

CONB16



Archaeological Evaluation

Connaught Barracks, Dover, Kent

Client: WYG group

CONB16

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Connaught Barracks, Dover

WYG Group

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Grid Reference: TR 3235 4250

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Connaught Barracks, Dover

Archaeological Evaluation

Summary

Headland Archaeology (UK) Ltd undertook an archaeological evaluation at Connaught Barracks, Dover, between 15th and 31st of August 2016. The evaluation was commissioned by WYG Group, in advance of residential development and in response to Conditions (27a) and (27d) of planning permission DOV/15/00260. The evaluation found the remains of a Second World War trench system and a series of brick laid surfaces, concrete footings and landscaping features relating to former structures associated with Connaught Barracks. No other archaeological remains were present in the trenches.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Planning Background

Headland Archaeology Ltd was commissioned by WYG Group to undertake a programme of archaeological evaluation as part of the redevelopment of Connaught Barracks, Dover, Kent.

Planning permission for the development was granted by Kent County Council (App. DOV/15/00260.) subject to a number of conditions, including no.27 relating to archaeological works that stated:

- *as pursuant to Conditions (27a) and (27d) of planning permission DOV/15/00260 for residential development on the site of the Officers' Mess; and*
- *to accompany an application for prior notification for the demolition of the existing buildings (under Class B, Part 11, Schedule 2 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015) on the Main Barracks Site.*
- *A scheme of archaeological evaluation (a programme of targeted machine stripped and manually excavated trenches) is required to identify and record potential remains of archaeological and historical significance.*

Condition (27b) further noted that should archaeology be found that required preservation in situ, then appropriate safeguarding measures to achieve this should be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. No such remains have been found during this evaluation.

A brief was prepared by the WYG Group, outlining the archaeological works needed to fulfil these conditions. WYG also prepared the Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) and got approval from Kent County Council's Head of Heritage Conservation.

This report details the results of the evaluation. Background information regarding the sections on site description, archaeological background, objectives and methodology are based on the WSI (WYG).

1.2 Site Description

The development area comprising Connaught Barracks (the Officer's Mess and the Main Barracks Site) is located on high ground to the east of Dover and to the north of Dover Castle (Illus 1). The site is centred on National Grid Reference TR 3235 4250 and is located on a south facing slope from approximately 121m above Ordnance Datum (AOD) to approximately 100m AOD.

The site is bounded to the north by Fort Burgoyne and the residential area of Burgoyne Heights. The area is defined by the A258 to the east and the road leading north towards Guston on the western side. The junction of the A258 and Dover Road forms the southern extent of the site.

The site was previously used by the Ministry of Defence as a barracks, covering an area of approximately 13.5 hectares and is currently unoccupied.

The bedrock geology of the site comprises Seaford Chalk Formation, a sedimentary bedrock formed approximately 84 to 89 million years ago in the Cretaceous Period, indicating a local environment previously dominated by warm chalk seas. This is overlain with deposits of clay with flints; superficial deposits formed approximately five million years ago in the Quaternary and Neogene Period (<http://www.bgs.ac.uk>).

1.3 Archaeological Background

Archaeological monitoring of geotechnical boreholes was undertaken within the development site in October 2008 by the Museum of London (Birchenough).

Two desk based assessments were carried out in July 2006 and April 2007 (WYG).

1.4 Prehistoric (to 43 AD)

Bronze Age activity in the area has been suggested by the discovery of flint work of this period and a gold armlet that suggests the area of Connaught Barracks may have been used not only for settlement but also for burials. Round barrows, Bronze Age burial mounds, are known to have stood on the Western Heights (the high ground on the opposite side of Dover).

Dover Castle was built on the site of an Iron Age Hillfort. Iron Age pottery has been recovered from the area to the north of the Barracks.

1.5 Romano British (43 AD c. 450 AD)

The Port of Dover was utilised during the Roman period, as indicated by the military fort of the Classis Britannicus in Dover itself and the sites of the two lighthouses on the high ground on either side of the port (Western Heights and within the site of Dover Castle). Settlement activity and the suggestion of burials have been recorded from the area around Connaught Barracks.

1.6 Early Medieval (450 AD 1066 AD)

The Grade I listed St. Mary de Castro Church, located to the south of the development area is thought to have early 11th century and earlier origins. Thirteen late Saxon burials have been recorded close to the church, suggesting the site of the Iron Age hillfort continued through the Roman era into the Saxon period.

During the Saxon period the site of the Castle was likely to have been a Saxon Burgh (defended settlement).

1.7 Medieval (1066 AD – c.1504 AD)

Dover Castle was established following the Norman Conquest and rebuilt during the 12th century. The area of Connaught Barracks was probably utilised as farmland to supply produce to the Castle and the town. In 1216 and 1217 Dover Castle was put under siege by Prince Louis of France, and a Siege Castle is likely to have been constructed on the western side of the Barracks area, as suggested by documentary evidence and the illustration of an earthwork on the 1756 map showing the defences of Dover Castle.

1.8 Post Medieval

Dover Castle continued to be a significant fortification throughout the medieval period and was periodically strengthened in response to changing threats and technological advances. The most significant changes to Dover's defences were in response to the threat of invasion by Napoleon's forces.

Fort Burgoyne was built in the area to the north of the Castle between 1861 and 1868 to strengthen the northern defences. External barrack blocks, the Red Huts, were constructed in 1912, which were the precursor of the development of Connaught Barracks.

Defensive structures surviving at Connaught Barracks include the Fort and World War I and II additions such as pillboxes, gun emplacements and anti-tank defences. The features are all associated with other defences in and around Dover, especially those at the Castle and the Western Heights.

The Barracks area lies within the area enclosed by Fort Burgoyne and its flanking Eastern and Western Caponier (covered passage) defences. Additional structures were built and other alterations to the Barracks made throughout the 20th century, with a major rebuild occurring in 1967. These works will have had a detrimental impact on any earlier buried archaeological remains that may have been present. All of the cultural heritage features found during the evaluation were from the 20th century use of the site.

2. OBJECTIVES

2.1 General

WYG Planning and Environment (ref: A090070 64) produced a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI), designed to meet the requirements of the project brief.

Specific objectives of the archaeological evaluation are to:

- Excavate archaeological evaluation trenches as identified within WSI;
- Identify archaeological features and deposits of interest;
- Excavate and record any identified archaeological features and deposits to a level to enable their nature and significance to be identified;
- Undertake sufficient post excavation analysis to confidently interpret archaeological features identified during site works;
- Undertake sufficient post excavation analysis of artefacts and samples to identify the potential scope for detailed analysis in future mitigation;
- Report the results of the investigation in the field and subsequent post excavation analysis and place these results within their local and regional context;
- Compile and deposit a site archive at a suitable repository; and
- Identify areas with significant archaeological potential and areas where archaeological potential is considered non-significant.

3. METHODOLOGY

Trial trenching was carried out between the 15th and 31st of August 2016. In total 32 trenches were excavated within the development area. The original trench layout stipulated trenches 25m in length, though due to constraints such as services, tree cover and building locations the trenches varied in length with trenches 1a, 2a, 18a, 25, 26, 29, 31 and 33 being extended to between 28.80m and 50m. For specific details see Illus 1 and Appendix 1. All trenches were 2.1m in width except trench 28 which was 3.0m in width (Illus 1).

The trenches were set out in accordance with the agreed trench layout plan in the WSI using a Trimble GNSS device but not all trenches could be excavated as planned. Trench 1 had to be moved approximately 10m to the north east due to being located outside of the site boundary. Trenches 2 and

3 were not excavated due to the presence of services, although an alternative location for trench 2 was identified north of the original location (trench 2a) and trench 3 (3a) towards the east of the development area (Illus1). Trenches 8, 13 15, 16, 17 and 19 were not excavated due to the presence of services. Trench 18 was partially opened and a marked gas supply asset was identified. An alternative location (trench18a) was excavated within the main parade ground area. Trench 20 was shortened to avoid known services. Trenches 23, 24, 30 and 32 were relocated towards the north west to avoid tree cover. Trenches 26, 27 29 and 31 were extended in length. Trenches 30 and 32 were also relocated to avoid tree cover (Illus 1-2).

A mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless ditching bucket was used to remove the overburden under direct archaeological supervision. Potential archaeological features were investigated by hand.

A representative sample, sufficient to meet the objectives of the evaluation, of identified archaeological or potential archaeological features was investigated and recorded.

3.1 Recording

All recording followed the guidance laid down by the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA 2014b) and was in line with the approved WSI. All trenches and contexts were given a unique number. All recording was undertaken on pro forma recording sheets which conform to archaeological standards. All stratigraphic relationships were recorded along with the stratigraphy of each trench.

A plan of the trenches and features across the entire site was recorded digitally using a GNSS device. A full photographic record was taken using digital photography and incorporating black and white print photographs where appropriate. A metric scale was clearly visible in record photographs.

4. RESULTS

4.1 Introduction

Full context and trench descriptions including dimensions, depths and orientations, are presented in Appendix 1 *Trench and Context Summary*. Contexts are identified numerically by trench (i.e. Trench 01: (0101), Trench 02: (0201)) with cuts indicated by square brackets and deposits by rounded brackets. Selected technical detail is utilised below to describe the remains found and to inform the interpretation and dating completed and presented in this report.

Subsurface remains associated with demolished or disused Connaught Barracks buildings and infrastructure were found in 14 of the 28 excavated trenches (Illus 1). The most significant feature was the remains of a possible First or Second World War defensive or training trench.

4.2 Trench Results

The results of the archaeological evaluation have been categorised into historic periods, undated features and archaeologically sterile trenches.

4.2.1 Prehistoric (to 43 AD)

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Prehistoric activity within the development area.

4.2.2 Romano British (43 AD c. 450 AD)

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Romano British activity within the development area.

4.2.3 Early Medieval (450 AD - 1066 AD)

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Early Medieval activity within the development area.

4.2.4 Medieval (1066 AD – c.1504 AD)

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to medieval activity within the development area.

4.2.5 Post Medieval

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Post Medieval activity within the development area.

4.2.6 Modern Remains of Connaught Barracks

Material evidence related to the modern development and expansion of Connaught Barracks in the 20th century was found in trenches 1a, 2a, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 20, 22, 23, 24, 27 and 29 (Illus 1-2). The results relating to this phase of activity are summarised in this section with fuller descriptions in Appendix 1.

Within trench 1a (Illus 3) two large semi-circular features with similar fills suggests that [0111] and [0105] formed one continuous feature aligned north west - south east and were related to the landscaping and terracing of the slope to the south west of the trench location.

Trench 2a revealed the presence of an L shaped concrete and brick footing that was part of an alteration to the existing assault course construction. In trench 4 a large number of defunct services runs were identified and there was a large circular feature identified [0406] feature of unknown function (Illus 4).

Two features were recorded in trench 6 (Illus 5). Linear feature [0609] was a shallow and wide field boundary or narrow track way, possibly associated with the former Castle hill farm. [0606] was a large sub rectangular pit with relatively steep sides associated with demolition of previous structures/features in the barracks.

Modern concrete footing bases were recorded within trench 7 on the site of former location of buildings associated with development of Connaught Barracks as seen on the 1938 OS six inch map.

The excavation of trench 9 was cut short due to the discovery of asbestos, however a red brick laid surface yard was recorded along with a concrete base with an iron mounting point (Illus 6). The latter may have been used for the attachment of guy lines for a radio mast or other high structure.

A series of features were identified within trench 10, [1006] formed a shallow oval shaped feature of unknown origin. A linear feature, [1004] was the remains of a field drain, while [1007] constructed from concrete and close to the surface possibly related to alterations associated with the existing assault course structure.

Excavation of trench 14 identified a sequence of brick and tarmac surfaces suggesting that the area was originally used as hard standing and car parking, before being adapted to the current garden and turfed lawns (Illus 7).

The features were excavated within trench 20 were associated with now defunct pathways (e.g. [2003]). Excavation of trench 22 towards the north of trench 20 found a fragmented deposit of red bricks similar to those in 20 indicating that [2003] continued north of trench 20.

Trench 23 was not fully excavated due to the identification of asbestos. There was a layer that contained modern demolition materials.

The excavation of trench 24 identified deposit (2403) that had a similar appearance to dumping deposits within trenches 27 and 29 and was a continuation of the dumping or levelling of the area prior too landscaping.

4.2.7 Possible Defensive or Training Trench

Trench 33 was positioned in a secondary carpark located towards the south west of the main parade ground (Illus 8-9). The trench was excavated to compensate for the loss of trenches to the south east of the site due to issues with service runs and building locations.

Within trench 33 a large single feature [3305] with a width of 1.88m wide was observed to zig zag down the run of the trench for approximately 24.50m. The feature was sectioned, disclosing a straight cut ditch with a flat base at a depth of 0.55m below the excavated level and 0.60m below the present ground level (Illus 10).

The section identified that the remains of a wooden structure, (3307), had been cut into a rectangular socket within the base of the trench, [3306]. The remains of the wood measured approximately 0.07m x 0.21m and formed two vertical timbers separated by a horizontal cross member positioned at floor level. Within the fill and in close proximity to (3307) a large number of 3" iron nails were observed

The timbers only survived as fragmented wooden debris, however the negative impression was left in the fill of [3305] allowing dimensions to be ascertained. [3305] was filled with redeposited natural, an orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk flecks (3304). The fill of [3305] was also cut by two 4" cast iron drainage pipes aligned north south ([3308]) and servicing the existing building.

This was interpreted as the remains of a military trench system. The slip trench was backfilled with redeposited material from the geological substrate indicating there had been a bund next to the trench. The feature could not be dated and there was no evidence to indicate whether it was the remains of a training trench or was built as a real defensive feature.

4.2.8 Archaeologically Sterile Trenches

Trenches 3a, 11, 12, 18, 18a, 21, 25, 26, 28, 30, 31, 32 were excavated to a geological horizon and produced no archaeological deposits, the depth and make up varied across the development area and comprised a simple stratigraphy of topsoil or tarmac, over a subsoil or hard-core makeup overlaying the natural geological substrates.

For specific details see Appendix 1 *Trench and Context Summary*.

4.2.9 Features of a Natural Origin

4.2.9.1 Trench 5

Features [0505] and [0506] were the remains of natural tree throws. [0506] was roughly aligned east west and represented an irregular feature containing a dark grey silt deposit, similar to topsoil, the feature was section by machine at the request of the Kent Council Archaeologist and identified that the feature had no definite edge structure.

5. DISCUSSION

5.1 Quality of preservation

Modern truncation through the construction of the existing barrack blocks and car parks was apparent at this site. The depth of overburden at the site varied from 0.30m to 0.50m. In those parts of the site (such as the extremities) where overburden was deeper, it was noted that remains were better preserved.

5.2 *Summary of Remains by Period*

Prehistoric activity

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Prehistoric activity within the development area.

Romano British Activity

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Romano British activity within the development area.

Early Medieval Activity

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to Early Medieval activity within the development area.

Medieval Activity

The evaluation identified no features or finds relating to medieval activity within the development area.

Post Medieval Activity

There were no archaeological remains found dating to this period.

WWII Activity

The evaluation identified the remains of a possible military trench system within trench 33, the military trench system contained the evidence of a wooden structure that possibly represented a covered area. The slip trench was back filled with redeposited natural suggesting that the trench system once had an up-cast bank, the use of removed material to form a bund being common practice to increase the depth of a military trenches.

5.3 *Description of heritage assets*

Description of Heritage Asset	Trench	Feature	Significance of heritage asset (Low, Medium, High) and of local, regional, national, international interest

H1: Remains of military trench system	33	[3305]	High significance of local and regional interest
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Table 1 Description of heritage assets

H1 comprises evidence for the construction of a previously unknown defensive or training trench system. This is considered to have high significance of local and regional interest.

CONCLUSION

The trial trenching evaluation found the remains of a military trench system within the area of the secondary car park located towards the south of the main parade ground. The trench system took the form of a zig zag linear feature with possible remains of wooden structures.

Other remains included brick laid surfaces, concrete footings and landscaping features associated with the development of Connaught Barracks. No trace of Post Medieval, Medieval, Romano British or Prehistoric activity was identified.

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Appendix I – Trench and Context Summary

Trench Number	1
Original location situated outside of site boundaries relocated to 1a.	

Trench Number	1a				
Length	37.97m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.50m	Maximum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.50m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0100)	Topsoil. Grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting and occasional clinker, chalk fragments, slate fragments, flints, and CBM fragments.		37.97m+	2.10m+	0.30m
(0101)	Subsoil. Light brown clayey silt with occasional small moderate pebbles, rooting, and chalk flecks.		37.97m	2.10m	0.20m
(0102)	Geological substrate. Orange brown silty clay with chalk flecks.		37.97m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level
(0103)	Overlying [0104], mid yellow brown sand silt clay with inclusions of chalk and brick fragments.		<5.0m	<1.0m	0.23m
(0104)	Fill of [0105] dark grey sandy silt with inclusions of chalk and brick fragments.		<5.0m	<1.0m	0.17m
[0105]	Cut for circular feature, truncated by section edge the feature had steep sides and is filled by (0104).		<5.0m	<1.0m	0.40m
(0106)	Overlying [0107] mid yellow brown sand silt clay with inclusions of chalk and brick fragments. Same as (0109).		<15.0m	<2.10m	0.28m
(0107)	Fill of [0108] Dark grey sandy silt with inclusions of chalk and brick fragments. Same as (0110).		<15.0m	<2.10m	0.12m
[0108]	Cut for large pit/dump or part of the terracing within the area, filled by (0107), same as [0111].		<15.0m	<2.10m	0.40m
(0109)	Fill of [0111] mid yellow brown sand silt clay with inclusions of chalk and brick fragments. Same as (0106).		<15.0m	0.30m	0.08m
(0110)	Fill of [0111] dark grey sandy silt with inclusions of chalk and brick fragments. Same as (0107).		<15.0m	<2.10m	0.14m

[0111]	Cut of large pit/dump or part of the terracing within the landscape, same as [0108].	<15.0m	<2.10m	0.14m
Description and Interpretation				
<p>Two features were identified within trench 1a, [0105] and [0111]. Feature [0111] measured approximately 15m in length and had a visible width of 2.10m. Aligned north west – south east the feature resembles a large semi-circular shallow scoop, with a depth of 0.14m at the north-west end increasing to 0.40m towards the south-eastern end. Feature [0111] contained two deposits, (0110) consisted of a dark grey sandy silt with inclusions of chalk flecks. Overlying (0110), (0109) was a mid-yellow brown sand silt clay also with inclusions of chalk flecks. Both deposits within [0111] contained inclusions of red brick fragments.</p> <p>Located approximately 6m towards the south east of [0111], [0105] appeared to form a linear feature aligned approximately east west with steep sides and a rounded base. A sondage and extension to the trench cut by machine, at the request of the Kent County Council Heritage Conservation Officer, identified that [0105] formed a semi-circular cut similar to [0111], with visible measurements of approximately 5m by 1m. Feature [0105] contained two deposits, (0104) and (0105). Deposit (0104) comprised of a Dark grey sandy silt with inclusions of chalk flecks and nodules, overlain by (0103), a mid yellow brown sandy silt clay with inclusions of chalk flecks. Both deposits contained inclusions of red brick fragments.</p> <p>The identification of two large semi-circular features with similar deposits, suggests that [0111] and [0105] may represent one continuous feature aligned north west south east that possibly relates to the landscaping and terracing of the slope to the south west of the trench location.</p>				


Trench Number	2
Not excavated due to proximity of gas supply and identified services.	


Trench Number	2a				
Length	30m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.30m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.32		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0200)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.				0.15m
(0201)	Subsoil. Light brown grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles, and rooting.				0.15m
(0203)	Geological substrate, mid orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.				0.02m
[0204]	Right angled foundation cut, cut into 0203, fill containing concrete and brick.		1.0m	0.5m	Not excavated
Description and Interpretation					
<p>An L shaped feature [0204] aligned north west south east projected from the north facing section and located towards the northern west end. [0204] was 1.0m in length with a width of 0.5m. The</p>					

feature was not excavated as it contained a mixture of concrete and brick rubble in a dark earth matrix.

This feature likely represents an historic alteration to the design of the existing assault course.

Trench Number	3
Not excavated due to proximity of gas supply and identified services.	

Trench Number	3a				
Length	20.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(3a01)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.				0.20m
(3a02)	Subsoil. Dark grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles, and rooting and CBM.				0.20m
(3a03)	Geological substrate, mid orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.				Not Excavated

Trench Number	4				
Length	19.88m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.40m	Maximum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0401)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		15.0m approx.	2.10m+	0.30m
(0402)	Modern makeup for garage entrance – Tarmac surface and hard core makeup yellow angular scalping's.		4.0m approx.	2.10m+	0.25m


(0403)	Geological substrate, mid orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		19.88m+	2.10m+	0.10m
[0404]	Modern drain, iron grate in road surface (0402).		2.0m		Removed by machine
[0405]	Linear feature, Aligned E/W, 0.30m width fill with redeposited natural (0403) identified with Cat scan and Genny.		2.10m	0.30m	Not excavated
[0406]	Large circular feature with a visible diameter of 2.0m – backfilled with loose filled concrete blocks and capped with redeposited (0403).	2.0m visible			Part excavated 0.50m+
[0407]	Modern service run, approximately 0.15m in width, cutting (0406) removed by machine.		3.0m	0.15m	Not excavated
[0408]	Modern service run, identified with Cat and Genny – max width 0.30m.		3.0m	0.30m	

Description and Interpretation


The excavation of trench 4 identified four modern services runs (0404), (0405), (0407) and (0408) and a large circular feature (0406).

(0406) consisted of a large circular feature with a visible radius of 1.50 2.0m, the fill of the feature contained large loosely packed concrete rubble blocks capped with a mixture of redeposited natural (Mid orange brown clay with frequent flint and chalk flecks). A small section of the fill was excavated to depth of 0.50m, the concrete blocks continued, the base of the feature was not identified.


Within trench 4 a large number of services runs were identified, relating to the existing garage structure and drainage of the associated road way, the large circular feature identified (0406) was not fully excavated due to health and safety considerations, the feature may represent a shaft opening or backfilled well.

Trench Number	5				
Length	16.50m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.30m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.90m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0501)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		16.50m+	2.10m+	0.30m
(0502)	Geological substrate, mid orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		16.50m+	2.10m+	0.30m
(0503)					
(0504)	Geological substrate, mid orange brown clay with a greater concentration of flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		16.50m+	2.10+	0.30m

[0505]	Rough circular feature with irregular edges, when excavated the evidence of rooting and irregular edges within the geological substrate (0504) was present indicating large tree throw, no finds.	2.50m+			0.45m+
[0506]	Linear feature identified at the north end of the trench, partially and excavated, at the request of the KCC a machine slot was excavated which indicated irregular edges within the geological substrate (0504) indicating large tree root channel, no finds.		2.4m	0.50m max	0.40m
(0507)	Fill of [0505] dark grey silty deposit, similar to topsoil (0501) – inclusions frequent flint fragments – no finds.				
(0508)	Fill of [0506] dark grey silty deposit, similar to topsoil (0501), inclusions frequent flint fragments, no finds.				

Trench Number	6				
Length	27.80m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.45m	Maximum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.60m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0600)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		27.80m+	2.10m+	0.20m
(0601)	Subsoil. Dark grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles, and rooting and CBM.		27.80m+	2.10m+	0.15m
(0602)	Geological substrate, mid orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		27.80m+	2.10m+	Not excavated
(0603)	Redeposited natural chalk spread.		20.00m	2.10m	0.15m
(0604)	Fill of [0606] upper fill of (0606) mid yellow brown sandy clay with inclusions of chalk fleck and nodules.		6.00m visible	0.90m visible	0.26m
(0605)	Fill of [0606] lower fill of (0606) mid brown sandy clay free of inclusions.		6.00m visible	0.90m visible	0.41m
[0606]	Sub rectangular cut feature, cut by trench section, aligned NW/SE, vertical sides and flat base, possibly associated with demolition of previous structures.		6.00m visible	0.90m visible	0.60m
(0607)	Fill of [0609], mid brown grey, sandy silty clay with inclusions of chalk flecks and small stone.		3.80m visible	0.27m	0.25m
(0608)	Fill of [0609], dark grey, sandy silt, loose with inclusions of small rounded stones.		4.70m visible	2.52m	0.34m


[0609]	Linear feature, aligned NE/SW, cut by trench section, sides approximately 45, flat base possible boundary ditch.	3.80m visible	2.60m	0.45m
Description and Interpretation				
<p>The location of Trench 6 was rotated from the original alignment to resolve issues with tree cover, the evaluation trench identified two features [0609] and [0606].</p> <p>Feature [0609] formed a linear feature, aligned east west with a width of 2.52m, shallow slanted sides with a flattened base and a depth of 0.45m. [0609] contained two fills, the primary fill (0609) was a dark grey, sandy silt, with inclusions of small rounded stones. (0609) was overlain by (0607), a mid brown grey, sandy silty clay with inclusions of chalk flecks and small stone.</p> <p>Located approximately 2m towards the north west of [0609], a large feature was identified. [0606] formed a sub rectangular feature partially obscured by the trench section, with visible measurements of 7.0m in length and 1.30m in width. The sides were cut at a 45 degree angle leading to a flat base, the edges of the feature were heavily damaged by rooting. [0609] contained two fills: the primary fill (0605) consisted of a mid brown sandy clay free of inclusions, (0605) was overlain by a secondary fill of mid yellow brown sandy clay with inclusions of chalk fleck and nodules ((0604)).</p> <p>The linear feature [0609] could represent a shallow but wide field boundary or narrow track way possibly associated with the former Castle hill farm. The heavy damage caused by tree rooting observed within [0606] originally suggested that the feature may have natural origins.</p>				

Trench Number	7				
Length	25.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.50m	Maximum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.64m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0700)	Present day Tarmac surface and hard core makeup.		25.0m	2.10m+	0.16m
(0701)	Demolition deposit or levelling deposit, red brick, London brick, frogged and un frogged.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.39m
(0702)	Geological substrate, Light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.09m+
(0703)	Modern brick foundation.		1.50m	1.10m	Not excavated
(0704)	Concrete and brick foundation.		2.10m	1.0m	Not excavated
(0705)	Concrete stanchion.		2.0m	1.50m	Not excavated
Description and Interpretation					
<p>The excavation of trench 7 identified 3 concrete and brick constructed footings, (0703), (0704), (0705) and a modern service run.</p>					

(0703) formed an L shaped footing constructed in red brick, measuring approximately 1.0m by 1.50m, located approximately 7m to the south east a linear feature (0704), aligned north east south west cut the width of the trench. (0704) had a width of approximately 1m and was formed of red brick and concrete. Approximately 1m to the south east of (0704) a large concrete stanchion base (0705), measuring approximately 1.50m by 2.0m was located.

The identified brick and concrete features represent an indication of the former location of buildings associated with development of Connaught Barracks as seen on the 1938 OS six inch map.

Trench Number	8
Engineering report recommended not to excavate to proximity of services	

Trench Number	9	
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ASBESTOS identified during excavation.

Length	25.0m	Width	2.10m
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.25m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.50m


Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(0900)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		25.0m +	2.10m+	0.20m
(0901)	Subsoil. Dark grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles, and rooting and CBM.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.18m
(0902)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.10m
(0903)	Brick paved area red and yellow brick (London) – Avg. dimensions 0.07m x 0.10m x 0.22m.		16.0m+	2.10m+	
(0904)	Concrete stanchion with Fe retaining ring fixture.		0.50m+	0.80m+	0.10m visible
(0905)	Possible dump layer over brick surface (0903) contains Asbestos and general building /demolition material.		Not excavated due to Asbestos		


Description and Interpretation


The excavation of trench 09 identified a brick laid surface (0903) and a concrete stanchion base with iron ring mounting point, unfortunately further examination of the evaluation trench was not possible due to the identification of asbestos within the topsoil.

(0903) comprised of a red and yellow brick laid surface running for approximately 16 of the trench, the bricks had an average measurement of 0.07m x 0.10m x 0.22m. The construction of the brick surface represented a mixture of types, some with frogs and some without. The brick surface was laid in a relatively neat herringbone pattern and appeared to respected the location of the concrete stanchion base (0904), suggesting a contemporary relationship. Towards the west end of (0903) appeared to have been fragmented. Examination of the surrounding area indicated that (0903) extended considerable beyond the perimeters of the evaluation trench.


The brick laid surface possible represented a yard area or hard standing, with a concrete base for attachment of guy lines perhaps for a radio mast or other high structure.

Trench Number	10				
Length	25.31m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.25m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.50m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(1000)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		25.31m+	2.10m+	0.10m
(1001)	Subsoil. Dark grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles.		25.31m+	2.10m+	0.15m
(1002)	Geological substrate, Light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		25.31m+	2.10m+	Not Excavated
(1003)	Fill of [1004], mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		2.40m	0.30m	0.20m
[1004]	Linear cut, aligned NW SW and straight sided.		2.40m	0.30m	0.20m
(1005)	Fill of [1006], mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		0.85m	0.50m	0.31m
[1006]	Oval feature, possible small tree throw, or large posthole filled by (1005).		0.85m	0.50m	0.31m
(1007)	Concrete constructed footing or Stanchion, not excavated.		2.10m	0.50m	
Description and Interpretation					
<p>Within trench 10 a modern concrete and brick footing was identified; (1007) was aligned approximately north south and measured 0.50m in width, the feature was not excavated. Located 5 m towards the south west of (1007) a small oval shaped pit was observed, (1006) measured approximately 0.85m in length with a width of 0.50m and an excavated depth of 0.31m. Within (1007) a single fill was recorded, (1006) consisted of a mid grey brown silty clay deposit with inclusions of chalk fleck and indication of rooting damage.</p> <p>Towards the north east end of the trench a small straight sided linear feature was observed; (1004) measured approximately 2.40m in length with an average width of 0.30m and filled by (1004), a mid grey brown silty clay deposit occasional chalk flecks.</p> <p>The features identified within trench 10 represent a sequence of events. Due to the nature of the fill and the elongated oval shape, feature [1006] possibly represents a small tree throw. The linear feature located to the north east end of the trench is suggestive of a land drain while (1007) constructed from concrete and close to the surface possibly relates to alterations associated with the existing assault course structure.</p>					

Trench Number	11				
Length	25.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.65m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(1100)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments possibly relating to brick surface in Trench 09.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.20m
(1101)	Subsoil. Dark grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.25m
(1102)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		25.0m+	2.10m+	0.20m+

Trench Number	12				
Length	25.24m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.45m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.65m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(1200)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		25.24m+	2.10m+	0.23m
(1201)	Subsoil. Dark grey silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles.		25.24m+	2.10m+	0.16m
(1202)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		5.24m+	2.10m+	0.15m
(1203)	Geological substrate, solid chalk deposit.		20.0m+	2.10m+	0.15m


Trench Number	13
Not excavated because of services	


Trench Number	14				
Length	25.14m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.35m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.95m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(1401)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		25.14m+	2.10m+	0.25m
(1402)	Subsoil. Dark brown silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles and brick fragments.		25.14m+	2.10m+	0.10m
(1403)	Tarmac surface.		10.0m	2.10m	0.04m
(1404)	Yellow sand levelling layer.		10.0m	2.10m	0.12m
(1405)	Tarmac surface.		10.0m	2.10m	0.05m
(1406)	Black clinker levelling layer.		10.0m	2.10m	0.08m
(1407)	Red brick surface – disturbed, bonded with a yellow mortar (0.08m x 0.22m x 0.12m).		25.14m	2.10m	0.08m
(1408)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments – machine bucket teeth scars.		25.14m	2.10m	0.10m
Description and Interpretation					
<p>The excavation of trench 14 identified a sequence of made up layers composing surfaces. The trench was excavated to a maximum depth of 0.95m where a clean geological substrate of light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses was observed (1408).</p> <p>The geological substrate (1408) showed impressions of toothed bucket scars and was overlaid by the remains of a heavily disturbed and fragmented red brick surface (1407). The bricks averaged 0.08m x 0.12m x 0.22m and were of the frogged variety; (1407) sat beneath a clinker layer (1406) of approximately 0.08m in depth which formed a levelling foundation for a tarmac surface (1405).</p> <p>(1405) was sealed by a deposit of bright yellow sand (1404) again acting as a levelling deposit for another tarmac surface (1403).</p> <p>(1403) was overlain by an imported subsoil consisting of a dark brown silty clay deposit with chalk flecks, occasional small rounded pebbles and brick fragments. (1403) was sealed by a topsoil deposit of mid grey brown silty clay deposit with occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.</p> <p>Trench 14 contained a sequence of brick and tarmac surfaces suggesting that the area was originally used as hard standing and car park before being transformed into garden and turfed lawns.</p>					

Trench Number	15
Not excavated because of proximity to services.	


Trench Number	16
Not excavated due to being located within site compound.	


Trench Number	17
Not excavated due to proximity of services.	


Trench Number	18				
Length	9.61m	Width	2.10m		
Excavation identified marked gas supply and was stopped in wrong location service is identified on service plan but					
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(1801)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks.		9.61m+	2.10m+	0.30m

Trench Number	18a				
Length	28.80m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(1801)	Tarmac surface.		28.80m+	2.10m+	0.06m
(1802)	Hard core, levelling deposit, red and yellow brick fragments.		28.80m	2.10m	0.30m
(1803)	Solid chalk deposit.		4.0m	1.20m	0.04m
(1804)	Blue grey clay layer.		13.30m	2.10m	0.04m
(1805)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay, no flint inclusions.		5.0m	2.10m	0.04m
(1806)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules.		6.50m	2.10m	0.04m

Trench Number	19
Not excavated due to proximity of services.	

Trench Number	20				
Length	26.92m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.30m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.30m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2001)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		26.92m+	2.10m+	0.30m
(2002)	Geological substrate, white chalk – solid deposit.		26.92m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level
(2003)	Red Brick lined pathway approximately 3.40m wide, aligned north south, possible covered walk way, alignment shared with opening to south of the area.		2.10m	3.40m	Not excavated
[2004]	Circular area of red brick and grey concrete possible backfilled tree throw or dump, not excavated.	1.20m			Not excavated
Description and Interpretation					
<p>Within trench 20 two features were identified cutting the natural geological (2002) which was encountered at a very shallow depth of 0.30m. (2003) consisted of a fragmented red brick surface, aligned north south and approximately 3.40m wide with average brick dimensions of 0.08m x 0.11m x 0.22m. Located approximately 1.20m towards the west of (2003) a circular feature cut by the north trench edge was identified, (2004) had an estimated radius of 1.20m and was filled with a mixed fill containing red brick and grey concrete fragments. Due to the presence of asbestos within the site it was felt unbeneficial to excavate (2004).</p> <p>The two features observed within trench 20 represent a development within the infrastructure of Connaught Barracks (2003) shared a possible alignment with an existing pathway opposite the evaluation trench and may have been a continuation of the path across the area. Excavation of trench 22 towards the north of trench 20 identified a fragmented deposit of red bricks with matching dimensions indicating that (2003) continued north of trench 20.</p> <p>The semi-circular feature (2003) contained a mix of modern materials; the shape and location suggesting that the feature was a backfilled tree throw.</p>					

Trench Number	21				
Length	20.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.60m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.67m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2101)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		20.0m+	2.10m+	0.18m
(2102)	Subsoil. Dark brown silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles and brick fragments.		20.0m	2.10m	0.42m
(2103)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		20.0m	2.10m	0.06m

Trench Number	22				
Length	25.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.60m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.68m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2201)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		25.0m+	2.01m+	0.40m Max
(2202)	Subsoil. Dark brown silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles and brick fragments.		25.0m	2.10m	0.20m
(2203)	Brick rubble deposit possible remains of laid surface, (0.08 x 0.11 x 0.22m) at NW end of trench possible remains of feature seen in Trench 21 not recorded in both sections.		4.0m		0.08m
(2204)	Geological substrate, chalk deposit with patches of loose orange-brown clay.		25.0m	2.10m	0.02m
(2205)	Small rectangular concrete pad possible sign post base.		0.30m	0.30m5	Not excavated
Description and Interpretation					


Two features were observed within trench 22 but unlike trench 20 the geological horizon was encountered at a relatively greater depth of 0.50m, possibly reflecting the natural slope of the site.

(2203) consisted of an area of fragmented red brick spread aligned north south of the general area where an extension of the surface within trench 20 would have intersected trench 20. Examination of the brick fragments indicated average brick dimensions of 0.08m x 0.11m x 0.22m, comparable to those seen in (2003).

Located approximately 7m from the south east end of the trench a small rectangular concrete block measuring 0.30m x 0.30m was identified cutting the geological horizon (2204).

The brick spread noted in the section shared a possible alignment with the brick pathway (2003) observed within trench 20 suggesting that the pathway originally continued between the location of trenches 20 and 22. The small rectangular concrete block (2205) may represent the base for a modern traffic sign positioned within the roundabout.

Trench Number	23				
Length	8.0m	Width	2.10m		
ASBESTOS identified during excavation.					
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2301)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		8.0m+	2.10m+	0.30m
[2302]	Semi-circular cut located at the north west end of the trench, containing asbestos sheet and construction debris			Approximate 1.0m	Not excavated
Description and Interpretation					
Trench 23 was relocated towards the north west of the original location due to tree cover. The excavation of the trench was stopped at approximately 0.30m in depth due to the identification of asbestos in the spoil. Towards the north west end of the trench a semi-circular cut was visible [2302], containing modern construction debris and asbestos sheet.					
The feature was not excavated and most likely represented a cut pit used for dumping of demolition materials.					

Trench Number	24				
Length	26.23m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.30m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.60m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2401)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains		26.23m+	2.10m+	0.20m

	occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.				
(2402)	Subsoil. Light brown silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded.		26.23m	2.10m	0.10m
(2403)	Dark brown silty clay deposit, hard packed with frequent inclusions of red brick fragments, white ceramic possible continuation of truncated dump layer as seen in Trenches 29 and 27.		26.23m	2.10m	0.30m
(2404)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		26.23m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level
(2405)	Disused Clay drain pipe (6" diameter) crushed and blocked aligned east west.			2.10m	Not excavated


Description and Interpretation


Trench 24 was relocated approximately 20m towards the south west of the original indented location due to issues with tree cover.


The stratigraphy of the trench comprised of a topsoil (2401), a mid grey brown silty clay with occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments overlaying a light brown silty clay subsoil with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded pebbles ((02020)), which subsequently overlaid a dark brown silty clay deposit, consisting of a hard packed layer with frequent inclusions of red brick fragments ((2103)).

(2403) ran for the length of the evaluation trench with an average depth of 0.30m and overlay the natural geological substrate (2404).

The deposit identified (2403) had a similar appearance to dumping deposits observed within trenches 27 and 29 and may represent dumping or levelling of the area prior too landscaping.

Trench Number	25				
Length	40.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.37m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2501)	Gravel surface and clinker constructed tennis court.		40.0m	2.10m	0.37m
(2502)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent large flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments. Small lenses of blue/grey clay within geological substrate water deposits.				0.05m

Trench Number	26					
Length	50.0m	Width	2.10m			
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m			
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)				
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth	
(2600)	Tarmac surface.		50.0m+	2.10m+	0.10m	
(2601)	Hard-core red brick rubble		50.0m	2.10m	0.30m	
(2602)	Geological substrate, light orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		50.0m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level	

Trench Number	27					
Length	27.90m	Width	2.10m			
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.45m			
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)				
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth	
(2701)	Tarmac surface.		27.90m+	2.10m+	0.06m	
(2702)	Hard-core red brick rubble		27.90m	2.10m	0.30m	
(2703)	Yellow orange gravel, levelling layer		27.90m	2.10m	0.04m	
(2704)	Dark blue black clay, frequent inclusions of chalk fragments, contains red brick, white ceramic, and glass. Truncated dump/levelling deposit, continuation of dump seen in Trench 29		27.90m	2.10m	0.08m	
(2705)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		27.90m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level	


Description and Interpretation

The stratigraphy of the trench 27 comprised of a tarmac surface (2701), overlaying a mixed dump of broken brick and rubble that formed a hard-core levelling deposit for the present-day parade ground ((2702)) which subsequently overlaid (2703).

(2703) had a thickness of 0.08m and ran for the entire length of the evaluation trench, the layer consisted of a dark blue black clay which contained frequent inclusions of chalk flecks, artefacts observed within (2703) included white ceramic, glass and brick fragments.


The layer (2703) appeared to represent a truncated dump layer that predated the construction of the parade ground, the deposit was also recorded within trench 29.


Trench Number	28				
Length	25.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2800)	Tarmac surface.		25.0m+	3.0m+	0.10m
(2801)	Hard-core red brick rubble		25.0m	3.0m	0.30m
(2802)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		25.0m	3.0m	Excavation stopped at this level


Trench Number	29				
Length	50.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.50m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(2901)	Tarmac surface.		50.0m+	2.10m+	0.06m
(2902)	Hard-core red brick rubble		50.0m	2.10m	0.30m
(2903)	Yellow orange gravel, levelling layer		50.0m	2.10m	0.04m
(2904)	Dark blue black clay, frequent inclusions of chalk fragments, contains red brick, white ceramic, glass. Truncated dump/levelling deposit, continuation of dump seen in Trench 27		10.0m	2.10m	0.10m
(2905)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments		6.0m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level
(2906)	Geological substrate, solid white chalk spread		19.8m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level
(2907)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with occasional flint nodules.		3.20m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level
[2908]	Cut for (2904) very shallow scoop, possible natural depression within the landscape				0.10m
Description and interpretation					
The stratigraphy of the trench 29 matches that of trench 27 and comprised of a tarmac surface (2901), overlaying a mixed makeup of broken brick and rubble forming a hard-core levelling layer (2702) for the present-day parade ground.					


Beneath the hard-core levelling layer, a deposit of dark blue black clay with frequent inclusions of chalk flecks (2903) was recorded running for approximately 10.0m, the deposit was 0.10m in depth and appeared to be contained in a very shallow natural depression rather than a manufactured cut. Artefacts observed within (2903) included white ceramic, glass and brick fragments.

The deposit (2903) appeared to represent a truncated dump layer within a natural depression or hollow that predated the construction of the parade ground, the deposit was also recorded within trench 27.

Trench Number	30				
Length	14.50m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(3000)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		14.50m+	2.10m+	0.20m
(3001)	Subsoil. Light brown silty clay deposit with chalk flecks and fragments, occasional small rounded.		14.50m	2.10m	0.20m
(3002)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments		14.50m	2.10m	0.20m

Trench Number	31				
Length	42.70m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.40m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(3101)	Tarmac surface.		42.70m+	2.10m+	0.10m
(3102)	Hard-core red brick rubble.		42.70m	2.10m	0.30m
(3013)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		42.70m	2.10m	Excavation stopped at this level

Trench Number	32				
Length	8.10m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to Geological substrate	0.25m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.25m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(3201)	Topsoil. Mid grey brown silty clay deposit with frequent rooting. Also, contains occasional chalk flecks and brick fragments.		8.10m+	2.10m	0.25m
(3202)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments.		8.10m	2.10m	0.10m

Trench Number	33				
Length	40.0m	Width	2.10m		
Minimum Depth to level of archaeological significance	0.50m	Maximum Depth to Geological substrate	0.60m		
Context No	Description (Layer, Cut, Fill)	Dimensions (as appropriate)			
		Diameter	Length	Width	Depth
(3001)	Tarmac surface		40.0m+	2.10m+ section 5.0m	0.10m
(3002)	Hard-core red brick rubble, forming levelling deposit for carpark, large amount of degraded wood and corrugated sheeting within location of excavated section. Levelling deposit of yellow gravel and sand predominately at northwest end of evaluation trench.		40.0m	2.10m	0.50m
(3303)	Geological substrate, orange brown clay with frequent flint nodules and chalk lenses and fragments. Greater concentration of chalk towards the east end, band of clean orange clay		40.0m	2.10m	0.10m
(3304)	Fill of [3305] redeposited chalk natural			1.90m	0.55m
[3305]	Cut for military trench, angled trench layout aligned with the evaluation trench, filled by (3304) changing in fill towards the northwest end of feature darker more mixed deposit			1.90m	0.55m
[3306]	Cut for remains of wooden structure		1.02m	0.15m	0.30m

(3307)	Wooden structure, very degraded wooden structure, possible forming covered area of trench large amount of corrugated iron sheeting within 3002		1.02m	0.21m	
[3308]	Cut for modern service pipes aligned north south, relating to present day structure hessian matting sand bag material used to mark pipes		2.60m visible	0.88m	0.55m
(3309)	Fill of [3308] redeposited (3304) contains hessian matting sand bag material used to mark pipes.		2.60m visible	0.88m	0.55m

Appendix II – Photographic Register

Photo number	Digital	Direction Facing	Description
001	DSCF 4001	N	Overview of Trench 1a
002	DSCF 4002	S	Overview of Trench 1a
003	DSCF 4003	W	East facing section, Trench 1a
004	DSCF 4004	N	Overview of Trench 12
005	DSCF 4005	S	Overview of Trench 12
006	DSCF 4006	E	West facing section, Trench 12
007	DSCF 4007	E	Overview of Trench 28
008	DSCF 4008	W	Overview of Trench 28
009	DSCF 4009	N	South facing section, Trench 28
010	DSCF 4010	SE	Overview of Trench 26
011	DSCF 4011	NW	Overview of Trench 26
012	DSCF 4012	NE	Southwest facing section, Trench 26
013	DSCF 4013	E	Overview of Trench 31
014	DSCF 4014	W	Overview of Trench 31
015	DSCF 4015	N	South facing section, Trench 31
016	DSCF 4016	NE	Overview of Trench 30
017	DSCF 4017	SW	Overview of Trench 30
018	DSCF 4018	SE	Northwest facing section, Trench 30
019	DSCF 4019		
020	DSCF 4020	E	Overview of Trench 29
021	DSCF 4021	W	Overview of Trench 29
022	DSCF 4022	S	North facing section, Trench 29, including (2904)
023	DSCF 4023	S	North facing section, Trench 29
024	DSCF 4024		B&W Identification shot
025	DSCF 4025	W	Trench 09, overview, brick surface (0903)
026	DSCF 4026	E	Trench 09, overview, brick surface (0903)
027	DSCF 4027	NE	General view of assault course area
028	DSCF 4028	N	South facing section, Trench 09, west end
029	DSCF 4029	N	South facing section, Trench 09, east end, (0905) & (0903)
030	DSCF 4030	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
031	DSCF 4031	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
032	DSCF 4032	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
033	DSCF 4033	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
034	DSCF 4034	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
035	DSCF 4035	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
036	DSCF 4036	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
037	DSCF 4037	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
038	DSCF 4038	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
039	DSCF 4039	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
040	DSCF 4040	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09

041	DSCF 4041	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
042	DSCF 4042	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
043	DSCF 4043	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
044	DSCF 4044	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
045	DSCF 4045	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
046	DSCF 4046	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
047	DSCF 4047	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
048	DSCF 4048	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
049	DSCF 4049	Varied	Overview for 3D modelling of brick surface, Trench 09
050	DSCF 4050	W	Overview of Trench 32
051	DSCF 4051	E	Overview of Trench 32
052	DSCF 4052	N	South facing section, Trench 32
053	DSCF 4053	S	Overview of Trench 24
054	DSCF 4054	W	East facing section, Trench 24
055	DSCF 4055	N	Overview of Trench 24
056	DSCF 4056	E	Overview of Trench 27
057	DSCF 4057	N	South facing section, Trench 27
058	DSCF 4058	W	Overview of Trench 27
059	DSCF 4059	W	Overview of Trench 25
060	DSCF 4060	N	South facing section, Trench 25
061	DSCF 4061	E	Overview of Trench 25
062	DSCF 4062	S	Overview of Trench 18a
063	DSCF 4063	W	East facing section, Trench 18a
064	DSCF 4064	N	Overview of Trench 18a
065	DSCF 4065	N	Trench 11, backfilled
066	DSCF 4066	W	Overview of Trench 09, fenced off after identification of Asbestos
067	DSCF 4067	N	Trench 12, backfilled
068	DSCF 4068	W	Overview of Trench 12
069	DSCF 4069	E	Overview of Trench 12
070	DSCF 4070	NE	Overview of Trench 10
071	DSCF 4071	SW	Overview of Trench 10
072	DSCF 4072	SE	Overview of Trench 01a
073	DSCF 4073	NW	Overview of Trench 01a
074	DSCF 4074	N	Overview of Trench 7
075	DSCF 4075	S	Overview of Trench 7
076	DSCF 4076	E	West facing section, Trench 7
077	DSCF 4077	W	Concrete station, Trench 7 (0705)
078	DSCF 4078	W	Concrete and brick foundation (0704)
079	DSCF 4079	W	Brick foundation (0703)
080	DSCF 4080	W	Overview of Trench 21
081	DSCF 4081	N	South facing section, Trench 21
082	DSCF 4082	E	Overview of Trench 21
083	DSCF 4083	N	Overview of Trench 3a
084	DSCF 4084	W	South facing section, Trench 3a

085	DSCF 4085	S	Overview of Trench 3
086	DSCF 4086	W	Overview of Trench 20
087	DSCF 4087	W	Possible remains of brick path, Trench 20
088	DSCF4088	S	Overview of Trench 20
089	DSCF 4089	N	South facing section, Trench 20
090	DSCF 4090	N	South facing section, Trench 20
091	DSCF 4091	W	East facing section, Trench 14
092	DSCF 4092	N	Overview of Trench 14
093	DSCF 4093	S	Overview of Trench 14
094	DSCF 4094	E	Trench 10, section of [1000]
095	DSCF 4095	S	Trench 10, section of [1004]
096	DSCF 4096	N	Overview of possible military trench, Trench 33
097	DSCF 4097	S	Overview of possible military trench, Trench 33
098	DSCF 4098	NW	Overview of extension to Trench 26
099	DSCF 4099	SE	Overview of extension to Trench 26
100	DSCF 4100	W	Overview of extension to Trench 29
101	DSCF 4101	E	Overview of extension to Trench 29
102	DSCF 4102	W	Overview of extension to Trench 31
103	DSCF 4103	E	Overview of extension to Trench 31
104	DSCF 4104	SW	Northeast facing section of [0606]
105	DSCF 4105	NW	Southeast facing section of [0606]
106	DSCF 4106	SW	Northeast facing section of [0609]
107	DSCF 4107	E	West facing section of [0609]
108	DSCF 4108	NW	Overview of Trench 06
109	DSCF 4109	SE	Overview of Trench 06
110	DSCF 4110	NE	Southwest facing section of Trench 06
111	DSCF 4111	SE	Overview of Trench 22
112	DSCF 4112	NW	Overview of Trench 22
113	DSCF 4113	NE	Southwest facing section, Trench 22
114	DSCF 4114	SE	Overview of Trench 18, showing gas supply
115	DSCF 4115	NW	Overview of Trench 23, showing Asbestos dump
116	DSCF 4116	SE	[0406] Trench 04
117	DSCF 4117	NNW	[0406] Trench 04
118	DSCF 4118	NNE	Overview of Trench 04
119	DSCF 4119	SSW	Overview of Trench 4
120	DSCF 4120	SE	Northwest facing section, Trench 04
121	DSCF 4121	N	Overview of Trench 05
122	DSCF 4122	E	West facing section, Trench 04
123	DSCF 4123	S	Overview of Trench 04
124	DSCF 4124	N	Tree throw, Trench 05
125	DSCF 4125	S	Tree throw, Trench 05
126	DSCF 4126	W	Trench 01a, west facing section [0108]
127	DSCF 4127	SW	Trench 01a, northeast facing section [0108]
128	DSCF 4128	N	Overview [0108] and [0111]
129	DSCF 4129	N	South facing section [0111]

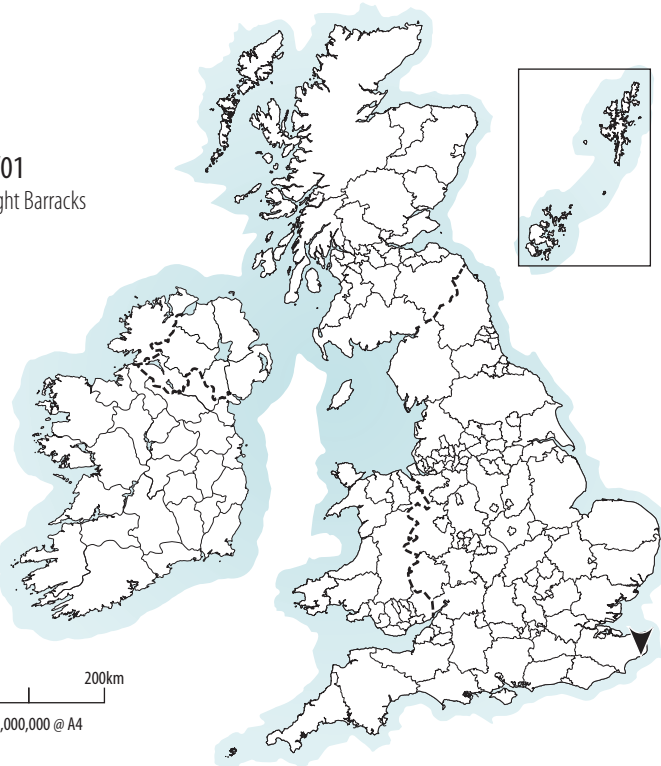
130	DSCF 4130	W	East facing section [0111]
131	DSCF 4131	W	East facing section [0105]
132	DSCF 4132	SE	Northwest facing section [0105]
133	DSCF 4133	SE	Overview of Trench 33
134	DSCF 5198	SE	Overview of Trench 33
135	DSCF 5199	SE	Overview of Trench 33
136	DSCF 5200	SE	Overview of Trench 33
137	DSCF 5201	SE	Overview of section through [3305]
138	DSCF 5202	SE	Overview of section through [3305]
139	DSCF 5203	NW	Southeast facing section [3305], showing wooden structure
140	DSCF 5204	NE	Overview of [3305]
141	DSCF 5205	SW	Overview of [3305] showing first pipe cut working view
142	DSCF 5206	SE	Extended section of Trench 33 showing line of [3305]
143	DSCF 5207	NE	Extended section of Trench 33 showing line of [3305]
144	DSCF 5208	SW	Extended section of Trench 33 showing line of [3305]
145	DSCF 5209	NW	Extended section of Trench 33 showing line of [3305] possible intersection visible
146	DSCF 5210	SE	Overview of Trench 33
147	DSCF 5211	SE	Overview of Trench 33
148	DSCF 5212	S	General site view
149	DSCF 5213	E	General site view
150	DSCF 5214	E	General site view
151	DSCF 5215	N	General site view
152	DSCF 5216	N	General site view
153	DSCF 5216	N	General site view
154	DSCF 5217	SW	Trench 1a, Overview, before requested machine slot
155	DSCF 5218	SW	Trench 1a, Overview, before requested machine slot
156	DSCF 5219	SW	Trench 1a, Overview, before requested machine slot
157	DSCF 5220	SW	Trench 1a, Overview after machine slot to establish natural
158	DSCF 5221	SW	Trench 1a, Overview after machine slot to establish natural
159	DSCF 5222	SW	Trench 1a, section after machine slot
160	DSCF 5223	NW	General site view
161	DSCF 5224	NW	General site view
162	DSCF 5225	NW	Trench 4, Overview before requested machine slot to establish natural
163	DSCF 5226	NW	Trench 4, Overview before requested machine slot to establish natural
164	DSCF 5227	SW	Trench 4, Overview before requested machine slot to establish natural
165	DSCF 5228	SE	General site view
166	DSCF 5229	SE	General site view
167	DSCF 5230	SE	General site view
168	DSCF 5231	SE	General site view
169	DSCF 5232	SE	General site view
170	DSCF 5233	SE	Natural deposit, Trench 4, heavy shadow
171	DSCF 5234	SE	Natural deposit, Trench 4, heavy shadow
172	DSCF 5235	SE	Natural deposit, Trench 4, heavy shadow
173	DSCF 5236	N	Trench 5, Overview before requested machine slot to establish natural
174	DSCF 5237	E	Trench 5, west facing section through tree rooting
175	DSCF 5238	E	Trench 5, west facing section through tree rooting
176	DSCF 5244	N	Trench 5, machine excavated slot showing tree rooting
177	DSCF 5245	N	Trench 5, machine excavated slot showing tree rooting
178	DSCF 5249	NW	Overview Trench 6
179	DSCF 52	E	General site view999

180	DSCF 5253	E	General site view
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Appendix III – Oasis Form

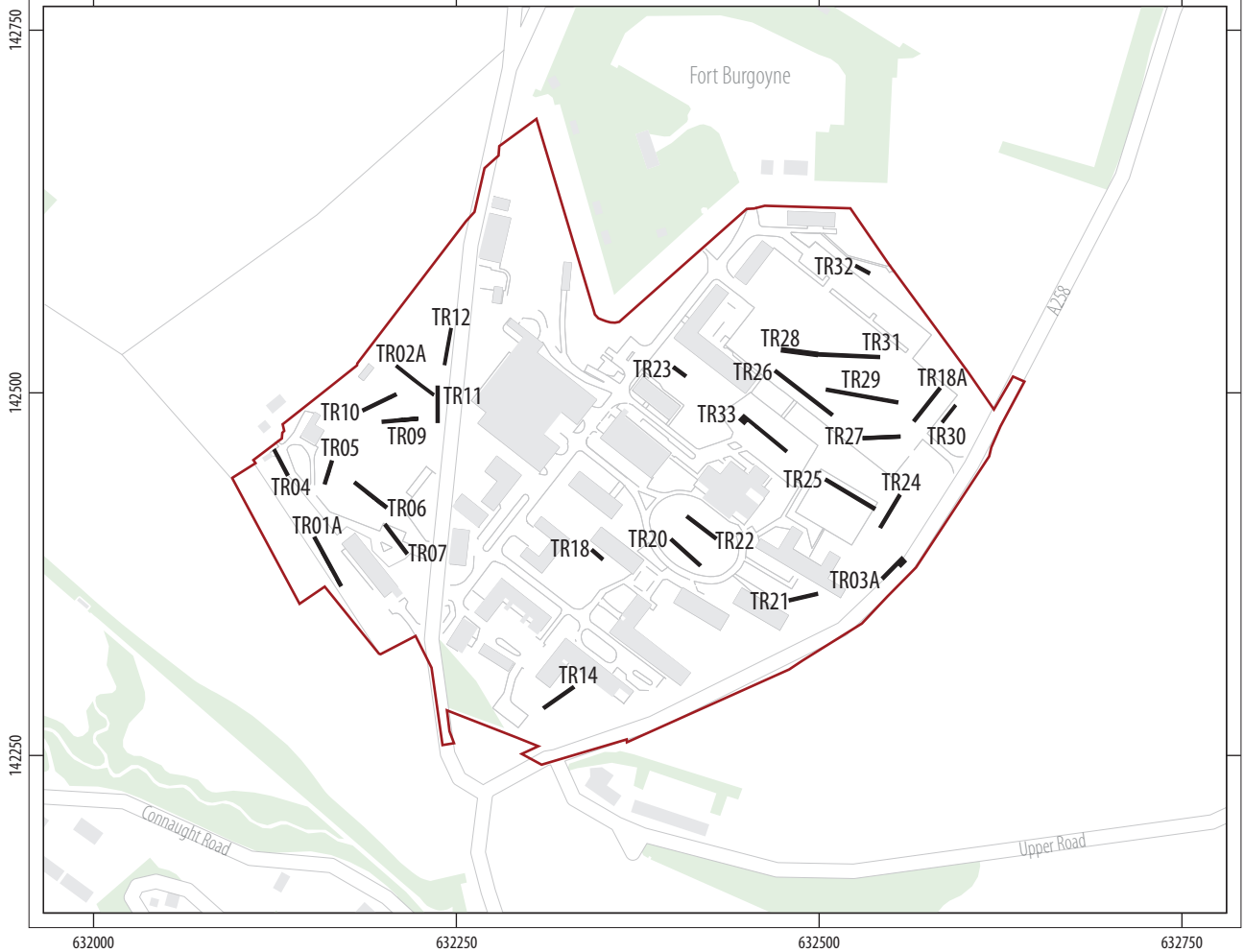
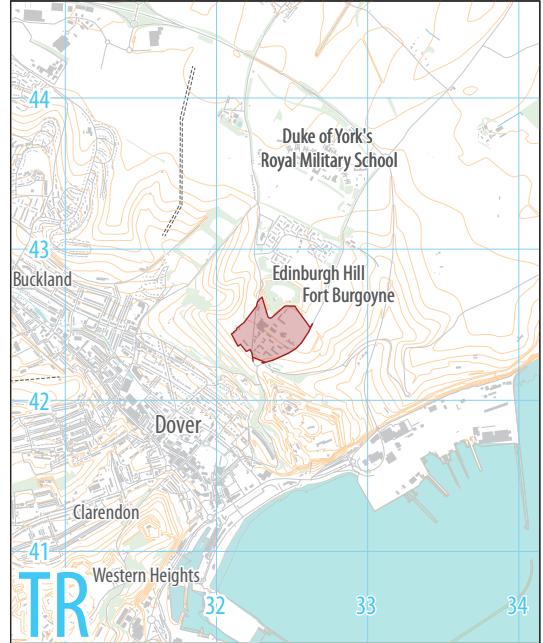
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Short description of the project	Field Evaluation
Project dates	Start: 15-08-2016 End:)%-09-2016
Previous/future work	No/ Not known
Type of project	Trial trenching
Site status	none
Project location	
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Site location	KENT DOVER GUSTON Connaught Barracks
Postcode	CT16 1HW
Study area	13.5 Hectares
Site coordinates	TR 3235 4250 51.133884492491 1.321555611799 51 08 01 N 001 19 17 E point
Project creators	
Name of Organisation	Headland Archaeology Ltd
Project brief originator	WYG Planning and Environment
Project design originator	Headland Archaeology Ltd
Type of sponsor/funding body	Developer
Name of sponsor/funding body	Homes and Communities Agency.
Project archives	
Physical Archive recipient	Dover Museum Kent
Paper Archive recipient	Dover Museum Kent
Entered on	4 January 2016

CONB/01
 Connaught Barracks
 Dover
 Kent



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Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right 2016



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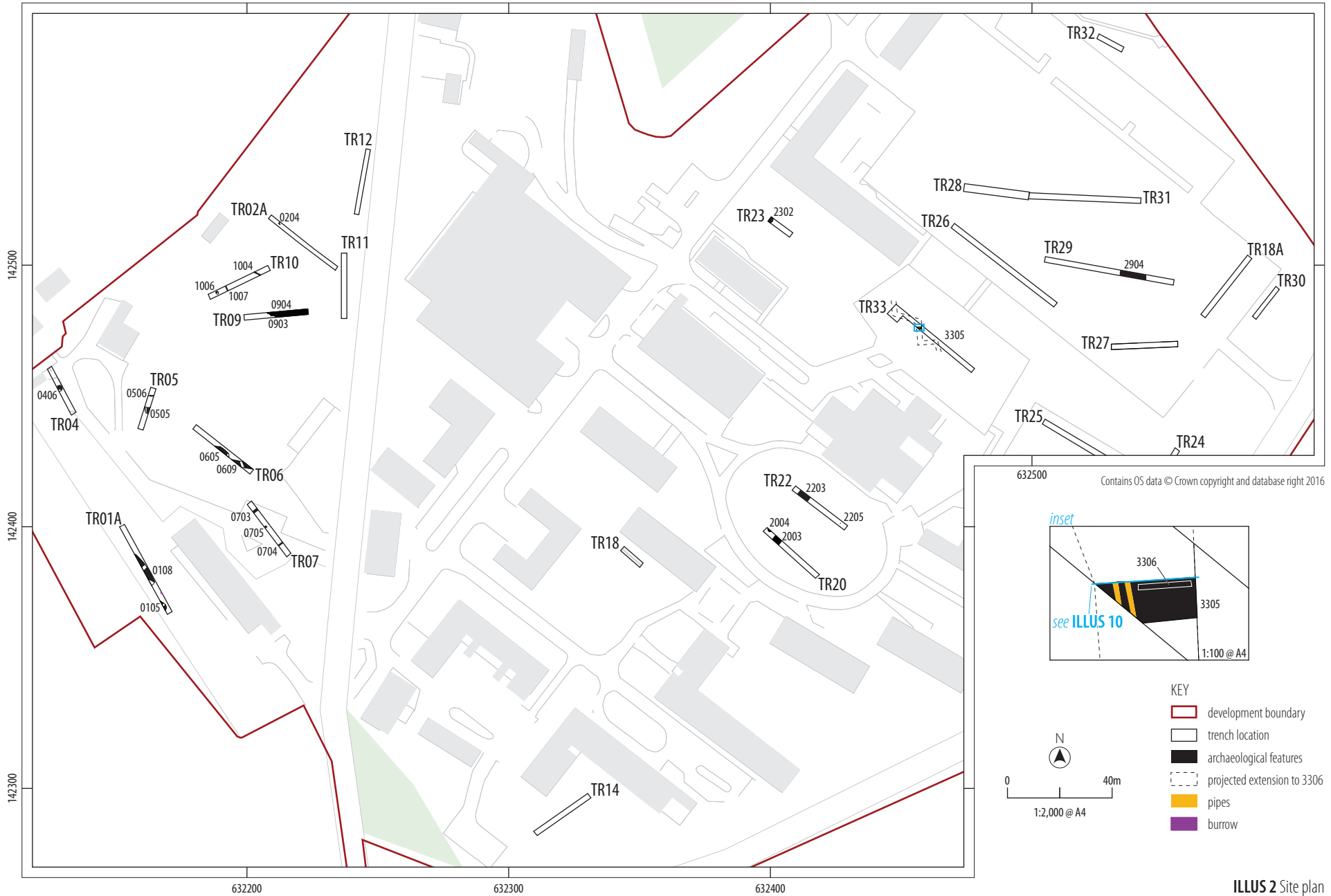
KEY
 [Red line] development boundary
 [Black rectangle] trench location

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ILLUS 1 Site location



ILLUS 2 Site plan



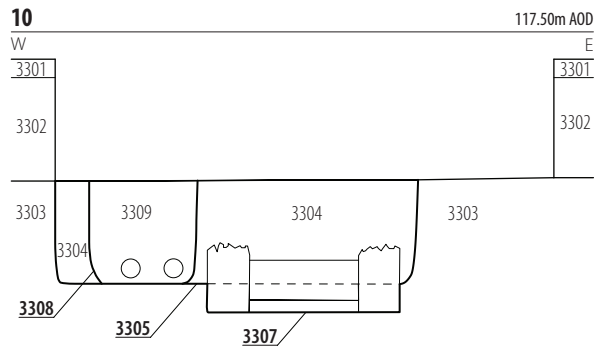
ILLUS 3 SE facing view of Trench 1A **ILLUS 4** SE facing view of [0406]
ILLUS 5 NW facing view of Trench 6 **ILLUS 6** NW facing view of brick surface
(0903) **ILLUS 7** S facing section of Trench 14



ILLUS 8 NE facing view of Trench 33, showing location of section through [3305]



ILLUS 9 NE facing view of Trench 33, showing corner of possible WW2 trench



ILLUS 10 S facing section through [3305, 3307 and 3308]



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