CETG19



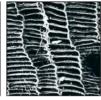














LAND NORTH OF CHURCH END, TWYNING, GLOUCESTERSHIRE

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

commissioned by Lanpro Services on behalf of Land Allocation Ltd

November 2019





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PROJECT TEAM:

Project Manager Luke Craddock-Bennett / Author Chris Sear / Fieldwork Chris Sear, Tom Cochrane / Graphics Beata Wieczorek-Oleksy, Rafael Maya Torcelly

Approved by Luke Craddock-Bennett

Headland Archaeology Midlands & West Unit 1 | Clearview Court | Twyford Rd | Hereford HR2 6JR t 01432 364 901

e midlandsandwest@headlandarchaeology.com

w www.headlandarchaeology.com







PROJECT SUMMARY

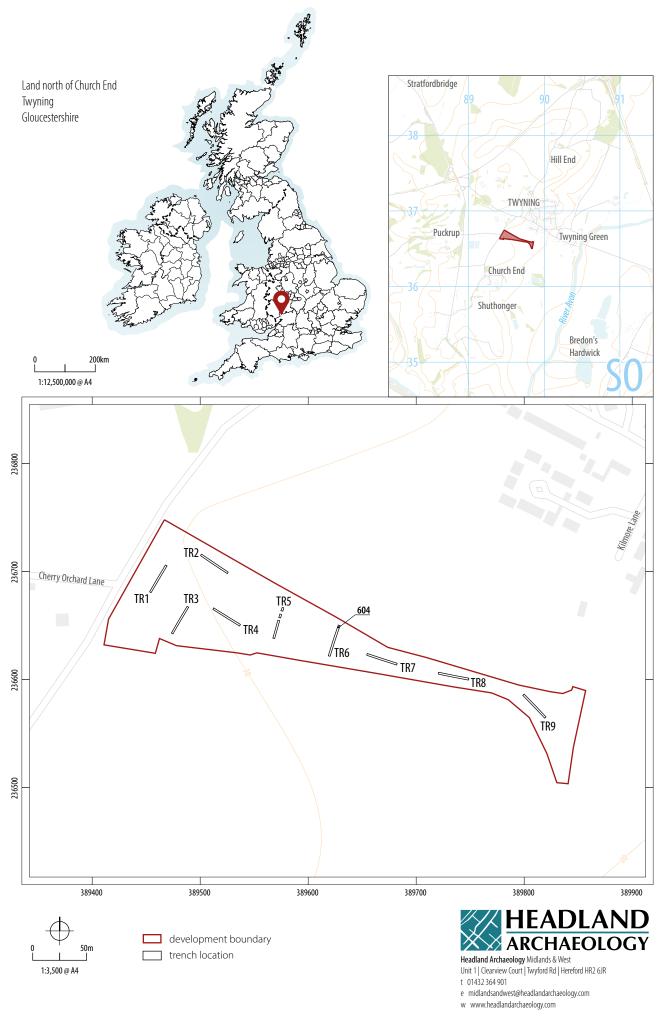
Archaeological field evaluation, via trial trenching, was undertaken by Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd on land north of Church End, Twyning, Gloucestershire. The archaeological evaluation identified no features or deposits of archaeological significance, except for remnants of a possible former hedge line matching the course and orientation of an extant hedge line to the east.

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LAND NORTH OF CHURCH END, TWYNING, GLOUCESTERSHIRE

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

1 INTRODUCTION

Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd was commissioned by Lanpro Services, on behalf of their client Land Allocation Ltd, to undertake a programme of trial trench evaluation on Land North of Church End, Twyning, Gloucestershire. This document presents the background to and the results of the archaeological evaluation.

1.1 PLANNING BACKGROUND

The archaeological evaluation was undertaken to inform a planning application for a residential development, with associated access roads and infrastructure (Lanpro 2019a).

Following the submission of a desk-based assessment and the results of a geophysical survey of the site, the Gloucestershire County Council Archaeologist recommended that a programme of evaluation was undertaken to determine the presence and significance of any potential archaeological remains. Following further consultation with the county archaeologist it was agreed that the archaeological potential of the site could be evaluated through trenching 2% of the site area, with a contingency for a further 2% area trenching if the presence of extensive or complex archaeological remains required this (Lanpro 2019a).

Headland Archaeology was commissioned to undertake the required work in accordance with a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) prepared by Lanpro Services (Lanpro 2019a) and agreed with the archaeological advisor to the local planning authority.

1.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

The proposed application area (PDA) (NGR 389640, 236610) measured 2.6ha and was bounded to the south by an unclassified lane. To the

west was the A38 road leading toward the village of Twyning and to the north and east the site was bounded by fields (illus 1).

The bedrock geology comprised of Charmouth Mudstone Formation – a mudstone sedimentary bedrock formed approximately 183 to 199 million years ago in the Jurassic Period. The local environment was previously dominated by shallow seas (NERC 2019).

No superficial deposits were recorded (NERC 2019). The soils were classified in the Soilscape 9 association, characterised as lime-rich loamy and clayey soils with impeded drainage (Cranfield University 2019).

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

The DBA (Lanpro 2019b) identified no evidence of Early Prehistoric, Iron Age, Roman or Medieval activity on the proposed development site.

The available archaeological records, combined with the results of the analysis of historical mapping and previous archaeological investigations in the surrounding area, together with a geophysical survey of the site, suggest that there is low potential for the site to contain archaeological remains of a prehistoric, Roman or early medieval date. The proposed development area is likely to have remained in agricultural use through at least the medieval and postmedieval periods, and remains dating to these periods are likely to relate to agricultural activity and be of agricultural significance.

2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The overall objective of the evaluation was to assess the site for previously unrecorded archaeological remains and record the location, extent, date, nature, character and relationships of any surviving archaeological remains uncovered in order to support



ILLUS 2 General view of Trench 9, looking south-east

the determination of the planning application. The results of the evaluation are to be used to establish the potential impacts of the development scheme upon any archaeological features uncovered and determine the need for further mitigation.

Specifically, the evaluation sought to:

- Excavate archaeological evaluation trenches as identified within the WSI;
- Identify archaeological features and deposits of interest;
- Excavate and record any identified archaeological features and deposits to a level to enable their nature and significance to be identified;
- Undertake sufficient post-excavation analysis to confidently interpret archaeological features identified during site works;
- Undertake sufficient post-excavation analysis of artefacts and samples to identify the potential scope for detailed analysis in future mitigation;
- Report the results of the any investigation in the field and subsequent post-excavation analysis and place these results within their local and regional context;
- > Compile and deposit a site archive at a suitable repository;

> Identify areas with significant archaeological potential and areas where archaeological potential is considered non-significant.

The results of the evaluation will be used to describe the significance of heritage assets potentially affected by the development, allowing the planning authority to make an informed assessment of any potential impacts on the historic environment in line with Paragraph 189 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

3 METHOD

The fieldwork was conducted in accordance with the above mentioned WSI and method statement and in accordance with the following documents:

- > Code of Conduct (Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014a)
- Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Field Evaluations (Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014b)

The archaeological works were carried out between the 12th and 14th November 2019 during a period of nationwide flooding. A total of nine evaluation trenches, each measuring 30m in length, were excavated across the site. Prior to excavation, utility plans were consulted, and a cable avoidance tool was used to check for the presence of potential buried services.



ILLUS 3 General view of Trench 7, looking west

Trenches were excavated using a 14 tonne, rubber tracked 360° mechanical excavator fitted with a bladed bucket, to depths where archaeological features were identified, or geological deposits encountered. Topsoil and subsoil deposits were separated and bunded to either side of the trenches awaiting reinstatement. Ground conditions were extremely wet with trenches, particularly in the western (low lying) part of the site, subject to ground water ingress post excavation.

A live sewer pipe was identified crossing Trench 5 on a north-south alignment. The service was left undisturbed with the trench continued to the north and south.

Exposed archaeological remains were recorded on Headland Archaeology pro forma record sheets. Trenches were recorded and photographed as soon as possible following excavation to mitigate the effects of groundwater ingress. Hand excavation of several anomalies was undertaken to confirm their origin as non-archaeological and assist understanding of the site and formation.

All recording followed standard archaeological guidelines as set out by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA). The recorded contexts were assigned unique numbers and recording was undertaken on Headland Archaeology pro forma trench and context record sheets. Digital and black and white photographs were taken of all trenches, with a graduated metric scale clearly visible. An overall site plan of the trenches and recorded features was digitally produced. Digital planning and surveying were undertaken using a Trimble dGPS system.

4 RESULTS

A trench location plan is presented in Illustration 1 and a summary of trenches and recorded contexts is given in Appendix 1.

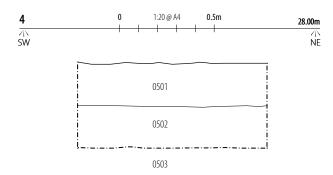
4.1 GENERAL STRATIGRAPHY AND TOPOGRAPHY

Slight variations in geological deposits were identified across the site. The predominant geology (identified in Trenches 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 9) consisted of mid brownish-yellow clay and gravels at depths measuring between 0.35m and 0.50m (illus 2 & 4). Within Trench 3 geological deposits comprised a mid to light brownish-yellow sand and gravel with patches of clay at a depth of 1.00m, and within Trenches 7 and 8 mid reddish-brown clay and gravels were observed at a depth of 0.45m (illus 3).

With the exception of the anomalous Trench 3, the variations in geology appear to correlate with the changes in the site topography, with Trenches 7 and 8 being located at the lowest point of the development area.

4.2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURES

A single linear feature [604] was identified at the northern end of Trench 6. Measuring 1.65m in width and crossing the trench on a NEE-SWW alignment, the feature was not excavated and recorded in plan only due to the ingress of groundwater. The feature was clearly visible cutting geological deposits (603) at a depth of 0.35m below



ILLUS 4 Representative section of Trench 5

ground level, however disturbance was also noted in the overlying subsoil deposit (602). The feature is considered likely to represent the remains of a former hedge line; a historical continuation of the northeastern modern boundary of the field prior to a later realignment further to the north.

BLANK TRENCHES 4.3

No archaeological finds, features or deposits were identified within Trenches 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 9.

DISCUSSION 5

Archaeological evaluation of Land North of Church End, Twyning, Gloucestershire, has revealed a distinct lack of archaeological remains, with eight of the nine trenches archaeologically sterile. The potential former hedge line (0604) in Trench 6 does not appear on Ordnance Survey mapping, but given its occurrence at a relatively shallow depth is likely to be of relatively recent origin.

The waterlogged nature of the site is perhaps indicative of its unsuitability for settlement, a conclusion supported by the results of the trial trenching, geophysical survey and desk-based assessment.

6 REFERENCES

Lanpro 2019a Written Scheme of Investigation for Archaeological Evaluation Trenching: Land North of Church End, Twyning, **Gloucestershire** Lanpro Services

Lanpro M 2019b Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment: Land North of Church End, Twyning, Gloucestershire Lanpro Services

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) 2014 Code of (Reading) http://www.archaeologists.net/sites/ default/files/CodesofConduct.pdf accessed November 2019

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) 2014 Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation (Reading) <u>ClfAS&GFieldevaluation 1.pdf</u> accessed November 2019

Cranfield University 2019 Cranfield Soil and Agrifood Institute Soilscapes www. landis.org.uk/soilscapes/ accessed November 2019

Natural Environment Research Council (NERC) 2019 British Geological Survey http://www.bgs.ac.uk accessed November 2019

7 **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX 1 TRENCH AND CONTEXT REGISTER

DBGL = Depth below ground level

LOE = Limit of Excavation

R.I.P = Recorded in Plan

TR01	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NNE-SSW	30	1.80	0.47-0.60
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0101	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown s	0-0.23		
0102	Subsoil- Mid yellowish brow	0.23-0.43		
0103	Natural - Mid brownish yellow clay and gravels			0.43+ (L.0.E)

Summary: No archaeological deposits present

TR02	ORIENTATION L (M) W (M)			AV. D (M)
	WNW-ESE	30	1.80	0.40-0.45
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0201	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown s	0-0.22		
0202	Subsoil- Mid yellowish brown sandy clay			0.22-0.42
0203	Natural- Mid/light yellowish brown clay and gravels			0.42+ (L.0.E)

Summary: No archaeological deposits present

TR03	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NNE-SSW	30	1.80	0.45-1.00
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0301	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown sandy clay			0-0.50
0302	Subsoil- Mid reddish brown sandy clay			0.50-1.00
0303	Natural- Mid/light brownish yellow sand and gravel with patches of clay			1.00 (L.O.E)

Summary: No archaeological deposits present

TR04	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	WNW-ESE	30	1.80	0.42-0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0401	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown sandy clay			0-0.26
0402	Subsoil- mid yellowish brown sandy clay			0.26-0.50

0403	Natural- Mid brownish yellow clay and gravel	0.50 (L.O.E)
Summary: No a	rchaeological deposits present	

TR05	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	26	1.80	0.50-0.55
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0501	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown sandy clay			0-0.23
0502	Subsoil- Mid yellowish brown sandy clay			0.23-0.45
0503	Natural- Mid/light yellowish	brown clay	and gravels	0.45+ (L.0.E)

Summary: No archaeological deposits present

TR06	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	N-S	30	1.80	0.35
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0601	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown s	0-0.20		
0602	Subsoil- Mid yellowish brow	0.20-0.35		
0603	Natural- Light brownish yello	0.35+ (L.0.E)		
0604	Cut of Poss. Hedge line >1.8r	R.I.P		
0605	Fill of [0604] Hedge line	R.I.P		

Summary: No archaeological remains present, except for a possible hedge line. A lot of surface water partially flooding the trench

TR07	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	30	1.80	0.45-0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0701	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown sandy clay			0-0.25
0702	Subsoil– Mid orangey brown sandy clay			0.25-0.45
0703	Natural- Mid reddish brown clayey gravel			0.45+ (L.0.E)
C N	1 1 1 1 1			

Summary: No archaeological remains present

TR08	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	E-W	30	1.80	0.45
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0801	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown sandy clay			0-0.20
0802	Subsoil- Mid orangey brown sandy clay			0.20-0.45
0803	Natural- Mid reddish brown clay and gravels			0.45+ (L.0.E)
Summary: No archaeological remains present				

Summary: No archaeological remains present

LAND NORTH OF CHURCH END, TWYNING, GLOUCESTERSHIRE CETG19

TR09	ORIENTATION	L(M)	W (M)	AV. D (M)
	NW-SE	30	1.80	0.50
CONTEXT	DESCRIPTION			DBGL (M)
0901	Topsoil- Mid greyish brown sandy clay			0-0.20
0902	Subsoil- Mid orangey brown sandy clay			0.20-0.45
0903	Natural – Light brownish yellow clay and gravels			0.45+
Summary: No archaeological remains present				

2019 by Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd File Name: CETG19-Report-v1.2.pdf

APPENDIX 2 OASIS DATA COLLECTION FORM: ENGLAND

OASIS ID: headland3-374713

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Project name Land North of Church End, Twyning

Short description of the project Archaeological field evaluation, via trial trenching, was undertaken by Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd on land north of Church End, Twyning, Gloucestershire.

The archaeological evaluation identified no features or deposits of archaeological significance, except for remnants of a possible hedge line that appears to line

up with an existing one to the East.

Project dates Start: 12-11-2019 End: 14-11-2019

Previous/future work No / Not known

Any associated project reference

codes

CETG19 - Sitecode

Type of project Field evaluation

Site status None

Current Land use Cultivated Land 1 - Minimal cultivation

Monument type N/A Significant Finds N/A

Methods & techniques "Targeted Trenches"

Development type Rural residential

Prompt Planning condition

Position in the planning process Pre-application

PROJECT LOCATION

Country England

Site location Gloucestershire Tewkesbury Twyning Land North of Church End, Twyning, Gloucestershire

Postcode GL206JU Study area 2.6 Hectares

Site coordinates S0 8964 3661 52.027384333359 -2.15101592855 52 01 38 N 002 09 03 W Point

Height OD / Depth Min: 0m Max: 0m

PROJECT CREATORS

 Name of Organisation
 Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd

 Project brief originator
 Archaeological Advisor to LPA

Project design originator Lanpro Services

Project director/manager Luke Craddock-Bennett

Project supervisor Tom Cochrane

Type of sponsor/funding body Developer

Name of sponsor/funding body Land Allocation Ltd

PROJECT ARCHIVES

Physical Archive Exists?

LAND NORTH OF CHURCH END, TWYNING, GLOUCESTERSHIRE CETG19

Digital Archive recipient The Wilson Museum Cheltenham

Digital Archive ID Awaiting Accession No.

Digital Contents "none"

Digital Media available "Images raster / digital photography", "Survey"

Paper Archive recipient The Wilson Museum Cheltenham

Paper Archive ID Awaiting Accession No.

Paper Contents "none"

Paper Media available "Context sheet","Diary","Photograph","Report"

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Headland Archaeology Scotland 13 Jane Street Edinburgh EH6 5HE t 0131 467 7705 e scotland@headlandarchaeology.com Headland Archaeology Yorkshire & North Unit 16 | Hillside | Beeston Rd Leeds LS11 8ND t 0113 387 6430 e yorkshireandnorth@headlandarchaeology.com **Headland Archaeology** South & East Building 68C | Wrest Park | Silsoe Bedfordshire MK45 4HS t 01525 861 578 e southandeast@headlandarchaeology.com

Unit 1 | Clearview Court | Twyford Rd Hereford HR2 6JR t 01432 364 901

e midlandsandwest@headlandarchaeology.com

Headland Archaeology Midlands & West

Headland Archaeology North West Fourways House | 57 Hilton Street Manchester M1 2EJ t 0161 236 2757 e northwest@headlandarchaeology.com