and [6709] which continued to the south, the earliest of which [6709], is thought to represent the initial phase of enclosure (Illus 2). The most westerly of these continuing ditches [6697], could be seen to terminate approximately 16.5m to the south of its divergence from [6705] (Illus 2). To the south, only one ditch [6741], remained visible, extending beyond the southern limit of excavation. Each of the ditches contained quite dark, humic deposits containing charcoal, animal bone and other detritus, again indicative of there being a concentration of probable domestic activity nearby, that was absent toward the eastern portion of the enclosure. It was not possible to confidently ascertain the exact sequence and limit of the ditches associated with the western side of the enclosure, however,

the curving ditch [6705] appeared to represent the remodelling and internal subdivision of the space late in the succession.

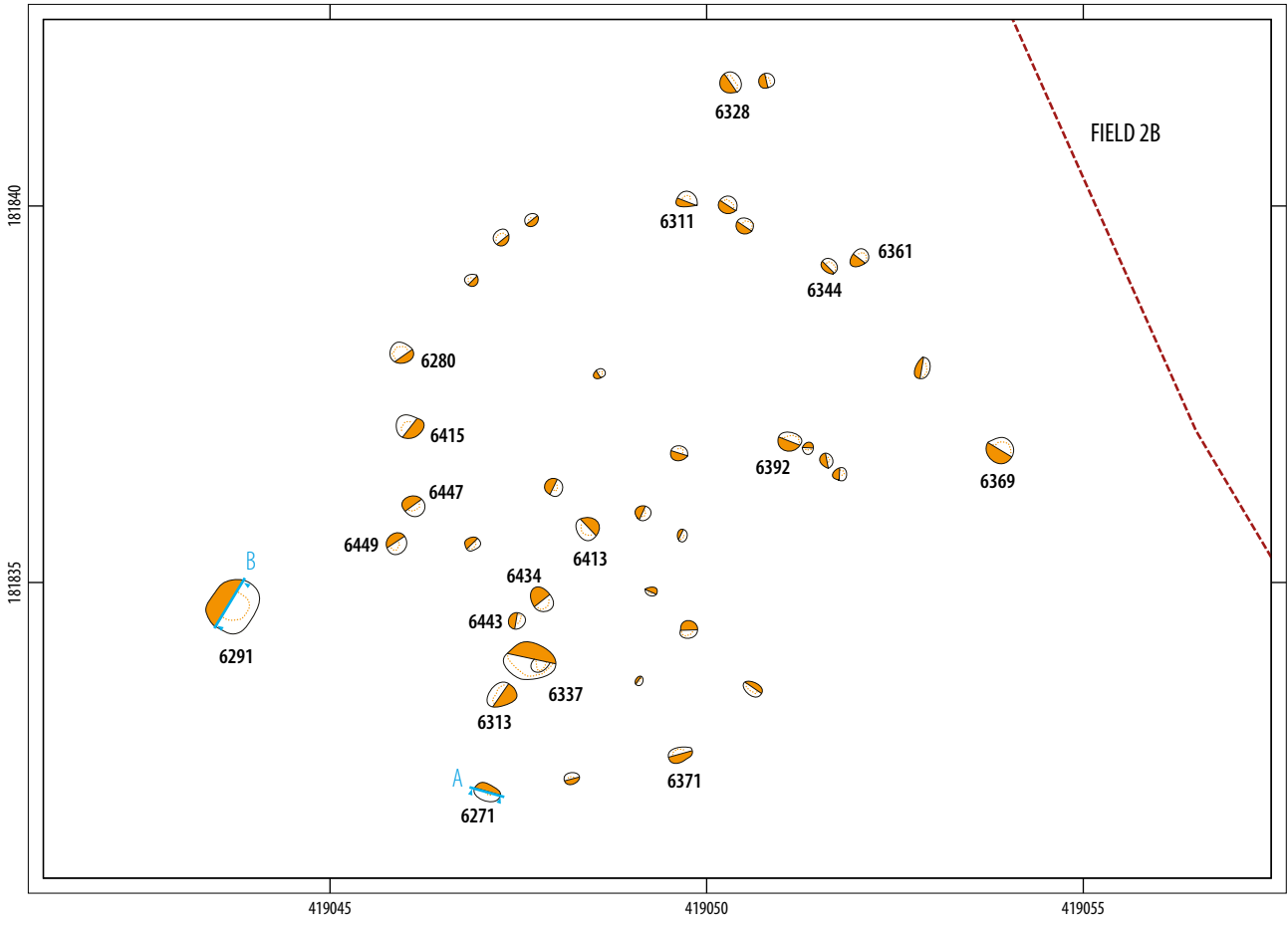
Near to the south-eastern corner of Field 2A (Illus 2), to the north of the footpath and close to ditch [6756], was a narrow ditch [G6758], appearing to form part of a sweeping U-shape, the south-eastern portion of which was obscured by the limit of excavation. Toward its south-eastern extent, in slot [6823] (Illus 9), the ditch was up to 1.6m wide with a relatively steep, 0.58m deep, near v-shaped profile with a slightly flattened base. It revealed a sequence of two, undisturbed deposits, the earliest of which, (6824), represented an insubstantial lens of redeposited natural, presumed to be laid down as the result of the erosion of the edges of the feature shortly after its creation. The secondary deposit (6825) infilled the remainder of the feature and comprised a greyish clay, punctuated by flecks of charcoal, fragments of pottery and animal bone. As the ditch progressed northward and began to turn to the east, it was interrupted by a series of later features including a short, terminating segment of ditch [7007], which was, in turn, truncated by a possible re-cutting episode [7013] of the initial curving feature (Illus 2). This episode was marked by the appearance of a narrow, curving linear gully, roughly coincident with the outer, northerly edge of ditch [6757]. The later example was much narrower and shallower, measuring just 0.50m wide and 0.30m deep, than its predecessor, but had a similarly shaped profile. Its single fill (7014) comprised a distinctive, mottled yellow-blue clay, similar to the natural geology. It seems likely that the re-cut feature continued for at least 5m to the south, where a similar sequence was observed at the juncture of [6757] and an earlier, northwest-southeast aligned ditch [6971]. The re-cut may also have been in evidence to the north-east, at the intersection investigated with the juncture of ditch [7024], which formed part of enclosure [6970/7109].

Towards its easterly visible extent, the enclosure ditch truncated a further, northwest-southeast ditch [G6756] and the larger, northeast-southwest aligned ditch forming [G6758].

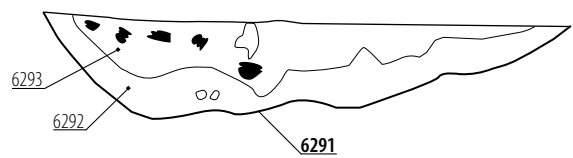
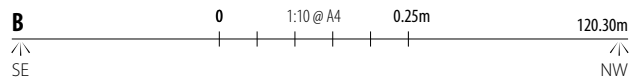
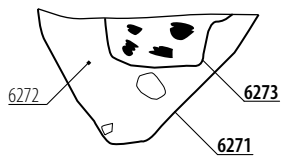
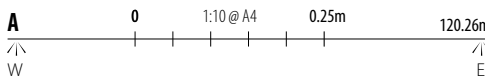
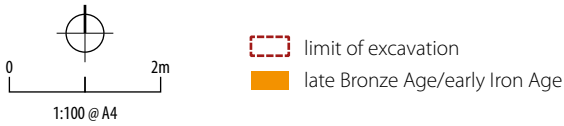
A small segment of terminating ditch [G6756], was located approximately 13.00m from the eastern edge of excavation. It appeared to curve slightly to the south-east before meeting the line of the footpath, by which it was obscured. The feature measured approximately 0.83m wide and 0.43m deep with a roughly bowl-shaped profile. It was truncated by two northeast-southwest aligned ditches, the more southerly of which formed part of enclosure [G6757], it terminated just to the north of the second later linear [G6759].

Group [G6760] was represented by three sides of a probable rectangular enclosure formed by a 1.10m wide ditch with a narrow u-shaped profile with a slight flare toward its surface (Illus 10-segment [6734]). It was slightly offset to the eastern limit of excavation, which obscured its eastern side and the majority of its northern edge. The exposed part of the enclosure measured 24.0m from north to south. The feature did not appear to have any physical relationship with other features in the vicinity, despite its proximity to features associated with enclosure [G6757] just to its south.

A larger enclosure [G6970], which appeared to be of similar shape, enfolded the smaller [G6760], with a distance of 8.00m between their respective northern limits and a distance of 22.0m between



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■ charcoal

ILLUS 4 Detail plan of post-built structure G6294 in Field 2b of pit [6291] associated with post-built structure **ILLUS 4A** South facing section of post-hole with post-pipe, [6271] **ILLUS 4B** North-east facing section

their western sides. The profile of the ditch was similar to that of the smaller enclosure within it; a narrow u-shape with a flared upper edge. A possible entrance, formed by two opposing termini was identified at the western side of the enclosure, however the area concerned was heavily truncated by modern land drainage features and animal burrowing, restricting the confidence with which the possible entrance could be defined. Approximately 8.00m to the south-east, the ditch could be seen to truncate earlier ditch [G6758], just beyond which, it was itself truncated by the sweeping u-shaped enclosure [G6757].

To the south-west of enclosure [G6970] another possible partial enclosure [G6888] was identified. Its eastern side was apparently entirely absent, its western curving gently from the north-east, to re-align, on its longer axis, to a northwest-southeast direction. The ditch itself was subject to a number of interventions ([6618], [6664] [6851] and [6854]) and in each case revealed a roughly bucket-shaped profiles with a wide, flat base and steeply sloping sides, measuring up to 1.0m wide and 0.54m deep. It truncated the infills of two short northwest-southeast aligned gullies [G6871] and [G6887] to its eastern and western sides respectively, despite dating evidence being recovered from all three features, the date range of the artefacts were all of too similar date to further ascribe phasing. Perhaps most significantly, the feature appeared to be later than north northeast-south southwest aligned ditch [G6801] which appeared to be one of a slightly later phase of field divisions on the site (see Field Boundaries).

Approximately 11.0m to the north of [G6888], a sequence of at least three intercutting, curvilinear ditches were observed. The most extensive of the three was represented by [G7156] (Illus 11-segment [6809]) which was recognisable as an approximate u-shaped loop of ditch, open ended at its northerly extents where it merged with other, later, ditch features. The visible loop of the ditch spanned a distance of approximately 40.0m from east to west and displayed gently sloping sides, leading to a concave base. The exterior edge of the feature was almost entirely truncated away by a later, deeper ditch [G6967] which roughly followed the same course, before terminating, to the east. Overall, the ditch measured in excess of 1.4m wide and roughly 0.60m deep. The later, deeper ditch [G6967] had a much steeper, more v-shaped profile and could be seen to truncate two, short segments of ditch, [6928] and [6892], near to its central, southern point.

The third large curving ditch [G7114] in this concentration appeared to be stratigraphically later than ditch [G7156]. It spanned a short distance between two later field boundary ditches [G6801] and [G6869] and was truncated by both. Interestingly, the 1.30m wide, 0.52m deep ditch, contained few artefacts, but those recovered dated solely to the Romano-British period.

A similar short, curving section of ditch [G7122], approximately 40.0 m to the north, also solely contained artefacts of the same date. Interestingly, it also truncated a short, broad section of wide, shallow ditch [7034] on an unusual, east-west alignment.

Toward the north-eastern portion of Field 2A, multiple intercutting, curving ditches were discovered (Illus 2). One of the larger, more

comprehensive examples [G8084], formed a sweeping arc from the eastern edge of excavation, which extended north-westward toward the centre of the site, truncating a number of other ditches on its progression. A number of interventions were made into the feature, revealing a quite steep sided profile, which appeared to develop a slight step in its southerly edge as it progressed westward. It measured up to 1.55m wide and 0.59m deep and demonstrated the presence of a single episode of deposition throughout with an increase in the regularity of inclusions such as charcoal as the ditch approached the centre of the site. At its north westerly limit, it appeared to truncate part of a succession of ditches ([G6881], [G8181] [G6889], [8123], [8128] and [8179]) appearing to form parts of a small ovoid enclosure. The earliest of the features in the succession was a 0.85m wide, 0.41m deep, curving ditch [G6889], with a broadly v-shaped profile. It was located at the south-western side of the enclosed space and its single orange clay fill (6827) was truncated, on its exterior edge, by part of wider ditch [G6881]. This wider feature measured up to 2.35m wide and up to 0.40m deep and contained up to two episodes of deposition, characterised by a superficial deposit of redeposited natural, as the result of erosion, followed by a much darker, more humic deposit containing frequent inclusions of charcoal and fragments of pottery (6898).

Ditch [G8181], formed a mirror image of the visible portion [G6881], creating the impression of a 24.90m diameter ovoid enclosure. However, this feature could clearly be seen to truncate the latter and to terminate on both its eastern and western sides. It also truncated three, apparently unrelated small curving gullies, [6826], [8123] and [8179], all observed on its the interior, southern edge; although these may equally represent earlier expressions of the same enclosure.

Numerous short segments of intercutting and sinuous ditches proliferated across the whole of Field 2a. A concentration of these intermingling features was manifest in the north-eastern corner of the site. The exact sequence of these was impossible to ascertain due to the extraordinary number of interfaces between the features. Of these, one further possible, D-shaped, enclosure [G8175], 19.9m in diameter, could be extrapolated, located to the north-east of the enclosure formed of [G6881] and [G8181]. The southern and western portion of this possible enclosure had a broadly similar, shallow bowl-shaped profile, up to 1.20m across and 0.19m deep. Toward the centre of its northerly part it was both wider and deeper, up to 0.48m deep. At this point, however, the feature was identified beneath an extensive deposit of stone rubble (8023), the deposition of which may have protected the features surface from later plough truncation. The easterly part of the possible circuit was of roughly equal size to the northern part but appeared to extend beyond the loop of the enclosure at its southern end and was unclear at its northern end; due to the labyrinthine network of intercutting features at this locus. A northeast-southwest aligned ditch [G8059], 2.80m to the west also terminated at its southerly end and followed roughly the same course as its eastern counterpart. Again, it was unclear if this ditch continued along this course, turning, to terminate within the complex sequence of successive features previously noted, or continued on its northerly route, to terminate at the intersection with a northeast-southwest aligned ditch [8113].

4.5 FIELD BOUNDARIES

A number of features, broadly categorised as field boundary ditches were identified as separate entities from the ditched enclosure system. This feature group, within Field 2B were, with few exceptions, aligned northeast-southwest. The largest of the ditches, [G6323], measured 2.30m across at its eastern end, narrowing to just 0.90m to the west and remained shallow, measuring consistently less than 0.20m deep. The profile of the ditch formed a shallow, bowl-shape and contained a single deposit throughout, from which artefacts dating broadly from the 11th – 14th Centuries were recovered.

Six further ditches on the same alignment were also revealed in Field 2B (Illus 3), the farthest north of which was represented by a short segment of a 2.05m wide, 0.57m deep ditch, protruding from the eastern edge of excavation. The ditch exhibited a quite steeply sloping, roughly u-shaped, profile and contained a single firm deposit of silty clay (6465) from which late Bronze Age pottery was recovered. Further south, a second ditch [6466], truncated by later curving enclosure [G6426], was investigated. Infilling the ditch were two deposits, the earliest (6467) comprised naturally accumulated clay-silt from which Romano British pottery was retrieved. The later, final deposit (6468), was of more humic composition and may have been related to a later re-establishment of the ditch.

Some 62.0m to the south, a third, narrower ditch [G6324], just 0.55m wide, was encountered. A northeast-southwest aligned gully [G6474], 0.31m wide and 0.08m deep, intersected with the ditch toward its eastern end. A further gully, [G6300], of similar dimensions ran parallel to the latter but was truncated at its southern end by a later cultivation furrow. Each of these features were very slight, surviving to a maximum depth of 0.13m, each with shallow, bowl-shaped profiles and single fills within them. Despite their shallow nature and general lack of anthropogenic material within them, Prehistoric pottery was recovered from both [G6324]; (6376) and [6474]; (6318). Parallel the southern edge of possible Hollow-way [G6010], a ditch [6327] with a broad, shallow bowl-shaped profile was investigated. A single stratigraphic unit (6326/6328) was identified throughout the ditch comprising a faintly greyish- orange silty clay which contained prehistoric pottery sherds. The northernmost of the final pair of, northeast-southwest aligned, parallel ditches in Field B ([6121] and [6442]) were located approximately 22.0m further south and spaced at a distance of 18.0m apart. Each was under 1.0m wide and 0.30m deep with shallow bowl-shaped profiles. The more northerly of the two produced prehistoric pottery from its single silty fill (6120), whilst the southerly ditch contained no evidence of human agency (Illus 3).

Field 2A revealed a number of linear ditches, the most substantial of which were aligned northwest-southeast and located, for the most part, to the south-west of a series of large sweeping enclosures observed on the north-eastern edge of the field (see Ditched Enclosures). Ditch [G6801] continued across almost the entire length of the field, only stopping at its juncture with ditch [G8183] which ran at a right angle, located north of extent of the area of excavation. Its southern end may have been identified as a blunt terminus just 12.0m from the southern limit of the field. At its most substantial, [G6801] measured up to 2.0m across and 0.70m deep and exhibited a broad, bowl-shaped profile with relatively steep sides and a concave base. Parallel to this, to the west, a second, slightly narrower ditch, [6869], on the same alignment was identified. Again, this ditch

appeared to stop at its juncture with ditch [8183] to the north, but continued beyond the southern limit of excavation. At its southern extent the ditch measured under 1.0m wide, but survived to a greater width of up to 1.70m toward its northern end. Its profile was similar to that of its eastern counterpart and it exhibited up to two episodes of deposition ((7006) and (7015)) at its deepest point, albeit only one was identified along the remainder of its length. These two ditches, spaced at a distance of 25.0m apart, were the only ditches to run the entire length of the field. Other, part segments or shorter lengths of ditch on the same alignment were observed, primarily concentrated in the south-western corner of the field. These included [6867], [6768], [6963], [6765], [6595], and [6591]. Other segments of linear field boundaries that appeared to be contemporary with this system included three short terminating ditches [8265] and [8252], 12.0m long, which may have connected a second northeast-southwest ditch, to ditch [8183], however, due to truncation the more southerly ends of these features became too shallow to confidently trace. Intercutting ditches [8151] and [8149] appeared to mark the eastern limit of the [8183] and as such, demarcate the limit of the comprehensive northwest-southeast boundary system. In nearly every case, with the exception of curving possible enclosure [6885], this series of ditches could be seen to truncate the curving enclosure system and other segments of ditch and gully on different alignments. Also of note was the cessation of this field system in response to the position of a series of stone structures located at the northern and western periphery of the field. In this case, although one or two examples appeared to be truncated by the structures, the majority seemed to respect the structures, suggesting at least some level of contemporaneity (Illus 2).

4.6 STONE STRUCTURES (ILLUS 12)

The somewhat unexpected group of substantial stone structures were located at the northern and western peripheries of the northern portion of the site in Field 2A. By far the largest of the structural groups was Structure 8242, comprising four, distinct rectangular cells, their shapes in plan represented variously by surviving segments of wall and the clear remains of robbed out foundation trenches.

Building Range [8241] (Illus 12 and 13)

Structure [8241] was located in the north-western corner of the area of excavation and was constructed of facing blocks of oolitic limestone with a rubble core. It was rectangular in plan with a small square annexe on its eastern side. The main walls of the structure survived to a maximum height of 0.91m and 0.98m wide and its internal space measured 17.6m long and 6.65m wide. The majority of the walls of the structure were exposed during the excavation, with the exception of the north-western corner of the northern wall and part of the adjoining north-western wall. A small step in the outer face of the wall around the majority of its perimeter, approximately 0.35m above its foundation stones appeared to coincide with the height of the base of a constructed gap in toward the north-eastern wall [8158]. The gap, approximately 1.28m wide was interpreted as a possible door, and thus, the exterior step appeared to represent the original ground level onto which the structure was built. This theory was to some extent corroborated by the identification of a square annexe, located half way along the eastern wall, the base of



ILLUS 5 Working area with Badbury Wick earthworks survey (Corney & Morris 2004)

which it abutted the at the level of the step. The annexe appeared to be slightly more coarsely constructed and be of slightly poorer quality, smaller limestone blocks, but again, exhibiting similar overall dimensions and the same rubble matrix at its core. The corner stones of this smaller structure, its interior measuring approximately 4.0m square, at its eastern side were constructed from two large sarsen. At the interior of its south-eastern corner a single flagstone could be seen protruding at the base of the wall, suggesting that a stone floor had been installed at the time of construction. A 2.4m wide gap in the stonework of the main structure appeared to have been constructed to allow access from the annexe to the interior of the main building. No floor surfaces or deposits that gave any indication of the level of the floor or its form were identified within the main structure. However, it seems likely, given that the ground level appeared to be significantly higher than the bottom courses of the walls, that the structure had a raised floor with a cellar or under-croft and that the floor had been either deliberately removed or truncated away by later activity.

No internal features or structures were identified in association with the structure and its function remains unclear. However, amongst the rubble that infilled it were numerous examples of stone roof tiles and ceramic glazed ridge tiles, suggesting that the structure had been roofed with these materials rather than thatch; and thus, given its suggested date of 13th – 14th century, it appears to have been a structure associated with relatively high status.

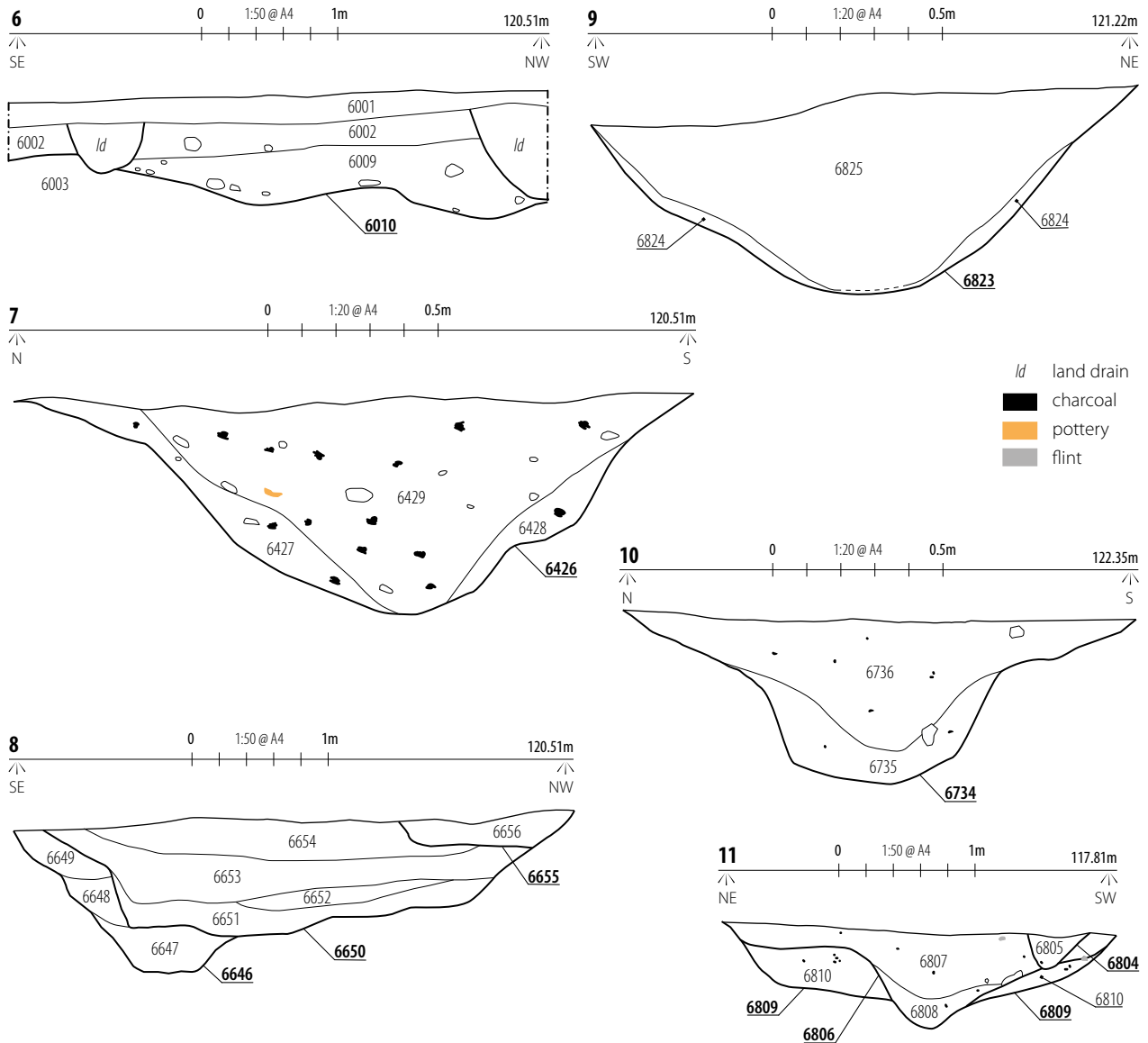
The structure was located immediately to the eastern edge of the continuation of the probable hollow-way (Earthwork 11) identified as part of the Badbury Wick earthwork survey (Corney & Morris 2004).

Building Range [8242] (Illus 14, 15 and 16)

Just over 20.0m to the north-east of [8241] were the remains of a much larger complex of stone built structures [8242]. The footprint of the entire complex was in excess of 20.0m wide and 20.0m long and was made up of at least five separate individual components. Unlike structure [8241], a large proportion of the walls had been robbed away, leaving little more than the traces of foundation trenches, it was, however, possible to clearly define a pattern of four interconnecting rectilinear cells. There was some suggestion that the earliest phase of the complex was formed of the three rectangular cells located at the western side of the overall complex with the most easterly being a later addition. Within the earlier phase it was also noted that the most southerly of the cells appeared to have been constructed first. The majority of its walls had been entirely robbed away, leaving little more than linear dumps of rubble to suggest its location at the ground surface. However, excavation revealed a comprehensive portion of walling constructed of neatly faced limestone blocks with a rubble core, forming the eastern portion of its northern wall. The wall itself measured 7.22m long and 1.15m wide and had an overall depth of 0.55m, however, only 0.14m of this appeared to be above the ground level indicated by the adjacent walls. The removal of the linear bands of rubble to the east west and south revealed the remains of a robbed-out foundation trench, completing the circuit of a rectangular structure in excess of 11.0m long and 3.0m wide internally. The level at which the robbed-out trench was observed and the depth of the surviving wall suggested that the majority of the remains were representative

of an under-croft of cellar like structure, the above ground portion of which had been demolished. The adjoining two rectangular cells were positioned at ninety degrees to the cellar like structure. The walls making up the westerly cell survived only in short stretches, the first (8191), abutted the truncated northern wall of the earlier cell, which then turned to run northward for a distance of 4.30m, before it was represented only by the remains of a robber or foundation trench. The continuation of the foundation trench also represented the northern limit of the structure. A segment of the north-south return of the eastern wall did, however, survive. The 3.80m long portion of wall (8192) was of the same construction as its western counterpart, measuring 0.75m wide and standing to a height of 0.16m. It was replaced by the continuation of the trench [8231], which marked its former position, which then went on to punch straight through [8188] and cross the entire width of the earlier, southern cell. Within the internal space, demarcated by the surviving sections of wall and the robbed-out foundation trenches, measuring 12.5m long and 5.8m wide, a patch of flagstones was observed. The stones themselves (8222) were restricted to the north-western corner of the cell and were in slight disarray, but appeared to represent the remains of a possible floor surface. No evidence of any other internal features was observed within this portion of the structure. To the east was a second rectangular cell, defined by the robber trench [8295], to the north, the eastern wall of the western cell (8192), to the west and the northern wall (8188) of the cellar like structure formed its southern limit. Its eastern side was demarcated by the western wall (8202) of a third rectangular cell.

The third and most eastern cell of the group survived to a greater extent than those previously discussed, with the majority of all of its walls being represented. Where the southern extent of the other two, north-south aligned cells, was formed by the northerly limit of the east-west aligned cell; the final north-south block was offset to the east, with an independent southerly wall. The walls themselves (8199, 8200, 8201 and 8202) were constructed of comparatively roughly hewn and variable sized stones, but did demonstrate deliberate facing and a rubble core, as in the case of the other walls. The south-western corner of the structure, where it almost certainly shared an interface with wall (8187), was truncated away by the trench [8234] associated with the robbing out of the eastern wall of the southern cell. In the north-eastern corner of the cell, a relatively coarsely built, square structure enclosing a circular interior space [8228] was discovered. The exterior of this structure measured approximately 3.6m across, whilst the internal space was 1.75m in diameter. It appeared that this structure had been incorporated after the initial foundation course of the walls with which it interfaced ([8199] and [8100]) although it seemed likely that this was simply a reflection of the method of its construction, rather than as a separate phase of building. Near to its south-eastern corner a, deep, regular recess [8229] was identified at the edge of the interface between the square structure and the interior edge of the foundation course of the wider cell. The feature was identified as a probable post/beam hole and was filled with a very distinctive, humic, black sandy material (8232). This deposit was found to contain among the highest concentrations of bread/club wheat, identified across the site. At the base of the interior space, on its eastern side, a sloping linear cut [8221] aligned north-south was identified; which also appeared to be integral to the structure. The whole of the internal space of the feature was infilled with densely packed stone rubble,



ILLUS 6 North-east facing section through hollow-way [6010] **ILLUS 7** West facing section of curved enclosure ditch [6426] **ILLUS 8** North-east facing section of curved enclosure ditch [G6576] at segment [6646] **ILLUS 9** South-east facing section of curved enclosure [G6757] segment [6823] **ILLUS 10** West facing section of small enclosure [G6760] at segment [6734] **ILLUS 11** North-west facing section of enclosure [G7156] at segment [6809]

presumably originating from the collapse of the surrounding structure; less dispersed due to the extra protection afforded by the additional walls. The presence of the internal structure, may be, in part responsible for a slight misalignment of exterior wall [8200], the northern and southern ends of which angled inward slightly toward the walls mid-point.

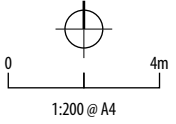
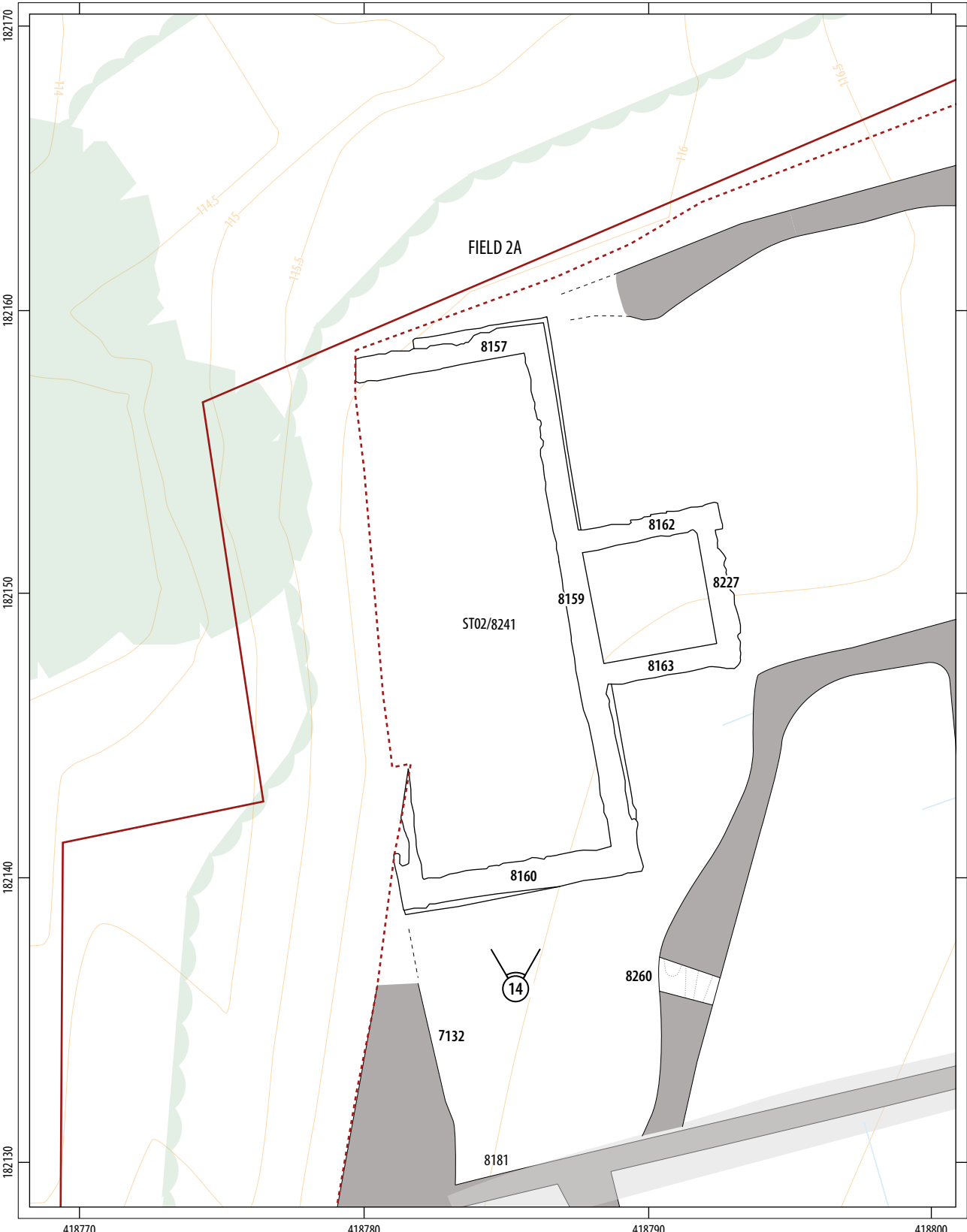
Similarly, to the other cells of this range of buildings, no entrance could be confidently identified, presumably as this would have originally been located higher than the foundation course of the building. A gap at the north-east corner of the structure was identified as being more likely the result of destruction than a deliberately constructed access.

Each of the cells was filled with mixed deposits of demolition and dereliction rubble; in some cases, deposits of overlying roof tiles

were identified in a formation reminiscent of their having fallen directly from the roof en bloc. The roof tiles were stone, rather than ceramic, and fragments of these represented a large proportion of the building debris infilling the cells, however, certainly not in great enough number to represent a significant percentage of the roof itself. Amongst the rubble, numerous fragments of glazed ceramic ridge tile were also identified, along with fragments of a decorative roof vent or chimney (described in finds section).

Structures [8212/8213], [8215/8216], Surface [8214] and Drying Kiln [8211] (Illus 17, 18 and 19)

Approximately 65.0m to the south of Building Range [8241] were the remains of a group of structures, also located immediately to the



- development boundary
- limit of excavation
- wall
- archaeological feature

ILLUS 12 Plan of building range [8241]

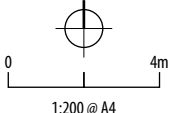
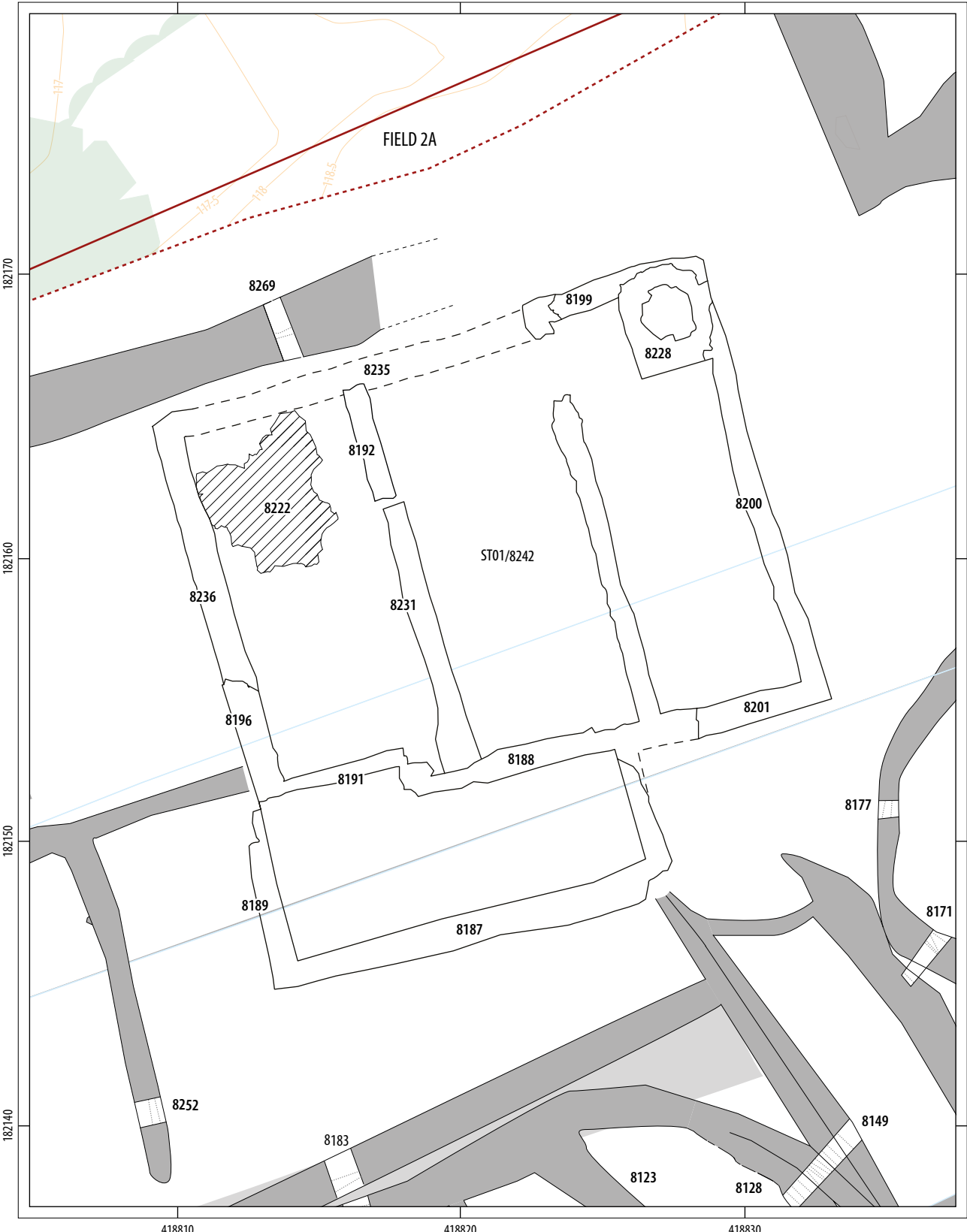


ILLUS 13 Building range [8241] showing facing, coursing internal and external elevations

east of the hollow-way (Earthwork 11; Corney & Morris 2004). The most southerly of the structures was represented by the remains of two walls, [8212] and [8213], constructed from comparatively small limestone blocks; varying between 0.10m and 0.30m long and up to a maximum of 0.30m thick. Wall [8212] was visible for a length of 10.30m, aligned roughly north-south, with wall [8213] forming a 90-degree corner with the former and continuing for a distance of 2.70m, approximately east-west. Both walls were relatively roughly faced, even where compared with the more coarsely built parts of building range [8242]. Despite this, it was still possible to determine deliberate facing to the interior, with a rubble core. Perhaps most notable was the manner in which the foundation of the structure was constructed. The walls themselves appear to have been constructed within a foundation cut reflective of a declining easterly slope, which appeared to be the result of the presence of an earlier ditch [7159], running to the east of the hollow-way. This was particularly noticeable toward the eastern end of [8213], where the surface of the visible feature was level with the ground surface and only one course thick, but as it progressed to the west, sloped downward following the slope of the edge of the earlier feature. The base of the wall then levelled out, at 0.38m deep (approximately three courses of stones) and formed a corner with wall [8212]. No facing appeared to survive on the eastern side of wall [8212], this was initially thought to have been as a result of its disturbance or demolition; however, given its position on the slope, it may not have been faced on its exterior until it was intended to be visible, level with the ground surface. The northern extent of [8212] was not identified due to its position at the edge of the site. The eastern end of [8213], where it

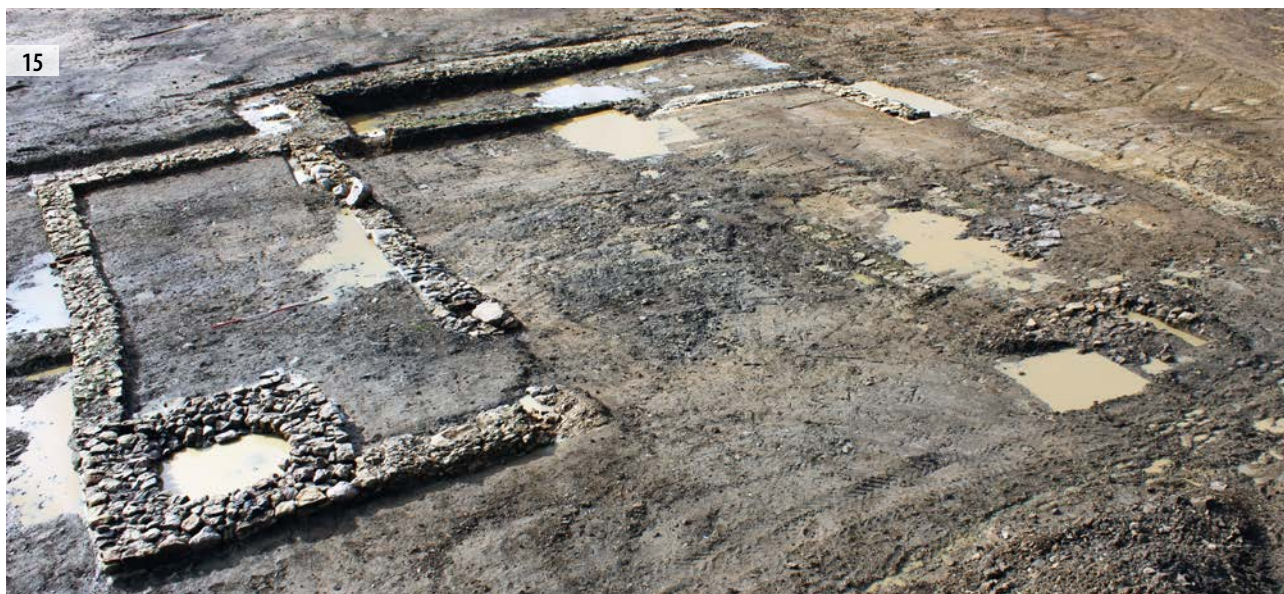
emerged from the sloping eastern side of the site and was presumed to have continued at ground level, appeared to have been entirely truncated away by later activity. Less than 0.70m from the end of the visible extent of [8213] the remains of a narrow, rectangular, stoned-lined trough feature were discovered. The trough was constructed of narrow, flat limestone slabs standing on edge, lining all but the southern end of a 1.96m long, 0.60m wide, rectangular cut [8287]. The largest of the stones measured 0.56m long, 0.05m thick and 0.40m wide. The southern end of the trough appeared to interface with part of an east-west aligned ditch [7065], but the chronological relationship between the two was unclear.

A little over 2.0m to the north-east of the visible limit of wall [8212], two further short segments of wall [8215] and [8216] were identified. Each was aligned roughly east-west and initially thought to represent the same feature, however, it became clear on closer inspection that they were separate entities, overlapping at a central point. Wall [8215] was the more westerly of the two and measured 3.65m long, 0.85m wide and survived to a height of 0.25m. It was constructed at the ground surface and no evidence of a foundation cut was identified in association with the feature. The core of the wall was formed of small fragments of limestone rubble and predominantly faced with sarsen blocks, standing only to a single course for the majority of the feature. Whilst its eastern end appeared to have been truncated away, its western end stopped abruptly at a large sarsen. To the southern side of this, offset slightly to the east, was a second, abutting, short stretch of wall [8216]. This second wall was slightly shorter and narrower than its neighbour, measuring 3.40m



- development boundary
- limit of excavation
- wall
- archaeological feature
- furrow
- flooring

ILLUS 14 Plan of building range [8242]

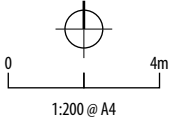


ILLUS 15 Building range [8242] looking south-west **ILLUS 16** Detail of internal structure [8228], in building range [8242]

long and 0.60m wide. Rather than being constructed almost solely from sarsen, it was formed of up to five shallow courses of small limestone blocks with sarsen toward its base. Its eastern end was somewhat ragged, suggesting that it was not intentionally ended at this point and the presence of a concentration of rubble (8246) to its west, was suggestive of the collapse or demolition of further walling. An inset section of wall, not dissimilar to this arrangement was also observed between the southern and eastern cell of Building Range [8242], perhaps each suggestive of possible modifications to pre-existing structures. Given that both of the walls were constructed

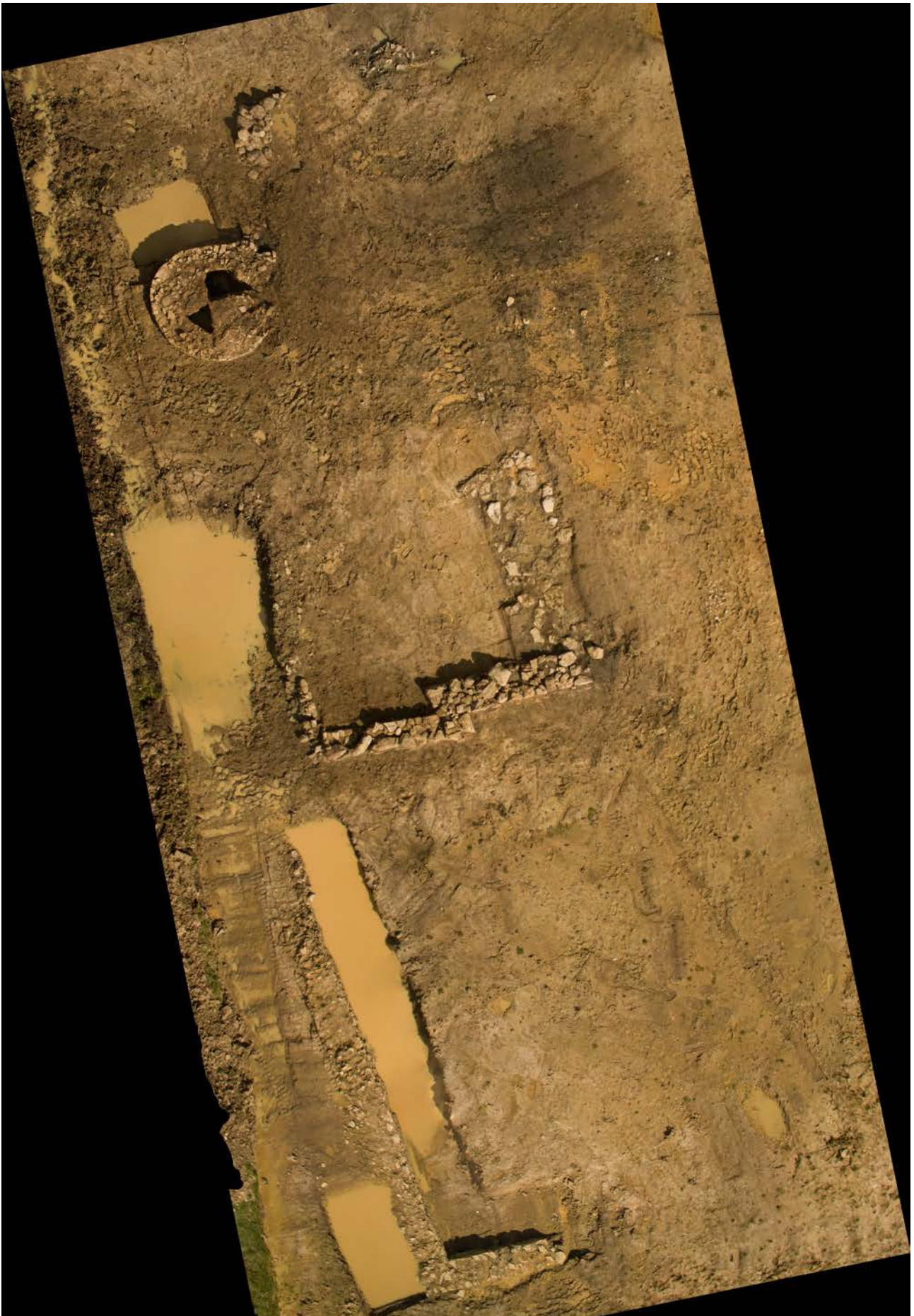
at the ground surface, and on similar alignments to [8212/8213], it seems reasonable to suggest that they may represent part of the surviving upper portion of the same range of structures and may be, if not the direct continuation of these buildings, almost certainly roughly contemporary.

Abutting the eastern end of the northern side of wall [8215] were the remains of a coarse flagstone surface (8214), extending northward for a distance of just under 5.0m, at its maximum width, measuring 1.9m wide. The flagstones were of variable size, up to 0.65m long



- development boundary
- limit of excavation
- wall
- archaeological feature
- furrow
- sondage

ILLUS 17 Plan of structures [8212/8213] [8215/8216] surface (8214) and kiln [8211]



ILLUS 18 Overhead image of structures [8212/8213] [8215/8216], surface (8214) and drying kiln [8211]

and 0.40m wide, but generally less than 0.05m thick. The majority were limestone with the occasional presence of sarsen. Whilst it was unclear whether the surface was originally internal or external, it seemed likely, that it was somehow protected from later agricultural activity, suggesting that it may have been surrounded by walls. Finds recovered from the both the surface and the layer onto which it was constructed included pottery, nails and fragments of iron horse gear.

Roughly 5.80m to the north-east of the northern limit of the flagstone surface was the remains of a roughly circular limestone built structure [8211]. The structure itself measured 2.73m in diameter from north-south and 3.0m in diameter from east-west, which included a 0.42m protruding segment of wall on the eastern side. The walls of the structure were constructed from relatively thin limestone blocks, up to 0.30m long and 0.20m thick, but generally much narrower, on average 0.07 m thick. Both the interior and exterior of the walls appeared quite neatly faced, albeit slightly randomly coursed due to the variation in stone size, with a rubble core. The western portion of the structure had a slightly broader wall, up to 0.72m wide, decreasing in its easterly arc, to approximately 0.59m on the north-east, where its circular plan was interrupted by two, short, protruding segments of wall forming opposing sides of a 0.25m wide aperture. The internal diameter of the space formed by the curving wall was approximately 1.65m across. The visible upper portion of the feature survived to a maximum height of approximately 0.25m above the surface into which it was cut, although its eastern side was significantly truncated. However, the wall encompassed up to a further 0.85m of coursed stonework below ground level, deeper on the western side than the eastern, characteristic of the features constructed of the declining westerly slope at the edge of the site. The protruding segments of wall on the north-eastern side of the structure appeared to be constructed at the edges of a narrow channel [8282], which projected outward to the north-east for 0.44m, before turning 90 degrees and continuing for approximately 1.40m. The north-western end of the channel appeared to be in part demarcated by a single line of stones on its western edge. The base of the channel was filled with very charcoal rich silt sand (8284) with a more rubbly deposit (8282) at its surface. An ovoid feature, partially truncated by the channel [8285] may have represented an earlier incarnation of the same feature. An amorphous patch of heat denatured clay was located just to the north-east of the features and appeared to form part of a much larger spread of charcoal rich spread (8281) across the wider area. The channel was interpreted as a possible flue to feed hot air into the stone structure from a heat source at the surface, however, this being the case, the aperture to the structure was either extremely narrow at its junction with the flue, or may have been blocked, in favour of a more easterly location for the flue; perhaps going some way to explaining the absent portion of surface of the wall to its south.

Wall [8204]

An isolated section of wall [8204] was identified, protruding from the northern edge of excavation, approximately 20.0m to the north-east of Building Range [8242]. It was constructed of a combination of large sarsen, up to 0.60m long, 0.50m wide and 0.30m thick, and large limestone blocks. The wall appeared to be neatly faced on the western side but survived less well to the east. It survived to a height of 0.33m, consisting of up to three courses of stones and measured 8.0m long and 1m wide. The ragged appearance of the southern end of the wall seemed to

suggest truncation, this, coupled with a roughly rectilinear arrangement of possible foundation or robber trenches extending to the south and west, implied that it formed part of a former structure, up to 11.0m wide which continued to the north, beyond the limit of excavation.

A second, short segment of possible wall [8207] was located on the western edge of excavation, approximately 20.0m to the south of Building Range [8241]. It survived only as a short segment, 3.75m long and 0.68m wide, coarsely constructed of two courses of limestone blocks, standing 0.24m high. This small section of wall was located in isolation across the surface of the earlier infilled ditch, also encountered in association with the structures to the south.

4.7 FURROWS

The bases of furrows, from a former ridge and furrow system of cultivation, were identified across the site as a whole. Upstanding examples of ridge and furrow were evident in the neighbouring fields, to the west of the stripped area. This cultivation method appeared to be applied quite late in the sequence of activity on the site and the furrows could be seen to truncate numerous earlier features and did not, in general avoid what would have been former ditched boundaries, indicating that these features had infilled prior to the establishment of the ridge and furrow. Interestingly, the alignment of the ridge and furrow appeared to change in response to the position of the current field boundaries, unlike the earlier enclosures which were truncated by the extant system of division. The furrows across the northern and central portion of the site were predominantly aligned northeast-southwest, whereas those in the southern part, were aligned northwest-southeast.

4.8 FINDS ASSESSMENT

The finds assemblage was substantial, amounting to 2481 sherds (24.784kg) of pottery, 18.412kg of ceramic building material, 11 pieces (14.162kg) of stone roof tiles, 183 finds of metalwork, 353g of industrial waste, 27 lithic finds, two of glass and one of ceramic. The majority of the assemblage was of medieval date but it also included a substantial quantity of late prehistoric material and some of Romano-British date. A summary of the finds assemblage is given in Table 1, quantifying the more finds-rich features individually and grouping others together by feature type. A complete catalogue of all the finds is given at the end of the report.

Methodology

The pottery was assessed by a medieval pottery specialist and thus the prehistoric and Romano-British sherds are recorded in less detail. While the broad attributions are correct, some of the dating should be regarded as provisional. The pottery was quantified by sherd count and weight per fabric type and context. Fabrics were assessed macroscopically by x10 hand lens where necessary. The ceramic building material was quantified and compared to other local types.

Natural finds among the lithics assemblage were discarded and have not been included in the quantifications. The definitions of the main lithic categories are as follows: Chips - all flakes and indeterminate pieces the greatest dimension (GD) of which is $\leq 10\text{mm}$; Flakes - all lithic artefacts with one identifiable ventral (positive or convex) surface, $\text{GD} > 10\text{mm}$ and $\text{L} < 2\text{W}$ (L = length;

TABLE 1 Finds summary by feature

Feature	Pottery (PH)		Pottery (RB)		Pottery (Medi)		Pottery (PM)		Metal	Other Finds	Lithics	Stone		CBM (RB)		CBM (Daub)		CBM (Medi)		InclWaste	Dating	
	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)				Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)			Count
large NE str 8242	-	-	2	6	134	2,083	2	90g	117	2 Gl	3	6	10,265	-	-	134	70	7,590	15	-	L11th – 14th	
large NW str 8241	-	-	1	4	76	832	-	-	2	-	-	4	3,790	-	-	-	94	8,183	165	-	13th – 14th	
circular kiln 8211	-	-	-	-	354	4,217	-	-	1	-	-	1	107	-	-	496	-	-	7	-	12th – 14th	
wall 8207	-	-	-	-	18	159	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L12th – E13th	
wall 8215	-	-	-	-	68	594	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	479	-	-	13th – L14th	
other walls	-	-	-	-	14	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – 16th	
ditch 6595	-	-	-	-	26	160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13th – L14th	
ditch 6613	-	-	-	-	34	643	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119	-	-	-	-	-	E12th – E13th	
ditch 6781	-	-	-	-	14	184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	E12th – E13th	
ditch 6801	1	1	2	9	35	278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	E12th – E13th	
ditch 6831	-	-	-	-	13	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – M12th	
ditch 6868	-	-	-	-	28	236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – E13th	
ditch 6871	-	-	1	8	46	480	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	162	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – E13th	
ditch 7065	-	-	-	-	12	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – E13th	
ditch 7159	-	-	-	-	25	442	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	L11th – M12th	
ditch 8046	1	1	-	-	98	1,130	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	1	137	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – M12th	
ditch 8059	1	1	1	3	59	996	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	124	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – E13th	
ditch 8065	-	-	-	-	12	174	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – M12th	
ditch 8074	-	-	-	-	21	163	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th – E13th	
ditch 8100	-	-	-	-	100	1,060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	E12th – E13th	
ditch 8205	-	-	-	-	83	1,044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	268	-	-	-	-	-	E12th – E13th	
ditch 8256	-	-	-	-	19	188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	L14th – M16th	
other ditches	115	422	28	218	197	1,643	-	-	7 Fe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1 Pb	-	-	-	-	2	66	-	-	178	3	186	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LBA, IA, RB, Medi

Feature	Pottery (PH)		Pottery (RB)		Pottery (Medi)		Pottery (PM)		Metal	Other Finds	Lithics	Stone		CBM (RB)		CBM (Daub)		CBM (Medi)		Ind Waste		Dating
	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)				Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	Count	Wgt (g)	
pit 6219	39	291	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	LBA
pit 6525	52	212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	LBA
pit 8033	-	-	-	-	20	313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th - M12th
pit 8086	-	-	-	-	27	354	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th - E13th
pits 7155	-	-	-	-	13	339	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	L11th - M12th
other pits	63	320	-	-	63	443	-	-	1 Pb	-	6	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	LBA, IA, Medi
PH 6146	39	285	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LBA
PH 6313	17	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	IA
PH 6458	42	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	IA
other post-holes	138	457	-	-	9	75	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	LBA, IA, Medi
furrows	-	-	-	-	11	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L11th - 16th
misc features	-	-	1	19	12	214	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	Medi
surface 8214	-	-	-	-	65	886	-	-	31	-	1	-	-	<0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	L14th
burnt spread 6539	19	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 Ce	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LBA
other deposits	-	-	-	-	12	245	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	<0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Medi
unstrat and cleaning	1	1g	-	-	197	1,949	-	-	10	-	11	-	-	217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	528	2,315	36	267	1,915	22,112	2	90	183	3	35	11	14,162	8	974	971	174	16,467	353	-	-	-

Individual features and feature groups shown where assemblage exceeds 100g and 10 finds; other features grouped by type. 'Metal' is iron unless otherwise stated. Fe = iron, Pb = lead, Ce = ceramic, Gl = glass; pottery and CBM divided by period, PH = prehistoric, RB = Romano-British, Medi = medieval, PM = post-medieval.



ILLUS 19 Detail of drying kiln [8221]

W = width); indeterminate pieces: Lithic artefacts which cannot be unequivocally identified as either flakes or cores. Generally, the problem of identification is due to irregular breaks, frost-shattering or fire-crazing. Chunks are larger indeterminate pieces, and in, for example, the case of quartz, the problem of identification usually originates from a piece flaking along natural planes of weakness rather than flaking in the usual conchoidal way; Blades and microblades - flakes where $L \geq 2W$. In the case of blades $W > 8\text{mm}$, in the case of microblades $W \leq 8\text{mm}$; Cores - artefacts with only dorsal (negative or concave) surfaces - if three or more flakes have been detached, the piece is a core, if fewer than three flakes have been detached, the piece is a split or flaked pebble; Tools - artefacts with secondary retouch (modification). Thermal flakes are easy to recognize as most are characterized by ripples encircling a point at the centre of a face, whereas flakes and blades are characterized by ripples encircling a point at an edge, ie. the point of percussion where the blank was struck to detach it from its parent core. Thermal flakes may have been formed by exposure to heat, but in the present case the pieces are natural objects formed by exposure to frost, which detached so-called potlid flakes, leaving bowl-shaped hollows across the faces of the pieces. In the present case the characterization of the assemblage was complicated by the fact that prehistoric people at the site had in some cases used thermal flakes as tool blanks, and one of this supplementary collection's seven implements is based on a thermal blank. This meant that all thermal pieces had to be scrutinized before being discarded.

The ironwork was x-rayed ahead of assessment to allow for identification of the more corroded objects. Other finds were quantified, briefly described and spot dates recorded based on various referenced

typologies. The finds records were all combined into a single Access database table. A copy of the catalogue is given at the end of the report.

Results

Prehistoric pottery

The prehistoric pottery consisted almost entirely of undecorated body sherds which for the most part were fairly small. The small average sherd size of 4.4g is presumably due to the friable nature of the fabrics. They were divided into two types based on fabric. The two types can be broadly dated to the late Bronze Age and possibly Iron Age respectively. They are of similar types to late prehistoric pottery found during previous excavations, particularly concentrated in Area 3.

The prehistoric pottery was predominantly found in Area 2b, which accounted for 93% of the prehistoric pottery by weight. It was spread through a number of ditches, pits and post-holes and appears to date many of these features, though for the most part the feature assemblages were small. Significant prehistoric pottery assemblages were found in only five pits and post-holes (see Table 1). The pottery from post-hole [6146] (6147) and pit [6291] (6219, 6220, 6223) was particularly notable as both represent the fragmented remains of single vessels, the latter including the only rim sherd in the prehistoric assemblage. They both appear to be the remains of post-Deverel Rimbury plainware vessels, and are of late Bronze Age date.

TABLE 2 Prehistoric pottery type series

Fabric code	Fabric name	Description	Sherds	Wgt (g)	Average sherd wgt (g)	Dating
102	late Bronze Age	Moderate to dense crushed angular white flint and quartzite up to 5mm, some quartzite fragments with orange iron-staining	341	1,550	4.5	LBA
103	Iron Age?	Fine sandy fabric, sparse calcareous inclusions up to 3mm	187	765	4.1	IA?
Total			528	2,315	4.4	

Romano-British pottery

The Roman pottery assemblage was not identified to fabric at this stage. Previous excavations found larger quantities of Roman pottery, predominantly dating to the early Roman period. The character of the assemblage suggested a rural domestic site dating from the mid-later 1st into the early 2nd century centred around Area 4a, with some low level later activity.

The Roman pottery from this phase of excavations was concentrated in Area 2a (89% by weight). Most were associated with later material and the small average sherd weight suggests the finds are largely residual.

TABLE 3 Roman pottery quantification

Fabric code	Fabric name	Description	Sherds	Wgt (g)	Average sherd wgt (g)	Dating
101	All Romano-British	Various	36	267	7.4	Rom

Medieval and post-medieval pottery

The medieval and later pottery assemblage was considerably larger than that of all the other periods put together. The wares noted are shown in Table 4. While most of the fabric types are well-known from elsewhere, very few large assemblages have been excavated in or around Swindon in recent years. This group represents of the largest known from the area.

TABLE 4 Medieval and post-medieval pottery type series

Fabric code	Fabric name	Reference	Sherds	Wgt (g)	Average sherd wgt (g)	EVE	Dating
F200	Cotswolds-type ware	Mellor 1994	39	235	6.0	0.32	11th –13th

Fabric code	Fabric name	Reference	Sherds	Wgt (g)	Average sherd wgt (g)	EVE	Dating
F202	Newbury 'A/B' ware	Mephram 1997, 51–2	1,180	14,022	11.9	6.73	L11th – L14th
F300	Newbury C ware	Mephram 1997, 52–4	23	324	14.1	0.43	L12th – M14th
F301	Unglazed Malvernian ware	Vince 1977	53	509	9.6	0.46	L12th – 15th
F302	Oxford ware	Mellor 1994	13	86	6.6	0	L11th – 14th
F303	Glazed Worcester sandy ware	Bryant 2004, 290	1	4	4.0	0	12th – 14th
F304	Early Malvernian glazed ware	Bryant 2004, 297	2	372	186	0.45	12th – E13th
F324	Brill/Boarstall Ware	Mellor 1994	75	813	10.8	0.28	13th –16th
F325	late Brill/Boarstall Ware	Mellor 1994	2	16	8.0	0	L14th – 16th
F355	Minety-type Ware	Vince 1984, 263	508	5,428	10.7	2.33	E/ M12th – 16th
F360	Misc. Sandy Coarsewares	—	13	181	13.9	0.17	L11th – 14th
F401	late Malvernian Oxidized Ware	Vince 1977	6	122	20.3	0	L14th – 17th
F425	Glazed Red Earthenware	Brears 1969	2	90	45.0	0	16th – 19th
Total				1,917	22,202	11.6	11.17

The majority of the pottery dates from the late 11th to 14th centuries. It is possible that some of the Minety-type ware (F355) dates to the late medieval period, as the tradition does not show any major changes throughout its long life other than the gradual introduction of wheel-throwing from the 13th century and a wider range of specialist cooking pottery in the late medieval period (Vince 1984b, 263–4). However, the Minety-type assemblage is entirely limited to jars, bowls and pitchers/jugs, including fragments of tripod pitchers, a common 12th to 13th century product of the tradition (ibid). 'Developed' late medieval vessels are entirely absent, suggesting that most, if not all the pottery of this type pre-dates the 15th century. This would appear to be further supported by the dearth of late Malvernian wares (F401), and the fact that late medieval Brill/Boarstall ware (F325) is very scarce when compared to its earlier version (F324).

Each stratified, context-specific pottery assemblage was given a ceramic phase based on the range of ware and vessel types present. The chronology, defining wares and the amount of pottery per phase is shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5 Preliminary pottery occurrence per ceramic phase by fabric type, expressed as a percentage of the total weight per phase)

Ceramic Phase	M1	M2	M3	M3a	M4	M5	PM1
Defining fabrics	F200	F202, F302	F355	F300	F324	F325, F401	F425
Dating	E – L11th	L11th – E/M12th	E/M12th – E13th	L12th – E13th	13th – L14th	L14th – M16th	M16th – 18th
PH	–	0.7%	>0.1%	0	0	0	0
RB	–	0.3%	1.1%	0.4%	0.1%	0.3%	0
F200	100%	0.8%	1.4%	0.8%	1.0%	0.8%	0
F202	–	90.3%	60.2%	37.2%	51.9%	35.3%	25.0%
F302	–	1.4%	0	0	0	0	0
F355	–	–	32.6%	33.5%	31.9%	43.9%	14.5%
F300	–	–	–	14.8%	0.3%	0.4%	8.1%
F324	–	–	–	–	11.8%	9.1%	0
F325	–	–	–	–	–	1.2%	0
F401	–	–	–	–	–	9.1%	0
F425	–	–	–	–	–	–	52.3%
Total wgt	3g	6120g	7235g	1949g	5559g	1343g	172g
Sherds	2	548	634	155	502	104	11

(major fabrics only; blue cells = residual material; figures drawn up without reference to stratigraphy at this stage)

The occurrence per ceramic phase suggests very strongly that there was a major drop-off in activity in the later 14th century. Just over 100 sherds were found in deposits of apparent late 14th century and later date and nearly half of those were residual. The dearth of later pottery and high levels of residuality in later phases suggest that the site was abandoned in the later 14th century, and most of the pottery from the latest ceramic phases may well be the result of demolition and stone-robbing rather than occupation.

Metalwork

There were 181 iron objects and two of lead. Most were associated with the large NE structure and all but one were from medieval deposits. The one early stratified example was a very small fragment of iron wire found in post-hole [6093] (6094) with a small quantity of possible hammerscale and some Iron Age pottery.

TABLE 6 Ironwork summary showing quantification of ironwork by feature and function (excepting finds of probable modern origin)

Feature	Structural	Domestic	Horse gear	Other	Total ironwork	Finds spot dating
large NE str 8242	nails x 46, staple, pintle	blades x 2, candlestick, key, chain	horseshoes x 2, horseshoe nails x 2, ring	Weaving comb/saw, arrowhead	117	L11th – 14th
large NW str 8241	–	knife	–	–	2	13th – 14th
circular kiln 8211	nail	–	–	–	1	12th – 14th
wall 8215	nails x 2	–	–	–	2	13th – 14th
ditch 8046	nails x 4	–	horseshoe nails x 2	–	6	L11th – M12th
ditch term 6332	–	knife	strap link	–	5	L11th – 14th
ditch 8020	nail	–	–	–	1	L11th – M12th
ditch 6323	–	–	–	–	1	L11th – M12th
pit 8086	nail	–	–	–	1	L11th – E13th
pits 7155	nail	–	–	–	1	L11th – M12th
PH 6093	–	–	–	–	1	IA
surface 8214	nails x 28	–	horseshoe nails x 2	–	31	L14th
gravel spread 8237	nail	–	–	–	1	13th – 14th
poss subsoil remnant 8217	–	–	swivel	–	1	L12th – E13th
unstrat and cleaning	nails x 6	–	horseshoe, horseshoe nail	tool, buckle	10	–
Total					181	

TABLE 7 Lithics summary

Category	Type	No.
Debitage	Chips	2
	Flakes, soft-hammer	2
	Flakes, hard-hammer	14
	Flakes, platform	1
	Flakes, indeterminate	1
	Flake frags	4
	Blades, hard-hammer	1
	Blades, indeterminate	1
	Blade frags	1
	Crested pieces	1
	Total debitage	28
Cores	Total cores	0
Tools	Short end-scrapers	2
	Discoidal implement (Palaeolithic)	1
	Pieces w edge-retouch or fire-flint	1
	Pieces w edge-retouch	3
Total tools	7	
Total		35

The medieval ironwork includes a number of horseshoes and horseshoe nails, associated with the large NE structure, ditch [8046] and surface (8214). The nails include fiddle key heads, expanded head and ears and rectangular headed types (Clark 1995, 85–91) and thus suggest a range of dates from the 12th or 13th century though to at least the 14th century. The horseshoes, where identifiable, appear to be Clark's Type 4 and could date anywhere between the 13th century and early post-medieval period. There are also other items of horse gear, including a strap link and a swivel.

Another notable find was a barbed arrowhead found unstratified close to the large NE structure (SF8003). It belongs to Jessop's Type H3 (Jessop 1996) and was for hunting rather than military use. It can be dated to around the mid-13th century. Also associated with the large NE structure were a weaving comb or small saw, a candle holder, a rotary key and a pintle (part of a simple type of hinge).

By contrast, very little ironwork was found in the NW structure, a whittle tang knife being the only medieval find. Other finds of interest include a small possible pick and a buckle fragment, both unstratified in Area 2a.

The two lead finds were both found in medieval features. These were a small piece of lead waste from pit [6916] (6917) and a very small fragment from ditch [8153] (8154).

Ceramic finds

A ceramic spindle whorl found in burnt spread (6593, SF6000) is of interest as it is potentially prehistoric in date. It is of a coarse soft fired dark grey fabric, domed and slightly concave on the opposing side. It was associated with pottery of apparent late Bronze Age date and is likely to be contemporary.

Glass

Only two glass finds were recovered, both associated with the NE structure (robbed out wall 8022) but both of recent origin. One was a beaded vessel rim, the other a small fragment of window glass. The quality and condition of the glass indicates a modern date.

Lithics

The lithics assemblage numbered 35 pieces, all of which were flint. There were 28 pieces ofdebitage, and seven tools. No cores were retrieved. The composition supports a general date in the period middle/late Neolithic to Bronze Age. However, a small number of flakes and tools have the sheen usually associated with lower and middle Palaeolithic finds. The only exceptional piece was an unstratified object from Area 2b which may date to this early period. It is a bifacial piece termed a discoidal ovate handaxe (cf Wenban-Smith 2001, Fig. 6.3.iv; Roe 1981, Fig. 5:36.1), most likely dating to the lower/middle Palaeolithic period. Although formally a hand axe, this piece has edge-retouch suggesting that it may have been used as a scraper.

The lithics were all residual found in various medieval and Iron Age ditches, pits and structures, with no more than a handful found in any particular feature. A large quantity of lithics were found during previous excavations in Area 3 (1019 pieces) of similar later Neolithic to Bronze Age date. The Area 2 lithics clearly relate to activity focused in Area 3.

Stone

Many sherds of shattered stone roof tiles were found at the site. A sample of these was retained where sherds were large or contained peg holes. These were all of yellow sandstone. Few complete dimensions survived but sherds were typically 15-20mm thick with drilled holes 8-10mm in diameter. All were associated with structures, both NE and NW structures and the circular kiln. The largest concentration was at the NE structure but it seems likely that the tiles formed at least part of the roof covering of both main structures.

Ceramic building material

Eight fragments (974g) of Romano-British box flue tile were found. All were in a fairly soft orange-red fabric. The sherds were scattered through a number of medieval ditches, though it is conceivable that ditch [6758] might be of an earlier date. Interestingly, despite a concentration of Roman pottery found during previous excavations in Area 4a, no other Romano-British ceramic building material has been found at the site.

A total of 971g of fired clay was recovered. It was in a fairly fine, slightly sandy but otherwise inclusion-free fabric. The fragments were all quite small and lacking any constructional features and thus is of limited diagnostic value. There is no real correlation between the distribution of fired clay and the distribution of industrial waste so it does not appear to relate to ironworking. The largest concentration (496g) was associated with circular kiln [8211] and thus it may relate to high temperature industries undertaken there.

The vast majority of the ceramic building material was of medieval date (174 sherds, 16.467kg). These all relate to roofing and were found in four different fabrics.

TABLE 8 Medieval ceramic building material type series

Fabric code	Fabric Name	Description	Sherds	Wgt (g)	Dating
RT1	Oxford type?	Orange-red sandy fabric with a grey core. Sparse red iron up to 5mm, rare flint up to 10mm	97	9,293	L13th – E14th?
RT2	Oxford tile fabric III?	Soft, dark buff-orange fabric with a grey core, slightly sandy matrix, few visible inclusions except for rare sub-angular calcareous material up to 5mm.	8	1,684	M13th – L14th
RT3	Minety-type	Shelly Limestone (Vince 1984a)	65	5,278	13th – 14th
RT4	Newbury type?	Fine sandy (Vince et al 1997, 70)	4	212	M13th – E14th
Total			174	16,467	

The most distinctive of these were fragments (2.159kg) of a highly decorative glazed louver found in the large NE structure [8242] (8193, 8195). It is similar, but by no means identical to the example published by Dunning from Great Easton in Essex (Dunning 1966, fig. 26) (see <http://www.bbc.co.uk/ahistoryoftheworld/objects/XUug0bm2TL58tNbTrtcEBO> for another illustrated example). Like the Essex example, some of the fragments are cowls/baffle plates which would have covered the apertures in the side of the pot, and also, where the apex of the cowls has survived, there is in each case an attachment scar indicating that there were upright finials on the peak of each. Unfortunately, not enough of the vessel survives to allow a confident reconstruction of its full original form, although it is still unusually complete, and it should be possible, from the re-fitting sherds, to obtain a reasonable idea of how it appeared. There is absolutely no trace of soot on the inner surfaces. It is possible therefore that it may have been a ventilator rather than a chimney. The presence of such an item at a rural site is usually indicative of high status, with manors and castles representing most of the known find-spots (ibid). The fabric is very sandy, with dense sub-round to sub-angular quartz up to 0.5mm, with rare to sparse red iron up to 2mm and rare flint up to 1mm. It has a fairly dull green glaze of varying thickness on the outer surface. It is likely to be of 13th or 14th century date. The fabric is of uncertain origin. It is similar to, if somewhat finer than, the ridge-tile fabric RT1, and so may have

originated in the Oxford region, although a more local source cannot be discounted. A fragment (40g) from a similar find in a different (Newbury type) fabric was found associated with wall [8215].

The remaining tiles were all ridge tiles, flat tiles being entirely absent from the assemblage. The ridge tiles were all knife-cut 'coxcomb' type and had patchy green glaze. A number of fragments from structure [8242] (8193, 8195) refitted and it seems likely that the assemblage represents a fairly small number of tiles, with some partially reconstructable. By far the most well-researched and published ridge tiles are the Minety types (Fabric RT3 at this site). Vince (1984b, 264), suggested that they became common from around the mid-13th century onwards, which is the general date for the start of most of the ridge-tile industries in the region (Vince 1984a). The source of the tiles in fabric RT1 is uncertain. They have similarities to Oxford fabrics IIIb and IVb (eg. Mitchell 2003, 210), but could be from a more local source. They are both of similar date, usually of late 13th to early 14th century (ibid. 211–2). Fabric RT2, which appears to be the same as Oxford fabric III appears to be represented by a single tile. At the Dominican Priory in Oxford, roof tiles in this fabric were common throughout site phases 1–4, the mid/late 13th to late 14th century, (Lambrick and Mellor 1985, 186). The tiles in fabric RT4 appear to be Newbury types, with parallels from the Berkshire town suggest date to the mid 13th to early 14th century (Vince et al 1997, 70).

The assemblage of ridge-tile is all of types which date to the 13th to 14th century, and compliment, chronologically, the picture suggested by the pottery that occupation at the ended during the late 14th century. The tiles, like the stone tiles were predominantly associated with the two main structures [8242] and [8241]. In contrast to the stone tiles the NW structure [8241] ceramic tile assemblage is slightly larger. Both however represent a tiny fraction of the material needed to cover the length of the ridge of structures, the remainder presumably having been largely robbed away after the structures' abandonment.

Industrial Waste

A total of 353g of industrial waste was recovered from the site, amounting to a few fragments of slag and many small collections of magnetic residue retrieved from sample retents. On closer inspection the magnetic residues were found to consist entirely of ferruginous sand and stone. The slag included two small fragments of fuel ash slag from pit [6041] and ditch [6760] (6735). These indicate some kind of high temperature activity but maybe no more than domestic hearths. The pit contained finds of mixed date, the ditch contained no other finds at all. The only find which might potentially relate to ironworking is a piece (164g) found in structure [8241] (8164). Scant ironworking evidence was found during previous excavations, with only a few slag fragments found in Area 4a of possible late Iron Age or early Roman date. There is no evidence then for ironworking on site during the medieval period.

Discussion

The earliest finds recovered were all lithics including a Palaeolithic hand axe and a number of Neolithic and Bronze Age pieces. All are residual.

The earliest stratified finds belong to the late Bronze Age. Pottery provides most of the evidence for this period, concentrated in Area 2b, including good collections (200g–300g) of sherds stratified in

pits [6219], [6525], post-hole [6146] and burnt spread (6539) with smaller feature assemblages in a number of other ditches, pits and post-holes. The only other find associated with this phase is a spindle whorl found in burnt spread (6539).

Iron Age activity seems to follow similar patterns. It is entirely represented by pottery, again concentrated in Area 2b, stratified in a number of pits, ditches and post-holes, though with few sizeable feature assemblages. Only two post-holes [6313] and [6458] contained over 100g of pottery.

Romano-British finds were scarce by comparison and included pottery and box flue tile, concentrated this time in Area 2a. All appear to be residual. There seems to have been a hiatus after this with no evidence for Saxon activity at the site. A few ditches (ditches 6471, 6612, 6803, 7075 and 7122) contained no later material but the largest Roman pottery feature assemblage from these was only 4 sherds (32g). The ditches may have still been open during the Romano-British period but they cannot necessarily be dated to that period.

The medieval period provides the best part of the evidence. Large quantities of medieval pottery, building materials, metalwork and other associated finds were recovered, particularly concentrated around the large NE structure [8242]. The earliest medieval activity can be dated by the pottery to the late 11th century and the earliest activity is centred around structure [8242], circular kiln [8211] and a number of ditches [6831, 6868, 6871, 7065, 7159, 8046, 8059, 8065, 8074] and pits [7155, 8033, 8086]. Large NW structure [8241] seems to be later, with pottery suggesting a 13th century date for its construction. At around the same time as the construction of the NW structure, both buildings seem to have been given a roof of stone and ceramic tiles. Previous roofing for the earlier structures would probably have been of thatch, wooden shingles or other organic materials as no remains survive. The rooves consisted of stone flat tiles with ceramic ridge tiles and a distinctive ceramic louver which would have stood along the roof ridge. This find is of particular note as other rural examples are largely confined to manor houses and castles.

There is little to distinguish between the functions of the two main structures. Both appear to be made of similar materials. Both must have been substantial structures to support the weight of the rooves.

TABLE 9 Finds summary by area.

Material	Qty/Wgt	2a	2b	3	4a	4e	4j	4l	Unlocated	Total
Pottery (EPH)	Count	–	–	282	18	10	2	–	–	312
Lithics (EPH)	Count	22	11	1,019	21	16	39	–	4	1,132
Pottery (PH)	Count	–	–	58	38	–	–	–	–	96
Pottery (LPH)	Count	36	492	526	45	2	55	3	5	1,164
Ceramic (LBA)	Count	–	1 SW	6 LW	–	–	1 LW	–	–	8
Stone (LPH)	Count	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
Iron (LPH)	Count	–	1	–	–	–	1 CB	–	–	213
Pottery (RB)	Count	28	8	4	467	5	–	–	–	512
CBM (RB)	Wgt (g)	944	30	–	–	–	–	–	–	974
Fired Clay	Wgt (g)	971	–	162	1,715	23	138	–	–	3,009
Industrial Waste	Wgt (g)	212	141	–	147	–	–	–	–	500
Pottery (Medi)	Count	184	61	–	–	–	–	–	5	1,915
Lead (Medi)	Count	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Iron (Medi)	Count	171	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	213
Stone (Medi)	Wgt (g)	14,162	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	14,162
CBM (Medi)	Wgt (g)	16,467	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	16,467
Pottery (PM)	Count	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Copper Alloy (Mod)	Count	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	2
Iron (Mod/undated)	Count	3	–	25	4	2	–	–	–	213
Glass (Mod)	Count	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Clay Pipe (Mod)	Count	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1

Finds are quantified and grouped by period. Loom weight quantifications are shown by estimated number of individual weights represented rather than sherd count. EPH = early prehistoric; LPH = late prehistoric; PH = prehistoric; Rom = Roman; LW = loomweight; SW = spindle whorl; CB = currency bar. Largest concentrations of each type of material highlighted

Structure [8242] contains the bulk of the finds assemblage in terms of domestic midden material but this may be due to its longer period of occupation or the chance survival of deposits contemporary with its occupation. The proportion of metalwork relative to pottery is greater in structure [8242] and this might mean that this was the more prestigious of the two buildings. The dearth of finds associated with structure [8241] however precludes any meaningful comparison of the activities undertaken in each building.

There is also little to identify the function of the circular kiln structure [8211] beyond some fired clay and an iron nail. Metalwork provides the best evidence for activities at the site beyond the purely domestic and these again point towards a high-status site with horses and hunting (as evidenced by the arrowhead). A candlestick, key and hinge pintle again suggest a well-appointed house.

Activity at the site seems to have ended during the late 14th century, with late activity potentially relating to the robbing of building materials. The date brackets of the medieval activity are significant historically in as it seems to have been occupied shortly after the Norman invasion and abandoned shortly after the Black Death. Though rural areas were generally not so badly hit by plague as towns and ports, the social and economic changes that followed in the late 14th century had dramatic effects on rural areas.

The medieval finds assemblage represents a significant addition to the medieval archaeology in the area and appears to represent the midden remains and fabric of a wealthy Norman manor house.

Comparison with the assemblages recovered from previous excavation areas reveal a striking pattern of a shifting focus of activity between the various periods (Table 9), from Area 3 in prehistory to 4a during the Romano-British period to 2a in the medieval period. The Area 2 finds do little to add to the picture of early prehistoric archaeology seen in Area 3. However, they do add substantially to the later prehistoric picture. The disparity of the distribution of Romano-British pottery and ceramic building material is notable. Given the volume of medieval finds recovered from Area 2a, it is notable that these were entirely lacking in Areas 3 and 4.

4.9 ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Introduction

Ninety-seven bulk sediment samples, ranging in size from two to 30 litres, were recovered during archaeological works carried out on land near to Commonhead, Swindon. Separate from the soil bulk samples two samples of oyster shell were collected from Structure 8242. Samples derived from a range of features including; pits, post-holes, ditches and a kiln with dates spanning from the Prehistoric to Medieval periods. The aims of the assessment were to assess the presence, preservation and abundance of any environmental remains and to determine the potential of the material in indicating the character and significance of the deposit.

Method

Bulk samples were subjected to flotation and wet sieving in a Siraf-style flotation machine. The floating debris (the flot) was collected in

a 250 µm sieve and once dry, scanned using a binocular microscope. Any material remaining in the flotation tank (retent) was wet-sieved through a 1mm mesh and air-dried. All samples were scanned using a stereomicroscope at magnifications of x10 and up to x100. Identifications, where provided, were confirmed using modern reference material and seed atlases including Cappers et al (2006) and Zohary et al (2012) nomenclature for wild taxa follows Stace (1997).

Results

Results of the assessment are presented in Appendix 5 (Retent samples) and 6 (Flotation samples) Suitable material for AMS (Accelerated Mass Spectrometry) radiocarbon dating is also identified in each table.

Cereal grain

Cereal grain was recovered from 34 features (Tables 1 and 2). Bread/club wheat (*Triticum* c.f. *aestivum*-*compactum*) was the dominant cereal type and was abundant in nine features; ditches [6332], [6426], [6850], [7136], [7141], [8270], post-hole/socket [8229], post-hole [6197] and flue [8282] (kiln [8211]). Barley (*Hordeum* sp.) was the second most commonly occurring cereal and was frequently recovered alongside the bread/club wheat. A small number of the barley grains were identified as hulled barley (*Hordeum distichum*/H. *vulgare*). Other cereals present included; oats (*Avena* sp.), glume wheat, wheat indeterminate (*Triticum* sp.) and a large number of indeterminate cereal grains.

The grains exhibited mixed levels of preservation, but were generally poor with the majority of the grains exhibiting distortion, damaged surfaces and fragmentation. As a result of the abrasion it was not possible to identify the majority of the grains to species level.

Cereal chaff

Individual free threshing wheat rachis internodes were recovered from ditches [7141] and [6650].

Weed seeds

A number of charred 'weed seeds', (here used to include seeds, fruits, achene, caryopses etc.) were observed in 23 contexts (see Table 2). Species present were predominantly arable weeds and included; corn marigold (*Chrysanthemum segetum*), corncockle (*Agrostemma githago*) goosefoots (*Chenopodium*), stinking chamomile (*Anthemis cotula*), nipplewort (*Lapsana* sp.) hemp-nettles (*Galeopsis* sp.) and mixed grasses (*Poaceae*).

Other taxa present included; mayweeds (*Matricaria* sp.), cockspurs (*Echinochloa* sp.),ampions (*Silene* sp.), bedstraws (*Galium* sp.), knapweeds (*Centaurea* sp.), knotweeds (*Persicaria* sp.), docks (*Rumex* sp.) and speedwells (*Veronica* sp.) as well as 'seeds' of the pea family (*Fabaceae*), daisy family (*Asteraceae*), carrot family (*Apiaceae*) and knotweed family (*Polygonaceae*).

A small number (<5) of garden peas (*Pisum sativum*) were recovered from ditch [7136] and an individual broad bean (*Vicia faba*) was recorded in post-hole/socket [8229].

Other plant remains

Hazel (*Corylus avellana*) nutshell was found in small quantities in three features; ditch [6650], ditch [6332] and flue [8282] (Kiln [8211]).

An indeterminate tuber (2-4 mm) was recorded in pit [6187] and an indeterminate tree bud was recovered from burnt spread (6539).

Culm (stem) nodes, presumably from cereals, were recorded in 5 features, post-hole/socket [8229] post-holes [6280] and [6197] and ditches [7141] and [6332].

Wood Charcoal

Sixty-six contexts (Tables 1 and 2) produced charcoal sufficient for Accelerated Mass Spectrometry (AMS) dating. Four contexts also produced small quantities of round wood of a size sufficient for identification and AMS dating.

Marine Shell

Oyster (*Ostrea edulis*) shell was recovered from six features (Tables 1 and 3). The remains were highly fragmented with preservation ranging from moderate to poor.

Marine shell fragments recovered from context (8210) of Kiln [8211] were fossilised and were not considered further.

Faunal remains

The faunal remains are presented in a separate report.

Discussion

The largest concentrations of charred plant remains were recovered from features associated with drying Kiln [8211], Building 8242, curvilinear ditch [G7114] and ditch [G6801] as well as ditches [6332], [6426] and [8270] and post-hole [6197]. The features all dated to the medieval period but ranged in date from the 11th to 14th Centuries.

Bread/club wheat was the dominant cereal type in all of the medieval features sampled and was often accompanied by smaller quantities of hulled barley. It is not possible to determine whether the mixture of bread/wheat and barley represents crops deliberately sown together as a mixed crop or whether the mixing took place during conflagration. Drying grain before storage is another way in which the mixed assemblage could have been generated particularly if the drying kiln was not cleaned out between each crop (Moffett 2006). This may have been the case for the assemblage from kiln [8211].

The presence of legume crops in the assemblage is not unexpected, both pea and broad bean were widely cultivated in this period (Stone 2006). The weed seeds present are those typical of arable habitats and field margins and compare well with other medieval assemblages from across England including the assemblage from Star Lane, Westwood, Thanet (Powell 2015).

The presence of oyster shell in the medieval contexts not only serves to add another element to the diet of the inhabitants of the site but also opens up questions relating to trade and exchange as well as to the social status of the site.

Due to the overall poor level of preservation of the cereal grains it is doubtful that further analysis work would produce information additional to that collated during assessment.

4.10 ASSESSMENT OF THE FAUNAL REMAINS

A total of 1081 individual items of animal and bird bone was recovered from the site, from 102 different contexts. In addition to this total, three contexts (8222, 8232 and 8271) produced a further approximately 300 items of small mammal (rodent and vole) bone, which was not analysed fully; it was considered that these bones were evidence of raptor or owl pellets. Ditch-fill (6706) was the only context which produced a substantial assemblage (473 items, of which 143 were identified to species and bone level), and 30 contexts produced no individual bone identifiable to species.

Methods

All bone was examined macroscopically and categorised by species and skeletal element as far as possible by comparison with a reference collection or bone atlas (Cohen & Serjeantson 1996, for bird bones), where required. Each fragment of bone was recorded pro forma, with codes for part of bone present, ageing criteria and notes of butchery marks or marks of carnivore depredation. A full catalogue is available in the site archive.

Results

Preservation

Preservation of the bone was mixed. Excluding loose teeth, about 70% of the material was categorised as exhibiting good (G) or medium (M) preservation, indicating that some surface features and some structural integrity had been lost. In many contexts, only the more robust elements such as the shafts of longbones (as well as the very resilient teeth) were recorded, with the more delicate ends of the bone often being lost. This is commonly seen in sites where the underlying geology is clay, it is suggested that poorer drainage allows the groundwater more time to affect the structure of the bone.

Species Present

The usual domesticated livestock species were recorded: Cattle (201 items) and sheep (65 items) were most common, followed by horse (31) and pig (6), domestic fowl (5 bones) and goose (1) were also noted. One hare bone (presumably hunted) was recovered. One dog bone was noted, although additionally, 44 bones of other species showed evidence of gnawing by dogs. As noted above, non-domestic species were also imported to some contexts, most likely as prey items of birds.

Butchery

Very few items showed distinct marks of butchery, only six from the whole assemblage. In part, this may be an artefact of the poor surface preservation of the bone, obscuring fine cut-marks. The highly fragmented nature of some bones may also have obscured signs of chopping, or the bisection of vertebrae.

Distribution of Elements

Table X below summarises the species present and which body-parts are represented for four broad phases of activity on site, as follows: The scant material surviving from the prehistoric features, the construction of the structures and early use of the site in the late 11th to mid 12th Centuries, the later accumulation of material in the 12th to 14th Centuries, and material associated with the demolition and disuse of the structures.

Bones of the main domestic species are categorised under five broad headings, reflecting the utility of the bone as part of a ‘joint of meat’, see discussion below.

Phase	Species	High meat	Low Meat	Body Meat	Head	Loose Teeth	Total
Prehistoric	Non-ID						131
	Cattle	1	5	–	4	2	13
	Sheep	–	1	1	1	3	6
11th C	Non-ID						227
	Cattle	12	11	4	7	18	52
	Sheep	2	6	4	3	11	25
	Horse	–	7	–	–	2	9
	Pig	–	2	–	1	–	3
12th – 14th	Non-ID						394
	Cattle	11	25	63	15	12	126
	Sheep	9	3	2	–	3	17
	Horse	–	2	–	2	14	18
	Pig	–	–	–	1	1	2
	Other						1Chicken 1Hare
Disuse	Non-ID						7
	Cattle	2	3	2	2	1	10
	Sheep	2	11	–	–	4	17
	Horse	1	1	–	–	2	4
	Pig	–	–	–	1	–	1
	Other						1Goose 1Dog 4Chicken

Discussion

Bronze Age - Iron Age features: Unfortunately, the small amount of material from the features of this phase preclude any meaningful analysis. Domestic species are present. Pit-fill (6238) produced two of the six unequivocally butchered bones from the site, a bisected sheep vertebra and a chopped cattle mandible fragment.

Medieval features: Cattle bones are present from all areas of the carcass particularly ribs and vertebrae (body meat). It is worth

noting that a complete carcass will yield greater numbers of bones in this body category (for example, 26 ribs and six cervical vertebrae), while producing only two each of limb-bones such as scapulae and humeri, etc. The overall impression is that whole carcasses were contributing to the assemblage at this period, which would perhaps indicate that cattle were brought to the vicinity for slaughter and butchery, with both kitchen waste and butchery waste ending up on site. This scenario would not be unlikely if the site contained a large, high-status household, as suggested by the decorative roof-tile. The presence of dog gnawing marks may indicate one method whereby some bones accumulated. Almost all of the cattle bones of 12th – 13th -century date, and the best preserved, derive from ditch-fill (6706), which appears to have functioned partially as a depository for such waste.

Small numbers of sheep bones perhaps reflect a similar scenario to the cattle bones. It was not possible to assess farming practice for either species. Too few epiphyses (limb-bone ends) or mandibles with teeth in situ survived to show a meaningful pattern of age-at-slaughter, although a few isolated third molars indicated the presence of both yearlings and older animals. It is therefore not possible to establish if the stock was being raised primarily for meat, to feed the household, or for secondary products (e.g. dairy, wool) then being slaughtered after contributing to the economy.

Horse bones were largely from the areas of the head and lower legs. This may indicate that these parts were deliberately imported to site, perhaps to boil down for glue.

The hare bone, though scant evidence, may attest to a higher status site, where hunting was permitted. The few pig bones (all from the head and teeth) probably reflect the greater susceptibility of pig bones to attrition due to the higher fat content and tendency to be slaughtered before skeletal maturity. (Lyman 1994)

Disuse: Few bones accumulated around the structures as they were abandoned, although the largest amounts of small-mammal bone were recovered from this phase, possibly indicating the use of the structures as a roost by owls, once human disturbance had diminished.

5 DISCUSSION

5.1 PHASES OF ACTIVITY

Whilst evidence of earlier activity was recovered from the site, in the form of possible middle/lower Palaeolithic and Neolithic flint tools, no features firmly dating to this period were identified. Whilst the earliest of these artefacts are almost certainly reflective of long-term activity on and nearby the site, they are likely residual; probably disturbed during the life span of the settlement.

The features identified across the site were, therefore, broadly grouped into four main phases; the earliest and of which, represented mainly toward the southern extent of the site, spanned the late Bronze Age and early Iron Age.

A small representation of features seeming to date to the Roman period was also identified. The features were exclusively classified as ditches, and no discrete activity was observed in relation this phase.

By far the majority of the features on the site are apparently associated with the medieval period. Whilst there appeared to be sub-phases of activity present within this phase, in the case of ditched enclosures and other agricultural field divisions, they could only be grouped confidently with regard to their immediate physical relationships to one another. The identification of group of substantial stone structures toward the northern extent of the site, not only appeared to define a separate focus of activity, but appeared to echo a possible shift in the focus of agricultural activity.

The following phase is described as post-Medieval or Modern. This included the remains of a comprehensive system of ridge and furrow cultivation, the evidence of which was present across the majority of the site

A large number of features remain undated, however, the majority of these were thought to be of relatively recent origin.

Phase 1: Prehistoric

The southern part of the site contained by far the highest concentration of prehistoric remains. The site appeared to have been divided, by a system of east-west field boundary ditches with a concentration of probable settlement activity associated with a small, roughly circular post-built structure [G6294] which appeared to represent a potential round house. There appeared to be possible evidence of the re-cutting and redefinition of some of the post holes, perhaps indicating seasonal or occasional renovation and alteration to the structure. Concentrations of charcoal found filling the post-holes appear to suggest its final dereliction was caused by fire. Numerous small, shallow pits and post holes across the remainder of the area, including one which contained a spindle whorl and features containing small quantities butchered animal bone, re-inforce the image of a moderate level of domestic activity within the area which becomes less concentrated toward the north of the site. The relatively low concentration of activity of the period between Areas 3 and 4 and Area 2 may be reflective of a reduction in overall activity to the south, or perhaps a shift in its focus, masked by the concentration of later activity in the intervening area.

Phase 2: Roman

Only a very few features were ascribed a Roman date, all of which were characterised as ditches. A single ditch included within this phase was identified in the southern part of the site, toward the boundary of fields 2a and 2b. The remaining features were located toward the western boundary of field 2a, amid a concentration of later activity associated with medieval structures and cultivation systems. The low concentration of Roman remains is perhaps slightly surprising, given the proximity of known Roman activity (REF), but equally probably intimates a shift in the focus of activity, from domestic to agricultural, leaving behind less dateable artefacts.

Phase 3a: Medieval 11th-12th century

A dramatic uplift in activity is evidenced for with the appearance of a number of interlinking ditched enclosures, the majority of which appear to date to the period immediately following the Norman Conquest. The location of these enclosed fields appears to correlate roughly with the greatest concentration of earthworks associated with the protected former settlement of Badbury Wick, just to the south-east of the site; the enclosure system being apparently limited to the north of Hollow-way (Earthwork 29; Corney & Morris 2004) and to the east of Hollow-way (Earthwork 11; Corney & Morris 2004). The sweeping sub-divisions of the enclosed areas seem more likely to have been created for the management of livestock, rather than cultivation; for purely practical reasons of their relatively award shape and size and the somewhat extreme profiles of the ditches themselves. One of the curved enclosures, spanning from the north-western corner of Field 2B, into the south-eastern corner of Field 2A (including intercutting ditches [6646], [6697], [6705], and [6756]) appeared to contain a disproportionate amount of cattle bone, from all areas of the carcass, implying butchery of whole animals on the site was occurring in the immediate vicinity. This activity, near to the interlinking enclosures, may indicate that one of their functions was for the sorting and separation of stock in preparation for slaughter.

Phase 3b: Medieval 12th - 14th century

The system of curving ditched enclosures appears to become less prevalent over time, with a shift to a more linear system of cultivation, evidenced for by a series of continuous north-west southeast aligned boundaries, primarily concentrated toward the western side of the site, within field 2a. The effect of the presence of the ditches appears to have been to divide the site into a series of narrow strips, possible for ease of cultivation and drainage. This change of agricultural system seemed to be roughly coincident with the construction of the ranges of stone buildings which appear to have represented the remains of a relatively high status manor farm. The buildings themselves seem to have been constructed in phases, those which appeared to survive with undercrofts, potentially being the earliest phases. The slightly enigmatic internal structure within the eastern cell of the central range has been mooted as potentially being the remains of the base of an oven or kiln, although little evidence of heating of any kind survived at its foundation level. The presence of a high concentration of bread wheat from an integral post-hole/socket, recovered from environmental samples, appears to support this theory. The second circular structure, with its probable flue and the areas of burning and charcoal deposits outside its walls, almost certainly represented some form of grain drying kiln, possibly associated with the baking or brewing process. Cereal grains recovered from within it included both bread wheat and barley, although bread wheat was the more dominant. No evidence of the high-status trappings of the structures at the north of the site, such as glazed ridge tiles, were found in association with the structures to the west. Instead, inferior walls, a possible water trough, and coarse yard surface were identified. This may suggest that this represented a range of more utilitarian buildings with a more common, thatched roof, rather than the more substantial stone rooves with coxcomb finials and decorative louvres to the north. The presence of a concentration of horse gear focussed on the flagstone surface may further reinforce this theory.

The larger ranges of structures to the north both appeared to have undergone at least some modifications over time, although the levels of destruction across these range, including the lack of surviving occupation surfaces precludes the application of a confident sequence of events and functions of individual spaces.

Structural range [8242] and drying kiln [8211] appeared to be the earliest of the structures, with artefacts dating to the 11th and 12th centuries found in association with them. The best preserved structure [8241] appeared to be the later of the buildings. The 13th – 14th century roofing materials found in association with the earlier of the structures may suggest a phase of renovation of the pre-existing buildings, coincident with the construction of the later range.

Whilst it is not absolutely clear that the structures were directly associated with Badbury-Wick, it seems reasonable to assume that they form part of this settlement, perhaps even forming its manorial focus.

Faunal remains from the site gathered from within building range [8242] indicated the presence of owls, which presumably roosted inside the structures post-abandonment. This seems to suggest that, for at least a short time, the buildings survived as partially derelict roofed structures, before falling into total disrepair and being dismantled.

Phase 4: Post-medieval

The most comprehensive evidence of post-medieval activity across the site was the system of cultivation furrows which were visible across all but the very southern extent of the site. As previously noted, the direction of the furrows appeared to change from an approximate northeast-southwest alignment in Field 2a, to a northwest-southeast alignment in Field 2b, to the south. The change in direction appeared to change in response to the extant system of field boundaries, unlike the earlier features which were truncated by them, suggesting that the field division and cultivation system were contemporary. A number of later features including land drains and service pipes were also identified.

5.2 PROPOSAL FOR FURTHER ANALYSIS AND PUBLICATION

The results from the excavations at Commonhead are of archaeological significance and merit publication. The incorporation of the details of the prehistoric settlement activity will be of use in our understanding of the landscape utilisation and economics of the localised area. The significant medieval remains will make a large contribution to a relatively sparse understanding of the development of the landscape and economy associated with the period in the local area and the potential dynamics of the site within the wider region.

The following outlines the statements of potential for further work, addressing specific research aims, leading to the production of a publication report to enable its wider dissemination and availability for future study.

Research goals

To fulfil the potential of the site data, the following updated objectives have been set out to provide a framework for the proposed further analysis:

Objective 1: Further analysis of the prehistoric features within their local context to assist in the understanding of the development and continuity of the site within its setting and from there, in its wider regional and national setting.

Objective 2: To attempt to resolve the phasing and function of the medieval structures, including a review of the finds evidence and an investigation of comparable structures.

Objective 3: To understand the nature and economy of the settlement, including further analysis of the role and ownership of the site in relation to the wider region.

Objective 4: To refine the chronologies of the medieval field systems to establish whether a distinct chronological distinction can be drawn between these and the structural remains and with similar features on other local sites.

Objective 5: To enhance understanding of changes and developments in medieval agriculture.

Objective 6: To better understand the origins and abandonment of former village-like settlements.

Objective 7: To better understand the economy, trade and technology of the medieval period

Objective 8: To place each phase of activity within its wider landscape both on a local and regional level.

Stratigraphic

The earliest evidence of settlement on the site appeared to date to the late Bronze Age and early Iron Age with limited evidence of Roman activity. The significant majority of features were firmly rooted in the Medieval Period, spanning from the 11th to 14th Centuries AD.

Identified research tasks are:

- › Where intercutting features of apparently similar date were identified it may be possible to refine phasing based on morphology and further interrogation of the artefactual evidence. In depth interrogation of this data may elucidate further on the development and evolution of agricultural practices across the site.
- › Integrate the stratigraphic evidence from the agricultural features, such as the enclosures and field divisions, with the finds and environmental evidence to order to refine their chronology, and perhaps reach a better definition of specific functions between them;
- › Use this analysis to inform decisions on material to be submitted for scientific dating (provisionally discussed below).

- › Integrate stratigraphic evidence structures, with the finds and environmental evidence to order to refine their chronology, relative status, and to better define any specific function they may have held.

Artefacts

All finds collected during the excavation have been cleaned, marked, quantified and catalogued by context.

All metalwork has been x-rayed and stabilised where appropriate.

Prehistoric to Romano-British pottery

The prehistoric pottery forms a significant addition to the assemblage recovered from Areas 3 and 4. It should be catalogued by the same specialist using the same fabric codes to allow comparison between the two areas. A report should be produced on the combined assemblages from all areas. The Romano-British pottery from Area 2 is a less significant addition to that from previous excavations but again should be catalogued by fabric and included in the overall report.

Medieval to post-medieval pottery

The group of material from this site represents by far the largest and best assemblage of medieval pottery excavated in the Swindon area in recent years, and, consequently, full publication would prove useful. It is there suggested that the following further work is required to bring the assemblage to publication standard:

- › Stratigraphic analysis. Checking of the pottery dates against the stratigraphic information for the site, and adjusting where necessary. Generation of new data tables.
- › Cross fitting. It seems likely that a number of individual vessels occurred in multiple contexts. This will be examined at the report stage, as it has the potential to provide valuable taphonomic information.
- › Analysis and Discussion. Discussion of the assemblage by Ceramic Phase, including spatial analysis and the site in its regional context.
- › Vessel reconstruction, selection of sherds for illustration and catalogue.

Metalwork

The metalwork represents another significant body of medieval evidence, providing evidence for activities at the site beyond the purely domestic. Like the pottery, a detailed analysis of the stratigraphic and spatial location of these finds, particularly in relation to the horse gear and NE Structure 8242 will provide valuable insights into life at the site. A number of finds should be illustrated.

The following finds are provisionally recommended for illustration:

Context	Feature	SF	Object
8018	large NE str 8242	8001	Key
U/S	large NE str 8242	8003	Arrowhead (type H3)
8193	large NE str 8242	8009	Weaving comb/saw

Context	Feature	SF	Object
U/S	large NE str 8242	8010	Pintle
8018	large NE str 8242	8105	Chain
8021	large NE str 8242	8107	Candlestick
8026	large NE str 8242	8108	Horseshoe (type 4)
8222	large NE str 8242	8114	Horseshoe Nails (rectangular head)
8155	large NW str 8241	8007	Knife
8217	poss subsoil remnant 8217	8015	Swivel
6333	ditch terminal 6332	8102	Strap link
8047	ditch 8046	8109	Horseshoe nail (fiddle key)
8214	surface 8214	8112	Horseshoe Nails (expanded head)

Ceramic finds

The late Bronze Age spindle whorl is of interest in the context of the late medieval activity at the site and should be studied further, comparing it to other prehistoric whorls and establishing a date via typologies, associated pottery or radiocarbon dating. It should also be illustrated.

Glass

The glass is modern and no further work is recommended.

Lithics

The lithics provide further evidence to add to that recovered during earlier excavations, predominantly from Area 3. While the Area 2 assemblage is not significant in itself, it should be included in the report of material from Area 3. Most significantly the Area 2 excavations revealed a lower/middle Palaeolithic component, in addition to the Neolithic/Bronze Age material and the whole assemblage should be studied with this in mind. The Palaeolithic hand axe could be illustrated, though being residual, its inclusion would depend on publication priorities.

Stone

The stone tiles are of some further interest. Sandstone can be hard to provenance and it is likely that they derive from a local quarry but the possibility of identifying the source should be explored. A closer study of tile sizes and manufacturing methods and a search for other examples of medieval stone roofing would be of value.

Ceramic building material

The box flue tiles are of some interest though are unlikely to relate to a structure on site. They should be catalogued by a Roman specialist to identify any points of interest in their fabric or form and a note on them included with the Romano-British pottery found in this and other areas.

The distribution of the fired clay is of interest in that it shows potential areas of industry. The concentration in the medieval kiln structure is of particular note. However, further study of the material itself is

unlikely to provide any further insight into its function or the types of industry being undertaken. No further work is recommended for the fired clay.

The medieval ceramic building material on the other hand provides a significant assemblage. The fragments of louvers are not only rare finds, but appear to be the first from the Swindon area. They also offer further very strong evidence that this site is manorial or of similar high status. The finds should be published in full with a reconstructive illustration. The assemblage of ridge-tile is fairly well preserved, with the provisional dating supporting that of the pottery for the life of the site. Their presence also suggests that the site is of a fairly high status, and very little material of this type has been published from the Swindon area. It is proposed that the following work is required to bring the report to publication standard. As noted above, some of the tiles are partially complete and in good condition, so given the dearth of published sites of the period in the Swindon area, it is recommended that the assemblage should be published, and the best-preserved examples illustrated.

The following further work is suggested:

- › Analysis and discussion. Discussion of the louvers in their regional and national context.
- › Preparation for illustration. Due to the rarity and physical complexity of the louver, it will be necessary to provide a fairly detailed sketch of the original form of the object for the illustrators to allow accurate publication. While not complete, a number of re-fits have been made which will enable a reasonable idea of the original shape to be ascertained.
- › Discussion of the ridge tiles. The assemblage in its local and regional context.
- › Cross-fitting of ridge tiles, reconstruction, selection of pieces for illustration and catalogue.

Industrial Waste

The scarcity of residues relating to iron smithing or smelting makes it difficult to justify any further analysis on the slag from the site and it is, therefore, not recommended.

Environmental

All ecofacts recovered from the excavation have been cleaned, marked, quantified and catalogued by context.

A total of 97 bulk samples were taken which ranged in size from 5–40l in volume. All samples were taken for the recovery of environmental remains.

Animal bone

A more fine-grained analysis of the pattern of survival of bones plotted against their density and against their food-value as part of a cut of meat, could help to show if the apparent pattern discussed above (for the two main domestic species in the Mediaeval phases) is due to human practices of consumption, or is an artefact of differential survivorship of the post-depositional environment (Lyman 1994).

Wood charcoal

Four contexts also produced small quantities of round wood of a size sufficient for identification and AMS dating

Cereal grain

Due to the overall poor level of preservation of the cereal grains it is doubtful that further analysis work would produce information additional to that collated during assessment

Charred plant remains

No further work recommended

Molluscs

No further work recommended

Archaeological context

The earliest material from the site generally consists of unstratified lithic artefacts, however, the first genuinely comprehensible phase of activity dates to the late Bronze Age and early Iron Age period.

There is scant evidence of prehistoric or later activity across the site beyond this period until a marked increase in activity is observed in the medieval period. Further research may elucidate further on possible reasons for this apparent hiatus in activity.

The Medieval period appears to be introduced by the establishment of a system of interlinking ditched enclosures, superseded by a pattern of linear field divisions. Coupled with this, a significant group of apparently high-status stone structures which begin to emerge and develop across a similar time frame. Again, further research may identify comparative sites and assist in our understanding changing rural economies, land-use and systems of agriculture of the period.

An investigation of comparable medieval structures will be undertaken to further aid in the recognition of function and the dating of these structures. Further study of the structures, integrated with the evidence from the area may assist in a better understanding of the settlement of the local area and the potential role of the site in the economics of the region.

Post medieval and later remains included a well-established system of ridge and furrow cultivation, some of which survived as upstanding features in neighbouring fields. Limited study of similar features may aid our understanding of the later development of the site to the modern period. The other post medieval features have little or no further potential and as such will only require brief reference within any following publication.

The following tasks will be undertaken:

- › Consultation of the Wiltshire Historic Environment Record;
- › Referencing relevant excavation reports from other Prehistoric and Medieval sites;
- › Referencing relevant academic material from journal publications and published books covering the county; and

- › Considering similar archaeological settlements/enclosure on a regional and if appropriate national level.

Publication

The analysis work will be combined into a technical 'grey literature' report containing the detailed results and conclusions of this work, plus all relevant technical appendices and illustrations. This report will be submitted to the Wiltshire Historic Environment Record and the Archaeological Data Service.

Two options are being considered for public dissemination of the results of the analysis work:

- › Option A - Individual publication articles produced for each excavation phase and submitted to regional journal for publication (synopsis below).
- › Option B – Production of a monograph covering the results and analysis from all three phases of archaeological excavation.

Should the commencement of excavation in Area 1 be confirmed within 6 months of the agreement of this UPD, Option B will be considered the most favourable outcome. However, if excavation of Area 1 is not confirmed within a 6 month period, Headland will progress publication Option A.

Archiving

The archive is currently held by Headland Archaeology (UK), Midlands and West, whilst post-excavation work proceeds. Upon completion of the project and with the legal agreements in place, the full archive will be deposited with Swindon Museum following the publication of the academic journal article.

Synopsis of proposed report

Commonhead, Swindon; Area 2: Archaeological Excavations 2015–16

by Kate Bain

- › Introduction Words (400)
 - Location, topography and geology
 - Archaeological background
 - Methodology
- › Excavation Results (1050)
 - Chronological narrative of the major phases and features of the site (250)
 - Pottery (300)
 - Radiocarbon dating (100)
 - Metal (100)
 - Animal Bone (300)

- › Discussion (750)

Prehistoric settlement (250)

Medieval Settlement (500)

Conclusion (300)

- › Acknowledgements (100)
- › Bibliography (200)

Total: (2800)

Approximate pages @ 700 words/4

Illustrations Pages

Location of site, background (1)

Narrative plans (3)

Artefacts (1)

Tables (1)

Total publication estimate 10 pages

Project Team

Analysis and publication will be managed by Julie Franklin (Publications Manager) and Mike Kimber (Project Manager). Contributions will be made by the following:

Stuart Milby (Senior Archaeologist) – Text and report preparation

Julie Franklin (Finds Manager) – Coordination of in-house and external finds specialists

Caroline Norrman (Graphics Manager) – Preparation of finds drawings and site illustrations

Dr Tim Holden (Environmental Manager) – Coordination of Environmental department

Angela Walker (Environmental PO) – Liaison with SUERC and animal bone specialist

Animal bone analysis

Iron Age pottery analysis

SUERC – Radiocarbon dating

Scottish Conservation Studio – Metalwork conservation

Timetable

Dependent on the availability of external specialists it is proposed to complete the publication draft within 12 months of the approval of the updated project design.

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7 APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 CONTEXT DATA

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
0000	Unstratified	–	–	–	–	–	–
0001	Unstratified	–	–	–	–	–	–
0002	Unstratified	–	–	–	–	–	–
1000	Linear	–	1076	>10.00m	0.82m	0.19m	possible boundary ditch
1001	Fill	1000	1076	>10.00m	0.82m	0.19m	fill of possible boundary ditch
1002	Linear	–	1076	10.00m	0.90m	0.19m	possible field boundary
1003	Fill	1002	1076	10.00m	0.90m	0.19m	possible backfill from removal of hedge line
1004	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.87m	0.77m	0.09m	shallow pit with uneven base
1005	Fill	1004	–	0.87m	0.77m	0.09m	–
1006	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1007	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.12m	0.12m	0.16m	small pit containing charcoal rich fill. found in close proximity to other series of similar shaped pits
1008	Fill	1007	–	0.12m	0.12m	0.16m	charcoal rich fill of possible prehistoric pit
1009	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.40m	0.40m	0.18m	small pit found in close proximity to two other similar features
1010	Fill	1009	–	0.40m	0.40m	0.18m	charcoal rich fill from small pit
1011	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.00m	1.00m	0.10m	possible small fire pit, capped with clay
1012	Fill	1011	–	1.05m	0.89m	0.03m	charcoal rich fill of medium sized pit
1013	Fill	1011	–	1.05m	1.00m	0.07m	clay cap for fire pit
1014	Linear	–	1073	>20.00m	0.46m	0.05m	shallow linear ditch, possible field boundary
1015	Fill	1014	1073	20.00m	0.46m	0.05m	fill of possible field boundary
1016	Linear	–	–	>1.00m	0.55m	0.12m	shallow ditch
1017	Fill	1016	–	–	0.55m	0.12m	homogenous fill of shallow ditch
1018	Linear	–	1073	1.00m	0.90m	0.25m	linear ditch
1019	Fill	1018	1073	>1.00m	0.90m	0.25m	homogenous ditch fill
1020	Discrete Cut	–	–	4.00m	1.50m	0.30m	sub-circular feature with irregular profile. Possible tree bowl
1021	Fill	1020	–	4.00m	1.50m	0.30m	fill of possible tree bowl

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
1022	Linear	–	–	?	1.10m	0.40m	ditch
1023	Fill	1022	–	?	1.10m	0.40m	single undifferentiated fill of ditch
1024	Linear	–	1070	>5.00m	1.30m	0.25m	ditch
1025	Fill	1024	1070	>5.00m	1.30m	0.25m	single undifferentiated fill of ditch
1026	Linear	–	1074	20.00m	0.82m	0.15m	terminus of shallow ditch
1027	Fill	1026	1074	20.00m	0.82m	0.15m	single fill due to silting rather than deliberate backfill
1028	Linear	–	–	>1.00m	1.10m	0.30m	natural feature
1029	Fill	1028	–	–	1.10m	0.30m	fill of natural feature, tree bowl
1030	Linear	–	1075	20.00m	0.27m	0.19m	possible field boundary,
1031	Fill	1030	1075	20.00m	0.27m	0.19m	single backfill deposit
1032	Linear	–	1074	20.00m	0.81m	0.13m	linear ditch
1033	Fill	1032	1074	20.00m	0.81m	0.13m	fill resulting from silting rather than deliberate backfill
1034	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.60m	0.50m	0.17m	small pit, fill not well defined against natural
1035	Fill	1034	–	0.60m	0.50m	0.17m	homogenous fill of small pit
1036	Linear	–	1073	>1.00m	0.80m	0.20m	ditch
1037	Fill	1036	1073	–	0.80m	0.20m	homogenous ditch fill
1038	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1039	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1040	Linear	–	1075	20.00m	0.20m	0.35m	possible field boundary ditch
1041	Fill	1040	1075	20.00m	0.20m	0.35m	ditch fill
1042	Linear	–	–	–	0.50m	0.03m	traces of ditch, heavily truncated
1043	Fill	1042	–	–	0.50m	0.03m	ditch fill
1044	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1045	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1046	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1047	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
1048	Linear	–	–	–	0.55m	0.12m	shallow ditch
1049	Fill	1048	–	–	0.55m	0.12m	single fill of ditch

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
1050	Linear	-	1074	-	-	-	shallow ditch, possible field boundary
1051	Fill	1050	1074	-	-	-	-
1052	Void	-	-	-	-	-	-
1053	Void	-	-	-	-	-	-
1054	Linear	-	1072	-	3.7m	0.30m	possible remains of circular feature
1055	Fill	1054	1072	-	3.7m	0.30m	fill of curving ditch
1056	Fill	1054	1072	-	-	-	fill of curving ditch
1057	Linear	-	-	-	0.65m	0.10m	
1058	Fill	1057	-	-	-	-	single fill of shallow ditch
1059	Linear	-	1072	>30.00m	1.10m	0.48m	v shaped profile, coarse pottery and square profile nail recovered from fill
1060	Fill	1059	1072	>2.00m	0.40m	0.40m	primary ditch fill of possible RB ditch
1061	Fill	1059	1072	>2.00m	1.50m	0.52m	later ditch fill of possible RB ditch. coarse pottery and square profile ditch from this deposit
1062	Fill	1059	1072	>2.00m	0.63m	0.12m	fill of possible RB ditch
1063	Linear	-	1072	>30.00m	1.10m	0.42m	cut of v shaped ditch, possibly RB date.
1064	Fill	1063	1072	>30.00m	1.10m	0.42m	fill of possible RB ditch
1065	Linear	-	1072	1.00m	1.80m	0.71m	curvilinear ditch
1066	Fill	1065	1072	>30.00m	1.80m	0.71m	single main fill of wide ditch, possibly RB date.
1067	deposit	-	-	-	-	-	-
1068	deposit	-	-	-	-	-	-
1069	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	-	-	-
1070	Linear	-	-	-	2.00m	0.60m	-
1071	Fill	1070	-	>5.00m	2.00m	0.60m	single fill of ditch
1072	Group	1054	1072	-	-	-	Group to associate sections related to 1054
1073	Group	1014	1073	-	-	-	Group to associate sections related to 1014
1074	Group	1026	1074	-	-	-	Group to associate sections related to 1026
1075	Group	1030	1075	-	-	-	Group to associate sections related to 1030
1076	Group	1000	1076	-	-	-	Group to associate sections related to 1000

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2000	Layer	–	–	–	–	0.15m	loam, dark grey brown, firm, small stones
2001	Layer	–	–	–	–	0.05m– 0.10m	Silty clay, mid grey brown, firm, frequent small stones.
2002	Layer	–	–	–	–	–	clay, light yellow brown, firm.
2003	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.40	1.30m	0.14m	medium sized pit truncated by ploughing. flat base, steep sides, sharp break of slope.
2004	Fill	2003	2003	1.40.m	1.36m	0.14m	fill contains abundant pottery. clay silt, mid grey brown, firm, mod natural flint.
2005	Linear	–	2252	–	1.80m	0.45m	Curvilinear ditch, rounded base. Interpreted as boundary ditch.
2006	Fill	2005	2252	–	1.80m	0.45m	sandy clay silt, mottled dark blue grey with iron staining. firm.
2007	Linear	–	–	1.62	0.87m	0.27m	curvilinear feature, vertical sides, uneven base. Appears related to 2013 but may be only a hollow in-filled with occupation/industrial material.
2008	Fill	2007	–	1.62m	0.87m	0.27m	pottery/slag fragments from fill. sandy clay. light brown grey. moist firm.
2009	Linear	–	–	1.30m	0.40m	0.09m	cut of shallow linear or pit, unclear relationship to 2005. Rounded base. rounded terminus.
2010	Fill	2009	–	1.30m	0.40m	0.09m	fill of ditch terminus. clay silt, mid grey brown. firm.
2011	Linear	–	–	–	0.50m	0.09m	cut of ditch terminus. shallow, rounded base. Possibly associated with 2009.
2012	Fill	2011	–	–	0.50m	0.09m	fill of ditch terminus. grey silt, mid grey brown, firm.
2013	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.72m	1.47m	0.15m	irregular shaped feature possibly related to 2007. uneven base, potentially industrial in origin, cut joins with 2007 but relationship unclear.
2014	Fill	2013	–	1.72m	1.48m	0.15m	fill of feature possibly associated with industrial activity. sandy clay, light brown clay, moist firm. pottery fragments.
2015	Linear	–	2249	–	–	–	linear ditch. flat base, gently sloping sides.
2016	Fill	2015	2249	–	–	–	single main fill of linear ditch. silty clay, mid blue grey, firm. silting deposit formed after ditch gone out of use.
2017	Linear	–	2251	–	0.70m	0.25m	curvilinear ditch. rounded base, enclosure ditch.
2018	Fill	2017	2251	–	0.70m	0.25	ditch fill. clay silt, light blue grey, firm.
2019	Linear	–	2250	–	0.55m	0.35m	steep sides flat base, possible RB/IA. curvilinear, flat base, steep sides.
2020	Fill	2019	2250	–	0.55m	0.55m	ditch fill of possible RB ditch. clay silt, light blue grey, firm.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2021	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.60m	1.10m	0.08m	shallow tree bowl. uneven base, circular plan.
2022	Fill	2021	–	1.60m	1.10m	0.08m	fill of probable tree bowl. sandy clay, mid grey brown, firm.
2023	Layer	–	–	3.10m	2.30m	0.10m	subsoil pushed into depression. Clay silt, dark blue grey, firm.
2024	Linear	–	2251	–	0.30m	0.09m	probable natural feature. curvilinear plan, rounded base
2025	Fill	2024	2251	–	0.30m	0.09m	ditch fill. clay silt, mid grey brown, firm.
2026	Linear	–	–	>1.00m	0.38m	0.10m	truncated gully. linear shape in plan, steep sides, rounded base.
2027	Fill	2026	–	>1.00m	0.38m	0.10m	fill of heavily truncated gully. sandy clay, mid grey brown, moist firm, pottery.
2028	Linear	–	2250	–	0.38m	0.12m	cut of medium sized ditch. steep sides, rounded base,
2029	Fill	2028	2250	>1.00m	0.38m	0.12m	similar fills to 2027 and 2020. sandy clay, mid grey brown, firm/moist.
2030	Discrete Cut	–	–	2.60m	1.70m	0.30m	irregular plan, hard to define. curvilinear shape, concave base.
2031	Fill	2030	–	2.60m	1.70m	0.30m	fill of tree-throw. silty clay, mid grey/orange, friable.
2032	Linear	–	–	2.30m	0.70m	0.20m	ill defined cut, probable hedgerow. concave base, linear shape in plan.
2033	Fill	2032	–	2.30m	0.70m	0.20m	backfill of feature associated with hedgerow. silty clay, mid grey orange, friable.
2034	Linear	–	2251	–	0.64m	0.21m	boundary ditch. rounded base, gentle sides.
2035	Fill	2034	2251	–	0.64m	0.21m	fill of boundary/drainage ditch. sandy clay silt, mid blue grey, firm.
2036	Linear	2005	2252	–	0.76m	0.34m	possibly drainage ditch. steep sides, flat base.
2037	Fill	2036	2252	–	0.76m	0.34m	fill of small ditch. sandy clay silty, firm, mid blue grey.
2038	Linear	–	2252	–	0.30m	0.34m	small linear ditch, parallel with 2 others. steep sides, rounded base
2039	Fill	2038	2252	–	0.30m	0.34m	silting deposit after ditch gone out of use. sandy clay silt, mid blue grey, firm.
2040	Linear	–	2252	–	0.40m	0.30m	drainage gully
2041	Fill	2040	2252	–	0.40m	0.30m	sandy clay silt, mid blue grey with light brown mottling, firm, pottery, charcoal from deposit.
2042	Linear	–	–	>10.00	2.05m	0.28m	linear stepped sides, flat base, gentle break of slope
2043	Fill	2042	–	>10.00m	2.05m	0.28m	silty clay, orange brown, plastic consistency, no inclusions.
2044	Discrete Cut	2040	–	–	0.14m	0.12m	0.14m diameter hole in base of ditch 2040, rounded base, steep sided

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2045	Fill	2044	–	–	0.14m	0.14m	clay silt, mid blue grey, hard consistency.
2046	Linear	–	2248	–	0.52m	0.14m	uneven sides, rounded base, gentle break of slope. ditch running SE from ring-ditch.
2047	Fill	2046	2248	–	0.24m	0.02m	silt clay, light blueish grey, moist firm plastic consistency. pottery from deposit.
2048	Fill	2046	2248	–	0.25m	0.10m	sandy clay, dark grey-blue, moist firm. pottery from deposit
2049	Linear	–	2243	1.80m	0.60m	0.20m	notably straight at this point. curvilinear ditch. base narrow/ concave. probable drip gully. Outer of double ring-ditch.
2050	Fill	2049?	2243	–	–	–	silty clay, mid pale grey, firm, occasional' small stones. pottery from deposit, possibly IA/RB.
2051	Discrete Cut	2049	2243	–	0.22m	0.30m	oval shape in plan, steep sides, concave base. cut into base of gully 2049.
2052	Fill	2051	2243	–	0.22m	0.30m	silty clay (loam), mid grey, firm, occasional small stones. red/orange mottles.
2053	Linear	–	2242	–	0.65m	0.07m	very shallow, clear in plan, uneven base. Inner of double ring-gully
2054	Fill	2053?	2242	–	–	–	same as 2052
2055	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	irregular sides, irregular base, silt fill
2056	Fill	2055	–	–	–	–	clayey silt, pale grey/orange mottles, compact
2057	Discrete Cut	–	–	5.00m	3.00m	0.05m	very shallow, flat base, irregular shape in plan.
2058	Fill	2057	–	–	–	–	silty clay loam, brownish grey, orange mottles, firm friable.
2059	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.15m	0.10m	sub circular plan, vertical sides, irregular base.
2060	Fill	2059	–	–	–	–	silty clay, mid brown grey, firm, orange mottles, flecks of charcoal around edges.
2061	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0,30m	0.25m	oval shape in plan, steep sides, concave base. daub/pottery in fill.
2062	Fill	2061	–	–	–	–	silty clay, mid pale orange grey, re-deposited fill with ceramic in situ.
2063	Fill	2061	–	–	–	–	silty clay loam, mid brown grey, friable. daub lump in fill.
2064	Linear	–	2246	–	0.66m	0.18m	linear shape in plan, uneven sides, round base.
2065	Fill	2064	2246	–	0.66m	0.10m	primary ditch fill. silty clay, light blue mottled, moist firm. possible wash in.
2066	Fill	2064	2246	–	0.66m	0.18m	sand clay, dark grey blue, cemented, pottery. natural back fill
2067	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.27m	0.31m	circular, vertical sides, flat base,

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2068	Fill	2067	-	-	0.27m	0.05m	silty clay. light blue grey mottled. firm. pottery
2069	Fill	2067	-	-	0.25m	0.05m	sandy clay, dark grey, firm.
2070	Linear	-	-	>20.00m	1.25m	0.07m	gentle sides, flat base, irregular edges, very shallow.
2071	Fill	2070	-	>20.00m	1.25m	0.07m	mid brown grey, moist plastic, silty clay. similar to natural.
2072	Linear	-	-	>2.00m	0.75m	0.11m	rectangular shape in plan, gentle sides, flat base.
2073	Fill	2074	-	>2.00m	0.75m	0.11m	silty clay, mid orange brown, moist plastic.
2074	Linear	-	-	>20.00m	1.10m	0.15m	linear shape, gentle sides, round base.
2075	Fill	2074	-	>20.00m	1.10m	0.15m	silty clay, mid brown orange, friable. pottery.
2076	Linear	-	2249	-	1.60m	0.30m	irregular base, gentle sides,
2077	Fill	2076	2249	-	1.60m	0.30m	sandy clay silt, mid blue grey with brown mottling, firm.
2078	Linear	-	-	-	1.40m	0.40m	steep sides, uneven base,
2079	Fill	2078	-	-	1.40m	0.40m	sandy clay silt, dark blue grey mottled. fill of re-cut/cut
2080	Layer	-	-	-	-	0.25m	sandy clay silt, mid blue mottled grey, friable.
2081	Layer	-	-	-	-	0.25m- 0.55m	silty clay, mid brown orange with blue grey, firm. silting event filling natural hollow in ground occurring after archaeological activity.
2082	Linear	-	2246	>20.00m	0.58m	0.20m	uneven base, steep sided. possible water channel.
2083	Fill	2082	2246	>20.00m	0.58m	>0.20m	silty clay, mid orange grey, wet friable.
2084	Linear	-	-	-	0.50m	0.20m	irregular shape in plan, gentle sides, rounded base.
2085	Fill	2084	-	-	0.50m	0.20m	silty clay, light blue-grey, firm.
2086	Linear	-	2248	-	0.35m	0.07m	linear shape, gentle sides, rounded base.
2087	Fill	2086	2248	-	0.35m	0.07m	silty clay, light blue grey, firm. inform through-out.
2088	Linear	-	2250	-	0.50m	0.30m	curvilinear, steep sides, irregular base. Same as 2019, truncated by 2005
2089	Fill	2088	2250	-	0.50m	0.30m	clay silt, light blue grey, firm.
2090	Linear	-	2243	>20.00m	0.30m	0.11m	circular shape in plan, steep sides, pointed base. part of outer ring-ditch.
2091	Fill	2090	2243	>20.00m	0.30m	0.11m	fill of ring-ditch. silty clay, dark greyish brown, friable. single fill of ring-ditch
2092	Linear	-	2242	>20.00m	0.36m	0.08m	circular shape in plan, rounded profile.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2093	Fill	2092	2242	>20.00m	0.33m	0.03m	primary fill of ring-ditch. clay, mid orange brown, dry plastic.
2094	Fill	2092	2242	>20.00m	0.36m	0.05m	silty clay, mid orange brown, friable. possible daub.
2095	Linear	–	2242	>20.00m	0.29m	0.10m	circular ditch in plan, rounded base.
2096	Fill	2095	2242	>20.00m	0.29m	0.10m	fill of ring-ditch. silty clay, dry friable. pottery.
2097	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.15m	0.10m	post hole found with-in ring-ditch. Pointed base, steep sides, circular shape.
2098	Fill	2097	–	–	0.15m	0.10m	clay, mid orange brown, plastic consistency.
2099	Linear	–	–	–	1.10m	0.09m	Fragmentary curvilinear feature, possibly related to later drainage ditches e.g. 2245. Gentle sides, flat base, truncated.
2100	Fill	2099	–	–	1.10m	0.09m	sandy clay, mid greyish brown, firm, occasional' stone. uniform fill throughout.
2101	Layer	–	–	>1.46m	1,50m	0.05m	silty clay, dark orange brown, firm, occasional' small stone. subsoil which has settled in a depression in the ground.
2102	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.17m	0.09m	circular, steep sided, narrowing down to a point on sketch. base not excavated. located interior of double ring-ditch
2103	Fill	2102	–	–	0.13m	0.09m	sandy clay, mid grey brown, firm. uniform
2104	Linear	–	2245	>10.00m	1.13m	0.41m	linear, vertical sides, uneven base. cuts the inner gully of ring-ditch, several fills, possibly been re-cut.
2105	Fill	2104	2245	>10.00m	0.88m	0.18m	clay, dark greyish brown, dry plastic, pottery. deliberate backfill
2106	Fill	2104	2245	–	0.44m	0.18m	clay, mid orange, plastic, no inclusions'.
2107	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.24m	0.06m	circular, steep sided, rounded base,. located inside double ring-ditch.
2108	Fill	2107	–	–	0.24m	0.06m	sandy clay, mid grey brown, firm.
2109	Linear	–	2243	>0.75m	0.70m	0.20m	curvilinear, uneven sides, steep towards base.
2110	Fill	2109	2243	–	0.70m	0.20m	silty clay, pale grey with orange patches, firm, occasional small stones. struck flakes form deposit.
2111	Fill	2109	2243	–	–	–	silty clay loam, mid pale brown grey, friable. pottery and flint from this deposit.
2112	Linear	–	–	–	0.5m	0.20m	uneven base, sides unclear.
2113	Fill	2112	–	–	–	–	silty clay loam, mid brown pale grey, friable, occasional small stone. ceramic sherd from this deposit.
2114	Linear	–	2242	>0.70m	0.5m	0.05m	shape not clear in plan, shallow depth, uneven base.
2115	Fill	2114	2242	–	–	–	silty clay loam, mid brownish grey, firm. occasional small stones.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2116	Discrete Cut	–	–	>0.25m	0.20m	0.10m	oval in plan, steep sides, concave base
2117	Fill	2116	–	–	–	–	silty clay, pale brown grey, firm, occasional; small stone.
2118	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.25m	0.13m	sub-circular plan, steep sides. clay fill.
2119	Fill	2112	–	–	–	–	silty clay, pale grey, firm.
2120	Void	–	–	–	0.15m	0.07m	–
2121	Fill	2120	–	–	–	–	Possible void
2122	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.15m	0.10m	oval, round base?
2123	Fill	2122	–	>0.20m	0.15m	0.10m	silty clay, pale brown grey, occasional small stone. tiny ceramic sherd?
2124	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.50m	0.30m	sub-circular, steep sides, poorly defined breaks of slope. excavator was unconvinced it was a feature.
2125	Fill	2124	–	–	–	–	silty clay, pale grey, firm. poorly defined against natural clay.
2126	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	2.00m	0.10m	irregular shape, irregular base. not felt to be archaeological excavator
2127	Fill	2126	–	–	–	–	silty clay loam, mid brownish grey, firm. pottery/daub fragments.
2128	Group	–	2128	1.60m	0.90m	0.07m	group of shallow feature filled by material of same character as 2127, part of depressed/disturbed area. likely not archaeological but filled with residual occupation debris from area. all irregular shapes/bases.
2129	Fill	2128	2128	–	–	–	silty clay loam, firm, mid grey brown, charcoal flecks, occasional small stone.
2130	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.35m	0.10m	circular, steep sides. quite well defined.
2131	Fill	2130	–	–	0.35m	0.10m	silty clay loam, mid grey brown. firm. occasional small stone.
2132	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.30m	0.10m	oval, concave base, well defined in plan, but shallow.
2133	Fill	2132	–	–	–	–	silty clay, firm, mid pale grey.
2134	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.70m	0.30m	0.07m	irregular shape in plan, shallow, uneven base. possibly three conjoined small features. truncated post settings.
2135	Fill	2134	–	–	0.13m	0.07m	silty clay, firm, mid pale grey.
2136	Linear	–	2246	>1.00m	0.80m	0.24m	linear, rounded base, gentle sides. edges similar to natural. excavator stated possibly part of ring gully
2137	Fill	2136	2246	>1.00m	0.39m	0.11m	silty clay, mid blue grey mottled, plastic, occasional charcoal fleck.
2138	Fill	2136	2246	>1.00m	0.80m	0.24m	sand clay, mid grey brown, firm, occasional med' stone.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2139	Fill	2104	2245	>10.00m	0.87m	0.32m	silty clay, dark greyish brown, friable. pottery.
2140	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	–
2141	Fill	2140	–	–	–	–	–
2142	Linear	–	–	>1.60m	0.85m	0.20m	linear, sloping sides, rounded base. cuts ring gullies.
2143	Fill	2142	–	>1.60m	0.90m	0.20m	sandy clay silt, mid brown grey, firm.
2144	Linear	–	2243	–	0.24m	0.05m	circular, gently sides, rounded base,
2145	Fill	2144	2243	–	0.24m	0.05m	silty clay, mid grey brown, firm.
2146	Linear	–	2242	–	0.32m	0.04m	circular, flat base, truncated sides.
2147	Fill	2146	2242	–	0.32m	0.04m	silty clay, mid brown grey, firm
2148	Linear	–	2243	–	0.30m	0.15m	circular, steep sides, rounded base,
2149	Fill	2148	2243	–	0.30m	0.15m	sandy clay silt, mid brown grey, firm, occasional stone.
2150	Linear	–	2242	–	0.40m	0.19m	curvilinear, steep sides, rounded base.
2151	Fill	2150	2242	–	0.40m	0.18m	sandy clay silt, mid brown grey, firm.
2152	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.15m	0.03	circular, irregular base.
2153	Fill	2152	–	–	0.15m	0.03m	silty clay, mid grey brown, firm. excavator had low confidence in feature.
2154	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.14m	0.02	circular, gentle sides, flat base.
2155	Fill	2154	–	–	0.12m	0.03m	silty clay, grey brown, firm.
2156	Linear	–	2248	>1.00m	0.43m	0.08m	linear, gentle sides, rounded base.
2157	Fill	2156	2248	>1.00m	0.43m	0.08m	sandy clay, mid grey brown, firm, occasional small stone.
2158	Linear	–	2246	>1.00m	0.50m	0.15m	linear, gentle sides, flat base.
2159	Fill	2158	2246	>1.00m	0.50m	0.05m	silt clay, light grey mottled orange, plastic.
2160	Fill	2158		>1.00m	0.50m	0.10m	sand clay, mid brown grey, firm. occasional pottery
2161	Linear	–	2245	8.00m	1.10m	0.40m	linear, flat base, steep/gentle slopes. NS aligned. drainage/ boundary ditch.
2162	Fill	2161	2245	8.00m	1.10m	0.40m	sandy clay silt, light brown orange, firm.
2163	Discrete Cut	–	2244	2.03m	2.03m	0.16m	circular, flat base. feature goes into baulk, not visible
2164	Fill	2163	2244	–	2.03m	0.10m	silty clay, mid red brown, firm. fills depression within ring-ditch

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2165	Linear	–	2244	>10.00m	0.39m	0.07m	Ring-ditch, flat base, gentle sides. to the north east of double ring gully.
2166	Fill	2165	2244	>10.00m	0.39m	0.07m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, plastic. occasional pottery.
2167	Linear	–	2244	>10.00m	0.38m	0.10m	circular, steep sides, rounded base. associated with larger double ring-ditch.
2168	Fill	2167	2244	>10.00m	0.38m	0.10m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, dry/plastic.
2169	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.30m	0.04m	circular shape, steep sides, flat base.
2170	Fill	2165	2244	–	0.36m	0.04m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, plastic.
2171	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.46m	0.04m	sub-circular, flat base, gentle sides. in close proximity to three other similar sized pits to the east of the single ring-ditch. 2169, 2175, 2173.
2172	Fill	2171	–	–	0.40m	0.04m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, plastic.
2173	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.51m	0.16m	oval shape, stepped sides, uneven base.
2174	Fill	2173	–	–	0.42m	0.16m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, fry plastic.
2175	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.43m	0.13m	circular, stepped sides, uneven base. in close association with two other pits in the area. lost due to ploughing
2176	Fill	2175	–	–	0.43m	0.13m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, plastic.
2177	Linear	–	2244	>10.00m	0.38m	0.17m	circular shape, steep sides, rounded base. NE of small ring-ditch.
2178	Fill	2177	2244	>10.00m	0.38m	0.17m	silty clay. mid reddish brown, dry plastic.
2179	Linear	–	2243	>10.00m	0.16m	0.14m	circular shape, steep sides, pointed base. outer ring-ditch of double ring-ditch
2180	Fill	2179	2243	–	0.16m	0.14m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, plastic. fill of gully of outer ring-ditch
2181	Linear	–	2246	>10.00m	0.74m	0.27m	linear, gentle sides, rounded base. Part of drainage ditch, truncates both double ring-ditch 2242/2243 and smaller ring-ditch 2244
2182	Fill	2181	2246	>10.00m	0.42m	0.14m	silty clay, mid orange, friable. pottery. primary fill of ditch.
2183	Fill	2181	2246	>10.00m	0.74m	0.13m	silty clay, mid orange brown, plastic. secondary deposit/fill.
2184	Linear	–	2242	>20.00m	0.34m	0.24m	inner ring gully of double ring-ditch. circular, steep sides, rounded base.
2185	Fill	2184	2242	>20.00m	0.34m	0.24m	silty clay, mid reddish brown, plastic. single fill of inner ring gully.
2186	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	four small irregular features, thought by excavator to be part of general occupation activity which has left its mark.
2187	Void	2186	–	–	–	–	–

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2188	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.25m	0.15m	sub-circular, steep sides, concave base.
2189	Fill	2188	–	–	0.25m	0.15m	silty clay, pale grey brown, firm, occasional natural flint.
2190	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	irregular shape, gentle sides,
2191	Fill	2190	–	–	–	–	silty clay, mid brown grey, firm. ceramic 'crumbs' in deposit.
2192	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
2193	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	excavated possible feature with intersection with ring gully, in fact very shallow and no relationship visible.
2194	Fill	2193	–	–	–	–	–
2195	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.70m	0.10m	sub-circular, gentle sides, uneven base, ceramic crumbs visible.
2196	Fill	2195	–	–	–	–	–
2197	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.30m	0.05m	oval, concave. very shallow.
2198	Fill	2197	–	–	0.30m	0.05m	silty clay, dark brown grey, firm.
2199	Linear	–	–	>0.70m	0.30m	0.10m	excavator found it hard to define this feature. felt it had been truncated. similar to other hollow features in the area.
2200	Fill	2199	–	0.70m	0.30m	0.10m	silty clay, mid pale brown grey, firm, occasional small stones. fill of shallow gully, which has been hard to define/interpret.
2201	Natural	–	–	–	0.30m	0.20m	sub-circular, steep sides, concave base. indistinct break of slope.
2202	Natural	2201	–	–	–	–	excavator thought this was probably not archaeology. no dimensions/sketch available.
2203	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.50m	0.40m	sub-circular, steep sides, concave. overlain by ditch 2156. contained pottery
2204	Fill	2203	–	–	–	–	silty clay, mid grey orange mottles, firm. lower clay fill of post hole containing rim sherd.
2205	Fill	2203	–	–	–	–	silty clay, pale mid grey with orange mottles, firm, occasional small stones.
2206	Discrete Cut	–	2247	0.70m	0.50m	0.10m	sub-circular, uneven base, shallow. part of density of shallow features, which have proved hard to define and interpret as archaeological features.
2207	Fill	2206	2247	–	0.50m	0.10m	silty clay loam, mid grey brown, friable. fill of 2006, which is possible feature pit feature.
2208	Discrete Cut	–	2247	1.00m	0.70m	0.10m	excavator felt this was same as 2206. sub-circular, gradual/steep sides.
2209	Fill	2208	2247	–	–	–	silty clay, mid grey brown, friable, occasional small stones.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2210	Void	-	-	-	-	-	-
2211	Void	-	-	-	-	-	-
2212	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	0.20m	0.15m	sub-circular, steep sides, uneven base.
2213	Fill	2212	-	-	0.20m	0.15m	silty clay, mid grey with orange mottles. interface with natural not clear.
2214	Discrete Cut	2156	2248	-	-	-	same as 2156
2215	Fill	2214	-	-	-	-	same as 2157
2216	Layer	-	-	-	0.20m	0.03m	Same as 2054
2217	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	0.40m	0.25m	sub-circular, steep sides, concave base.
2218	Fill	2217	-	-	0.40m	0.25m	silty clay, mixed orange clay, firm. excavator thought re-deposited clay
2219	Fill	2217	-	-	-	-	silty clay, pale grey /mid brown, firm.
2220	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	0.60m	0.25m	oval shape, steep sides, flattish base.
2221	Fill	2220	-	-	0.45m	0.20m	silty clay, dark grey with orange mottles, firm, occasional small stones. lower fill of possible pit. RB/IA rim.
2222	Fill	2220	-	-	0.45m	0.10m	silty clay, mid grey brown, firm. upper fill of possible pit.
2223	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	0.30m	0.15m	oval shape, steep sides, flat base.
2224	Fill	2223	-	-	0.20m	0.15m	silty clay, mid brown grey, firm.
2225	Discrete Cut	-	-	1.05m	0.25m	0.10m	linear, steep sides, concave base. appears to be cut by boundary ditch, excavator uncertain of interpretation. cut by ditch 2161.
2226	Fill	2225	-	1.05m	0.25m	0.10m	silty clay, pale grey, firm, occasional small stones. excavator thought there were tiny crumbs of vessel
2227	Linear	-	-	>1.20m	0.35m	0.10m	linear, 45 degree sides, uneven base. large stones in fill removed during machining.
2228	Fill	2227	-	>1.20m	0.35m	0.10m	silty clay, mid brown grey with orange mottling, firm. possible core waste from fill.
2229	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	0.30m	0.10m	oval, gentle sides, concave base. appears to be very truncated, stone lifted to reveal pottery and flint underneath.
2230	Fill	2229	-	-	-	-	same as 2207. containing pot and flint.
2231	Discrete Cut	-	-	-	0.20m	0.05m	sub-circular, concave base. likely to be hollow rather than specific cut feature.
2232	Fill	2231	-	-	-	-	same as 2054

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
2233	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.10m	0.15m	distinct semi circular shaped hole, excavator thought representing semi circular stake. not bottomed. seen after removal of 2095.
2234	Fill	2233	–	–	–	–	–
2235	Discrete Cut	–	2247	–	5.00m	0.10m	Shallow irregular depression with some evidence of culturally derived material within it
2236	Fill	2235	2247	–	–	–	Thin sediment with some evidence for charcoal/fired clay within it. Possibly derived from occupation activity in this area.
2237	Linear	–	–	10.00m	1.00m	0.15m	linear, shallow/wide, pottery from base of cut.
2238	Fill	2237	–	–	–	–	silty clay, mid grey brown, firm. pottery sherds from deposit.
2239	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.25m	0,07m	sub-circular, 45 degree sides.
2240	Fill	2239	–	–	0.25m	0.07m	silty clay, mid brown grey, firm, charcoal flecks.
2241	Fill	2053	2242	–	–	–	same as 2054. contained iron nail small find 002. excavator thought RB date. feature from within double ring-ditch.
2242	Group	–	2242	–	–	–	Inner ring-ditch of double ring-ditch
2243	Group	–	2243	–	–	–	Outer ring-ditch of double ring-ditch
2244	Group	–	2244	–	–	–	Small ring-ditch half exposed in excavation area to north-east of double ring-ditch 2242/2243
2245	Group	–	2245	–	–	–	N-s aligned linear feature terminating in a rounded terminal at S end
2246	Group	–	2246	–	–	–	N-s aligned linear feature, probably drainage, associated with 2248 & 2084
2247	Group	–	2247	–	–	–	Generic group for thin apparently anthropogenic sediments without clear formation processes or association with definite features - probably remnant of occupation activity in this area.
2248	Group	–	2248	–	–	–	N-s aligned linear feature, probably drainage, associated with 2246 & 2084
2249	Group	–	2249	–	–	–	Group to associate 2015 and 2076
2250	Group	–	2250	–	–	–	Group to associate 2019 and 2028
2251	Group	–	2251	–	–	–	Group to associate 2017 and 2024
2252	Group	–	2252	–	–	–	Group to associate various components of 2005, 2036, 2038 & 2040
3000	Fill	–	–	–	–	0.20m	silty clay, mid grey brown, friable/soft, orc small stone. directly on top of natural gravel in places.
3001	Fill	–	–	–	–	0.20m	sandy clay, yellow grey, friable soft.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
3002	Fill	-	-	-	-	-	natural varied over the site. in area 3 for example there was gravel on higher parts of site, lower elevations indicated clays.
3003	Void	-	-	-	-	-	-
3004	Fill	-	-	-	-	-	no information on sheets. plan 19?
3005	Discrete Cut	-	-	30.00m	2.00m	-	not excavated
3006	Fill	-	-	30.00m	2.00m	-	only exposed not excavated.
3007	Discrete Cut	-	-	1.00m	0.60m	0.22m	oval, sloping sides, concave base, gradual break of slope at top. long axis N/S, burrow disturbance on edge of pit. possible fire/ cooking pit
3008	Fill	3007	-	1.00m	0.60m	0.22m	sandy clay, dark grey, friable, common angular stones, occasional charcoal fleck.
3009	Fill	3008	-	0.35m	0.25m	0.15m	sandy clay, mid yellow grey, friable. secondary backfill deposit of possible cooking fire/pit.
3010	Linear	-	-	7.00m	0.60m	0.18m	linear ditch, sloping sides, concave base. orientated NW-SE
3011	Fill	3010	-	7.00m	0.60m	0.18m	sandy silty clay, mid brown orange, friable. well sorted, pot sherd found on surface.
3012	Linear	3012	5938	16.00m	1.70m	0.28m	linear, gently sloping sides, rounded base. aligned NNW-SSE,
3013	Fill	3012	5938	16.00m	1.00m	0.12m	silty sand, light yellow brown, loose.
3014	deposit	3012	5938	-	-	-	-
3015	deposit	3012	5938	-	-	-	-
3016	Linear	3016	5938	16.00m	1.83m	0.28m	linear, gentle sides, aligned NNW-SSE
3017	Fill	3016	5938	16.00m	1.02m	0.11m	sand, reddish brown, loose.
3018	Fill	3016	5938	16.00M	0.55m	0.26m	stony silty sand, light reddish brown, loose.
3019	Fill	3016	5938	16.00m	0.92m	0.28m	sandy silt, dark reddish brown, compact.
3020	Linear	-	3055	>3.00m	1.00m	0.50m	circular ditch, steep sided, v-ditch profile, wide terminus cut. currency bar SF 3001 found in this terminus.
3021	Fill	3020	3055	>3.00m	1.00m	0.50	silty sand, mid grey brown, firm, frequent' gravel, occasional pottery. currency bar from this deposit 3001
3022	Linear	3022	3055	1.00m slot	0.90m	0.50m	sub rounded pit, steep sided, flat base. re-cut most visible in plan. ditch widened around sword/bar suggesting a distinct cut feature to accommodate artefact.
3023	Fill	3022	3055	-	-	-	silty sand, mid grey brown, deposit surrounding currency bar.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
3024	Linear	–	3055	–	1.40m	0.64m	circular, steep sides, v-profile down to flattish base. terminus is dug wider and deeper at terminus. fragments of pottery recovered from this cut.
3025	Fill	3024	3055	–	1.40m	0.64m	silty sand, light brown, soft, common small stones. flint core from this deposit and daub/pottery.
3026	Linear	–	3055	–	1.10m	0.50m	circular, steep sided, v-profile, flattish base.
3027	Fill	3026	3055	–	1.10m	0.50m	silty sand, light brown, soft, common small stones. no evidence of secondary fill.
3028	Linear	–	3055	–	0.70m	0.40m	circular steep sided, v-profile, flattish base.
3029	Fill	3028	3055	–	0.70m	0.40m	silty sand, light brown, soft, common small stones. no tipping lines evident.
3030	Linear	3030	3055	–	0.60m	0.45m	circular, v-profile narrowing to flattish base. well defined edges
3031	Fill	3030	3055	–	0.60m	0.45m	silty clay, mid brown, friable, well sorted. single event, no tip lines.
3032	Linear	–	3055	–	0.80m	0.44m	circular, steep sides, v-profile narrowing to flattish base. cut of probable bronze age ring-ditch
3033	Fill	3032	3055	–	0.80m	0.44m	silty sand, light brown, soft, common small stones. pottery from this fill
3034	Linear	–	3055	–	0.70m	0.48m	circular, steep sides, v-profile down to narrow base.
3035	Fill	3034	3055	–	0.70m	0.48m	sandy silty clay, mid brown, friable. well sorted. pottery on basal edge of cut.
3036	Linear	–	3055	–	–	–	–
3037	deposit	3036	3055	–	–	–	–
3038	Linear	–	3055	–	1.30m	0.40m	circular, steep sides, v-profile narrowing to flattish base.
3039	Fill	3038	3055	–	1.30m	0.40m	silty sand, light brown, soft, common small stones. fill of ring-ditch
3040	Linear	–	3055	–	1.50m	0.40m	circular, steep sides, flattish base.
3041	Fill	3040	3055	–	1.30m	0.40m	clayey sand, light brown, soft, fill more clayey than other segment fills.
3042	Linear	–	3055	–	1.40m	0.70m	circular, gentle sides, flattish base, wide at top.
3043	Fill	3042	3055	–	1.60m	0.23m	clayey sand, mid pink brown, loose friable. ring-ditch fill
3044	Linear	–	3055	–	0.80m	0.42m	circular, steep sides, flat base. BA RING DITCH
3045	Fill	3044	3055	–	0.80m	0.42m	clayey silty sand, grey brown, firm, occasional flint.
3046	Linear	–	3055	–	1.00m	0.38m	circular, steep sides, flat base. BA ring-ditch

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
3047	Fill	3046	3055	–	1.00m	0.38m	clayey silty sand, mid grey brown, firm. occasional flint
3048	Linear	–	3055	–	1.55m	0.44m	circular, steep sides, rounded base. BA ring-ditch
3049	Fill	3048	3055	–	1.55m	0.44m	clayey sand, mid pink brown, loose, friable. ring-ditch fill
3050	deposit	3049	3055	–	–	–	–
3051	Linear	–	3055	–	1.30m	0.35m	circular, steep sides, flattish base.
3052	Fill	4051	–	–	1,30m	0.35m	–
3053	Linear	–	3055	–	–	–	–
3054	Fill	3053	3055	–	0.70m	0.41m	clay silty sand, mid grey brown, firm. occasional flint. ring-ditch fill
3055	Group	–	3055	–	–	–	–
3056	Fill	3057	5938	–	1.36m	0.30m	silty sandy gravel, brown orange, compact. unworked flint pebbles.
3057	Linear	–	5938	–	1.36m	0.30m	linear, irregular sides, uneven base. root action evident in base of feature. possible hedge line, or long linear field boundary.
3058	Fill	3059	5938	–	1.75m	0.13m	silty sandy gravel, brown orange, friable/dry, pottery fragment from this deposit.
3059	Linear	–	5938	–	1.75m	0.13m	linear, uneven base, uneven sides. possible hedge line
3060	Discrete Cut	–	–	6.00m	0.50m	0.20m	irregular sides/base, curvilinear shape but ill defined. collapsed burrow?
3061	Fill	3060	–	6.00m	0.50m	0.20m	silty clay. mid grey brown, compact. backfill of likely natural feature/vegetation.
3062	Linear	–	5938	9.00m	3.4m	0.05m	linear, sloped sides, irregular base. very shallow cut, little remains of feature. unlikely archaeology.
3063	Fill	3062	5938	9.00m	3.40m	0.05m	silty clay, pale brown orange, compact. possible hedge line. presence of manganese suggests waterlogging?
5000	Layer	–	–	–	–	0.27	Formed by intense ploughing within this area
5001	Layer	–	–	–	–	0.33	Subsoil - undisturbed beneath topsoil (5000)
5002	Layer	–	–	–	–	–	Varies over the area. Between a mid orange grey silty clay and a mid yellow grey silty clay.
5003	Discrete Cut	–	–	6.00	4.40	0.16	Natural banding. Possibly a ploughed out linear but the size and irregular nature of the feature suggest a naturally in-filled hollow.
5004	Fill	5003	–	6.00	4.40	0.16	Natural silting up of hollow. Silty clay, very slightly stony (small-medium angular flint)

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5005	Linear	–	–	5.50	1.60	0.12	Ditch for ploughed out field boundary. Runs north-south. Sides are gently sloping on the west side but steep on the east side with an uneven base and a smooth break of slope.
5006	Fill	5005	–	5.5	1.6	0.12	Single fill possibly ploughed out in the upper deposit. Silty clay, slightly stony (small-medium, angular flint), light yellow brown with a clear, wavy interface and a moist, firm consistency.
5007	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.35	0.23	0.17	Located in the south-east corner of area 3. Oval in plan with vertical to steep sides and a concave base.
5008	deposit	5007	–	0.35	0.23	0.17	Silty clay with abundant charcoal inclusions and some stones. Fill is dark brown to black in colour with a clear interface and a friable consistency,
5009	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.35	0.38	0.08	Post-hole located in south-east of area 3. Possible packing stones observed in fill. Oval in plan with vertical sides (and a slight step at the eastern end) and a flat base.
5010	Fill	5009	–	0.35	0.38	0.08	Silty clay, dark brown black with a clear interface and friable consistency. Abundant charcoal and sizable stones. Possible brick found within fill.
5011	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.06	1.08	0.28	Located in the south-east area of area 3. Filled by multiple fills (5011 and 5012). Roughly circular in plan with steep sides and a flat base with a depression in it's centre. Breaks of slope are sharp at the top and smooth at the base.
5012	Fill	5011	–	1.08	1.08	0.14	Heat affected natural. Composed of vitrified sand associated with intense heat occurring above. Covers all areas of the base and sides, surrounds (5013). Dark red brown vitrified sand with a clear, wavy interface and a dry, compact consistency. No inclusions.
5013	Fill	5011	–	0.92	0.78	0.12	Primary fill of cooking pit [5011], surrounded by (5012). Backfilled with a mix of burnt material and soil not affected by the heat suggesting the pit was cleaned out after use.
5014	Linear	–	–	7.00	1.60	0.20	Runs north-west to south-east. Possible field boundary or boundary enclosing two ovals pits tot he east. Linear in plan with sloping sides and a flat base.
5015	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.20	0.85	0.30	Truncated by later activity. Possibly used for sand extraction. Sub-circular in plan with steep sides and a flat base. Gradual breaks of slope.
5016	Fill	5015	–	1.20	0.85	0.30	Singular homogenous fill. Natural back filling. Probably truncated by ploughing. Mid reddish brown silty sand with a clear, smooth interface and a dry, loose consistency. Occasional small stones found within. Some pieces of worked flint found in the upper third of the fill.
5017	Linear	–	–	2.00	0.30	0.14	Small gully located east of pit [5011]. Overcut. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a flat base.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5018	Fill	–	–	2.00	0.30	0.14	Single fill of gully. In area of rooting and animal burrow disturbance. Mid orangey brown silty sand with a clear interface and dry, loose consistency. Rare small stone inclusions.
5019	Linear	–	5249	6.00	1.80	0.70	Boundary ditch possibly associated with occupational activity in area 3. Linear in plan running north-west to south-east, sides are gradually sloping-steep with a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope.
5020	Fill	5019	5249	–	0.98	0.42	Lower fill of boundary ditch [5019]. Redeposited natural, possibly imported from elsewhere on the site to back fill the ditch. Light yellow brown silty clay, slightly stony (small-medium angular stones), with a sharp, smooth interface and a moist, compact consistency. One possible piece of worked flint.
5021	Fill	5019	5249	–	0.55	0.22	Slumping material gradually infilling the ditch. Light pink brown silty clay, very slightly stony (small-medium angular stones).
5022	Fill	5019	5249	–	0.60	0.20	Natural silting up of ditch. Light grey brown clay silt, slightly stony (small-large angular flint), with a diffuse, wavy interface and a moist, loose consistency.
5023	Fill	5019	5249	–	0.72	0.15	Natural silting episode. Light yellow brown, silt clay, very slightly stony (small and angular), with a diffuse, wavy interface and a dry, loose consistency.
5024	Fill	5019	5249	–	1.02	0.08	Charcoal rich fill indicating a burning episode, probably of a hedge line. Not present in south-east section. Dark grey brown clay silt, slightly stony (small-medium angular, moderate sorting), with a sharp, smooth deposit interface and a dry, loose consistency. Frequent charcoal inclusions.
5025	Fill	5019	5249	–	0.78	0.06	Upper silting deposit of ditch [5019]. Final instance of infilling. May be residual subsoil. Light grey brown clay silt, very slightly stony (small-medium angular, well sorted) with a clear, smooth interface and a dry, loose consistency. Rare charcoal inclusions.
5026	Linear	–	–	6.00	1.90	0.72	Boundary ditch possibly surrounding occupational activity in area 3. Same as [5019]. Linear in plan running north-west to south-east with gently sloping sides and a rounded base. Breaks of slope are sharp at the top and smooth at the base.
5027	Fill	5026	–	–	1.15	0.42	Redeposited natural, same as (5020). Light yellow brown silty clay with occasional inclusions of natural flint. Sharp, smooth interface and moist, compact consistency.
5028	Fill	5026	–	–	1.20	0.22	Natural silting up deposit. Light yellow brown clay silt with very slightly stony (small-medium angular) inclusions. Clear, wavy interface with moist, loose consistency.
5029	Fill	5026	–	–	1.80	0.27	Upper fill. Natural deposit. Mid yellow brown silty clay with a clear, smooth interface and dry, loose consistency. Rare charcoal flecks observed on surface but not in section. May be related to event represented by (5024).

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5030	Linear	–	5030	5.00	1.80	0.75	Boundary ditch with multiple fills (5031, 5032, 5037). May represent the return of [5019, 5026] Linear in plan with steep sides and a flat base. Gradual breaks of slope.
5031	Fill	5030	5030	5.00	0.60	0.20	Secondary fill, slumping episode occurring after (5037). Light yellowish grey silty clay with occasional small stones, a clear interface and moist, plastic consistency.
5032	Fill	5030	5030	5.00	1.80	0.55	Upper fill. Homogenous deposit. Natural silting episode. Mid brown silty clay with abundant small and medium stones (particularly in the lower half of the fill), also a clear interface and firm consistency.
5033	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.54	0.43	0.08	Pit heavily truncated by ploughing. Similar to [5035] 0.80m to the west, so possibly related. For storage or disposal. Roughly circular with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and smooth breaks of slope.
5034	Fill	5033	–	0.54	0.43	0.08	Mid grey brown clay sand, slightly stony (small-large, angular), with a diffuse, smooth interface and moist, loose consistency. Occasional daub fragments.
5035	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	0.09	Located 0.80m to west of similar pit [5033] and may be related. Shallow nature of pit suggests truncation by ploughing. Sub-circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and smooth breaks of slope.
5036	Fill	5035	–	–	–	0.09	Mid grey brown silty clay with a diffuse, smooth interface and moist, loose consistency. Cut by ploughing.
5037	Fill	5030	5030	5.00	0.20	0.20	Slumping layer. Probably the same phase as (5031). Light greyish brown silty clay with occasional small stones, a clear interface and moist, firm consistency.
5038	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.90	0.40	0.10	Depression filled with (5039). Disposal of burnt material. Sub-circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5039	Fill	5038	–	0.90m	0.40m	0.10m	Single fill. Dark greyish brown silty clay with rare small stones and with a clear interface and a soft, moist consistency. Abundant charcoal and a single piece of heat affected flint. Ferrous objects found within fill included nails and an unidentified piece of scrap.
5040	Linear	–	5367	5.50	1.28	0.19	Boundary or enclosure ditch. Runs WNW-ESE. Dark patch runs through linear - observed at surface level (5042) Irregular linear in plan with gently sloping sides, an uneven base and smooth breaks of slope.
5041	Fill	5040	5367	–	0.48	0.06	Natural silting deposit. Light grey brown sandy clay, slightly stony (small, angular, well sorted) with a diffuse, smooth interface, a wet, loose consistency and rare flecks of charcoal.
5042	Fill	5040	5367	–	1.22	0.19	Primary fill. Mid grey brown sandy clay, very slightly stony (small-medium angular), with a clear, smooth interface and a moist, loose consistency. Frequent charcoal flecks and rare pottery inclusions.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5043	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.50	0.50	0.10	Small truncated pit or post hole. Sub circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and gradual breaks of slope.
5044	Fill	5043	–	0.50	0.50	0.10	Single fill. Natural silting. Mid brown silty clay with rare small stone inclusions, a clear interface, and a moist, soft consistency.
5045	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.50	0.45	0.15	Pit or post-hole. Located near to [5043] and on a similar alignment to [5033 and 5055] Sub circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5046	Fill	5045	–	0.50	0.45	0.15	Single fill. Truncated by ploughing. Mid brown sandy clay with rare small stones and one large stone, a clear interface, and a moist, soft consistency.
5047	Linear	–	5924	2.00	0.60	0.11	Remnant of linear running parallel with [5049]. Evidence of previous evaluation work on eastern edge and field drains cut it to the south. Probable boundary ditch. Linear in plan with gently sloping side, and a flat base.
5048	Fill	5048	–	2.00	0.60	0.11	Single fill with some evidence of root action. Probably truncated by ploughing. Mid brown silty clay with orange flecks and rare small stones. A clear interface and a wet, plastic consistency.
5049	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	–
5050	Fill	5049	–	–	–	–	–
5051	Linear	–	–	5.20	0.90	0.15	Located in south-east corner of area 3. Forms an 'L' shape and may suggest an enclosure of some kind. [5053] possibly related. No intercutting was observed in a relationship slot suggesting they were contemporary. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and smooth breaks of slope.
5052	Fill	5051	–	5.20	0.90	0.15	Light grey brown silty clay, very slightly stony (small-large angular) with a sharp, smooth interface and a dry, firm consistency.
5053	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.31	0.29	0.12	Possible association with [5051 and 5057] Roughly circular in plan with steep sides, a V-shaped base and sharp breaks of slope.
5054	Fill	5053	–	0.31	0.29	0.12	Mid grey brown silty clay, very slightly stony (small angular stones), with a sharp, smooth interface and a dry, firm consistency. Rare charcoal flecks occur throughout.
5055	Linear	–	5934	2.00	0.50	0.10	Curves north-south and cut by later activity at southern end. Linear in plan with a flat base. Contained modern roots
5056	Fill	5055	5934	2.00	0.50	0.10	Single fill, natural silting episode. Mixed. Mid greyish brown silt clay flecked with orange, with rare small stones, a gradual interface and a wet, plastic consistency.
5057	Linear	–	–	4.00	0.74	0.21	Rectilinear feature similar to [5051]. Runs east-west. Rectilinear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and smooth breaks of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5058	Fill	5057	–	–	0.74	0.21	Likely to have been truncated from above by ploughing. Light grey brown silty clay, very slightly stony (small-large angular), with a clear, smooth interface and a dry, firm consistency.
5059	Linear	–	–	3.30	0.90	0.24	Runs north-east to south-west. Not fully excavated because it is believed to be natural banding. Linear in plan with steep sides. Not fully excavated.
5060	Fill	5059	–	0.90	0.80	0.24	Written off as a variation in the natural so not fully excavated. Gets stonier towards the base. Light grey brown sandy silt abundant flint (small-large, angular) inclusions, a diffuse, irregular interface and a loose, moist consistency. The soil was stained with orange flecks and contained manganese.
5061	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.65	0.92	0.20	Next to [5059]. Ground conditions very dry so difficult to determine relationship. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope.
5062	Fill	5061	–	0.65	0.92	0.20	Similar to (5059) suggesting a natural silting up. Uniform throughout. Mid grey brown sand silt with occasional angular flint (medium) gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5063	Linear	–	–	–	–	–	Located in south-east corner of area 3. Ditch runs east-west but curves north at both ends.
5064	Fill	5063	–	–	–	–	Uniform throughout.
5065	Linear	–	–	–	0.78	0.10	Runs north-south in western area of area 3. Gully [5067] runs parallel to west and curvilinear [5047] to east. Same as [5049]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides on the east and very gently sloping sides on the west. A flat base and a gentle break of slope.
5066	Fill	5065	–	–	0.78	0.10	Natural silting deposit. Mid grey brown silty clay with occasional small pebbles, a clear interface and a friable consistency. Charcoal flecks and lithics observed.
5067	Linear	–	–	–	0.30	0.08	Runs north - south parallel to [5065] which is to the east. Linear in plan with shallow and sloping sides, a rounded base and gentle breaks of slope.
5068	Fill	5068	–	–	0.30	0.08	Natural silting up of linear. Mid grey brown silty clay sand with occasional pebbles, a clear interface and a friable consistency. Charcoal and lithic inclusions.
5069	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.40	0.30	0.10	Pit or posthole located between ditches [5065] and (5067]. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and gentle break of slope.
5070	Fill	5069	–	–	–	–	Light grey brown clay silty sand with occasional small stones, diffuse interface and firm consistency. Moderate amounts of charcoal throughout.
5071	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.43	0.40	0.06	Truncated by ploughing. Near to [5067]. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, and a flat base.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5072	Fill	5071	–	0.43	0.40	0.06	Single fill. Disturbed by root action. Mid grey brown sand silt with a clear, smooth interface, and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional small and medium flecks of charcoal.
5073	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.71	0.17	0.04	Circular in plan, gently sloping sides, flat base and gentle breaks of slope.
5074	Fill	5073	–	0.13	0.13	0.03	Upper fill of post hole. Mid blue brown, sandy silt with occasional flint (medium, angular), a abrupt, smooth interface and a firm, moist consistency.
5075	Fill	5073	–	0.14	0.14	0.02	Lower fill of post hole. Black charcoal and sand with an abrupt, smooth interface and a loose, grainy and moist consistency.
5076	Linear	–	–	–	0.50	0.03	Runs east-west at south-west edge of area 3. Truncated by ploughing. Cut to the east by a land drain. Linear in plan, gently sloping sides, flat base and gradual breaks of slope.
5077	Fill	5076	–	–	0.50	0.03	Natural silting episode. Heavily truncated by ploughing. Mid yellow brown sandy silt with a clear, smooth interface and a loose moist consistency.
5078	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.93	0.63	0.11	Feature has 'arms' leading off into the natural, probably related to root action from a tree bowl. Circular in plan with gently sloping/stepped sides, an uneven base and a gradual break of slope.
5079	Fill	5078	–	0.93	0.63	0.11	Natural silting occurring within tree bowl. Decayed wood observed in this feature. Blueish grey silty sand with a clear interface and loose consistency.
5080	Linear	–	–	+5.00	0.58	0.11	Near western edge of area 3. Bends approximately 90 degrees to south but unclear as to where it goes after that due to wet conditions. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and gradual breaks of slope.
5081	Fill	5080	–	+5.00	0.58	0.11	Single fill. Natural silting up of linear. Reddish orange silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, wet consistency.
5082	Linear	–	–	+5.00	0.54	0.09	Boundary ditch. Runs east-west near western edge of area 3. Runs 90 degrees from the modern field boundary. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a rounded base.
5083	Fill	5082	–	+5.00	0.54	0.09	Single fill, natural in-filling. Reddish brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose consistency.
5084	Discrete Cut	–	–	6.00	0.38	0.04	Terminus of 'L' shaped ditch at western edge of area 3. 'L' shaped linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a flat base.
5085	Fill	5084	–	6.00	0.38	0.04	Single fill. Natural backfilling. Reddish brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, wet fill.
5086	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	Located in south-west edge of area 3. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5087	Fill	5086	–	–	–	–	Single fill, natural backfill. Yellow red silty sand with a gradual interface and loose, dry consistency.
5088	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.92	0.80	0.20	Located near south western edge of area 3. Circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5089	Fill	5088	–	–	–	–	Single fill. Reddish brown silty sand with occasional medium to large stones (mainly in the centre and base of fill), a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5090	Linear	–	5570	+6.00	0.79	0.10	Field boundary. Located in centre of area 3 and runs east - west. Runs parallel to modern field boundary. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a flat base.
5091	Fill	5090	5570	+6.00	0.79	0.10	Single fill, naturally silted up after use. Mid red orange silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5092	Linear	–	5570	>1.00m	0.55	0.20	Linear in plan with steep-gradual sides, a flat base and a moderate break of slope.
5093	Fill	5092	5570	–	–	–	Mid orange brown sandy silt loam with common small-medium stones, a good interface and friable consistency.
5094	Linear	–	5622	+3.00	0.95	0.26	Field boundary running north-west to south-east. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5095	Fill	5094	5622	+3.00	0.95	0.26	Single fill, natural backfill. Mid reddish brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional manganese observed within.
5096	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.65	0.65	0.26	Located to the western edge of [5098]. Circular in plan with steep edges, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5097	Fill	5096	–	0.65	0.65	0.26	Single fill. Mid brown orange silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional charcoal and pottery. Pottery had rounded edges (possibly suggesting the pieces were exposed before being deposited in the fill?)
5098	Fill	5099	5162	–	0.70	0.16	Animal burrowing on the western edge. Mid light orangey grey brown with occasional sub-angular flint pebbles (medium), a clear interface and a damp, soft consistency. Lithics recovered from fill (4 flakes and one thumb scrapper)
5099	Linear	–	5162	178.38	0.70	0.16	Runs north-south. Heavily disturbed on western edge by animal burrowing. Irregular linear in plan, with irregular, gently sloping sides and a flat base.
5100	Discrete Cut	5120	5249	0.16	0.15	0.10	Small pit or posthole cutting tertiary fills of [5120] but not clearing cutting (5119) Oval in plan with near vertical sides, a concave base and sharp breaks of slope.
5101	Fill	5100	5249	–	–	–	Mid grey brown sandy silt loam with rare small stones, a fair interface, and a friable consistency. Common charcoal flecks and fragments of pottery (possibly Iron Age)

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5102	Discrete Cut	–	5155	27.00m	1.58	0.56	Possible ring-ditch, heavily truncated by ploughing. Rounded linear in plan with steep sides of north edge and gently sloping on the south edge, a flat base and a sharp break of slope on the north with a gradual break of slope on the south.
5103	Fill	5102	5155	20.00	1.58	0.56	Single fill. Natural back fill. Light reddish brown silty sand with occasional gravel inclusions, a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5104	Fill	5105	–	0.63	0.63	0.22	Possible burial pit. No bone recovered. Mid to dark orangey grey brown silty sandy loam with an excellent interface and a soft, dry consistency. Charcoal flecks near the top of the fill and pottery inclusions high up and central in fill. Flint flakes were also recovered.
5105	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.63	0.63	0.22	Possible burial pit. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a predominantly flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5106	Discrete Cut	–	5250	0.40	0.35	0.15	Located beside and north of pit [5108] and west of pits [5110 and 5112]. Circular in plan with sharp sloping sides and a concave base. Contained a small collared urn.
5107	Fill	5106	5250	0.40	0.35	0.15	Backfill around urn. Slightly heat affected. Contained urn SF5001 Pale brown red silty sand clay with a clear interface and a loose, friable consistency. Charcoal fragments and rare burnt bone also contained within.
5108	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.35	0.35	0.18	Located within large ring-ditch in south centre of area 3, situated directly beside [5106] and west of pits [5110 and 5112]. Circular in plan with sharp sloping sides and a concave base.
5109	Fill	5108	–	0.35	0.35	0.18	Dumped deposit, similar to surrounding pits. Proximity to ring-ditch suggests un-urned cremation. Dark grey brown silty clay with a clear interface and a friable, loose consistency. Rare burnt bone flecks and moderate amounts of charcoal fragments.
5110	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.25	0.20	0.08	Possible un-urned cremation. Located within large ring-ditch in south centre of area 3. Situated between [5122] to the east and [5106 and 5108] to the west. Circular in plan with sloped sides and a concave base.
5111	Fill	5110	–	0.25	0.20	0.08	Slightly truncated to the north. Similar to (5113, 5109, and 5107). Dumped deposit. Dark grey brown silty clay with a clear interface and a loose, friable consistency. Occasional burnt stone fragments observed within.
5112	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.45	0.40	0.18	Located within large ring-ditch in south centre of area 3. Situated east of pit [5110]. Circular in plan with sloping sides and a concave base.
5113	Fill	5112	–	0.45	0.40	0.18	Dumped deposit, possibly an un-urned cremation. Dark grey brown silty clay with a clear interface and a friable, loose consistency. Moderate amounts of small charcoal fragments. Rare flecks of burnt bone.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5114	Linear	–	5250	–	2.70	1.20	Northern point of ring-ditch in south centre of area 3. [5120] appears to clip the outer edge at this point. Steep sides with flat base and a moderate break of slope.
5115	Fill	5114	5250	–	–	–	Single mixed fill? Mid yellow brown sandy silt with common small and occasional medium stones, an irregular interface and a soft, friable consistency.
5116	Fill	5114	5250	–	–	–	Mid yellow brown sandy silt with rare small stones, a diffuse interface and a soft, friable consistency. Occasional charcoal scattered in top of deposit. Lithics recovered from fill.
5117	Fill	5114	5250	–	–	–	Fill of ring-ditch. Mid orange brown, sandy silt loam with occasional small-medium stones, a clear interface and friable consistency. Lithics recovered from within fill.
5118	Fill	5114	5250	–	–	–	Upper fill of ring-ditch. Mid grey brown sandy silt loam with occasional small-medium stones, a diffuse interface, and a friable consistency. Some BA pottery was recovered from the surface of the feature and some lithics were recovered from within the fill.
5119	Fill	5120	5250	–	–	–	Same as (5118) Possible flint flakes recovered
5120	Linear	–	5249	–	2.30	1.00	Boundary ditch. Multiple natural backfilling episodes. Runs north-west to south-east across site. Linear in plan with steep-very steep sides, a flat base and a moderate break of slope.
5121	Fill	5120	5249	–	–	–	Primary fill of enclosure ditch. Mid brownish grey silty sand with rare small stones, a sharp interface and a soft consistency.
5122	Fill	5120	5249	–	–	–	Mid brown grey gravel and sand with a sharp interface and a compact consistency.
5123	Fill	5120	5249	–	–	–	Mid yellow brown sandy silt loam with occasional small stones and rare medium stone inclusions. A good interface with a soft consistency.
5124	Fill	5120	5249	–	–	–	Mid orange brown sandy silt loam with frequent medium-large flint and stones. Weak interface and friable consistency.
5125	Fill	5120	5249	–	–	–	Mid orange brown sandy silt loam with occasional small-medium stones, a diffuse interface and a friable consistency.
5126	Fill	5127	–	1.51	1.21	0.33	Naturally silted up after use. Mid orangey brown sandy silt with occasional stones and flint pebbles (medium), a clear interface with a damp, soft consistency. Abundant charcoal and occasional lithics within fill.
5127	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.51	1.21	0.33	Cut by evaluation trench on south-east edge and by [5192]. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope. Possibly a disposal pit for a fire.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5128	Linear	–	5250	20.00	1.24	0.32	Terminus of ring-ditch [5102]. Located in the centre of area 3. Other terminus not visible, possibly ploughed out. Linear in plan with gently sloping and sharp edges, a flat base and gradual breaks of slope.
5129	Fill	5128	5250	20.00	1.24	0.32	Single fill of terminus [5128]. Natural silting episode. Light reddish brown silty sand with a clear deposit interface and loose, dry consistency.
5130	Discrete Cut	–	5155	20.00	0.49	0.09	Heavily damaged by the plough. Only base remains. Same as [5132 and 5102]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual break of slope.
5131	Fill	5130	5155	1.20	0.49	0.09	Single fill, natural silting. Mid reddish brown silty sand with a gradual interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5132	Linear	–	5155	25.00	0.95	0.27	Possibly ploughed out, same profile as [5102] but slightly lower. Linear in plan with a steep east side and a gently sloping west side, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5133	Fill	5132	5155	1.20	0.95	0.27	Single fill of ditch, same as (5103). Naturally silted up. Mid red brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5134	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.87	0.87	0.11	Possible pit. Cut by [5102]. No real form to the feature so may just be a natural hollow. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.
5135	Fill	5134	–	0.87	0.87	0.11	Naturally silted up. Mid reddish brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5136	Void	–	5250	–	–	–	Duplicate group number for 5250
5137	Linear	–	5250	–	3.40	1.16	Large curvilinear ring-ditch, probably Bronze Age. Multiple fills, all indicating natural backfilling episodes. Curvilinear in plan with steeply sloping sides dropping to vertical towards base, flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5138	Fill	5137	5250	2.00	3.00	0.40	Primary fill of ring-ditch covering base and sides. Mid grey brown sandy silt gravel with a clear interface and a firm consistency. Occasional charcoal flecks.
5139	Fill	5137	5250	2.00	2.50	0.50	Secondary fill. Natural silting event. Light yellow brown sandy silt with occasional flint nodules and stones, a clear interface and a firm consistency. Occasional charcoal flecks.
5140	Fill	5137	5250	2.00 - slot	3.40	0.45	Upper fill of ring-ditch, naturally silted up. Some mixing with subsoil. Dark grey brown sandy silt with occasional flint nodules and stones, a clear interface and a firm consistency. Occasional charcoal flecks and some lithics recovered.
5141	Linear	–	5162	178.38	0.60	0.20	Boundary ditch, same as [5171,5168,5156]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5142	Fill	5140	5162	+1.00	0.60	0.20	Single fill, natural backfilling. Mid reddish brown silt sand with rare angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Iron panning throughout the fill.
5143	Linear	–	5155	–	0.48	0.09	Heavily truncated. Horseshoe shaped in plan, perhaps an animal enclosure? Curvilinear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.
5144	Fill	5143	5155	–	0.48	0.09	Truncated by machine. Natural silting episode. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5145	Linear	–	5155	27.00m	0.54	0.25	Curvilinear (horseshoe shaped). Situated near the centre of area 3. Heavily truncated. Same as [5102]. Curvilinear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.
5146	Fill	5145	5155	1.20	0.54	0.25	Single fill of curvilinear ditch. Natural silting. Mid orange red silty sand, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5147	Linear	–	5155	20.00	0.82	0.26	Curvilinear in centre of area 3. Cut by [5149]. Geology changes to the north of this feature so the profile of the ditch alters slightly. Curvilinear in plan with steep-vertical sides, an uneven base and a sharp break of slope.
5148	Fill	5147	5155	1.20	0.82	0.26	Single fill, natural silting. Mid orange red silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5149	Linear	–	5155	1.20	0.79	0.10	Runs east-west. probably a drainage channel. Terminates where it cuts [5147]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a flat base.
5150	Fill	5149	5155	1.20	0.79	0.10	Single fill, likely to be natural silting of the feature after use. Mid orange red silty sand with occasional gravel, a clear interface and a loose consistency.
5151	Linear	–	5155	1.20	0.79	0.26	Drainage channel running east-west. Linear in plan with steep sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5152	Fill	5151	5155	1.20	0.79	0.26	Single fill, natural back filling. Mid orange red silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5153	Linear	–	5162	0.95	0.35	0.50	Drainage channel or field boundary. Linear in plan with tapered, concave sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope at the top and a gradual break of slope at the base.
5154	Fill	5153	5162	0.95	0.35	0.50	Mid reddish brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones, a sharp interface and a soft, friable consistency.
5155	Group	–	5155	27.00m	1.58m	0.56m	Curvilinear ditch. Heavily truncated. Possible animal enclosure, Drainage ditch runs off to the west 5102, 5132, 5130, 5145, 5147, 5151
5156	Linear	–	5162	178.38	2.60	0.74	Cut by [5165]. Irregular in plan with a stepped north-east edge and a steep south west edge, an uneven base and a sharp break of slope on the north-east with a gradual break of slope on the south-west.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5157	Fill	5156	5162	0.86	2.60	0.74	Cut by [5169 and 5165]. Mid brown loamy sand, very slightly stony with a few natural flints, abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.
5158	Linear	–	5462	–	+1.50	0.79	Possible boundary ditch. Cut by [5160] Linear in plan with steep sides, a concave base and a gradual break of slope.
5159	Fill	5158	5162	–	+1.50	0.71	Cut by [5160]. Naturally back filled. Light grey brown clay sand with medium rounded stones and flint, an abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5160	Linear	–	5162	178.38	0.82	0.31	Field boundary ditch. Cuts [5158]. Linear in plan with moderately steep sides, a concave base and a moderately gradual break of slope.
5161	Fill	5160	5162	–	0.82	0.31	Natural back filling Light orange brown clay sand with medium rounded stones and flint, an abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5162	Group	–	5162	178.38m	1.90m	0.45m	long linear ditch with For north-south trench. 5205, 5177, 5171, 5156, 5160, 5153, 5141, 5099, 5320, 5363. possibly RB.
5163	Linear	–	5367	+100.00	2-40	0.40	Field boundary or drainage ditch. Linear in plan with shallow sides, a slightly rounded base, and a sharp break of slope at the top with a very gradual break of slope at the base.
5164	Fill	5164	5367	+2.00	2.40	0.40	Light mid brown clay sand with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency. Large charcoal flecks and coarse pottery (Neolithic??) was recovered from he fill.
5165	Linear	–	5162	0.86	–	0.33	Cut into [5156] and (5170). On east side of linear [5156]. Sub-rectangular in plan, steep sides, flat base and gradual breaks of slope.
5166	Fill	5166	5162	0.86	–	0.33	Mid brown loamy sand with sub-angular stones and abundant small natural flint, an abrupt interface with a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.
5167	Linear	–	–	–	0.65	0.06 - 0.20	Located south [5163]. Runs north-east to south-west. Curves at a right angle to join with [5163]. Linear in plan with sloping sides and a concave base.
5168	Fill	5167	–	–	0.65	0.08 - 0.20	Naturally back filled. Mid grey orange silty sand with a moderately clear interface and a loose, friable consistency.
5169	Linear	–	5162	0.86	–	0.65	Cut into [5156] and cut by [5165]. Only lower half of north-east side remains. Sub-rectangular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5170	Fill	5169	5162	0.86	–	0.65	Mid brown loamy sand, very slightly stony with an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.
5171	Linear	–	5162	178.38	1.95	0.55	Field boundary or drainage ditch. Linear in plan with tapered, concave sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope on the top and a gradual break of slope on the base.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5172	Fill	5171	5162	–	1.95	0.55	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones, a sharp interface and a soft, friable consistency.
5173	Linear	–	5162	–	0.33	0.38	Linear in plan with concave sides, a concave base and a sharp break of slope.
5174	Fill	5173	5162	–	–	–	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small sub-angular stones, a sharp interface and a soft, friable consistency.
5175	Linear	–	5162	–	0.80	0.34	A possible re-cut of field boundary [5171] Linear in plan with concave sides, a concave base, a sharp break of slope at the top and the base a gradual break of slope.
5176	Fill	5175	5162	–	0.80	0.34	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small pebbles, a sharp interface and a soft, friable consistency.
5177	Linear	–	5162	178.38	1.82	0.84	Linear in plan with a slightly stepped east side and a steep north side, a slightly rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5178	Fill	5177	5162	+1.00	0.62	0.27	Primary fill. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5179	Fill	5177	5162	+1.00	1.82	0.57	Main fill of linear. Natural silting episode. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare sub angular flint and stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5180	Fill	5106	5106	–	–	–	Sheet filled out in Edinburgh for fill of collared urn SF5001.
5181	Linear	–	5250	2.00 slot	3.20	1.07	Slot in ring-ditch [5136] Curvilinear in plan with steeply sloping sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5182	Linear	–	5184	8,92	0.54	0.10	Possible hedgerow. Runs north-west to south-east. Ploughed out to north-west. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, and a rounded base.
5183	Fill	5182	5184	1.10	0.54	0.10	Natural silting Light orange red sandy silt with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5184	Group	–	5184	8,92	0.57	0.11	Terminus. Same as [5182]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a flat base
5185	Fill	5184	5184	1.10	0.57	0.11	Single fill, natural backfilling Light orange red sandy silt with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5186	Linear	–	–	1.10	0.59	0.28	Possible hedgerow. Located in south central edge of area 3, south-west of large ring-ditch. Linear in plan with stepped-vertical sides, an uneven base and a sharp break of slope.
5187	Fill	5186	–	1.10	0.59	0.28	Hedgerow, natural back filling. Mid red brown silty sand with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a compact, dry consistency.
5188	Fill	5181	5250	2 . 0 0 SLOT	0.20	0.45	Primary erosion deposit. Mid grey brown silty sand with a clear interface and a firm consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5189	Fill	5181	5250	2.00 slot	0.60	0.22	Natural silting episode. Mid brown grey sandy gravel with a clear interface and a firm, compacted consistency.
5190	Fill	5181	5250	2.00 slot	0.45	0.14	Erosion deposit Mid grey brown sandy gravel with a clear interface, and a firm, compacted consistency.
5191	Fill	5181	5250	2.00 slot	1.80	0.40	Naturally back filled deposit. Light brown grey silty sand with occasional gravel lenses, a clear interface and a loose, friable consistency. Occasional charcoal flecks and flint nodules.
5192	Fill	5181	5250	–	0.38	0.14	Heat affected sand and charcoal lying in a depression, burning or burning waste deposit. Dark purple pink and black silty sand with a clear interface and firm consistency.
5193	Fill	5181	5250	2.00 slot	3.20	0.60	Silting fill of ring-ditch Mid grey brown sandy silt with occasional stones and unworked flint, a clear interface and a firm consistency. Occasional charcoal, lithics and pottery.
5194	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.86	0.85	0.36	To the east of [5156] near the southern end of area 3. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a rounded base and steep sides.
5195	Fill	5194	–	0.86	0.85	0.36	Naturally silted. Orange red silty sand with rare unworked flint nodules. a clear interface and a firm, dry consistency. Rare charcoal inclusions.
5196	Linear	–	5162	1.00	0.77	0.31	Runs north-south. Sub-rectangular in plan with steep sides, a slightly rounded base and sharp breaks of slope.
5197	Fill	5196	5162	1.00	–	–	Mid brown with small stones and natural flint, an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency. A few very small fragments of charcoal were observed and a single struck flint was recovered.
5198	Linear	–	5211	+1.00	0.69	0.23	Terminus of linear running north-south. Linear in plan with sharp sides, an uneven rounded base and a gradual break of slope on the east side.
5199	Fill	5198	5211	+1.00	0.69	0.23	Single fill, natural back filling. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare angular flint and sub-rounded gravel, a clear interface with a loose, moist consistency.
5200	Fill	5411	5249	–	–	–	Greyish sand with a sharp deposit interface and a fairly compact consistency.
5201	Fill	5114	5250	–	–	–	Mid orange grey brown sandy silt loam with occasional small-medium stones, a moderate interface and a friable, compact consistency.
5202	Fill	5114	5250	–	–	–	Mid orange brown sandy silt loam with rare small-medium stones, a weak deposit interface and a friable, compact consistency.
5203	Linear	–	5211	–	1.00	0.32	Ditch. Linear in plan with moderately steep sides, a concave base and a sharp-gradual break of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5204	Fill	5203	5211	–	1.00	0.32	Boundary ditch. Naturally back filled Light orange brown clay sand with a moderate amount of small-medium rounded and sub-rounded stones and occasional small angular flint nodules, an abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5205	Linear	–	5162	–	1.90	0.45	Field boundary Linear in plan with a tapered, blunt point, a flattish base and a sharp break of slope at the top with a gradual break of slope at the base.
5206	Fill	5205	5162	178.38	1.90	0.45	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones, a sharp interface and a soft, friable consistency.
5207	Linear	5217	5217	+0.56	+0.24	0.20	Ditch with a right angle curve at its south end towards the west. [5209] appears to run off the corner of this feature (but could be natural). Curvilinear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5208	Fill	5207	5217	+0.56	+0.24	0.20	Single fill, naturally backfilled. Same as (5218) Mid reddish grey silty sand with rare-occasional sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare worked flint was recovered.
5209	Discrete Cut	–	5217	0.50	0.50	0.09	Shallow circular feature situated at corner of right angle of [5207]. No visible relationship, possible a tree bowl. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, and uneven, flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5210	Fill	5209	–	0.50	0.50	0.09	Similar to (5208) Mid reddish grey silty sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flint was recovered.
5211	Group	5203,5196	5211	32.00m	1.00m	0.32	Linear ditch north-south to east of [5162]
5212	Group	5213	5212	14.99	0.76m	0.30m	Ditch running NNE-SSW, east of [5211].
5213	Linear	–	–	1.00	0.76	0.30	Ditch running north-south. Irregular in plan with gradual-steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5214	Fill	5213	5212	1.00	0.76	0.30	Mid brown loamy sand, stony, with an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency. A few fragment of charcoal observed.
5215	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	1.38	0.45	Multiple fills. Cut by [5217]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and gradual breaks of slope.
5216	Fill	5215	5335	+1.30	+0.60	+0.25	Same as (5255). Single fill with evidence of bioturbation. Naturally silted up. Mid reddish brown silty sand with occasional sub-angular flint and rare stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5217	Group	–	5217	+1.40	0.25	0.07	Truncated by machine. Only west side visible. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5218	Fill	5217	5335	+1.40	0.25	0.07	Single fill, natural back filling. Mid reddish grey silty sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear deposit interface and a loose, moist consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5219	Linear	–	5233	–	0.32	0.18	Naturally back filled. Linear in plan with regular, vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5220	Fill	5219	5233	–	0.32	0.18	Natural back filling. Light orange brown silty sand with frequent small rounded and sub-rounded stones, an abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5221	Linear	–	5212	1.14	1.50	0.24	Disturbed by bioturbation. Runs north-north-east to south-south-west. Irregular in plan with an uneven base and a gradual break of slope.
5222	Fill	5221	5212	1.14	1.50	0.24	Mid brown loamy sand, stony, with an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.
5223	Linear	–	5367	–	2-3	1-1.10	Linear in plan with steep, uneven sides, an unclear base and a moderate break of slope. ~NB: Feature was excavated by DM and was overcut, see context sheets for more information~
5224	Fill	5223	5367	–	–	–	Mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional small-medium stones, a sharp interface and a wet firm, friable consistency.
5225	Fill	5223	5367	–	–	–	Mid greyish orange brown sand silt with a sharp but irregular interface and a wet, firm and friable consistency. Common pottery fragments, burnt stone and flint, and abundant charcoal.
5226	Fill	5223	5367	–	–	–	Upper fill, natural back fill. Mid orange/grey brown sandy silt with a weak interface with the natural but strong interface with (5225), and a dry, friable consistency. Small ceramic fragments and flint recovered.
5227	Linear	–	5233	–	0.50	0.19	Boundary ditch. Linear in plan with steep sides, a concave base and a sharp-gradual break of slope.
5228	Fill	5227	5233	–	0.50	0.19	Natural back filling. Light orange brown silty sand with occasional angular and sub-angular flints, and medium rounded and sub-rounded stones. An abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5229	Linear	–	5249	+1.00	2.36	0.90	Multiple fills, same as [5215,5243]. Linear in plan with the north side having stepped, steep sides and the south side having gently sloping-steep sides, the base is flat and the breaks of slope are gradual.
5230	Fill	5229	5249	+1.00	2.00	0.25	Primary fill of ditch lining the base of the cut. Mid reddish brown silty sand with abundant small sub-angular stones, a clear interface, and a moist loose/compact consistency.
5231	Fill	5229	5249	+1.00	2.36	0.20 - 0.40	Deeper on the north side of the feature. Some bioturbation but a single homogenous fill. Mid reddish grey silty sand with rare sub-angular stones and occasional small-large flints, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5232	Fill	5229	5249	+1.00	1.60	0.44	On south side of the linear. Mid grey brown with occasional flint inclusions, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Abundant charcoal and rare pottery.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5233	Group	–	5233	–	–	–	Part of later field system covering-ditch. Mid brown with common stones and a clear interface.
5234	Linear	–	5250	+1.30	3.00	1.09	Central southern of area 3. Multiple fills. Circular ditch in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope which sharpens towards the base.
5235	Fill	5234	5250	1.30+	3.00	0.14	Slumping from the edges collapsing, resting against the cut. Light yellow brown silty gravel with a clear, wavy interface and a predominantly moist consistency except at edges where it becomes more compact. Flint recovered from fill.
5236	Fill	5234	5250	+1.30	3.00	0.33	Secondary fill. Possible burning episode occurring between (5237), or a dumping of burnt material. Natural silting up. Mid yellow brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency. Many charcoal inclusions.
5237	Fill	5234	5250	1.30	3.00	0.62	Tertiary fill. Silted up over time. Mid red brown silty sand with a clear interface and a dry, loose consistency. Occasional flint and rare flecks of charcoal found within.
5238	Linear	–	5248	34.21m	0.92	0.43	Runs north-south, located at south-east corner of area 3. Probable hedge line. Irregular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5239	Fill	5238	5248	1.00	0.92	0.43	Mixed fill. Mid brown/grey very stony sandy clay loam with medium and small flints. An abrupt break of slope and a moist, fine-grained, plastic consistency.
5240	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.80	0.60	0.15	Multiple fills (5241,5242) Circular in plan with steeply sloping sides and a flat base with sharp-gradual breaks of slope.
5241	Fill	5240	–	0.56	–	0.08	Secondary fill. Brown orange clay with dark blueish grey charcoal and small angular and sub-angular flints, and medium rounded and sub-rounded stones. A clear interface and a firm consistency. A moderate amount of charcoal and traces of burnt material (likely to be wood).
5242	Fill	5240	–	0.68	–	0.12	Primary fill. Light green, yellow and white clay with small angular and sub-angular flints, and medium rounded and sub-rounded stones. A clear interface and a firm consistency.
5243	Linear	–	5246	+1.00	1.38	0.38	Terminus of ditch. Multiple fills (5244,5245). Same as [5215,5229] Linear in plan with a steep north side and a gently sloping south side, a flat, uneven base and a gradual break of slope.
5244	Fill	5243	5246	–	0.58	0.14	Primary fill of terminus. Mid reddish brown silty sand with occasional gravelly small sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5245	Fill	5243	5246	+1.00	1.38	0.36	Mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional angular and sub-angular flints, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of charcoal were also observed within the fill.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5246	Discrete Cut	–	2548	0.35	0.36	0.24	Cut into underlying linear. Sub-rounded in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5247	Fill	5246	5248	0.35	0.36	0.24	Contains burnt material. Mid grey brown loamy sand slightly stony with small stones and natural flint, an abrupt interface and a moist, friable, fine-grained consistency.
5248	Group	–	5248	34.21m	0.92m	0.43m	Linear ditch south-east corner of area 3. 5238, 5256.
5249	Group	–	5249	–	–	–	Large north-west to south east ditch cutting ring-ditch [5250]
5250	Group	–	5250	–	–	–	Ring ditch, south centre of area 3
5251	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.36	0.36	0.17	Circular in plan with vertical-steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5252	Fill	5251	–	0.36	0.36	0.17	Light orange brown clayey sand mixed with dark blueish grey charcoal with frequent medium and large rounded and sub-rounded stones and occasional small angular and sub-angular flints. A clear interface and a firm, friable consistency. Charcoal is on the upper part of the section.
5253	Fill	5215	5246	+1.00	0.70	0.10	Lining the base of the cut. Mid grey yellow silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of charcoal.
5254	Fill	5215	5246	+1.00	1.00	0.14	Secondary fill. Mid reddish brown silty sand with gravel inclusions and rare small sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5255	Fill	5215	5335	+1.00	1.38	0.27	Main fill, naturally back filled. Same as (5216). Mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional large-small sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of carbon, flint and pottery.
5256	Linear	–	5248	34.21	0.90	0.39	Possibly hedge line. Runs north-south. Irregular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5257	Fill	5256	5248	1.24	0.90	0.39	Mixed fill. Suggests hedge line. Mid greyish brown slightly stony loamy sand, small-large stones, with an abrupt interface and a fine, friable consistency.
5258	Linear	–	5248	1.50	1.10	0.42	Ditch running north-south through ring-ditch [5280]. Cuts through ring-ditch slot [5234]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5259	Fill	5258	5248	1.50	1.10	0.42	Single fill and naturally back filled. Mid red brown sandy silt with clear-gradual interface with a loose, dry consistency.
5260	Fill	5234	5250	1.80	1.14	0.35	Primary fill. Abuts (5235). Slumping of natural into ring-ditch, on internal edge rather than (5235) which is on the external edge and is more gravelly. Mid reddish brown sand with a clear interface and a compact, dry consistency.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5261	Linear	–	5286	26.50	0.42	0.16	Linear in plan with regular, moderately steep sides, a concave/flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5262	Fill	5261	5286	–	0.42	0.16	Natural back filling, single fill. Light orange brown, clay sad with medium rounded and sub-rounded stones and small angular and sub-angular flints, an abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5263	Linear	–	5250	+2.00	3.55	1.10	Possible funerary/ritual/ceremonial structure, possibly bronze age. Cut tapers down to near vertical side approximately 0.20-0.30m high. Outside edge shows evidence of intentionally cut step, possibly to aid getting into and out of the ditch. Evidence of weathering of gravel sides and burning deposit being backfilled from eastern edge. Circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a rounded break of slope at the top with a sharp break of slope at the base.
5264	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.45	0.40	Primary fill. Weathering of sides of the ditch, even both sides of cut. No evidence of bank material. Brown silty sand with abundant small stones with a clear interface and a loose consistency.
5265	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.60	0.15	Backfilled from the internal (eastern) edge. Turf line which has slumped into the ditch? Seen in the other segments in this feature and in (5277) Yellowish brown sandy silt with common small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5266	Fill	5263	5250	0.30	0.70	0.38	Black ashy deposit discarded from the western edge, similar deposits are coming out of the other segments. Dumping occurred after the ditch was partially silted up. Dark brown silty sand with small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency. Abundant charcoal flecks within and 2 flint scrapers and some prehistoric pot were recovered.
5267	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.70	0.50	Partially overlies (5266). No tipping lines visible in this deposit, possibly intentionally backfilled. Brown sandy silt with common small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5268	Linear	–	5335	78.00	0.46	0.14	Curvilinear. Joins [5243 to 5274]. Curvilinear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5269	Fill	5268	5335	+1.00	0.46	0.14	Single fill, gradual silting up. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare small-medium angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5270	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	0.42	0.14	Terminus of linear. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.
5271	Fill	5270	–	+1.00	0.42	0.14	Single fill, natural silting. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare small-medium sub-angular flints, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon within fill.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5272	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	0.78	0.16	Possible connection between [5243,5274] as it is a curved linear that links the two. Noticeable shallower than adjacent linears Curvilinear with a gentle slope and a slightly stepped eastern edge, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope on the east, with a gradual break of slope on the west.
5273	Fill	5272	5335	+1.00	0.78	0.16	Single fill of linear. Silted up gradually. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare angular gravels, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency,
5274	Linear	–	5335	>1.00m	0.74	0.30	Ditch. Possible terminus of long north-south running linear. Relationship with [5272] which seems to connect it to [5243]. Linear in plan with a gently sloping-steep stepped west edge, and a steep east edge, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope to the west and a sharp break of slope to the east.
5275	Fill	5279	5335	+1.00	0.74	0.30	Single fill, natural back filling. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare small-medium flint and iron stone, a clear interface and a loose, moist deposit. Rare flecks of charcoal inclusions.
5276	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.80	0.48	Primary weathering deposit, same as (5264). Brown silty sand with abundant small stones, a clear interface and a loose consistency.
5277	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.40	0.18	Possible weathered remains of old ground surface. Orangey brown sandy silt with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5278	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.50	0.26	Natural in fill. Same as (5279) Brown with common small stones
5279	Fill	5263	5250	+2.00	0.55	0.30	Slumping deposit, weathering or bank deposit. Light brown clay sand with common stones, a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5280	Fill	5281	5233	+2.00	0.70	0.55	Part of later field system covering-ditch. Mid brown with common stones and a clear interface.
5281	Linear	–	5233	+25	0.70	0.55	A north-west to south-east running ditch which cuts through the upper fill (5267) of the ring-ditch. Part of the field system overlaying the earlier Bronze Age activity. Terminate approx. 25m north-west of the ring-ditch. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5282	Discrete Cut	–	5286	26.50m	0.42	0.26	Field boundary Linear in plan with steep, regular sides, a concave/flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5283	Fill	5282	5286	–	0.42	0.26	Natural back filling. Single fill. Traces of metal in section (possibly iron panning) Light orange brown clay sand moderately stony (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones and small angular and sub-angular flints), an abrupt interface and firm, friable consistency.
5284	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	0.93	0.36	Linear in plan with gentle to steep sides, a flat base and gradual breaks of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5285	Fill	5289	5335	+1.00	0.93	0.36	Single fill, silting episode. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare small-large sub-angular stones and occasional flint pieces, a clear to gradual interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5286	Group	–	5286	26.50	0.40m	0.20m	Linear ditch west-east
5287	Linear	–	5250	1.69	3.63	1.06	Circular ring-ditch in plan with steep sides dropping to vertical at the base, a flat base and a gradual break of slope at the top turning sharp at the base.
5288	Fill	5287	5250	1.69	1.16	0.25	Primary slumping from southern edge of ditch. Dark orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface and a compact, moist consistency.
5289	Fill	5287	5250	1.69	0.96	0.34	Same as (5288) but from northern edge. Dark orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface and compact, moist consistency.
5290	Fill	5287	5250	1.69	2.66	0.18	Weathered slumping. Between (5289) and (5291). Light yellow orange silty sand with a clear interface and a dry, loose consistency.
5291	Fill	5287	5250	1.69	3.26	0.17	Slumping off side. Possible deliberate backfilling. Similar to primary fill (but not as compact). Mid orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface, and a compact and dry consistency. Rare charcoal inclusions within.
5292	Fill	–	5250	1.69	3.25	0.22	Mid orange red sandy silt with a gradual interface and a loose, dry consistency. Occasional charcoal within.
5293	Fill	5287	5250	1.69	2.30	0.40	Natural silting episode. Mid orange red sandy silt with gradual interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5294	Layer	–	–	15.00	10.00	–	Flint scatter at base of Holocene profile. Mid greyish yellow/orange clay sand with a sharp interface and a soft but compact consistency. Occasional flint (smashed) and worked tools.
5295	Linear	–	5286	26.50	0.40	0.21	Field boundary. Linear in plan with steep, irregular sides (south is vertical, north is gently sloping), a flat base and sharp-gradual breaks of slope.
5296	Fill	5295	5286	–	0.40	0.21	Natural backfilling. Light orange brown clay sand with a moderate amount of stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded, small angular and sub-angular flints), an abrupt interface and a firm, friable consistency.
5297	Linear	–	5286	26.50	0.40m	0.21m	Field boundary. Linear in plan with steeply sloping-vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5298	Fill	5297	5286	–	–	–	Light yellow brown clay sand with moderate amounts of stone (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones, angular and sub-angular flint), a clear interface and a loose, friable consistency.
5299	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	0.90	0.38	Cuts an earlier feature running alongside it. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and with a gradual break of slope on the east side.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5300	Fill	5299	5335	+1.00	0.90	0.38	Single fill, natural back filling. Mid orange brown silty sand with occasional sub-angular stones and flint, a clear interface with a loose, moist consistency.
5301	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	+1.10	0.32	Cut by later ditch [5299] which runs alongside. Linear in plan with a gently sloping east side and a stepped west side, a flat base and a gradual break of slope on the west side. The east side is truncated by [5299].
5302	Fill	5301	5335	+1.00	+1.10	0.32	Single fill, natural silting up. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare sub-angular large-medium stones and rare flint, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Some flecks of charcoal observed within the fill.
5303	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	0.84	0.36	Multiple fills. Adjacent to linear [5306]. Linear in plan with steep sides, a flat base, a gradual break of slope on the west side and a sharp break of slope on the east side.
5304	Fill	5303	5335	+1.00	0.36	0.08	Primary fill, natural in filling. Mid blackish brown silty sand with occasional small sub-angular stones and frequent gravel, a clear interface and a loose consistency.
5305	Fill	5303	5335	+1.00	0.84	0.28	Main fill of linear. Gradually silted up. Mid orange grey silty sand with occasional sub-angular flints, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon observed within the fill.
5306	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	0.68	0.14	Shallow linear adjacent to larger, longer linear [5303]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded-flat base and a sharp break of slope on the west side and a gradual break of slope on the east side.
5307	Fill	5306	5335	+1.00	0.68	0.14	Single fill, naturally back filled. Mid grey brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones (small-medium), a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon observed within fill.
5308	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	1.08	0.40	Multiple fills (5309,5310,5311). Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5309	Fill	5308	5335	+1.00	0.22	0.08	Primary fill. Mid yellow brown silty sand with rare small sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5310	Fill	5308	5335	–	0.20	0.10	Secondary fill, natural in filling. Mid reddish brown silty sand with occasional gravel, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5311	Fill	5308	5335	+1.00	1.08	0.37	Upper fill of linear, gradually silted up over time. Mid orange brown sandy silt with rare small-medium sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of charcoal were observed within the fill.
5312	Linear	–	5250	–	5.00	1.20	Circular in plan with concave side, a flat base, and a sharp break of slope at the top and a gradual break of slope at the base.
5313	Fill	5312	5250	–	3.00	0.65	Yellow orange sandy loam with rare stone inclusions, a sharp interface and a compact, friable consistency. Flint, pottery and charcoal were recovered from this fill.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5314	Fill	5312	5250	–	1.50	0.18	Charcoal layer in middle of section. Found within other slots. Seems to have occurred after the initial silting up of the ring-ditch had taken place. Black charcoal with a rare amount of burnt stone, a sharp interface and a soft, friable consistency. Flint inclusions/
5315	Fill	5312	5250	–	2.80	0.15	Brown grey sandy silt with rare gravel inclusions, a sharp interface and a soft but friable consistency.
5316	Fill	5312	5250	–	2.00	0.30	Primary fill Reddish brown sandy silt with rare sub angular stones, a sharp deposit interface and a soft consistency.
5317	Fill	5312	5250	–	–	–	–
5318	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.30	0.24	Truncates ring-ditch [5312] along western edge Linear in plane, sharp sides, flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5319	Fill	5318	–	–	0.18	0.24	Grey brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones and gravel with a sharp interface and a compact, friable consistency.
5320	Linear	–	5162	49.00	0.95	0.40	Field boundary Linear in plan with moderately steep sides, a concave/flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5321	Fill	5320	5162	178.38	0.95	0.40	Naturally back filled Light oranges brown clay sand with moderate stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones, and small angular and sub-angular flints), an abrupt interface and firm, friable consistency.
5322	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.50	0.40	0.10	Cut not definite in this feature, could be a depression where a dump of material has been placed. Ill defined edges against geology. Located north-east of 'stone hole' (5324) Circular in plan with sloping sides and a concave base.
5323	Fill	5322	–	0.50	0.40	0.10	Poorly sorted deposit, clear interface with natural but not contained in a well defined cut. Deposit dives into natural, evidence of rooting or burrowing. Mid greyish black sandy clay with flint fragments, mostly clear interface and a loose consistency
5324	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.70	0.60	0.20	Ill defined, not likely to be a cut for a feature. Presence of degraded stone fragments and profile suggests a stake hole but not a recent event. Possibly prehistoric. Mid grey orange clay sand with degraded stone fragments, an unclear interface and a loose, friable consistency set within a circular cut with vertical sides and a concave base.
5325	Fill	5312	5250	–	2.20	0.28	Primary fill. Interface between the stony base layer (5317) and the silt layers (5315,5316). Reddish brown sandy loam with occasional sub angular stones, a gradual interface and a friable consistency. Rare charcoal flecks contained within
5326	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	1.68	0.43	Multiple fills. Linear in plan, gently sloping with a slight step, flat base and gradual slope.
5327	Fill	5326	5335	+1.00	1.28	0.14	Primary fill of linear. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5328	Fill	5326	5335	+1.00	0.68	0.80	Final fill, gradual silting up process. Mid orange brown silt sand with occasional sub-angular stones and flint, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon and pottery found within the fill
5329	Linear	–	5622	49.00	1.5	0.36	Cuts [5331]. Field boundary Linear in plan with moderately steep sloping sides, a concave base and a gradual break of slope.
5330	Fill	5329	5162	–	1.5	0.36	Naturally in filled Light orange brown clay sand with moderate stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones, and small angular and sub-angular flints), an abrupt interface and firm, friable consistency.
5331	Linear	–	5622	–	+2.20	0.56	Cut by [5329]. Field boundary. Linear in plan with moderately steep sloping sides, a concave/flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5332	Fill	5331	5622	–	2.20+	0.56	Cut by smaller ditch [5329], naturally back filled. Pottery recovered from fill did not survive transportation back to office and was discarded; undiagnostic, undated. Light orange brown clay sand with moderate stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones, and small angular and sub-angular flints), an abrupt interface and firm, friable consistency.
5333	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.89	0.89	0.23	In line with linear [5342]. Circular in plan with a gently sloping east side and a steep west side, a flat base and a gradual break of slope on the east side and a sharp break of slope on the west side.
5334	Fill	5333	–	0.89	0.89	0.23	Gradual silting up but fill is made up with lenses of charcoal. 3 large stones are situated on the west side of the feature and have a small layer of charcoal above them. Mid grey brown silty sand with occasional large stones (some burnt) and occasional pieces of flint, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Frequent flecks of charcoal and some pottery recovered.
5335	Group	–	5335	–	–	–	Linear running north-south
5336	Linear	–	–	1.00	0.85	0.30	Possible drainage ditch. Runs SSE-NNW. Approximately 4m north of ring-ditch in south centre of area 3. Possible relationship with similar ditches in area and fire pit [5338]. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope at the top, and a gentle break of slope at the base.
5337	Fill	–	–	1.00	0.85	0.30	Grey brown sandy loam with a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5338	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.80	0.45	Possible fire pit. Lined with burnt stone. Located next to [5336], just to the north of ring-ditch in south centre of area 3. Circular in plan with concave sides, a pointed base and a sharp break of slope to the top and gradual at the base.
5339	Fill	5338	–	–	0.80	0.45	Grey brown silty loam with a sharp interface and a soft consistency. Pottery, charcoal and burnt stone contained within fill.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5340	Linear	–	–	+1.00	1.42	0.14	Runs north-west to south-east near north edge of area 3. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5341	Fill	5340	–	+1.00	1.42	0.14	Truncated by ploughing. Single fill, naturally silted up. Mid orange red silty sand with a gradual interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare struck flint was recovered from the fill
5342	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	1.02	0.33	Multiple fills (5343,5344), same as [5326,5308,5303,5301,5284,5274]. Possibly cut by [5333] and [5345] to the north. Linear in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope
5343	Fill	5342	5335	+1.00	0.64	0.15	Primary fill. Gravelly, much like the natural.
5344	Fill	5342	5335	+1.00	1.02	0.18	Main fill of linear
5345	Linear	5354	5369	+1.00	0.44	0.06	Terminus. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5346	Fill	5345	5369	+1.00	0.44	0.06	–
5347	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5348	Linear	–	–	+0.72	0.80	0.29	Ditch running east-west. Cut by [5351] and by modern evaluation trench. Linear in plan with a gently sloping side (only north side excavated) and a gradual break of slope. Base truncated by evaluation trench.
5349	Fill	5438	5250	+0.61	+0.18	0.08	Primary fill. Mid yellow brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stone, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Flecks of carbon observed within fill.
5350	Fill	5348	–	0.70	+0.40	0.21	Mid grey brown silty sand with rare large sub-angular stone, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of carbon.
5351	Linear	–	5335	–	+0.39	0.28	Cuts earlier ditch [5348]. Multiple fills (5352) and (5333). Linear in plan with a slight step on the west sides, a flat base (not fully excavated) and a gradual break of slope.
5352	Fill	5351	5335	–	+0.21	0.07	Primary fill. Mid yellow brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon.
5353	Fill	5351	5335	–	+0.39	0.21	Mid brown grey silty sand with occasional-frequent small-medium sub-angular stone, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of carbon
5354	Linear	–	5369	+0.87	+0.34	0.22	Cuts linear [5355], no obvious relationship between them as fill (5356) appears to be in both features. Perhaps they were open and in use at the same time? Linear in plan with a gently sloping side (only east side excavated) and a gradual break of slope.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5355	Linear	–	–	+10.00	1.78	0.16	Large linear. Same fill (5356) as [5354]. Linear in plan with a gently sloping side (only south side excavated), and a gradual break of slope.
5356	Fill	5 3 5 4 , 5355	–	+0.87	0.79	0.22	Natural in filling Mid orange brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of charcoal.
5357	Linear	–	–	–	0.45	0.20	Boundary enclosure running east-west. Linear in plan with concave sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope at the top, with a gradual break of slope at the base.
5358	Fill	5357	–	–	0.45	0.20	Grey brown sand with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5359	Linear	–	–	–	0.30	0.30	Boundary ditch running east-west. Posthole [5361] cuts the outer edge of the linear at this point. Linear in plan
5360	Fill	5359	–	–	–	–	Grey brown sandy loam with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5361	Discrete Cut	–	5932	–	0.30	0.30	Cut into the outer edge of linear [5359] as it turns NNW-SSE. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a concave base and a sharp break of slope at the top with a gradual break of slope at the base.
5362	Fill	5361	5932	–	0.30	0.30	Grey brown sandy loam with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a friable consistency. Common charcoal inclusions and burnt stones.
5363	Linear	–	5622	49.68	2.54	+0.42	Field boundary. Cuts [5365]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a concave/flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5364	Fill	5363	5622	–	2.54	+0.42	Light reddish brown (mixed, some yellow and orange too) clay sand with a moderate amount of stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones and small angular and sub-angular flint), a clear interface and a firm consistency. Rare flint flakes recovered.
5365	Linear	–	5162	178.38	+1.36	0.16	Boundary ditch. Cut by [5363] Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope
5366	Fill	5365	5162	–	+1.36	0.16	Light greenish brown clay sand with a moderate amount of stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones and small angular and sub-angular flint), a clear interface and a firm consistency. Rare flint flakes recovered.
5367	Group	–	5367	–	–	–	Small enclosure north
5368	Linear	–	5367	72m	1.70m	0.44m	Very large enclosure ditch north part of site. continuation of 5367
5369	Group	–	5369	5.57	0.44	0.06	Linear in plan, emerges from large linear boundary 5367 but no clear relationship in section.
5370	Linear	–	5335	+1.00	+0.50	0.36	Multiple fills (5371 and 5372), truncated by linear [5373] Linear in plan with a gently sloping side (only east side excavated), a flat base and a gradual break of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5371	Fill	5370	5335	+0.70	+0.45	0.10	Primary fill, natural silting episode. Dark orange brown silty sand with rare sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare carbon flecks also observed.
5372	Fill	5370	5335	+0.80	+0.54	0.30	Upper fill of ditch, natural back filling episode. Mid orange brown silty sand with rare medium sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare/occasional flecks of carbon, some pottery and worked flint also recovered.
5373	Linear	–	5367	+0.57	+0.55	0.37	Large linear cutting earlier ditch [5370]. Multiple fills (5374, 5375). Linear in plan with gently sloping sides (only south side excavated), a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5374	Fill	5373	5367	+0.57	+0.55	0.07	Primary fill of large linear, natural back filling. Mid yellow brown sandy silt with occasional/frequent gravel inclusions, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5375	Fill	5373	5367	+0.57	+0.55	0.31	Natural back filling. Mid grey brown sandy silt with occasional large-medium sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of charcoal, pottery and flint flakes.
5376	Linear	–	5250	+1.20	3.84	1.06	Located in south central area of area 3. Truncated by tree bowl which has destroyed a large part of the upper cut. Gently sloping sides, getting steep at the base, with a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5377	Fill	5376	5250	+1.20	2.10	0.34	Primary fill slumped in from edge. Possibly formed when ring-ditch was in use, probably soon after construction. Light yellow brown sandy gravel with a clear interface and a loose, wet consistency.
5378	Fill	5376	5250	+1.20	2.46	0.20	Secondary fill of ring-ditch. Gradual silting up. Charcoal may have been brought down from upper level through bioturbation. Light yellow brown sandy gravel with a clear interface and a loose, wet consistency. Occasional charcoal flecks.
5379	Fill	5376	5250	+1.20	3.54	0.27	Tertiary fill. Finds in deposit suggest deliberate back fill. A charcoal layer is sat on the base of the deposit. Fill slightly yellower than below and similar to the natural sands. Mid-yellow brown silty sand with a gradual interface and a loose, wet consistency. Frequent charcoal and occasional pottery inclusions.
5380	Fill	5376	5250	+1.20	3.47	0.47	Quaternary fill. Possible weathering over a period of time. Charcoal may have been brought up to this level from below by bioturbation. Mid red brown sandy silt with a gradual interface and loose, moist consistency. Occasional charcoal, rare pottery and flint.
5381	Linear	–	5932	>1.00m	0.90	0.20	Small gully or ditch, field boundary. Located in northern part of area 3. Cut by [5368]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5382	Fill	5381	5367	+10.00	0.90	0.20	Light brown clay sand with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5383	Linear	–	5367	–	0.70	0.20	Small gully, part of field system in northern part of area 3. Next to small pit [5333] Linear in plan with sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5384	Fill	5383	5367	–	0.70	0.20	Light greyish brown clay sand with occasional small stone inclusions, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5385	Linear	–	5932	42.00	0.70	0.38	Small ditch, part of rectangular plots in northern end of area 3. Possible extension to main plot. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5386	Fill	5385	5367	–	0.70	0.38	Light grey brown clay sand with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5387	Discrete Cut	–	5367	–	1.00	0.24	Possible tree throw Sub oval in plan with gentle sides, a flattish base and an imperceptible break of slope.
5388	Fill	5387	5367	–	1.00	0.24	Greyish brown clay sand with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5389	Linear	–	5367	–	0.70	0.34	Cut by [5368] Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5390	Fill	5389	5367	–	0.20	0.34	Light brown clay sand with occasional small stone inclusions, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5391	Linear	–	5367	+100.00	1.60	0.28	Linear in plan with sloping sides, rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5392	Fill	5391	5367	+100.00	1.60	0.28	Single fill. Greyish brown fine clayey sand with a clear interface and soft consistency. A lens/dump of charcoal is visible in this section but not anywhere else along the ditch.
5393	Linear	–	5335	>0.60	1.30	0.35	Drainage ditch or field boundary. Located in the north part of the site. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5394	Fill	5393	5335	+2.00	1.30	0.35	Brown clay sand with occasional medium flint nodules, a clear interface and a soft consistency.
5395	Linear	–	–	–	1.40	0.25	Field boundary Linear in plan with gently sloping, regular sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5396	Fill	5395	–	–	1.40	0.25	Light yellow/greenish brown clay sand with a moderate amount of stones (medium rounded and sub-rounded stones, and angular and sub-angular flint), an abrupt interface and a firm consistency.
5397	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.34	1.14	0.27	Multiple fills (5398,5399) Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5398	Fill	5397	–	0.78	–	0.13	A deposit of silty soil with abundant charcoal sits on the east side of the cut. Some large burnt stones are also within this. Yellow black sandy silt with frequent medium-large stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Frequent flecks of charcoal.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5399	Fill	5397	–	1.34	1.14	0.27	Main fill. Less charcoal and stones than (5398). Mixed deposit, possibly bioturbated. Orange grey silt sand with small-large sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare fragments of pottery.
5400	Fill	–	–	1.00	1.00	–	Spread of charcoal on surface, adjacent to pit [5397] Dark orange grey sand silt with small sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Flecks of carbon observed within.
5401	Linear	–	5577	27.55	1.10	0.43	Terminus. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base, a sharp break of slope at the top and a gradual break of slope at the base.
5402	Fill	5401	5577	–	1.10	0.43	Mottled grey brown silty sand with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5403	Linear	–	5577	27.55	1.25	0.40	Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope at the top, gradual at the base.
5404	Fill	5403	5577	–	1.25	0.40	Mottled grey brown sandy silt with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and friable consistency
5405	Linear	–	5527	>1.00	0.15	0.14	Rune north-east to south-west. Cuts through [5403]. Drainage or boundary ditch. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base, a sharp break of slope at the top, and a gradual break of slope at the base.
5406	Fill	5405	5527	–	0.25	0.14	Mottled dark brown grey silt sand with a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5407	Linear	–	–	–	–	–	–
5408	Fill	5407	–	–	–	–	–
5409	Linear	–	–	–	–	–	–
5410	Fill	5409	–	–	–	–	–
5411	Linear	–	5249	+100.00	2.10	0.80	Boundary ditch. Runs south-east to north-west. Possibly prehistoric in date. Relationship with ring-ditch to the north - possibly cut into the ring-ditch. Linear in plan with moderately sloping sides, a concave base and a gradual break of slope.
5412	Fill	5411	5249	–	0.76	0.12	Basal fill. Minor bioturbation. Orangey brown sandy silt with occasional small flint inclusions, a sharp interface and a moderately firm consistency.
5413	Fill	5411	5249	+1.10	1.35	0.20	Second fill of ditch. Minor bioturbation action. Mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional small flint inclusions, a moderately - sharp interface and a friable consistency. Struck flint and pottery (probable prehistoric date).
5414	Fill	5411	5249	+1.10	1.95	0.30	Upper fill of linear. Minor bioturbation evident. Light greyish brown silty sand with occasional small flint inclusions, a moderate interface and a friable consistency. Struck flint and pottery recovered (possibly Bronze Age in date)

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5415	Fill	5411	5249	–	2.10	0.18	Uppermost fill. Minor bioturbation. Darkish grey brown silty sand with occasional small flints, a moderate interface and a friable consistency.
5416	Linear	–	5249	2.20	1.00+	0.70	Runs east-west clipping large ring-ditch [5136] on its northern edge. Possibly cut on northern edge by a tree bowl. Multiple fills (5417,5418,5419) Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5417	Fill	5416	5249	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.85	0.12	Basal fill, single fill. Water line sits just at the point this fill stops, perhaps an indication of how it was backfilled originally? Mid red brown sand silt with occasional small unworked flints, a clear, smooth interface and a firm, moist consistency.
5418	Fill	5416	5249	2.20	1.00(slot)	0.58	Middle fill. Natural in filling episode. Mid red brown sand silt with occasional large) and (medium unworked flints, a clear, smooth interface and a firm, moist consistency.
5419	Fill	5416	5249	1 . 0 0 (slot)	1.30	0.37	fill. Flints occurring in middle and base of layer. Possibly deliberate in filling. Mid red brown sand silt with abundant small-large unworked flints, a clear, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency. Pottery and possible worked flint recovered upper
5420	Void	–	5249	–	–	–	Duplicate group number with 5249
5421	Linear	–	5526	+1.00	1.43	0.41	Runs east-west. Same as [5421,5439,5463,5477]. Multiple fills (5422,5423) Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded/flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5422	Fill	5421	5526	+1.00	0.64	0.16	Tipped in from north side. Very similar to natural. Mid grey yellow sand silt with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of charcoal within.
5423	Fill	5421	5526	+1.00	1.43	0.25	Gradual silting up. Follows possible tipped in fill (5422) Mid red brown sand silt with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Flecks of charcoal, pottery and struck flint.
5424	Linear	–	5249	–	2.50	0.79	Runs east-west. Multiple fills (5425,5426,5427,5428). Linear in plan with regular-irregular steep sides, an uneven base and a steep, even break of slope.
5425	Fill	5424	5249	–	2.5	0.79	Upper fill of linear. Light orange brown fine silty sand with small flint pebbles and gravel inclusions, a moderate interface and a very damp, soft consistency.
5426	Fill	5424	5020	–	2.5	0.79	Secondary fill of linear. Redeposited natural. Rises and peters out by the southern side of the feature. Light orange brown densely packed stone and gravel with a moderate interface and a hard, compact, friable consistency.
5427	Fill	5424	5020	–	2.50	0.79	Tertiary fill of linear. Natural back filling. Mid orange brown silt (some sand) with occasional medium flint pebbles, a moderate-poor interface and a soft, damp consistency.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5428	Fill	5424	5020	–	2.5	0.79	Basal fill. Base of ditch looks deliberately lined with stones. Various flint colours and orange gravel, gravel and large flint with a moderate to poor interface and a firm, compact, moist consistency.
5429	Linear	–	5577	27.55	0.95	0.25	Runs north-south. Linear in plan with concave sides, a flat base, a sharp break of slope at the top with a gradual break of slope at the base.
5430	Fill	5429	5577	–	0.95	0.25	Grey brown silty sand with a clear interface, a friable consistency.
5431	Linear	–	5577	>1.00m	0.36	0.10	Runs east-west. Links with [5429]. Possible drainage channel, base is higher than in [5429]. Linear in plan with concave sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5432	Fill	5431	5577	–	0.36	0.10	Grey brown silty sand with a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5433	Linear	–	5527	1.00(slot)	0.35	0.12	Small gully running east-west across site. Similar to [5445]. Edges are difficult to define, possibly disturbed by vegetation bowls. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5434	Fill	5433	5527	1.00(slot)	0.35	0.12	Mixed fill, probably natural back filling. Mottled mid grey brown with light orange yellow silt sand with occasional angular small-medium unworked flint, a gradual, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5435	Linear	–	5250	+20.00	3.76	1.07	Central south location in area 3. South-east edge of ring-ditch. Multiple fills (5436,5437,5514,5513,5438) Steep dropping to vertical towards base, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5436	Fill	5435	5250	1.20+	3.76	1.07	Primary fill, natural slumping. Possibly occurred during ring-ditch's initial use. Mid reddish brown sandy gravel with abundant small stones, a gradual interface and a loose consistency.
5437	Fill	5435	5250	+20.00	3.76	0.88	Secondary fill. Natural accumulation, probably washed into ditch. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare small stones, a gradual interface and a friable consistency.
5438	Fill	5435	5250	+20.00	3.76	0.77	Tertiary fill. Deliberate back filling episode. Mid greyish black, charcoal with rare very small stones, a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Pottery and flint recovered from fill.
5439	Linear	–	–	+2.68	+0.36	0.19	Runs east-west. Irregular dumping. Cut by evaluation on north side. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides and a gradual break of slope. (Only south side excavated)
5440	Fill	5439	–	2.68	+0.36	0.19	Natural silting up of linear. Mixed fill. Cut by pit [5443]. Abuts with carbon heavy (5442) perhaps making them contemporary. Mid grey brown sandy silt with rare large angular stones. Clear interface with cut but gradual with (5442), and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon.
5441	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5442	Fill	-	-	2.10	-	0.10	Possibly contemporary dumping of carbon heavy deposits as the linear was gradually silting up. Cut by pit [5443]. Dark black brown sand silt with occasional large sub-angular stones, a gradual interface and a loose, moist consistency. Frequent charcoal flecks.
5443	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.45	0.45	0.22	Cut into [5439] Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope.
5444	Fill	5443	-	0.45	0.45	0.22	Gradual silting up. Carbon in the base suggests it could be a primary fill but the changes are so gradual it is hard to be definite. Mid grey brown sand silt with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5445	Linear	-	5527	1.00(slot)	0.64	0.05	Gully. Runs north-south before turning east-west. Possibly truncated by ploughing. Truncated to the south by evaluation trench but may continue as [5451] or [5461]. Edges appear disturbed by root action. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gentle breaks of slope.
5446	Fill	5443	-	1.00 (slot)	0.64	0.05	Naturally back filled. Mottled mid grey brown with light yellow brown silt sand, with occasional small unworked flint, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5447	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.67	0.67	0.07	Near [5445,5453] and in line with pits [5447,5453,5455]. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides and a rounded base.
5448	Fill	5447	-	0.67	0.67	0.07	Mixed fill. Disturbed by root action. Mid grey brown sand silt with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional charcoal and rare pottery.
5449	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.61	0.61	0.17	Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.
5450	Fill	5449	-	0.61	0.61	0.17	Single fill of pit. Gradually silted up. Orange brown sandy silt with occasional angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of carbon.
5451	Linear	-	-	+0.90	0.20	0.05	Terminus of gully Linear but irregular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5452	Fill	5451	-	+0.90	0.20	0.08	Gradually silted up, possibly truncated by ploughing. Mid grey brown silty sand with rare angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5453	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.68	0.61	0.10	In area with pit [5455, 5447]. Edges looked disturbed by root action. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and not perceivable breaks of slope.
5454	Fill	5453	-	0.68	0.61	0.10	Similar to (5448,5456). Mixed, naturally deposited layer. Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional small angular unworked flint, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare tiny flecks of charcoal throughout.
5455	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.33	0.40	0.12	Near pits [5453,5447] Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5456	Fill	5455	–	0.33	0.40	0.12	Similar to (5454) & (5448). Mixed, possible bioturbation. Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional angular unworked flint, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5457	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.33	0.33	0.11	Possible relationship to linear [5439] Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and steep/gradual breaks of slope.
5458	Fill	5457	–	0.33	0.33	0.11	Main backfill. Possible burning in situ, possible disposal pit. Dark grey brown silt sand with occasional small-medium sub-angular stones (burnt), a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Frequent charcoal, rare flint.
5459	Discrete Cut	–	–	2.50	0.70	0.09	Truncated by evaluation trench on the south side, does not run through to the opposite side. Heavily disturbed on western edge so difficult to define. Possibly a natural in-filling of a hollow. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, an uneven (but mostly flat) base and a gentle break of slope.
5460	Fill	5459	–	2.50	0.70	0.09	Uniform throughout. Truncated on south side by evaluation trench. Finds recovered from this feature may be related to the evaluation trench, not the pit. Mid grey brown silty sand with occasional large and medium angular stones, a gradual, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5461	Linear	–	–	c.1.20	c.0.30	0.05	Shallow linear coming off the south side of linear [5421]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope (only east side excavated)
5462	Fill	5461	–	c.1.20	c.0.3	0.05	Natural silting. Mid brown grey sandy silt with large sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of charcoal found within.
5463	Linear	–	–	0.80	0.29	0.20	Runs east-west Linear in plan with a gently sloping side, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope (only south side excavated).
5464	Fill	5463	–	+0.50	+0.23	0.10	Primary fill. Similar to natural so possibly naturally silted up. Mid red brown sand silt with occasional gravel and rare sub angular stones. A clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of charcoal.
5465	Fill	5463	–	+0.50	+0.29	0.10	Main fill. Gradually silted up. Mid grey brown sand silt with rare angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of charcoal.
5466	Linear	–	5527	> 1.00	0.45	0.05	Shallow gully. Runs north-south then turns east-west. Same as [5445] and [5433]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a smooth, rounded base and a gentle break of slope.
5467	Fill	5466	5527	1.00(slot)	0.45	0.05	Same as (5434,5446). Mixed natural back fill. Disturbance by bioturbation. Mid grey brown silt sand.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5468	Layer	-	-	-	1.00	0.07	Two concentrations of charcoal and burnt stone that can be seen on the surface less than 0.50m apart. Irregular in plan and very shallow. In an area with linears and a large ring-ditch to the south east. Grey brown silty sand with a clear interface and a soft consistency. Common charcoal and burnt stone.
5469	Linear	-	-	-	1.40	0.20	Boundary ditch or drainage channel. Runs north-west to south-east. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5470	Fill	5469	-	-	1.40	0.20	Grey brown sandy silt with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp deposit interface and a soft consistency. Flint flakes recovered. A bag of 'pottery' was discarded as it turned out to be charcoal.
5471	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.52	0.50	0.11	Located east of feature [5485]. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and sharp edges.
5472	Fill	5471	-	0.52	0.50	0.11	Uniform throughout. Natural backfilling. Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional medium angular stones, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5473	Linear	-	5485	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.62	0.09	Runs north-south, terminates before reaching [5466,5433,5445]. Narrows to the south and widens to the north. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and no perceivable breaks of slope.
5474	Fill	5473	5485	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.62	0.09	Same as (5480,5494) Mid grey brown silt sand with a clear, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare worked flint occurred within.
5475	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.50	0.38	0.21	In centre of area 3. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5476	Fill	5475	-	0.38	0.50	0.21	Dark grey brown silt sand with rare medium unworked flint, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare pottery and possible flakes of cremated bone. Pottery located on top of fill.
5477	Linear	-	5526	+1.60	+0.65	0.25	Terminus of linear running east-west. Truncated on north side by evaluation trench. Same as [5477,5439,5421,5463]. Linear in plan with a gently sloping side, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope (only south side excavated due to truncation by evaluation trench)
5478	Fill	5479	5485	+1.60	+0.63	0.25	Truncated to north by evaluation trench. Mid grey brown silty sand with rare angular and sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Flecks of charcoal.
5479	Linear	-	5485	> 2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.40	0.08	Terminus of gully. Finishes before it can merge with feature [5466,5433,5435]. Narrowest point of gully, much wider to the north. Very irregular in plan and base. Linear in plan with uneven, gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5480	Fill	5479	5485	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.40	0.08	Similar to (5474,5495). Very mixed, natural silting episode. Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional medium-small unworked flints, a gradual, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency. One flint core was recovered.
5481	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	Tree bowl, possibly later used as a fire pit(??) Irregular sub-circular in plan with concave sides and a concave base and gradual breaks of slope. Contains some burnt stone and charcoal.
5482	Fill	5481	–	–	–	–	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and a friable consistency. Charcoal and burnt stone found within.
5483	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5484	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5485	Group	–	5577	44.11	0.62m	0.09m	Linear running north-south
5486	Linear	–	5934	c.20.00	0.29	0.06	Shallow gully. Runs north-south. Probable drainage channel. Same as [5488]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5487	Fill	5486	5934	20.00	0.29	0.06	Single, uniform fill. Natural back filling Light grey brown silty sand with rare sub angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5488	Linear	–	5934	20.00	0.32	0.05	Running north-south. Same as [5486]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5489	Fill	5488	5934	20.00	0.32	0.05	Single fill, slightly different to (5486) as the natural geology has changed. Natural back filling Mid yellow grey silt clay with rare/ occasional angular stones and rare flint nodules, a clear interface and a firm consistency.
5490	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.60	0.60	0.14	Located in the centre of area3. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and unperceivable breaks of slope.
5491	Fill	5490	–	0.60	0.60	0.14	Possible cremated bone was found within fill. Uniform throughout. Deliberate backfilling. Dark grey brown silt clay with occasional small unworked flint, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5492	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.48	0.48	0.21	Small pit Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded/flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5493	Fill	5492	–	0.48	0.48	0.21	Single fill. Evidence of burning. Dark green brown silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of charcoal and rare burnt stones.
5494	Fill	–	5485	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.95	0.09	Small gully. Runs north-south across north-west end of side. Narrows to the south. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, and a flat, uneven base.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5495	Fill	5494	5485	1.00	0.95	0.09	Mixed fill, probably natural silted up. Similar to (5480) and (5474) Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional small angular unworked flints, a gradual, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency. A worked core was recovered along with pottery. Some rare tiny charcoal flecks were observed.
5496	Discrete Cut	–	5935	1.40	0.30	0.22	Runs north-south. Possible remains of loom Linear in plane (oval really) with a steep, uneven, side, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5497	Fill	5496	5935	1.40	0.30	0.22	Dark grey brown silt sand with occasional small angular unworked flint, a gradual, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency. Large pieces of charcoal were present all the way through the fill but crumbled to dust when touched. Frequent fired clay pieces (some smashed pieces near the top) and one complete loom weight, SF5003, was within the fill. Some pottery was recovered from the edges but none was present in the centre of the fill.
5498	Linear	–	5250	1.69	4.23	1.09	Multiple fills (5498,5500,5501,5502,5512,5515,5516). Water logged at time of excavation. Gently sloping sides dropping off to vertical at base, a flat base and a gradual break of slope at the top with a sharp break of slope at the base.
5499	Fill	5498	5250	0.69	4.23	0.30	Primary fill. Slumping episode. Mid orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface and a loose, waterlogged consistency.
5500	Fill	5498	5250	1.30	2.88	0.32	Secondary fill. Natural silting. Light orange yellow silty sand, a clear deposit interface and a loose, waterlogged consistency.
5501	Fill	5498	5250	1.30	1.60	0.11	Backfill, possibly deliberate and associated with charcoal lens (5502). Similar to the surrounding natural. Mid red brown sandy gravel with occasional large stones, a clear interface and a loose, wet consistency. Some charcoal inclusions.
5502	Fill	5498	5250	1.25	1.17	0.10	Charcoal lens situated halfway up the ring-ditch fill. Deliberate back fill possibly associated with surrounding deposits (5501) and (5512). May signify the final phase of the ring-ditch and have been compressed by (5516) above. Black grey charcoal with a clear interface and a friable, wet consistency.
5503	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.60	0.46	0.21	Circular/oval in plan with steep sides, rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5504	Fill	5503	–	0.60	0.46	0.21	Single fill, gradual silting up episode. Mid grey brown silty sand with rare angular stones, a clear deposit interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5505	Linear	–	5250	+69.00	2.84	0.98	Cut by linear [5420]. Multiple fills (5506,5507,5508,5509,5510,5511). Similar to other slots excavated in ditch. Stepped sides with a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5506	Fill	5505	5134	+4.60	1.66	0.12	Basal fill. Appeared below the water table during excavation, perhaps an indication of how it was formed. Natural backfill. Dark reddish brown sandy gravel with very frequent natural gravels, a sharp interface and a firm consistency.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5507	Fill	5505	5250	+4.60	1.75	0.06	Silty deposit on top of basal fill. Natural wash-in form sides. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with very infrequent small flints, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5508	Fill	5505	5250	+4.60	2.35	0.07	Possibly an old turf/ground layer. Light grey/greenish brown sandy silt with occasional small flint, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5509	Fill	5505	5250	+4.60	2.62	0.13	Slumping deposit. Possible ground surface after the burning event represented by (5510) Dark orangey brown silty sand with occasional small-medium flints, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5510	Fill	5505	5250		0.45	0.05	Charcoal layer deposited on the then base of the ditch. Interpreted as a closing event of the ring-ditch before it was abandoned. Occurs in patches in the other slots (i.e. not a uniform depth or width) Mid blackish grey brown sandy silt with very occasional small stones (possibly a part of (5509)), a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5511	Fill	5505	5250	0.69	2.84	0.50	Upper most fill. Single phase of deposition, possibly the bank being pushed into the ditch to level the site off. Pottery recovered was very close to (5510), more pottery present in the fill was very degraded and did not survive. Mid greyish brown silty sand with moderate amounts of small-medium flints, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5512	Fill	5498	5250	1.69	2.82	0.15	Occurring between two charcoal lenses (5502,5515). Charcoal in deposit may have travelled from other deposits by bioturbation. Light yellow red silty sand with rare flint inclusions, a clear interface and a compact consistency. Occasional flint and burnt flint inclusions.
5513	Fill	5435	5250	1.20	3.76	0.77	Quaternary fill of ring-ditch. Accumulation of silty sand that sits on top of charcoal lens (5438). Deposited same time as the lens suggesting deliberate back filling. Mid reddish brown silty sand with very rare very small stones, a gradual interface and a moist, loose consistency.
5514	Fill	5435	5250	1.20	3.76	0.62	Natural back filling episode. Light reddish brown sandy silt with rare small stones, a diffuse interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5515	Fill	5498	5250	2.80	0.26	0.10	Secondary charcoal fill in ring-ditch. Black grey charcoal with a clear interface a friable, moist consistency.
5516	Fill	5498	5250	1.69	3.81	0.34	Upper fill of ring-ditch. Natural silting deposit. Mid red brown silty sand with flint inclusions, a clear interface and a compact and moist consistency.
5517	Fill	5376	5250	1.69	1.23	0.20	Deliberate back filling. Mid orange brown sandy gravel with occasional medium stones, a gradual interface and a loose, wet consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5518	Fill	5376	5250	3.16	2.00	0.10	Deliberate back filling of ditch with burnt material, possibly as a final event. Occurs all the way around the ditch. Black grey charcoal with a clear interface and loose, moist consistency.
5519	Linear	–	5250	c.69.00	2.00(slot)	1.07	Circular in plan with curving, regular sides, a fairly flat and even base, and a steeply sloping edge dropping to vertical towards the base.
5520	Fill	5519	5250	69.00	3.50	0.68 - 0.90	Upper fill of ditch. Contains burning deposit (5521). Light to mid orangey brown sandy silt with occasional stones and flint pebbles, a good interface and a fine, compact, damp consistency.
5521	Fill	–	5250	–	0.30	0.01 - 0.06	Deliberate deposit of burning material lying above silty fill (5523) Black and grey brown charcoal with burnt flint inclusions, a good interface and a soft, wet consistency.
5522	Fill	5519	5250	1.00	0.60	0.10	Redeposited natural, only present in northern part of slot. Mid orangey brown sandy silt with sandstone inclusions, a moderate-good interface and a hard, damp, crumbly consistency.
5523	Fill	5519	5250	2.00	0.60	0.10 - 0.38	Natural silting of ditch. Light orangey brown sandy silt with a clear-moderate interface (clearer at top) and a fine, wet consistency.
5524	Linear	–	5935	1.10	0.19	0.14	Possible plough scar or burrow. Possibly related to [5496] Linear in plan (oval) with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5525	Fill	5524	5935	1.10	0.19	0.14	Mid grey brown silt sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare burnt flint, pottery and bone.
5526	Linear	–	5577	–	–	–	EK's linear
5527	Group	–	5577	28.72	0.64	0.09m	AP's gully running east-west
5528	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5529	Discrete Cut	–	5935	0.24	0.24	0.11	Small pit Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope
5530	Fill	5529	5935	0.24	0.24	0.11	Single fill, gradually silted up. Mid grey brown sand silt with small rare angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional flecks of charcoal
5531	Linear	–	5250	2.04(slot)	4.20	0.93	Relationship slot for ring-ditch [5531] and linear [5535]; [5535] cuts [5531]. Steep sides with a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5532	Fill	5531	5250	2.04 (slot)	1.55	0.76	Primary fill. Natural back filling. Mid yellow brown loamy sand with many small stones, a gradual interface and a wet, sticky consistency.
5533	Fill	5531	5250	2.04 (slot)	1.76	0.17	Secondary fill, natural in filling. Mid yellow brown silty sand with a very few small stones, a gradual interface and a moist, friable consistency.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5534	Fill	5531	5250	2 . 0 5 (slot)	2.14	0.80	Tertiary fill of ditch, natural silting episode. Mid yellowish brown loamy sand with a gradual interface and a moist, fine-grained, friable consistency.
5535	Linear	–	5249	2 . 0 4 (slot)	4.20	0.93	Runs east-west across ring-ditch [5250] on its northern edge. Linear in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5536	Fill	5531	5250	2 . 4 0 (slot)	3.40	0.78	Upper fill occurring in both ring-ditch and in linear [5535]. Mid brown loamy sand, very slightly stony (small stones), a gradual interface and a moist, fine-grained, friable consistency. Flint flakes, cores and bladelets recovered.
5537	Linear	–	5250	–	0.16	0.94	Circular in plan with tapered sides, with a flat base, and sharp breaks of slope.
5538	Fill	5537	5250	–	1.28	0.64	Mid reddish brown sandy loam with rare stones and gravel inclusions, with a sharp interface and a soft consistency.
5539	Fill	5537	5250	–	0.90	0.10	Mid brown silt loam with a sharp interface and a soft consistency.
5540	Fill	5537	5250	–	0.45	0.05	Charcoal layer found throughout several slots of the ring-ditch. Dark black-brown charcoal with a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5541	Fill	5537	5250	–	0.80	0.06	Light brown sandy silt with small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5542	Fill	–	5250	–	1.30	0.03	Compact stony layer, primary fill. Mid brown stony sand and gravel with small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a compact, friable consistency.
5543	Fill	5535	5250	2.05(slot)	0.50	0.18	Secondary fill, formed naturally. Mid yellowish brown silty sand with very few stones, a gradual interface and a moist, fine-grained consistency.
5544	Fill	5535	5250	2 . 0 5 (slot)	1.10	0.30	Primary fill, formed naturally. Mid yellowish brown loamy sand with many small-medium stones, a gradual interface and a wet, sticky consistency.
5545	Fill	5531	5250	2 . 0 5 (slot)	1.40	0.10	Burnt material slumping down inner side of ring-ditch - probably cut by [5535] so may have existed as a continuous layer. Dark brown grey/black loamy sand with a gradual interface, a moist, fine grained, friable consistency. Contains charred material.
5546	Linear	–	5367	+1.00	1.70	0.44	Runs east-west. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded pointy base and a gradual break of slope.
5547	Fill	5548	5367	+1.00	1.70	0.44	Single fill, possibly a primary fill due to stones in the base. Mid brown grey silt sand with occasional sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional rare flecks of charcoal.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5548	Linear	–	5367	+1.00	2.24	0.60	Boundary ditch. Runs east-west. North side truncated by [5550]. Multiple fills (5593,5594), later linear only cuts (5593) Linear in plan with the south sides being gently sloping and the north side being stepped, the base is rounded and the break of slope is gradual (north side truncated by [5550]).
5549	Fill	5548	5367	+1.00	0.90	0.14	Primary fill of large ditch. Formed naturally. Dark red brown silt sand with rare sub-angular stones and frequent gravel, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5550	Linear	–	5937	+1.00	0.49	0.11	Shallow linear truncating the north side of [5548]. Runs WNW-EES Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual/sharp break of slope.
5551	Fill	5550	5937	+1.00	0.49	0.11	Single fill, naturally formed Mid grey brown silt sand with rare sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5552	Linear	–	5570	+1.20	0.63	0.09	Terminus. Runs north-south, very irregular and uneven. Hedge line/field boundary. May continue as [5601]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded, wavy base and a gentle break of slope.
5553	Fill	5552	5570	+1.20	0.63	0.09	Single fill, bioturbated. Same as (5555,5557,5559) Mid red brown silty sand with occasional small) and (medium angular flints and gravel, a clear, wavy interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5554	Linear	–	5570	+1.00	0.63	0.14	Hedge line or field boundary. Truncated by a tree bowl on a western edge. Probably a continuation of [5552]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded, uneven base and a gentle break of slope.
5555	Fill	5554	5570	+1.00	0.63	0.14	Single fill, bioturbated. Same as (5553,5557,5559) Mid red brown silty sand with occasional small) and (medium angular flints and gravel, a clear, wavy interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5556	Linear	–	5570	+1.30	0.47	0.14	Gully running north-south. Part of field system complex. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope.
5557	Fill	5556	5570	+1.30	0.47	0.14	Single fill, bioturbated. Same as (5555,5557,5559) Mid red brown silty clay with occasional small) and (medium angular flints and gravel, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5558	Linear	–	5570	+1.00	0.24	0.04	Small gully. Part of field system. Runs east-west. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope
5559	Fill	5558	5570	+1.00	0.24	0.04	Single fill, bioturbated. Same as (5555,5557,5553) Mid red brown silty sand with occasional small) and (medium angular flints and gravel, a clear, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5560	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.44	0.51	0.07	Possible tree bowl. Uneven base which slopes to the east. Continuation of field boundary [5552]? Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, and a flat base.
5561	Fill	5560	–	0.44	0.51	0.07	Quite rooty, probable tree bowl Mid red brown silty sand with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5562	Discrete Cut	–	5570	0.73	1.10	0.17	Tree bowl, looked like terminus at the end of linear [5570]. Irregular in plan with uneven sides, an uneven base (which appears to undercut the natural) and a gradual break of slope.
5563	Fill	5562	5570	0.73	1.10	0.17	Light orangey brown sandy silt with unworked flint pebbles, a moderate interface and a damp, soft consistency.
5564	Discrete Cut	–	5570	0.70	0.80	0.18	Irregular in plan with uneven sides, an uneven base and a gradual-steep break of slope.
5565	Fill	5564	5570	0.70	0.80	0.18	Mixed fill of probable hedge line. Light orange brown sandy silt with unworked flint, a moderate interface and a damp, soft consistency.
5566	Discrete Cut	–	5570	0.55	0.80	0.25	Probable tree bowl along field boundary. Circular in plan (although very irregular) with uneven sides and an uneven base.
5567	Fill	5566	5570	0.55	0.80	0.25	Light orange brown sandy silt with occasional stone and flint inclusions, a moderate interface and a damp, soft consistency.
5568	Discrete Cut	–	5570	–	–	–	Semi-circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a vertical break of slope.
5569	Fill	5568	5570	–	–	–	–
5570	Group	–	5570	28.00m	0.80m	0.19m	For field system located north and east of large ring-ditch [5250]/[5136]. Mostly hedge lines and drainage gullies, not likely to be contemporary with the ring-ditch.
5571	Discrete Cut	–	5249	1.32	0.88	0.20	Pit located north east of ring-ditch [5250], possibly contemporary. Oval in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gentle break of slope.
5572	Fill	5571	5249	1.32	0.88	0.20	Single fill. Natural surrounding was reddened and may suggest burning occurred within the pit. Pottery was observed but was so degraded that it could not be recovered; spot dating placed it around the Bronze Age. Dark blackish brown sandy silt with occasional small flint and medium stones, a sharp interface and a friable consistency. One struck flint recovered.
5573	Linear	–	4249	–	1.85	0.82	Runs north-west to south-east. Contains 3 fills (5574,5575,5576). Linear in plan with moderately steep, shallow, concave base with gradual breaks of slope.
5574	Fill	5573	5249	+1.00	0.90	0.32	Basal fill of ditch. High water table here, possibly has affected the compaction of the fill. Mid orange brown clay silt with occasional small-medium unworked flint and a very firm (almost compacted) consistency.
5575	Fill	5573	5249	+1.00	1.85	0.28	Formed naturally. Mid orange brown/grey sandy silt with occasional small-medium flints, a sharp interface and a friable consistency. Contains struck flint and occasional flecks of charcoal.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5576	Fill	5573	5249	–	1.52	0.22	Upper fill. Does not continue across whole section as (5576) continues up the sides. Mid greyish brown sandy silt with occasional small flints, a sharp deposit interface and a friable consistency. Flecks of charcoal, pottery and struck flint observed along with fired clay (possibly daub).
5577	Group	–	5577	56.55	1.25m	0.40m	wide ditch which is connected to feature 5526, appears to form right angle ditch.
5578	Linear	–	5367	1.10 (slot)	2.40	0.37	Runs east-west. Intersected by [5580]. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5579	Fill	5578	5733	1.10 (slot)	2.40	0.37	Cut by [5580]. Stonier near base and along south edge. Natural back filling. Mid brown slightly stony (very few small-medium stones) loam sand with a gradual interface, and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency. Some struck flint flakes recovered.
5580	Linear	–	5707	1.10 (slot)	0.35	0.18	Runs south-west to north-east intersecting [5578] Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and no visible break of slope.
5581	Fill	5580	5707	1.10 (slot)	0.35	0.18	Mid brown loamy sand with an abrupt interface and a fine-grained, dry, friable consistency.
5582	Linear	–	5367	2.25	1.10	0.66	Disturbed by tree bowl. Sub-circular in plan with steep sides, an uneven base and a sharp break of slope.
5583	Fill	5582	5367	2.25	1.10	0.85	Disturbed by tree action and has been pushed through the edge of the cut. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with a clear interface and moist, loose consistency. Occasional carbon flecks.
5584	Fill	5582	5367	2.25	1.10	0.66	Secondary fill. Deliberate back filling with burnt material. Possible levelling event. Mid grey black sandy silt with very rare small stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5585	Fill	5582	5367	2.25	1.10	0.30	Tertiary fill. Natural accumulation of silt. Mid reddish brown silty sand with rare small stones, a gradual interface and a moist, loose consistency.
5586	Linear	–	5570	–	0.80	0.19	hedge line or boundary ditch running east-west. Abuts [5588] Linear in plan with concave side, a flat base, a sharp break of slope at the top and a gradual break of slope at the base.
5587	Fill	5586	5570	–	0.80	0.19	Grey brown sandy loam with rare small stones and gravel, a sharp interface and a friable consistency.
5588	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	1.05	0.40	Stone lined pit abutting linear [5586]. Located approximately 5 metres to the north-east of ring-ditch in south centre of area 3. Circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5589	Fill	5588	–	–	1.05	0.38	Grey brown sandy loam with a sharp interface and a friable consistency. A moderate amount of burnt stone and charcoal.
5590	Fill	5588	–	–	0.43	0.20	Primary fill. Orange red burnt stone layer with a clear interface and a compact consistency. Lies on base of cut.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5591	Linear		5570	–	–	–	–
5592	Fill	5591	5570	–	–	–	–
5593	Fill	5548	5367	+1.00	2.24	0.30	Naturally formed. Cut by [5550]. Mid red brown sand silt with occasional small-medium sub-angular stones and rare large stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon.
5594	Fill	5548	5367	1.00	1.45	0.29	Gently merges with a residue deposit of iron staining perhaps suggesting a prolonged period of standing water. Mid grey brown (reddish brown towards base) with occasional large sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Frequent flecks of charcoal.
5595	Linear	–	5706	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.51	0.10	Western arm of [5706]. Some associated post-holes within the possible interior. North-east of [5250]. Curvilinear in plan with a gently sloping sides, a rounded but uneven base and a gentle break of slope.
5596	Fill	5595	5706	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.51	0.10	Same as (5600) and (5612). Naturally formed by silting up of gully. Mid red brown silt sand with frequent small and medium angular flints, a clear, wavy consistency and a loose, moist consistency.
5597	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.18	0.19	0.13	To the north of [5595]. Part of roundhouse structure related to 5617 Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5598	Fill	5597	–	0.18	0.19	0.13	Single fill. Mid red brown silty clay with small angular flints, a sharp, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5599	Linear	–	5706	1 . 0 6 (slot)	0.30	0 . 0 6 - 0.02	Cut by [5601]. Peters out towards eastern section. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded, uneven base and no visible breaks of slope.
5600	Fill	5599	5706	1 . 0 6 (slot)	0.30	0.06	Single fill, similar to (5596) and (5612). Mid red brown silty sand occasional small angular flints, with clear, wavy interface and loose, moist consistency.
5601	Linear	–	5933	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.75	0.09	Field boundary running north-south, possibly a continuation of [5570], cuts [5617] at it's terminus. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5602	Fill	5601	5933	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.75	0.09	Same as (5553,5555,5557,5559). Single fill, natural silting up. Mid red brown silty sand with occasional angular flint and gravel, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5603	Linear	–	5655	+1.00	0.70	0.10	Terminus aligned north-west to south-east. Linear (irregular) in plan with regular curving sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope
5604	Fill	5603	5655	–	0.70	0.10	Single fill, natural silting up. Mid orange brown sandy silt with flint and stone inclusions, a good interface and a dry, friable consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5605	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	Circular in plan
5606	Fill	5605	–	–	–	–	Mid grey brown sandy silt with sandstone and flint pebbles, a good interface and a soft, damp consistency.
5607	Linear	–	5933	5.86m	0.69m	0.08m	Linear (irregular) with irregular sides, and irregular base and a steep break of slope.
5608	Fill	5607	5933	–	–	–	–
5609	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.22	0.23	0.02	Possibly truncated, very shallow. Possibly part of roundhouse represented by [5617] Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gentle breaks of slope.
5610	Fill	5609	–	0.22	0.23	0.02	Single fill. Mid grey brown silty sand with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5611	Linear	–	5706	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.69	0.10	Western arm of [5706]. Possibly truncated to the north but the ground level was a touch high here and it was difficult to trace round. Disturbed by animal burrows to the north end of the slot. Curvilinear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5612	Fill	5611	5706	+1.00	0.69	0.10	Disturbed on north side by animal burrows, similar to (5612,5598) Mid red brown silty clay with occasional small-medium angular flints, a clear, wavy interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5613	Discrete Cut	–	5935	–	–	–	Located close to group of features including two possible troughs and two large stake-holes which may have been part of an activity, possibly connected to the loom weight find SF5003 sub-circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a gentle break of slope.
5614	Fill	–	–	–	–	–	–
5615	Discrete Cut	–	5935	–	–	–	Near to another similar feature. Profile suggests stakehole. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a pointed base and a sharp break of slope
5616	Fill	5615	5935	–	–	–	–
5617	Linear	–	5706	26.06m	0.30m	0.06m	For curvilinear - believed to be a drip gully
5618	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.37	0.10	One of two post-holes located either side of linear. Circular in plan with concave sides, a concave base, a sharp break of slope at the top with a gradual break of slope at the base.
5619	Fill	5618	–	–	0.37	0.10	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5620	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.30	0.06	One of two post-holes either side of linear. Circular in plan with concave sides, a concave base, a sharp break of slope at the top and a gradual break of slope at the base.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5621	Fill	–	–	–	0.30	0.06	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5622	Group	–	5622	49.68	2.30m	0.42m	short linear ditch which cuts 5162
5623	Discrete Cut	–	5650	–	0.31	0.55	Related to [5642]. Possibly load bearing or an entrance way. Related also to [5644,5646,5648]. Circular in plan with regular vertical sides, and a flat base.
5624	Fill	5623	5650	–	0.31	0.55	Same as (5643,5645,5647) and (5649) Dark grey brown silt with charcoal flecks, a good interface and a soft, damp consistency.
5625	Group	–	–	2.08	1.63	0.34	Terminus. Linear in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5626	Fill	5625	–	2.06	1.63	0.34	Single fill, naturally formed silting deposit. Light reddish brown silty sand with many medium stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5627	Linear	–	5625	+2.00	1.04	0.50	Multiple fills (5628) and (5629). Cut by later linear [5630] Linear in plan with gradual-steep sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5628	Fill	5627	5625	+2.00	0.30	0.22	Natural silting deposit. Light grey brown sand silt with rare sub-rounded and rounded stones and occasional small-medium sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5629	Fill	5627	5625	+2.00	1.04	0.30	Upper fill of linear, natural silting. Cut by [5630]. Mid red grey sand silt with a few sub-angular small-large stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5630	Linear	–	–	+2.00	0.60	0.22	Cuts [5627]. Possible enclosure ditch. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5631	Fill	5630	–	+2.00	0.60	0.22	Single fill Mid red brown silt sand with many small gravel and rare small-medium sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5632	Linear	–	–	–	0.70	0.10	Possible hedge line. Runs north-south. Linear in plan with concave sides, a flat base, a sharp break of slope at the top and a gradual break of slope at the base.
5633	Fill	5632	–	–	–	–	Mid brown sandy loam with a clear interface and a friable consistency. Pottery recovered.
5634	Linear	–	5367	+1.80	+1.06	0.50	Runs east-west, intersected by [5636] after back filling of this feature had finished. Linear in plan with steep sides at the top, becoming gentle towards the base, a rounded base with a gradual break of slope.
5635	Fill	5634	5733	+1.80	+1.06	0.50	Cut by [5634] Mid greyish brown slightly stony (few small-large stones and some flint flakes) loamy sand with a gradual interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5636	Linear	–	5925	+1.83	0.57	0.28	Runs north-south and intersects [5634]. Linear in plan with gradually sloped sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5637	Fill	5636	5925	+1.83	+0.57	0.28	Natural silting formation Mid yellow brown slightly stony (very few small stones) loamy sand, an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.
5638	Linear	–	5933	+1.10	+0.27	0.10	Field boundary running north-south. Runs through possible roundhouse structure [5617]. Shallows out maybe truncated or ends here. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded, smooth base and no visible breaks of slope.
5639	Fill	5638	5933	+1.10	+0.27	0.10	Mid red brown silty sand with gravel inclusions, an abrupt, smooth consistency, and a loose, moist consistency
5640	Linear	–	5570	0.78	0.60	0.14	Field boundary. Very disturbed by bioturbation. Continuation of [5640]. Similar profile to [5601] Linear in plan with gently sloping, uneven sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5641	Fill	5640	5570	0.78	0.60	0.14	Single fill, naturally formed. Mid red brown silt sand with occasional small angular flint, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5642	Discrete Cut	–	5650	0.29	0.29	0.64	Appears to form a pair with [5623], possibly an entranceway. Related to [5623,5644,5646,5648] Circular in plan with vertical sides and a flat base.
5643	Fill	5642	5650	0.29	0.29	0.64	Same fill as (5645,5647,5649). Natural silting up. Dark grey brown silt with a moderate interface and a very soft consistency.
5644	Discrete Cut	–	5650	0.20	0.15	0.18 - 0.26	Base slopes to west. Associated with [5623,5642,5646,5648] Oval in plan with vertical, regular sides and a sloped base.
5645	Fill	5644	5650	0.20	0.15	0.18 - 0.20	Same as (5624,5643,5647,4649) Mid orange brown sandy silt with a moderate interface and a soft, damp consistency. Charcoal throughout.
5646	Discrete Cut	–	5650	0.16	0.13	0.20	Associated with [5623,5642,5644,5648]. Straight on eastern edge - perhaps for split timber? Oval in plan with regular sides and a flat base
5647	Fill	5646	5650	0.16	0.13	0.20	Same as (5624,5643,5645,4649) Grey orange brown sandy silt with occasional sandstone stones a moderate interface and a soft, damp consistency.
5648	Discrete Cut	–	5650	0.16	0.13	0.20	Associated with [5623,5642,5644,5648] Circular in plan with regular, vertical sides and the base slopes to the east.
5649	Fill	5648	5650	–	–	–	Same as (5624,5643,5647) Mid orange grey brown sandy silt with a moderate interface and a soft, damp consistency. Occasional charcoal throughout.
5650	Group	–	5650	–	–	–	For post holes located 'inside' (the east and north sides) of ring gully [5617] a possible drip gully from a roundhouse.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5651	Linear	–	5655	1.40	0.58	0.11	Terminus of gully. Possible relationship with roundhouse containing [5617] but appears to cut through it. Peters out rather than terminating. Runs north-south. Heavily disturbed by animal burrows along the base. Linear in plan with a steep side on the east and a gently sloping west side, a rounded, uneven base and a sharp break of slope on the east side.
5652	Fill	5651	5655	1.40	0.58	0.11	Single fill, natural backwash. Mid red brown silty sand with occasional small angular flint and tiny gravel, a gradual, uneven base and a loose, moist consistency.
5653	Linear	–	5655	0.52	0.52	0.10	Enclosure ditch running east-west with a curve north-south. South edge of the cut is irregular. Group [5570] just to the south. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gentle break of slope.
5654	Fill	5653	5655	0.52	0.52	0.10	Single fill, naturally back filled. Mid red brown silt sand with occasional small angular flint and gravel, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5655	Group	–	5655	15.50m	0.58m	0.11m	[5651] and [5653]
5656	Linear	–	5733	+0.91	0.60	0.13	Terminus. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded-flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5657	Fill	5656	5733	+0.91	0.60	0.13	Mid red brown silt sand moderately stony with a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5658	Linear	–	5733	+1.00	0.51	0.17	Possible enclosure. Runs alongside [5368]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and gradual breaks of slope.
5659	Fill	5658	5733	+1.00	0.51	0.17	Single fill, natural back filling. Mid red brown silt sand with occasional gravel inclusions, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare flecks of carbon
5660	Linear	–	5733	+20.00	1.05	0.19	Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5661	Fill	5660	5733	+20.00	1.05	0.19	Single fill formed naturally after ditch fell into disuse. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with rare small stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5662	Linear	–	5248	+1.40	2.80	0.98	Cuts ditch [5250]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides with a steep drop towards the base, a flat base and a gradual break of slope, turning sharp at the base
5663	Fill	5662	5248	+1.40	0.96	0.10	Basal fill. Cuts ring-ditch [5669]. Naturally formed. Dark orange red sandy gravel with frequent small-medium sub-rounded and angular flint and stone, with a clear interface and a compact, wet consistency.
5664	Fill	5662	5248	1.40	1.96	0.32	Natural silting. Light orange brown sandy silt with occasional small-medium sub-angular and angular flint, a clear interface and a compact, moist consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5665	Fill	5662	5248	1.40	0.80	0.10	Slumping layer along east side of cut. Only extends half way across width of feature. Mid orange red sandy gravel with frequent small-medium sub-angular and angular flint and stones.
5666	Fill	5662	5248	+1.40	2.62	0.24	Stones line along base of eastern edge of deposit. Natural back filling. Light orange red sandy silt with occasional large stones and a clear interface with a loose, dry consistency. Rare charcoal flecks
5667	Fill	5662	5248	+1.40	1.40	0.42	Upper deposit. Natural silting. Mid orange red silty sand with occasional medium-large stones, a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5668	Void	-	-	-	-	-	-
5669	Linear	-	5250	1.60	3.40	1.08	Cut by linear [5662] through north edge of ditch. Steep sides dropping to vertical at the base, a flat base and a gradual break of slope at the top changing to sharp at the base.
5670	Fill	5669	5250	1.69	1.00	0.30	Primary slumping fill. Dark orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface and a compact, wet consistency.
5671	Fill	5669	5250	1.69	1.04	0.45	Primary slumping fill. Dark orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface and a compact, clear consistency
5672	Fill	5669	5250	1.30	0.90	0.10	Secondary natural slumping event. Mid orange red sandy gravel (finer than (5670), a gradual interface and a compact, dry consistency.
5673	Fill	5669	5250	0.30	0.94	0.20	Secondary slumping. Similar to (5672). Mid orange red sandy gravel with a gradual interface and a compact, dry consistency
5674	Fill	5669	5250	+5.00	2.18	0.24	Natural silting. Likely to be a former ground surface formed whilst the ditch silted up. Mid yellow orange silty sand with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency. A few flint flakes recovered, look in good condition - were possibly not on the surface for long before being buried.
5675	Fill	5669	5250	+1.30	1.20	0.20	Deliberate levelling episode. Could also be natural slumping. Same in other slots around the ring-ditch. Mid orange red sandy gravel with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5676	Fill	5669	5250	1.69	2.40	0.40	Dense charcoal layer present in excavation but not so much in section. Quite patchy across slot. Deliberate deposition. Mid yellow orange silty sand with occasional medium stones, a clear consistency and a loose, dry consistency. Frequent charcoal and occasional worked flint.
5677	Fill	5669	5250	0.69	1.56	0.50	Natural silting. Upper fill. Light orange brown sandy silt with a clear interface and a loose consistency.
5678	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.90	0.88	0.13	Low confidence in this being an archaeological feature. Circular but irregular in plan with uneven, gently sloping sides and an uneven rounded base and sharp breaks of slope

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5679	Fill	5678	–	0.90	0.88	0.13	Mixed fill Mid red brown silt sand with small-large angular flints and gravels, a diffuse, uneven interface with a loose, moist consistency.
5680	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.70	0.66	0.17	Charcoal fill leached into natural making it hard to define the edges. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope
5681	Fill	5680	–	0.70	0.66	0.17	Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional small-medium angular flint, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional small charcoal inclusions.
5682	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.30	0.22	0.13	Post hole or pit. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope
5683	Fill	5682	–	0.30	0.22	0.13	Natural silting episode Mid red brown silt sand with rare small) and (large angular flints, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5684	Linear	–	5706	>1.00m	0.70	0.36	Terminus. Linear runs east-west. Possibly related to another linear running north-south further to the east. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5685	Fill	5684	5706	–	0.70	0.36	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small sub-angular stones and gravel, a clear interface and friable consistency. Flint and pottery recovered. Pottery fragments were minute and undiagnostic and were discarded.
5686	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	–	–	Tree throw? Evidence of burning contained within. Circular in plan with regular sides, a flat, uneven base and a mostly steep break of slope.
5687	Fill	5686	–	–	–	–	Soil seems 'scorched' towards base suggesting a fire. Charcoal and burning evidence limited to the middle of the fill and eastern edge. Within a clean silty fill of earlier tree throw(??) Dark black grey silty charcoal with stones (including quartz), a good interface and a soft, damp consistency. A flint scrapper, burnt bone, pottery and burnt stone were observed.
5688	Linear	–	5706	>1.00m	0.70	0.22	Runs east-west. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope. field system possibly associated with roundhouse.
5689	Fill	5688	5706	–	0.70	0.22	Mid brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones and gravel with a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5690	Linear	–	5733	+20.00	0.50	0.16	Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and gradual breaks of slope
5691	Fill	5690	5733	+1.20	0.50	0.16	Naturally accumulated. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with rare very small stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency
5692	Linear	–	5733	+20.00	1.05	0.30	Ditch terminus of ring-ditch. Located opposite [5690] on the east side Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5693	Fill	5692	5733	+20.00	1.05	0.30	Natural accumulation Mid reddish brown sandy silt with many small gravelly stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5694	Linear	–	5733	+20.00	0.92	0.19	Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, and a flat base
5695	Fill	5694	5733	+20.00	0.92	0.19	Naturally accumulated Mid reddish brown sandy silt with rare small stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency
5696	Linear	–	–	+20.00	0.68	0.16	Terminus for short linear. Located opposite [5698]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and no visible breaks of slope.
5697	Fill	5696	–	+20.00	0.62	0.16	Natural accumulation Mid reddish brown sandy silt with rare small stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency
5698	Linear	–	–	+20.00	0.93	0.20	Opposite [5696] Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and no visible breaks of slope.
5699	Fill	5698	–	1.20	0.92	0.20	. One flint core found at base of ditch Natural accumulation. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with very rare small stones, a clear interface and a loose, moist consistency
5700	Linear	–	5929	9.30	0.65	0.12	Terminus. Located east end of linear. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and no visible breaks of slope.
5701	Fill	5700	5929	9.30	0.65	0.12	Naturally back filled, single fill Mid reddish brown sandy silt with a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5702	Linear	–	5707	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.62	0.19	Boundary ditch running east-west. Linear (irregular) with a vertical south side and a gently sloping north side, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope on the south side, with a gentle one on the north.
5703	Fill	5702	5707	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.62	0.19	Single fill, naturally formed. Disturbed by animal burrows. Mid reddish brown silty sand with gravel and occasional small and medium flint a gradual, uneven interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare pottery inclusions and some flint debitage
5704	Linear	–	5706	1.27	0.55	0.08	Terminus of feature [5706]. Appears to abut [5708] - may be the same feature with a very irregular base although [5706] is flatter and smoother. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gentle break of slope
5705	Fill	5704	5706	1.27	0.55	0.08	Mid reddish brown silty sand with gravel and occasional small and medium flint a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5706	Group	–	5706	–	–	–	Enclosure Ditch
5707	Group	–	5707	–	–	–	Linear running east-west

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5708	Linear	–	5706	0.85	0.76	0.12	Enclosure ditch. Abuts [5704] although they could be part of the same feature with a very irregular base. This terminus is more irregular than the other possibly suggesting two different features. Linear in plan with gently sloping, uneven sides, an uneven base and a gradual break of slope
5709	Fill	5708	5706	0.85	0.76	0.12	Natural back filling Mid reddish brown silty sand with gravel and occasional small and medium flint a gradual, uneven interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5710	Linear	–	5706	1.00+	0.60	0.16	Enclosure ditch. Rises up to 0.10m in depth at east end. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5711	Fill	5710	5706	+1.00	0.60	0.16	Natural back filling Mid reddish brown silty sand with gravel and occasional small and medium flint a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Pottery, rare and degraded
5712	Linear	–	5706	+2.00	0.76	0.30	Enclosure ditch, part of field system in area. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope
5713	Fill	5712	5706	+2.00	0.76	0.30	Naturally backfilled. Stonier towards the base, probably an overcutting into the natural. Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency.
5714	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.05	1.22	0.41	Possible tree throw. Very irregular base. Possibly used later as a cooking pit?? Circular in plan (very irregular) with uneven sides and base and a gradual break of slope.
5715	Fill	5714	–	1.05	1.22	0.41	Mixed fill, naturally accumulated. Yellowy brown sandy silt with occasional flint pebbles, a poor interface and a soft, friable consistency
5716	Linear	–	5706	+1.00	0.62	0.14	Runs north-south. Cut by [5718] on western side. [5718] appears to turn into [5707] and then run alongside it. May be an irregular feature with an uneven base. Linear in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5717	Fill	5716	5706	+1.00	0.62	0.14	Naturally deposited Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and frequent gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency. Possible struck flint recovered.
5718	Linear	–	5706	+1.00	0.44	0.09	Gully or boundary ditch running east-west with a return into [5706]. Cuts ditch slot [5716] and possibly merges further down? Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope
5719	Fill	5718	5706	+1.00	0.44	0.09	Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency.
5720	Linear	–	5706	+2.00	0.62	0.21	Enclosure ditch, part of field system. Runs north-south. Cut by pit [5722] on eastern edge. Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slopes

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5721	Fill	5720	5706	+2.00	0.62	0.21	Natural back filling Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency
5722	Discrete Cut	-	-	1.50	1.05	0.18	Cuts linear [5706]. Confident this is not a tree bowl. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope.
5723	Fill	5722	-	1.50	1.05	0.18	Stonier towards base. Natural silting up. Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency
5724	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.59	0.78	0.14	Probable tree bowl; low confidence in this being an archaeological feature. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5725	Fill	5724	-	0.59	0.78	0.14	Light grey brown silt sand with occasional angular small flint and gravel with a gradual, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency.
5726	Discrete Cut	-	-	0.88	0.79	0.11	Tree bowl. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, and a rounded base
5727	Fill	5726	-	0.88	0.79	0.11	Mixed. Natural accumulation. Light grey brown silt sand with occasional angular small flint and gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency
5728	Linear	-	5734	>1.00m	1.00	0.42	Hedgerow or boundary ditch. Tree bowl cuts the northern edge. Linear in plan with concave, uneven sides, a concave base and a sharp break of slope at the top becoming gradual at the base.
5729	Fill	5728	5734	-	1.00	0.42	Red brown sandy loam with rare sub-angular stones and gravel with a sharp interface and friable consistency.
5730	Fill	5731	5750	-	-	-	-
5731	Discrete Cut	-	5750	0.65	0.60	0.30	Fire pit. Multiple fills (5731,5732). Sides and base look heat affected. Related post and stake holes [5745] and [5747]. Circular in plan with regular, vertical sides and an even base.
5732	Fill	5731	5750	-	-	-	-
5733	Group	-	5733	-	-	-	Tom's Enclosure
5734	Group	-	5734	21.91	1.00m	0.42m	[5728] linear ditch, probably part of/contemporary with ditch/group No 5706. forming part of field system.
5735	Group	-	5735	19.35	0.65m	0.10m	Linear - PB
5736	Linear	-	5734	>1.00m	0.60	0.08 - 0.18	Boundary or drainage ditch. Runs east-west. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and clear breaks of slope.
5737	Linear	-	5929	9.30	0.63	0.14	Terminus. Similar to [5700]. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, and a flat base.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5738	Linear	5737	5929	9.30	0.63	0.14	Natural deposit. Mid red brown sandy silt with very rare small stones with a clear interface and loose, dry consistency
5739	Linear	–	5929	9.3	0.90	0.14	Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and no visible breaks of slope
5740	Fill	5739	5929	9.30	0.90	0.14	Naturally accumulated Mid red brown sandy silt with rare small stones with a clear interface and loose, dry consistency
5741	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.29	0.31	0.18	Association with post-holes [5743,5745,5747] - possible structure? Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5742	Fill	5741	5750	0.29	0.31	0.18	Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and frequent gravel with a sharp, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency.
5743	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.25	0.24	0.14	Associated with post holes [5741,5745,5747] Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5744	Fill	5743	5750	0.25	0.24	0.14	Mid red brown silt sand with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency
5745	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.35	0.35	0.21	Posthole associated with [5741,5743,5747,5731] - possible structure. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a rounded base and sharp break of slope.
5746	Fill	5745	5750	0.35	0.35	0.21	Mid red brown silt sand with occasional angular small-medium flint and gravel with a clear, smooth interface and loose, moist consistency. Charcoal (tiny flecks) throughout.
5747	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.20	0.20	0.10	Associated with [5745,5743,5741] - possible structure (roundhouse?) Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5748	Fill	5747	5750	0.20	0.20	0.10	Mid grey brown silt sand with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Frequent charcoal inclusions.
5749	deposit	5731	5750	–	–	–	–
5750	Group	–	5750	–	8.89	–	a circular arrangement of post-holes, with a pair of double post holes marking the entrance, which faces south east.
5751	Linear	–	5706	>1.00m	0.45	0.20	Enclosure ditch. Runs east-west. Cut by linear [5735] Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5752	Fill	5736	5734	–	0.70	0.18	Reddish brown sandy loam with small stones and gravel (rare) and a clear interface, and friable consistency.
5753	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.36	0.32	0.20	Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with a vertical west side, and a steep east side, rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5754	Fill	5753	5936	0.36	0.32	0.20	Mid grey brown silty sand with occasional unworked flint, a sharp, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5755	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.23	0.21	0.07	Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5756	Fill	5755	5936	0.23	0.21	0.07	Mid grey brown silty sand with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional tiny flecks of charcoal.
5757	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.30	0.33	0.09	Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope
5758	Fill	5757	5936	0.30	0.33	0.09	Mid grey brown silty sand with occasional tiny and small angular flints, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5759	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.34	0.25	0.07	Animal burrow on the south side gives this feature a tail. Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with steep western sides and gently sloping eastern sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5760	Fill	5759	5936	0.34	0.25	0.07	Mid grey brown silt sand with small angular flints, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Abundant tiny charcoal.
5761	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.30	0.28	0.14	Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with a vertical western edge and a gently sloping eastern edge, a rounded (pointed) base and a sharp break of slope.
5762	Fill	5761	5936	0.30	0.28	0.14	Mid grey brown silty sand with occasional small-medium angular flint, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5763	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.30	0.28	0.12	Possible association with features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with steep sides a rounded base (points towards west) and a sharp break of slope.
5764	Fill	5763	5936	0.30	0.28	0.12	Mid grey brown silt sand with frequent small angular flints, a gradual, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Abundant tiny charcoal flecks.
5765	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.18	0.16	0.07	Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope.
5766	Fill	5765	5936	0.18	0.16	0.07	Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional small angular flint, a clear, smooth deposit interface and a loose, moist consistency. Abundant small flecks of charcoal.
5767	Discrete Cut	–	5936	0.17	0.19	0.06	Possible association of features [5755-5767] inclusive, possible structure. Circular in plan with a steep western edge, a gentle eastern edge, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5768	Fill	5767	5936	0.17	0.19	0.06	Mid grey brown silt sand with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional tiny flecks of charcoal.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5769	Linear	–	5937	+20.00	0.73	0.20	Point where two ditches merge into one. Both appear contemporary with each other. Linear (two ditches meet in a 'V' shape) in plan with steep sides, a flat base and no visible breaks of slope.
5770	Fill	5769	5937	+20.00	0.73	0.20	Natural in filling. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with very rare small stones, a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency.
5771	Group	–	5771	–	–	–	Group of small closely spaced pits. Many have charcoal rich fills, several containing in situ pot bases. Features heavily truncated, possible that this was associated with funerary practices.
5772	Fill	5751	5706	–	0.45	0.20	Reddish brown sandy loam with a clear interface and friable consistency. Pottery found within.
5773	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.80	0.22	Possible fire pit containing burnt stone. post-holes approximately 2m to the south could be associated with this feature. Sub-circular in plan with concave sides, a concave base and a sharp break of slope at the top turning to a gradual break of slope at the base.
5774	Fill	5773	–	–	0.63	0.16	Primary fill. Red brown sandy loam with rare small stones and gravel, a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5775	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.47	0.37	0.12	Just east of ring-ditch [5250] in area 3. Circular in plan with steep edges, a rounded base and sharp breaks of slope.
5776	Fill	5775	–	0.47	0.37	0.12	Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional small and medium angular flint, a sharp, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Abundant large and small flecks of charcoal, rare small burnt stones and rare small fired clay lumps.
5777	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.25	0.22	0.06	Possible pit or posthole. Surrounding soil baked hard by the sun, difficult to excavate. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and sharp break of slope.
5778	Fill	5777	–	0.25	0.22	0.06	Possible pit or post hole. Difficult to excavate due to baked soil conditions. Mid red brown clay with occasional small angular flint, a diffuse, wavy interface and a compact, dry consistency. Occasional charcoal, mostly occurring at the top.
5779	Linear	–	5937	1.00	0.40	0.08	Terminus. Linear in plan with gently sloping sides, and a flat base.
5780	Fill	5779	5937	1.00	0.40	0.08	Natural silting. Mid reddish brown sandy silt with gravel inclusions, a clear interface and a loose, dry consistency
5781	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5782	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5783	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5784	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5785	Fill	5874	5750	–	–	–	–

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5786	Discrete Cut	–	5750	–	–	–	–
5787	Fill	5773	–	–	0.75	0.12	Possible fire pit. A stony deposit forming the top layer of the pit. Sits above (5788). Grey sandy loam with abundant sub-angular stones a gravel, a clear interface and a friable consistency. Burnt stones also included.
5788	Fill	5773	–	–	0.55	0.05	Middle layer. Black charcoal with abundant burnt stone inclusions, a clear interface and a friable consistency.
5789	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.48	0.48	0.08	Located in area with 23 similar features [5789-5839] inclusive. Shallow, probably truncated by ploughing. Roughly circular in plan with gradually sloping sides, a rounded base and a smooth break of slope at the top becoming imperceptible at the base.
5790	Fill	5789	5771	0.48	0.48	0.08	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Mid black grey silty clay with a clear, smooth interface and a dry, loose consistency. Rare burnt bone flecks.
5791	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.55	0.48	0.18	Located in cluster of similar features, [5789-5839] inclusive. Upper deposits cut by modern agricultural activity. Circular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope
5792	Fill	5791	5771	0.55	0.48	0.18	Cremation pit, deliberate deposit. Dark grey black silty clay with a sharp, smooth interface and a moist, loose consistency. Rare pottery fragments (degraded and soft) and rare charcoal pieces, and burnt bone flecks.
5793	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.34	0.33	0.12	Truncated by modern agricultural activity. Roughly circular with gradually sloping sides, a rounded base and a smooth break of slope
5794	Fill	5793	5771	0.34	0.33	0.12	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Light grey black silty clay with a clear, smooth interface and a dry, loose consistency. Frequent burnt bone flecks.
5795	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.22	0.18	0.07	Very shallow, truncated by modern agricultural activity. sub-circular in plan with a gradually sloping side, a rounded base and an imperceptible break of slope.
5796	Fill	5795	5771	0.22	0.18	0.07	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Mid brown grey silty clay with rare small sub-rounded stones, a clear, wavy interface and a dry, loose consistency. Rare charcoal fleck and frequent burnt bone flecks.
5797	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.43	0.36	0.04	Severely truncated by later activity. Circular in plan with a gradually sloping side, a rounded base and an imperceptible break of slope
5798	Fill	5797	5771	0.43	0.36	0.04	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Mid grey brown silty clay with a clear, wavy interface and a dry, loose consistency. Rare burnt bone flecks.
5799	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.49	0.47	0.12	Deliberate deposition. Truncated by modern agricultural activity. Circular in plan with gradually sloping sides, a uneven, rounded base and a smooth break of slope.

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5800	Fill	5799	5771	0.49	0.47	0.12	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Evidence of bioturbation. Orange flecks within the fill suggest a heat affected deposit. Mid black grey silty clay, very slightly stony (well sorted) with a clear, smooth interface and a moist, loose consistency. Rare charcoal flecks.
5801	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.38	0.35	0.07	Shallow, probably truncated by modern agricultural activity. Circular in plan with gradually sloping sides and a smooth break of slope.
5802	Fill	5801	5771	0.38	0.35	0.07	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Dark brown grey silty clay with a clear, wavy interface and a dry, loose consistency. Rare charcoal flecks.
5803	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.60	0.56	0.14	Circular in plan with a steep side on the east and a gradual slope on the west, an uneven base and a smooth break of slope.
5804	Fill	5803	5771	0.60	0.56	0.14	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Mid grey black silty clay with a clear, wavy interface and a moist, loose consistency.
5805	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.52	0.52	0.24	Truncated by modern ploughing. Roughly circular in plan with steep sides, an uneven base and a sharp break of slope.
5806	Fill	5805	5771	0.52	0.52	0.24	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Dark grey black silty clay with rare small angular stones, a clear, wavy interface and a moist, loose consistency. Rare charcoal flecks.
5807	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.37	0.36	0.21	Slightly different in plan to the other cremation cuts in this group being more square than circular. Sub-square in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5808	Fill	5807	5771	0.37	0.36	0.21	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Black charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Completely charcoal deposit.
5809	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.41	0.39	0.18	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5810	Fill	5809	5771	0.41	0.39	0.18	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Dark purple brown silty clay very slightly stony (small, angular, well sorted) with a clear, smooth interface and a moist, loose consistency. Frequent charcoal flecks.
5811	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.44	0.39	0.17	sub-circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5812	Fill	5811	5771	0.44	0.39	0.17	Cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Bioturbation evident. Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a loose, loose consistency.
5813	Discrete Cut	–	5771	–	–	–	–
5814	Fill	5813	5771	–	–	–	–
5815	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.39	0.24	0.11	Sub-circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5816	Fill	5815	5771	0.39	0.24	0.11	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Evidence of bioturbation Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions
5817	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.65	0.46	0.09	sub-circular in plan (possibly tampered with by plough) with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5818	Fill	5817	5771	0.65	0.46	0.09	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Black charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions up to 100% of fill .
5819	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.39	0.36	0.06	Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope at the top turning gradual at the base.
5820	Fill	5819	5771	0.39	0.36	0.06	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Evidence of bioturbation and plough damage Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a dry, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions up to 80% of fill.
5821	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.26	0.37	0.05	sub-circular in plan with steep-vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5822	Fill	5821	5771	0.26	0.38	0.05	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a dry, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions .
5823	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.43	0.40	0.11	Circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5824	Fill	5823	5771	0.43	0.40	0.11	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Evidence of bioturbation. Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions.
5825	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.34	0.34	0.16	Circular in plan with steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5826	Fill	5825	5771	0.34	0.34	0.16	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Evidence of bioturbation. Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions up to 90% and rare pottery inclusions.
5827	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.64	0.56	0.30	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5828	Fill	5827	5771	0.64	0.56	0.30	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Dark black charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions up to 100%
5829	Discrete Cut	–	5771	–	–	–	–
5830	Void	–	–	–	–	–	Double Numbered look to (5928) for answers.
5831	Discrete Cut	–	5771	0.63	0.54	0.13	Circular in plan with steep sides on the east and gently sloping on the west, a flat base and a sharp break of slope on the east and a gradual break of slope on the west.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5832	Fill	5831	5771	0.63	0.54	0.13	Single fill of cremation pit. Deliberate deposition. Evidence of bioturbation. Dark orange black sandy charcoal with a clear interface and a moist, loose consistency. Charcoal inclusions up to 65%
5833	Linear	–	–	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.53	0.18	Runs north-west to south-east. Runs into but not through ring-ditch south centre of area 3. Is next to pit [5835] but relationships is undetermined, see context (5836). Linear in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope.
5834	Fill	5833	–	2 . 0 0 (slot)	0.53	0.18	Very similar to (5836) Mid red brown silt sand with occasional medium angular flint and frequent small angular flint with natural gravels, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency.
5835	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.33	0.41	0.25	Possible cremation pit. Relationship with [5836] undetermined - see (5836) Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5836	Fill	5835	–	0.33	0.41	0.25	Cremated bone appears part way down the fill, this may be an indication that the pit is truncated by the ditch and has removed the pre-existing fill above this point. Very similar to (5834) Mid red brown silt sand with a sharp, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Rare cremated bone inclusions and occasional charcoal flecks.
5837	Fill	–	5771	0.31	0.30	0.06	Base of pot excavated by RB. No cut visible. Distinct bowl shaped depression remains after it's removal. It was very fragmentary. Block lift was not possible.
5838	Fill	–	5771	0.23	0.22	0.03	Fragmented remains of the base of a pot. Severely truncated by modern ploughing. In a larger group of similar features. No cut or fill observed. Near to (5837) and (5839). Quite coarse and thick, possibly prehistoric.
5839	Fill	–	5771	0.20	0.20	0.03	Similar to (5838). Severely truncated pot base. No cut visible in the ground. Possibly disturbed by nearby burials and pressed into the ground, or offerings associated with the cremation pits.
5840	Linear	–	5924	0.60(slot)	0 . 6 0 (slot)	0.26	Runs east-west running parallel to [5634]. Intersected by [5842].
5841	Fill	5840	5924	0.60(slot)	0 . 6 0 (slot)	0.26	Natural silting up. Flint flakes found close to the surface. Mid brown loamy sand with a few small stones, an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency. A few struck flints were also recovered.
5842	Linear	–	5925	(0 . 9 3) slot	(0 . 1 7) (slot)	0.09	Runs north-south intersecting two linears [5840,5834]. Linear in plan with gradually sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5843	Fill	5842	5925	0 . 9 3 (slot)	0.17 (slot)	0.09	Naturally silted up. Light yellow brown loamy sand, very slightly stony with a few small-large stones, an abrupt interface and a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5844	Linear	–	5924	0 . 5 2 0 (slot)	. 2 2 (slot)	0.18	Runs east-west intersected by another ditch [5846]. Linear in plan with gradually sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope.
5845	Fill	–	5924	0 . 5 2 0 (slot)	. 2 2 (slot)	0.18	Mid yellow brown loamy sand, very slightly stony with very few large stones, a gradual interface and a dry, fine grained, friable consistency.
5846	Linear	–	5924	0 . 4 7 0 (slot)	. 2 2 (slot)	0.09	Linear in plan with gradually sloping sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope
5847	Fill	5846	5924	0 . 4 7 0 (slot)	. 2 2 (slot)	0.09	Mid yellow brown loamy sand with a gradual interface and a dry, fine grained, friable consistency.
5848	Linear	–	5924	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.56	0.12	Runs east-west. Cut by tree bowl on south edge. Linear in plan, gradually sloping, an uneven base and a gradual break of slope.
5849	Fill	5848	5924	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.56	0.12	Mid yellow brown loamy sand with an abrupt interface, with a dry, friable consistency.
5850	Linear	–	5924	0.60	0.45	0.12	Rectangular cut on south side of linear. Sub-rectangular in plan with steep sides, a rounded base and imperceptible breaks of slope.
5851	Fill	5850	5924	0.60	0.45	0.12	Natural infilling of tree bowl. Dark brown sandy loam with an abrupt interface and a moist, poorly sorted consistency.
5852	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.45	0.33	Post-hole. Close to [5773] Circular in plan with concave sides, a flat base and a clear break of slope.
5853	Fill	5852	–	–	0.45	0.33	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare gravel inclusions, a clear interface and a friable consistency. Rare charcoal inclusions
5854	Discrete Cut	–	–	1.08	1.08	0.15	Probable tree bowl. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and a gradual break of slope
5855	Fill	5884	5750	1.08	1.08	0.15	Mid red brown silt sand with rare large angular stones and rare small-medium angular flint, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency
5856	Discrete Cut	–	–	0.51	0.53	0.09	Domestic disposal pit. Circular in plan with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and no perceivable breaks of slope
5857	Fill	5886	5750	0.51	0.53	0.09	Single uniform fill Mid grey brown silt sand with occasional tiny gravels, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency. Occasional large flecks of charcoal and frequent small flecks of charcoal.
5858	Linear	–	5925	–	–	–	Terminus running north-south. Linear in plan with gradual-steep sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5859	Fill	5858	5925	–	–	–	Mid yellow brown loamy sand, slightly stony (few small-large stones and flint), and a abrupt interface with a dry, fine-grained, friable consistency. Rare pottery.

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5860	Linear	–	–	1 . 0 0	0.98	0.15	Runs north-east to south-west. Cut by gully [5922] and possibly join together.
5861	Fill	5860	–	1 . 0 0	0.98	0.15	Single fill, natural backfilling. Mid grey brown sand clay with occasional small angular flint, a clear, smooth interface and a loose, friable consistency.
5862	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.40	0.25	Similar to [5852] Circular in plan with tapered sides, a blunt pointy base and a clear break of slope at the top turning gradual at the base.
5863	Fill	5862	–	–	0.40	0.25	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small stones and gravel, a clear interface and a friable consistency. Some charcoal observed.
5864	Discrete Cut	–	5750	–	0.40	0.40	Part of roundhouse structure. Circular in plan with vertical, regular sides and a flat base.
5865	Fill	5864	5750	–	0.40	0.40	Natural silting up, truncated at top by ploughing. Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional flints and small sub-angular stones, a good interface and a consistent with gets softer and moister towards the base.
5866	Discrete Cut	–	5750	–	0.40	0.25	Part of possible roundhouse structure Circular in plan with vertical sides and a flat base
5867	Fill	–	5750	–	0.40	0.25	Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with a good interface and a consistency which gets damper lower down. Same as (5865).
5868	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.36	0.43	0.20	Circular in plan (slightly oval) with vertical sides, and a flat base.
5869	Fill	5868	5750	0.36	0.43	0.20	Natural silting up, truncated at top by ploughing. Same as (5865) Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional flints and small sub-angular stones, a good interface and a consistent with gets softer and moister towards the base.
5870	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.40	0.34	0.23	Circular in plan with vertical sides and a flat base
5871	Fill	5870	5750	0.40	0.34	0.23	–
5872	Discrete Cut	–	5750	–	–	–	–
5873	Fill	5872	5750	–	–	–	–
5874	Discrete Cut	–	5750	–	–	–	–
5875	Fill	5874	5750	–	–	–	–
5876	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.46	0.46	0.20	sub-circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp break of slope
5877	Fill	5876	5750	0.46	0.46	0.20	Natural silting up, truncated at top by ploughing. Light-mid red brown sandy silt with very rare very small stones, a clear interface and a consistent with gets softer and moister towards the base.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5878	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.37	0.37	0.12	Truncated during excavation by machine. sub-circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope.
5879	Fill	5878	5750	0.37	0.37	0.12	Natural silting up, truncated at top by ploughing. Light-mid red brown sandy silt with very rare very small stones, a clear interface and a consistent with gets softer and moister towards the base. Occasional charcoal flecks.
5880	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.38	0.38	0.13	Sub-circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and a sharp break of slope
5881	Fill	5881	5750	0.38	0.38	0.13	Natural silting up, truncated at top by ploughing. Light-mid red brown sandy silt with very rare very small stones, a clear interface and a consistent with gets softer and moister towards the base. Occasional charcoal flecks
5882	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.27	0.27	0.12	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5883	Fill	5882	5750	0.27	0.27	0.12	Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional sub-angular pieces of unworked flint, a good interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base.
5884	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.41	0.30	0.16	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5885	Fill	5884	5750	0.41	0.30	0.16	Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional sub-angular pieces of unworked flint, a good interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal flecks.
5886	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.40	0.36	0.20	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5887	Fill	5886	5750	0.40	0.36	0.20	Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional sub-angular pieces of unworked flint, a good interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal
5888	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.39	0.39	0.25	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5889	Fill	5888	5750	0.39	0.39	0.25	Light-mid orange brown sandy silt with occasional sub-angular pieces of unworked flint, a good interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal.
5890	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.93	0.93	0.24	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5891	Fill	5890	5750	0.93	0.93	0.24	Mid red orange brown sandy silt with very small very rare stones, a good interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal.
5892	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.55	0.55	0.17	Circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope
5893	Fill	5872	5750	0.55	0.55	0.17	Mid red brown sandy silt with very rare very small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal.
5894	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.31	0.31	0.29	sub-circular in plan with vertical sides, a flat base and sharp breaks of slope

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Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5895	Fill	5894	5750	0.31	0.31	0.29	Mid red brown sandy silt with very small very rare stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal.
5896	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.37	0.37	0.33	sub-circular with vertical sides, a flat base and steep breaks of slope
5897	Fill	5896	5750	0.37	0.37	0.33	Mid red brown sandy silt with very small stones, a clear interface and a soft consistency getting damper towards the base. Occasional charcoal.
5898	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.09	0.09	0.12	Possible stake-hole. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a rounded base and sharp break of slope
5899	Fill	5898	5750	0.09	0.09	0.12	Mid orange brown sandy silt with a good interface and a dry, crumbly consistency.
5900	Discrete Cut	–	5750	0.07	0.07	0.12	Possible stake-hole. Circular in plan with vertical sides, a rounded base and a sharp break of slope
5901	Fill	5900	5750	0.07	0.07	0.12	Mid orange brown sandy silt with a good interface and a dry, crumbly consistency.
5902	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5903	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5904	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5905	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5906	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5907	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5908	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5909	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5910	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5911	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5912	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5913	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5914	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5915	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5916	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5917	Void	–	–	–	–	–	–
5918	Discrete Cut	–	5750	1.00	0.46	–	Oval in plan.

Context	Type	Relates to Cut	Group	Dimensions			Interpretation
				L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	
5919	Fill	5918	5750	1.00	0.46		
5920	Discrete Cut	–	5750	1.08	1.08	0.30	In centre of possible roundhouse sub-circular in plan with steep sides, an uneven base and a sharp break of slope
5921	Fill	5920	5750	1.08	1.08	0.30	Naturally accumulated Mid reddish brown sandy silt with occasional small stones, a clear interface and a compact, dry consistency
5922	Linear	–	5735	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.26	0.05	Gully running north-south across site. Runs parallel to [5860] and merges at this point. Linear in plane with gently sloping sides, a rounded base and no perceivable breaks of slope
5923	Fill	5922	5735	1 . 0 0 (slot)	0.26	0.05	Natural back filling. Mid grey brown sand clay with a clear, smooth interface and a loose, moist consistency
5924	Group	–	5924	–	–	–	For parallel linear ditch
5925	Group	–	5925	–	–	–	For linear intersecting groups [5924]) and ([5733].
5926	Discrete Cut	–	–	–	0.80	0.20	Possible storage pit. Circular in plan with concave sides, a flat base and a gradual break of slope
5927	Fill	5926	–	–	0.80	0.20	Reddish brown sandy loam with rare small stones and gravel inclusions, a clear interface and a friable consistency
5928	Fill	5837	5771	–	–	–	From within cremation urn. Same as (5830), double numbered.
5929	Group	--	5929	8.9m	0.65m	0.12m	For linear
5930	Linear	–	5735	19.41	0.65	0.10	Boundary ditch. Linear in plan with tapered sides, a flat base and a clear break of slope.
5931	Fill	5930	5735	–	0.65	0.10	Light red brown sandy loam with rare small sub-angular stones, a clear interface and a friable consistency
5932	Group	–	5932	42.1	0.70m	0.34m	small rectilinear field system.
5933	Group	–	5933	8.78m	–	–	curvilinear ditch
5934	Group	–	5934	–	–	–	–
5935	Group	–	5935	–	–	–	–
5936	Group	–	5936	–	–	–	–
5937	Group	–	5937	–	–	–	–
5938	Group	–	5938	–	–	–	Large land division appears in Areas 4i, 4j, 4l

APPENDIX 2 FEATURE GROUPS

Group No	Associated Contexts
6442	6256, 6264
6121	6119, 6068
6327	6266, 6325
6010	6010
6323	6282, 6321
6474	6317, 6302
6324	6278, 6375, 6309
6300	6299, 6297
6426	6016, 6554, 6426, 6454
6471	6456, 6466
6576	6514, 6567, 6638, 6478
6705	6572, 6705, 6724, 6617, 6430
6612	6621, 6523, 6543
6599	6599, 6697, 6622, 6697, 6965, 6850, 6627, 6791
6646	6874, 6646, 6617, 6274
6967	6894, 6930, 6947, 6942, 6842
7156	7054, 6847, 6809, 7080, 6944
7114	7117, 7105, 7136, 7098
6868	6730, 6732
6867	6593, 6699, 6722
6869	6607, 6685, 6907, 7051, 7005, 7128, 7125
7122	6924, 7056, 7032
7123	7110, 7018

Group No	Associated Contexts
7159	7132
7121	7043, 7047
6851	8145, 6881, 6838, 6861, 8139
8181	8143, 8165, 8181, 8147
8084	8153, 8132, 8102, 8084, 8068
8175	8175, 8171, 8177, 8205, 8046
8059	8059, 8072, 8096
6970	6857, 6889, 6935
7109	6907, 6959, 7024
6758	7090, 6957, 6717, 6691
6759	6631, 6715
6760	6734, 6774
6756	6629, 6603, 6577
6971	7058, 6975, 6977, 6987
7007	7087, 7007
6757	6693, 6605, 7028, 7010, 6823
6765	7021, 6737, 7060, 6819
6888	6618, 6464, 6854, 6851
6294	6294, 6305, 6307, 6311, 6313, 6315, 6319, 6328, 6337, 6344, 6361, 6363, 6367, 6369 6373, 6380, 6384, 6386, 6388, 6392, 6398 6400, 6402, 6408, 6413, 6415, 6424, 6432 6434, 6442, 6445, 6447, 6449

APPENDIX 3 MEDIEVAL CONTEXT DATING

Ceramic phase dating for medieval stratified contexts showing quantifications for all finds (pottery and other) from each context. Table ordered by feature / group.

M1 = E-L 11th; M2 = L11th-E/M 12th; M3 = E/M 12th-E13th; M3a = L12th-E13th; M4 = 13th-L14th; M5 = L14th-M16th; PM1 = M16th-18th

Area	Feature	Context	Ceramic Phase	No of finds	Wgt (g) of finds
2a	circular kiln 8211	8208	M2	4	71
2a	circular kiln 8211	8209	M3	12	193
2a	circular kiln 8211	8244	M3	9	335
2a	circular kiln 8211	8283	M3	3	48
2a	circular kiln 8211	8284	M3	1	289
2a	circular kiln 8211	8245	M3a	22	334
2a	circular kiln 8211	8210	M4	305	3559
2a	colluvium 8269	8269	M2	1	30
2a	disturbed natural 8023 nr str 8242	8023	M4	5	37
2a	ditch 6583	6706	M3	3	50
2a	ditch 6591	6592	M2	2	24
2a	ditch 6595	6596	M4	26	160
2a	ditch 6597	6598	M2	2	14
2a	ditch 6613	6636	M3	34	762
2a	ditch 6650	6652	M2	4	9
2a	ditch 6754	6752	M2	4	35
2a	ditch 6755	6751	M2	3	24
2a	ditch 6758	6692	M2	2	2
2a	ditch 6758	7009	M2	1	1
2a	ditch 6758	6825	M3	2	80
2a	ditch 6765	6820	M2	13	60
2a	ditch 6765	6739	M3	1	6
2a	ditch 6765	7023	M3	2	12
2a	ditch 6768	6673	M2	1	4
2a	ditch 6780	6708	M2	5	23
2a	ditch 6781	6749	M3	13	166
2a	ditch 6781	6748	M3a	1	18
2a	ditch 6801	6968	M2	2	10
2a	ditch 6801	6600	M3	24	152
2a	ditch 6801	6852	M3	12	126
2a	ditch 6802	6624	M2	1	27
2a	ditch 6802	6725	M2	4	31

Area	Feature	Context	Ceramic Phase	No of finds	Wgt (g) of finds
2a	ditch 6822	6790	M2	3	44
2a	ditch 6831	6898	M2	13	261
2a	ditch 6834	6818	M2	2	12
2a	ditch 6834	6962	M2	1	1
2a	ditch 6838	6839	M2	2	6
2a	ditch 6867	6594	M2	1	15
2a	ditch 6867	6700	M2	1	16
2a	ditch 6868	6805	M2	20	144
2a	ditch 6868	6733	M3a	8	92
2a	ditch 6869	7053	M3	2	14
2a	ditch 6871	6667	M2	5	50
2a	ditch 6871	6783	M2	2	44
2a	ditch 6871	6670	M3a	41	556
2a	ditch 6888	6665	M3	5	25
2a	ditch 6963	6964	M3	1	8
2a	ditch 6971	6978	M2	1	1
2a	ditch 7065	7066	M2	9	71
2a	ditch 7065	7065	M3	3	52
2a	ditch 7090	7092	M2	3	11
2a	ditch 7109	6960	M3	1	10
2a	ditch 7115	7036	M2	2	3
2a	ditch 7123	7110	M2	1	1
2a	ditch 7124	7072	M2	1	1
2a	ditch 7135	7149	M5	4	28
2a	ditch 7156	6895	M2	1	7
2a	ditch 7156	7138	M2	1	65
2a	ditch 7156	7137	M3	5	48
2a	ditch 7159	7147	M2	3	23
2a	ditch 7159	8218	M2	21	414
2a	ditch 7159	7146	M3	1	11
2a	ditch 8020	8020	M2	6	20
2a	ditch 8046	8047	M2	106	1281
2a	ditch 8052	8005	M2	1	6
2a	ditch 8052	8053	M2	7	99
2a	ditch 8059	8060	M2	41	674
2a	ditch 8059	8013	M3a	19	310
2a	ditch 8059	8015	M3a	3	140
2a	ditch 8065	8067	M2	12	174
2a	ditch 8070	8071	M2	1	12

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Feature	Context	Ceramic Phase	No of finds	Wgt (g) of finds
2a	ditch 8073	8073	M2	2	17
2a	ditch 8074	8075	M2	18	133
2a	ditch 8074	8006	M3a	4	30
2a	ditch 8088	8089	M2	5	190
2a	ditch 8096	8096	M2	1	144
2a	ditch 8100	8101	M3	100	1060
2a	ditch 8106	8107	M2	1	5
2a	ditch 8113	8114	M2	2	7
2a	ditch 8117	8118	M2	1	5
2a	ditch 8130	8131	M2	2	5
2a	ditch 8132	8133	M2	1	8
2a	ditch 8139	8140	M2	1	14
2a	ditch 8149	8150	M2	2	13
2a	ditch 8151	8152	M2	5	65
2a	ditch 8153	8154	M2	5	45
2a	ditch 8173	8174	M2	1	34
2a	ditch 8175	8175	M2	1	1
2a	ditch 8177	8178	M2	2	2
2a	ditch 8183	8184	M2	2	5
2a	ditch 8205	8206	M3	84	1312
2a	ditch 8247	8248	M2	1	6
2a	ditch 8256	8257	M5	19	190
2a	ditch 8262	8263	M2	8	39
2a	ditch 8264	8265	M2	2	23
2a	ditch 8270	8272	M3	2	21
2a	ditch/gully 6689	6690	M1	2	3
2a	feature 6793	6794	M2	7	76
2a	furrow 6557	6558	M3	2	8
2a	gravel spread 8237	8237	M4	4	113
2a	gully 6831	6831	M2	1	13
2a	gully term 6676	6676	M3	19	84
2a	large NE str 8242	8219	M2	19	286
2a	large NE str 8242	8267	M2	1	33
2a	large NE str 8242	8011	M3	1	6
2a	large NE str 8242	8190	M3	37	9076
2a	large NE str 8242	8191	M3	4	88
2a	large NE str 8242	8193	M3	46	4768
2a	large NE str 8242	8194	M3	6	1407
2a	large NE str 8242	8195	M3	22	652

Area	Feature	Context	Ceramic Phase	No of finds	Wgt (g) of finds
2a	large NE str 8242	8197	M3	10	188
2a	large NE str 8242	8200	M3	5	50
2a	large NE str 8242	8223	M3	4	55
2a	large NE str 8242	8224	M3	7	33
2a	large NE str 8242	8232	M3	51	151
2a	large NE str 8242	8009	M3a	1	5
2a	large NE str 8242	8025	M3a	28	1068
2a	large NE str 8242	8196	M4	11	993
2a	large NE str 8242	8202	M4	12	484
2a	large NE str 8242	8016	PM1	8	98
2a	large NE str 8242	8198	PM1	4	82
2a	large NW str 8241	8155	M4	142	10482
2a	large NW str 8241	8162	M5	4	121
2a	large NW str 8241	8164	M5	31	2392
2a	natural feature 8169	8169	M2	1	4
2a	pit 6646	6647	M2	2	9
2a	pit 6646	6648	M2	1	2
2a	pit 6682	6683	M2	7	16
2a	pit 6761	6762	M3	2	20
2a	pit 6766	6767	M2	1	2
2a	pit 6916	6917	M2	12	57
2a	pit 7112	7113	M3	6	22
2a	pit 7144	7145	M2	3	14
2a	pit 7152	7154	M3	10	165
2a	pit 8033	8033	M2	20	313
2a	pit 8035	8036	M2	1	1
2a	pit 8061	8062	M2	5	59
2a	pit 8063	8064	M2	5	30
2a	pit 8076	8000	M2	5	38
2a	pit 8086	8003	M2	1	7
2a	pit 8086	8004	M2	12	130
2a	pit 8086	8087	M2	8	128
2a	pit 8086	8002	M3	7	117
2a	pits 7155	6849	M2	11	332
2a	pits 7155	6923	M2	2	12
2a	poss subsoil remnant 8217	8217	M3a	8	284
2a	S wall 8213	8213	M4	2	29
2a	spread 8079	8001	M2	1	14
2a	surface 8214	8214	M5	98	1070

Area	Feature	Context	Ceramic Phase	No of finds	Wgt (g) of finds
2a	trough 8287	8289	M3	4	153
2a	W wall 8212	8212	M2	3	38
2a	wall 8207	8207	M3a	18	159
2a	wall 8215	8215	M4	76	1084
2a	wall 8216	8216	M3a	9	83
2b	ditch 6323	6322	M2	1	7
2b	ditch 6323	6330	M2	1	4
2b	ditch 6323	6331	M2	2	16
2b	ditch 6323	6283	M3	2	14
2b	ditch 6419	6382	M2	6	58
2b	ditch 6470	6455	M3	2	29
2b	ditch 6576	6485	M2	1	8
2b	ditch 6576	6568	M3	6	23
2b	ditch 6687	6534	M3	1	8
2b	ditch intersection 6420	6421	M2	5	22
2b	ditch term 6332	6333	M2	6	54
2b	furrows 6610	6004	M2	1	6
2b	furrows 6610	6566	M2	3	24
2b	furrows 6610	6643	M3	5	16
2b	gully 6356	6357	M2	1	3
2b	gully 6358	6359	M2	2	14
2b	linear 6436	6437	M2	7	28
2b	PH 6197	6197	M4	1	1
2b	PH 6371	6372	M3	1	15
2b	PH 6447	6448	M2	2	12
2b	pit 6041	6043	M2	2	17
2b	pit 6235	6237	M2	1	3
2b	pit 6352	6355	M2	1	28
2b	pit/ditch term 6644	6645	M3	2	7
2b	tree throw 6460	6451	M2	1	1

APPENDIX 4 FINDS CATALOGUE

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	0	U/S structure 2c	–	–	4	9	Iron	Nails	–	small	–
2a	0	U/S	8003	–	1	25	Iron	Arrowhead	–	Type H3 (Jessop 1996), flat blade, socketed tang, barbs broken, hunting type of arrowhead	M13th
2a	0	U/S	8008	–	1	29	Iron	Shoe iron	–	from toe end of shoe	–
2a	0	U/S	8010	–	1	34	Iron	Pintle	–	L-shaped, one arm square sectioned, the other ?broken and rounded	Medi?
2a	0	U/S	8011	–	1	5	Iron	Blade	–	short damaged length of small blade	–
2a	0	U/S	8012	–	1	35	Iron	Chain	–	three joined long oval links	Mod?
2a	0	U/S	8013	–	1	24	Iron	Ring	–	complete ring, ?chain fitting?	–
2a	0	U/S	8101	–	1	68	Iron	Tool	–	thick square shaft, tapering both ends possibly small pick?	–
2a	0	U/S	–	–	2	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard and soft percussion flakes	PH
2a	0	U/S	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake w use-wear (cutting)	PH
2a	0	U/S	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Tool	–	Thermal flake w retouch or fire-flint	PH or IA-post med.
2	0	U/S Field 1	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2	0	U/S Field 1	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Tool	–	Hard perc. flake w sporadic retouch	PH
2b	0	U/S Area 2B	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Tool	–	Discoidal implement (handaxe); surface gloss	L/M Pal gloss
2b	0	U/S Area 2B	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Tool	–	Thermal flake w sporadic retouch	PH
2a	0	U/S	–	–	1	25	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	tripod pitcher foot	E12th – 16th
2	0	U/S	–	–	3	11	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2	0	U/S	–	–	1	28	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	stamped rod	13th – 16th
2	0	U/S	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	2014	U/S	–	–	3	32	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	2014	U/S	–	–	1	32	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	2014	U/S	–	–	8	93	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2b	6004	furrows 6610	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6023	pit 6022	–	6041	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6023	pit 6022	–	–	4	12	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6035	pit 6034	–	6040	–	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6035	pit 6034	–	–	1	7	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6041	pit 6041	-	6038	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6041	pit 6041	-	6038	1	0	Industrial Waste	Slag	-	small vitrified fragment	-
2b	6041	pit 6041	-	6038	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Platform flake	PH
2b	6043	pit 6041	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2b	6043	pit 6041	-	-	1	15	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6045	pit 6044	-	6039	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6045	pit 6044	-	-	2	17	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6050	pit 6048	-	-	2	24	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6054	VOID	-	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6058	pit 6057	-	6055	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6058	pit 6057	-	6055	2	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Chips	PH
2b	6058	pit 6057	-	-	8	60	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6059	pit 6057	-	-	9	24	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6069	ditch 6121	-	-	17	70	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6084	post-holes 6102	-	6051	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6084	PH 6102	-	-	2	8	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6093	PH 6093	-	6047	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6093	PH 6093	-	6047	1	0	Iron	Wire	-	small fragment	-
2b	6093	PH 6093	-	-	4	14	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6094	PH 6093	-	-	10	21	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6120	ditch 6121	-	-	3	5	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6147	PH 6146	-	-	4	7	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6147	PH 6146	-	-	35	278	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6172	PH6171	-	-	2	31	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6173	pit 6070	-	6049	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6173	pit 6070	-	-	3	8	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6174	PH 6071	–	6052	–	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6174	PH 6071	–	–	1	3	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6174	PH 6071	–	–	1	12	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6177	pit 6176	–	6046	–	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6188	pit 6187	–	6042	–	4	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6188	pit 6187	–	6042	2	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake and indeterminate flake	PH
2b	6188	pit 6187	–	–	6	32	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6197	PH 6197	–	6005	–	5	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6197	PH 6197	–	–	6	56	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2b	6197	PH 6197	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2b	6206	pit 6205	–	6044	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6219	pit 6219	–	6043	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6219	pit 6219	–	–	22	124	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6220	pit 6219	–	–	16	146	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6223	pit 6219	–	–	1	21	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6225	pit 6224	–	6045	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6225	pit 6224	–	–	1	1	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6237	pit 6235	–	6048	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6237	pit 6235	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6257	ditch 6442	–	–	1	2	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6259	PH 6258	–	6054	–	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6259	PH 6258	–	–	3	17	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6268	ditch 6327	–	–	2	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake; hard percussion blade	PH (poss MN/LN)
2b	6268	ditch 6327	–	–	8	19	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6272	PH 6271	–	6014	–	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6273	PH 6271	-	6015	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6275	PH 6274	-	6053	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6275	PH 6274	-	-	1	2	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6281	PH 6280	-	6010	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6281	PH 6280	-	-	1	2	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6281	PH 6280	-	-	6	16	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6283	ditch 6323	-	-	2	14	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2b	6287	ditch term 6286	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2b	6288	ditch term 6286	-	-	2	8	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2b	6288	ditch term 6286	-	-	4	26	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2b	6292	pit 6291	-	6007	-	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6293	pit 6291	-	6006	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6295	PH 6294	-	6029	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6306	PH 6305	-	6028	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6306	PH 6305	-	-	2	7	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6308	PH 6307	-	6030	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6312	PH 6311	-	6077	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6312	PH 6311	-	-	11	22	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6314	PH 6313	-	6024	-	16	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6314	PH 6313	-	-	17	101	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6316	PH 6315	-	6078	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6316	PH 6315	-	-	2	6	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6318	gully 6474	-	-	1	3	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6318	gully 6474	-	-	1	11	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6320	ditch 6323	-	6079	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6322	ditch 6323	–	–	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6326	ditch 6327	–	–	2	3	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6329	PH 6328	–	6080	–	4	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6329	PH 6328	–	–	5	11	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6330	ditch 6323	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6331	ditch 6323	–	–	1	4	Iron	Sheet	–	fragment	–
2b	6331	ditch 6323	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6333	ditch term 6332	–	6000	–	4	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6333	ditch term 6332	8102	–	4	26	Iron	Strap Link	–	broken, shaft with two looped ends, possible lozenge shaped, part of horse gear	–
2b	6333	ditch term 6332	–	–	2	24	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6336	ditch term 6332	–	–	1	62	Iron	Knife	–	blade broken in several pieces, very poor condition	–
2b	6338	pit 6337	–	6020	–	6	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6339	pit 6337	–	6019	–	6	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6339	pit 6337	–	–	4	13	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6343	PH 6342	–	6016	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6343	PH 6342	–	6081	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6343	PH 6342	–	–	7	15	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6343	PH 6342	–	–	6	33	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6345	PH 6344	–	6086	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6351	gully 6350	–	–	1	7	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6355	pit 6352	–	–	1	28	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6357	gully 6356	–	–	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6359	gully 6358	–	–	2	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6362	PH 6361	–	–	1	8	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6364	PH 6363	–	6088	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6364	PH 6363	-		3	6	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6368	feature 6367	-	6021	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6370	PH/pit 6369	-	6089	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6370	PH/pit 6369	-	-	6	14	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6372	PH 6371	-	6022	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6372	PH 6371	-	-	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2b	6373	feature 6373	-	6023	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6376	ditch 6324	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Hard percussion flake	PH
2b	6381	PH 6380	-	6082	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6382	ditch 6419	-	6087	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6382	ditch 6419	-	-	4	50	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2b	6382	ditch 6419	-	-	2	6	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6385	PH 6384	-	6083	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6385	PH 6384	-	-	1	3	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6387	PH 6386	-	6025	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6387	PH 6386	-	-	5	12	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6389	PH 6388	-	6084	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6393	PH 6392	-	6085	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6393	PH 6392	-	-	3	9	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6399	PH 6398	-	6032	-	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6399	PH 6398	-	-	6	10	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6401	PH 6400	-	6026	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6403	PH 6402	-	6031	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6407	ditch 6419	-	-	11	35	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6409	PH/SH 6408	-	6027	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6412	ditch 6418	-	-	3	3	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6414	PH 6413	–	6017	–	5	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6414	PH 6413	–	–	10	36	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6416	PH 6415	–	6009	–	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6416	PH 6415	–	–	1	7	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6417	PH 6415	–	6008	–	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6417	PH 6415	–	–	1	1	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6421	ditch intersection 6420	–	–	5	22	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6423	PH 6422	–	6033	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6423	PH 6422	–	–	1	2	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6425	PH 6424	–	6076	–	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6427	ditch 6470	–	6063	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6435	PH 6434	–	6018	–	6	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6435	PH 6434	–	–	16	74	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6437	linear 6436	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6437	linear 6436	–	–	6	14	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6440	ditch term 6438	–	–	15	52	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6441	ditch term 6438	–	–	7	22	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	–	IA
2b	6444	PH 6443	–	6090	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6444	PH 6443	–	–	10	32	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6446	pit 6445	–	6013	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6446	pit 6445	–	–	6	18	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6448	PH 6447	–	6012	–	5	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6448	PH 6447	–	–	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6448	PH 6447	–	–	1	4	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6450	PH 6449	–	6011	–	6	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6450	PH 6449	-	-	3	11	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6451	tree throw 6460	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2b	6453	PH 6452	-	6001	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6455	ditch 6470	-	-	1	24	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2b	6455	ditch 6470	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th - 16th
2b	6459	PH 6458	-	6058	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6459	PH 6458	-	-	42	134	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6460	feature 6460	-	6060	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6465	ditch 6464	-	-	1	5	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6467	ditch 6471	-	-	6	15	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2b	6467	ditch 6471	-	-	3	3	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2b	6485	ditch 6576	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2b	6505	pit 6504	-	6059	-	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6505	pit 6504	-	-	2	9	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	6507	pit 6506	-	6061	-	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	6507	pit 6506	-	-	1	9	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6509	gully 6508	-	6056	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6509	gully 6508	-	-	15	75	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6515	ditch 6576	-	6062	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6518	ditch 6576	-	-	1	5	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6524	ditch 6612	-	-	1	2	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6524	ditch 6612	-	-	4	32	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2b	6526	pit 6525	-	6057	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2b	6526	pit 6525	-	-	3	5	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2b	6527	pit 6525	-	6002	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2b	6527	pit 6525	–	–	9	54	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6528	pit 6525	–	–	1	10	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6530	pit 6525	–	–	20	62	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6531	pit 6525	–	–	19	81	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6534	ditch 6687	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2b	6537	ditch 6535	–	–	1	10	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2b	6539	burnt spread 6539	6000	–	1	38	Ceramic	Spindle whorl	–	coarse, soft fired, dark grey fabric, roughly plano-convex shape though flat side slightly concave	IA/E Medi?
2b	6539	burnt spread 6539	–	6003	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2b	6539	burnt spread 6539	–	–	19	89	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2b	6550	ditch 6470	–	–	1	30	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	–	RB
2b	6550	ditch 6470	–	–	1		Lithics	Debitage		Hard percussion flake	PH
2b	6550	ditch 6470	–	–	1	3	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2a	6558	furrow 6557	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	6558	furrow 6557	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6566	furrows 6610	–	–	3	24	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2b	6568	ditch 6576	–	–	4	13	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	–	L12th – 15th
2b	6568	ditch 6576	–	–	2	10	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	6574	ditch 6583	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2a	6575	ditch 6583	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2a	6592	ditch 6591	–	–	2	24	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6594	ditch 6867	–	–	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6596	ditch 6595	–	–	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6596	ditch 6595	–	–	7	31	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	6596	ditch 6595	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	6596	ditch 6595	–	–	15	84	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6596	ditch 6595	–	–	1	25	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	6596	ditch 6595	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6598	ditch 6597	-	-	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6598	ditch 6597	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6600	ditch 6801	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6600	ditch 6801	-	-	1	43	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th – 15th
2a	6600	ditch 6801	-	-	20	100	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6600	ditch 6801	-	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6600	ditch 6801	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6604	ditch 6756	-	-	-	2	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	6624	ditch 6802	-	-	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	-	119	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	1	35	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	2	61	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	27	367	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	partially reconstructable	L11th – L14th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	1	39	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	1	72	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6636	ditch 6613	-	-	1	42	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2b	6640	ditch 6576	-	-	4	16	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2b	6643	furrows 6610	-	-	3	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2b	6643	furrows 6610	-	-	2	8	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2b	6645	pit/ditch term 6644	-	-	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2b	6645	pit/ditch term 6644	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6647	pit 6646	-	-	2	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6648	pit 6646	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	6651	ditch 6650	-	6064	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	6651	ditch 6650	-	-	1	12	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6652	ditch 6650	-	-	4	9	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	-	L11th – 14th
2a	6653	ditch 6650	-	-	-	12	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	6654	ditch 6650	-	-	-	24	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	6654	ditch 6650	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Flake frag, burnt	PH
2a	6654	ditch 6650	-	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6665	ditch 6888	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – 14th
2a	6665	ditch 6888	-	-	2	5	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th – 15th
2a	6665	ditch 6888	-	-	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6667	ditch 6871	-	-	5	50	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – 14th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	1	162	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	-	RB
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	14	100	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	one vessel?	L12th – 15th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th – 15th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	3	9	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th – 15th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	7	98	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	one vessel?	L12th – 15th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	2	48	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	one vessel?	L12th – 15th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	9	102	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – 14th
2a	6670	ditch 6871	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6673	ditch 6768	-	-	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – 14th
2a	6676	gully term 6676	-	-	2	20	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	6676	gully term 6676	-	-	15	27	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	6676	gully term 6676	-	-	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	6676	gully term 6676	-	-	1	22	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6683	pit 6682	-	-	7	16	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6690	ditch/gully 6689	-	-	2	3	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	6692	ditch 6758	-	-	2	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6696	ditch 6768	-	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	6700	ditch 6867	-	-	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6704	ditch 6870	-	-	1	25	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6706	ditch 6583	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6706	ditch 6583	-	-	2	47	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6708	ditch 6780	-	-	4	22	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6708	ditch 6780	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6725	ditch 6802	-	6066	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	6725	ditch 6802	-	-	3	28	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6725	ditch 6802	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6726	ditch 6802	-	-	1	8	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	6733	ditch 6868	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	6733	ditch 6868	-	-	3	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6733	ditch 6868	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6733	ditch 6868	-	-	1	34	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6733	ditch 6868	-	-	1	33	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	6733	ditch 6868	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	6735	ditch 6760	-	6068	1		Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	6735	ditch 6760	-	6068	32	1	Industrial Waste	Slag	-	small vitrified fragments	-
2a	6739	ditch 6765	-	-	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	6748	ditch 6781	-	-	1	18	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	6749	ditch 6781	–	–	11	140	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6749	ditch 6781	–	–	2	26	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	–	L12th – 15th
2a	6751	ditch 6755	–	–	3	24	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6752	ditch 6754	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	6752	ditch 6754	–	–	2	33	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6752	ditch 6754	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	–	L11th – 14th
2a	6762	pit 6761	–	–	–	18	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	6762	pit 6761	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6762	pit 6761	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	6767	pit 6766	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	–	L11th – 14th
2a	6772	PH 6771	–	–	1	2	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2a	6773	PH 6771	–	–	5	6	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2a	6783	ditch 6871	–	–	2	44	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6790	ditch 6822	–	–	1	32	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	–	11th – 13th
2a	6790	ditch 6822	–	–	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6794	feature 6793	–	–	6	57	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6794	feature 6793	–	–	1	19	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2a	6796	ditch 6801	–	6075	–	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	6799	pit 6797	–	–	1	1	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2a	6800	pit 6797	–	–	12	70	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	–	LBA
2a	6805	ditch 6868	–	–	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6805	ditch 6868	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6805	ditch 6868	–	–	18	111	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6818	ditch 6834	–	–	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6820	ditch 6765	–	–	13	60	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6824	ditch 6758	–	6067	–	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	6825	ditch 6758	-	-	2	80	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6831	gully 6831	-	-	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6839	ditch 6838	-	-	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th - 13th
2a	6839	ditch 6838	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6849	pits 7155	-	6004	-	5	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	6849	pits 7155	-	-	11	327	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6852	ditch 6801	-	-	9	104	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6852	ditch 6801	-	-	2	8	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th
2a	6852	ditch 6801	-	-	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th-15th
2a	6876	ditch 6802	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	very abraded	RB
2a	6890	ditch 6970	-	6069	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	6895	ditch 7156	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6898	ditch 6831	-	-	11	123	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6898	ditch 6831	-	-	1	109	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6898	ditch 6831	-	-	1	29	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6915	ditch 6803	-	-	1	2	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6915	ditch 6803	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	6917	pit 6916	-	-	1	13	Lead	Waste?	-	flat regular piece	-
2a	6917	pit 6916	-	-	8	23	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6917	pit 6916	-	-	3	21	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6923	pits 7155	-	-	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6943	ditch 6967	-	-	5	34	Pottery (PH)	103	IA	-	IA
2a	6958	ditch 6758	-	-	1	36	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	-	RB
2a	6960	ditch 7109	-	-	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th
2a	6962	ditch 6834	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	6964	ditch 6963	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	6968	ditch 6801	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6968	ditch 6801	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	abraded	RB
2a	6978	ditch 6971	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	6994	ditch 7157	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Tool	–	End-scraper	Neo/BA
2a	7008	ditch 6758	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	very abraded	RB
2a	7009	ditch 6758	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7012	ditch 6757	–	6073	–	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	7023	ditch 6765	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	–	L12th – 15th
2a	7023	ditch 6765	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	–	11th – 13th
2a	7031	ditch 7122	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2a	7036	ditch 7115	–	–	2	3	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7053	ditch 6869	–	–	2	14	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	–	L12th – 15th
2a	7057	ditch 7122	–	6074	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	7057	ditch 7122	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2a	7065	ditch 7065	–	–	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	–	L12th – 15th
2a	7065	ditch 7065	–	–	2	49	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7066	ditch 7065	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7066	ditch 7065	–	–	3	31	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7066	ditch 7065	–	–	3	23	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7066	ditch 7065	–	–	2	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7072	ditch 7124	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7076	ditch 7075	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	very abraded	RB
2a	7086	pits 7155	–	–	1	7	Iron	Nail	–	thick round shaft	Mod
2a	7092	ditch 7090	–	–	2	4	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	–	11th – 13th
2a	7092	ditch 7090	–	–	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	7100	ditch 7156	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	abraded	RB

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	7110	ditch 7123	-	-	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7113	pit 7112	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th
2a	7113	pit 7112	-	-	5	20	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7137	ditch 7156	-	6071	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	7137	ditch 7156	-	-	2	34	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th
2a	7137	ditch 7156	-	-	3	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7138	ditch 7156	-	-	1	65	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7142	ditch 7160	-	6072	-	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	7142	ditch 7160	-	-	1	2	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	7145	pit 7144	-	-	3	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7146	ditch 7159	-	6070	-	6	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	7146	ditch 7159	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th - 16th
2a	7147	ditch 7159	-	-	3	23	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7149	ditch 7135	-	-	3	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	7149	ditch 7135	-	-	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	401	Late Malvernian Oxidised	-	L14th - 17th
2a	7154	pit 7152	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Flake frag	PH
2a	7154	pit 7152	-	-	4	20	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th
2a	7154	pit 7152	-	-	5	145	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8000	pit 8076	-	-	5	38	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8001	spread 8079	-	-	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	wavy line	L11th - L14th
2a	8002	pit 8086	-	-	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8002	pit 8086	-	-	3	43	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8002	pit 8086	-	-	1	35	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	wavy lines	L11th - L14th
2a	8002	pit 8086	-	-	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th - 16th
2a	8002	pit 8086	-	-	1	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8003	pit 8086	–	–	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8004	pit 8086	–	–	1	26	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8004	pit 8086	–	–	11	104	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8005	ditch 8052	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	302	Oxford	dec tripod pitcher frag	L11th – 14th
2a	8006	ditch 8074	–	–	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8006	ditch 8074	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8006	ditch 8074	–	–	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8007	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	4	31	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8007	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	2	83	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	28	Iron	Nail	–	large, machine made?	Mod
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	8103	–	1	29	Iron	Horseshoe	–	fragment, heel?	–
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	28	145	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8008	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	40	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8009	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8011	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8012	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	139	Stone	RoofTile	–	small sherds	–
2a	8013	ditch 8059	–	–	2	22	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8013	ditch 8059	–	–	11	102	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8013	ditch 8059	–	–	5	139	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	one vessel	E12th – 16th
2a	8013	ditch 8059	–	–	1	47	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	decorated handle	L12th – M14th
2a	8015	ditch 8059	–	–	2	57	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8015	ditch 8059	–	–	1	83	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8016	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	8	Iron	Nail	–	–	–
2a	8016	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8016	large NE str 8242	–	–	5	43	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8016	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	33	Pottery (PM)	425	GRE	–	16th – 19th
2a	8018	large NE str 8242	–	–	8	25	Iron	Nails	–	shaft and small nails	–
2a	8018	large NE str 8242	8001	–	1	35	Iron	Key	–	rotary key, bow broken, complex possibly symmetrical but damaged bit with cross-shaped gap, shaft extends beyond end of bit	Medi-PM
2a	8018	large NE str 8242	8014	–	1	34	Iron	Horseshoe/ Strap	–	strip with nail holes, slight curve to outside edge, possibly from decorative curling hinge strap or very large horseshoe	–
2a	8018	large NE str 8242	8104	–	3	26	Iron	Horseshoe nail + Strip	–	poss expanded head and ears, poss fiddle key, very corroded and form unclear, also piece of strip	–
2a	8018	large NE str 8242	8105	–	3	53	Iron	Chain	–	pieces of three waisted chain links, very corroded with little metal left	–
2a	8018	large NE str 8242	8106	–	1	47	Iron	Horseshoe	–	part of one arm slightly out turned heel, one rectangular head nail in place	14th – PM
2a	8020	ditch 8020	–	–	1	3	Iron	Nail	–	small	–
2a	8020	ditch 8020	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	8020	ditch 8020	–	–	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8020	ditch 8020	–	–	2	5	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8021	large NE str 8242	8107	–	1	13	Iron	Candlestick	–	square shaft with broken cup at top	Medi
2a	8022	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	5	Glass	Vessel	–	beaded vessel rim, natural coloured, good condition though abraded	PM/Mod
2a	8022	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	11	Iron	Blade	–	short length of blade, round-sectioned blade back	–
2a	8022	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	12	Iron	Nails	–	wrought	–
2a	8023	disturbed natural 8023 nr str 8242	–	–	2	4	Iron	Nails	–	–	–
2a	8023	disturbed natural 8023 nr str 8242	–	–	2	29	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8023	disturbed natural 8023 nr str 8242	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/ Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8024	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	59	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	–	13th – 14th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8025	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	11	Iron	Nails	–	wrought	–
2a	8025	large NE str 8242	–	–	5	157	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	+ ridge tile frags	E12th – 16th
2a	8025	large NE str 8242	–	–	16	109	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	partially reconstructable	E12th – 16th
2a	8025	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	20	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8025	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	771	Stone	RoofTile	–	holed sherds, one possible complete width	–
2a	8026	large NE str 8242	8108	–	1	220	Iron	Horseshoe	–	near complete shoe with three rectangular headed nails in place, Type 4 (Clarke 1987)	14th – PM
2a	8027	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	16	Iron	Nails	–	–	–
2a	8033	pit 8033	–	–	19	297	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8033	pit 8033	–	–	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8036	pit 8035	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	137	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	–	RB
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	4	5	Iron	Nails	–	shafts	–
2a	8047	ditch 8046	8109	–	2	8	Iron	Horseshoe nail	–	fiddle key heads	11th – 13th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	69	433	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	32	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Medi)	304	Early Malvernian Glazed	combed wavy line	12th – E13th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	360	Pottery (Medi)	304	Early Malvernian Glazed	combed wavy line	12th – E13th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	303	Glazed Worcester Sandy	–	12th – 14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	302	Oxford	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	stabbing	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	–	–	1	18	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	23	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	19	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	21	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	40	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	wavy line on outside of rim	L11th - L14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	9	61	Pottery (Medi)	302	Oxford	one vessel	L11th - 14th
2a	8047	ditch 8046	-	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	8053	ditch 8052	-	-	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8053	ditch 8052	-	-	5	43	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8053	ditch 8052	-	-	1	43	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8058	ditch 8057	-	-	1	5	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	124	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	-	RB
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Flake frag	PH
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	20	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	multiple pre-firing holes	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	153	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	81	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	302	Oxford	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	31	251	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	1	Pottery (PH)	102	LBA	-	LBA
2a	8060	ditch 8059	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8062	pit 8061	–	–	1	22	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	piecrust	L11th – L14th
2a	8062	pit 8061	–	–	4	37	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8064	pit 8063	–	–	4	24	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8064	pit 8063	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8067	ditch 8065	–	–	12	174	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8071	ditch 8070	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8073	ditch 8073	–	–	2	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8075	ditch 8074	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	8075	ditch 8074	–	–	1	32	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8075	ditch 8074	–	–	16	101	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8087	pit 8086	–	–	–	24	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8087	pit 8086	–	–	1	4	Iron	Nail	–	T-headed nail, broken shaft, too thick for horseshoe nails?	–
2a	8087	pit 8086	–	–	4	42	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8087	pit 8086	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8087	pit 8086	–	–	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8087	pit 8086	–	–	1	30	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	combed wavy line	L11th – L14th
2a	8089	ditch 8088	–	–	5	190	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8096	ditch 8096	–	–	–	138	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8096	ditch 8096	–	–	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	2	111	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	60	422	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	1	21	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	1	23	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	1	26	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	–	–	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	1	20	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	-	L12th - 15th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	12	84	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th - 16th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	1	49	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th - 16th
2a	8101	ditch 8100	-	-	16	239	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8107	ditch 8106	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer B	8005	-	1	4	Iron	Buckle	-	square frame, no pin, non-ferrous plating visible in XR	-
2a	8112	cleaning layer C	8110	-	1	4	Iron	Horseshoe nail	-	fiddle key head	11th - 13th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Flake frag	PH
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	2	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	55	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	3	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	7	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	3	22	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	piecrust	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	302	Oxford	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8112	cleaning layer 8112	-	-	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8114	ditch 8113	-	-	2	7	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8118	ditch 8117	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8131	ditch 8130	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th - L14th
2a	8131	ditch 8130	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8133	ditch 8132	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8136	cleaning layer 8136	–	–	2	217	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	–	RB
2a	8140	ditch 8139	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8150	ditch 8149	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8150	ditch 8149	–	–	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8152	ditch 8151	–	–	4	33	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8152	ditch 8151	–	–	1	32	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8154	ditch 8153	–	–	1	0	Lead	Fragment	–	–	–
2a	8154	ditch 8153	–	–	4	45	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	48	3870	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety-type	–	13th – 14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	28	2205	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th-E14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	8007	–	1	22	Iron	Knife	–	whittle tang knife, complete tang, broken blade, straight back, integral copper alloy shoulder stop between tang and blade	–
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	2	14	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	1	11	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	stabbing and fingertipping	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	13	144	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	1	18	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	1	39	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	10	67	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	4	29	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	3	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	–	–	3	37	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	–	11th – 13th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	2	7	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	11	131	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	3	45	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	2	2121	Stone	RoofTile	-	two large holed sherds	-
2a	8155	large NW str 8241	-	-	2	1669	Stone	RoofTile	-	one complete small sherd, larger sherd	-
2a	8156	large NW str 8241	-	8006	-	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	8162	large NW str 8241	-	-	2	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8162	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	84	Pottery (Medi)	401	Late Malvernian Oxidised	-	L14th – 17th
2a	8162	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	23	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	3	53	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	-	13th – 14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	14	2005	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	-	L13th – E14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	50	CBM (Medi)	RT4	Newbury type?	-	M13th – E14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	8158	1	164	Industrial Waste	Slag	-	slag/stone?	-
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	35	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/ Boarstall	-	13th – 16th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	401	Late Malvernian Oxidised	-	L14th – 17th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	31	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	4	17	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8164	large NW str 8241	-	-	1	4	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	-	RB
2a	8165	ditch 8165	-	-	2	147	CBM (Medi)	RT2	Oxford?	-	M13th – L14th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8169	natural feature 8169	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8174	ditch 8173	–	–	1	34	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8175	ditch 8175	–	–	1	1	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8178	ditch 8177	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	8178	ditch 8177	–	–	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8184	ditch 8183	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	8184	ditch 8183	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8185	ditch 8179	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	8187	large NE str 8242	8111	–	1	44	Iron	Staple	–	long band with clenched pointed ends, large lump of corrosion in middle possibly incidental	–
2a	8188	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	292	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety-type	–	13th – 14th
2a	8188	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	86	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th – E14th
2a	8188	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	14	Iron	Nails	–	wrought	–
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	324	CBM (Medi)	RT2	Oxford?	–	M13th – L14th
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	4	156	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th – E14th
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	10	21	Iron	Nails	–	shafts	–
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	17	165	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	75	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	42	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	103	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8190	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	8190	Stone	RoofTile	–	holed sherd	–
2a	8191	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	7	Iron	Nails	–	shafts	–
2a	8191	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	54	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8191	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8192	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	8	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety-type	–	13th – 14th
2a	8192	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	68	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th – E14th
2a	8192	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	6	Iron	Nails	–	wrought	–

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8192	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Tool	-	Short end-scraper	PH
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	3	1072	CBM (Medi)	RT2	Oxford?	-	M13th – L14th
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	33	3339	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	includes louver/ventilator	L13th – E14th
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	2	130	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	-	13th – 14th
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	1	Iron	Nail	-	shaft	-
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	8009	-	1	63	Iron	Weaving Comb/Saw	-	small saw bade with two scrolled handles	-
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Debitage	-	Blade frag	Pre BA
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	39	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	3	39	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	+ ?chimney	E12th – 16th
2a	8193	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	85	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8194	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	80	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	-	13th – 14th
2a	8194	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	109	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	-	L13th – E14th
2a	8194	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	5	Iron	Nail	-	wrought	-
2a	8194	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8194	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	35	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8194	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	1165	Stone	Roof Tile	-	near complete square tile, though in 5 pieces	-
2a	8195	large NE str 8242	-	-	5	256	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	includes louver/ventilator sherds	L13th – E14th
2a	8195	large NE str 8242	-	-	2	182	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	-	13th – 14th
2a	8195	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	11	Iron	Nail	-	wrought	-
2a	8195	large NE str 8242	-	-	10	152	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8195	large NE str 8242	-	-	4	51	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8196	large NE str 8242	-	-	2	281	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	-	13th – 14th
2a	8196	large NE str 8242	-	-	3	598	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	-	L13th – E14th
2a	8196	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	25	Iron	Nail	-	thick spike	-
2a	8196	large NE str 8242	-	-	1	4	Iron	Nail	-	small	-

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8196	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	68	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/ Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8196	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	17	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/ Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	77	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th – E14th
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	45	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety- type	–	13th – 14th
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	9	Iron	Nails	–	shafts	–
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	1		Lithics	Debitage	–	Crested hard percussion blade	PH (poss MN/LN)
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	20	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	–	11th – 13th
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8197	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	20	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8198	large NE str 8242	–	–	3	25	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8198	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	57	Pottery (PM)	425	GRE	–	16th – 19th
2a	8200	large NE str 8242	–	–	5	50	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8202	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	287	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th – E14th
2a	8202	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8202	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	84	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/ Boarstall	bottle base, v abraded	13th – 16th
2a	8202	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/ Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8202	large NE str 8242	–	–	6	80	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8202	large NE str 8242	–	–	2	6	Pottery (Rom)	101	RB	–	RB
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	16	Iron	Nail	–	wrought	–
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Blade, platform collapse	Pre BA
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Hard percussion flake	PH
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	28	212	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	1	23	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	2	28	Pottery (Medi)	301	Unglazed Malvernian	–	L12th – 15th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	–	–	83	816	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	-	-	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	piecrust	L11th – L14th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	-	-	1	36	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	-	-	1	20	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	-	-	1	35	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	-	-	1	24	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8203	cleaning layer 8203	-	-	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	1	268	CBM (RB)	RB	Box Flue	-	RB
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	1	36	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	36	376	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	43	512	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	1	46	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8206	ditch 8205	-	-	1	47	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8207	wall 8207	-	-	2	20	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8207	wall 8207	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	8207	wall 8207	-	-	15	134	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8208	circular kiln 8211	-	-	-	11	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	8208	circular kiln 8211	-	-	3	23	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8208	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	37	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8209	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	25	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	E12th – 16th	E12th – 16th
2a	8209	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	34	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8209	circular kiln 8211	-	-	10	134	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	-	-	-	5	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	-	8002	-	3	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	33	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	-	-	16	50	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	-	13th – 16th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	3	36	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	2	71	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	55	Pottery (Medi)	360	Misc Sandy Coarse	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	122	965	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	16	86	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	7	36	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	41	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	20	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	21	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	22	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	129	2041	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	mostly one vessel	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	12	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8210	circular kiln 8211	–	–	2	53	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8212	W wall 8212	–	–	3	38	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8213	S wall 8213	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th
2a	8213	S wall 8213	–	–	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	–	–	0	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	–	1	29	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	–	L13th – E14th
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	8008	–	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	–	28	99	Iron	Nails	–	various nails, shaft, wire	–
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	8112	–	2	Iron	Horseshoe Nails	–	expanded head and ears, broken shafts	13th – M14th
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	8113	–	1	Iron	Object	–	nail with tangled wire	–
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	8008	1	–	Lithics	Debitage	–	Soft percussion flake	PH
2a	8214	surface 8214	–	–	2	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	38	294	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	1	94	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	1	9	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	5	44	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	-	13th – 16th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	1	2	Pottery (Medi)	401	Late Malvernian Oxidised	Vince 269	L14th – 17th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	15	358	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	one vessel	L11th – L14th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	1	64	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	drinking jug?	13th – 16th
2a	8214	surface 8214	-	-	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	-	13th – 16th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	2	39	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	-	L13th – E14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	1	278	CBM (Medi)	RT3	Minety-type	-	13th – 14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	3	162	CBM (Medi)	RT4	Newbury type?	includes louver/ventilator fragment?	M13th – E14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	2	11	Iron	Nails	-	shafts	-
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	10	83	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	2	12	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	1	16	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	1	29	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	3	100	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	44	299	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8215	wall 8215	-	-	4	28	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	-	13th – 16th
2a	8216	wall 8216	-	-	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8216	wall 8216	-	-	1	17	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	8216	wall 8216	-	-	7	60	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	-	E12th – 16th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8217	poss subsoil remnant 8217	8015	–	1	184	Iron	Swivel	–	large ring with looped swivel fitting	–
2a	8217	poss subsoil remnant 8217	–	–	3	28	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8217	poss subsoil remnant 8217	–	–	1	57	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8217	poss subsoil remnant 8217	–	–	3	15	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	–	L12th – M14th
2a	8218	ditch 7159	–	–	12	141	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8218	ditch 7159	–	–	8	265	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8218	ditch 7159	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8219	large NE str 8242	–	–	19	286	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	one vessel, not FP	L11th – L14th
2a	8222	large NE str 8242	–	–	–	0	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8222	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	141	CBM (Medi)	RT2	Oxford?	–	M13th – L14th
2a	8222	large NE str 8242	–	8007	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8222	large NE str 8242	–	8007	1	3	Iron	Tang	–	short tang, flattening at one end, pointed at other	–
2a	8222	large NE str 8242	8114	–	1	5	Iron	Horseshoe Nails	–	rectangular head, clenched shaft	14th – PM
2a	8223	large NE str 8242	–	–	4	55	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8224	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	2	Iron	Nail	–	shaft	–
2a	8224	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	9	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8224	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8224	large NE str 8242	–	–	4	18	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8232	large NE str 8242	–	–	–	134	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8232	large NE str 8242	–	8000	–	14	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8232	large NE str 8242	–	8000	50	0	Iron	Wire	–	small fragment	–
2a	8232	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8237	gravel spread 8237	–	–	1	12	Iron	Nail	–	wrought	–
2a	8237	gravel spread 8237	–	–	3	101	Pottery (Medi)	324	Brill/Boarstall	–	13th – 16th

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8244	circular kiln 8211	-	-	-	198	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	8244	circular kiln 8211	-	8003	-	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	-	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	-
2a	8244	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8244	circular kiln 8211	-	-	6	20	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8244	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8244	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	107	Stone	Roof Tile	-	small holed sherd	-
2a	8245	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	2	Iron	Nail	-	shaft	-
2a	8245	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	300	Newbury C	-	L12th – M14th
2a	8245	circular kiln 8211	-	-	11	71	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8245	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	99	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8245	circular kiln 8211	-	-	1	17	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8245	circular kiln 8211	-	-	7	138	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8248	ditch 8247	-	-	1	6	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8253	ditch 8252	-	-	1	39	CBM (Medi)	RT1	Oxford?	-	L13th – E14th
2a	8253	ditch 8252	-	-	1	-	Lithics	Tool	-	Hard percussion flake w sporadic edge- retouch	PH
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	-	2	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	-	-
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	2	16	Pottery (Medi)	325	Late Brill/ Boarstall	-	L14th – 16th
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	1	10	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	12	135	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	2	17	Pottery (Medi)	401	Late Malvernian Oxidised	-	L14th – 17th
2a	8257	ditch 8256	-	-	1	7	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety- type	-	E12th – 16th
2a	8263	ditch 8262	-	-	7	36	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th
2a	8263	ditch 8262	-	-	1	3	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	-	11th – 13th
2a	8265	ditch 8264	-	-	1	15	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	-	L11th – L14th

COMMONHEAD SWINDON, WILTSHIRE – AREA 2 CHSW

Area	Context	Feature	SF	Sample	Qty	Wgt (g)	Material	Object	Fabric	Description	Spot date
2a	8265	ditch 8264	–	–	1	8	Pottery (Medi)	200	Cotswolds Type	–	11th – 13th
2a	8267	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	33	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8268	large NE str 8242	–	–	1	2	Iron	Nail	–	shaft, clenched	–
2a	8269	colluvium 8269	–	–	–	0	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8269	colluvium 8269	–	–	1	30	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8271	ditch 8270	–	–	–	2	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8271	ditch 8270	–	8001	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8272	ditch 8270	–	8004	–	0	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8272	ditch 8270	–	–	1	4	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8272	ditch 8270	–	–	1	17	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8283	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	21	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8283	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	14	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8283	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8284	circular kiln 8211	–	–	–	282	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8284	circular kiln 8211	–	8005	–	2	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8284	circular kiln 8211	–	–	1	5	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8289	trough 8287	–	–	–	0	CBM (Daub)	Daub	Daub	–	–
2a	8289	trough 8287	–	8009	–	1	Industrial Waste	Mag Res	–	magnetised natural and possible hammerscale	–
2a	8289	trough 8287	–	–	1	13	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8289	trough 8287	–	–	1	79	Pottery (Medi)	355	Minety-type	–	E12th – 16th
2a	8289	trough 8287	–	–	1	33	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th
2a	8289	trough 8287	–	–	1	27	Pottery (Medi)	202	Newbury A/B	–	L11th – L14th

APPENDIX 5 RETENT SAMPLES

TABLE A.1 CHSW retent sample results

Context No	Sample No	Feature	area/trench	Sample Vol (l)	Pottery	Clay pipe	Brick	Daub	Tile	CBM	Other ceramic	Lithics	Stone	Metal	Fe slag	Mag res	Other	Burnt bone	Mammal	Unburnt bone	Shell	Marine	Terrestrial	Charred plant	Charred Cereal	Charred Weed seed	Hazel nutshell	Qty	Wgt (g)	Charcoal	Qty	Max Size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS Dating	Comments
6023	6041	Pit [6022]	2B	10	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	15	Y	indet wheat grain		
6035	6040	Pit [6034]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	Y	-		
6041	6038	Pit [6041]	2B	20	++	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	10	Y	grains of glume wheat, cereal indet			
6045	6039	Pit [6045]	2B	10	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	15	Y	grains of barley, cereal indet			
6058	6055	Pit [6057]	2B	10	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	10	Y	cereal indet grain			
6084	6051	Post-hole [6083]	2B	<10	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	N	-			
6093	6047	Post-hole [6093]	2B	<10	++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	15	Y	weeds;bedstraws			
6147	6050	Post-hole [6146]	2B	10	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	Y	-			
6173	6049	Pit [6070]	2B	<10	++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	10	Y	cereal indet grain			
6174	6052	Possible post-hole [6071]	2B	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	Y	mineralised charcoal			
6177	6046	Pit [6177]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	Y	mineralised charcoal			
6188	6042	Pit [6187]	2B	10	+++	-	++	++	++	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	Y	-			
6197	6005	Post-hole [6197]	2B	30	+++	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	10	Y	grains of cereal indet; barley, bread wheat; weeds;pea/vetch			
6206	6044	Pit [6205]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
6219	6043	Pit [6219]	2B	10	+++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	Y	-			
6225	6045	Pit [6224]	2B	10	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Comments		Material sufficient for AMS Dating		Charcoal	Hazel nutshell	Charred Weed seed	Charred Cereal	Charred plant	Shell	Unburnt bone	Burnt bone	Industrial Waste	Metal	Stone	Ceramic	Sample Vol (l)	area/trench	Feature	Sample No	Context No
		Max Size (mm)	Qty	Wgt (g)	Qty				Terrestrial	Mammal	Mammal	Other	Fe object	Stone	Other ceramic					
6416	6009	13	+++	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<10	2B	Post-hole [6415]	6009	
6417	6008	10	+++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<10	2B	Post-hole [6417]	6008	
6423	6033	8	+++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2B	Post-hole [6422]	6033	
6425	6076	4	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2B	Post-hole [6424]	6076	
6427	6063	10	+++	-	-	+++	+++	-	-	++	-	-	++	-	-	20	2B	Ditch [6426]	6063	
6435	6018	12	+++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	<10	2B	Post-hole [6434]	6018	
6444	6090	10	++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	-	2B	Post-hole [6443]	6090	
6446	6013	15	++	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	2	2B	Pit [6445]	6013	
6448	6012	10	++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	10	2B	Post-hole [6447]	6012	
6450	6011	10	+++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	2	2B	Post-hole [6449]	6011	
6453	6001	20	++++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	<10	2B	Post-hole [6452]	6001	
6459	6058	15	+++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	10	2B	Post-hole [6458]	6058	
6505	6059	10	++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	10	2A or 2B???	Pit [6504]	6059	
6507	6061	15	++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	10	2A	Pit [6506]	6061	

APPENDIX 6 FLOTATION SAMPLES

TABLE A.2 CHSW flot sample results

Context No	Sample No	Feature	Area	Total flot Vol (ml)	Barley	Bread/club wheat	Glume wheat	Wheat indet	Oat	Indet. cereal	Cereal chaff	Weeds	Hazel nutshell		Other plant remains	Charcoal Qty	Charcoal Max size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS	Comments
													Qty	Wgt (g)					
6023	6041	Pit [6022]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	3	N	charcoal round wood +
6035	6040	Pit [6034]	2B	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	3	N	-
6041	6038	Pit [6041]	2B	75	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	++	2	Y	-
6045	6039	Pit [6045]	2B	100	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	3	N	-
6058	6055	Pit [6057]	2B	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6084	6051	Post-hole [6083]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6093	6047	Post-hole [6093]	2B	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6147	6050	Post-hole [6146]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6173	6049	Pit [6070]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	3	at risk	-
6174	6052	Possible post-hole [6071]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+++	10	Y	-
6177	6046	Pit [6177]	2B	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6188	6042	Pit [6187]	2B	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	++	2	at risk	indet tuber
6197	6005	Post-hole [6197]	2B	400	++	++++	-	++	-	+++	-	+	-	-	+	++	10	Y	weeds; pea/vetch, culm node
6206	6044	Pit [6205]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6219	6043	Pit [6219]	2B	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+++	20	Y	grasses >2mm
6225	6045	Pit [6224]	2B	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	10	Y	-
6237	6048	Pit [6235]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	1	N	weeds; goosefoots
6259	6054	Post-hole [6258]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	3	N	-
6272	6014	Post-hole [6271]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-

Context No	Sample No	Feature	Area	Total flot Vol (ml)	Barley	Bread/club wheat	Glume wheat	Wheat indet	Oat	Indet. cereal	Cereal chaff	Weeds	Hazel nutshell		Other plant remains	Charcoal Qty	Charcoal Max size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS	Comments
													Qty	Wgt (g)					
6273	6015	Post-hole [6271]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6275	6053	Post-hole [6274]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6281	6010	Post-hole [6280]	2B	20	++	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+++	20	Y	hulled barley, weeds, knotweeds, grasses <2mm, culm node
6292	6007	Pit [6291]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6293	6006	Pit [6291]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10	Y	-
6295	6029	Post-hole [6294]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6306	6028	Post-hole [6305]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6308	6030	Post-hole [6307]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6312	6077	Post-hole [6311]	2B	20	-	-	+	-	-	++	-	-	-	-	-	++	15	Y	-
6314	6024	Post-hole [6313]	2B	50	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	10	Y	-
6316	6078	Post-hole [6315]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+++	10	Y	-
6320	6079	Post-hole [6319]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6329	6080	Post-hole [6328]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6333	6000	Ditch terminus [6332]	2B	150	+	++++	++	-	+	++++	-	++	-	-	+++	+++	9	Y	weeds; pea/vetch, campions, bedstraws, goosefoots, knapweeds, knotweeds, docks, corncockle, hemp-nettles, culm node ++++, basal node +
6338	6020	Pit [6337]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6339	6019	Pit [6337]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6343	6016	Post-hole [6342]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	-	++	5	N	weeds; pea/vetch, indet weed seed

Context No	Sample No	Feature	Area	Total flint Vol (ml)	Barley	Bread/club wheat	Glume wheat	Wheat indet	Oat	Indet. cereal	Cereal chaff	Weeds	Hazel nutshell		Other plant remains	Charcoal Qty	Charcoal Max size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS	Comments
													Qty	Wgt (g)					
6343	6081	Post-hole [6342]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6345	6086	Post-hole [6344]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5	N	-
6364	6088	Post-hole [6363]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	12	Y	-
6368	6021	Small feature [6367]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	++	7	at risk	-
6370	6089	Post-hole/ small pit [6369]	2B	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6372	6022	Possible post-hole [6371]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6373	6023	Cut of small feature	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10	Y	-
6381	6082	Post-hole [6380]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	6	N	-
6382	6087	Cut of ditch terminus [6382]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6385	6083	Post-hole [6384]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5	N	-
6387	6025	Post-hole [6386]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5	N	-
6389	6084	Post-hole [6388]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	-
6393	6085	Post-hole [6392]	2B	10	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+++	10	Y	weeds; bedstraws
6399	6032	Post-hole [6398]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6401	6026	Post-hole [6400]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-

Context No	Sample No	Feature	Area	Total flot Vol (ml)	Barley	Bread/club wheat	Glume wheat	Wheat indet	Oat	Indet. cereal	Cereal chaff	Weeds	Hazel nutshell		Other plant remains	Charcoal Qty	Charcoal Max size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS	Comments
													Qty	Wgt (g)					
6403	6031	Post-hole [6402]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	-
6409	6027	Ditch [6406]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6414	6017	Post-hole/stake-hole [6408]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	2	N	weeds; knotweeds
6416	6009	Post-hole [6413]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6417	6008	Post-hole [6415]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4	N	-
6423	6033	Post-hole [6417]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+++	10	Y	charcoal round wood
6425	6076	Post-hole [6422]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	10	Y	-
6427	6063	Ditch [6426]	2B	10	+	+++	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	++	10	Y	weeds; peas, docks, grasses >2mm, grasses <2mm
6435	6018	Ditch [6426]	2B	30	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+++	15	Y	-
6444	6090	Post-hole [6434]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	-
6446	6013	Post-hole [6443]	2B	10	-	-	+	-	-	++	-	-	-	-	-	++	5	N	-
6448	6012	Pit [6445]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	6	N	-
6450	6011	Post-hole [6447]	2B	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	10	Y	-
6453	6001	Post-hole [6449]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	2	N	indet weed seed
6459	6058	Post-hole [6452]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	-
6460	6060	Post-hole [6458]	2B	40	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	2	N	weeds; knotweeds
6505	6059	Pit [6504]	2A or 2B???	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-

Context No	Sample No	Feature	Area	Total flint Vol (ml)	Barley	Bread/club wheat	Glume wheat	Wheat indet	Oat	Indet. cereal	Cereal chaff	Weeds	Hazel nutshell		Other plant remains	Charcoal Qty	Charcoal Max size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS	Comments
													Qty	Wgt (g)					
6507	6061	Pit [6506]	2A	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
6509	6056	Gully [6508]	2A or 2B???	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	6	N	-
6515	6062	Ditch [6514]	2B	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	1	N	weeds; pea family	
6526	6057	Pit [6525]	2B	10	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	-	-	-	+++	10	at risk	-	
6527	6002	Pit [6525]	2B	100	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+++	12	Y	-	
6539	6003	Burnt spread [6539]	2B	40	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	-	-	+	+++	10	Y	indet tree bud	
6651	6064	Ditch [6650]	2A	20	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	<0.1	+	7	N	free threshing wheat rachis internode; weeds; docks; peas;	
6725	6066	Ditch [6724]	2A	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-	
6735	6068	Ditch [6734]	2A	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	1	N	Peas	
6748	6065	Ditch [6741]	2A	5	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	10	Y	weeds; peas	
6796	6075	Ditch [6795]	2A	150	++	-	-	-	-	++	-	+	-	-	++	9	Y	weeds; peas; docks	
6824	6067	Ditch [6823]	2A	30	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	2	N	cereal indet cf oat grain	
6849	6004	Ditch [6850]	2A	500	+++	++++	-	-	-	++++	-	++	-	-	++++	20	Y	weeds; bedstraws; docks, grasses >2mm, goosefoots, pea/vetch, carrot family, daisy family	
6890	6069	Ditch [6889]	2A	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-	
7012	6073	Ditch [7010]	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	2	at risk	-	
7057	6074	Ditch [7056]	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	++	3	at risk	-	
7137	6071	Ditch [7136]	-	300	+	+++	-	-	+	+++	-	+	-	-	+++	10	Y	weeds; peas; garden pea, knotgrasses, goosefoots	
7142	6072	Ditch [7141]	-	300	+	++++	-	-	-	-	+	+++	-	+	++	10	Y	free threshing wheat internode +, culm nodes ++, weeds; docks, daisy family, grasses >2mm, charcoal; round wood	
7146	6070	Ditch [7132]	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	++	-	+	-	-	+	2	N	grains of cereal indet cf barley, weeds; knotweed family +	
8156	8006	Silty clay layer [8156]	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	++	5	N	grains of cereal indet cf bread/club wheat +	
8210	8002	Kiln [8211]	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	3	N	-	

Context No	Sample No	Feature	Area	Total flot Vol (ml)	Barley	Bread/club wheat	Glume wheat	Wheat indet	Oat	Indet. cereal	Cereal chaff	Weeds	Hazel nutshell		Other plant remains	Charcoal Qty	Charcoal Max size (mm)	Material sufficient for AMS	Comments
													Qty	Wgt (g)					
8214	8008	Surface [8214]	-	200	-	++	-	-	-	+++	-	-	-	-	-	++	6	N	-
8222	8007	West cell - floor surface [8222]	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	1	N	-
8232	8000	Post-hole or socket [8229]	-	100	+	++++	-	-	++	-	-	+	-	-	++	+++	10	Y	weeds; bedstraws, grasses >2mm, docks, goosefoots, broad bean, culm node ++
8244	8003	Kiln [8211]	-	150	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	10	Y	
8271	8001	Ditch [8270]	-	40	++	++++	-	-	+	++	-	+	-	-	-	+++	9	Y	weeds; bedstraws
8272	8004	Ditch [8270]	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	
8284	8005	Flue [8282]	-	250	++	++++	-	-	+	++++	-	++	-	-	-	+++	6	N	weeds; grasses >2mm, docks, mayweeds, stinking chamomile, daisy family, knotweed family, knotweeds, nipplewort, bedstraws, corn marigold, goosefoots
8289	8009	Trough [8287]	-	50	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+++	-	-	-	++	15	Y	weeds; mayweeds

Key: + = rare (1-5), ++ = occasional (6-15), +++ = common (16-50) and ++++ = abundant (>50)
 NB charcoal over 10mm is sufficient for identification and AMS dating



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Headland Archaeology South & East
Building 68C | Wrest Park | Silsoe | Bedfordshire MK45 4HS
t 01525 861 578
e southandeast@headlandarchaeology.com

Headland Archaeology Midlands & West
Unit 1 | Clearview Court | Ivyford Rd | Hereford HR2 6JR
t 01432 364 901
e midlandsandwest@headlandarchaeology.com

Headland Archaeology North
Unit 16 | Hillside | Beeston Rd | Leeds LS11 8ND
t 0113 387 6430
e north@headlandarchaeology.com

Headland Archaeology Scotland
13 Jane Street | Edinburgh EH6 5HE
t 0131 467 7705
e scotland@headlandarchaeology.com

www.headlandarchaeology.com